#### **NAME**

tlmgr - the TeX Live Manager

#### **SYNOPSIS**

tlmgr [option]... action [option]... [operand]...

#### DESCRIPTION

tlmgr manages an existing TeX Live installation, both packages and configurations options.

# **OPTIONS**

The following options have to be given before you specify the action.

#### --location location

Specifies the location from which packages should be installed or updated, overriding the location found in the installation's TLPDB.

--gui Instead of starting the GUI via the gui action, you can also give this option together with an action from above and will be brought directly into the respective screen of the GUI. So calling

```
tlmgr --qui update
```

will bring you directly into the update screen.

## --gui-lang

Normally the GUI tries to deduce your language from the environment (on Windows via the registry, on Unix via LC\_MESSAGES). If that fails you can select a different language by giving this option a two-letter language code.

The standard options are also accepted: —help/-h/-?, —version, —q (no informational messages), —v (debugging messages, can be repeated). For more information about the latter, see the TeXLive::TLUtils documentation.

#### **ACTIONS**

**help** Gives this help page.

gui Start the graphical user interface.

#### install [option]... pkg...

Install all pkgs given on the command line. By default this installs all packages that the given pkgs are dependent on, also. Options:

## --no-depends

Do not install dependencies. Bydefault, installing a package ensures that all dependencies of this package are fulfilled.

## --dry-run

Nothing is actually installed; instead, the actions to be performed are written to the terminal.

# update [option] [pkg [pkg ...]]

Updates the packages given as arguments to the latest version available at the installation source. Options:

- --list List only which packages could be updated.
- --all Update all package.

# --dry-run

Nothing is actually installed; instead, the actions to be performed are written to the terminal.

#### --backupdir directory

If this option is given it must specify an existing directory where a snapshot of the current package as installed will be saved before the packages is updated. This way one can go back in case an update turned out as not working. See the action **restore** for details.

# backup --backupdir dir [--all] [pkg [pkg]]

Makes a backup of the given packages (or all packages with **—-all**) to the directory specified with **—-backupdir** (must exist and be a writable).

Warning: Making a backup of *all* packages will need quite some space and time.

Options:

## --backupdir directory

This is an obligatory argument and has to specify a directory where backups are to be found.

**—all** Make a backup of all packages in the texlive.tlpdb

## restore -- backupdir dir [pkg [rev]]

If no **pkg** and **rev** is given list all packages the available backup revisions.

With pkg given but without rev lists all available backup revisions of pkg.

With both **pkg** an **rev** given tries to restore the package from its backup.

The option —backupdir dir is obligatory and has to specify a directory with backups.

Options:

#### --dry-run

Nothing is actually restored; instead, the actions to be performed are written to the terminal.

# --backupdir directory

This is an obligatory argument and has to specify a directory where backups are to be found.

#### remove [option]... pkg...

Remove all *pkg*s given on the command line. Removing a collection will remove all package dependencies (but not collection dependencies) in that collection, unless --no-depends is specified. However, when removing a package, dependencies are never removed.

Removing a package which is referenced as a dependency in another collection or scheme is disallowed, unless --force is specified.

Options:

## --no-depends

Do not remove dependent packages.

—force By default, when removing a package or collection would invalidate a dependency of another collection/scheme, the package will not be removed and a warning issued. With this option, the package will be removed unconditionally. Use with care.

## --dry-run

Nothing is actually installed; instead, the actions to be performed are written to the terminal.

# option [show] option key [value]

The first form shows the settings currently saved in the TLPDB.

In the second form, if *value* is missing the setting for *key* is displayed. If *value* is present, *key* is set to *value*.

Possible values for *key* are: location (default installation source), formats (create formats at installation time), docfiles (install documentation files), srcfiles (install source files).

# paper a4 paper letter

# $[xdvi|dvips|pdftex|dvipdfm|dvipdfmx|context]\ paper\ [help|papersize|--list]$

Configures the system wide paper settings, either for all programs in one go, or just for the specified program. The last form with --list outputs all known papersizes for the specified program.

arch list Prints the names of the systems available at the default install location.

#### arch add arch...

Add executables for the specified *arch*es to the installation. Options:

#### --dry-run

Nothing is actually installed; instead, the actions to be performed are written to the terminal.

#### search [option...] what

By default searches the names, short and long descriptions of all locally installed packages for the given argument (interpreted as regexp). Options:

**--file** List all filenames containing *what*.

# --global

Search the TeX Live Database of the installation medium, instead of the local installation.

#### show pkg...

Shows information about pkg: the name, category, installation status, short and long description. Searches in the remote installation source for the package if it is not locally installed.

#### list [collections|schemes]

With no argument, lists all packages available at the default install location, prefixing those already installed with  $\dot{\text{i}}$ .

With an argument lists only collections or schemes, as requested.

#### uninstall

Uninstalls the entire TeX Live installation. Options:

**—force** Do not ask for confirmation, remove immediately.

generate language generate language.dat generate language.def generate fmtutil generate updmap

The *generate* action overwrites any manual changes made in the respective files: it recreates them from scratch.

For fmtutil and the language files, this is normal, and both the TeX Live installer and tlmgr routinely call *generate* for them.

For updmap, however, neither the installer nor tlmgr use *generate*, because the result would be to disable all maps which have been manually installed via updmap-sys --enable, e.g., for proprietary or local fonts. Only the changes in the --localcfg file mentioned below are incorporated by *generate*.

On the other hand, if you only use the fonts and font packages within TeX Live, there is nothing wrong with using *generate updmap*. Indeed, we use it to generate the updmap.cfg file that is maintained in the live source repository.

In more detail: *generate* remakes any of the four config files language.dat, language.def, fmtutil.cnf, and updmap.cfg from the information present in the local TLPDB. If the files language-local.dat, language-local.def,

fmtutil-local.cnf, or updmap-local.cfg are present under TEXMFLOCAL in the respective directories, their contents will be simply merged into the final files, with no error checking of any kind.

The form generate language recreates both the language.dat and the language.def files, while the forms with extension only recreates the given file.

#### Options:

# --dest output file

specifies the output file (defaults to the respective location in TEXMFSYSVAR). If —dest is given to generate language, its value will be used for the language.dat output, and .def will be appended to the value for the name of the language.def output file. (This is just to avoid overwriting; if you really want a specific name for each output file, we recommend invoking tlmgr twice.)

## --localcfg local conf file

specifies the (optional) local additions (defaults to the respective location in TEXMFSYSVAR).

#### The respective locations are as follows:

```
tex/generic/config/language.dat (and language-local.dat)
tex/generic/config/language.def (and language-local.def)
web2c/fmtutil.cnf (and fmtutil-local.cnf)
web2c/updmap.cfg (and updmap-local.cnf)
```

## **AUTHORS AND COPYRIGHT**

This script and its documentation were written for the TeX Live distribution (<a href="http://tug.org/texlive">http://tug.org/texlive</a>) and both are licensed under the GNU General Public License Version 2 or later.