

# The `ydoc` Class and Packages

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## Abstract

**This package bundle is currently under development. All functionality, settings and macro as well as file names can change in later versions and may be incomplete! It is not ready yet to be used for other packages.**

The `ydoc` class and packages provide macros to document the functionality and implementation of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X classes and packages. It is similar to the `ltxdoc` class with the `doc` package, but uses more modern features/packages by default (e.g. `xcolor`, `hyperref`, `listings`). However, some of the features like code indexing is not yet included.

## 1 Introduction

The `ydoc` packages allow the documentation of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X packages and classes. The name stands for “Yet another *Documentation* Package” and is a pun on the fact that there are several documentation packages written by package developers to document their own packages. All these packages didn’t suited the author and therefore he, take a guess, wrote his own documentation package. It (will) support(s) all macros and environments (but not necessary with full/identical features) provided by the `doc` package to allow the fast adaption of existing `.dtx` files.

This documentation uses the `ydoc` packages itself and therefore also acts as a live example.

### 1.1 `ydoc` Files

The `ydoc` bundle consists (at the moment, subject to change) of the `ydoc` class and the packages `ydoc`, `ydoc-code`, `ydoc-desc`, `ydoc-expl` and `ydoc-doc`. The `ydoc` class and package allow the user the freedom to use the functionality with other classes if wanted. The class will load the package. The `ydoc` package

loads the packages `ydoc-code`, `ydoc-desc`, `ydoc-expl` and `ydoc-doc`, which provide the functionality to document L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code implementation, describe the user-level macro, include live code examples and provide replacements for the macros of the `doc` package, respectively. This packages can be loaded on their own in other kind of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X documents if required.

## 1.2 Similar Packages

Other documentation related classes and packages are `ltxdoc`, `doc`, `dox`, `xdoc`, `gmdoc`, `pauldoc`, `hypdoc`, `codedoc`, `nicetext` and `tkz-doc`.

# 2 Usage

(section incomplete)

## 2.1 Code Documentation Environments

```
\begin{macro}{\macro}[\langle number of arguments \rangle]{\langle arg 1 description \rangle}...{\langle arg n description \rangle}
  \langle macro documentation \rangle
  \begin{macrocode}
    \langle macro code \rangle
  \end{macrocode}
  ...
\end{macro}
```

The implementation of macros can be documented using this environment. The actual *\macro code* must be placed in a `macrocode` environment. Longer macro definition can be split using multiple `macrocode` environments with interleaved documentation texts.

The `ydoc` definition of the `macro` environment has an additional feature compare to `doc`. The arguments of the macro (`#1`, `#2`, ...) can be documented in a vertical list. The environment has an optional argument to declare the *\number of arguments* the macro implementation has. The descriptions of this macro arguments are read from the next arguments of the environment. If the *\number of arguments* is not given or zero (or less) no further arguments are read by the `macro` environment.

```
\begin{macrocode}
  \langle macro code \rangle
\end{macrocode}
```

This environment wraps around any T<sub>E</sub>X code and types it verbatim. The environment end is read verbatim as well and must be written on a separate line beginning with a percent followed by exactly four spaces: `%\end{macrocode}`.

```

\begin{environment}{\environment name}[\number of arguments]{\arg 1 description}\dots{\arg n description}
\environment documentation
\begin{macrocode}
\macro code
\end{macrocode}
...
\end{environment}

```

This environment provides the same functionality as the `macro` environment above, but for environments instead.

## 2.2 Description Macros and Environments

```

\DescribeMacro\macro\macro arguments

```

The `\DescribeMacro` is used to describe macros included their arguments. It takes the to be described `\macro` as first argument (can also be enclosed in `{ }`). The macro name can include ‘@’. Any number of `\macro arguments` (in a broad sense, see Table 1) following it are formatted as arguments of this macro. Any following non-argument token (normal text, macro, etc.) will make `\DescribeMacro` stop collecting arguments. For example, if a `TeX` group should be started using `{ }` direct after `\DescribeMacro` a `\relax` (or a similar macro) should be inserted between them, otherwise the group will be taken as mandatory argument of the described macro.

Multiple `\DescribeMacro` in a row will automatically stacked inside one framed box. If this is not wanted simply separate them with `\relax` or any other macro or token. See also the `DescribeMacros` environment below.

### Examples:

`\DescribeMacro\mymacro*[\optional]{\meta text}` will result in `\mymacro*[\optional]{\meta text}` (inside a framed box).

The above syntax description of `\DescribeMacro` itself was typeset with `\DescribeMacro\DescribeMacro\textbackslash macro\macro arguments`.

Special macros with have a partner macro as end marker can be typeset like this:

`\DescribeMacro\csname\text\AlsoMacro\endcsname`, which will result in `\csname\text\endcsname`.

```

\Macro\macro\macro arguments

```

This macro is like an in-text version of `\DescribeMacro`. The macro description stays as part of the surrounding text and is not placed inside a framed

box. The description can be broken between lines. This can be avoided by placing it inside a `\mbox{}`. `\Macro` is equivalent to `\MacroArgs\AlsoMacro`.

`\MacroArgs`*<macro arguments>*

This macro formats the *<macro arguments>* the same way as `\DescribeMacro` and `\Macro` but without a macro name. Like `\Macro` the description is placed in-text.

`\AlsoMacro`*<\macro>**<further macro arguments>*

This macro can only be used inside the *<macro arguments>* of the above macros and typesets an additional macro as part of the syntax of the described macro. The additional macro is normally an end- or other marker of some kind. Further macro arguments may follow. Macros which are not part of the syntax but normal arguments should be written as `<\textbackslash name>` (yielding *<name>*) instead.

#### Example:

```
\Macro\@for<\textbackslash var> ':=' <list> \AlsoMacro\do {<code>}
\@for(\var):=<list>\do{<code>}
```

```
\begin{DescribeMacros}
  \Macro<\name><arguments>
  \Macro<\name><arguments>
  ...
\end{DescribeMacros}
```

This environment can be used to place multiple macro description into the same framed box. The macros are described using `\Macro`, which has a slightly different definition than outside of this environment, to place the description into a `\hbox`. The environment stacks these `\hboxes` in a `\vbox`. The macros can also be placed freely using anything which produces a `\hbox`, e.g. `\hbox{\Macro\A ~~~ \Macro\B}` or using a `tabular` (see also `DescribeMacrosTab`).

```
\begin{DescribeMacrosTab}{<tabular column definition>}
  <tabular content>
\end{DescribeMacrosTab}
```

This is a special version of the `DescribeMacros` environment which adds a tabular environment around the content. This is useful if a large set of small macros should be described at once. Placing them all below each other would result in a very bad page layout. The environment has one argument which is passed to `tabular` as the column definition. A `'@{}`' is added before and after

to remove any margins.

```
\begin{DescribeEnv}{\langle name \rangle}{\langle arguments \rangle}
  \langle body content \rangle \\  

  \langle more body content \rangle
\end{DescribeEnv}
```

```
\DescribeEnv[\langle body content \rangle]{\langle name \rangle}{\langle arguments \rangle}
```

The `DescribeEnv` can be used to describe environments in the same way the `\DescribeMacro` macro describes macros. Supported *arguments* are shown in Table 1. Potential *body content* can be placed between the begin and end of the environment description to explain the user what kind of material should be placed inside it. The environment also exists in macro form as `\DescribeEnv`, which allows to provide small *body content* as an optional argument. Please note that for this optional argument a `\MacroArgs` is automatically inserted, but not for the `\DescribeEnv` environment content.

The body content is placed into a indented `\hbox{}` stacked inside a `\vbox{}` also holding the environment begin and end line. The `\` macro is redefined to create a new indented `\hbox` acting as new code line. Therefore this environment is similar to a one-column `tabular`: all macros placed into a line are only valid up to the next line end.

```
\DescribeLength{\langle name \rangle}{\langle default value \rangle}
```

This macro can be used to describe L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X lengths also known as dimensions. Multiple `\DescribeLength` macros in a row will automatically be grouped.

## 2.3 Format Macros

```
\cs{\langle macro name \rangle}    \env{\langle environment name \rangle}
\pkg{\langle package name \rangle} \cls{\langle class name \rangle}
```

This macros can be used to format names of macros, environments, packages and classes, respectively. At the moment they simply use `\texttt`.

```
\bslash    \percent    \braceleft    \braceright
```

This macros define expandable backslash ( $\backslash$ ), percent char ( $\%$ ), and left ( $\{$ ) and right ( $\}$ ) braces with catcode 12 (other), respectively. They should only be used with text-typewriter font when used in text, because other fonts might not have the correct characters. The macros must be protected when used in a moving argument.

Table 1: Supported ‘arguments’ for `\DescribeMacro`/`\DescribeEnv`/`\MacroArgs`.

Description	Syntax	Result	Macro <sup>a</sup>
Meta text	<code>&lt;text&gt;</code>	<code>&lt;text&gt;</code>	<code>\meta</code>
Mandatory Argument	<code>{&lt;text&gt;}</code>	<code>{&lt;text&gt;}</code>	<code>\marg</code>
—, without meta text	<code>{text}</code>	<code>{text}</code>	
Optional Argument	<code>[&lt;text&gt;]</code>	<code>[&lt;text&gt;]</code>	<code>\oarg</code>
—, without meta text	<code>[text]</code>	<code>[text]</code>	
Picture Argument	<code>(&lt;text&gt;)</code>	<code>(&lt;text&gt;)</code>	<code>\parg</code>
—, without meta text	<code>(text)</code>	<code>(text)</code>	
Beamer Overlay Argument	<code>&lt;&lt;text&gt;&gt;</code>	<code>&lt;&lt;text&gt;&gt;</code>	<code>\aarg</code>
—, without meta text	<code>'&lt;text'&gt;'</code>	<code>&lt;text'&gt;</code>	
Star	<code>*</code>	<code>*</code>	
Verbatim content	<code>'\$&amp;^%_#\$\'</code>	<code>\$&amp;^%_#\$\</code>	
—, produce ‘ char	<code>‘</code>	<code>,</code>	
Insert any TeX code	<code>!\fbox{T}!</code>	<code>T</code>	
Unbreakable Space	<code>~</code>		
Space (explicit macro)	<code>\space</code>		
Second macro (e.g. endmarker)	<code>\AlsoMacro\macro</code>	<code>\macro</code>	

<sup>a</sup>) As alternative to be used inside normal text.

<code>\meta{&lt;meta text&gt;}</code>	<code>\marg{&lt;argument text&gt;}</code>
<code>\oarg{&lt;argument text&gt;}</code>	<code>\parg{&lt;argument text&gt;}</code>
<code>\aarg{&lt;argument text&gt;}</code>	<code>\sarg</code>

This macros allow to typeset meta text and mandatory, optional, picture and beamer overlay arguments as well as a star symbol. They are used internally by `\MacroArgs` and friends. See Table 1 for examples.

<code>\metastyle</code>	<code>\margstyle</code>
<code>\oargstyle</code>	<code>\pargstyle</code>
<code>\aargstyle</code>	<code>\sargstyle</code>

This macros are used to define the style in which the corresponding macros above are being formatted. They are used like `{<\stylemacro>{<material>}}` to allow the styles to use macros like `\ttfamily` or `\texttt{<material>}`. By default the optional argument and the also optional star are printed in the color ‘optional’ which is a 65% gray.

## 2.4 Settings

The following macro and dimensions can be redefined by the user to adjust the layout of the package documentation.

<code>\descindent</code>	(Default: -20pt)
<code>\beforedescskip</code>	(Default: 12pt plus 4pt minus 4pt)
<code>\afterdescskip</code>	(Default: 6pt plus 2pt minus 2pt)

These lengths define the indentation and vertical distances before and after a `\Describe...` macro or environment, respectively.

<code>\descsep</code>	(Default: 1em in tt font = 10.5pt)
-----------------------	------------------------------------

This macro defines the space on the left and right side between the description text and the framed box.

## 2.5 Macros and Environments to include LaTeX Code Examples

<code>\begin{example}</code> <code>\end{example}</code>
--

<code>\begin{examplecode}</code> (to be written) <code>\end{examplecode}</code>
--

## 3 Implementation

### 3.1 Class File

```
1 \LoadClassWithOptions{article}
2 %%\RequirePackage{doc}
3 \RequirePackage{ydoc}
```

### 3.2 Package File

```
4 \RequirePackage{ydoc-code}
5 \RequirePackage{ydoc-expl}
6 \RequirePackage{ydoc-desc}
7 \RequirePackage{ydoc-doc}
8
9 \RequirePackage{newverbs}
10 \MakeSpecialShortVerb{\qverb}{\"}
11 \AtBeginDocument{\catcode'\^A=14\relax}
```

### 3.3 Macros and Environments to document Implementations

```
12 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
13 \hypersetup{colorlinks=true,pdfborder=0 0 0,✓
  pdfborderstyle={}}
```

#### 3.3.1 Color and style definitions

```
14 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
15 \definecolor{macroimpl}{rgb}{0.0,0.0,0.4}
```

#### 3.3.2 General Macros

`\ydocwrite`

```
16 \@ifundefined{ydocwrite}{%
17   \newwrite\ydocwrite
18 }{}
```

`\ydocfname`



```

19 \@ifundefined{ydocfname}{%
20   \def\ydocfname{\jobname.cod}%
21 }{}

```

`\ydoc@catcodes`

```

22 \def\ydoc@catcodes{%
23   \let\do\@makeother
24   \dospecials
25   \catcode'\=\active
26   \catcode'\^M=\active
27   \catcode'\ =\active
28 }

```

### 3.3.3 Handling Macrocode

`macrocode`

```

29 \def\macrocode{%
30   \par\noindent
31   \begingroup
32   \ydoc@catcodes
33   \macro@code
34 }
35 \def\endmacrocode{}

```

`\macro@code`

#1: verbatim macro code

```

36 \begingroup
37 \endlinechar\m@ne
38 \@firstofone{%
39   \catcode'\|=0\relax
40   \catcode'\(=1\relax
41   \catcode'\)=2\relax
42   \catcode'\*=14\relax
43   \catcode'\{=12\relax
44   \catcode'\}=12\relax
45   \catcode'\ =12\relax
46   \catcode'\%=12\relax
47   \catcode'\=\active

```

```

48 \catcode'\^M=\active
49 \catcode'\ =\active
50 }*
51 \gdef\macro@code#1^M% \end{macrocode}{*
52 \endgroup\expandafter\macro@@code\expandafter(\✓
    ydoc@removeline#1\noexpand\lastlinemacro)*
53 )*
54 \gdef\ydoc@removeline#1^M(\noexpand\firstlinemacro)*
55 \gdef\ydoc@defspecialmacros(*
56 \def^M(\noexpand\newlinemacro)*
57 \def (\noexpand\spacemacro)*
58 \def\(\noexpand\bslashmacro)*
59 )*
60 \gdef\ydoc@defrevspecialmacros(*
61 \def\newlinemacro(\noexpand^M)*
62 \def\spacemacro(\noexpand )*
63 \def\bslashmacro(\noexpand\)*
64 )*
65 \endgroup

```

`\macro@@code`

#1: verbatim macro code

```

66 \def\macro@@code#1{%
67   {\ydoc@defspecialmacros
68     \xdef\themacrocode{#1}}%
69   \PrintMacroCode
70   \end{macrocode}%
71 }

```

`\linenumberbox`

```

72 \def\newlinemacro{\\\null}
73 \def\spacemacro{\ }
74 \def\bslashmacro{\char92}
75 \def\lastlinemacro{}
76 \def\firstlinemacro{\linenumberbox}
77 \def\newlinemacro{\\\linenumberbox}
78 \newcounter{linenumber}
79 \def\linenumberbox{%
80   \hbox to 1.25em{}%
81   \llap{%
82     \stepcounter{linenumber}%

```

```

83     {\footnotesize\color{gray}\thelinenumber~}%
84   }%
85 }

```

`\PrintMacroCode`

```

86 \def\PrintMacroCode{%
87   \begingroup
88   \ttfamily
89   \noindent\themacrocode
90   \endgroup
91 }

```

`\PrintMacroCode`

```

92 \RequirePackage{listings}

93 \def\PrintMacroCode{%
94   \begingroup
95   \let\firstlinemacro\empty
96   \let\lastlinemacro\empty
97   \def\newlinemacro{^^J}%
98   \let\bslashmacro\bslash
99   \let\spacemacro\space
100   \immediate\openout\ydocwrite=\ydocfname\relax
101   \immediate\write\ydocwrite{\themacrocode}%
102   \immediate\closeout\ydocwrite
103   \@nameuse{ydoc@counttbslashes}%
104   \ydoclistingssettings
105   \let\input\@input
106   \lstinputlisting{\ydocfname}%
107   \endgroup
108 }

```

`\ydoclistingssettings`

```

109 \def\ydoclistingssettings{%
110   \lstset{%
111     language=[latex]tex,basicstyle=\ttfamily,
112     numbers=left,numberstyle=\tiny\color{gray},↵
       firstnumber=last,

```

```

113     breaklines ,prebreak={\mbox{\tiny$\swarrow$}}%
114   }%
115 }

```

`\macro@impl@args`

#1: number of macro arguments

```

116 \def\macro@impl@args[#1]{%
117   \begingroup
118   \parindent=10pt\relax
119   \let\macro@impl@argcnt\@tempcnta
120   \let\macro@impl@curarg\@tempcntb
121   \macro@impl@argcnt=#1\relax
122   \macro@impl@curarg=0\relax
123   \ifnum\macro@impl@curarg<\macro@impl@argcnt\relax
124     \expandafter\macro@impl@arg
125   \else
126     \expandafter\macro@impl@endargs
127   \fi
128 }

```

`\macro@impl@endargs`

```

129 \def\macro@impl@endargs{%
130   \endgroup
131   \unskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces
132 }

```

`\macro@impl@argline`

#1: argument number  
#2: argument description

```

133 \def\macro@impl@argline#1#2{%
134   \par{\texttt{\#\#1}:~#2\strut}%
135 }

```

`\macro@impl@arg`

#1: argument description

```

136 \def\macro@impl@arg#1{%
137   \advance\macro@impl@curarg by\@ne\relax
138   \macro@impl@argline{\the\macro@impl@curarg}{#1}%
139   \ifnum\macro@impl@curarg<\macro@impl@argcnt\relax
140     \expandafter\macro@impl@arg
141   \else
142     \expandafter\macro@impl@endargs
143   \fi
144 }

```

#### macro

#1: implemented macro

```

145 \def\macro#1{%
146   \PrintMacroImpl{#1}%
147   \@ifnextchar[%]
148     {\macro@impl@args}%
149     {}%
150 }
151 \def\endmacro{}

```

#### environment

#1: environment name

```

152 \def\environment#1{%
153   \PrintEnvImplName{#1}%
154   \@ifnextchar[%]
155     {\macro@impl@args}%
156     {}%
157 }
158 \def\endenvironment{}

```

#### \PrintMacroImpl

#1: macro (token)

```

159 \def\PrintMacroImpl#1{%
160   \par\bigskip\noindent
161   \hbox{%
162     \edef\name{\expandafter\@gobble\string#1}%
163     \global\@namedef{href@impl@\name}{}%
164     \immediate\write\@mainaux{%
165       \global\noexpand\@namedef{href@impl@\name}{}%
166     }%

```

```

167     \raisebox{4ex}[4ex]{\hypertarget{impl:\name}{}}%
168     \hspace*{\descindent}\fbox{%
169         \hspace*{\descsep}%
170         \@ifundefined{href@desc@\name}{}{\hyperlink{✓
            desc:\name}}}%
171         {\PrintMacroImplName{#1}}}%
172         \hspace*{\descsep}%
173     }%
174 }%
175 \par\medskip\noindent
176 }

```

#### \PrintMacroImplName

#1: macro (token)

```

177 \def\PrintMacroImplName#1{%
178     \implstyle{\string#1\strut}%
179 }

```

#### \PrintEnvImplName

#1: environment name

test

```

180 \def\PrintEnvImplName#1{%
181     \par\bigskip\noindent
182     \hbox{\hspace*{\descindent}\fbox{{\implstyle{#1}}}}✓
        %
183     \par\medskip
184 }

```

#### \implstyle

```

185 \def\implstyle{\ttfamily\bfseries\color{macroimpl}}

```

#### \bslash

Defines an expandable backslash with catcode 12: ‘\<sub>12</sub>’. The \@firstofone trick is used to read the \gdef\bslash code before changing the catcode.

```

186 {%
187 \@firstofone{%
188   \catcode'\=12
189   \gdef\bslash
190   }{\}
191 }%}

```

### 3.4 Provide doc macros

**\ydoc@countbslashes**

Reads the macro code into a temp box. The backslashes are defined to increase a counter.

```

192 \newcount\ydoc@bslashcnt
193 \def\ydoc@countbslashes{%
194   \begingroup
195     \let\firstlinemacro\empty
196     \let\lastlinemacro\empty
197     \let\newlinemacro\empty
198     \let\spacemacro\empty
199     \def\bslashmacro{\global\advance\ydoc@bslashcnt ✓
200       by\@ne}%
201     \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\themacrocode}%
202   \endgroup
203 }

```

**\Checksum**

```

203 \def\Checksum#1{%
204   \gdef\ydoc@checksum{#1}%
205 }
206 \let\ydoc@checksum\z@

```

**\AlsoImplementation**

**\OnlyDescription**

**\StopEventually**

### `\Finale`

The first two macros modify the `\StopEventually` macro which either stores its argument in `\Final` or executes it itself.

```
207 \def\AlsoImplementation{%
208   \gdef\StopEventually##1{%
209     \@bsphack
210     \gdef\Finale{##1\ydoc@checkchecksum}%
211     \@esphack
212   }%
213 }
214 \AlsoImplementation
215 \def\OnlyDescription{%
216   \@bsphack
217   \long\gdef\StopEventually##1{##1\endinput}%
218   \@esphack
219 }
220 \let\Finale\relax
```

### `\MakePercentComment`

### `\MakePercentIgnore`

```
221 \def\MakePercentIgnore{\catcode'\%9\relax}
222 \def\MakePercentComment{\catcode'\%14\relax}
```

### `\DocInput`

```
223 \def\DocInput#1{\MakePercentIgnore\input{#1}\relax
    \MakePercentComment}
```

### `\CharacterTable`

```
224 \providecommand*\CharacterTable[1]{%
225   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Ignoring Character Table -
    not implemented yet!}{}}%
226 }
```



### `\DoNotIndex`

```
227 \providecommand*\DoNotIndex[1]{%  
228   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Ignoring DoNotIndex - not ✓  
    implemented yet!}{}{}%  
229 }
```

### `\changes`

```
230 \providecommand*\changes[3]{%  
231   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Ignoring changes - not ✓  
    implemented yet!}{}{}%  
232 }
```

### `\RecordChanges`

```
233 \providecommand*\RecordChanges{%  
234   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{List of changes not ✓  
    implemented yet!}{}{}%  
235 }
```

### `\PrintChanges`

```
236 \providecommand*\PrintChanges{%  
237   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{List of changes not ✓  
    implemented yet!}{}{}%  
238 }
```

### `\PrintIndex`

```
239 \providecommand*\PrintIndex{%  
240   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Code index not implemented ✓  
    yet!}{}{}%  
241 }
```

### `\CodelineIndex`

```

242 \providecommand*\CodelineIndex{%
243   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Code line index not
      implemented yet!}{}{}%
244 }

```

#### \EnableCrossrefs

```

245 \providecommand*\EnableCrossrefs{%
246   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Cross references not
      implemented yet!}{}{}%
247 }

```

#### \GetFileInfo

Current implementation taken from doc package.

```

248 \providecommand*\GetFileInfo[1]{%
249   \def\filename{#1}%
250   \def\@tempb##1 ##2 ##3\relax##4\relax{%
251     \def\filedate{##1}%
252     \def\fileversion{##2}%
253     \def\fileinfo{##3}}%
254   \edef\@tempa{\csname ver@#1\endcsname}%
255   \expandafter\@tempb\@tempa\relax? ? \relax\relax
256 }

```

#### \ydoc@checkchecksum

```

257 \def\ydoc@checkchecksum{%
258   \ifnum\ydoc@checksum=\m@ne
259     \message{^^J}%
260     \message{*****^^J}%
261     \message{* No Checksum found! *^^J}%
262     \message{*****^^J}%
263   \else
264     \ifnum\ydoc@checksum=\ydoc@bslashcnt
265       \message{^^J}%
266       \message{*****^^J}%
267       \message{* Checksum passed *^^J}%
268       \message{*****^^J}%
269     \else
270       \message{^^J}%

```

```

271 \message{*****^J}%
272 \message{* Checksum wrong (\ydoc@checksum<>\the\ydoc@bslashcnt) ^^J}%
273 \message{*****^J}%
274 \GenericError{Checksum wrong}{}{}{}%
275 \fi
276 \fi
277 }

278 \RequirePackage{shortvrb}
279 \AtBeginDocument{\MakeShortVerb{\|}}

```

### 3.5 Description Macros and Environments

```

280 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
281 \hypersetup{colorlinks=true,pdfborder=0 0 0,
pdfborderstyle={}}

```

#### 3.5.1 Color and style definitions

```

282 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
283 \definecolor{macrodesc}{rgb}{0.0,0.0,0.8}
284 \definecolor{macroimpl}{rgb}{0.0,0.0,0.4}
285 \definecolor{meta}{rgb}{0.0,0.4,0.4}
286 \definecolor{scriptcolor}{rgb}{0.2,0.6,0.2}
287 \definecolor{optioncolor}{rgb}{0.3,0.2,0}
288 \colorlet{optional}{black!65!white}
289 \colorlet{metaoptional}{optional!50!meta}

```

#### 3.5.2 Text Formatting Macros

`\meta`

Prints *meta text*.

```

290 \def\meta#1{%
291 \ensuremath\langle
292 {\metastyle{#1}/}%
293 \ensuremath\rangle
294 }

```

`\@meta`

Checks if #1 is surrounded by angles < >. If so it calls `\is@meta` which removes the angles and calls `\meta`.

```

295 \def\@meta#1{%
296   \@ifnextchar<%
297     {\is@meta}%
298     {}%
299   #1%
300 }
```

`\is@meta`

Only removes the < > ands calls `\meta`.

```

301 \def\is@meta<#1>{%
302   \meta{#1}%
303 }
```

`\marg`

Calls `\marg` with angles added to force meta format.

```

304 \def\marg#1{\@marg{<#1>}}
```

`\oarg`

Calls `\oarg` with angles added to force meta format.

```

305 \def\oarg#1{\@oarg{<#1>}}
```

`\parg`

Calls `\parg` with angles added to force meta format.

```

306 \def\parg#1{\@parg{<#1>}}
```

`\aarg`

Calls `\aarg` with angles added to force meta format.

```

307 \def\aarg#1{\@aarg{<#1>}}
```

### `\@marg`

Sets style and adds braces. Text is formatted with `\@meta` which might add meta format.

```
308 \def\@marg#1{%  
309     {\margstyle{%  
310         {\ttfamily\braceleft}%  
311         \@meta{#1}%  
312         {\ttfamily\braceright}%  
313     }}%  
314 }
```

### `\@oarg`

Sets style and adds brackets. Text is formatted with `\@meta` which might add meta format.

```
315 \def\@oarg#1{%  
316     {\oargstyle{%  
317         {\ttfamily[]}%  
318         \@meta{#1}%  
319         {\ttfamily[]}%  
320     }}%  
321 }
```

### `\@parg`

Sets style and adds parentheses. Text is formatted with `\@meta` which might add meta format.

```
322 \def\@parg#1{%  
323     {\pargstyle{%  
324         {\ttfamily{}}%  
325         \@meta{#1}%  
326         {\ttfamily})}%  
327     }}%  
328 }
```

### `\@aarg`

Sets style and adds angles. Text is formatted with `\@meta` which might add meta format.

```

329 \def\@aarg#1{%
330     {\aargstyle{%
331         {\ttfamily<}%
332         \@meta{#1}%
333         {\ttfamily>}%
334     }}%
335 }

```

`\sarg`

Prints star with given style.

```

336 \def\sarg{{\sargstyle{*}}}

```

`\pkg`

`\cls`

`\env`

`\opt`

```

337 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
338 \newrobustcmd*\pkg{\texttt}
339 \newrobustcmd*\cls{\texttt}
340 \newrobustcmd*\env{\texttt}
341 \newrobustcmd*\opt{\textsf}

```

`\cs`

`\cmd`

```

342 \newrobustcmd*\cs[1]{\texttt{\textbackslash #1}}
343 \newrobustcmd*\cmd[1]{\texttt{{\escapechar=92\string
    #1}}}

```

### 3.5.3 Text Formatting Styles

#### `\macrodescstyle`

Style of described macro names.

```
344 \def\macrodescstyle{\ttfamily\bfseries\color{✓  
macrodesc}}
```

#### `\macroargsstyle`

Default style for macro arguments (e.g. `\MacroArgs`).

```
345 \def\macroargsstyle{\ttfamily}
```

#### `\envcodestyle`

Default style for code body content in described environments.

```
346 \def\envcodestyle{\ttfamily}
```

#### `\verbstyle`

Style for verbatim text inside macro argument list.

```
347 \def\verbstyle{\ttfamily}
```

#### `\metastyle`

Meta text style. Because `\macroargsstyle` might be also active a `\normalfont` reset the font.

```
348 \def\metastyle{\normalfont\itshape\color{meta}}
```

#### `\margstyle`

Style for `\marg`.

```
349 \def\margstyle{}
```

#### `\oargstyle`

Style for `\oarg`. A special color is set to show the ‘optional’ status.

```
350 \def\oargstyle{\color{optional}\colorlet{meta}{\color{metaoptional}}}
```

#### **\pargstyle**

Style for \parg.

```
351 \def\pargstyle{}
```

#### **\aargstyle**

Style for \aarg.

```
352 \def\aargstyle{}
```

#### **\sargstyle**

Style for \sarg. A special color is set to show the ‘optional’ status.

```
353 \def\sargstyle{\ttfamily\color{optional}}
```

### **3.5.4 Dimension Registers**

#### **\descindent**

```
354 \newdimen\descindent
355 \descindent=-\parindent
```

#### **\beforedescskip**

```
356 \newdimen\beforedescskip
357 \beforedescskip=\bigskipamount
```

#### **\afterdescskip**

```
358 \newdimen\afterdescskip
359 \afterdescskip=\medskipamount
```



`\descsep`

Set to 1em in tt font.

```
360 \newdimen\descsep
361 \begingroup
362 \ttfamily
363 \global\descsep=1em\relax
364 \endgroup
```

### 3.5.5 Macro Argument Reading Mechanism

`\read@Macro@arg`

Reads next token and calls second macro.

```
365 \def\read@Macro@arg{%
366   \futurelet\@let@token\handle@Macro@arg
367 }
```

`\handle@Macro@arg`

Checks if next token is the begin of a valid macro argument and calls the appropriate read macro or the end macro otherwise.

```
368 \def\handle@Macro@arg{%
369   \ifcase0%
370     \ifx\@let@token\bgroup1\else
371     \ifx\@let@token[\empty2\else
372     \ifx\@let@token(\empty3\else
373     \ifx\@let@token<\empty4\else
374     \ifx\@let@token*\empty5\else
375     \ifx\@let@token'\empty6\else
376     \ifx\@let@token!\empty7\else
377     \ifx\@let@token\@sptoken8\else
378     \ifx\@let@token\space9\else
379     \ifx\@let@token~9\else
380     \ifx\@let@token\AlsoMacro10\else
381     \ifx\@let@token\DescribeMacro11\fi
382     \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi
383   \relax
384   \unskip
385   \expandafter\end@Macro@args%0
386   \or\expandafter\read@Macro@marg%1
```

```

387     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@oarg%2
388     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@parg%3
389     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@angle%4
390     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@sarg%5
391     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@verb%6
392     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@cmds%7
393     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@rmSPACE%8
394     \or\expandafter\read@Macro@addtoken%9
395     \else%10-
396     \fi
397 }

```

`\end@Macro@args`

Closes box as calls hook. Might be locally redefined by some macros calling `\read@Macro@args`.

```

398 \def\end@Macro@args{%
399     \y@egroup
400     \after@Macro@args
401 }

```

`\after@Macro@args`

Hook to add additional commands in certain situations.

```

402 \def\after@Macro@args{%
403 }

```

### Macro argument reading macros

This macros read the macro arguments and call the appropriate format macros.

`\read@Macro@marg`

```

404 \def\read@Macro@marg#1{%
405     \@marg{#1}\read@Macro@arg
406 }

```

`\read@Macro@oarg`

```

407 \def\read@Macro@oarg[#1]{%
408   \@oarg{#1}\read@Macro@arg
409 }

```

`\read@Macro@parg`

```

410 \def\read@Macro@parg(#1){%
411   \@parg{#1}\read@Macro@arg
412 }

```

`\read@Macro@aarg`

```

413 \def\read@Macro@aarg<#1>>{%
414   \aarg{#1}\read@Macro@arg
415 }

```

`\read@Macro@angle`

```

416 \def\read@Macro@angle<{%
417   \futurelet\@let@token\read@Macro@angle@
418 }

```

`\read@Macro@angle@`

```

419 \def\read@Macro@angle@{%
420   \ifx\@let@token<%
421     \expandafter\read@Macro@aarg
422   \else
423     \expandafter\read@Macro@meta
424   \fi
425 }

```

`\read@Macro@meta`

```

426 \def\read@Macro@meta#1>{%
427   \meta{#1}\read@Macro@arg
428 }

```

### `\read@Macro@sarg`

```
429 \def\read@Macro@sarg#1{%
430   \sarg\read@Macro@arg
431 }
```

### `\read@Macro@verb`

Sets up verbatim mode calls second macro.

```
432 \def\read@Macro@verb{%
433   \begingroup
434   \let\do\@makeother
435   \dospecials
436   \read@Macro@verb@
437 }
```

### `\read@Macro@verb@`

Closes verbatim mode and formats text. If #1 is empty (') than a single ' is printed.

```
438 \def\read@Macro@verb@'#1' {%
439   \endgroup
440   \ifx\relax#1\relax
441     {\verbstyle{\string'}}}%
442   \else
443     {\verbstyle{#1}}}%
444   \fi
445   \read@Macro@arg
446 }
```

### `\read@Macro@cmds`

Simply executes given code.

```
447 \def\read@Macro@cmds!#1!{%
448   #1\relax
449   \read@Macro@arg
450 }
```

### `\read@Macro@rmSPACE`

Removes space. The \@firstofone is used to preserve the space in the macro definition.

```

451 \@firstofone{\def\read@Macro@rmspace} {%
452   \read@Macro@arg
453 }

```

`\read@Macro@addtoken`

Takes token over from input to output ‘stream’. This is used for `\space` and `~`.

```

454 \def\read@Macro@addtoken#1{%
455   #1\read@Macro@arg
456 }

```

### 3.5.6 Description Macros

For Macros

`\DescribeMacro`

```

457 \@ifundefined{DescribeMacro}{}{%
458   \PackageInfo{ydoc-desc}{Redefining \string\
459   DescribeMacro}{}%

```

A `\DescribeMacro` places itself in a `DescribeMacros` environment. Multiple `\DescribeMacro` macros will stack themselves inside this environment. For this to work `\DescribeMacros` is locally defined to `\y@egroup` to close the `\hbox` from the previous `\DescribeMacro`.

```

460 \def\DescribeMacro{%
461   \DescribeMacros
462   \let\DescribeMacros\y@egroup
463   \def\after@Macro@args{\endDescribeMacros}%
464   \begingroup\makeatletter
465   \Describe@Macro
466 }

```

`\Describe@Macro`

```

467 \def\Describe@Macro#1{%
468   \endgroup
469   \edef\name{\expandafter\@gobble\string#1}%
470   \global\@namedef{href@desc@\name}{}%
471   \immediate\write\@mainaux{%

```

```

472     \global\noexpand\@namedef{href@desc@\name}{}%
473 }%
474 \hbox\y@bgroup
475 \@ifundefined{href@impl@\name}{}{\hyperlink{impl:\↵
    name}}%
476 {\hypertarget{desc:\name}{\PrintMacroName{#1}}}%
477 \macroargsstyle
478 \read@Macro@arg
479 }

```

### `\Macro`

Simply uses the two macros below.

```

480 \newcommand*\Macro{\MacroArgs\AlsoMacro}

```

### `\@Macro`

Alternative definition of `\Macro` inside `DescribeMacros` environments.

```

481 \def\@Macro{%
482     \begingroup\makeatletter
483     \DescribeMacro
484 }

```

### `\AlsoMacro`

Reads argument while `@` is a letter, prints the macro name and reads further arguments.

```

485 \newcommand*\AlsoMacro{%
486     \begingroup\makeatletter
487     \AlsoMacro@
488 }
489 \def\AlsoMacro@#1{%
490     \endgroup
491     \PrintMacroName{#1}%
492     \read@Macro@arg
493 }

```

### `\MacroArgs`

Uses the normal macro argument reading mechanism from `\DescribeMacro`. Instead of a box a simple group is added.

```

494 \newcommand*\MacroArgs{%
495   \begingroup
496   \def\end@Macro@args{\endgroup\xspace}%
497   \read@Macro@arg
498 }
499 \RequirePackage{xspace}

```

`\DescribeMacros`

```

500 \def\DescribeMacros{%
501   \begingroup
502   \let\Macro\@Macro
503   \parindent=0pt\relax
504   \setbox\descbox\vbox\y@bgroup
505 }

```

`\endDescribeMacros`

```

506 \def\endDescribeMacros{%
507   \y@egroup
508   \PrintMacros
509   \endgroup
510 }

```

`\DescribeMacrosTabcolsep`

```

511 \def\DescribeMacrosTabcolsep{\tabcolsep}

```

`\DescribeMacrosTab`

```

512 \def\DescribeMacrosTab{%
513   \DescribeMacros
514   \hbox\y@bgroup
515   \tabcolsep=\DescribeMacrosTabcolsep\relax
516   \DescribeMacrosTab@
517 }
518 \def\DescribeMacrosTab@#1{\tabular{@{}#1@{}}}

```

`\endDescribeMacroTab`

```
519 \def\endDescribeMacroTab{%
520   \endtabular\y@egroup
521   \endDescribeMacros
522 }
```

### For Lengths

`\DescribeLength`

```
523 \newcommand*\DescribeLength{%
524   \begingroup
525   \let\DescribeLength\Describe@Length
526   \setbox\descbox\hbox\y@bgroup
527   \tabular{@{}l@{\hspace{2em}}l@{}}%
528   \Describe@Length
529 }
```

`\Describe@Length`

```
530 \newcommand*\Describe@Length[2]{%
531   \PrintLengthName{#1}&
532   (Default: {\macroargsstyle#2\unskip})%
533   \@ifnextchar\DescribeLength
534   {\}%
535   {%
536     \endtabular
537     \y@egroup
538     \PrintLength
539     \endgroup
540   }%
541 }
```

### For Environments

`\DescribeEnv`



```

542 \@ifundefined{DescribeEnv}{%
543   \PackageInfo{ydoc-desc}{Redefining \string\
544   DescribeEnv}{%
545 }
546 \let\DescribeEnv\relax

547 \newcommand*\DescribeEnv[2][]{%
548   \begin{group}
549   \def\DescribeEnv@name{#2}%
550   \let\\\DescribeEnv@newline

```

Sets after-macro-arguments hook. First checks if the environment or macro version was used. The environment starts a new line only if the next token isn't `\end`, which is taken as end of the environment.

```

551   \ifx\@currentenv\DescribeEnv@string
552     \def\after@Macro@args{%
553       \let\after@Macro@args\empty
554       \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox\y@bgroup
555       \@ifnextchar\end{%
556         {\DescribeEnv@newline}%
557       }%
558     }%

```

The macro version adds the optional argument as content line if given.

```

559   \else
560     \ifx\relax#1\relax
561       \def\after@Macro@args{%
562         \y@bgroup
563         \endDescribeEnv
564       }%
565     \else
566       \def\after@Macro@args{%
567         \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox\y@bgroup
568         \DescribeEnv@newline\MacroArgs#1%
569         \endDescribeEnv
570       }%
571     \fi
572   \fi

```

Start `\vbox` and adds first line.

```

573   \setbox\descbox\vbox\y@bgroup
574   \envcodestyle
575   \let\PrintEnv\PrintSubEnv
576   \hbox\y@bgroup
577   \PrintEnvName{\begin}{\DescribeEnv@name}%
578   \macroargsstyle

```

```

578 \read@Macro@arg
579 }

```

#### **\DescribeEnv@newline**

Closes existing and starts a new horizontal box representing a indented line. The optional argument allows to add extra space between lines like the normal `\\`. Negative values are not supported.

```

580 \newcommand*\DescribeEnv@newline[1][0pt]{%
581 \strut\y@egroup
582 {\vskip#1}%
583 \hbox\y@bgroup\strut
584 \hspace*{\descsep}%
585 \ignorespaces
586 }%

```

#### **\DescribeEnv@string**

Holds the environment name for comparison.

```

587 \def\DescribeEnv@string{\DescribeEnv}

```

#### **\descbox**

Save box to store description content.

```

588 \newbox\descbox

```

#### **\endDescribeEnv**

```

589 \def\endDescribeEnv{%
590 \y@egroup
591 \begingroup
592 \setbox\@tempboxa\lastbox
593 \ifcase0%
594 \ifdim\wd\@tempboxa>\descsep1\fi
595 \ifdim\ht\@tempboxa>\ht\strutbox1\fi
596 \ifdim\dp\@tempboxa>\dp\strutbox1\fi
597 \else
598 \box\@tempboxa
599 \fi
600 \endgroup

```

```

601 \hbox\y@bgroup
602 \PrintEnvName{\end}{\DescribeEnv@name}
603 \y@egroup
604 \y@egroup
605 \PrintEnv
606 \endgroup
607 }

```

### 3.5.7 Print Macros

#### `\PrintMacroName`

Formats macro name. The backslash is forced to `tt` font.

```

608 \def\PrintMacroName#1{%
609   {\macrodescstyle{\strut
610     \texttt{\char92}%
611     \escapechar\m@ne
612     \string#1}}%
613 }

```

#### `\PrintLengthName`

Formats length register name.

```

614 \let\PrintLengthName\PrintMacroName

```

#### `\PrintEnvName`

`#1` = ‘`\begin`’ or ‘`\end`’, `#2` = env name.

```

615 \def\PrintEnvName#1#2{%
616   \strut
617   \string#1\braceleft
618   {\macrodescstyle#2\strut}%
619   \braceright
620 }

```

#### `\PrintMacros`

Prints macros described using `\DescribeMacros`. The actual content was stored inside `\descbox`. If it is wider than the line width it is centered.

```

621 \def\PrintMacros{%
622   \par\vspace\beforedescskip
623   \noindent\hspace*{\descindent}%
624   \ifdim\wd\descbox>\linewidth
625     \makebox[\linewidth][c]{\fbox{\hspace*{\descsep}\↵
        usebox{\descbox}\hspace*{\descsep}}}%
626   \else
627     \fbox{\hspace*{\descsep}\usebox{\descbox}\hspace↵
        *{\descsep}}%
628   \fi
629   \par\vspace\afterdescskip
630 }

```

### **\PrintLength**

Prints lengths registers described using one or multiple `\DescribeLength`.

```

631 \let\PrintLength\PrintMacros

```

### **\PrintEnv**

Prints `DescribeEnv` environments. The actual content was stored inside `\descbox`.

```

632 \def\PrintEnv{%
633   \par\vspace\beforedescskip
634   \noindent\hspace*{\descindent}%
635   \fbox{\hspace*{\descsep}\usebox{\descbox}\hspace*{\↵
        descsep}}%
636   \par\vspace\afterdescskip
637 }

```

### **\PrintSubEnv**

Prints sub environments, i.e. `DescribeEnv` environments inside the body of another `DescribeEnv`. The actual content was stored inside `\descbox`.

```

638 \def\PrintSubEnv{%
639   \hbox{\hbox{\usebox{\descbox}}}%
640 }

```

### 3.5.8 Special Character Macros

#### `\bslash`

Defines an expandable backslash with catcode 12: ‘\<sub>12</sub>’. The `\@firstofone` trick is used to read the `\gdef\bslash` code before changing the catcode.

```
641 {%
642 \@firstofone{%
643   \catcode'\=12
644   \gdef\bslash
645 }{\}
646 }%}
```

#### `\percent`

Defines an expandable percent character with catcode 12: ‘%<sub>12</sub>’.

```
647 \begingroup
648 \catcode'\%=12
649 \gdef\percent{%}
650 \endgroup
```

#### `\braceleft`

#### `\braceright`

Defines expandable left and right braces with catcode 12: ‘{<sub>12}</sub>’ ‘}<sub>12</sub>’.

```
651 \begingroup
652 \catcode'\<=1
653 \catcode'\>=2
654 \catcode'\{=12
655 \catcode'\}=12
656 \gdef\braceleft <{>
657 \gdef\braceright <}>
658 \endgroup
```

### 3.5.9 Other Macros

`\y@bgroup`

`\y@egroup`

These macros are used to begin and end `\vbox/\hbox`-es.

```
659 \def\y@bgroup{\bgroup\color@setgroup}
660 \def\y@egroup{\color@endgroup\egroup}
```

## 3.6 Include Code Examples

```
661 \RequirePackage{listings}
662 \lst@RequireAspects{writefile}
663 \def\ydoc@exafile{\jobname.exe}
```

`\exampleprintsettings`

```
664 \def\exampleprintsettings{frame=lines}%
665 \newbox\examplecodebox
666 \newbox\exampleresultbox
```

`\BoxExample`

```
667 \def\BoxExample{%
668   \setbox\examplecodebox\hbox{\color@setgroup
669     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\↵
670       \lstinputlisting
671       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter[%
672         \expandafter\exampleprintsettings\expandafter,\↵
673         thisexampleprintsettings]%
674     {\ydoc@exafile}}%
675   \color@endgroup}%
676   \setbox\exampleresultbox\hbox{\color@setgroup
677     @@input\ydoc@exafile\relax
678     \color@endgroup}%
679 }
```

### `\PrintExample`

```
678 \RequirePackage{showexpl}
679 \def\PrintExample{%
680   \begingroup
681   \lstset{basicstyle=\ttfamily}%
682   \MakePercentComment
683   \LTXinputExample[varwidth]{\ydoc@exafile}%
684   \endgroup
685 }

686 \def\examplecodesettings{gobble=4}
```

### `examplecode`

```
687 \lstnewenvironment{examplecode}[1][\]{%
688   \def\thisexampleprintsettings{#1}%
689   \expandafter\lstset\expandafter{\%
690     examplecodesettings,#1}%
691   \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox\bgroup
692   \lst@BeginWriteFile{\ydoc@exafile}%
693   {%
694     \lst@EndWriteFile
695     \egroup
696     \PrintExample
697   }
698 \RequirePackage{float}}
```

### `example`

```
699 \floatstyle{plain}
700 \newfloat{example}{tbhp}{loe}
701 \floatname{example}{\examplename}
702 \def\examplename{Example}
```

### `exampletable`

```
703 \newenvironment{exampletable}{%
704   \floatstyle{plaintop}%
705   \restylefloat{example}%
706   \example
707 }{\endexample}
```