

# The **ydoc** Class and Packages

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## Abstract

This package bundle is currently under development. All functionality, settings and macro as well as file names can change in later versions and may be incomplete! It is not ready yet to be used for other packages.

The ydoc class and packages provide macros to document the functionality and implementation of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X classes and packages. It is similar to the ltxdoc class with the doc package, but uses more modern features/packages by default (e.g. xcolor, hyperref, listings). However, some of the features like code indexing is not yet included.

## 1 Introduction

The ydoc packages allow the documentation of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X packages and classes. The name stands for “Yet another Documentation Package” and is a pun on the fact that there are several documentation packages written by package developers to document their own packages. All these packages didn’t suited the author and therefore he, take a guess, wrote his own documentation package. It (will) support(s) all macros and environments (but not necessary with full/identical features) provided by the doc package to allow the fast adaption of existing .dtx files.

This documentation uses the ydoc packages itself and therefore also acts as a live example.

### 1.1 ydoc Files

The ydoc bundle consists (at the moment, subject to change) of the ydoc class and the packages ydoc, ydoc-code, ydoc-desc, ydoc-expl and ydoc-doc. The ydoc class and package allow the user the freedom to use the functionality with other classes if wanted. The class will load the package. The ydoc package loads the packages ydoc-code, ydoc-desc, ydoc-expl and ydoc-doc, which provide the functionality to document L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code implementation, describe the user-level macro, include live code examples and provide replacements for the macros of the doc

package, respectively. These packages can be loaded on their own in other kind of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X documents if required.

## 1.2 Similar Packages

Other documentation related classes and packages are `ltxdoc`, `doc`, `dox`, `xdoc`, `gmdoc`, `paulddoc`, `hypdoc`, `codedoc`, `nicetext` and `tkz-doc`.

## 2 Usage

(section incomplete)

### 2.1 Code Documentation Environments

```
\begin{macro}{\macro}[\# of args]{arg 1 description}\dots{arg n description}
  \macro documentation
  \begin{macrocode}
    \macro code
  \end{macrocode}
  ...
\end{macro}
```

The implementation of macros can be documented using this environment. The actual `\macro code` must be placed in a `macrocode` environment. Longer macro definition can be split using multiple `macrocode` environments with interleaved documentation texts.

The `ydoc` definition of the `macro` environment has an additional feature compare to `doc`. The arguments of the macro (#1, #2, ...) can be documented in a vertical list. The environment has an optional argument to declare the `\number of arguments` the macro implementation has. The descriptions of this macro arguments are read from the next arguments of the environment. If the `\number of arguments` is not given or zero (or less) no further arguments are read by the `macro` environment.

```
\begin{macrocode}
  \macro code
\end{macrocode}
```

This environment wraps around any L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code and types it verbatim. The environment `end` is read verbatim as well and must be written on a separate line beginning with a percent followed by exactly four spaces: '%     \end{macrocode}'.

```
\begin{environment}{name} [<# of args>] {arg 1 description} ... {arg n description}
  <environment documentation>
  \begin{macrocode}
    <macro code>
  \end{macrocode}
  ...
\end{environment}
```

This environment provides the same functionality as the `macro` environment above, but for environments instead.

## 2.2 Description Macros and Environments

`\DescribeMacro<\iota macro><macro arguments>`

The `\DescribeMacro` is used to describe macros included their arguments. It takes the to be described (`\iota macro`) as first argument (can also be enclosed in `{ }`). The macro name can include ‘@’. Any number of `<macro arguments>` (in a broad sense, see Table ??) following it are formatted as arguments of this macro. Any following non-argument token (normal text, macro, etc.) will make `\DescribeMacro` stop collecting arguments. For example, if a TeX group should be started using `{ }` direct after `\DescribeMacro` a `\relax` (or a similar macro) should be inserted between them, otherwise the group will be taken as mandatory argument of the described macro.

Multiple `\DescribeMacro` in a row will automatically stacked inside one framed box. If this is not wanted simply separate them with `\relax` or any other macro or token. See also the `DescribeMacros` environment below.

**Examples:**

`\DescribeMacro\mymacro*[<optional>]{<meta text>}` will result in  
`\mymacro*[{<optional>}]{<meta text>}` (inside a framed box).

The above syntax description of `\DescribeMacro` itself was typeset with  
`\DescribeMacro\DescribeMacro<\textbackslash macro><macro arguments>`.

Special macros with have a partner macro as end marker can be typeset like this:  
`\DescribeMacro\csname<text>\AlsoMacro\endcsname`, which will result in  
`\csname<text>\endcsname`.

`\Macro<\iota macro><macro arguments>`

This macro is like an in-text version of `\DescribeMacro`. The macro description stays as part of the surrounding text and is not placed inside a framed box. The description can be broken between lines. This can be avoided by placing it inside a `\mbox{}`. `\Macro` is equivalent to `\MacroArgs\AlsoMacro`.

`\MacroArgs<macro arguments>`

This macro formats the `<macro arguments>` the same way as `\DescribeMacro` and `\Macro` but without a macro name. Like `\Macro` the description is placed in-text.

### `\AlsoMacro{\macro}{further macro arguments}`

This macro can only be used inside the `macro arguments` of the above macros and typesets an additional macro as part of the syntax of the described macro. The additional macro is normally an end- or other marker of some kind. Further macro arguments may follow. Macros which are not part of the syntax but normal arguments should be written as `<\textbackslash name>` (yielding `\name`) instead. The ‘|’ character is an abbreviation of `\AlsoMacro`, but only at places where this can appear.

**Examples:**

```
\Macro{@for<\textbackslash var> ':=' <list> \AlsoMacro\do {<code>}  
\@for<\var>:=<list>\do{<code>}  
  
\Macro\pgfkeys{<key1>='<value1>',<key2>/ .code={<code>}}  
\pgfkeys{<key1>=<value1>,<key2>/ .code={<code>}}
```

### `\MakeShortMacroArgs*{<char>}`

This macro is similar to `\MakeShortVerb` from the `shortvrb` package. It can be used to globally define one character to act like `\MacroArgs` till the same character is discovered again. Special characters must be escaped with an backslash for the definition. One additional benefit beside the shorter size is that the argument list is automatically terminated. For example `\MakeShortMacroArgs{\\"}` will make `"<arg>{<arg>}"` act like `'\MacroArgs<arg>{<arg>}\relax'`. One side-effect is that should the argument list be terminated, e.g. by an unknown element or macro, then the rest of the text till the end-character is typeset as normal, but inside a group.

The starred version will define the character equal to `\Macro` instead.

### `\DeleteShortMacroArgs{<char>}`

Globally removes the special meaning from `<char>` given to him by `\MakeShortMacroArgs`.

Note that special characters like ‘`’ are best defined `\AtBeginDocument` and deleted again `\AtEndDocument` to avoid issues if they are written to the aux file by some package.

```
\begin{DescribeMacros}  
  \Macro{\name}{arguments}  
  \Macro{\name}{arguments}  
  ...  
\end{DescribeMacros}
```

This environment can be used to place multiple macro description into the same framed box. The macros are described using `\Macro`, which has a slightly different definition than outside of this environment, to place the description into a `\hbox`. The environment stacks these `\hbox`s in a `\vbox`. The macros can also be placed freely using anything which produces a `\hbox`, e.g. `\hbox{\Macro\A ~~~ \Macro\B}` or using a `tabular` (see also `DescribeMacrosTab`).

```
\begin{DescribeMacrosTab}{tabular column definition}
  <tabular content>
\end{DescribeMacrosTab}
```

This is a special version of the `DescribeMacros` environment which adds a tabular environment around the content. This is useful if a large set of small macros should be described at once. Placing them all below each other would result in a very bad page layout. The environment has one argument which is passed to `tabular` as the column definition. A ‘`@{}`’ is added before and after to remove any margins.

```
\begin{DescribeEnv}{name}<arguments>
  <body content> \\
  <more body content>
\end{DescribeEnv}
```

```
\DescribeEnv[<body content>]{name}<arguments>
```

The `DescribeEnv` can be used to describe environments in the same way the `DescribeMacro` macro describes macros. Supported `<arguments>` are shown in Table ???. Potential `<body content>` can be placed between the begin and end of the environment description to explain the user what kind of material should be placed inside it. The environment also exists in macro form as `\DescribeEnv`, which allows to provide small `<body content>` as an optional argument. Please note that for this optional argument a `\MacroArgs` is automatically inserted, but not for the `\DescribeEnv` environment content.

The body content is placed into a indented `\hbox{}` stacked inside a `\vbox{}` also holding the environment begin and end line. The `\\\` macro is redefined to create a new indented `\hbox` acting as new code line. Therefore this environment is similar to a one-column `tabular`: all macros placed into a line are only valid up to the next line end.

```
\DescribeLength{name}<default value>
```

This macro can be used to describe L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X lengths also known as dimensions. Multiple `\DescribeLength` macros in a row will automatically be grouped.

### 2.3 Format Macros

```
\cs{macro name} \env{environment name}
\pkg{package name} \cls{class name}
```

This macros can be used to format names of macros, environments, packages and classes, respectively. At the moment they simply use `\texttt{}`.

```
\bslash \percent \braceleft \braceright
```

This macros define expandable backslash (`\_12`), percent char (`%_12`), and left (`{_12`) and right (`}_12`) braces with catcode 12 (other), respectively. They should only be used with text-typewriter font when used in text, because other fonts might not have the correct characters. The macros must be protected when used in a moving argument.

Table 1: Supported ‘arguments’ for \DescribeMacro/\DescribeEnv/\MacroArgs.

Description	Syntax	Result	Macro <sup>a</sup>
Meta text	<text>	<code>\text</code>	<code>\meta{\text}</code>
Mandatory Argument	{args}	{args}	
–, with meta text	{<text>}	{ <code>\text</code> }	<code>\marg{\text}</code>
Optional Argument	[args]	[args]	
–, with meta text	[<text>]	[ <code>\text</code> ]	<code>\oarg{\text}</code>
Picture Argument	(args)	(args)	
–, with meta text	(<text>)	( <code>\text</code> )	<code>\parg{\text}</code>
Beamer Overlay Argument	<<args>>	<args>	
–, with meta text	<< <text> >>	< <code>\text</code> >	<code>\aarg{\text}</code>
Star	*	*	
Verbatim content	'\$&^%_#\$\'	\$&^%_#\$\`	
–, produce ‘ char	,	,	
Insert any TeX code	!\fbox{T}!	T	
Unbreakable Space	~		
Space (explicit macro)	\space		
Second macro (e.g. endmarker) short version:	\AlsoMacro\macro \macro	\macro	

<sup>a</sup>) As alternative to be used inside normal text.

Note that ‘args’ can itself be further macro arguments except true verbatim.

```
\meta{\meta{meta text}}      \marg{\marg{argument text}}
\oarg{\oarg{argument text}} \parg{\parg{argument text}}
\aarg{\aarg{argument text}} \sarg
```

This macros allow to typeset meta text and mandatory, optional, picture and beamer overlay arguments as well as a star symbol. They are used internally by \MacroArgs and friends. See Table ?? for examples.

```
\metastyle \margstyle
\oargstyle \pargstyle
\oargstyle \sargstyle
```

This macros are used to define the style in which the corresponding macros above are being formatted. They are used like {\stylemacro{material}} to allow the styles to use macros like \ttfamily or \texttt{material}. By default the optional argument and the also optional star are printed in the color ‘optional’ which is a 65% gray.

## 2.4 Settings

The following macro and dimensions can be redefined by the user to adjust the layout of the package documentation.

<code>\descindent</code>	(Default: -20pt)
<code>\beforedescskip</code>	(Default: 12pt plus 4pt minus 4pt)
<code>\afterdescskip</code>	(Default: 6pt plus 2pt minus 2pt)

These length define the indentation and vertical distances before and after a `\Describe...` macro or environment, respectively.

<code>\descsep</code>	(Default: 1em in tt font = 10.5pt)
-----------------------	------------------------------------

This macro defines the space on the left and right side between the description text and the framed box.

## 2.5 Macros and Environments to include LaTeX Code Examples

<code>\begin{example}</code>
<code>\end{example}</code>

<code>\begin{examplecode}(to be written)</code>
<code>\end{examplecode}</code>

## 2.6 Class File

```

1  \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1999/12/01]
2  \RequirePackage{svn-prov}[2010/04/03]
3  \ProvidesClass{SVN}
4      {$Id: ydoc_cls.dtx 2336 2011-03-18 00:56:07Z martin $}
5  %<! VERSION>
6  %<*DRIVER>
7      [develop]
8  %</DRIVER>
9      [ydoc class: document LaTeX class and packages]

```

At the moment simply load `article` class with `a4paper` option and load the `ydoc` package.

```

10 \PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
11 \DeclareOption*{\expandafter\PassOptionsToClass\expandafter{\CurrentOption}{article}}
12 \ProcessOptions\relax
13 \LoadClass{article}
14 \RequirePackage{ydoc}

```

## 2.7 Macros and Environments to document Implementations

```

15  \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1999/12/01]
16  \RequirePackage{svn-prov}[2010/04/03]
17  \ProvidesPackage{SVN}
18      {$Id: ydoc_code_sty.dtx 2339 2011-03-18 20:18:09Z martin $}
19  %<!VERSION>
20  %<*DRIVER>
21      [develop]
22  %</DRIVER>
23      [ydoc package to document macro code]

24  \RequirePackage{hyperref}
25  \hypersetup{colorlinks=true, pdfborder=0 0 0,%
26      pdfborderstyle={}}
27
28  \IfFileExists{needspace.sty}{%
29      \RequirePackage{needspace}
30  }{%
31      \def\Needspace{\@ifstar\@gobble\@gobble}
32  }

```

### 2.7.1 Color and style definitions

```

31  \RequirePackage{xcolor}
32  \definecolor{macroimpl}{rgb}{0.0,0.0,0.4}

```

### 2.7.2 General Macros

#### \ydocwrite

```

33  \@ifundefined{ydocwrite}{%
34      \newwrite\ydocwrite
35  }{%

```

#### \ydocfname

```

36  \@ifundefined{ydocfname}{%
37      \def\ydocfname{\jobname.cod}%
38  }{%

```

#### \ydoc@catcodes

```

39  \def\ydoc@catcodes{%
40    \let\do\@makeother
41    \dospecials
42    \catcode`\\=\active
43    \catcode`^=M=\active
44    \catcode`\'=\active
45  }

```

### 2.7.3 Handling Macrocode

**macrocode**

```

46  \def\macrocode{%
47    \par\noindent
48    \begingroup
49    \ydoc@catcodes
50    \macro@code
51  }
52  \def\endmacrocode{}

```

**\macro@code**

#1: verbatim macro code

```

53  \begingroup
54  \endlinechar\m@ne
55  \@firstofone{%
56  \catcode`\\=0\relax
57  \catcode`\\=1\relax
58  \catcode`\\=2\relax
59  \catcode`\\*=14\relax
60  \catcode`\\{=12\relax
61  \catcode`\\}=12\relax
62  \catcode`\\_=12\relax
63  \catcode`\\%{=12\relax
64  \catcode`\\\\=\active
65  \catcode`\\^=M=\active
66  \catcode`\\_=\active
67  }*
68  |gdef|macro@code#1^=M%      \end{macrocode}(*
69  |endgroup|expandafter|macro@@code|expandafter(|\
70    ydoc@removeline#1|noexpand|lastlinemacro)*
71  )*
72  |gdef|ydoc@removeline#1^=M(|noexpand|firstlinemacro)*
73  |gdef|ydoc@defspecialmacros(*
74  |def^=M(|noexpand|newlinemacro)*
75  |def  (|noexpand|spacemacro)*
76  |def\(|noexpand|bslashmacro)*

```

```

76  )*
77  |gdef|ydoc@defrevspecialmacros(*
78  |def|newlinemacro(|noexpand^^M)*
79  |def|spacemacro(|noexpand )*
80  |def|bslashmacro(|noexpand\)*
81  )*
82  |endgroup

```

`\macro@@code`

```

#1: verbatim macro code

83 \def\macro@@code#1{%
84   {\ydoc@defspecialmacros
85   \xdef\themacrocode{\#1}}%
86   \PrintMacroCode
87   \end{macrocode}%
88 }

```

`\linenumberbox`

```

89 \def\newlinemacro{\null}
90 \def\spacemacro{\ }
91 \def\bslashmacro{\char92}
92 \def\lastlinemacro{}
93 \def\firstlinemacro{\linenumberbox}
94 \def\newlinemacro{\linenumberbox}
95 \newcounter{linenumber}
96 \def\linenumberbox{%
97   \hbox to 1.25em{%
98     \llap{%
99       \stepcounter{linenumber}%
100      {\footnotesize\color{gray}\thelinenum~}%
101    }%
102  }

```

`\PrintMacroCode`

```

103 \def\PrintMacroCode{%
104   \begingroup
105   \ttfamily
106   \noindent\themacrocode
107   \endgroup
108 }

```

### \PrintMacroCode

```
109 \RequirePackage{listings}
110
111 \def\PrintMacroCode{%
112   \begingroup
113   \let\firstlinemacro\empty
114   \let\lastlinemacro\empty
115   \def\newlinemacro{\relax\ignorespaces}
116   \let\bslashmacro\bslash
117   \let\spacemacro\space
118   \immediate\openout\ydocwrite=\ydocfname\relax
119   \immediate\write\ydocwrite{\themacrocode}%
120   \immediate\closeout\ydocwrite
121   \nameuse{ydoc@countbslashes}%
122   \ydoclistingssettings
123   \let\input\@input
124   \lstinputlisting{\ydocfname}%
125   \endgroup
126 }
```

### \ydoclistingssettings

```
126 \def\ydoclistingssettings{%
127   \lstset{%
128     language=[latex]tex, basicstyle=\ttfamily,
129     numbers=left, numberstyle=\tiny\color{gray}, %
130     firstnumber=last,
131     breaklines, prebreak={\mbox{\tiny\$swarrow\$}}, %
132     commentstyle=\color{black!60},
133   }%
134 }
```

### \macro@impl@args

```
#1: number of macro arguments
135 \def\macro@impl@args [#1]{%
136   \begingroup
137   \parindent=10pt\relax
138   \let\macro@impl@argcnt@\tempcnta
139   \let\macro@impl@curarg@\tempcntb
140   \macro@impl@argcnt=#1\relax
141   \macro@impl@curarg=0\relax
142   \ifnum\macro@impl@curarg<\macro@impl@argcnt\relax
143     \expandafter\macro@impl@arg
```

```

144     \else
145         \expandafter\macro@impl@endargs
146     \fi
147 }

```

\macro@impl@endargs

```

148 \def\macro@impl@endargs{%
149     \endgroup
150     \unskip\par\noindent\ignorespaces
151 }

```

\macro@impl@argline

#1: argument number  
#2: argument description

```

152 \def\macro@impl@argline#1#2{%
153     \par{\texttt{\#\#1:#2\strut}}%
154 }

```

\macro@impl@arg

#1: argument description

```

155 \def\macro@impl@arg#1{%
156     \advance\macro@impl@curarg by\@ne\relax
157     \macro@impl@argline{\the\macro@impl@curarg}{#1}%
158     \ifnum\macro@impl@curarg<\macro@impl@argcnt\relax
159         \expandafter\macro@impl@arg
160     \else
161         \expandafter\macro@impl@endargs
162     \fi
163 }

```

macro

#1: implemented macro

```

164 \def\macro#1{%
165     \PrintMacroImpl{#1}%
166     \@ifnextchar[%]
167         {\macro@impl@args}%
168         {}%
169     }
170 \def\endmacro{}

```

### environment

```
#1: environment name  
171 \def\environment#1{  
172   \PrintEnvImplName{#1}  
173   \ifnextchar[%]  
174     {\macro@impl@args}  
175     {}  
176   }  
177 \def\endenvironment{}
```

### \PrintMacroImpl

```
#1: macro (token)  
178 \def\PrintMacroImpl#1{  
179   \par\bigskip\noindent  
180   \Needspace*{3\baselineskip}  
181   \hbox{  
182     \edef\name{\expandafter\gobble\string#1}  
183     \global\@namedef{href@impl@\name}{}  
184     \immediate\write\@mainaux{  
185       \global\noexpand\@namedef{href@impl@\name}{}  
186     }  
187     \raisebox{4ex}[4ex]{\hypertarget{impl:\name}{}}  
188     \hspace*{\descindent}\fbox{  
189       \hspace*{\descsep}  
190       \ifundefined{href@desc@\name}{}{\hyperlink{  
191         desc:\name}{}}  
192       \PrintMacroImplName{#1}  
193       \hspace*{\descsep}  
194     }  
195   }\par\medskip\noindent  
196 }
```

### \PrintMacroImplName

```
#1: macro (token)  
197 \def\PrintMacroImplName#1{  
198   \implstyle{\string#1\strut}  
199 }
```

### \PrintEnvImplName

```
#1: environment name  
test
```

```

200 \def\PrintEnvImplName#1{%
201   \par\bigskip\noindent
202   \hbox{\hspace*{\descindent}\fbox{{\implstyle{#1}}}}\,
203   %
204   \par\medskip
205 }

```

\implstyle

```
205 \def\implstyle{\ttfamily\bfseries\color{macroimpl}}
```

\bslash

Defines an expandable backslash with catcode 12: ‘\\_12’. The \@firstofone trick is used to read the \gdef\bslash code before changing the catcode.

```

206 {%
207   \@firstofone{%
208     \catcode`\\=12
209     \gdef\bslash
210   }{%
211   }%
212 }

```

## 2.8 Description Macros and Environments

```

212 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1999/12/01]
213 \RequirePackage{svn-prov}[2010/04/03]
214 \ProvidesPackage{ydoc-desc}
215   {$Id: ydoc_desc_sty.dtx 2369 2011-03-20 00:04:45Z,
216   martin $}
217 %<!VERSION>
218 %<*DRIVER>
219   [develop]
220 %</DRIVER>
221   [ydoc package to describe macros, environments,
222    options etc.]
223
224 \IfFileExists{needspace.sty}{%
225   \RequirePackage{needspace}
226 }{%
227   \def\Needspace{\@ifstar\@gobble\@gobble}
228 }

```

The short verbatim code is required for the similar macros provided here.

```
226 \RequirePackage{shortvrb}
```

The etoolbox package is used mainly for \newrobustcmd.

```
227 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
```

### 2.8.1 Color and style definitions

```
228 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
229 \definecolor{macrodesc}{rgb}{0,0.2,0.6}
230 \definecolor{macroimpl}{rgb}{0,0.1,0.3}
231 \definecolor{meta}{rgb}{0,0.25,0.75}
232 \definecolor{scriptcolor}{rgb}{0.2,0.6,0.2}
233 \definecolor{optioncolor}{rgb}{0.3,0.2,0}
234 \colorlet{optional}{black!65!white}
235 \colorlet{metaoptional}{optional!50!meta}
236 \providecolor{urlcolor}{named}{blue}
237 \providecolor{linkcolor}{named}{blue}
238 \providecolor{filecolor}{named}{blue}
239 \providecolor{citecolor}{named}{blue}
240 \providecolor{anchorcolor}{named}{blue}
241 \providecolor{menucolor}{named}{blue}
242 \providecolor{runcolor}{named}{blue}

244 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
245 \hypersetup{%
246     colorlinks=true,
247     pdfborder=0 0 0,
248     pdfborderstyle={},
249     urlcolor=urlcolor,
250     linkcolor=linkcolor,
251     filecolor=filecolor,
252     citecolor=citecolor,
253     anchorcolor=anchorcolor,
254     menucolor=menucolor,
255     runcolor=runcolor,
256 }
```

### 2.8.2 Text Formatting Macros

`\meta`

Prints  $\langle \text{meta text} \rangle$ .

```
258 \newrobustcmd*\meta[1]{%
259     {\metastyle{%
260         \ensuremath\langle
261             #1\rangle%
262         \ensuremath\rangle
263     }}%
264 }
```

### \marg

Sets style and adds braces. The text is formatted as separate set of macro arguments.

```
265 \newrobustcmd*\{\marg}[1]{%
266   {\margstyle{%
267     {\ttfamily\braceleft}%
268     \meta{#1}%
269     {\ttfamily\braceright}%
270   }}%
271 }
```

### \oarg

Sets style and adds brackets. The text is formatted as separate set of macro arguments.

```
272 \newrobustcmd*\{\oarg}[1]{%
273   {\oargstyle{%
274     {\ttfamily[]}%
275     \meta{#1}%
276     {\ttfamily[]}%
277   }}%
278 }
```

### \parg

Sets style and adds parentheses.

```
279 \newrobustcmd*\{\parg}[1]{%
280   {\pargstyle{%
281     {\ttfamily()}%
282     \meta{#1}%
283     {\ttfamily())}%
284   }}%
285 }
```

### \aarg

Sets style and adds angles.

```
286 \newrobustcmd*\{\aarg}[1]{%
287   {\aargstyle{%
288     {\ttfamily<}%
289     \meta{#1}%
290     {\ttfamily>}%
291   }}%
292 }
```

`\sarg`

Prints star with given style.

```
293 \newrobustcmd*{\sarg}{\sargstyle{*}}
```

`\pkg`

`\cls`

`\lib`

`\env`

`\opt`

`\file`

```
294 \newrobustcmd*\pkg[1]{\pkgstyle{#1}}
295 \newrobustcmd*\cls[1]{\clsstyle{#1}}
296 \newrobustcmd*\lib[1]{\libstyle{#1}}
297 \newrobustcmd*\env[1]{\envstyle{#1}}
298
299 \newrobustcmd*\opt{\@ifstar\ys@\opt\y@\opt}
300 \def\y@\opt#1{\optstyle{#1}}
301 \def\ys@\opt#1{\optstyle{#1}}\optpar{#1}
302 \newrobustcmd*\optpar[1]{\marginpar{\hbox to \marginparwidth{\hss\y@\opt{#1}}}}
303
304 \newrobustcmd*\file[1]{\filestyle{#1}}
305 \newcommand*\pkgstyle[1]{\texttt{\textcolor{pkg}{#1}}}
306 \newcommand*\clsstyle[1]{\texttt{\textcolor{cls}{#1}}}
307 \newcommand*\libstyle[1]{\texttt{\textcolor{lib}{#1}}}
308 \newcommand*\envstyle[1]{\texttt{\textcolor{env}{#1}}}
309 \newcommand*\optstyle[1]{\textsf{\textcolor{opt}{#1}}}
```

```

310  \newcommand*\filestyle[1]{\texttt{\textcolor{filecolor}{#1}}}
311  \colorlet{cls}{black}
312  \colorlet{lib}{black}
313  \colorlet{env}{black}
314  \colorlet{file}{black}
315  \colorlet{pkg}{black}
316  \definecolor{opt}{rgb}{0.5,0.16666,0}
```

\cs

```

317  \newrobustcmd*\cs[1]{\texttt{\textbackslash #1}}
318  \newrobustcmd*\cmd[1]{\texttt{{\escapechar=92\string\#1}}}
```

### 2.8.3 Text Formatting Styles

\macrodescstyle

Style of described macro names.

```

319  \def\macrodescstyle{\ttfamily\bfseries\color{macrodesc}}
```

\macroargsstyle

Default style for macro arguments (e.g. \MacroArgs).

```

320  \def\macroargsstyle{\ttfamily}
```

\envcodestyle

Default style for code body content in described environments.

```

321  \def\envcodestyle{\ttfamily}
```

\verbstyle

Style for verbatim text inside macro argument list.

```

322  \def\verbstyle{\verb@font}
```

### \metastyle

Meta text style. Because \macroargsstyle might be also active a \normalfont reset the font.

```
323 \def\metastyle{\normalfont\itshape\color{meta}}
```

### \margstyle

Style for \marg.

```
324 \def\margstyle{}
```

### \Optional

### \optional

### \optionalstyle

```
325 \protected\def\Optional{\optionalon\optional}
326 \def\optionalstyle{\blendcolors*{!60!white}\color{%
    black!75}}
```

### \optionalon

### \optionaloff

```
327 \def\optionalon{\protected\def\optional{%
    \optionalstyle}}
328 \def\optionaloff{\let\optional\relax
329 \optionalon}
```

### \oargstyle

Style for \oarg. A special color is set to show the ‘optional’ status.

```
330 \def\oargstyle{\optional}
```

**\pargstyle**

Style for \parg.

331 \def\pargstyle{}

**\aargstyle**

Style for \aarg.

332 \def\aaargstyle{}

**\sargstyle**

Style for \sarg. A special color is set to show the ‘optional’ status.

333 \def\sargstyle{\ttfamily\color{optional}}

#### 2.8.4 Dimension Registers

**\descindent**

334 \newdimen\descindent  
335 \descindent=-\parindent

**\beforedescskip**

336 \newdimen\beforedescskip  
337 \beforedescskip=\bigskipamount

**\afterdescskip**

338 \newdimen\afterdescskip  
339 \afterdescskip=\medskipamount

**\descsep**

Set to 1em in tt font.

340 \newdimen\descsep  
341 \begingroup  
342 \ttfamily  
343 \global\descsep=1em\relax  
344 \endgroup

#### 2.8.5 Macro Argument Reading Mechanism

### \read@Macro@arg

Reads next token and calls second macro.

```
345 \def\read@Macro@arg{%
346   \futurelet\@let@token\handle@Macro@arg
347 }
```

### \AlsoMacro

Reads argument while @ is a letter, prints the macro name and reads further arguments.

```
348 \newcommand*\AlsoMacro{%
349   \begingroup\makeatletter
350   \AlsoMacro@
351 }
352 \def\AlsoMacro@#1{%
353   \endgroup
354   %<*DEBUG>
355   \typeout{DEBUG: Macro: \string#1}%
356   %</DEBUG>
357   \PrintMacroName{#1}%
358   \read@Macro@arg
359 }
```

### \ydoc@short@AlsoMacro

Makes & an alias for \AlsoMacro.

```
360 \begingroup
361 \catcode`\\active
362 \gdef\ydoc@short@AlsoMacro{%
363   \catcode`\\active
364   \let|\AlsoMacro
365 }
366 \endgroup
```

### \ydoc@macrocatcodes

Sets the catcodes inside for read@Macro@arg material.

```
367 \def\ydoc@macrocatcodes{%
368   \ydoc@short@AlsoMacro
369   \makeother`%
370   \makeother`!%
371   \makeother`[%
372   \makeother`]%
373   \makeother`(%
374   \makeother`)%
```

### \handle@Macro@arg

Checks if next token is the begin of a valid macro argument and calls the appropriate read macro or the end macro otherwise.

```
376 \def\handle@Macro@arg{%
377   \expandafter\let\expandafter\handler\csname \
378     handle@Macro@token@\meaning\@let@token\endcsname
379   \ifx\handler\relax
380     \def\handler{\ifhmode\unskip\fi\end@Macro@args}%
380   %<*DEBUG>
381     \typeout{DEBUG: Stopped at: \expandafter\meaning\ \
382       csname \@let@token\endcsname}%
382     \typeout{}%
383   \else
384     \expandafter\ifx\csname \@let@token\endcsname\
385       AlsoMacro
386     \typeout{DEBUG: TOKEN: \string\AlsoMacro}%
386   \else
387     \typeout{DEBUG: TOKEN: \expandafter\meaning\ \
388       csname \@let@token\endcsname}%
388   \fi
389 %</DEBUG>
390   \fi
391   \handler
392 }
393 \def\define@Macro@handler{%
394   \begingroup
395   \ydoc@macrocatcodes
396   \define@Macro@handler@
397 }
398 \def\define@Macro@handler@#1{%
399   \endgroup
400   \cnamedef{handle@Macro@token@\meaning#1}%
401 }
```

### \end@Macro@args

Closes box as calls hook. Might be locally redefined by some macros calling \read@Macro@arg.

```
402 \def\end@Macro@args{%
403   \yegroup
404   \after@Macro@args
405 }
```

### \after@Macro@args

Hook to add additional commands in certain situations.

```

406 \def\after@Macro@args{%
407 }

```

### Macro argument reading macros

This macros read the macro arguments and call the appropriate format macros.

```
\read@Macro@marg
```

```

408 \define@Macro@handler{\bgroup}{%
409   \begingroup
410     \afterassignment\read@Macro@marg@
411     \let\@let@token=%
412   }
413 \def\read@Macro@marg@{%
414   \bgroup
415     \margstyle{}%
416     \let\end@Macro@args\empty%
417     {\ttfamily\braceleft}%
418     \aftergroup\read@Macro@marg@@
419     \read@Macro@arg
420   }
421 \def\read@Macro@marg@@{%
422   {\ttfamily\braceright}%
423   \endgroup
424   \read@Macro@arg
425 }

```

```
\read@Macro@oarg
```

```

426 \define@Macro@handler{}[]{%
427   \begingroup
428     \let\read@Macro@oarg@end\read@Macro@oarg@end
429     \let\end@Macro@args\read@Macro@oarg@end
430     \oargstyle{}%
431     {\ttfamily[]}%
432     \read@Macro@arg
433   }
434 \define@Macro@handler{}[]{}{%
435   \read@Macro@oarg@end
436 }
437 \def\read@Macro@oarg@end#1{%
438   #1%
439   {\ttfamily}]}%
440   \endgroup
441   \read@Macro@arg
442 }

```

```
443 \def\read@Macro@oarg@end{\end@Macro@args}
444 \let\read@Macro@aarg@end\read@Macro@oarg@end
445 \let\read@Macro@parg@end\read@Macro@oarg@end
```

```
\read@Macro@parg
```

```
446 \define@Macro@handler{}{%
447     \begingroup
448         \let\read@Macro@parg@end\read@Macro@parg@@end
449         \let\end@Macro@args\read@Macro@parg@end
450         \pargstyle{}%
451         {\ttfamily{}}
452         \read@Macro@arg
453     }
454 \define@Macro@handler{}{%
455     \read@Macro@parg@end
456 }
457 \def\read@Macro@parg@@end#1){%
458     #1%
459     {\ttfamily{})}
460     \endgroup
461     \read@Macro@arg
462 }
```

```
\read@Macro@aarg
```

```
463 \def\read@Macro@aarg<{%
464     \begingroup
465         \let\read@Macro@aarg@end\read@Macro@aarg@@end
466         \let\end@Macro@args\read@Macro@aarg@end
467         \aargstyle{}%
468         {\ttfamily<}%
469         \read@Macro@arg
470     }
471 \define@Macro@handler{}{%
472     \read@Macro@aarg@end
473 }
474 \def\read@Macro@aarg@@end#1>>{%
475     #1%
476     {\ttfamily>}%
477     \endgroup
478     \read@Macro@arg
479 }
```

```
\read@Macro@angle
```

```
480 \define@Macro@handler{<}{%
481   \futurelet\@let@token\read@Macro@angle@
482 }
```

```
\read@Macro@angle@
```

```
483 \def\read@Macro@angle@{%
484   \ifx\@let@token<%
485     \expandafter\read@Macro@aarg
486   \else
487     \expandafter\read@Macro@meta
488   \fi
489 }
```

```
\read@Macro@meta
```

```
490 \def\read@Macro@meta#1>{%
491   \meta{#1}\read@Macro@arg
492 }
```

```
\read@Macro@sarg
```

```
493 \define@Macro@handler**{%
494   \sarg\read@Macro@arg
495 }
```

```
\read@Macro@verb
```

Sets up verbatim mode calls second macro.

```
496 \define@Macro@handler{''}{%
497   \begin{group}
498   \let\do\@makeother
499   \dospecials
500   \noligs
501   \makeother\%
502   \obeyspaces
503   \read@Macro@verb@
504 }
```

### \read@Macro@verb@

Closes verbatim mode and formats text. If #1 is empty ( ' ) than a single ' is printed.

```
505 \begingroup
506 \@makeother\'
507 \gdef\read@Macro@verb@#1{%
508   \endgroup
509   \ifx\relax#1\relax
510     {\verbstyle{\string'}\%}
511   \else
512     {%
513       \frenchspacing
514       \noligs\verbstyle{#1}\%
515     \fi
516     \read@Macro@arg
517   }
518 \endgroup
```

### \read@Macro@cmds

Simply executes given code.

```
519 \define@Macro@handler!!#1!{%
520   #1\relax
521   \read@Macro@arg
522 }
```

### \read@Macro@rmsspace

Removes space. The \@firstofone is used to preserve the space in the macro definition.

```
523 \define@Macro@handler{\@sptoken} {%
524   \read@Macro@arg
525 }
```

### \read@Macro@addtoken

Takes token over from input to output 'stream'. This is used for \space and ~.

```
526 \define@Macro@handler{~}#1{%
527   #1\read@Macro@arg
528 }
529 \AtBeginDocument{%
530 \define@Macro@handler{~}#1{%
531   #1\read@Macro@arg
532 }}
```

```

533 }
534 \define@Macro@handler{\space}{\#1{%
535     #1\read@Macro@arg
536 }

```

## 2.8.6 Description Macros

### For Macros

#### \DescribeMacro

```

537 \@ifundefined{DescribeMacro}{}{%
538     \PackageInfo{ydoc-desc}{Redefining \string\%
539         DescribeMacro}{}%
}

```

A \DescribeMacro places itself in a DescribeMacros environment. Multiple \DescribeMacro macros will stack themselves inside this environment. For this to work \DescribeMacros is locally defined to \y@egroup to close the \hbox from the previous \DescribeMacro.

```

540 \def\DescribeMacro{%
541     \DescribeMacros
542     \let\DescribeMacros\y@egroup
543     \optionalon
544     \def\after@Macro@args{\endDescribeMacros}%
545     \begingroup\makeatletter
546     \Describe@Macro
547 }

```

#### \DescribeScript

```

548 \def\DescribeScript#1{%
549     \DescribeMacros
550     \let\DescribeMacros\y@egroup
551     \optionalon
552     \def\after@Macro@args{\endDescribeMacros}%
553     \hbox\y@bgroup
554     \texttt{#1}%
555     \ydoc@macrocatcodes
556     \macroargsstyle
557     \read@Macro@arg~%
558 }

```

### \Describe@Macro

```
559 \def\Describe@Macro#1{%
560   \endgroup
561   \edef\name{\expandafter\gobble\string#1}%
562   \global\@namedef{href@desc@\name}{}%
563   \immediate\write\@mainaux{%
564     \global\noexpand\@namedef{href@desc@\name}{}%
565   }%
566   \hbox{y@bgroup
567   \ifundefined{href@impl@\name}{}{\hyperlink{impl:\name}{}}%
568   }%
569   \hbox{\vbox to \Opt{\vss\hbox{\raisebox{4ex}{\hypertarget{desc:\name}{}}}}{%
570     \PrintMacroName{#1}}%
571   }%
572   \ydoc@macrocatcodes
573   \macroargsstyle
574   \read@Macro@arg
575 }
```

### \MakeShortMacroArgs

Defines the given character as short version for \MacroArgs. It is first define to be a short verbatim character to take advantage of the house-keeping (save & restore of the original catcode and definition) of shortverb.

The starred version define the character to act like \Macro instead.

```
576 \newcommand*\MakeShortMacroArgs{%
577   \@ifstar
578     {\@MakeShortMacroArgs\Macro}%
579     {\@MakeShortMacroArgs\MacroArgs}%
580 }
581 \def\@MakeShortMacroArgs#1#2{%
582   \MakeShortVerb{#2}
583   \catcode`#2\active
584   \begin{group}
585     \catcode`\~\active
586     \lccode`\~`#2\relax
587     \lowercase{\endgroup\gdef~{\bgroup\let~\egroup#1}}%
588 }
```

### \DeleteShortMacroArgs

```
589 \newcommand*\DeleteShortMacroArgs[1]{%
590   \DeleteShortVerb{#1}%
591 }
```

### \Macro

Simply uses the two macros below.

```
592 \newcommand*\Macro{\MacroArgs\AlsoMacro}
```

### \@Macro

Alternative definition of \Macro inside \DescribeMacros environments.

```
593 \def\@Macro{%
594   \begingroup\makeatletter
595   \Describe@Macro
596 }
597 \define@Macro@handler\AlsoMacro{}
598 \define@Macro@handler\DescribeMacro{}
```

### \MacroArgs

Uses the normal macro argument reading mechanism from \DescribeMacro. Instead of a box a simple group is added.

```
599 \newcommand*\MacroArgs{%
600   \begingroup
601   \def\end@Macro@args{\endgroup\xspace}%
602   \ydoc@macrocatcodes
603   \macroargsstyle
604 %<*DEBUG>
605   \typeout{}%
606   \typeout{DEBUG: Start MacroArgs}%
607 %</DEBUG>
608   \read@Macro@arg
609 }
610 \RequirePackage{xspace}
```

### \DescribeMacros

```
611 \def\DescribeMacros{%
612   \begingroup
613   \let\Macro\@Macro
614   \parindent=0pt\relax
615   \setbox\descbox\vbox\y@bgroup
616 }
```

```
\endDescribeMacros
```

```
617 \def\endDescribeMacros{%
618   \y@egroup
619   \PrintMacros
620   \endgroup
621 }
```

```
\DescribeMacrosTabcolsep
```

```
622 \def\DescribeMacrosTabcolsep{\tabcolsep}
```

```
\DescribeMacrosTab
```

```
623 \def\DescribeMacrosTab{%
624   \DescribeMacros
625   \hbox\y@bgroup
626   \tabcolsep=\DescribeMacrosTabcolsep\relax
627   \DescribeMacrosTab@
628 }
629 \def\DescribeMacrosTab@#1{\tabular{@{}#1@{}}}
```

```
\endDescribeMacrosTab
```

```
630 \def\endDescribeMacrosTab{%
631   \endtabular\y@egroup
632   \endDescribeMacros
633 }
```

## For Lengths

```
\DescribeLength
```

```
634 \newcommand*\DescribeLength{%
635   \begin{group}
636   \let\DescribeLength\Describe@Length
637   \setbox\descbox\hbox\y@bgroup
638   \tabular{@{}l@{\hspace{2em}}l@{}}
639   \Describe@Length
640 }
```

### \Describe@Length

```
641 \newcommand*\Describe@Length[2]{%
642   \PrintLengthName{#1}&
643   (Default: {\macroargsstyle#2\unskip})%
644   \@ifnextchar\DescribeLength
645     {\ \\
646     {%
647       \endtabular
648       \y@egroup
649       \PrintLength
650       \endgroup
651     }%
652   }
```

### For Environments

### \DescribeEnv

```
653 \@ifundefined{DescribeEnv}{}{%
654   \PackageInfo{ydoc-desc}{Redefining \string\-
655   DescribeEnv}{}%
656 }
656 \let\DescribeEnv\relax

657 \newcommand*\DescribeEnv[2][]{%
658   \begin{group}
659   \def\DescribeEnv@name{#2}%
660   \let\\\\DescribeEnv@newline
```

Sets after-macro-arguments hook. First checks if the environment or macro version was used. The environment starts a new line only if the next token isn't \end, which is taken as end of the environment.

```
661 \ifx\@currenvir\DescribeEnv@string
662   \def\after@Macro@args{%
663     \let\after@Macro@args\empty
664     \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox\y@bgroup
665     \@ifnextchar\end{()}%
666       {\DescribeEnv@newline}%
667       #1%
668   }%
```

The macro version adds the optional argument as content line if given.

```
669 \else
670   \ifx\relax#1\relax
671     \def\after@Macro@args{%
672       \y@bgroup
```

```

673           \endDescribeEnv
674       }%
675   \else
676     \def\after@Macro@args{%
677       \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{y@bgroup
678       \DescribeEnv@newline\MacroArgs#1%
679       \endDescribeEnv
680     }%
681   \fi
682 \fi

Start \vbox and adds first line.

683 \setbox\descbox\vbox{y@bgroup
684 \envcodeline
685 \let\PrintEnv\PrintSubEnv
686 \hbox{y@bgroup
687 \PrintEnvName{\begin}{\DescribeEnv@name}%
688 \ydoc@macrocatcodes
689 \macroargsstyle
690 \read@Macro@arg
691 }

```

### \DescribeEnv@newline

Closes existing and starts a new horizontal box representing a indented line. The optional argument allows to add extra space between lines like the normal \\. Negative values are not supported.

```

692 \newcommand*\DescribeEnv@newline[1][0pt]{%
693   \strut{y@egroup
694   {\vskip#1}%
695   \hbox{y@bgroup\strut
696   \hspace*{\descsep}%
697   \ignorespaces
698 }%

```

### \DescribeEnv@string

Holds the environment name for comparison.

```
699 \def\DescribeEnv@string{\DescribeEnv}
```

### \descbox

Save box to store description content.

```
700 \newbox\descbox
```

```
\endDescribeEnv
```

```
701 \def\endDescribeEnv{%
702     \y@egroup
703     \begingroup
704     \setbox\@tempboxa\lastbox
705     \ifcase0%
706         \ifdim\wd\@tempboxa>\descsep\fi
707         \ifdim\ht\@tempboxa>\ht\strutbox1\fi
708         \ifdim\dp\@tempboxa>\dp\strutbox1\fi
709     \else
710         \box\@tempboxa
711     \fi
712     \endgroup
713     \hbox\y@bgroup
714         \PrintEnvName{\end}{\DescribeEnv@name}
715     \y@egroup
716     \y@egroup
717     \PrintEnv
718     \endgroup
719 }
```

### 2.8.7 Print Macros

```
\PrintMacroName
```

Formats macro name. The backslash is forced to `tt` font.

```
720 \def\PrintMacroName#1{%
721     {\macrodescstyle{\strut
722         \texttt{\char92}}%
723         \escapechar\m@ne
724         \string#1\strut}}%
725 }
```

```
\PrintLengthName
```

Formats length register name.

```
726 \let\PrintLengthName\PrintMacroName
```

```
\PrintEnvName
```

#1 = ‘`\begin`’ or ‘`\end`’, #2 = env name.

```

727 \def\PrintEnvName#1#2{%
728   \strut
729   \string#1\braceleft
730   {\macrodescstyle#2\strut}%
731   \braceright
732 }

```

### \PrintMacros

Prints macros described using \DescribeMacros. The actual content was stored inside \descbox. If it is wider than the line width it is centered.

```

733 \def\PrintMacros{%
734   \par\vspace\beforedescskip
735   \begingroup
736   \sbox\@tempboxa{\descframe{\usebox{\descbox}}}\%
737   \Needspace*{\dimexpr\ht\@tempboxa+2\baselineskip\relax}%
738   \par\noindent
739   \ifdim\wd\@tempboxa>\dimexpr\ linewidth-2\descindent\relax
740     \makebox[\linewidth][c]{\usebox\@tempboxa}\%
741   \else
742     \hspace*{\descindent}\%
743     \usebox\@tempboxa
744   \fi
745   \endgroup
746   \par
747   \vspace\afterdescskip
748   \par\noindent
749 }
750 \def\descframe#1{%
751   \fbox{\hspace*{\descsep}#1\hspace*{\descsep}}\%
752 }

```

### \PrintLength

Prints lengths registers described using one or multiple \DescribeLength.

```

753 \let\PrintLength\PrintMacros

```

### \PrintEnv

Prints DescribeEnv environments. The actual content was stored inside \descbox.

```

754 \let\PrintEnv\PrintMacros

```

### \PrintSubEnv

Prints sub environments, i.e. `DescribeEnv` environments inside the body of another `DescribeEnv`. The actual content was stored inside `\descbox`.

```
755 \def\PrintSubEnv{%
756   \hbox{\hbox{\usebox{\descbox}}}}%
757 }
```

### 2.8.8 Special Character Macros

#### \bslash

Defines an expandable backslash with catcode 12: ‘`\_12`’. The `\@firstofone` trick is used to read the `\gdef\bslash` code before changing the catcode.

```
758 {%
759 \@firstofone{%
760   \catcode '\\"=12
761   \gdef\bslash
762 }{\}
763 }}
```

#### \percent

Defines an expandable percent character with catcode 12: ‘`%_12`’.

```
764 \begingroup
765 \catcode '\%=12
766 \gdef\percent{%
767 \endgroup
```

#### \braceleft

#### \braceright

Defines expandable left and right braces with catcode 12: ‘`{_12}`’ ‘`}_12`’.

```
768 \begingroup
769 \catcode '\<=1
770 \catcode '\>=2
771 \catcode '\{_12
772 \catcode '\}_12
773 \gdef\braceleft <{>
774 \gdef\braceright<}>
775 \endgroup
```

### 2.8.9 Other Macros

\y@bgroup

\y@egroup

These macros are used to begin and end \vbox/\hbox-es.

```
776 \def\y@bgroup{\bgroup\color@setgroup}
777 \def\y@egroup{\color@endgroup\egroup}
```

\codeline

```
778 \newcommand*\codeline}[1][c]{%
779     \codelinebefore
780     \hbox to \hsize\bgroup
781     \ifx i#1\hspace*\leftmargin\else
782         \ifx l#1\else\hss\fi
783     \fi
784     \let\xspace\relax
785     \hbox\bgroup
786     \aftergroup\codeline@end
787     \aftergroup#1%
788     \afterassignment\MacroArgs
789     \let@\let@token=%
790 }
791 \def\codeline@end#1{%
792     \ifx r#1\else\hss\fi
793     \egroup
794     \codelineafter
795 }
796 \newcommand*\codelinebefore{\par\smallskip\noindent}
797 \newcommand*\codelineafter {\par\smallskip\noindent}
```

codequote

```
798 \newenvironment{codequote}{%
799     \def\\{\newline\relax\MacroArgs}%
800     \par\smallskip\bgroup\leftskip=\leftmargin\-
801         \rightskip=\rightmargin\noindent\MacroArgs}%
802     {\par\egroup\smallskip\noindent\-
803         ignorespacesafterend}
```

macroquote

```

802 \newenvironment{macroquote}{%
803   \def\\{\newline\relax\Macro}%
804   \par\smallskip\bgrouplleftskip=\leftmargin\,
805     righskip=\rightmargin\noindent\Macro}%
806   {\par\egroup\smallskip\noindent\,
807     ignorespacesafterend}

```

## 2.9 Provide doc macros

```

806 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1999/12/01]
807 \RequirePackage{svn-prov}[2010/04/03]
808 \ProvidesPackageSVN[ydoc]
809   {$Id: ydoc_doc_sty.dtx 2378 2011-03-20 20:34:27Z martin $}
810 %<! VERSION>
811 %<*DRIVER>
812 [develop]
813 %</DRIVER>
814 [ydoc package to provide 'doc' macros]

```

### \ydoc@countbslashes

Reads the macro code into a temp box. The backslashes are defined to increase a counter.

```

815 \newcount\ydoc@bslashcnt
816 \def\ydoc@countbslashes{%
817   \begingroup
818     \let\firstlinemacro\empty
819     \let\lastlinemacro\empty
820     \let\newlinemacro\empty
821     \let\spacemacro\empty
822     \def\bslashmacro{\global\advance\ydoc@bslashcnt \
823       by\@ne}%
824     \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox{\themacrocode}%
825   \endgroup
}

```

### \CheckSum

```

826 \def\CheckSum#1{%
827   \gdef\ydoc@checksum{#1}%
828 }
829 \let\ydoc@checksum\m@ne

```

```
\AlsoImplementation
```

```
\OnlyDescription
```

```
\StopEventually
```

```
\Finale
```

The first two macros modify the \StopEventually macro which either stores its argument in \Final or executes it itself.

```
830 \def\AlsoImplementation{%
831   \gdef\StopEventually##1{%
832     \@bsphack
833     \gdef\Finale{##1\ydoc@checkchecksum}%
834     \@esphack
835   }%
836 }
837 \AlsoImplementation
838 \def\OnlyDescription{%
839   \@bsphack
840   \long\gdef\StopEventually##1{##1\endinput}%
841   \@esphack
842 }
843 \let\Finale\relax
```

```
\MakePercentComment
```

```
\MakePercentIgnore
```

```
844 \def\MakePercentIgnore{\catcode`\%9\relax}
845 \def\MakePercentComment{\catcode`\%14\relax}
```

```
\DocInput
```

```
846 \def\DocInput#1{\MakePercentIgnore\input{#1}\relax
847   \MakePercentComment}
```

### \CharacterTable

```
847 \providetcommand*\CharacterTable{%
848     \begingroup
849     \CharTableChanges
850     \CharacterTable
851 }
852 \def\CharacterTable#1{%
853     \def\ydoc@used@CharacterTable{\#1}%
854     \onelevel@sanitize\ydoc@used@CharacterTable
855     \ifx\ydoc@used@CharacterTable\%
856         \ydoc@correct@CharacterTable
857             \typeout{*****}%
858             \typeout{* Character table correct *}%
859             \typeout{*****}%
860     \else
861         \PackageError{\ydoc}{Character table ↵
862                         corrupted}
863                         {\the\wrong@table}
864                         \show\ydoc@used@CharacterTable
865                         \show\ydoc@correct@CharacterTable
866     \fi
867     \endgroup
868 }
869 \newhelp\wrong@table{Some of the ASCII characters are ↵
870                         corrupted.^~J
871                         I now \string\show\space you both tables ↵
872                         for comparison.}
```

869 \newcommand\*\CharTableChanges{}

### \ydoc@correct@CharacterTable

```
870 \def\ydoc@correct@CharacterTable
871 {Upper-case    \A\B\C\D\E\F\G\H\I\J\K\L\M\N\O\P\Q\R\Z
872   \S\T\U\V\W\X\Y\Z
873 Lower-case    \a\b\c\d\e\f\g\h\i\j\k\l\m\o\p\q\r\z
874   \s\t\u\v\w\x\y\z
875 Digits        \0\1\2\3\4\5\6\7\8\9
876 Exclamation  \!      Double quote  \"      Hash ( ↵
877   number) \#
878 Dollar        \$      Percent      \%      ↵
879 Ampersand    \&
880 Acute accent  \'      Left paren   \(
881   paren       \)
882 Asterisk     \*      Plus        \+
883   ,           Comma       ↵
884 Minus         \-      Point       \.
885   /           Solidus     ↵
```

```

879     Colon          \:
880     than          \<
881     Equals         \=
882     mark          \?
883     Commercial at \@    Left bracket \[
884     Backslash      \\
885     Right bracket \]   Circumflex \^
886     Underscore     \_
887     Grave accent  \`    Left brace \{
888     bar            \|    Tilde       \~}
889     Right brace   \}    \onelevel@sanitize\ydoc@correct@CharacterTable
890     %

```

### \DoNotIndex

```

887 \providecommand*\DoNotIndex[1]{%
888     \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Ignoring \DoNotIndex - not ↵
889     implemented yet!}{}{}%
}
```

### \changes

```

890 \providecommand*\changes[3]{%
891     \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Ignoring \changes - not ↵
892     implemented yet!}{}{}%
}
```

### \RecordChanges

```

893 \providecommand*\RecordChanges{%
894     \PackageWarning{ydoc}{List of changes not ↵
895     implemented yet!}{}{}%
}
```

### \PrintChanges

```

896 \providecommand*\PrintChanges{%
897     \PackageWarning{ydoc}{List of changes not ↵
898     implemented yet!}{}{}%
}
```

## \PrintIndex

```
899 \providecommand*\PrintIndex{%
900   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Code index not implemented ✓
901   yet!}{}{}%
}
```

## \CodelineIndex

```
902 \providecommand*\CodeLineIndex{%
903   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Code line index not
904   implemented yet!}{}{}%  
}
```

## \EnableCrossrefs

```
905 \providecommand*\EnableCrossrefs{%
906   \PackageWarning{ydoc}{Cross references not ✓
907     implemented yet!}{}{}%  
}
```

## \GetFileInfo

Current implementation taken from doc package.

```
908 \providecommand*\GetFileInfo[1]{%
909   \def\filename{#1}%
910   \def\@tempb##1 ##2 ##3\relax##4\relax{%
911     \def\filedate{##1}%
912     \def\fileversion{##2}%
913     \def\fileinfo{##3}%
914   \edef\@tempa{\csname ver@#1\endcsname}%
915   \expandafter\@tempb\@tempa\relax? ? \relax\relax
916 }
```

\ydoc@checkchecksum

```
917 \def\ydoc@checkchecksum{%
918   \ifnum\ydoc@checksum=\m@ne
919     \message{^^J}%
920     \message{*****^~^~J}%
921     \message{* No checksum found! *^~^~J}%
922     \message{*****^~^~J}%
```

```

923   \GenericWarning{No checksum found}{Correct ↵
924     checksum is \the\ydoc@bslashcnt^{}}%
925 
926 \else
927 \ifnum\ydoc@checksum=\z@
928   \message{^^J}%
929   \message{*****^* Checksum disabled *^*^^J}%
930   \message{*****^* Checksum disabled *^*^^J}%
931   \GenericWarning{Checksum disabled}{Correct ↵
932     checksum is \the\ydoc@bslashcnt^{}}%
933 
934 \else
935 \ifnum\ydoc@checksum=\ydoc@bslashcnt
936   \message{^^J}%
937   \message{*****^* Checksum passed *^*^^J}%
938   \message{*****^* Checksum wrong (\ydoc@checksum<>\the\ydoc@bslashcnt) ^*^^J}%
939   \message{*****^* Checksum wrong (\ydoc@checksum<>\the\ydoc@bslashcnt) ^*^^J}%
940   \GenericError{Checksum wrong}{Correct checksum is
941     \the\ydoc@bslashcnt^{}}%
942 
943 \fi
944 \fi
945 \fi
946 }

947 \RequirePackage{shortvrb}
948 \AtBeginDocument{\MakeShortVerb{|}}


949 \RequirePackage{url}
950 
951 \def\package{\def\@package}
952 \package{\jobname}
953 
954 \def\ctanlocation{\def\@ctanlocation##1}
955 \ctanlocation{http://www.ctan.org/pkg/#1}
956 
957 \date{Version \fileversion\space -- \filedate}
958 
959 \def\@homepage{%
960   \begingroup
961   \edef\@tempa{%
962     \endgroup
963     \noexpand\url
964     {\@ctanlocation{\@package}}%
965   }%
966   \@tempa

```

```

967 }
968
969 \protected\def\homepage{\urldef\@homepage\url}
970 \protected\def\email{\hyper@normalise\email@}
971 \def\email@#1{\def\@plainemail{#1}\def\@email{\v
972     hyper@linkurl{\Hurl{#1}}{mailto:#1}}}
973 \let\@email\empty
974
975 \let\@plainemail\empty
976 \title{The \texorpdfstring{\pkgtitle{\@package}}{\v
977     @package} Package}
978 \protected\def\pkgtitle#1{%
979     \texorpdfstring{\textsf{#1}}{#1}%
980 }
981
982 \def\@maketitle{%
983     \newpage
984     \null\skip 2em
985     \begin{center}%
986         \let\footnote\thanks
987         {\LARGE \@title \par }\skip 1.5em%
988         {\large \lineskip .5em%
989         \begin{tabular}[t]{c}%
990             \author
991             \end{tabular}%
992             \par }%
993             \ifx\@plainemail\empty\else
994                 {\large \lineskip .5em%
995                 \begin{tabular}[t]{c}%
996                     \email
997                     \end{tabular}%
998                     \par }%
999             \fi
1000             \skip 1em
1001             {\large \lineskip .5em%
1002             \begin{tabular}[t]{c}%
1003                 \@homepage
1004                 \end{tabular}%
1005                 \par }%
1006                 \skip 1em
1007                 {\large \@date }%
1008                 \end{center}%
1009                 \par\skip 1.5em
1010                 \aftergroup\ydocpdfsettings
1011 }
1012
1013 \ifpdf
1014     \def\ydocpdfsettings{%

```

```

1015     \hypersetup{%
1016         pdfauthor      = {\@author\space<\@plainemail>},
1017         pdftitle       = {\@title},
1018         pdfsubject     = {Documentation of LaTeX package,
1019                           \@package},
1020         pdfkeywords    = {\@package, LaTeX, TeX}
1021     }%
1022 }
1023 \else
1024 \let\ydocpdfsettings\empty
1025 \fi
1026 \let\orig@maketitle\maketitle
1027 \def\maketitle{%
1028     \ydocpdfsettings
1029     \orig@maketitle
1030     \let\orig@maketitle\relax
1031 }

```

## 2.10 Include Code Examples

```

1032 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1999/12/01]
1033 \RequirePackage{svn-prov}[2010/04/03]
1034 \ProvidesPackage{ydoc}
1035   {$Id: ydoc_expl_sty.dtx 2332 2011-03-17 17:12:35Z
1036   martin $}
1037 %<! VERSION>
1038 %<* DRIVER>
1039 [develop]
1040 %</ DRIVER>
1041 [ydoc package to insert live examples of LaTeX
1042   code]
1043
1044 \RequirePackage{listings}
1045 \lst@RequireAspects{writefile}
1046 \def\ydoc@exafile{\jobname.exa}

\exampleprintsettings
1044 \def\exampleprintsettings{numbers=left, numberstyle=\tiny\color{gray}\sffamily, numbersep=5pt}%
1045 \newbox\examplecodebox
1046 \newbox\exampleresultbox

```

## \BoxExample

```
1047 \def\BoxExample{%
1048   \setbox\examplecodebox\hbox{\color@setgroup
1049     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\backslash
1050       lstinputlisting
1051     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter[%
1052     \expandafter\exampleprintsettings\expandafter ,\
1053       thisexampleprintsettings]%
1054     {\ydoc@exofile}%
1055   \unskip\color@endgroup}%
1056   \setbox\exampleresultbox\hbox{\color@setgroup
1057     \@@input\ydoc@exofile\relax
1058   \unskip\color@endgroup}%
1059 }
```

## \PrintExample

```
1058 %<* DISABLED >
1059 \RequirePackage{showexpl}
1060 \def\PrintExample{%
1061   \begingroup
1062   \lstset{basicstyle=\ttfamily}%
1063   \MakePercentComment
1064   \LTXInputExample[\varwidth]{\ydoc@exafile}%
1065   \endgroup
1066 }
1067 %</ DISABLED >
```

## \PrintExample

```
1068 \def\PrintExample{%
1069   \begingroup
1070   \BoxExample
1071   \tempdima=\textwidth
1072   \advance\tempdima by -\wd\examplecodebox\relax
1073   \advance\tempdima by -\wd\exampleresultbox\relax
1074   \advance\tempdima by -15pt\relax
1075   \ifdim\tempdima>\bigskipamount
1076     \hbox to \textwidth{%
1077       \null\hss
1078       \minipage[c]{\wd\exampleresultbox}\fbox{\usebox\exampleresultbox}\endminipage
1079       \hfill\hskip\bigskipamount\hskip15pt\hfill
           \hfill}
```

```

1080     \minipage[c]{\wd\examplecodebox}\usebox\examplecodebox\endminipage
1081     \hss\null
1082     }%
1083 \else
1084     \vbox{%
1085         \centerline{\fbox{\usebox\exampleresultbox}}%
1086         \vspace{\bigskipamount}%
1087         \centerline{\usebox\examplecodebox}%
1088     }%
1089 \fi
1090 \endgroup
1091 }

1092 \def\examplecodesettings{gobble=4}

```

### examplecode

```

1093 \lstnewenvironment{examplecode}[1][]{%
1094     \def\thisexampleprintsettings{#1}%
1095     \expandafter\lstset\expandafter{%
1096         examplecodesettings ,#1}%
1097     \setbox\@tempboxa\hbox\bgroup
1098     \lst@BeginWriteFile{\ydoc@exafile}%
1099 }
1100 {
1101     \lst@EndWriteFile
1102     \egroup
1103     \begingroup
1104     \MakePercentComment
1105     \catcode`^=5\relax
1106     \PrintExample
1107     \endgroup
1108 }

```

1108 \RequirePackage{float}

### example

```

1109 \floatstyle{plain}
1110 \newfloat{example}{tbhp}{loe}
1111 \floatname{example}{\examplename}
1112 \def\examplename{Example}

```

### exampletable

```
1113 \newenvironment{exampletable}{%
1114     \floatstyle{plaintop}%
1115     \restylefloat{example}%
1116     \example
1117 }{\endexample}
```