

## The xcookbooky package\*

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<https://code.google.com/p/xcookybooky/>

February 3, 2015

## Abstract

This package is made for typesetting recipes. You simply enter ingredients, preparation steps and get a beautiful recipe page. It is also possible to enter two pictures, which are displayed above the name of the recipe. Another option is to write a introduction, several suggestions and s hint, which is displayed at the bottom of the page.

## Change History

v1.0	General: Initial version	1	man for reporting. New environment for the ingredients. Thanks to Andreas Pöge for this suggestion.	1	
v1.1	General: Load the non-free package 'emerald' per option. Possibility to change the picture width independently from the text columns	1			
v1.2	General: Better way for displaying the ingredients (tabularx). Thanks to Bartosz Dziubaczyk for developing.	1			
v1.3	General: Fixed a problem with the default recipe name font. Thanks to Václav Ze-				
			v1.4	General: Added two commands for a introduction and recipe suggestions. Additional several hooks are implement in order to insert user-defined text blocks at different places in the recipe. Thanks to Heikki Lehvaslaiho for designing the graphical separator and sending suggestions. Added translations for German, English, French and Spanish.	1

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\*This document corresponds to xcookybooky v1.4, dated 2015/02/03.

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## 1 Introduction

It all begin in 2011 when I wanted to make a cookbook with L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. Thus I was looking for recipe templates and found the `cookybooky` package by Jürgen Gilg (<http://www.ctan.org/pkg/cookybooky>). It looks very good, but I was unable to compile it (e.g. I haven't got the Lucida fonts). Also there are some packages which have to be downloaded by hand, because there are not available at CTAN. Other handicaps are the missing possibility to create a PDF-file directly and a recipe cannot be longer than a single page. So decided to take a look at the code. Step by step I replaced all critical parts. Finally the code is nearly complete different from the original and now it is possible to create beautiful designed recipes much easier (at least in my opinion).

Please note that there is no compatibility between `xcookybooky` and `cookybooky`, even the name is associating it. I chose the name, because I was was inspired by the layout.

## 2 Usage

In this section the most important macros are explained. After this you should be able to insert recipes. For more details take a look at the implementation in section 6. Afterwards some macros are shown, which allows you to modify the design (e.g. colors, headlines).

### 2.1 Main

This commands are commonly used for typesetting recipes. For more details take a look at the implementation in section 6. You can also investigate the examples and the configuration file.

**recipe** The `recipe` environment is used to insert recipes. Each recipe is included in a single enviroment. It is necessary to enter the name of the recipe. Besides it is possible to insert also the recipetime, the portions, the calory content and the source (where you get this recipe).

```
\begin{recipe}
[%
  preparationtime = {\unit[1]{h}},
  bakingtime={\unit[1]{h}},
  bakingtemperature={\protect\bakingtemperature{fanoven=\unit[230]{°C}
  }},
  portion = {\portion{5-6}},
  calory={\unit[3]{kJ}},
  source = {Somebody you used know}
]
{Test Recipe}
...
\end{recipe}
```

Example 1: Recipe Environment

**\graph** It is possible to set two pictures by using the macro `graph`. They are displayed at the top of the page and therefore above all other content. If no pictures are set, the space is used by the other content. The `big` picture should be larger than the `small` picture of course. The width of both graphics can be adapt to your needs by applying the command `setRecipeLengths`.

```
\graph{
  small = strawberry ,
  big = strawberrycake
}
```

Example 2: Graph Command (simple)

Another possibility is shown in the following example. It is recommended if you only want to change the widths of the pictures for one recipe, because these values are only used for one recipe. If you want to change it for all recipes use `setRecipeLengths`.

```
\graph{
  small = strawberry ,
  smallpicturewidth = 0.3\textwidth ,
  big = strawberrycake ,
  bigpicturewidth = 0.6\textwidth ,
}
```

Example 3: Graph Command (extended)

**\ingredients** Here the ingredients of your recipe are set. They should be entered by number (unit) & ingredient. If the unit is a SI-Unit, it looks better if you use the `units` package instead of a blank. Since the version 1.2 there is only one possibility to enter ingredients, which is shown in the example. Note that a overlong ingredient will automatically create a line break.

```
\ingredients{
  2 bar & Dark Chocolate (above \unit[70]{\%})\\
  3 & Eggs\\
  \unit[200]{ml} & Cream\\
  \unit[40]{g} & Sugar\\
  \unit[50]{g} & Butter
}
```

Example 4: Ingredients Command

In the versions up to 1.1 there was also a method to enter ingredients with three columns. Due to the substitution of `tabular` with `tabulary` I decided that the three columns method is no longer supported, because it would mean a lot of work. This method has also the drawback it needs more space and in my opinion it also looks ugly. If you are using the three columns solution there are two options:

1. Use the version 1.1 of this package, which can be found at <https://code.google.com/p/xcookybooky/>
2. Redefine the concerning command in your latex file or in the configuration file

**\preparation** The preparation steps are inserted by this macro. Every step is written after `step` command. This is necessary for the numeration. Since version 1.4 it is allowed to use blank lines to create passages.

```
\preparation{
  \step This is the first step for cooking a brilliant meal.
  \step The second step follows...
  \step and so on
  \step Enjoy your meal!
}
```

Example 5: Preparation Command

If you don't like the step number, you can either redefine it or simply use an enumeration as demonstrated in the next example.

```
\preparation{
  \begin{enumerate}
    \item This is the first step for cooking a brilliant meal.
    \item The second step follows...
    \item and so on
    \item Enjoy your meal!
  \end{enumerate}
}
```

Example 6: Preparation Command with Enumeration

## 2.2 Advanced

**\introduction** The **introduction** macro can be used for inserting an introduction before the preparation and ingredients part. It has a frame and the text can contain blank lines to create passages.

```
\introduction{%
  This text block can contain an introduction to the recipe.
}
```

Example 7: Introduction Command

**\suggestion** This command is displayed after the ingredients and preparation part of the recipe. It is expandable so that you can insert multiple suggestions. The optional parameter can be used to set a headline.

```
\suggestion{%
  Another possibility to insert additional information to the recipe.
}
% \suggestion[Headline]{%
  Another possibility to insert additional information to the recipe.
}
```

Example 8: Suggestion Command

## 2.3 Support Commands

**\portion** This macro is intended as an interface for an equal formatting of portions entries. For this it can be easily modified. You just have to renew this command.

```
\portion{5}
\portion[People]{5}
```

Example 9: Portion Command

**\bakingtemperature** This macro allows you to enter some bakingtemperatures. If you do not like the order of the temperatures you can change them by redefining the command. The temperatures are inserted as key/value pairs as known from the **xkeyval** package.

```
\begin{recipe}
[
  bakingtemperature={\protect\bakingtemperature{
```

```

        fanoven=\unit[230]{°C},
        topbottomheat=\unit[195]{°C},
        topheat=\unit[195]{°C},
        bottomheat, gasstove=Level 2}
    }
]{Test Recipe}
\end{recipe}

```

Example 10: Baking Temperature Command

## 2.4 Modify Design

The following macros can be used outside the recipe environment to choose your personal color etc.

**\setRecipeColors** If you want to change the default colors, you can use **setRecipeColors**. The colors are set by `<key = value>` as known by the **xkeyval** package. The names of colors can be found in table 1. New

Key	Default Value	Description
recipename	DarkGreen	recipe name
intro	black	introduction
ing	DarkGray	ingredients (text)
inghead	DarkGray	headline of the ingredients
prep	black	preparation (text)
prephead	black	headline of the preparation
suggestion	black	suggestions (text)
suggestionhead	black	headline of suggestions
separationgraph	black	graphical separator
hint	red	hint (text)
hinthead	red	headline of the hint
hintline	red	lines leftside the hint text (cross)
numeration	red	numeration of the preparation steps

Table 1: Color Management

colors can be easiliy defined by the **xcolor** package as shown the example below.

```

\definecolor{webgreen}{rgb}{0,.5,0}

\setRecipeColors{
    recipename = webgreen,
    ing = blue,
    numeration = black,
}

```

Example 11: Setting Recipe Colors Command

**\setRecipeLengths** By using the command **setRecipeLengths** it is possible to change the (default) values for the picture widths and the text column widths. In the table 2 all implemented keys are listed.

```

\setRecipeLengths{
    preparationwidth = 0.5\textwidth,
    ingredientswidth = 0.4\textwidth,
}

```

Example 12: Setting Recipe Lengths Command

Key	Description
pictureheight	height of both pictures
bigpicturewidth	width of the bigger picture
smallpicturewidth	width of the smaller picture
introductionwidth	width of introduction
preparationwidth	width of preparation
ingredientswidth	width of ingredients

Table 2: Recipe Lengths

`\setRecipeSizes` The macro `setRecipeSizes` enables you to modify the font size of many parts of the recipe. The sizes are inserted by `<key = value>` (`xkeyval`). All supported keys can be found in the following table 3.

Key	Description
recipename	font size of recipe name
intro	font size of introduction (text)
ing	font size of ingredients (text)
inghead	font size of headline of ingredients
prephead	font size of headline of preparation
suggestion	font size of suggestion (text)
hint	font size of hint (text)
hinthead	font size of headline of hint

Table 3: Font Size Management

```
\setRecipeSizes{
  recipename = \fontsize{25pt}{30pt},
  ing = \normalsize,
  hinthead = \Large
}
```

Example 13: Setting Recipe Sizes Command

`\setRecipeNameFont` The name of recipe is only displayed with a handwritten font, if the corresponding option is selected. See section 2.6 for details. In my opinion it looks much better than a standard font. But if you want to change it you can use this macro. A well-arranged list of fonts can be found at <http://www.tug.dk/FontCatalogue/>. The four parameters are font name, font encoding, font series and font shape. The size is changed by `setRecipeSizes`. The following example shows a bunch of interesting fonts, which you should try out.

```
\setRecipeNameFont{cmr}{T1}{m}{n} % probably the default setting
\usepackage{pbsi}
\setRecipeNameFont{pbsi}{T1}{xl}{n}
```

Example 14: Setting RecipeName Font Command (package `pbsi`)

```
\usepackage{emerald}
\setRecipeNameFont{fau}{T1}{m}{n}
\setRecipeNameFont{fwb}{T1}{m}{n}
\setRecipeNameFont{fjd}{T1}{m}{n} % default by option handwritten
```

Example 15: Setting RecipeName Font Command (package `emerald`)



## 2.5 Translation

`\setHeadlines` The command `setHeadlines` allows to modify the (translated) headlines. This is also needed for translations, if the used language is not supported yet. If you have improvements for a translation or created a new one, feel free to send me a e-mail. The headlines are also inserted in `<key = value>` form. All possible key are described in table 4.

Key	Graphic	Description
inghead	no	Headline of ingredients
prephead	no	Headline of preparation
hinthead	no	Headline of hint
continuationhead	no	Text at the top of the second page of a recipe
continuationfoot	no	Text at the bottom of the first page, if the recipe is longer than one page
preparationtime	yes	
bakingtime	yes	
bakingtemperature	yes	
portion	yes	
portionvalue	no	Unit for the portions
calory	no	Text for the calorific value
source	yes	

Table 4: Recipe Headlines

```
\setHeadlines{
  inghead = Ingredients ,
  hinthead = Straight Tip ,
  continuationhead = Continuation \dots ,
}
```

Example 16: Setting Headlines Command

## 2.6 Options

This package provides three options which are explained in the following.

- **handwritten** This option requires the non-free package `emerald` and can only be used if your are not using TeX Live.
- **nowarnings** This options tries to eliminate all nasty warnings. Only important and interesting warnings are logged. This is in my opinion a good choice because the package `wrapfigure` generates a lot of warnings, see section 5.1.
- **myconfig** If you are using this package often or want to keep your main file 'clean' you can define your modifications in the configuration file. If you submit this option the file will be loaded otherwise **not**.

## 2.7 Background graphic

Inside this package there is only the option to set a background picture using the `\setBackgroundPicture` macro. For creating transparent backgrounds I recommend **Inkscape**<sup>1</sup>. You just have to import a picture and reduce the opacity of the picture (I prefer 22%). The possible options for the orientation are:

- default
- pagecenter
- textcenter
- stockcenter

These orientations can be modified by using the `x` and `y` option. This is demonstrated in the following example.

```
\setBackgroundPicture
[%
  x = 2cm,
  y = -1cm,
  width=\paperwidth-3cm,
  height ,
  orientation=pagecenter
]{pic/bg_transparent} % filepath
```

Example 17: Background Picture Command

---

<sup>1</sup><http://inkscape.org/>

### 3 Example

1. RECIPES



## Mousse au Chocolat

1 h  
 5 Personen  
 R. Gaus

### Zubereitung

**1** Eier trennen, Eiweiß und Sahne separat steif schlagen. Butter und Schokolade vorsichtig im Wasserbad schmelzen.

**2** Eigelb in einer großen Schüssel mit 2 EL heißem Wasser cremig schlagen, den Zucker einrühren bis die Masse hell und cremig ist.

**3** Die geschmolzene Schokolade unterheben, anschließend sofort Eischnee und Sahne unterheben (nicht mit dem Elektro-Mixer!)

**4** Mindestens 2 Stunden im Kühlschrank kalt stellen. Aber nicht zu kalt servieren.

### Zutaten

2 Tafeln	dunkle Schokolade (über 70 %)
3	Eier
200 ml	Sahne
40 g	Zucker
50 g	Butter

### Tipp

*Der Schokoladenanteil kann auch gesenkt werden.*

## 4 Troubleshooting

### 4.1 MiKTeX

If you have problems with the used fonts (e.g. `cookingsymbols`) it might be necessary to refresh the database of MiKTeX.

### 4.2 TeX Live

If you are using this distribution you may should not use the option `handwritten`, because this option load the font package `emerald`. This package is non-free and therefore not available in TeX Live.

## 5 Bugs

If you found a bug, which is not described in the following section, feel free to write me an email. It can be found at the titlepage. Alternatively you can visit <https://code.google.com/p/xcookybooky/> and report the issue. All reported problems are registered there.

### 5.1 Known Issues

The `wrapfig` package has some problems with enumerations and the `lettrine` package. This is the reason, why some warnings are generated by compiling (the example), if do not use the package option `nowarnings`. But nevertheless the results look quite well, so I decided to ignore this issue. By using `wrapfig` it is not possible to switch ingredients and preparation (the result looks really ugly). This is the reason, why the layout is not changed when setting the `twoside` option in the document class. I also tried `parcolumns` and `parallel`, but the results were disappointing. If you want to use this feature, you have to use `cookybooky`.

Another limitation is the length of the ingredients. The maximum length is one page, because the `wrapfigure` package does not work with `longtable`. As a result no pagebreak in the ingredients is possible.

## 6 Implementation

Let's have a look at the implementation.

### 6.1 Options

`xcookybooky` provides three options as explained in section 2.6. You can use the option `myconfig` to load your personal configuration (file). See section 6.14 for details.

```

1 <*package>
2 \newif\ifHandwrittenFont@required
3 \HandwrittenFont@requiredfalse
4 \DeclareOption{handwritten}
5 {% displays the recipename in a handwritten font
6   \HandwrittenFont@requiredtrue
7   \AtEndOfPackage{
8     \setRecipeSizes{recipename = \fontsize{25pt}{30pt}}
9     \setRecipenameFont{fjd}{T1}{m}{n}
10  }
11 }
12 \DeclareOption{nowarnings}
13 {% tries to eliminate nasty warnings
14   \AtEndOfPackage{
15     \def\WF@conflict{}
16     %\def\@fancywarning#1{}
17   }
18 }
19 \DeclareOption{myconfig}
20 {% load personal configuration
21   \AtEndOfPackage{
22     \InputIfFileExists{xcookybooky.cfg}
23     {\PackageInfo{xcookybooky}{inputting 'xcookybooky.cfg'}}
24     {\PackageWarning{xcookybooky}{cannot find the configuration file 'xcookybooky.cfg'}}
25   }
26 }
27 \ProcessOptions\relax
28
```

### 6.2 Required Packages

All needed packages are available at CTAN and as far as I know no general driver limitation are given.

```

29 \RequirePackage{tikz} % for creating the lines for the hint
30 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
31 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
32 \RequirePackage[clock, misc, weather]{ifsym} % Symbol package e.g. \Interval, \Wecker etc
33 \RequirePackage{cookingsymbols} % Cookings symbols e.g. \Oven, \Dish etc
34 \ifHandwrittenFont@required
35   \RequirePackage{emerald} % Handwritten Fonts
36 \fi
37 \RequirePackage{wrapfig} % To wrap the tabular with the ingredients
38
39 \RequirePackage{iflang} % detecting the language

```

---

```

40 \RequirePackage{ifthen}
41 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
42 \RequirePackage{lettrine}                % numbering the preparation steps
43 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
44 \RequirePackage{units}
45 \RequirePackage{eso-pic}                % for background pictures
46 \RequirePackage{picture}                % for modifying the position of the bg pictures
47 \RequirePackage{tabulary}                % line breaks in tabular
48 \RequirePackage{framed}                  % frame for the introduction
49

```

## 6.3 Page Layout

This will set up the page. It is optimized for the document class `article`. If you use an other class you probably have to modify this.

**Note:** I tried to use the KOMA class `scrartcl`, but unfortunately some strange effects occurred.

```

50 \setlength{\parindent}{0cm}
51 \setlength{\parskip}{2ex plus 0.5ex}
52
53 \setlength{\textwidth}{15.5cm}
54 \setlength{\textheight}{24.0cm}
55 \setlength{\topmargin}{-0.8cm}
56 \setlength{\headheight}{14pt} %0cm
57 \setlength{\headsep}{1cm}
58 \setlength{\topskip}{0cm}
59 \setlength{\footskip}{1.4cm}
60 \setlength{\evensidemargin}{-0.5cm}
61 \setlength{\oddsidemargin}{0.5cm}
62 \setlength{\voffset}{0cm}
63 \setlength{\hoffset}{0cm}
64 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{2} % subsubsections not numbered
65 \setcounter{tocdepth}{3}    % subsubsections in the .toc file
66

```

`\recipesection` The macro `recipesection` allows to modify the entry in the table of contents.

**Note:** If you modify the macro you may change the two upper lines as well.

```

67 \newcommand*{\recipesection}[2] []
68 {%
69     \subsubsection[#1]{#2}
70 }
71

```

## 6.4 Color Management

At first the used non-standard colors must be defined.

```

72 \providecolor{DarkGreen}{rgb}{0,.5,0}
73 \providecolor{DarkBlue}{rgb}{0, 0, 0.7}
74 \providecolor{DarkGray}{rgb}{0.23, 0.23, 0.23}
75

```

Below the (default) colors are defined using the `xkeyval` package.

```

76 \define@key{colorManagement}{recipeName}[DarkGreen]{\def\xcb@color@recipeName{#1}}
77 \define@key{colorManagement}{intro}[black]{\def\xcb@color@intro{#1}}
78 \define@key{colorManagement}{ing}[DarkGray]{\def\xcb@color@ing{#1}}
79 \define@key{colorManagement}{inghead}[DarkGray]{\def\xcb@color@inghead{#1}}
80 \define@key{colorManagement}{prep}[black]{\def\xcb@color@prep{#1}}
81 \define@key{colorManagement}{prephead}[black]{\def\xcb@color@prephead{#1}}
82 \define@key{colorManagement}{suggestion}[black]{\def\xcb@color@suggestion{#1}}
83 \define@key{colorManagement}{suggestionhead}[black]{\def\xcb@color@suggestionhead{#1}}
84 \define@key{colorManagement}{separationgraph}[black]{\def\xcb@color@separationgraph{#1}}
85 \define@key{colorManagement}{hint}[black]{\def\xcb@color@hint{#1}}
86 \define@key{colorManagement}{hinthead}[red]{\def\xcb@color@hinthead{#1}}
87 \define@key{colorManagement}{hintline}[red]{\def\xcb@color@hintline{#1}}
88 \define@key{colorManagement}{numeration}[red]{\def\xcb@color@numeration{#1}}
89 \savekeys{colorManagement}
90 {%
91     recipeName,      % color of recipeName
92     intro,           % color of introduction (text)
93     ing,             % color of ingredients (text)
94     inghead,         % color of headline of ingredients
95     prep,            % color of preparation (text)
96     prephead,        % color of headline of preparation
97     suggestion,      % color of suggestions (text)
98     suggestionhead,  % color of headline of suggestion
99     separationgraph,  % color of graphical separator
100    hint,            % color of hint (text)
101    hinthead,         % color of headline of hint
102    hintline,         % color of lines of hint
103    numeration        % color of numeration (preparation)
104 }
105

```

`\setRecipeColors` The parameter are set in the form "key = value" as known by the `xkeyval` package.

```

106 \newcommand*{\setRecipeColors}[1]
107 {%
108     \setkeys{colorManagement}{#1}
109 }
110

```

This is the initialisation of all required recipe colors.

```

111 \setRecipeColors
112 {% initialisation
113     recipeName,
114     intro,
115     ing,
116     inghead,
117     prep,
118     prephead,
119     suggestion,
120     suggestionhead,
121     separationgraph,
122     hint,
123     hinthead,
124     hintline,

```

```

125   numeration
126 }
127

```

## 6.5 Size Management

Below the (default) font sizes of the recipe are defined.

```

128 \define@key{sizeManagement}{recipeName}{\fontsize{25pt}{30pt}}{\def\xcb@fontsize@recipeName{#1}}
129 \define@key{sizeManagement}{intro}{\normalsize}{\def\xcb@fontsize@intro{#1}}
130 \define@key{sizeManagement}{ing}{\normalsize}{\def\xcb@fontsize@ing{#1}}
131 \define@key{sizeManagement}{inghead}{\normalsize}{\def\xcb@fontsize@inghead{#1}}
132 \define@key{sizeManagement}{prep}{\normalsize}{\def\xcb@fontsize@prep{#1}}
133 \define@key{sizeManagement}{prephead}{\normalsize}{\def\xcb@fontsize@prephead{#1}}
134 \define@key{sizeManagement}{suggestion}{\normalsize}{\def\xcb@fontsize@suggestion{#1}}
135 \define@key{sizeManagement}{hint}{\normalsize}{\def\xcb@fontsize@hint{#1}}
136 \define@key{sizeManagement}{hinthead}{\Large}{\def\xcb@fontsize@hinthead{#1}}
137 \savekeys{sizeManagement}
138 {
139   recipeName,      % font size of recipe name
140   intro,           % font size of introduction (text)
141   ing,             % font size of ingredients (text)
142   inghead,         % font size of headline of ingredients
143   prep,            % font size of preparation (text)
144   prephead,        % font size of headline of preparation
145   suggestion,      % font size of suggestion (text)
146   hint,            % font size of hint (text)
147   hinthead         % font size of headline of hint
148 }
149

```

`\setRecipeSizes` The parameter are set in the form "key = value" as known by the `xkeyval` package.

```

150 \newcommand*{\setRecipeSizes}[1]
151 {%
152   \setkeys{sizeManagement}{#1}
153 }
154

```

This is the initialisation of all required recipe sizes.

```

155 \setRecipeSizes
156 {% initialisation
157   recipeName,
158   intro,
159   ing,
160   inghead,
161   prep,
162   prephead,
163   suggestion,
164   hint,
165   hinthead
166 }
167

```



## 6.6 Recipe Font

`\setRecipeNameFont` This macro sets the font for the name of the recipe. You have to insert the font family, font encoding, font series and font shape. The size is set by the command `sizeManagement`.

```

168 %% Handwritten fonts: hlce, pbsi, hlcw, fjd, fau
169 %% Other fonts: fw
170 \newcommand*{\setRecipeNameFont}[4]
171 {% sets the font for the recipename
172   \def\xcb@font@recipename
173   {
174     \fontfamily{#1}
175     \fontencoding{#2}
176     \fontseries{#3} %x1
177     \fontshape{#4}
178     \xcb@fontsize@recipename
179     \selectfont
180   }
181 }

```

This is the initialisation of the font of the recipename. The default is set to the system default settings to support as many  $\text{\LaTeX}$  distributions as possible. Before version 1.3 a certain font was chosen per default. But this choice created an error if one uses UTF-8 input encoding.

```

182 \setRecipeNameFont{\familydefault}{\encodingdefault}{b}{n}
183

```

We need a counter for the numeration of the preparation steps.

```

184 \newcounter{step}
185 \setcounter{step}{0}

```

Set the color of the numeration of preparation steps.

```

186 \renewcommand{\LettrineFontHook}
187 {%
188   \color{\xcb@color@numeration}
189 }
190

```

## 6.7 Headlines and Translations

The following section defines the default English headlines of the recipe. They are only used if no supported language is detected.

```

191 \define@key{headlines}{inghead}[Ingredients]{
192   \def\xcb@name@inghead{\textcolor{\xcb@color@inghead}{\textbf{\xcb@fontsize@inghead{#1}}}\ }
193 }
194 \define@key{headlines}{prephead}[Preparation]{
195   \def\xcb@name@prephead{\textcolor{\xcb@color@prephead}{\textbf{\xcb@fontsize@prephead{#1}}}\ }
196 }
197 \define@key{headlines}{hinthead}[Hint]{
198   \def\xcb@name@hinthead{\textcolor{\xcb@color@hinthead}{\xcb@fontsize@hinthead{#1}}}
199 }

```

```
200 \define@key{headlines}{continuationhead}[Continuation]{\def\xcb@name@continuationhead{#1}}
201 \define@key{headlines}{continuationfoot}[Continuation on next page]{\def\xcb@name@continuationfoot{#1}}
202 \define@key{headlines}{preparationtime}[\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Gloves]{\def\xcb@name@preparationtime{#1}}
203 \define@key{headlines}{bakingtime}[\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Oven]{\def\xcb@name@bakingtime{#1}}
204 \define@key{headlines}{bakingtemperature}[\Thermo{4}]{\def\xcb@name@bakingtemperature{#1}}
205 \define@key{headlines}{portion}[\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Dish]{\def\xcb@name@portion{#1}}
206 \define@key{headlines}{portionvalue}[Portions]{\def\xcb@name@portionvalue{#1}}
207 \define@key{headlines}{calory}[Calorific value]{\def\xcb@name@calory{#1}}
208 \define@key{headlines}{source}[\PaperPortrait]{\def\xcb@name@source{#1}}
209 \savekeys{headlines}
210 {
211     inghead,
212     prephead,
213     hinthead,
214     continuationhead,
215     continuationfoot,
216     preparationtime,
217     bakingtime,
218     bakingtemperature,
219     portion,
220     portionvalue,
221     calory,
222     source
223 }
```

**\setHeadlines** This allows you to modify the headlines for the recipe parts. This also needed for translations. If you are going to define a language which is not supported by `xcookybooky` yet, please send me an email and I will integrate it in the next version! The parameter are set in the form "key = value" as known by the `xkeyval` package.

```
224 \newcommand*{\setHeadlines}[1]
225 {%
226     \setkeys{headlines}{#1}
227 }
```

```
228 \setHeadlines
229 {% initialisation
230     inghead,
231     prephead,
232     hinthead,
233     continuationhead,
234     continuationfoot,
235     preparationtime,
236     bakingtime,
237     bakingtemperature,
238     portion,
239     portionvalue,
240     calory,
241     source
242 }
243
```

After the initialization the supported languages are used as default values.

```
244 \IfLanguagePatterns{german}
245 {% German
246     \setHeadlines
```

```
247   {% translation
248       inghead = Zutaten,
249       prephead = Zubereitung,
250       hinthead = Tipp,
251       continuationhead = Fortsetzung,
252       continuationfoot = Fortsetzung auf n\"achster Seite,
253       portionvalue = Personen,
254       calory = Brennwert
255   }
256 }{}
257
258 \IfLanguagePatterns{english}
259 {% English
260     \setHeadlines
261     {% translation
262         inghead = Ingredients,
263         prephead = Preparation,
264         hinthead = Hint,
265         continuationhead = Continuation,
266         continuationfoot = Continuation on next page,
267         portionvalue = Portions,
268         calory = Calorific value
269     }
270 }{}
271
272 \IfLanguagePatterns{french}
273 {% French
274     \setHeadlines
275     {% translation
276         inghead = Ingrédients,
277         prephead = Préparation,
278         hinthead = Tuyau,
279         continuationhead = Suite,
280         continuationfoot = Suite page suivante,
281         portionvalue = Portions,
282         calory = Valeur calorifique
283     }
284 }{}
285
286 \IfLanguagePatterns{spanish}
287 {% Spanish
288     \setHeadlines
289     {% translation
290         inghead = Ingredientes,
291         prephead = Preparación,
292         hinthead = Soplo,
293         continuationhead = Continuación,
294         continuationfoot = Continúa en la página siguiente,
295         portionvalue = Porción,
296         calory = Poder calorífico
297     }
298 }{}
299
```

## 6.8 Recipe Lengths

The values `xcb@bigpicturewidth` and `xcb@smallpicturewidth` are the default values. They can be temporarily changed with the `graph` command, i.e for a single recipe.

```

300 \define@key{recipelengths}{pictureheight}[6cm]{\def\xcb@pictureheight{#1}}
301 \define@key{recipelengths}{bigpicturewidth}[0.60\textwidth]{\def\xcb@bigpicturewidth{#1}}
302 \define@key{recipelengths}{smallpicturewidth}[0.35\textwidth]{\def\xcb@smallpicturewidth{#1}}
303 \define@key{recipelengths}{introductionwidth}[\textwidth]{\def\xcb@introductionwidth{#1}}
304 \define@key{recipelengths}{preparationwidth}[0.60\textwidth]{\def\xcb@preparationwidth{#1}}
305 \define@key{recipelengths}{ingredientswidth}[0.35\textwidth]{\def\xcb@ingredientswidth{#1}}
306 \savekeys{recipelengths}
307 {
308     pictureheight,      % height of both pictures
309     bigpicturewidth,    % width of the bigger picture
310     smallpicturewidth,  % width of the smaller picture
311     introductionwidth,  % width of introduction
312     preparationwidth,   % width of preparation
313     ingredientswidth    % width of ingredients
314 }
315
```

`\setRecipeLengths` This command allows to modify most sizes of the recipe.

```

316 \newcommand*{\setRecipeLengths}[1]
317 {%
318     \setkeys{recipelengths}{#1}
319 }

320 \setRecipeLengths
321 {% initialisation
322     pictureheight,
323     bigpicturewidth,
324     smallpicturewidth,
325     introductionwidth,
326     preparationwidth,
327     ingredientswidth
328 }
329
```

## 6.9 Recipe Commands

The following commands are implemented for inserting the recipe content.

### Main Commands

These commands provide the main functionality for inserting a recipe.

`\introduction`

```

330 %% MAIN COMMANDS
331 \newcommand{\introduction}[1]
```

```

332 {% Introduction before the preparation and ingredients
333   \def\xcb@introduction
334   {%
335     \color{\xcb@color@intro}
336     \begin{framed}
337       \xcb@fontsize@intro#1
338     \end{framed}
339   }
340 }
341

```

**\graph** This command is used for entering the filename of the pictures. If a picture is not set, it is not shown.

```

342 \newcommand*{\graph}[1]
343 {%
344   \setkeys{picture}{#1}
345 }
346

```

**\ingredients** The command is used to insert the ingredients, which are displayed as a table.

```

347 \newcommand*{\ingredients}[1]
348 {%
349   \def\xcb@ingredients
350   {%
351     \xcb@name@inghead
352     \\[1em]
353     {\xcb@fontsize@ing\color{\xcb@color@ing}
354     \begin{tabulary}{\xcb@ingredientswidth}{rL}
355       #1
356     \end{tabulary}}
357   }
358 }
359

```

**\preparation** This command enables the user to insert the preparation steps.

```

360 \newcommand{\preparation}[1]
361 {%
362   \def\xcb@preparation
363   {%
364     \xcb@name@prephead
365     %\\[4pt]
366     \xcb@fontsize@prep\color{\xcb@color@prep}#1
367   }
368   \setcounter{step}{0}
369 }
370

```

**\suggestion** The command is intended to insert some suggestions after the preparation and ingredients part. It is expandable in order to create more than one suggestion in one recipe.

```

371 \newcommand{\suggestion}[2] []
372 {%
373   \g@addto@macro\xcb@suggestion

```

```

374   {%
375       \xcb@separationgraph{\xcb@color@separationgraph}
376       \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{
377           {%
378               {\color{\xcb@color@suggestion}#2}
379           }
380       }{%
381           \textbf{{\color{\xcb@color@suggestionhead}#1}}
382
383           {\color{\xcb@color@suggestion}#2}
384       }
385   }
386 }
387

```

`\hint` This command allows the user to insert an optional hint at the bottom of the recipe.

```

388 \newcommand{\hint}[1]
389 {%
390     \def\xcb@hint
391     {%
392         \pagebreak[1] % begin here a new page, if the space is small
393         \begin{tikzpicture}[line width = 1.5pt, \xcb@color@hintline]
394             \useasboundingbox (0,0) -- ++(right:3.5cm) -- ++(up:3mm) -- ++(left:3.5cm) -- cycle;
395             \draw (-3mm, 0mm) -- ++(right:3.5cm);
396             \draw (0, 3mm) -- ++(down:2.4cm);
397         \end{tikzpicture}
398
399         \nopagebreak
400
401         \begingroup % a group for the hint
402             \leftskip1em
403             \xcb@name@hinthead
404             \nopagebreak
405
406             \itshape{\color{\xcb@color@hint}\xcb@fontsize@hint{#1}}
407             \par
408         \endgroup
409     }
410 }
411

```

## Supporting Commands

The following commands are intended to simplify inserting some parts of the recipe like backing temperatures.

`\step` The command is used for numbering the steps of preparation. Take a look at the `lettrine` package for details.

```

412 %% SUPPORTING COMMANDS
413 \newcommand{\step}
414 {%
415     \lettrine
416     [%

```

```

417     lines=2,
418     lhang=0,          % space into margin, value between 0 and 1
419     loversize=0.15,   % enlarges the height of the capital
420     slope=0em,
421     findent=1em,      % gap between capital and intended text
422     nindent=0em       % shifts all intended lines, beginning with the second line
423   ]{\stepcounter{step}\thestep}{}%
424 }
425

```

`\portion` This macro is for inserting the portions correctly. By renewing this command you can easily define your own design for the portions.

```

426 \newcommand*{\portion}[2][\xcb@name@portionvalue]
427 {%
428   \unit[#2]{#1}
429 }
430

```

`\bakingtemperature` This macro is used for inserting different bakingtemperatures. Only entered temperatures are displayed (with a symbol from `cookingsymbols` package). You can change the order of the temperatures by renew this command.

```

431 \define@key{bakingtemperature}{fanoven}[]{\def\xcb@bakingtemperature@fanoven{#1}}
432 \define@key{bakingtemperature}{topbottomheat}[]{\def\xcb@bakingtemperature@topbottomheat{#1}}
433 \define@key{bakingtemperature}{topheat}[]{\def\xcb@bakingtemperature@topheat{#1}}
434 \define@key{bakingtemperature}{bottomheat}[]{\def\xcb@bakingtemperature@bottomheat{#1}}
435 \define@key{bakingtemperature}{gasstove}[]{\def\xcb@bakingtemperature@gasstove{#1}}
436
437 \newboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}
438 \newcommand*{\bakingtemperature}[1]
439 {%
440   \setboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}{true}%
441   \setkeys{bakingtemperature}{fanoven, topbottomheat, topheat, bottomheat, gasstove}%
442   \setkeys{bakingtemperature}{#1}%
443
444   \ifthenelse{\equal{xcb@bakingtemperature@fanoven}{}}{%
445     }{%
446       \xcb@bakingtemperature@fanoven \ {\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Fanoven}%
447       \setboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}{false}%
448     }%
449   \ifthenelse{\equal{xcb@bakingtemperature@topbottomheat}{}}{%
450     }{%
451       \ifthenelse{\boolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{\setboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{
452         \xcb@bakingtemperature@topbottomheat \ {\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Topbottomheat}%
453       }%
454     \ifthenelse{\equal{xcb@bakingtemperature@topheat}{}}{%
455       }{%
456         \ifthenelse{\boolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{\setboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{
457           \xcb@bakingtemperature@topheat \ {\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Topheat}%
458         }%
459       \ifthenelse{\equal{xcb@bakingtemperature@bottomheat}{}}{%
460         }{%
461           \ifthenelse{\boolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{\setboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{
462             \xcb@bakingtemperature@bottomheat \ {\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Bottomheat}%
463           }%
464         }%
465       }%
466     }%
467   }%
468 }

```

```

465         \ifthenelse{\boolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{\setboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{}
466         \xcb@bakingtemperature@bottomheat \ {\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Bottomheat}%
467     }%
468     \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@bakingtemperature@gasstove}{}}{}%
469     {}%
470     {%
471         \ifthenelse{\boolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{\setboolean{xcb@bakingtemperature@firstentry}}{}
472         \xcb@bakingtemperature@gasstove \ {\fontsize{14.5pt}{10pt}\Gasstove}%
473     }%
474 }
475

```

## Internal Commands

@cmd@recipeoverview

```

476 %% INTERNAL COMMANDS
477 \newcommand{\xcb@cmd@recipeoverview}
478 {
479     \begin{tabular}{rl}
480         \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@preparationtime}{}}{}
481         {% not set => not shown
482         }
483         {
484             \xcb@name@preparationtime & \xcb@preparationtime\\
485         }
486         \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@bakingtime}{}}{}
487         {% not set => not shown
488         }
489         {
490             \xcb@name@bakingtime & \xcb@bakingtime\ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@bakingtemperature}{}}{}
491             {
492                 \\
493             }
494             {,\hspace{1em} \xcb@name@bakingtemperature \hspace{1ex} \xcb@bakingtemperature\\
495             }
496         }
497         \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@portion}{}}{}
498         {% not set => not shown
499         }
500         {
501             \xcb@name@portion & \xcb@portion\\
502         }
503         \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@calory}{}}{}
504         {% not set => not shown
505         }
506         {
507             \xcb@name@calory & \xcb@calory\\
508         }
509         \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@source}{}}{}
510         {% not set => not shown
511         }
512         {
513             \xcb@name@source & \xcb@source
514         }
515     \end{tabular}
516 }

```



517

- The following command is needed, if more ingredients than preparation (steps) are inserted. In this case the `wrapfigure` package behaves in a strange way. The result is that the hint is also floating around the ingredients, although the "box" is already closed. This command repairs this effect. It is taken from <http://mizine.de/latex/wrapfigure-austricksen/>.

```

518 \newcommand\xcb@cmd@wrapfill
519 {% Bug fix for wrapfigure package
520     \par
521     \ifx\parshape\WF@fudgeparshape
522     \nobreak
523     \vskip-\baselineskip
524     \vskip\c@WF@wrappedlines\baselineskip
525     \allowbreak
526     \WFclear
527     \fi
528 }
529

```

The following code lines define the behaviour of the two pictures

```

530 \define@key{picture}{small}[]{}
531     \def\xcb@picture@small{
532         \ifthenelse{equal{#1}}{}
533         {% not set => not shown
534         }
535         {
536             \vspace{-0.6cm}
537             \includegraphics[width=\linewidth, height = \xcb@pictureheight, keepaspectratio]{#1}
538         }
539     }
540 }
541 \define@key{picture}{smallpicturewidth}[]{\def\xcb@picture@smallwidth{#1}}
542 \define@key{picture}{bigpicturewidth}[]{\def\xcb@picture@bigwidth{#1}}
543 \define@key{picture}{big}[]{}
544     \def\xcb@picture@big{
545         \ifthenelse{equal{#1}}{}
546         {% not set => not shown
547         }
548         {
549             \vspace{-0.6cm}
550             \includegraphics[width=\linewidth, height = \xcb@pictureheight, keepaspectratio]{#1}
551         }
552     }
553 }
554

```

The definition of the recipe properties.

```

555 \define@key{recipe}{preparationtime}[]{\def\xcb@preparationtime{#1}}
556 \define@key{recipe}{bakingtime}[]{\def\xcb@bakingtime{#1}}
557 \define@key{recipe}{bakingtemperature}[]{\def\xcb@bakingtemperature{#1}}
558 \define@key{recipe}{portion}[]{\def\xcb@portion{#1}}
559 \define@key{recipe}{calory}[]{\def\xcb@calory{#1}}
560 \define@key{recipe}{source}[]{\def\xcb@source{#1}}
561

```

This command provides an graphical separator. It is intended to separate the preparation and ingredients part from the optional suggestions. The required parameter must be a color and the optional argument is used to scale the graphic.

`\xcb@separationgraph`

```

562 \newcommand*{\xcb@separationgraph}[2][1.5]
563 {% Graphical separator
564     \begin{center}
565         \begin{tikzpicture}[scale=#1]
566             \fill[color=#2] (0,0) -- (-0.2, 0.1) -- (-4, 0) -- (-0.2, -0.1) -- cycle;
567             \fill[color=#2] (0,0) -- (0.2, 0.1) -- (4, 0) -- (0.2, -0.1) -- cycle;
568             \fill[color=#2] (0,0) circle (0.1);
569         \end{tikzpicture}
570     \end{center}
571 }
572
```

## 6.10 Hooks

The following hooks allow the user to insert data many different places in the recipe in order to customize the recipe.

- T he content of this hook command is inserted before the (two) pictures. Therefore it is the first page content (aside from the page headline etc).

```

573 %% HOOKS
574 \newcommand*{\pregraph}[1]
575 {% Hook: entered before the pictures
576     \def\xcb@hook@pregraph
577     {%
578         \begin{minipage}[T]{\textwidth}
579             #1
580             \vspace{0.6cm}
581         \end{minipage}
582     }
583 }
584
```

- T his command is inserted before the title of the recipe. That means it is displayed after the pictures.

```

585 \newcommand*{\pretitle}[1]
586 {% Hook: entered before the recipe title
587     \def\xcb@hook@pretitle
588     {%
589         #1
590     }
591 }
592
```

- T he next macro is integrated before the overview of the recipe and therefore after the recipe title.

```

593 \newcommand*{\prerecipeoverview}[1]

```

```

594 {% Hook: entered before the recipe overview
595     \def\xcb@hook@prerecipeoverview
596     {%
597         #1
598     }
599 }
600

```

T his command is inserted before the preparation headline and steps, i.e. it is beside the ingredients.

```

601 \newcommand*{\prepreparation}[1]
602 {% Hook: entered before the preparation (steps)
603     \def\xcb@hook@prepreparation
604     {%
605         #1
606     }
607 }
608

```

T his command is inserted after the preparation headline and steps, i.e. it is beside the ingredients.

```

609 \newcommand*{\postpreparation}[1]
610 {% Hook: entered after the preparation (steps)
611     \def\xcb@hook@postpreparation
612     {%
613         #1
614     }
615 }
616

```

T he following hook command is integrated before the ingredients. That means it parallel to the preparation.

```

617 \newcommand*{\preingredients}[1]
618 {% Hook: entered before the ingredients
619     \def\xcb@hook@preingredients
620     {%
621         #1
622     }
623 }
624

```

T he following hook command is integrated after the ingredients. That means it parallel to the preparation.

```

625 \newcommand*{\postingredients}[1]
626 {% Hook: entered after the ingredients
627     \def\xcb@hook@postingredients
628     {%
629         #1
630     }
631 }
632

```

## 6.11 Recipe Environment

**recipe** This is the environment for inserting recipes. Inside you define your ingredients, preparation, pictures (graph) and maybe suggestions and/or a hint. The commands `xcb@cmd@myrecipeoverview` and `xcb@cmd@wrapfill` are intended for internal use only.

```

633 \newenvironment{recipe}[2] []
634 {% initialisation
635     \setkeys{recipe}{preparationtime, bakingtime, bakingtemperature, portion, calory, source}
636     \setkeys{picture}{small, big, smallpicturewidth=\xcb@smallpicturewidth, bigpicturewidth=\xcb@bigpicturewidth}
637     \def\xcb@hook@pregraph{}
638     \def\xcb@hook@pretitle{}
639     \def\xcb@introduction{}
640     \def\xcb@hook@prepreparation{}
641     \preparation{}
642     \def\xcb@hook@postpreparation{}
643     \def\xcb@hook@preingredients{}
644     \ingredients{}
645     \def\xcb@hook@postingredients{}
646     \def\xcb@suggestion{}
647     \def\xcb@hint{}
648
649     \def\xcb@recipeName{#2}
650     \setkeys{recipe}{#1} % reading the optional parameters
651
652     \setcounter{xcb@newpagefoot}{1}
653     \setcounter{xcb@newpagehead}{\value{page}}
654 }
655 {% this part is executed at \end{recipe}
656 %% FIRST BLOCK
657     \xcb@hook@pregraph
658     \if@twoside
659         \ifodd\arabic{page}
660             \begin{minipage}[T]{\xcb@picture@bigwidth}
661                 \xcb@picture@big
662             \end{minipage}
663             \hfill
664             \begin{minipage}[T]{\xcb@picture@smallwidth}
665                 \xcb@picture@small
666             \end{minipage}
667         \else
668             \begin{minipage}[T]{\xcb@picture@smallwidth}
669                 \xcb@picture@small
670             \end{minipage}
671             \hfill
672             \begin{minipage}[T]{\xcb@picture@bigwidth}
673                 \xcb@picture@big
674             \end{minipage}
675         \fi
676     \else
677         \begin{minipage}[T]{\xcb@picture@bigwidth}
678             \xcb@picture@big
679         \end{minipage}
680         \hfill
681         \begin{minipage}[T]{\xcb@picture@smallwidth}
682             \xcb@picture@small
683         \end{minipage}

```

---

```

684 \fi
685
686 %% SECOND BLOCK
687 \xcb@hook@pretitle
688 \recipesection[\normalsize\xcb@recipe\name]%
689 {\hspace{-1em}\textcolor{\xcb@color@recipe\name}{\xcb@font@recipe\name\xcb@recipe\name}}
690 \xcb@cmd@recipeoverview
691
692 \xcb@introduction
693
694 %% THIRD BLOCK
695 \begin{wraptable}{r}{\xcb@ingredientwidth}
696 {
697     \vspace{-1em} % same height of ingredients and preparation
698     \xcb@hook@preingredients
699
700     \xcb@ingredients
701
702     \xcb@hook@postingredients
703 }
704 \end{wraptable}
705 \xcb@hook@prepreparation
706
707 \xcb@preparation
708
709 \xcb@hook@postpreparation
710
711 \xcb@suggestion
712
713 \vfill
714
715 \xcb@cmd@wrapfill
716 \xcb@hint
717 \setcounter{xcb@newpagefoot}{0}
718 }
719

```

## 6.12 Header and Footer

```

720 \pagestyle{fancy}
721 \renewcommand{\sectionmark}[1]
722 {%
723     \markright{\MakeUppercase{\thesection.\ #1}}
724 }
725 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}
726 {%
727     0.5pt
728 }
729 \fancyhf{}
730 \if@twoside
731     \fancyfoot[LE,RO]{\textbf{\thepage}}
732     \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\rightmark}
733 \else
734     \fancyfoot[R]{\textbf{\thepage}}
735     \fancyhead[R]{\rightmark}
736 \fi
737 \fancyhead[C]{\@newpagehint{head}}

```

```

738 \fancyfoot[C]{\@newpagehint{foot}}
739

```

Below the counter for the header and the footer are defined and initialised.

```

740 \newcounter{xcb@newpagehead}
741 \setcounter{xcb@newpagehead}{0}
742 \newcounter{xcb@newpagefoot}
743 \setcounter{xcb@newpagefoot}{0}

```

**\@newpagehint** This macro is used to create a hint in the head or foot of the page, that the recipe is longer than one page.

```

744 \newcommand*{\@newpagehint}[1]
745 {
746     \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{head}}
747     {
748         \ifnum \value{xcb@newpagehead} < \value{page}
749             \ifnum \value{xcb@newpagehead} > 0
750                 \xcb@name@continuationhead
751             \fi
752         \fi
753     }
754     {
755         \ifthenelse{\value{xcb@newpagefoot} > 0}
756         {
757             \xcb@name@continuationfoot
758         }
759         {% if no message at the bottom is set, there is no need for a message on the next page
760             \setcounter{xcb@newpagehead}{0}
761         }
762     }
763 }
764

```

## 6.13 Background Picture

```

765 \define@key{background}{width}[\linewidth]{\def\xcb@background@width{#1}}
766 \define@key{background}{height}[\paperheight]{\def\xcb@background@height{#1}}
767 \define@key{background}{x}[0cm]{\def\xcb@background@x{#1}}
768 \define@key{background}{y}[0cm]{\def\xcb@background@y{#1}}
769 \define@key{background}{orientation}[default]{\def\xcb@background@orientation{#1}}
770 \savekeys{background}
771 {%
772     width,
773     height,
774     x,
775     y,
776     orientation
777 }
778

```

**\setBackgroundPicture** This macro is intended to set easily a (transparent) background. The command uses the `eso-pic` package. If the implemented options are not satisfying you, you may take a look at the documentation of `eso-pic` when redefining this command.

---

```

779 \newcommand*{\setBackgroundPicture}[2] []
780 {%
781   \ClearShipoutPictureBG
782   \setkeys{background}{width, height, x, y, orientation} % initialisation
783   \setkeys{background}{#1}
784   \AddToShipoutPicture
785   {%
786     \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@background@orientation}{default}}
787     {% default
788       \put(\xcb@background@x, \xcb@background@y)
789       {%
790         \parbox[b][\xcb@background@height]{\xcb@background@width}
791         {%
792           \vfill
793           \includegraphics[width=\xcb@background@width, height=\xcb@background@height, keepaspectratio]{\xcb@background@image}
794           \vfill
795         }
796       }
797     }
798     {%
799       \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@background@orientation}{pagecenter}}
800       {% pagecenter
801         \AtPageCenter{%
802           \makebox(\xcb@background@x, \xcb@background@y)[c]
803           {%
804             \includegraphics[width=\xcb@background@width, height=\xcb@background@height, keepaspectratio]{\xcb@background@image}
805           }
806         }
807       }
808       {%
809         \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@background@orientation}{textcenter}}
810         {% textcenter
811           \AtTextCenter{%
812             \makebox(\xcb@background@x, \xcb@background@y)[c]
813             {%
814               \includegraphics[width=\xcb@background@width, height=\xcb@background@height, keepaspectratio]{\xcb@background@image}
815             }
816           }
817         }
818         {%
819           \ifthenelse{\equal{\xcb@background@orientation}{stockcenter}}
820           {% stockcenter
821             \AtStockCenter{%
822               \makebox(\xcb@background@x, \xcb@background@y)[c]
823               {%
824                 \includegraphics[width=\xcb@background@width, height=\xcb@background@height, keepaspectratio]{\xcb@background@image}
825               }
826             }
827           }
828           {% error message
829             \PackageError{xcookybooky}
830             {There is no '\xcb@background@orientation' option for background picture orientation}
831             {The possible options are: default, pagecenter, textcenter or stockcenter}
832           }
833         }
834       }
835     }
836   }

```

```

837     }
838 }
839 \</package>

```

## 6.14 Configuration file

This file is intended to change the design central. The most important commands are already written down. You have to submit the option `myconfig`, if you want to load the configuration file.

```

840 \<*config>
841 %% Change Layout
842 \setRecipeColors
843 {%
844     recipename,
845     intro,
846     ing,
847     inghead,
848     prep,
849     prephead,
850     suggestion,
851     suggestionhead,
852     separationgraph,
853     hint,
854     hinthead,
855     hintline,
856     numeration
857 }
858
859 \setRecipeSizes
860 {%
861     recipename,
862     intro,
863     ing,
864     inghead,
865     prep,
866     prephead,
867     suggestion,
868     hint,
869     hinthead
870 }
871
872 \setRecipeLengths
873 {%
874     pictureheight,
875     bigpicturewidth,
876     smallpicturewidth,
877     introductionwidth,
878     preparationwidth,
879     ingredientswidth
880 }
881
882 \setRecipeNameFont{cmr}{T1}{m}{n}
883
884 \setHeadlines
885 {%
886     inghead,

```



```

887   prephead,
888   hinthead,
889   continuationhead,
890   continuationfoot,
891   preparationtime,
892   bakingtime,
893   bakingtemperature,
894   portion,
895   portionvalue,
896   calory,
897   source
898 }
899
900 </config>

```

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