AcroT_EX.Net

The xbmks package Cross-document bookmarks

D. P. Story

Copyright © 2018 dpstory@acrotex.net Prepared: June 13, 2018

www.acrotex.net Version v1.1, 2018/06/13

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Required packages and options	3
3	The preamble command \xbmksetup	3
4	Workflow	5

1. Introduction

It has been more than a couple decades ago (counting back from 2018), I wrote two mathematics tutorials: *eCalculus* and *Algebra Review in Ten Lessons*. The tutorials consisted of a number of lessons, each lesson was in a separate PDF. The bookmarks of each lesson contained the table of contents *for the whole tutorial*. A student, in theory, could then jump from one lesson to another by selecting a topic of interest from the bookmarks. In the intervening years I have not seen a IATEX package for merging the table of contents of a set of PDFs and merge them in this each member of the set. The xbmks package attempts to reproduce this feature.

2. Required packages and options

The only requirement is the hyperref package; there is a negative requirement, the bookmark package is not supported. If it is detected within a xbmks document, normal non-cross-document bookmarks are produced.

The only options are driver options, these are dvips (Acrobat Distiller or ps2pdf can be used as the PDF creator), pdftex (and luatex, which is treated the same as pdftex), and xetex. Of course, this is a $\[mathbb{HT}_EX$ package, so the 'la' versions of these applications need to be used. The package auto-detects pdftex and xetex, and dvips is the default, so there is actually no need to pass the driver option.

3. The preamble command \xbmksetup

The only user command is \xbmksetup:

```
\xbmksetup{%
    docbundle={\doc1\,\doc2\,...,\docn\},
    colors={intdoc=\color\,extdoc=\color\},
    style={intbf,extbf,intit,extit}
}
```

You have a collection of files (as specified by the docbundle key) that you want to merge the bookmarks together so they appear in all the files. However, the \xbmksetup only appears in one and only one of the documents, perhaps the one that you think of as the main file.¹ The argument of \xbmksetup are written to the file xbmks.cfg and input back into each of the files as they are compiled. This is needed so that across all files in the document bundle, they all obey the very same options.

Description of the key-values

docbundle (Optional) The value of this key, if present, is a comma-delimited list of base names that are a part of this document collection, or bundle. For example,

docbundle={lesson1,lesson2,lesson3,lesson4}

3

¹The main file is the first one listed in the value of the docbundle key.

The preamble command \xbmksetup

The order the bookmarks are listed in each file of the document bundle is the same order the files are listed in docbundle; in this above example, the bookmarks for lesson1 are listed first, than those of lesson2, and so on.

The first document listed (lesson1) is where the \xbmksetup commend is placed. This file might be thought of as the 'main' file.

Important: It is extremely important to list the base names the using the same spelling and case as the \jobname command returns in each of the bundle collection. When each file is compiled, xbmks tries to determine which in the list of docbundle files is the one currently being compiled; it is necessary in order to create a internal jump or an external jump. If anything goes wrong, be sure to check the spelling of each file listed.

Empty or missing docbundle key. If this key is missing, then it is assigned a value of \jobname. As a result, normal bookmarks are generated for the document \jobname; however, as an extra benefit, the other keys are obeyed (colors and style). See the sample file stand-alone.tex found in the examples file. This manual uses the xbmks package with,

```
\xbmksetup{colors={intdoc=red},style={intbf}}
```

- **colors** (Optional) For any given document in the bundle, there are two types of links in the bookmarks, a link to an item in the current (or internal) document, or a link to an external document (within the bundle of documents).
 - intdoc=(color), where (color) is an rgb color. This specifies the color of the link for an internal jump within the current document. Specify the color using the syntax {[rgb](r), (g), (b)}; for example,

```
colors={intdoc={[rgb]{0,.6,0}}}
```

or, if the xcolor package is loaded, named colors may be used.

 extdoc=(color), where (color) is an rgb color. This specifies the color of the link for an external jump to another member of the document bundle. Color specification is the same as for intdoc:

```
colors={intdoc=red,extdoc=blue}
```

In the above example, we assume **xcolor** is loaded and specify the colors accordingly.

The default color. If you declare intdoc (or extdoc) without a value, you get the default, which is the color key is not specified within the PDF document. The color key is optional, in which case, you get the default color. What is the default color? Well, its either white or black, depending on the Display Theme. The PDF viewer (Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC automatically switch colors when the theme is changed).

When you specify a color, be aware that what looks good in the *light theme* may not be so visible in a *dark theme*.

style (Optional) The Adobe PDF viewer applications also support a bold and italics style. These can be specified for the internal and external documents.

4

• Internal style (valueless) keys are intbf and intit; zero, one, or two of these may be specified,

style={intbf}	% bold font
style={intit}	% italics font
style={intbf,intit}	% bold and italics font

• External style (valueless) keys are extbf and extit; zero, one, or two of these may be specified,

style={extbf}	% bold font
style={extit}	% italics font
<pre>style={extbf,extit}</pre>	% bold and italics font

Of course, all these keys are specified or not, in the style key:

style={intbf,extit}

Here, we specify bold font for the current document and an italics for an internal document.

Point of personal preference. After experimenting with various combinations of colors and styles with combinations of themes (light and dark) I prefer no color specified with bold font for the current document and plain font for any external document. I think it's important to make it clear in the bookmark panel which are internal and which are external. The bold font tells the same story independent of theme. Thus,

```
\xbmksetup{%
    docbundle={\doc1\,\doc2\,...,\docn\},
    style={intbf}
}
```

seems to be a reasonable choice of key-values.

4. Workflow

Given that you have a collection of files that are to contain a common set of bookmarks, how exactly do you do this? Basically, you treat them the same way as you would when you use the xy-hyper package, used for creating cross document links.

Steps to build the document bundle

1. Compile each document at least twice without deleting any auxiliary files, more if you are using xr-hyper; in particular, without deleting any OUT outline files created by hyperref.

In terms of order of compilation, compile the main file first (the one that contains the \xbmksetup command); this will write the xbmks.cfg file and it will be available to the other files in the bundle as you compile them.

2. All files have been compiled twice, now compile them one more time so they can input the updated OUT files of the collection and the xbmks.cfg configuration file that contains your setup options for the whole collection.

Workflow

- 3. If you are using pdflatex, lualatex, or xelatex, you are done; otherwise, convert each DVI file to PS using dvips. Finally, convert each PS file in the collection to PDF using Acrobat Distiller or ps2pdf.
- 4. Delete all auxiliary file, including xbmks.cfg if you wish.

If you are on Windows OS, you can use the AeB Builder utility to build the entire bundle of documents.² In that utility, you would select the External cross-references option, found on the user-interface.

Sample files. The demonstration files are found in the examples folder. The xcolor package is used, otherwise, the packages used are minimal.

Now, back to my retirement. Do

²http://www.acrotex.net/builders/