

Visual TikZ

Version 0.64

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Objectives :

- One image per command or parameter.
- the minimum amount of text possible.
- the most complete possible update after update.
- keep the same structure as VisualPSTricks

Remarks : Minimal code is given to show the effect of a command or a parameter. The effects are sometime exaggerated for clarity .To consult the documentation, I have given the number of the **Section in pgfmanual**

You can contact me at my personal email to

- let me know the mistakes found (please indicate the page)
- give me your commentaries, your suggestions ...

What's new :

- tikzpeople package added 116
- circuits.logic package added 162
- tikz-optics package added 166
- 3 minors bugs signaled by Jim Diamond corrected
- reorganization of the index

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This work has the LPPL maintenance status ‘maintained’.

The Current Maintainer of this work is M. Jean Pierre Casteleyn.

Thanks to:

Till Tantau
Alain Matthes
Jim Diamond
Falk Rühl
Axel Kielhorn
Nils Fleischhacker
Michel Fruchart

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1 Tikz loading

```
Load package : \usepackage{tikz}
```

2 Basic figures

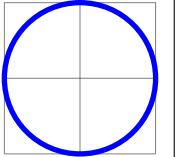
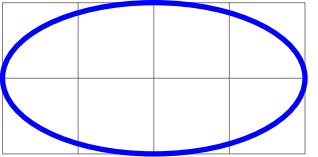
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1);	PGFmanual section : 14-2	\draw (0,0)- (2,1);	\draw (0,0) - (2,1);

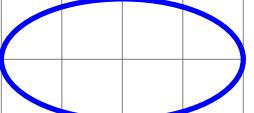
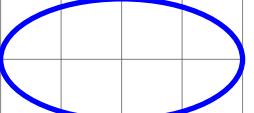
\draw (0,2) .. controls (3,0) .. (2,2); PGFmanual section : 14-3		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw
\draw	\fill	\filldraw

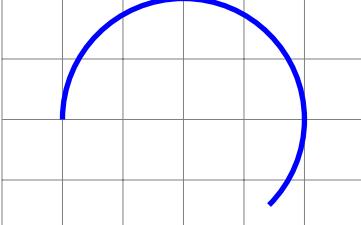
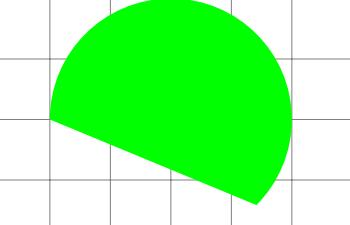
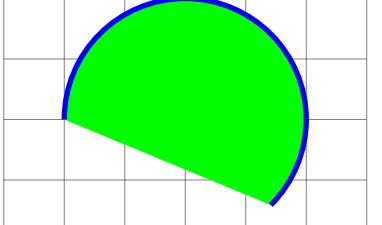
\draw (0,2) .. controls (3,0) and (-1,0) .. (2,2); PGFmanual section : 14-3		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw
\draw	\fill	\filldraw

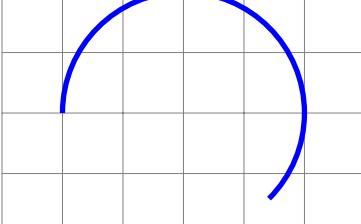
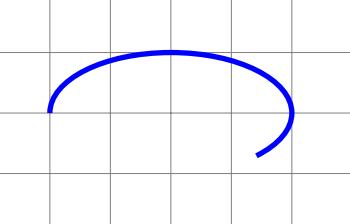
\draw (0,0) rectangle (3,2); PGFmanual section : 14-4		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw
\draw	\fill	\filldraw

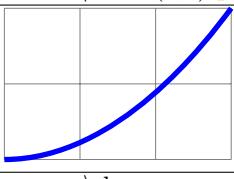
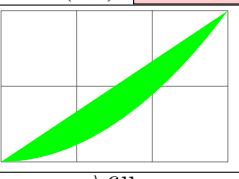
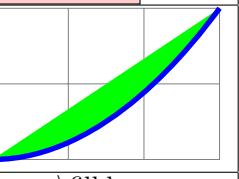
\draw (1,1) circle (1); PGFmanual section : 14-6		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw
\draw	\fill	\filldraw

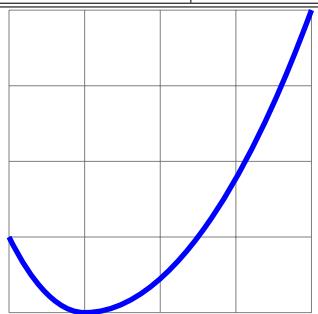
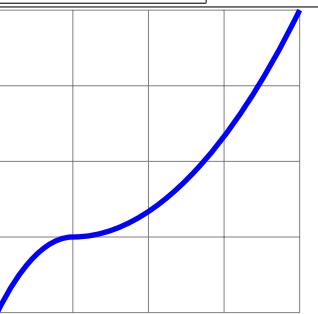
<code>\draw (1,1) circle [radius=1cm];</code>	<code>\draw (1,1) ellipse [x radius=2cm,y radius=1cm]</code>
	
<code>radius=1cm</code>	<code>x radius=2cm,y radius=1cm</code>

<code>\draw (1,1) circle (2 and 1);</code>	<code>\draw (1,1) ellipse (2 and 1);</code>
	

<code>\draw (-2,0) arc (180:-45:2);</code> PGFmanual section : 14-7		
		
<code>\draw</code>	<code>\fill</code>	<code>\filldraw</code>

<code>\draw (-2,0) arc [start angle=180, end angle=-45,radius=1]</code>	<code>\draw (-2,0) arc (180:-45:2 and 1)</code>
	
<code>radius=1</code>	<code>x radius=1,y radius=.5</code>

<code>\draw (0,0) parabola (3,2);</code> PGFmanual section : 14-9		
		

	
<code>\draw(0,1) parabola bend (1,0) (4,4);</code>	<code>\draw(0,0) parabola[bend pos=0.25] (4,4);</code>

<code>\draw(0,1) parabola [parabola height=2cm] (3,0);</code>	<code>\draw(0,0) parabola[bend at start] (3,2);</code>
	[bend at start]

<code>\draw (0,0) sin (1.57,2);</code> PGFmanual section : 14-10		
\draw	\fill	\filldraw
<code>\draw (0,0) cos (1.57,2);</code>		

PGFmanual section : 14-13

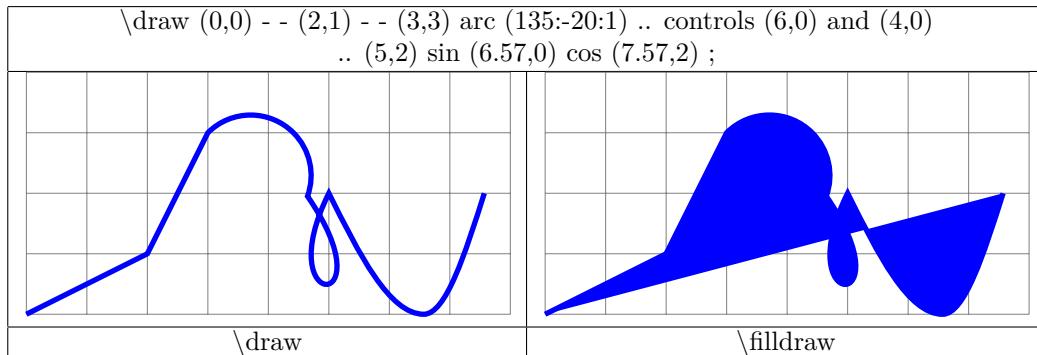
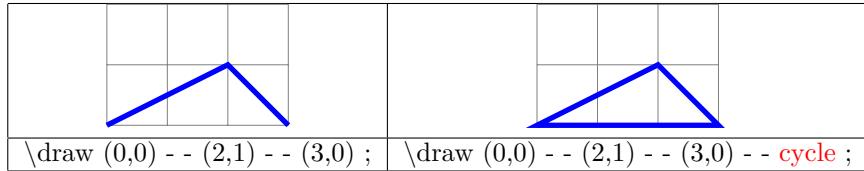
<code>\draw (0,0) to (3,2);</code>	<code>\draw[out=0] (0,0) to (3,2);</code>	<code>\draw [in=-90] (0,0) to (3,2);</code>
see section 7.2 page 47		

Drawing with plot	PGFmanual section : 14-12	PGFmanual section : 22
list of coordinates	file of coordinates	mathematical equation
plot coordinates {(2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2)}	plot file {table.dat}	plot (\x,{sin(\x)})
		voir page 122

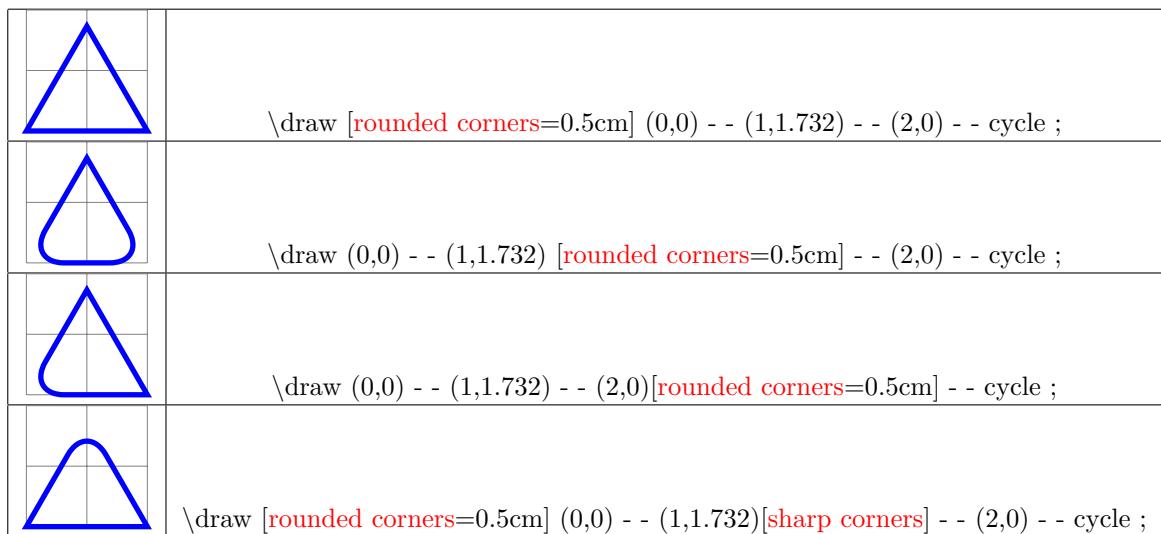
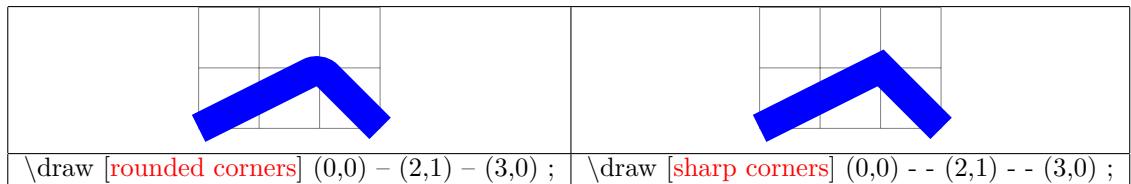
3 Path and edge

3.1 Path

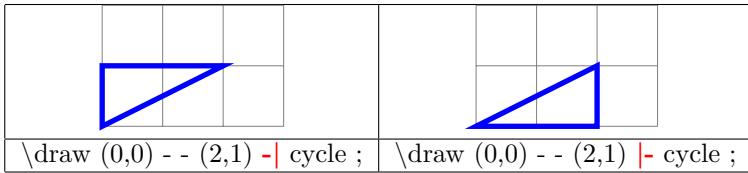
PGFmanual section : 14



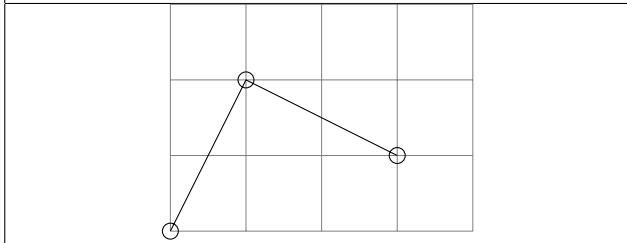
PGFmanual section : 14-5



PGFmanual section : 14-2-2

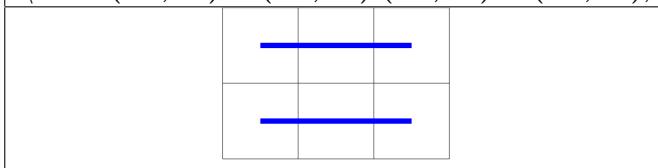


```
\tikz [c/.style={insert path={circle[radius=3pt]}}]
\draw(0,0)[c] -- (1,2)[c] -- (3,1) [c];
```

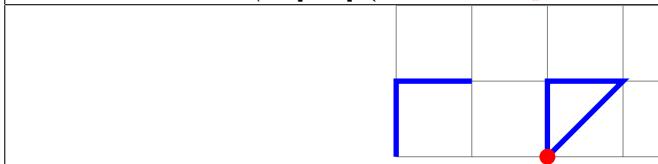


Path interrupted PGFmanual section : 14-1

```
\draw (0.5,0.5) - -(2.5,0.5) (0.5,1.5) - -(2.5,1.5);
```



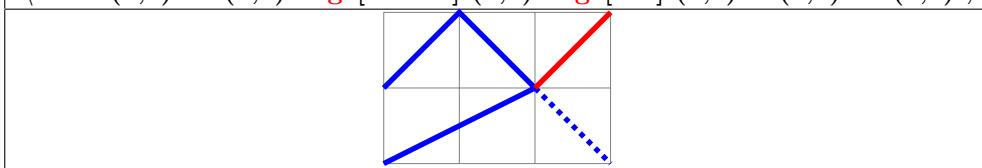
```
\draw (0,0) - - (0,1) - - (1,1) (2,0) - - (2,1) - - (3,1) - - (current subpath start);
\fill[red] (current subpath start) circle (3pt);
```



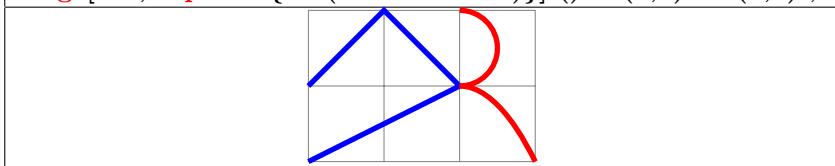
3.2 Pathes in a path : edge

PGFmanual section : 17-12

```
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) edge[dotted] (3,0) edge[red] (3,2) - - (1,2) - - (0,1) ;
```



```
\draw (0,0) - - (2,1) edge([red,to path={parabola (3,0)}] ())
edge[red,to path={arc(-90 : 90 : 0.5)}] () - -(1,2) - - (0,1) ;
```



4 Parameters

4.1 Line width

PGFmanual section : 15-3-1

\tikz \draw[line width=.2cm] (0,0) - - (1,1);			
[line width=.2cm]	[ultra thin] (0.1pt)	[very thin] (0.2pt)	[thin] (0.4pt)
[semithick] (0.6pt)	[thick] (0.8pt)	[very thick] (1.2pt)	[ultra thick] (1.6pt)

4.2 Dimensions available

	\draw[line width=10pt] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=10bp] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=10mm] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=1cm] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\draw[line width=1in] (2,0) to (2,1);

	\draw[line width=1ex] (0,0.5) to (4,.5);
	\Huge \draw[line width=1ex] (0,0.5) to (4,.5);
	\draw[line width=1em] (2,0) to (2,1);
	\Huge \draw[line width=1em] (2,0) to (2,1);

4.3 Terminators

[line cap=rect]	[line cap=butt]	[line cap=round]

4.4 Lines junction

<code>\draw[line join=round] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (0,2);</code>			
[line join=round]	[line join=bevel]	[line join=miter]	

<code>\draw[miter limit=1] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (0,2);</code> (By default : miter limit=10)			
miter limit=1	miter limit=2	miter limit=3	

4.5 Line styles

PGFmanual section : 15-3-2

<code>\tikz \draw[solid,line width=2mm] (0,0) - - (2,1);</code>			
[solid]			
<code>\tikz \draw[dotted] (0,0) - - (2,1);</code>			
[dotted]	[densely dotted]	[loosely dotted]	
<code>\tikz \draw[dashed] (0,0) - - (2,1);</code>			
[dashed]	[densely dashed]	[loosely dashed]	
<code>\tikz \draw[dash dot] (0,0) - - (2,1);</code>			
[dash dot]	[densely dash dot]	[loosely dash dot]	
<code>\tikz \draw[dash dot dot] (0,0) - - (2,1);</code>			
[dash dot dot]	[densely dash dot dot]	[loosely dash dot dot]	

<code>\tikz \draw [dash pattern= on 1cm off 0.25cm on 0.25cm off 0.5cm] (0,0) - - (2,1);</code>	
[dash pattern=on 1cm off .25cm on .25cm off .5cm,dash phase=1cm]	

PGFmanual section : 15-3-4

<pre>\tikz \draw[line width=.2cm,double] (0,0) - - (1,1);</pre>			
			
double	draw=blue,double=red	double distance=.3cm	double distance between line centers =.3cm

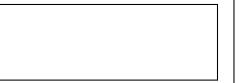
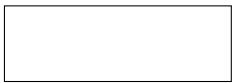
<pre>\Huge = \tikz \draw[double equal sign distance] (0,0) - - (4,0);</pre>	
	
\Huge	\large

4.6 Fillings

PGFmanual section : 15-5-1

PGFmanual section : 60

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{patterns}

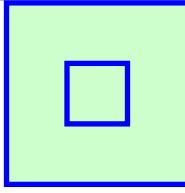
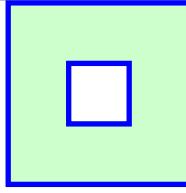
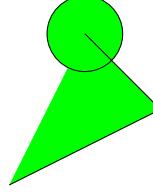
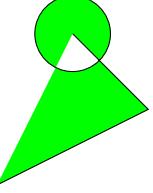
<pre>\draw[pattern= dots] (0,0) - - (3,1);</pre>		
		
dots	fivepointed stars	sixpointed stars
		
grid	horizontal lines	vertical lines
		
north east lines	north west lines	rosshatch
		
crosshatch dots	bricks	checkerboard


<pre>\draw[pattern=fivepointed stars,pattern color=red] (0,0) rectangle (3,1);</pre>

\draw[pattern=checkerboard light gray] (0,0) - - ((3,2) ;		
checkerboard light gray	horizontal lines light gray	horizontal lines gray
horizontal lines dark gray	horizontal lines light blue	horizontal lines dark blue
crosshatch dots gray	crosshatch dots light steel blue	

4.7 Filling rule

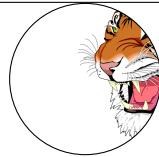
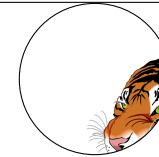
PGFmanual section : 15-5-2

nonzero rule (By default)	
	
\filldraw [fill=green!20] (0,0) - - (0,3) - - (3,3) - - (3,0) - - cycle (1,1) - - (1,2) - - (2,2) - - (2,1) - - cycle ;	\filldraw [fill=green!20] (0,0) - - (0,3) - - (3,3) - - (3,0) - - cycle (1,1) - - (2,1) - - (2,2) - - (1,2) - - cycle;
even odd rule	
\[fill=[green] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (1,2) circle (.5cm);	\filldraw[fill=green] (0,0) - - (2,1) - - (1,2) circle (.5cm);
	
[fill=green]	[even odd rule,fill=green]
	
[fill=green]	[even odd rule,fill=green]

4.8 Filling with an image

PGFmanual section : 15-6

\draw [path picture={ \node at (path picture bounding box.center){\includegraphics[height=3cm]{tiger}};}] (0,1) circle (1);		
		

<pre>\draw [path picture={ \node at (path picture bounding box.north) {\includegraphics[height=3cm]{tiger}};}] (0,1) circle (1);</pre>				
				
north	south	east	west	south east

4.9 Shading

4.9.1 Shadings available

PGFmanual section : 15-7

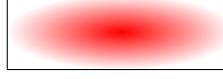
	
\shade (0,0) rectangle (3,1);	\shadedraw (0,0) rectangle (3,1);

<pre>\shadedraw[shading=axis](0,0) rectangle (3,1);</pre>		
		

		
[left color=red]	[right color=green]	left color=red,right color=green

		
[top color=red]	[bottom color=green]	middle color=red

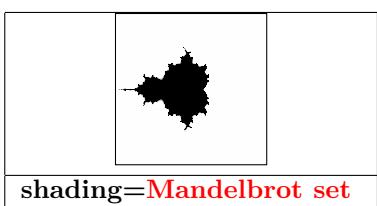
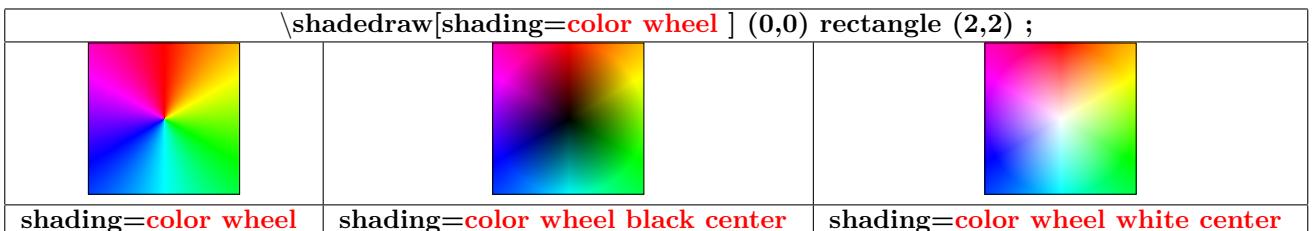
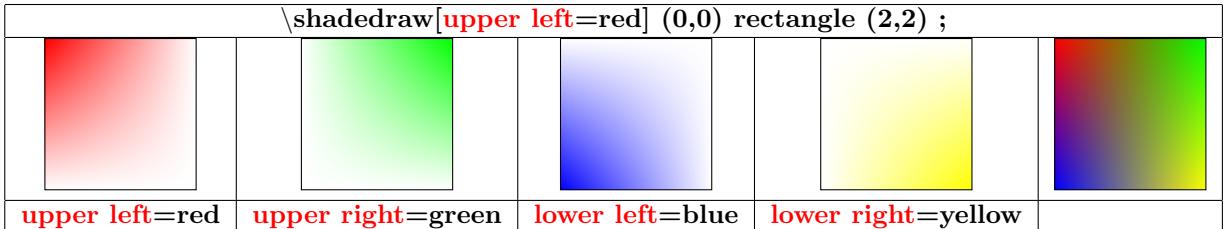
		
shading angle=90	right color=green [shading angle=45]	left color=red shading angle=-45

		
inner color=red	outer color=green	inner color=red outer color=green

4.9.2 Shading library

PGFmanual section : 65

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shadings}



4.10 Extremities

4.10.1 TikZ package

\tikz \draw[->,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);			
[->]	[<-]	[<->]	[>->]
[-to]	[-to reversed]	[-o]	[-]
[-latex]	[-latex reversed]	[-stealth]	[-stealth reversed]

4.10.2 “library arrow.meta”

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{arrows.meta}

\tikz \draw[-Arc Barb,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1) ;				
-Arc Barb	-Bar	-Bracket	-Hooks	-Stealth
-Parenthesis	-Straight Barb	-Tee Barb	-Classical TikZ Rightarrow	-Square
-Circle	-Implies, double	-Rectangle	-Computer Modern Rightarrow	-Turned Square
			[-To]	
-Diamond	-Ellipse	-Kite	[-Latex]	-Triangle

\tikz \draw[-Butt Cap,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1) ;				
-Butt Cap	-Fast Round	-Fast Triangle	-Round Cap	-Triangle Cap

<code>\tikz \draw[Triangle-Circle,line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) -- (3.5,1);</code>			
Triangle-Circle	{Circle[] Triangle[]}	{Circle[] . Triangle[] Triangle[] }	

<code>\tikz \draw[-Rays],line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) -- (1.5,1);</code>					
Rays	{Rays[n=2]}	{Rays[n=3]}	{Rays[n=4]}	{Rays[n=5]}	
{Rays[n=6]}	{Rays[n=7]}	{Rays[n=8]}	{Rays[n=9]}	{Rays[n=10]}	

Parameter sep PGFmanual section : 16-4-2

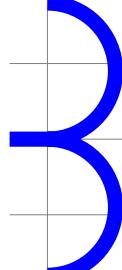
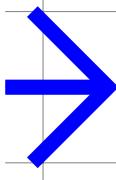
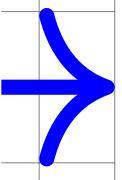
<code>\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[sep=.25cm] Arc Barb[]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) -- (1.5,1);</code>						
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis		Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Rays
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Ellipse	Computer Modern Rightarrow	Triangle	
Latex	Kite	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square	

<code>\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[sep=.25cm] - Arc Barb[]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) -- (1.5,1);</code>						
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis		Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Rays
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Ellipse	Computer Modern Rightarrow	Triangle	
Latex	Kite	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square	

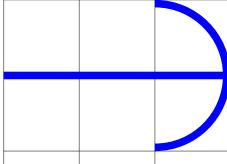
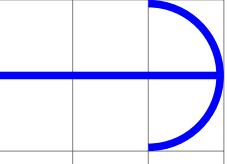
Parameter length

PGFmanual section : 16-3-1

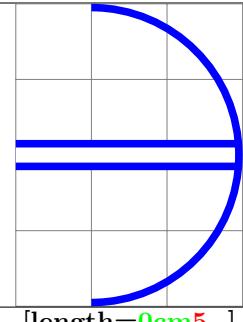
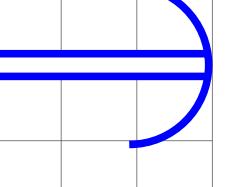
```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=1cm]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);
```

					
Arc Barb	Hooks	Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Latex	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
					
Straight Barb	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Circle	Computer Modern Rightarrow

```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=0cm 10]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```

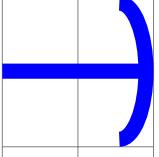
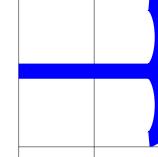
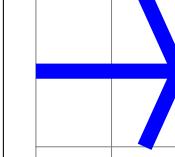
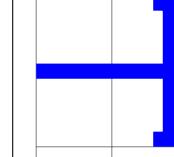
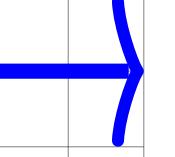
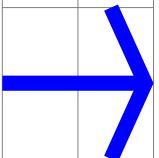
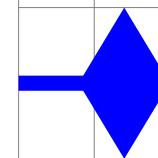
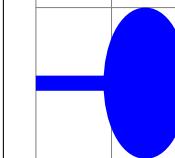
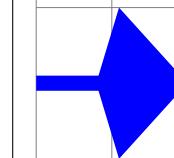
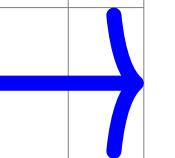
	
[length=0cm 10] 0cm + 10 x .1cm = 1cm	[length=.5cm 5] .5cm + 5 x .1cm = 1cm

```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=0cm 5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```

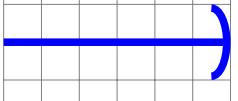
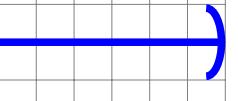
	
[length=0cm 5] 0cm + 5 x (.1cm + 2 mm + .1cm) = 2cm	[length=0cm 5 .6] 0cm + 5 x (.6 x .1cm + (1-.6)(.1cm + 2 mm + .1cm)) = 11 mm

Parameter width PGFmanual section : 16-3-1

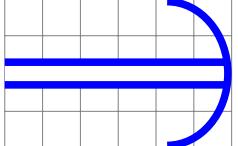
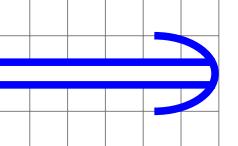
```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[width=2cm]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);
```

				
Arc Barb	Hooks	Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
				
Straight Barb	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Computer Modern Rightarrow

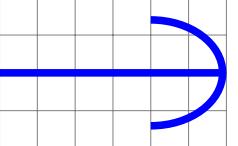
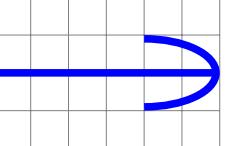
```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[width=0cm 10]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```

	
[width=0cm 10]	[width=.5cm 5]
0cm + 10 x .1cm = 1cm	.5cm + 5 x .1cm = 1cm

```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[width=0cm 5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```

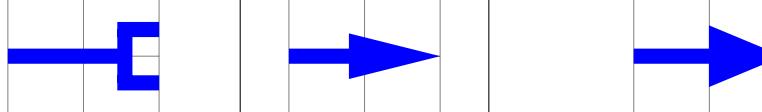
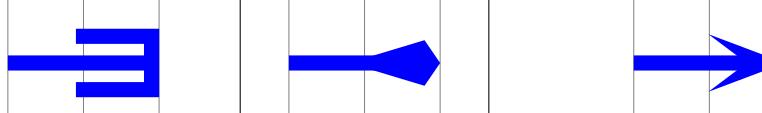
	
[width=0cm5]	[width=0cm 5 .6]
0cm + 5 x (.1cm + 2 mm + .1cm) = 2cm	0cm + 5 x (.6 x .1cm+ (1-.6)(.1cm+ 2 mm+=.1cm) = 11 mm

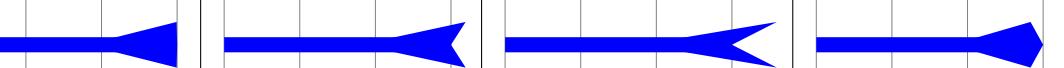
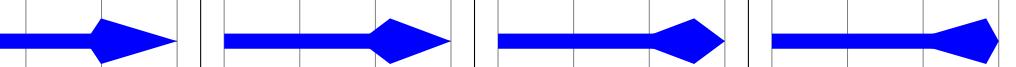
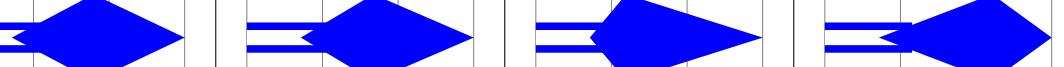
```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=1cm,width=0cm 1.5]},line width'=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```

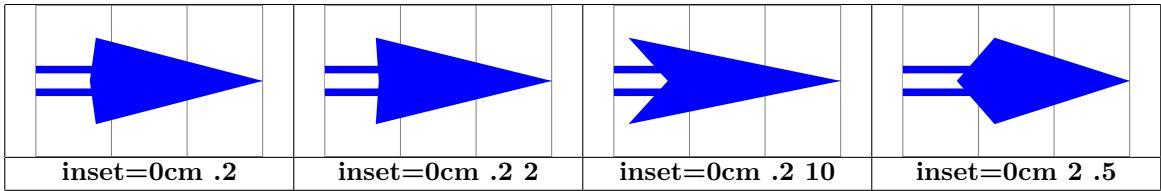
	
[width'=0cm 1.5]	[width'=.5cm .5]
0cm + 1.5 x 1cm = 1.5cm	.5cm + .5 x 1cm = 1cm

<pre>\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=1cm,width'=0cm 1.5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm</pre>	
[width'=0cm 1.5] 0cm + 1.5 x 1cm = 1.5cm	[width'=0cm 1.5 .6] 0cm + 1.5 x (.6 x 1cm + (1-.6)(1cm+ 2 mm+1cm)) = 11 mm

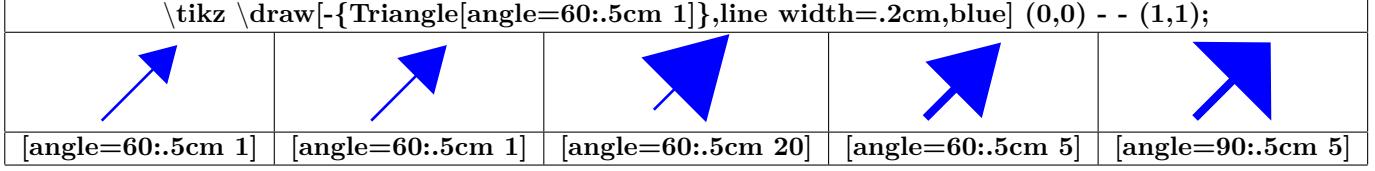
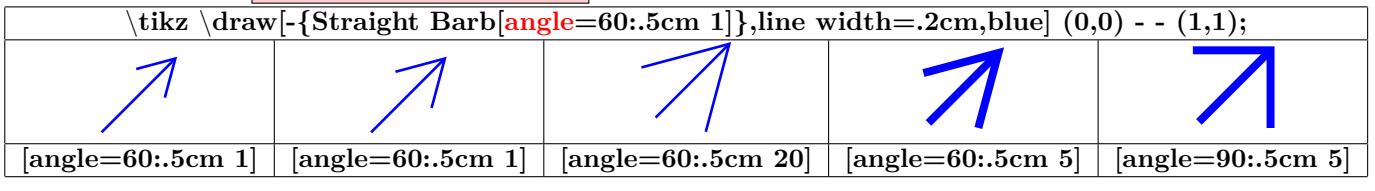
Parameter inset PGFmanual section : 16-3-1

<pre>\tikz \draw[-{Tee Barb[inset=0pt]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);</pre>		
Tee Barb[inset=0pt]	Kite[inset=0pt]	Stealth[inset=0pt]
		
Tee Barb[inset=1cm]	Kite[inset=1cm]	Stealth[inset=.5cm]

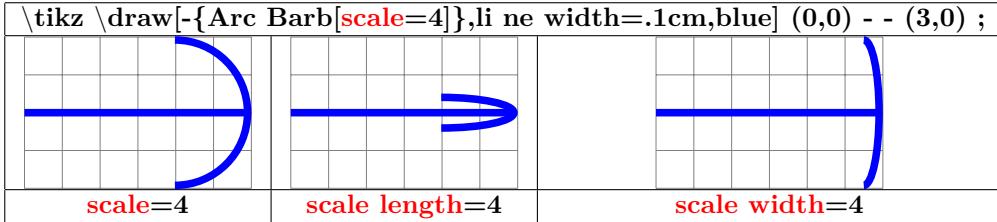
<pre>\tikz \draw[-{Fast Round[inset=1cm]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);</pre>	
Fast Round[inset=1cm]	Fast Round[inset=2cm]
Fast Triangle[inset=1cm]	Fast Triangle[inset=2cm]
	
inset=1cm 1	inset=1cm 2
inset=1cm 4	inset=1cm .2
	
inset=0cm 1	inset=0cm 2
inset=0cm 4	inset=0cm .2
	
inset=0cm .2	inset=0cm .2 2
inset=0cm .2 10	inset=0cm .2 .5



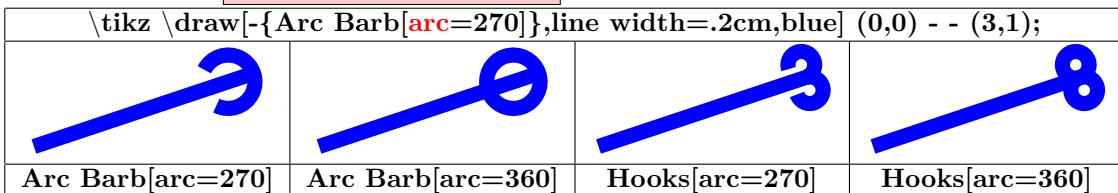
Parameter angle PGFmanual section : 16-3-1



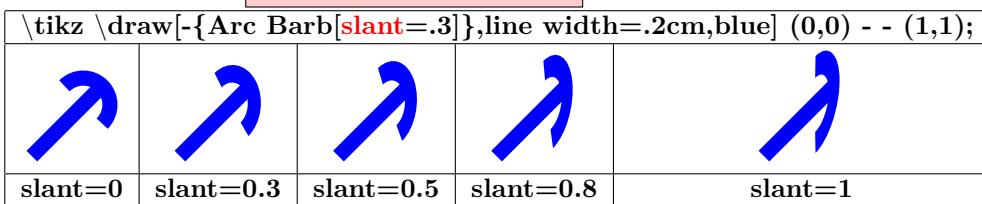
Parameter scale PGFmanual section : 16-3-2



Parameter arc PGFmanual section : 16-3-3



Parameter slant PGFmanual section : 16-3-4



\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[slant=.5]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);				
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Diamond	Ellipse
Kite	Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
Turned Square	Fast Round	Fast Triangle	Round Cap	Triangle Cap

Parameter reversed PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[reversed]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,1) ;				
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Parenthesis	Computer Modern Rightarrow	

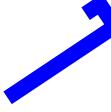
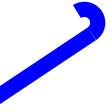
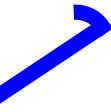
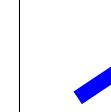
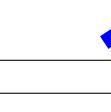
\tikz \draw[-{Fast Round[reversed]},line width=.5cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,1);

Fast Round	Fast Triangle	Round Cap	Triangle Cap
------------	---------------	-----------	--------------

Parameter left

PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

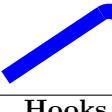
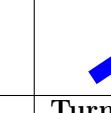
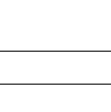
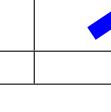
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[left]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);

					
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Triangle
					
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Turned Square
					
Kite	Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Rays

Parameter right

PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

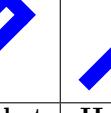
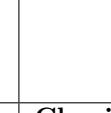
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[right]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);

					
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Triangle
					
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Turned Square
					
Kite	Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Rays

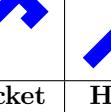
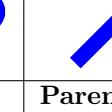
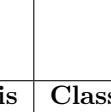
Parameter harpoon

PGFmanual section : 16-3-5

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[harpoon]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);

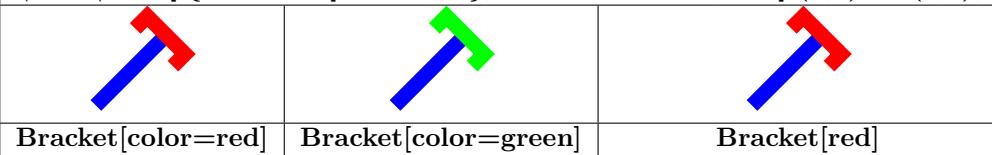
						
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Straight Barb	Tee Barb

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[harpoon,swap]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);

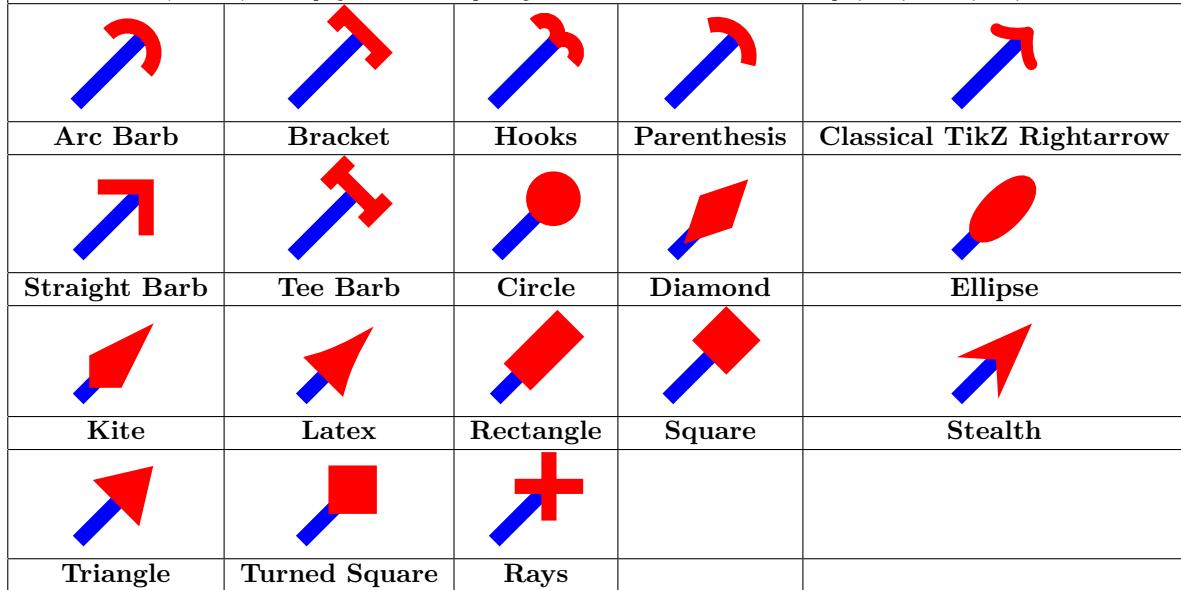
						
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Classical TikZ Rightarrow	Straight Barb	Tee Barb

Parameter color PGFmanual section : 16-3-6

```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[color=red]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);
```

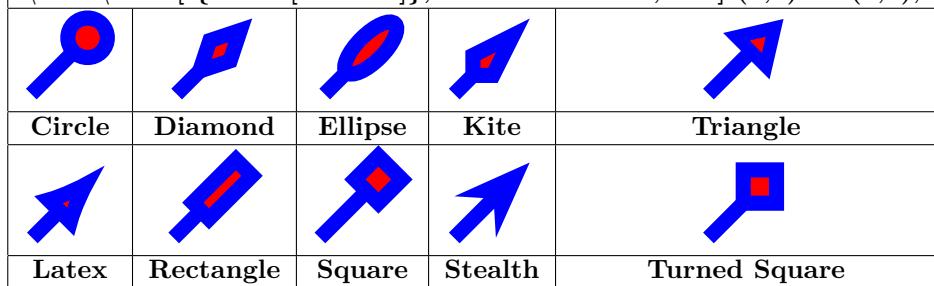


```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[red]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);
```

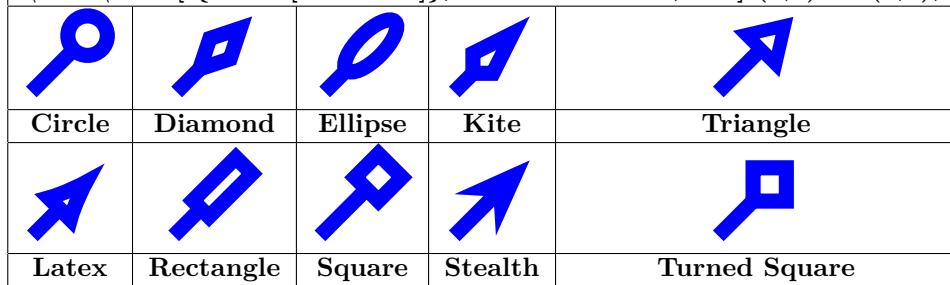


Parameter fill PGFmanual section : 16-3-6

```
\tikz \draw[-{Circle[fill=red]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);
```



```
\tikz \draw[-{Circle[fill=none]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);
```



Parameter open PGFmanual section : 16-3-6

<code>\tikz \draw[-{Circle[open]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1.5,1);</code>					
Circle	Diamond	Ellipse	Kite	Triangle	
Latex	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	Turned Square	

Parameter line cap : round or butt PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

<code>\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line cap=butt]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);</code>								
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays	

`\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line cap=round]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);`

Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays

Parameter line join : round or miter PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

<code>\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line join=miter]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);</code>								
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth	
Straight Barb	Tee Barb	Diamond	Kite	Latex	Triangle	Turned Square	Rays	

\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line cap=round]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);							
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth

Parameter round PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

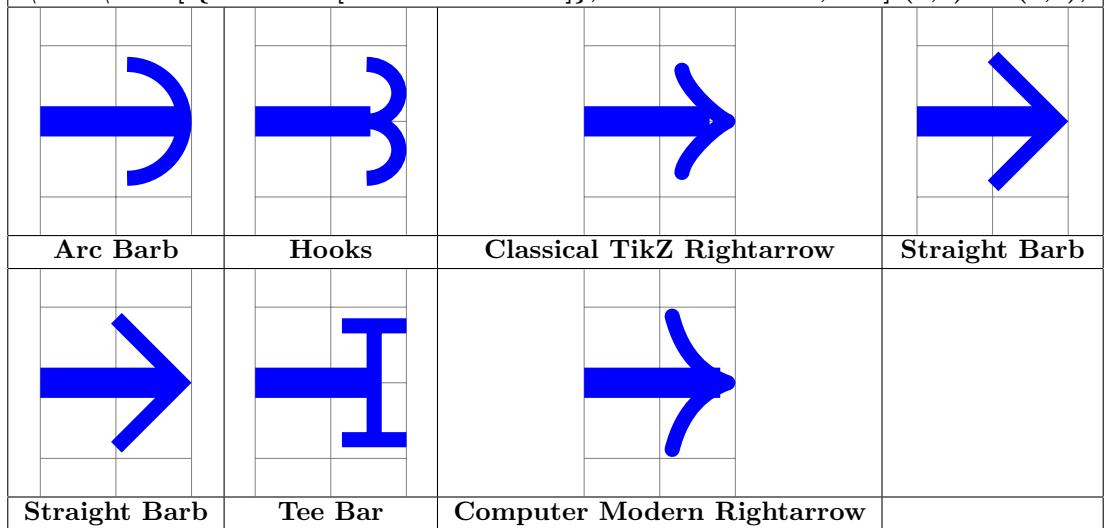
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[round]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);							
Arc Barb	Bracket	Hooks	Parenthesis	Ellipse	Rectangle	Square	Stealth

Parameter sharp PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

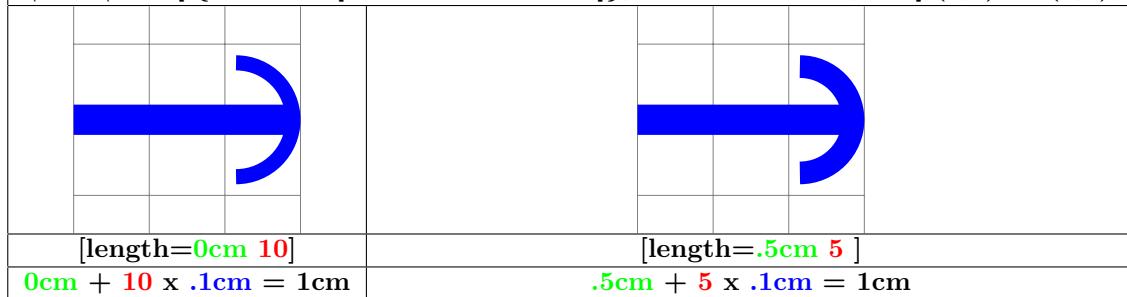
\tikz \draw[-{Classical TikZ Rightarrow[sharp]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,0)) ;	-\{Classical TikZ Rightarrow[sharp]\}	-\{Computer Modern Rightarrow[sharp]\}

Parameter line width PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

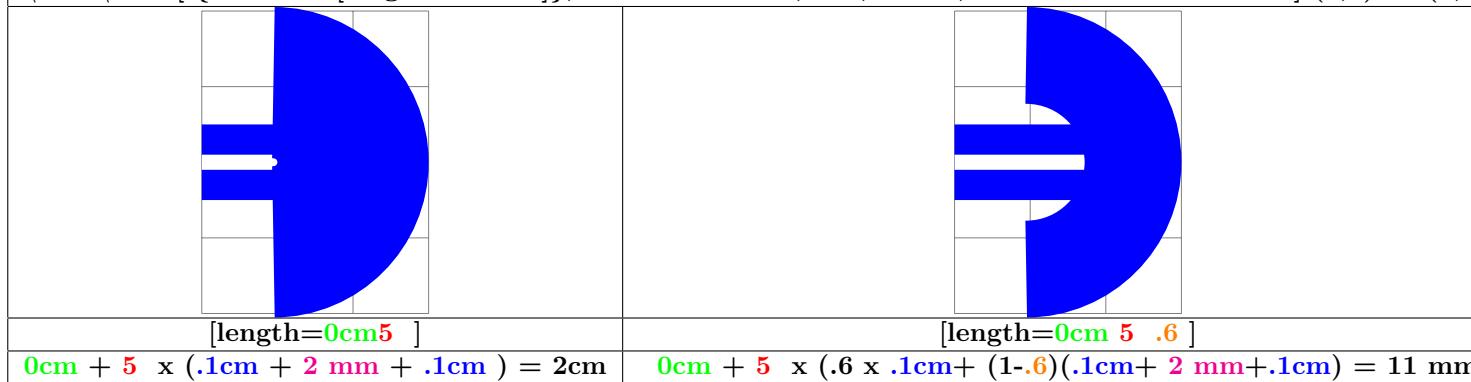
```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width=.2cm]},line width=.4cm,blue] (0,0) - - (2,0);
```



```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width=0cm 10]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```

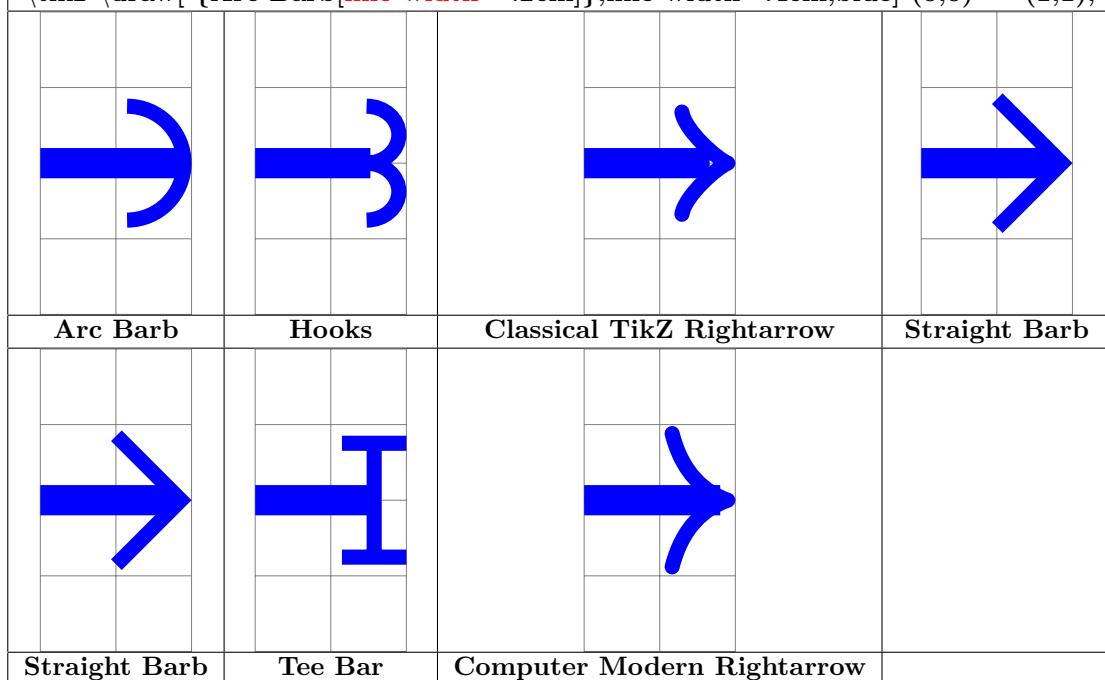


```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[length=0cm 5]},line width=.1cm,blue,double,double distance = 2 mm] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```

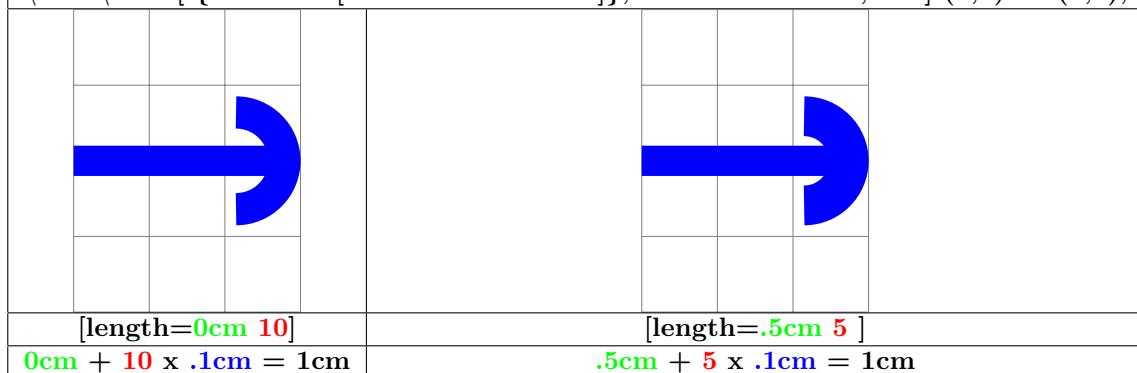


Parameter line width' PGFmanual section : 16-3-7

```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width=.2cm]},line width=.4cm,blue] (0,0) - - (1,1);
```

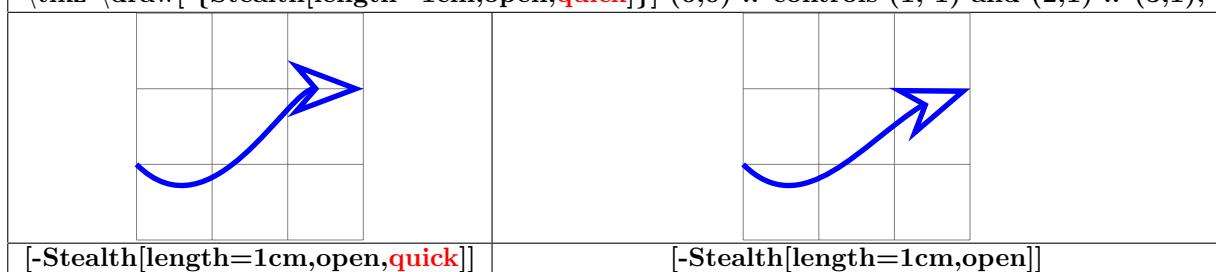


```
\tikz \draw[-{Arc Barb[line width=0cm 10]},line width=.1cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```



Parameter quick PGFmanual section : 16-3-8

```
\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,quick]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);
```

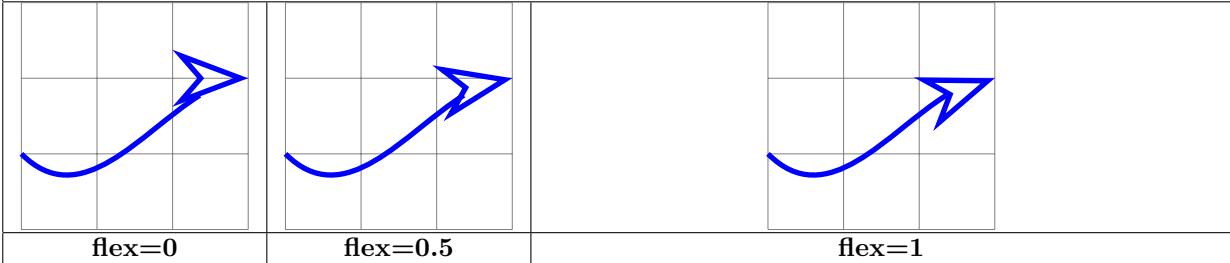


Parameter bending

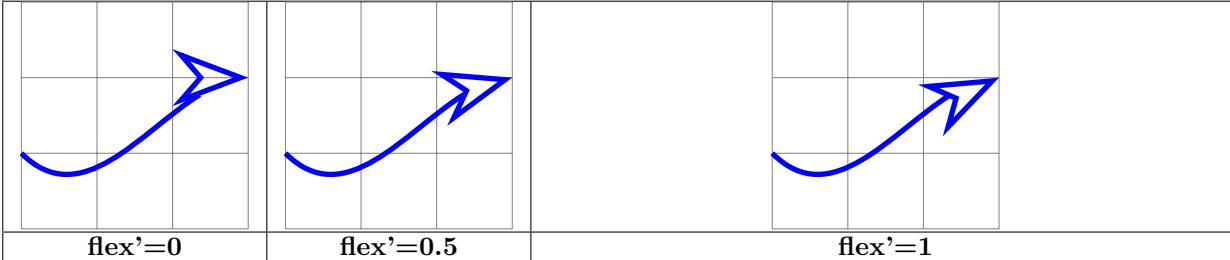
PGFmanual section : 16-3-8

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{bending}

```
\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,flex=0]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);
```



```
\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,flex'=0]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);
```



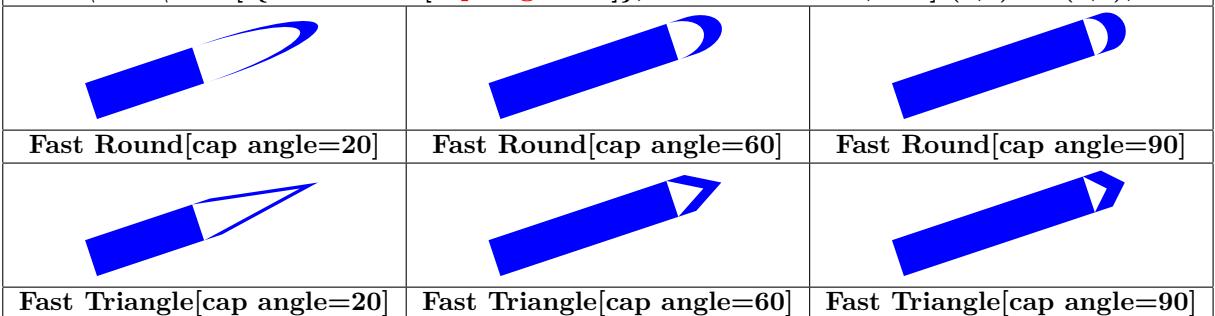
```
\tikz \draw[-{Stealth[length=1cm,open,bend]}] (0,0) .. controls (1,-1) and (2,1) .. (3,1);
```



Parameter cap angle

PGFmanual section : 16-5-4

```
\tikz \draw[-{Fast Round[cap angle=60]},line width=.2cm,blue] (0,0) - - (3,1);
```



5 Small pictures

5.1 Own small pictures

[PGFmanual section : 14-19](#)

[PGFmanual section : 18](#)

Création	Utilisation
<pre>\tikzset{dfr/.pic={\filldraw[blue] (-2pt,0) rectangle (0,5pt); \filldraw[fill=white] (0,0) rectangle (2pt,5pt); \filldraw[fill=red] (2pt,0) rectangle (4pt,5pt);}}</pre>	<pre>\tikz \pic {dfr};</pre>

Positioning	
<code>\pic at (1,1) [pic type = dfr];</code>	<code>\pic at (1,1) {dfr};</code>
<code>\path (1,1) pic [pic type= dfr];</code>	<code>\path (1,1) pic {dfr};</code>
<code>\pic [at={(1,1)}] [pic type= dfr];</code>	<code>\pic [at={(1,1)}] {dfr};</code>

<code>\pic[scale=3] at (1,1) {dfr};</code>		
<code>[scale=3]</code>	<code>[scale=3,rotate=45]</code>	<code>[scale=3,red]</code>

<pre>\tikz [scale=4] \pic at (0,0) {dfr}; \pic at (.5,0) [transform shape] {dfr};</pre>	
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

On a path	
<pre>\tikz \draw (0,0) to [out=10,in=170] pic [near start] {dfr} pic {dfr} pic [sloped, near end] {dfr} (10,0);</pre>	
<pre>\draw (0,0) to [out=10,in=170] pic [pos=.3] {code={\draw circle [radius=3mm];}} (10,0) ;</pre>	

Définition :

```
\tikzset{ my pic/.pic = {
\path [pic actions] (0,0) circle[radius=3mm];
\draw (-3mm,-3mm) rectangle (3mm,3mm); } }
```

Utilisation : \pic [red] {my pic}

[red]	[draw]	[draw=red]	[draw, shading=ball]	[fill=red!50]

```
\tikz \pic foreach \x in {1,1.5,...,10} at (\x,0) {dfr};
```



```
\fill [green] (0,0) - - (1,0) pic [behind path,scale=3] {dfr} - (1,1) - (0,1) - cycle ;
```

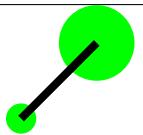


```
[behind path,scale=3]
```

```
[scale=3]
```

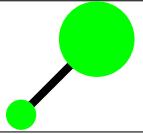
```
\tikzset{ pics/mon cercle/.style = { background code = { \fill circle [radius=#1]; } } }
```

```
\tikz [fill=green] \draw[line width=3pt] (0,0) pic {mon cercle=2mm} - - (1,1) pic {mon cercle=5mm};
```

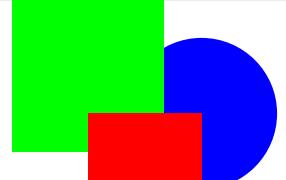


```
\tikzset{ pics/mon cercle/.style = { foreground code = { \fill circle [radius=#1]; } } }
```

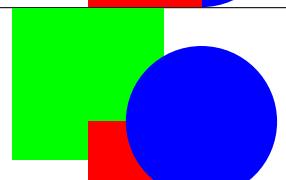
```
\tikz [fill=green] \draw[line width=3pt] (0,0) pic {mon cercle=2mm} - - (1,1) pic {mon cercle=5mm};
```



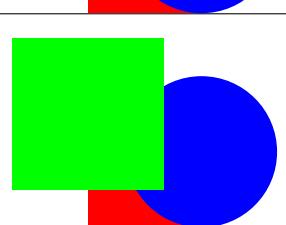
```
\fill [green](-1,0) - - (1,0)
pic [pics/background code={\fill[blue] (0.5,0.5) circle (1cm );}
,pics/code={\fill[red] (-1,-.5) rectangle (0.5,0.5);}
\} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;
```



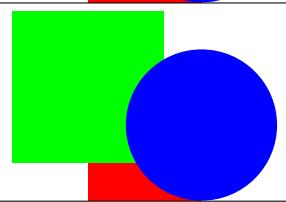
```
\fill [green] (-1,0) - - (1,0)
pic [pics/foreground code=\fill[blue] (0.5,0.5) circle (1cm );
,pics/code=\fill[red] (-1,-.5) rectangle (0.5,0.5);]
\} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;
```



```
\fill [green](-1,0) - - (1,0)
pic [pics/background code={\fill[blue] (0.5 , 0.5) circle (1cm );}
,pics/code={\fill[red] (-1 , -0.5) rectangle (0.5 , 0.5);},behind path ]
\} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;
```



```
\fill [green] (-1,0) - - (1,0)
pic [pics/foreground code=\fill[blue] (0.5 , 0.5) circle (1cm );
,pics/code=\fill[red] (-1,-.5) rectangle (0.5 , 0.5);},behind path ]
\} - - (1,2) - - (-1,2) - - cycle ;
```

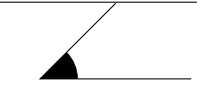
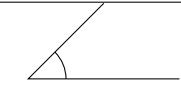


5.2 Drawing angles

PGFmanual section : 39

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{angles}

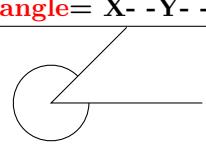
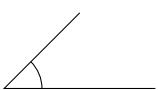
```
\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B)
          - - (1,1) coordinate (C) pic [draw] {angle};
```



pic [draw] {angle}

pic [fill] {angle}

```
\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (X) - - (0,0) coordinate (Y)
          - - (1,1) coordinate (Z) pic [draw] {angle= X- -Y- -Z};
```

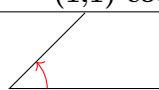


pic [draw] {angle= X- -Y- -Z}

pic [fill] {angle = Z- -Y- -X}

By default : angle= A- -B- -C

```
\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B)
          - - (1,1) coordinate (C) pic [draw,->] {angle};
```



pic [draw,->] {angle}

pic [fill,fill=red!50] {angle}

```
\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B)
          - - (1,1) coordinate (C) pic [draw,angle radius=1cm] {angle};
```



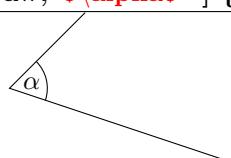
pic [draw,angle radius=1cm] {angle}

pic [fill,angle radius=1cm] {angle}

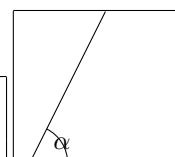
By default : angle radius=5mm

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{quotes}

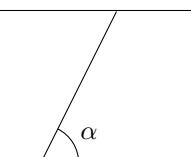
```
\tikz \draw (3,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,1) coordinate (B) - - (1,2) coordinate (C)
          pic [draw,"$\alpha$"] {angle};
```



```
\tikz \draw (2,0) coordinate (A)
          - - (0,0) coordinate (B) - - (1,2) coordinate (C)
          pic [draw, "$\alpha$", angle eccentricity=1] {angle};
```



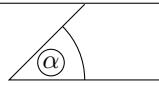
angle eccentricity=1



angle eccentricity=1.5

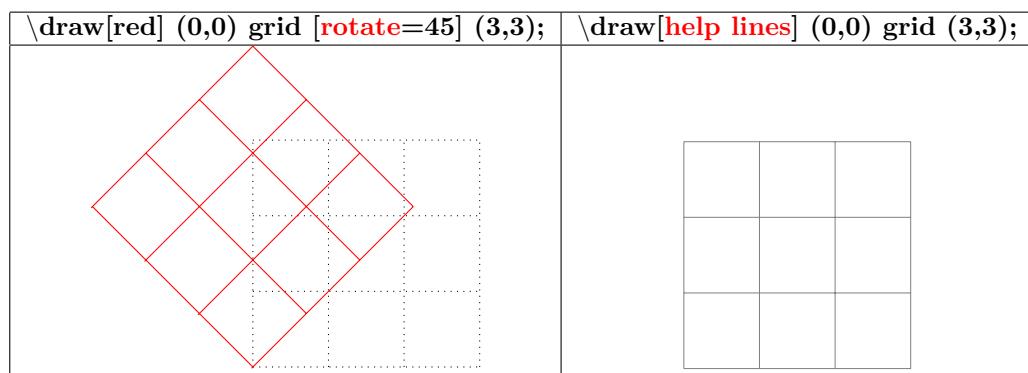
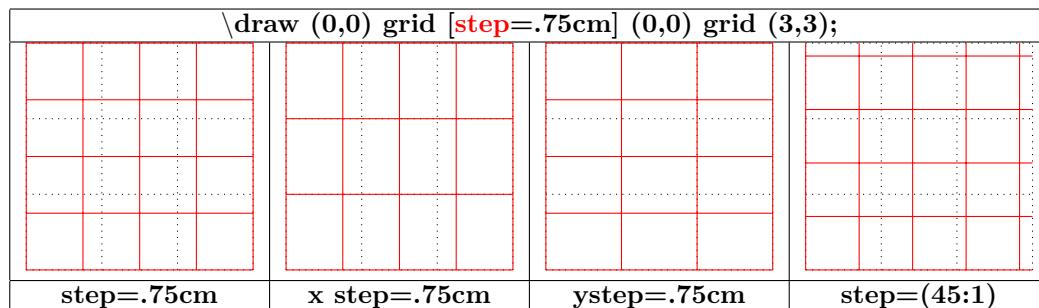
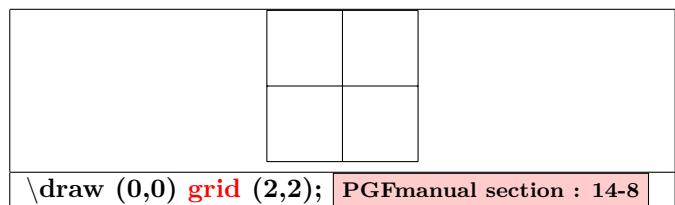
By default : angle eccentricity= 0.6

```
\tikz { \draw (2,0) coordinate (A) - - (0,0) coordinate (B) - - (1,2) coordinate (C)
      pic (xxx) [draw,"$\\alpha$",angle radius= 1cm ] {angle};
      \draw (xxx)circle [radius=5pt] ; }
```



6 Coordinates

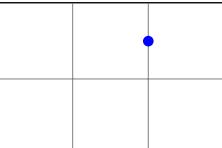
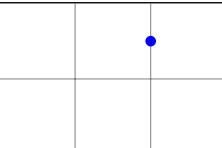
6.1 Grid



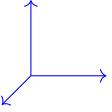
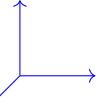
6.2 Coordinates

PGFmanual section : 13-2-1

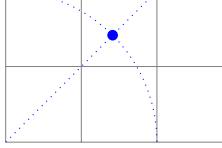
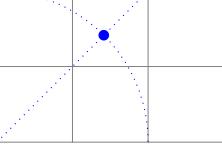
6.2.1 Canvas coordinates

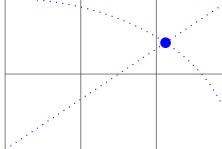
explicit	implicit
 <code>\fill (canvas cs:x=2cm,y=1.5cm) circle (2pt);</code>	 <code>\fill (2cm,1.5cm) circle (2pt);</code>

6.2.2 xyz coordinates

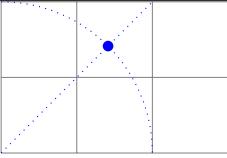
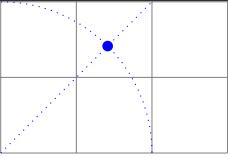
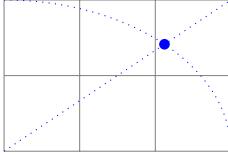
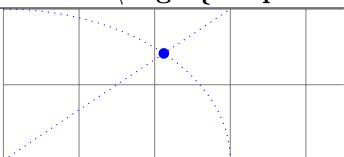
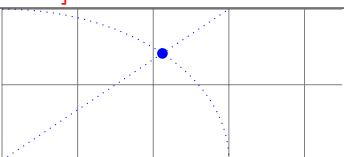
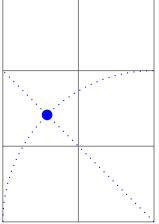
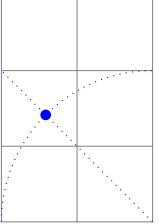
 <code>\draw (0,0) - - (xyz cs:x=1);</code> <code>\draw (0,0) - - (xyz cs:y=1);</code> <code>\draw (0,0) - - (xyz cs:z=1);</code>	 <code>\draw (0,0) - - (1,0,0);</code> <code>\draw (0,0) - - (0,1,0);</code> <code>\draw (0,0) - - (0,0,1);</code>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

6.2.3 Polar coordinates

explicit	implicit
 <code>\fill (canvas polar cs:angle=45,radius=2cm) circle (2pt);</code>	 <code>\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);</code>

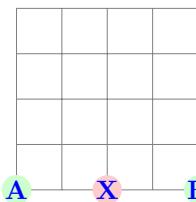
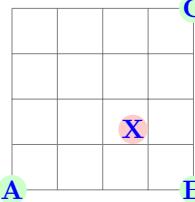
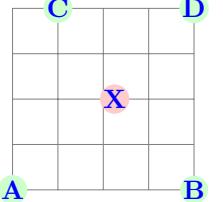
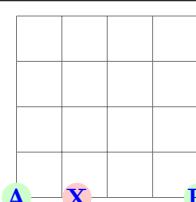
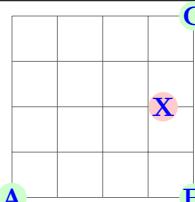
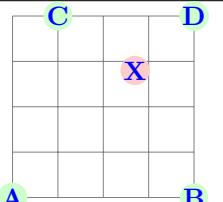
 <code>\fill (canvas polar cs:angle=45,x radius=3cm,y radius=2cm) circle (2pt);</code>

6.2.4 Coordinate system xyz polar

explicit	implicit
	
\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,radius=2) circle (2pt);	\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);
	
\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,x radius=3,y radius=2) circle (2pt);	
<code>\begin{tikzpicture}[x=1.5cm,y=1cm]</code>	
	
\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,radius=2) circle (2pt);	\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);
<code>\begin{tikzpicture}[x={(0cm,1cm)},y={(-1cm,0cm)}]</code>	
	
\fill (xyz polar cs:angle=45,radius=2) circle (2pt);	\fill (45:2cm) circle (2pt);

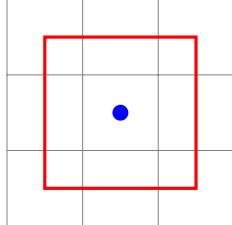
6.2.5 Barycentric coordinates

[PGFmanual section : 13-2-2](#)

<code>\node [circle,fill=red!20] at (barycentric cs:A=0.6,B=0.3) {X};</code>		
		
A=0.3,B=0.3	A=0.4,B=0.4 ,C=.4	A=0.5,B=0.5,C=.5,D=.5
		
A=0.6,B=0.3	A=0.2,B=0.4 ,C=.6	A=0.2,B=0.4,C=.6,D=.8

6.2.6 Named coordinates: nodes

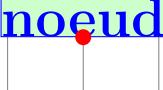
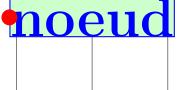
[PGFmanual section : 13-2-3](#)

	<pre>\coordinate (centre) at(1.5,1.5) ; \coordinate (A) at (.5,.5) ; \coordinate (B) at (2.5,2.5) ; \fill (centre) circle (3pt); \draw[red] (A) rectangle (B) ;</pre>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

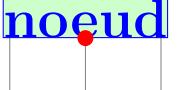
see also page 88

6.2.7 Coordinates relative to a node

```
\node [draw,fill=green!20,] (A) at (1,1) {\huge noeud};
\fill[red] (node cs:name=A,anchor=south) circle (3pt);
```

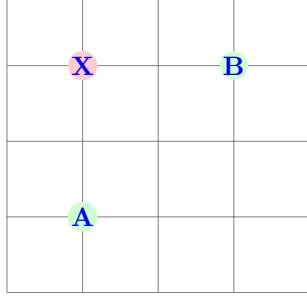
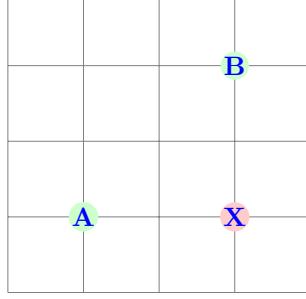
			
name=A,anchor=south	name=A,anchor=west	name=A,anchor=north	name=A,anchor=east

```
\fill[red] (node cs:name=A,angle=0) circle (3pt);
```

			
name=A,angle=0	name=A,angle=-30	name=A,angle=-90	name=A,angle=-150

6.2.8 Coordinates relative to two points

[PGFmanual section : 13-3-1](#)

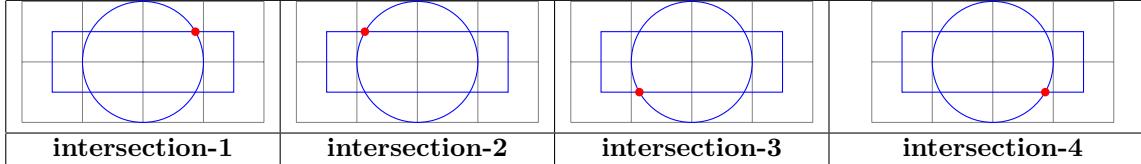
<pre>\node [circle,fill=red!20] at (1,1 - 3,3) {X}</pre> 	 <pre>at (1,1 - 3,3)</pre>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

6.2.9 Coordinates relative to an intersection

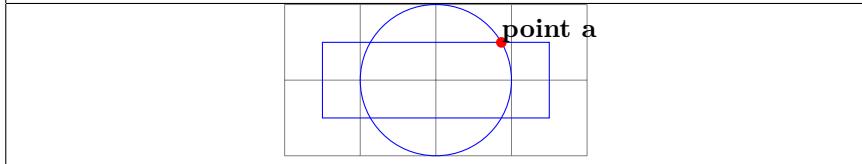
[PGFmanual section : 13-3-2](#)

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{intersections}

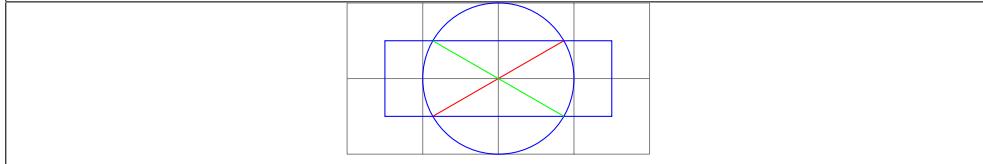
```
\draw [name path=cercle] (2,1) circle (1cm);
\draw [name path=rectangle] (0.5,0.5) rectangle +(3,1);
\fill [red, name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle}] (intersection-1) circle (2pt)
```



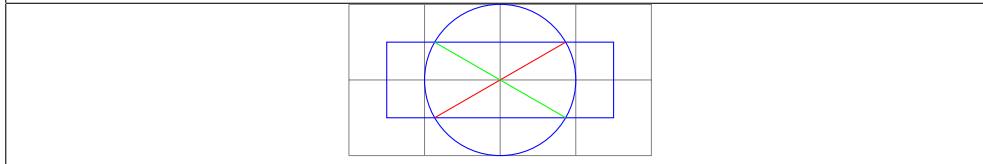
```
\fill [red, name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle}]
(intersection-1) circle (2pt) node[black,above right] {point a} ;
```



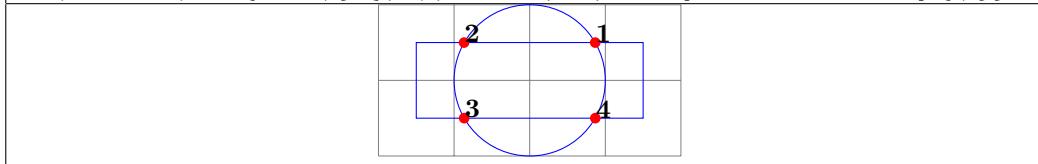
```
\fill [red, name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle, name=point}];
\draw [red] (point-1) - - (point-3); \draw [green] (point-2) - - (point-4);
```



```
\fill [red, name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle, by={a,b,c,d}}];
\draw [red] (a) - - (c); \draw [green] (b) - - (d);
```



```
\fill [name intersections={of=cercle and rectangle, name=i, total=\t}] [red]
\foreach \s in {1,...,\t} {(i-\s) circle (2pt) node[black,above right] {\s}}
```



6.3 Calculated positions

6.3.1 Calculated positions with “pgfmath”

[PGFmanual section : 13-2-1](#)

Package automatically loaded with Tikz

	<pre>explicit : \fill [red] (canvas cs:x=2cm+1.5cm,y=1.5cm-1cm) circle (3pt); implicit : \fill [red] (2cm+1.5cm,1.5cm-1cm) circle (3pt);</pre>
--	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

	<pre>\draw[dashed] (2,2) circle (2); \fill [red](2+ 2*cos 30 , 2+2*sin 30) circle (3pt); \fill[magenta] (2+2*cos{(120)} , 2+2*sin{(120)}) circle (3pt);</pre>
--	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

6.4 Calculated positions with “calc library calc”

[PGFmanual section : 13-5](#)

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{calc}	
	<pre>\node (a) at (1,1) {A}; \fill [red] (\$a + 2/3*(1cm,0)\$) circle (2pt); \fill [red] (\$a + 4/3*(1cm,0)\$) circle (2pt);</pre>

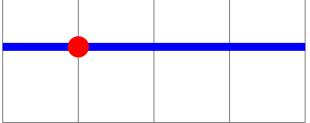
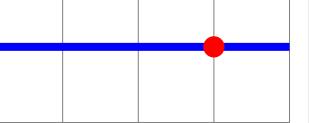
6.5 Tangents with “calc library”

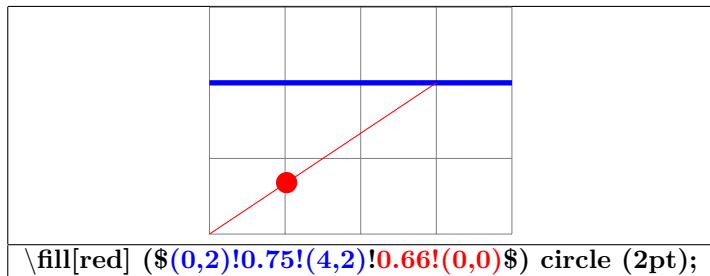
[PGFmanual section : 13-2-4](#)

<pre>\node[fill=green!20] (a) at (3,1.5) {A}; \fill[red] (tangent cs:node=c,point={(A)},solution=1);</pre>	
solution=1	solution=2

6.5.1 Percentage position

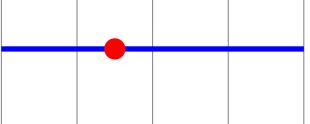
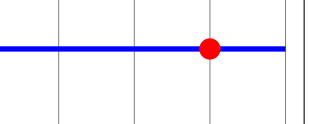
[PGFmanual section : 13-5-3](#)

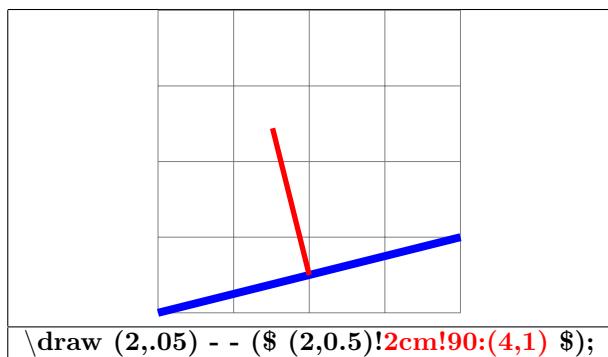
\fill[red] $(0,1)!0.25!(4,1)$ circle (4pt);			
			
(0,1)!0.25!(4,1)		(0,1)!0.75!(4,1)	



6.5.2 Position at a given distance

[PGFmanual section : 13-5-4](#)

\fill[red] $(0,1)!1.5cm!(4,1)$ circle (4pt);			
			
(0,1)!1.5cm!(4,1)		(0,1)!3cm!(4,1)	



6.5.3 Relative coordinates

6.5.4 Cartesian coordinates

[PGFmanual section : 13-4-1](#)

relative to the origin	relative to a position	relative to the last position
<code>(0,0) - - (1,0) - - (2,1) - - (2,-1)</code>	<code>(0,0) - - (1,0) - - +(2,1) - - +(2,-1)</code>	<code>(0,0) - - (1,0) - - ++(2,1) - - +-+(2,-1)</code>

<code>\draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1) rectangle (2,2) rectangle (3,3);</code>	<code>\draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1) rectangle +(2,2) rectangle +(3,3);</code>	<code>\draw (0,0) rectangle (1,1) rectangle ++(2,2) rectangle ++(3,3);</code>

6.5.5 Polar

relative to the origin	relative to a position	relative to the last position
<code>(0:0) - - (0:1) - - (30:2) - - (-30:2)</code>	<code>(0:0) - - (0:1) - - +(30:2) - - +(-30:2)</code>	<code>(0:0)- - (0:1) - - ++(30:2) - - +-+(-30:2)</code>

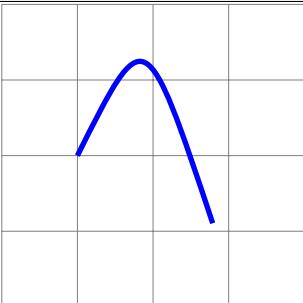
6.5.6 Relative polar coordinate

[PGFmanual section : 13-4-2](#)

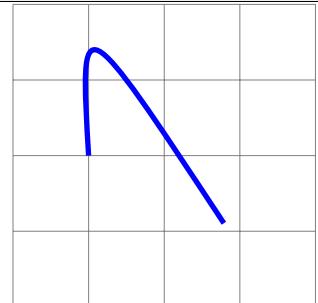
<code>([turn]-45:1cm)</code>	<code>([turn]45:1cm)</code>

<code>\draw (4,0) arc (0 :120 :2) - - ([turn]90:2cm) ;</code>	<code>\draw (0,0) to [bend left] (2,2) - - ([turn]0:2cm);</code>

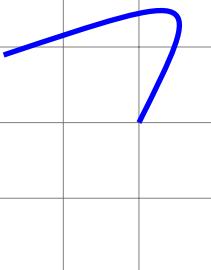
```
\draw(1,2) .. controls ([turn]0:2cm) .. ([turn]-90:2cm);
```



```
([turn]0:2cm) .. ([turn]-90:2cm)
```



```
([turn]30:2cm) .. ([turn]-90:2cm)
```



```
([turn]0:2cm) .. ([turn]90:2cm)
```

7 Nodes

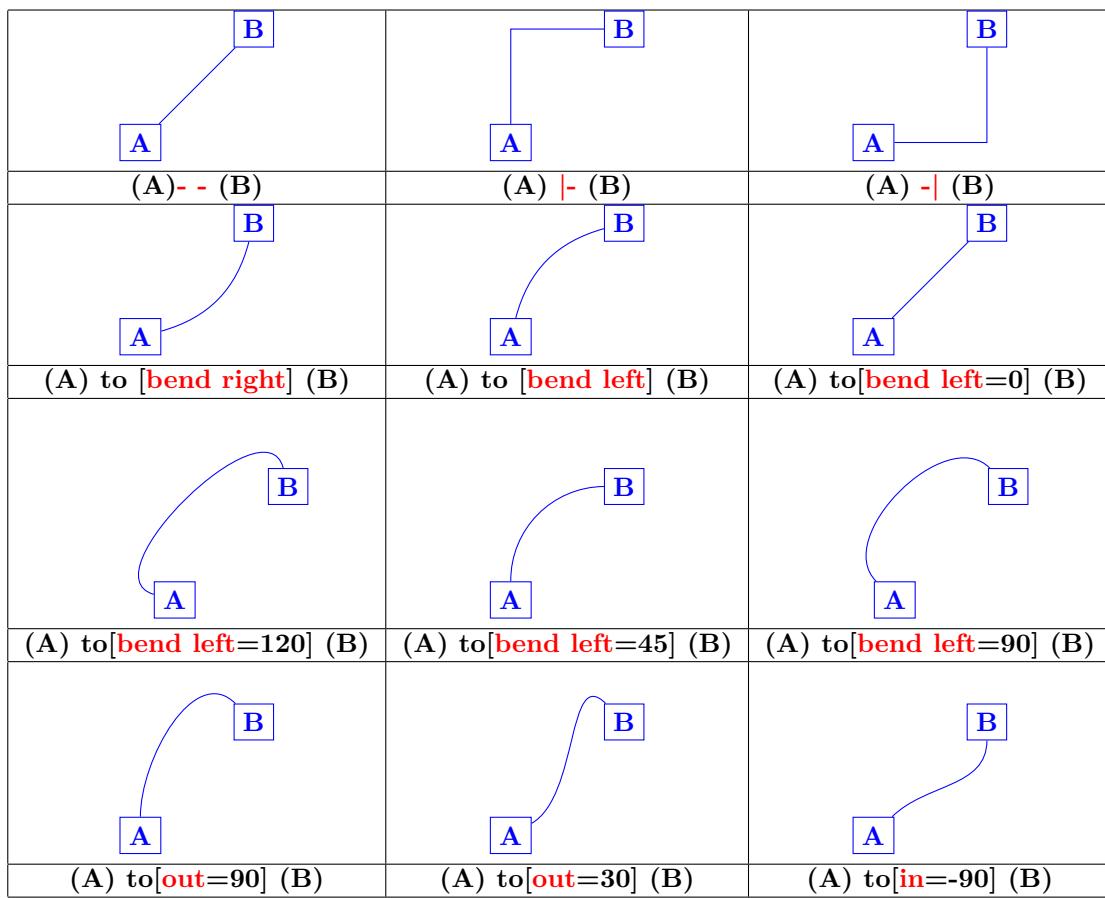
7.1 Creation of nodes

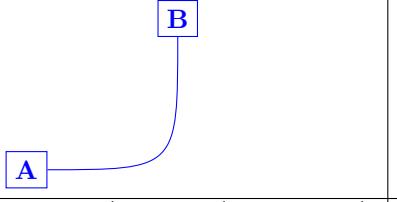
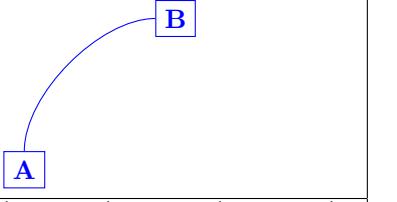
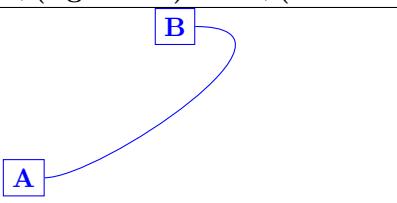
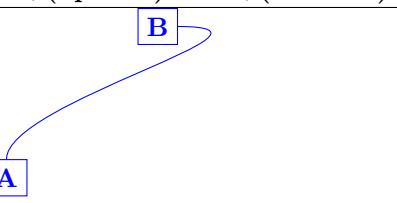
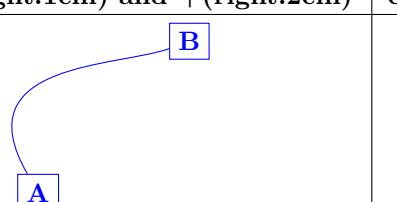
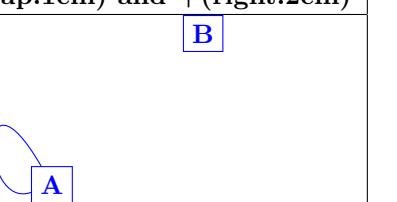
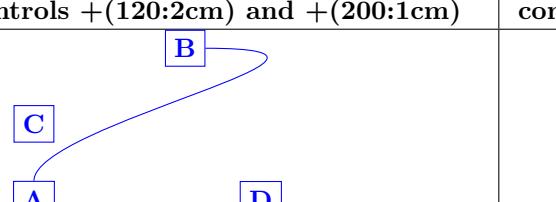
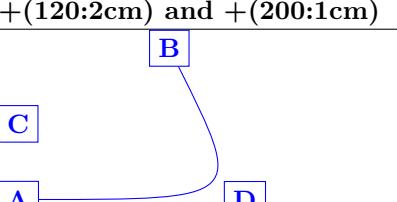
\draw (1,1) node[fill=red!20] {};			
By default	node[draw]	node[circle]	node[circle,draw]

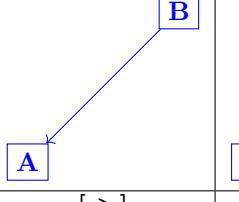
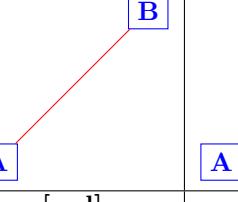
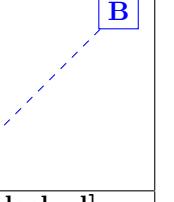
\node at (1,1) [fill=red!20] {};			
[fill=red!20]	[draw]	[circle,fill=red!20]	[circle,draw]

Other type of nodes see page 73

7.2 Links



\draw (A) .. controls +(right:2cm) and +(down:2cm) .. (B);	
	
controls +(right:2cm) and +(down:2cm)	controls +(up:1cm) and +(left:1cm)
	
controls +(right:1cm) and +(right:2cm)	controls +(up:1cm) and +(right:2cm)
	
controls +(120:2cm) and +(200:1cm)	controls +(120:2cm) and +(200:1cm)
	
controls +(C) and +(D)	controls +(D)

\node[draw] (A) at (0,0) {A}; \node[draw] (B) at (2,2) {B} edge [->] (A); PGFmanual section : 17-12-1		
		
[->]	[red]	[dashed]

7.3 Node labels

\fill(0,0) circle (2pt) node[above] {texte} ;			
[above]	[below]	[left]	[right]
texte	texte	texte	texte
[above left]	[below left]	[above right]	[below right]
texte	texte	texte	texte
[anchor=south]	[anchor=west]	[anchor=north]	[anchor=east]
texte	texte	texte	texte
[anchor=south east]	[anchor=south west]	[anchor=north west]	[anchor==north east]

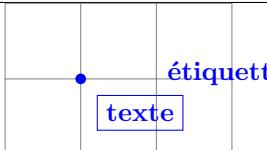
\fill(0,0) circle (2pt) node[above=.3cm] {texte} ;			
[above=.3cm]	[below=.3cm]	[left=.3cm]	[right=.3cm]]
texte	texte	texte	texte
[above left=.3cm]	[below left=.3cm]	[above right=.3cm]	[below right=.3cm]]

```
\shorthandoff{ :} 1
```

```
\node [draw,label=right :texte] {}  
\shorthandon{ :}
```

□ texte	texte □	texte □	□ texte	□ texte
label=right	label=left	label=above	label=below	label=45

```
\fill(0,0) circle (2pt) node[below right=.3cm,draw,label=45 :étiquette] {texte};
```



```
\shorthandoff{ :} \node[circle,draw,blue,pin=texte] {} ; \shorthandon{ :} 1
```

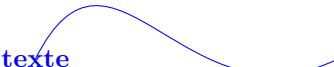
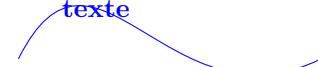
texte ○	texte ○	○ — texte
[circle,pin=texte]	[circle,pin=60 :texte]	[circle,pin=right :texte]

```
\tikz[pin position=60] \node [circle,pin=texte] {} ;
```

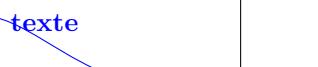
texte ○	texte ○	texte ○
[pin position=60]	[pin distance=0 cm]	[pin distance=2 cm]
By default : above	By default : 3 ex	

¹Only useful when the package babel is loaded with the frenchb option

7.4 Nodes on a path

\draw(0,0) .. controls (1,2) and (2,-1) .. (4,0) node[at end] {texte} ;		
 pos=0	 pos=.33	 at end (pos=1)
 very near end (pos=0.875.)	 near end (pos=0.75)	 midway (pos=0.5)
 sloped	 above	 below
near start (pos=0.25)	very near start (pos=0.125)	at start (pos=0)

\draw(0,0) .. controls (1,2) and (2,1) .. (4,0) node[sloped,midway] {texte} ;		
 sloped	 above	 below

\draw(0,0) .. controls (1,2) and (2,1) .. (5,0) node[sloped,midway,allow upside down] {texte} ;		
 sloped	 above	 below

<code>\draw(A) to [bend right] node [bend right] {texte} (B);</code>			
----------------------------------------------------------------------	--	--	--

7.5 Nodes on an edge

<code>\draw(0,0) edge ["abc", ->] (4,0);</code> PGFmanual section : 17-12-2		
<code>abc</code>	<code>abc</code>	<code>abc</code>
<code>["abc", ->]</code>	<code>["abc", near start]</code>	<code>["abc", style={auto=right}]</code>
<code>abc</code>	<code>abc</code>	<code>abc</code>
<code>[font=\Large,"abc"]</code>	<code>["abc" color=red]</code>	<code>["abc" ']</code>
<code>abc</code>	<code>abc</code>	<code>abc</code>
<code>["abc" draw]</code>	<code>["abc" inner sep=0pt]</code>	<code>["abc" fill ,fill=yellow]</code>

<code>\draw[every edge quotes/.style={fill=yellow}] (0,0) edge ["abc"] (4,0);</code>	
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

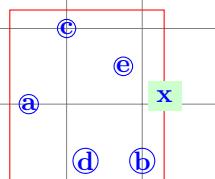
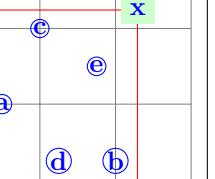
7.6 Fitting nodes

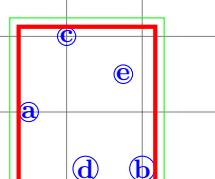
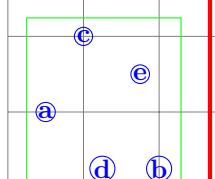
Load package : `\usetikzlibrary{fit}`

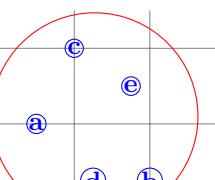
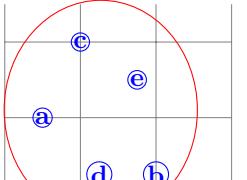
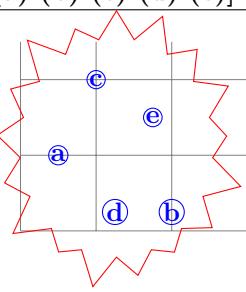
PGFmanual section : 52

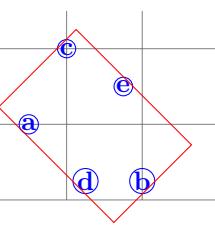
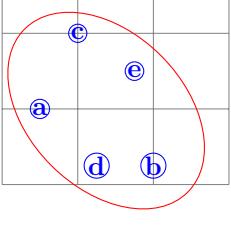
	<code>\fill (.5,1) circle (3pt); \fill (2,.25) circle (3pt); \fill (1,2) circle (3pt); \fill (1.25,0.25) circle (3pt); \fill (1.75,1.5) circle (3pt); \node[draw=red,ultra thick,fit={(0.5,1) (2,0.25) (1,2) (1.25,0.25) (1.75,1.5)}] {};</code>
--	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

	<code>[dot/.style={inner sep=0pt,draw,circle,blue}]\node[dot] (a) at (.5,1) {a};\node[dot] (b) at (2,.25) {b};\node[dot] (c) at (1,2) {c};\node[dot] (d) at (1.25,0.25) {d};\node[dot] (e) at (1.75,1.5) {e};\node[draw=red,ultra thick,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};</code>
--	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

<pre>\node[draw=red,ultra thick,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] (xxx) {};</pre>	<pre>\node at (xxx.east) [fill=green!20] {x};</pre>
	
xxx.east	xxx.north east
xxx.center	

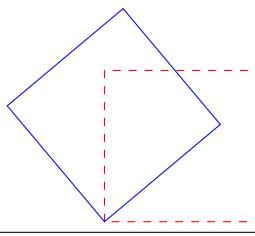
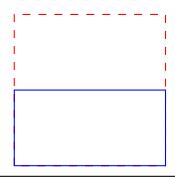
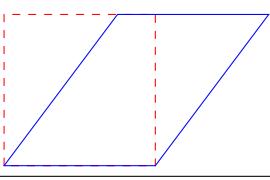
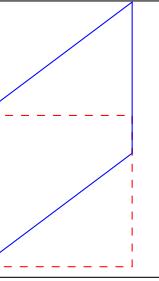
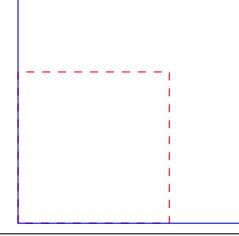
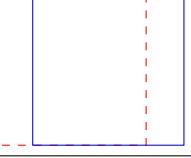
<pre>\node [draw=green,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] ;</pre>	<pre>\node [inner sep=0pt,draw=red,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] ;</pre>
	
inner sep=0pt	inner sep=.5cm

<pre>\node[circle,draw=red,inner sep=0pt,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};</pre>	<pre>\node[ellipse,draw=red,inner sep=0pt,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};</pre>	<pre>\node[starburst,draw=red,inner sep=0pt,fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};</pre>
		
circle	ellipse	shape=starburst (see section 17)

<pre>\node[draw=red, rotate fit=45, fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};</pre>	<pre>\node[draw=red, ellipse, rotate fit=45, fit=(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)] {};</pre>
	
rotate fit=45	ellipse, rotate fit=45

8 Transformations

PGFmanual section : 25-3

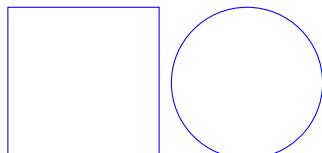
\draw[rotate,blue] (0,0) rectangle (2,2) ;			
			
rotate=40	x=1cm,y=0.5cm	xslant=0.75	yslant=0.75
			
scale=1.5	scale=-1	xshift=0.5cm	yshift=0.5cm

9 Placing the picture

9.1 In the text

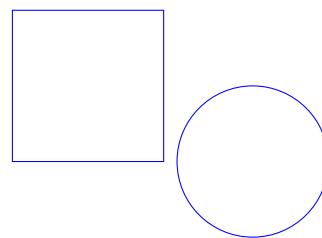
9.1.1 Without offset

PGFmanual section : 12-2



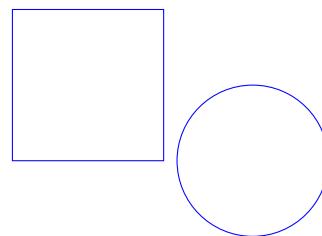
picture in the text here is the following code : \tikz \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2);\tikz \draw (0,0) circle (1);

9.1.2 With zero offset



picture in the text here is the following code : \tikz[baseline=0pt] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2);\tikz[baseline=0pt] \draw (0,0) circle (1);

9.1.3 With an offset



picture in the text here is the following code : \tikz[baseline=-1cm] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2);\tikz[baseline=-1cm] \draw (0,0) circle (1);

9.2 In a tikzpicture environment

[PGFmanual section : 12-1](#)

 text before	 text after	text before \begin{tikzpicture}[blue] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after
 text before	 text after	text before \begin{tikzpicture}[blue, baseline=0pt] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after
 text before	 text after	text before \begin{tikzpicture}[blue, baseline=1cm] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} text after

9.3 In a fbox environment

 text before	 text after	text before \fbox{ \begin{tikzpicture}[blue, baseline=0pt] \draw (0,0) rectangle(2,2); \draw (0,0) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture} } text after
-----------------	----------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

9.4 Bounding box

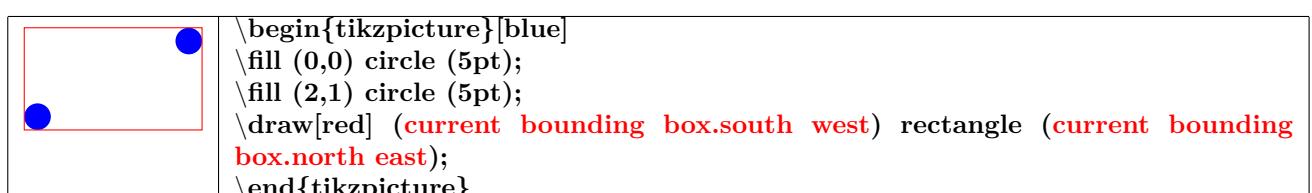
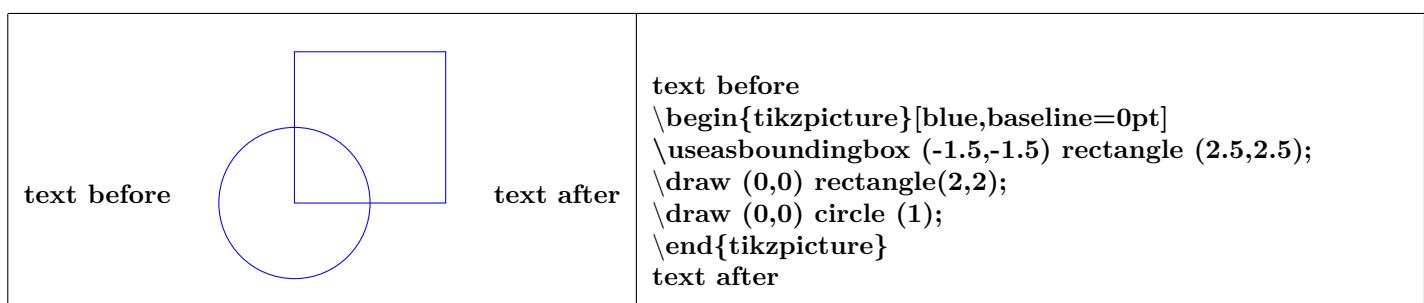
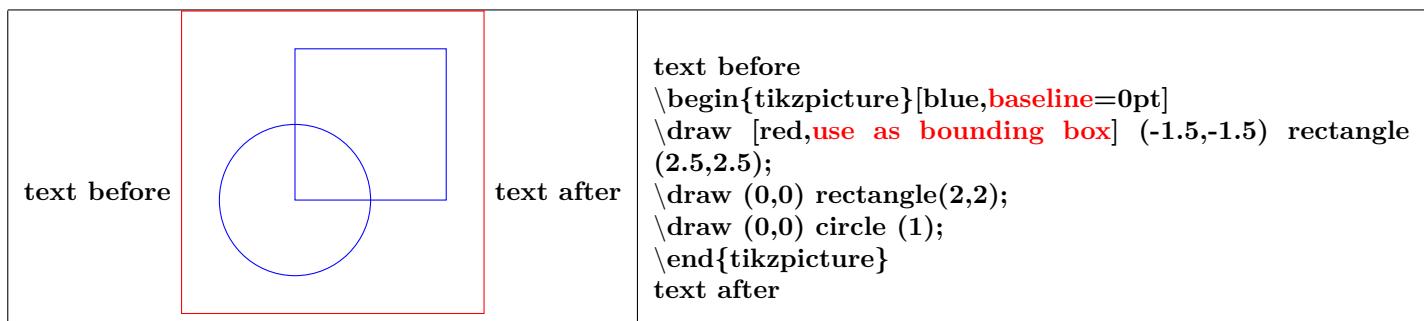
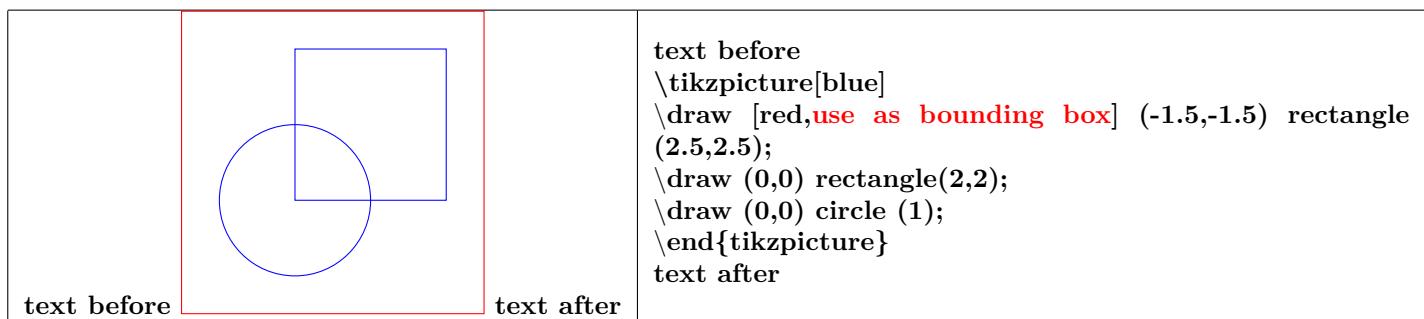
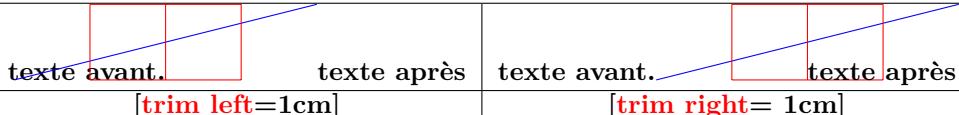
[PGFmanual section : 15-8](#)

\draw [use as bounding box] (1,0) rectangle (2,1); \draw[blue] (-1,0) - - (3,1);	
texte avant	texte après
(1,0) rectangle (2,1)	(0,0) rectangle (0,0)

```

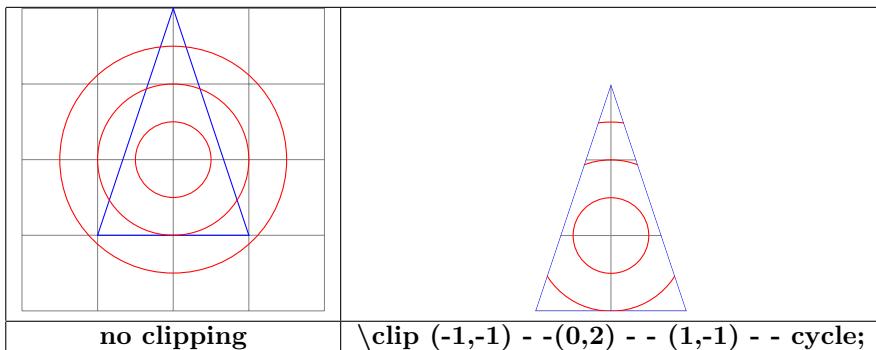
texte avant. \begin{tikzpicture} [trim left=1cm]
\draw[blue] (-1,0) -- (3,1); \draw[red] (0,0) grid (2,1);
\end{tikzpicture} texte après

```

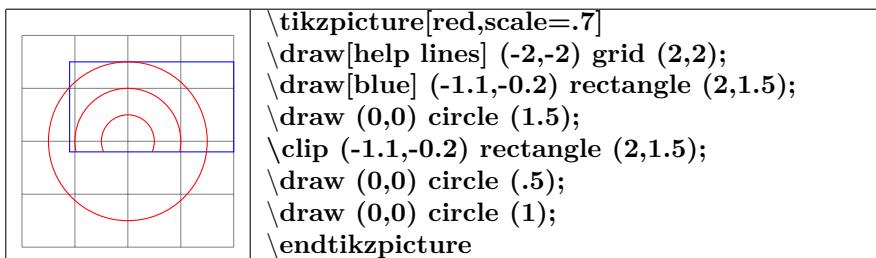


9.5 Clipping the picture

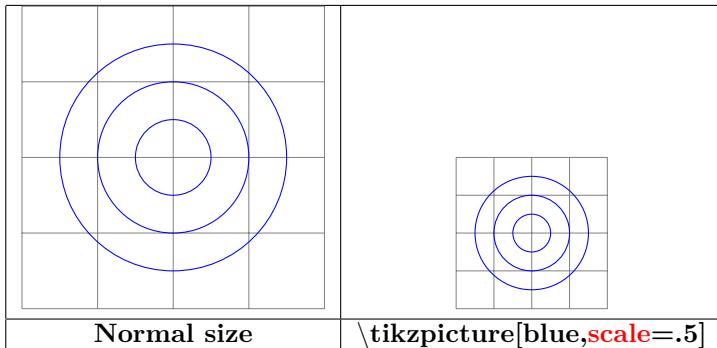
PGFmanual section : 15-9



9.6 Partial clipping



9.6.1 Scaling



10 Scope

10.1 Environment Scope

PGFmanual section : 12-3

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[line width = 3mm]

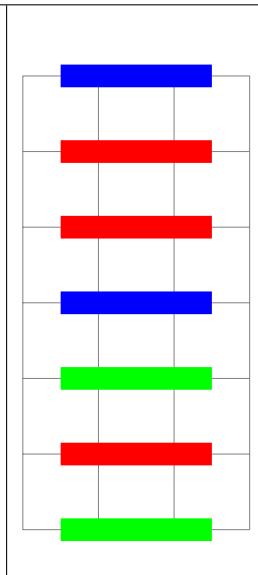
\draw (0.5,6) - - (2.5,6);

\scope[red]
\draw (0.5,5) - - (2.5,5);
\draw (0.5,4) - - (2.5,4);
\end{scope}

\draw (0.5,3) - - (2.5,3);

\scope[green]
\draw (0.5,2) - - (2.5,2);
\draw [red] (0.5,1) - - (2.5,1);
\draw (0.5,0) - - (2.5,0);
\end{scope}

\end{tikzpicture}
```



10.2 library scopes

10.2.1 Shorthand for Scope Environments

PGFmanual section : 12-3-2

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{scopes}

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[line width = 3mm]

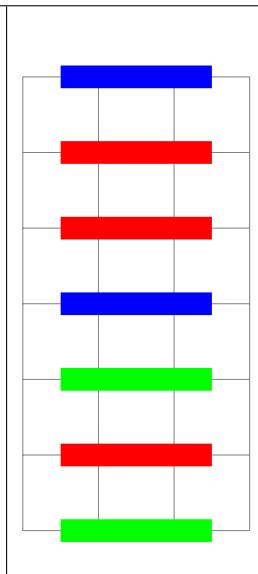
\draw (0.5,6) - - (2.5,6);

{ [red]
\draw (0.5,5) - - (2.5,5);
\draw (0.5,4) - - (2.5,4);
}

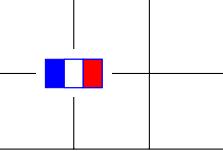
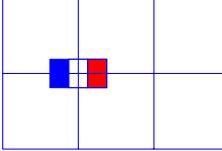
\draw (0.5,3) - - (2.5,3);

{ [green]
\draw (0.5,2) - - (2.5,2);
\draw [red] (0.5,1) - - (2.5,1);
\draw (0.5,0) - - (2.5,0);
}

\end{tikzpicture}
```



10.2.2 Single Command Scopes

	
\node [fill=white] at (1,1) {\texttt{\backslash DFR}}; \scoped [on background layer] \draw (0,0) grid (3,2);	\node [fill=white] at (1,1) {\texttt{\backslash DFR}}; \draw (0,0) grid (3,2);

orth west

north

north east

11 Absolute position on a page

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture,overlay]
\fill(current page.north) circle (5pt) node[below left=4mm] \Huge north ;
\fill(current page.north east) circle (5pt) node[below left=4mm] \Huge north east ;
\fill(current page.north west) circle (5pt) node[below right=4mm] \Huge north west ;
\fill(current page.east) circle (5pt) node[above left=4mm] \Huge east ;
\fill(current page.center) circle (5pt) node[above left=4mm] \Huge center ;
\fill(current page.west) circle (5pt) node[above right=4mm] \Huge west ;
\fill(current page.south) circle (5pt) node[above right=4mm] \Huge south ;
\fill(current page.south west) circle (5pt) node[above right=4mm] \Huge south west ;
\fill(current page.south east) circle (5pt) node[above left=4mm] \Huge south east ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture,overlay]
\node [opacity=.15] at (current page.center) {\includegraphics[width=8cm]{tiger}} ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[remember picture,overlay]
\draw[dotted,opacity=.4] (current page.south west) - - (current page.north east)
    node[near start] {\Huge TIKZ} ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

st

center

east

TIKZ

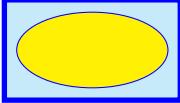
south west

south

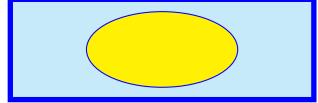
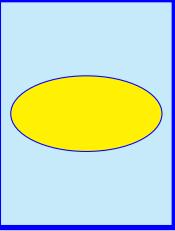
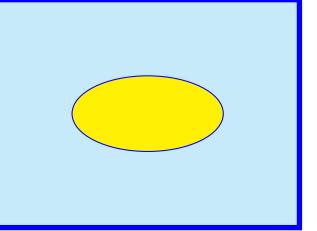
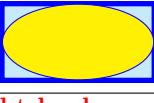
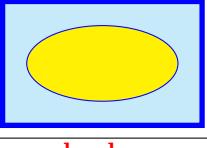
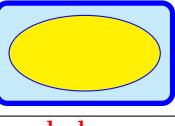
south east

12 Background

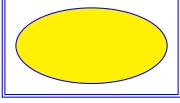
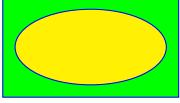
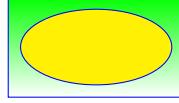
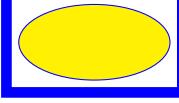
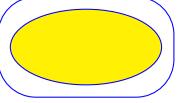
12.1 Framing

	¹ <pre>\begin{tikzpicture}[show background rectangle] \filldraw[fill=yellow] (0,0) ellipse (1 and .5); \end{tikzpicture}</pre> <p><i>Other syntax :</i></p> <pre>\begin{tikzpicture}[framed]</pre>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

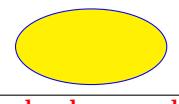
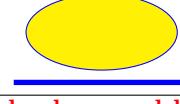
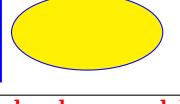
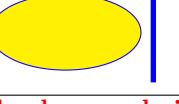
12.1.1 Options

[show background rectangle,inner frame xsep=1cm]		
		
inner frame xsep=1cm	inner frame ysep=1cm	inner frame sep=1cm
By default: inner frame xsep=1ex , inner frame ysep=1ex		
		
tight background (inner frame sep = 0pt)	loose background (inner frame sep = 2ex)	rounded corners

12.1.2 Style

[background rectangle/.style={double,draw=blue},framed]				
				
double	fill=green	top color=green	line width=4pt	rounded corners=0.5cm

12.2 Partial framing

			
show background top	show background bottom	show background left	show background right

¹\tikzset{background rectangle/.style={fill=cyan!20,draw=blue,line width=2pt}}

<code>[framed,show background top,outer frame xsep=1cm]</code>		
<code>outer frame xsep=1cm</code>	<code>outer frame ysep=1cm</code>	<code>outer frame sep=1cm</code>

12.2.1 Style

\begin{tikzpicture}[show background left, [background left/.style={double,ultra thick,draw=blue}]			
<code>double</code>	<code><-></code>	<code>line width=10pt</code>	<code>dashed</code>

12.2.2 Gridding

	\begin{tikzpicture}[show background grid] \filldraw[fill=yellow] (0,0) ellipse (2 and 1); \end{tikzpicture}
<i>Other syntax :</i> \begin{tikzpicture}[gridded]	

12.2.3 Style

\begin{tikzpicture}[background grid/.style={ultra thick,draw=blue},show background grid]		

`ultra thick ,draw=blue,draw=blue` `draw=red` `step=.5cm,draw=blue`

12.2.4 Framing and gridding

	\begin{tikzpicture}[framed , gridded] \filldraw[fill=yellow] (0,0) ellipse (2 and 1); \end{tikzpicture}
--	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

13 Defining your own colors

13.1 Basic colors

black	blue	brown	cyan	darkgray
gray	green	lightgray	lime	magenta
olive	orange	pink	purple	red
teal	violet	white	yellow	
[blue!10]	[blue!30]	[blue!50]	[blue!70]	[blue!90]

13.2 Colors mixing

[blue!30!red]	[red!80!blue!20]	[red!80!blue!50]	[red!80!blue!50!black!40]

13.3 Naming a color

PGFmanual section : 15-2

13.3.1 Percentage of red , green and blue

	\definecolor{macouleur}{rgb}{.75,0.5,0.25} (75% de rouge 50% de vert 25% de bleu) \fill [macouleur] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);
--	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

13.3.2 From existing color

	\colorlet{monrouge}{red!25} \fill [monrouge] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);
	\colorlet{monviolet}{red!25!blue} \fill [monviolet] (0,0) rectangle (2,1);

14 Opacity

PGFmanual section : 23-2

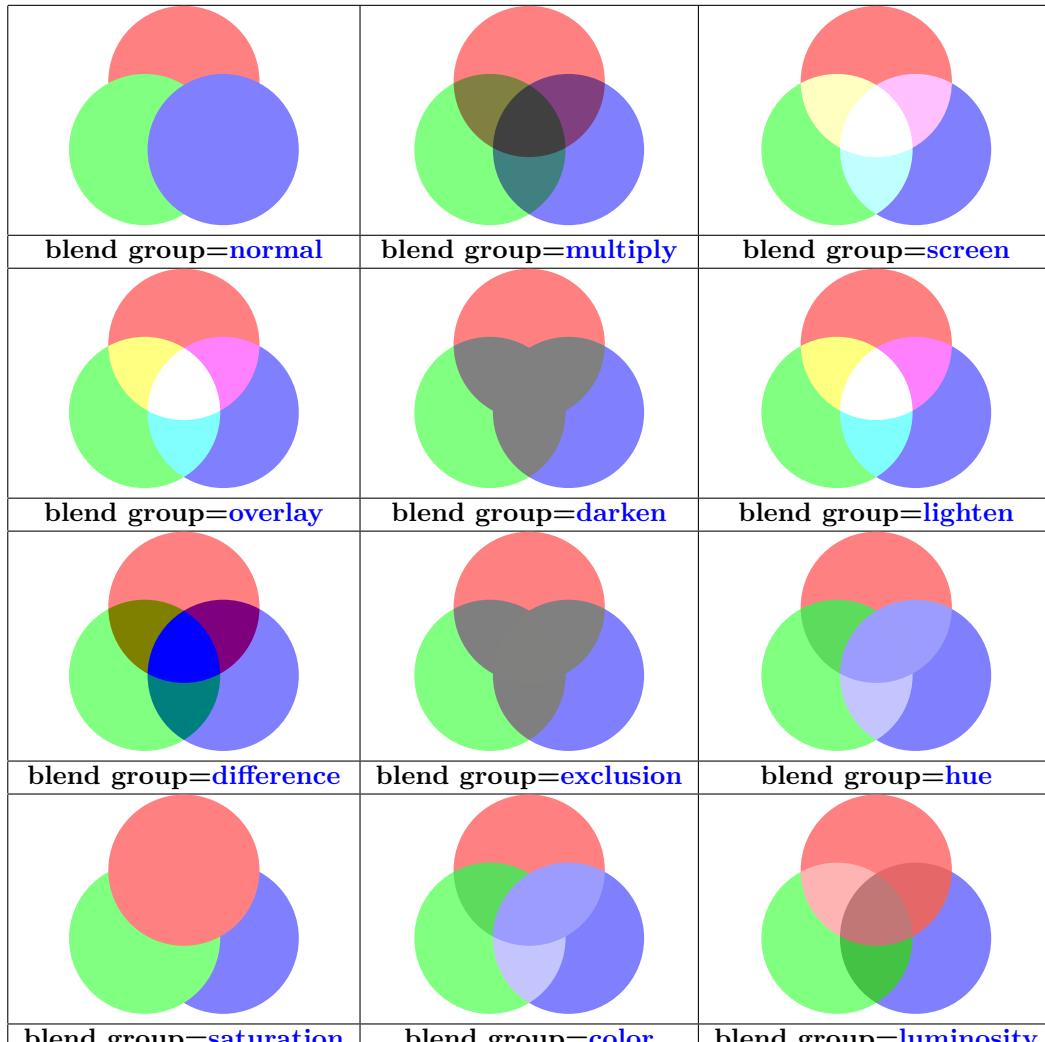
\draw[red] (0,0) – (2,1); \draw [blue, draw opacity=0] (0,1) - - (2,0);				
draw opacity=0	draw opacity=0.25	draw opacity=0.5	draw opacity=0.75	draw opacity=1

\fill[red] (0,0) rectangle (1,1); \fill[blue,transparent] (0.5,0) rectangle (1.5,1);				
transparent	ultra nearly transparent	very nearly transparent	nearly transparent	
semitransparent	nearly opaque	very nearly opaque	ultra nearly opaque	
opaque	fill opacity=.25	fill opacity=.5	fill opacity=.75	

\node at (1,1) [text opacity=1] { \Huge texte} ;				
text opacity=1	text opacity=0.75	text opacity=0.5	opacity=0.25	text opacity=0

14.1 Blend Modes

PGFmanual section : 23-3



Error message Unknown blend mode !

blend group= colordodge	blend group= colorburn	blend group= hardlight	blend group= softlight
--------------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------------------------

14.2 Fading

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{fadings}

14.2.1 Preset patterns

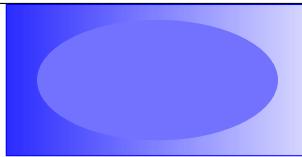
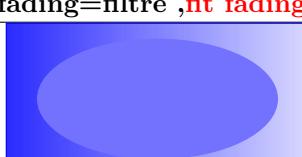
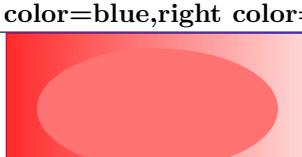
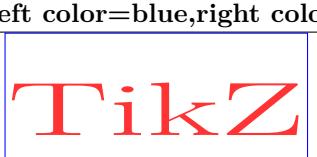
PGFmanual section : 51

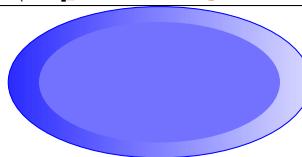
\fill [blue, path fading=north] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);			
path fading=north	path fading=south	path fading=east	path fading=west
path fading=circle with fuzzy edge 10 percent		path fading=circle with fuzzy edge 15 percent	
path fading=circle with fuzzy edge 20 percent		path fading=fuzzy ring 15 percent	

14.2.2 Own patterns of fading with tikzfadingfrompicture

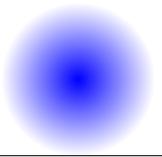
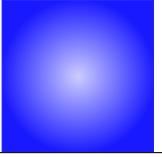
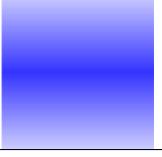
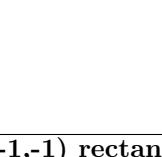
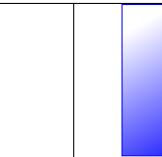
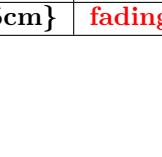
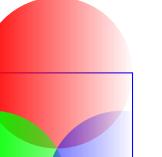
PGFmanual section : 23-4-1

Creation	Visualization
\tikzfadingfrompicture[name=filtre] \shade[left color=yellow,right color=blue!100] (0,0) rectangle (2,2); \fill[blue!50] (1,1) circle (0.7); \end{tikzfadingfrompicture}	
\tikzfadingfrompicture[name=tikz] \node [draw,text=transparent!20]{\fontfamily{ptm}\fontsize{25}{25}\bfseries\selectfont TikZ}; \end{tikzfadingfrompicture}	

Use in a frame			
\fill[path fading=filtre] (-2,-1) rectangle (2,1);			
			
[path fading=filtre]		[path fading=tikz]	
			
[path fading=filtre ,fit fading=false]		[path fading=tikz,fit fading=false]	
			
left color=blue,right color=red		[path left color=blue,right color=red]	
			
[path fading=filtre ,red]		[path fading=tikz,red]	

Use in an ellipse			
\fill[path fading=filtre] (-2,-1) ellipse (2 and 1);			
			
[path fading=filtre]			[path fading=tikz]

14.3 Creating fading patterns with tikzfading

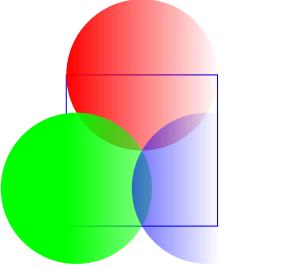
\tikzfading[name=fade right, left color=transparent!0, right color=transparent!100]	
\tikz \filldraw [red,path fading=fade right] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	
\tikzfading[name=fade out, inner color=transparent!0, outer color=transparent!100]	
\tikz \filldraw [blue,path fading=fade out] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	
\tikzfading[name=fade inside, inner color=transparent!80, outer color=transparent!10]	
\tikz \filldraw [blue,path fading=fade inside] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	
\tikzfading[name=middle, top color=transparent!80, bottom color=transparent!80, middle color=transparent!20]	
\tikz \filldraw [blue,path fading=middle] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);	

14.3.1 Modification of the fading pattern

PGFmanual section : 23-4-2

\fill [blue,path fading=north,fading transform={yshift=-.5cm}] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1);			
fading transform={yshift=-.5cm}	fading transform={yshift=-.5cm}	fading angle=30	

PGFmanual section : 23-4-3

\begin{tikzpicture} \draw (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1); \path [scope fading=east] (-1,-1) rectangle (1,1); \fill[red] (90:1) circle (1); \fill[green] (210:1) circle (1); \fill[blue] (330:1) circle (1); \end{tikzpicture}	
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

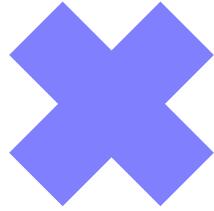
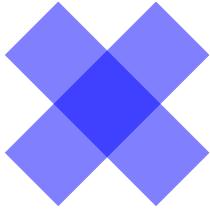
```
\tikz \node [black,scope fading=south,fading angle=45,text width=5cm]
{ VisualTIKZ };
```

VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ
 VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ
 VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ
 VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ
 VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ
 VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ
 VisualTIKZ VisualTIKZ

14.4 Transparency Groups

[PGFmanual section : 23-5](#)

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[opacity=.5]
\draw [line width=1cm] (0,0) -- (2,2);
\draw [line width=1cm] (0,2) -- (2,0);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

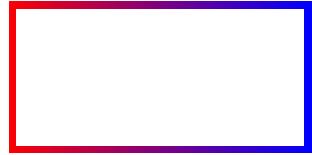


[opacity=.5]

[opacity=.5,transparency group]

Not working !

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\shade [left color=red,right color=blue] (-2,-1) rectangle (2,1);
\begin{scope}[transparency group=knockout]
\fill[white] (-1.9,-.9) rectangle (1.9,.9);
\node [opacity=0] TikZ;
\end{scope}
\end{tikzpicture}
```



15 Create command

Load package : Warning: the creation of the command must be placed before \begin{document} !

syntax : \newcommand{\name}[number of variables]{Description}

Example : command with one variable :

Creation

```
\newcommand
{\maboite}[1]{ % command named "maboite"with one variable
\begin{center} % centering the box
\tikzpicture [node[fill=yellow] % a yellow text box
,text centered % centering the text in the box
,text width=.5\linewidth] % to set the width of the box
#1} ; \end{center} % #1 will be replaced by the variable
}
```

Utilisation : \maboite{contenu}

Load package : contenu

Example : command without variable :

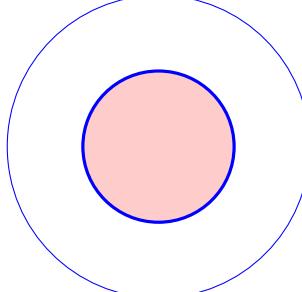
creation

```
\newcommand{\DFR}{\tikzpicture[scale=.25] \draw [fill=blue](0,0) rectangle (3,1.5);
\draw [fill=white](1,0) rectangle (2,1.5); \draw[fill=red](2,0) rectangle (3,1.5);\endtikzpicture }
```

Utilisation : \DFR 

16 Creating styles

16.1 Styles without variable

	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture} [mon style/.style={draw=blue, fill=red!20, very thick}] \draw (0,0) circle (2cm); \draw[mon style] (0,0) circle (1cm); \end{tikzpicture}</pre>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

16.2 Styles with variable

	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture} [mon style/.style={draw=#1, thick, fill=#1!50, scale=.5}] \filldraw [mon style=red] (0,0) rectangle (2,1); \filldraw [mon style=blue] (3,0) rectangle (5,1); \end{tikzpicture}</pre>
With a default value	
	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture} [mon style/.style={draw=#1, fill=#1!20, very thick}, mon style/.default=black] \filldraw [mon style] (0,0) rectangle (2,1); \filldraw [mon style=blue] (3,0) rectangle (5,1); \end{tikzpicture}</pre>

17 Text highlighting

17.1 In a TikZ node

\tikz \draw (0,0) grid (2,2) (1,1) node[fill=red!20,] {texte};			
node[fill=red!20]	node[fill=red!20,draw]	node[fill=red!20,circle]	node[fill=red!20,circle,draw]

17.1.1 Options

\tikz \draw node[draw,double,blue] {texte};							
double	rounded corners	ultra thick	dashed	red	rotate=45	shading=radial	text=red

\tikz \draw node[draw,inner sep=0pt] {texte};							
inner sep=0pt	inner sep=1cm	inner xsep=1cm	inner ysep=1cm	By default : 0.3333em			

\node [fill=red!20,outer sep=1cm] (A) at (1,1) {texte};	\fill (node cs:name=A,anchor=east) circle (3pt);	\fill (node cs:name=A,anchor=south) circle (3pt);
outer sep=1cm	outer sep=0pt	outer xsep=1cm
By default : 0.5\pgflinewidth		

17.1.2 Minimum size

\draw((0,0) node[fill=blue!20,minimum height=1.5cm,draw] {texte} ;	
minimum height=1.5cm	minimum width=3cm
minimum size=1.5cm,draw	minimum size=1.5cm,circle

17.2 Geometric Shapes nodes

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.geometric}

PGFmanual section : 67-3

17.2.1 Available shapes

2 syntaxes :

```
\tikz \node[fill=green!20,shape=diamond,draw,blue] {texte};  
\tikz \node[fill=green!20,diamond,draw] {texte};
```

diamond	ellipse	trapezium	semicircle
star	regular polygon	isosceles triangle	kite
dart	circular sector	cylinder	

17.2.2 Options

<code>\node [trapezium,draw,trapezium left angle=90,draw,blue] {texte};</code>		
trapezium left angle=90	trapezium right angle=90	trapezium angle=120
minimum height=1.5cm trapezium stretches=true	minimum height=1.5cm trapezium stretches=false	minimum width=1.5cm trapezium stretches

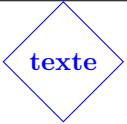
\tikz \node [fill=green!20,star, star points=6,draw] {texte};		
star points = 7	star point height = 2cm	star point ratio = 3
By default 5	By default .5cm	By default 1.5

\node [isosceles triangle, isosceles triangle apex angle=90,draw,blue] {texte}; \node [regular polygon, regular polygon sides=6,draw,blue] {texte};		
isosceles triangle apex angle=90	isosceles triangle stretches	regular polygon sides=6

\node [kite,kite upper vertex angle=90,draw,blue] {texte};		
kite upper vertex angle=90 initially 120	kite lower vertex angle=90 initially 60	kite vertex angles=90

\node [dart,dart tip angle=90,draw,blue] {texte};		
dart tip angle=90 initially 45	dart tail angle=90 initially 135	circular sector angle=90 initially 60

\node [cylinder,aspect=2,draw,blue] {texte};	
	
aspect=2	aspect=4
	
cylinder uses custom fill, cylinder end fill=yellow	cylinder uses custom fill, cylinder body fill=yellow

\draw(0,0) node[shape aspect=1,diamond,draw] {texte} ;			
			
shape aspect=1	shape aspect=2	shape aspect=3	shape aspect=4

17.3 Symbol Shapes nodes

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.symbols}

PGFmanual section : 67-4

17.3.1 Available shapes

forbidden sign	magnifying glass	cloud
starburst	signal	tape

17.3.2 Options

\node[magnifying glass,magnifying glass handle angle=45,draw,blue] {texte} ;		
magnifying glass handle angle=45	magnifying glass handle aspect=3	line width=1ex
By default : -45	By default : 1.5	

\node [cloud,cloud puffs=5,draw,blue] {texte};			
cloud puffs=5	cloud puff arc=270	cloud ignores aspect=false	cloud ignores aspect=true
By default: 10	By default: 135		By default: true

\node [starburst,starburst points=5,draw,blue] {texte};			
starburst points=5	starburst point height=1cm	random starburst=50	random starburst=0

<code>\node [signal,signal pointer angle=45,draw,blue] {texte};</code>			
<code>signal pointer angle=45</code>	<code>signal pointer angle=10</code>	<code>signal pointer angle=300</code>	
By default : signal pointer angle= 90			

<code>\node [signal,signal to=above,draw,blue] {texte};</code>				
<code>signal to=above</code>	<code>signal to=below</code>	<code>signal to=right</code>	<code>signal to=above</code>	

<code>\tikz [signal to=nowhere] \node [signal,signal from=above=45,draw,blue] {texte};</code>				
<code>signal from=above</code>	<code>signal from=below</code>	<code>signal from=right</code>	<code>signal from=above</code>	

<code>signal from=east , signal to=west</code>	<code>signal from=south, signal to=north</code>

<code>\tikz \node [tape, draw,tape bend top=out and in] {texte};</code>			
<code>tape bend top=out and in</code>	<code>tape bend bottom=out and in</code>	<code>tape bend bottom=in and in</code>	
<code>tape bend top=none</code>	<code>tape bend bottom=out and in</code> <code>tape bend top=out and in</code>	<code>tape bend bottom=in and out</code> <code>tape bend top=in and out</code> (By default)	

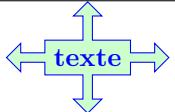
<code>\tikz \node [tape, draw, tape bend height=1cm,blue] {texte};</code>	
By default : tape bend height = 5pt	

17.4 Arrow Shapes nodes

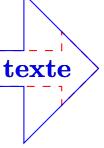
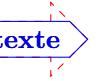
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.arrows}

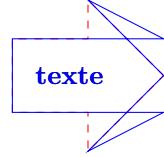
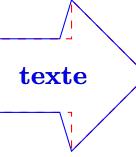
PGFmanual section : 67-5

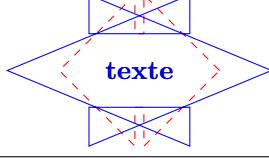
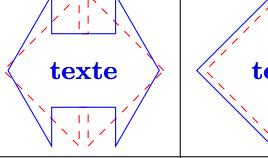
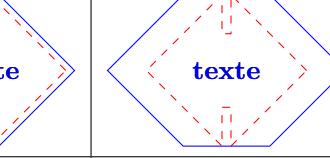
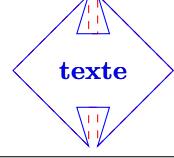
17.4.1 Available shapes

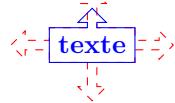
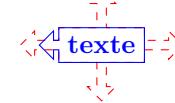
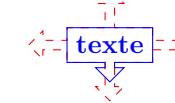
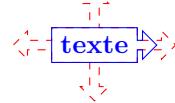
		
single arrow	double arrow	arrow box

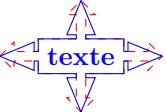
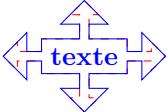
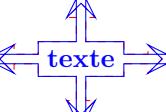
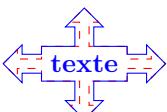
17.4.2 Options

\node[single arrow,draw, single arrow tip angle=45] {texte}; \node[single arrow,draw, single arrow head extend=.75cm] {texte};				
				
angle=45	angle=120	extend=.75cm]	extend=0cm	extend=-1mm
By default: single arrow tip angle= 90			By default: single arrow head extend=0.5cm	

\node[minimum size=2cm,single arrow,draw, single arrow head indent=1cm,blue] {texte};				
				

\node[minimum size=2cm,double arrow,draw, double arrow tip angle=45] {texte}; \node[minimum size=2cm,double arrow,draw, double arrow head extend=1ex] {texte}; \node[minimum size=2cm,double arrow,draw, double arrow head indent=1ex] {texte};				
				
angle=45	angle=120	extend=1ex	extend=0	indent=1ex

\node [arrow box, draw, arrow box arrows={north:.25cm}] {texte};			
			
{north:.25cm}	{west:.25cm}	{south:.25cm}	{east:.25cm}
By default : 0.5 cm			

\node [arrow box, draw, arrow box tip angle=45] {texte};	
	
arrow box tip angle=45 By default: 90	arrow box head extend=.25cm By default: 0.125cm
	
arrow box head indent=.25cm By default : 0cm	arrow box shaft width=.25cm By default : 0.125cm

17.5 Callout Shapes nodes

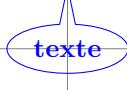
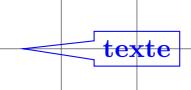
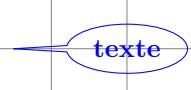
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.callouts}

PGFmanual section : 67-7

17.5.1 Available shapes

		
ellipse callout	rectangle callout	cloud callout

17.5.2 Options

\node [rectangle callout,draw,callout absolute pointer=(0,1)] at (2,1) {texte};			
			
callout relative pointer={(0,1)}		callout absolute pointer={{(0,1)}}	
			
callout pointer shorten=.5cm			

\node [ellipse callout,draw,callout pointer arc=1] at (0,1.5) {texte};		
		
callout pointer arc=1	callout pointer arc=30	callout pointer arc=90
By default : callout pointer arc=15		

\node[draw,cloud callout, aspect=2.5] {texte};		
		
cloud puffs=5	aspect=2.5	cloud puff arc=120

<pre>\node [draw,cloud callout,callout pointer start size=.1] {texte};</pre> 		
callout pointer start size=.1	start size=.8cm	start size=20pt and 1pt
By default : callout pointer start size = .2 of callout		
 callout pointer end size=.5	 callout pointer end size=.8cm	 callout pointer segments=3
By default : callout pointer start size = .1 of callout		By default : segments=2

17.6 Miscellaneous Shapes nodes

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.misc}

PGFmanual section : 67-8

17.6.1 Available shapes

cross out	strike out	rounded rectangle	chamfered rectangle

17.6.2 Options

Options for “rounded rectangle” :

```
\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle arc length=270] {texte};
```

270	180	120	90	45

```
\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle west arc=concave] {texte};  
\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle left arc=concave] {texte};
```

concave	convex	none	

```
\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle east arc=concave] {texte};  
\node [draw, rounded rectangle,rounded rectangle right arc=concave] {texte};
```

concave	convex	none

Options for “chamfered rectangle” :

```
\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle angle=30] {texte};
```

10	30	60	80
By default: 45			

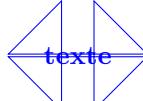
```
\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle xsep=10pt] {texte};
```

xsep=0pt	xsep=5pt	xsep=10pt	xsep=-10pt	xsep=2cm
By default: 0.666ex				

```
\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle ysep=10pt] {texte};
```

ysep=0pt	ysep=5pt	ysep=10pt	ysep=-10pt	ysep=1cm

```
\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle ysep=10pt] {texte};
```

				
sep=0pt	sep=5pt	sep=10pt	sep=-10pt	sep=1cm

```
\node [draw, chamfered rectangle,chamfered rectangle corners=north west] {texte};
```

		
north west	{north east, south east}	{north east, south west}

17.7 Shapes with Multiple Text Parts

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{shapes.multipart}

PGFmanual section : 67-6

\node [circle split,draw,fill=green!20]{haut \nodepart{lower} bas};			
circle split	circle solidus	ellipse split	rectangle split

	\node[rectangle split,rectangle split parts=5, draw] {texte 1 \nodepart{second} texte 2 \nodepart{four} texte 3}; By default: rectangle split parts=4
--	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,rectangle split horizontal,draw,blue] {texte1\nodepart{two}texte2\nodepart{three}texte3};	

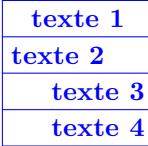
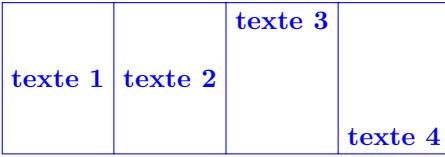
	\node[rectangle split,rectangle split parts=5, draw] {texte 1 \nodepart{second} texte 2a \\ texte 2b \\ texte 2c \nodepart{three} texte 3a \\ texte 3b};
--	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

\node[rectangle split, draw,blue,minimum size = 2cm,rectangle split draw splits= true] {texte 1 \nodepart{two} texte 2 \nodepart{three} texte 3 \nodepart{four} texte 4};	
rectangle split draw splits= true By default	rectangle split draw splits= false

\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,draw,rectangle split ignore empty parts=false] {texte 1 \nodepart{second} \nodepart{third}texte 3};	

\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,draw,rectangle split empty part depth=1cm]{texte 1 \nodepart{second} \nodepart{third}texte 3};	
	
rectangle split empty part depth=1cm	text depth=1cm
By default: 0ex	By default: 0ex
	
rectangle split empty part height=1cm	text height=1cm
By default: 1ex	By default: 1ex

\node [rectangle split,rectangle split parts=3,draw,rectangle split empty part width=1cm] {};	
	
rectangle split empty part width=2cm	By default: 1ex

	\node[rectangle split, draw,blue,minimum size = 2cm, rectangle split part align={center, left,right}] {texte 1 \nodepart{two} texte 2 \nodepart{three} texte 3 \nodepart{four} texte 4};
	\node[rectangle split, draw,blue,minimum size = 2cm, rectangle split horizontal, rectangle split part align={center,base, top,bottom}] {texte 1 \nodepart{two} texte 2 \nodepart{three} texte 3 \nodepart{four} texte 4};

	\node[rectangle split, draw,blue, minimum width=1cm, rectangle split part fill={red, green,cyan}]{};
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

17.8 Text attributes

17.8.1 Position

PGFmanual section : 17-4-3

<pre>\tikz \draw (0,0) node[fill=blue!10,text width=2cm,text justified]{Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm};</pre>			
Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm.	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .
without option	text justified	text centered	text ragged
Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm.	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .
text badly ragged	text badly centered	align=center	align=flush center
Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .	Ceci est une démonstration d'un texte sur une largeur de 2cm .
align=justify	align=flush right	align=right	align=flush left

17.8.2 Colors and Fonts

Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.
[text= red]	[font=\itshape]	[font=\slshape]	[font=\scshape]	[font=\upshape]	[font=\bfseries]

17.8.3 Font Sizes

<pre>\tikz \draw (0,0) node[font=\tiny]{Texte.}</pre>						
Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.	Texte.
\tiny	\footnotesize	\small	\large	\Large	\huge	\Huge

PGFmanual section : 17-4-4

text height=1cm	text depth=1cm

17.9 Positions on a node

17.9.1 For all types of node

PGFmanual section : 17-5-1

north west	north	north east	text
west	mid west	base west	base
east	mid east	base east	mid
south east	south	south west	center
0	120	-60	

17.9.2 Specific to a node

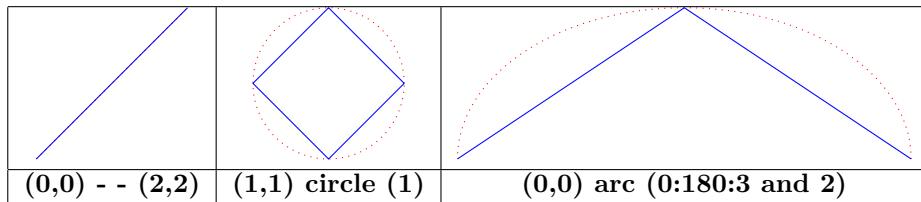
In a future version

18 Decorations

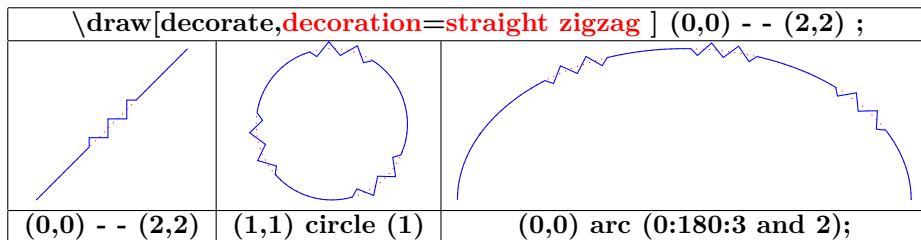
18.1 Library “decorations.pathmorphing”

[PGFmanual section : 48-2](#)

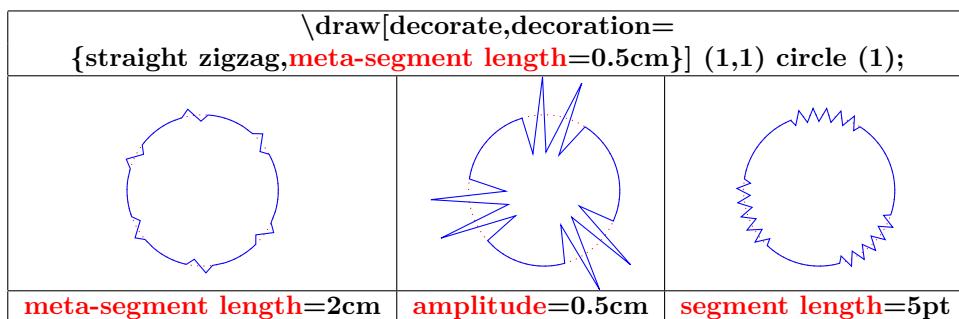
18.1.1 “lineto”



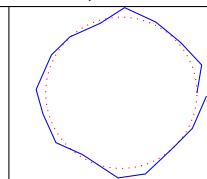
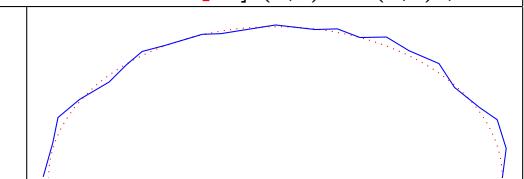
18.1.2 “straight zigzag”

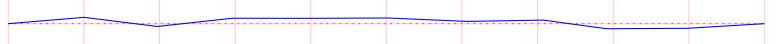
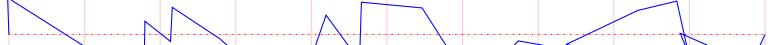
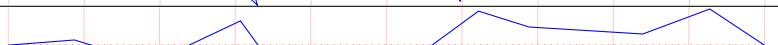


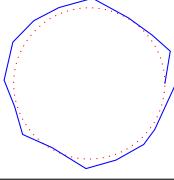
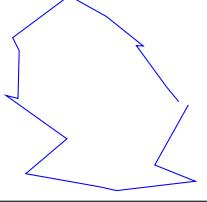
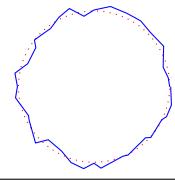
<code>\draw[decorate,decoration={straight zigzag, meta-segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);</code>		By default
<code>meta-segment length=2cm</code>		1cm
<code>amplitude=0.5cm</code>		2.5pt
<code>segment length=1cm</code>		10pt



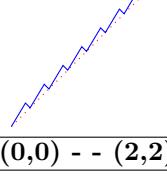
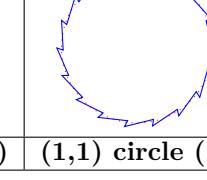
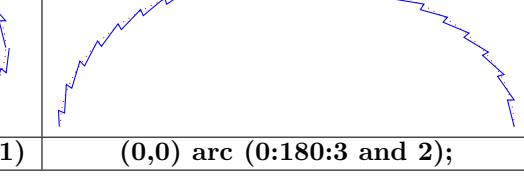
18.1.3 “random steps”

\draw[decorate,decoration=random steps] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		
(0,0) - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

\draw[decorate,decoration={random steps,segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
segment length=2pt		10pt
segment length=1cm		
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5pt
amplitude=0.5cm ,segment length=1cm		

\draw[decorate,decoration= {random steps,segment length=2cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
meta-segment length=2cm	amplitude=0.5cm	segment length=5pt

18.1.4 “saw”

\draw[decorate,decoration=saw] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
		

\draw[decorate,decoration={saw,meta-segment length=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
segment length=0.5cm		10 pt
segment length=2cm		
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration={saw, segment length=20pt}] (1,1) circle (1);</code>			
segment length=20pt	segment length=5pt	amplitude=0.5cm	

18.1.5 “zigzag”

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;</code>			
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);	

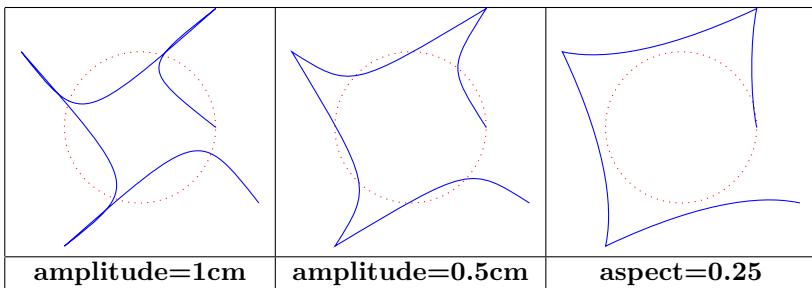
<code>\draw[decorate,decoration={zigzag, meta-segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);</code>		By default
segment length=0.5cm		10pt
segment length=2cm		
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration= {saw, segment length=20pt }] (1,1) circle (1);</code>			
segment length=20pt	segment length=5pt	amplitude=0.5cm	

18.1.6 “bent”

<code>(0,0) - - (2,2)</code>		
(0,0) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);	

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration={bent,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) -- (10,0);</code>	By default
amplitude =0.5cm	2.5 pt
aspect =0.1 (en bleue) aspect =0.9 (en vert) amplitude=0.5cm	0.5



18.1.7 “bumps”

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration=bumps] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;</code>	
(0,0) - - (2,2)	
(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration={bumps,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);</code>	By default
amplitude =0.5cm	2.5 pt
segment length =1cm	10 pt

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration= {bumps,amplitude=10pt}] (1,1) circle (1);</code>	
amplitude=10pt	
amplitude=0.5cm	segment length=20pt

18.1.8 “coil”

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration=coil] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;</code>	
(0,0) - - (2,2)	
(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration={coil,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);</code>	By default
amplitude =0.5cm	
segment length =1cm	
aspect =0.1 (amplitude=0.5cm)	
aspect =0.3	
aspect =0.9	

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration= {coil,amplitude=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1);</code>		
amplitude =0.5 cm	segment length =1cm amplitude=0.5cm	aspect =0.25 amplitude=0.5cm

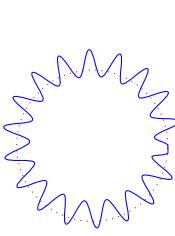
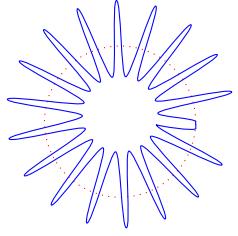
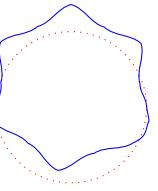
18.1.9 “curveto”

<code>(0,0) - - (2,2)</code>	<code>(1,1) circle (1)</code>	<code>(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)</code>

18.1.10 “snake”

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration=snake] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;</code>		
<code>(0,0) - - (2,2)</code>	<code>(1,1) circle (1)</code>	<code>(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)</code>

<code>\draw[decorate,decoration={snake,segment length=2cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);</code>		By default
amplitude =0.5cm		2.5 pt
segment length =1cm		10 pt

<pre>\draw[decorate,decoration= snake, amplitude=5pt] (1,1) circle (1);</pre>			
amplitude =5pt	amplitude =0.5cm		segment length =5pt

18.2 Library “decorations.pathreplacing”

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.pathreplacing}

PGFmanual section : 48-3

18.2.1 “border”

\draw[decorate,decoration=border] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

\draw[decorate,decoration={border, amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	2.5 pt
segment length=1cm , amplitude=0.5cm	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	10 pt
angle=90 , amplitude=0.5cm		45

\draw[decorate,decoration= {border,amplitude=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
amplitude=0.5cm	segment length=1cm ,amplitude=0.5cm	angle=90 ,amplitude=0.5cm

18.2.2 “brace”

_____ | \draw [decorate,decoration=brace] (0,0) - - (3,1);

\draw[decorate,decoration= {brace,amplitude=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1); ;			
amplitude=0.5cm	aspect=0.65 ,amplitude = 0.5cm	raise= 0.25cm ,amplitude = 0.5cm	mirror ,amplitude = 0.5cm
By default: 2.5	By default: 0.5	By default: 0	

18.2.3 "expanding waves"

	\draw [dashed,red](0,0) - - (20:2) ; \draw [dashed,red](0,0) - - (-20:2) ; \draw [decorate,decoration={expanding waves}](0,0) - - (2,0) ;
--	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

\draw[decorate,decoration= {expanding waves,segment length=0.5cm}] (1,1) circle (1);	
segment length=0.5cm By default: 10pt	angle=45 By default: 20

18.2.4 "moveto"

see page 113

18.2.5 "ticks"

\draw[decorate,decoration=ticks] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;		

(0,0) - - (2,2) (1,1) circle (1) (0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

\draw[decorate,decoration={ticks,amplitude=0.5cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);		By default
amplitude=0.5cm		2.5 pt
segment length=1cm		10 pt

\draw[decorate,decoration= {ticks,segment length=1cm}] (1,1) circle (1);		
segment length=1cm (1,1) circle (1)	segment length=pi*8 (1,1) circle (32pt)	amplitude=0.5cm (1,1) circle (1)

18.2.6 "waves"

<pre>\draw[decorate,decoration=waves] (0,0) - - (2,2) ;</pre>		
(0,0) - - (2,2)	(1,1) circle (1)	(0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2)

<pre>\draw[decorate,decoration={waves,angle=60,radius=1cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);</pre>		By default
angle=60		45
segment length=1cm		10 pt
radius=2cm		10 pt

<pre>\draw[decorate,decoration= {waves,segment length=pi*8, radius=1cm}] (1,1) circle (32pt);</pre>		
segment length = pi*8	angle=60 , segment length = pi*8	radius=2cm , segment length = pi*8

18.2.7 “show path construction”

<i>path to decorate</i>
\draw [blue,dashed] (0,0) -- (2,1) arc (-20:135:1) -- cycle (3,2) .. controls (7,0) and (2,0) .. (5,2) -- (6,2) sin (7.57,0) -- (8,3) ;

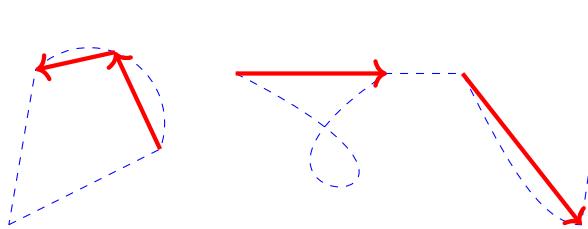
Linear components : “lineto”
decoration={ show path construction, lineto code =\draw [red,ultra thick,->] (\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}

Path terminations : “closepath”
decoration={ show path construction, closepath code =\draw [red,ultra thick,->] (\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}

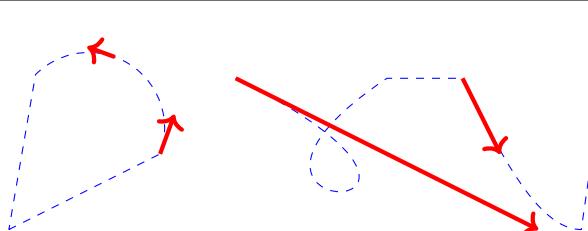
Broken paths : “moveto”
decoration={ show path construction, moveto code =\draw [red,ultra thick,->] (\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}

Curved segments : “curveto”

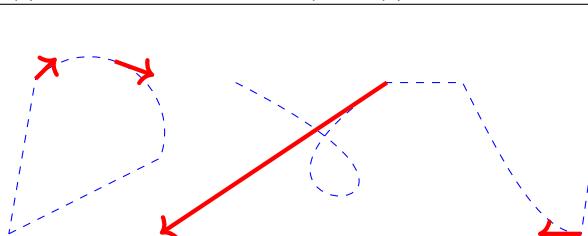
```
decoration={ show path construction,  
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]  
(\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentlast); },}
```



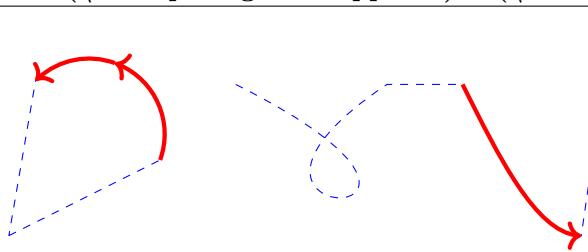
```
decoration={ show path construction,  
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]  
(\tikzinputsegmentfirst) - - (\tikzinputsegmentsupporta); },}
```



```
decoration={ show path construction,  
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]  
(\tikzinputsegmentlast) - - (\tikzinputsegmentsupportb); },}
```



```
decoration={ show path construction,  
curveto code={ \draw [red,ultra thick,->]  
(\tikzinputsegmentfirst) .. controls (\tikzinputsegmentsupporta)  
and (\tikzinputsegmentsupportb) .. (\tikzinputsegmentlast) ; },}
```



.. controls (7,0) and (2,0) .. (5,2) don't work !

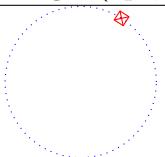
18.3 Library “decorations.markings”

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.markings}

PGFmanual section : 48-4

18.3.1 Personal mark at one position

```
\draw [decorate,decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm
with { \draw[red] (-2pt,-2pt) - - (2pt,2pt); \draw[red](2pt,-2pt) - - (-2pt,2pt);
\draw[red] (-2pt,-2pt) rectangle (2pt,2pt); }}] (1,1) circle (1);
```



18.3.2 Marks between positions with step size

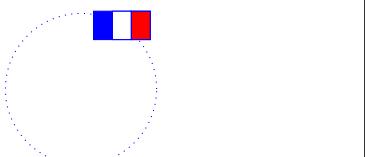
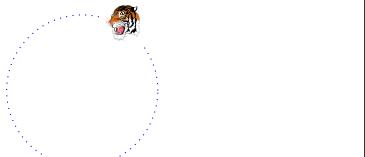
<code>\draw[decorate,{markings,mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 5mm with ... }] (1,1) circle (1);</code>	
<code>mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 5mm</code>	<code>between positions 0 and 0.5 step 5mm</code>
<code>mark= between positions 0 and 1 step 1/10</code>	<code>between positions 0 and 1 step0.1</code>

18.3.3 Marks with a text node

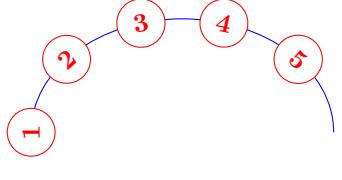
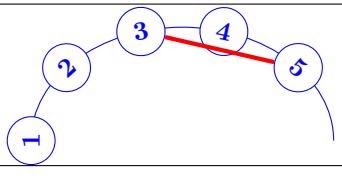
```
decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm with \node[red]{texte}}
```

<code>at position 1cm</code>	<code>at position 0.5</code>	<code>at position -1cm</code>
<code>at position 1cm/2</code>	<code>at position 0.5/2</code>	<code>at position -0.5/2</code>

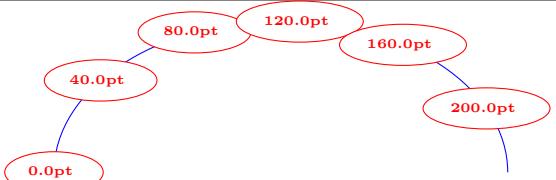
18.3.4 Mark with a picture node

<code>\draw [decorate,decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm with \node{\DFR}; }] (1,1) circle (1);</code>	
<code>\node{\DFR}</code>	<code>\node[transform shape]{\DFR}</code>
	
<code>\node{\includegraphics[width=0.5cm]{tiger}}</code>	<code>\node[transform shape]{\includegraphics[width=0.5cm]{tiger}}</code>

18.3.5 Numbered marks

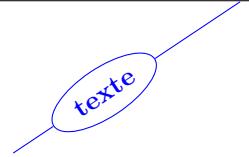
	<pre>decoration={markings, mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 0.2 with { \node [draw , circle ,fill=white, name= marque-\pgfkeysvalueof{/pgf/decoration/mark info/sequence number},, transform shape] {\pgfkeysvalueof{/pgf/decoration/mark info/sequence number}};}}</pre>
	<pre>\draw [red,ultra thick] (marque-3) - - (marque-5);</pre>

18.3.6 Marks info

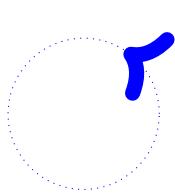
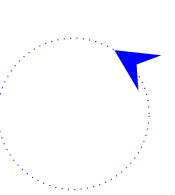
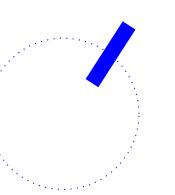
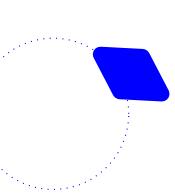
	<pre>decoration={markings, mark=between positions 0 and 1 step 40pt with { \node [red,draw,ellipse,fill=white,font=\tiny] {\pgfkeysvalueof{/pgf/decoration/mark info/distance from start}} };} }</pre>
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

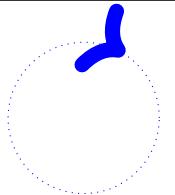
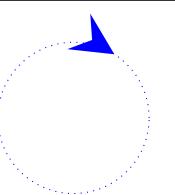
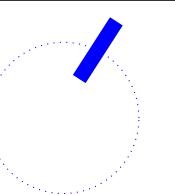
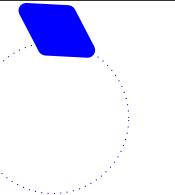
/pgf/decoration/reset marks (no value)
/pgf/decoration/mark connection node=node name (no default, initially empty)

18.3.7 Mark with a connection node

	\draw [decorate,decoration={markings, mark connection node=mon noeud,mark=at position 0.4 with \node [draw,ellipse,blue,transform shape] (mon noeud) {texte};}]; (0,0) – (3,2) ;
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

18.3.8 Arrow Tip Markings

\draw[decorate,decoration={ markings,mark=at position 1cm with \{arrow[blue,line width=2mm]{>}\};}] (1,1) circle (1);			
			
{>}	{stealth }	{ }	{diamond}
Other possibilities see page 20			

\draw[decorate,decoration={markings,mark=at position 1cm with \{arrowreversed[blue,line width=2mm]{>}\};}] (1,1) circle (1);			
			
{>}	{stealth }	{ }	{diamond}

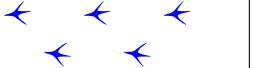
18.4 Library “decorations.footprints”

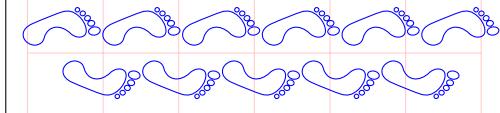
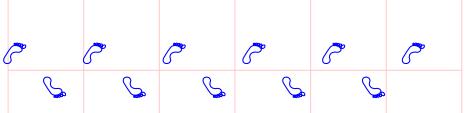
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.footprints}

PGFmanual section : 48-5-2

\tikz \draw[decorate,decoration=footprints] (0,0) – (10,0);


\draw[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot of = gnome }] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
			
foot of = gnome	foot of = human (By default)	foot of = bird	foot of = felis silvestris

\fill[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot of = gnome}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
			
foot of = gnome	foot of = human	foot of = bird	foot of = felis silvestris

\fill[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot length=20pt}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);	
	
foot length=1cm	stride length=2cm
By default : 10pt	By default : 30pt
	
foot sep=1cm	foot angle = 45
By default : 4pt	By default : 10

\fill[decorate,decoration={footprints,foot length=20pt}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
			
foot length=20pt	foot length=1cm	stride length=15pt	stride length=2cm
By default : foot length=10pt	By default : stride length=30pt		
			
foot sep=10pt	foot sep=1cm	foot angle = -45	foot angle = 45
By default : foot sep=4pt		By default : foot angle=10	

18.5 Library “decorations.shapes”

18.5.1 Introduction

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.shapes}

PGFmanual section : 48-5-3

\draw[decorate,decoration=crosses] (0,0) - - (3,0);		
crosses	triangles	shape backgrounds

\draw[decorate,decoration={crosses,segment length=1cm}](0,0) - - (10,0);			
segment length = 1cm			
shape width = 1cm			
shape height = 1cm			
shape size = 1cm			
By default: shape width = shape height = 2.5pt			

18.5.2 “shape backgrounds”

\draw[decorate with=dart] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
dart	diamond	rectangle	circle
star	regular polygon	signal	kite
Other possibilities or parameters see from page 74			

Shapes available	
Syntax	\draw[decorate,decoration={ shape backgrounds,shape=dart, shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);
Other syntax	\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,0) - - (10,0);
dart	
rectangle	
cloud	
star	
starburst	
tape	
kite	
signal	
By default: shape= circle	
Other possibilities see page 74	

Parameters			
\draw[decorate with=star, star points =3,decoration={shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
star points=3	star points=4	star points=5	star points=8
\draw[decorate with=star, paint =green,decoration={shape size=.5cm,shape sep=1cm}] (0,2.5) - - (3,2.5);			
paint =green	double	ultra thick	star point ratio = 3

Spacing			
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape sep=1cm}] (0,2.5) - - (10,2.5);			
shape sep={1cm}			
shape sep={2cm}			
By default: shape sep= 0.25cm			

Type of spacing			
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape sep={1cm,between centers}}] (0,2.5) - - (10,2.5);			
between centers			
between borders			
By default: between centers			

Automatic spacing			
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape evenly spread=5}] (0,0) - - (10,0);			
shape evenly spread=5			
shape evenly spread=10			

Orientation :

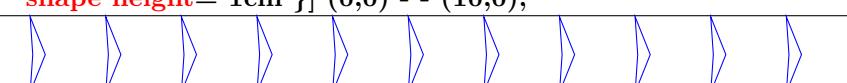
” shape border rotate “			
shape border rotate=90			
shape border rotate=45			
shape border rotate=180			

“shape sloped”			
\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape width=.5cm,shape sep=1cm, shape sloped=true }] (0,0) - - (3,3);			
shape sloped=true	shape sloped=false		
By default: shape sloped=true			

<pre>\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape width=.5cm,shape sep=1cm, shape sloped=true}] (0,0) arc (0:180:3 and 2);</pre>	
shape sloped=true	shape sloped=false
By default: shape sloped=true	

<pre>\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape width=.5cm,shape sep=1cm, shape border rotate=90,shape sloped=true}] (0,0) - - (3,3);</pre>	
shape sloped=true	shape sloped=false

“shift only”	
<pre>decoration= transform={shift only},shape width=5mm,segment length=.5cm,shape sep=1cm</pre>	
avec	sans

Dimensions	
	<pre>\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape height= 1cm }] (0,0) - - (10,0);</pre>
shape height=1cm	
shape width=1cm	
shape size=1cm	

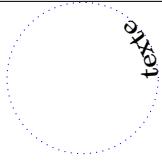
	<pre>\draw[decorate with=dart,decoration={shape size=.5cm, shape start size=1cm,shape scaled }] (0,2.5) - - (10,2.5);</pre>
shape start size=1cm	
shape start height=1cm	
shape start width=1cm	
shape end size=1cm	
shape end height=1cm	
shape end width=1cm	

18.6 Library “decorations.text”

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.text}

PGFmanual section : 48-6

```
\draw[decorate,decoration={text along path,text={texte}}] (1,1) circle (1);
```



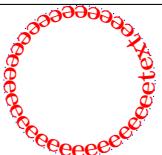
Text too long

```
\draw[decorate,decoration={text along path,
text={Un Deux Trois Quatre Cinq Six sept Huit Neuf Dix}}] (1,1) circle (1);
```

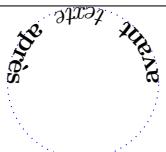


Text format

```
\draw [decorate,decoration={text along path, text=avant |\red| texte || après }]
```



```
text={avant |\red| texte|| après }    text={ |\red| texte|| }    text={ |\red| texte|| {} }
```

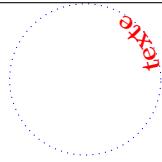


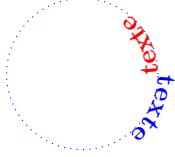
```
avant | \red| texte || après    avant | \it| texte || après    avant | \Huge| texte || après
```

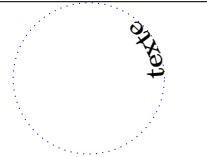
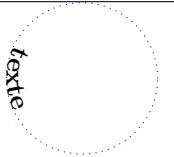
```
\draw [decorate,decoration={text along path,
text={avant |\Large| Visual |+\bf\color{red}|Tikz|| après }}] (1,1) circle (1);
```

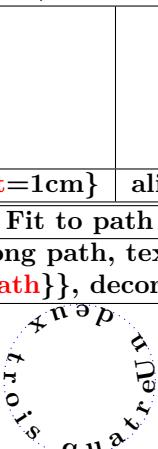
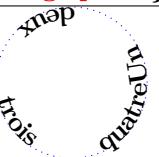


```
\draw [decorate,decoration={text along path, text format delimiter={[}{]}, text={ [ \red ] texte [ ] }}] (1,1) circle (1);
```



Text orientation
\draw[decorate,decoration={text along path,text={texte}, text color=blue, reverse path }] (1,1) circle (1); 

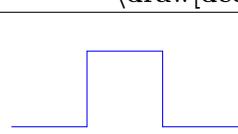
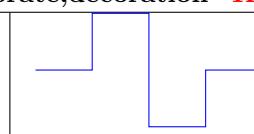
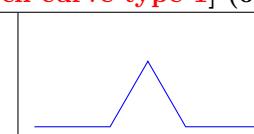
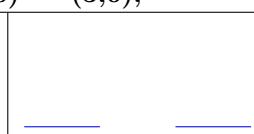
Text position		
\draw[decorate,decoration={ text along path,text={texte}, text align={align=left}}] (1,1) circle (1);		
		
align=\{align=left \}	align=\{align=center \}	align=\{align=right \}

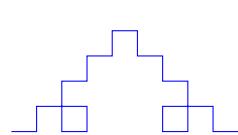
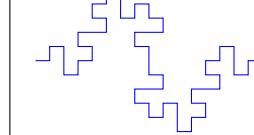
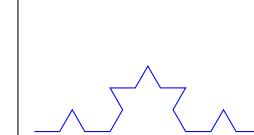
Fit to path	
\draw [decoration={text along path, text={Un deux trois quatre }, text align=\{fit to path\}}, decorate] (1,1) circle (1); 	align=\{align=right,right indent=1cm \}
Fit to path stretching spaces	
\draw [decoration={text along path, text={Un deux trois quatre }, text align=\{fit to path stretching spaces\}}, decorate] (1,1) circle (1); 	

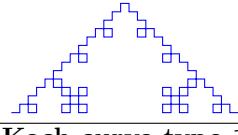
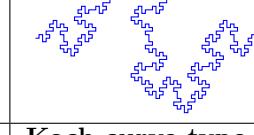
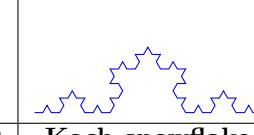
18.7 Library “decorations.fractals”

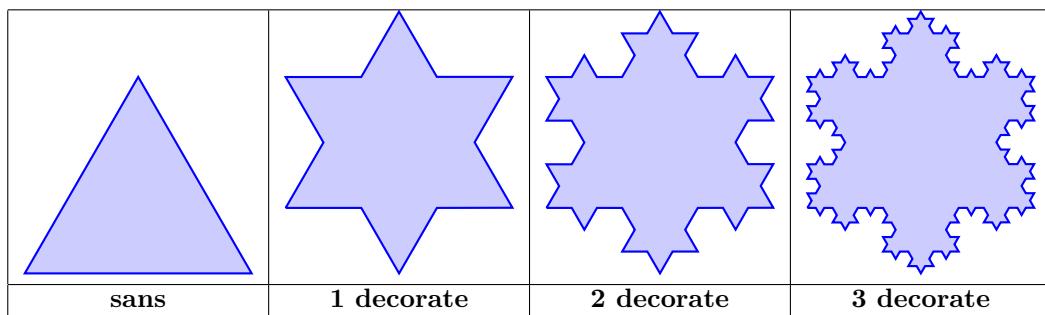
Load package : \usetikzlibrary{decorations.fractals}

PGFmanual section : 48-7

\draw[decorate,decoration=Koch curve type 1] (0,0) - - (3,0);			
			
Koch curve type 1	Koch curve type 2	Koch snowflake	Cantor set

\begin{tikzpicture}[decoration=Koch curve type 1] \draw decorate { decorate { (0,0) - (3,0) }};			
			
Koch curve type 1	Koch curve type 2	Koch snowflake	Cantor set

\draw decorate { decorate { decorate { (0,0) - - (3,0) } } };			
			
Koch curve type 1	Koch curve type 2	Koch snowflake	Cantor set



18.8 Applications

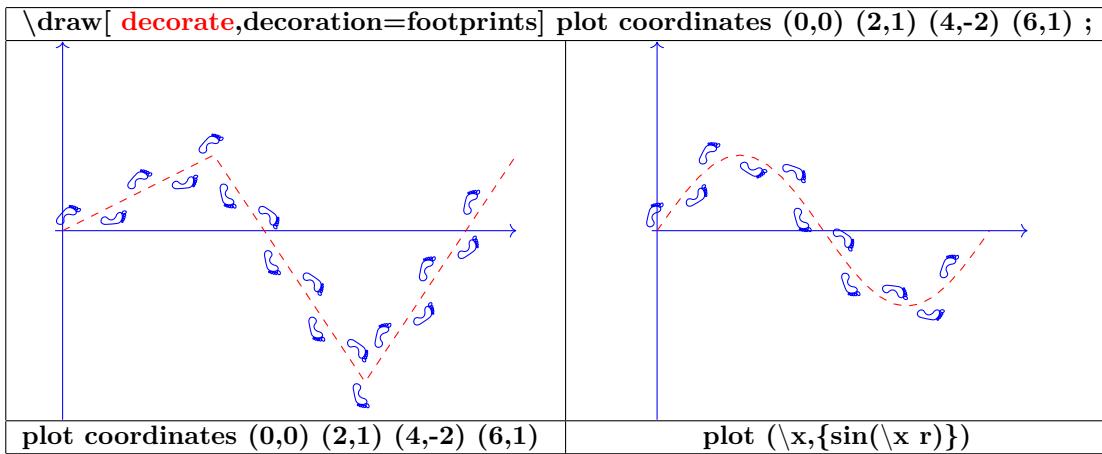
18.8.1 Node decoration

<pre>\node [draw,decorate,decoration={bumps, minimum height=2cm, minimum width=3cm}] {texte};</pre>		 decoration=bumps	 decoration=footprints
decoration={random steps , amplitude = 1pt }	 decoration={random steps , amplitude = 1pt }	 starburst,decoration={random steps, segment length=3pt , amplitude=2pt}	 decoration= {text along path,text={Un Deux Trois Quatre Cinq Six Sept Huit Neuf} }
ellipse,decoration=zigzag	 ellipse,decoration=zigzag	 decoration=zigzag	 decoration=ticks

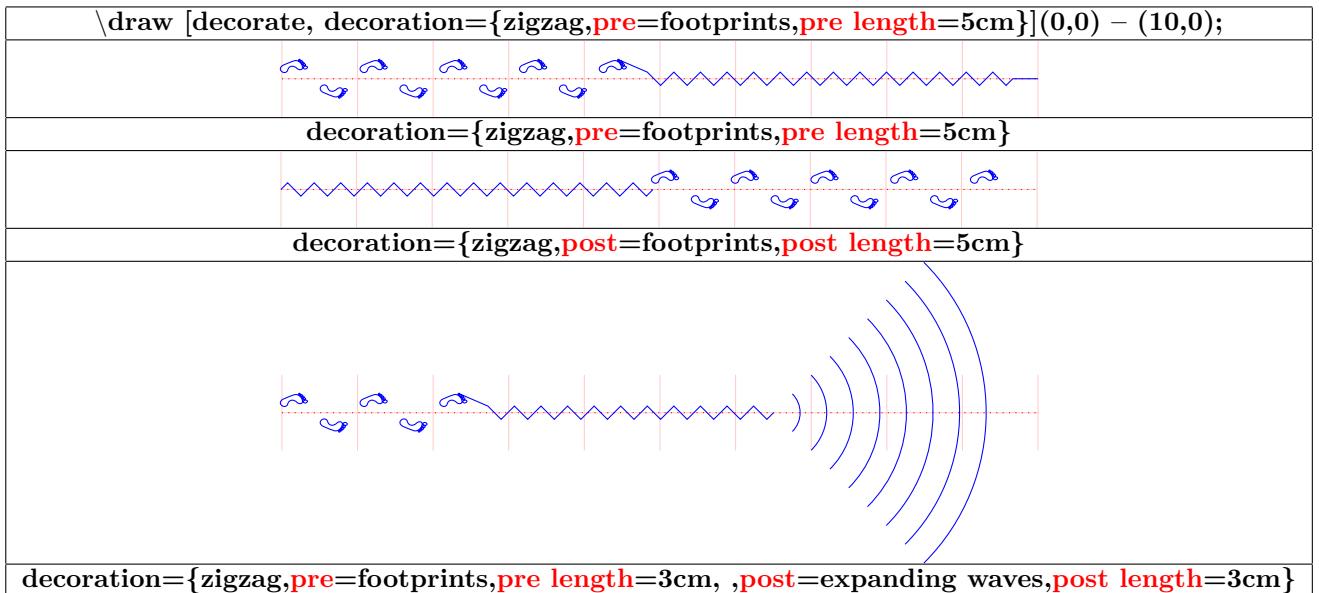
18.8.2 Node link decoration

<pre>\draw [decorate,decoration=snake](A) -- (B);</pre>		
 decoration=snake (A) - - (B)	 decoration=coil (A) - (B)	 decoration=footprints (A) - (B)
 decoration=coil (A) to [bend right] (B)	 decoration=zigzag (A) to[bend left=120] (B)	 decoration=ticks (A) to[out=30] (B)

18.8.3 Graph decoration



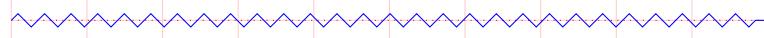
18.8.4 Various decoration



18.8.5 Partial decoration

	<pre>\draw [decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) -- (2,0) -- (2,1) -- (0,1) -- cycle;</pre>
	<pre>\draw [decoration=zigzag] (0,0) -- (2,0) decorate{-- (2,1)} -- (0,1) -- cycle;</pre>
	<pre>\draw [decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) -- (2,0) -- (2,1) -- decorate{(0,1)} -- cycle;</pre>
	<pre>\draw [decorate,decoration=zigzag] (0,0) decorate{-- (2,0)} -- (2,1) -- decorate{(0,1)} -- cycle;</pre>

```
“lineto” \draw [decorate, decoration={zigzag,lineto,pre length=5cm}](0,0) – (10,0);
```



```
decoration={ zigzag,pre=lineto,pre length=5cm }
```



```
decoration={zigzag,post=lineto,post length=5cm}
```



```
decoration={zigzag,pre=lineto,pre length=3cm, ,post=curveto,post length=3cm}
```

“curveto”

```
\draw [decorate, decoration={zigzag,pre=curveto,pre length=5cm}](0,0) – (10,0);
```



```
decoration={ zigzag,pre=curveto,pre length=5cm }
```



```
decoration={zigzag,post=curveto,post length=5cm}
```



```
decoration={zigzag,pre=curveto,pre length=3cm, ,post=curveto,post length=3cm}
```

“moveto”

```
\draw [decorate, decoration={zigzag,pre=moveto,pre length=5cm}](0,0) – (10,0);
```



```
decoration={ zigzag,pre=moveto,pre length=5cm }
```

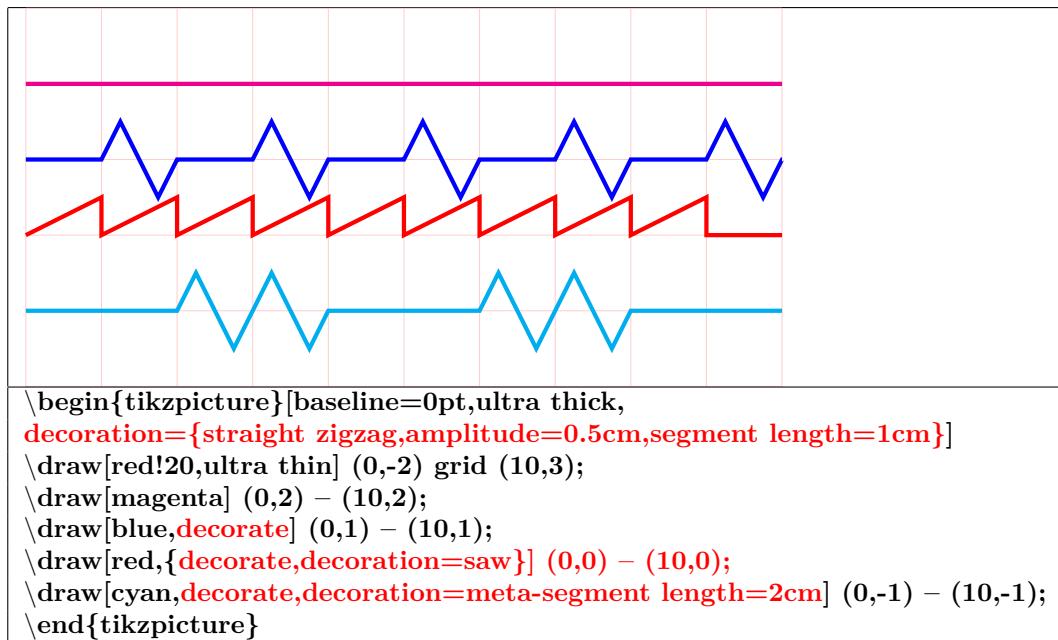


```
decoration={zigzag,post=moveto,post length=5cm}
```

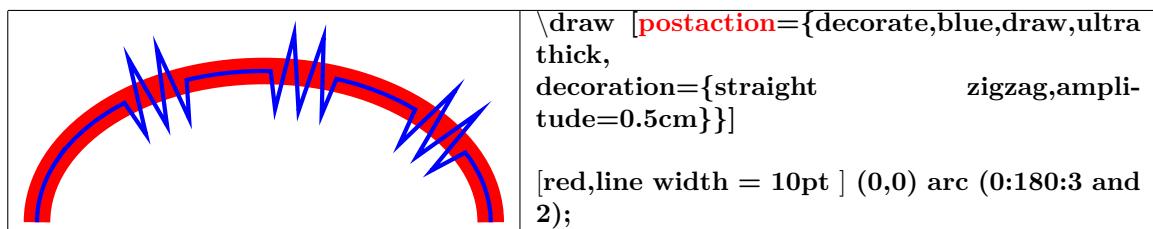


```
decoration={zigzag,pre=moveto,pre length=3cm, ,post=moveto,post length=3cm}
```

18.8.6 Global and partial parameters

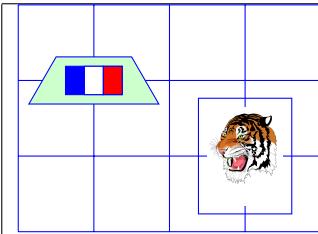


18.8.7 Path and its decoration “Postaction”



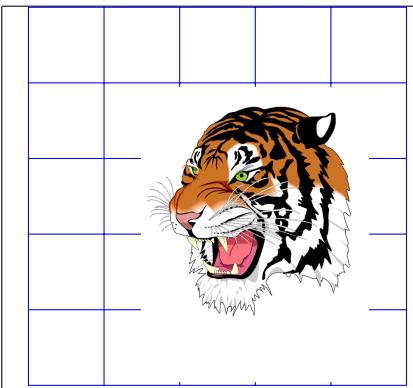
19 Pictures in a TikZ picture

19.0.1 In a node



```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw (0,0) grid (5,3);
\node [fill=green!20,trapezium,draw] at (1,2) {\DFR};
71
\node [draw] at (3,1) {\includegraphics[width=1cm]{tiger}};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

19.0.2 With pgfdeclareimage

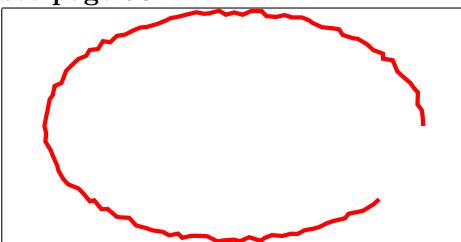


```
\pgfdeclareimage[width=3cm]{ttt}{tiger}

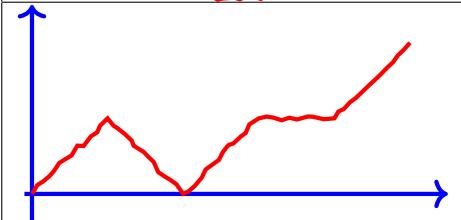
\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw (0,0) grid (5,5);
\draw (3,2) node {\pgfuseimage{ttt}} ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

20 Freehand drawing

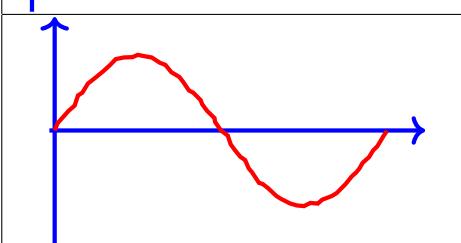
see page 90



```
\draw[decorate,decoration={random steps, amplitude=1pt,segment length=3pt}] (0,0) arc (0:320:2.5 and 1.5);
```



```
\draw[decorate,decoration={random steps, amplitude=1pt,segment length=3pt}] plot coordinates (0,0) (1,1) (2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2);
```



```
\draw[decorate, decoration={random steps, amplitude=1pt,segment length=3pt}] plot (\x,sin(\x r));
```

21 Special effect

21.1 Tikzpeople

```
Load package : \usepackage{tikzpeople} [4]
```

```
\tikz \node[alice] at (0,0) ;
```

21.1.1 available characters

\tikz \node[alice,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
alice	bob	bride	builder	businessman	charlie	chef
conductor	cowboy	criminal	dave	graduate	groom	guard
jester	judge	mexican	nun	nurse	physician	pilot
police	priest	sailor	santa	surgeon		

21.1.2 Options

\tikz \node[businessman, evil ,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
evil	female	good	mirrored	monitor

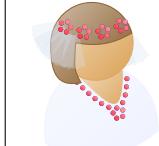
21.1.3 Anchor specific

	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture}[blue] \node[name=a,shape=bob,minimum size=1.5cm] {}; \node at (1.25,.5) [ellipse callout, draw, callout absolute pointer={(a.mouth)}, font=\tiny] Hey!; \end{tikzpicture}</pre>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

21.1.4 Colors

<pre>\tikz \node[alice,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;</pre>			
			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	details=red

<pre>\tikz \node[bob,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;</pre>			
			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	details=red

<pre>\tikz \node[bride,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;</pre>				
				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	pearls=red	veil=red

<pre>\tikz \node[builder,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;</pre>				
				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	trousers=red	hat=red

<pre>\tikz \node[businessman,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;</pre>					
					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	tie=red	undershirt=red	monogram=red

\tikz \node[charlie,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	buttons=red

\tikz \node[chef,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	details=red

\tikz \node[conductor,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	hatshield=red
undershirt=red	shirt=red	hatbadge=red	badge=red	

\tikz \node[cowboy,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=green	hat=red
patches=red	tie=green	stitching=red	vest=red

\tikz \node[criminal,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	details=red

\tikz \node[dave,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=green	tie=green

\tikz \node[graduate,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=red	stripes=red	hat=red

\tikz \node[groom,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=green	tie=green	hat=red

\tikz \node[guard,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	collar=red	lining=red	details=red

\tikz \node[jester,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=yellow	hat=red	pattern=yellow	details=blue

\tikz \node[judge,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=red	hairshadow=red

\tikz \node[mexican,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=green	ringtop=red	ringmid=red	ringbot=yellow

\tikz \node[nun,plaid=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;		
plaid=red	skin=red	shirt=red

\tikz \node[nurse,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	badgeclip=green	redcross=green	badge=red	badgename=red

\tikz \node[physician,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	stethoscope=red	tube=red

\tikz \node[pilot,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	undershirt=red	visor=red	straps=red	decoration=red

\tikz \node[police,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;			
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red
badge=red	hatbadge=red	hatshield=red	undershirt=red

\tikz \node[priest,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;					
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	collar=red	cross=red

\tikz \node[sailor,hair=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;						
hair=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hat=red	undershirt=red	stripes=red	details=red

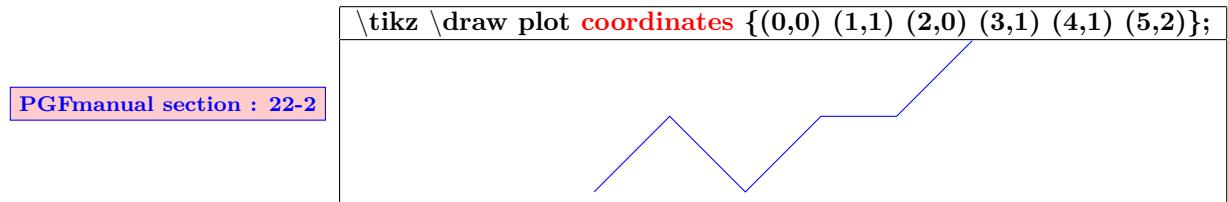
\tikz \node[santa,hat=green,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hat=green	skin=green	shirt=green	beard=green	details=green

\tikz \node[surgeon,hat=red,minimum size=1.5cm] at (0,0) ;				
hat=red	skin=red	shirt=red	hair=red	mask=red

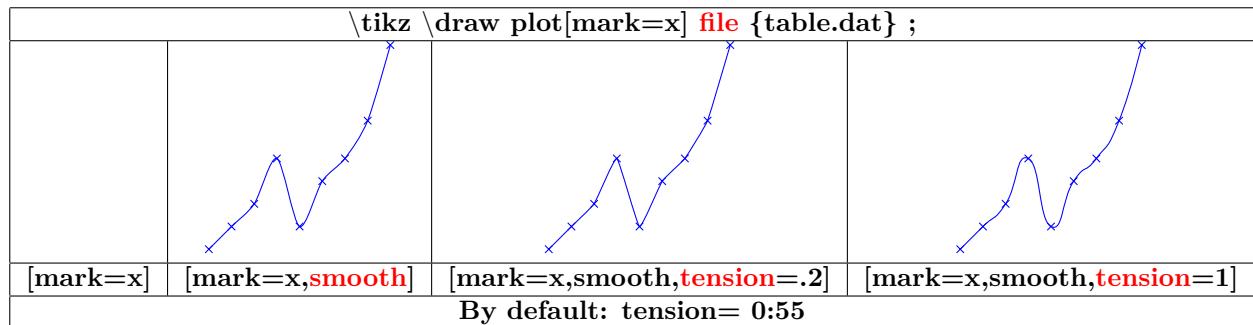
22 Creating Graphs

22.1 Graph with TikZ

22.1.1 From a list of points

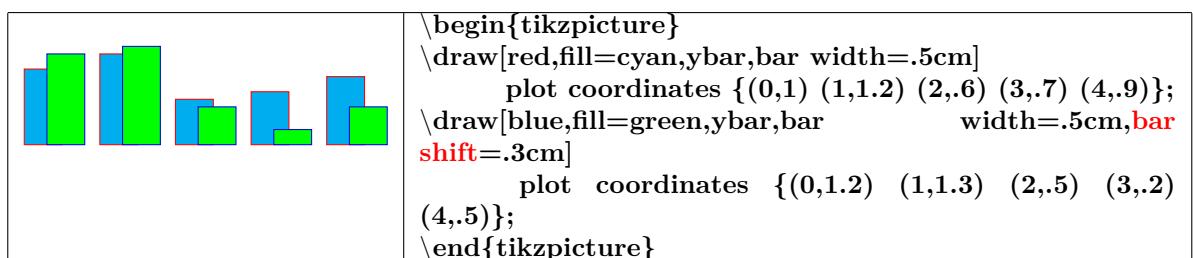
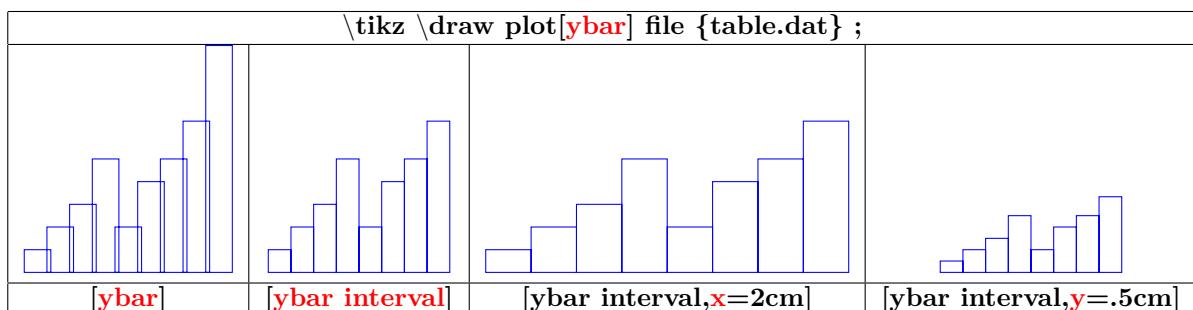
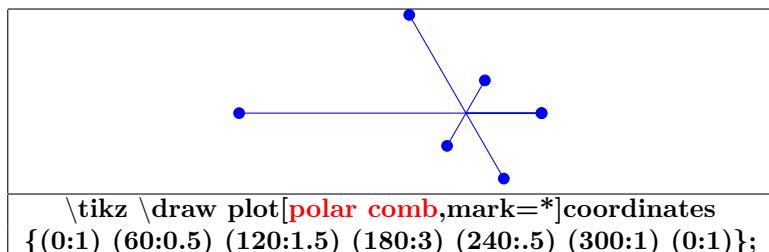
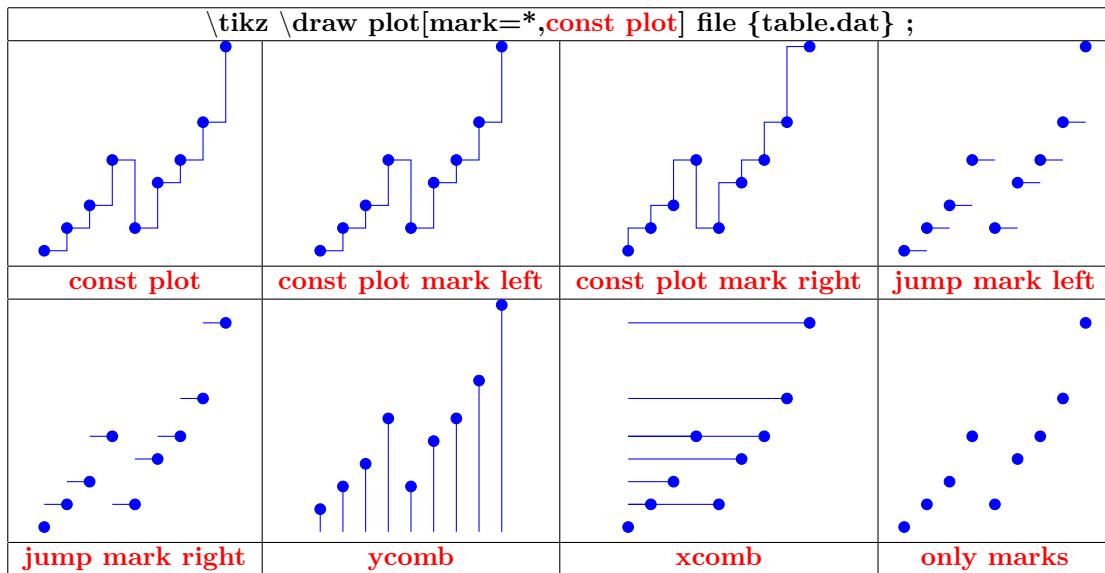


22.1.2 From a data file



content of the file table.dat	
0.0	0.3
0.3	0.6
0.6	0.9
0.9	1.5
1.2	0.6
1.5	1.2
1.8	1.5
2.1	2.0
2.4	3.0

22.1.3 Graph types



\backslash tikz \draw plot[xbar interval] file {table.dat} ;			
[xbar]	[xbar interval]	[xbar interval,x=.5cm]	[xbar interval,y=.5cm]

22.1.4 Graph of a function

$\backslash\text{draw [color=red] plot } (\text{\textbackslash} x,\text{\textbackslash} x);$		
 $(\text{\textbackslash} x,\text{\textbackslash} x)$	 $(\text{\textbackslash} x,\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} x \text{ r})\})$ x en radian	 $(\text{\textbackslash} x,\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} x)\})$ x en degré

Options

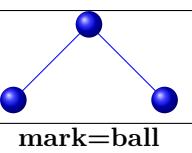
$\backslash\text{draw[color=red,dashed] plot}(\text{\textbackslash} x,\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} x \text{ r})\});$ $\backslash\text{draw[color=blue,samples=5,mark=*,ultra thick] plot}(\text{\textbackslash} x,\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} x \text{ r})\});$	
 [$\text{color=blue,samples=5,mark=*}$]	 [$\text{color=blue, domain=0:4}$]
 [$\text{color=blue, domain=1:5}$]	 [$\text{color=blue, samples at=\{1,2,4,5\}, mark=*}$]

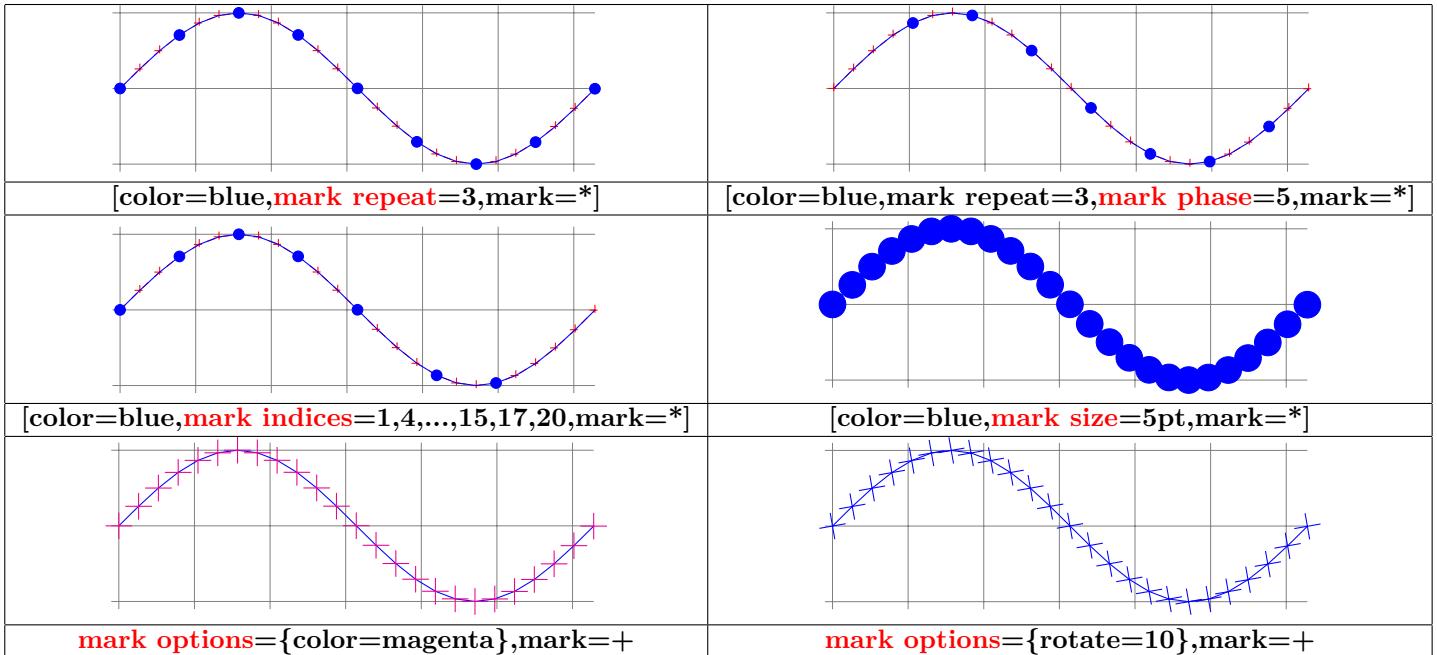
22.1.5 Parametric function

$\backslash\text{draw[domain=-3.141:3.141,smooth,variable=\text{\textbackslash} t]plot } (\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} t \text{ r})\},\{\sin(2 * \text{\textbackslash} t \text{ r})\});$ $\backslash\text{draw[domain=0:720,smooth,variable=\text{\textbackslash} t]plot } (\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} t)\},\text{\textbackslash} t/360,\{\cos(\text{\textbackslash} t)\});$	
 $(\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} t \text{ r})\},\{\sin(2 * \text{\textbackslash} t \text{ r})\})$	 $(\{\sin(\text{\textbackslash} t)\},\text{\textbackslash} t/360,\{\cos(\text{\textbackslash} t)\})$

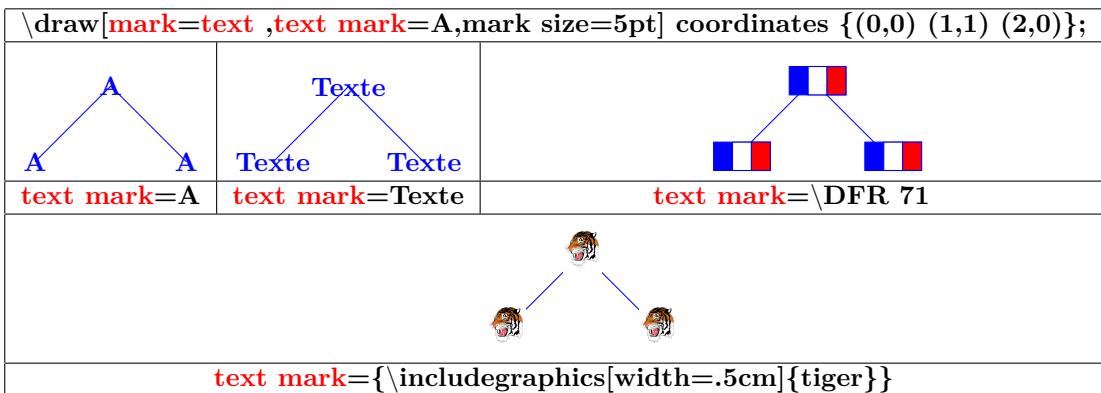
22.2 Marks

22.2.1 Marks with TikZ

 mark=+	 mark=x	 mark=*	 mark=ball
---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



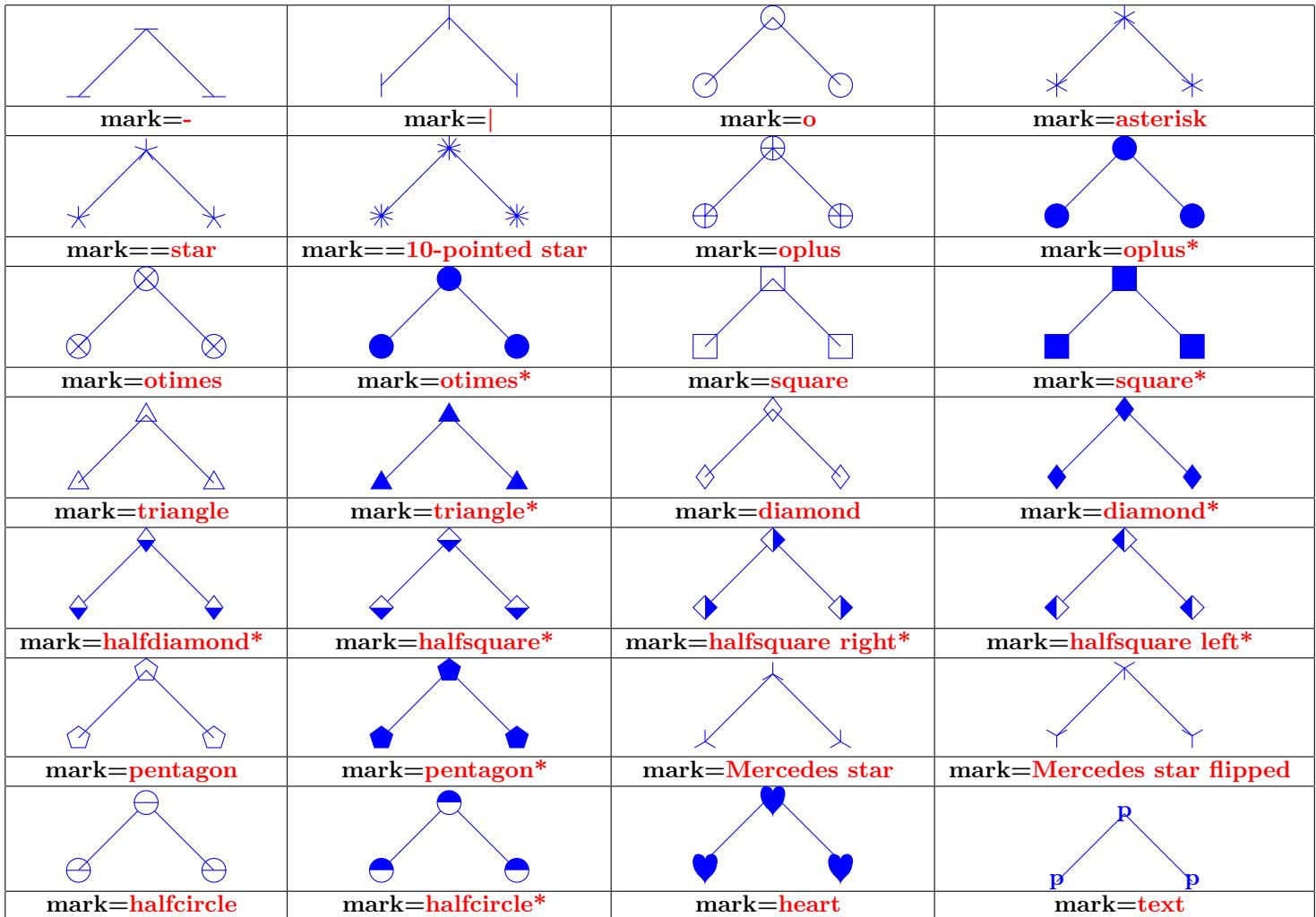
22.2.2 Marks with text mark



22.2.3 Marks with plotmarks library

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{plotmarks}

PGFmanual section : 63



\draw[mark=halfcircle,mark color=red,mark size=5pt] coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0)};			
mark=halfcircle	mark=halfcircle*	mark=halfdiamond*	mark=halfsquare*

22.3 Graph with Gnuplot

\draw[color=red] plot[id=sin] function{\sin(x)} ;

==> plot[id=sin] create the file “sin.gnuplot”

==> Open the file “sin.gnuplot”with the program gnuplot : creation of the file “sin.table”

==> Use the datafile “sin.table”

23 Creation of a graph with pgfplots

Load package : \usepackage{pgfplots} [2]

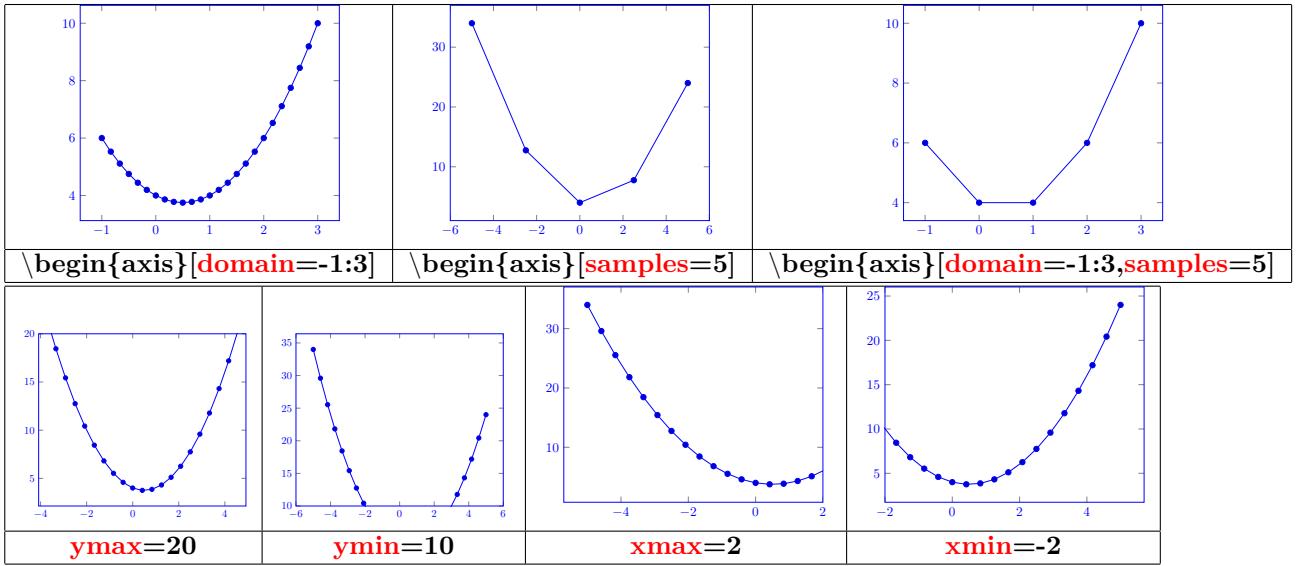
23.1 2D Graph

23.1.1 Axes

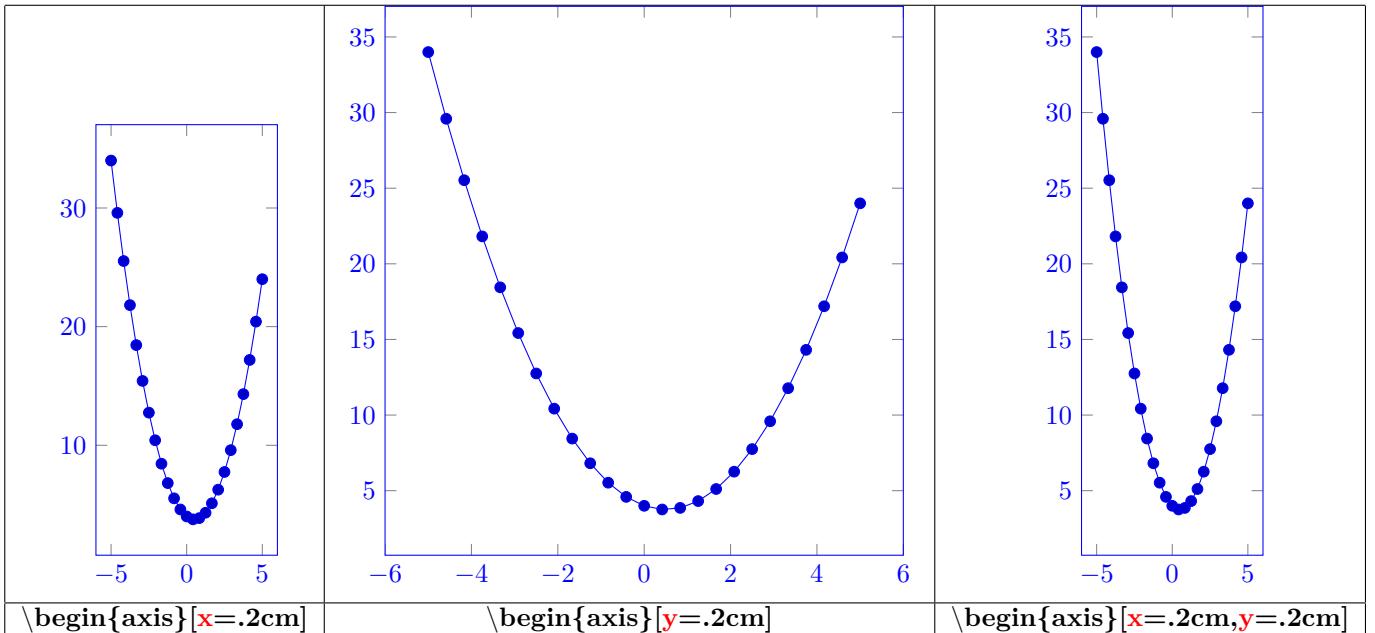
pgfplots section : 4-1			
\axis \end{axis}	\semilogxaxis \end{semilogxaxis}	\semilogyaxis \end{semilogyaxis}	\loglogaxis \end{loglogaxis}

23.2 Drawing of the graph

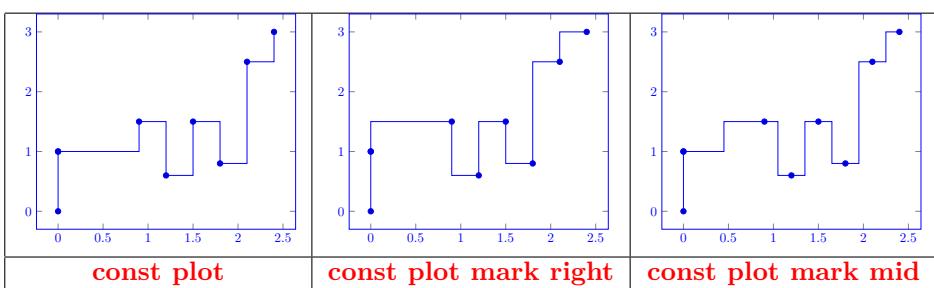
pgfplots section : 4-2		
\addplot coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2)};	\addplot {x^2 - x + 4};	\addplot gnuplot[id=sin]{sin(x)};
axes : semilogxaxis \addplot coordinates {(0,0) (1,1) (2,0) (3,1) (4,1) (5,2)};	axes : semilogxaxis \addplot {x^2 - x + 4};	axes : semilogyaxis \addplot {x^2 - x + 4};

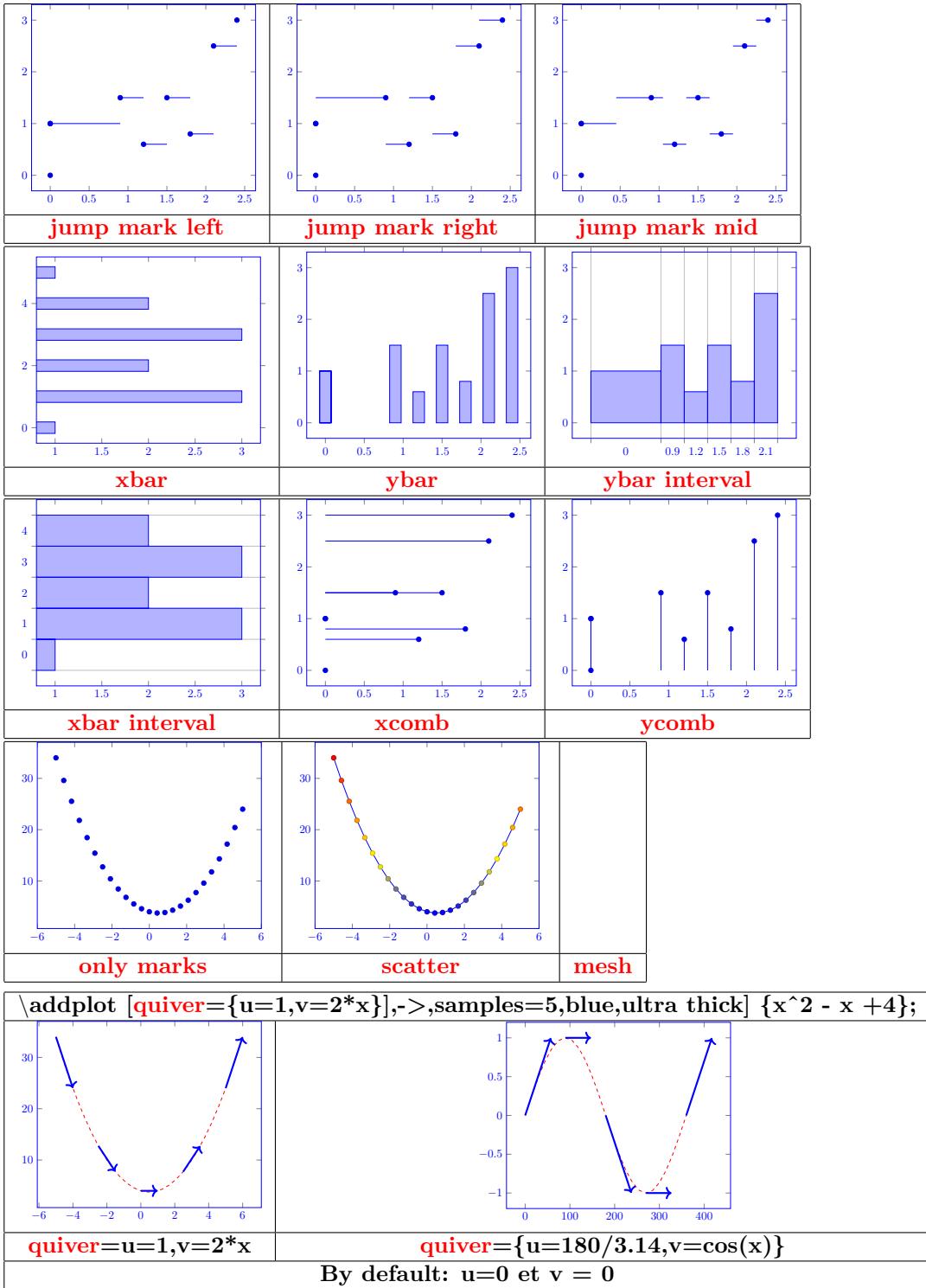


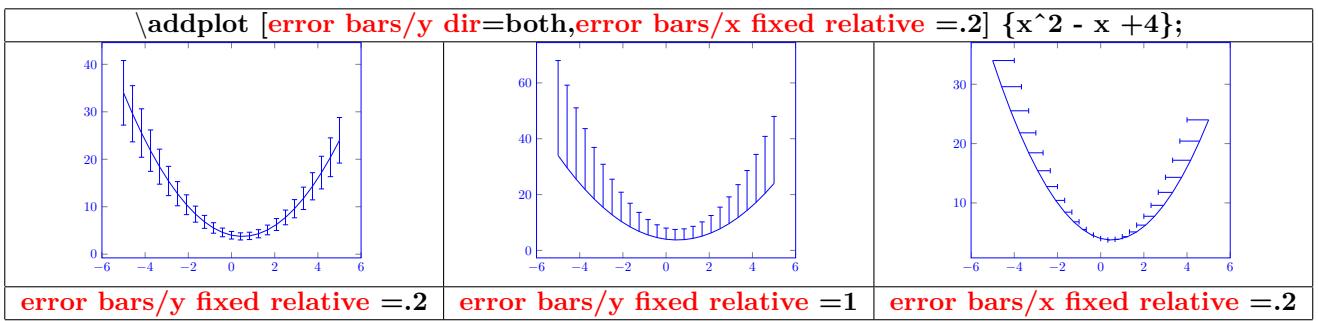
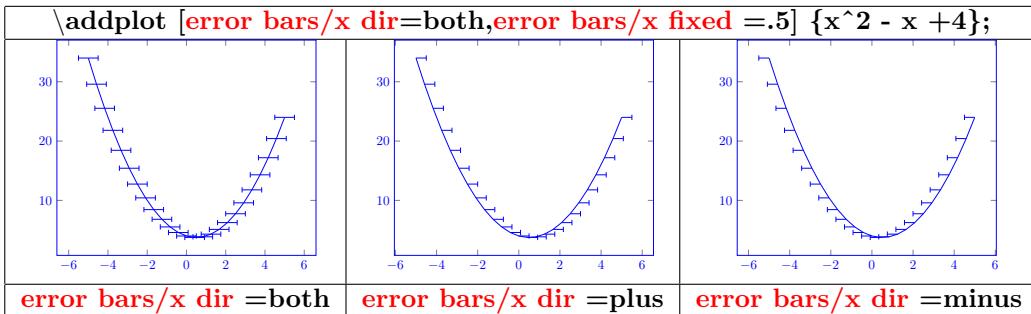
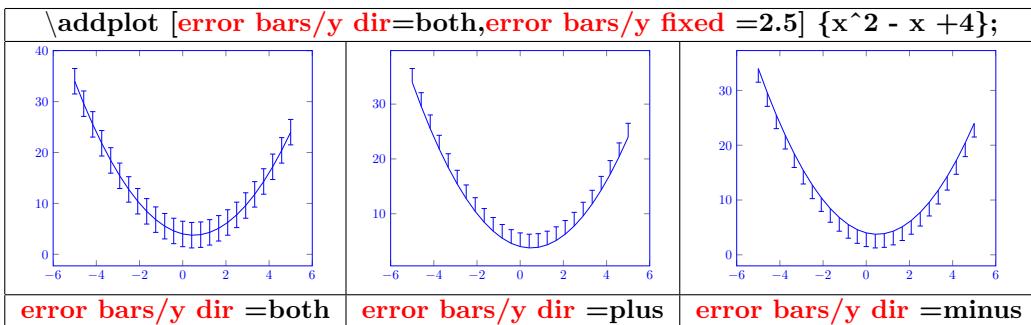
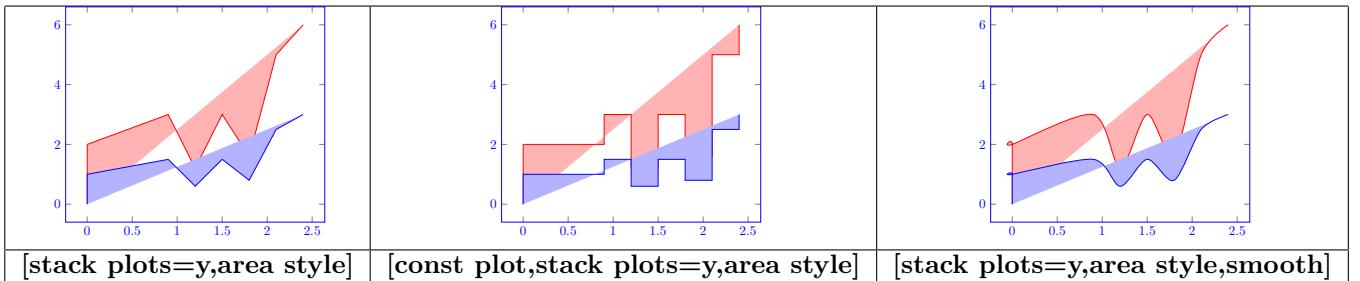
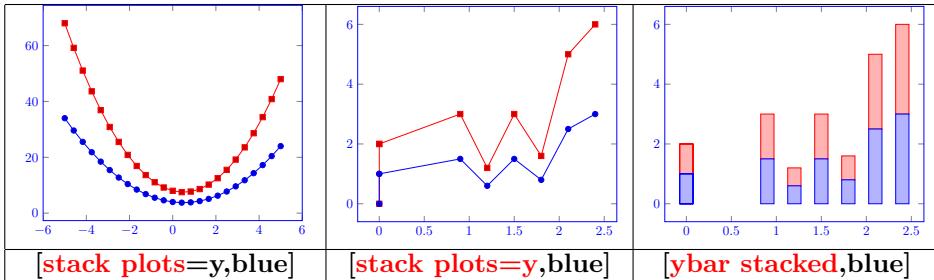
23.2.1 Xunit and Yunit



23.2.2 Graph type

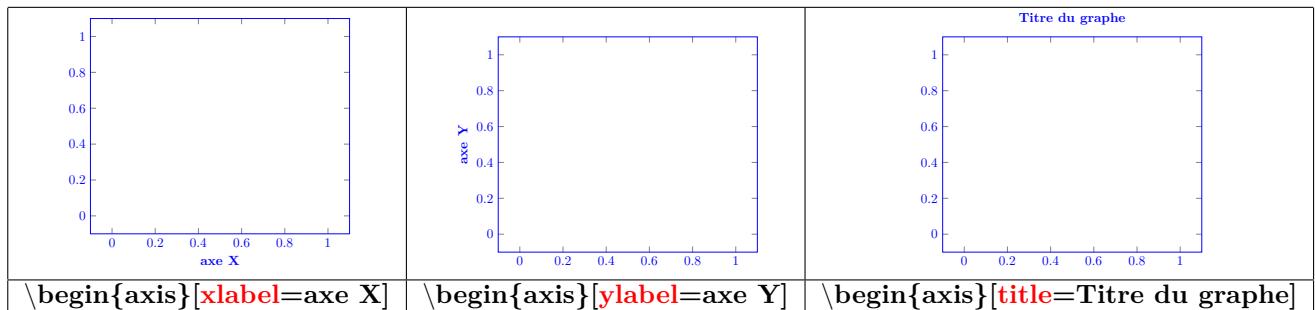




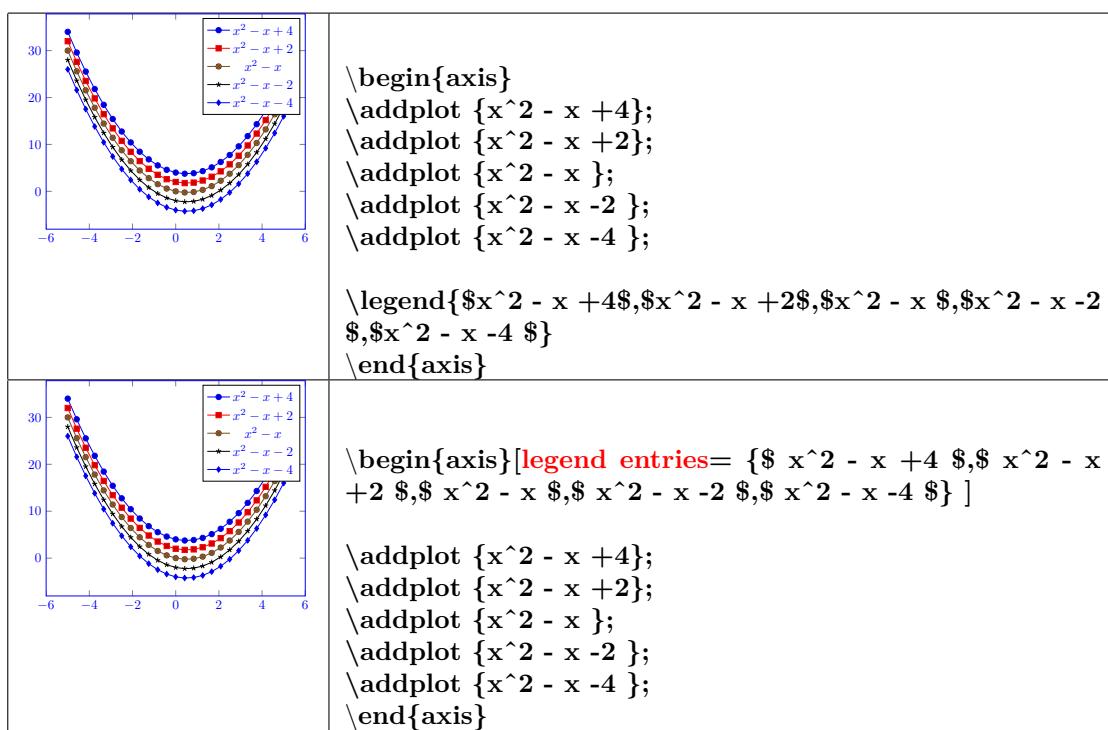


23.3 Graph information

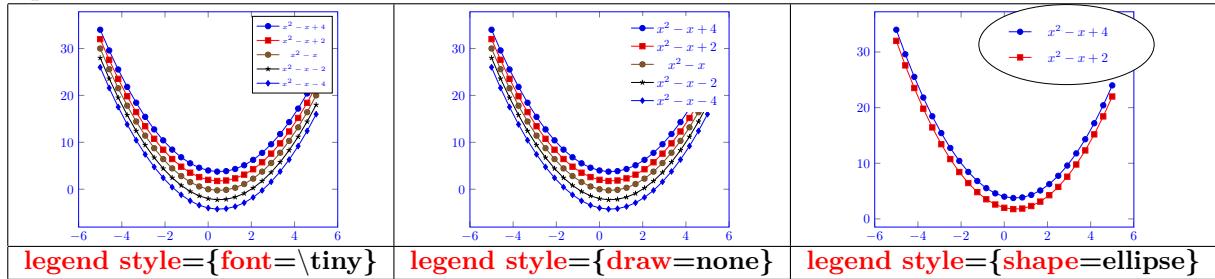
23.3.1 Titles

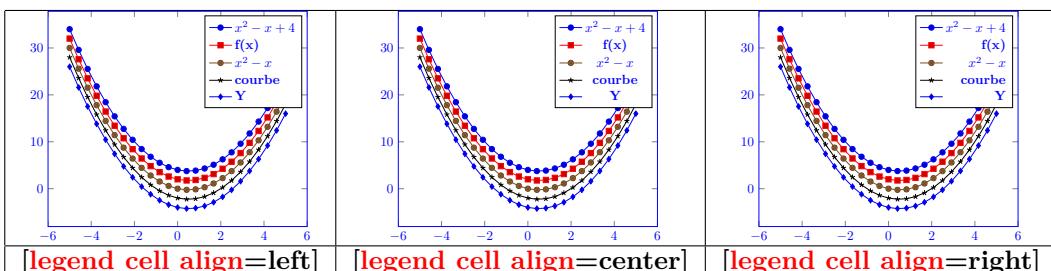
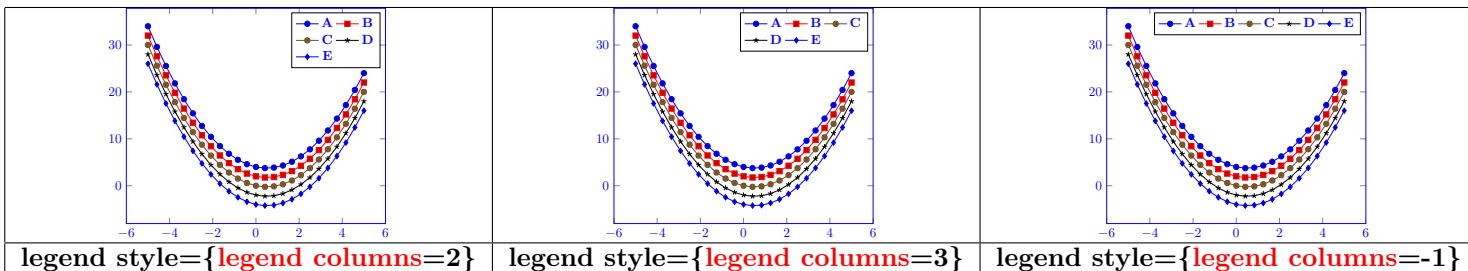
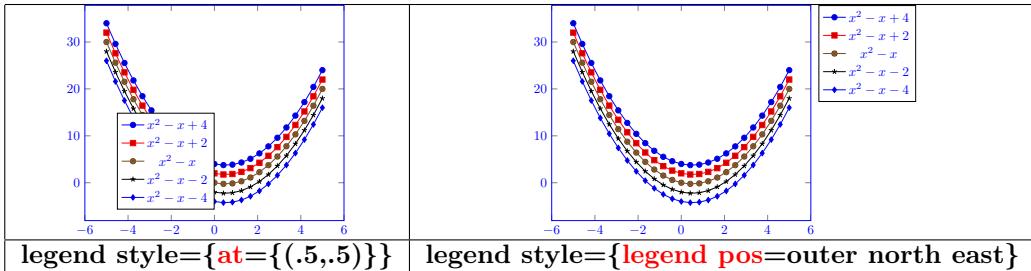


23.3.2 Legend

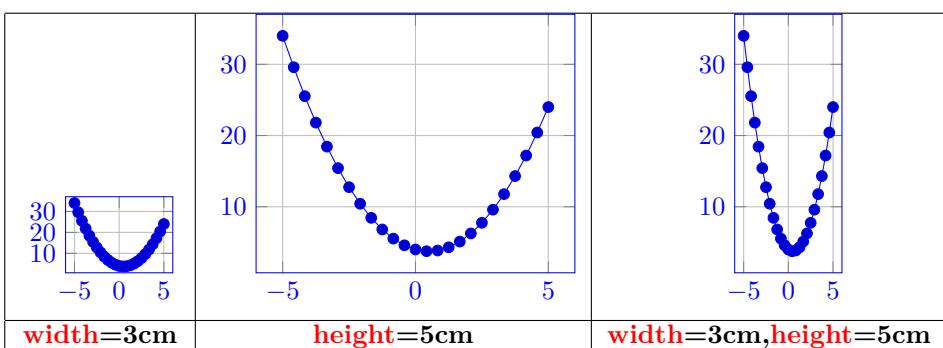


Options

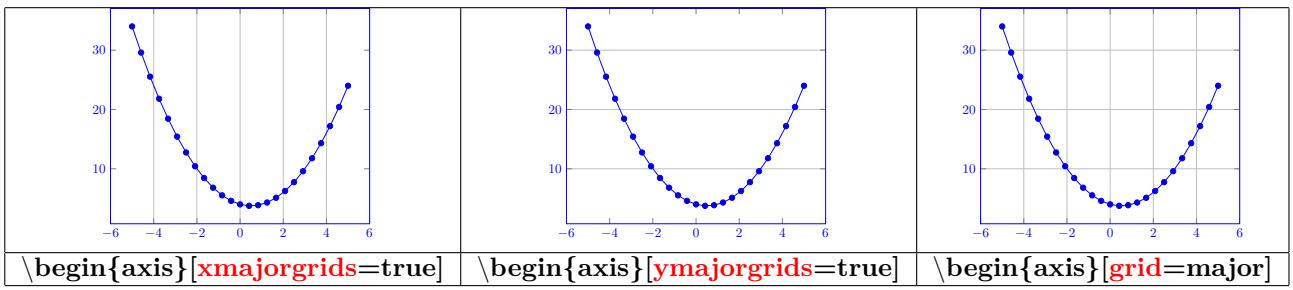


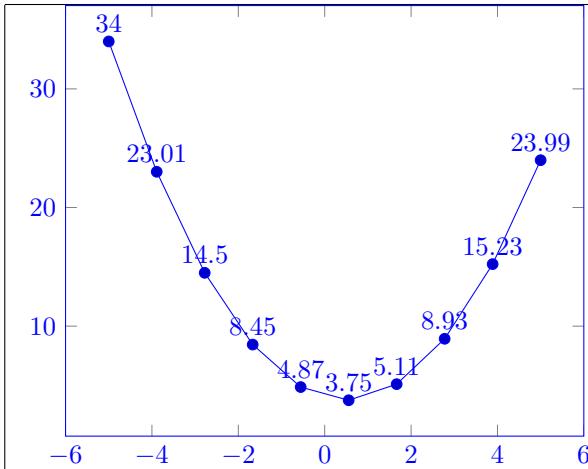


23.3.3 Size of the graph

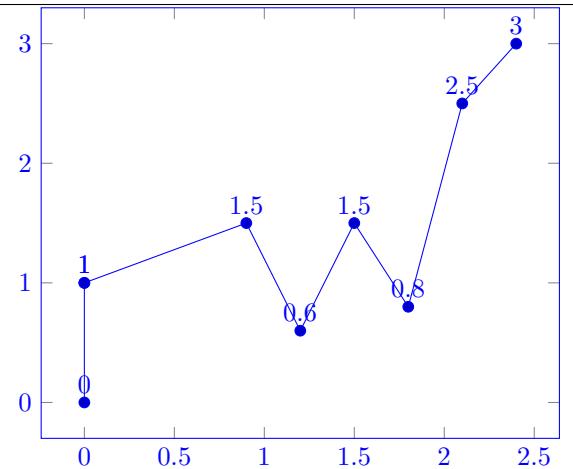


23.3.4 Grids





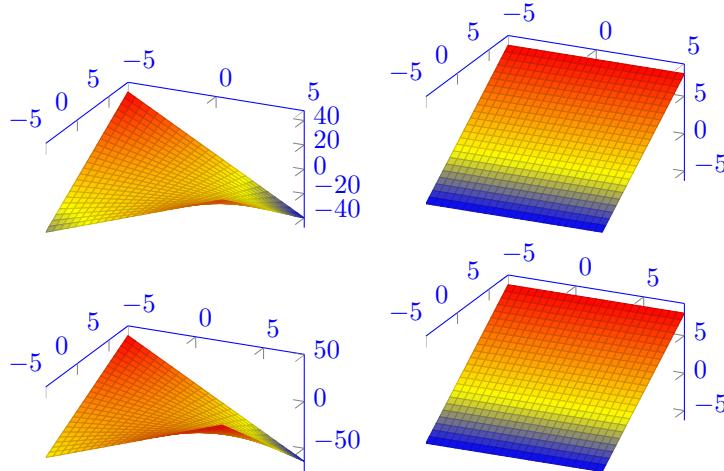
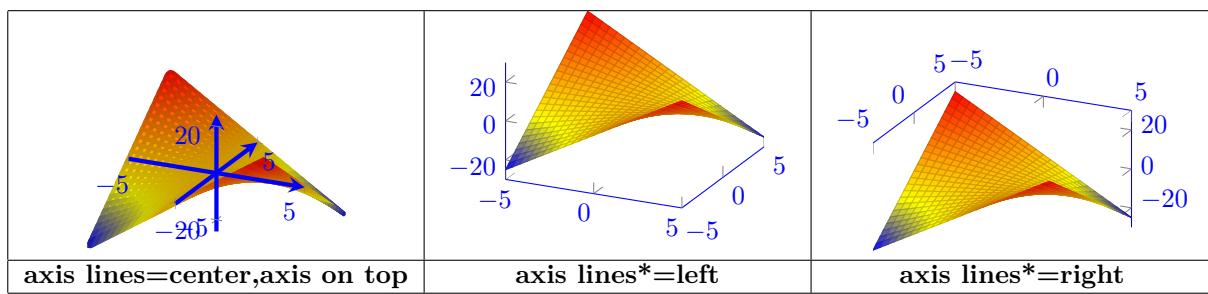
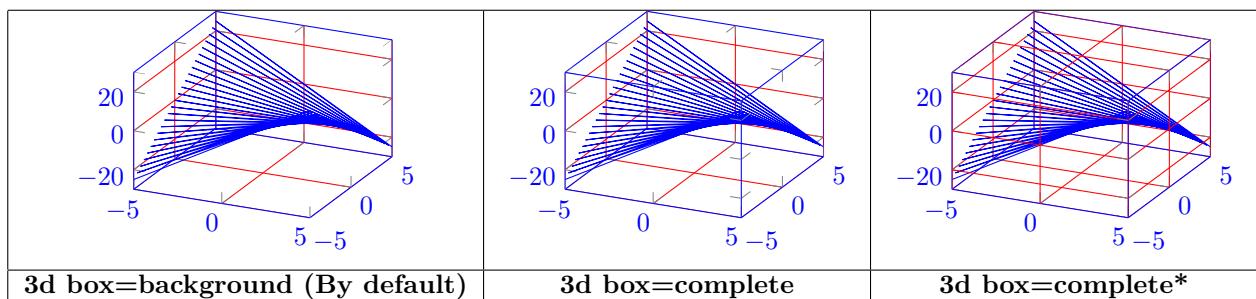
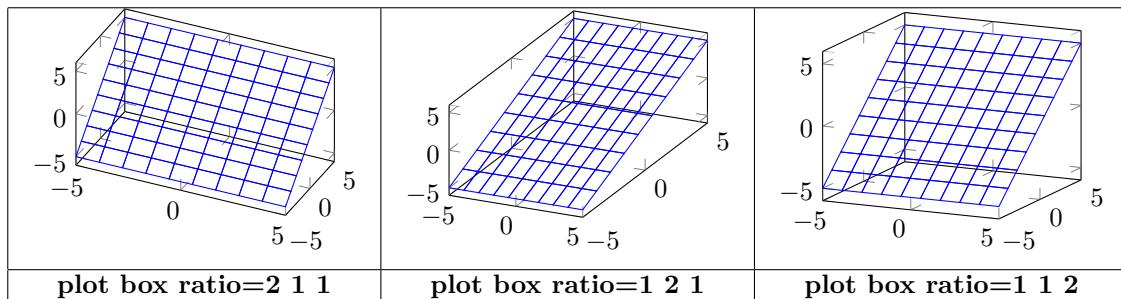
```
\begin{ACaxis}[nodes near coords,samples=10]
\addplot {x^ 2- x +4};
```



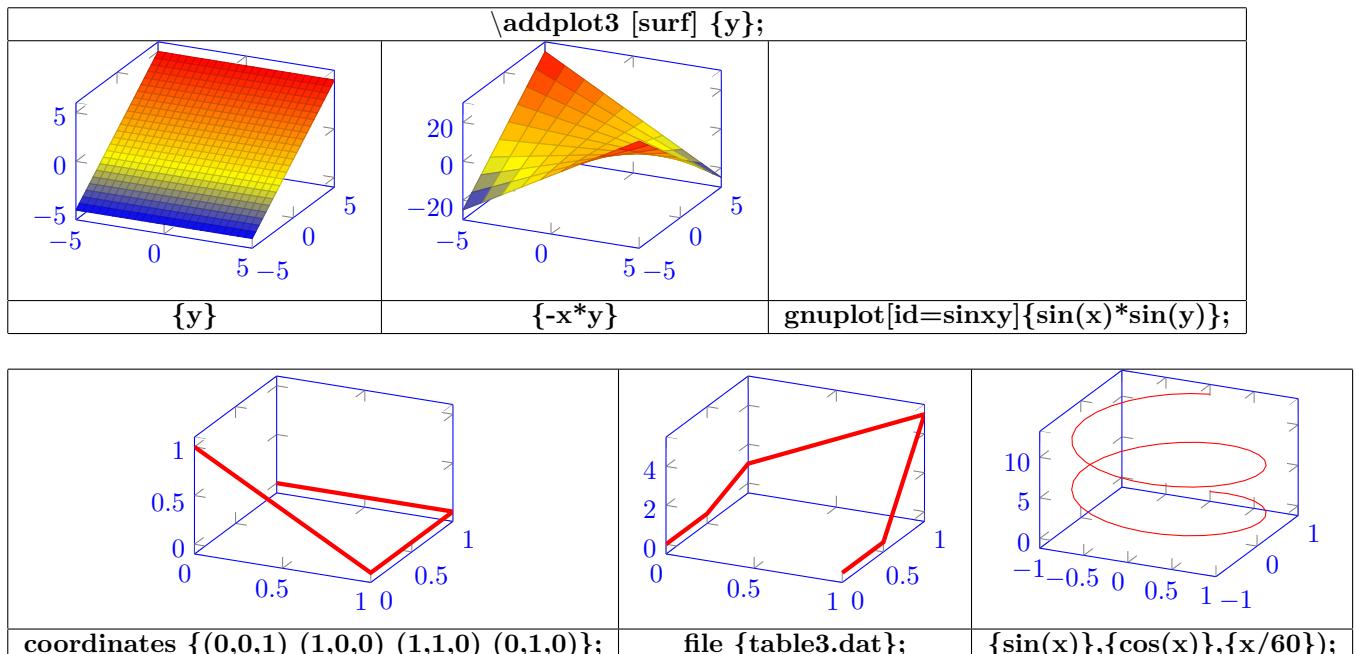
```
\begin{ACaxis}[nodes near coords]
\addplot file table2.dat;
```

24 3D graph

24.0.1 Axes

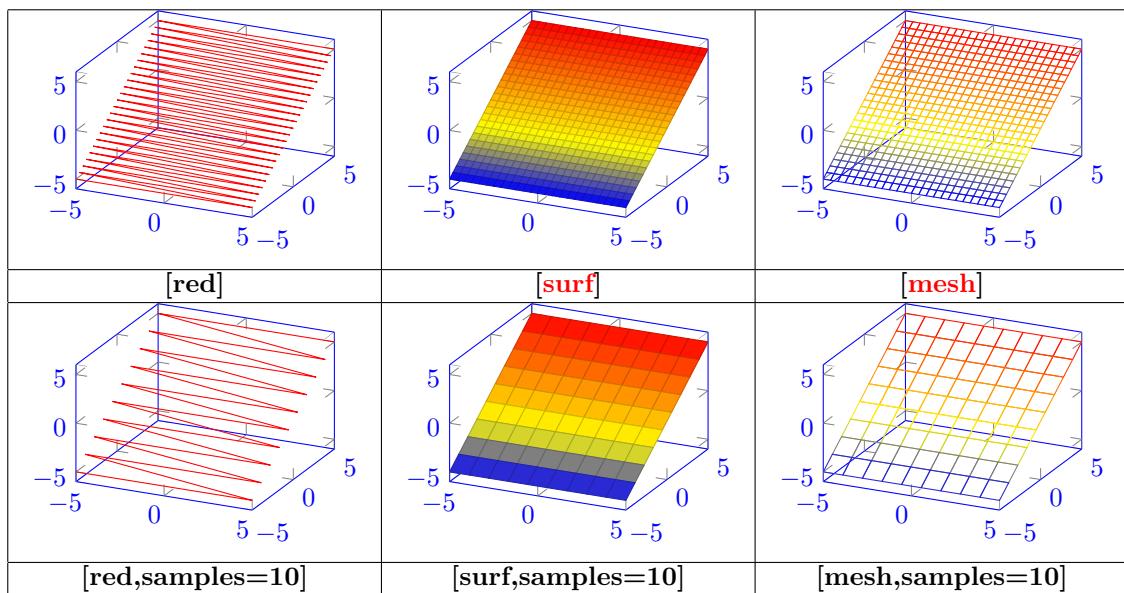


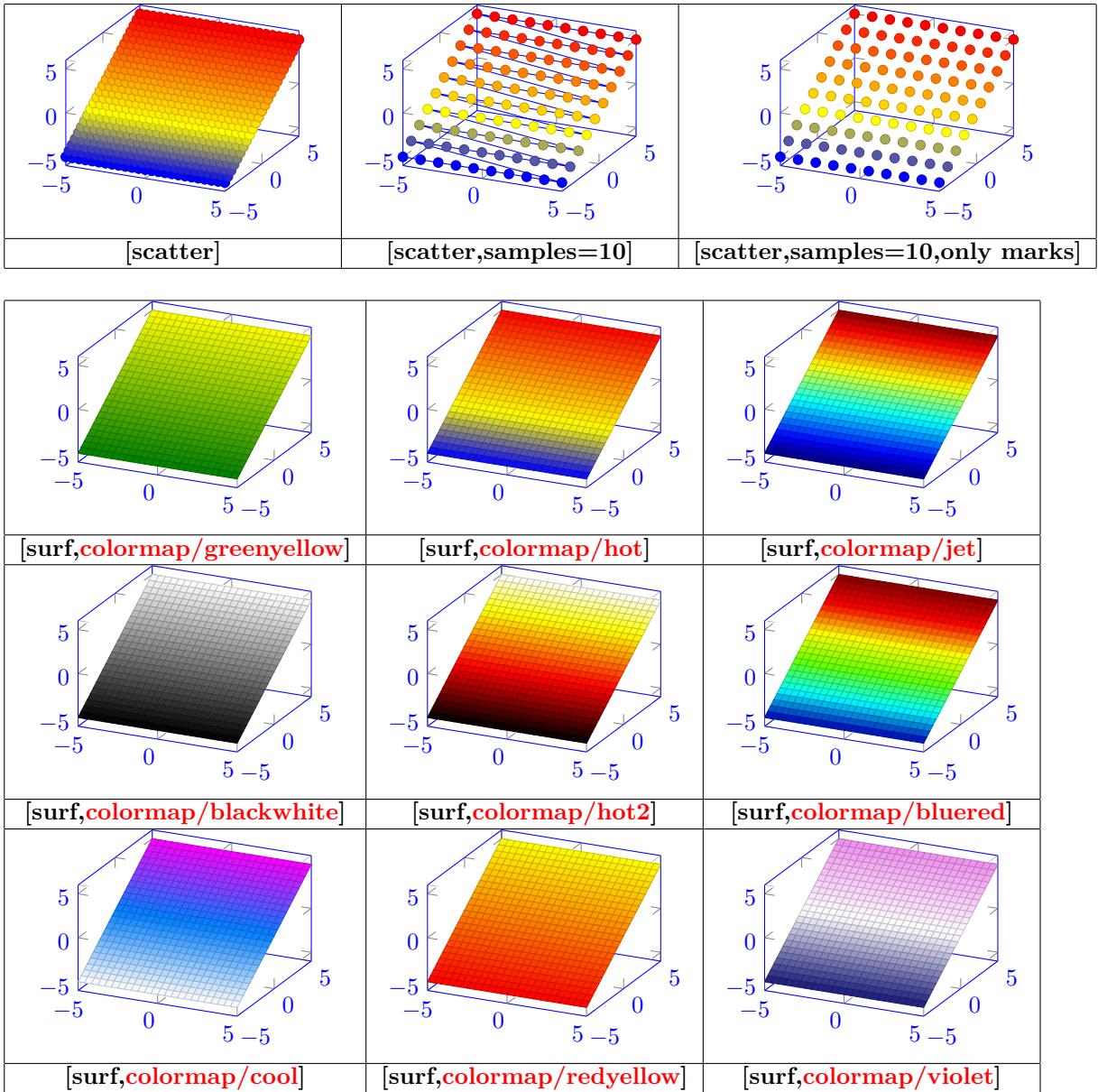
24.0.2 Graph drawing

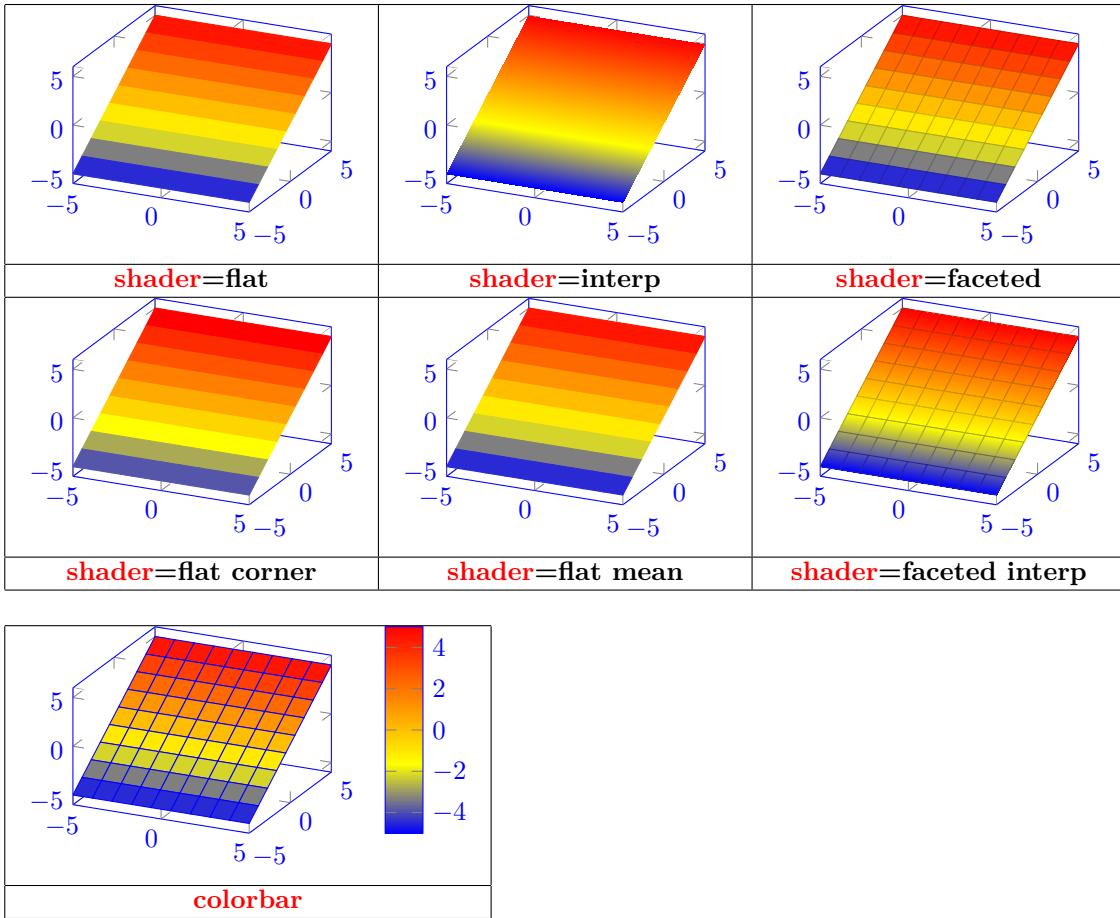


content of the file table3.dat		
0	0	0
0	0.5	0
0	1	1
1	1	5
1	0.5	0
1	0	0

24.0.3 Aspect







24.0.4 Viewpoint

Azimut

view/az= angle from - 50 to +50

Elevation

view/el= angle from - 50 to +50

25 Table of a function variation

Load package : \usepackage{tkz-tab} [3]

25.1 Creation of the table

1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\tkzTabInit{1° ligne / 1 ,2° ligne /1 } { a , b, c }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

25.1.1 Options

Row width			
1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			
3° ligne			

\tikz \tkzTabInit{1° ligne '/1 , 2° ligne /.5 , 3° ligne /1.5 }{a , b , c };

First column width			
x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[lgt=4]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lgt==2 cm

Space between two values			
x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[espcl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: espcl=2 cm

Margin			
x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[deltacl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: deltacl=0.5 cm

Line width			
x	a	b	c

```
\tkzTabInit[dlw=2pt]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lw=0,4 pt
```

No cadre			
x	a	b	c

```
\tkzTabInit[nocadre]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: nocadre=false
```

Coloring			
\tkzTabInit [color,colorT = yellow]{1°ligne/1 , 2°ligne/1}{ a , b }			
1°ligne	a	b	
2°ligne			
[color,colorT = yellow]		[color,colorC = cyan]	
1°ligne	a	b	
2°ligne			
[color,colorL = green]		[color,colorV = magenta]	
By default: color = false		colorT=colorC=colorL=colorV =white	

25.2 Creation of a sign row

<table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>f(x)</td><td>⋮</td><td>2</td><td>⋮</td><td>4</td><td>⋮</td></tr> </table>	x	a	b	c		f(x)	⋮	2	⋮	4	⋮	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>f(x)</td><td>⋮</td><td>0</td><td>⋮</td><td>2</td><td>⋮</td><td>0</td><td>⋮</td><td>4</td><td>⋮</td><td>0</td><td>⋮</td></tr> </table>	x	a	b	c		f(x)	⋮	0	⋮	2	⋮	0	⋮	4	⋮	0	⋮
x	a	b	c																										
f(x)	⋮	2	⋮	4	⋮																								
x	a	b	c																										
f(x)	⋮	0	⋮	2	⋮	0	⋮	4	⋮	0	⋮																		
\tkzTabLine{ t, 2,t ,4 ,t }	\tkzTabLine{ z, 2, z ,4 ,z }																												
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>a</td> <td>b</td> <td>c</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>f(x)</td> <td> </td> <td>2</td> <td> </td> <td>4</td> <td> </td> </tr> </table>	x	a	b	c		f(x)		2		4		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>a</td> <td>b</td> <td>c</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>f(x)</td> <td>1</td> <td>⋮</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> </tr> </table>	x	a	b	c		f(x)	1	⋮	3	4	5						
x	a	b	c																										
f(x)		2		4																									
x	a	b	c																										
f(x)	1	⋮	3	4	5																								
\tkzTabLine{ d, 2, d ,4 ,d }	\tkzTabLine{ 1, h, 3 ,4 ,5 }																												

Example						
x	$-\infty$	-4	4	10	$+\infty$	
$f(x)$	+		-	0	+	

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline
x &  $-\infty$  & -4 & 4 & 10 &  $+\infty$  & \\ \hline
f(x) & + & & - & 0 & + & \\ \hline
\end{array}
\end{tikzpicture}
```

25.3 Creation of a variation row

x	a	b	c	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	→	2	$f(x)$	1	→	2
\tkzTabVar{+/1,-/2}				\tkzTabVar{-/1,+/2}			
x	a	b	c	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	→	2	$f(x)$	1	→	2
\tkzTabVar{-/1,-/2}				\tkzTabVar{+/1,+/2}			
x	a	b	c	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	→	2	$f(x)$	1	→	2
\tkzTabVar{+C/1,-/2}				\tkzTabVar{-C/1,+/2}			
x	a	b	c	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	→	2	$f(x)$	1	→	2
\tkzTabVar{-/1,-C/2}				\tkzTabVar{+/1,+C/2}			
x	a	b	c	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	→	2	$f(x)$	1	→	2
\tkzTabVar{+H/1,-/2}				\tkzTabVar{-H/1,+/2}			
x	a	b	c	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	→	2	$f(x)$	1	→	2
\tkzTabVar{-/1,-H/2}				\tkzTabVar{+/1,+H/2}			

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\longrightarrow 2	
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ +D/1 , -/2 \}$			
x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ -/1 , -D/2 \}$			
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ -D/1 , +/2 \}$			

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ D+/1 , -/2 \}$			
x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\longrightarrow	2
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ -/1 , D-/2 \}$			
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ +/1 , D+/2 \}$			

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ +DH/1 , -/2 \}$			
x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\longrightarrow	2
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ -/1 , -DH/2 \}$			
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ +DH/1 , +/2 \}$			

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ +CH/1 , -/2 \}$			
x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\longrightarrow	2
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ -/1 , -CH/2 \}$			
$\backslash\text{tkzTabVar}\{ +/1 , +CH/2 \}$			

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +D-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -D+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -D-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +D+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +CD-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -CD+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -CD-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +CD+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +DC-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -DC+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -DC-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +DC+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +V-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -V+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -V-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +V+/2 , -/3 }

Emphasizing a value				
	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	→	2	2 → 3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -V-/colorbox{yellow}{2} , +/3}

Multicolumn variation				
	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1			→ 3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , R/ , +/3}

Intermediate values					
	x	a	A	b	c
$f(x)$	1	-x			→ 3

\tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x} \tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.75}{A}{x}

	x	a	A	b	c	
			⋮			
$f(x)$	1	-x			→ 3	

\tkzTabVal[draw]{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x}

Picture insertion					
	x	a	b	c	d
$f(x)$	1	-x			→ 3

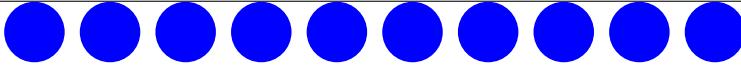
\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{2}{x}

\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{3}{x}

26 Repetitions

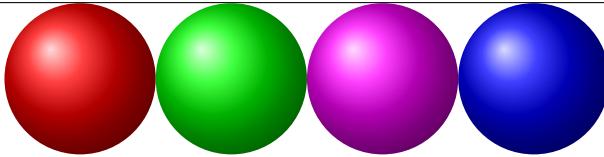
Package used : “pgffor”(automatically loaded with TikZ)

26.1 One variable repetition


\tikz \foreach \x in {1,...,10} \fill[blue](\x,0) circle (0.4cm); Variable \x : position en X

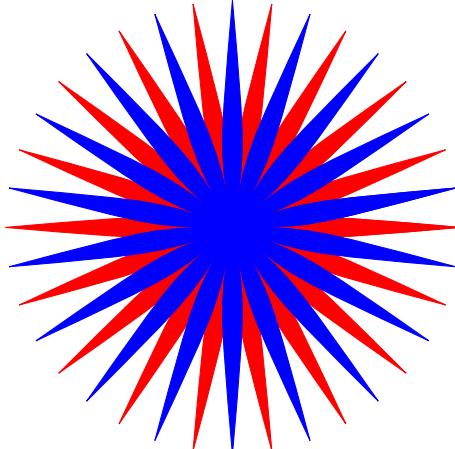
26.2 Two variables repetition

Numerical variables									
									
\tikz \foreach \pos/\y in {1/10,2/20,3/30,4/40,5/50,6/60,7/70,8/80,9/90,10/100} \fill[color=blue!\y](\pos,0) circle (0.5cm);					Variable \pos : position en X Variable \y : couleur				

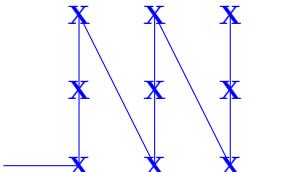
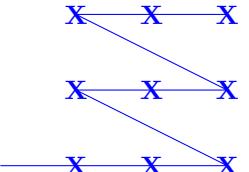
Composite variables			
			
\tikz \foreach \x/\col in 1/red,3/green,5/magenta,7/blue \shade[ball color=\col](\x,0) circle (1);		Variable \x : position en X Variable \col : couleur	

Variables with a step								
1,3	2,3	3,3	4,3		7,3	8,3	9,3	10,3
1,2	2,2	3,2	4,2		7,2	8,2	9,2	10,2
1,1	2,1	3,1	4,1		7,1	8,1	9,1	10,1
\begin{tikzpicture}\foreach \x in {1,2,...,4,7,8,...,10}\foreach \y in {1,...,3}\{\draw (\x,\y) +(-.5,-.5) rectangle ++(.5,.5); \draw (\x,\y) node\x,\y;\}\end{tikzpicture}								
Variable \x : position en X				Variable \y : position en Y				

List example	
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,	\foreach \x in {1,...,6} {\x, }
1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11,	\foreach \x in {1,3,...,11} {\x, }
Z, X, V, T, R, P, N,	\foreach \x in {Z,X,...,M} {\x, }
$2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, 2^5, 2^6, 2^7,$	\foreach \x in {2^1,2^...,2^7} {\x, }
0cm, 0.5cm, 1cm, 1.5cm, 2cm, 2.5cm, 3cm,	\foreach \x in {0cm,0.5cm,...cm,3cm} {\x, }
A ₁ , B ₁ , C ₁ , D ₁ , E ₁ , F ₁ , G ₁ , H ₁ ,	\foreach \x in {A_1,..._1,H_1} {\x, }

Calculation on variables

<pre>\begin{tikzpicture} \foreach \x in 0,20,...,360{ \filldraw[red] (0,0) .. controls (\x+10:1) .. (\x:1) .. controls (\x-10:1) .. (0,0);} \foreach \x in 10,30,...,370{ \filldraw[blue] (0,0) .. controls (\x+10:3) .. (\x:3) .. controls (\x-10:3) .. (0,0);} \end{tikzpicture}</pre> <p style="text-align: center;">Variable <code>\x</code> : angle</p>

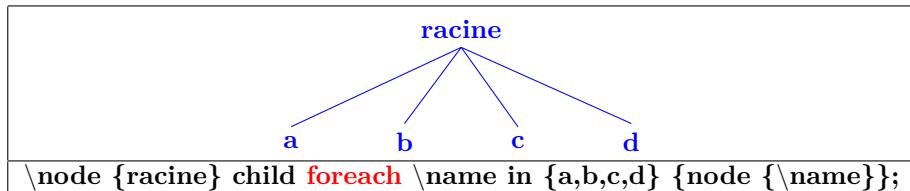
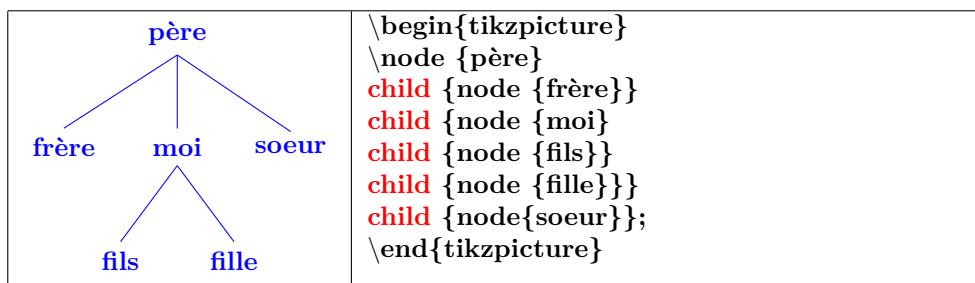
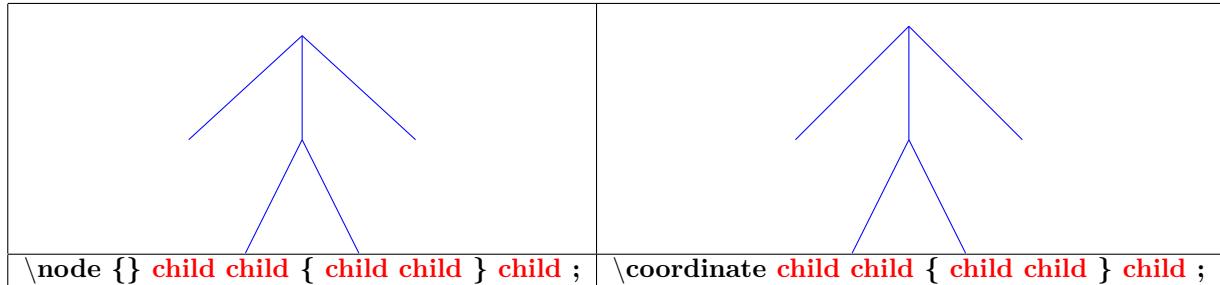
26.3 Nested loops

Order of the nested loops	
	
<pre>\begin{tikzpicture} \draw (0,0) \foreach \x in {1,2,3} \foreach \y in {0,1,2} {-- (\x,\y) node{X};} \end{tikzpicture}</pre>	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture} \draw (0,0) \foreach \y in {0,1,2} \foreach \x in {1,2,3} {-- (\x,\y) node{X};} \end{tikzpicture}</pre>

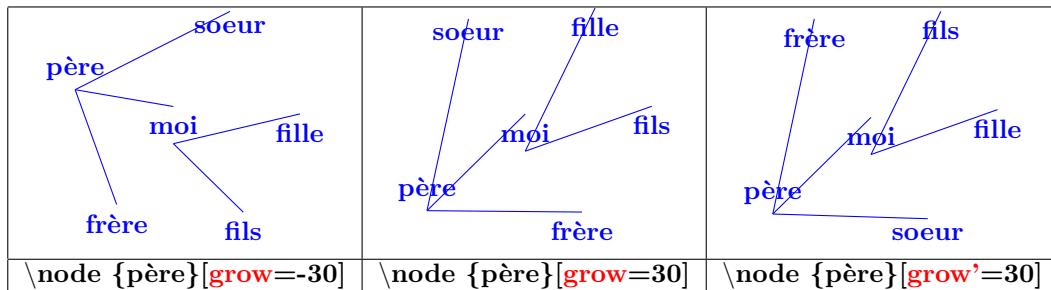
27 Tree diagram

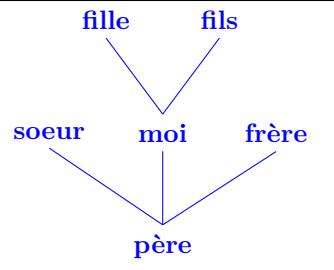
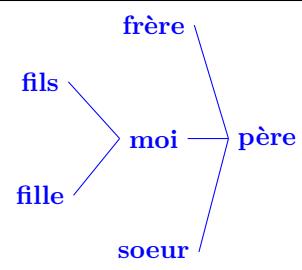
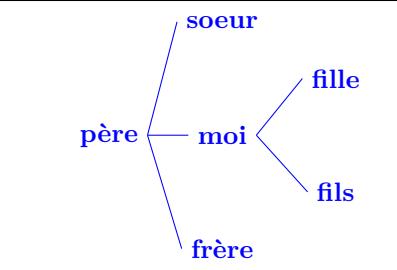
PGFmanual section : 21

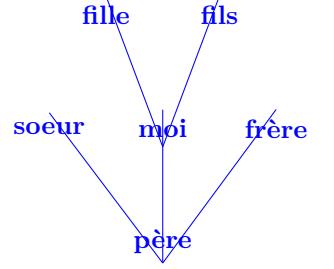
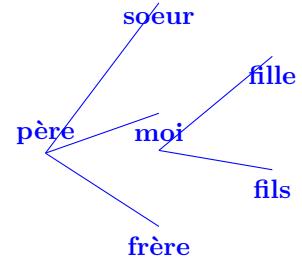
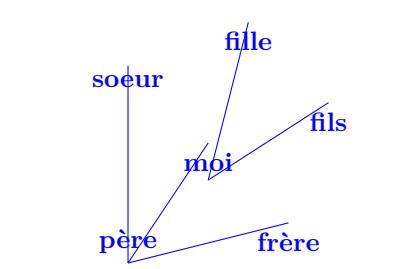
27.1 Structure

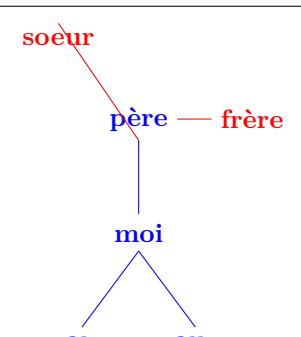


27.2 Orientation



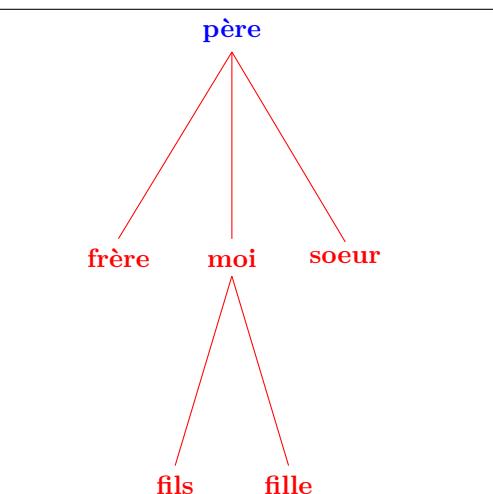
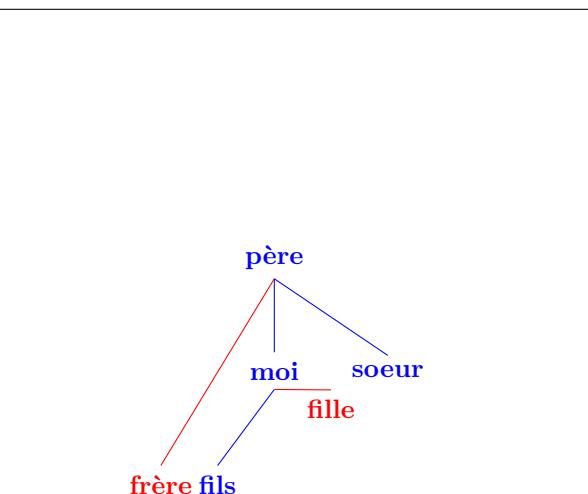
		
\node {père}[grow=up]	\node {père}[grow=left]	\node {père}[grow=right]

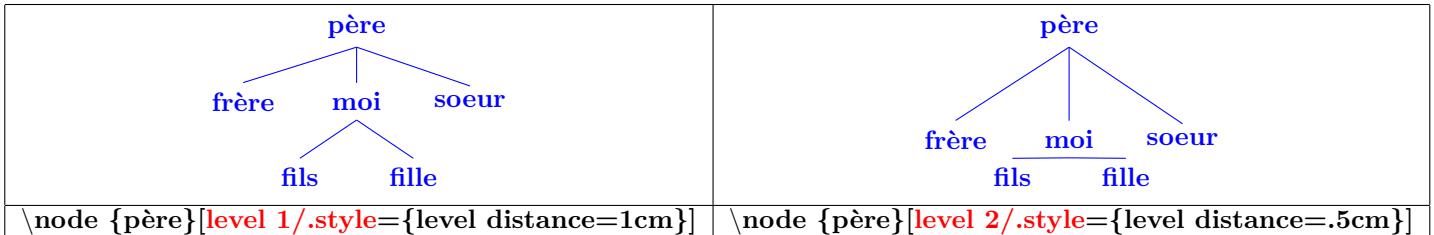
		
\node {père}[grow=north]	\node {père}[grow=east]	\node {père}[grow=north east]

	\node {père} child[grow=right,red] {node {frère}} child {node {moi}} child {node {fils}} child {node {fille}}} child[grow=north west,red] {node{soeur}};
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

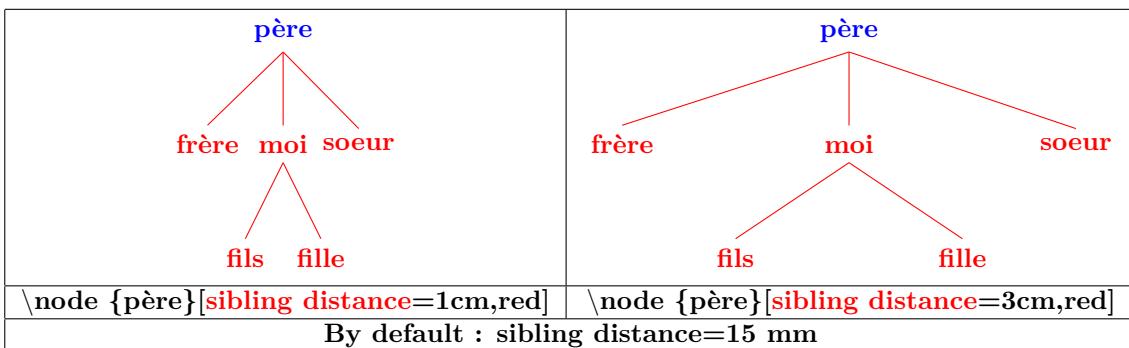
27.3 Distance

27.4 Parent-child distance

	
\node {père}[level distance=3cm,red]	child[level distance=3cm,red] {node {frère}} child[level distance=.5cm,red] {node {fille}}
By default : level distance=15 mm	



27.5 Two children distance



Problem	solution
<pre>[sibling distance=2cm]</pre>	<pre>[level 1/.style=sibling distance=2cm, level 2/.style=sibling distance=1cm]</pre>

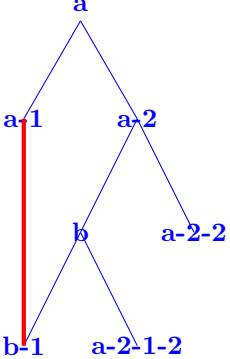
27.6 Nodes customization

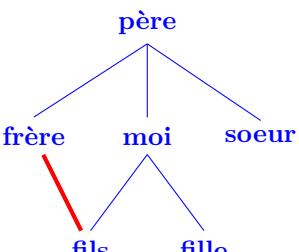
	<pre>\node[starburst¹,draw] {père}[grow=right] child {node[diamond,draw] frère} child {node[diamond,draw] moi} child {node[ellipse,draw] fils} child {node[ellipse,draw] fille} child {node[diamond,draw] soeur};</pre>
	<pre>\node[rectangle,double,draw,text width=1cm,text centered]{père et mère}[grow=right,level distance=2cm] child {node[red,ultra thick,draw,rotate=45] frère} child {node[blue,dashed, draw] moi} child {node[ellipse,draw] fils} child {node [ellipse,fill] fille} child {node [magenta,pattern=dots,draw] soeur};</pre>

27.6.1 Nodes name

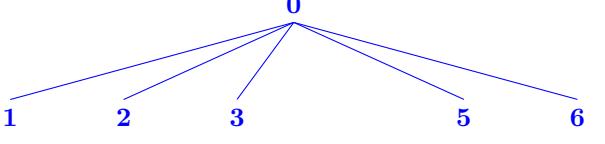
	<pre>\node (a) {a} child child { child {child child} child {child } }; \node at (a-1) {a-1}; \node at (a-2) {a-2}; \node at (a-2-2) {a-2-2}; \node at (a-2-1) {a-2-1}; \node at (a-2-1-2) {a-2-1-2}; \draw[red,ultra thick] (a-1) -- (a-2);</pre>
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¹Other types of nodes see section 17

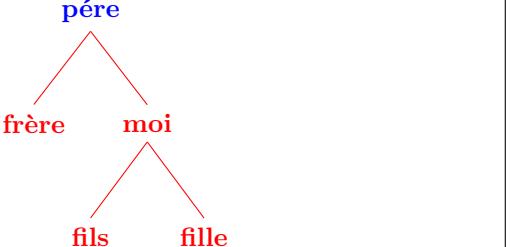
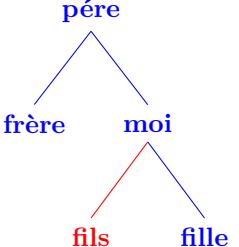
	<pre>\node (a) {a} child child child coordinate (b) child child child ; \node at (a-1) {a-1}; \node at (a-2) {a-2}; \node at (b) {b}; \node at (a-2-2) {a-2-2}; \node at (b-1) {b-1}; \node at (a-2-1-2) {a-2-1-2}; \draw[red, ultra thick] (a-1) -- (b-1);</pre>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

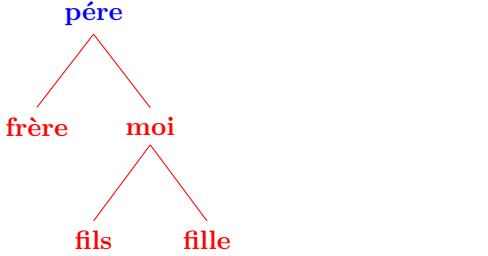
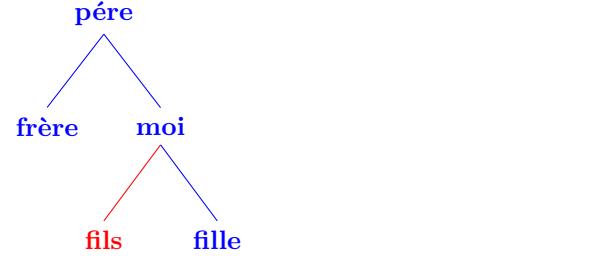
	<pre>\node (a) {père} child {node (b) {frère}} child {node (c) {moi}} child {node (d) {soeur}} ; \node at (b) {frère}; \node at (c) {moi}; \node at (d) {soeur}; \draw[red, ultra thick] (b) -- (fils);</pre>
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27.6.2 Missing a node

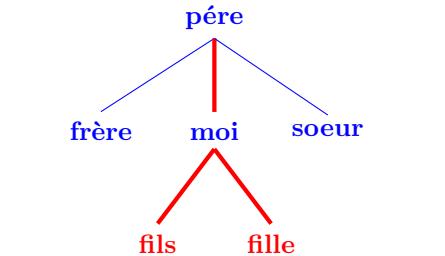
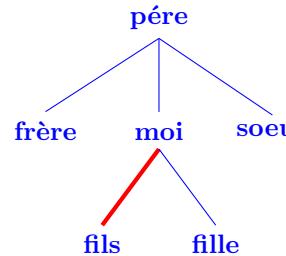
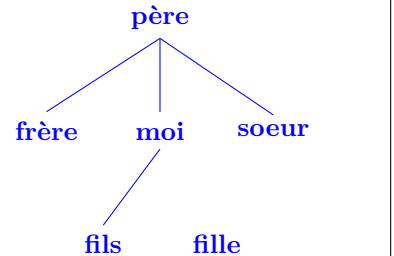
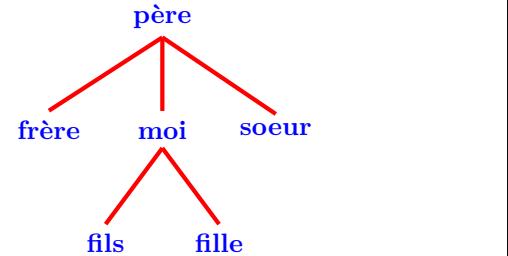
	<pre>0 1 2 3 5 6 child[missing] {node {4} }</pre>
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------

27.6.3 Attachment point modification

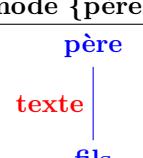
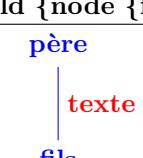
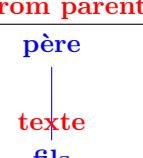
	
<pre>\node {père} [child anchor=east,red] child {node {frère}} child { node {moi}} child {node {fils}} child {node {fils}} ;</pre>	<pre>\node {père} child {node {frère}} child { node {moi}} child [child anchor=west,red] {node {fils}} child {node {fils}} ;</pre>

	
\node {père} [parent anchor=east,red] child {node {frère}} child { node {moi}} child {node {fils}} child {node {fils}} ;	\node {père} child {node {frère}} child { node {moi}} child [parent anchor=west,red] {node {fils}} child {node {fils}} ;

27.6.4 Links

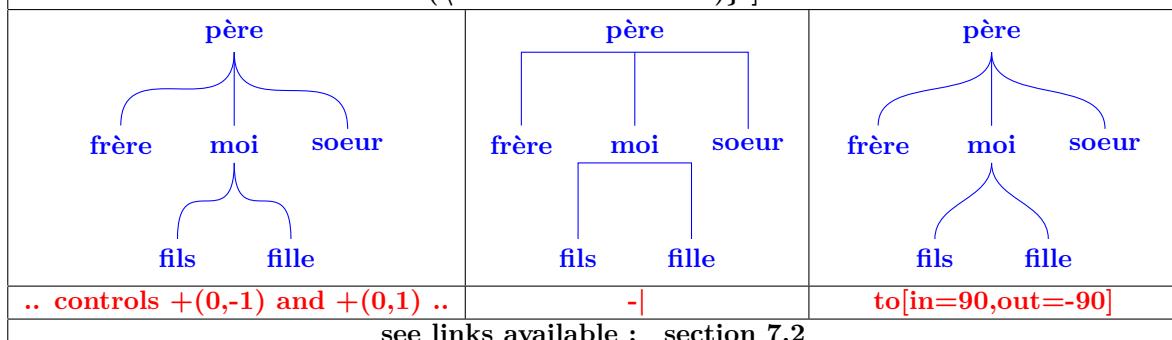
 child {node {moi}} edge from parent[red,ultra thick]	 child {node {fils}} edge from parent[red,ultra thick]	 child { node {fille}} edge from parent[draw=none]
 [edge from parent/.style={draw,red,ultra thick}] \node {père}		

27.6.5 Labels on link

\node {père} child {node {fils}} edge from parent node[left,red] {texte};			
node[left,red]	node[right,red]	node[near end,red]	node[draw,red]

27.6.6 Links customization

[edge from parent path= {(\tikzparentnode.south) .. controls +(0,-1) and +(0,1) .. (\tikzchildnode.north)}]



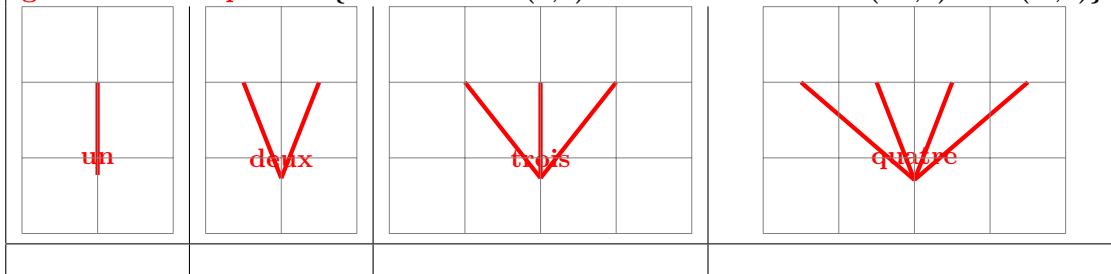
27.7 More options with « library trees »

Load package : \usetikzlibrary{trees}

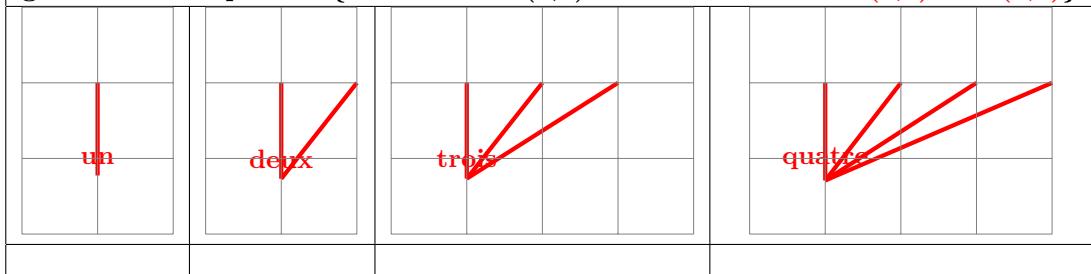
PGFmanual section : 72

27.7.1 One child and two children position

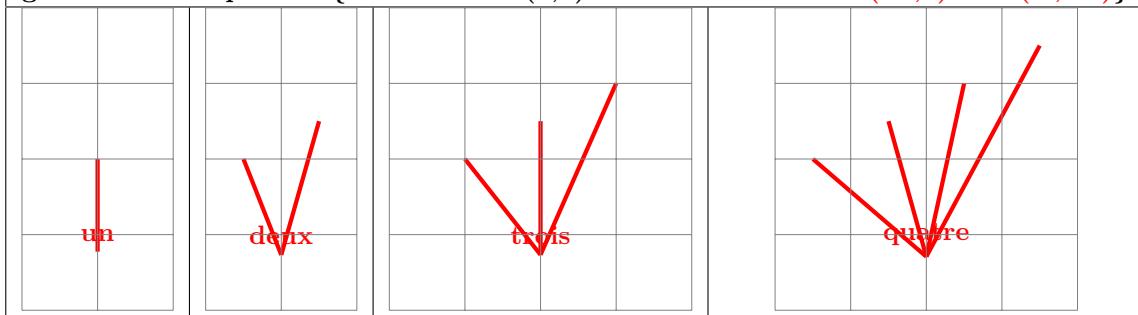
`grow via three points={ one child at (0,1) and two children at (-.5,1) and (.5,1)}`



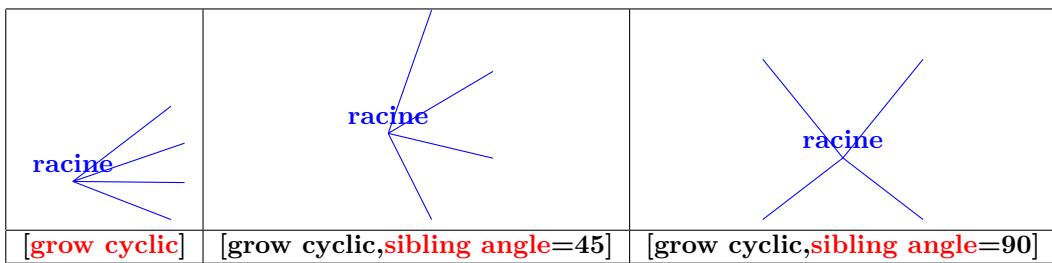
`grow via three points={ one child at (0,1) and two children at (0,1) and (1,1)}`

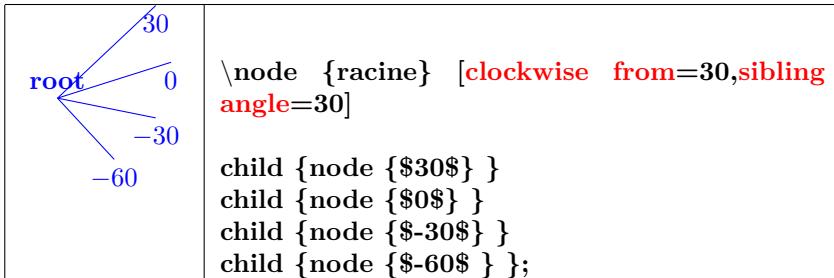


`grow via three points={ one child at (0,1) and two children at (-.5,1) and (.5,1.5)}`

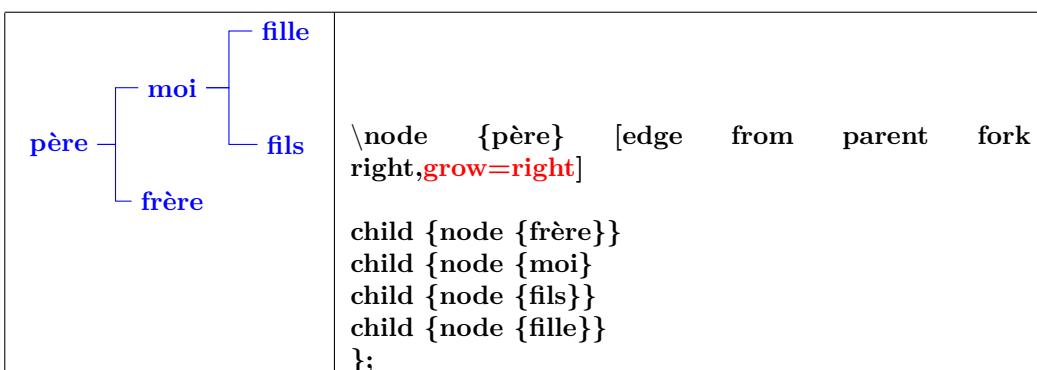
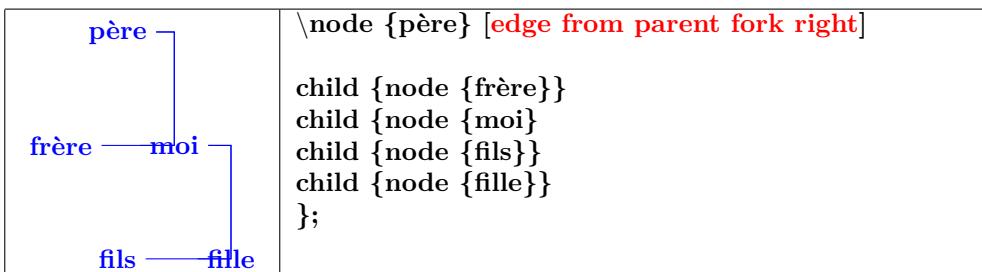
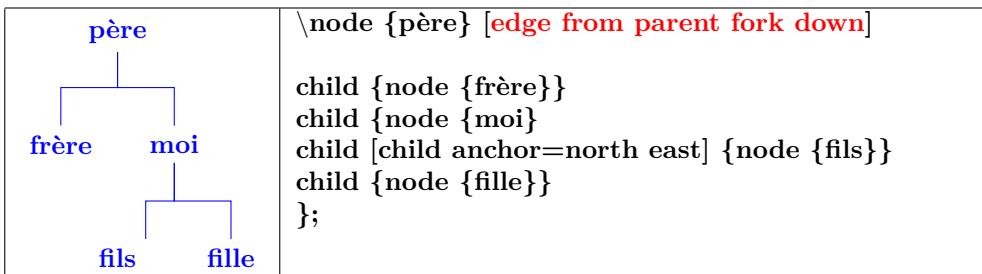


27.7.2 Angular linking





27.7.3 Forking links

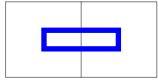
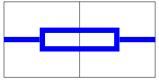


28 Electrical Engineering Circuits

Load package : \usepackage{circuits.ee.IEC}

28.1 Symbols

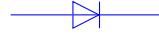
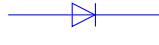
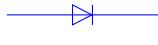
PGFmanual section : 47-4

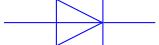
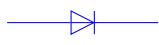
On a node	On a path
	

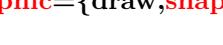
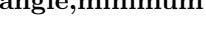
```
\node [circuit ee IEC] at (1,0.5) to [resistor] {} ; \draw [circuit ee IEC](0,0.5) to [resistor] (2,.5) ;
```

Basic Elements			
<code>\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [resistor] (2,.5) ;</code>			
[resistor]	[inductor]	[capacitor]	[battery]
;	;	;	;
[bulb]	[current source]	[voltage source]	[ground]
PGFmanual section : 47-4-4			
[diode]	[Zener diode]	[Schottky diode]	[tunnel diode]
;	;	;	;
[backward diode]	[breakdown diode]		
PGFmanual section : 47-4-5			
[contact]	[make contact]	[break contact]	

Alternate appearance		
<code>\draw [circuit ee IEC, set resistor graphic=var resistor IEC graphic] (0,0.5) to [resistor] (2,0.5) ;</code>		
resistor	inductor	diode
;	;	;
Zener diode	Schottky diode	tunnel diode
;	;	;
backward diode	breakdown diode	make contact

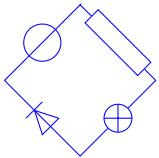
Symbol Size				
PGFmanual section : 47-2-1				
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [diode,large circuit symbols] (2,0.5) ;				
				
huge circuit symbols (10pt)	large circuit symbols (8pt)	medium circuit symbols (7pt)	small circuit symbols (6pt)	tiny circuit symbols (5pt)

\draw [circuit ee IEC,circuit symbol unit=14pt] (0,0.5) to [diode] (2,0.5) ;				
			don't work !	
circuit symbol unit=14pt	circuit symbol size=width 3 height 1		circuit symbol size=width 1 height 5	

Declaring New Symbols				
PGFmanual section : 47-2-2				
	\begin{tikzpicture} [circuit declare symbol=xxx, set xxx graphic={draw,shape=rectangle,minim size=5mm}] \node [xxx] at (.5,.5) ; \draw[circuit ee IEC] (1,.5) to [xxx] (3,.5) ; \end{tikzpicture}			
shape=circle	shape=dart	shape=star	shape=forbidden sign	
voir les "different shape libraries" see the different shape libraries				

Placement of symbol on a path				
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [contact={at start},make contact={very near start},voltage source={near start},resistor,bulb={near end},bulb={very near end},contact={at end}] (12,0.5) ;				
				
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [contact={ pos=0 },make contact={pos=0.2},voltage source={pos=0.3},resistor={ pos=0.5 },bulb={pos=0.75 },contact={pos =1 }] (12,0.5) ;				
				

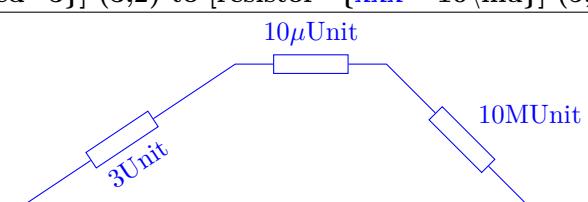
Symbol orientation				
PGFmanual section : 47-2-3				
\node [circuit ee IEC] at (1,.5) [diode,point up] {} ;				
				
[diode,point up]	[diode,point down]	[diode,point left]	[diode,point right]	

Automatic orientation	
	\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0) to [voltage source] (1,1) to [resistor] (2,0) to [bulb] (1,-1) to [diode] (0,0) ;

28.2 Annotations

Indicating Current Directions	
	PGFmanual section : 47-4-2
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [current direction] (2,0.5) ;	
	[current direction] [current direction']

Units available				
PGFmanual section : 47-4-6				
\node [draw,circuit ee IEC] at(1,.5) [ampere=5] {};				
5A □	5V □	5 □	5S □	5H □
[ampere=5]	[volt=5]	[ohm=5] <small>don't work !</small>	[siemens=5]	[henry=5]
5F □	5C □	5VA □	5W □	5Hz □
[farad=5]	[coulomb=5]	[voltampere=5]	[watt=5]	[hertz=5]
5kA □	5mA □	5 μ A □	5kW □	5MW □
[ampere=5k]	[ampere=5m]	[ampere=5\mu]	[watt=5k]	[watt=5M]

Declare unit	
	PGFmanual section : 47-2-4
\tikz[circuit ee IEC,circuit declare unit={xxx}{ Unit}]	
\draw (0,0) to[resistor={xxx' sloped=3}] (3,2) to [resistor={xxx= 10\mu}] (5,2) to [resistor={xxx= 10M}]	

Annotations			
PGFmanual section : 47-4-7			
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [resistor=light emitting] (2,0.5) ;			
[resistor=light emitting]	[resistor=light dependent]	[resistor=direction info]	[resistor=adjustable]
[diode=light emitting]	[diode=light dependent]	[diode=direction info]	[diode=adjustable]
[diode=light emitting']	[diode=light dependent']	[diode=direction info']	[diode=adjustable']

Units position	
PGFmanual section : 47-2-4	
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0) to [capacitor={farad=5\mu}] (2,2) ;	
[capacitor={farad=5\mu}]	[capacitor={farad'=5\mu}]
[capacitor={farad sloped=5\mu}]	[capacitor={farad' sloped=5\mu}]

Info Labels		
PGFmanual section : 47-2-4		
\draw [circuit ee IEC] (0,0.5) to [diode={light emitting={info=D1}}] (2,0.5) ;		
[diode={light emitting={info=D1}}]	[diode={light emitting={info'=D2}}]	[diode={light emitting,info=D3}]
On a node		On a path
[resistor,info=\$3\Omega\$,info'=R1]	[resistor={info=\$3\Omega\$,info'=R1}]	[resistor={info=\$3\Omega\$,info=R1}]

[resistor,point up,info=center:\$3\Omega\$]	[resistor,point up,info=center:\$3\Omega\$]

\node [voltage source,direction info=\{volt=10\}] {}	\node [voltage source,direction info'=\{volt=10\}] {}	\node [voltage source,direction info=\{volt=10\}] {}	\node [voltage source,direction info'=\{volt=10\}] {}
{volt=10} or {->,volt=10}	{volt'=10} or {->,volt'=10}	{volt=10} or {->,volt=10}	{volt'=10} or {->,volt'=10}
{<,volt=10}	{<,volt=10}	{<,volt=10}	{<,volt'=10}

Declare annotation	
PGFmanual section : 47-2-5	
	\tikzset{circuit declare annotation={XXX}{9pt}{(-0.5cm,0.5cm) edge[to path={- -(0pt,2pt) - - (8pt,8pt)}] ()} }\tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC]\draw (0,0) to [resistor=XXX] (3,0);
	\tikzset{circuit declare annotation={xxx}{ 9pt }{(-0.5cm,0.5cm) edge[to path={- -(0pt,2pt) - - (8pt,8pt)}] ()} }\tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC]\draw (0,0) to [resistor={xxx={info=abc}}] (3,0);
	\tikzset{circuit declare annotation={xxx}{ 1cm }{(-0.5,0.5) edge[to path={- -(0pt,2pt) - - (8pt,8pt)}] ()} }\tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC]\draw (0,0) to [resistor={xxx={info=abc}}] (3,0);

Theming Symbols

PGFmanual section : 47-2-6

```
\draw[circuit symbol lines/.style={draw,red,very thick}] (0,0)
to [capacitor={near start},resistor, make contact={near end}] (5,0);
```



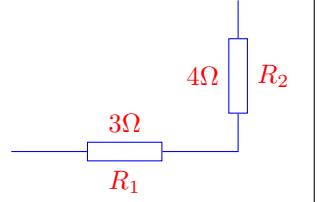
```
\draw[circuit symbol wires/.style={draw,red,very thick}] (0,0)
to [capacitor={near start},resistor, make contact={near end}] (5,0);
```



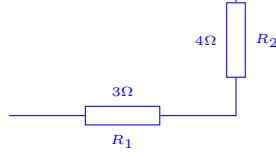
```
\draw[circuit symbol open/.style={thick,draw,red,fill=yellow}] (0,0)
to [capacitor={near start},resistor, make contact={near end}] (5,0);
```



```
\tikz[blue,circuit ee IEC,every info/.style=red]
\draw (0,0) to[resistor={info={$3\Omega$},info'={$R_1$}}] (3,0)
to[resistor={info={$4\Omega$},info'={$R_2$}}] (3,2);
```



every info/.style=red



every info/.style={font=\tiny}

28.3 Example

3 methods for the same circuit	
	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,circuit ee IEC] \draw (0,0) to [voltage source={direction info={->,volt=10}}] (0,2) to [resistor={info=center:\$3 k\Omega\$}] (2,2) to [diode=light emitting] (2,0) to [make contact] (0,0); \end{tikzpicture}</pre>
	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,circuit ee IEC] \draw (0,0) to [voltage source={direction info={->,volt=10}}] ++(up:2) to [resistor={info=center:\$ 3 k\Omega\$}] ++(right:2) to [diode=light emitting] ++(down:2) to [make contact] ++(left:2) ; \end{tikzpicture}</pre>
	<pre>\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,circuit ee IEC] \node (A) at (0,1) [voltage source,point up,volt=10]{}; \node (B) at (1,2) [resistor,ohm=10k] {}; \node (C) at (2,1) [diode=light emitting,point down] {} ; \node (D) at (-1,0) [make contact] {}; \draw (A) - (B) - (C) - (D) - (A); \end{tikzpicture}</pre>

j

29 Logical circuits

International Electrotechnical Commission :

Load package : \usepackage{circuits.logic.IEC}

American logic gates :

Load package : \usepackage{circuits.logic.US}

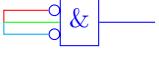
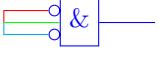
logic symbols used in A. Croft, R. Davidson, and M. Hargreaves (1992), Engineering Mathematics, Addison-Wesley, 82–95 :

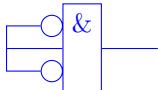
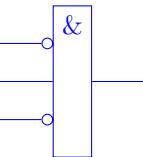
Load package : \usepackage{circuits.logic.CDH}

Basic Elements		
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate] {A} ; PGFmanual section : 47-3-2		
[circuit logic IEC] and gate	[circuit logic US] and gate	[circuit logic CDH] and gate
[circuit logic IEC] nand gate	[circuit logic US] nand gate	[circuit logic CDH] nand gate
[circuit logic IEC] or gate	[circuit logic US] or gate	[circuit logic CDH] or gate
[circuit logic IEC] nor gate	[circuit logic US] nor gate	[circuit logic CDH] nor gate
[circuit logic IEC] xor gate	[circuit logic US] xor gate	[circuit logic CDH] xor gate
[circuit logic IEC] xnor gate	[circuit logic US] xnor gate	[circuit logic CDH] xnor gate
[circuit logic IEC] not gate	[circuit logic US] not gate	[circuit logic CDH] not gate
[circuit logic IEC] buffer gate	[circuit logic US] buffer gate	[circuit logic CDH] buffer gate

Labelled		
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate] {A} ; PGFmanual section : 47-3-1		
		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]

Orientation		
PGFmanual section : 47-3-1		
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate,point down] {A} ;		
		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate,point up] {A} ;		
		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]
\node [circuit logic IEC] at (1,.5) [and gate,point left] {A} ;		
		
[circuit logic IEC]	[circuit logic US]	[circuit logic CDH]

inputs exit		
PGFmanual section : 47-3-3		
	\node [and gate IEC, draw, logic gate inputs={inverted ,normal , inverted }] at (1,.5) (A) {}; \draw [red] (A.input 1) - (0,0.5); \draw[green] (A.input 2) - (0,0.5); \draw[cyan] (A.input 3) - (0,0.5); \draw (A.output) - (2,0.5);	
	\node [and gate IEC, draw, logic gate inputs={ini}] at (1,.5) (A) {}; \draw [red] (A.input 1) - (0,0.5); \draw[green] (A.input 2) - (0,0.5); \draw[cyan] (A.input 3) - (0,0.5); \draw (A.output) - (2,0.5);	

input parameter	
\node [and gate IEC, draw, logic gate inputs=ini,logic gate inverted radius=4pt] at (1,.5) (A) {};	PGFmanual section : 47-3-3
	

logic gate inverted radius=4pt logic gate input sep=0.5cm

symbol parameter		
\node [circuit logic IEC, and gate IEC symbol=AND] at (1,.5) [and gate] {}		
	PGFmanual section : 47-3-5	
		
and gate IEC symbol =AND	logic gate IEC symbol color =red	logic gate IEC symbol align ={bottom, right}

Composant parameter		
\node [circuit logic IEC,very thick] at (1,.5) [and gate] {}		
	PGFmanual section : 47-3-5	
		
very thick	fill=blue!10	fill=blue!10, logic gate IEC symbol color=black

30 Optics

Load package : \usepackage{optics} [6]

	\begin{tikzpicture}[blue,line width=2pt] \draw[help lines] (-1,-1) grid (1,1); \node[use optics,lens] (L) at (0,0) ; \end{tikzpicture}
--	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

30.1 Optic components

30.1.1 Components available

Éléments optiques				
\tikz[use optics,blue] \node[lens] (L) at (0,0) {};				
lens	slit	double slit	mirror	
convex mirror	concave mirror	polarizer	beam splitter	
thin optics element	thick optics element	heat filter	screen	
diffraction grating	grid	semi-transparent mirror	diaphragm	

30.1.2 Parameters

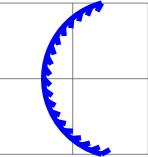
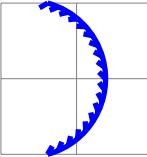
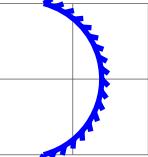
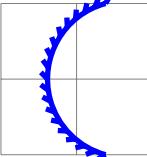
\node[lens,object height=1cm] (L) at (0,0) {};			
object height=1cm By default 2cm	draw focal points By default empty	focal length=1.5cm By default 1cm	focal height=0.5 By default 0.8 (80%)

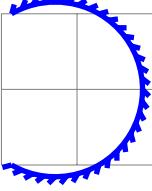
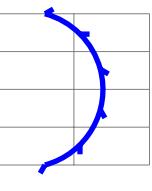
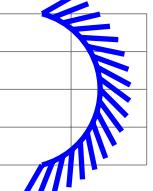
Lens type		slit parameters	
\node[lens,lens type=converging] (L) at (0,0) {};	\node[slit,slit height=0.5] (L) at (0,0) {};	slit height=0.5	slit height=0.5cm
		By default 0.075 (7.5%)	By default 0.075 (7.5%)
lens type=converging	lens type=diverging		

Double slit parameters			
\node[double slit,slit height=0.15] (L) at (0,0) {};			
slit height=0.15	slit height=0.25cm	slit separation=0.5	double slit, slit separation=1cm
By default 0.075 (7.5% x 2cm = 1.5 mm)		By default 0.2 (20% x 2cm = 4mm)	

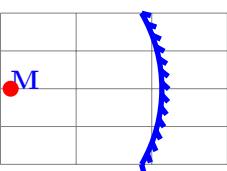
mirror parameters	
\node[mirror,mirror decoration separation=0.25] (L) at (0,0) {};	
mirror decoration separation=0.25	mirror decoration separation=0.5cm
By default 0.15cm	
mirror decoration amplitude=0.25	mirror decoration amplitude=1cm
By default 0.125cm	

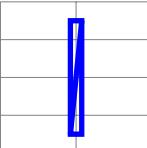
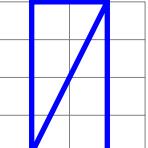
spherical mirror type	
\node[convex mirror](L) at (0,0) {};	
convex mirror	concave mirror
spherical mirror, spherical mirror type=convex	spherical mirror, spherical mirror type=concave

spherical mirror orientation	
\node[convex mirror, spherical mirror orientation=ltr](L) at (0,0) {};	
convex mirror, spherical mirror orientation=rtl	
concave mirror spherical mirror orientation=ltr	
concave mirror, spherical mirror orientation=rtl	

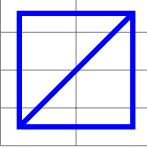
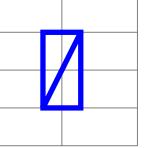
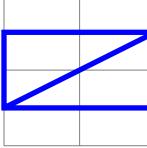
\node[spherical mirror, spherical mirror angle=240](L) at (0,0) {};		
		

spherical mirror angle=240 **mirror decoration separation=0.25** **mirror decoration amplitude=0.5cm**
 By default 150 By default 0.15cm By default 0.125cm

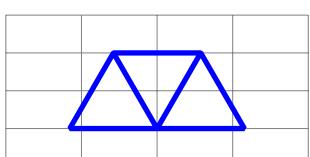
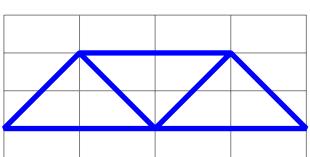
\node[spherical mirror, spherical mirror angle=from_radius(2cm)](L) at (0,0) {};	
	

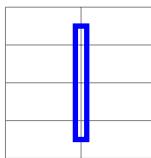
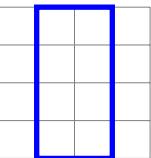
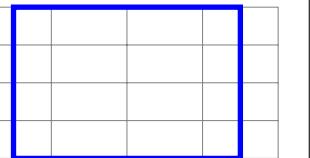
\node[polarizer, object height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
		

object height=1.5cm **object aspect ratio=0.5** **object aspect ratio=2**
 By default 2cm By default 0.2 By default

\node[beam splitter, object height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
		

object height=1.5cm **object aspect ratio=.5** **object aspect ratio=2**

\node[double amici prism,prism height=1cm](L) at (0,0) {};	
	
prism height=1cm By default 1.5cm	prism apex angle=90 By default 60

\node[thick optics element,object height=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};		
		
object height=1.5cm	object aspect ratio=0.5	object aspect ratio=1.5

30.1.3 Anchors

\node[lens] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \node[red,fill] (L.lens north) circle (2pt) ;				
				

(L.lens north) (L.lens south) (L.east focus) (L.west focus) (L.center)

\node[slit, slit height=0.5] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \node[red,fill] (L.slit north) circle (2pt) ;		
		

(L.slit north) (L.slit south) (L.slit center)

\node[double slit,slit height=0.2,slit separation=0.5] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \node[red,fill] (L.slit 1 north) circle (2pt) ;					
					

(L.slit 1 north) (L.slit 1 south) (L.slit 1 center) (L.slit 2 north) (L.slit 2 south) (L.slit 2 center)

\backslash node[spherical mirror] (L) at (0,0) {} ; \backslash node[red,fill] (L.mirror center) circle (2pt) ;							
L.mirror center	L.focus	L.arc start	L.arc center	L.arc end	L.45	L.-45	

30.2 Lights and sensors

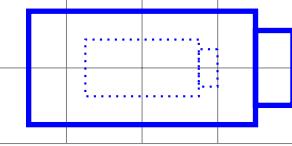
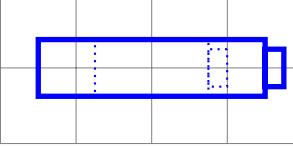
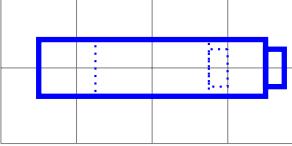
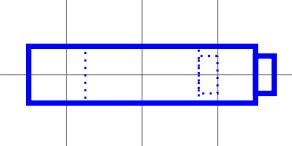
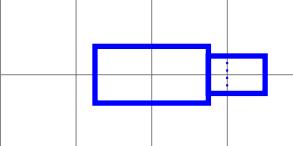
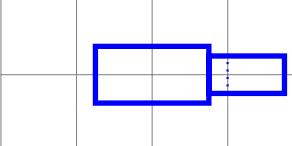
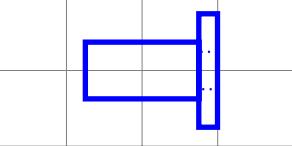
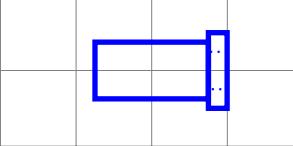
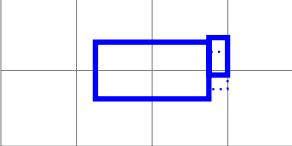
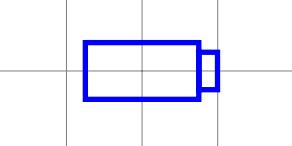
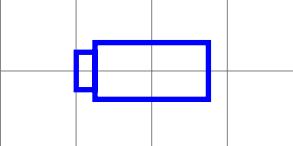
30.2.1 Available

\backslash tikz[use optics,scale=.5,blue] \node[generic optics io] (L) at (0,0) {} ;			
generic optics io	sensor line	generic sensor	generic lamp
halogen lamp	spectral lamp	laser	laser'

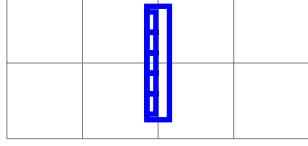
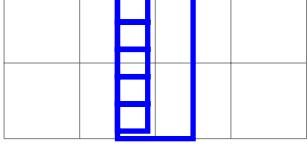
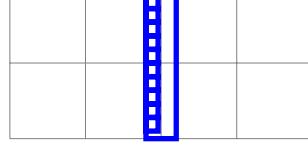
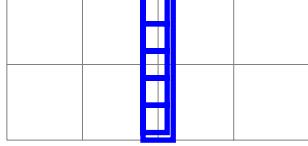
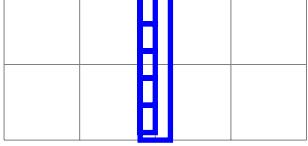
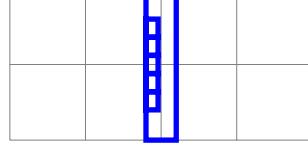
30.2.2 Parameters

\node[**generic optics io**, **io body height**=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};

Same parameters for **generic sensor** , **generic lamp** , **halogen lamp** , **spectral lamp**,**laser**

		
io body height =1.5cm By default 0.75cm	io body aspect ratio =4 By default 2	io body width =4
		
io body width =3cm	io aperture width =1	io aperture width =1cm By default 0.33
		
io aperture height =2 By default 0.66	io aperture height =1cm	io aperture shift =0.25 By default 0
		
io orientation =ltr By default ltr	io orientation =rtl	

\node[**sensor line**, **sensor line height**=1.5cm](L) at (0,0) {};

		
sensor line height =1.5cm By default 2cm	sensor line aspect ratio =0.5 By default 0.2	sensor line pixel number =10 By default 5
		
sensor line pixel width =0.8 By default 0.4	sensor line pixel width =0.2cm	sensor line inner ysep =0.2 By default 0.05

30.2.3 Anchors

s.body north	s.body south	s.body east	s.body west	s.body center
s.body north east	s.body north west	s.body south east	s.body south west	
s.aperture north	s.aperture south	s.aperture east	s.aperture west	s.aperture center
s.aperture north east	s.aperture north west	s.aperture south east	s.aperture south west	

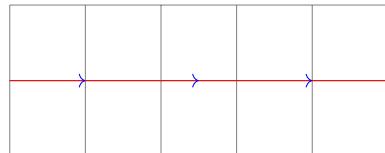
s.pixel 1 center	s.pixel 2 center	s.pixel 3 center	s.pixel 4 center	s.pixel 5 center
s.pixel 3 east	s.pixel 3 west	s.pixel 3 south	s.pixel 3 north	
s.pixel 3 north east	s.pixel 3 north west	s.pixel 3 south east	s.pixel 3 south west	

30.3 Tools

30.3.1 Marks on the ray

\draw [->-] (0,0) -- (1.5,1);					
[->-]	[-<-]	[->>-]	[->n={n=4}]	[->n={n=5,at=0.25}]	[->>=at=0.25, ->-=at=0.75]
\draw [put arrow] (0,0) to[bend left=120] (2,0);					
[put arrow]	[put arrow={arrow'}/]	[put arrow={at=0.2}/]	[put arrow={style=red}/]		
[red,put arrow={arrow=latex}]/	[put arrow={arrow'=Kite}]/	[put arrow={pos=.25}]/			
			By default pos=0.5		

```
\draw[red, put arrow/every arrow/.style={blue}, put arrow={at=0.2},
      put arrow={at=0.5}, put arrow={at=0.8}] (0,0) -- (5,0);
```



```
\begin{tikzpicture}[use optics,blue]
\draw[put coordinate=A at 0.1,put coordinate=B at 0.9]
(0,0) -- (1.5,1) -- (3, 0) -- (4.5,1);
\draw[red] (A) -- (B);
\fill(A) circle (2pt) node[above] {A} ;
\fill(B) circle (2pt) node[above] {B} ;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Point A à 10% , point B à 90%

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[use optics]
\node[halogen lamp] (quartz iode) at (0,0) {Q.I.};
\node[heat filter,right=0.5cm of quartz iode.aperture east] (AC) {};
\node[slit,right=0.75cm of AC] (fente) {};
\node[lens,right=2cm of fente] (L) {};
\node[screen,right=3cm of fente] (screen) {};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

30.3.2 Dimensions indicating

<pre>\draw (0,0) to[short dim arrow={label=2cm}] (2,0);</pre>		
 <pre>[dim arrow={label=2cm}]</pre>	 <pre>to[dim arrow={label=2cm}]</pre>	 <pre>[dim arrow={label=2cm} label style/.append style=</pre>
 <pre>[dim arrow={label=2cm,raise=1cm}]</pre> <p>By default raise = 0.5cm</p>	 <pre>[dim arrow={label=2cm,no raise},red]</pre>	 <pre>[dim arrow'= {label=2cm}</pre>

<pre>\draw (0,0) to[short dim arrow={label=2cm}] (2,0);</pre>	
<p>[short dim arrow={label=2cm}]</p>	<p>[short dim arrow={label=2cm,arrow length=1cm}] By default arrow length= 5mm</p>
<p>[short dim arrow={label=2cm,label near end}] By default label near start</p>	<p>[short dim arrow={label=2cm,label near middle}]</p>

31 Animate a TikZ picture

Load package : \usepackage{animate} [5]

31.1 Animation from picture files

first frame	second and last frame
	
\includegraphics{XXX1}	\includegraphics{XXX2}

\animategraphics:	
[controls,	:Inserts control buttons
loop	:animation restarts automatically
autoplay]	:Start animation automatically
{4}	:4 frame per second
{XXX}	:file base name
{1}	:number of the first frame
{2}	:number of the last frame

31.2 Animateinline

```
\animateinline[controls,loop,autoplay]{5}

% first frame
\begin{tikzpicture} \fill[blue] (45:2) -- (135:.5) -- (225:2) -- (315:.5)
-- cycle; \fill[blue] (45:.5) -- (135:2) -- (225:.5) -- (315:2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
% second frame
\newframe
\begin{tikzpicture}
\fill[blue] (0:2) -- (90:.5) -- (180:2) -- (270:.5) -- cycle;
\fill[blue] (0:.5) -- (90:2) -- (180:.5) -- (270:2) -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}

\end{animateinline}
```

31.3 Multiframe

```
\begin{animateinline}[poster=first,controls, palindrome]{12}
\multiframe{29}{iAngle=80+10, Rdim=2.0+-0.2}{
\begin{tikzpicture}
\fill[blue] (\iAngle+45:\Rdim) -- (\iAngle+135:.5)-
(\iAngle+225:\Rdim) - - (\iAngle+315:.5) - - cycle;
\fill[blue] (\iAngle+45:.5) - - (\iAngle+135:\Rdim)- - (\iAngle+225:.5) - - (\iAngle+315:\Rdim) - - cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
}
\end{animateinline}
```

The first letter of the variable name determines his type

entier	initiale : i ou I
réelles	initiale : n, N, r ou R
longueurs	initiale : d ou D

```
\begin{animateinline}[autoplay,loop]{12}
\multiframe{24}{iAngle=0+15,icol=0+5}{\begin{tikzpicture}
\draw[line width=0pt] (-2,-3) rectangle(6,3);
\draw (0,0) node[fill=white,circle,rotate=\iAngle]
{\includegraphics[width=2cm]{LogoIUT}} (0,0) circle (1);
\draw (0,0) circle (1);
\coordinate (abc) at (${\sqrt{9-\sin(\iAngle)*\sin(\iAngle)}}+\cos(\iAngle)*(1,0)$);
;
\coordinate (xyz) at (\iAngle:1);
\draw[ultra thick] (0,0) - -(xyz);
\draw[ultra thick] (xyz) - - (abc) ;
\fill[color=blue!\icol] (abc)+(0.5,-1) rectangle (5,1) ;
\draw[ultra thick] (abc) +(0,-1) rectangle +(5,2) ;
\draw[ultra thick] (1.5,1) - - (5,1) - - (5,-1) - - (1.5,-1);
\fill[red] (xyz) circle (4pt);
\fill[red] (abc) circle (4pt);
\end{tikzpicture}}
\end{animateinline}
```

Load package : \usepackage{tkz-tab} [3]

31.4 Creation of the table

1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\tkzTabInit{1° ligne / 1 ,2° ligne /1 } { a , b, c }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

31.4.1 Options

Row width			
1° ligne	a	b	c
2° ligne			
3° ligne			

```
\tikz \tkzTabInit{1° ligne '/1 , 2° ligne /.5 , 3° ligne /1.5 }{a , b , c };
```

First column width			
x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[lgt=4]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lgt==2 cm

Space between two values			
x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[espcl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: espcl=2 cm

Margin			
x	a	b	c

\tkzTabInit[deltacl=1]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: deltacl=0.5 cm

Line width			
x	a	b	c

```
\tkzTabInit[dlw=2pt]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: lw=0,4 pt
```

No cadre			
x	a	b	c

```
\tkzTabInit[nocadre]{ x / 1}{ a , b , c };
By default: nocadre=false
```

Coloring			
\tkzTabInit [color,colorT = yellow]{1°ligne/1 , 2°ligne/1}{ a , b }			
1°ligne	a	b	
2°ligne			
[color,colorT = yellow]		[color,colorC = cyan]	
1°ligne	a	b	
2°ligne			
[color,colorL = green]		[color,colorV = magenta]	
By default: color = false		colorT=colorC=colorL=colorV =white	

31.5 Creation of a sign row

x	a	b	c		x	a	b	c			
$f(x)$	⋮	2	⋮	4	⋮	$f(x)$	0	2	0	4	0
	⋮		⋮	⋮	⋮		⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	
\tkzTabLine{ t, 2,t ,4 ,t }					\tkzTabLine{ z, 2, z ,4 ,z }						
x	a	b	c		x	a	b	c			
$f(x)$		2		4		$f(x)$	1	3	4	5	
\tkzTabLine{ d, 2, d ,4 ,d }					\tkzTabLine{ 1, h, 3 ,4 ,5 }						

Example					
x	$-\infty$	-4	4	10	$+\infty$
$f(x)$	+		-	0	+

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline
x &  $-\infty$  & -4 & 4 & 10 &  $+\infty$  \\ \hline
f(x) & + & & - & 0 & + \\ \hline
\end{array}
\begin{array}{l}
\begin{tikzpicture}[espcl=1.5]
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline
x & a & b & c \\ \hline
f(x) & 1 \rightarrow 2 \\ \hline
\end{array}
\begin{array}{l}
\tkzTabInit[espcl=1.5]{x / 1 , $f(x)$ / 1 } {  $-\infty$  , -4, 4 , 10 ,  $+\infty$  }
\tkzTabLine{ t,+ , d ,h ,d,-,z,+ }
\end{array}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{array}
\end{array}
```

31.6 Creation of a variation row

x	a	b	c	x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\rightarrow	2	$f(x)$	1	\rightarrow	2

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -/2}

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , +/2}

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\longrightarrow	2

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\longrightarrow	2

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -/2}

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , +/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\rightarrow	2

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\rightarrow	2

\tkzTabVar{+C/1 , -/2}

\tkzTabVar{-C/1 , +/2}

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\rightarrow	2

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	\rightarrow	2

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -C/2}

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , +C/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{+H/1 , -/2}

\tkzTabVar{-H/1 , +/2}

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , -H/2}

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , +H/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ +D/1 , -/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , -D/2 }

\tkzTabVar{ -D/1 , +/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ D+/1 , -/2 }

\tkzTabVar{ D-/1 , +/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , D-/2 }

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , D+/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ +DH/1 , -/2 }

\tkzTabVar{ -DH/1 , +/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , -DH/2 }

\tkzTabVar{ +DH/1 , +/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ +CH/1 , -/2 }

\tkzTabVar{ -CH/1 , +/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1	2	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , -CH/2 }

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , +CH/2 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +D-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -D+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -D-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +D+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +CD-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -CD+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -CD-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 3		

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +CD+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +DC-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -DC+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -DC-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +DC+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +V-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -V+/2 , -/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ +/1 , -V-/2 , +/3 }

x	a	b	c
$f(x)$	1 → 2	2 → 3	

\tkzTabVar{ -/1 , +V+/2 , -/3 }

Emphasizing a value				
	x	a	b	c
f(x)	1	2	2	3

\tkzTabVar{+/1 , -V-/ \colorbox{yellow}{2} , +/3}

Multicolumn variation				
	x	a	b	c
f(x)	1			3

\tkzTabVar{-/1 , R/ , +/3}

Intermediate values					
	x	a	A	b	c
f(x)	1	-x			3

\tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x} \tkzTabVal{1}{3}{0.75}{A}{x}

	x	a	A	b	c

\tkzTabVal[draw]{1}{3}{0.25}{A}{x}

Picture insertion					
	x	a	b	c	d
f(x)	1	-x			3

\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{2}{x}

\tkzTabIma{1}{4}{3}{x}

32 Packages studied in this document

Basic TikZ package :			
name	Load package	documentation ¹	
tikz	\usepackage{tikz}	pgfmanual.pdf	

Other packages			
name	see page	documentation ²	
animate	176	animate.pdf	
tikz-optics	166	tikz-optics.pdf	
pgfplots	128	pgfplots.pdf	
tikzpeople	116	tikzpeople.pdf	
tkz-tab	177	tkz-tab-screen.pdf	

Optional library (documentation : pgfmanual.pdf)		
name	see page	Load package
angles	36	\usetikzlibrary{angles}
arrows.meta	20	\usetikzlibrary{arrows.meta}
bending	33	\usetikzlibrary{bending}
backgrounds	62	\usetikzlibrary{backgrounds}
calc	43	\usetikzlibrary{calc}
circuits.ee.IEC	156	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.ee.IEC}
circuits.logic.IEC	162	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.logic.IEC}
circuits.logic.US	162	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.logic.US}
circuits.logic.CDH	162	\usetikzlibrary{circuits.logic.CDH}
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¹look in repertory : \texlive\2016\tesmf-dist\doc\generic\pgf

²search in repertory : \texlive\2016\tesmf-dist\doc\latex

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