

TIKZORBITAL Package

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Abstract

This package provides several \LaTeX macros in order to draw easily molecular diagrams and atomic orbital of type s , p and d inside tikzpicture environment. This documentation gives the syntax of the commands and complete examples of their utilization. The source code is give at the end.

Contents

1 Requirements and licence	1	5 Atom and hybrid orbitals	6
2 Installation and utilization	2	6 More customization	8
3 Molecular orbital diagrams	2	7 Inner macro \alobe	8
4 Molecular orbitals drawings	3	8 Source code	9

1 Requirements and licence

TIKZORBITAL underlies the \LaTeX project public license (lppl) version 1.3 or later (<http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt>). It requires the following packages which all are usually included in standard texlive or MikTex distribution :

- tikz, pgfkeys (part of tikz) and tikz library shapes
- ifthen

Feel, free to send comments, contribution or suggestion by email.

2 Installation and utilization

Download the tarball which contains the files `tikzorbital.sty` and `tikzorbital.pdf` which are respectively the package file and its documentation (<http://gvallver.perso.univ-pau.fr/>). After extracting the files, copy them to directories where \LaTeX will be able to find them. For example, under Linux operating systems :

```
1 % for the .sty file
2 /home/you/texmf/tex/latex/tikzorbital
3
4 % for the pdf documentation file
5 /home/you/texmf/doc/latex/tikzorbital
```

Under a macOS operating system the `texmf` directory is not in your home directory but in the `Library` directory.

Package `TIKZORBILTEL` do not have any options. After you have copied it in a directory where \LaTeX will find it, simply load it as other \LaTeX package :

```
1 \usepackage{tikzorbital}
```

All macros provided by `TIKZORBILTEL` must be uses inside a `tikzpicture` environment. The `[<pos>]` option of the macro is a position which can be given in the `tikz` syntax.

Options of macros provided by `TIKZORBILTEL` must be given in a `key = value` syntax. For example :

```
1 \command[option 1 = <value1>, option2 = <value2> ...]{argument}
```

3 Molecular orbital diagrams

The package `TIKZORBILTEL` provides the following command in order to draw easily molecular orbital diagrams :

```
\drawLevel [<options>] {<name>}
```

This command draw a thick line with zero, one or two electrons which represent the occupation of the orbital and are drew as vertical arrows which indicate the spin of each electron. `<name>` is the name of the orbital and is used in order to define anchors which could be used in order to draw correlation lines or to add labels (see example 3.1). The following anchor are created :

- `left name` : at the left of the orbital level
- `right name` : at the right of the orbital level
- `middle name` : at the middle of the orbital level

The following `[<options>]` are available :

`[<elec>]` : Number of electrons, `<value>` must be one of {`up`, `down`, `updown`, `pair`} where `pair` and `updown` have got the same effect.

`default = no`

`[<pos>]` : left position of the level

`default = { (0,0) }`

```

[<width>] : level width
    default = 2

[<style>] : a set of tikz commands which define the way levels have to be drawn
    default = {line width = 2pt, color = black!80, line cap = round}

[<spinstyle>] : a set of tikz commands which define the way the arrows which represents the electrons have
    to be drawn
    default = {very thick, color = red!80, -stealth}

[<spinlength>] : length of spin arrows
    default = 1

```

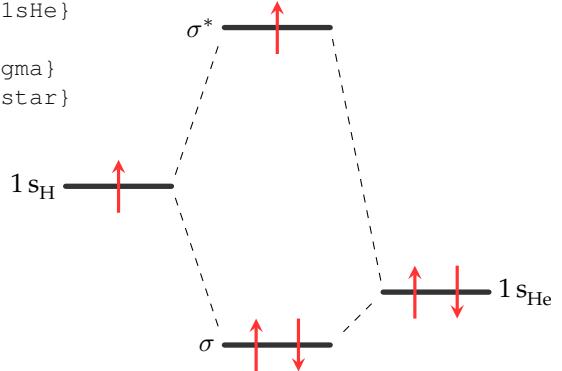
Note that if the value of an option contains comma or parenthesis, you should enclose its in curly brace.

Example 3.1 shows how to use `\drawLevel` for molecule HHe.

```

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \drawLevel[elec = up, pos = {(0,0)}, width = 2]{1sH}
3   \drawLevel[elec = updown, pos = {(6,-2)}, width = 2]{1sHe}
4
5   \drawLevel[elec = pair, pos = {(3,-3)}, width = 2]{sigma}
6   \drawLevel[elec = up, pos = {(3,3)}, width = 2]{sigmastar}
7
8   \draw[dashed] (right 1sH) -- (left sigma)
9     (right 1sH) -- (left sigmastar)
10    (left 1sHe) -- (right sigmastar)
11    (left 1sHe) -- (right sigma);
12
13 \node[left] at (left 1sH) {\ce{1s_H}} ;
14 \node[right] at (right 1sHe) {\ce{1s_{He}}} ;
15 \node[left] at (left sigma) {$\sigma$};
16 \node[left] at (left sigmastar) {$\sigma^*$};
17 \end{tikzpicture}

```



Example 3.1: Example of the molecular diagram of the molecule HHe⁺ drew with the command `\drawLevel`.

4 Molecular orbitals drawings

The package **TIKZORBILTEL**, provides the command `\orbital` in order to draw atomic orbital *s*, *p* or *d*. The general syntax is :

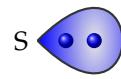
```
\orbital[<options>]{<type>}
```

where `<type>` is the type of the atomic orbital : `lobe`, `s`, `px`, `py`, `pz`, `dxy`, `dxz`, `dyz`, `dx2y2` or `dz2`. See example 4.1 to see all atomic orbital types. The `lobe` type simply draw one lobe of a *p* or *d* atomic orbital and may be used, for example, to draw hybrid orbital. With the `lobe` type you can also represent electrons as small spheres inside the orbital.

```

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \node (s) {S};
3   \orbital[nelec = 2, scale = 1.5, pos = (s.east)]{lobe}
4 \end{tikzpicture}

```



General options

The following options, allow to change the position, the aspect and the size the atomic orbital. They are available for all type of atomic orbital. :

`[<pos>]` : position of the center of the atomic orbital

default = {(0,0)}

`[<scale>]` : scaling factor

default = 1

`[<opacity>]` : opacity of the atomic orbital. Useful if you wish to superimpose atomic orbital

default = 1

Color options

The color of atomic orbitals can be selected with options : `[<pcolor>]`, `[<ncolor>]` or `[<color>]`. The options `[<pcolor>]` and `[<ncolor>]` stand for the positive and the negative lobes of *p* or *d*-type atomic orbitals. The `[<color>]` option define the color of *s*-type or *lobe*-type orbital. For these types of atomic orbital, if no color is given the `[<pcolor>]` is used.

`[<color>]` : color of the atomic orbital for *s*-type or *lobe*-type orbital

`[<pcolor>]` is used

`[<pcolor>]` : color of the positive lobe (or color for *s* and *lobe*-type orbital if `[<color>]` is not given)

default = blue

`[<ncolor>]` : color of the negative lobe (for *p* and *d*-type orbital only)

default = black!30

lobe-type specific options

The following options will have an effect only for the `lobe` type :

`[<rotate>]` : rotation of the atomic orbital

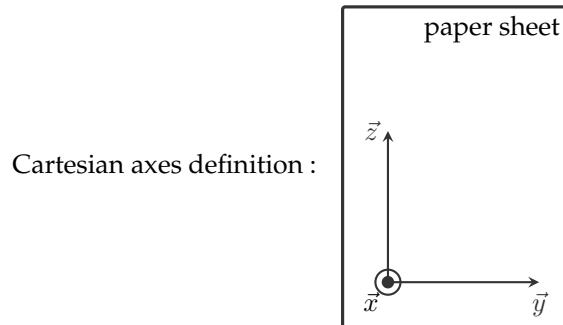
default = 0

`[<nelec>]` : number of electron to draw inside the lobe

default = 0

examples

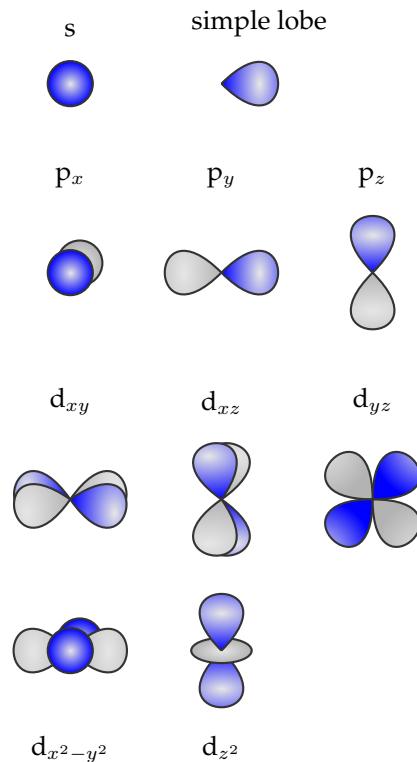
Example 4.1 shows all atomic orbital types available. In order to decide the type of the atomic orbital you need, look at the axes definition below :



```

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \orbital[pos = {(2,5.5)}]{lobe}
3   \node[above] at (2.5,6) {simple lobe};
4
5   \orbital[pos = {(0,5.5)}]{s}
6   \node[above] at (0,6) {s};
7
8   \orbital[pos = {(0,3)}]{px}
9   \node[above] at (0,4) {p_x};
10  \orbital[pos = {(2,3)}]{py}
11  \node[above] at (2,4) {p_y};
12  \orbital[pos = {(4,3)}]{pz}
13  \node[above] at (4,4) {p_z};
14
15  \orbital[pos = {(0,0)}]{dxy}
16  \node[above] at (0,1) {d_xy};
17  \orbital[pos = {(2,0)}]{dxz}
18  \node[above] at (2,1) {d_xz};
19  \orbital[pos = {(4,0)}]{dyz}
20  \node[above] at (4,1) {d_yz};
21
22  \orbital[pos = {(0,-2)}]{dx2y2}
23  \node[below] at (0,-3) {d_{x^2-y^2}};
24  \orbital[pos = {(2,-2)}]{dz2}
25  \node[below] at (2,-3) {d_{z^2}};
26 \end{tikzpicture}

```



Example 4.1: All the atomic orbitals available from the command `\orbital`.

5 Atom and hybrid orbitals

The package `TIKZORBILTA` provides the command `\atom` in order to quickly draw an atom with several orbital lobes around it. The general syntax of the command is :

```
\atom[<options>] {<lobes>}
```

The `<lobes>` argument is a comma separated list of lobe definition with the syntax
color/rotation-angle/anchor/number of electrons

For each element of the list, the command `\atom` draw a lobe at the given anchor, with the given color , rotation and number of electrons.

The following options are available in order to customize the drawing :

`[<pos>]` : position of the atom.

```
default = { (0,0) }
```

`[<name>]` : name of the atom. Give also the name to the node where the atom is drawn.

```
default = X
```

`[<color>]` : color of the atom.

```
default = green
```

`[<opacity>]` : opacity of the lobe drawn around the atom.

```
default = 0.8
```

Example 5.1 show several applications of the command `\atom`.

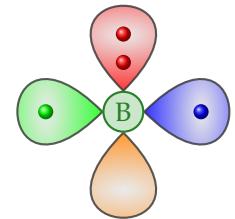
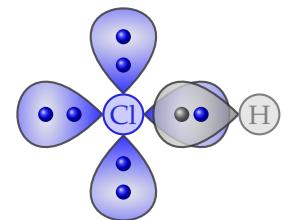
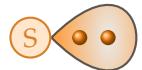
```

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \atom [color = orange, name = S]{orange/0/east/2}
3 \end{tikzpicture}

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \atom [name = Cl, color = blue]{
3     blue/90/north/2,
4     blue/0/east/1,
5     blue/270/south/2,
6     blue/180/west/2}
7   \atom [name = H, color = gray, pos = {(1.8,0)}]{gray/180/west/1}
8 \end{tikzpicture}

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \atom [name = B, color = green!50!black]{
3     red/90/north/2,
4     blue/0/east/1,
5     orange/270/south/0,
6     green/180/west/1}
7 \end{tikzpicture}

```



Example 5.1: Utilization example of the `\atom` command.

6 More customization

Orbital borders and inner color

It is possible to change the inner color of orbital and the color of orbital borders. These two colors are defined as follow in `TIKZORBILAL` package :

```
1 % inner color for orbital filling
2 \colorlet{innerColor}{black!10}
3 % color for orbital drawing
4 \colorlet{drawColor}{black!80}
```

Thus if you change the definition of these colors you will change the desired color on the drawing of the atomic orbitals.

Orbital customization

You can give a set of tikz options to the command `\setOrbitalDrawing`. This command acts as a tikz style which is applied every time an atomic orbital is drawn. All options give in this command will overwrite default style of atomic orbital. For example, if you want to draw atomic orbital in red with very thick line thickness :

```
1 \setOrbitalDrawing{{very thick, color = red}}
```

Change default value globally with pgfkeys

If you want to change the default value of the `[<width>]` option of the `\drawLevel` command or whatever other option for a whole tikzpicture, you can do this using the `\pgfkeys` command. You simply have to give to this command one or several options you want to set globally.

All options of a `TIKZORBILAL`'s command follow the tree : `/tikzorbital/command/option`. For example, if you want to change the `[<width>]` option of the `\drawLevel` command, you have to write :

```
1 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/drawLevel/width = 1}
2 % or
3 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/drawLevel/.cd, width = 1}
```

7 Inner macro `\@alobe`

In order to draw atomic orbital, `TIKZORBILAL` use the inner macro `\@alobe`.

```
\@alobe {<pos>} {<rotation>} {<scale>} {<color>} {<nelec>} {<opacity>}
```

`\@alobe` macro draw one lobe of *p* or *d* orbital and corresponds to the lobe type of `\orbital` (see above). `\@alobe` accepts six arguments :

#1 the position

#2 angle of rotation

#3 scaling factor

#4 the color

#5 the number of electron, namely 0, 1 or 2

#6 the opacity of the lobe

no default are given. For example, the d_{yz} atomic orbital is defined as follow

```
1 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{45}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
2 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{135}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
3 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{225}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
4 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{315}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
```

8 Source code

```
1 % -----
2 % Package tikzorbital
3 % -----
4 %
5 % This package provides several commands in order to draw atomic orbitals and
6 % molecular diagrams.
7 %
8 % Germain Vallverdu <germain.vallverdu@univ-pau.fr>
9 % 05 decembre 2012
10 % http://gvallver.perso.univ-pau.fr/
11 %
12 % Licence : LaTeX Project Public Licence
13 % http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
14 %
15 % Feel free to contact me if you have any ideas, suggestions or bugs report !
16 %
17 % -----
18 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
19 \ProvidesPackage{tikzorbital}[2012/12/05 draw atomic orbitals and molecular diagrams with tikz]
20 %
21 %
22 \RequirePackage{tikz}
23 \usetikzlibrary{shapes}
24 \RequirePackage{ifthen}
25 %
26 \pgfdeclarelayer{background}
27 \pgfdeclarelayer{main}
28 \pgfdeclarelayer{foreground}
29 \pgfsetlayers{background,main,foreground}
30 %
31 % -----
32 % keys in order to submit tikz command to macro
```

```

33 % -----
34 \pgfkeys{/tikz/.cd,
35   execute style/.style = {#1},
36   execute macro/.style = {execute style/.expand once=#1}
37 }
38
39 % -----
40 % commande \drawLevel[key = value]{name}
41 % -----
42 % draw a level with a given name in order to draw molecular diagrams
43 %
44 % argument
45 %   name      : base name of level anchor.
46 %
47 % options
48 %   elec      : Number of electrons : up, down, updown or pair
49 %   pos       : left position of the level
50 %   width     : level width
51 %   style     : level style (a tikzstyle)
52 %   spinstyle : style of arrows which represents electrons (a tikzstyle)
53 %   spinlength : length of spin arrows
54 %
55
56 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/.cd,
57 % number of electron in the level : up, down, updown or pair
58   elec/.store in = \drawLevel@elec,
59   elec/.default = no,
60 % position of the left anchor of the level
61   pos/.store in = \drawLevel@pos,
62   pos/.default = {(0,0)},
63 % width of levels
64   width/.store in = \drawLevel@width,
65   width/.default = 2,
66 % style of levels
67   style/.store in = \drawLevel@style,
68   style/.default = {line width = 2pt, color = black!80, line cap = round},
69 % style of arrows
70   spinstyle/.store in = \drawLevel@spinstyle,
71   spinstyle/.default = {very thick, color = red!80, -stealth},
72 % length of spin arrows
73   spinlength/.store in = \drawLevel@spinlength,
74   spinlength/.default = 1,
75 % execute options
76   elec, pos, width, style, spinstyle, spinlength
77 }
78
79 % the drawLevel command
80 \newcommand{\drawLevel}[2][]{%
81   \begingroup

```

```

82 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/drawLevel/.cd, #1}
83 \def\drawLevel@name{\#2}
84
85 \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@style]
86   \drawLevel@pos
87   node (left \drawLevel@name) {}
88   -- ++ (\drawLevel@width, 0)
89   node (right \drawLevel@name) {}
90   node [pos=0.5] (middle \drawLevel@name) {}
91   node [pos=0.3] (pos1) {}
92   node [pos=0.7] (pos2) {};
93
94 \ifthenelse{\equal{\drawLevel@elec}{updown} \or \equal{\drawLevel@elec}{pair}}{
95   \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
96     (pos1.center) ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
97                 ++ (0,\drawLevel@spinlength);
98   \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
99     (pos2.center) ++ (0, \drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
100                ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength);
101 }{
102   \ifthenelse{\equal{\drawLevel@elec}{up}}{
103     \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
104       (middle #2.center) ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
105                 ++ (0,\drawLevel@spinlength);
106   }{
107     \ifthenelse{\equal{\drawLevel@elec}{down}}{
108       \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
109         (middle #2.center) ++(0,\drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
110                   ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength);
111     }{
112     }
113   }
114 }
115 \endgroup
116 }
117
118 % -----
119 % some customization of orbital
120 % -----
121
122 % inner color for orbital filling
123 \colorlet{innerColor}{black!10}
124
125 % color for orbital drawing
126 \colorlet{drawColor}{black!80}
127
128 % more style for lobe orbital drawing
129 \newcommand{\setOrbitalDrawing}[1]{\def\orbitalDrawing{#1}}
130 \setOrbitalDrawing{thick}

```

```

131
132 % -----
133 % inner \@alobe command
134 %
135 % Draw one lobe of a p or d atomic orbital, at a given position with a given scale,
136 % color, rotation and opacity. Draw zero, one or two balls which represent electrons.
137 %
138 % arguments
139 % #1 : position
140 % #2 : rotation
141 % #3 : scale
142 % #4 : color
143 % #5 : number of electron
144 % #6 : opacity
145 %
146 \newcommand{\@alobe}[6]{
147     \begin{scope}[rotate around = {#2:#1}]
148         % draw orbital lobe
149         \begin{pgfonlayer}{background}
150             \draw[draw = drawColor, outer color = #4, inner color = innerColor,
151                   opacity = #6, execute macro = \orbitalDrawing]
152                 #1 .. controls ++ (#3 * 1, #3 * 1) and ++ (#3 * 1, - #3 * 1) .. #1;
153         \end{pgfonlayer}
154
155         %Coordinates of the electrons
156         \path #1 ++ (0.50 * #3, 0) node (e1) {};
157         \path #1 ++ (0.25 * #3, 0) node (e2) {};
158     \end{scope}
159
160     % Draw the electrons
161     \ifnum#5>0
162         \foreach \n in {1,...,#5} {
163             \shade[ball color = #4] (e\n) circle (1mm);
164         }
165     \fi
166 }
167
168 %
169 % commande \orbital[key = value]{type}
170 %
171 % draw an atomic orbital of a given type.
172 %
173 % argument
174 % type      : lobe, s, px, py, pz, dxz, dyz, dxy, dz2, dx2y2
175 %
176 % options
177 % pos       : left position of the level
178 % pcolor    : color of the positive lobe
179 % ncolor    : color of the negative lobe

```

```

180 %      scale    : scaling factor
181 %      opacity  : opacity of the orbital
182 %      rotate   : rotate of the AO (lobe type only)
183 %      nelec   : number of electron (lobe type only)
184 %
185
186 % define options
187 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/orbital/.cd,
188 % position of the orbital
189     pos/.store in = \orbital@pos,
190     pos/.default = {(0,0)},
191 % color of the positive lobe
192     pcolor/.store in = \orbital@pcolor,
193     pcolor/.default = blue,
194 % color of the negative lobe
195     ncolor/.store in = \orbital@ncolor,
196     ncolor/.default = black!30,
197 % color for s type
198     color/.store in = \orbital@color,
199     color/.default = empty,
200 % scale factor
201     scale/.store in = \orbital@scale,
202     scale/.default = 1,
203 % opacity of the orbital
204     opacity/.store in = \orbital@opacity,
205     opacity/.default = 1.,
206 % lobe type options
207 % rotation of the orbital
208     rotate/.store in = \orbital@rotate,
209     rotate/.default = 0,
210 % number of electrons
211     nelec/.store in = \orbital@nelec,
212     nelec/.default = 0,
213 % execute options
214     pos, pcolor, ncolor, scale, opacity, rotate, nelec, color
215 }
216
217 % orbital command
218 \newcommand{\orbital}[2][]{
219     \begingroup
220     \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/orbital/.cd, #1}
221
222     % orbital type
223     \def\orbital@type{#2}
224
225     % general style
226     \tikzstyle{base} = [draw = drawColor, thick, inner color = innerColor,
227                         circle, opacity = \orbital@opacity,
228                         execute macro = \orbitalDrawing]

```

```

229
230 % check if color was setted
231 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@color}{empty}}{
232     \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/orbital/.cd, color = \orbital@pcolor}
233 } {}
234
235 % draw the whished orbital
236 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{lobe}}{
237     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{\orbital@rotate}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@color}{\orbital@nelec}{\orbital@pcolor}
238 } {
239 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{py}}{
240     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{0}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
241     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{180}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
242 } {
243 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{pz}}{
244     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
245     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
246 } {
247 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{px}}{
248     \node[base, outer color = \orbital@ncolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8,
249         xshift = 2pt, yshift = 2pt] at \orbital@pos {};
250     \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
251         at \orbital@pos {};
252 } {
253 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dyz}}{
254     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{45}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
255     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{135}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
256     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{225}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
257     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{315}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
258 } {
259 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dxz}}{
260     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{80}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
261     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{280}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
262     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{100}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
263     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{260}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
264 } {
265 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dxy}}{
266     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{10}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
267     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{170}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
268     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{350}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
269     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{190}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
270 } {
271 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dx2y2}}{
272     \begin{pgfonlayer}{background}
273         \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8,
274             xshift = 2pt, yshift = 2pt] at \orbital@pos {};
275     \end{pgfonlayer}
276     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{0}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
277     \atobe{\orbital@pos}{180}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}

```

```

278     \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
279         at \orbital@pos {};
280     } {
281     \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dz2}}{
282         \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
283         \begin{pgfonlayer}{background}
284             \node[ellipse, minimum width = \orbital@scale * .8cm,
285                 minimum height = \orbital@scale * .3cm, draw = drawColor,
286                 inner color = innerColor, outer color = \orbital@ncolor,
287                 execute macro = \orbitalDrawing]
288                 at \orbital@pos {};
289         \end{pgfonlayer}
290         \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
291     } {
292     \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{s}}{
293         \node[base, outer color = \orbital@color, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
294             at \orbital@pos {};
295     } {
296         \node[red] at \orbital@pos {orbital type unknown};
297     } } } } } }
298 \endgroup
299 }
300 %
301 % other possibility for dxy and dxz atomic orbital
302 % -----
303 %
304 % dxz
305 %
306 % \begin{scope}[xshift = 2.2pt, yshift = 2pt]
307 %     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
308 %     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
309 % \end{scope}
310 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
311 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
312 %
313 % dxy
314 % \begin{scope}[xshift = 2.2pt, yshift = 2pt]
315 %     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{10}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
316 %     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{170}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
317 % \end{scope}
318 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{350}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
319 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{190}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
320 %
321 % -----
322 %
323 % -----
324 % commande \atom[options]{lobes}
325 %
326 % quickly draw an atom with several orbital lobes around it

```

```

327 %
328 % argument
329 % lobes : A comma separated list lobe definition with
330 %           color/rotation-angle/anchor/number of electrons
331 %
332 % options
333 % pos : position of the atom
334 % name : name of the atom, also used to label the node
335 % color : color of the atom
336 % opacity : opacity of the orbital
337 %
338 -----
339 % define options
340 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/atom/.cd,
341 % position of the atom
342   pos/.store in = \atom@pos,
343   pos/.default = {(0,0)},
344 % atom name
345   name/.store in = \atom@name,
346   name/.default = X,
347 % color of the atom
348   color/.store in = \atom@color,
349   color/.default = green,
350 % opacity of the orbitals
351   opacity/.store in = \atom@opacity,
352   opacity/.default = .8,
353 % execute options
354   pos, name, color, opacity
355 }
356
357 % atom definition
358 \newcommand{\atom}[2][]{
359   \begingroup
360   \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/atom/.cd, #1}
361   \colorlet{atomColor}{\atom@color}
362   \node[shape = circle, thick, inner sep = 0pt, minimum size = 1.5em,
363         draw = atomColor!40, color = atomColor!70!gray, fill = atomColor!20]
364         at \atom@pos (\atom@name) {\atom@name};
365   \foreach \acolor/\rot/\anchor/\Ne in {#2} {
366     \calobe{(\atom@name.\anchor)}{\rot}{1.5}{\acolor}{\Ne}{\atom@opacity}
367   }
368   \endgroup
369 }
370
371 %% end of file %%

```