reledmac and reledpar Migration's process

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Abstract

This file contains the description of migration's process from one version of reledmac to an other version.

If no description about migration from one version to an other is written, that means user has nothing to do to migrate.

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1 For reledmac

1.1 Migrating from edmac to ledmac

If you have never used edmac, ignore this section. If you have used edmac and are starting on a completely new document, ignore this section. Only read this section if you are converting an original edmac document to use ledmac.

The package still provides the original \text command, but it is (a) deprecated, and (b) its name has been changed to \critext; use the \edtext macro instead. However, if you do use \critext (the new name for \text), the following is a reminder.

Within numbered paragraphs, footnotes and endnotes are generated by forms of the \critext macro:

```
\cite{lemma}\cite{lemma}\cite{lemma}
```

The $\langle lemma \rangle$ argument is the lemma in the main text: \critext both prints this as part of the text, and makes it available to the $\langle commands \rangle$ you specify to generate notes. The / at the end terminates the command; it is part of the macro's definition so that spaces after the macro will be treated as significant.

```
For example:

I saw my friend \critext{Smith}

Afootnote{Jones C, D.}/

on Tuesday.

1 I saw my friend

2 Smith on Tuesday.

2 Smith Jones C, D.
```

The lemma Smith is printed as part of this sentence in the text, and is also made available to the footnote that specifies a variant, Jones C, D. The footnote macro is supplied with the line number at which the lemma appears in the main text.

The $\langle lemma \rangle$ may contain further \critext commands. Nesting makes it possible to print an explanatory note on a long passage together with notes on variants for individual words within the passage. For example:

```
\critext{I saw my friend} 1 I saw my friend 2 Smith on Tuesday.
C, D.}/ on Tuesday.}
\Bfootnote{The date was July 16, 1954.}

/ Smith on Tuesday.

1 I saw my friend 2 Smith on Tuesday.

2 Smith] Jones C, D.

1-2 I saw my friend Smith on Tuesday.] The date was July 16, 1954.
```

However, \critext cannot handle overlapping but unnested notes—for example, one note covering lines 10-15, and another covering 12-18; a \critext that starts in the $\langle lemma \rangle$ argument of another \critext must end there, too. (The \lemma and \linenum commands may be used to generate overlapping notes if necessary.)

The second argument of the \critext macro, $\langle commands \rangle$, is the same as the second argument to the $\ensuremath{\critext}$ macro.

It is possible to define aliases for \critext, which can be easier to type. You can make a single character substitute for \critext by saying this:

```
\catcode`\<=\active
```

¹A name like \text is likely to be defined by other LTEX packages (it certainly is by the AMS packages) and it seems sensible to try and avoid clashes with other definitions.

```
\let<=\critext
```

Then you might say <{Smith}\variant{Jones}/. This of course destroys the ability to use < in any new macro definitions, so long as it remains in effect; hence it should be used with care.

Changing the character at the end of the command requires more work:

```
\catcode`\<=\active
\def\xtext#1#2>{\critext{#1}{#2}/}
\let<=\xtext</pre>
```

This allows you to say <{Smith}\Afootnote{Jones}>.

Aliases for \critext of the first kind shown here also can't be nested—that is, you can't use the alias in the text that forms the first argument to \critext. (See VI p. 96 to find out why.) Aliases of the second kind may be nested without any problem.

If you really have to use \critext in any of the tabular or array environments, then \edtext must not be used in the same environment. If you use \critext in one of these environments then you have to issue the declaration \usingcritext beforehand. The declaration \usingedtext must be issued to revert to the default assumption that \edtext will be used.

1.2 Migration from ledmac to eledmac

In eledmac, some changes were made in the code to allow easy customization. This may cause problems for people who have already made their own. The next sections explain how to handle this.

If you have created your own series using \addfootins and \addfootins X, you must use instead the \newseries command (see 5.5.1 p. 28), and remove any \Xfootnote command.

If you have customized the \XXXXXXfmt command, please check whether you can achieve the same by the commands documented for display options (6 p. 28) or \Xfootnote options (5.2.2 p. 22). Otherwise please add a new ticket on Github to request a new function for doing this.²

If for some reason you do not want to make the modifications to use the new functions of eledmac, you can continue using your own \XXXXXfmt command, but you must replace:

```
\renewcommand*{XXXXfmt}[3]

with
\renewcommandx*{XXXXfmt}[4][4=Z]
```

2https://github.com/maieul/ledmac/issues

If you do not make that, you will get a spurious [X], where X is series letter.

If you used a \protect command inside a \footnote command inside a numbered section, you must change the \protect to \noexpand. Otherwise the command after the \protect will be discarded.

1.3 Migration to eledmac 1.5.1

The version 1.5.1 corrects a bug in stanzaindentsrepetition (cf. 8.3 p. 39). This bug had two consequences:

- 1. stanzaindentsrepetition did not work when its value was greater than 2.
- 2. stanzaindentsrepetition worked wrong when its value was equal to 2.

So, if you used stanzaindentsrepetition with a value equal to 2, you had to change your \setstanzaindents. Explanation:

```
\setcounter{stanzaindentsrepetition}{2} \setstanzaindents{5,1,0}
```

This code, in versions prior to 1.5.1, made the first line have an indentation of 0, the second line of 1, the third verse of 0, the fourth verse of 1 and so forth.

But this code should have instead achieved quite the contrary: the first line would have an indentation of 1, the second line of 0, the third line of 1, the fourth line of 0 an so forth.

So version 1.5.1 corrected this bug. If you want to keep the former presentation, you must change:

```
\setcounter{stanzaindentsrepetition}{2}
\setstanzaindents{5,1,0}

to:
  \setcounter{stanzaindentsrepetition}{2}
\setstanzaindents{5,0,1}
```

1.4 Migration to eledmac 1.12.0

The migration to eledmac 1.12.0 is easy:

- You must first delete all the auxiliary files, then compile your document three times as usual.
- If you have modified \l@reg, which is not advisable, you must rename it to \@nl@reg.

There is an additional problem. If you have put text into brackets just after \pstart or \pend, this text will be considered to be an optional argument of \pstart or \pend (see 4.2.3 p. 16). If so, add a \relax between \pstart/\pend and the first bracket.

The version 1.12.0 also introduce a better way to handle sectional divisions inside numbered text. Please read 14.2 p. 52.

1.5 Migration to eledmac 17.1

This version changes the default setting of \Xpstart. Henceforth, pstart numbers will be printed in footnotes within the section of text where you have called \numberpstarttrue.

We do not see any reason to print them in the other sections. However, if you want to print the pstart numbers in all of the footnotes, whatever the section, without having to use \numberpstarttrue, you can use \Xpstarteverytime.

1.6 Migration to eledmac 1.21.0

1.6.1 \Xledsetnormalparstuff and \ledsetnormalparstuffX

The \ledsetnormalparstuff has been split into two different commands:

- \Xledsetnormalparstuff for critical notes;
- \ledsetnormalparstuffX for familiar notes.

Both commands can take an optional argument which is the series letter. If you have redefined \ledsetnormalparstuff or any of the commands which call them, you must change them accordingly.

1.6.2 Endnotes

In any case, delete the .end file before the next run.

The previous version of Eledmac had a bug: there were two spaces between the starting page number and the starting line number, but only one space between the ending page number and the ending line number.

As a matter of fact, a spurious space was added after the first \printnpnum. This spurious space has been deleted. However, if you want to keep the previous spurious space, you may load the package with the oldprintnpnumspace option.

If you have redefined \endprint, you must:

- Contact us and ask for the feature that required your hack, in order to avoid such a hack in the future.
- Use the new fifth argument.
- Add \xdef\@currentseries{#4} at the beginning of your own command.

1.7 Migration to eledmac 1.22.0

The \ledinnote command now takes a first optional argument, which is the label for the hyperreference. If you have redefined it, change your redefinition, and check whether you can avoid this redefinition by only redefining \ledinnotemark.

1.8 Migration to eledmac 1.23.0

You must delete the numbered auxiliary files before compiling with the new version of eledmac.

1.9 Migration from eledmac to reledmac

There are many changes in reledmac which require the user to make modifications.

1.9.1 Risk of 'no room for a new'

The risk to obtain a 'no room for a new something' error is greater in reledmac than it is in eledmac. See 17.2 p. 54 in order to know how to limit it.

1.9.2 Multiple indices with memoir

Eledmac and ledmac used the specific indexing tools of the memoir class designed to produce multiple indices. However, eledmac could also use imakeidx or indextools tools independently of the memoir class. This system forced to maintain redundant code. Since reledmac, we use only the imakeidx or indextools tools.

Consequently: Users of memoirare invited to use indextool or imakeidx to produce multiple indices.

1.9.3 Deprecated commands and options

The table of deprecated commands and their alternatives follows. Note that the way some commands must be used may have changed. Please read the handbook.

Deprecated command	Replaced with
\addfootins	\newseries
\addfootinsX	\newseries
\critext	\edtext
\falseverse	\newverse
\interparanoteglue	\Xafternote and \afternoteX
\ledchapter	\eledchapter
\ledsection	\eledsection
\ledsetnormalparstuff	\Xledsetnormalparstuff and
	\ledsetnormalparstuffX
\ledsubsection	\eledsubsection
\ledsubsubsection	\eledsubsubsection
\noeledsec	Package option noeledsec
\noendnotes	Package option noendnotes
\pageparbreak	\ledpb

The ledsecnolinenumber option has been removed, because it was related to deprecated commands.

The oldprintnpnumspace option has been removed too, because it was related to a historical bug. The \usingedtext and \usingcritext commands are also deprecated.

1.9.4 \renewcommand replaced by command

Many uses of \renewcommand have been replaced with uses of specific commands. Please read handbook about specific commands.

Deprecated $\responsymbol{ ext{renewcommand}}$	Replaced with
\@led@extranofeet	\newseries
\apprefprefixmore	\setapprefprefixmore
\apprefprefixsingle	\setapprefprefixsingle
\endstanzaextra	Optional argument of \&
\hangingsymbol	\sethangingsymbol
\ledfootinsdim	\Xmaxhnotes and \maxhnotesX
\parafootftmsep	\X parafootsep and $\parafootsep X$
\notenumfont	\Xnotenumfont, \Xendnotenumfont
	and \notenumfontX
\notefontsetup	\Xnotefontsize,
	\Xendnotefontsize and
	\notefontsizeX
\sidenotesep	\setsidenotsep
\startstanzahook	Optional argument of \stanza
\symplinenum	\Xsymlinenum

1.9.5 Commands the names of which have been changed

In order to help the migration from eledmac to reledmac, you may load reledmac with eledmac-compat option. However, it is advised not to, and to change the command names themselves instead. In many cases, you use only a few of them, except the \footparagraph command.

Old command	New command
\footparagraph	\Xarrangement
\footnormal	\Xarrangement
\foottwocol	\Xarrangement
\footthreecol	\Xarrangement
\footparagraphX	\arrangementX
\footnormalX	\arrangementX
\foottwocolX	\arrangementX
\footthreecolX	\arrangementX
\afterlemmaseparator	\Xafterlemmaseparator
\afternote	\Xafternote and \afternoteX
\afternumberinfootnote	\Xafternumber
\afterXrule	\Xafterrule
\afterXsymlinenum	\Xaftersymlinenum
\beforelemmaseparator	\Xbeforelemmaseparator
\beforenumberinfootnote	\Xbeforenumber
\beforeXnotes	\Xbeforenotes
\beforeXsymlinenum	\Xbeforesymlinenum

Old command	New command
\bhookXnote	\Xbhookendnote
\bhookXnote	\Xbooknote
\boxendlinenum	\Xboxendlinenum
\boxlinenum	\Xboxlinenum
\boxlinenumalign	\Xboxlinenumalign
\boxstartlinenum	\Xboxstartlinenum
\boxsymlinenum	\Xboxsymlinenum
\boxXendlinenum	\Xendboxlinenum
\boxXendlinenumalign	\Xendboxlinenumalign
\boxXendstartlinenum	\boxXendstartlinenum
\letboxXendendlinenum	\Xendletboxendlinenum
\hsizetwocol	\Xhsizetwocol
\hsizethreecol	\Xhsizethreecol
\inplaceoflemmaseparator	\Xinplaceoflemmaseparator
\inplaceofnumber	\Xinplaceofnumber
\lemmaseparator	\Xlemmaseparator
\maxhXnotes	\Xmaxhnotes
\morethantwolines	\Xmorethantwolines
\nonumberinfootnote	\Xnonumber
\notesXwidthliketwocolumns	\noteswidthliketwocolumnsX
\noXlemmaseparator	\Xnolemmaseparator
\numberonlyfirstinline	\Xnumberonlyfirstinline
\numberonlyfirstintwolines	\Xnumberonlyfirstintwolines
\nonbreakableafternumber	\Xnonbreakableafternumber
\onlyXpstart	\Xonlypstart
\parafootsep	\Xparafootsep and \parafootsepX
\pstartinfootnote	\Xpstart
\pstartinfootnoteeverytime	\Xpstarteverytime
\symlinenum	\Xsymlinenum
\twolines	\Xtwolines
\twolinesbutnotmore	\Xtwolinesbutnotmore
\twolinesonlyinsamepage	\Xtwolinesonlyinsamepage
\txtbeforeXnotes	\Xtxtbeforenotes
\XendXafterlemmaseparator	\Xendafterlemmaseparator
\XendXbeforelemmaseparator	\Xendbeforelemmaseparator
\XendXinplaceoflemmaseparator	\Xendinplaceoflemmaseparator
\XendXlemmaseparator	\Xendlemmaseparator
\XendXmorethantwolines	\Xendmorethantwolines
\XendXtwolines	\Xendtwolines
\Xnonumberinfootnote	\Xnonumber
\lineref	\edlineref

1.9.6 Endnotes

With reledmac, there is now one auxiliary file for every endnotes set (.Aend, .Bend, .Cend etc.). If you have overriden \doendnotes (which you would not have done) you must adapt your code.

1.9.7 Z Series

The 'Z' series of notes has been removed. Only five series are provided now by default: A, B, C, D, E.

1.9.8 Internal commands

Users who have overriden internal commands, which is wrong, must adapt according to the following. Or better, they should not override any of such commands and use reledmac options instead.

- If you have modified \Xfootfmt, note that the fourth argument is now mandatory.
- \unvxh has been replaced with \Xunvxh and \unvxhX with two mandatory arguments.

2 For reledpar

2.1 Migration to eledpar 1.4.3

Version 1.4.3 corrects a bug added in version 0.12, which made hanging verse always flush right, despite the value of the first element in the \setstanzaindents command.

However, if you want to return to automatic flushright margins for verses with hanging indents, you have to redefine the \hangingsymbol command.

\renewcommand{\hangingsymbol}{\protect\hfill}

See the following two examples:

With standard \hangingsymbol:

A very long verse should sometimes be hanging. The position of the hanging verse is fixed

With the modification of the hanging symbol:

A very long verse should sometimes be hanging. And we can see that a hanging verse is flush right.

2.2 Migration from eledpar to reledpar

As for migration from eledmac to reledmac:

• One option has been removed because it is deprecated.

10 2 For reledpar

Some of the customizations previously made by \renewcommand have been replaced with commands.

• Some command names have been changed in order to have a more logical and uniform pattern.

2.2.1 Deprecated options

The shiftedverses option has been removed. Use the general shiftedpstart option instead.

2.2.2 \renewcommand replaced with command

Many uses of \renewcommand have been replaced with uses of specific commands. Please read the handbook about these particular commands.

Deprecated \renewcommand Replaced with
\goalfraction \setgoalfraction
\parledgroupnotespacing \setparledgroupnotespacing
\Rlineflag \setRlineflag

2.2.3 Commands the names of which have changed

In order to ease the migration from eledpar to reledpar, you may load reledmac with eledmac-compat option. However, it is advised to change the command names.

Old command	New command
\onlyXside	\Xonlyside