

Editing right-to-left text with left-to-right notes

Abstract

In this file, we provide an example of an edition with right-to-left text and left-to-right notes, using X^ET_EX.

- The ‘hebrew’ environment allows us to write Hebrew right-to-left.
 - The `\Xbeforeinserting{\LTR}` makes the critical notes to be typeset left-to-right.
 - The `\Xwraplemma{\RL}` assures the lemmas, which are in Hebrew, be typeset right-to-left.
 - The `\Xwrapcontent{\textenglish}` assures the content of the note is marked as English text.
 - As the ‘Ezra SIL’ font transforms a ‘]’ to a ‘[’, we use a ‘[’ as lemma separator, that will be typeset as ‘]’ by ‘Ezra SIL’. So the need for `\Xlemmaseparator` is not directly linked to reledmac.

בְּרִאשֵׁת בָּרָא אֱלֹהִים אֶת הַשָּׁמָיִם וְאֶת הָאָرֶץ: וְהִיא תָּהוֹןֶבֶת וְחַשֵּׁד עַל-פָּנָי
תָּהוֹם וְרוּחַ אֱלֹהִים מְרֻחֶבֶת עַל-פָּנָי הַמִּים: נִאֲמָר אֱלֹהִים יְהִי אָוֹר וַיְהִי-אָוֹר: וַיְהִי

אֱלֹהִים אֶת-הָאָוֹר כִּי-טוֹב וַיְבָהֵל אֱלֹהִים בֵּין הָאָוֹר וּבֵין הַחַשֵּׁד: וַיְקָרֵא אֱלֹהִים לְאָוֹר
יּוֹם וְלִחְשֵׁד קָרָא לְיִלְלָה וַיְהִי-עָרֵב וַיְהִי-בָּקָר יוֹם אָחֵר: פְּנִירָא אֱלֹהִים אֶת-כָּל-אֲשֶׁר
עָשָׂה וְהַנְּהָרָתָב מֵאָרְבָּה וַיְהִי-בָּקָר יוֹם הַשְׁבִּי: פ

1 Some comment | **וַיָּקֹרֶא אֱלֹהִים** 3 Some comment | **וְהַאֲרֹץ** הִתֵּה 1 Some comment | **וַיָּקֹרֶא אֱלֹהִים** 4 Some comment | **וַיָּרֹא אֱלֹהִים**