# The pstool package

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v1.0 2008/08/31

#### Abstract

This package defines the \psfragfig user command for including EPs files that use psfrag features in a pdflATEX document. The command \pstool can be used to define other commands with similar behaviour.

## Contents

- I User documentation **1**
- 1 Introduction 1
- 2 Getting started 2
- 3 Package options 3
- 4 Miscellaneous details 5
- 5 Package information **6**

- II IMPLEMENTATION 7
- 6 Macros 8
- 7 Command parsing 12
- 8 User commands 12
- 9 The figure processing **13**
- 10 User commands 15

# Part I User documentation

## 1 Introduction

While directly producing PDF output with pdfIATEX is a great improvement in many ways over the 'old method' of  $DVI \rightarrow PS \rightarrow PDF$ , it loses the ability to interface with a generic PostScript workflow, used to great effect in numerous packages, most notably PSTricks and psfrag.

Until now, the best way to use these packages while running pdfIATEX has

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been to use the pst-pdf package, which processes the entire document through a filter, sending the relevant PostScript environments (only) through a single pass of LATEX producing DVI $\rightarrow$ PS $\rightarrow$ PDF. The resulting PDF versions of each graphic are then included into the pdfLATEX document in the next compilation. The auto-pst-pdf package provides a wrapper to perform all of this automatically.

The disadvantage with this method is that for every document compilation, *every* graphic must be re-processed. The pstool package uses a different approach to allow each graphic to be processed only as-needed, speeding up and simplifying the typesetting of the main document.

At present this package is designed solely as a replacement for pst-pdf in the rôle of supporting the psfrag package (which it loads) in pdfIATEX.

More flexible usage to provide a complete replacement for pst-pdf (e.g., supporting the \begin{postscript} environment) is planned for a later release. If you simply need to automatically convert plain EPS files to PDF, I recommend using the epstopdf package with the [update,prepend] package options (epstopdf and pstool should be completely compatible).

## 2 Getting started

Load the package as usual; no package options are required by default, but there are a few useful options described later in section 3. Note that you do not need to load psfrag separately.

The generic command provided by this package is

 $\ [\langle graphicx \ options \rangle] \{\langle filename \rangle\} \{\langle input \ definitions \rangle\}$ 

It converts the graphic  $\langle filename \rangle$ .eps to  $\langle filename \rangle$ .pdf through a unique DVI $\rightarrow$ PS $\rightarrow$ PDF process for each graphic, using the preamble of the main document. The resulting graphic is then inserted into the document, with optional  $\langle graphicx \ options \rangle$ . The third argument to \pstool allows arbitrary  $\langle input \ definitions \rangle$  (such as \psfrag directives) to be inserted before the figure as it is processed.

The command \pstool can take an optional \* or ! suffix to change the behaviour of the command:

\pstool Process the graphic (filename).eps if (filename).pdf does not already
 exist, or if the EPS file is newer than the PDF;

\pstool\* Always process this figure; and,

\pstool! Never process this figure.

The behaviour in these three cases can be overridden globally by the package option [process] as described in section 3.1.

It is useful to define higher-level commands based on \pstool for including specific types of EPS graphics that take advantage of psfrag. As an example, this package defines the following command, which also supports the \* or ! suffixes described above.

\psfragfig[(opts)]{(filename)} This is the catch-all macro to support a wide range of graphics naming schemes. It inserts an EPS file named either (filename)-psfrag.eps or (filename).eps (in that order of preference), and uses psfrag definitions contained within either (filename)-psfrag.tex or (filename).tex.

This command can be used to insert figures produced by the MATHEMAT-ICA package MathPSfrag or the MATLAB package matlabfrag. \psfragfig also accepts an optional braced argument as shown next.

\psfragfig[(opts)]{(filename)}{(input definitions)} As above, but inserts the arbitrary code (input definitions), which will usually be used to define new or override existing psfrag commands.

## 3 Package options

#### 3.1 Forcing/disabling graphics processing

While the suffixes \* and ! can be used to force or disable (respectively) the processing of each individual graphic, sometimes we want to do this on a global level. The following package options override *all* \pstool (and related) macros:

- [process=all] Suffixes are ignored and all \pstool graphics are processed;

[process=none] Suffixes are ignored and no \pstool graphics are processed.<sup>1</sup>

Also note that it would be nice to detect the age of files other than the EPS and PDF graphics in order to affect the processing decisions. This is planned for a possible future release.

### 3.2 Cropping graphics

The default option [crop=preview] selects the preview package to crop graphics to the appropriate size for each auxiliary process.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If pstool is loaded in a LATEX document in DVI mode, this is the option that is used since no external processing is required for these graphics.

However, when an inserted label protrudes from the natural bounding box of the figure, or when the original bounding box of the figure is wrong, the preview package will not always produce a good result (with parts of the graphic trimmed off the edge). A robust method to solve this problem is to use the pdfcrop program instead.<sup>2</sup> This can be activated in pstool with the [crop=pdfcrop] package option.

In the future I plan to also support epstool for doing the same thing.

#### 3.3 Temporary files & cleanup

Each figure that is processed spawns an auxiliary LATEX compilation through DVI→PS→PDF. This process is named after the name of the figure with an appended string suffix; the default is [suffix={-pstool}]. All of these suffixed files are "temporary" in that they may be deleted once they are no longer needed.

As an example, if the figure is called ex.eps, the files that are created are ex-pstool.tex, ex-pstool.dvi, .... The [cleanup] package option declares via a list of filename suffixes which temporary files are to be deleted after processing.

The default is [cleanup={.tex, .dvi, .ps, .pdf, .log, .aux}]. To delete none of the temporary files, choose [cleanup={}] (useful for debugging).

#### 3.4 Interaction mode of the auxiliary processes

Each graphic echoes the output of its auxiliary process to the console window; unless you are trying to debug errors there is little interest in seeing this information. The behaviour of these auxiliary processes are governed globally by the [mode] package option, which takes the following parameters:

[mode=batch] hide almost all of the LATEX output (*default*);

[mode=nonstop] echo all LATEX output but continues right past any errors; and

[mode=errorstop] prompt for user input when errors in the source are encountered.

These three package options correspond to the LATEX command line options -interaction=batchmode, =nonstopmode, and =errorstopmode, respectively. When [mode=batch] is activated, then dvips is also run in 'quiet mode'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>pdfcrop requires a Perl installation under Windows, freely available from http://www.activestate.com/Products/activeperl/index.plex

## 4 Miscellaneous details

#### 4.1 The \EndPreamble command

At present, pstool scans the preamble of the main document by redefining \begin{document}, but this is rather fragile because many classes and packages do their own redefining which overwrites pstool's attempt. In this case, place the command

#### \EndPreamble

where-ever you'd like the preamble in the auxiliary processing to end. This is also handy to bypass anything in the preamble that will never be required for the figures but which will slow down or otherwise conflict with the auxiliary processing.

#### 4.2 Cross-reference limitations

The initial release of this package does not support cross-references within the psfrag labels of the included graphics. (If, say, you wish to refer to an equation number within a figure.) A future release of pstool will hopefully lift this limitation.

#### 4.3 A note on file paths

pstool does its best to ensure that you can put image files where-ever you like and the auxiliary processing will still function correctly. In order to ensure this, the external pdflatex compilation uses the -output-directory feature of pdfTEX. This command line option is definitely supported on all platforms in TeX Live 2008 and MiKTeX 2.7, but earlier distributions may not be supported.

One problem that pstool does not (currently) solve on its own is the inclusion of images that do not exist in subdirectories of the main document. For example, \pstool{.../Figures/myfig} will not process by default because pdfT<sub>E</sub>X usually does not have permission to write into folders that are higher in the heirarchy than the main document. This can be worked around presently in two different ways: (although maybe only for Mac OS X and Linux)

- Give pdflatex permission to write anywhere with the command: openout\_any=a pdflatex ...
- 2. Create a symbolic link in the working directory to a point higher in the path: ln -s ../../PhD ./PhD, for example, and then refer to the graphics through this symbolic link.

I hope to directly solve this problem in the future by using a caching folder for the auxiliary processing in such cases.

## 5 Package information

The most recent publicly released version of pstool is available at CTAN: http://tug.ctan.org/pkg/pstool/

Historical and developmental versions are available at GitHub: http://github.com/wspr/pstool/

While general feedback at wspr81@gmail.com is welcomed, specific bugs should be reported through the bug tracker at FogBugz: https://wspr.fogbugz.com/ (click 'TASKS: Enter a New Case').

### 5.1 Licence

This package is freely modifiable and distributable under the terms and conditions of the LATEX Project Public Licence, version 1.3c or greater (your choice). The latest version of this license is available at: http://www.latex-project. org/lppl.txt. This work is maintained by WILL ROBERTSON.

# Part II Implementation

LaTeX2e file 'pstool.sty' generated by the 'filecontents' environment from source 'pstool' on 2008/08/31.

```
^ \ProvidesPackage{pstool}[2008/08/31_v1.0
```

<sup>2</sup> Wrapper\_for\_processing\_PostScript/psfrag\_figures]

External packages

3 \nequirerackagel/	3	\RequirePackage	{%
---------------------	---	-----------------	----

catchfile,color,ifpdf,ifplatform,graphicx,psfrag,suffix,xkeyval}
5 \RequirePackage{inversepath}[2008/07/31\_v0.2]

#### Allocations

4

\if@pstool@always@	6 \newif\if@pstool@always@
\if@pstool@never@	7 \newif\if@pstool@never@
\if@pstool@pdfcrop@	8 \newif\if@pstool@pdfcrop@
\if@pstool@verbose@	, \newif\if@pstool@verbose@
\pstool@out	10 \newwrite\pstool@out
	These are cute
\OnlyIfFileExists	<pre>n \providecommand\OnlyIfFileExists[2]{\IfFileExists{#1}{#2}{}}</pre>
\NotIfFileExists	<pre>12 \providecommand\NotIfFileExists[2]{\IfFileExists{#1}{}{#2}}</pre>
crop	5.2 Package options
стор	<sup>13</sup> \deline@choicekey*\pstool.sty;\crops[\@tempa\@tempb]\%
	14 \ifcase\@tempb\relax
	15 \@pstool@pdfcrop@false
	16 \or
	17 \@pstool@pdfcrop@true
	18 \or
	19 \fi
	20 }
	21 \define@choicekey*{pstool.sty}{process}[\@tempa\@tempb]{%

```
process
                               all, none, auto}{%
                         \ifcase\@tempb\relax
                    22
                           \@pstool@always@true
                    23
                         \or
                    24
                           \@pstool@never@true
                    25
                         \or
                    26
                         \fi
                    27
                    28
                      }
            mode
                      \define@choicekey*{pstool.sty}{mode}
                    29
                         [\@tempa\@tempb]{errorstop,nonstop,batch}{%
                    30
                           \ifnum\@tempb=2\relax
                    31
                             \@pstool@verbose@false
                    32
                           \else
                    33
                             \@pstool@verbose@true
                           \fi
                    35
                           \edef\pstool@mode{\@tempa_mode}%
                    36
                      }
                    37
                      \ExecuteOptionsX{mode=batch}
                    38
         cleanup
                      \DeclareOptionX{cleanup}{\def\pstool@rm@files{#1}}
                    39
                      \ExecuteOptionsX{cleanup={.tex,.dvi,.ps,.pdf,.log,.aux}}
\pstool@rm@files
                    40
          suffix
                      \DeclareOptionX{suffix}{\def\pstool@suffix{#1}}
                    41
  \pstool@suffix
                      \ExecuteOptionsX{suffix={-pstool}}
                    42
                      \ifshellescape\else
                    43
                         \ExecuteOptionsX{process=none}
                         \PackageWarning{pstool}{^^J\space\space%
                    45
                           Package_option_[process=none]_activated^^J\space\space
                    46
                           because_-shell-escape_is_not_enabled.^J\%
                    47
                           This_warning_occurred}
                    48
                      \fi
                    49
                      \ProcessOptionsX
                    50
```

## 6 Macros

Used to echo information to the console output. Can't use ecause it's asynchronous with any \immediate\write18 processes (for some reason).

```
51 \def\pstool@echo#1{%
```

```
\pstool@echo
                                                                       \if@pstool@verbose@
                                                           52
                                                                            \pstool@echo@verbose{#1}%
                                                           53
                                                                       \fi}
                                                           54
\pstool@echo@verbose
                                                                  \def\pstool@echo@verbose#1{%
                                                           55
                                                                       \immediate\write18{echo_"#1"}%
                                                           56
                                                                 }
                                                           57
                                                           58 \let\pstool@includegraphics\includegraphics
                                                          Command line abstractions between platforms:
                                                           >9 \edef\pstool@cmdsep{\ifwindows\string&\else\string;\fi\space}
                                                                 \edlef\pstool@rm@cmd{\ifwindows_del_\else_rm_--_\fi}
                                                           60
                                                          Delete a file if it exists (only the filename is supplied and the path is inferred):
                          \pstool@rm
                                                                  \newcommand\pstool@rm[2]{%
                                                           61
                                                                       \OnlyIfFileExists{#1#2}{%
                                                           62
                                                                            \immediate\write18{%
                                                           63
                                                                                 cd_{\parallel}"#1"\pstool@cmdsep\pstool@rm@cmd_"#2"}}%
                                                           64
                                                           <sub>65</sub> }
                                                          Generic function to execute a command on the shell and pass its exit status back
                                                          into LATEX. Any number of \pstool@exe statements can be made consecutively
                                                          followed by \pstool@endprocess, which also takes an argument. If any of the
                                                          shell calls failed, then the execution immediately skips to the end and expands
                                                          \pstool@error instead of the argument to \pstool@endprocess.
                                                          #1: 'name' of process
                                                          #2: relative path where to execute the command
                                                          #3: the command itself
                       \pstool@exe
                                                                  \newcommand\pstool@exe[3]{%
                                                           66
                                                                       \times decho{^{J}==\_pstool:_{H}1_{H}==}%
                                                           67
                                                                       \pstool@shellexecute{#2}{#3}%
                                                           68
                                                                       \pstool@retrievestatus{#2}%
                                                           69
                                                                       ifnum\pstool@status_>_\z@
                                                           70
                                                                            \PackageWarning{pstool}{Execution_failed_during_
                                                           71
                                                                                           \tt process: \ensuremath{^{-}J\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space
                                                                            \expandafter\pstool@abort
                                                           72
                                                                       \fi}
                                                           73
                                                          Edit this definition to print something else when graphic processing fails.
```

74 \def\pstool@error{\fbox{\parbox{0.8\linewidth}{\color{red}%

\pstool@error	\raggedright\ttfamily\scshape\small
	An_error_occured_processing_graphic_\upshape'\ip@directpath% \ip@lastelement'}}
\pstool@abort	<pre>% \def\pstool@abort#1\pstool@endprocess{\pstool@error\@gobble} % \let\pstool@endprocess\@firstofone</pre>
	It is necessary while executing commands on the shell to write the exit status to a temporary file to test for failures in processing. (If all versions of pdflatex supported input pipes, things might be different.)
\pstool@shellexecute	<pre>% \def\pstool@shellexecute#1#2{% %%% cd_"#1"_\pstool@cmdsep %% def\pstool@cmdsep %% #2_\pstool@cmdsep %% call_echo %% call_echo %% \string^\@percentchar_ERRORLEVEL\string^\@percentchar %% \else %% echo_\detokenize{\$?} %% \fi %% &gt;_\pstool@statusfile}% That's the execution; now we need to flush the write buffer to the status file. This ensures the file is written to disk properly (allowing it to be read by \CatchFileEdef). Not necessary on Windows, whose file writing is evidently %************************************</pre>
\pstool@statusfile	<pre>More crude/ mineculate. % \ifwindows\else % \immediate\write18{% % touch_#1\pstool@statusfile}% % \fi} % \def\pstool@statusfile{pstool-statusfile.txt} % Read the exit status from the temporary file and delete it. #1 is the path</pre>
\pstool@retrievestatus	Status is recorded in \pstool@status. 4 \def\pstool@retrievestatus#1{% 5 \CatchFileEdef{\pstool@status}{#1\pstool@statusfile}{}% 6 \pstool@rm{#1}{\pstool@statusfile}% 6 \ifty\pstool@status\pstool@statusfile}

```
\PackageWarning{pstool}{%
                        98
                                  Status of process unable to be determined: ^J_{\mu} #1^ J%
                        99
                                  Trying_to_proceed..._}%
                        100
                                \def\pstool@status{0}%
    \pstool@status
                       101
                             \fi}
                        102
\pstool@statusfail
                           \def\pstool@statusfail{\par_}% what results when TEX reads an empty
                       103
                                    file
                             File age detection
                       6.1
                       Use 1s (or dir) to detect if the EPS is newer than the PDF.
\pstool@IfnewerEPS
                           \def\pstool@IfnewerEPS{%
                        104
                             \edef\pstool@filenames{\ip@lastelement.eps\space_%
                       105
                                    \ip@lastelement.pdf\space}%
                             \immediate\write18{%
                        106
                                cd_"\ip@directpath"\pstool@cmdsep
                        107
                                \ifwindows
                        108
                                  dir_{\Box}/T:W_{\Box}/B_{\Box}/O-D_{\Box}"\ip@lastelement.eps"_"%
                        109
                                         \ip@lastelement.pdf"_>_\pstool@statusfile
                                \else
                       110
                                  ls_{\sqcup}-t_{\sqcup}"\ip@lastelement.eps"_{\sqcup}"\ip@lastelement.pdf"_{\sqcup}\kappa_{\sqcup}%
                       111
                                         \pstool@statusfile
                               \fi
                       112
                             }%
                       113
                             \pstool@retrievestatus{\ip@directpath}%
                       114
                             \ifx\pstool@status\pstool@filenames
                       115
                                \expandafter\@firstoftwo
                       116
                             \else
                       117
                                \expandafter\@secondoftwo
                        118
                             \fi
                       119
                        120 }
                       A wrapper for \inversepath*. Long story short, always need a relative path
                       to a filename even if it's in the same directory.
  \pstool@getpaths
                           \def\pstool@getpaths#1{%
                       121
                             \edef\@tempa{\unexpanded{\inversepath*}{#1}}%
                       122
                             \@tempa% calculate filename, path & inverse path
                        123
                             \ifx\ip@directpath\@empty
                        124
    \ip@directpath
                                \def\ip@directpath{./}%
                        125
                             \fi
                       126
```

Strip off a possible wayward .eps suffix.

```
127 \edef\ip@lastelement{%
128 \expandafter\pstool@stripEPS\ip@lastelement.eps\@nil
129 }%
130 }
\pstool@stripEPS
131 \def\pstool@stripEPS#1.eps#2\@nil{#1}
test.eps\@nil->test
test.eps.@nil->test
```

# 7 Command parsing

User input is \pstool (with optional \* or ! suffix) which turns into one of the following three macros depending on the mode.

```
\pstool@alwaysprocess
                             \newcommand\pstool@alwaysprocess[3][]{%
                         132
                               \pstool@getpaths{#2}%
                         133
                               \pstool@process{#1}{#3}}
                          134
 \pstool@neverprocess
                             \newcommand\pstool@neverprocess[3][]{%
                          135
                               \pstool@includegraphics[#1]{#2}}
                          136
                         For regular operation, which processes the figure only if the command is
                         starred, or the PDF doesn't exist.
 \pstool@maybeprocess
                             \newcommand\pstool@maybeprocess[3][]{%
                          137
                               \pstool@getpaths{#2}%
                          138
                               \IfFileExists{#2.pdf}{%
                          139
                                 \pstool@IfnewerEPS{% needs info from \pstool@getpaths
                          140
                                    \pstool@process{#1}{#3}%
                          141
                                 }{%
                          142
                                    \pstool@includegraphics[#1]{#2}%
                          143
                                 }%
                          144
                               }{%
                          145
                                 \pstool@process{#1}{#3}%
                          146
                               }}
                          147
```

## 8 User commands

Finally, define \pstool as appropriate for the mode:

148 ∖ifpdf

```
\if@pstool@always@
          149
                  \let\pstool\pstool@alwaysprocess
          150
\pstool
                  \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@alwaysprocess}
          151
\pstool*
                  \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@alwaysprocess}
          152
               \else\if@pstool@never@
          153
                  \let\pstool\pstool@neverprocess
          154
                  \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@neverprocess}
\pstool
          155
                  \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@neverprocess}
\pstool*
          156
               \else
          157
                  \let\pstool\pstool@maybeprocess
          158
                  \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@neverprocess}
\pstool
          159
                  \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@alwaysprocess}
\pstool*
          160
               \fi\fi
          161
             \else
          162
               \let\pstool\pstool@neverprocess
          163
\pstool
               \WithSuffix\def\pstool!{\pstool@neverprocess}
          164
\pstool*
               \WithSuffix\def\pstool*{\pstool@neverprocess}
          165
          166
             \fi
```

# 9 The figure processing

\ip@lastelement is the filename of the figure stripped of its path (if any)

\pstool@jobname	$_{167}$ \def\pstool@jobname{\ip@lastelement\pstool@suffix}
	And this is the main macro.
\pstool@process	168 \newcommand\pstool@process[2]{%
	$_{169}$ \pstool@echo@verbose{^^J===_pstool:_begin_processing_===}%
	170 \pstool@write@processfile{#1}{\ip@directpath%
	\ip@lastelement}{#2}%
	$_{171}$ \pstool@exe{auxiliary_process:_\ip@lastelement\space}
	172 {./}{latex
	173 -shell-escape
	174 -output-format=dvi
	-output-directory="\ip@directpath"
	-interaction=\pstool@mode\space
	"\pstool@jobname.tex"}%

Execute dvips in quiet mode if latex is run in (non/error)stop mode:

\pstool@exe{dvips}{\ip@directpath}{%

	dvips_\if@pstool@verbose@\elseq_\fiPpdf_"%
	\pstool@jobname.dvi j%
	100 \liepstool@pulciope
	<sup>181</sup> \pstcol@exelps2paif(\ip@airectpatif(%
	<sup>182</sup> ps2par ("\pstoorejobname.ps") "\pstoorejobname.par";%
	<sup>183</sup> (pstoor@execparcrops(\ip@arrecrpatins(%
	<sup>184</sup> parcropu "\pstoor@jobname.par"u "\rp@rasterement.par"}%
	185 (else
	<sup>1%</sup> \pstool@exelps2paif(lp@airectpathf(%
	<pre>189 \pstool@ecno{ J===_pstool:_end_processing_=== J}%</pre>
	190 \pstool@endprocess{%
	191 \pstool@cleanup
	<pre>192 \pstool@includegraphics[#1]{\ip@directpath% \ip@lastelement}}}</pre>
	The file that is written for processing is set up to read the preamble of the
	original document and set the graphic on an empty page (cropping to size is
	done either here with preview or later with pdfcrop).
ostool@write@processfile	<pre> \def\pstool@write@processfile#1#2#3{%</pre>
	$_{^{194}}$ \immediate\openout\pstool@out_#2\pstool@suffix.tex\relax
	<pre>195 \immediate\write\pstool@out{%</pre>
	<sup>196</sup> \noexpand\pdfoutput=0^^J% force DVI mode if not already
	Input the main document; redefine the document environment so only the preamble is read:
	197 %
	<sup>198</sup> \let\origdocument\document^^J%
	<sup>199</sup> \let\EndPreamble\endinput^^J%
\document	<pre>200 \def\document{\endgroup\endinput}^^J}%</pre>
	201 \noexpand\input{\jobname}^^J%
	Now the preamble of the process file: (restoring document's original meaning;
	empty \pagestyle removes the page number)
	<pre>202 \if@pstool@pdfcrop@\else</pre>
	<pre>203 \noexpand\usepackage[active,tightpage]{preview}^^J%</pre>
	204 \fi
	<sup>205</sup> %

206 \let\document\origdocument^J%
207 \pagestyle{empty}^^J}%

And the document body to place the graphic on a page of its own:

```
208
                              \begin{document}^^J%
                  209
                              \centering\null\vfill^^J}%
                  210
                            \if@pstool@pdfcrop@\else
                  211
                              \noexpand\begin{preview}^^J%
                  212
                            \fi
                  213
                            \unexpanded{#3^^J}% this is the "psfrag" material
                  214
                            \mbox{noexpand}\mbox{includegraphics[#1]}{\mbox{ip@lastelement}^J}
                  215
                            \if@pstool@pdfcrop@\else
                  216
                              \noexpand\end{preview}^^J%
                  217
                            \fi
                  218
                            219
                              \vfill\end{document}}^^J%
                  220
                            }%
                  221
                          \immediate\closeout\pstool@out}
                  222
\pstool@cleanup
                     \def\pstool@cleanup{%
                  223
                        \@for\@ii:=\pstool@rm@files\do{%
                  224
                          \pstool@rm{\ip@directpath}{\pstool@jobname\@ii}%
                  225
                     }}
                  226
```

```
\EndPreamble 227 \providecommand\EndPreamble{}
```

## 10 User commands

These all support the suffixes \* and !, so each user command is defined as a wrapper to \pstool.

for EPS figures with psfrag:

Parse optional *(input definitions)* 

```
\pstool@psfragfig
                            \@ifnextchar\bgroup{%
                      232
                              \pstool@@psfragfig{#1}{#2}{#3}%
                      233
                           }{%
                      234
                              \pstool@@psfragfig{#1}{#2}{#3}{}%
                      235
                           }%
                      236
                         }
                      237
                      Search for both (filename) and (filename)-psfrag inputs.
\pstool@0psfragfig
                         \newcommand\pstool@@psfragfig[4]{%
                      238
                            \IfFileExists{#2-psfrag.eps}{%
                      230
       \pstool@eps
                              \def\pstool@eps{#2-psfrag}%
                      240
                              \OnlyIfFileExists{#2.eps}{%
                      241
                                \PackageWarning{pstool}{Graphic_"#2.eps"_exists_but_
                      242
                                      "#2-psfrag.eps"_is_being_used}%
                              }%
                      243
                           }{%
                      244
                              \IfFileExists{#2.eps}{%
                      245
                                \def\pstool@eps{#2}%
       \pstool@eps
                      246
                              }{%
                      247
                                \PackageError{pstool}{%
                      248
                                  No_graphic_"#2.eps"_or_"#2-psfrag.eps"_found%
                      249
                                }{%
                      250
                                  Check_the_path_and_whether_the_file_exists.
                      251
                                }%
                      252
                              }%
                      253
                            }%
                      254
                            \pstool#3[#1]{\pstool@eps}{%
                      255
                              \InputIfFileExists{#2-psfrag.tex}{%
                      256
                                \OnlyIfFileExists{#2.tex}{%
                      257
                                  \PackageWarning{pstool}{%
                      258
                                    File_"#2.tex"_exists_that_may_contain_macros_for_"%
                      259
                                           \pstool@eps.eps"^^J%
                                    But_file_"#2-psfrag.tex"_is_being_used_instead.%
                      260
                                  }%
                      261
                                }%
                      262
                              }{%
                      263
                                \InputIfFileExists{#2.tex}{}{
                      264
                              }%
                      265
                              #4%
                      266
                           }%
                      267
```

 $_{268}$  }  $\langle eof \rangle$