The physconst package*

Brian W. Mulligan bwmulligan@astronaos.com

February 3, 2020

1 Introduction

This package consists of several macros that are shorthand for a variety of physical constants, e.g. the speed of light. The package developed out of physics and astronomy classes that I have taught and wanted to ensure that I had correct values for each constant and did not wish to retype them every time I use them. The constants can be used in two forms, the most accurate available values, or versions that are rounded to 3 significant digits for use in typical classroom settings, homework assignments, etc.

Most constants are taken from CODATA 2018, with the exception of the astronomical objects, whose values are taken from their current wikipedia entries. If you have an interest and/or need for more reliable data, please contact me.

1.1 Options

There are three options available: shortconst, cgs, and unseparatedecimals. They can be invoked when the package is declared, e.g. \usepackage[shortconst]{physconst}.

shortconst will reduce the precision to 3 digits for all constants. This is intended when you don't want to have the details of the constants, just the general value (e.g. 1.60×10^{-19} C instead of $1.602176634 \times 10^{-19}$ C).

cgs will provide all constants in cgs, i.e. the units used in astronomy.

unseparatedecimals is for situations when you don't want spaces in the decimal portion of full precision constants. E.g. the elementary charge would appear as

^{*}This document corresponds to physconst v1.0.2, dated 2020/01/26.

 $1.602176634 \times 10^{-19}$ C instead of $1.602176634 \times 10^{-19}$ C. (notice the gaps between digits in the latter.

1.2 Macros

1.3 Normal Macros

The normal macros are the ones that you will typically use, whose values are determined by the choice of options when the package is invoked.

1.3.1 Naming Convention

Each macro starts with a lower case 'k' to indicate that it is a constant. If the macro is of special units, e.g. eV, those units will be specified next. If the macro is part of a fundamental unit group, it then gets the name of the group, e.g. Mass, Charge, etc. Finally is the details or name of the constants, e.g. Proton, Planck, etc.

1.3.2 Mass

\kMassElectron	\kMassElectron	is the mass	of an electron	
\KMassLiectron	/KMasstrection	is the mass	or an electron.	

\keVMassElectron is the mass of an electron.

\kMassElectronNumeric \kMassElectronNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of an electron.

\keVMassElectronNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of an electron.

\kMassProton \kMassProton is the mass of a proton.

\keVMassProton \keVMassProton is the mass of a proton.

\kMassProtonNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of a proton.

\keVMassProtonNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of a proton.

\kMassHydrogen \kMassHydrogen is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom.

\keVMassHydrogen is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom.

\kMassHydrogenNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom.

 $\verb|\keVMassHydrogenNumeric| is the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the numeric value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen | leaves the numeric value of the numer$

atom.

\kMassSun \kMassSun is the mass of the Sun.

\kMassSunNumeric \kMassSunNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of the Sun.

\kMassEarth \kMassEarth is the mass of the Earth.

\kMassEarthNumeric \kMassEarthNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of the Earth.

\kMassJupiter \kMassJupiter is the mass of Jupiter.

\kMassJupiterNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of Jupiter.

\kMassAMU is the mass of an atomic mass unit.

\keVMassAMU is the mass of an atomic mass unit.

\kMassAMUNumeric \kMassAMUNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of an atomic mass unit.

\keVMassAMUNumeric \keVMassAMUNumeric is the numeric value of the mass of an atomic mass unit.

1.3.3 Charge

\kChargeFundamental is the fundamental charge.

\kChargeFundamentalNumeric is the numeric value of the fundamental charge.

\kChargeElectron \kChargeElectron is the charge of an electron.

\kChargeElectronNumeric \kChargeElectronNumeric is the numeric value of the charge of an electron.

\kChargeProton \kChargeProton is the charge of a proton.

\kChargeProtonNumeric is the numeric value of the charge of a proton.

1.3.4 Distances and Lengths

\kRadiusBohr \kRadiusBohr is Bohr radius of an atom.

\kRadiusBohrNumeric \kRadiusBohrNumeric is the numeric value of Bohr radius of an atom.

\kAstronomicalUnit \kAstronomicalUnit is the astronomical unit (the average distance between the

Earth and the Sun).

 $\verb|\kAstronomicalUnitNumeric| is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the numeric value of the astronomical unit (the limit) | the limit is the limit is$

average distance between the Earth and the Sun).

\kParsec is the length of a parsec $\left(\frac{648000 \text{ au}}{\pi}\right)$.

\kParsecNumeric \kParsecNumeric is the numeric value of the length of a parsec $\left(\frac{648000 \, \text{au}}{\pi}\right)$.

\kRadiusSun is the mean radius of the Sun.

\kRadiusSunNumeric \kRadiusSunNumeric is the numeric value of the mean radius of the Sun.

\kRadiusEarth \kRadiusEarth is the mean radius of the Earth.

\kRadiusEarthNumeric \kRadiusEarthNumeric is the numeric value of the mean radius of the Earth.

\kRadiusJupiter \kRadiusJupiter is the mean radius of Jupiter.

\kRadiusJupiterNumeric is the numeric value of the mean radius of Jupiter.

1.3.5 Energy, Power, and Luminosity

\kRydberg \kRydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen).

\keVRydberg \keVRydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen).

\kRydbergNumeric \kRydbergNumeric is the numeric value of the Rydberg energy (the binding

energy of Hydrogen).

\keVRydbergNumeric \keVRydbergNumeric is the numeric value of the Rydberg energy (the binding

energy of Hydrogen).

\kLuminositySun is the luminosity of the Sun.

\kLuminositySunNumeric \kLuminositySunNumeric is the numeric value of the luminosity of the Sun.

1.3.6 Pressure

\kPressureAtmosphere \kPressureAtmosphere is the standard atmospheric pressure.

\kPressureAtmosphereNumeric \kPressureAtmosphereNumeric is the numeric value of the standard atmospheric

pressure.

\kPressureStandard is the standard atmospheric pressure.

\kPressureStandardNumeric \kPressureStandardNumeric is the numeric value of the standard atmospheric

pressure.

1.3.7 Velocity, Speed and Acceleration

\kSpeedLight \kSpeedLight is the speed of light.

\kSpeedLightNumeric \kSpeedLightNumeric is the numeric value of the speed of light.

\kAccelGravity \kAccelGravity is the accelertion due to gravity at the surface of the Earth.

\kAccelGravityNumeric \kAccelGravityNumeric is the numeric value of the accelertion due to gravity

at the surface of the Earth.

1.3.8 Other Constants

\kCoulomb is the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$.

\kCoulombNumeric \kCoulombNumeric is the numeric value of the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$.

\kVacuumPermittivity \kVacuumPermittivity is the electric permittivity of the vacuum.

\kVacuumPermittivityNumeric \kVacuumPermittivityNumeric is the numeric value of the electric permittivity

of the vacuum.

\kVacuumPermeability \kVacuumPermeability is the magnetic permeability of the vacuum.

\kVacuumPermeabilityNumeric \kVacuumPermeabilityNumeric is the numeric value of the magnetic permeabil-

ity of the vacuum.

\kVacuumImpedance \kVacuumImpedance is the characteristic impedance of the vacuum.

\kVacuumImpedanceNumeric \kVacuumImpedanceNumeric is the numeric value of the characteristic impedance

of the vacuum.

\kBoltzmann is the Boltzmann constant.

\keVBoltzmann is the Boltzmann constant.

\kBoltzmannNumeric \kBoltzmannNumeric is the numeric value of the Boltzmann constant.

\keVBoltzmannNumeric \keVBoltzmannNumeric is the numeric value of the Boltzmann constant.

\kPlanck \kPlanck is the Planck constant.

\keVPlanck \keVPlanck is the Planck constant.

\kPlanckNumeric \kPlanckNumeric is the numeric value of the Planck constant.

\keVPlanckNumeric \keVPlanckNumeric is the numeric value of the Planck constant.

\kPlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$.

\keVPlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $(\frac{h}{2\pi})$.

\kPlanckReducedNumeric is the numeric value of the Reduced Planck constant

 $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$.

\keVPlanckReducedNumeric is the numeric value of the Reduced Planck constant

 $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$.

\kGravity \kGravity is Newton's gravitational constant.

\kGravityNumeric \kGravityNumeric is the numeric value of Newton's gravitational constant.

\kStefanBoltzmann is the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5 k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$.

\kStefanBoltzmannNumeric \kStefanBoltzmannNumeric is the numeric value of the Stefan-Boltzmann black-

body constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5 k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$.

\kRadiation \kRadiation is the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5 k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$.

\kRadiationNumeric \kRadiationNumeric is the numeric value of the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$.

\kFineStructure \kFineStructure is the fine structure constant.

\kFineStructureNumeric is the numeric value of the fine structure constant.

\kFineStructureReciprocal is the reciprocal of the fine structure constant.

\kFineStructureReciprocalNumeric is the numeric value of the reciprocal of the fine structure constant.

\kAvogadro \kAvogadro is Avogadro's Number (the number of particles in a mole).

\kAvogadroNumeric \kAvogadroNumeric is the numeric value of Avogadro's Number (the number of

particles in a mole).

1.4 Detailed Macros

These macros are used to access the constants with specific units and precision. They require use of \makeatletter and \makeatother in order to be used. They are used internally by physconst to define the macros that are normally used (those described above.

1.4.1 NamingConvention

The detailed macros are named like @units@precision@name. The units specify which units the constant is in (SI, cgs, or eV). For constants that are independent of the unit system (e.g. Avogadro's number and the fine structure constant), the units are omitted. The precision is either 'short' or 'full' to indicate how much precision is included in the number. All short precision constants have 3 significant figures. The precision of full precision constants vary by their definition and/or inputs. Finally, the name or description of the constant appears.

1.4.2 Mass

\k@SI@short@MassElectron

\k@SI@short@MassElectron is the mass of an electron in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

```
\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@short@MassElectron
\makeatother
```

Resulting in

```
The value is 9.11 \times 10^{-31} kg
```

\k@SI@full@MassElectron

\k@SI@full@MassElectron is the mass of an electron in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

```
\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@MassElectron
\makeatother
```

Resulting in

```
The value is 9.108\,980\,087\,382 \times 10^{-31}\,\mathrm{kg}
```

\k@cgs@short@MassElectron

 $\colored{\colored}$ \k@cgs@short@MassElectron is the mass of an electron in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is $\k@cgs@short@MassElectron$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.11×10^{-28} g

\k@cgs@full@MassElectron

\k@cgs@full@MassElectron is the mass of an electron in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@MassElectron

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.108\,980\,087\,382\times10^{-28}\,\mathrm{g}$

\k@eV@short@MassElectron

 $\colors CODATA$ 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@MassElectron

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $5.11\times 10^5\,\mathrm{eV}\,c^{-2}$

\k@eV@full@MassElectron

 $\ensuremath{\verb|k@eV@full@MassElectron|}$ is the mass of an electron in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@MassElectron

\makeatother

The value is $5.109\,763\,089\,046\times 10^5\,\mathrm{eV}\,c^{-2}$

\k@SI@short@MassElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an electron in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \Mathbb{M} SIGshort@MassElectronNumeric \Mathbb{M} makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.11e - 31

\k@SI@full@MassElectronNumeric\k@SI@full@MassElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an electron in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@MassElectronNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.108980087382e - 31

\k@cgs@short@MassElectronNumer\k@cgs@short@MassElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an electron in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.11e - 28

\k@cgs@full@MassElectronNumeri\k@cgs@full@MassElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an electron in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@cgs@full@MassElectronNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.108980087382e - 28

\k@eV@short@MassElectronNumeri\k@eV@short@MassElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an electron in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.11e + 05

\k@eV@full@MassElectronNumeric\k@eV@full@MassElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an electron in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.109763089046e + 05

\k@SI@short@MassProton

\k@SI@short@MassProton is the mass of a proton in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@MassProton

\makeatother

The value is 1.67×10^{-27} kg

\k@SI@full@MassProton

\k@SI@full@MassProton is the mass of a proton in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@MassProton

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.672547813969 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

\k@cgs@short@MassProton

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@MassProton

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.67×10^{-24} g

\k@cgs@full@MassProton

\k@cgs@full@MassProton is the mass of a proton in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@MassProton

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.672547813969 \times 10^{-24}$ g

\k@eV@short@MassProton

 $\verb|\kQeV@shortQMassProton| is the mass of a proton in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)$

The value is \k@eV@short@MassProton \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.38 \times 10^8 \, \mathrm{eV} \, c^{-2}$

\k@eV@full@MassProton

\k@eV@full@MassProton is the mass of a proton in eV with full precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@MassProton

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.382\,305\,156\,558\times 10^8\,{\rm eV}\,c^{-2}$

\k@SI@short@MassProtonNumeric \k@SI@short@MassProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a proton in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@MassProtonNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.67e - 27

\k@SI@full@MassProtonNumeric \k@SI@full@MassProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a proton in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@MassProtonNumeric

\makeatother

The value is 1.672547813969e - 27

\k@cgs@short@MassProtonNumeric\k@cgs@short@MassProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a proton in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}} \mb$

Resulting in

The value is 1.67e - 24

\k@cgs@full@MassProtonNumeric \k@cgs@full@MassProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a proton in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@MassProtonNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.672547813969e - 24

\k@eV@short@MassProtonNumeric \k@eV@short@MassProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a proton in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.38e + 08

\k@eV@full@MassProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a proton in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.382305156558e + 08

\k@SI@short@MassHydrogen

\k@SI@short@MassHydrogen is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@MassHydrogen$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.67×10^{-27} kg

\k@SI@full@MassHydrogen

 $\colongled{\mathsf{k@SI@full@MassHydrogen}}$ is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@MassHydrogen

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.673458687724 \times 10^{-27}$ kg

\k@cgs@short@MassHydrogen

\k@cgs@short@MassHydrogen is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@MassHydrogen

\makeatother

The value is 1.67×10^{-24} g

\k@cgs@full@MassHydrogen

\k@cgs@full@MassHydrogen is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k0cgs0full0MassHydrogen$ $\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$}\mbox{$\mbox{$}\mbox{$

Resulting in

The value is $1.673458687724 \times 10^{-24}$ g

\k@eV@short@MassHydrogen

\k@eV@short@MassHydrogen is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@MassHydrogen \makeatother

. . . .

Resulting in

The value is $9.39 \times 10^8 \, \mathrm{eV} \, c^{-2}$

\k@eV@full@MassHydrogen

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{k@eV@full@MassHydrogen}}$ is the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@eV@full@MassHydrogen$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.387414783596 \times 10^8 \, \mathrm{eV} \, c^{-2}$

\k@SI@short@MassHydrogenNumeri&k@SI@short@MassHydrogenNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@SI@short@MassHydrogenNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.67e - 27

\k@SI@full@MassHydrogenNumeric\k@SI@full@MassHydrogenNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\MOSI@full@MassHydrogenNumeric \Mosember \$

Resulting in

The value is 1.673458687724e - 27

\k@cgs@short@MassHydrogenNumer\k@cgs@short@MassHydrogenNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.67e - 24

\k@cgs@full@MassHydrogenNumeri&k@cgs@full@MassHydrogenNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@MassHydrogenNumeric \makeatother

The value is 1.673458687724e - 24

\k@eV@short@MassHydrogenNumeri&k@eV@short@MassHydrogenNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.39e + 08

\k@eV@full@MassHydrogenNumeric\k@eV@full@MassHydrogenNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of a neutral hydrogen atom in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.387414783596e + 08

\k@SI@short@MassSun

 $\color{MassSun}$ is the mass of the Sun in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@MassSun \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.99 \times 10^{30} \,\mathrm{kg}$

\k@SI@full@MassSun

 $\c \Sim SI \$

The value is \k@SI@full@MassSun \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.9884099 \times 10^{30} \,\mathrm{kg}$

\k@cgs@short@MassSun

\k@cgs@short@MassSun is the mass of the Sun in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@MassSun

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.99×10^{33} g

\k@cgs@full@MassSun

\k@cgs@full@MassSun is the mass of the Sun in cgs units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@MassSun

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.988\,409\,9\times10^{33}\,\mathrm{g}$

\k@SI@short@MassSunNumeric

\k@SI@short@MassSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of the Sun in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@MassSunNumeric$

\makeatother

The value is 1.99e + 30

\k@SI@full@MassSunNumeric

\k@SI@full@MassSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of the Sun in SI units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\key{0}SI@full@MassSunNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.9884099e + 30

\k@cgs@short@MassSunNumeric

\k@cgs@short@MassSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of the Sun in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@MassSunNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.99e + 33

\k@cgs@full@MassSunNumeric

\k@cgs@full@MassSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of the Sun in cgs units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@MassSunNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.9884099e + 33

\k@short@MassEarth

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc NortoMassEarth}}$ is the mass of the Earth with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The value is $\k@short@MassEarth$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $5.97 \times 10^{24} \,\mathrm{kg}$

\k@full@MassEarth

\k@full@MassEarth is the mass of the Earth with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@MassEarth

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $5.972168 \times 10^{24} \,\mathrm{kg}$

\k@short@MassEarthNumeric

\k@short@MassEarthNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of the Earth with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@short@MassEarthNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.97e + 24

\k@full@MassEarthNumeric

\k@full@MassEarthNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of the Earth with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@MassEarthNumeric

\makeatother

The value is 5.972168e + 24

\k@short@MassJupiter

\k@short@MassJupiter is the mass of Jupiter with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@short@MassJupiter

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.90×10^{27} kg

\k@full@MassJupiter

\k@full@MassJupiter is the mass of Jupiter with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@MassJupiter

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.8981246 \times 10^{27} \,\mathrm{kg}$

\k@short@MassJupiterNumeric

\k@short@MassJupiterNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of Jupiter with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@short@MassJupiterNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.90e + 27

\k@full@MassJupiterNumeric

\k@full@MassJupiterNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of Jupiter with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The value is \k@full@MassJupiterNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.8981246e + 27

\k@SI@short@MassAMU

 $\colors IOSIOShortOMassAMU$ is the mass of an atomic mass unit in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@MassAMU

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.66 \times 10^{-27} \,\mathrm{kg}$

\k@SI@full@MassAMU

 \colone{line} \k@SI@full@MassAMU is the mass of an atomic mass unit in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@MassAMU

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.660465492239 \times 10^{-27}$ kg

\k@cgs@short@MassAMU

\k@cgs@short@MassAMU is the mass of an atomic mass unit in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@MassAMU

\makeatother

The value is $1.66 \times 10^{-24} \,\mathrm{g}$

\k@cgs@full@MassAMU

\k@cgs@full@MassAMU is the mass of an atomic mass unit in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@full@MassAMU$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.660465492239 \times 10^{-24}$ g

\k@eV@short@MassAMU

 $\colors CODATA~2018)$

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@MassAMU

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.31 \times 10^8 \, \mathrm{eV} \, c^{-2}$

\k@eV@full@MassAMU

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc WoeV0full0MassAMU}}$ is the mass of an atomic mass unit in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@MassAMU

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.314\,528\,302\,276\times 10^8\,\mathrm{eV}\,c^{-2}$

\k@SI@short@MassAMUNumeric

\k@SI@short@MassAMUNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an atomic mass unit in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@SI@short@MassAMUNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.66e - 27

\k@SI@full@MassAMUNumeric

\k@SI@full@MassAMUNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an atomic mass unit in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\key{0}SI@full@MassAMUNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.660465492239e - 27

\k@cgs@short@MassAMUNumeric

\k@cgs@short@MassAMUNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an atomic mass unit in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@MassAMUNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.66e - 24

\k@cgs@full@MassAMUNumeric

\k@cgs@full@MassAMUNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an atomic mass unit in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@full@MassAMUNumeric$

\makeatother

The value is 1.660465492239e - 24

\k@eV@short@MassAMUNumeric

\k@eV@short@MassAMUNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an atomic mass unit in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@MassAMUNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.31e + 08

\k@eV@full@MassAMUNumeric

\k@eV@full@MassAMUNumeric is a mathematical value of the mass of an atomic mass unit in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@MassAMUNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.314528302276e + 08

1.4.3 Charge

\k@SI@short@ChargeFundamental\k@SI@short@ChargeFundamental is the fundamental charge in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@ChargeFundamental

\makeatother

The value is $1.60 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}$

\k@SI@full@ChargeFundamental is the fundamental charge in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@ChargeFundamental

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.602176634 \times 10^{-19}$ C

\k@cgs@short@ChargeFundamental\k@cgs@short@ChargeFundamental is the fundamental charge in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@ChargeFundamental

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 4.80×10^{-10} esu

\k@cgs@full@ChargeFundamental\k@cgs@full@ChargeFundamental is the fundamental charge in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@full@ChargeFundamental$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $4.803204713 \times 10^{-10}$ esu

\k@SI@short@ChargeFundamentalNumeric is a mathematical value of the fundamental charge in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.60e - 19

\k@SI@full@ChargeFundamentalN\k@Sik@full@ChargeFundamentalNumeric is a mathematical value of the fundamental charge in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \text{makeatother}

Resulting in

The value is 1.602176634e - 19

\k@cgs@short@ChargeFundamenta\k@regs@short@ChargeFundamentalNumeric is a mathematical value of the fundamental charge in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 4.80e - 10

\k@cgs@full@ChargeFundamentalNumeric is a mathematical value of the fundamental charge in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

The value is 4.803204713e - 10

\k@SI@short@ChargeElectron

\k@SI@short@ChargeElectron is the charge of an electron in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@ChargeElectron \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is -1.60×10^{-19} C

\k@SI@full@ChargeElectron

\k@SI@full@ChargeElectron is the charge of an electron in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@ChargeElectron \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $-1.602176634 \times 10^{-19}$ C

\k@cgs@short@ChargeElectron

\k@cgs@short@ChargeElectron is the charge of an electron in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@ChargeElectron \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is -4.80×10^{-10} esu

\k@cgs@full@ChargeElectron

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \end{constraint} $$$

Resulting in

\makeatother

The value is $-4.803204713 \times 10^{-10}$ esu

\k@SI@short@ChargeElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of an electron in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@short@ChargeElectronNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is -1.60e - 19

\k@SI@full@ChargeElectronNume\k@SI@full@ChargeElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of an electron in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@ChargeElectronNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is -1.602176634e - 19

\k@cgs@short@ChargeElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of an electron in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@short@ChargeElectronNumeric
\makeatother

The value is -4.80e - 10

\k@cgs@full@ChargeElectronNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of an electron in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}} \mb$

Resulting in

The value is -4.803204713e - 10

\k@SI@short@ChargeProton

\k@SI@short@ChargeProton is the charge of a proton in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@ChargeProton \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.60 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}$

\k@SI@full@ChargeProton

 $\label{lem:lem:signa} $$ \end{subargeProton} is the charge of a proton in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)$

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@full@ChargeProton \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is $1.602\,176\,634\times10^{-19}\,\mathrm{C}$

\k@cgs@short@ChargeProton

\k@cgs@short@ChargeProton is the charge of a proton in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@cgs@short@ChargeProton

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $4.80 \times 10^{-10} \, \mathrm{esu}$

\k@cgs@full@ChargeProton

\k@cgs@full@ChargeProton is the charge of a proton in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@ChargeProton

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $4.803204713 \times 10^{-10}$ esu

\k@SI@short@ChargeProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of a proton in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@ChargeProtonNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.60e - 19

\k@SI@full@ChargeProtonNumeri&k@SI@full@ChargeProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of a proton in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@full@ChargeProtonNumeric$

\makeatother

The value is 1.602176634e - 19

\k@cgs@short@ChargeProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of a proton in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 4.80e - 10

\k@cgs@full@ChargeProtonNumeric is a mathematical value of the charge of a proton in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 4.803204713e - 10

1.4.4 Distances and Lengths

\k@SI@short@RadiusBohr

\k@SI@short@RadiusBohr is Bohr radius of an atom in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@RadiusBohr

 $\mbox{\mbox{\it makeatother}}$

The value is $5.29 \times 10^{-11} \,\mathrm{m}$

\k@SI@full@RadiusBohr

\k@SI@full@RadiusBohr is Bohr radius of an atom in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@RadiusBohr

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $5.292\,006\,59 \times 10^{-11}\,\mathrm{m}$

\k@cgs@short@RadiusBohr

\k@cgs@short@RadiusBohr is Bohr radius of an atom in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@RadiusBohr

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.29×10^{-9} cm

\k@cgs@full@RadiusBohr

\k@cgs@full@RadiusBohr is Bohr radius of an atom in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@RadiusBohr

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $5.292\,006\,59 \times 10^{-9}\,\mathrm{cm}$

\k@SI@short@RadiusBohrNumeric\k@SI@short@RadiusBohrNumeric is a mathematical value of Bohr radius of an atom in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@SI@short@RadiusBohrNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.29e - 11

\k@SI@full@RadiusBohrNumeric \k@SI@full@RadiusBohrNumeric is a mathematical value of Bohr radius of an atom in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@RadiusBohrNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.29200659e - 11

\k@cgs@short@RadiusBohrNumeri&k@cgs@short@RadiusBohrNumeric is a mathematical value of Bohr radius of an atom in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.29e - 09

\k@cgs@full@RadiusBohrNumeric\k@cgs@full@RadiusBohrNumeric is a mathematical value of Bohr radius of an atom in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@RadiusBohrNumeric \makeatother

The value is 5.29200659e - 09

\k@SI@short@AstronomicalUnit \k@SI@short@AstronomicalUnit is the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter The value is \k@SI@short@AstronomicalUnit \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.50 \times 10^{11} \,\mathrm{m}$

\k@SI@full@AstronomicalUnit

\k@SI@full@AstronomicalUnit is the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in SI units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter The value is \k@SI@full@AstronomicalUnit \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.495\,978\,707\times10^{11}\,\mathrm{m}$

\k@cgs@short@AstronomicalUnit\k@cgs@short@AstronomicalUnit is the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter The value is \k@cgs@short@AstronomicalUnit \makeatother

The value is $1.50 \times 10^{13} \, \mathrm{cm}$

\k@cgs@full@AstronomicalUnit \k@cgs@full@AstronomicalUnit is the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in cgs units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@full@AstronomicalUnit \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.495\,978\,707 \times 10^{13}\,\mathrm{cm}$

\k@SI@short@AstronomicalUnitN\k@Si@short@AstronomicalUnitNumeric is a mathematical value of the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@short@AstronomicalUnitNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.50e + 11

\k@SI@full@AstronomicalUnitNumkr@SI@full@AstronomicalUnitNumeric is a mathematical value of the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in SI units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@AstronomicalUnitNumeric
\makeatother

The value is 1.495978707e + 11

\k@cgs@short@AstronomicalUnit\\indexgs@short@AstronomicalUnit\\undercic is a mathematical value of the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@short@AstronomicalUnitNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.50e + 13

\k@cgs@full@AstronomicalUnitN\\k@cgs@full@AstronomicalUnitNumeric is a mathematical value of the astronomical unit (the average distance between the Earth and the Sun) in cgs units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B2 2012)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@full@AstronomicalUnitNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.495978707e + 13

\k@SI@short@Parsec

\k@SI@short@Parsec is the length of a parsec $(\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi})$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@short@Parsec
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.09 \times 10^{16} \, \mathrm{m}$

\k@SI@full@Parsec

\k@SI@full@Parsec is the length of a parsec $(\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi})$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@Parsec

Resulting in

\makeatother

The value is $3.085\,677\,581 \times 10^{16}\,\mathrm{m}$

\k@cgs@short@Parsec

\k@cgs@short@Parsec is the length of a parsec $(\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi})$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@short@Parsec
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.09 \times 10^{18} \, \mathrm{cm}$

\k@cgs@full@Parsec

\k@cgs@full@Parsec is the length of a parsec $(\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi})$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@full@Parsec
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.085\,677\,581\times10^{18}\,\mathrm{cm}$

\k@SI@short@ParsecNumeric

\k@SI@short@ParsecNumeric is a mathematical value of the length of a parsec $(\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi})$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@SI@short@ParsecNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.09e + 16

\k@SI@full@ParsecNumeric

<code>\k@SI@full@ParsecNumeric</code> is a mathematical value of the length of a parsec ($\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi}$) in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@ParsecNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.085677581e + 16

\k@cgs@short@ParsecNumeric

\k@cgs@short@ParsecNumeric is a mathematical value of the length of a parsec $(\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi})$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@ParsecNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.09e + 18

\k@cgs@full@ParsecNumeric

\k@cgs@full@ParsecNumeric is a mathematical value of the length of a parsec $(\frac{648000\,\mathrm{au}}{\pi})$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@ParsecNumeric \makeatother

The value is 3.085677581e + 18

\k@SI@short@RadiusSun

\k@SI@short@RadiusSun is the mean radius of the Sun in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@RadiusSun \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.96 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{m}$

\k@SI@full@RadiusSun

\k@SI@full@RadiusSun is the mean radius of the Sun in SI units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@RadiusSun \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.957×10^8 m

\k@cgs@short@RadiusSun

\k@cgs@short@RadiusSun is the mean radius of the Sun in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@RadiusSun \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.96 \times 10^{10} \, \mathrm{cm}$

\k@cgs@full@RadiusSun

The value is $\k@cgs@full@RadiusSun$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.957 \times 10^{10} \, \mathrm{cm}$

\k@SI@short@RadiusSunNumeric \k@SI@short@RadiusSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of the Sun in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@RadiusSunNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.96e + 08

\k@SI@full@RadiusSunNumeric

\k@SI@full@RadiusSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of the Sun in SI units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\kommon{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.957e + 08

\k@cgs@short@RadiusSunNumeric\k@cgs@short@RadiusSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of the Sun in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@short@RadiusSunNumeric$

\makeatother

The value is 6.96e + 10

\k@cgs@full@RadiusSunNumeric \k@cgs@full@RadiusSunNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of the Sun in cgs units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@RadiusSunNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.957e + 10

\k@short@RadiusEarth

\k@short@RadiusEarth is the mean radius of the Earth with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@short@RadiusEarth

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.37×10^6 m

\k@full@RadiusEarth

\k@full@RadiusEarth is the mean radius of the Earth with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@RadiusEarth

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.3710×10^6 m

\k@short@RadiusEarthNumeric

\k@short@RadiusEarthNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of the Earth with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The value is $\mbox{\colored}$ \makeatother \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.37e + 06

\k@full@RadiusEarthNumeric

\k@full@RadiusEarthNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of the Earth with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k0full0RadiusEarthNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.3710e + 06

\k@short@RadiusJupiter

\k@short@RadiusJupiter is the mean radius of Jupiter with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@short@RadiusJupiter

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.99×10^7 m

\k@full@RadiusJupiter

\k@full@RadiusJupiter is the mean radius of Jupiter with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@RadiusJupiter

\makeatother

The value is 6.9911×10^7 m

\k@short@RadiusJupiterNumeric \k@short@RadiusJupiterNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of Jupiter with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@short@RadiusJupiterNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.99e + 07

\k@full@RadiusJupiterNumeric is a mathematical value of the mean radius of Jupiter with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@full@RadiusJupiterNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.9911e + 07

1.4.5 Energy, Power, and Luminosity

\k@SI@short@Rydberg

\k@SI@short@Rydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@short@Rydberg
\makeatother

The value is $2.18 \times 10^{-18} \,\mathrm{J}$

\k@SI@full@Rydberg

\k@SI@full@Rydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@Rydberg

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $2.17977577 \times 10^{-18} \,\mathrm{J}$

\k@cgs@short@Rydberg

\k@cgs@short@Rydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@short@Rydberg$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 2.18×10^{-11} erg

\k@cgs@full@Rydberg

\k@cgs@full@Rydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@Rydberg

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $2.17977577 \times 10^{-11}$ erg

\k@eV@short@Rydberg

\k@eV@short@Rydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in eV with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@eV@short@Rydberg \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.36 \times 10^1 \, \mathrm{eV}$

\k@eV@full@Rydberg

\k@eV@full@Rydberg is the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in eV with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@Rydberg \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.36050903 \times 10^{1} \,\text{eV}$

\k@SI@short@RydbergNumeric

\k@SI@short@RydbergNumeric is a mathematical value of the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k0SI0short0RydbergNumeric \\ \mbox{\constant}$

Resulting in

The value is 2.18e - 18

\k@SI@full@RydbergNumeric

\k@SI@full@RydbergNumeric is a mathematical value of the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@RydbergNumeric \makeatother

The value is 2.17977577e - 18

\k@cgs@short@RydbergNumeric

\k@cgs@short@RydbergNumeric is a mathematical value of the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@RydbergNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 2.18e - 11

\k@cgs@full@RydbergNumeric

\k@cgs@full@RydbergNumeric is a mathematical value of the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@RydbergNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 2.17977577e - 11

\k@eV@short@RydbergNumeric

\k@eV@short@RydbergNumeric is a mathematical value of the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in eV with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@RydbergNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.36e + 01

\k@eV@full@RydbergNumeric

\k@eV@full@RydbergNumeric is a mathematical value of the Rydberg energy (the binding energy of Hydrogen) in eV with full precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@eV@full@RydbergNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.36050903e + 01

\k@SI@short@LuminositySun

\k@SI@short@LuminositySun is the luminosity of the Sun in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@LuminositySun

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.83 \times 10^{26} \,\mathrm{W}$

\k@SI@full@LuminositySun

\k@SI@full@LuminositySun is the luminosity of the Sun in SI units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@LuminositySun

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.828 \times 10^{26} \,\mathrm{W}$

\k@cgs@short@LuminositySun

\k@cgs@short@LuminositySun is the luminosity of the Sun in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@short@LuminositySun$

\makeatother

The value is $3.83 \times 10^{33} \, \mathrm{erg \, s^{-1}}$

\k@cgs@full@LuminositySun

\k@cgs@full@LuminositySun is the luminosity of the Sun in cgs units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@LuminositySun \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.828 \times 10^{33} \, \mathrm{erg \, s^{-1}}$

\k@SI@short@LuminositySunNume\k@SI@short@LuminositySunNumeric is a mathematical value of the luminosity of the Sun in SI units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.83e + 26

\k@SI@full@LuminositySunNumer\k@SI@full@LuminositySunNumeric is a mathematical value of the luminosity of the Sun in SI units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \Modera_{0} The value is \Moder

Resulting in

The value is 3.828e + 26

\k@cgs@short@LuminositySunNum\k@cgs@short@LuminositySunNumeric is a mathematical value of the luminosity of the Sun in cgs units with reduced precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The value is \k@cgs@short@LuminositySunNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.83e + 33

\k@cgs@full@LuminositySunNume\k@cgs@full@LuminositySunNumeric is a mathematical value of the luminosity of the Sun in cgs units with full precision. (IAU Resolution B3 2015)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@LuminositySunNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.828e + 33

1.4.6 Pressure

\k@SI@short@PressureAtmosphere\k@SI@short@PressureAtmosphere is the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc N@SI@short@PressureAtmosphere}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.01 \times 10^5 \,\mathrm{Pa}$

\k@SI@full@PressureAtmosphere \k@SI@full@PressureAtmosphere is the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@SI@full@PressureAtmosphere \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.01325 \times 10^5 \,\mathrm{Pa}$

\k@cgs@short@PressureAtmosphere is the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@PressureAtmosphere \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.01 bar

\k@cgs@full@PressureAtmosphere is the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k0cgs0full0PressureAtmosphere \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is 1.01325 bar

\k@SI@short@PressureAtmosphere\km@SI@short@PressureAtmosphereNumeric is a mathematical value of the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@PressureAtmosphereNumeric \makeatother

The value is 1.01e + 05

\k@SI@full@PressureAtmosphereN\mb@SI@full@PressureAtmosphereNumeric is a mathematical value of the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \Mathbb{M} SIQfullQPressureAtmosphereNumeric \Mathbb{M} makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.01325e + 05

\k@cgs@short@PressureAtmospher\elimented value of the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.01e + 00

\k@cgs@full@PressureAtmosphere\underic is a mathematical value of the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@PressureAtmosphereNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.01325e + 00

\k@SI@short@PressureStandard is the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@SI@short@PressureStandard \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.00 \times 10^5 \,\mathrm{Pa}$

\k@SI@full@PressureStandard

\k@SI@full@PressureStandard is the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@PressureStandard

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.000\,00 \times 10^5\,\mathrm{Pa}$

\k@cgs@short@PressureStandard \k@cgs@short@PressureStandard is the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@PressureStandard \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.00 bar

\k@cgs@full@PressureStandard \k@cgs@full@PressureStandard is the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@PressureStandard

\makeatother

The value is 1.00000 bar

\k@SI@short@PressureStandardNumeric is a mathematical value of the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@PressureStandardNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.00e + 05

\k@SI@full@PressureStandardNumeric is a mathematical value of the standard atmospheric pressure in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.00000e + 05

\k@cgs@short@PressureStandardN\h@cgs@short@PressureStandardNumeric is a mathematical value of the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.00e + 00

\k@cgs@full@PressureStandardNumeric is a mathematical value of the standard atmospheric pressure in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.00000e + 00

1.4.7 Velocity, Speed and Acceleration

\k@SI@short@SpeedLight

\k@SI@short@SpeedLight is the speed of light in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@SpeedLight$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.00 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$

\k@SI@full@SpeedLight

 \color{light} is the speed of light in SI units with full precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@SpeedLight

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $2.997\,924\,58\times10^8\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$

\k@cgs@short@SpeedLight

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \c CODATA 2018)$$

The value is \k@cgs@short@SpeedLight \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.00\times10^{10}\,\mathrm{cm\,s^{-1}}$

\k@cgs@full@SpeedLight

\k@cgs@full@SpeedLight is the speed of light in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@SpeedLight

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $2.99792458 \times 10^{10} \,\mathrm{cm}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$

\k@SI@short@SpeedLightNumeric\k@SI@short@SpeedLightNumeric is a mathematical value of the speed of light in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@SpeedLightNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.00e + 08

\k@SI@full@SpeedLightNumeric \k@SI@full@SpeedLightNumeric is a mathematical value of the speed of light in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@full@SpeedLightNumeric$

\makeatother

The value is 2.99792458e + 08

\k@cgs@short@SpeedLightNumeri&k@cgs@short@SpeedLightNumeric is a mathematical value of the speed of light in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 3.00e + 10

\k@cgs@full@SpeedLightNumeric\k@cgs@full@SpeedLightNumeric is a mathematical value of the speed of light in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@SpeedLightNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 2.99792458e + 10

\k@SI@short@AccelGravity

\k@SI@short@AccelGravity is the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@AccelGravity \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.81 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$

\k@SI@full@AccelGravity

\k@SI@full@AccelGravity is the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@AccelGravity

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.80665\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$

\k@cgs@short@AccelGravity

\k@cgs@short@AccelGravity is the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@AccelGravity \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.81 \times 10^2 \,\mathrm{cm}\,\mathrm{s}^{-2}$

\k@cgs@full@AccelGravity

\k@cgs@full@AccelGravity is the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@full@AccelGravity$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $9.80665 \times 10^{2} \, \mathrm{cm \, s^{-2}}$

\k@SI@short@AccelGravityNumeri\k@SI@short@AccelGravityNumeric is a mathematical value of the accelertion due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\kQSI@short@AccelGravityNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.81e + 00

\k@SI@full@AccelGravityNumeric\k@SI@full@AccelGravityNumeric is a mathematical value of the accelertion due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@AccelGravityNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.80665e + 00

\k@cgs@short@AccelGravityNumer\k@cgs@short@AccelGravityNumeric is a mathematical value of the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@short@AccelGravityNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 9.81e + 02

\k@cgs@full@AccelGravityNumeri\k@cgs@full@AccelGravityNumeric is a mathematical value of the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the Earth in cgs units with full precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@full@AccelGravityNumeric
\makeatother

The value is 9.80665e + 02

1.4.8 Other Constants

\k@SI@short@Coulomb

\k@SI@short@Coulomb is the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@short@Coulomb
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $8.99\times10^9\,\mathrm{N}\,\mathrm{m}^2\,\mathrm{C}^{-2}$

\k@SI@full@Coulomb

\k@SI@full@Coulomb is the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@Coulomb
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $8.987\,551\,79\times 10^9\,{\rm N}\,{\rm m}^2\,{\rm C}^{-2}$

\k@cgs@short@Coulomb

\k@cgs@short@Coulomb is the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@short@Coulomb
\makeatother

The value is 1.00

\k@cgs@full@Coulomb

\k@cgs@full@Coulomb is the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@Coulomb

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.000000000

\k@SI@short@CoulombNumeric

\k@SI@short@CoulombNumeric is a mathematical value of the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@CoulombNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 8.99e + 09

\k@SI@full@CoulombNumeric

\k@SI@full@CoulombNumeric is a mathematical value of the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@CoulombNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 8.98755179e + 09

\k@cgs@short@CoulombNumeric

\k@cgs@short@CoulombNumeric is a mathematical value of the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@cgs@short@CoulombNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.00e + 00

\k@cgs@full@CoulombNumeric

\k@cgs@full@CoulombNumeric is a mathematical value of the Coulomb constant $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@CoulombNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.00000000e + 00

\k@SI@short@VacuumPermittivityk@SI@short@VacuumPermittivity is the electric permittivity of the vacuum in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@VacuumPermittivity \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $8.85\times10^{-12}\,\mathrm{F\,m^{-1}}$

\k@SI@full@VacuumPermittivity\k@SI@full@VacuumPermittivity is the electric permittivity of the vacuum in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@VacuumPermittivity \makeatother

The value is $8.854\,187\,812\,8\times10^{-12}\,\mathrm{F}\,\mathrm{m}^{-1}$

\k@cgs@short@VacuumPermittivity is the electric permittivity of the vacuum in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@short@VacuumPermittivity
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.96×10^{-2}

\k@cgs@full@VacuumPermittivityk@cgs@full@VacuumPermittivity is the electric permittivity of the vacuum in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@full@VacuumPermittivity
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $7.9577471546 \times 10^{-2}$

\k@SI@short@VacuumPermittivity\k@Si@short@VacuumPermittivityNumeric is a mathematical value of the electric permittivity of the vacuum in SI units with reduced precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@short@VacuumPermittivityNumeric
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 8.85e - 12

\k@SI@full@VacuumPermittivityNum@fi@full@VacuumPermittivityNumeric is a mathematical value of the electric permittivity of the vacuum in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@SI@full@VacuumPermittivityNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 8.8541878128e - 12

\k@cgs@short@VacuumPermittivityMumeric is a mathematical value of the electric permittivity of the vacuum in cgs units with reduced precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc VacuumPermittivityNumeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.96e - 02

\k@cgs@full@VacuumPermittivity\k@nggs@full@VacuumPermittivityNumeric is a mathematical value of the electric permittivity of the vacuum in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k0cgs0full0VacuumPermittivityNumeric \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is 7.9577471546e - 02

\k@SI@short@VacuumPermeability\k@SI@short@VacuumPermeability is the magnetic permeability of the vacuum in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@VacuumPermeability \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.26 \times 10^{-6} \, \text{N} \, \text{A}^{-2}$

\k@SI@full@VacuumPermeability \k@SI@full@VacuumPermeability is the magnetic permeability of the vacuum in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@SI@full@VacuumPermeability
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.2566370621 \times 10^{-6} \,\mathrm{N\,A^{-2}}$

\k@cgs@short@VacuumPermeabilityk@cgs@short@VacuumPermeability is the magnetic permeability of the vacuum in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@short@VacuumPermeability
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.26×10^1

\k@cgs@full@VacuumPermeability\k@cgs@full@VacuumPermeability is the magnetic permeability of the vacuum in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@cgs@full@VacuumPermeability
\makeatother

The value is $1.2566370614 \times 10^{1}$

\k@SI@short@VacuumPermeability\\massimus for the magnetic permeability of the vacuum in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\kQSIQshortQVacuumPermeabilityNumeric \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is 1.26e - 06

\k@SI@full@VacuumPermeabilityN\mesical value of the magnetic permeability of the vacuum in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@VacuumPermeabilityNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.2566370621e - 06

\k@cgs@short@VacuumPermeabilityNumeric is a mathematical value of the magnetic permeability of the vacuum in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@VacuumPermeabilityNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.26e + 01

\k@cgs@full@VacuumPermeability\\magnetic lity\\magnetic lity\\magnetic permeability of the vacuum in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The value is $\k@cgs@full@VacuumPermeabilityNumeric \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is 1.2566370614e + 01

\k@short@VacuumImpedance

\k@short@VacuumImpedance is the characteristic impedance of the vacuum with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@short@VacuumImpedance \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.77 \times 10^2 \,\Omega$

\k@full@VacuumImpedance

\k@full@VacuumImpedance is the characteristic impedance of the vacuum with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@VacuumImpedance \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $3.767\,303\,136\,68\times 10^2\,\Omega$

\k@short@VacuumImpedanceNumerik@short@VacuumImpedanceNumeric is a mathematical value of the characteristic impedance of the vacuum with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\mbox{\wave}$ Answeric $\mbox{\wave}$ makeatother

The value is 3.77e + 02

\k@full@VacuumImpedanceNumeri\k@full@VacuumImpedanceNumeric is a mathematical value of the characteristic impedance of the vacuum with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k \fi Vacuum Impedance Numeric \make a to ther$

Resulting in

The value is 3.76730313668e + 02

\k@SI@short@Boltzmann

\k@SI@short@Boltzmann is the Boltzmann constant in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@Boltzmann

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.38 \times 10^{-23} \, \mathrm{J \, K^{-1}}$

\k@SI@full@Boltzmann

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@Boltzmann

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.380\,649 \times 10^{-23}\,\mathrm{J\,K^{-1}}$

\k@cgs@short@Boltzmann

 $\label{lem:constant} $$ \c CODATA 2018)$$

The value is \k@cgs@short@Boltzmann

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.38 \times 10^{-16} \, \mathrm{erg} \, \mathrm{K}^{-1}$

\k@cgs@full@Boltzmann

\k@cgs@full@Boltzmann is the Boltzmann constant in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@Boltzmann

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.380649 \times 10^{-16} \,\mathrm{erg} \,\mathrm{K}^{-1}$

\k@eV@short@Boltzmann

 $\label{lem:constant} $$ \ensuremath{\mathsf{k@eV@short@Boltzmann}}$ is the Boltzmann constant in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)$

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@eV@short@Boltzmann$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $8.62 \times 10^{-5} \, \mathrm{eV} \, \mathrm{K}^{-1}$

\k@eV@full@Boltzmann

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{k@eV@full@Boltzmann}}$ is the Boltzmann constant in eV with full precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@Boltzmann

\makeatother

The value is $8.617\,333\times10^{-5}\,\mathrm{eV}\,\mathrm{K}^{-1}$

\k@SI@short@BoltzmannNumeric \k@SI@short@BoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Boltzmann constant in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@BoltzmannNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.38e - 23

\k@SI@full@BoltzmannNumeric

\k@SI@full@BoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Boltzmann constant in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@BoltzmannNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.380649e - 23

\k@cgs@short@BoltzmannNumeric\k@cgs@short@BoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Boltzmann constant in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@short@BoltzmannNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.38e - 16

\k@cgs@full@BoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Boltzmann constant in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@cgs@full@BoltzmannNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.380649e - 16

\k@eV@short@BoltzmannNumeric \k@eV@short@BoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Boltzmann constant in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@BoltzmannNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 8.62e - 05

\k@eV@full@BoltzmannNumeric

\k@eV@full@BoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Boltzmann constant in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@eV@full@BoltzmannNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 8.617333e - 05

\k@SI@short@Planck

\k@SI@short@Planck is the Planck constant in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

 $\mbox{\mbox{\tt makeatletter}}$

The value is \k@SI@short@Planck

\makeatother

The value is $6.63 \times 10^{-34} \,\mathrm{J\,s}$

\k@SI@full@Planck

 $\mbox{\constant in SI units with full precision.}$ (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@Planck

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.626\,070\,15 \times 10^{-34}\,\mathrm{J\,s}$

\k@cgs@short@Planck

\k@cgs@short@Planck is the Planck constant in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@Planck

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.63 \times 10^{-27} \,\mathrm{erg}\,\mathrm{s}$

\k@cgs@full@Planck

 \color{local} \kecgs@full@Planck is the Planck constant in cgs units with full precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@Planck

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.626\,070\,15 \times 10^{-27}\,\mathrm{erg}\,\mathrm{s}$

\k@eV@short@Planck

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{N@eV@short@Planck}}$ is the Planck constant in eV with reduced precision. (CO-DATA 2018)

The value is \k@eV@short@Planck \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $4.14 \times 10^{-15} \, \mathrm{eV} \, \mathrm{s}$

\k@eV@full@Planck

 $\label{lem:constant} $$ \ensuremath{\mathsf{N}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{CO-DATA}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{2018}}$) $$$

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@Planck

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $4.135\,667\,70 \times 10^{-15}\,\mathrm{eV}\,\mathrm{s}$

\k@SI@short@PlanckNumeric

\k@SI@short@PlanckNumeric is a mathematical value of the Planck constant in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@PlanckNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.63e - 34

\k@SI@full@PlanckNumeric

\k@SI@full@PlanckNumeric is a mathematical value of the Planck constant in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@PlanckNumeric

\makeatother

The value is 6.62607015e - 34

\k@cgs@short@PlanckNumeric

 $\color=0.02$ \k@cgs@short@PlanckNumeric is a mathematical value of the Planck constant in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@short@PlanckNumeric$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.63e - 27

\k@cgs@full@PlanckNumeric

\k@cgs@full@PlanckNumeric is a mathematical value of the Planck constant in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@PlanckNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.62607015e - 27

\k@eV@short@PlanckNumeric

\k@eV@short@PlanckNumeric is a mathematical value of the Planck constant in eV with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@PlanckNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 4.14e - 15

\k@eV@full@PlanckNumeric

 \colone{local} \k@eV@full@PlanckNumeric is a mathematical value of the Planck constant in eV with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is $\k0eV0full0PlanckNumeric \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is 4.13566770e - 15

\k@SI@short@PlanckReduced

\k@SI@short@PlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@PlanckReduced$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.05 \times 10^{-34} \,\mathrm{J\,s}$

\k@SI@full@PlanckReduced

\k@SI@full@PlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $(\frac{h}{2\pi})$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@full@PlanckReduced$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.05457182 \times 10^{-34} \,\mathrm{J\,s}$

\k@cgs@short@PlanckReduced

\k@cgs@short@PlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@short@PlanckReduced$

\makeatother

The value is $1.05 \times 10^{-27} \,\mathrm{erg}\,\mathrm{s}$

\k@cgs@full@PlanckReduced

\k@cgs@full@PlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $(\frac{h}{2\pi})$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@PlanckReduced

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $1.05457182 \times 10^{-27} \text{ erg s}$

\k@eV@short@PlanckReduced

\k@eV@short@PlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in eV with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@PlanckReduced

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.58 \times 10^{-16} \, \mathrm{eV} \, \mathrm{s}$

\k@eV@full@PlanckReduced

\k@eV@full@PlanckReduced is the Reduced Planck constant $(\frac{h}{2\pi})$ in eV with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@full@PlanckReduced

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.582\,119\,57\times10^{-16}\,\mathrm{eV}\,\mathrm{s}$

\k@SI@short@PlanckReducedNumer\k@SI@short@PlanckReducedNumeric is a mathematical value of the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@SI@short@PlanckReducedNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.05e - 34

\k@SI@full@PlanckReducedNumeri\k@SI@full@PlanckReducedNumeric is a mathematical value of the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@PlanckReducedNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.05457182e - 34

\k@cgs@short@PlanckReducedNume\text{t@cgs@short@PlanckReducedNumeric} is a mathematical value of the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt N0CgS@Short@PlanckReducedNumeric}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\tt Nmkeatother}}}$

Resulting in

The value is 1.05e - 27

 $\label{localine} $$ \ensuremath{\mathtt{k@cgs@full@PlanckReducedNumeric}}$ is a mathematical value of the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)$

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@PlanckReducedNumeric \makeatother

The value is 1.05457182e - 27

\k@eV@short@PlanckReducedNumer\k@eV@short@PlanckReducedNumeric is a mathematical value of the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in eV with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@eV@short@PlanckReducedNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.58e - 16

\k@eV@full@PlanckReducedNumeri&k@eV@full@PlanckReducedNumeric is a mathematical value of the Reduced Planck constant $\left(\frac{h}{2\pi}\right)$ in eV with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.58211957e - 16

\k@SI@short@Gravity

\k@SI@short@Gravity is Newton's gravitational constant in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@short@Gravity \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.67 \times 10^{-11} \, \mathrm{N \, kg^{-2} \, m^2}$

\k@SI@full@Gravity

 $\mbox{\constant}$ is Newton's gravitational constant in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The value is \k@SI@full@Gravity \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.67430 \times 10^{-11} \,\mathrm{N \, kg^{-2} \, m^2}$

\k@cgs@short@Gravity

\k@cgs@short@Gravity is Newton's gravitational constant in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@Gravity

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.67 \times 10^{-8} \, \rm dyn \, g^{-2} \, cm^2$

\k@cgs@full@Gravity

\k@cgs@full@Gravity is Newton's gravitational constant in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@Gravity

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $6.674\,30\times10^{-8}\,\mathrm{dyn\,g^{-2}\,cm^{2}}$

\k@SI@short@GravityNumeric

\k@SI@short@GravityNumeric is a mathematical value of Newton's gravitational constant in SI units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@GravityNumeric$

\makeatother

The value is 6.67e - 11

\k@SI@full@GravityNumeric

\k@SI@full@GravityNumeric is a mathematical value of Newton's gravitational constant in SI units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@GravityNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.67430e - 11

\k@cgs@short@GravityNumeric

\k@cgs@short@GravityNumeric is a mathematical value of Newton's gravitational constant in cgs units with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@GravityNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.67e - 08

\k@cgs@full@GravityNumeric

\k@cgs@full@GravityNumeric is a mathematical value of Newton's gravitational constant in cgs units with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k0cgs0full0GravityNumeric \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is 6.67430e - 08

\k@SI@short@StefanBoltzmann

\k@SI@short@StefanBoltzmann is the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5 k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@SI@short@StefanBoltzmann \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $5.67\times 10^{-8}\,\mathrm{J\,K^{-4}\,m^{-2}\,s^{-1}}$

\k@SI@full@StefanBoltzmann

\k@SI@full@StefanBoltzmann is the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@StefanBoltzmann \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $5.670\,374\times10^{-8}\,\mathrm{J\,K^{-4}\,m^{-2}\,s^{-1}}$

 $\verb|\k@cgs@short@StefanBoltzmann||$

\k@cgs@short@StefanBoltzmann is the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5 k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc N@cgs@short@StefanBoltzmann}}\$

Resulting in

The value is $5.67\times 10^{-5}\,\mathrm{erg}\,\mathrm{K}^{-4}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$

\k@cgs@full@StefanBoltzmann

\k@cgs@full@StefanBoltzmann is the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5 k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@cgs@full@StefanBoltzmann \\ \mbox{\colored}$

Resulting in

The value is $5.670\,374\times10^{-5}\,\mathrm{erg}\,\mathrm{K}^{-4}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$

\k@SI@short@StefanBoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5 k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

 $\verb|\makeatletter|$

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.67e - 08

\k@SI@full@StefanBoltzmannNume\k@SI@full@StefanBoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k0SI0full0StefanBoltzmannNumeric \makeatother$

Resulting in

The value is 5.670374e - 08

\k@cgs@short@StefanBoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5 k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@cgs@short@StefanBoltzmannNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 5.67e - 05

\k@cgs@full@StefanBoltzmannNumeric is a mathematical value of the Stefan-Boltzmann blackbody constant $\left(\frac{2\pi^5k_{\rm B}}{15h^3c^2}\right)$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Nucesoffull@StefanBoltzmannNumeric}}\$

Resulting in

The value is 5.670374e - 05

\k@SI@short@Radiation

\k@SI@short@Radiation is the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5 k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\k@SI@short@Radiation$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $7.57\times10^{-16}\,\mathrm{J\,m^{-3}\,K^{-4}}$

\k@SI@full@Radiation

\k@SI@full@Radiation is the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The value is $\k@SI@full@Radiation$

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $7.565\,733 \times 10^{-16}\,\mathrm{J\,m^{-3}\,K^{-4}}$

\k@cgs@short@Radiation

\k@cgs@short@Radiation is the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@short@Radiation \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $7.57 \times 10^{-15} \, \mathrm{erg \, cm^{-3} \, K^{-4}}$

\k@cgs@full@Radiation

\k@cgs@full@Radiation is the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$ in cgs units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@Radiation

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $7.565733 \times 10^{-15} \, \mathrm{erg} \, \mathrm{cm}^{-3} \, \mathrm{K}^{-4}$

\k@SI@short@RadiationNumeric \k@SI@short@RadiationNumeric is a mathematical value of the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$ in SI units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is \k@SI@short@RadiationNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.57e - 16

\k@SI@full@RadiationNumeric

\k@SI@full@RadiationNumeric is a mathematical value of the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$ in SI units with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@SI@full@RadiationNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.565733e - 16

\k@cgs@short@RadiationNumeric\k@cgs@short@RadiationNumeric is a mathematical value of the radiation constant, $a\left(\frac{8\pi^5k_{\rm B}^4}{15c^3h^3}\right)$ in cgs units with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.57e - 15

 $\label{eq:cgs0full0RadiationNumeric} $$ \end{cases} $$ \end{case$

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@cgs@full@RadiationNumeric \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.565733e - 15

\k@short@FineStructure

\k@short@FineStructure is the fine structure constant with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@short@FineStructure
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.30×10^{-3}

\k@full@FineStructure

\k@full@FineStructure is the fine structure constant with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@full@FineStructure
\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is $7.29735257 \times 10^{-3}$

\k@short@FineStructureNumeric\k@short@FineStructureNumeric is a mathematical value of the fine structure constant with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter
The value is \k@short@FineStructureNumeric
\makeatother

The value is 7.30e - 03

\k@full@FineStructureNumeric \k@full@FineStructureNumeric is a mathematical value of the fine structure constant with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@FineStructureNumeric

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 7.29735257e - 03

\k@short@FineStructureReciprodat@short@FineStructureReciprocal is the reciprocal of the fine structure constant with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@short@FineStructureReciprocal

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.37×10^2

\k@full@FineStructureReciprocak@full@FineStructureReciprocal is the reciprocal of the fine structure constant with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@FineStructureReciprocal

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.37035999×10^2

\k@short@FineStructureRecipro\k@shmert@FineStructureReciprocalNumeric is a mathematical value of the reciprocal of the fine structure constant with reduced precision. (Calculated)

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.37e + 02

\k@full@FineStructureReciprocak@fineFineStructureReciprocalNumeric is a mathematical value of the reciprocal of the fine structure constant with full precision. (Calculated)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is $\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Numeric}}\$ \makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 1.37035999e + 02

\k@short@Avogadro

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@short@Avogadro

\makeatother

Resulting in

The value is 6.02×10^{23}

\k@full@Avogadro

\k@full@Avogadro is Avogadro's Number (the number of particles in a mole) with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

\makeatletter

The value is \k@full@Avogadro

\makeatother

The value is $6.02240760 \times 10^{23}$

\k@short@AvogadroNumeric

\k@short@AvogadroNumeric is a mathematical value of Avogadro's Number (the number of particles in a mole) with reduced precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

```
\makeatletter
The value is \k@short@AvogadroNumeric
\makeatother
```

Resulting in

```
The value is 6.02e + 23
```

\k@full@AvogadroNumeric

\k@full@AvogadroNumeric is a mathematical value of Avogadro's Number (the number of particles in a mole) with full precision. (CODATA 2018)

The macro can be invoked by (e.g.)

```
\makeatletter
The value is \k@full@AvogadroNumeric
\makeatother
```

Resulting in

The value is 6.02240760e + 23

Change History

v1.0.0	Add radius of Jupiter 4, 43, 44
General: Initial version 1	Correct value in
v1.0.1	eV 2, 3, 7–17, 22–25
General: Add options section and fix formatting 1	Correct value 5, 57–59
v1.0.2 General: External changes for distribution	Fix order of magnitude of constant 2, 3, 5–17, 22–25, 60–62, 71–78, 80–83 Fix prefix of units 4, 50–54
v1.1.0 General: Add mass of Earth 3, 19, 20	Fix units 5, 57–59
Add mass of Jupiter 3, 21 Add radius of Earth 4, 42, 43	Fix value of constant 5, 6, 64–66, 78–80

\mathbf{Index}

\mathbf{C}	O	
Charge	Other Constants	5
Electron \dots 3	Avogadro's Number	6
Elementary $\dots 3$	Boltzmann	5
Proton 3	in eV \dots	5
To the state of th	Coulomb Constant	5
D	Fine Structure	6
Distances and Lengths 3	Reciprocal	6
Astronomical Unit 3, 4	Newton's Gravitational	
Bohr Radius 3	Constant	6
Parsec	Planck	5
Solar Radius	in eV \dots	5
${f E}$	Radiation	6
Energy, Power, and Luminosity . 4	Reduced Planck	6
Rydberg	in eV \dots	6
in eV 4	Stefan-Boltzmann	6
Solar Luminosity 4	Vacuum Impedance	5
Solai Zammosity	Vacuum Permeability	5
${f M}$	Vacuum Permittivity	5
Mass		
amu	P	
in eV \dots 3	Pressure	4
Electron 2	Standard Atmosphere	
in eV \dots 2	Standard Pressure	4
Hydrogen atom $\dots 2$		
in eV $\dots 2, 3$	\mathbf{V}	
Proton 2	·	5
in eV \dots 2	Acceleration due to Gravity	5
Sun	Speed of Light	5