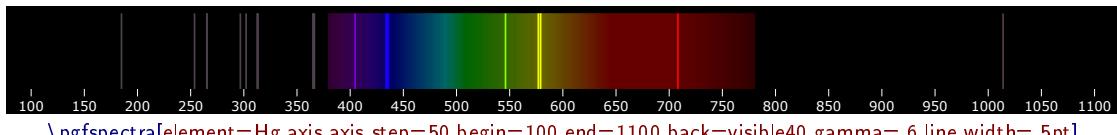


# Manual for pgf-spectra 2.0.0

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`\pgfspectra[element=Hg,axis,axis step=50,begin=100,end=1100,back=visible40,gamma=.6,line width=.5pt]`

## Abstract

The purpose of this package is to draw the spectrum of elements in a simple way. It's based on the package *pst-spectra*, but with some extra options. It relays on the pgf/TikZ to draw the desired spectrum, continuous or discrete. As in *pst-spectra* there are data available for the spectra of 98 elements and their ions. It also allows the user to draw a spectrum with their own personal data.

In this version the previous data was extended to include lines from Extreme UV to Near IR ( $10\text{ nm} \leq \lambda \leq 4000\text{ nm}$ ). See section *The lines data* below for more information.

There is now the possibility to redshift the lines of spectra, entering directly the redshift value or by entering the velocity and the angle to compute the redshift value (Doppler Redshift).

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## Installation and usage

pgf-spectra is placed under the terms of the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Project Public License, version 1.3 or later (<http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt>). pgf-spectra loads and only requires the package `tikz`.

You need to put the style file (pgf-spectra.sty) in a location where pdflatex can find them. According to the TDS conventions this may be a subdirectory named tex/latex/pgfspectra/ or tex/latex/misc/ in your (site specific) installation tree (insert your appropriate directory delimiter instead of /, if needed).

If you are using pdflatex, just can simply include the style file without any option via the `\usepackage` command: `\usepackage{pgf-spectra}`

**For more detailed information see section *The lines data*.**

## What's new

- The package can now be loaded with one of the following options:
  - `\usepackage[NIST]{pgf-spectra}` (**default**)
  - `\usepackage[LSE]{pgf-spectra}`
- Range of spectral window from 10 nm to 4000 nm (previous version from 380 nm to 780 nm).
- Added the lines data outside the visible range for the 98 elements.
- No more dependency on the package ifthen (code rewrote with the `\ifx` T<sub>E</sub>X primitive).
- Setting/disabling global options to draw the spectra's with the new commands:
  - `\pgfspectraStyle[options]`
  - `\pgfspectraStyleReset`
- New keys:
  - axis ticks
  - backIRUV (only for emission spectrum)
  - IRcolor (for emission lines and for background in absorption spectrum)
  - UVcolor (for emission lines and for background in absorption spectrum)
  - redshift
  - show redshift value

- The issues with the zooming of the pdf viewer sometimes introducing blank lines in the spectra have been fixed:



The rendition should now be working for every zoom (I hope!):

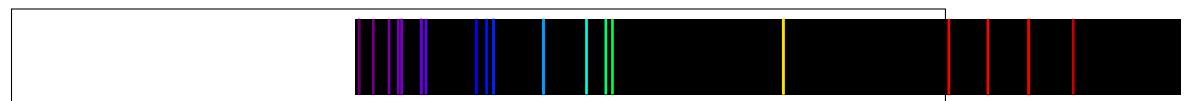


Many thanks to *Daniel García's* suggestion to solve this problem!

- Fixed the problem when putting the spectra inside any horizontal  $\text{\TeX}$  box, like `\makebox`, `\mbox` or `\hbox`.

For instance, the code `\makebox[\textwidth][c]{\pgfspectra[element=He]}`:

- had as a result in the previous version (version 1.0):



- and will result in current version (2.0.0) at:



## The lines data

There are two data sets available for drawing the spectra: one based in the previous version, whose data was initially obtained from the package `pst-spectra` and the other obtained from [NIST](#).

In both cases are included the lines for 98 elements, from hydrogen ( $Z = 1$ ) to einsteinium ( $Z = 99$ ), except for francium ( $Z = 87$ ). For each element there are lines between  $10\text{ nm}$  and  $4000\text{ nm}$  (obtained from the referred pages at February 2021).

### 1 Data based on `pst-spectra`

This set was obtained from <http://cdsarc.u-strasbg.fr/viz-bin/Cat?VI/16>

According to the information on the page the listed lines are based on "Line Spectra of the Elements", Joseph Reader and Charles H. Corliss CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics. This book refers that «The table contains the outstanding spectral lines of neutral (*I*) and singly ionized (*II*) atoms of the elements from hydrogen through plutonium ( $Z = 1 - 94$ ); selected strong lines from doubly ionized (*III*), triply ionized (*IV*), and quadruply ionized (*V*) atoms are also included.»

Note: `pst-spectra` documentation refers "Line Spectra of the Elements from the Astronomical Data Center of NASA" as the source material, but I'm assuming the original source is "Line Spectra of the Elements", Joseph Reader and Charles H. Corliss CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, obtained from <http://cdsarc.u-strasbg.fr/viz-bin/Cat?VI/16>.

To use this data set load the package `pgf-spectra` with the option `LSE` (acronym to Line Spectra of the Elements):

```
\usepackage[LSE]{pgf-spectra}
```

Number of lines provided: 46065 (see file `pgf-spectraDataLSE.pdf`)

### 2 Data based on NIST

This set was obtained from  
<https://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/Handbook/Tables/findinglist.htm>

According to the information on the page the listed lines «includes data for the neutral and singly-ionized atoms».

Note: **This set is loaded by default.** Because the data to search is slightly smaller (only neutral and singly-ionized atoms) the time consumption when building the spectra could be a bit lower.

To use this data set load the package `pgf-spectra` without options:

```
\usepackage{pgf-spectra}
```

Number of lines provided: 11980 (see file `pgf-spectraDataNIST.pdf`);

## The commands

There are now four commands available:

- `\pgfspectra` or `\pgfspectra[options list]`
- `\wlcolor{wavelength}`
- `\pgfspectraStyle[options]`
- and `\pgfspectraStyleReset`

### ► Utilization of `\pgfspectra`

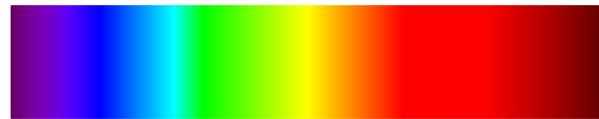
This command is used without options to draw the visible continuous spectrum:

```
\pgfspectra
```



When using options a continuous or discrete spectra in the visible region can be drawn, for instance:

```
\pgfspectra[width=.5\textwidth,height=1.5cm]
```



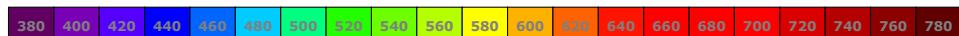
```
\pgfspectra[width=\textwidth,element=Ne]
```



### ► Utilization of `\wlcolor{wavelength}`

A command to convert a wavelength from 380 to 780 nanometers (or other value in the range  $10\text{ nm} \leq \lambda \leq 4000\text{ nm}$ ) to the respective color available as '`wlcolor`':

```
\tikz{\foreach \x in {380,400,...,780}{\wlcolor{\x}\draw[fill=wlcolor] (.03*\x,0) rectangle ++(.6,.5)\node[midway,font=\tiny\bfseries,text=black!50]{\x};}}
```



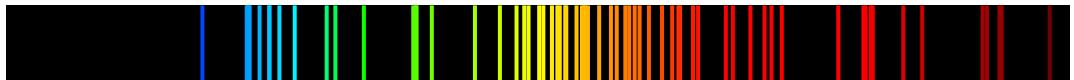
```
\tikz{\foreach \x/\y in {10/0,100/1,500/2,1000/3,2000/4,3000/5,4000/6}{\wlcolor{\x}\draw[fill=wlcolor] (\y,0) rectangle ++(1,.5)\node[midway,font=\tiny\bfseries,text=black!50]{\x};}}
```



## ► Utilization of `\pgfspectraStyle[options]`

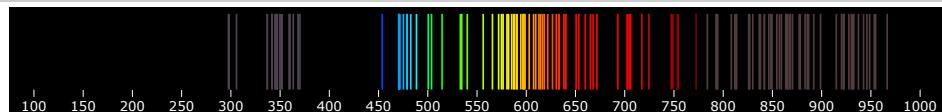
Use this command to set the global style of all the subsequent drawn spectra:

`\pgfspectra[element=Ne]` (before defining the global style)

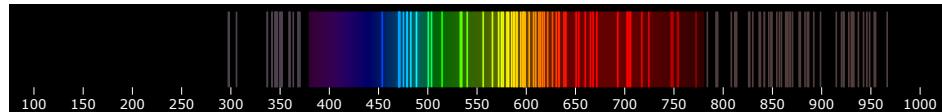


`\pgfspectraStyle[width=.75\textwidth,axis begin=100,end=1000,axis step=50]`

`\pgfspectra[element=Ne]` (after defining the global style)

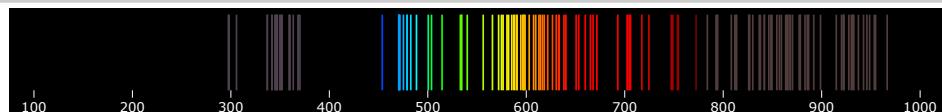


`\pgfspectra[element=Ne,back=visible40,gamma=.6]` (adding other options)



Note you can locally override the settings defined in the global style:

`\pgfspectra[element=Ne,axis step=100]` (overriding a global option)



## ► Utilization of `\pgfspectraStyleReset`

Used to reset all the options of the spectra to their default values:

`\pgfspectraStyleReset`

`\pgfspectra[element=Ne]`



## The options

For the commands `\pgfspectra` and `\pgfspectraStyle` there are a set of options available to draw the spectrum as described below.

The list of options is of the form 'key' or 'key=value' separated by commas.

**width** default: `0.9\textwidth`

Sets the width of the spectrum.

```
\pgfspectra[width=10cm]
```



**height** default: `1cm`

Sets the height of the spectrum.

```
\pgfspectra[height=40pt]
```



**element** default: `NONE`

A single chemical symbol of an element or a list of chemical symbols.

```
\pgfspectra[element=H]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element={H,He}]
```



**charge** default: `0`

The charge of the *particle* to draw the spectrum. Use 'all' to get all available lines for the element, i.e., for the atom and all the positive ions that exists in the database.

```
\pgfspectra[element=He]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,charge=1]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,charge=2]
```

Element "He" with charge "2" have no lines to display.

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,charge=all]
```



### Imin

default: 0

The minimum intensity of the lines to put in the spectrum. Value from 0 to 1.

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,Imin=.5]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,Imin=.05]
```



### relative intensity

default: false

Draws the lines respecting the intensity of the observed spectrum.

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,relative intensity]
```



### relative intensity threshold

default: 0.25

Sets the minimum intensity for the lines in the spectrum when using relative intensities. When set to 0.25 a line with real intensity 0 will have a spectral intensity of 0.25 and a line with intensity equal to the max intensity observed in that spectrum will have an intensity in the computed spectrum of 1, assuming of course an overall intensity in the range between 0 and 1.

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,relative intensity,relative intensity threshold=0]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,relative intensity,relative intensity threshold=.25]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,relative intensity,relative intensity threshold=.5]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,relative intensity,relative intensity threshold=.75]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,relative intensity,relative intensity threshold=1]
```



In fact setting the relative intensity threshold to 1 is equivalent to the spectrum without relative intensities:

```
\pgfspectra[element=He]
```



#### line intensity

default: 100

Draws all the lines with the specified intensity between 0 and 100 (as a percentage of the maximum intensity).

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,line intensity=0]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,line intensity=50]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,line intensity=100]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He]
```



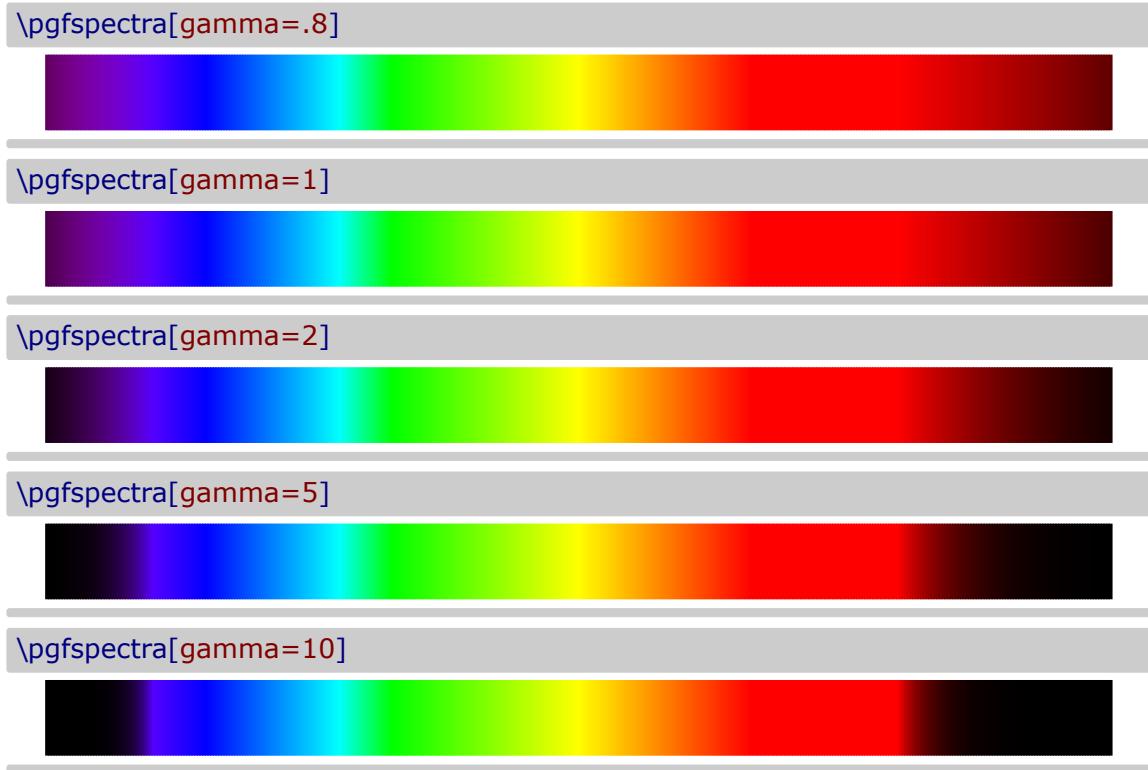
#### gamma

default: 0.8

Gamma color correction: any positive value.

```
\pgfspectra[gamma=.1]
```



**brightness**

default: 1

Brightness color correction as in the CMYK color model. Value between 0 and 1. Zero stands for black and one for the maximum bright. *This option only works for the continuous component of the spectra, to change the "brightness" of spectral lines use the option 'line intensity'.*

\pgfspectra[brightness=.1]



\pgfspectra[brightness=.5]



\pgfspectra[brightness=1]

**back**

default: black

Sets the background color of the spectrum. Only useful when there are spectral lines. Some shorthand are defined to put the visible region in the background: 'visible5', 'visible10', 'visible15', ... , 'visible100'.

Note: this label combined with the 'brightness' option makes it possible to achieve other values on the background, since the visible amount (5%, 10%, ...) is multiplied by the value of brightness.

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=white]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=black!50]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible50]
```



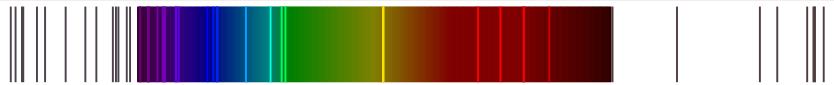
```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible50,brightness=.26]
```

**backIRUV**default: *black*

Sets the background color, *only for the emission spectrum*, outside the visible region  
( $10\text{nm} \leq \lambda < 380\text{nm}$  and  $780\text{nm} < \lambda \leq 4000\text{nm}$ )

(new in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible50,begin=100,end=1000,backIRUV=white]
```

**IRcolor**default: *rgb(0.3157,0.2373,0.2373)*

Sets the color for emission lines and for background in absorption spectrum in the IR region  
( $780\text{nm} < \lambda \leq 4000\text{nm}$ )

(new in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible50,begin=100,end=1000,IRcolor=white]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible50,begin=100,end=1000,IRcolor=white,  
absorption]
```

**UVcolor**default: *rgb(0.3,0.2568,0.3)*

Sets the color for emission lines and for background in absorption spectrum in the UV region  
( $10\text{nm} \leq \lambda < 380\text{nm}$ )

(new in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible50,begin=100,end=1000,UVcolor=white]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible50,begin=100,end=1000,UVcolor=white,absorption]
```

**lines**

default: {}

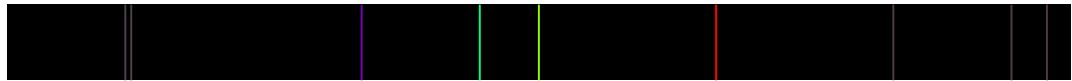
A comma separated list of wavelengths in the interval [10; 4000] nm.

(Interval updated in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[lines={400,500,550,700}]
```



```
\pgfspectra[lines={200,205,400,500,550,700,850,950,980},begin=100,end=1000]
```

**line width**

default: 1pt

The width of each individual line in the spectrum.

```
\pgfspectra[line width=2pt]
```



```
\pgfspectra[line width=2pt;element=He]
```

**begin**

default: 380

The starting wavelength in nanometers of the spectrum ( $10 \leq \lambda \leq 4000$ ).

(Interval updated in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[begin=500]
```

**end**

default: 740

The finishing wavelength in nanometers of the spectrum ( $10 \leq \lambda \leq 4000$ ).

(Interval updated in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[end=500]
```



**Remark:** it's obviously possible to set 'begin' and 'end' at the same time and if desired change the order of the wavelengths.

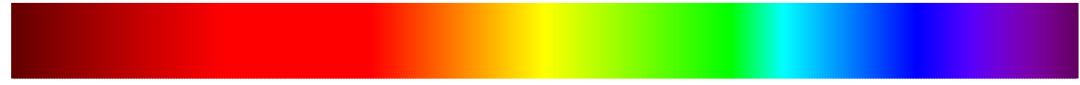
```
\pgfspectra[begin=500,end=700]
```



```
\pgfspectra[begin=700,end=500]
```



```
\pgfspectra[begin=780,end=380]
```



```
\pgfspectra[begin=780,end=380;element=He]
```

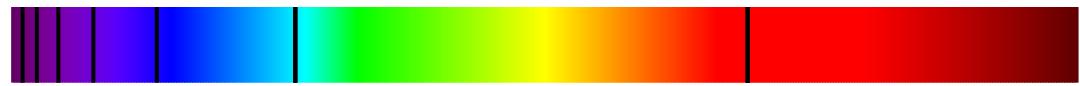


### absorption

default: *false*

Draws the absorption spectrum instead of the emission one.

```
\pgfspectra[element=H,absorption]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=\{H,He\},absorption]
```

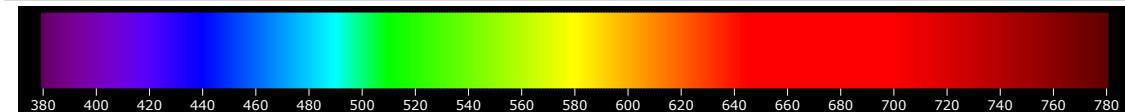


### axis

default: *false*

Draws a nanometric axis below the spectrum.

```
\pgfspectra[axis]
```

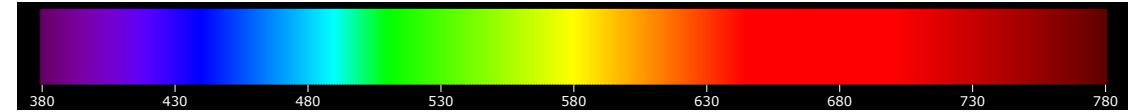


**axis step**

default: 20

The increment to use in the axis scale.

```
\pgfspectra[axis,axis step=50]
```

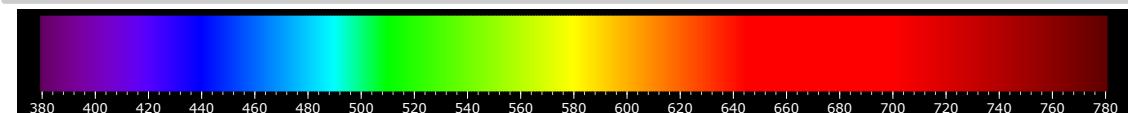
**axis ticks**

default: 0

The number of minor ticks between two consecutive ticks in the axis.

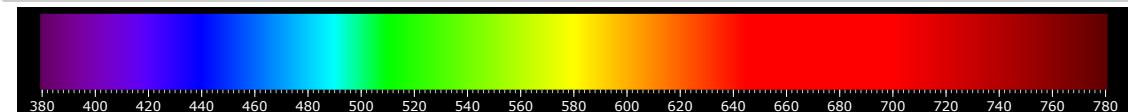
(new in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[axis,axis ticks=4]
```



*Keep in mind*, if you desire to divide two consecutive ticks into 10 equal parts set 'axis ticks=9':

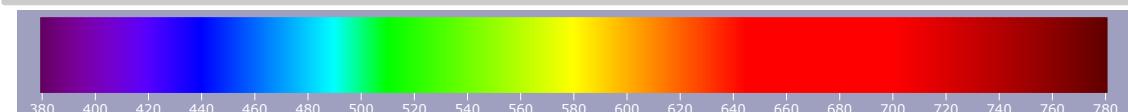
```
\pgfspectra[axis,axis ticks=9]
```

**axis color**

default: black

The color of the axis.

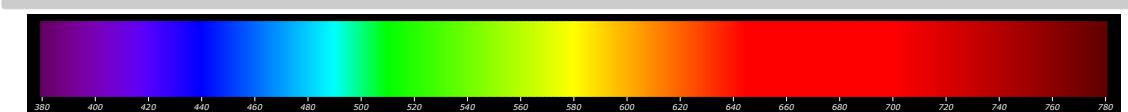
```
\pgfspectra[axis,axis color=red!50!green!50!blue!50]
```

**axis font**

default: \tiny

The font specs to use in the axis.

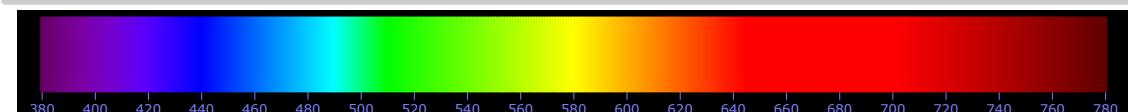
```
\pgfspectra[axis,axis font=\fontsize{3}{3}\itshape\selectfont]
```

**axis font color**

default: white

The color of the font used in the axis.

```
\pgfspectra[axis,axis font color=blue!50!white]
```



**label**default: *false*

Puts a label for the spectrum.

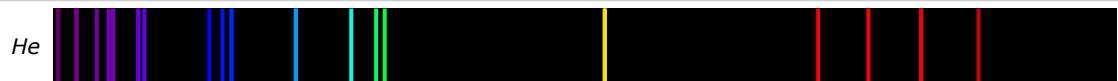
\pgfspectra[*label*]\pgfspectra[*label*,*element*=He]**label position**default: *west*

Sets the position of the label according to:

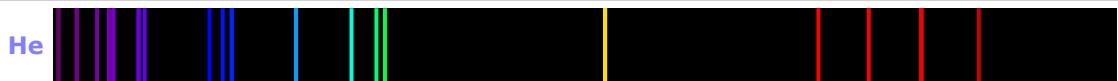
|            |          |            |
|------------|----------|------------|
| north west | north    | north east |
| west       | spectrum | east       |
| south west | south    | south east |

\pgfspectra[*label*,*label position*=east,*element*=He]**label font**default: *\bfseries\small*

The font specs for the label.

\pgfspectra[*label*,*label font*=*\footnotesize\itshape*,*element*=He]**label font color**default: *black*

The color of the font used in the label.

\pgfspectra[*label*,*label font color*=blue!50!white,*element*=He]**label before text**

default: {}

Inserts text before the value stored in the label: if chemical symbols were provided, the label has them stored, otherwise it is empty.

\pgfspectra[*label*,*label before text*=text\ ,*element*=He]

**Remark:** The `\_u` is to insert a space between the text entered by user and the text stored in label.

### label after text

default: {}

Inserts text after the value stored in the label: if chemical symbols were provided, the label has them stored, otherwise it is empty.

```
\pgfspectra[label,label after text=\ text,element=He]
```

He text



### redshift

default: {}

Redshift (or blueshift) the spectral lines:

The redshift value ( $z$ ) is *defined* as  $1 + z = \lambda_{obs}/\lambda_E$  which leaves the observed wavelength to  $\lambda_{obs} = (1 + z)\lambda_E$ , given the emitted wavelength of the source ( $\lambda_E$ ).

- Use '**redshift=<numeric value>**' to directly enter the redshift value

or

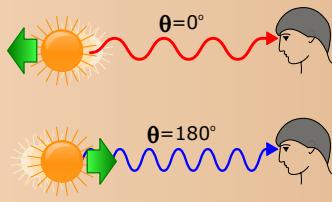
- use '**redshift={D=<numeric value 1>/<numeric value 2>}**' to compute the Relativistic Doppler redshift with  $\bar{v} = <\text{numeric value 1}>$  and  $\theta = <\text{numeric value 2}>^\circ$ .

The Relativistic Doppler redshift ( $1 + z$ ) is calculated accordingly:

$$1 + z = \frac{1 + \bar{v} \cos \theta}{\sqrt{1 - \bar{v}^2}} \quad \bar{v} = \frac{v}{c}$$

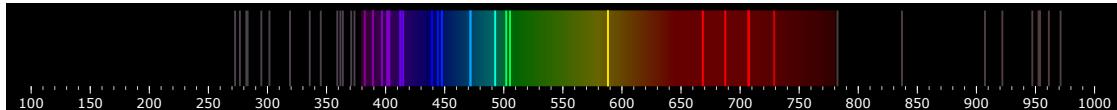
where  $\bar{v}$  is the *normalized velocity* (in units of the speed of light in vacuum,  $c$ ) of the emitter and  $\theta$  is the angle between the direction of relative motion and the direction of emission in the observer's frame (zero angle is directly away from the observer).

So, if the source of light is moving away from an observer, then redshift occurs ( $z > 0$ ), but, if the source moves towards the observer, then blueshift occurs ( $z < 0$ ).

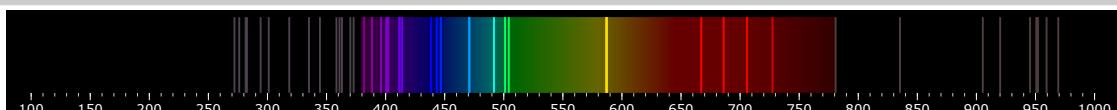


(new in v2.0.0)

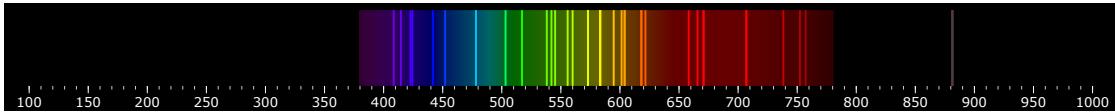
```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible40,gamma=.6,axis,axis step=50,axis ticks=4,begin=100,end=1000,redshift={D=.001/0}]
```



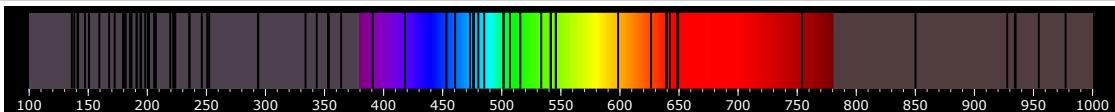
```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible40,gamma=.6,axis,axis step=50,axis ticks=4,begin=100,end=1000,redshift={D=.001/180}]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible40,gamma=.6,axis, axis step=50, axis
ticks=4,begin=100,end=1000,redshift=.5]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,absorption,gamma=.6,axis, axis step=50, axis
ticks=4,begin=100,end=1000,redshift=-.5]
```



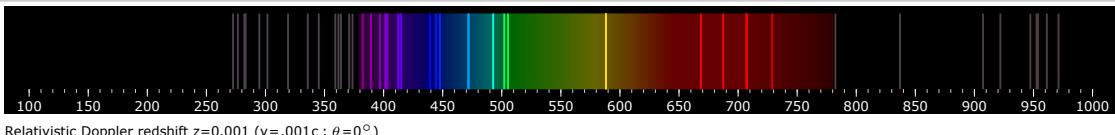
### show redshift value

Writes the value of the redshift (left below the spectrum).

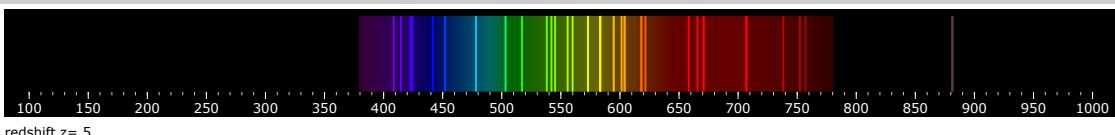
default: *false*

(new in v2.0.0)

```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible40,gamma=.6,axis, axis step=50, axis
ticks=4,begin=100,end=1000,redshift={D=.001/0},show redshift value]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible40,gamma=.6,axis, axis step=50, axis
ticks=4,begin=100,end=1000,redshift=.5,show redshift value]
```

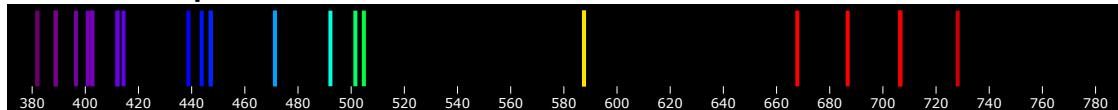


## Examples

Here are some examples for drawing some *eventually useful* spectra:

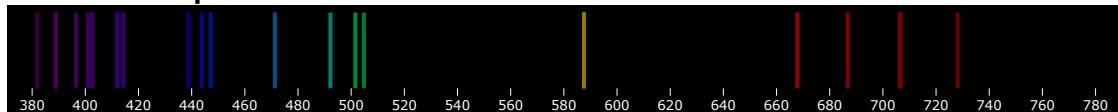
```
\pgfspectra[element=He,axis,label,label position=north west,
label after text=\ emission spectrum:]
```

**He emission spectrum:**



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,axis,label,label position=north west,label after text=
\ emission spectrum:,relative intensity,relative intensity threshold=.5]
```

**He emission spectrum:**

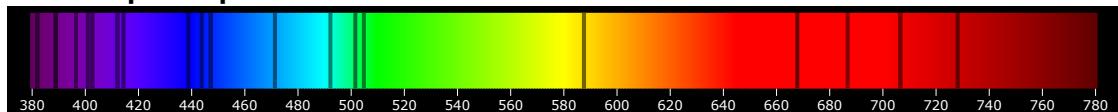


```
\pgfspectra[element=He,charge=all,line intensity=50,Imin=.05]
```

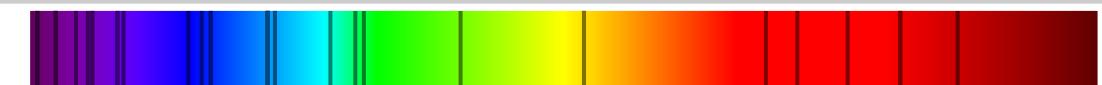


```
\pgfspectra[element=He,absorption,axis,label,label position=north west,label after
text=\ absorption spectrum:,relative intensity,relative intensity threshold=.5]
```

**He absorption spectrum:**



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,charge=all,absorption,line intensity=50]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,charge=all,relative intensity,back=visible75,gamma=2]
```



When the lines are manually inserted it's possible to use 'label before text' only with personalized text. In the next three examples 'label before text' is used to make labels for a multiple choice problem, omitting evidently the type of luminous font.

✓ Laser He-Ne

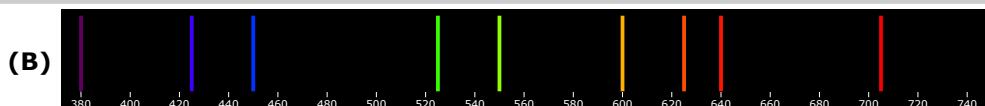
```
\pgfspectra[begin=380,end=740,lines={633},line
width=1.25pt,width=.75\linewidth,label,axis,label before text=(A),axis
font=\fontsize{4pt}{6pt}\selectfont]
```

(A)



## ✓ Fluorescent lamp

```
\pgfspectra[begin=380,end=740,lines={380,425,450,525,550,600,625,640,705},
line width=1.25pt,width=.75\linewidth,label,axis,label before text=(B),axis
font=\fontsize{4pt}{6pt}\selectfont]
```



## ✓ Blue LED

```
\pgfspectra[begin=380,end=740,lines={450,451,452,453,454,455,456,457,458,459,
460,461,462,463,464,465,466,467,468,469,470,471,472,473,474,475,476,477,478,
479,480,481,482,483,484,485,486,487,488,489,490,491,492,493,494,495,496,497,
498,499,500,501,502,503,504,505,506,507,508,509,510},line width=1.25pt,
width=.75\linewidth,label,axis,label before text=(C),axis
font=\fontsize{4pt}{6pt}\selectfont]
```



## ✓ Sun like spectrum

```
\pgfspectra[element={H,Fe,Mg,Na},absorption,line intensity=40,Imin=.05]
```



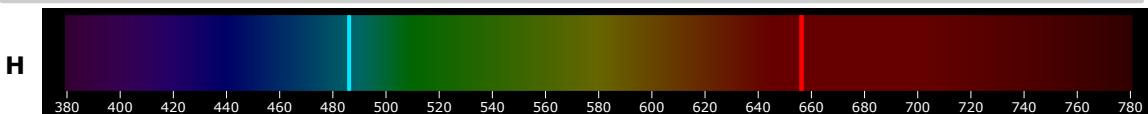
## ✓ Sirius like spectrum

```
\pgfspectra[element={H,He},absorption,line intensity=40,Imin=.05]
```

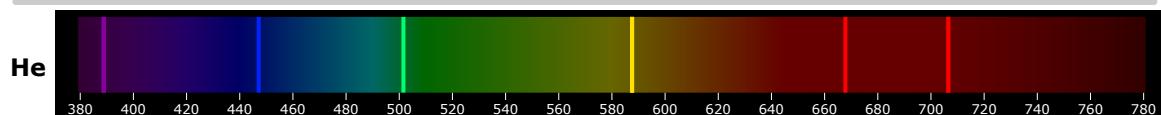


## ✓ "Classical" emission spectra of elements:

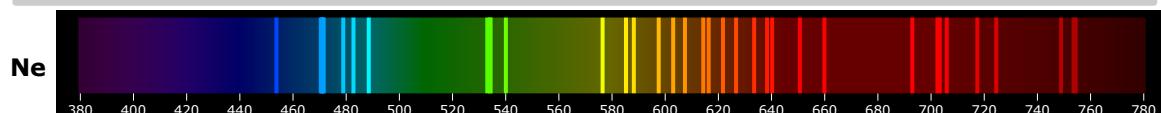
```
\pgfspectra[element=H,back=visible40,gamma=.6,label,axis,Imin=.05]
```



```
\pgfspectra[element=He,back=visible40,gamma=.6,label,axis,Imin=.05]
```

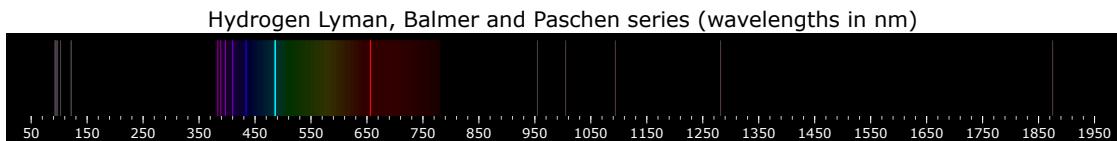


```
\pgfspectra[element=Ne,back=visible40,gamma=.6,label,axis,Imin=.05]
```



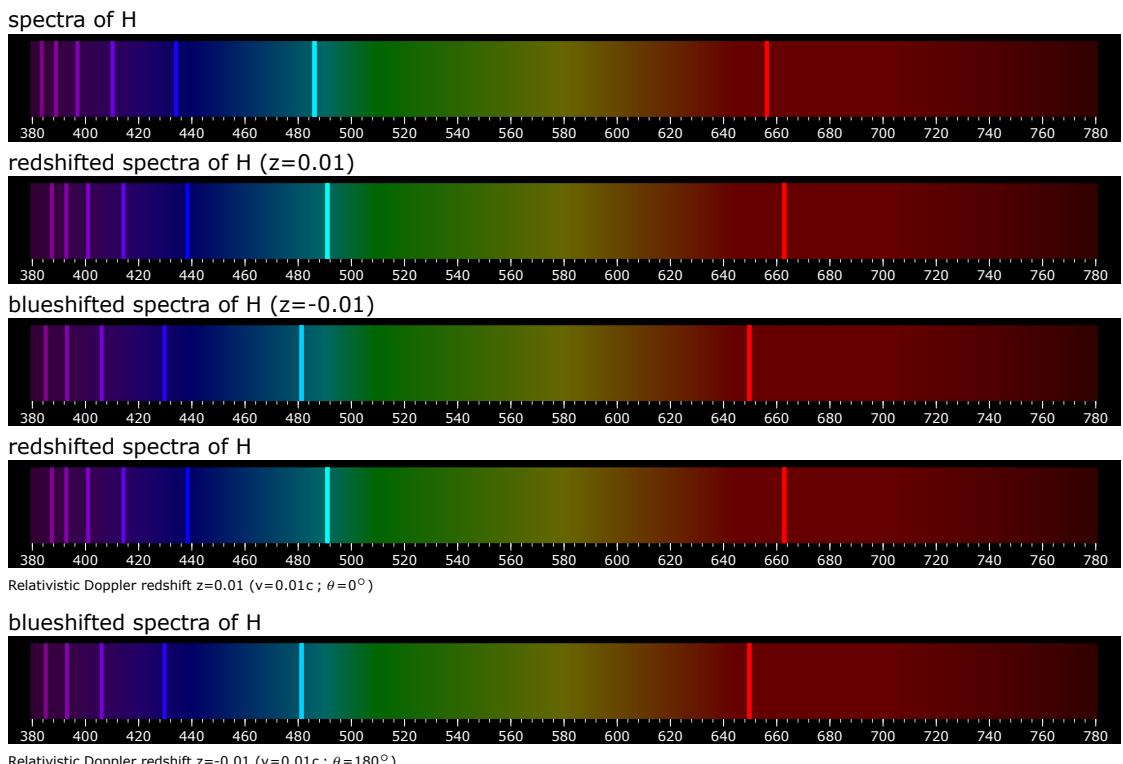
✓ Series of hydrogen:

```
\pgfspectra[element=H,line width=.5pt,begin=50,end=1950,axis,axis  
step=100,axis ticks=4,back=visible40,gamma=.6,brightness=.5,label,label  
position=north,label font=\footnotesize,label after text={ydrogen Lyman, Balmer  
and Paschen series (wavelengths in nm)}]
```



✓ Redshifted & Blueshifted lines of hydrogen using the \foreach statement:

```
\pgfspectraStyle[axis, axis ticks=4, back=visible40, gamma=.6, line width=.5pt]  
\pgfspectra[element=H, label, label position=north west, label  
font=\footnotesize, label before text={spectra of\ }]  
\foreach \SQ/\z/\shift in {H/0.01/redshifted,H/-0.01/blueshifted}{  
    \pgfspectra[element=\SQ, label, label position=north west, label  
    font=\footnotesize, label before text={\shift\ spectra of\ }, label after  
    text={\ (z=\z)}, redshift=\z]  
}  
\foreach \SQ/\z/\shift in {H/{D=0.01/0}/redshifted,H/{D=0.01/180}/blueshifted}{  
    \pgfspectra[element=\SQ, label, label position=north west, label  
    font=\footnotesize, label before text={\shift\ spectra of\ }, redshift=\z, show  
    redshift value]  
}
```



## Recommendations and known issues

The code could be a bit slow, so if there are many spectra to draw, the time consumption to get them could be high. In that case it's preferable to compile individual spectrum via the `preview` package, for later inclusion with `\includegraphics{<filename>.pdf}`:

```
% <filename>.tex
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{pgf-spectra}
\usepackage[active,tightpage]{preview}
\PreviewEnvironment{tikzpicture}
\setlength\PreviewBorder{1pt}%
%%%%%%%%%%%%%
\begin{document}
\pgfspectra[element=H,width=15cm]
\end{document}
```

*Hint for TeX 'limits':*

If tex capacity exceeded when running...

«! TeX capacity exceeded, sorry [main memory size=2000001].»

just make a `\newpage` at the point of origin of the message (ejecting the page releases the TeX memory!)

## The code

```
1 % Hugo Gomes @ 15/04/2016 (v1.0)
2 % Hugo Gomes @ 15/03/2021 (v2.0.0)
3 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
4 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}%
5 \ProvidesPackage{pgf-spectra}[15/03/2021 pgf-spectra v2.0.0]%
6 \RequirePackage{tikz}%
7 \DeclareOption{LSE}{\input{./spectra.data.LSE.tex}}%
8 \DeclareOption{NIST}{\input{./spectra.data.NIST.tex}}%
9 \ExecuteOptions{NIST}%
10 \ProcessOptions\relax%
%%%%%%%%%%%%%
11 \definecolor{wlIRcolor}{rgb}{.3157,.2373,.2373}%
12 \definecolor{wlUVcolor}{rgb}{.3,.2568,.3}%
13 %
14 %
15 \newif\ifwl@absorption%
16 \newif\ifcur@elem@exist%
17 \newif\ifwl@drawaxis%
18 \newif\ifwl@axislabel%
19 \newif\ifwl@intensity%
20 \newif\ifwl@redshift% NEW
21 \newif\ifwl@RSvalue% NEW
22 % defining PGF keys
23 \pgfkeys{/wl/.cd,%
24 element/.get=\wl@element,%
25 element/.store in=\wl@element,%
26 element/.default=NULL,%
27 width/.get=\wl@width,%
28 width/.store in=\wl@width,%
29 width/.default={0.9\textwidth},%
30 height/.get=\wl@height,%
31 height/.store in=\wl@height,%
32 height/.default=1cm,%
33 back/.get=\wl@back,%
34 back/.store in=\wl@back,%
35 back/.default=black,%
```

```

36 backIRUV/.get=\wl@backnotvisible,% NEW
37 backIRUV/.store in=\wl@backnotvisible,% NEW
38 backIRUV/.default=black,% NEW
39 IRcolor/.get=\wl@IRcolor,% NEW
40 IRcolor/.store in=\wl@IRcolor,% NEW
41 IRcolor/.default=w1IRcolor,% NEW
42 UVcolor/.get=\wl@UVcolor,% NEW
43 UVcolor/.store in=\wl@UVcolor,% NEW
44 UVcolor/.default=w1UVcolor,% NEW
45 charge/.get=\wl@charge,% NEW
46 charge/.store in=\wl@charge,% NEW
47 charge/.default=0,% NEW
48 Imin/.get=\wl@intmin,% NEW
49 Imin/.store in=\wl@intmin,% NEW
50 Imin/.default=0,% NEW
51 lines/.get=\wl@lines,% NEW
52 lines/.store in=\wl@lines,% NEW
53 lines/.default={},% NEW
54 line width/.get=\wl@linewidth,% NEW
55 line width/.store in=\wl@linewidth,% NEW
56 line width/.default=1pt,% NEW
57 begin/.get=\wl@begin,% NEW
58 begin/.store in=\wl@begin,% NEW
59 begin/.default=380,% NEW
60 end/.get=\wl@end,% NEW
61 end/.store in=\wl@end,% NEW
62 end/.default=780,% NEW
63 axis step/.get=\wl@axisstep,% NEW
64 axis step/.store in=\wl@axisstep,% NEW
65 axis step/.default=20,% NEW
66 axis ticks/.get=\wl@axisticks,% NEW
67 axis ticks/.store in=\wl@axisticks,% NEW
68 axis ticks/.default=0,% NEW
69 axis color/.get=\wl@axiscolor,% NEW
70 axis color/.store in=\wl@axiscolor,% NEW
71 axis color/.default=black,% NEW
72 axis font/.get=\wl@axisfont,% NEW
73 axis font/.store in=\wl@axisfont,% NEW
74 axis font/.default={\tiny},% NEW
75 axis font color/.get=\wl@axisfontcolor,% NEW
76 axis font color/.store in=\wl@axisfontcolor,% NEW
77 axis font color/.default=white,% NEW
78 label position/.get=\wl@labelposition,% NEW
79 label position/.store in=\wl@labelposition,% NEW
80 label position/.default={west},% NEW
81 label before text/.get=\wl@labelbtext,% NEW
82 label before text/.store in=\wl@labelbtext,% NEW
83 label before text/.default={},% NEW
84 label after text/.get=\wl@labelatext,% NEW
85 label after text/.store in=\wl@labelatext,% NEW
86 label after text/.default={},% NEW
87 label font/.get=\wl@labelfont,% NEW
88 label font/.store in=\wl@labelfont,% NEW
89 label font/.default={\bfseries\small},% NEW
90 label font color/.get=\wl@labelfontcolor,% NEW
91 label font color/.store in=\wl@labelfontcolor,% NEW
92 label font color/.default=black,% NEW
93 gamma/.get=\wl@gamma,% NEW
94 gamma/.store in=\wl@gamma,% NEW
95 gamma/.default=0.8,% NEW
96 brightness/.get=\wl@brightness,% NEW
97 brightness/.store in=\wl@brightness,% NEW
98 brightness/.default=1,% NEW
99 line intensity/.get=\wl@lineint,% NEW
100 line intensity/.store in=\wl@lineint,% NEW
101 line intensity/.default=100,% NEW
102 relative intensity threshold/.get=\wl@relintthresh,% NEW
103 relative intensity threshold/.store in=\wl@relintthresh,% NEW
104 relative intensity threshold/.default=0.25,% NEW
105 absorption/.is if=\wl@absorption,% NEW

```

```

106 axis/.is if=w1@drawaxis,%
107 label/.is if=w1@axislabel,%
108 relative intensity/.is if=w1@intensity,%
109 redshift/.get=\w1@redshift, % NEW
110 redshift/.store in=\w1@redshift, % NEW
111 redshift/.default={}, % NEW
112 show redshift value/.is if=w1@RSvalue % NEW
113 }%
114 % setting keys with default values
115 \pgfkeys{/wl/.cd,element,width,height,back,backIRUV,IRcolor,UVcolor,charge,Imin,lines,
116   line width,begin,end, % NEW -> backIRUV,IRcolor,UVcolor
117   axis color,axis font,axis font color,axis step,axis ticks,label position,label before
118   text,label after text,label font,label font color,gamma,brightness,line intensity,%
119   relative intensity threshold,absorption=false,axis=false,label=false,relative intensity
120   =false,redshift,show redshift value=false} % NEW -> redshift, show redshift value
121 % strings for |if| tests
122 \def\w1N@NE{NONE}%
123 \def\w1@ll{all}%
124 \def\w1@visible{visible}%
125 \def\w1@visible@list{visible,visible5,visible10,visible15,visible20,visible25,visible
126   30,visible35,visible40,visible45,visible50,visible55,visible60,visible65,visible70,
127   visible75,visible80,visible85,visible90,visible95,visible100}%
128 \def\w1@label@position@list{west,north west,north,north east,east,south east,south,
129   south west}%
130 \def\w1@redshift@D{D} % NEW
131 %%%% COMMANDS
132 % commands #####
133 \newif\ifpgfspectra@StyleIsDef\pgfspectra@StyleIsDeffalse % NEW
134 % |pgfspectraStyle[options]| NEW
135 \def\pgfspectraStyle[#1]{\pgfspectraStyleReset\pgfspectra@StyleIsDeftrue\relax\tikzset
136   {/wl/.cd,#1}%
137 \def\pgfspectra@DoStyle{\tikzset{/wl/.cd,#1}}% applies storing user style for future
138   use
139 }% NEW
140 % |pgfspectraStyleReset| NEW
141 \def\pgfspectraStyleReset{\pgfspectra@StyleIsDeffalse\tikzset{/wl/.cd,%
142   element=NONE,width=0.9\textwidth,height=1cm,back=black,backIRUV=black,IRcolor=w1IRcolor
143   ,UVcolor=w1UVcolor,%
144   charge=0,Imin=0,lines={},line width=1pt,begin=380,end=780,axis color=black,axis font=\
145     tiny,axis font color=white,axis step=20,axis ticks=0,label position=west,%
146   label before text={},label after text={},label font=\bfseries\small,label font color=
147   black,gamma=0.8,brightness=1,line intensity=100,%
148   relative intensity threshold=0.25,absorption=false,axis=false,label=false,relative
149   intensity=false,redshift={},show redshift value=false}} % NEW
150 % ----- The main command to draw the spectra
151 % |pgfspectra[options]|
152 \def\pgfspectra{\@ifnextchar[\w1@pgfspectra@withoptions{\w1@pgfspectra@nooptions}}%
153 \def\w1@pgfspectra@nooptions{\w1@pgfspectra@continuous(0.9\textwidth,1cm)}%
154 % #####
155 \def\w1@pgfspectra@continuous(#1,#2){\ignorespaces%
156 \begin{tikzpicture}%
157 \pgfmathparse{#1/400}\edef\xscale{\pgfmathresult}
158 \pgfmathparse{1.4*\xscale+.09*\linewidth/\w1@width}\edef\w1@linewidth{\pgfmathresult}%
159   NEW {\xscale -> {1.4*\xscale+.09*\linewidth/\w1@width}}
160 \foreach \x in {380,...,780}%
161   \w1color{\x}%
162   \pgfmathparse{(\x-380)*\xscale}\edef\w1@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
163   \draw[\w1@temp, line width=\w1@linewidth] (\w1@currentx,0) -- ++(0,#2);%
164 }%
165 % #####
166 \def\w1@pgfspectra@withoptions[#1]{\ignorespaces%
167 % setting default values or user style
168 \ifpgfspectra@StyleIsDef\pgfspectraStyleReset\pgfspectra@DoStyle\
169   pgfspectra@StyleIsDeftrue\relax\else\pgfspectraStyleReset\relax\fi % NEW
170 % process options (key values)

```

```

160 \pgfkeys{/wl/.cd ,#1}%
161 % axis height
162 \setbox0=\hbox{\wl@axisfont\selectfont380}\edef\@wl@axis@height{\the\ht0}%
163 % process visible background (visible+opacity)
164 \wl@counta=0%
165 \wl@countb=-1%
166 \@for\@myarg:=\wl@visible@list\do{%
167     \ifx\wl@back\@myarg\wl@countb=\wl@counta\fi%
168     \advance\wl@counta by1%
169 }
170 \ifnum\wl@countb=-1\edef\@visible@opacity{1}\else% NEW
171 \ifnum\wl@countb=0\let\wl@back\wl@visible\edef\@visible@opacity{.5}\else%
172 \ifnum\wl@countb>0\let\wl@back\wl@visible\pgfmathparse{.05*\wl@countb}\edef\%
173     @visible@opacity{\pgfmathresult}\fi\fi\fi%
174 % back color: |wl@back|| debug
175 %

176 % check limits... % NEW
177 \ifnum\wl@end<10\relax\def\wldez{10}\let\wl@end\wldez\fi%
178 \ifnum\wl@end>4000\relax\def\wlquattromil{4000}\let\wl@end\wlquattromil\fi%
179 \ifnum\wl@begin<10\relax\def\wldez{10}\let\wl@begin\wldez\fi%
180 \ifnum\wl@begin>4000\relax\def\wlquattromil{4000}\let\wl@begin\wlquattromil\fi%
181 %

182 % verifying redshift key
183 \ifx\wl@redshift\empty\relax%
184 \wl@redshiftfalse%
185 \wl@processredshiftkey\wl@redshift\relax%
186 \fi%
187 %

188 % if no element provided draws continuous spectrum with options or user list of lines
189 \ifx\wl@element\wlNONE%no element by the user
190     \ifx\wl@elt@chemsym\undefined\else\let\wl@elt@chemsym\undefined\fi%
191     \ifx\wl@lines\empty%no lines by the user => continuous spectrum
192     % draws the continuous spectrum width options (default or by the user)
193     \begin{tikzpicture}%
194         \pgfkeys{/wl/.cd ,#1}%
195         \pgfmathparse{\wl@width/(abs(\wl@end-\wl@begin))}\edef\xscale{\pgfmathresult}%
196         \ifwl@drawaxis% draws the axis
197             \wl@utils@draw@axis%
198             \fi%|ifwl@drawaxis
199             \ifwl@axislabel%put the label
200                 \wl@utils@put@label%
201                 \fi%|ifwl@axislabel
202             \let\wl@back\wl@visible%
203             \let\wl@background@UVcolor\wl@backnotvisible\let\wl@background@IRcolor\%
204             \wl@backnotvisible\relax%
205             \wl@utils@drawbackground{\@visible@opacity*\wl@brightness}%
206     \end{tikzpicture}%
207     \let\wl@list@@\empty%
208     \else% lines by the user
209     \edef\wl@list@@{\wl@lines}%
210     \let\wl@background@UVcolor\wl@backnotvisible\let\wl@background@IRcolor\%
211     \wl@backnotvisible\relax%
212     \fi%|wl@lines| empty
213     \else%|wl@element|wlNONE
214     % else get element(s) data
215     \wl@countc=0%
216     \wl@countd=1%
217     \@for\@myarg:=\wl@element\do{\advance\wl@countc by1}%
218     \wl@addt@list{}%
219     \@for\@myarg:=\wl@element\do{%
220         \cur@elem@existtrue%
221         \def\wl@elt@chemsym{NOT FOUND!}%
222         \def\@search@result@err{NOT FOUND!}%

```

```

221          \wl@elt@data{\@myarg}\relax%
222          % check if element provided exists
223          \ifx\@search@result@err\wl@elt@chemsym Element ``\@myarg'' with charge ``\%
224          wl@charge'' not found!\cur@elem@existfalse\else%
225          % if exists, set the wavelength's list
226          \wl@set@element@list{\wl@elt@elemdata}{\wl@elt@Imax}%
227          \fi%|\@search@result@err|wl@elt@chemsym
228          \ifcur@elem@exist\ifnum\wl@countd<\wl@countc\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{,}\fi
229          \fi%
230          \advance\wl@countd by1%
231      }%end do
232  \fi%|wl@element|wlNONE
233  % check if there are lines to draw and make the spectrum
234  \ifx\wl@list@0\@empty\ifx\wl@element\wlNONE\else Element ``\wl@element'' with
235  charge ``\wl@charge'' have no lines to display.\fi\else%
236  \ifwl@absorption%absorption spectrum
237  \begin{tikzpicture}%
238      \pgfkeys{/wl/.cd,#1}%
239      \pgfmathparse{\wl@width/(abs(\wl@end-\wl@begin))}\edef\xscale{%
240          pgfmathresult}%
241      \ifwl@drawaxis%draws the axis
242          \wl@utils@draw@axis%
243          \fi%|ifwl@drawaxis
244          \ifwl@axislabel%put the label
245              \wl@utils@put@label%
246              \fi%|ifwl@axislabel
247          \let\wl@back\wl@visible%
248          \let\wl@background@UVcolor\wl@UVcolor\let\wl@background@IRcolor\%
249          wl@IRcolor\relax%
250          \wl@utils@drawbackground{\wl@brightness}%
251          % draws the lines
252          \wl@utils@drawabsorptionlines%
253      \end{tikzpicture}%
254  \else%emission spectrum
255  % draws the spectrum
256  \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible%visible background
257  \begin{tikzpicture}%
258      \pgfkeys{/wl/.cd,#1}%
259      \pgfmathparse{\wl@width/(abs(\wl@end-\wl@begin))}\edef\xscale{%
260          pgfmathresult}%
261      \ifwl@drawaxis%draws the axis
262          \wl@utils@draw@axis%
263          \fi%|ifwl@drawaxis
264          \ifwl@axislabel%put the label
265              \wl@utils@put@label%
266              \fi%|ifwl@axislabel
267          \let\wl@background@UVcolor\wl@backnotvisible\let\wl@background@IRcolor\%
268          wl@backnotvisible\relax%
269          \wl@utils@drawbackground{\@visible@opacity*\wl@brightness}%
270          \wl@utils@drawemissionlines% emission lines
271      \end{tikzpicture}%
272  \else%without visible background
273  \begin{tikzpicture}%
274      \pgfkeys{/wl/.cd,#1}%
275      \pgfmathparse{\wl@width/(abs(\wl@end-\wl@begin))}\edef\xscale{%
276          pgfmathresult}%
277      \ifwl@drawaxis%draws the axis
278          \wl@utils@draw@axis%
279          \fi%|ifwl@drawaxis
280          \ifwl@axislabel%put the label
281              \wl@utils@put@label%
282              \fi%|ifwl@axislabel
283          \let\wl@background@UVcolor\wl@backnotvisible\let\wl@background@IRcolor\%
284          wl@backnotvisible\relax%
285          \wl@utils@drawbackground{0}% dummy argument
286          \wl@utils@drawemissionlines% emission lines
287      \end{tikzpicture}%
288  \fi%|wl@back|@visible
289  \fi%|ifwl@absorption
290  \fi%|wl@list@0|@empty

```

```

282 }%
283 % ##### get individual line data from one element of the array data
284 % get individual line data from one element of the array data
285 % get individual line data from one element of the array data
286 \def\wl@get@line@info[#1 #2 #3]{%
287 \def\@currentline@wl{\#1}\% return
288 \def\@currentline@int{\#2}\% return
289 \def\@currentline@charge{\#3}\% return
290 }%
291 % #####
292 % |wl@set@element@list| #####
293 % |wl@set@element@list| #####
294 %
295 % |wl@set@element@list{|wl@elt@elemdata}{|wl@elt@Imax}
296 % RETURN: |wl@list@0 -> (wl1,wl2,...)
297 % or if relative intensity true (between 0 and 1)
298 % |wl@list@0 -> (wl1/int1,wl2/int2,...)
299 %
300 \newif\ifwl@first% for first occurrence of Imin
301 \def\wl@set@element@list#1#2{\ignorespaces% |wl@elt@Imax
302 \wl@firsttrue%
303 \wl@counta=0%
304 \wl@countb=1%
305 \pgfmathparse{int(\wl@intmin*100)}\edef\@wl@intmin{\pgfmathresult}\%intensity percentage
306 \ifnum\@wl@intmin=0% include all intensities
307 \ifx\wl@ll\wl@charge%ALL lines
308 \@for\@myarg:=#1\do{\advance\wl@counta by1}\count all entries
309 \ifwl@intensity%
310 \@for\@myarg:=#1%
311 \do{%
312 \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
313 \pgfmathparse{\wl@relintthresh+(1-\wl@relintthresh)*\@currentline@int/#2}\edef\
314 \wl@intensity@to@list{\pgfmathresult}%
315 \ifnum\wl@countb<\wl@counta\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl}/\
316 \wl@intensity@to@list,}\else%
317 \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl}/\wl@intensity@to@list}\fi%
318 \advance\wl@countb by1%
319 }%\END do
320 \else%
321 \@for\@myarg:=#1%
322 \do{%
323 \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
324 \ifnum\wl@countb<\wl@counta\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl},}\else%
325 \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl}\fi%
326 \advance\wl@countb by1%
327 }%\END do
328 \fi%
329 \else% lines for one specific charge
330 \@for\@myarg:=#1\do{\expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg\ifx\@currentline@charge\wl@charge\advance\wl@counta by 1\fi}\count only if is the desired charge
331 \ifwl@intensity%
332 \@for\@myarg:=#1%
333 \do{%
334 \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
335 \pgfmathparse{\wl@relintthresh+(1-\wl@relintthresh)*\@currentline@int/#2}\edef\
336 \wl@intensity@to@list{\pgfmathresult}%
337 \ifx\@currentline@charge\wl@charge%add to list if is the desired charge
338 \ifnum\wl@countb<\wl@counta\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl}/\
339 \wl@intensity@to@list,}\else%
340 \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl}/\wl@intensity@to@list}\fi%
341 \advance\wl@countb by 1%
342 }%\END do
343 \else%
344 \@for\@myarg:=#1%
345 \do{%
346 \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
347 \ifx\@currentline@charge\wl@charge%add to list if is the desired charge
348 \ifnum\wl@countb<\wl@counta\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl},}\else%
349 \fi%

```

```

346           \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}\fi%
347           \advance\wl@countb by 1%
348           \fi%
349       }\%END do
350       \fi%
351   \fi%
352 \else%|\wl@intmin>0 & |\wl@intmin<1
353 \ifnum\@wl@intmin>100\else%
354 \pgfmathparse{\wl@intmin*#2}\edef\wl@actual@int{\pgfmathresult}%
355 \ifx\wl@ll\wl@charge%ALL lines
356 \@for\@myarg:=#1\do{\advance\wl@counta by 1}%count all entries
357     \ifwl@intensity%
358     \@for\@myarg:=#1%
359     \do{%
360         \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
361         \pgfmathparse{notless(\@currentline@int,\wl@actual@int)}\relax\edef\
362             \wl@int@result{\pgfmathresult}%
363         \ifnum\wl@int@result=1%
364             \pgfmathparse{\wl@relintthresh+(1-\wl@relintthresh)*\@currentline@int/#2}\
365                 \edef\wl@intensity@to@list{\pgfmathresult}%
366             \ifwl@first\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}/\wl@intensity@to@list
367                 }\else%
368             \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}/\wl@intensity@to@list}\fi%
369             \ifwl@first\wl@firstfalse\fi%
370         \fi%
371     \advance\wl@countb by 1%
372 }\%END do
373 \else%
374 \@for\@myarg:=#1%
375     \do{%
376         \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
377         \pgfmathparse{notless(\@currentline@int,\wl@actual@int)}\relax\edef\
378             \wl@int@result{\pgfmathresult}%
379         \ifnum\wl@int@result=1%
380             \ifwl@first\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}\else%
381                 \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}\fi%
382             \ifwl@first\wl@firstfalse\fi%
383         \fi%
384     \advance\wl@countb by 1%
385 }\%END do
386 \fi%
387 \else% lines for one specific charge
388 \@for\@myarg:=#1\do{\expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg\ifx\@currentline@charge\
389     \wl@charge\advance\wl@counta by 1\fi}%count only if is the desired charge
390     \ifwl@intensity%
391     \@for\@myarg:=#1%
392     \do{%
393         \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
394         \ifx\@currentline@charge\wl@charge%add to list if is the desired charge
395             \pgfmathparse{notless(\@currentline@int,\wl@actual@int)}\edef\wl@int@result
396                 {\pgfmathresult}%
397             \ifnum\wl@int@result=1%
398                 \pgfmathparse{\wl@relintthresh+(1-\wl@relintthresh)*\@currentline@int/#2}\
399                     \edef\wl@intensity@to@list{\pgfmathresult}%
400                 \ifwl@first\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}/\wl@intensity@to@list
401                     }\else%
402                 \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}/\wl@intensity@to@list}\fi%
403                 \ifwl@first\wl@firstfalse\fi%
404             \fi%
405     \advance\wl@countb by 1%
406 }\%END do
407 \else%
408 \@for\@myarg:=#1%
409     \do{%
410         \expandafter\wl@get@line@info\@myarg%
411         \ifx\@currentline@charge\wl@charge%add to list if is the desired charge
412             \pgfmathparse{notless(\@currentline@int,\wl@actual@int)}\edef\wl@int@result
413                 {\pgfmathresult}%
414             \ifnum\wl@int@result=1%

```

```

407         \ifwl@first\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl}\else%
408             \wl@addt@list{\wl@list@0}{\@currentline@wl}\fi%
409             \ifwl@first\wl@firstfalse\fi%
410             \fi%
411             \advance\wl@countb by 1%
412             \fi%
413         }%END do
414         \fi%
415     \fi%
416     \fi%
417     \fi%
418 }%
419 % add to list
420 \def\wl@addt@list#1#2{\edef\wl@list@0{#1#2}}%
421 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
422 % internal utils
423 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
424 \def\wl@utils@draw@axis{\ignorespaces%
425     \ifnum\wl@begin>\wl@end%
426         % New xshift = -2.5*\@wl@axis@height to hold bigger numbers, e.g. 2500
427         \draw[draw=none,fill=\wl@axiscolor] ([xshift={2.5*\@wl@axis@height}]0,\wl@height+2.5pt) rectangle ([xshift={-2.5*\@wl@axis@height}]-\wl@width,-2.5*\@wl@axis@height);%
428         % minor ticks -> NEW
429         \ifnum\wl@axis@ticks>0\relax%
430             \pgfmathparse{\wl@end+\wl@axisstep/(\wl@axis@ticks+1)}%
431                 \pgfmathparse{int(\pgfmathresult)}%
432             \edef\@axis@list{\wl@end,\pgfmathresult,...,\wl@begin}%
433             \foreach \x in \@axis@list{%
434                 \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
435                     \pgfmathresult pt}%
436                     \draw[\wl@axisfontcolor!80!transparent,line width=.25pt] (\wl@currentx,-.375*\@wl@axis@height) -- +(0,.375*\@wl@axis@height);
437                 }%
438             \pgfmathparse{\wl@end+\wl@axisstep}\pgfmathparse{int(\pgfmathresult)}%
439             \edef\@axis@list{\wl@end,\pgfmathresult,...,\wl@begin}%
440             \foreach \x in \@axis@list{%
441                 \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
442                     \draw[\wl@axisfontcolor,line width=.25pt] (\wl@currentx,-.75*\@wl@axis@height) -- +(0,.75*\@wl@axis@height);
443                     \node[\wl@axisfontcolor,font=\wl@axisfont,above,inner sep=0pt] at (\wl@currentx,-2.25*\@wl@axis@height) {\x};%
444                 }%
445             \else%
446                 \draw[draw=none,fill=\wl@axiscolor] ([xshift={-2.5*\@wl@axis@height}]0,\wl@height+2.5pt) rectangle ([xshift={2.5*\@wl@axis@height}]\wl@width,-2.5*\@wl@axis@height);%
447                 % minor ticks -> NEW
448                 \ifnum\wl@axis@ticks>0\relax%
449                     \pgfmathparse{\wl@begin+\wl@axisstep/(\wl@axis@ticks+1)}%
450                         \pgfmathparse{int(\pgfmathresult)}%
451                     \edef\@axis@list{\wl@begin,\pgfmathresult,...,\wl@end}%
452                     \foreach \x in \@axis@list{%
453                         \pgfmathparse{(\x-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
454                             \pgfmathresult pt}%
455                             \draw[\wl@axisfontcolor!80!transparent,line width=.25pt] (\wl@currentx,-.375*\@wl@axis@height) -- +(0,.375*\@wl@axis@height);
456                         }%
457                     \fi%
458                 \pgfmathparse{\wl@begin+\wl@axisstep}\pgfmathparse{int(\pgfmathresult)}%
459                 \edef\@axis@list{\wl@begin,\pgfmathresult,...,\wl@end}%
460                 \foreach \x in \@axis@list{%
461                     }%

```



```

504           wl@labelatext};%
505       \fi%
506   \or%south
507       \ifwl@drawaxis%
508           \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,below] at
509             (-0.5*wl@width,-2.5*@wl@axis@height) {wl@labelbtext\%
510               wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
511       \else%
512           \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,below] at
513             (-0.5*wl@width,0) {wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\%
514               wl@labelatext};%
515       \fi%
516   \or%south west
517       \ifwl@drawaxis%
518           \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,below right,
519             inner xsep=0pt] at (-2.5*@wl@axis@height-\wl@width
520             ,-2.5*@wl@axis@height) {wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\%
521               wl@labelatext};%
522       \else%
523           \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,below right,
524             inner xsep=0pt] at (-\wl@width,0) {wl@labelbtext\%
525               wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
526       \fi%
527   \else%
528       \ifcase\wl@label@position%
529         %west
530           \ifwl@drawaxis%
531               \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,left,minimum
532                 width=2em,align=right] at (-2.5*@wl@axis@height,0.5*
533                   wl@height-1.25*@wl@axis@height) {wl@labelbtext\%
534                     wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
535           \else%
536               \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,left,minimum
537                 width=2em,align=right] at (0,0.5*wl@height) {\%
538                   wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
539           \fi%
540         \or%north west
541           \ifwl@drawaxis%
542               \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,above right,
543                 inner xsep=0pt] at (-2.5*@wl@axis@height,\wl@height) {\%
544                   wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
545           \else%
546               \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,above right,
547                 inner xsep=0pt] at (0,\wl@height) {wl@labelbtext\%
548                   wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
549           \fi%
550         \or%north
551           \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,above] at (0.5*
552             wl@width,\wl@height) {wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\%
553               wl@labelatext};%
554         \or%north east
555           \ifwl@drawaxis%
556               \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,above left,
557                 inner xsep=0pt] at (\wl@width+2.5*@wl@axis@height,\%
558                   wl@height) {wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
559           \else%
560               \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,above left,
561                 inner xsep=0pt] at (\wl@width,\wl@height) {wl@labelbtext\%
562                   wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
563           \fi%
564         \or%east
565           \ifwl@drawaxis%
566               \node[wl@labelfontcolor,font=wl@labelfont,right] at ([
567                 xshift={2.5*@wl@axis@height}]\wl@width,0.5*\wl@height
568                 -1.25*@wl@axis@height) {wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\%
569                   wl@labelatext};%
570           \else%

```

```

544   \node[\wl@labelfontcolor,font=\wl@labelfont,right] at (\wl@width,0.5*\wl@height) {\wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
545   \fi%
546   \or%south east
547   \ifwl@drawaxis%
548   \node[\wl@labelfontcolor,font=\wl@labelfont,below left,inner xsep=0pt] at (\wl@width+2.5*\@wl@axis@height,-2.5*\@wl@axis@height) {\wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
549   \else%
550   \node[\wl@labelfontcolor,font=\wl@labelfont,below left,inner xsep=0pt] at (\wl@width,0) {\wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
551   \fi%
552   \or%south
553   \ifwl@drawaxis%
554   \node[\wl@labelfontcolor,font=\wl@labelfont,below] at (0.5*\wl@width,-2.5*\@wl@axis@height) {\wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
555   \else%
556   \node[\wl@labelfontcolor,font=\wl@labelfont,below] at (0.5*\wl@width,0) {\wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
557   \fi%
558   \or%south west
559   \ifwl@drawaxis%
560   \node[\wl@labelfontcolor,font=\wl@labelfont,below right,inner xsep=0pt] at (-2.5*\@wl@axis@height,-2.5*\@wl@axis@height) {\wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
561   \else%
562   \node[\wl@labelfontcolor,font=\wl@labelfont,below right,inner xsep=0pt] at (0,0) {\wl@labelbtext\wl@elt@chemsym\wl@labelatext};%
563   \fi%
564   \fi%
565 }%
566 }%
567 \def\wl@utils@drawbackground#1{\ignorespaces% NEW - in this version draws from UV, VIS to IV -> replaces \wl@utils@visiblespectrum#1
568 % reprocess visible background (only visible) -> needed because of the override in keys
569   \wl@counta=0%
570   \wl@countb=-1%
571   \Qfor@\myarg:=\wl@visible@list\do{%
572     \ifx\wl@back\@myarg\wl@countb=\wl@counta\fi%
573     \advance\wl@counta by 1%
574   }%
575   \ifnum\wl@countb>-1\let\wl@back\wl@visible\fi%
576   \pgfmathparse{int(#1*100)}\edef\wl@bright{\pgfmathresult}%
577   \pgfmathparse{1.4*\xscale+.09*\linewidth/\wl@width}\edef\wl@linewidth{\pgfmathresult}% NEW {|\xscale| -> f1.4*|\xscale|.09*|\linewidth|/|\wl@width|
578   \ifnum\wl@begin>\wl@end% 0
579     \ifnum\wl@end<380\relax% 1
580       \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-380)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointA{%
581         \pgfmathresult pt}%
582       \ifnum\wl@begin>780\relax% 2
583         \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-780)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
584           \pgfmathresult pt}%
585       \draw[draw=none,fill=\wl@background@UVcolor] (0,0)
586         rectangle (\wl@pointA,\wl@height);%
587       \draw[draw=none,fill=\wl@background@IRcolor] (\wl@pointB,0)
588         rectangle (-\wl@width,\wl@height);%
589       \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
590         \foreach \x in {780,...,380}{%
591           \wlcolor{\x}%
592           \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
593           \pgfmathparse{\wl@pointB+(780-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
594         }
595       \else%
596       \fi%
597     }
598   }
599 }
```

```

590                               \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wlc@currentx,0) -- ++(0,\wl@height);}%
591             \else% 3
592                 \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (\wl@pointA,0)
593                     rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
594             \fi% 3
595         \else% 2
596             \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
597                 \pgfmathresult pt}%
598             \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@background@UVcolor] (0,0)
599                 rectangle (\wl@pointA,\wl@height);%
600                 \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
601                     \foreach \x in {\wl@begin,...,380}{%
602                         \wlcolor{\x}%
603                         \colorlet{wlcolor}{wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
604                         \pgfmathparse{\wl@pointB+(\wl@begin-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
605                         \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) -- ++(0,\wl@height);}%
606             \else% 3
607                 \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (\wl@pointA,0)
608                     rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
609             \fi% 3
610         \fi% 2
611     \else% 1
612         \ifnum\wl@begin>780\relax% 2
613             \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-780)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
614                 \pgfmathresult pt}%
615             \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@background@IRcolor] (\wl@pointB,0)
616                 rectangle (-\wl@width,\wl@height);%
617                 \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
618                     \foreach \x in {780,...,\wl@end}{%
619                         \wlcolor{\x}%
620                         \colorlet{wlcolor}{wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
621                         \pgfmathparse{\wl@pointB+(780-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
622                         \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) -- ++(0,\wl@height);}%
623             \else% 3
624                 \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (0,0) rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
625             \fi% 3
626         \else% 2
627             \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
628                 \pgfmathresult pt}%
629             \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
630                 \foreach \x in {\wl@begin,...,\wl@end}{%
631                     \wlcolor{\x}%
632                     \colorlet{wlcolor}{wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
633                     \pgfmathparse{\wl@pointB+(\wl@begin-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
634                     \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) -- ++(0,\wl@height);}%
635             \else% 3
636                 \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (0,0) rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
637             \fi% 3
638         \fi% 2
639     \else% 1
640     \else% 0
641         \ifnum\wl@begin<380\relax% 1
642             \pgfmathparse{(380-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointA{%
643                 \pgfmathresult pt}%
644             \ifnum\wl@end>780\relax% 2
645                 \pgfmathparse{(780-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
646                     \pgfmathresult pt}%
647                 \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@background@UVcolor] (0,0)
648                     rectangle (\wl@pointA,\wl@height);%
649                 \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@background@IRcolor] (\wl@pointB,0)
650                     rectangle (\wl@width,\wl@height);%

```

```

640   \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
641     \foreach \x in {380,...,780}{%
642       \wlcolor{\x}%
643       \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
644       \pgfmathparse{(\wl@pointB-(780-\x))*\xscale}\edef\
645         \wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
646       \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) -- +(0,\wl@height);}%
647     \else% 3
648       \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (\wl@pointA,0)
649         rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
650   \fi% 3
651 \else% 2
652   \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
653     \pgfmathresult pt}%
654   \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@background@UVcolor] (0,0)
655     rectangle (\wl@pointA,\wl@height);%
656   \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
657     \foreach \x in {\wl@end,...,380}{%
658       \wlcolor{\x}%
659       \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
660       \pgfmathparse{(\wl@pointB-(\wl@end-\x))*\xscale}\edef\
661         \wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
662       \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) -- +(0,\wl@height);}%
663     \else% 3
664       \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (\wl@pointA,0)
665         rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
666   \fi% 3
667 \fi% 2
668 \else% 1
669   \ifnum\wl@end>780\relax% 2
670     \pgfmathparse{(780-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
671       \pgfmathresult pt}%
672     \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@background@IRcolor] (\wl@pointB,0)
673       rectangle (\wl@width,\wl@height);%
674     \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
675       \foreach \x in {\wl@begin,...,780}{%
676         \wlcolor{\x}%
677         \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
678         \pgfmathparse{(\x-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\
679           \wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
680         \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) -- +(0,\wl@height);}%
681     \else% 3
682       \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (0,0) rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
683     \fi% 3
684   \else% 2
685     \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@pointB{%
686       \pgfmathresult pt}%
687     \ifx\wl@back\wl@visible% 3 visible background
688       \foreach \x in {\wl@begin,...,\wl@end}{%
689         \wlcolor{\x}%
690         \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@bright!black}%
691         \pgfmathparse{(\x-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\
692           \wl@currentx{\pgfmathresult pt}%
693         \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) -- +(0,\wl@height);}%
694     \else% 3
695       \draw[draw=none, fill=\wl@back] (0,0) rectangle (\wl@pointB,\wl@height);%
696     \fi% 3
697   \fi% 2
698 \fi% 1
699 \fi% 0
700 }%
701 \def\wl@utils@drawabsorptionlines{\ignorespaces%
702   \ifnum\wl@begin>\wl@end%
703     \ifwl@intensity%

```

```

693     \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
694     \foreach \x/\y in \wl@list@@%
695     {%
696       \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@nl{\pgfmathresult}%
697       %
698       \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@ng{\%
699         \pgfmathresult}%
700       \pgfmathparse{and(\wl@x@nl,\wl@x@ng)}\edef\wl@plot@point{\%
701         \pgfmathresult}%
702       \ifnum\wl@plot@point=1%
703         \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
704           \pgfmathresult pt}%
705         \pgfmathparse{int(\y*100)}\edef\wl@black{\pgfmathresult}%
706         \wlcolor{\x}%
707         \colorlet{wlcolor}{black!\wl@black!\wl@temp}%
708         \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
709           +(0,\wl@height);%
710       \fi%
711     }%
712   \else%
713     \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
714     \foreach \x in \wl@list@@%
715     {%
716       \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@nl{\pgfmathresult}%
717       %
718       \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@ng{\%
719         \pgfmathresult}%
720       \pgfmathparse{and(\wl@x@nl,\wl@x@ng)}\edef\wl@plot@point{\%
721         \pgfmathresult}%
722       \ifnum\wl@plot@point=1%
723         \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
724           \pgfmathresult pt}%
725         \wlcolor{\x}%
726         \colorlet{wlcolor}{black!\wl@lineint!\wl@temp}%
727         \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
728           +(0,\wl@height);%
729       \fi%
730     }%
731   \else%
732     \ifwl@intensity%
733       \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
734       \foreach \x/\y in \wl@list@@%
735       {%
736         \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@nl{\%
737           \pgfmathresult}%
738         \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@ng{\%
739           \pgfmathresult}%
740         \pgfmathparse{and(\wl@x@nl,\wl@x@ng)}\edef\wl@plot@point{\%
741           \pgfmathresult}%
742       \ifnum\wl@plot@point=1%
743         \pgfmathparse{(\x-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
744           \pgfmathresult pt}%
745         \pgfmathparse{int(\y*100)}\edef\wl@black{\pgfmathresult}%
746         \wlcolor{\x}%
747         \colorlet{wlcolor}{black!\wl@black!\wl@temp}%
748         \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
749           +(0,\wl@height);%
750       \fi%
751     }%
752   \else%
753     \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
754     \foreach \x in \wl@list@@%
755     {%
756       \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@nl{\%
757         \pgfmathresult}%
758       \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@ng{\%
759         \pgfmathresult}%
760       \pgfmathparse{and(\wl@x@nl,\wl@x@ng)}\edef\wl@plot@point{\%
761         \pgfmathresult}%
762     }%
763   \fi%
764 }

```

```

745          \ifnum\wl@plot@point=1%
746              \pgfmathparse{(\x-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
747                  \pgfmathresult pt}%
748              \colorlet{wlcolor}{black!\wl@lineint!\wl@temp}%
749              \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
750                  +(0,\wl@height);%
751          \fi%
752      }%
753  }%
754 \fi%
755 \ifwl@RSvalue% NEW
756 \ifnum\wl@begin>\wl@end%
757 \ifwl@drawaxis\pgfmathparse{-\wl@width-2.5*\@wl@axis@height}\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{%
758     \pgfmathresult pt}%
759 \else\pgfmathparse{-\wl@width}\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{\pgfmathresult pt}\fi%
760 \else%
761 \ifwl@drawaxis\pgfmathparse{-2.5*\@wl@axis@height}\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{%
762     \pgfmathresult pt}%
763 \else\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{0pt}\fi%
764 \fi%
765 }%
766 \def\wl@utils@drawemissionlines{\ignorespaces%
767     \ifnum\wl@begin>\wl@end%
768     \ifwl@intensity%
769         \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
770         \foreach\x/\y in \wl@list@@%
771         {%
772             \wlcolor{\x}%
773             \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@nl{\pgfmathresult}%
774             %
775             \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@ng{\%
776                 \pgfmathresult}%
777             \ifnum\wl@plot@point=1%
778                 \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
779                     \pgfmathresult pt}%
780                 \pgfmathparse{int(\y*100)}\edef\wl@black{\pgfmathresult}%
781                 \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@black!black}%
782                 \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
783                     +(0,\wl@height);%
784             \fi%
785         }%
786     \else%
787         \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
788         \foreach\x in \wl@list@@%
789         {%
790             \wlcolor{\x}%
791             \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@nl{\pgfmathresult}%
792             %
793             \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@ng{\%
794                 \pgfmathresult}%
795             \ifnum\wl@plot@point=1%
796                 \pgfmathparse{(\wl@end-\x)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
797                     \pgfmathresult pt}%
798                 \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@lineint!black}%
799                 \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
800                     +(0,\wl@height);%
801             \fi%
802         }%
803     \fi%
804 }

```

```

799          \ifwl@intensity%
800              \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
801                  \foreach \x/\y in \wl@list@@%
802                      {%
803                          \wlcolor{\x}%
804                          \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@nl{%
805                              \pgfmathresult}%
806                          \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@ng{%
807                              \pgfmathresult}%
808                          \pgfmathparse{and(\wl@x@nl,\wl@x@ng)}\edef\wl@plot@point{%
809                              \pgfmathresult}%
810                          \inum\wl@plot@point=1%
811                          \pgfmathparse{(\x-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
812                              \pgfmathresult pt}%
813                          \pgfmathparse{int(\y*100)}\edef\wl@black{\pgfmathresult}%
814                          \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@black!black}%
815                          \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
816                              +(0,\wl@height);%
817                          \fi%
818                      }%
819          \else%
820              \ifwl@redshift\wl@utils@redshift\fi% NEW
821                  \foreach \x in \wl@list@@%
822                      {%
823                          \wlcolor{\x}%
824                          \pgfmathparse{notless(\x,\wl@begin)}\edef\wl@x@nl{%
825                              \pgfmathresult}%
826                          \pgfmathparse{notgreater(\x,\wl@end)}\edef\wl@x@ng{%
827                              \pgfmathresult}%
828                          \pgfmathparse{and(\wl@x@nl,\wl@x@ng)}\edef\wl@plot@point{%
829                              \pgfmathresult}%
830                          \inum\wl@plot@point=1%
831                          \pgfmathparse{(\x-\wl@begin)*\xscale}\edef\wl@currentx{%
832                              \pgfmathresult pt}%
833                          \colorlet{wlcolor}{\wl@temp!\wl@lineint!black}%
834                          \draw[wlcolor, line width=\wl@linewidth] (\wl@currentx,0) --
835                              +(0,\wl@height);%
836                          \fi%
837                      }%
838          \ifwl@RSvalue% NEW
839              \inum\wl@begin>\wl@end%
840              \ifwl@drawaxis\pgfmathparse{-\wl@width-2.5*\@wl@axis@height}\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{%
841                  \pgfmathresult pt}%
842              \else\pgfmathparse{-\wl@width}\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{\pgfmathresult pt}\fi%
843          \else%
844              \ifwl@drawaxis\pgfmathparse{-2.5*\@wl@axis@height}\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{%
845                  \pgfmathresult pt}%
846              \else\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@x{0pt}\fi%
847          \fi%
848          \ifwl@drawaxis\pgfmathparse{-.75*\@wl@axis@height-1.3*\ht0-2pt}\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@y{%
849              \pgfmathresult pt}\else\edef\wl@redshiftinfo@y{0pt}\fi%
850          \node[below right, inner xsep=0pt, font=\wl@axisfont] at (\wl@redshiftinfo@x,%
851              \wl@redshiftinfo@y) {\wl@redshiftinfo};%
852      \fi% NEW
853      % return: integer with position (e.g. '0' for west, ... )
854      \def\wl@get@label@position{\ignorespaces%
855          \wl@countc=0%
856          \for@\mylabel:=\wl@label@position@list%
857              \do{%
858                  \ifx\mylabel\wl@labelposition\edef\wl@label@position{\the\wl@countc}\fi%
859                  \advance\wl@countc by1%
860              }%
861      }%
862      % NEW -----
863      % redshift: lambda(obs)=lambda(emit)*{(1+v/c*cos(theta))/sqrt(1-v^2/c^2)} --->
864      % Relativistic Doppler

```

```

854 % vbar -> v/c -> normalized velocity of the source (e.g. '0.9' for v=0.9c )
855 % theta -> angle between the direction of relative motion of the source and the
856 % direction of emission in the observer's frame (zero angle is directly away from the
857 % observer)
858 \def\wl@processredshiftkey#1{\ignorespaces%
859 \wl@redshiftfalse%
860 \edef\wl@redshiftkey@expand{\#1}%
861 % to expand a value passed by a macro (not necessary if
862 % the user provided a number...)
863 \expandafter\wl@redshiftkey@firstchar\wl@redshiftkey@expand\relax%
864 \ifcat1\wl@RedShift\relax%
865 \pgfmathparse{1+\#1}\relax%
866 \edef\wl@UMMAISZ{\pgfmathresult}\wl@redshifttrue%
867 \edef\wl@redshiftinfo{redshift z=\#1}%
868 \else%
869 \edef\wl@redshiftkey@expand{\#1}%
870 \expandafter\wl@process@redshift\wl@redshiftkey@expand\relax%
871 \fi%
872 }%
873 \def\wl@redshiftkey@firstchar#1#2\relax{\edef\wl@RedShift{\#1}%
874 \def\wl@process@redshift#1#2#3\relax{%
875 \edef\wl@redshifttest{\#1}%
876 \ifx\wl@redshifttest\wl@redshift@D\relax%
877 \pgfmathparse{(1+\#2*cos(\#3))/sqrt(1-\#2*\#2)}%
878 \edef\wl@UMMAISZ{\pgfmathresult}\wl@redshifttrue%
879 \pgfmathparse{\#2*cos(\#3))/sqrt(1-\#2*\#2)}%
880 \edef\wl@redshiftinfo{Relativistic Doppler redshift z=\pgfmathresult}%
881 \ex=\hskip.1ex\#2\hskip.1ex\#2\hskip.5ex;\hskip.5ex\ensuremath{\theta}\hskip.1ex=\hskip.1ex\#3\hskip.1ex\#3\hskip.5ex\ensuremath{\circ}%
882 \fi%
883 }%
884 \def\wl@utils@redshift{%
885 -----
886 % returns the wllist with the shift computed
887 \def\wl@utils@redshift{\ignorespaces%
888 \let\wt@backlist@@\wl@list@@\relax%
889 \let\wl@list@@\empty\relax%
890 \wl@firsttrue\relax%
891 \ifwl@intensity% list (lambda/intensity)
892 \foreach\x/\y in \wt@backlist@@{%
893 \pgfmathparse{\x*\wl@UMMAISZ}\edef\@currentline@wl{\pgfmathresult}%
894 \ifwl@first\global\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl/\y}\else%
895 \global\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{,\@currentline@wl/\y}\fi%
896 \ifwl@first\global\wl@firstfalse\fi%
897 }%
898 \else% list (lambda)
899 \foreach\x in \wt@backlist@@{%
900 \pgfmathparse{\x*\wl@UMMAISZ}\edef\@currentline@wl{\pgfmathresult}%
901 \ifwl@first\global\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{\@currentline@wl}\else%
902 \global\wl@addt@list{\wl@list@@}{,\@currentline@wl}\fi%
903 \ifwl@first\global\wl@firstfalse\fi%
904 }%
905 \fi%
906 }%
907 % nm2rgb convert nanometer wavelength to rgb
908 % (380 <= Lambda <= 780 ) -> r,g,b on stack
909 %
910 % BASED on FORTRAN Code
911 % RGB VALUES FOR VISIBLE WAVELENGTHS by Dan Bruton (astro@tamu.edu)
912 % This program can be found at
913 % http://www.physics.sfasu.edu/astro/color.html
914 % and was last updated on February 20, 1996.
915 % The spectrum is generated using approximate RGB values for visible
916 % wavelengths between 380 nm and 780 nm.
917 % The red, green and blue values (RGB) are
918 % assumed to vary linearly with wavelength (for GAMMA=1).
919 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

```

```

918 \newdimen\wl%wavelength
919 \newdimen\wl@i%intensity
920 \newdimen\@wl@gamma%gamma
921 \newdimen\wlc@lorr%red (0. - 1)
922 \newdimen\wlc@lorg%green (0. - 1)
923 \newdimen\wlc@lorb%blue (0. - 1) % wavelength to rgb values
924 \newcount\wl@counta% tmp counter
925 \newcount\wl@countb% tmp counter
926 \newcount\wl@countc% tmp counter
927 \newcount\wl@countd% tmp counter
928 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
929 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
930 % |wlcolor{wavelength}
931 \def\wlcolor#1{\ignorespaces%
932 \wl=#1pt%
933 \@wl@gamma=\wl@gamma pt%
934 % compute the rgb components
935 \ifdim\wl<10pt\relax\PackageWarning{pgf-spectra}{(#1nm) wavelength out of range ignored
936 . The wavelength must be greater or equal to 10nm (EUV) ...}\else% NEW
937 \ifdim\wl<379.99999pt\relax\else% NEW
938 \ifdim\wl<440pt\wlc@lorr=440pt\advance\wlc@lorr by-\wl\divide\wlc@lorr by60\wlc@lorg=0
939 \pt\wlc@lorb=1pt\else%
940 \ifdim\wl<490pt\wlc@lorr=0pt\wlc@lorg=\wl\advance\wlc@lorg by-440pt\divide\wlc@lorg by
941 50\wlc@lorb=1pt\else%
942 \ifdim\wl<510pt\wlc@lorr=0pt\wlc@lorg=1pt\wlc@lorb=510pt\advance\wlc@lorb by-\wl\divide
943 \wlc@lorb by20\else%
944 \ifdim\wl<580pt\wlc@lorr=\wl\advance\wlc@lorr by-510pt\divide\wlc@lorr by70\wlc@lorg=1
945 \pt\wlc@lorb=0pt\else%
946 \ifdim\wl<645pt\wlc@lorr=1pt\wlc@lorg=645pt\advance\wlc@lorg by-\wl\divide\wlc@lorg by
947 65\wlc@lorb=0pt\else%
948 \ifdim\wl<780.00001pt\wlc@lorr=1pt\wlc@lorg=0pt\wlc@lorb=0pt\else%
949 \ifdim\wl>4000pt\relax\PackageWarning{pgf-spectra}{invalid wavelength (#1nm). The
950 wavelength must be lesser or equal to 4000nm (NIR)...}\else% NEW
951 \relax%
952 \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi%
953 % intensity correction at vision limits
954 \ifdim\wl>700pt\ifdim\wl<780.00001pt\wl@i=780pt\advance\wl@i by-\wl\divide\wl@i by80\
955 multiply\wl@i by7\advance\wl@i by3pt\divide\wl@i by10\fi\else% NEW
956 \ifdim\wl<420pt\ifdim\wl>379.99999pt\wl@i=\wl\advance\wl@i by-380pt\divide\wl@i by40\
957 multiply\wl@i by7\advance\wl@i by3pt\divide\wl@i by10\fi\else%
958 \wl@i=1pt%
959 \fi\fi%
960 % apply intensity at vision limits correction and gamma
961 \ifdim\wl<380pt\colorlet{wl@temp}{\wl@UVcolor}\else\ifdim\wl>780pt\colorlet{wl@temp}{\wl@IRcolor}\else% NEW
962 \pgfmathparse{\wlc@lorr*\wl@i^@\wl@gamma}\edef\wl@red{\pgfmathresult}%
963 \pgfmathparse{\wlc@lorg*\wl@i^@\wl@gamma}\edef\wl@green{\pgfmathresult}%
964 \pgfmathparse{\wlc@lorb*\wl@i^@\wl@gamma}\edef\wl@blue{\pgfmathresult}%
965 \definecolor{wl@temp}[rgb]{\wl@red,\wl@green,\wl@blue}%
966 \fi\fi% NEW
967 \colorlet{wlcolor}{wl@temp}
968 }%
969 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
970 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
971 \def\wl@elt@search#1#2#3#4{\ignorespaces%
972 % #1 Chemical Symbol, entered by USER
973 % #2 Chemical Symbol to compare to, e.g. Na
974 % #3 Emission Lines Data (or error message)
975 % #4 Imax
976 \edef\wl@CS@user{\#1}\edef\wl@CS@comp{\#2}\relax% New
977 \ifx\wl@CS@user\wl@CS@comp\relax% New -> was |iftthenelse{...
978 \def\wl@elt@chemsym{\#2}% set chemical symbol
979 \def\wl@elt@elemdata{\#3}% set element lines data
980 \def\wl@elt@Imax{\#4}% set element Imax
981 \fi%
982 }%
983 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
984 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%
985 \endinput

```