The overlays **package** *A* sample presentation

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```
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(slide content)
\end{overlays}
```

In the slide content, the following commands can be used in order to specify the content of the overlays: \only.

For highlightning some content, the $\operatorname{overlays}$ package provides following command:

```
\left( \operatorname{content} \right)
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• 1

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- 1-4
- 1-

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- 1
- **1,**4
- 1-4
- 1-

The alert color is red by default and can be changed to, say, magenta as follows:

```
\det\{1, 0.15, 0.35\}
```

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The visibility of content is specified by means of the following commands:

```
\space{overlay specification} {(content)}
```

```
\verb+only{(overlay specification)}{(content)}
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\space{overlay specification} \{(overlay specification)\}
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The \visible command uncovers its content on the overlays which are specified in the overlay specification.

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```

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\only{(overlay specification)}{(content)}
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The \visible command uncovers its content on the overlays which are specified in the overlay specification.

On unspecified overlays, the content is hidden, but still takes up space. Technically speaking, it is rendered in the background color, which, by default, is white.

The visibility of content is specified by means of the following commands:

```
\space{overlay specification} \{(overlay specification)\}
```

```
\verb+only{(overlay specification)}{(content)}
```

The **\only** command also uncovers its content on the overlays specified in the overlay specification.

The content is absent from unspecified overlays and does not take up space there.

The visibility of content is specified by means of the following commands:

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\space{overlay specification} \{(overlay specification)\}
```

```
\only{(overlay specification)}{(content)}
```

The **\only** command also uncovers its content on the overlays specified in the overlay specification.

The content is absent from unspecified overlays and does not take up space there.

This is particularly useful for alternating content.

Verbatim content

For incremental slides with verbatim content, the following environment should be used instead of the overlays environment:

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\begin{fragileoverlays}{\langle total \ overlay \ number} \\ \langle slide \ content \rangle \\ \end{fragileoverlays} \begin{fragileoverlays}{l} \end{fragileoverlays} \end{fragileoverlays} \begin{fragileoverlays}{l} \end{fragileoverlays} \end{fragileoverlays} \begin{fragileoverlay}{l} \end{fragileoverlays} \end{fragileoverlay} \begin{fragileoverlay}{l} \end{fragileoverlay} \begin{fragileoverlay}{l} \end{fragileoverlay} \begin{fragileoverlay}{l} \end{fragileoverlay} \begin{fragileoverlay}{l} \end{fragileoverlay} \begin{fragileoverlay}{l} \end{fragileoverlay} \begin{fragileoverlay}{l} \end{fragileoverlay} \begin{fract} \end{fract} \begin{fract} \end{fr
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Note that the **\alert**, **\visible**, and **\only** commands themselves must not contain verbatim commands or environments.

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```

Note that the **\alert**, **\visible**, and **\only** commands themselves must not contain verbatim commands or environments. They may be used in the content of the alltt environment of the alltt package, though.

Caveats

The package expects that the slide content in the overlays environment fits on a single page. This can be ensured by means of \clearpage commands before or after the environment.

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The page and equation counters are not incremented between overlays. Other counters can be saved between overlays, too, by means of the command \savecounterbetweenoverlays{(counter name)}.

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The page and equation counters are not incremented between overlays. Other counters can be saved between overlays, too, by means of the command \savecounterbetweenoverlays{(counter name)}.

Series of first-level lists specified by the series and resume keys of the enumitem package can be saved between overlays by means of the command \saveseriesbetweenoverlays{\series name}}, provided that the series name matches the basename of the list counter (i.e. the counter name without the final i).

In the tabular environment, the **\alert**, **\visible** and **\only** commands have to be put into braces:

outside tabularinside tabular $\alert{...}{...}$ { $\alert{...}{...}$

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| outside tabular | inside tabular |
|-----------------|----------------|
| {} | {{}} |
| <pre></pre> | {} |

In the tabular environment, the <code>\alert</code>, <code>\visible</code> and <code>\only</code> commands have to be put into braces:

| inside tabular |
|----------------|
| {{}} |
| $\{visible{}$ |
| {} |
| |

In the tabular environment, the <code>\alert</code>, <code>\visible</code> and <code>\only</code> commands have to be put into braces:

| outside tabular | inside tabular |
|-----------------|----------------|
| {} | {{}} |
| <pre></pre> | {} |
| $only{}{}$ | {{}} |

In addition, make sure not to include the cell delimiter & or the row delimiter $\$ into the content of these commands.

Credits

The code of the $\operatorname{overlays}$ package is inspired by Matthias Meister's $\operatorname{present}$ package.

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The code for saving counters between overlays as well as the code for overlays with verbatim content is taken from the texpower package, which in turn is based on Till Tantau's beamer package.