

The zref package

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2010/04/23 v2.15

Abstract

Package `zref` tries to get rid of the restriction in \LaTeX 's reference system that only two properties are supported. The package implements an extensible referencing system, where properties are handled in a more flexible way. It offers an interface for macro programmers for the access to the system and some applications that uses the new reference scheme.

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1 Introduction

Standard L^AT_EX's reference system with `\label`, `\ref`, and `\pageref` supports two properties, the apperance of the counter that is last incremented by `\refstepcounter` and the page with the `\label` command.

Unhappily L^AT_EX does not provide an interface for adding another properties. Packages such as `hyperref`, `nameref`, or `titleref` are forced to use ugly hacks to extend the reference system. These ugly hacks are one of the causes for `hyperref`'s difficulty regarding compatibility with other packages.

1.1 Standard L^AT_EX behaviour

References are created by the `\label` command:

```
\chapter{Second chapter}
\section{First section on page 7} % section 2.1
\label{myref}
```

Now \LaTeX records the section number 2.1 and the page 7 in the reference. Internally the reference is a list with two entries:

```
\r@myref → {2.1}{7}
```

The length of the list is fixed in the \LaTeX kernel. An interface for adding new properties is missing.

There are several tries to add new properties:

hyperref uses a list of five properties instead of the standard list with two entries. This causes many compatibility problems with \LaTeX and other packages.

titleref stores its title data into the first entry in the list. \LaTeX is happy because it does only see its list with two entries. The situation becomes more difficult, if more properties are added this way. Then the macros form a nested structure inside the first reference argument for the label. Expandable extractions will then become painful.

1.2 Basic idea

Some time ago Morten Høgholm sent me an experimental cross referencing mechanism as “expl3” code. His idea is:

```
\g_xref_mylabel_plist →
  \xref_dance_key{salsa}\xref_name_key{Morten}...
```

The entries have the following format:

```
\xref_{your key}_key{some text}
```

This approach is much more flexible:

- New properties can easily be added, just use a new key.
- The length of the list is not fixed. A reference can use a subset of the keys.
- The order of the entries does not matter.

Unhappily I am not familiar with the experimental code for $\text{\LaTeX}3$ that will need some time before its first release. Thus I have implemented it as $\text{\LaTeX}2_{\epsilon}$ package without disturbing the existing \LaTeX reference system.

1.3 Interfaces

The package provides a generic *interface for programmers*. Commands of this interface are prefixed by `\zref@`.

Option `user` enables the *user interface*. Here the commands are prefixed by `\z` to avoid name clashes with existing macros.

Then the package provides some *modules*. They are applications for the reference system and can also be considered as examples how to use the reference system.

The modules can be loaded as packages. The package name is prefixed with `zref-`, for example:

```
\RequirePackage{zref-abspage}
```

This is the preferred way if the package is loaded from within other packages to avoid option clashes.

As alternative package `zref` can be used and the modules are given as options:

```
\usepackage[perpage,user]{zref}
```

2 Interface for programmers

The user interface is described in the next section 3.

2.1 Entities

Reference. Internally a reference is a list of key value pairs:

$$\backslash\text{Z@R@myref} \rightarrow \backslash\text{default}\{2.1\}\backslash\text{page}\{7\}$$

The generic format of a entry is:

$$\backslash\text{Z@R@}\langle\text{refname}\rangle \rightarrow \backslash\langle\text{propname}\rangle\{\langle\text{value}\rangle\}$$

$\langle\text{refname}\rangle$ is the name that denoted references (the name used in $\backslash\text{label}$ and $\backslash\text{ref}$). $\langle\text{propname}\rangle$ is the name of the property or key. The property key macro is never executed, it is used in parameter text matching only.

Property. Because the name of a property is used in a macro name that must survive the `.aux` file, the name is restricted to letters and '@'.

Property list. Often references are used for special purposes. Thus it saves memory if just the properties are used in this reference that are necessary for its purpose.

Therefore this package uses the concept of *property lists*. A property list is a set of properties. The set of properties that is used by the default $\backslash\text{label}$ command is the *main property list*.

2.2 Property list

^{exp} means that the implementation of the marked macro is expandable. ^{exp2} goes a step further and marks the macro expandable in exact two expansion steps.

$\backslash\text{zref@newlist} \{\langle\text{listname}\rangle\}$

Declares a new empty property list.

$\backslash\text{zref@addprop} \{\langle\text{listname}\rangle\} \{\langle\text{propname list}\rangle\}$

Adds the properties of $\langle\text{propname list}\rangle$ (comma separated) to the property list $\langle\text{listname}\rangle$. The property and list must exist. A $\langle\text{propname list}\rangle$ can be given since 2010/04/19 v2.13. Before this version only one property name could be added in one call of $\backslash\text{zref@addprop}$.

$\backslash\text{zref@localaddprop} \{\langle\text{listname}\rangle\} \{\langle\text{propname list}\rangle\}$

Local variant of $\backslash\text{zref@addprop}$.

$\backslash\text{zref@listexists} \{\langle\text{listname}\rangle\} \{\langle\text{then}\rangle\}$

Executes $\langle\text{then}\rangle$ if the property list $\langle\text{listname}\rangle$ exists or raise an error otherwise.

$\backslash\text{zref@iflistundefined}^{\text{exp}} \{\langle\text{listname}\rangle\} \{\langle\text{then}\rangle\} \{\langle\text{else}\rangle\}$

Executes $\langle\text{then}\rangle$ if the list exists or $\langle\text{else}\rangle$ otherwise.

`\zref@iflistcontainsprop {<listname>} {<propname>} {<then>} {<else>}`

Executes `<then>` if the property `<propname>` is part of property list `<listname>` or otherwise it runs the `<else>` part.

2.3 Property

`\zref@newprop* {<propname>} [<default>] {<value>}`

This command declares and configures a new property with name `<propname>`.

In case of unknown references or the property does not exist in the reference, the `<default>` is used as value. If it is not specified here, a global default is used, see `\zref@setdefault`.

The correct values of some properties are not known immediately but at page shipout time. Prominent example is the page number. These properties are declared with the star form of the command.

`\zref@setcurrent {<propname>} {<value>}`

This sets the current value of the property `<propname>`. It is a generalization of setting L^AT_EX's `\currentlabel`.

`\zref@getcurrentexp2 {<propname>}`

This returns the current value of the property `<propname>`. The value may not be correct, especially if the property is bound to a page (start form of `\zref@newprop`) and the right value is only known at shipout time (e.g. property 'page'). In case of errors (e.g. unknown property) the empty string is returned.

Since version 2010/04/22 v2.14 `\zref@getcurrent` supports `\zref@wrapper@unexpanded`.

`\zref@propexists {<propname>} {<then>}`

Calls `<then>` if the property `<propname>` is available or generates an error message otherwise.

`\zref@ifpropundefinedexp {<propname>} {<then>} {<else>}`

Calls `<then>` or `<else>` depending on the existence of property `<propname>`.

2.4 Reference generation

`\zref@label {<refname>}`

This works similar to `\label`. The reference `<refname>` is created and put into the `.aux` file with the properties of the main property list.

`\zref@labelbylist {<refname>} {<listname>}`

Same as `\zref@label` except that the properties are taken from the specified property list `<listname>`.

`\zref@labelbyprops {<refname>} {<propnameA>,<propnameB>,...}`

Same as `\zref@label` except that these properties are used that are given as comma separated list in the second argument.

`\zref@newlabel {<refname>} {...}`

This is the macro that is used in the `.aux` file. It is basically the same as `\newlabel` apart from the format of the data in the second argument.

2.5 Data extraction

`\zref@extractdefaultexp2 {<refname>} {<propname>} {<default>}`

This is the basic command that references the value of a property `<propname>` for the reference `<refname>`. In case of errors such as undefined reference the `<default>` is used instead.

`\zref@extractexp2 {<refname>} {<propname>}`

The command is an abbreviation for `\zref@extractdefault`. As default the default of the property is taken, otherwise the global default.

Example for page references:

```

LATEX: \pageref{foobar}
zref:   \zref@extract{foobar}{page}

```

Both `\zref@extract` and `\zref@extractdefault` are expandable. That means, these macros can directly be used in expandable calculations, see the example file. On the other side, babel's shorthands are not supported, there are no warnings in case of undefined references.

If an user interface doesn't need expandable macros then it can use `\zref@refused` and `\zref@wrapper@babel` for its user macros.

`\zref@refused {<refname>}`

This command is not expandable. It causes the warnings if the reference `<refname>` is not defined. Use the `\zref@extract` commands inside expandable contexts and mark their use outside by `\zref@refused`, see the example file.

`\zref@ifrefundefinedexp {<refname>} {<then>} {<else>}`

A possibility to check whether a reference exists.

`\zifrefundefined {<refname>} {<then>} {<else>}`

Macro `\zifrefundefined` calls `\ref@refused` before executing `\zref@ifrefundefined`. Babel shorthands are supported in `<refname>`.

`\zref@ifrefcontainspropexp {<refname>} {<propname>} {<then>} {<else>}`

Test whether a reference provides a property.

2.6 Setup

`\zref@default`

Holds the global default for unknown values.

`\zref@setdefault {<value>}`

Sets the global default for unknown values. The global default is used, if a property does not specify an own default and the value for a property cannot be extracted. This can happen if the reference is unknown or the reference does not have the property.

`\zref@setmainlist {<value>}`

Sets the name of the main property list. The package sets and uses `main`.

2.7 Declared properties

Module	Property	Property list	Default
	<code>default</code>	<code>main</code>	<code><empty></code>
	<code>page</code>	<code>main</code>	<code><empty></code>
<code>abspage, totpages</code>	<code>abspage</code>	<code>main</code>	<code>0</code>
<code>perpage</code>	<code>pagevalue</code>	<code>perpage</code>	<code>0</code>
	<code>page</code>	<code>perpage</code>	<code><empty></code>
	<code>abspage</code>	<code>perpage</code>	<code>0</code>
<code>counter</code>	<code>counter</code>	<code>main</code>	<code><empty></code>
<code>titleref</code>	<code>title</code>	<code>main</code>	<code><empty></code>
<code>savepos</code>	<code>posx</code>	<code>savepos</code>	<code>0</code>
	<code>posy</code>	<code>savepos</code>	<code>0</code>
<code>hyperref</code>	<code>anchor</code>	<code>main</code>	<code><empty></code>
	<code>url</code>		<code><empty></code>
<code>xr</code>	<code>url</code>		<code><empty></code>

2.8 Wrapper for advanced situations

`\zref@wrapper@babel {...} {<name>}`

This macro helps to add shorthand support. The second argument is protected, then the code of the first argument is called with the protected name appended. Examples are in the sources.

`\zref@wrapper@immediate {...}`

There are situations where a label must be written instantly to the `.aux` file, for example after the last page. If the `\zlabel` or `\label` command is put inside this wrapper, immediate writing is enabled. See the implementation for module `lastpage` for an example of its use.

`\zref@wrapper@unexpanded {...}`

Assuming someone wants to extract a value for property `bar` and store the result in a macro `\foo` without traces of the expanding macros and without expanding the value. This (theoretical?) problem can be solved by this wrapper:


```

\zref@wrapper@unexpanded{%
  \edef\foo{%
    \zref@extract{someref}{bar}%
  }%
}

```

The `\edef` forces the expansion of `\zref@extract`, but the extraction of the value is prevented by the wrapper that uses ε -TeX' `\unexpanded` for this purpose. Supported macros are `\zref@extract`, `\zref@extractdefault` and since version 2010/04/22 v2.14 macro `\zref@getcurrent`.

2.9 Counter for unique names

Some modules (`titleref` and `dotfillmin`) need unique names for automatically generated label names.

`\zref@require@unique`

This command creates the unique counter `zref@unique` if the counter does not already exist.

`\thezref@unique`

This command is used to generate unique label names.

3 User interface

3.1 Module user

The user interface for this package and its modules is enabled by `zref's` package option `user` or package `zref-user`. The names of user commands are prefixed by `z` in order to avoid name clashes with existing macros of the same functionality. Thus the package does not disturb the traditional reference scheme, both can be used together.

The syntax descriptions contain the following markers that are intended as hints for programmers:

- | | |
|--------|--|
| babel | Babel shorthands are allowed. |
| robust | Robust macro. |
| exp | Expandable version: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • robust, unless the extracted values are fragile, • no babel shorthand suport. |
| exp2 | Expandable like ^{exp} and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • expandable in exact two steps. |

The basic user interface of the package without modules are commands that mimic the standard L^AT_EX behaviour of `\label`, `\ref`, and `\pageref`:

`\zlabel {⟨refname⟩}^babel`

Similar to `\label`. It generates a label with name `⟨refname⟩` in the new reference scheme.

`\zref [⟨propname⟩] {⟨refname⟩}^babel`

Without optional argument similar to `\ref`, it returns the default reference property. This property is named `default`:

$$\text{\zref}\{x\} \equiv \text{\zref}[\text{default}]\{x\}$$

`\zpageref {⟨refname⟩}^babel`

Convenience macro, similar to `\pageref`.

`\zpageref{x} ≡ \zref[page]{x}`

`\zrefused {⟨refname⟩}^babel`

Some of the user commands in the modules are expandable. The use of such commands do not cause any undefined reference warnings, because inside of expandable contexts this is not possible. However, if there is a place outside of expandable contexts, `\zrefused` is strongly recommended. The reference `⟨refname⟩` is marked as used, undefined ones will generate warnings.

3.2 Module `abspage`

With the help of package `atbegshi` a new counter `abspage` with absolute page numbers is provided. Also a new property `abspage` is defined and added to the main property list. Thus you can reference the absolute page number:

Section `\zref{foo}` is on page `\zpageref{foo}`.
This is page `\zref[abspage]{foo}` of `\zref[abspage]{LastPage}`.

The example also makes use of module `lastpage`.

3.3 Module `lastpage`

Provides the functionality of package `lastpage` [3] in the new reference scheme. The label `LastPage` is put at the end of the document. You can refer the last page number with:

`\zref@extract{LastPage}{page} (+ \zref@refused{LastPage})`

or

`\zpageref{LastPage}` (module user)

Since version 2008/10/01 v2.3 the module defines the list `LastPage`. In addition to the properties of the main list label `LastPage` also stores the properties of this list `LastPage`. The default of this list is empty. The list can be used by the user to add additional properties for label `LastPage`.

3.3.1 Tests for last page

Since version 2010/03/26 v2.8 the macros `\zref@iflastpage` and `\ziflastpage` were added. They test the reference, whether it is a reference of the last page.

`\zref@iflastpageexp {⟨refname⟩} {⟨then⟩} {⟨else⟩}`

Macro `\zref@iflastpage` compares the references `⟨refname⟩` with `⟨LastPage⟩`. Basis of the comparison is the value of property `abspage`, because the values are different for different pages. This is not ensured by property `page`. Therefore module `abspage` is loaded by module `lastpage`. If both values of property `abspage` are present and match, then `⟨then⟩` is executed, otherwise code `⟨else⟩` is called. If one or both references are undefined or lack the property `abspage`, then `⟨else⟩` is executed.

Macro `\zref@iflastpage` is expandable, therefore `\zref@refused` should be called on `⟨refname⟩` and `⟨LastPage⟩`.

`\ziflastpage {⟨refname⟩} {⟨then⟩} {⟨else⟩}`

Macro `\ziflastpage` has the same function as `\zref@iflastpage`, but adds support for babel shorthands in `⟨refname⟩` and calls `\zref@refused`. However macro `\ziflastpage` is not expandable.

3.3.2 Example

```

1 ⟨*example-lastpage⟩
2 %<<END_EXAMPLE
3 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
4 \documentclass{report}
5
6 \newcounter{foo}
7 \renewcommand*{\thefoo}{\Alph{foo}}
8
9 \usepackage{zref-lastpage,zref-user}[2010/04/23]
10
11 \makeatletter
12 \zref@newprop{thefoo}{\thefoo}
13 \zref@newprop{valuefoo}{\the\value{foo}}
14 \zref@newprop{chapter}{\thechapter}
15 \zref@addprop{LastPage}{thefoo,valuefoo,chapter}
16 \makeatother
17
18 \newcommand*{\foo}{%
19   \stepcounter{foo}%
20   [Current foo: \thefoo]%
21 }
22
23 \begin{document}
24   \chapter{First chapter}
25   Last page is \zref{LastPage}.\
26   Last chapter is \zref[chapter]{LastPage}.\
27   Last foo is \zref[thefoo]{LastPage}.\
28   Last value of foo is \zref[valuefoo]{LastPage}.\
29   \foo
30   \chapter{Second chapter}
31   \foo\foo\foo
32   \chapter{Last chapter}
33   \foo
34 \end{document}
35 %END_EXAMPLE
36 ⟨/example-lastpage⟩

```

3.4 Module `thepage`

This module `thepage` loads module `abspage`, constructs a reference name using the absolute page number and remembers property `page`. Other properties can be added by adding them to the property list `thepage`.

`\zthepage {⟨absolute page number⟩}`

Macro `\zthepage` is basically a `\zpageref`. The reference name is yield by the `⟨absolute page number⟩`. If the reference is not defined, then the default for property `page` is used.

<code>\zref@thepage@name^{exp} {\langle absolute page number \rangle}</code>
--

Macro `\zref@thepage@name` returns the internal reference name that is constructed using the `\langle absolute page number \rangle`. The internal reference name should not be used directly, because it might change in future versions.

<code>\zref@thepage^{exp} {\langle absolute page number \rangle}</code> <code>\zref@thepage@refused {\langle absolute page number \rangle}</code>
--

Macro `\zref@thepage` returns the page number (`\thepage`) of `\langle absolute page number \rangle`. Because this macro is expandable, `\zref@thepage@refused` is used outside an expandable context to mark the reference as used.

3.5 Module `nextpage`

<code>\znexpage</code>

Macro `\znexpage` prints `\thepage` of the following page. It gets the current absolute page number by using a label. There are three cases for the next page:

1. The next page is not known yet because of undefined references. Then `\zunknownnextpagename` is used instead. The default for this macro is the default of property `page`.
2. This page is the last page. Then `\znonextpagename` is used. Its default is empty.
3. The next page is known, then `\thepage` of the next page is used (the value of property `page` of the next page).

3.5.1 Configuration

The behaviour can be configured by the following macros.

<code>\zunknownnextpagename</code> <code>\znonextpagename</code>

If the next page is not known or available, then `\znexpage` uses these name macros as default. `\zunknownnextpagename` is used in case of undefined references. Default is the value of property `page` of the next page (`\thepage`). Module `thepage` is used.

Macro `\znonextpagename` is used, if the next page does not exists. That means that the current page is last page. The default is empty.

<code>\znexpagesetup {\langle unknown \rangle} {\langle no next \rangle} {\langle next \rangle}</code>
--

According to the case (see `\znexpage`) macro `\znexpage` calls an internal macro with an argument. The argument is either `\thepage` of the next page or one of `\zunknownnextpagename` or `\znonextpagename`. These internal macro can be changed by `\znexpagesetup`. It expects the definition texts for these three cases of a macro with one argument. The default is

`\znexpagesetup{#1}{#1}{#1}`

3.5.2 Example

```
37 <*example-nextpage>
38 %<<END_EXAMPLE
39 \documentclass{book}
40
41 \usepackage{zref-nextpage}[2010/04/23]
42 \znextpagesetup
43   {\thepage}% next page is unknown
44   {\thepage\ (#1)}% this page is last page
45   {\thepage\ $\rightarrow$ #1}% next page is known
46 \renewcommand*{\znonextpagename}{last page}
47
48 \usepackage{fancyhdr}
49 \pagestyle{fancy}
50 \fancyhf{}
51 \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\znextpage}
52 \fancypagestyle{plain}{%
53   \fancyhf{}%
54   \fancyhead[LE,RO]{\znextpage}%
55 }
56
57 \begin{document}
58 \frontmatter
59   \tableofcontents
60 \mainmatter
61   \chapter{Hello World}
62   \clearpage
63   \section{Last section}
64 \end{document}
65 %END_EXAMPLE
66 </example-nextpage>
```

3.6 Module `totpages`

For the total number of pages of a document you need to know the absolute page number of the last page. Both modules `abspage` and `lastpage` are necessary and automatically enabled.

`\ztotpagesexp`

Prints the total number of pages or 0 if this number is not yet known. It expands to an explicit number and can also be used even in expandable calculations (`\numexpr`) or counter assignments.

3.7 Module `marks`

ToDo.

3.8 Module `runs`

Module `runs` counts the \LaTeX runs since last `.aux` file creation and prints the number in the `.log` file.

`\zrunsexp`

Prints the total number of \LaTeX runs including the current one. It expands to an explicit number. Before `\begin{document}` the value is zero meaning the `.aux` file is not read yet. If a previous `.aux` file exists, the value found there increased by one is the new number. Otherwise `\zruns` is set to one. \LaTeX runs where the `.aux` files are not rewritten are not counted (see `\nofiles`).

3.9 Module **perpage**

With `\@addtoreset` or `\numberwithin` a counter can be reset if another counter is incremented. This do not work well if the other counter is the page counter. The page counter is incremented in the output routine that is often called asynchronous somewhere on the next page. A reference mechanism costs at least two L^AT_EX runs, but ensures correct page counter values.

`\zmakeperpage [<reset>] {<counter>}`

At the of a new page counter *<counter>* starts counting with value *<reset>* (default is 1). The macro has the same syntax and semantics as `\MakePerPage` of package `perpage` [5]. Also `perpage` of package `footmisc` [1] can easily be simulated by

```
\zmakeperpage{footnote} % \usepackage[perpage]{footmisc}
```

If footnote symbols are used, some people dislike the first symbol †. It can easily be skipped:

```
\zmakeperpage[2]{footnote}
```

`\thezpage
counter zpage`

If the formatted counter value of the counter that is reset at a new page contains the page value, then you can use `\thezpage`, the page number of the current page. Or counter `zpage` can be used, if the page number should be formatted differently from the current page number. Example:

```
\newcounter{foobar}  
\zmakeperpage{foobar}  
\renewcommand*{\thefoobar}{\thezpage-\arabic{foobar}}  
% or  
\renewcommand*{\thefoobar}{\roman{zpage}-\arabic{foobar}}
```

`\zunmakeperpage {<counter>}`

The reset mechanism for this counter is deactivated.

3.10 Module **counter**

This option just add the property `counter` to the main property list. The property stores the counter name, that was responsible for the reference. This is the property `hyperref`'s `\autoref` feature uses. Thus this property `counter` may be useful for a reimplementaion of the `autoref` feature, see the section 4 with the `todo` list.

3.11 Module **titleref**

This option makes section and caption titles available to the reference system similar to packages `titleref` or `nameref`.

`\ztitleref {<refname>}babel`

Print the section or caption title of reference *<refname>*, similar to `\nameref` or `\titleref`.

`\ztitlerefsetup {key1=value1, key2=value2, ...}`

This command allows to configure the behaviour of module `titleref`. The following keys are available:

`title=<value>`

Sets the current title.

`stripperperiod=true|false`

Follow package `nameref` that removes a last period. Default: `true`.

`expand=true|false`

Package `\titleref` expands the title first. This way garbage and dangerous commands can be removed, e.g. `\label`, `\index...`. See implementation section for more details. Default is `false`.

`cleanup={...}`

Hook to add own cleanup code, if method `expand` is used. See implementation section for more details.

3.12 Module `savepos`

This option supports a feature that pdfTeX provides (and XeTeX). pdfTeX is able to tell the current position on the page. The page position is not instantly known. First the page must be constructed by TeX's asynchronous output routine. Thus the time where the position is known is the page shipout time. Thus a reference system where the information is recorded in the first run and made available for use in the second run comes in handy.

`\zsavepos {<refname>}`

It generates a reference with name `<refname>` to the location where the command is executed.

`\zposxexp {<refname>}`
`\zposyexp {<refname>}`

Get the position as number. Unit is sp. Horizontal positions by `\zposx` increase from left to right. Vertical positions by `\zposy` from bottom to top.

Do not rely on absolute page numbers. Because of problems with the origin the numbers may differ in DVI or PDF mode of pdfTeX. Therefore work with relative values by comparisons.

Both `\zposx` and `\zposy` are expandable and can be used inside calculations (`\setcounter`, `\addtocounter`, package `calc`, `\numexpr`). However this property prevents from notifying L^AT_EX that the reference is actually used (the notifying is not expandable). Therefore you should mark the reference as used by `\zrefused`.

This module uses pdfTeX's `\pdfsavepos`, `\pdflastxpos`, and `\pdflastypos`. They are available in PDF mode and since version 1.40.0 also in DVI mode.

3.13 Module `dotfill`

`\zdotfill`

This package provides the command `\zdotfill` that works similar to `\dotfill`, but can be configured. Especially it suppresses the dots if a minimum number of dots cannot be set.

`\zdotfillsetup {key1=value1, key2=value2, ...}`

This command allows to configure the behaviour of `\zdotfill`. The following keys are available:

min=*<count value>*

If the actual number of dots are smaller than *<count value>*, then the dots are suppressed. Default: 2.

unit=*<dimen value>*

The width of a dot unit is given by *<dimen value>*. Default: 0.44em (same as the unit in `\dotfill`).

dot=*<value>*

The dot itself is given by *<value>*. Default: . (dot, same as the dot in `\dotfill`).

3.14 Module `xr`

This package provides the functionality of package `xr`, see [8]. It also supports the syntax of `xr-hyper`.

`\zexternaldocument * [<prefix>]babel {<external document>} [<url>]`

See `\externaldocument` for a description of this option. The found labels also get a property `externaldocument` that remembers *<external document>*. The standard reference scheme and the scheme of this package use different name spaces for reference names. If the external document uses both systems. Then one import statement would put the names in one namespace and probably causing problems with multiple references of the same name. Thus the star form only looks for `\newlabel` in the `.aux` files, whereas without star only `\zref@newlabels` are used.

In the star form it tries to detect labels from `hyperref`, `titleref`, and `ntheorem`. If such an extended property from the packages before cannot be found or are empty, they are not included in the imported reference.

Warnings are given if a reference name is already in use and the item is ignored. Unknown properties will automatically be declared.

If the external references contain `anchor` properties, then we need also a url to be able to address the external file. As default the filename is taken with a default extension.

`\zxrsetup {key1=value1, key2=value2, ...}`

The following setup options are available:

ext: It sets the default extension.

tozreflabel: The found references are imported as `zref` labels. This is enabled by default.

toltxlabel: The found references are imported as \LaTeX labels. Packages `nameref`, `titleref` and class `memoir` are supported.

verbose: List the imported labels in the `.log` file. Default is `false`.

`\zref@xr@ext`

If the *<url>* is not specified in `\zref@externaldocument`, then the url will be constructed with the file name and this macro as extension. `\XR@ext` is used if `hyperref` is loaded, otherwise `pdf`.

4 ToDo

Among other things the following issues are left for future work:

- The user land macros are not checked for robustness yet. They can be fragile. If this happens, use `\protect` until a later version of this package. The `\protect` will not disturb, if the protected macro become robust in the future.
- Other applications: `autoref`, `hyperref`, ...

5 Example

```
67 \example
68 \documentclass{book}
69
70 \usepackage[ngerman]{babel}%
71
72 \usepackage[savepos,totpages,titleref,dotfill,counter,user]{zref}
73
```

Chapters are wrapped inside `\ChapterStart` and `\ChapterStop`. The first argument #1 of `\ChapterStart` is used to form a label id `chap:#1`. At the end of the chapter another label is set by `\zref@wrapper@immediate`, because otherwise at the end of document a deferred write would not be written, because there is no page for shipout.

Also this example shows how chapter titles can be recorded. A new property `chaptitle` is declared and added to the main property list. In `\ChapterStart` the current value of the property is updated.

```
74 \makeatletter
75 \zref@newprop{chaptitle}{}
76 \zref@addprop{main}{chaptitle}
77
78 \newcommand*{\ChapterStart}[2]{%
79   \cleardoublepage
80   \def\current@chapid{#1}%
81   \zref@setcurrent{chaptitle}{#2}%
82   \chapter{#2}%
83   \zlabel{chap:#1}%
84 }
85 \newcommand*{\ChapterStop}{%
86   \cleardoublepage
87   \zref@wrapper@immediate{%
88     \zref@labelbyprops{chapend:\current@chapid}{abspage}%
89   }%
90 }
```

`\ChapterPages` calculates and returns the number of pages of the referenced chapter.

```
91 \newcommand*{\ChapterPages}[1]{%
92   \zrefused{chap:#1}%
93   \zrefused{chapend:#1}%
94   \number\numexpr
95     \zref@extract{chapend:#1}{abspage}%
96     -\zref@extract{chap:#1}{abspage}%
97     +1\relax
98 }
99 \makeatother
100 \begin{document}
```

As exception we use `\makeatletter` here, because this is just an example file that also should show some of programmer's interface.

```

101 \makeatletter
102
103 \frontmatter
104 \zlabel{documentstart}
105
106 \begin{itemize}
107 \item
108   The frontmatter part has
109   \number\numexpr\zref@extract{chap:first}{abspage}-1\relax~pages.
110 \item
111   Chapter \zref{chap:first} has \ChapterPages{first} page(s).
112 \item
113   Section \zref{hello} is on the
114   \ifcase\numexpr
115     \zref@extractdefault{hello}{page}{0}%
116     -\zref@extractdefault{chap:first}{page}{0}%
117     +1\relax
118     ??\or first\or second\or third\or forth\fi
119   ~page inside its chapter.
120 \item
121   The document has
122   \zref[abspage]{LastPage} pages.
123   This number is \ifodd\ztotpages odd\else even\fi.
124 \item
125   The last page is labeled with \zpageref{LastPage}.
126 \item
127   The title of chapter \zref{chap:next} is ‘‘\zref[chaptitle]{chap:next}’’.
128 \end{itemize}
129
130 \tableofcontents
131
132 \mainmatter
133 \ChapterStart{first}{First chapter}
134

```

The user level commands should protect babel shorthands where possible. On the other side, expandable extracting macros are useful in calculations, see above the examples with `\numexpr`.

```

135 \section{Test}
136 \zlabel{a"o}
137 Section \zref{a"o} on page
138 \zref@wrapper@babel\zref@extract{a"o}{page}.
139
140 Text.
141 \newpage
142
143 \section{Hello World}
144 \zlabel{hello}
145
146 \ChapterStop
147
148 \ChapterStart{next}{Next chapter with \emph{umlauts}: "a"o"u"s}
149

```

Here an example follows that makes use of pdfTeX’s “savepos” feature. The position on the page is not known before the page is constructed and shipped out. Therefore the position is stored in references and are available for calculations in the next L^AT_EX compile run.

```

150 The width of the first column is
151 \the\dimexpr \zposx{secondcol}sp - \zposx{firstcol}sp\relax,\!
152 the height difference of the two baselines is
153 \the\dimexpr \zposy{firstcol}sp - \zposy{secondline}sp\relax:\!
154 \begin{tabular}{ll}

```

```

155 \zsavepos{firstcol}Hello&\zsavepos{secondcol}World\\
156 \zsavepos{secondline}Second line&foobar\\
157 \end{tabular}
158

```

With `\zrefused` L^AT_EX is notified, if the references are not yet available and L^AT_EX can generate the rerun hint.

```

159 \zrefused{firstcol}
160 \zrefused{secondcol}
161 \zrefused{secondline}
162
163 \ChapterStop
Test for module \dotfill.
164 \ChapterStart{dotfill}{Test for dotfill feature}
165 \newcommand*{\dfptest}[1]{%
166   #1&
167   [\makebox[#1]{\dotfill}]&
168   [\makebox[#1]{\zdotfill}]\}
169 }
170 \begin{tabular}{rll}
171 & [\verb|\dotfill|] & [\verb|\zdotfill|]\}
172 \dfptest{0.43em}
173 \dfptest{0.44em}
174 \dfptest{0.45em}
175 \dfptest{0.87em}
176 \dfptest{0.88em}
177 \dfptest{0.89em}
178 \dfptest{1.31em}
179 \dfptest{1.32em}
180 \dfptest{1.33em}
181 \end{tabular}
182 \ChapterStop
183 \end{document}
184 \</example>

```

6 Implementation

6.1 Package zref

6.1.1 Identification

```

185 <*package>
186 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
187 \ProvidesPackage{zref}
188 [2010/04/23 v2.15 New reference scheme for LaTeX2e (HO)]%

```

6.1.2 Load basic module

```

189 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]

```

Abort package loading if zref-base could not be loaded successfully.

```

190 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

6.1.3 Process options

Known modules are loaded and the release date is checked.

```

191 \def\ZREF@temp#1{%
192   \DeclareOption{#1}{%
193     \AtEndOfPackage{%
194       \RequirePackage{zref-#1}[2010/04/23]%
195     }%
196   }%
197 }
198 \ZREF@temp{abspage}
199 \ZREF@temp{counter}

```

```

200 \ZREF@temp{dotfill}
201 \ZREF@temp{hyperref}
202 \ZREF@temp{lastpage}
203 \ZREF@temp{perpage}
204 \ZREF@temp{savepos}
205 \ZREF@temp{titleref}
206 \ZREF@temp{totpages}
207 \ZREF@temp{user}
208 \ZREF@temp{xr}

209 \ProcessOptions\relax
210 \</package>

```

6.2 Module base

6.2.1 Prefixes

This package uses the following prefixes for macro names:

\zref@: Macros of the programmer's interface.

\ZREF@: Internal macros.

\Z@L@listname: The properties of the list *<listname>*.

\Z@D@propname: The default value for property *<propname>*.

\Z@E@propname: Extract function for property *<propname>*.

\Z@X@propname: Information whether a property value for property *<propname>* is expanded immediately or at shipout time.

\Z@C@propname: Current value of the property *<propname>*.

\Z@R@labelname: Data for reference *<labelname>*.

\ZREF@org@: Original versions of patched commands.

\z: For macros in user land, defined if module *user* is set.

The following family names are used for keys defined according to the *keyval* package:

ZREF@TR: Setup for module *titleref*.

6.2.2 Identification

```

211 <*base>
212 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
213 \ProvidesPackage{zref-base}%
214 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module base for zref (H0)]%

```

6.2.3 Utilities

```

215 \RequirePackage{ltxcmds}[2010/03/01]
216 \RequirePackage{kvsetkeys}[2010/03/01]

```

\ZREF@name Several times the package name is used, thus we store it in **\ZREF@name**.

```

217 \def\ZREF@name{zref}

```

\ZREF@UpdatePdfTeX **\ZREF@UpdatePdfTeX** is used as help message text in error messages.

```

218 \def\ZREF@UpdatePdfTeX{Update pdfTeX.}

```

\ifZREF@found The following switch is used in list processing.

```

219 \newif\ifZREF@found

```

`\ZREF@patch` Macro `\ZREF@patch` first checks the existence of the command and safes it.

```

220 \def\ZREF@patch#1{%
221   \ltx@ifundefined{#1}{%
222     \ltx@gobble
223   }{%
224     \expandafter\let\csname ZREF@org@#1\expandafter\endcsname
225     \csname #1\endcsname
226     \ltx@firstofone
227   }%
228 }
```

6.2.4 Check for ε -TeX

The use of ε -TeX should be standard nowadays for L^AT_EX. We test for ε -TeX in order to use its features later.

```

229 \ltx@ifundefined{eTeXversion}{%
230   \PackageError\ZREF@name{%
231     Missing support for eTeX; package is abandoned%
232   }{%
233     Use a TeX compiler that support eTeX and enable eTeX %
234     in the format.%
235   }%
236   \endinput
237 }{}%

238 \RequirePackage{etexcmds}[2007/09/09]
239 \ifetex@unexpanded
240 \else
241   \PackageError\ZREF@name{%
242     Missing e-TeX's \string\unexpanded.\MessageBreak
243     Add \string\RequirePackage\string{etexcmds\string} before %
244     \string\documentclass%
245   }{%
246     Probably you are using some package (e.g. ConTeXt) that %
247     redefines \string\unexpanded%
248   }%
249   \expandafter\endinput
250 \fi
```

6.2.5 Auxiliary file stuff

We are using some commands in the `.aux` files. However sometimes these auxiliary files are interpreted by L^AT_EX processes that haven't loaded this package (e.g. package `xr`). Therefore we provide dummy definitions.

```

251 \RequirePackage{auxhook}
252 \AddLineBeginAux{%
253   \string\providecommand\string\zref@newlabel[2]{}%
254 }
```

`\zref@newlabel` For the implementation of `\zref@newlabel` we call the same internal macro `\@newl@bel` that is used in `\newlabel`. Thus we have for free:

- `\Z@R@labelname` is defined.
- L^AT_EX's check for multiple references.
- L^AT_EX's check for changed references.

```

255 \def\zref@newlabel{%
256   \@newl@bel{Z@R}%
257 }
```

6.2.6 Property lists

`\zref@newlist` Property lists are stored as list of property names enclosed in curly braces. `\zref@newlist` creates a new list as empty list. Assignments to property lists are global.

```

258 \def\zref@newlist#1{%
259   \zref@iflistundefined{#1}{%
260     \ifdefinable{Z@L@#1}{%
261       \global\expandafter\let\csname Z@L@#1\endcsname\@empty
262       \PackageInfo{zref}{New property list: #1}%
263     }%
264   }{%
265     \PackageError{ZREF@name}{
266       Property list ‘#1’ already exists%
267     }\@ehc
268   }%
269 }
```

`\zref@iflistundefined` `\zref@iflistundefined` checks the existence of the property list #1. If the property list is present, then #2 is executed and #3 otherwise.

```

270 \def\zref@iflistundefined#1{%
271   \ltx@ifundefined{Z@L@#1}%
272 }
```

`\zref@listexists` `\zref@listexists` only executes #2 if the property list #1 exists and raises an error message otherwise.

```

273 \def\zref@listexists#1{%
274   \zref@iflistundefined{#1}{%
275     \PackageError{ZREF@name}{
276       Property list ‘#1’ does not exist%
277     }\@ehc
278   }%
279 }
```

`\zref@iflistcontainsprop` `\zref@iflistcontainsprop` checks, whether a property #2 is already present in a property list #1.

```

280 \def\zref@iflistcontainsprop#1{%
281   \zref@iflistundefined{#1}{%
282     \expandafter\ltx@secondoftwo\@gobble
283   }{%
284     \expandafter\ZREF@iflistcontainsprop\csname Z@L@#1\endcsname
285   }%
286 }
287 \def\ZREF@iflistcontainsprop#1#2{%
288   \begingroup
289   \ZREF@foundfalse
290   \edef\y{#2}%
291   \expandafter\@tfor\expandafter\x
292   \expandafter:\expandafter=#1\do{%
293     \edef\x{\x}%
294     \ifx\x\y
295       \ZREF@foundtrue
296     \fi
297   }%
298   \expandafter\endgroup
299   \ifZREF@found
300     \expandafter\ltx@firstoftwo
301   \else
302     \expandafter\ltx@secondoftwo
303   \fi
304 }
```

`\zref@listforloop`

```

305 \def\zref@listforloop#1#2{%
306   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@tfor
307   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\zref@prop
308   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter:%
309   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter=%
310   \csname Z@L@#1\endcsname
311   \do{%
312     #2\zref@prop
313   }%
314 }

```

`\zref@addprop` `\zref@addprop` adds the property `#2` to the property list `#1`, if the property is not already in the list. Otherwise a warning is given.

```

315 \def\zref@addprop#1#2{%
316   \zref@listexists{#1}{%
317     \comma@parse{#2}{%
318       \zref@propexists\comma@entry{%
319         \zref@iflistcontainsprop{#1}\comma@entry{%
320           \PackageWarning\ZREF@name{%
321             Property ‘\comma@entry’ is already in list ‘#1’%
322           }%
323         }{%
324           \edef\comma@entry{\comma@entry}%
325           \expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname Z@L@#1\expandafter\endcsname
326           \expandafter{\expandafter{\comma@entry}}%
327         }%
328       }%
329     \ltx@gobble
330   }%
331 }%
332 }

```

`\zref@localaddprop`

```

333 \def\zref@localaddprop#1#2{%
334   \zref@listexists{#1}{%
335     \comma@parse{#2}{%
336       \zref@propexists\comma@entry{%
337         \zref@iflistcontainsprop{#1}\comma@entry{%
338           \PackageWarning\ZREF@name{%
339             Property ‘\comma@entry’ is already in list ‘#1’%
340           }%
341         }{%
342           \edef\comma@entry{\comma@entry}%
343           \expandafter\ltx@LocalAppendToMacro
344           \csname Z@L@#1\expandafter\endcsname
345           \expandafter{\expandafter{\comma@entry}}%
346         }%
347       }%
348     \ltx@gobble
349   }%
350 }%
351 }

```

6.2.7 Properties

`\zref@ifpropundefined` `\zref@ifpropundefined` checks the existence of the property `#1`. If the property is present, then `#2` is executed and `#3` otherwise.

```

352 \def\zref@ifpropundefined#1{%
353   \ltx@ifundefined{Z@E@#1}%
354 }

```

`\zref@propexists` Some macros rely on the existence of a property. `\zref@propexists` only executes #2 if the property #1 exists and raises an error message otherwise.

```

355 \def\zref@propexists#1{%
356   \zref@ifpropundefined{#1}{%
357     \PackageError\ZREF@name{%
358       Property ‘#1’ does not exist%
359     }\@ehc
360   }%
361 }

```

`\zref@newprop` A new property is declared by `\zref@newprop`, the property name $\langle propname \rangle$ is given in #1. The property is created and configured. If the star form is given, then the expansion of the property value is delayed to page shipout time, when the reference is written to the .aux file.

`\Z@D@propname`: Stores the default value for this property.

`\Z@E@propname`: Extract function.

`\Z@X@propname`: Information whether the expansion of the property value is delayed to shipout time.

`\Z@C@propname`: Current value of the property.

```

362 \def\zref@newprop{%
363   \@ifstar{%
364     \let\ZREF@X\noexpand
365     \ZREF@newprop
366   }{%
367     \let\ZREF@X\@empty
368     \ZREF@newprop
369   }%
370 }
371 \def\ZREF@newprop#1{%
372   \PackageInfo{zref}{New property: #1}%
373   \def\ZREF@P{#1}%
374   \ifnextchar[\ZREF@@newprop{\ZREF@@newprop[\zref@default]}%
375 }
376 \def\ZREF@@newprop[#1]{%
377   \global\@namedef{Z@D@\ZREF@P}{#1}%
378   \global\expandafter\let\csname Z@X@\ZREF@P\endcsname\ZREF@X
379   \expandafter\ZREF@@@newprop\csname\ZREF@P\endcsname
380   \expandafter\gdef\csname Z@C@\ZREF@P\endcsname{}%
381   \zref@setcurrent\ZREF@P
382 }
383 \def\ZREF@@@newprop#1{%
384   \expandafter\gdef\csname Z@E@\ZREF@P\endcsname##1#1##2##3\ZREF@nil{##2}%
385 }

```

`\zref@setcurrent` `\zref@setcurrent` sets the current value for a property.

```

386 \def\zref@setcurrent#1#2{%
387   \zref@propexists{#1}{%
388     \expandafter\def\csname Z@C@#1\endcsname{#2}%
389   }%
390 }

```

`\ZREF@getcurrent` `\zref@getcurrent` gets the current value for a property.

```

391 \def\ZREF@getcurrent#1{%
392   \romannumeral0%
393   \ltx@ifundefined{Z@C@#1}{%
394     \ltx@space
395   }{%
396     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ltx@space

```



```

397     \csname Z@C@#1\endcsname
398 }%
399 }

```

`\ZREF@u@getcurrent`

```

400 \def\ZREF@wu@getcurrent#1{%
401   \etex@unexpanded\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
402     \ZREF@getcurrent{#1}%
403   }%
404 }

```

`\zref@getcurrent`

```

405 \let\zref@getcurrent\ZREF@getcurrent

```

6.2.8 Reference generation

`\zref@label` Label macro that uses the main property list.

```

406 \def\zref@label#1{%
407   \zref@labelbylist{#1}\ZREF@mainlist
408 }

```

`\zref@labelbylist` Label macro that stores the properties, specified in the property list #2.

```

409 \def\zref@labelbylist#1#2{%
410   \@bsphack
411   \zref@listexists{#2}{%
412     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ZREF@label
413     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
414       \csname Z@L@#2\endcsname
415     }{#1}%
416   }%
417   \@esphack
418 }

```

`\zref@labelbyprops` The properties are directly specified in a comma separated list.

```

419 \def\zref@labelbyprops#1#2{%
420   \@bsphack
421   \begingroup
422   \edef\l{#2}%
423   \toks@{}%
424   \@for\x:=#2\do{%
425     \zref@ifpropundefined{\x}{%
426       \PackageWarning\ZREF@name{%
427         Property ‘\x’ is not known%
428       }%
429     }{%
430       \toks@\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
431         \expandafter\the\expandafter\toks@\expandafter{\x}%
432       }%
433     }%
434   }%
435   \expandafter\endgroup
436   \expandafter\ZREF@label\expandafter{\the\toks@}{#1}%
437   \@esphack
438 }

```

`\ifZREF@immediate` The switch `\ifZREF@immediate` tells us, whether the label should be written immediately or at page shipout time. `\ZREF@label` need to be notified about this, because it must disable the deferred execution of property values, if the label is written immediately.

```

439 \newif\ifZREF@immediate

```

`\zref@wrapper@immediate` The argument of `\zref@wrapper@immediate` is executed inside a group where `\write` is redefined by adding `\immediate` before its execution. Also `\ZREF@label` is notified via the switch `\ifZREF@immediate`.

```

440 \long\def\zref@wrapper@immediate#1{%
441   \begingroup
442     \ZREF@immediatetrue
443     \let\ZREF@org@write\write
444     \def\write{\immediate\ZREF@org@write}%
445     #1%
446   \endgroup
447 }

```

`\ZREF@label` `\ZREF@label` writes the data in the `.aux` file. `#1` contains the list of valid properties, `#2` the name of the reference. In case of immediate writing, the deferred execution of property values is disabled. Also `\ZREF@label` is made expandable in this case.

```

448 \def\ZREF@label#1#2{%
449   \if@filesw
450     \begingroup
451       \ifZREF@immediate
452         \let\ZREF@org@thepage\thepage
453       \fi
454       \protected@write\@auxout{%
455         \ifZREF@immediate
456           \let\thepage\ZREF@org@thepage
457         \fi
458         \let\ZREF@temp\@empty
459         \@tfor\ZREF@P:=#1\do{%
460           \expandafter\ifx
461             \csname\ifZREF@immediate relax\else Z@X@\ZREF@P\fi\endcsname
462             \noexpand
463           \expandafter\let\csname Z@C@\ZREF@P\endcsname\relax
464         \fi
465         \toks@{\expandafter{\ZREF@temp}}%
466         \edef\ZREF@temp{%
467           \the\toks@
468           \expandafter\string\csname\ZREF@P\endcsname{%
469             \expandafter\noexpand\csname Z@C@\ZREF@P\endcsname
470           }%
471         }%
472       }%
473     }{%
474       \string\zref@newlabel{#2}{\ZREF@temp}%
475     }%
476   \endgroup
477 \fi
478 }
479 \def\ZREF@addtoks#1{%
480   \toks@\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
481     \expandafter\the\expandafter\toks@#1%
482   }%
483 }

```

6.2.9 Reference querying and extracting

Design goal for the extracting macros is that the extraction process is full expandable. Thus these macros can be used in expandable contexts. But there are problems that cannot be solved by full expandable macros:

- In standard L^AT_EX undefined references sets a flag and generate a warning. Both actions are not expandable.
- Babel's support for its shorthand uses commands that use non-expandable assignments. However currently there is hope, that primitives are added

to pdf \TeX that allows the detection of contexts. Then the shorthand can detect, if they are executed inside `\csname` and protect themselves automatically.

`\zref@ifrefundefined` If a reference #1 is undefined, then macro `\zref@ifrefundefined` calls #2 and #3 otherwise.

```
484 \def\zref@ifrefundefined#1{%
485   \ltx@ifundefined{Z@R@#1}%
486 }
```

`\zifrefundefined` If a reference #1 is undefined, then macro `\zref@ifrefundefined` calls #2 and #3 otherwise. Also the reference is marked used.

```
487 \newcommand*{\zifrefundefined}[1]{%
488   \zref@wrapper@babel\ZREF@ifrefundefined{#1}%
489 }
```

`\ZREF@ifrefundefined`

```
490 \def\ZREF@ifrefundefined#1{%
491   \zref@refused{#1}%
492   \zref@ifrefundefined{#1}%
493 }
```

`\zref@refused` The problem with undefined references is addressed by the macro `\zref@refused`. This can be used outside the expandable context. In case of an undefined reference the flag is set to notify L^AT_EX and a warning is given.

```
494 \def\zref@refused#1{%
495   \zref@wrapper@babel\ZREF@refused{#1}%
496 }
```

`\ZREF@refused`

```
497 \def\ZREF@refused#1{%
498   \zref@ifrefundefined{#1}{%
499     \protect\G@refundefinedtrue
500     \@latex@warning{%
501       Reference ‘#1’ on page \thepage \space undefined%
502     }%
503   }{}%
504 }
```

`\zref@ifrefcontainsprop` `\zref@ifrefcontainsprop` looks, if the reference #1 has the property #2 and calls then #3 and #4 otherwise.

```
505 \def\zref@ifrefcontainsprop#1#2{%
506   \zref@ifrefundefined{#1}{%
507     \ltx@secondoftwo
508   }{%
509     \expandafter\ZREF@ifrefcontainsprop
510     \csname Z@E@#2\expandafter\endcsname
511     \csname#2\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
512     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
513       \csname Z@R@#1\endcsname
514     }%
515   }%
516 }
517 \def\ZREF@ifrefcontainsprop#1#2#3{%
518   \expandafter\ifx\expandafter\ZREF@novalue
519   #1#3#2\ZREF@novalue\ZREF@nil\@empty
520   \expandafter\ltx@secondoftwo
521   \else
522   \expandafter\ltx@firstoftwo
523   \fi
524 }
525 \def\ZREF@novalue{\ZREF@NOVALUE}
```

`\zref@extract` `\zref@extract` is an abbreviation for the case that the default of the property is used as default value.

```

526 \def\ZREF@extract#1#2{%
527   \romannumeral0%
528   \ltx@ifundefined{Z@D@#2}{%
529     \expandafter\ltx@space\zref@default
530   }{%
531     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ZREF@@extract
532     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
533       \csname Z@D@#2\endcsname
534     }{#1}{#2}%
535   }%
536 }

```

`\ZREF@@extract`

```

537 \def\ZREF@@extract#1#2#3{%
538   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ltx@space
539   \zref@extractdefault{#2}{#3}{#1}%
540 }

```

`\ZREF@wu@extract`

```

541 \def\ZREF@wu@extract#1#2{%
542   \etex@unexpanded\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
543     \ZREF@extract{#1}{#2}%
544   }%
545 }

```

`\zref@extract`

```

546 \let\zref@extract\ZREF@extract

```

`\ZREF@extractdefault` The basic extracting macro is `\zref@extractdefault` with the reference name in #1, the property in #2 and the default value in #3 in case for problems.

```

547 \def\ZREF@extractdefault#1#2#3{%
548   \romannumeral0%
549   \zref@ifrefundefined{#1}\ltx@firstoftwo{%
550     \zref@ifpropundefined{#2}\ltx@firstoftwo\ltx@secondoftwo
551   }{%
552     \ltx@space
553     #3%
554   }{%
555     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ltx@space
556     \csname Z@E@#2\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
557     \csname Z@R@#1\expandafter\endcsname
558     \csname#2\endcsname{#3}\ZREF@nil
559   }%
560 }

```

`\ZREF@wu@extractdefault`

```

561 \def\ZREF@wu@extractdefault#1#2#3{%
562   \etex@unexpanded\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
563     \ZREF@extractdefault{#1}{#2}{#3}%
564   }%
565 }

```

`\zref@extractdefault`

```

566 \let\zref@extractdefault\ZREF@extractdefault

```

`\ZREF@wrapper@unexpanded`

```

567 \long\def\ZREF@wrapper@unexpanded#1{%
568   \let\zref@wrapper@unexpanded\ltx@firstofone

```

```

569 \let\zref@getcurrent\ZREF@wu@getcurrent
570 \let\zref@extractdefault\ZREF@wu@extractdefault
571 \let\zref@extract\ZREF@wu@extract
572 #1%
573 \let\zref@wrapper@unexpanded\ZREF@wrapper@unexpanded
574 \let\zref@getcurrent\ZREF@getcurrent
575 \let\zref@extractdefault\ZREF@extractdefault
576 \let\zref@extract\ZREF@extract
577 }

```

`\zref@wrapper@unexpanded`

```

578 \ltx@ifundefined{etex@unexpanded}{%
579 \let\zref@wrapper@unexpanded\ltx@firstofone
580 }{%
581 \let\zref@wrapper@unexpanded\ZREF@wrapper@unexpanded
582 }

```

6.2.10 Compatibility with babel

`\zref@wrapper@babel`

```

583 \long\def\zref@wrapper@babel#1#2{%
584 \ifcsname if@safe@actives\endcsname
585 \expandafter\ltx@firstofone
586 \else
587 \expandafter\ltx@secondoftwo
588 \fi
589 {%
590 \if@safe@actives
591 \expandafter\ltx@secondoftwo
592 \else
593 \expandafter\ltx@firstoftwo
594 \fi
595 {%
596 \begingroup
597 \csname @safe@activestrue\endcsname
598 \edef\x{#2}%
599 \expandafter\endgroup
600 \expandafter\ZREF@wrapper@babel\expandafter{\x}{#1}%
601 }%
602 }{%
603 #1{#2}%
604 }%
605 }
606 \long\def\ZREF@wrapper@babel#1#2{%
607 #2{#1}%
608 }

```

6.2.11 Unique counter support

`\zref@require@unique` Generate the counter `zref@unique` if the counter does not already exist.

```

609 \def\zref@require@unique{%
610 \ifundefined{c@zref@unique}{%
611 \begingroup
612 \let\@addtoreset\ltx@gobbletwo
613 \newcounter{zref@unique}%
614 \endgroup

```

`\thezref@unique` `\thezref@unique` is used for automatically generated unique labelnames.

```

615 \renewcommand*{\thezref@unique}{%
616 zref@number\c@zref@unique
617 }%

```

```

618 }{}%
619 }

```

6.2.12 Utilities

```

\ZREF@number

620 \ltx@ifundefined{numexpr}{%
621   \let\ZREF@number\number
622 }{%
623   \def\ZREF@number#1{\the\numexpr#1}%
624 }

```

6.2.13 Setup

`\zref@setdefault` Standard L^AT_EX prints “??” in bold face if a reference is not known. `\zref@default` holds the text that is printed in case of unknown references and is used, if the default was not specified during the definition of the new property by `\ref@newprop`. The global default value can be set by `\zref@setdefault`.

```

625 \def\zref@setdefault#1{%
626   \def\zref@default{#1}%
627 }

```

`\zref@default` Now we initialize `\zref@default` with the same value that L^AT_EX uses for its undefined references.

```

628 \zref@setdefault{%
629   \nfss@text{\reset@font\bfseries ??}%
630 }

```

Main property list.

`\zref@setmainlist` The name of the default property list is stored in `\ZREF@mainlist` and can be set by `\zref@setmainlist`.

```

631 \def\zref@setmainlist#1{%
632   \def\ZREF@mainlist{#1}%
633 }
634 \zref@setmainlist{main}

```

Now we create the list.

```

635 \zref@newlist\ZREF@mainlist

```

Main properties. The two properties `default` and `page` are created and added to the main property list. They store the data that standard L^AT_EX uses in its references created by `\label`.

`default` the apperance of the latest counter that is incremented by `\refstepcounter`

`page` the apperance of the page counter

```

636 \zref@newprop{default}{\@currentlabel}
637 \zref@newprop*{page}{\thepage}
638 \zref@addprop\ZREF@mainlist{default,page}

```

Mark successful loading

```

639 \let\ZREF@baseok\@empty
640 </base>

```

6.3 Module user

```

641 <*user>
642 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
643 \ProvidesPackage{zref-user}%
644 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module user for zref (H0)]%
645 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
646 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

Module `user` enables a small user interface. All macros are prefixed by `\z`.

First we define the pendants to the standard L^AT_EX referencing commands `\label`, `\ref`, and `\pageref`.

\zlabel Similar to `\label` the macro `\zlabel` writes a reference entry in the `.aux` file. The main property list is used. Also we add the babel patch. The `\label` command can also be used inside section titles, but it must not go into the table of contents. Therefore we have to check this situation.

```

647 \newcommand*\zlabel{%
648   \ifx\label\ltx@gobble
649     \expandafter\ltx@gobble
650   \else
651     \expandafter\zref@wrapper@babel\expandafter\zref@label
652   \fi
653 }%

```

\zref Macro `\zref` is the corresponding macro for `\ref`. Also it provides an optional argument in order to select another property.

```

654 \newcommand*\zref}[2][default]{%
655   \zref@propexists{#1}{%
656     \zref@wrapper@babel\ZREF@zref{#2}{#1}%
657   }%
658 }%
659 \def\ZREF@zref#1{%
660   \zref@refused{#1}%
661   \zref@extract{#1}%
662 }%

```

\zpageref For macro `\zpageref` we just call `\zref` with property `page`.

```

663 \newcommand*\zpageref{%
664   \zref[page]%
665 }%

```

\zrefused For the following expandible user macros `\zrefused` should be used to notify L^AT_EX in case of undefined references.

```

666 \newcommand*\zrefused{\zref@refused}%

667 </user>

```

6.4 Module abspage

```

668 <*abspage>
669 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
670 \ProvidesPackage{zref-abspage}%
671 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module abspage for zref (H0)]%
672 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
673 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

Module `abspage` adds a new property `abspage` to the main property list for absolute page numbers. These are recorded by the help of package `atbegshi`.

```

674 \RequirePackage{atbegshi}%

```

The counter `abspage` must not go in the clear list of `@ckpt` that is used to set counters in `.aux` files of included T_EX files.

```

675 \begingroup

```

```

676 \let\@addtoreset\ltx@gobbletwo
677 \newcounter{abspage}%
678 \endgroup
679 \setcounter{abspage}{0}%
680 \AtBeginShipout{%
681 \stepcounter{abspage}%
682 }%
683 \zref@newprop*{abspage}[0]{\the\c@abspage}%
684 \zref@addprop\ZREF@mainlist{abspage}%

```

Note that counter `abspage` shows the previous page during page processing. Before shipout the counter is incremented. Thus the property is correctly written with deferred writing. If the counter is written using `\zref@wrapper@immediate`, then the number is too small by one.

```

685 \end{abspage}

```

6.5 Module counter

```

686 \*counter
687 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
688 \ProvidesPackage{zref-counter}%
689 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module counter for zref (HO)]%
690 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
691 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

For features such as `hyperref`'s `\autoref` we need the name of the counter. The property `counter` is defined and added to the main property list.

```

692 \zref@newprop{counter}{}
693 \zref@addprop\ZREF@mainlist{counter}

```

`\refstepcounter` is the central macro where we know which counter is responsible for the reference.

```

694 \AtBeginDocument{%
695 \ZREF@patch{refstepcounter}{%
696 \def\refstepcounter#1{%
697 \zref@setcurrent{counter}{#1}%
698 \ZREF@org@refstepcounter{#1}%
699 }%
700 }%
701 }
702 \end{counter}

```

6.6 Module lastpage

```

703 \*lastpage
704 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
705 \ProvidesPackage{zref-lastpage}%
706 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module lastpage for zref (HO)]%
707 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
708 \RequirePackage{zref-abspage}[2010/04/23]
709 \RequirePackage{atveryend}[2009/12/07]
710 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

The module `lastpage` implements the service of package `lastpage` by setting a reference `LastPage` at the end of the document. If module `abspage` is given, also the absolute page number is available, because the properties of the main property list are used.

```

711 \zref@newlist{LastPage}
712 \AfterLastShipout{%
713 \if@filesw
714 \begingroup
715 \advance\c@page\m@ne
716 \toks@\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
717 \expandafter\Z@L@main
718 \Z@L@LastPage

```



```

719     }%
720     \expandafter\zref@wrapper@immediate\expandafter{%
721         \expandafter\ZREF@label\expandafter{\the\toks@}{LastPage}%
722     }%
723     \endgroup
724     \fi
725 }

\zref@iflastpage

726 \def\zref@iflastpage#1{%
727     \ifnum\zref@extractdefault{#1}{abspage}{-1}=%
728         \zref@extractdefault{LastPage}{abspage}{-2} %
729     \expandafter\ltx@firstoftwo
730     \else
731     \expandafter\ltx@secondoftwo
732     \fi
733 }

\ziflastpage

734 \newcommand*{\ziflastpage}{%
735     \zref@wrapper@babel\ZREF@iflastpage
736 }

ZREF@iflastpage

737 \def\ZREF@iflastpage#1{%
738     \zref@refused{LastPage}%
739     \zref@refused{#1}%
740     \zref@iflastpage{#1}%
741 }

742 </lastpage>

```

6.7 Module thepage

```

743 <*thepage>
744 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
745 \ProvidesPackage{zref-thepage}%
746 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module thepage for zref (HO)]%
747 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
748 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

749 \RequirePackage{atbegshi}
750 \RequirePackage{zref-abspage}[2010/04/23]

751 \zref@newlist{thepage}
752 \zref@addprop{thepage}{page}
753 \AtBeginShipout{%
754     \zref@wrapper@immediate{%
755         \zref@labelbylist{thepage\the\value{abspage}}{thepage}%
756     }%
757 }

\zref@thepage@name

758 \ltx@ifundefined{numexpr}{%
759     \def\zref@thepage@name#1{thepage\number#1}%
760 }{%
761     \def\zref@thepage@name#1{thepage\the\numexpr#1}%
762 }

\zref@thepage

763 \def\zref@thepage#1{%
764     \zref@extract{\zref@thepage@name{#1}}{page}%
765 }%

```

\zref@thepage@refused

```

766 \def\zref@thepage@refused#1{%
767   \zref@thepage@refused{\zref@thepage@name{#1}}%
768 }%

```

\zthepage

```

769 \newcommand*{\zthepage}[1]{%
770   \zref@thepage@refused{#1}%
771   \zref@thepage{#1}%
772 }

```

```

773 \</thepage>

```

6.8 Module nextpage

```

774 \<*nextpage>
775 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
776 \ProvidesPackage{zref-nextpage}%
777   [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module nextpage for zref (HO)]%
778 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
779 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

780 \RequirePackage{zref-abstract}[2010/04/23]
781 \RequirePackage{zref-thepage}[2010/04/23]
782 \RequirePackage{zref-lastpage}[2010/04/23]
783 \RequirePackage{uniquecounter}[2009/12/18]

784 \UniqueCounterNew{znnextpage}
785
786 \newcommand*{\znnextpagesetup}{%
787   \afterassignment\ZREF@np@setup@i
788   \def\ZREF@np@call@unknown##1%
789 }
790 \def\ZREF@np@setup@i{%
791   \afterassignment\ZREF@np@setup@ii
792   \def\ZREF@np@call@nonext##1%
793 }
794 \def\ZREF@np@setup@ii{%
795   \def\ZREF@np@call@next##1%
796 }
797 \def\ZREF@np@call@unknown#1{#1}
798 \def\ZREF@np@call@nonext#1{#1}
799 \def\ZREF@np@call@next#1{#1}
800 \newcommand*{\znnextpage}{%
801   \UniqueCounterCall{znnextpage}{\ZREF@nextpage}%
802 }
803 \newcommand*{\znonextpagename}{}
804 \newcommand*{\zunknownnextpagename}{\Z@D@page}
805 \def\ZREF@nextpage#1{%
806   \begingroup
807     \def\ZREF@refname@this{\zref@np#1}%
808     \zref@labelbyprops\ZREF@refname@this{abstract}%
809     \chardef\ZREF@call=0 % unknown
810     \ZREF@ifrefundefined\ZREF@refname@this{%
811       {%
812         \edef\ZREF@pagenum@this{%
813           \zref@extractdefault\ZREF@refname@this{abstract}{0}%
814         }%
815         \edef\ZREF@refname@next{%
816           \zref@thepage@name{%
817             \the\numexpr\ZREF@pagenum@this+1%
818           }%
819         }%

```

```

820     \ifnum\ZREF@pagenum@this>0 %
821     \ZREF@ifrefundefined{LastPage}{%
822     \zref@ifrefundefined\ZREF@refname@next{%
823     }{%
824     \chardef\ZREF@call=2 % next page
825     }%
826     }{%
827     \edef\ZREF@pagenum@last{%
828     \zref@extractdefault{LastPage}{abspage}{0}%
829     }%
830     \ifnum\ZREF@pagenum@this<\ZREF@pagenum@last\ltx@space
831     \ZREF@ifrefundefined\ZREF@refname@next{%
832     }{%
833     \chardef\ZREF@call=2 % next page
834     }%
835     \else
836     \ifnum\ZREF@pagenum@this=\ZREF@pagenum@this\ltx@space
837     \chardef\ZREF@call=1 % no next page
838     \fi
839     \fi
840     }%
841     \fi
842     }%
843     \edef\x{%
844     \endgroup
845     \ifcase\ZREF@call
846     \noexpand\ZREF@np@call@unknown{%
847     \noexpand\zunknownnextpagename
848     }%
849     \or
850     \noexpand\ZREF@np@call@nonext{%
851     \noexpand\znonextpagename
852     }%
853     \else
854     \noexpand\ZREF@np@call@next{%
855     \noexpand\zref@extract{\ZREF@refname@next}{page}%
856     }%
857     \fi
858     }%
859     \x
860 }
861 </nextpage>

```

6.9 Module `totpages`

```

862 <*totpages>
863 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
864 \ProvidesPackage{zref-totpages}%
865 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module totpages for zref (H0)]%
866 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
867 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

The absolute page number of the last page is the total page number.

```

868 \RequirePackage{zref-abspage}[2010/04/23]
869 \RequirePackage{zref-lastpage}[2010/04/23]

```

`\ztotpages` Macro `\ztotpages` contains the number of pages. It can be used inside expandable calculations. It expands to zero if the reference is not yet available.

```

870 \newcommand*{\ztotpages}{%
871 \zref@extractdefault{LastPage}{abspage}{0}%
872 }

```

Also we mark the reference `LastPage` as used:

```

873 \AtBeginDocument{%

```

```

874 \zref@refused{LastPage}%
875 }
876 </totpages>

```

6.10 Module marks

```

877 <*marks>
878 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
879 \ProvidesPackage{zref-marks}%
880 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module marks for zref (H0)]%
881 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
882 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

883 \RequirePackage{kvsetkeys}[2009/07/30]
884 \newcommand*{\zref@marks@register}[3][{}]{%
885   \edef\ZREF@TempName{#1}%
886   \edef\ZREF@TempNum{\ZREF@number#2}%
887   \ifnum\ZREF@TempNum<\ltx@zero %
888     \PackageError\ZREF@name{%
889       \string\zref@marks@register\ltx@space is called with invalid%
890       \MessageBreak
891       marks register number (\ZREF@TempNum)%
892     }{%
893       Use ‘0’ or the command, defined by \string\newmarks.\MessageBreak
894       \@ehc
895     }%
896   \else
897     \ifx\ZREF@TempName\ltx@empty
898       \edef\ZREF@TempName{mark\romannumeral\ZREF@TempNum}%
899     \else
900       \edef\ZREF@TempName{marks\ZREF@TempName}%
901     \fi
902     \ZREF@MARKS@DefineProp{top}%
903     \ZREF@MARKS@DefineProp{first}%
904     \ZREF@MARKS@DefineProp{bot}%
905     \kv@parse{#3}{%
906       \ifx\kv@value\relax
907         \def\kv@value{top,first,bot}%
908       \fi
909       \edef\ZREF@temp{\expandafter\@car\kv@key X\@nil}%
910       \ifx\ZREF@temp\ZREF@STAR
911         \edef\kv@key{\expandafter\@cdr\kv@key\@nil}%
912         \zref@newlist\kv@key
913       \fi
914       \expandafter\comma@parse\expandafter{\kv@value}{%
915         \ifcase0\ifx\comma@entry\ZREF@NAME@top 1\else
916           \ifx\comma@entry\ZREF@NAME@first 1\else
917             \ifx\comma@entry\ZREF@NAME@bot 1\fi\fi\fi\ltx@space
918         \PackageWarning\ZREF@name{%
919           Use ‘top’, ‘first’ or ‘bot’ for the list values%
920           \MessageBreak
921           in the third argument of \string\zref@marks@register.%
922           \MessageBreak
923           Ignoring unkown value ‘\comma@entry’%
924         }%
925       \else
926         \zref@addprop{\kv@key}{\comma@entry\ZREF@TempName}%
927       \fi
928       \ltx@gobble
929     }%
930     \ltx@gobbletwo
931   }%
932 \fi

```

```

933 }
934 \def\ZREF@STAR{*}
935 \def\ZREF@NAME@top{top}
936 \def\ZREF@NAME@first{first}
937 \def\ZREF@NAME@bot{bot}
938 \def\ZREF@MARKS@DefineProp#1{%
939   \zref@ifpropundefined{#1\ZREF@TempName}{%
940     \ifnum\ZREF@TempNum=\lt x@zero
941       \begingroup
942         \edef\x{\endgroup
943           \noexpand\zref@newprop*{#1\ZREF@TempName}[]{%
944             \expandafter\noexpand\csname#1mark\endcsname
945           }%
946         }%
947       \x
948     \else
949       \begingroup
950       \edef\x{\endgroup
951         \noexpand\zref@newprop*{#1\ZREF@TempName}[]{%
952           \expandafter\noexpand\csname#1marks\endcsname
953           \ZREF@TempNum
954         }%
955       }%
956     \x
957   \fi
958 }{%
959   \PackageWarning\ZREF@name{%
960     \string\zref@marks@register\lt x@space does not generate the%
961     \MessageBreak
962     new property ‘#1\ZREF@TempName’, because\MessageBreak
963     it is already defined%
964   }%
965 }%
966 }
967 </marks>

```

6.11 Module runs

This module does not use the label-reference-system. The reference changes with each L^AT_EX run and would force a rerun warning always.

```

968 <*runs>
969 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
970 \ProvidesPackage{zref-runs}%
971 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module runs for zref (H0)]%

```

\zruns

```

972 \providecommand*\zruns{0}%
973 \AtBeginDocument{%
974   \edef\zruns{\number\numexpr\zruns+1}%
975   \begingroup
976     \def\on@line{}%
977     \PackageInfo{zref-runs}{LaTeX runs: \zruns}%
978     \if@filesw
979       \immediate\write\@mainaux{%
980         \string\gdef\string\zruns{\zruns}%
981       }%
982     \fi
983   \endgroup
984 }
985 </runs>

```

6.12 Module `perpage`

```

986 <*perpage>
987 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
988 \ProvidesPackage{zref-perpage}%
989 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module perpage for zref (HO)]%
990 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
991 \ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{%

```

This module resets a counter at page boundaries. Because of the asynchronous output routine page counter properties cannot be asked directly, references are necessary.

For detecting changed pages module `abspage` is loaded.

```

992 \RequirePackage{zref-abspage}[2010/04/23]

```

We group the properties for the needed references in the property list `perpage`. The property `pagevalue` records the correct value of the page counter.

```

993 \zref@newprop*{pagevalue}[0]{\number\c@page}
994 \zref@newlist{perpage}
995 \zref@addprop{perpage}{abspage,page,pagevalue}

```

The page value, known by the reference mechanism, will be stored in counter `zpage`.

```

996 \newcounter{zpage}

```

Counter `zref@unique` helps in generating unique reference names.

```

997 \zref@require@unique

```

In order to be able to reset the counter, we hook here into `\stepcounter`. In fact two nested hooks are used to allow other packages to use the first hook at the beginning of `\stepcounter`.

```

998 \let\ZREF@org@stepcounter\stepcounter
999 \def\stepcounter#1{%
1000   \ifcsname @stepcounterhook@#1\endcsname
1001     \csname @stepcounterhook@#1\endcsname
1002   \fi
1003   \ZREF@org@stepcounter{#1}%
1004 }

```

`\zmakeperpage` Makro `\zmakeperpage` resets a counter at each page break. It uses the same syntax and semantics as `\MakePerPage` from package `perpage` [5]. The initial start value can be given by the optional argument. Default is one that means after the first `\stepcounter` on a new page the counter starts with one.

```

1005 \newcommand*{\zmakeperpage}{%
1006   \@ifnextchar[\ZREF@makeperpage@opt{\ZREF@makeperpage[\z@]}%
1007 }

```

We hook before the counter is incremented in `\stepcounter`, package `perpage` afterwards. Thus a little calculation is necessary.

```

1008 \def\ZREF@makeperpage@opt[#1]{%
1009   \begingroup
1010     \edef\x{\endgroup
1011       \noexpand\ZREF@makeperpage[\number\numexpr#1-1\relax]%
1012     }%
1013   \x
1014 }

1015 \def\ZREF@makeperpage[#1]#2{%
1016   \ifundefined{@stepcounterhook@#2}{%
1017     \expandafter\gdef\csname @stepcounterhook@#2\endcsname{%
1018     }%
1019     \expandafter\gdef\csname ZREF@perpage@#2\endcsname{%
1020       \ZREF@perpage@step{#2}{#1}%
1021     }%
1022     \expandafter\g@addto@macro\csname @stepcounterhook@#2\endcsname{%
1023       \ifcsname ZREF@perpage@#2\endcsname

```

```

1024     \csname ZREF@perpage@#2\endcsname
1025     \fi
1026 }%
1027 }

```

`\ZREF@@perpage@step` The heart of this module follows.

```

1028 \def\ZREF@@perpage@step#1#2{%
First the reference is generated.
1029   \global\advance\c@zref@unique\@ne
1030   \begingroup
1031     \expandafter\zref@labelbylist\expandafter{\thezref@unique}{perpage}%

```

The `\expandafter` commands are necessary, because `\ZREF@temp` is also used inside of `\zref@labelbylist`.

The evaluation of the reference follows. If the reference is not yet known, we use the page counter as approximation.

```

1032   \zref@ifrefundefined\thezref@unique{%
1033     \global\c@zpage=\c@page
1034     \global\let\thezpage\thepage
1035     \expandafter\xdef\csname ZREF@abspage@#1\endcsname{\number\c@abspage}%
1036   }%

```

The reference is used to set `\thezpage` and counter `zpage`.

```

1037     \global\c@zpage=\zref@extract\thezref@unique{pagevalue}\relax
1038     \xdef\thezpage{\noexpand\zref@extract{\thezref@unique}{page}}%
1039     \expandafter\xdef\csname ZREF@abspage@#1\endcsname{%
1040       \zref@extractdefault\thezref@unique{abspage}{\number\c@abspage}%
1041     }%
1042   }%

```

Page changes are detected by a changed absolute page number.

```

1043   \expandafter\ifx\csname ZREF@abspage@#1\expandafter\endcsname
1044     \csname ZREF@currentabspage@#1\endcsname
1045   \else
1046     \global\csname c@#1\endcsname=#2\relax
1047     \global\expandafter\let
1048       \csname ZREF@currentabspage@#1\expandafter\endcsname
1049       \csname ZREF@abspage@#1\endcsname
1050   \fi
1051 \endgroup
1052 }

```

`\zunmakeperpage` Macro `\zunmakeperpage` cancels the effect of `\zmakeperpage`.

```

1053 \newcommand*{\zunmakeperpage}[1]{%
1054   \global\expandafter\let\csname ZREF@perpage@#1\endcsname\@undefined
1055 }

1056 </perpage>

```

6.13 Module `titleref`

```

1057 <*titleref>
1058 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1059 \ProvidesPackage{zref-titleref}%
1060 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module titleref for zref (HO)]%
1061 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
1062 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}
1063 \RequirePackage{getttitlestring}[2009/12/08]

```

6.13.1 Implementation

```

1064 \RequirePackage{keyval}

```

This module makes section and caption titles available for the reference system. It uses some of the ideas of package `nameref` and `titleref`.

`\zref@titleref@current` Later we will redefine the section and caption macros to catch the current title and remember the value in `\zref@titleref@current`.

```
1065 \let\zref@titleref@current\@empty
```

Now we can add the property title is added to the main property list.

```
1066 \zref@newprop{title}{\zref@titleref@current}%
```

```
1067 \zref@addprop\ZREF@mainlist{title}%
```

The title strings go into the `.aux` file, thus they need some kind of protection. Package `titleref` uses a protected expansion method. The advantage is that this can be used to cleanup the string and to remove `\label`, `\index` and other macros unwanted for referencing. But there is the risk that fragile stuff can break.

Therefore package `nameref` does not expand the string. Thus the entries can safely be written to the `.aux` file. But potentially dangerous macros such as `\label` remain in the string and can cause problems when using the string in references.

`\ifzref@titleref@expand` The switch `\ifzref@titleref@expand` distinguishes between the both methods. Package `nameref`'s behaviour is achieved by setting the switch to false, otherwise `titleref`'s expansion is used. Default is false.

```
1068 \newif\ifzref@titleref@expand
```

`\ZREF@titleref@hook` The hook `\ZREF@titleref@hook` allows to extend the cleanup for the expansion method. Thus unnecessary macros can be removed or dangerous commands removed. The hook is executed before the expansion of `\zref@titleref@current`.

```
1069 \let\ZREF@titleref@hook\@empty
```

`\zref@titleref@cleanup` The hook should not be used directly, instead we provide the macro `\zref@titleref@cleanup` to add stuff to the hook and prevents that a previous non-empty content is not discarded accidently.

```
1070 \def\zref@titleref@cleanup#1{%
```

```
1071   \begingroup
```

```
1072   \toks@\expandafter{%
```

```
1073     \ZREF@titleref@hook
```

```
1074     #1%
```

```
1075   }%
```

```
1076   \expandafter\endgroup
```

```
1077   \expandafter\def\expandafter\ZREF@titleref@hook\expandafter{%
```

```
1078     \the\toks@
```

```
1079   }%
```

```
1080 }%
```

`\ifzref@titleref@stripperperiod` Sometimes a title contains a period at the end. Package `nameref` removes this. This behaviour is controlled by the switch `\ifzref@titleref@stripperperiod` and works regardless of the setting of option `expand`. Period stripping is the default.

```
1081 \newif\ifzref@titleref@stripperperiod
```

```
1082 \zref@titleref@stripperperiodtrue
```

`\zref@titleref@setcurrent` Macro `\zref@titleref@setcurrent` sets a new current title stored in `\zref@titleref@current`. Some cleanup and expansion is performed that can be controlled by the previous switches.

```
1083 \def\zref@titleref@setcurrent#1{%
```

```
1084   \ifzref@titleref@expand
```

```
1085     \GetTitleStringExpand{#1}%
```

```
1086   \else
```

```
1087     \GetTitleStringNonExpand{#1}%
```

```
1088   \fi
```

```
1089   \edef\zref@titleref@current{%
```

```
1090     \detokenize\expandafter{\GetTitleStringResult}%
```



```

1091 }%
1092 \ifzref@titleref@stripperperiod
1093   \edef\zref@titleref@current{%
1094     \expandafter\ZREF@stripperperiod\zref@titleref@current
1095     \@empty.\@empty\@nil
1096   }%
1097 \fi
1098 }%
1099 \GetTitleStringDisableCommands{%
1100   \ZREF@titleref@hook
1101 }

```

`\ZREF@stripperperiod` If `\ZREF@stripperperiod` is called, the argument consists of space tokens and tokens with catcode 12 (other), because of ε -TeX's `\detokenize`.

```

1102 \def\ZREF@stripperperiod#1.\@empty#2\@nil{#1}%

```

6.13.2 User interface

`\ztitlerefsetup` The behaviour of module `titleref` is controlled by switches and a hook. They can be set by `\ztitlerefsetup` with a key value interface, provided by package `keyval`. Also the current title can be given explicitly by the key `title`.

```

1103 \define@key{ZREF@TR}{expand}[true]{%
1104   \csname zref@titleref@expand#1\endcsname
1105 }%
1106 \define@key{ZREF@TR}{stripperperiod}[true]{%
1107   \csname zref@titleref@stripperperiod#1\endcsname
1108 }%
1109 \define@key{ZREF@TR}{cleanup}{%
1110   \zref@titleref@cleanup{#1}%
1111 }%
1112 \define@key{ZREF@TR}{title}{%
1113   \def\zref@titleref@current{#1}%
1114 }%
1115 \newcommand*{\ztitlerefsetup}{%
1116   \setkeys{ZREF@TR}%
1117 }%

```

`\ztitleref` The user command `\ztitleref` references the title. For safety `\label` is disabled to prevent multiply defined references.

```

1118 \newcommand*{\ztitleref}{%
1119   \zref@wrapper@babel\ZREF@titleref
1120 }%
1121 \def\ZREF@titleref#1{%
1122   \begingroup
1123     \zref@refused{#1}%
1124     \let\label\ltx@gobble
1125     \zref@extract{#1}{title}%
1126   \endgroup
1127 }%

```

6.13.3 Patches for section and caption commands

The section and caption macros are patched to extract the title data.

Captions of figures and tables.

```

1128 \AtBeginDocument{%
1129   \ZREF@patch@caption{%
1130     \long\def\@caption#1[#2]{%
1131       \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#2}%
1132       \ZREF@org@caption{#1}[{#2}]%
1133     }%
1134   }%

```

Section commands without star. The title version for the table of contents is used because it is usually shorter and more robust.

```

1135 \ZREF@patch{@part}{%
1136   \def\@part[#1]{%
1137     \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1138     \ZREF@org@@part[{#1}]%
1139   }%
1140 }%
1141 \ZREF@patch{@chapter}{%
1142   \def\@chapter[#1]{%
1143     \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1144     \ZREF@org@@chapter[{#1}]%
1145   }%
1146 }%
1147 \ZREF@patch{@sect}{%
1148   \def\@sect#1#2#3#4#5#6[#7]{%
1149     \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#7}%
1150     \ZREF@org@@sect{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}[{#7}]%
1151   }%
1152 }%

```

The star versions of the section commands.

```

1153 \ZREF@patch{@spart}{%
1154   \def\@spart#1{%
1155     \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1156     \ZREF@org@@spart{#1}%
1157   }%
1158 }%
1159 \ZREF@patch{@schapter}{%
1160   \def\@schapter#1{%
1161     \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1162     \ZREF@org@@schapter{#1}%
1163   }%
1164 }%
1165 \ZREF@patch{@ssect}{%
1166   \def\@ssect#1#2#3#4#5{%
1167     \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#5}%
1168     \ZREF@org@@ssect{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
1169   }%
1170 }%

```

6.13.4 Class memoir

```

1171 \@ifclassloaded{memoir}{%
1172   \ltx@ifundefined{ifheadnameref}{}{%
1173     \def\@chapter[#1]#2{%
1174       \ltx@ifundefined{ch@pt@c}{%
1175         \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1176       }{%
1177         \ifx\ch@pt@c\ltx@empty
1178           \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#2}%
1179         \else
1180           \def\NR@temp{#1}%
1181           \ifx\NR@temp\ltx@empty
1182             \expandafter\zref@titleref@setcurrent
1183             \expandafter{\ch@pt@c}%
1184           \else
1185             \ifheadnameref
1186               \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1187             \else
1188               \expandafter\zref@titleref@setcurrent
1189               \expandafter{\ch@pt@c}%
1190             \fi

```

```

1191         \fi
1192     \fi
1193 }%
1194 \ZREF@org@@chapter[{#1}]{#2}%
1195 }%
1196 \ZREF@patch{M@sect}{%
1197     \def\M@sect#1#2#3#4#5#6[#7][#8]{%
1198         \ifheadnameref
1199             \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#8}%
1200         \else
1201             \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#7}%
1202         \fi
1203         \ZREF@org@M@sect{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}[{#7}][{#8}]%
1204     }%
1205 }%
1206 }%
1207 }{}%

```

6.13.5 Class beamer

```

1208 \@ifclassloaded{beamer}{%
1209     \ZREF@patch{beamer@section}{%
1210         \long\def\beamer@section[#1]{%
1211             \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1212             \ZREF@org@beamer@section[{#1}]%
1213         }%
1214     }%
1215     \ZREF@patch{beamer@subsection}{%
1216         \long\def\beamer@subsection[#1]{%
1217             \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1218             \ZREF@org@beamer@subsection[{#1}]%
1219         }%
1220     }%
1221     \ZREF@patch{beamer@subsubsection}{%
1222         \long\def\beamer@subsubsection[#1]{%
1223             \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#1}%
1224             \ZREF@org@beamer@subsubsection[{#1}]%
1225         }%
1226     }%
1227 }{}%

```

6.13.6 Package titlesec

```

1228 \@ifpackageloaded{titlesec}{%
1229     \ZREF@patch{ttl@sect@i}{%
1230         \def\ttl@sect@i#1#2[#3]#4{%
1231             \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#4}%
1232             \ZREF@org@ttl@sect@i{#1}{#2}[{#3}]{#4}%
1233         }%
1234     }%
1235 }{}%

```

6.13.7 Package longtable

Package longtable: some support for its \caption. However \label inside the caption is not supported.

```

1236 \@ifpackageloaded{longtable}{%
1237     \ZREF@patch{LT@c@ption}{%
1238         \def\LT@c@ption#1[#2]#3{%
1239             \ZREF@org@LT@c@ption{#1}[{#2}]{#3}%
1240             \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#2}%
1241         }%
1242     }%
1243 }{}%

```

6.13.8 Package listings

Package listings: support for its caption.

```

1244 \@ifpackageloaded{listings}{%
1245   \ZREF@patch{lst@MakeCaption}{%
1246     \def\lst@MakeCaption{%
1247       \ifx\lst@label\@empty
1248       \else
1249         \expandafter\zref@titleref@setcurrent\expandafter{%
1250           \lst@caption
1251         }%
1252       \fi
1253       \ZREF@org@lst@MakeCaption
1254     }%
1255   }%
1256 }{}%
```

6.13.9 Theorems

```

1257 \ZREF@patch{@opargbegintheorem}{%
1258   \def\@opargbegintheorem#1#2#3{%
1259     \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#3}%
1260     \ZREF@org@@opargbegintheorem{#1}{#2}{#3}%
1261   }%
1262 }%
1263 \@ifpackageloaded{amsthm}{%
1264   \begingroup
1265     \edef\x{macro:\string#1\string#2[\string#3]}%
1266     \@onelevel@sanitize\x
1267     \def\y#1->#2\@nil{#1}%
1268     \edef\z{\expandafter\y\meaning\@begintheorem->\@nil}%
1269     \@onelevel@sanitize\z
1270   \expandafter\endgroup
1271   \ifx\x\z
1272     \ZREF@patch{@begintheorem}{%
1273       \def\@begintheorem#1#2[#3]{%
1274         \zref@titleref@setcurrent{#3}%
1275         \ZREF@org@@begintheorem{#1}{#2}[{#3}]%
1276       }%
1277     }%
1278   \fi
1279 }{}%
1280 }
1281 </titleref>
```

6.14 Module xr

```

1282 <*xr>
1283 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1284 \ProvidesPackage{zref-xr}%
1285   [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module xr for zref (HO)]%
1286 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
1287 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

1288 \RequirePackage{keyval}
1289 \RequirePackage{kvoptions}[2010/02/22]
```

We declare property `url`, because this is added, if a reference is imported and has not already set this field. Or if `hyperref` is used, then this property can be asked.

```

1290 \zref@newprop{url}{}%
1291 \zref@newprop{externaldocument}{}%
```

Most code, especially the handling of the .aux files are taken from David Carlisle's xr package. Therefore I drop the documentation for these macros here.

`\zref@xr@ext` If the URL is not specied, then assume processed file with a guessed extension. Use the setting of `hyperref` if available.

```
1292 \providecommand*\zref@xr@ext{%
1293   \ltx@ifundefined{XR@ext}{pdf}{\XR@ext}%
1294 }%
```

`\ifZREF@xr@zreflabel` The use of the star form of `\xexternaldocument` is remembered in the switch `\ifZREF@xr@zreflabel`.

```
1295 \newif\ifZREF@xr@zreflabel

1296 \SetupKeyvalOptions{%
1297   family=ZREF@XR,%
1298   prefix=ZREF@xr@%
1299 }
1300 \DeclareBoolOption[true]{tozreflabel}
1301 \DeclareBoolOption[false]{toltxlabel}
1302 \DeclareBoolOption{verbose}
1303 \define@key{ZREF@XR}{ext}{%
1304   \def\zref@xr@{#1}%
1305 }
```

`\zxrsetup`

```
1306 \newcommand*\zxrsetup{%
1307   \setkeys{ZREF@XR}%
1308 }%
```

`\xexternaldocument` In its star form it looks for `\newlabel`, otherwise for `\zref@newlabel`. Later we will read .aux files that expects @ to have catcode 11 (letter).

```
1309 \newcommand*\xexternaldocument{%
1310   \zref@ifpropundefined{title}{%
1311     \zref@newprop{title}{}%
1312   }{}%
1313   \zref@ifpropundefined{anchor}{%
1314     \zref@newprop{anchor}{%
1315       \ltx@ifundefined{@currentHref}{-}{\@currentHref}%
1316     }%
1317   }{}%
1318   \zref@ifpropundefined{url}{%
1319     \zref@newprop{url}{}%
1320   }{}%
1321   \begingroup
1322     \csname @safe@actives@true\endcsname
1323     \makeatletter
1324     \@ifstar{%
1325       \ZREF@xr@zreflabelfalse
1326       \@testopt\ZREF@xr@externaldocument{}%
1327     }{%
1328       \ZREF@xr@zreflabeltrue
1329       \@testopt\ZREF@xr@externaldocument{}%
1330     }%
1331   }%
```

If the `\include` featur was used, there can be several .aux files. These files are read one after another, especially they are not recursively read in order to save read registers. Thus it can happen that the read order of the `newlabel` commands differs from L^AT_EX's order using `\input`.

`\ZREF@xr@externaldocument` It reads the remaining arguments. `\newcommand` comes in handy for the optional argument.

```

1332 \def\ZREF@xr@externaldocument[#1]#2{%
1333     \def\ZREF@xr@prefix{#1}%
1334     \let\ZREF@xr@filelist\@empty
1335     \edef\ZREF@xr@externalfile{#2}%
1336     \edef\ZREF@xr@file{\ZREF@xr@externalfile.aux}%
1337     \filename@parse{#2}%
1338     \@testopt\ZREF@xr@graburl{#2.\zref@xr@ext}%
1339 }%
1340 \def\ZREF@xr@graburl[#1]{%
1341     \edef\ZREF@xr@url{#1}%
1342     \ZREF@xr@checkfile
1343 \endgroup
1344 }%

```

\ZREF@xr@processfile We follow xr here, \IfFileExists offers a nicer test, but we have to open the file anyway.

```

1345 \def\ZREF@xr@checkfile{%
1346     \openin\@inputcheck\ZREF@xr@file\relax
1347     \ifeof\@inputcheck
1348         \PackageWarning{zref-xr}{%
1349             File '\ZREF@xr@file' not found or empty,\MessageBreak
1350             labels not imported%
1351         }%
1352     \else
1353         \PackageInfo{zref-xr}{%
1354             Label \ifZREF@xr@zreflabel (zref) \fi import from '\ZREF@xr@file'%
1355         }%
1356         \def\ZREF@xr@found{0}%
1357         \def\ZREF@xr@ignored@empty{0}%
1358         \def\ZREF@xr@ignored@zref{0}%
1359         \def\ZREF@xr@ignored@ltx{0}%
1360         \ZREF@xr@processfile
1361         \closein\@inputcheck
1362         \begingroup
1363         \let\on@line\@empty
1364         \PackageInfo{zref-xr}{%
1365             Statistics for '\ZREF@xr@file':\MessageBreak
1366             \ZREF@xr@found\space
1367             \ifZREF@xr@zreflabel zref\else LaTeX\fi\space
1368             label(s) found%
1369             \ifnum\ZREF@xr@ignored@empty>0 %
1370                 ,\MessageBreak
1371                 \ZREF@xr@ignored@empty\space empty label(s) ignored%
1372             \fi
1373             \ifnum\ZREF@xr@ignored@zref>0 %
1374                 ,\MessageBreak
1375                 \ZREF@xr@ignored@zref\space duplicated zref label(s) ignored%
1376             \fi
1377             \ifnum\ZREF@xr@ignored@ltx>0 %
1378                 ,\MessageBreak
1379                 \ZREF@xr@ignored@ltx\space duplicated latex label(s) ignored%
1380             \fi
1381         }%
1382     \endgroup
1383 \fi
1384 \ifx\ZREF@xr@filelist\@empty
1385 \else
1386     \edef\ZREF@xr@file{\expandafter\@car\ZREF@xr@filelist\@nil}%
1387     \edef\ZREF@xr@filelist{\expandafter\@cdr\ZREF@xr@filelist\@nil}%
1388     \expandafter\ZREF@xr@checkfile
1389 \fi
1390 }%

```

\ZREF@xr@processfile

```
1391 \def\ZREF@xr@processfile{%
1392   \read\@inputcheck to\ZREF@xr@line
1393   \expandafter\ZREF@xr@processline\ZREF@xr@line..\ZREF@nil
1394   \ifeof\@inputcheck
1395   \else
1396     \expandafter\ZREF@xr@processfile
1397   \fi
1398 }%
```

\ZREF@xr@processline The most work must be done for analyzing the arguments of \newlabel.

```
1399 \long\def\ZREF@xr@processline#1#2#3\ZREF@nil{%
1400   \def\x{#1}%
1401   \toks@{#2}%
1402   \ifZREF@xr@zreflabel
1403     \ifx\x\ZREF@xr@zref@newlabel
1404       \expandafter\ZREF@xr@process@zreflabel\ZREF@xr@line...\ZREF@nil
1405     \fi
1406   \else
1407     \ifx\x\ZREF@xr@newlabel
1408       \expandafter\ZREF@xr@process@label\ZREF@xr@line...[]\ZREF@nil
1409     \fi
1410   \fi
1411   \ifx\x\ZREF@xr@@input
1412     \edef\ZREF@xr@filelist{%
1413       \etex@unexpanded\expandafter{\ZREF@xr@filelist}%
1414       {\filename@area\the\toks@}%
1415     }%
1416   \fi
1417 }%
1418 \def\ZREF@xr@process@zreflabel\zref@newlabel#1#2#3\ZREF@nil{%
1419   \edef\ZREF@xr@refname{Z@R@\ZREF@xr@prefix#1}%
1420   \edef\ZREF@xr@found{\the\numexpr\ZREF@xr@found+1\relax}%
1421   \def\x{#2}%
1422   \edef\ZREF@xr@tempname{$temp$}%
1423   \edef\ZREF@xr@temprefname{Z@R@\ZREF@xr@tempname}%
1424   \let\ZREF@xr@list\x
1425   \ifx\ZREF@xr@list\@empty
1426     \PackageWarningNoLine{zref-xr}{%
1427       Label ‘#1’ without properties ignored\MessageBreak
1428       in file ‘\ZREF@xr@file’%
1429     }%
1430     \edef\ZREF@xr@ignored@empty{%
1431       \the\numexpr\ZREF@xr@ignored@empty+1\relax
1432     }%
1433   \else
1434     \expandafter\ZREF@xr@checklist\x\ZREF@nil
1435     \expandafter\let\csname\ZREF@xr@temprefname\endcsname\x
1436     \expandafter\ltx@LocalAppendToMacro
1437     \csname\ZREF@xr@temprefname\expandafter\endcsname
1438     \expandafter{%
1439       \expandafter\externaldocument\expandafter{%
1440         \ZREF@xr@externalfile
1441       }%
1442     }%
1443     \ZREF@xr@urlcheck\ZREF@xr@tempname
1444     \ifZREF@xr@tozreflabel
1445       \ifundefined{\ZREF@xr@refname}{%
1446         \ifZREF@xr@verbose
1447           \PackageInfo{zref-xr}{%
1448             Import to zref label ‘\ZREF@xr@tempname#1’%
1449           }%
1450         }%
1451       }%
1452     }%
1453   \fi
1454 }
```

```

1450     \fi
1451     \global\expandafter
1452     \let\csname\ZREF@xr@refname\expandafter\endcsname
1453     \csname\ZREF@xr@temprefname\endcsname
1454   }{%
1455     \ZREF@xr@zref@ignorewarning{\ZREF@xr@prefix#1}%
1456   }%
1457   \fi
1458   \ifZREF@xr@toltxlabel
1459     \ZREF@xr@tolabel{\ZREF@xr@tempname}{\ZREF@xr@prefix#1}%
1460   \fi
1461 \fi
1462 }%
1463 \def\ZREF@xr@process@label\newlabel#1#2#3[#4]#5\ZREF@nil{%
1464   \def\ZREF@xr@refname{Z@R@\ZREF@xr@prefix#1}%
1465   \edef\ZREF@xr@found{\the\numexpr\ZREF@xr@found+1\relax}%
1466   \def\x{#2}%
1467   \edef\ZREF@xr@tempname{$temp$}%
1468   \edef\ZREF@xr@temprefname{Z@R@\ZREF@xr@tempname}%
1469   \expandafter\ZREF@xr@scanparams
1470     \csname\ZREF@xr@temprefname\expandafter\endcsname
1471     \x{}{}{}{}{}\ZREF@nil
1472   \ifx\\#4\\%
1473   \else
1474     % ntheorem knows an optional argument at the end of \newlabel
1475     \zref@ifpropundefined{theotype}{%
1476       \zref@newprop{theotype}{}%
1477     }{}%
1478     \expandafter\ltx@LocalAppendToMacro
1479       \csname\ZREF@xr@temprefname\endcsname{\theotype{#4}}%
1480   \fi
1481   \expandafter\ltx@LocalAppendToMacro
1482     \csname\ZREF@xr@temprefname\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{%
1483     \expandafter\externaldocument\expandafter{%
1484       \ZREF@xr@externalfile
1485     }%
1486   }%
1487   \ZREF@xr@urlcheck\ZREF@xr@tempname
1488   \ifZREF@xr@tozreflabel
1489     \@ifundefined{\ZREF@xr@refname}{%
1490       \ifZREF@xr@verbose
1491         \PackageInfo{zref-xr}{%
1492           Import to zref label ‘\ZREF@xr@prefix#1’%
1493         }%
1494       \fi
1495       \global\expandafter
1496       \let\csname\ZREF@xr@refname\expandafter\endcsname
1497       \csname\ZREF@xr@temprefname\endcsname
1498     }{%
1499       \ZREF@xr@zref@ignorewarning{\ZREF@xr@prefix#1}%
1500     }%
1501   \fi
1502   \ifZREF@xr@toltxlabel
1503     \ZREF@xr@tolabel{\ZREF@xr@tempname}{\ZREF@xr@prefix#1}%
1504   \fi
1505 }
1506 \def\ZREF@xr@zref@newlabel{\zref@newlabel}%
1507 \def\ZREF@xr@newlabel{\newlabel}%
1508 \def\ZREF@xr@@input{\@input}%
1509 \def\ZREF@xr@relax{\relax}%

```

\ZREF@xr@tolabel


```

1510 \def\ZREF@xr@tolabel#1#2{%
1511   \ifZREF@xr@verbose
1512     \PackageInfo{zref-xr}{%
1513       Import to LaTeX label ‘#2’%
1514     }%
1515   \fi
1516   \zref@wrapper@unexpanded{%
1517     \expandafter\xdef\csname r@#2\endcsname{%
1518       {%
1519         \ltx@ifundefined{M@TitleReference}{%
1520           \ltx@ifundefined{TR@TitleReference}{%
1521             \zref@extractdefault{#1}{default}{}}%
1522           {%
1523             \noexpand\TR@TitleReference
1524             {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{default}{}}}%
1525             {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{title}{}}}%
1526           }%
1527         {%
1528           \noexpand\M@TitleReference
1529           {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{default}{}}}%
1530           {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{title}{}}}%
1531         }%
1532       }%
1533       {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{page}{}}}%
1534     \ltx@ifpackageloaded{nameref}{%
1535       {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{title}{}}}%
1536       {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{anchor}{}}}%
1537       {\zref@extractdefault{#1}{url}{}}}%
1538     }{}%
1539   }%
1540 }%
1541 }

```

\ZREF@xr@zref@ignorewarning

```

1542 \def\ZREF@xr@zref@ignorewarning#1{%
1543   \PackageWarningNoLine{zref-xr}{%
1544     Zref label ‘#1’ is already in use\MessageBreak
1545     in file ‘\ZREF@xr@file’%
1546   }%
1547   \edef\ZREF@xr@ignored@empty{%
1548     \the\numexpr\ZREF@xr@ignored+1%
1549   }%
1550 }%

```

\ZREF@xr@ltx@ignorewarning

```

1551 \def\ZREF@xr@ltx@ignorewarning#1{%
1552   \PackageWarningNoLine{zref-xr}{%
1553     LaTeX label ‘#1’ is already in use\MessageBreak
1554     in file ‘\ZREF@xr@file’%
1555   }%
1556   \edef\ZREF@xr@ignored@ltx{%
1557     \the\numexpr\ZREF@xr@ignored@ltx+1%
1558   }%
1559 }%

```

\ZREF@xr@checklist

```

1560 \def\ZREF@xr@checklist#1#2#3\ZREF@nil{%
1561   \ifx\@undefined#1\relax
1562     \expandafter\ZREF@xr@checkkey\string#1\@nil
1563   \fi
1564   \ifx\#3\%
1565     \else

```

```

1566 \ltx@ReturnAfterFi{%
1567 \ZREF@xr@checklist#3\ZREF@nil
1568 }%
1569 \fi
1570 }%
1571 \def\ZREF@xr@checkkey#1#2\@nil{%
1572 \zref@ifpropundefined{#2}{%
1573 \zref@newprop{#2}{}%
1574 }{%}%
1575 }%

```

\ZREF@xr@scanparams

```

1576 \def\ZREF@xr@scanparams#1#2#3#4#5#6#7\ZREF@nil{%
1577 \let#1\@empty
1578 \ZREF@foundfalse
1579 \ZREF@xr@scantitleref#1#2\TR@TitleReference{}{}\ZREF@nil
1580 \ifZREF@found
1581 \else
1582 \ltx@LocalAppendToMacro#1{\default{#2}}%
1583 \fi
1584 % page
1585 \ltx@LocalAppendToMacro#1{\page{#3}}%
1586 % nameref title
1587 \ifZREF@found
1588 \else
1589 \ifx\\#4\\%
1590 \else
1591 \def\ZREF@xr@temp{#4}%
1592 \ifx\ZREF@xr@temp\ZREF@xr@relax
1593 \else
1594 \ltx@LocalAppendToMacro#1{\title{#4}}%
1595 \fi
1596 \fi
1597 \fi
1598 % anchor
1599 \ifx\\#5\\%
1600 \else
1601 \ltx@LocalAppendToMacro#1{\anchor{#5}}%
1602 \fi
1603 \ifx\\#6\\%
1604 \else
1605 \ltx@LocalAppendToMacro#1{\url{#6}}%
1606 \fi
1607 }%

```

\ZREF@xr@scantitleref

```

1608 \def\ZREF@xr@scantitleref#1#2\TR@TitleReference#3#4#5\ZREF@nil{%
1609 \ifx\\#5\\%
1610 \else
1611 \ltx@LocalAppendToMacro#1{%
1612 \default{#3}%
1613 \title{#4}%
1614 }%
1615 \ZREF@foundtrue
1616 \fi
1617 }%

```

\ZREF@xr@urlcheck

```

1618 \def\ZREF@xr@urlcheck#1{%
1619 \zref@ifrefcontainsprop{#1}{anchor}{%
1620 \zref@ifrefcontainsprop{#1}{url}{%
1621 }{%

```

```

1622     \expandafter
1623     \ltx@LocalAppendToMacro\csname Z@R@#1\expandafter\endcsname
1624     \expandafter{%
1625         \expandafter\url\expandafter{\ZREF@xr@url}%
1626     }%
1627 }%
1628 }{%
1629 }%
1630 }%
1631 \</xr>

```

6.15 Module hyperref

UNFINISHED :-(

```

1632 \<*hyperref>
1633 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1634 \ProvidesPackage{zref-hyperref}%
1635 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module hyperref for zref (HO)]%
1636 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
1637 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}
1638 \zref@newprop{anchor}[]{}%
1639 \ltx@ifundefined{@currentHref}{}{\@currentHref}%
1640 }%
1641 \zref@addprop\ZREF@mainlist{anchor}%
1642 \</hyperref>

```

6.16 Module savepos

Module savepos provides an interface for pdfTeX's `\pdfsavepos`, see the manual for pdfTeX.

6.16.1 Identification

```

1643 \<*savepos>
1644 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1645 \ProvidesPackage{zref-savepos}%
1646 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module savepos for zref (HO)]%
1647 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
1648 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

6.16.2 Availability

First we check, whether the feature is available.

```

1649 \ltx@ifundefined{pdfsavepos}{%
1650     \PackageError\ZREF@name{%
1651         \string\pdfsavepos\space is not supported.\MessageBreak
1652         It is provided by pdfTeX (1.40) or XeTeX%
1653     }\ZREF@UpdatePdfTeX
1654     \endinput
1655 }{}%

```

In PDF mode we are done. However support for DVI mode was added later in version 1.40.0. In earlier versions `\pdfsavepos` is defined, but its execution raises an error. Note that XeTeX also provides `\pdfsavepos`.

```

1656 \RequirePackage{ifpdf}
1657 \ifpdf
1658 \else
1659     \ltx@ifundefined{pdftexversion}{%
1660     }{%
1661         \ifnum\pdftexversion<140 %
1662         \PackageError\ZREF@name{%

```

```

1663      \string\pdfsavepos\space is not supported in DVI mode%
1664      \MessageBreak
1665      of this pdfTeX version%
1666    }\ZREF@UpdatePdfTeX
1667    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endinput
1668  \fi
1669 }%
1670 \fi

```

6.16.3 Setup

```

1671 \zref@newlist{savepos}
1672 \zref@newprop*{posx}[0]{\the\pdflastxpos}
1673 \zref@newprop*{posy}[0]{\the\pdflastypos}
1674 \zref@addprop{savepos}{posx,posy}

```

6.16.4 User macros

`\zsavepos` The current location is stored in a reference with the given name.

```

1675 \def\zsavepos#1{%
1676   \@bsphack
1677   \if@filesw
1678     \pdfsavepos
1679     \zref@labelbylist{#1}{savepos}%
1680   \fi
1681   \@esphack
1682 }

```

`\zposx` The horizontal and vertical position are available by `\zposx` and `\zposy`. Do not
`\zposy` rely on absolute positions. They differ in DVI and PDF mode of pdfTeX. Use
differences instead. The unit of the position numbers is sp.

```

1683 \newcommand*{\zposx}[1]{%
1684   \zref@extract{#1}{posx}%
1685 }%
1686 \newcommand*{\zposy}[1]{%
1687   \zref@extract{#1}{posy}%
1688 }%

```

Typically horizontal and vertical positions are used inside calculations. Therefore the extracting macros should be expandable and babel's patch is not applicable.

Also it is in the responsibility of the user to marked used positions by `\zrefused` in order to notify L^AT_EX about undefined references.

```

1689 </savepos>

```

6.17 Module dotfill

```

1690 <*dotfill>
1691 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1692 \ProvidesPackage{zref-dotfill}%
1693 [2010/04/23 v2.15 Module dotfill for zref (HO)]%
1694 \RequirePackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
1695 \@ifundefined{ZREF@baseok}{\endinput}{}

```

For measuring the width of `\zdotfill` we use the features provided by module `savepos`.

```

1696 \RequirePackage{zref-savepos}[2010/04/23]

```

For automatically generated label names we use the unique counter of module `base`.

```

1697 \zref@require@unique

```

Configuration is done by the key value interface of package `keyval`.

```

1698 \RequirePackage{keyval}

```

The definitions of the keys follow.

```
1699 \define@key{ZREF@DF}{unit}{%
1700   \def\ZREF@df@unit{#1}%
1701 }
1702 \define@key{ZREF@DF}{min}{%
1703   \def\ZREF@df@min{#1}%
1704 }
1705 \define@key{ZREF@DF}{dot}{%
1706   \def\ZREF@df@dot{#1}%
1707 }
```

Defaults are set, see user interface.

```
1708 \providecommand\ZREF@df@min{2}
1709 \providecommand\ZREF@df@unit{.44em}
1710 \providecommand\ZREF@df@dot{.}
```

`\zdotfillsetup` Configuration of `\zdotfill` is done by `\zdotfillsetup`.

```
1711 \newcommand*{\zdotfillsetup}{\setkeys{ZREF@DF}}
```

`\zdotfill` `\zdotfill` sets labels at the left and the right to get the horizontal position. `\zsavepos` is not used, because we do not need the vertical position.

```
1712 \newcommand*{\zdotfill}{%
1713   \leavevmode
1714   \global\advance\c@zref@unique\@ne
1715   \begingroup
1716     \def\ZREF@temp{zref@\number\c@zref@unique}%
1717     \pdfsavepos
1718     \zref@labelbyprops{\thezref@unique L}{posx}%
1719     \setlength{\dimen@}{\ZREF@df@unit}%
1720     \zref@ifrefundefined{\thezref@unique R}{%
1721       \ZREF@dotfill
1722     }{%
1723       \ifnum\numexpr\zposx{\thezref@unique R}-\zposx{\thezref@unique L}\relax
1724         <\dimexpr\ZREF@df@min\dimen@\relax
1725       \hfill
1726     \else
1727       \ZREF@dotfill
1728     \fi
1729   }%
1730   \pdfsavepos
1731   \zref@labelbyprops{\thezref@unique R}{posx}%
1732 \endgroup
1733 \kern\z@
1734 }
```

`\ZREF@dotfill` Help macro that actually sets the dots.

```
1735 \def\ZREF@dotfill{%
1736   \cleaders\hb@xt@\dimen@{\hss\ZREF@df@dot\hss}\hfill
1737 }
1738 </dotfill>
```

7 Test

7.1 `\zref@localaddprop`

```
1739 <*test1>
1740 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1741 \nofiles
1742 \documentclass{article}
1743 \usepackage{zref-base}[2010/04/23]
1744 \usepackage{qstest}
1745 \IncludeTests{*}
```

```

1746 \LogTests{log}{*}{*}
1747
1748 \makeatletter
1749 \begin{qstest}{localaddprop}{localaddprop}
1750   \Expect*{\Z@L@main}*{{default}{page}}%
1751   \zref@newprop{foobar}{F00}%
1752   \zref@newlist{alist}%
1753   \Expect*{\Z@L@alist}{}%
1754   \begingroup
1755     \zref@localaddprop{main}{foobar}%
1756     \Expect*{\Z@L@main}*{{default}{page}{foobar}}%
1757     \zref@localaddprop{alist}{page}%
1758     \Expect*{\Z@L@alist}*{{page}}%
1759   \endgroup
1760   \Expect*{\Z@L@main}*{{default}{page}}%
1761   \Expect*{\Z@L@alist}{}%
1762 \end{qstest}
1763 \@@end
1764 \</test1>

```

7.2 Module base

```

1765 \<*test-base>
1766 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1767 \documentclass{article}
1768 \usepackage{zref-base,zref-titleref}[2010/04/23]
1769 \usepackage{qstest}
1770 \IncludeTests{*}
1771 \LogTests{log}{*}{*}
1772
1773 \makeatletter
1774 \newcommand*{\DefExpand}[2]{%
1775   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def
1776   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter#1%
1777   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{#2}%
1778   \@onelevel@sanitize#1%
1779 }
1780 \newcommand*{\Test}[3]{%
1781   \Expect{#2}*{#1}%
1782   \zref@wrapper@unexpanded{%
1783     \Expect*{#3}*{#1}%
1784   }%
1785   \DefExpand\x{#1}%
1786   \Expect*{#3}*{\x}%
1787 }
1788 \makeatother
1789
1790 \begin{document}
1791 \section{\textit{Hello} \textbf{World}}
1792 \label{sec:hello}
1793 \makeatletter
1794 \zref@newprop{foo}[\@empty D\@empty efault]{\@empty V\@empty alue}
1795 \begin{qstest}{getcurrent}{getcurrent}
1796   \Test{\zref@getcurrent{foo}}%
1797     {Value}{\noexpand\@empty V\noexpand\@empty alue}%
1798   \Test{\zref@getcurrent{xy}}{}{}%
1799 \end{qstest}
1800 \begin{qstest}{extract}{extract}
1801   \def\textbf#1{<#1>}%
1802   \def\textit#1{[#1]}% hash-ok
1803   \Test{\zref@extractdefault{xy}{page}{\@empty D\@empty efault}}%
1804     {Default}{\noexpand\@empty D\noexpand\@empty efault}%
1805   \Test{\zref@extractdefault{sec:hello}{foo}{\@empty A\@empty B}}%

```

```

1806      {AB}{\noexpand\@empty A\noexpand\@empty B}%
1807 \Test{\zref@extract{sec:hello}{foo}}}%
1808      {Default}{\noexpand\@empty D\noexpand\@empty efault}%
1809 \zref@ifrefundefined{sec:hello}{%
1810 }{%
1811   \Test{\zref@extract{sec:hello}{default}}{1}{1}%
1812   \Test{\zref@extract{sec:hello}{title}}}%
1813       {[Hello] <World>}{\noexpand\textit{Hello} \noexpand\textbf{World}}}%
1814 }%
1815 \end{qstest}
1816 \end{document}
1817 </test-base>

```

7.3 Module runs

```

1818 <*test-runs>
1819 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1820 \documentclass{article}
1821 \usepackage{zref-runs}[2010/04/23]
1822 \usepackage{qstest}
1823 \IncludeTests{*}
1824 \LogTests{log}{*}{*}
1825
1826 \begin{qstest}{zruns-preamble}{zruns-preamble}
1827   \Expect{0}*{\zruns}%
1828 \end{qstest}
1829
1830 \AtBeginDocument{%
1831   \begin{qstest}{zruns-atbegindocument}{zruns-atbegindocument}%
1832     \Expect*{\number\ExpectRuns}*{\zruns}%
1833   \end{qstest}%
1834 }
1835
1836 \begin{document}
1837 \begin{qstest}{zruns-document}{zruns-document}
1838   \Expect*{\number\ExpectRuns}*{\zruns}%
1839 \end{qstest}
1840 \end{document}
1841 </test-runs>

```

7.4 Module titleref

```

1842 <*test-titleref-memoir>
1843 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
1844 \documentclass{memoir}
1845 \usepackage{zref-titleref}[2010/04/23]
1846 \usepackage{qstest}
1847 \IncludeTests{*}
1848 \LogTests{log}{*}{*}
1849 \begin{document}
1850 \makeatletter
1851 \def\List{}
1852 \def\Label#1{%
1853   \zref@label{#1}%
1854   \g@addto@macro\List{%
1855     \par
1856     #1: [\ztitleref{#1}]}%
1857 }%
1858 \mbox{}%
1859 \zref@refused{#1}%
1860 \zref@ifrefundefined{#1}{%
1861 }{%
1862   \begingroup
1863     \edef\x{\zref@extract{#1}{title}}%

```

```

1864 \Expect{OK/}*{\expandafter\ltx@carthree\x{}{}{}@nil}%
1865 \endgroup
1866 }%
1867 }
1868 \def\Test#1{%
1869 \csname#1\endcsname*{OK/#1}%
1870 \Label{#1*}%
1871 \csname#1\endcsname{OK/#1}%
1872 \Label{#1}%
1873 \csname#1\endcsname[OK/#1-toc]%
1874 {WRONG-in-titleref/#1-toc-2}%
1875 \Label{#1-toc}%
1876 \expandafter\ifx\csname#1\endcsname\part
1877 \else
1878 \headnamereffalse
1879 \csname#1\endcsname[OK/#1-th-toc]%
1880 [WRONG-in-titleref/#1-th-toc-2]%
1881 {WRONG-in-titleref/#1-th-toc-3}%
1882 \Label{#1-th-toc}%
1883 \headnamereftrue
1884 \csname#1\endcsname[WRONG-in-titleref/#1-th-head-1]%
1885 [OK/#1-th-head]%
1886 {WRONG-in-titleref/#1-th-head-3}%
1887 \Label{#1-th-head}%
1888 \fi
1889 }
1890 \begin{qstest}{section}{section}
1891 \@for\x:=part,chapter,section,subsection,subsubsection\do{%
1892 \expandafter\Test\expandafter{\x}%
1893 }%
1894 \end{qstest}
1895 \newpage
1896 \List
1897 \end{document}
1898
1899 </test-titleref-memoir>

```

8 Installation

8.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/zref.dtx](#) The source file.

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/zref.pdf](#) Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle ‘oberdiek’ are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

[CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip](#)

TDS refers to the standard “A Directory Structure for \TeX Files” ([CTAN:tds/tds.pdf](#)). Directories with `texmf` in their name are usually organized this way.

8.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the `oberdiek.tds.zip` in the TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

¹<http://ftp.ctan.org/tex-archive/>

Script installation. Check the directory `TDS:scripts/oberdiek/` for scripts that need further installation steps. Package `attachfile2` comes with the Perl script `pdfatfi.pl` that should be installed in such a way that it can be called as `pdfatfi`. Example (linux):

```
chmod +x scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl
cp scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl /usr/local/bin/
```

8.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The `.dtx` file is a self-extracting `docstrip` archive. The files are extracted by running the `.dtx` through plain \TeX :

```
tex zref.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree):

<code>zref.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref.sty</code>
<code>zref-base.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-base.sty</code>
<code>zref-abspage.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-abspage.sty</code>
<code>zref-counter.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-counter.sty</code>
<code>zref-dotfill.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-dotfill.sty</code>
<code>zref-hyperref.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-hyperref.sty</code>
<code>zref-lastpage.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-lastpage.sty</code>
<code>zref-marks.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-marks.sty</code>
<code>zref-nextpage.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-nextpage.sty</code>
<code>zref-perpage.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-perpage.sty</code>
<code>zref-runs.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-runs.sty</code>
<code>zref-savepos.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-savepos.sty</code>
<code>zref-thepage.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-thepage.sty</code>
<code>zref-titleref.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-titleref.sty</code>
<code>zref-totpages.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-totpages.sty</code>
<code>zref-user.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-user.sty</code>
<code>zref-xr.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/latex/oberdiek/zref-xr.sty</code>
<code>zref.pdf</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/zref.pdf</code>
<code>zref-example.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/zref-example.tex</code>
<code>zref-example-lastpage.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/zref-example-lastpage.tex</code>
<code>zref-example-nextpage.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/zref-example-nextpage.tex</code>
<code>test/zref-test1.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/test/zref-test1.tex</code>
<code>test/zref-test-base.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/test/zref-test-base.tex</code>
<code>test/zref-test-runs.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/test/zref-test-runs.tex</code>
<code>test/zref-test-titleref-memoir.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/test/zref-test-titleref-memoir.tex</code>
<code>zref.dtx</code>	→ <code>source/latex/oberdiek/zref.dtx</code>

If you have a `docstrip.cfg` that configures and enables `docstrip`'s TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of `docstrip`.

8.4 Refresh file name databases

If your \TeX distribution (`te \TeX` , `mik \TeX` , ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, `te \TeX` users run `texhash` or `mktextlsr`.

8.5 Some details for the interested

Attached source. The PDF documentation on CTAN also includes the `.dtx` source file. It can be extracted by AcrobatReader 6 or higher. Another option is `pdftk`, e.g. unpack the file into the current directory:

```
pdftk zref.pdf unpack_files output .
```

Unpacking with \LaTeX . The `.dtx` chooses its action depending on the format:

plain \TeX : Run `docstrip` and extract the files.

\LaTeX : Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using \LaTeX for `docstrip` (really, `docstrip` does not need \LaTeX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{zref.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the `.dtx` or the `.drv` to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file `ltxdoc.cfg`. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfL^AT_EX:

```
pdflatex zref.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist zref.idx
pdflatex zref.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist zref.idx
pdflatex zref.dtx
```

9 References

- [1] Package `footmisc`, Robin Fairbairns, 2004/01/23 v5.3a.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/footmisc/footmisc.dtx](#)
- [2] Package `hyperref`, Sebastian Rahtz, Heiko Oberdiek, 2006/08/16 v6.75c.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/hyperref/](#)
- [3] Package `lastpage`, Jeff Goldberg, 1994/06/25 v0.1b.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/lastpage/](#)
- [4] Package `nameref`, Sebastian Rahtz, Heiko Oberdiek, 2006/02/12 v2.24.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/hyperref/nameref.dtx](#)
- [5] Package `perpage`, David Kastrup, 2002/12/20 v1.0.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/bigfoot/perpage.dtx](#)
- [6] Package `titleref`, Donald Arseneau, 2001/04/05 v3.1.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/misc/titleref.sty](#)
- [7] Package `totpages`, Wilhelm Müller, 1999/07/14 v1.00.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/totpages/](#)
- [8] Package `xr`, David Carlisle, 1994/05/28 v5.02.[CTAN:macros/latex/required/tools/xr.pdf](#)
- [9] Package `xr-hyper`, David Carlisle, 2000/03/22 v6.00beta4.[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/hyperref/xr-hyper.sty](#)

10 History

[2006/02/20 v1.0]

- First version.

[2006/05/03 v1.1]

- Module `perpage` added.
- Module redesign as packages.

[2006/05/25 v1.2]

- Module `dotfillmin` added.
- Module `base`: macros `\zref@require@unique` and `\thezref@unique` added (used by modules `titleref` and `dotfillmin`).

[2006/09/08 v1.3]

- Typo fixes and English cleanup by Per Starback.

[2007/01/23 v1.4]

- Typo in macro name fixed in documentation.

[2007/02/18 v1.5]

- `\zref@getcurrent` added (suggestion of Igor Akkerman).
- Module `savepos` also supports XeTeX.

[2007/04/06 v1.6]

- Fix in modules `abspage` and `base`: Now counter `abspage` and `zref@unique` are not remembered by `\include`.
- Beamer support for module `titleref`.

[2007/04/17 v1.7]

- Package `atbegshi` replaces `everyshi`.

[2007/04/22 v1.8]

- `\zref@wrapper@babel` and `\zref@refused` are now expandable if `babel` is not used or `\if@safe@actives` is already set to true. (Feature request of Josselin Noirel)

[2007/05/02 v1.9]

- Module `titleref`: Some support for `\caption` of package `longtable`, but only if `\label` is given after `\caption`.

[2007/05/06 v2.0]

- Uses package `etexcmds` for accessing ε -TeX's `\unexpanded`.

[2007/05/28 v2.1]

- Module `titleref` supports caption of package `listings`.
- Fixes in module `titleref` for support of packages `titlesec` and `longtable`.

[2008/09/21 v2.2]

- Module `base`: `\zref@iflistcontainsprop` is documented, but a broken `\zref@listcontainsprop` implemented. Name and implementation fixed (thanks Ohad Kammar).

[2008/10/01 v2.3]

- `\zref@localaddprop` added (feature request of Ohad Kammar).
- Module `lastpage`: list ‘LastPage’ added. Label ‘LastPage’ will use the properties of this list (default is empty) along with the properties of the main list.

[2009/08/07 v2.4]

- Module `runs` added.

[2009/12/06 v2.5]

- Module `lastpage`: Uses package `atveryend`.
- Module `titleref`: Further commands are disabled during string expansion, imported from package `nameref`.

[2009/12/07 v2.6]

- Version date added for package `atveryend`.

[2009/12/08 v2.7]

- Module `titleref`: Use of package `getttitlestring`.

[2010/03/26 v2.8]

- `\zifrefundefined` added.
- Module `lastpage`: Macros `\zref@iflastpage` and `\ziflastpage` added.
- Module `thepage` added.
- Module `nextpage` added.

[2010/03/29 v2.9]

- Module `marks` added (without documentation).
- `\zref@addprop` now adds expanded property to list.
- Useless `\ZREF@ErrorNoLine` removed.

[2010/04/08 v2.10]

- Module `xr` remembers the external document name in property ‘external-document’.

[2010/04/15 v2.11]

- Module `titleref`: Better support of class `memoir`.
- Module `titleref`: Support of theorems.

[2010/04/17 v2.12]

- Module `base`: `\zref@newprop` ensures global empty default.
- Module `xr`: Setup options `tozreflabel` and `toltxlabel` added.

[2010/04/19 v2.13]

- `\zref@setcurrent` throws an error if the property does not exist (Florent Chervet).
- `\zref@getcurrent` the documentation is fixed (Florent Chervet). Also it returns the empty string in case of errors.
- `\zref@addprop` and `\zref@localaddprop` now take a list of property names (feature request of Florent Chervet).
- Example for `\zref@wrapper@unexpanded` corrected (Florent Chervet).

[2010/04/22 v2.14]

- Bug fix for `\zref@getcurrent` second argument wasn't eaten in case of unknown property.
- `\zref@getcurrent` supports `\zref@wrapper@unexpanded`.
- `\zref@wrapper@unexpanded` added for `\ZREF@xr@tolabel`.
- `\zref@extract`, `\zref@extractdefault`, `\zref@getcurrent` are expandable in exact two steps except inside `\zref@wrapper@unexpanded`.

[2010/04/23 v2.15]

- `\zexternaldocument` fixed for property 'url' when importing `\new@label` (bug found by Victor Ivrii).
- Two expansion steps also in `\zref@wrapper@unexpanded`.
- Nested calls of `\zref@wrapper@unexpanded` possible.

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