

# The `mandi` package

Paul J. Heafner  
`heafnerj@gmail.com`

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## Change History

v2.0.0		
	General: First public release . . . . .	1
v2.1.0		
	General: Added more predefined quantities. . .	1
	Coexists with <code>physymb</code> . Load <code>physymb</code> before	
	<code>mandi</code> . . . . .	1
	Coexists with <code>siunitx</code> . . . . .	1
	Improved vector operators. . . . .	1
	No longer needs <code>SIunits</code> . It's deprecated . .	1

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# 1 Introduction

This package provides a collection of commands useful in introductory physics and astronomy. The underlying philosophy is that the user, potentially an introductory student, should just type the name of a physical quantity, with a numerical value if needed, without having to think about the units. `mandi` will typeset everything correctly. For symbolic quantities, the user should type only what is necessary to get the desired result. What one types should correspond as closely as possible to what one thinks when writing. The package name derives from *Matter & Interactions*<sup>1</sup> by Ruth Chabay and Bruce Sherwood. The package certainly is rather tightly tied to that textbook but can be used for typesetting any document that requires consistent physics notation. With `mandi` many complicated expressions can be typeset with just a single command. Great thought has been given to command names and I hope users find the conventions logical and easy to remember.

There are other underlying philosophies and goals embedded within `mandi`, all of which are summarized here. They are

- to employ a *type what you think* model for remembering commands
- to relieve the user of having to explicitly worry about typesetting SI units
- to enforce certain concepts that are too frequently merged, which causes confusion, such as the distinction between a vector quantity and its magnitude (e.g. we often use the same name for both)
- to enforce consistent terminology in the naming of quantities, with names that are both meaningful to introductory students and accurate (e.g. *duration* vs. *time*)
- to enforce consistent notation, especially for vector quantities

I hope that using `mandi` will cause users to form good habits that benefit physics students.

# 2 Building From Source

I am assuming the user will use pdf $\text{\LaTeX}$ , which creates PDF files as output, to build the documentation. I have not tested the build with standard  $\text{\LaTeX}$ , which creates DVI files.

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<sup>1</sup>See the *Matter & Interactions* home page at <http://www.matterandinteractions.org/> for more information about this innovative introductory calculus-based physics curriculum.

### 3 Loading the Package

To load the `mandi` package, simply put the line

```
\usepackage{mandi}
```

in your document's preamble to load `mandi` with its default options. To use the package's available options, write

```
\usepackage[options]{mandi}
```

There are five available options, with one option being based on the absence of two of the others.

- **italicvectors** gives italic letters for the kernels of vector names. Otherwise, the letters are in Roman.
- **doubleabsbars** gives double bars in symbols for vector magnitudes. Otherwise, single bars are used. Double bars may be more familiar to students from their calculus courses.
- **baseunits** causes all units to be displayed in *baseunits* form, with SI base units. No solidi (slashes) are used. Positive and negative exponents are used to denote powers of various base units.
- **drvunits** causes all units to be displayed, when possible, in *drvunits* form, with SI derived units. Students may already be familiar with many of these derived units.
- If neither **baseunits** nor **drvunits** is specified (the default), units are displayed in what I call *tradunits* form, which is typically the way they would traditionally appear in textbooks. Units in this form frequently hide the underlying physical meaning and are probably not best pedagogically but are familiar to students and teachers. In this document, the default is to use traditional units. As you will see later, there are ways to override these options either temporarily or permanently.

## 4 Usage

So what does `mandi` allow you to do? Suppose you want to typeset a calculation of a particle's kinetic energy (assume the magnitude of the particle's velocity is much less than the magnitude of light's velocity). You could use

```
K \approx \frac{1}{2} \left( \text{kg} \right) \left( \text{m/s} \right)^2
```

but it is more logical and more readable to use

```
K \approx \frac{1}{2} (\text{mass}) (\text{velocity})^2
```

given that they produce the same output. The second way is what `mandi` lets you do.

$$K \approx \frac{1}{2} (2 \text{ kg}) (2 \text{ m/s})^2$$

The second way is more readable if you come back to the document, perhaps having not looked at the source code for a while. Suppose you want to use vectors quantities. That's no problem because `mandi` handles vector quantities.

```
Calculate the magnitude of \momentum{\mivector{3,2,5}}.
```

produces

Calculate the magnitude of  $\langle 3, 2, 5 \rangle \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$ .

The underlying strategy is to *think about how you would say what you want to write and then write it the way you would say it*. With a few exceptions, this is how `mandi` works. You need not worry about units because `mandi` knows what SI units go with which physical quantities. You can define new quantities so that `mandi` knows about them and in doing so, you give the new quantities the same names they would normally have.

If you want to save time in writing out the energy principle, just use

```
\energyprinciple
```

which gives

$$E_{\text{sys,f}} = E_{\text{sys,i}} + W_{\text{ext}} + Q$$

with fewer keystrokes, and it's easier to remember.

This barely scratches the surface in describing `mandi` so continue reading this document to see everything this package can do.

## 5 Features and Commands

### 5.1 Autosized Parentheses

An experimental feature of `mandi` is autosized parentheses in math mode. This means you need never use `\left(` or `\right)`. Just use unadorned parentheses and they will size correctly. Note that this only works in math mode, only works for parentheses and not for other delimiters.

To illustrate, `(\oofpezmathsymbol)` gives  $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$  but `\((\oofpezmathsymbol)\)` gives  $(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0})$ .

### 5.2 SI Base Units

This is not a tutorial on SI units and the user is assumed to be familiar with SI rules and usage. Begin by defining shortcuts for the units for the seven SI base quantities: *spatial displacement* (what others call *length*), *mass*, *temporal displacement* (what others call *time*, but we will call it *duration* in most cases), *electric current*, *thermodynamic temperature*, *amount*, and *luminous intensity*. These shortcuts are used internally and need not explicitly be invoked by the user.

`\m`

metre or SI unit of spatial displacement (length)

`\m`

`m`

`\kg`

kilogram or SI unit of mass

`\kg`

`kg`

`\s`

second or SI unit of temporal displacement (duration)

`\s`

`s`

`\A`

ampere or SI unit of electric current

`\A`

`A`

\K

kelvin or SI unit of thermodynamic temperature

\K

K

\mol

mole or SI unit of amount

\mol

mol

\cd

candela or SI unit of luminous intensity

\cd

cd

If `mandi` was invoked with **baseunits**, then every physical quantity will have a unit that is some product of powers of these seven base SI units. Exceptions are angular quantities, which will include either degrees or radians depending upon the application. Again, this is what we mean by *baseunits* form.

Certain combinations of the SI base units have nicknames and each such combination and nickname constitutes a *derived unit*. Derived units are no more physically meaningful than the base units, they are merely nicknames for particular combinations of base units. An example of a derived unit is the newton, for which the symbol (it is not an abbreviation) is N. However, the symbol N is merely a nickname for a particular combination of base units. It is not the case that every unique combination of base units has a nickname, but those that do are usually named in honor of a scientist. Incidentally, in such cases, the symbol is capitalized but the *name* of the unit is **never** capitalized. Thus we would write the name of the derived unit of force as newton and not Newton. Again, using these select nicknames for certain combinations of base units is what we mean by *drvunits* form.

### 5.3 Defining Physics Quantities

```
\newphysicsquantity
    define a physics quantity
    \newphysicsquantity{\(newname\)}{\(baseunits\)}[\(drvduits\)] [\(\tradunits\)]  
  
Here is how spatial displacement is defined internally.  
\newphysicsconstant{displacement}{\m}{\m}{\m}
```

Using this command causes several things to happen.

- A command `\newname{\(magnitude\)}`, where `newname` is the first argument passed to `\newphysicsquantity`, is created that takes one mandatory argument, a numerical magnitude. Subsequent use of your defined scalar quantity can be invoked by typing `\newname{\(magnitude\)}` and the units will be typeset according to the options given when `mandi` was loaded. Note that if the `drvduits` and `tradunits` forms are not specified, they will be populated with the `baseunits` form.
- A command `\newnamebaseunit{\(magnitude\)}` is created that expresses the quantity and its units in `baseunits` form.
- A command `\newnamedrvdunit{\(magnitude\)}` is created that expresses the quantity and its units in `drvduits` form. This command is created whether or not the first optional argument is provided.
- A command `\newnametradunit{\(magnitude\)}` is created that expresses the quantity and its units in `tradunits` form. This command is created whether or not the first optional argument is provided.
- A command `\newnameonlybaseunit{\(magnitude\)}` is created that expresses **only** the quantity's units in `baseunits` form.
- A command `\newnameonlyrvdunit{\(magnitude\)}` is created that expresses **only** the quantity's units in `drvduits` form.
- A command `\newnameonlytradunit{\(magnitude\)}` is created that expresses **only** the quantity's units in `tradunits` form.
- A command `\newnamevalue{\(magnitude\)}` is created that expresses **only** the quantity's numerical value.

To typeset a numerical displacement, you would merely type `\displacement{3}` to get 3 m in a calculation.

#### 5.3.1 Defining Vector Quantities

Nothing special is necessary for defining vector quantities, but a formatted vector is used when invoking the value of that quantity. Thus, typing `\displacement{\mivector{3,2,-1}}` gives  $\langle 3, 2, -1 \rangle$  m precisely as expected.

## 5.4 First Semester Physics

The first semester of *Matter & Interactions* focuses on mechanics, dynamics, and statistical mechanics.

### 5.4.1 Predefined Quantities

The seven fundamental quantities are similarly defined and examples of their usage is given in the following table.

\displacement{3.14}	3.14 m
\mass{2.81}	2.81 kg
\duration{4.32}	4.32 s
\current{5.19}	5.19 A
\temperature{273}	273 K
\amount{2.87}	2.87 mol
\luminous{5.64}	5.64 cd

Okay, so much for the base quantities. While we're at it, let's also go ahead and define plane angle, solid angle, and a few non-SI units of angular measure, energy, and distance.

\planeangle{2.88}	2.88 rad
\solidangle{4\pi}	$4\pi$ sr
\indegrees{30.1}	30.1 °
\inarcminutes{30.1}	30.1 '
\inarcseconds{30.1}	30.1 ''
\ineV{10.2}	10.2 eV
\inAU{5.2}	5.2 AU

Angles are confusing in introductory physics because sometimes we write the unit and sometimes we do not. Some concepts, such as flux, are simplified by introducing solid angle.

Now let us move on into first semester physics, defining quantities in the approximate order in which they appear in *Matter & Interactions*. Use `\scin[]{}{}` to get scientific notation, with the mantissa as the optional first argument and the exponent as the required second argument. An optional third argument specifies a unit, but that is not needed in the following examples.

$\backslash velocityc\{0.24\}$	$0.24c$
$\backslash velocity\{2.99\}$	$2.99 \text{ m/s}$
$\backslash gamma\{4.32\}$	$4.32$
$\backslash momentum\{\backslash scin[2.44]\{4\}\}$	$2.44 \times 10^4 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$
$\backslash acceleration\{9.81\}$	$9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$
$\backslash impulse\{3.56\}$	$3.56 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$
$\backslash force\{2.84\}$	$2.84 \text{ N}$
$\backslash springstiffness\{6.92\}$	$6.92 \text{ N/m}$
$\backslash springstretch\{0.212\}$	$0.212 \text{ m}$
$\backslash area\{0.125\}$	$0.125 \text{ m}^2$
$\backslash volume\{5.33\}$	$5.33 \text{ m}^3$
$\backslash linearmassdensity\{2.33\}$	$2.33 \text{ kg/m}$
$\backslash areamassdensity\{3.60\}$	$3.60 \text{ kg/m}^2$
$\backslash volumemassdensity\{27.4\}$	$27.4 \text{ kg/m}^3$
$\backslash youngsmodulus\{\backslash scin[2.12]\{9\}\}$	$2.12 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa}$
$\backslash work\{4.04\}$	$4.04 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$
$\backslash energy\{4.40\}$	$4.40 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$
$\backslash power\{100.2\}$	$100.2 \text{ J/s}$
$\backslash angularvelocity\{3.02\}$	$3.02 \text{ rad/s}$
$\backslash angularacceleration\{5.32\}$	$5.32 \text{ rad/s}^2$
$\backslash angularmomentum\{6.81\}$	$6.81 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}$
$\backslash momentofinertia\{4.59\}$	$4.59 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$
$\backslash torque\{3.40\}$	$3.40 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$
$\backslash entropy\{5.95\}$	$5.95 \text{ J/K}$
$\backslash wavelength\{\backslash scin[4.00]\{-7\}\}$	$4.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$
$\backslash wavenumber\{\backslash scin[2.50]\{6\}\}$	$2.50 \times 10^6 / \text{m}$
$\backslash frequency\{\backslash scin[7.50]\{14\}\}$	$7.50 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$
$\backslash angularfrequency\{\backslash scin[4.70]\{15\}\}$	$4.70 \times 10^{15} \text{ rad/s}$

Two quick thoughts here. First, work and energy are similar to momentum and impulse in that they come from two different concepts. Work comes from force acting through a spatial displacement and energy is a fundamental property of matter. It is a coincidence that they have the same dimensions and thus the same unit. Second, notice that I didn't define speed. Velocity is the only quantity I can think of for which we have different names for the vector and the magnitude of the vector. I decided to put it on the same footing as momentum, acceleration, and force.

## 5.5 Second Semester Physics

The second semester of *Matter & Interactions* focuses on electromagnetic theory, and there are many primary and secondary quantities.

### 5.5.1 Predefined Quantities

$\backslash\text{charge}\{\text{\scin}[2]\{-9\}\}$	$2 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}$
$\backslash\text{permittivity}\{\text{\scin}[9]\{-12\}\}$	$9 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2$
$\backslash\text{electricfield}\{\text{\scin}[2]\{5\}\}$	$2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
$\backslash\text{electricdipolemoment}\{\text{\scin}[3]\{-22\}\}$	$3 \times 10^{-22} \text{ C} \cdot \text{m}$
$\backslash\text{permeability}\{\text{\scin}[4\pi]\{-7\}\}$	$4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T} \cdot \text{m/A}$
$\backslash\text{magneticfield}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ N/C} \cdot (\text{m/s})$
$\backslash\text{cmagneticfield}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ N/C}$
$\backslash\text{linearchargedensity}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ C/m}$
$\backslash\text{areachargedensity}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ C/m}^2$
$\backslash\text{volumechargedensity}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ C/m}^3$
$\backslash\text{mobility}\{\text{\scin}[4.5]\{-3\}\}$	$4.5 \times 10^{-3} (\text{m/s}) / (\text{N/C})$
$\backslash\text{numberdensity}\{\text{\scin}[2]\{18\}\}$	$2 \times 10^{18} / \text{m}^3$
$\backslash\text{polarizability}\{\text{\scin}[1.96]\{-40\}\}$	$1.96 \times 10^{-40} \text{ C} \cdot \text{m} / (\text{N/C})$
$\backslash\text{electricpotential}\{1.5\}$	$1.5 \text{ V}$
$\backslash\text{emf}\{1.5\}$	$1.5 \text{ V}$
$\backslash\text{dielectricconstant}\{1.5\}$	$1.5$
$\backslash\text{indexofrefraction}\{1.5\}$	$1.5$
$\backslash\text{relativepermittivity}\{0.9\}$	$0.9$
$\backslash\text{relativepermeability}\{0.9\}$	$0.9$
$\backslash\text{energydensity}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ J/m}^3$
$\backslash\text{electroncurrent}\{\text{\scin}[2]\{18\}\}$	$2 \times 10^{18} \text{ e/s}$
$\backslash\text{conventionalcurrent}\{0.003\}$	$0.003 \text{ A}$
$\backslash\text{magneticdipolemoment}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ A} \cdot \text{m}^2$
$\backslash\text{currentdensity}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ A/m}^2$
$\backslash\text{capacitance}\{1.00\}$	$1.00 \text{ F}$
$\backslash\text{conductivity}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ A/V} \cdot \text{m}$
$\backslash\text{resistivity}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \Omega \cdot \text{m}$
$\backslash\text{resistance}\{\text{\scin}[1]\{6\}\}$	$1 \times 10^6 \Omega$
$\backslash\text{conductance}\{1.25\}$	$1.25 \text{ S}$

## 5.6 Further Words on Units

As you recall, when a new scalar or vector is defined, a host of other commands is also automatically defined. Consider momentum. The following commands are defined:

<code>\momentum{3}</code>	$3 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$	unit determined by global options
<code>\momentumbaseunit{3}</code>	$3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	quantity with base unit
<code>\momentumdrvdunit{3}</code>	$3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s}$	quantity with derived unit
<code>\momentumtradunit{3}</code>	$3 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$	quantity with traditional unit
<code>\momentumvalue{3}</code>	3	numerical value of quantity
<code>\momentumonlybaseunit</code>	$\text{m} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	selects only base unit
<code>\momentumonlydrvdunit</code>	$\text{N} \cdot \text{s}$	selects only derived unit
<code>\momentumonlytradunit</code>	$\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$	selects only traditional unit

The form of a quantity's unit can be changed on the fly regardless of the global format determined by **baseunits** and **drvunits**. One way, as illustrated in the table above, is to append `baseunit`, `drvdunit`, `tradunit` to the quantity's name, and this will override the global options for that instance.

`\hereusebaseunit` A second way is to use the commands `\hereusebaseunit{}`, `\hereusedrvdunit{}`, or `\hereusetradunit{}` with the quantity as the argument.  
`\hereusebaseunit`  
`\hereusedrvdunit`  
`\hereusetradunit`

<code>\hereusebaseunit{\momentum{3}}</code>	$3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$
<code>\hereusedrvdunit{\momentum{3}}</code>	$3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s}$
<code>\hereusetradunit{\momentum{3}}</code>	$3 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$

`usebaseunit` A third way is to use the `usebaseunit`, `usedrvdunit`, `usetradunit` environments.  
`usedrvdunit`  
`usetradunit`

<code>\begin{usebaseunit}</code>	
<code>\momentum{3}</code>	$3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$
<code>\end{usebaseunit}</code>	
<code>\begin{usedrvdunit}</code>	
<code>\momentum{3}</code>	$3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s}$
<code>\end{usedrvdunit}</code>	
<code>\begin{usetradunit}</code>	
<code>\momentum{3}</code>	$3 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$
<code>\end{usetradunit}</code>	

`\perpusebaseunit` A fourth way is to use the global switches `\perpusebaseunit`, `\perpusedrvdunit`, and  
`\perpusedrvdunit` `\perpusetradunit` (think *perpetually use...*). It's important to remember that these switches  
`\perpusedrvdunit` override the global options for the rest of the document or until overridden by one of the  
other two switches.

## 5.7 Expressions with Vectors

### 5.7.1 Basic Vectors

`\vect`

symbol for a vector quantity  
`\vect{<kernel>}`

`\vect{p}`

$\vec{p}$

`\magvect`

symbol for a vector quantity's magnitude  
`\magvect{<kernel>}`

`\magvect{p}`

$|\vec{p}|$

`\dirvect`

symbol for a vector quantity's direction  
`\dirvect{<kernel>}`

`\dirvect{p}`

$\hat{p}$

`\ncompszerovect`

symbol for the zero vector expressed in components  
Deprecated. Use `\mivector` instead.  
`\ncompszerovect`

`\ncompszerovect`

$\langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$

`\symvect`

symbol for vector with expressions as components  
Deprecated. Use `\mivector` instead.

`\symvect{\langle listofcomps \rangle}`

```
\symvect{\magvect{E}\cos\theta,\magvect{E}\sin\theta,0}
```

$$\left( \begin{vmatrix} \vec{E} \end{vmatrix} \cos \theta, \begin{vmatrix} \vec{E} \end{vmatrix} \sin \theta, 0 \right)$$

`\ncompsvect`

vector with numerical components and an optional unit  
Deprecated. Use `\mivector` instead.

`\ncompsvect{\langle listofcomps \rangle}[\langle unit \rangle]`

```
\ncompsvect{3,4,6}[\mathrm{m\per s}]
```

$$\langle 3, 4, 6 \rangle \text{ m/s}$$

`\magvect\ncomps`

expression for a vector's magnitude with numerical components and an optional unit

`\magvect\ncomps{\langle listofcomps \rangle}[\langle unit \rangle]`

```
\magvect\ncomps{3.12,4.04,6.73}[\mathrm{m\per s}]
```

$$\sqrt{(3.12 \text{ m/s})^2 + (4.04 \text{ m/s})^2 + (6.73 \text{ m/s})^2}$$

`\scompsvect`

symbolic components of a vector

`\scompsvect{\langle kernel \rangle}`

`\scompsvect{E}`

$$\left( E_x, E_y, E_z \right)$$

`\compvect`

symbolic component of a vector  
`\compvect{<kernel>}{<comp>}`

`\compvect{E}{y}`

$E_y$

`\magvectscomps`

expression for a vector's magnitude in terms of its symbolic components  
`\magvectscomps{<kernel>}`

`\magvectscomps{B}`

$\sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2 + B_z^2}$

### 5.7.2 Position Vectors

`\scompspos`

symbolic components of a position vector  
`\scompspos`

`\scompspos`

$\langle x, y, z \rangle$

`\compos`

one component of a position vector  
`\compos{<comp>}`

`\compos{y}`

$y$

### 5.7.3 Differentials and Derivatives of Vectors

`\dvect`  
`\Dvect`

symbol for the differential of a vector  
`\dvect{<kernel>}` or `\Dvect{<kernel>}`

`\dvect{E}` or `\Dvect{E}`

$d\vec{E}$  or  $\Delta\vec{E}$

`\dirdvect`  
`\dirDvect`

symbol for the direction of the differential of a vector  
`\dirdvect{<kernel>}` or `\dirDvect{<kernel>}`

`\dirdvect{E}` or `\dirDvect{E}`

$\widehat{d\vec{E}}$  or  $\widehat{\Delta\vec{E}}$

`\ddirvect`  
`\Ddirvect`

symbol for the differential of a vector's direction  
`\ddirvect{<kernel>}` or `\Ddirvect{<kernel>}`

`\ddirvect{E}` or `\Ddirvect{E}`

$d\hat{E}$  or  $\Delta\hat{E}$

`\magdvect`  
`\magDvect`

magnitude of the differential of a vector  
`\magdvect{<kernel>}` or `\magDvect{<kernel>}`

`\magdvect{E}` or `\magDvect{E}`

$|d\vec{E}|$  or  $|\Delta\vec{E}|$

`\dmagvect`  
`\Dmagvect`

differential of the magnitude of a vector  
`\dmagvect{<kernel>}` or `\Dmagvect{<kernel>}`

`\dmagvect{E}` or `\Dmagvect{E}`

$d|\vec{E}|$  or  $\Delta|\vec{E}|$

`\scompsdvect`  
`\scompsDvect`

symbolic components of the differential of a vector  
`\scompsdvect{<kernel>} or \scompsDvect{<kernel>}`

`\scompsdvect{E} or \scompsDvect{E}`

$$\langle d\mathbf{E}_x, d\mathbf{E}_y, d\mathbf{E}_z \rangle \text{ or } \langle \Delta\mathbf{E}_x, \Delta\mathbf{E}_y, \Delta\mathbf{E}_z \rangle$$

`\compdvect`  
`\compDvect`

one symbolic component of the differential of a vector  
`\compdvect{<kernel>}{<comp>} or \compDvect{<kernel>}{<comp>}`

`\compdvect{E}{z} or \compDvect{E}{y}`

$$d\mathbf{E}_z \text{ or } \Delta\mathbf{E}_y$$

`\scompsdpos`  
`\scompsDpos`

symbolic components of the differential of a position vector  
`\scompsdpos or \scompsDpos`

`\scompsdpos or \scompsDpos`

$$\langle dx, dy, dz \rangle \text{ or } \langle \Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z \rangle$$

`\compdpos`  
`\compDpos`

one component of the differential of a position vector  
`\compdpos{<comp>} or \compDpos{<comp>}`

`\compdpos{z} or \compDpos{y}`

$$dz \text{ or } \Delta y$$

`\dervect`  
`\Dervect`

symbol for the derivative of a vector  
`\dervect{<kernel>}{<indvar>} or \Dervect{<kernel>}{<indvar>}`

`\dervect{E}{t} or \Dervect{E}{t}`

$$\frac{d\vec{\mathbf{E}}}{dt} \text{ or } \frac{\Delta\vec{\mathbf{E}}}{\Delta t}$$

\dermagvect  
\Dermagvect

symbol for the derivative of the magnitude of a vector  
\dermagvect{*kernel*}{*indvar*} or \Dermagvect{*kernel*}{*indvar*}

\dermagvect{E}{t} or \Dermagvect{E}{t}

$$\frac{d|\vec{E}|}{dt} \text{ or } \frac{\Delta |\vec{E}|}{\Delta t}$$

\scompsdervect  
\scompsDervect

symbolic components of the derivative of a vector  
\scompsdervect{*kernel*}{*indvar*} or  
\scompsDervect{*kernel*}{*indvar*}

\scompsdervect{E}{t} or \scompsDervect{E}{t}

$$\left\langle \frac{dE_x}{dt}, \frac{dE_y}{dt}, \frac{dE_z}{dt} \right\rangle \text{ or } \left\langle \frac{\Delta E_x}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta E_y}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta E_z}{\Delta t} \right\rangle$$

\compdervect  
\compDervect

one component of the derivative of a vector  
\compdervect{*kernel*}{*indvar*}{*comp*} or  
\compDervect{*kernel*}{*indvar*}{*comp*}

\compdervect{E}{t}{y} or \compDervect{E}{t}{y}

$$\frac{dE_y}{dt} \text{ or } \frac{\Delta E_y}{\Delta t}$$

\magdervect  
\magDervect

magnitude of the derivative of a vector  
\magdervect{*kernel*}{*indvar*} or \magDervect{*kernel*}{*indvar*}

\magdervect{E}{t} or \magDervect{E}{t}

$$\left| \frac{d\vec{E}}{dt} \right| \text{ or } \left| \frac{\Delta \vec{E}}{\Delta t} \right|$$

\scompsderpos  
\scompsDerpos

symbolic components of the derivative of a position vector  
\scompsderpos{\langle indvar \rangle} or \scompsDerpos{\langle indvar \rangle}

\scompsderpos{t} or \scompsDerpos{t}

$$\left\langle \frac{dx}{dt}, \frac{dy}{dt}, \frac{dz}{dt} \right\rangle \text{ or } \left\langle \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta t} \right\rangle$$

\compderpos  
\compDerpos

one component of the derivative of a position vector  
\compderpos{\langle comp \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle} or  
\compDerpos{\langle comp \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}

\compderpos{z}{t} or \compDerpos{z}{t}

$$\frac{dz}{dt} \text{ or } \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta t}$$

#### 5.7.4 Naming Conventions You Have Seen

By now you probably understand that commands are named as closely as possible to the way you would say or write what you want. Every time you see `comp` you should think of a single component. Every time you see `scomps` you should think of a set of symbolic components. Every time you see `der` you should think derivative. Every time you see `dir` you should think direction. I have tried to make the names simple both logically and lexically.

### 5.7.5 Subscripted Vectors

Now we have commands for vectors that carry subscripts, usually to identify an object or something similar. Basically, `vect` becomes `vectsub` and `pos` becomes `possub`. Ideally, a subscript should not contain mathematical symbols. However, if you wish to do so, just wrap the symbol with `\(...\)` as you normally would. All of the commands for non-subscripted vectors are available for subscripted vectors.

```
\vectsub
\magvectsub
\dirvectsub
```

name magnitude and direction of a subscripted vector  
`\vectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}`  
`\dirvectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}`  
`\magvectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}`

`\vectsub{p}{ball}` and `\magvectsub{p}{ball}` and `\dirvectsub{p}{ball}`

$\vec{p}_{\text{ball}}$  and  $|\vec{p}_{\text{ball}}|$  and  $\hat{p}_{\text{ball}}$

```
\scampsvectsub
```

symbolic components of a subscripted vector  
`\scampsvectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}`

`\scampsvectsub{p}{ball}`

$\langle p_{\text{ball},x}, p_{\text{ball},y}, p_{\text{ball},z} \rangle$

```
\compvectsub
```

one component of a subscripted vector  
`\compvectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}{<comp>}`

`\compvectsub{p}{ball}{z}`

$p_{\text{ball},z}$

\magvectsubscmps

magnitude of a subscripted vector in terms of its symbolic components  
\magvectsubscmps{*kernel*}{*sub*}

\magvectsubscmps{p}{ball}

$$\sqrt{p_{\text{ball},x}^2 + p_{\text{ball},y}^2 + p_{\text{ball},z}^2}$$

\scompspossub

symbolic components of a subscripted position vector  
\scompspossub{*sub*}

\scompspossub{ball}

$$\langle x_{\text{ball}}, y_{\text{ball}}, z_{\text{ball}} \rangle$$

\comppossub

one component of a subscripted position vector  
\comppossub{*sub*}{*comp*}

\comppossub{ball}{x}

$$x_{\text{ball}}$$

\dvectsub  
\Dvectsub

differential of a subscripted vector

\dvectsub{*kernel*}{*sub*} or \Dvectsub{*kernel*}{*sub*}

\dvectsub{p}{ball} or \Dvectsub{p}{ball}

$$d\vec{p}_{\text{ball}} \text{ or } \Delta\vec{p}_{\text{ball}}$$

\scompsdvectsub  
\scompsDvectsub

symbolic components the differential of a subscripted vector  
\scompsdvectsub{*kernel*}{*sub*} or  
\scompsDvectsub{*kernel*}{*sub*}

\scompsdvectsub{p}{ball} or \scompsDvectsub{p}{ball}

$$\langle dp_{\text{ball},x}, dp_{\text{ball},y}, dp_{\text{ball},z} \rangle \text{ or } \langle \Delta p_{\text{ball},x}, \Delta p_{\text{ball},y}, \Delta p_{\text{ball},z} \rangle$$

`\compdvectsub`  
`\compDvectsub`

one component of the differential of a subscripted vector  
`\compdvectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}{<comp>}` or  
`\compDvectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}{<comp>}`

`\compdvectsub{p}{ball}{y}` or `\compDvectsub{p}{ball}{y}`

$dp_{ball,y}$  or  $\Delta p_{ball,y}$

`\scompsdpossub`  
`\scompsDpossub`

symbolic components of the differential of a subscripted position vector  
`\scompsdpossub{<sub>}` or  
`\scompsDpossub{<sub>}`

`\scompsdpossub{ball}` or `\scompsDpossub{ball}`

$\langle dx_{ball}, dy_{ball}, dz_{ball} \rangle$  or  $\langle \Delta x_{ball}, \Delta y_{ball}, \Delta z_{ball} \rangle$

`\compdpossub`  
`\compDpossub`

one component of the differential of a subscripted position vector  
`\compdpossub{<sub>}{<comp>}` or  
`\compDpossub{<sub>}{<comp>}`

`\compdpossub{ball}{x}` or `\compDpossub{ball}{x}`

$dx_{ball}$  or  $\Delta x_{ball}$

`\dervectsub`  
`\Dervectsub`

derivative of a subscripted vector  
`\dervectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}{<indvar>}` or  
`\Dervectsub{<kernel>}{<sub>}{<indvar>}`

`\dervectsub{p}{ball}{t}` or `\Dervectsub{p}{ball}{t}`

$\frac{d\vec{p}_{ball}}{dt}$  or  $\frac{\Delta\vec{p}_{ball}}{\Delta t}$

\dermagvectsub  
\Dermagvectsub

symbol for the derivative of the magnitude of a subscripted vector  
\dermagvectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)} or  
\Dermagvectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)}

\dermagvectsub{E}{ball}{t} or \Dermagvectsub{E}{ball}{t}

$$\frac{d|\vec{E}_{\text{ball}}|}{dt} \text{ or } \frac{\Delta|\vec{E}_{\text{ball}}|}{\Delta t}$$

\scompsdervectsub  
\scompsDervectsub

symbolic components of the derivative of a subscripted vector  
\scompsdervectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)} or  
\scompsDervectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)}

\scompsdervectsub{p}{ball}{t} or \scompsDervectsub{p}{ball}{t}

$$\left\langle \frac{dp_{\text{ball},x}}{dt}, \frac{dp_{\text{ball},y}}{dt}, \frac{dp_{\text{ball},z}}{dt} \right\rangle \text{ or } \left\langle \frac{\Delta p_{\text{ball},x}}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta p_{\text{ball},y}}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta p_{\text{ball},z}}{\Delta t} \right\rangle$$

\compdervectsub  
\compDervectsub

one component of the derivative of a subscripted vector  
\compdervectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)}{(comp)} or  
\compDervectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)}{(comp)}

\compdervectsub{p}{ball}{t}{y} or \compDervectsub{p}{ball}{t}{y}

$$\frac{dp_{\text{ball},y}}{dt} \text{ or } \frac{\Delta p_{\text{ball},y}}{\Delta t}$$

\magdervectsub  
\magDervectsub

magnitude of the derivative of a subscripted vector  
\magdervectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)} or  
\magDervectsub{<kernel>}{(sub)}{(indvar)}

\magdervectsub{p}{ball}{t} or \magDervectsub{p}{ball}{t}

$$\left| \frac{d\vec{p}_{\text{ball}}}{dt} \right| \text{ or } \left| \frac{\Delta \vec{p}_{\text{ball}}}{\Delta t} \right|$$

```
\scompsderpossub
\scompsDerpossub
```

symbolic components of the derivative of an indexed position vector  
 $\backslash scompsderpossub\{\langle sub \rangle\}\{\langle indvar \rangle\}$  or  
 $\backslash scompsDerpossub\{\langle sub \rangle\}\{\langle indvar \rangle\}$

$\backslash scompsderpossub\{ball\}\{t\}$  or  $\backslash scompsDerpossub\{ball\}\{t\}$

$$\left\langle \frac{dx_{\text{ball}}}{dt}, \frac{dy_{\text{ball}}}{dt}, \frac{dz_{\text{ball}}}{dt} \right\rangle \text{ or } \left\langle \frac{\Delta x_{\text{ball}}}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta y_{\text{ball}}}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta z_{\text{ball}}}{\Delta t} \right\rangle$$

```
\compderpossub
\compDerpossub
```

one component of the derivative of a subscripted position vector  
 $\backslash compderpossub\{\langle sub \rangle\}\{\langle indvar \rangle\}\{\langle comp \rangle\}$  or  
 $\backslash compDerpossub\{\langle sub \rangle\}\{\langle indvar \rangle\}\{\langle comp \rangle\}$

$\backslash compderpossub\{ball\}\{t\}\{z\}$  or  $\backslash compDerpossub\{ball\}\{t\}\{z\}$

$$\frac{dz_{\text{ball}}}{dt} \text{ or } \frac{\Delta z_{\text{ball}}}{\Delta t}$$

### 5.7.6 Relative Vectors

Sometimes we need the position, velocity, momentum, or force of/on one thing relative to/due to another thing.

```
\relpos
\relvel
\relmom
\relfor
```

relative position or velocity or momentum or force vectors for two objects  
 $\backslash relpos\{\langle sub \rangle\}$  and  $\backslash relvel\{\langle sub \rangle\}$  and  $\backslash relmom\{\langle sub \rangle\}$   
and  $\backslash relfor\{\langle sub \rangle\}$

$\backslash relpos\{12\}$  and  $\backslash relvel\{12\}$  and  $\backslash relmom\{12\}$  and  $\backslash relfor\{12\}$

$\vec{r}_{12}$  and  $\vec{v}_{12}$  and  $\vec{p}_{12}$  and  $\vec{F}_{12}$

### 5.7.7 Expressions Containing Dot Products

Now we get to commands that will save you many, many keystrokes. All of the naming conventions documented in earlier commands still apply. There are some new ones though. Every time you see `dot` you should think *dot product*. When you see `dots` you should think *dot product in terms of symbolic components*. When you see `dote` you should think *dot product expanded as a sum*. These, along with the previous naming conventions, handle many dot product expressions.

```
\vectdotvect
\vectdotsvect
\vectdotevect
```

dot product of two vectors as a single symbol or with symbolic components or as an expanded sum

```
\vectdotvect{\langle vector1 \rangle}{\langle vector2 \rangle}
\vectdotsvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\vectdotevect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
```

```
\vectdotvect{\vect{F}}{\vect{v}} \\
\vectdotsvect{F}{v} \\
\vectdotevect{F}{v}
```

$$\vec{F} \bullet \vec{v} \\
\left\langle F_x, F_y, F_z \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle v_x, v_y, v_z \right\rangle \\
F_x v_x + F_y v_y + F_z v_z$$

```
\vectdotpos
\vectdotepr
```

dot product of a vector and a position vector with symbolic components or as an expanded sum

```
\vectdotpos{\langle kernel \rangle} or \vectdotepr{\langle kernel \rangle}
```

```
\vectdotpos{F} \\
\vectdotepr{F}
```

$$\left\langle F_x, F_y, F_z \right\rangle \bullet \langle x, y, z \rangle \\
F_x x + F_y y + F_z z$$

```
\vectdotsdvect
\vectdotsDvect
\vectdotedvect
\vectdoteDvect
```

dot product of a vector and the differential of a vector with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\vectdotsdvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\vectdotsDvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\vectdotedvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\vectdoteDvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
```

```
\vectdotsdvect{F}{r} or \vectdotsDvect{F}{r} \\
\vectdotedvect{F}{r} or \vectdoteDvect{F}{r} \\
```

$$\left\langle F_x, F_y, F_z \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle dr_x, dr_y, dr_z \right\rangle \text{ or } \left\langle F_x, F_y, F_z \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle \Delta r_x, \Delta r_y, \Delta r_z \right\rangle \\
F_x dr_x + F_y dr_y + F_z dr_z \text{ or } F_x \Delta r_x + F_y \Delta r_y + F_z \Delta r_z$$

```
\vectdotsdpos
\vectdotsDpos
\vectdotedpos
\vectdoteDpos
```

dot product of a vector and the differential position vector with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\vectdotsdpos{<kernel>} or \vectdotsDpos{<kernel>}
\vectdotedpos{<kernel>} or \vectdoteDpos{<kernel>}
```

```
\vectdotsdpos{F} or \vectdotsDpos{F} \\
\vectdotedpos{F} or \vectdoteDpos{F}
```

$$\left\langle F_x, F_y, F_z \right\rangle \bullet \langle dx, dy, dz \rangle \text{ or } \left\langle F_x, F_y, F_z \right\rangle \bullet \langle \Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z \rangle$$

$$F_x dx + F_y dy + F_z dz \text{ or } F_x \Delta x + F_y \Delta y + F_z \Delta z$$

```
\vectsubdotsvectsub
\vectsubdotevectsub
```

dot product of two subscripted vectors with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\vectsubdotsvectsub{<kernel1>}{<sub1>}{<kernel2>}{<sub2>}
\vectsubdotevectsub{<kernel1>}{<sub1>}{<kernel2>}{<sub2>}
```

```
\vectsubdotsvectsub{F}{grav}{r}{ball} \\
\vectsubdotevectsub{F}{grav}{r}{ball}
```

$$\left\langle F_{\text{grav},x}, F_{\text{grav},y}, F_{\text{grav},z} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle r_{\text{ball},x}, r_{\text{ball},y}, r_{\text{ball},z} \right\rangle$$

$$F_{\text{grav},x} r_{\text{ball},x} + F_{\text{grav},y} r_{\text{ball},y} + F_{\text{grav},z} r_{\text{ball},z}$$

```
\vectsubdotsdvectsub
\vectsubdotsDvectsub
\vectsubdotedvectsub
\vectsubdoteDvectsub
```

dot product of a subscripted vector and the differential of a subscripted vector with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\vectsubdotsdvectsub{<kernel1>}{<sub1>}{<kernel2>}{<sub2>}
\vectsubdotsDvectsub{<kernel1>}{<sub1>}{<kernel2>}{<sub2>}
\vectsubdotedvectsub{<kernel1>}{<sub1>}{<kernel2>}{<sub2>}
\vectsubdoteDvectsub{<kernel1>}{<sub1>}{<kernel2>}{<sub2>}
```

```
\vectsubdotsdvectsub{A}{ball}{B}{car} \\
\vectsubdotsDvectsub{A}{ball}{B}{car} \\
\vectsubdotedvectsub{A}{ball}{B}{car} \\
\vectsubdoteDvectsub{A}{ball}{B}{car}
```

$$\left\langle A_{\text{ball},x}, A_{\text{ball},y}, A_{\text{ball},z} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle dB_{\text{car},x}, dB_{\text{car},y}, dB_{\text{car},z} \right\rangle$$

$$\left\langle A_{\text{ball},x}, A_{\text{ball},y}, A_{\text{ball},z} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle \Delta B_{\text{car},x}, \Delta B_{\text{car},y}, \Delta B_{\text{car},z} \right\rangle$$

$$A_{\text{ball},x} dB_{\text{car},x} + A_{\text{ball},y} dB_{\text{car},y} + A_{\text{ball},z} dB_{\text{car},z}$$

$$A_{\text{ball},x} \Delta B_{\text{car},x} + A_{\text{ball},y} \Delta B_{\text{car},y} + A_{\text{ball},z} \Delta B_{\text{car},z}$$

```
\vectsubdotsdvect
\vectsubdotsDvect
\vectsubdotedvect
\vectsubdoteDvect
```

dot product of a subscripted vector and the differential of a vector with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\vectsubdotsdvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle sub1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\vectsubdotsDvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle sub1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\vectsubdotedvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle sub1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\vectsubdoteDvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle sub1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
```

```
\vectsubdotsdvect{A}{ball}{B} \\
\vectsubdotsDvect{A}{ball}{B} \\
\vectsubdotedvect{A}{ball}{B} \\
\vectsubdoteDvect{A}{ball}{B}
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\langle A_{\text{ball},x}, A_{\text{ball},y}, A_{\text{ball},z} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle dB_x, dB_y, dB_z \right\rangle \\ & \left\langle A_{\text{ball},x}, A_{\text{ball},y}, A_{\text{ball},z} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle \Delta B_x, \Delta B_y, \Delta B_z \right\rangle \\ & A_{\text{ball},x} dB_x + A_{\text{ball},y} dB_y + A_{\text{ball},z} dB_z \\ & A_{\text{ball},x} \Delta B_x + A_{\text{ball},y} \Delta B_y + A_{\text{ball},z} \Delta B_z \end{aligned}$$

```
\vectsubdotsdpos
\vectsubdotsDpos
\vectsubdotedpos
\vectsubdoteDpos
```

dot product of a subscripted vector and a differential position vector with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\vectsubdotsdpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}
\vectsubdotsDpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}
\vectsubdotedpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}
\vectsubdoteDpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}
```

```
\vectsubdotsdpos{A}{ball} \\
\vectsubdotsDpos{A}{ball} \\
\vectsubdotedpos{A}{ball} \\
\vectsubdoteDpos{A}{ball}
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\langle A_{\text{ball},x}, A_{\text{ball},y}, A_{\text{ball},z} \right\rangle \bullet \langle dx, dy, dz \rangle \\ & \left\langle A_{\text{ball},x}, A_{\text{ball},y}, A_{\text{ball},z} \right\rangle \bullet \langle \Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z \rangle \\ & A_{\text{ball},x} dx + A_{\text{ball},y} dy + A_{\text{ball},z} dz \\ & A_{\text{ball},x} \Delta x + A_{\text{ball},y} \Delta y + A_{\text{ball},z} \Delta z \end{aligned}$$

```
\dervectdotsvect
\Dervectdotsvect
\dervectdotevect
\Dervectdotevect
```

dot product of the derivative of a vector and a vector with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\dervectdotsvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\Dervectdotsvect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\dervectdotevect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
\Dervectdotevect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}
```

```
\dervectdotsvect{A}{t}{B} \\
\Dervectdotsvect{A}{t}{B} \\
\dervectdotevect{A}{t}{B} \\
\Dervectdotevect{A}{t}{B}
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\langle \frac{dA_x}{dt}, \frac{dA_y}{dt}, \frac{dA_z}{dt} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle B_x, B_y, B_z \right\rangle \\ & \left\langle \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle B_x, B_y, B_z \right\rangle \\ & \frac{dA_x}{dt} B_x + \frac{dA_y}{dt} B_y + \frac{dA_z}{dt} B_z \\ & \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t} B_x + \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t} B_y + \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t} B_z \end{aligned}$$

```
\vectdotsdervect
\vectdotsDervect
\vectdotedervect
\vectdoteDervect
```

dot product of a vector and the derivative of a vector with symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\vectdotsdervect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
\vectdotsDervect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
\vectdotedervect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
\vectdoteDervect{\langle kernel1 \rangle}{\langle kernel2 \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
```

```
\vectdotsdervect{A}{B}{t} \\
\vectdotsDervect{A}{B}{t} \\
\vectdotedervect{A}{B}{t} \\
\vectdoteDervect{A}{B}{t}
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\langle A_x, A_y, A_z \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle \frac{dB_x}{dt}, \frac{dB_y}{dt}, \frac{dB_z}{dt} \right\rangle \\ & \left\langle A_x, A_y, A_z \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle \frac{\Delta B_x}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta B_y}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta B_z}{\Delta t} \right\rangle \\ & A_x \frac{dB_x}{dt} + A_y \frac{dB_y}{dt} + A_z \frac{dB_z}{dt} \\ & A_x \frac{\Delta B_x}{\Delta t} + A_y \frac{\Delta B_y}{\Delta t} + A_z \frac{\Delta B_z}{\Delta t} \end{aligned}$$

```
\dervectdotpos
\Dervectdotpos
\dervectdotepon
\Dervectdotepon
```

dot product of the derivative of a vector and a position vector using symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\dervectdotpos{<kernel>}{<indvar>}
\Dervectdotpos{<kernel>}{<indvar>}
\dervectdotepon{<kernel>}{<indvar>}
\Dervectdotepon{<kernel>}{<indvar>}
```

```
\dervectdotpos{A}{t} \\
\Dervectdotpos{A}{t} \\
\dervectdotepon{A}{t} \\
\Dervectdotepon{A}{t}
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\langle \frac{dA_x}{dt}, \frac{dA_y}{dt}, \frac{dA_z}{dt} \right\rangle \bullet \langle x, y, z \rangle \\ & \left\langle \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t} \right\rangle \bullet \langle x, y, z \rangle \\ & \frac{dA_x}{dt}x + \frac{dA_y}{dt}y + \frac{dA_z}{dt}z \\ & \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t}x + \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t}y + \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t}z \end{aligned}$$

```
\dervectdotsdvect
\DervectdotsDvect
\dervectdotedvect
\DervectdoteDvect
```

dot product of the derivative of a vector and the differential of a vector using symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\dervectdotsdvect{<kernel1>}{<indvar>}{<kernel2>}
\DervectdotsDvect{<kernel1>}{<indvar>}{<kernel2>}
\dervectdotedvect{<kernel1>}{<indvar>}{<kernel2>}
\DervectdoteDvect{<kernel1>}{<indvar>}{<kernel2>}
```

```
\dervectdotsdvect{A}{t}{B} \\
\DervectdotsDvect{A}{t}{B} \\
\dervectdotedvect{A}{t}{B} \\
\DervectdoteDvect{A}{t}{B}
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\langle \frac{dA_x}{dt}, \frac{dA_y}{dt}, \frac{dA_z}{dt} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle dB_x, dB_y, dB_z \right\rangle \\ & \left\langle \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t} \right\rangle \bullet \left\langle \Delta B_x, \Delta B_y, \Delta B_z \right\rangle \\ & \frac{dA_x}{dt}dB_x + \frac{dA_y}{dt}dB_y + \frac{dA_z}{dt}dB_z \\ & \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t}\Delta B_x + \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t}\Delta B_y + \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t}\Delta B_z \end{aligned}$$

```
\dervectdotspos
\DervectdotsDpos
\dervectdotedpos
\DervectdoteDpos
```

dot product of the derivative of a vector and the differential of a position vector using symbolic components or expanded as a sum

```
\dervectdotsdpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
\DervectdotsDpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
\dervectdotedpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
\DervectdoteDpos{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle indvar \rangle}
```

```
\dervectdotsdpos{A}{t} \\
\DervectdotsDpos{A}{t} \\
\dervectdotedpos{A}{t} \\
\DervectdoteDpos{A}{t}
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\langle \frac{dA_x}{dt}, \frac{dA_y}{dt}, \frac{dA_z}{dt} \right\rangle \bullet \langle dx, dy, dz \rangle \\ & \left\langle \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t}, \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t} \right\rangle \bullet \langle \Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z \rangle \\ & \frac{dA_x}{dt} dx + \frac{dA_y}{dt} dy + \frac{dA_z}{dt} dz \\ & \frac{\Delta A_x}{\Delta t} \Delta x + \frac{\Delta A_y}{\Delta t} \Delta y + \frac{\Delta A_z}{\Delta t} \Delta z \end{aligned}$$

### 5.7.8 Basis Vectors and Bivectors

If you use geometric algebra or tensors, eventually you will need symbols for basis vectors and basis bivectors.

```
\ezero
```

basis vectors with lower indices 0 to 4 (use \ek or \e for indices > 4)  
\zero

```
\ezero \(\cdots\) \efour
```

$$e_0 \cdots e_4$$

```
\uezero
```

normalized basis vectors with lower indices 0 to 4 (use \uek or \ue for indices > 4)  
\uezero

```
\uezero \(\cdots\) \uefour
```

$$\hat{e}_0 \cdots \hat{e}_4$$

\ezerozero

basis bivectors with lower indices (use \ek or \e for indices > 4)  
\ezerozero

\ezerozero \(\cdots\) \efourfour

$e_{00} \cdots e_{44}$

\euzero

basis vectors with upper indices 0 to 4 (use \euk or \eu for indices > 4)  
\euzero

\euzero \(\cdots\) \eufour

$e^0 \cdots e^4$

\euzerozero

basis bivectors with upper indices (use \euk or \eu for indices > 4)  
\euzerozero

\euzerozero \(\cdots\) \eufourfour

$e^{00} \cdots e^{44}$

\gzero  
\guzero

basis vectors with  $\gamma$  as the kernel (use \guk or \gu for indices > 4)  
\gzero or \guzero

\gzero \(\cdots\) \gfour \\ \guzero \(\cdots\) \gufour

$\gamma_0 \cdots \gamma_4$   
 $\gamma \cdots \gamma$

```
\gzerozero  
\guzerozero
```

basis bivectors with  $\gamma$  as the kernel (use  $\guk$  or  $\gu$  for indices  $> 4$ )  
 $\gzerozero$  or  $\guzerozero$

```
\gzerozero \(\cdots\)\ gfourfour \\  
\guzerozero \(\cdots\)\ gufourfour
```

$$\begin{matrix} \gamma_{00} & \cdots & \gamma_{44} \\ 00 & & 44 \\ \gamma & \cdots & \gamma \end{matrix}$$

```
\mivector
```

generic command for vectors formatted as in *Matter & Interactions*  
 $\mivector[\langle printed delimiter \rangle]{\langle command delimited list of comps \rangle}[\langle unit \rangle]$

```
\begin{aligned*}  
u_\mu &= \mivector{\mathbf{e}_0, \mathbf{e}_1, \mathbf{e}_2, \mathbf{e}_3} \\  
\mathbf{v} &= \mivector{1, 3, 5}[\text{m/s}] \\  
\mathbf{E} &= \mivector{\text{of pezmath symbol}}{\frac{Q}{\msup{x}{2}}, 0, 0}  
\end{aligned*}
```

$$\begin{aligned} u_\mu &= \left\langle \mathbf{e}_0, \mathbf{e}_1, \mathbf{e}_2, \mathbf{e}_3 \right\rangle \\ \vec{v} &= \langle 1, 3, 5 \rangle \text{ m/s} \\ \vec{E} &= \left\langle \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{x^2}, 0, 0 \right\rangle \end{aligned}$$

```
\colvector
```

typesets column vectors  
 $\colvect{\langle command delimited list of comps \rangle}$

```
\colvector{\msup{x}{0}, \msup{x}{1}, \msup{x}{2}, \msup{x}{3}}
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^0 \\ x^1 \\ x^2 \\ x^3 \end{pmatrix}$$

`\rowvector`

typesets row vectors  
`\rowvect{\commadelimitedlistofcomps}`

```
\rowvector{\msup{x}{0},\msup{x}{1},\msup{x}{2},\msup{x}{3}}
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^0 & x^1 & x^2 & x^3 \end{pmatrix}$$

`\scompscvect`

Allow for superscripts.

typesets symbolic components of column 3- or 4-vectors (use any nonzero value for the optional argument to typeset a 4-vector)  
`\scompscvect[\<any nonzero\>]{\<kernel\>}`

```
\begin{aligned}
\text{\texttt{vect}}\{p\} &\equiv \text{\texttt{scompscvect}}\{p\} \\
\text{\texttt{vect}}\{p\} &\equiv \text{\texttt{scompscvect}}[4]\{p\}
\end{aligned}
```

$$\vec{p} = \begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{p} = \begin{pmatrix} p_0 \\ p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

`\scompsrvect`

Allow for superscripts.

typesets symbolic components of row 3- or 4-vectors (use any nonzero value for the optional argument to typeset a 4-vector)  
`\scompsrvect[\<any nonzero\>]{\<kernel\>}`

```
\begin{aligned}
\text{\texttt{vect}}\{p\} &\equiv \text{\texttt{scompsrvect}}\{p\} \\
\text{\texttt{vect}}\{p\} &\equiv \text{\texttt{scompsrvect}}[4]\{p\}
\end{aligned}
```

$$\vec{p} = \begin{pmatrix} p_1 & p_2 & p_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{p} = \begin{pmatrix} p_0 & p_1 & p_2 & p_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 5.8 Physical Constants

### 5.8.1 Defining Physical Constants

```
\newphysicsconstant
```

```
define a physical constant
\newphysicsconstant{\newname}{\symbol}{\value}{\baseunits}
[{\drvunits}] [{\tradunits}]
```

Here is how `\oofpez` (the Coulomb constant) is defined internally.

```
\newphysicsconstant{oofpez}
{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0}}}
{\text{scin}[9][9]}
{\ensuremath{\frac{m^3 kg s^{-4} A^2}{m^2 farad}}}
[\text{newton}\text{m}^2\text{per}\text{coulomb}^2]
```

Using this command causes several things to happen.

- A command `\newname` is created and contains the constant and units typeset according to the options given when `mandi` was loaded.
- A command `\newnamemathsymbol` is created that expresses **only** the constant's mathematical symbol.
- A command `\newnamevalue` is created that expresses **only** the constant's numerical value.
- A command `\newnamebaseunit` is created that expresses the constant and its units in `baseunits` form.
- A command `\newnamedrvdunit` is created that expresses the constant and its units in `drvunits` form.
- A command `\newnametradunit` is created that expresses the constant and its units in `tradunits` form.
- A command `\newnameonlybaseunit` is created that expresses **only** the constant's units in `baseunits` form.
- A command `\newnameonlydrvunit` is created that expresses **only** the constant's units in `drvunits` form.
- A command `\newnameonlytradunit` is created that expresses **only** the constant's units in `tradunits` form.

None of these commands takes any arguments.

### 5.8.2 Predefined Physical Constants

\oofpez

Coulomb constant

\oofpez

\(\(\oofpezmathsymbol \approx \oofpez\)\)

$$\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \approx 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2$$

\oofpezcs

alternate form for Coulomb constant

\oofpezcs

\(\(\oofpezcsmathsymbol = \oofpezcs\)\)

$$\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0 c^2} = 10^{-7} \text{ N} \cdot \text{s}^2/\text{C}^2$$

\epsz

vacuum permittivity

\epsz

\(\(\epszmathsymbol = \epsz\)\)

$$\epsilon_0 = 9 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

\mzofp

Biot-Savart constant

\mzofp

\(\(\mzofpmathsymbol = \mzofp\)\)

$$\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} = 10^{-7} \text{ T} \cdot \text{m/A}$$

\muz

vacuum permeability

\muz

\(\(\muzmathsymbol = \muz\)\)

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T} \cdot \text{m/A}$$

\kboltz

Boltzmann constant

\kboltz

\(\(\kboltzmathsymbol \approx \kboltz\)\)

$$k_B \approx 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$$

\kboltznev

anternate Boltzmann constant

\kboltznev

\(\(\kboltzmathsymbol \approx \kboltznev\)\)

$$k_B \approx 8.62 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV/K}$$

\stefan

Stefan-Boltzmann constant

\stefan

\(\(\stefanmathsymbol \approx \stefan\)\)

$$\sigma \approx 5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4$$

\planck

Planck constant

\planck

\(\(\planckmathsymbol \approx \planck\)\)

$$h \approx 6.62 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}$$

`\plancknev`

alternate Planck constant  
`\plancknev`

$\backslash(\backslash\text{planckmathsymbol} \backslash\approx \backslash\text{plancknev}\backslash)$

$$h \approx 4.136 \times 10^{-15} \text{ eV} \cdot \text{s}$$

`\planckbar`

reduced Planck constant (Dirac constant)  
`\planckbar`

$\backslash(\backslash\text{planckbarmathsymbol} \backslash\approx \backslash\text{planckbar}\backslash)$

$$\hbar \approx 1.05 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{s}$$

`\planckbarnev`

alternate reduced Planck constant (Dirac constant)  
`\planckbarnev`

$\backslash(\backslash\text{planckbarmathsymbol} \backslash\approx \backslash\text{planckbarnev}\backslash)$

$$\hbar \approx 4.136 \times 10^{-15} \text{ eV} \cdot \text{s}$$

`\Navogadro`

Avogadro constant  
`\Navogadro`

$\backslash(\backslash\text{planckbarmathsymbol} \backslash\approx \backslash\text{Navogadro}\backslash)$

$$\hbar \approx 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

`\bigG`

gravitational constant  
`\bigG`

$\backslash(\backslash\text{bigGmathsymbol} \backslash\approx \backslash\text{bigG}\backslash)$

$$G \approx 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{kg}^2$$

<code>\littleg</code>	Earth's surface gravitational field strength $\littleg$ $\littleg \approx 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$
<code>\clight</code>	magnitude of light's velocity $\clight$ $\clight \approx 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
<code>\clightnfn</code>	magnitude of light's velocity (alternate) $\clightnfn$ $\clightnfn$ $1 \text{ ft/ns}$
<code>\Ratom</code>	approximate atomic radius $\Ratom$ $\Ratom$ $r_{\text{atom}} \approx 10^{-10} \text{ m}$
<code>\Mproton</code>	proton's mass $\Mproton$ $\Mproton$ $m_{\text{proton}} \approx 1.673 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

\Mneutron

neutron's mass

\Mneutron

\(\(\Mneutronmathsymbol \approx \Mneutron\)\)

$$m_{\text{neutron}} \approx 1.675 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

\Myhydrogen

hydrogen atom's mass

\Myhydrogen

\(\(\Myhydrogenmathsymbol \approx \Myhydrogen\)\)

$$m_{\text{hydrogen}} \approx 1.673 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

\Melectron

electron's mass

\Melectron

\(\(\Melectronmathsymbol \approx \Melectron\)\)

$$m_{\text{electron}} \approx 9.109 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

\echarge

elementary charge quantum

\echarge

\(\(\echargemathsymbol \approx \echarge\)\)

$$e \approx 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

\Qelectron

\qelectron

electron's charge

\Qelectron or \qelectron

\(\(\qelectronmathsymbol \approx \qelectron\)\)

$$q_{\text{electron}} \approx -1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

\Qproton  
\qproton

proton's charge  
\Qproton or \qproton

\(\qprotonmathsymbol \approx \qproton\)

$$q_{\text{proton}} \approx +1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

\MEarth

Earth's mass  
\MEarth

\(\MEarthmathsymbol \approx \MEarth\)

$$M_{\text{Earth}} \approx 6 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

\MMoon

Moon's mass  
\MMoon

\(\MMoonmathsymbol \approx \MMoon\)

$$M_{\text{Moon}} \approx 7 \times 10^{22} \text{ kg}$$

\MSun

Sun's mass  
\MSun

\(\MSunmathsymbol \approx \MSun\)

$$M_{\text{Sun}} \approx 2 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$$

\REarth

Earth's radius  
\REarth

\(\REarthmathsymbol \approx \REarth\)

$$R_{\text{Earth}} \approx 6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

\RMoon

Moon's radius

\RMoon

$$\backslash(\backslash\text{RMoon}\mathbf{symbol} \backslash\text{approx} \backslash\text{RMoon}\backslash)$$

$$R_{\text{Moon}} \approx 1.75 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

\RSun

Sun's radius

\RSun

$$\backslash(\backslash\text{RSun}\mathbf{symbol} \backslash\text{approx} \backslash\text{RSun}\backslash)$$

$$R_{\text{Sun}} \approx 7 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$$

\ESdist

Sun-Earth distance or Earth-Sun distance

\ESdist or \SEdist

$$\backslash(\backslash\text{ESdist}\mathbf{symbol} \backslash\text{approx} \backslash\text{SEdist}\backslash)$$

$$\left| \vec{r}_{\text{ES}} \right| \approx 1.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$$

\EMdist

Earth-Moon distance or Moon-Earth distance

\EMdist or \MEdist

$$\backslash(\backslash\text{EMdist}\mathbf{symbol} \backslash\text{approx} \backslash\text{EMdist}\backslash)$$

$$\left| \vec{r}_{\text{EM}} \right| \approx 4 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$$

## 5.9 Astronomical Constants and Quantities

\lightyear

various ways of denoting light years and years and parsecs as units

\lightyear\ or \Lightyear\ or \cyear\ or \cyr\ or \year\ or \yr \\ \parsec

ly or LY or  $c \cdot$  year or  $c \cdot$  yr or year or yr  
pc

\LSun

Sun's luminosity

\LSun

\(\(\LSun\mathsf{symbol} \approx \LSun\)\)

$L_{\text{Sun}} \approx 4 \times 10^{26} \text{ J/s}$

\TSun

Sun's effective temperature

\TSun

\(\(\TSun\mathsf{symbol} \approx \TSun\)\)

$T_{\text{Sun}} \approx 5800 \text{ K}$

\MagSun

Sun's absolute magnitude

\MagSun

\(\(\MagSun\mathsf{symbol} \approx \MagSun\)\)

$M_{\text{Sun}} \approx +4.83$

\magSun

Sun's apparent magnitude

\magSun

\(\(\magSun\mathsf{symbol} \approx \magSun\)\)

$m_{\text{Sun}} \approx -26.74$

<code>\Lstar</code>	<p>stellar luminosity  <math>\backslash \text{Lstar}[\langle \text{object} \rangle]</math></p> <p><math>\text{Lstar}</math> or <math>\text{Lstar}[\text{Sirius}]</math> or <math>\text{Lsolar}</math></p> <p><math>L_*</math> or <math>L_{\text{Sirius}}</math> or <math>L_{\odot}</math></p>
<code>\Tstar</code>	<p>stellar and solar temperature  <math>\backslash \text{Tstar}[\langle \text{object} \rangle]</math></p> <p><math>\text{Tstar}</math> or <math>\text{Tstar}[\text{Sirius}]</math> or <math>\text{Tsolar}</math></p> <p><math>T_*</math> or <math>T_{\text{Sirius}}</math> or <math>T_{\odot}</math></p>
<code>\Rstar</code>	<p>stellar and solar radius  <math>\backslash \text{Rstar}[\langle \text{object} \rangle]</math></p> <p><math>\text{Rstar}</math> or <math>\text{Rstar}[\text{Sirius}]</math> or <math>\text{Rsolar}</math></p> <p><math>R_*</math> or <math>R_{\text{Sirius}}</math> or <math>R_{\odot}</math></p>
<code>\Mstar</code>	<p>stellar and solar mass  <math>\backslash \text{Mstar}[\langle \text{object} \rangle]</math></p> <p><math>\text{Mstar}</math> or <math>\text{Mstar}[\text{Sirius}]</math> or <math>\text{Msolar}</math></p> <p><math>M_*</math> or <math>M_{\text{Sirius}}</math> or <math>M_{\odot}</math></p>
<code>\Fstar</code> <code>\fstar</code>	<p>stellar and solar flux  <math>\backslash \text{Fstar}[\langle \text{object} \rangle]</math> or <math>\text{fstar}[\langle \text{object} \rangle]</math></p> <p><math>\text{Fstar}</math> or <math>\text{Fstar}[\text{Sirius}]</math> or <math>\text{FSun}</math> or <math>\text{Fsolar}</math> or <math>\text{fstar}</math> or  <math>\text{fstar}[\text{Sirius}]</math> or <math>\text{fSun}</math> or <math>\text{fsolar}</math></p> <p><math>F_*</math> or <math>F_{\text{Sirius}}</math> or <math>F_{\text{Sun}}</math> or <math>F_{\odot}</math> or <math>f_*</math> or <math>f_{\text{Sirius}}</math> or <math>f_{\text{Sun}}</math> or <math>f_{\odot}</math></p>

\Magstar  
\magstar

stellar and solar magnitude  
\Magstar[*object*] or \magstar[*object*]

\Magstar or \Magstar[Sirius] or \magstar or \magstar[Sirius] or  
\Magsolar or \magsolar

$M_*$  or  $M_{\text{Sirius}}$  or  $m_*$  or  $m_{\text{Sirius}}$  or  $M_{\odot}$  or  $m_{\odot}$

\Dstar  
\dstar

stellar and solar distance (or diameter)  
\Dstar[*object*] or \dstar[*object*]

\Dstar or \Dstar[Sirius] or \Dsolar or \dstar or \dstar[Sirius] or  
\dsolar

$D_*$  or  $D_{\text{Sirius}}$  or  $D_{\odot}$  or  $d_*$  or  $d_{\text{Sirius}}$  or  $d_{\odot}$

## 5.10 Frequently Used Fractions

\onehalf

small fractions with numerator 1  
\onehalf

\(\(\onehalf \cdots \onetenth\)

$\frac{1}{2} \dots \frac{1}{10}$

\twothirds

small fractions with numerator 2  
\twothirds

\(\(\twothirds \cdots \twoninths\)

$\frac{2}{3} \dots \frac{2}{9}$

```
\threehalves
```

small fractions with numerator 3

```
\threehalves
```

```
\(\threehalves \cdots \threetenths\)
```

$$\frac{3}{2} \cdots \frac{3}{10}$$

```
\fourthirds
```

small fractions with numerator 4

```
\fourthirds
```

```
\fourthirds
```

$$\frac{4}{3}$$

## 5.11 Calculus

\dx

properly typesets variables of integration (the d should not be in italics and should be properly spaced relative to the integrand)  
\dx{\langle integrationvariable \rangle}

```
\[ \int y^2 \mathrm{d}y \]
```

$$\int y^2 \mathrm{d}y$$

\evalfromto

properly typesets evaluation of definite integrals  
\evalfromto{\langle antiderivative \rangle}{\langle lowerlimit \rangle}{\langle upperlimit \rangle}

```
\[ \evalfromto{\frac{1}{3}y^3}{0}{3} \]
```

$$\frac{1}{3}y^3 \Big|_0^3$$

\evalat

Combine with \evaluatedat?

properly typesets quantities evaluated at a particular point or value  
\evalat{\langle expression \rangle}{\langle evaluationpoint \rangle}

```
\[ \evalat{\frac{dx}{dt}}{t=1} \]
```

$$\frac{dx}{dt} \Big|_{t=1}$$

\evaluatedat

properly indicates evaluation at a particular point or value without specifying the quantity  
\evaluatedat{\langle evaluationpoint \rangle}

```
\[ \evaluatedat{\text{LMST}}{\text{longitude}\{0\}} \]
```

$$\text{LMST} \Big|_{0^\circ}$$

```
\integral  
\Integral  
typesets indefinite and definite integrals  
\integral[⟨lowerlimit⟩][⟨upperlimit⟩]{⟨integrand⟩}{⟨variable⟩}  
\Integral[⟨lowerlimit⟩][⟨upperlimit⟩]{⟨integrand⟩}{⟨variable⟩}
```

```
\[ \integral{y^2}{y} \]  
\[ \integral[0][3]{y^2}{y} \]  
\[ \Integral{y^2}{y} \]  
\[ \Integral[0][3]{y^2}{y} \]
```

$$\int y^2 \, dy$$
$$\int_{y=0}^{y=3} y^2 \, dy$$

$$\int y^2 \, dy$$
$$\int_{y=0}^{y=3} y^2 \, dy$$

```
\opensurfintegral  
\opensurfIntegral
```

integral over an open surface of the normal component of a vector field  
`\opensurfintegral{<surfacename>}{{vectorname}}`  
`\opensurfIntegral{<surfacename>}{{vectorname}}`

```
\[ \opensurfintegral{S}{E} \]  
\[ \opensurfIntegral{S}{E} \]
```

$$\int_S \vec{E} \bullet \hat{n} dA$$
$$\int_S \vec{E} \bullet \hat{n} dA$$

```
\closedsurfintegral  
\closedsurfIntegral
```

integral over a closed surface of the normal component of a vector field  
`\closedsurfintegral{<surfacename>}{{vectorname}}`  
`\closedsurfIntegral{<surfacename>}{{vectorname}}`

```
\[ \closedsurfintegral{S}{E} \]  
\[ \closedsurfIntegral{S}{E} \]
```

$$\oint_S \vec{E} \bullet \hat{n} dA$$
$$\oint_S \vec{E} \bullet \hat{n} dA$$

```
\openlineintegral  
\openlineIntegral
```

integral over an open path of the tangential component of a vector field  
 $\backslash\openlineintegral\{\langle pathname \rangle\}\{\langle vectorname \rangle\}$   
 $\backslash\openlineIntegral\{\langle pathname \rangle\}\{\langle vectorname \rangle\}$

```
\[ \openlineintegral{C}{E} \]  
\[ \openlineIntegral{C}{E} \]
```

$$\int_C \vec{E} \bullet \hat{t} d\ell$$
$$\int_C \vec{E} \bullet \hat{t} d\ell$$

```
\closedlineintegral  
\closedlineIntegral
```

integral over a closed path of the tangential component of a vector field  
 $\backslash\closedlineintegral\{\langle pathname \rangle\}\{\langle vectorname \rangle\}$   
 $\backslash\closedlineIntegral\{\langle pathname \rangle\}\{\langle vectorname \rangle\}$

```
\[ \closedlineintegral{C}{E} \]  
\[ \closedlineIntegral{C}{E} \]
```

$$\oint_C \vec{E} \bullet \hat{t} d\ell$$
$$\oint_C \vec{E} \bullet \hat{t} d\ell$$

For line integrals, I have not employed the common  $d\vec{\ell}$  symbol. Instead, I use  $\hat{t} d\ell$  for two main reason. The first is that line integrals require the component of a vector that is tangent to a curve, and I use  $\hat{t}$  to denote a unit tangent. The second is that the new notation looks more like that for surface integrals.

`\dbydt`  
`\DbyDt`

first time derivative operator with optional operand  
`\dbydt[operand] or \DbyDt[operand]`

```
\[ \dbydt \]
\[ \dbydt x \]
\[ \dbydt[x] \]
\[ \DbyDt \]
\[ \DbyDt x \]
\[ \DbyDt[x] \]
```

$$\frac{d}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}x$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{\Delta}{\Delta t}$$

$$\frac{\Delta}{\Delta t}x$$

$$\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$$

\ddbydt  
\DDbyDt

second time derivative operator with optional operand  
\ddbydt [*operand*] or \DDbyDt [*operand*]

```
\[ \ddbydt \]
\[ \ddbydt x \]
\[ \ddbydt[x] \]
\[ \DDbyDt \]
\[ \DDbyDt x \]
\[ \DDbyDt[x] \]
```

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2}x$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta^2}{\Delta t^2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta^2}{\Delta t^2}x$$

$$\frac{\Delta^2x}{\Delta t^2}$$

\pbypt

first time partial derivative operator with optional operand  
\pbypt [*operand*]

```
\[ \pbypt \]
\[ \pbypt x \]
\[ \pbypt[x] \]
```

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}x$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial t}$$

\ppbypt

second time partial derivative operator with optional operand  
\ppbypt [*operand*]

```
\[ \ppbypt \]
\[ \ppbypt x \]
\[ \ppbypt[x] \]
```

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2}x$$

$$\frac{\partial^2x}{\partial t^2}$$

\dbyd  
\DbyD

generic first derivative operator  
\dbyd{*dependentvariable*} {*indvar*} or \dbyd{*dependentvariable*} {*indvar*}

```
\[ \dbyd{f}{y} \]
\[ \DbyD{f}{y} \]
```

$$\frac{df}{dy}$$

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta y}$$

\ddbyd  
\DDbyD

generic second derivative operator  
\ddbyd{*dependentvariable*} {*indvar*} or \ddbyd{*dependentvariable*} {*indvar*}

```
\[ \ddbyd{f}{y} \]
\[ \DDbyD{f}{y} \]
```

$$\frac{d^2f}{dy^2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta^2 f}{\Delta y^2}$$

<code>\pbyp</code>	generic first partial derivative operator $\text{\pbyp}\{(\text{dependentvariable})\}\{(\text{indvar})\}$
	$\left[ \text{\pbyp}\{f\}\{y\} \right]$
	$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$
<code>\ppbyp</code>	generic second partial derivative operator $\text{\ppbyp}\{(\text{dependentvariable})\}\{(\text{indvar})\}$
	$\left[ \text{\ppbyp}\{f\}\{y\} \right]$
	$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}$
<code>\gradient</code> <code>\divergence</code> <code>\curl</code> <code>\laplacian</code> <code>\dalembertian</code>	vector operators $\text{\gradient}$ and $\text{\divergence}$ and $\text{\curl}$ and $\text{\laplacian}$ and $\text{\dalembertian}$ $\text{\gradient}\{f\}$ and $\text{\divergence}\{E\}$ and $\text{\curl}\{E\}$ and $\text{\laplacian}\{f\}$ and $\text{\dalembertian}\{F\}$
	$\nabla f$ and $\nabla \bullet \vec{E}$ and $\nabla \times \vec{E}$ and $\nabla^2 f$ and $\square F$
<code>\seriesfofx</code>	series expansion of $f(x)$ $\text{\seriesfofx}$
	$\text{\seriesfofx}$
	$f(x) \approx f(a) + \frac{f'(a)}{1!}(x-a) + \frac{f''(a)}{2!}(x-a)^2 + \frac{f'''(a)}{3!}(x-a)^3 + \dots$

```
\seriessexp{x}
```

series expansion of  $e^x$   
\seriessexp{x}

```
\seriessexp{x}
```

$$e^x \approx 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

```
\seriesssinx
```

series expansion of  $\sin x$   
\seriesssinx

```
\seriesssinx
```

$$\sin x \approx x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots$$

```
\seriesscosx
```

series expansion of  $\cos x$   
\seriesscosx

```
\seriesscosx
```

$$\cos x \approx 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \dots$$

```
\seriestanx
```

series expansion of  $\tan x$   
\seriestanx

```
\seriestanx
```

$$\tan x \approx x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^5}{15} + \dots$$

```
\seriesatox
```

```

series expansion of  $a^x$ 
\seriesatox

\seriesatox


$$a^x \approx 1 + x \ln a + \frac{(x \ln a)^2}{2!} + \frac{(x \ln a)^3}{3!} + \dots$$


```

---

```

\serieslnoneplusx

series expansion of  $\ln(1+x)$ 
\serieslnoneplusx

\serieslnoneplusx


$$\ln(1 \pm x) \approx \pm x - \frac{x^2}{2} \pm \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} \pm \dots$$


```

---

```

\binomialseries

series expansion of  $(1+x)^n$ 
\binomialseries

\binomialseries


$$(1+x)^n \approx 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^2 + \dots$$


```

---

```

\diracdelta

Dirac delta function
\diracdelta{\langle arg \rangle}

\diracdelta{x}


$$\delta(x)$$


```

## 5.12 Other Useful Commands

\asin  
\acos  
\atan  
\asec  
\acsc  
\cot

trigonometric and inverse trigonometric functions not defined in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X  
\asin and \acos and \atan and \asec and \acsc and \cot

\(\(\asin\)\) and \(\(\acos\)\) and \(\(\atan\)\) and \(\(\asec\)\) and \(\(\acsc\)\) and  
\(\(\cot\)\)

sin<sup>-1</sup> and cos<sup>-1</sup> and tan<sup>-1</sup> and sec<sup>-1</sup> and csc<sup>-1</sup> and cot<sup>-1</sup>

\sech  
\csch  
\asinh  
\acosh  
\atanh  
\asech  
\acsch  
\coth

hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic functions not defined in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X  
\sech and \csch and \asinh and \acosh  
\tanh and \asech and \acsch and \coth

\(\(\sech\)\) and \(\(\csch\)\) and \(\(\asinh\)\) and \(\(\acosh\)\) \\ \(\(\tanh\)\) and \(\(\asech\)\) and \(\(\acsch\)\) and \(\(\coth\)\)

sech and csch and sinh<sup>-1</sup> and cosh<sup>-1</sup>  
tanh<sup>-1</sup> and sech<sup>-1</sup> and csch<sup>-1</sup> and coth<sup>-1</sup>

\sgn

signum function

\sgn

\(\(\sgn\)\)

sgn

\dex

decimal exponentiation function (used in astrophysics)

\dex

\(\(\dex\)\)

dex

\eV  
\ev

shortcuts for \electronvolt  
\eV or \ev

\eV\ or \eV

eV or eV

`\logb`

logarithms to arbitrary bases  
`\logb[base]`

`\logb 8 or \logb[2] 8`

$\log 8$  or  $\log_2 8$

`\cB`

alternate symbol for magnetic field inspired by Tom Moore  
`\cB`

`\cB\ or \vect{\cB}`

$\mathbf{dB}$  or  $\vec{dB}$

`\newpi`

Bob Palais' symbol for  $2\pi$   
`\newpi`

`\newpi`

$\pi$

`\scripty`

use to get fonts in Griffith's electrodynamics textbook  
`\scripty{kernel}`

`\scripty{r}`

$\mathbf{r}$

`\flux`

symbol for flux of a vector field  
`\flux[label]`

`\flux or \flux[E]`

$\Phi$  or  $\Phi_E$

<code>\abs</code>	absolute value function <code>\abs{&lt;arg&gt;}</code>
	<code>\abs{-4}</code>
	$ -4 $
<code>\magof</code>	magnitude of a quantity (lets you selectively use double bars without setting the <b>doubleabsbars</b> option) <code>\magof{&lt;arg&gt;}</code>
	<code>\magof{\vect{E}}</code>
	$\ \vec{E}\ $
<code>\dimsof</code>	notation for showing the dimensions of a quantity <code>\dimsof{&lt;arg&gt;}</code>
	<code>\(\dimsof{\vect{v}} = L \cdot T^{-1}\)</code>
	$[\vec{v}] = L \cdot T^{-1}$
<code>\unitsof</code>	notation for showing the units of a quantity (I propose this notation and hope to propagate it because I could not find any standard notation for this same idea in other sources) <code>\unitsof{&lt;arg&gt;}</code>
	<code>\unitsof{\vect{v}} = \text{m per s}</code>
	$[\vec{v}]_u = \text{m/s}$

`\quant`  
`\bquant`

surrounds the argument with variable sized parentheses (use `\bquant` to get square brackets)

`\quant{\langle arg \rangle}` or `\bquant{\langle arg \rangle}`

`\quant{\oofpez}` or `\bquant{\oofpez}`

$$\left(9 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2\right) \text{ or } \left[9 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2\right]$$

`\Changein`  
`\changein`

notation for *the change in a quantity*

`\Changein{\langle quantity \rangle}` or `\changein{\langle quantity \rangle}`

`\Changein{\vect{E}}` or `\changein{\vect{E}}`

$$\Delta \vec{E} \text{ or } \delta \vec{E}$$

`\scin`  
`\ee`  
`\EE`

scientific notation (use `\ee` or `\EE` for computer code)

`\scin[\langle mantissa \rangle]{\langle exponent \rangle}[\langle unit \rangle]`  
`\ee{\langle mantissa \rangle}{\langle exponent \rangle}`  
`\EE{\langle mantissa \rangle}{\langle exponent \rangle}`

`\scin[2.99]{8}[\m\per\s] \\`  
`\ee{2.99}{8} \\`  
`\EE{2.99}{8}`

$$2.99 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

`2.99e8`

`2.99E8`

```
\dms
\hms
\clockreading
    formatted angles and times
    \dms{\langle deg \rangle}{\langle min \rangle}{\langle sec \rangle}
    \hms{\langle hour \rangle}{\langle min \rangle}{\langle sec \rangle}
    \clock{reading}{\langle hour \rangle}{\langle minute \rangle}{\langle second \rangle}

    \dms{23}{34}{10.27} \\
    \hms{23}{34}{10.27} \\
    \clockreading{23}{34}{10.27}

    23°34'10.27"
    23h34m10.27s
    23h34m10.27s
```

```
\latitude
\latitudeN
\latitudeS
\longitude
\longitudeE
\longitudeW
    formatted latitude and longitude
    \latitude{+35} or \latitudeN{35} or \latitudeS{35} \\
    \longitude{-81} or \longitudeE{81} or \longitudeW{81}

    +35° or 35° N or 35° S
    -81° or 81° E or 81° W
```

```
\ssub
    text subscripts
    \ssub{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}

    \ssub{N}{AB}
```

$$N_{\text{AB}}$$

```
\ssup
    text superscripts
    \ssup{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sup \rangle}

    \ssup{N}{contact}
```

$$N^{\text{contact}}$$

<code>\ssud</code>	<p>text superscripts and subscripts</p> $\ssud{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sup \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}$
	$N_{\text{AB}}^{\text{contact}}$
<code>\msub</code>	<p>mathematical subscripts</p> $\msub{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}$
	$R_{\alpha\beta}$
<code>\msup</code>	<p>mathematical superscripts</p> $\msup{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sup \rangle}$
	$R^\gamma$
<code>\msud</code>	<p>mathematical superscripts and subscripts</p> $\msud{\langle kernel \rangle}{\langle sup \rangle}{\langle sub \rangle}$
	$\msud{\Gamma}{\alpha\beta}^\gamma$
<code>\levicivita</code>	<p>Levi-Civita symbol</p> $\levicivita{\langle indices \rangle}$
	$\levicivita{ijk}$
	$\varepsilon_{ijk}$

`\xaxis`  
`\yaxis`  
`\zaxis`  
`\naxis`

shortcuts for coordinate axes  
`\xaxis` or `\yaxis` or `\zaxis` or `\naxis{<axis>}`

`\xaxis` or `\yaxis` or `\zaxis` or `\naxis{t}`

*x*-axis or *y*-axis or *z*-axis or *t*-axis

`\xyplane`  
`\yzplane`  
`\zxplane`  
`\yxplane`  
`\zyplane`  
`\xzplane`

shortcuts for coordinate planes  
`\xyplane` or `\yzplane` or `\zxplane` or `\yzplane` or `\zyplane` or `\xzplane`

`\xyplane` or `\yzplane` or `\zxplane` or `\yxplane` or `\zyplane` or `\xzplane`

*xy*-plane or *yz*-plane or *zx*-plane or *yx*-plane or *zy*-plane or *xz*-plane

`\cuberoot`  
`\fourthroot`  
`\fifthroot`  
`\fsqrt`  
`\fcuberoot`  
`\ffourthroot`  
`\ffifthroot`

frequently used roots as radicals  
`\cuberoot{<arg>}` or `\fourthroot{<arg>}` or `\fifthroot{<arg>}` or `\fsqrt{<arg>}`  
or `\fcuberoot{<arg>}` or `\ffourthroot{<arg>}` or `\ffifthroot{<arg>}`

`\cuberoot{x}` or `\fourthroot{x}` or `\fifthroot{x}` or `\fsqrt{x}`  
or `\fcuberoot{x}` or `\ffourthroot{x}` or `\ffifthroot{x}`

$\sqrt[3]{x}$  or  $\sqrt[4]{x}$  or  $\sqrt[5]{x}$  or  $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$  or  $x^{\frac{1}{3}}$  or  $x^{\frac{1}{4}}$  or  $x^{\frac{1}{5}}$

`\relgamma`  
`\frelgamma`

expressions for relativistic gamma factor  
`\relgamma{<arg>}` or `\frelgamma{<arg>}`

`\relgamma{\magvect{v}}` or `\relgamma{(0.5c)}` \\  
`\frelgamma{\magvect{v}}` or `\frelgamma{(0.5c)}`

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2}} \text{ or } \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{(0.5c)}{c}\right)^2}}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{|\vec{v}|^2}{c^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \text{ or } \left(1 - \frac{(0.5c)^2}{c^2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

```
\oosqrtoxs
\oosqrtomx
\ooomx
\ooopx
```

expressions convenient for numerically evaluating  $\gamma$   
 $\text{\oosqrtoxs}\{\langle arg \rangle\}$  (*one over square root of one minus x squared*)  
 $\text{\oosqrtomx}\{\langle arg \rangle\}$  (*one over square root of one minus x*)  
 $\text{\ooomx}\{\langle arg \rangle\}$  (*one over one minus x*)  
 $\text{\ooopx}\{\langle arg \rangle\}$  (*one over one plus x*)

```
\oosqrtoxs{0.22} \\
\oosqrtomx{0.22} \\
\ooomx{0.22} \\
\ooopx{0.11}
```

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 0.22^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 0.22}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - 0.22}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + 0.11}$$

### 5.13 Custom Operators

```
\isequals
```

typesets *test-for-equality* operator  
 $\text{\isequals}$

```
5 \isequals 3
```

```
5 ? 3
```

```
\wordoperator
\pwordoperator
```

typesets two lines of tiny text to be use as an operator without using mathematical symbols

```
\wordoperator{\langle firstline \rangle}{\langle secondline \rangle}
\pwordoperator{\langle firstline \rangle}{\langle secondline \rangle}
```

```
\wordoperator{added}{to} \\
\pwordoperator{added}{to}
```

```
added
to
(added
to)
```

```
\definedas
\associated
\adjustedby
\earlierthan
\laterthan
\forevery
```

frequently used word operators  
`\definedas` or `\associated` or `\adjustedby` or `\earlierthan` or `\laterthan` or  
`\forevery`

```
\definedas or \associated or \adjustedby \\
\earlierthan or \laterthan or \forevery
```

defined as OR associated with OR adjusted by  
earlier than OR later than OR every

```
\pdefinedas
\passociated
\padjustedby
\pearlierthan
\platerthan
\pforevery
```

frequently used word operators with parentheses  
`\pdefinedas` or `\passociated` or `\padjustedby` or `\pearlierthan` or `\platerthan` or  
`\pforevery`

```
\pdefinedas or \passociated or \padjustedby \\
\pearlierthan or \platerthan or \pforevery
```

(defined) or (associated) or (adjusted)  
(earlier) OR (later) OR (every)

```
\defines
```

*defines* or *defined by* operator  
`\defines`

```
\vect{p} \defines \(\gamma m\)\vect{v}
```

$$\vec{p} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \gamma m \vec{v}$$

*\inframe*

Make the arrow's length fixed.

operator for indicating the coordinate representation of a vector in a particular reference frame denoted by a capital letter

```
\inframe[⟨frame⟩]
```

```
\vect{p} \inframe[S] \momentum{\mivector{1,2,3}} \\
\vect{p} \inframe[S'] \momentum{\mivector{\sqrt{14},0,0}}
```

$$\vec{p} \xrightarrow{S} \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$\vec{p} \xrightarrow{S'} \left\langle \sqrt{14}, 0, 0 \right\rangle \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

\associates	<i>associated with</i> or <i>associates with</i> operator (for verbal concepts)
\associates	<code>kinetic energy \associates velocity</code>
	$\text{kinetic energy} \xrightarrow{\text{assoc}} \text{velocity}$
\becomes	<i>becomes</i> operator
\becomes	<code>\(\gamma(m)\)\vect{v} \becomes \((m)\)\vect{v}</code>
	$\gamma m \vec{v} \xrightarrow{\text{becomes}} m \vec{v}$
\rrelatedto \lrelatedto \brelatedto	operators for directional mathematical relationships without mathematical notation \rrrelatedto{\langle loperation \rangle} \lrelatedto{\langle roperation \rangle} \brelatedto{\langle loperation \rangle}{\langle roperation \rangle}
	(flux ratio) \rrelatedto{taking logarithm} (mag diff) \\ (flux ratio) \lrelatedto{exponentiation} (mag diff) \\ (mag diff) \brelatedto{taking logarithm}{exponentiation}(flux ratio)
	(flux ratio) $\xrightarrow[\text{exponentiation}]{\text{taking logarithm}}$ (mag diff) (flux ratio) $\xleftarrow[\text{exponentiation}]{\text{taking logarithm}}$ (mag diff) (mag diff) $\xleftarrow[\text{taking logarithm}]{\text{exponentiation}}$ (flux ratio)

## 5.14 Commands Specific to *Matter & Interactions*

\momprinciple

momentum principle

\LHSmomprinciple or \RHSmomprinciple or \momprinciple

```
\LHSmomprinciple \\
\RHSmomprinciple \\
\momprinciple
```

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{p}_{sys,f} \\ \vec{p}_{sys,i} + \vec{F}_{net,sys} \Delta t \\ \vec{p}_{sys,f} = \vec{p}_{sys,i} + \vec{F}_{net,sys} \Delta t\end{aligned}$$

\energyprinciple

energy principle

\LHSenergyprinciple or \RHSenergyprinciple or \energyprinciple

```
\LHSenergyprinciple \\
\RHSenergyprinciple \\
\energyprinciple
```

$$\begin{aligned}E_{sys,f} \\ E_{sys,i} + W_{ext} + Q \\ E_{sys,f} = E_{sys,i} + W_{ext} + Q\end{aligned}$$

\angularmomprinciple

angular momentum principle

\LHSangularmomprinciple or \RHSangularmomprinciple or \angularmomprinciple

```
\LHSangularmomprinciple \\
\RHSangularmomprinciple \\
\angularmomprinciple
```

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{L}_{sys,A,f} \\ \vec{L}_{sys,A,i} + \vec{T}_{net,sys} \Delta t \\ \vec{L}_{sys,A,f} = \vec{L}_{sys,A,i} + \vec{T}_{net,sys} \Delta t\end{aligned}$$

\gravinteraction

expression for gravitational interaction  
\gravinteraction

\gravinteraction

$$G \frac{\frac{M_1 M_2}{r_{12}^2}}{} (-\hat{r}_{12})$$

\elecinteraction

xpression for electric interaction  
\elecinteraction

\elecinteraction

$$\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{r_{12}^2} \hat{r}_{12}$$

\Efieldofparticle

expression for electric field of a particle  
\Efieldofparticle

\Efieldofparticle

$$\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

\Bfieldofparticle

expression for magnetic field of a particle  
\Bfieldofparticle

\Bfieldofparticle

$$\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{Q |\vec{v}|}{r^2} \hat{v} \times \hat{r}$$

\Esys

symbol for energy of system

\Esys

\Esys

$E_{\text{sys}}$

\Us

symbol for spring potential energy

\Us

\Us

$U_s$

\Ug

symbol for gravitational potential energy

\Ug

\Ug

$U_g$

\Ue

symbol for electric potential energy

\Ue

\Ue

$U_e$

\Ktrans

symbol for translational kinetic energy

\Ktrans

\Ktrans

$K_{\text{trans}}$

\Krot

symbol for rotational kinetic energy

\Krot

\Krot

$K_{\text{rot}}$

\Eparticle

symbol for particle energy

\Eparticle

\Eparticle

$E_{\text{particle}}$

\Einternal

symbol for internal energy

\Einternal

\Einternal

$E_{\text{internal}}$

\Erest

symbol for rest energy

\Erest

\Erest

$E_{\text{rest}}$

\Echem

symbol for chemical energy

\Echem

\Echem

$E_{\text{chem}}$

\Etherm

symbol for thermal energy

\Etherm

\Etherm

$E_{\text{therm}}$

\Evib

symbol for vibrational energy

\Evib

\Evib

$E_{\text{vib}}$

\Ephoton

symbol for photon energy

\Ephoton

\Ephoton

$E_{\text{photon}}$

\DUs

symbol for change in spring potential energy

\DUs

\DUs

$\Delta U_s$

\DUG

symbol for change in gravitational potential energy

\DUG

\DUG

$\Delta U_g$

\DUe

symbol for change in electric potential energy  
\DUe

\DUe

$\Delta U_e$

\DKtrans

symbol for change in translational kinetic energy  
\DKtrans

\DKtrans

$\Delta K_{\text{trans}}$

\DKrot

symbol for change in rotational kinetic energy  
\DKrot

\DKrot

$\Delta K_{\text{rot}}$

\DEparticle

symbol for change in particle energy  
\DEparticle

\DEparticle

$\Delta E_{\text{particle}}$

\DEinternal

symbol for change in internal energy  
\DEinternal

\DEinternal

$\Delta E_{\text{internal}}$

\DErest

symbol for change in rest energy  
\DErest

\DErest

$\Delta E_{\text{rest}}$

\DEchem

symbol for change in chemical energy  
\DEchem

\DEchem

$\Delta E_{\text{chem}}$

\DEtherm

symbol for change in thermal energy  
\DEtherm

\DEtherm

$\Delta E_{\text{therm}}$

\DEVib

symbol for change in vibrational energy  
\DEVib

\DEVib

$\Delta E_{\text{vib}}$

\DEphoton

symbol for change in photon energy  
\DEphoton

\DEphoton

$\Delta E_{\text{photon}}$

\Usfinal

expression for final spring potential energy  
\Usfinal

\Usfinal

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} k_s s^2 \right)_f$$

\Usinitial

expression for initial spring potential energy  
\Usinitial

\Usfinal

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} k_s s^2 \right)_i$$

\Ugfinal

expression for final gravitational potential energy  
\Ugfinal

\Ugfinal

$$\left( -G \frac{M_1 M_2}{|\vec{r}_{12}|} \right)_f$$

\Uginitial

expression for initial gravitational potential energy  
\Uginitial

\Ugfinal

$$\left( -G \frac{M_1 M_2}{|\vec{r}_{12}|} \right)_i$$

\Uefinal

expression for final electric potential energy  
\Uefinal

\Uefinal

$$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{|\vec{r}_{12}|} \right)_f$$

\Ueinitial

expression for initial electric potential energy  
\Ueinitial

\Uefinal

$$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{|\vec{r}_{12}|} \right)_f$$

\ks

symbol for spring stiffness  
\ks

\ks

$k_s$

\Fnet  
\Fnetext  
\Fnetsys  
\Fsub

various symbols for net force  
\Fnet or \Fnetext or \Fnetsys or \Fsub{\label}

\Fnet or \Fnetext or \Fnetsys or \Fsub{ball,bat}

$\vec{F}_{\text{net}}$  or  $\vec{F}_{\text{net,ext}}$  or  $\vec{F}_{\text{net,sys}}$  or  $\vec{F}_{\text{ball,bat}}$

\Tnet  
\Tnetext  
\Tnetsys  
\Tsub

various symbols for net torque  
\Tnet or \Tnettext or \Tnetsys or \Tsub{\label}

\Tnet or \Tnettext or \Tnetsys or \Tsub{ball, bat}

\vec{T}\_\text{net} or \vec{T}\_\text{net,ext} or \vec{T}\_\text{net,sys} or \vec{T}\_\text{ball, bat}

\vpythonline

single line of VPython code used inline  
\vpythonline{\vpythoncode}

\vpythonline{from visual import \*}

**from visual import \***

vpythonblock

environment for a block of VPython code

\begin{vpythonblock}  
\vpythoncode  
\end{vpythonblock}

```
\begin{vpythonblock}
    from visual import *
    sphere(center=pos(1,2,3),color=color.green)
    MyArrow=arrow(pos=earth.pos, axis=fscale*Fnet, color=color.green)
    print ("arrow.pos = "), arrow.pos
\end{vpythonblock}
```

```
1  from visual import *
2  sphere(center=pos(1,2,3),color=color.green)
3  MyArrow=arrow(pos=earth.pos, axis=fscale*Fnet, color=color.
   .green)
4  print ("arrow.pos = "), arrow.pos
```

```

\pythonfile
file in the current directory containing VPython code
\pythonfile<filename>

\pythonfile{vdemo.py}

1  from __future__ import print_function, division
2  from visual import *
3
4  giant = sphere(pos=vector(-1e11,0,0),radius=2e10,mass=2e30,
5                  color=color.red)
6  giant.p = vector(0, 0, -1e4) * giant.mass
7
8  dwarf = sphere(pos=vector(1.5e11,0,0),radius=1e10,mass=1e30,
9                  color=color.yellow)
10 dwarf.p = -giant.p
11
12
13 dt = 86400
14 while 1:
15     rate(100)
16     dist = dwarf.pos - giant.pos
17     force = 6.7e-11 * giant.mass * dwarf.mass * dist / mag(
18         dist)**3
19     giant.p = giant.p + force*dt
20     dwarf.p = dwarf.p - force*dt
21     for a in [giant, dwarf]:
22         a.pos = a.pos + a.p/a.mass * dt
23         a.orbit.append(pos=a.pos)

```

## 5.15 Boxes and Environments

```
\emptyanswer
```

empty space for filling answer boxes so there is nothing to see  
`\emptyanswer[<wdth>][<hght>]`

```
\emptyanswer[0.75][0.2]
```

```
activityanswer
```

main environment for typesetting boxed answers  
`\begin{activityanswer}[<bgclr>][<frmclr>][<txtclr>][<wdth>][<hght>]  
<content>  
\end{activityanswer}`

```
\begin{activityanswer}  
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit.  
    Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna  
    rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam  
    sit amet enim.  
\end{activityanswer}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo,  
 ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio  
 lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.

\adjactivityanswer

like \activityanswer but adjusts vertically to tightly surround text  
\begin{adjactivityanswer} [<bgclr>] [<frmclr>] [<txtclr>] [<wdth>] [<hght>]  
<content>  
\end{adjactivityanswer}

```
\begin{adjactivityanswer}  
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Morbi  
    commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque,  
    id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.  
    Suspendisse id velit vitae ligula volutpat condimentum. Aliquam  
    erat volutpat. Sed quis velit. Nulla facilisi. Nulla libero.  
    Vivamus pharetra posuere sapien. Nam consectetur. Sed aliquam,  
    nunc eget euismod ullamcorper, lectus nunc ullamcorper orci,  
    fermentum bibendum enim nibh eget ipsum. Donec porttitor ligula  
    eu dolor. Maecenas vitae nulla consequat libero cursus venenatis.  
    Nam magna enim, accumsan eu, blandit sed, blandit a, eros.  
\end{adjactivityanswer}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo,  
ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio  
lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim. Suspendisse id velit vitae ligula  
volutpat condimentum. Aliquam erat volutpat. Sed quis velit. Nulla facilisi.  
Nulla libero. Vivamus pharetra posuere sapien. Nam consectetur. Sed  
aliquam, nunc eget euismod ullamcorper, lectus nunc ullamcorper orci,  
fermentum bibendum enim nibh eget ipsum. Donec porttitor ligula eu dolor.  
Maecenas vitae nulla consequat libero cursus venenatis. Nam magna enim,  
accumsan eu, blandit sed, blandit a, eros.

\emptybox

provides a fixed-size box with optional text

\emptybox[<txt>] [<bgclr>] [<frmclr>] [<txtclr>] [<wdth>] [<hght>]

```
\emptybox[  
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.  
    Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque,  
    id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.]
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo,  
ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio  
lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.

```
\adjemptybox
```

like `\emptybox` but adjusts vertically to tightly surround text  
`\adjemptybox[<txt>][<bgclr>][<frmclr>][<txtclr>][<wdth>][<hght>]`

```
\adjemptybox[Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.]
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.

```
\answerbox
```

wrapper for `\emptybox`  
`\answerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>][<frmclr>][<txtclr>][<wdth>][<hght>]`

```
\answerbox[Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.]
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.

```
\adjanswerbox
```

wrapper for `\adjemptybox`  
`\adjanswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>][<frmclr>][<txtclr>][<wdth>][<hght>]`

```
\adjanswerbox[Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.]
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Morbi commodo, ipsum sed pharetra gravida, orci magna rhoncus neque, id pulvinar odio lorem non turpis. Nullam sit amet enim.

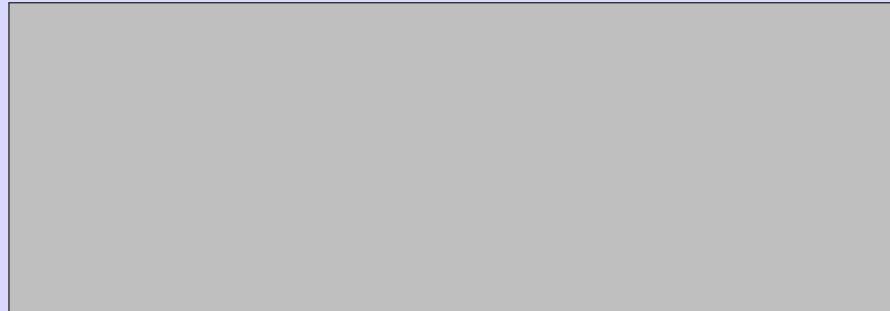
```
\smallanswerbox  
answer box with height 0.10 that of current \textheight and width 0.90 that of  
current \linewidth  
\smallanswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>]
```

```
\smallanswerbox[] [red]
```



```
\mediumanswerbox  
answer box with height 0.20 that of current \textheight and width 0.90 that of  
current \linewidth  
\mediumanswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>]
```

```
\mediumanswerbox[] [lightgray]
```



```
\largeanswerbox  
answer box with height 0.25 that of current \textheight and width 0.90 that of  
current \linewidth (too large to show here)  
\largeanswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>]
```

```
\largeanswerbox[] [lightgray]
```

\largeranswerbox	answer box with height 0.33 that of current \textheight and width 0.90 that of current \linewidth (too large to show here) \largeanswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>]
\hugeanswerbox	answer box with height 0.50 that of current \textheight and width 0.90 that of current \linewidth (too large to show here) \hugeanswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>]
\hugeranswerbox	answer box with height 0.75 that of current \textheight and width 0.90 that of current \linewidth (too large to show here) \hugeranswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>]
\fullpageanswerbox	answer box with height 1.00 that of current \textheight and width 0.90 that of current \linewidth (too large to show here) \fullpageanswerbox[<txt>][<bgclr>]

```
miinstructornote
```

```
environment for highlighting notes to instructors
\begin{miinstructornote}
<content>
\end{miinstructornote}

\begin{miinstructornote}
Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet, quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed, suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec, mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl. Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus interdum sapien.
\end{miinstructornote}
```

### INSTRUCTOR NOTE

Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet, quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed, suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec, mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl. Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus interdum sapien.

```
mistudentnote
```

```
environment for highlighting notes to students
```

```
\begin{studentnote}  
<content>  
\end{studentnote}
```

```
\begin{mistudentnote}  
Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam  
enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce  
neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet,  
quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed,  
suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec,  
mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus  
purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl.  
Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus  
interdum sapien.  
\end{mistudentnote}
```

### STUDENT NOTE

Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet, quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed, suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec, mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl. Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus interdum sapien.

```

miderivation
fancy environment for mathematical derivations based on align environment
\begin{miderivation}
<content>
\end{miderivation}

\begin{miderivation}
\gamma &= \relgamma{\magvect{v}}
&& \text{given} \\
\msup{\gamma}{2} &= \oocomx{\msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2}}
&& \text{square both sides} \\
\frac{1}{\msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2}} &= 1 - \msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2}
&& \text{reciprocal of} \\
&& \text{both sides} \\
\msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2} &= 1 - \frac{1}{\msup{\gamma}{2}}
&& \text{rearrange} \\
\frac{\magvect{v}}{c} &= \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\msup{\gamma}{2}}}
&& \text{square root of both sides}
\end{miderivation}

```

## DERIVATION

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2}} \quad \text{given} \quad (1)$$

$$\gamma^2 = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2} \quad \text{square both sides} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma^2} = 1 - \left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2 \quad \text{reciprocal of both sides} \quad (3)$$

$$\left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2 = 1 - \frac{1}{\gamma^2} \quad \text{rearrange} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\gamma^2}} \quad \text{square root of both sides} \quad (5)$$

```
bwinstructornote
```

```
environment for highlighting notes to instructors
```

```
\begin{bwinstructornote}  
<content>  
\end{bwinstructornote}
```

```
\begin{bwinstructornote}  
Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam  
enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce  
neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet,  
quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed,  
suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec,  
mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus  
purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl.  
Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus  
interdum sapien.  
\end{bwinstructornote}
```

### INSTRUCTOR NOTE

Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet, quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed, suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec, mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl. Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus interdum sapien.

**bwstudentnote**

```
environment for highlighting notes to students
\begin{bwstudentnote}
<content>
\end{bwstudentnote}

\begin{bwstudentnote}
Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet, quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed, suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec, mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl. Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus interdum sapien.
\end{bwstudentnote}
```

**STUDENT NOTE**

Nunc auctor bibendum eros. Maecenas porta accumsan mauris. Etiam enim enim, elementum sed, bibendum quis, rhoncus non, metus. Fusce neque dolor, adipiscing sed, consectetur et, lacinia sit amet, quam. Suspendisse wisi quam, consectetur in, blandit sed, suscipit eu, eros. Etiam ligula enim, tempor ut, blandit nec, mollis eu, lectus. Nam cursus. Vivamus iaculis. Aenean risus purus, pharetra in, blandit quis, gravida a, turpis. Donec nisl. Aenean eget mi. Fusce mattis est id diam. Phasellus faucibus interdum sapien.

```

bwderivation
fancy environment for mathematical derivations based on align environment
\begin{bwderivation}
<content>
\end{bwderivation}

\begin{bwderivation}
\gamma &= \relgamma{\magvect{v}}
&& \text{given} \\
\msup{\gamma}{2} &= \oocomx{\msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2}}
&& \text{square both sides} \\
\frac{1}{\msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2}} &= 1 - \msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2}
&& \text{reciprocal of} \\
&& \text{both sides} \\
\msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2} &= 1 - \frac{1}{\msup{(\frac{\magvect{v}}{c})}{2}}
&& \text{rearrange} \\
\frac{\magvect{v}}{c} &= \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\gamma^2}}
&& \text{square root of both sides}
\end{bwderivation}

```

## DERIVATION

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2}} \quad \text{given} \quad (1)$$

$$\gamma^2 = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2} \quad \text{square both sides} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma^2} = 1 - \left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2 \quad \text{reciprocal of both sides} \quad (3)$$

$$\left(\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c}\right)^2 = 1 - \frac{1}{\gamma^2} \quad \text{rearrange} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{|\vec{v}|}{c} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\gamma^2}} \quad \text{square root of both sides} \quad (5)$$

## 5.16 Miscellaneous Commands

\checkpoint

centered checkpoint for student discussion  
\checkpoint

\checkpoint

|—— CHECKPOINT ——|

\image

centered figure displayed actual size with caption  
\image{\(imagefilename\)}{\(caption\)}

\image{satellite.pdf}{Photograph of satellite}

\sneakyone

shows factors dividing to a sneaky one  
\sneakyone{\(thing\)}

\sneakyone{\m}

$$\frac{1}{m}$$

Should the subscript or component come first?

## 5.17 Experimental Commands

Commands defined in this section are not guaranteed to work consistently and are included for experimental uses only. They may or may not exist in future releases. Most are an attempt to simplify existing commands for subscripted vectors.

Experimental Syntax	Existing Syntax
<code>\vecto{E}</code>	$\vec{E}$
<code>\vecto{E}[ball]</code>	$\vec{E}_{\text{ball}}$
<code>\compvecto{E}{y}</code>	$E_y$
<code>\compvecto{E}[ball]{x}</code>	$E_{\text{ball},x}$
<code>\scampsvecto{E}</code>	$\langle E_x, E_y, E_z \rangle$
<code>\scampsvecto{E}[ball]</code>	$\langle E_{\text{ball},x}, E_{\text{ball},y}, E_{\text{ball},z} \rangle$
<code>\compposo{y}</code>	$y$
<code>\composo[ball]{y}</code>	$y_{\text{ball}}$
<code>\scampsposo</code>	$\langle x, y, z \rangle$
<code>\scampsposo[ball]</code>	$\langle x_{\text{ball}}, y_{\text{ball}}, z_{\text{ball}} \rangle$

## 6 Source Code

Note the packages that must be present.

```
\RequirePackage{amsmath}
\RequirePackage{amssymb}
\RequirePackage{bigints}
\RequirePackage{cancel}
\RequirePackage[leftbars,color]{changebar}
\RequirePackage[dvipsnames]{xcolor}
\RequirePackage{environ}
\RequirePackage{etoolbox}
\RequirePackage{filehook}
\RequirePackage{extarrows}
\RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
\RequirePackage{graphicx}
\RequirePackage{epstopdf}
\RequirePackage{textcomp}
\RequirePackage{letltxmacro}
\RequirePackage{listings}
\RequirePackage[framemethod=TikZ]{mdframed}
\RequirePackage{suffix}
\RequirePackage{xargs}
\RequirePackage{xparse}
\RequirePackage{xspace}
\RequirePackage{ifthen}
\RequirePackage{calligra}
\DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathcalligra}{T1}{calligra}{m}{n}
\DeclareFontShape{T1}{calligra}{m}{n}{<->s*[2.2] callig15}{}
\DeclareGraphicsRule{.tif}{png}{.png}{'convert #1 `basename #1 .tif'.png}
\DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathpzc}{OT1}{pzc}{m}{it}
\usepackage{shadows}
\definecolor{vpythoncolor}{rgb}{0.95,0.95,0.95}
\newcommand{\lstvpython}{\lstset{language=Python,numbers=left,numberstyle=\tiny,
    backgroundcolor=\color{vpythoncolor},upquote=true,breaklines}}
\newboolean{@optitalicvectors}
\newboolean{@optdoubleabsbars}
\newboolean{@optbaseunits}
\newboolean{@optdrvunits}
\setboolean{@optitalicvectors}{false}
\setboolean{@optdoubleabsbars}{false}
\setboolean{@optbaseunits}{false}
\setboolean{@optdrvunits}{false}
\DeclareOption{italicvectors}{\setboolean{@optitalicvectors}{true}}
\DeclareOption{doubleabsbars}{\setboolean{@optdoubleabsbars}{true}}
\DeclareOption{baseunits}{\setboolean{@optbaseunits}{true}}
\DeclareOption{drvunits}{\setboolean{@optdrvunits}{true}}
\ProcessOptions\relax
```

This block of code fixes a conflict with the amssymb package.

```
\@ifpackage{amssymb}{%
  \csundef{square}
  \typeout{mandi: Package amssymb detected. Its \protect\square\space has been redefined.}
}%
\typeout{mandi: Package amssymb not detected.}%
}
```

This block of code defines unit names and symbols.

```
\newcommand{\per}{\ensuremath{/}}
\newcommand{\usk}{\ensuremath{\cdot}}
\newcommand{\unit}[2]{\ensuremath{\cdot#1\cdot#2}}
\newcommand{\ampere}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{A}}}
\newcommand{\arcminute}{\ensuremath{'}}
\newcommand{\arcsecond}{\ensuremath{''}}
\newcommand{\atomicmassunit}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{u}}}
\newcommand{\candela}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{cd}}}
\newcommand{\coulomb}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{C}}}
\newcommand{\degree}{\ensuremath{^\circ}}
\newcommand{\electronvolt}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{eV}}}
\newcommand{\farad}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{F}}}
\newcommand{\henry}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{H}}}
\newcommand{\hertz}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{Hz}}}
\newcommand{\hour}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{h}}}
\newcommand{\joule}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{J}}}
\newcommand{\kelvin}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{K}}}
\newcommand{\kilogram}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{kg}}}
\newcommand{\metre}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{m}}}
\newcommand{\minute}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{min}}}
\newcommand{\mole}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{mol}}}
\newcommand{\newton}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{N}}}
\newcommand{\ohm}{\ensuremath{\Omega}}
\newcommand{\pascal}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{Pa}}}
\newcommand{\radian}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{rad}}}
\newcommand{\second}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{s}}}
\newcommand{\siemens}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{S}}}
\newcommand{\steradian}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{sr}}}
\newcommand{\tesla}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{T}}}
\newcommand{\volt}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{V}}}
\newcommand{\watt}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{W}}}
\newcommand{\weber}{\ensuremath{\mathrm{Wb}}}
\newcommand{\C}{\coulomb}
\newcommand{\F}{\farad}
%\H is already defined as a LaTeX accent
\newcommand{\J}{\joule}
\newcommand{\N}{\newton}
\newcommand{\Pa}{\pascal}
\newcommand{\rad}{\radian}
\newcommand{\sr}{\steradian}
%\S is already defined as a LaTeX symbol
\newcommand{\T}{\tesla}
```

```

\newcommand{\V}{\volt}
\newcommand{\W}{\watt}
\newcommand{\square}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^2}} % prefix 2
\newcommand*\cubic[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^3}} % prefix 3
\newcommand*\quartic[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^4}} % prefix 4
\newcommand*\reciprocal[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-1}}} % prefix -1
\newcommand*\reciprocalsquare[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-2}}} % prefix -2
\newcommand*\reciprocalcubic[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-3}}} % prefix -3
\newcommand*\reciprocalquartic[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-4}}} % prefix -4
\newcommand*\squared[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^2}} % postfix 2
\newcommand*\cubed[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^3}} % postfix 3
\newcommand*\quartered[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^4}} % postfix 4
\newcommand*\reciprocated[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-1}}} % postfix -1
\newcommand*\reciprocalssquared[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-2}}} % postfix -2
\newcommand*\reciprocalcubed[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-3}}} % postfix -3
\newcommand*\reciprocalquartered[1]{\ensuremath{\mathit{#1}^{-4}}} % postfix -4

```

\newphysicsquantity Define a new named physics quantity or physical constant and commands for selecting units. My thanks to Ulrich Diez for contributing this code.

```

\newphysicsconstant
\newphysicsquantity
\hereusebaseunit
\hereusedrvdunit
\hereusetradunit
\usebaseunit
\usedrvdunit
\usetradunit
\perpusebaseunit
\perpusedrvdunit
\perpusetradunit
\newcommand\mi@exchangeargs[2]{#2#1}%
\newcommand\mi@name{}%
\long\def\mi@name#1{\romannumeral0\mi@innername{#1}}%
\newcommand\mi@innername[2]{%
  \expandafter\mi@exchangeargs\expandafter{\csname#2\endcsname{#1}}%
}\begingroup
\@firstofone{%
  \endgroup
  \newcommand\mi@forkifnull[3]{%
    \romannumeral\iffalse\f@i\expandafter\@secondoftwo\expandafter
    {\expandafter{\string#\!}\expandafter\@secondoftwo\string}%
    \expandafter\@firstoftwo\expandafter{\iffalse\f@i 0 #2}{0 #2}}%
\newcommand\selectbaseunit[3]{#1}
\newcommand\selectrvdunit[3]{#2}
\newcommand\selecttradunit[3]{#3}
\newcommand\selectunit{}%
\newcommand\perpusebaseunit{\let\selectunit=\selectbaseunit}
\newcommand\perpusedrvdunit{\let\selectunit=\selectrvdunit}
\newcommand\perpusetradunit{\let\selectunit=\selecttradunit}
\newcommand\hereusebaseunit[1]{%
  \begingroup\perpusebaseunit#1\endgroup}%
\newcommand\hereusedrvdunit[1]{%
  \begingroup\perpusedrvdunit#1\endgroup}%
\newcommand\hereusetradunit[1]{%
  \begingroup\perpusetradunit#1\endgroup}%
\newenvironment{usebaseunit}{\perpusebaseunit}{}%
\newenvironment{usedrvdunit}{\perpusedrvdunit}{}%
\newenvironment{usetradunit}{\perpusetradunit}{}%
\newcommand*\newphysicsquantity{\definephysicsquantity{\newcommand}}%
\newcommand*\redefinephysicsquantity{\definephysicsquantity{\renewcommand}}%
\newcommandx\definephysicsquantity[5][4=,5=]{%

```

```

\innerdefinewhatsoeverquantityfork{#3}{#4}{#5}{#1}{#2}{[]}{[1]}{##1}%
\newcommand*\newphysicsconstant{\definephysicsconstant{\newcommand}}
\newcommand*\redefinephysicsconstant{\definephysicsconstant{\renewcommand}}
\newcommandx\definephysicsconstant[7][6=,7=]{%
    \innerdefinewhatsoeverquantityfork{#5}{#6}{#7}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
\newcommand\innerdefinewhatsoeverquantityfork[3]{%
    \expandafter\innerdefinewhatsoeverquantity\romannumeral0%
    \mi@forkifnull{#3}{\mi@forkifnull{#2}{#1}{#2}{#1}}%
    {\mi@forkifnull{#2}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#1}}%
\newcommand\innerdefinewhatsoeverquantity[8]{%
    \mi@name#4{#5}#7{\ensuremath{\unit{#8}{\selectunit{#3}{#1}{#2}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5baseunit}#7{\ensuremath{\unit{#8}{#3}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5drvunit}#7{\ensuremath{\unit{#8}{#1}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5tradunit}#7{\ensuremath{\unit{#8}{#2}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5onlyunit}{\ensuremath{\selectunit{#3}{#1}{#2}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5onlybaseunit}{\ensuremath{\#3}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5onlydrvunit}{\ensuremath{\#1}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5onlytradunit}{\ensuremath{\#2}}}}%
    \mi@name#4{#5value}#7{\ensuremath{\#8}}}}%
\mi@forkifnull{#7}{%
    \ifx#4\renewcommand\mi@name\let{#5mathsymbol}=\relax\fi
    \mi@name\newcommand{#5mathsymbol}{\ensuremath{\#6}}}}%

```

This block of code processes the options.

```

\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optitalicvectors}}
    {\typeout{mandi: You'll get italic vector kernels.}}
    {\typeout{mandi: You'll get Roman vector kernels.}}
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optdoubleabsbars}}
    {\typeout{mandi: You'll get double absolute value bars.}}
    {\typeout{mandi: You'll get single absolute value bars.}}
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optbaseunits}}
    {\perpusebaseunit %
     \typeout{mandi: You'll get base units.}}
    {\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optdrvunits}}
        {\perpusedrvunit %
         \typeout{mandi: You'll get derived units.}}
        {\perpusetradunit %
         \typeout{mandi: You'll get traditional units.}}}

```

This block of code makes parentheses adjustable.

```

\def\resetMathstrut@{%
\setbox\z@\hbox{%
\mathchardef\tempa\mathcode`[\relax
\def\@tempb##1##2##3{\the\textfont"##3\char"}%
\expandafter\@tempb\meaning\@tempa \relax
}%
\ht\Mathstrutbox@\ht\z@ \dp\Mathstrutbox@\dp\z@}
\begin{group}
\catcode`(\active \xdef{\left\string{}%
\catcode`)\active \xdef{\right\string{})}
\end{group}

```

```

\mathcode`("=8000 \mathcode`)= "8000
\typeout{mandi: parentheses made adjustable in math mode.}

```

This block of code fixes square root symbol.

```

\let\oldr@@t\r@@t
\def\r@@t#1#2{%
\setbox0=\hbox{(\oldr@@t#1{#2\,})}\dimen0=\ht0
\advance\dimen0-0.2\ht0
\setbox2=\hbox{\vrule height\ht0 depth -\dimen0}%
{\box0\lower0.4pt\box2}
\LetLtxMacro{\oldsqrt}{\sqrt}
\renewcommand*\sqrt[2]{\relax[\oldsqrt[#1]{#2}]}
\typeout{mandi: square root symbol fixed.}

```

\m SI base unit of length or spatial displacement

```
\newcommand{\m}{\metre}
```

\kg SI base unit of mass

```
\newcommand{\kg}{\kilogram}
```

\s SI base unit of time or temporal displacement

```
\newcommand{\s}{\second}
```

\A SI base unit of electric current

```
\newcommand{\A}{\ampere}
```

\K SI base unit of thermodynamic temperature

```
\newcommand{\K}{\kelvin}
```

\mol SI base unit of amount

```
\newcommand{\mol}{\mole}
```

\cd SI base unit of luminous intensity

```
\newcommand{\cd}{\candela}
```

\displacement

```
\newphysicsquantity{\displacement}{\m}{\m}{\m}
```

\mass

```
\newphysicsquantity{\mass}{\kg}{\kg}{\kg}
```

\duration

```
\newphysicsquantity{\duration}{\s}{\s}{\s}
```

\current

```
\newphysicsquantity{\current}{\A}{\A}{\A}
```

\temperature

```
\newphysicsquantity{\temperature}{\K}{\K}{\K}
```

```

\amount
    \newphysicsquantity{amount}{\mol}{\mol}[\mol]

\luminous
    \newphysicsquantity{luminous}{\cd}{\cd}[\cd]

\planeangle
    \newphysicsquantity{planeangle}{\m\usk\reciprocal\m}{\rad}[\rad]

\solidangle
    \newphysicsquantity{solidangle}{\m\squared\usk\reciprocal\m}{\sr}[\sr]

\indegrees
    \newcommand{\indegrees}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{\#1}{\degree}}}

\inarcminutes
    \newcommand{\inarcminutes}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{\#1}{\arcminute}}}

\inarcseconds
    \newcommand{\inarcseconds}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{\#1}{\arcsecond}}}

\ineV
    \newcommand{\ineV}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{\#1}{\electronvolt}}}

\inAU
    \newcommand{\inAU}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{\#1}{\mathrm{AU}}}} 

\velocityc
    \newcommand{\velocityc}[1]{\ensuremath{\#1c}}

\velocity
    \newphysicsquantity{velocity}{\m\usk\reciprocal\s}{\m\usk\reciprocal\s}[\m\per\s]

\acceleration
    \newphysicsquantity{acceleration}{\m\usk\s\reciprocal\squared}{\N\per\kg}[\m\per\s\squared]

\gamman
    \newcommand{\gamman}[1]{\ensuremath{\#1}}

\momentum
    \newphysicsquantity{momentum}{\m\usk\kg\usk\reciprocal\s}{\N\usk\s}[\kg\usk\m\per\s]

\impulse
    \newphysicsquantity{impulse}{\m\usk\kg\usk\reciprocal\s}{\N\usk\s}[\kg\usk\m\per\s]

\force
    \newphysicsquantity{force}{\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocal\squared}{\N}[\N]
```

```

\springstiffness
    \newphysicsquantity{springstiffness}{\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared}[\N\per\m] [\N\per\m]

\springstretch
    \newphysicsquantity{springstretch}{\m}

\area
    \newphysicsquantity{area}{\m\squared}

\volume
    \newphysicsquantity{volume}{\cubic\m}

\linarmassdensity
    \newphysicsquantity{linarmassdensity}{\reciprocal\m\usk\kg}[\kg\per\m] [\kg\per\m]

\areamassdensity
    \newphysicsquantity{areamassdensity}{\m\reciprocalsquared\usk\kg}[\kg\per\m\squared]
    [\kg\per\m\squared]

\volumemassdensity
    \newphysicsquantity{volumemassdensity}{\m\reciprocalcubed\usk\kg}[\kg\per\m\cubed]
    [\kg\per\m\cubed]

\youngsmodulus
    \newphysicsquantity{youngsmodulus}{\reciprocal\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared}
    [\N\per\m\squared] [\Pa]

\work
    \newphysicsquantity{work}{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared}[\J]
    [\N\usk\m]

\energy
    \newphysicsquantity{energy}{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared}[\J]
    [\N\usk\m]

\power
    \newphysicsquantity{power}{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalcubed}[\W] [\J\per\s]

\angularvelocity
    \newphysicsquantity{angularvelocity}{\rad\usk\reciprocal\s}[\rad\per\s] [\rad\per\s]

\angularacceleration
    \newphysicsquantity{angularacceleration}{\rad\usk\s\reciprocalsquared}[\rad\per\s\squared]
    [\rad\per\s\squared]

\angularmomentum
    \newphysicsquantity{angularmomentum}{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\reciprocal\s}[\J\usk\s]
    [\kg\usk\m\squared\per\s]

```

```

\momentofinertia
    \newphysicsquantity{momentofinertia}{\m\squared\usk\kg}[\J\usk\s\squared]
    [\kg\usk\m\squared]

\torque
    \newphysicsquantity{torque}{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared}[\J\per\rad]
    [\N\usk\m]

\entropy
    \newphysicsquantity{entropy}{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared\usk\reciprocal\K}
    [\J\per\K] [\J\per\K]

\wavelength
    \newphysicsquantity{wavelength}{\m}[\m] [\m]

\wavenumber
    \newphysicsquantity{wavenumber}{\reciprocal\m}[\per\m] [\per\m]

\frequency
    \newphysicsquantity{frequency}{\reciprocal\s}[\hertz] [\hertz]

\angularfrequency
    \newphysicsquantity{angularfrequency}{\rad\usk\reciprocal\s}[\rad\per\s] [\rad\per\s]

\charge
    \newphysicsquantity{charge}{\A\usk\s}[\C] [\C]

\permittivity
    \newphysicsquantity{permittivity}{\reciprocalcubed\usk\reciprocal\kg\usk\s\reciprocalquarted\usk\A\squared}[\F\per\m] [\C\squared\per\N\usk\m\squared]

\permeability
    \newphysicsquantity{permeability}{\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared\usk\A\reciprocalsquared}[\henry\per\m] [\T\usk\m\per\A]

\electricfield
    \newphysicsquantity{electricfield}{\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalcubed\usk\reciprocal\A}[\V\per\m] [\N\per\C]

\electricdipolemoment
    \newphysicsquantity{electricdipolemoment}{\m\usk\s\usk\A}[\C\usk\m] [\C\usk\m]

\magneticfield
    \newphysicsquantity{magneticfield}{\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared\usk\reciprocal\A}[\T] [\N\per\C\usk(\m\per\s)]

\cmagneticfield
    \newphysicsquantity{cmagneticfield}{\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalcubed\usk\reciprocal\A}[\V\per\m] [\N\per\C]

```

```

\linearchargedensity
    \newphysicsquantity{linearchargedensity}{\reciprocal{\uskn{s}\uskn{A}}[\C\per\m] [\C\per\m]}

\areachargedensity
    \newphysicsquantity{areachargedensity}{\reciprocal{\square{\uskn{s}\uskn{A}}}[\C\per\square\m] [\C\per\square\m]}

\volumechargedensity
    \newphysicsquantity{volumechargedensity}{\reciprocal{\cubic{\uskn{s}\uskn{A}}}[\C\per\cubic\m] [\C\per\cubic\m]}

\mobility
    \newphysicsquantity{mobility}{\m\squared{\uskn{kg}\uskn{s}\reciprocal{\quarted{\uskn{A}}}}[\m\squared{\per\volt}\uskn{s}] [(\m\per\s)\per(\N\per\c)]}

\numberdensity
    \newphysicsquantity{numberdensity}{\reciprocal{\cubic{\m}}[\per\cubic\m] [\per\cubic\m]}

\polarizability
    \newphysicsquantity{polarizability}{\reciprocal{\kg{\uskn{s}\quarted{\uskn{A}}}}[\C\uskn{square}\m\per\V] [\C\uskn{m}\per(\N\per\c)]}

\electricpotential
    \newphysicsquantity{electricpotential}{\square{\m\uskn{kg}\uskn{s}\reciprocal{\cubic{\s\uskn{A}}}}[\J\per\c] [\V]}

\emf
    \newphysicsquantity{emf}{\square{\m\uskn{kg}\uskn{s}\reciprocal{\cubic{\s\uskn{A}}}}[\J\per\c] [\V]}

\dielectricconstant
    \newphysicsquantity{dielectricconstant}{}[] []

\indexofrefraction
    \newphysicsquantity{indexofrefraction}{}[] []

\relativepermittivity
    \newphysicsquantity{relativepermittivity}{}[] []

\relativepermeability
    \newphysicsquantity{relativepermeability}{}[] []

\energydensity
    \newphysicsquantity{energydensity}{\reciprocal{\uskn{kg}\uskn{s}\reciprocal{\square{\s}}}}[\J\per\cubic\m] [\J\per\cubic\m]

```

```

\electroncurrent
    \newphysicsquantity{electroncurrent}{\reciprocal\s}
        [\ensuremath{\mathrm{e}}]\per\s] [\ensuremath{\mathrm{e}}]\per\s]

\conventionalcurrent
    \newphysicsquantity{conventionalcurrent}{\A}[\C\per\s] [\A]

\magneticdipolemoment
    \newphysicsquantity{magneticdipolemoment}{\square\m\usk\A}[\J\per\T] [\A\usk\square\m]

\currentdensity
    \newphysicsquantity{currentdensity}{\reciprocal\square\m\usk\A}[\C\usk\s\per\square\m]
        [\A\per\square\m]

\capacitance
    \newphysicsquantity{capacitance}
        {\reciprocal\square\m\usk\reciprocal\kg\usk\quartic\s\usk\square\A}[\C\per\V] [\F]

\conductivity
    \newphysicsquantity{conductivity}
        {\reciprocal\cubic\m\usk\reciprocal\kg\usk\cubic\s\usk\square\A}[\siemens\per\m]
        [\A\per\V\usk\m]

\resistivity
    \newphysicsquantity{resistivity}
        {\cubic\m\usk\kg\usk\reciprocal\cubic\s\usk\reciprocal\square\A}[\m\per\siemens]
        [\ohm\usk\m]

\resistance
    \newphysicsquantity{resistance}
        {\square\m\usk\kg\usk\reciprocal\cubic\s\usk\reciprocal\square\A}[\V\per\A] [\ohm]

\conductance
    \newphysicsquantity{conductance}
        {\reciprocal\square\m\usk\reciprocal\kg\usk\cubic\s\usk\square\A}[\A\per\V] [\siemens]

\lv
\rv \newcommand{\lv}{\left\langle}
\newcommand{\rv}{\right\rangle}

\symvect
\newcommand{\symvect}{\mathbf{mivector} }

\ncompsvect
\newcommand{\ncompsvect}{\mathbf{mivector} }

```

```

\magvectncomps Written in LaTeX3
  \ExplSyntaxOn
  \NewDocumentCommand{\magvectncomps}{ m 0{} }
    {%
      \sum_of_squares:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
    }%
  \cs_new:Npn \sum_of_squares:nn #1 #2
    {%
      \tl_if_empty:nTF { #2 }
        {%
          \clist_set:Nn \l_tmpa_clist { #1 }
          \ensuremath{%
            \sqrt{(\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2 + (\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2 + (\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2 + (\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2}%
          }%
        }%
        {%
          \clist_set:Nn \l_tmpa_clist { #1 }
          \ensuremath{%
            \sqrt{(\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2 + (\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2 + (\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2 + (\use:c{\l_tmpa_clist})^2}%
          }%
        }%
    }%
  \ExplSyntaxOff

\zerovect
\ncompszerovect \newcommand{\zerovect}{\vect{0}}
                  \newcommand{\ncompszerovect}{\mivector{0,0,0}}


\vect
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optitalicvectors}}
  {\newcommand{\vect}[1]{\mathbf{#1}}}
  {\newcommand{\vect}[1]{\mathbf{\mathit{#1}}}}%


\magvect
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optdoubleabsbars}}
  {\newcommand{\magvect}[1]{\mathbf{\mathit{#1}}}}
  {\newcommand{\magvect}[1]{\mathbf{\mathit{#1}}}}%


\dmagvect
\Dmagvect \newcommand{\dmagvect}[1]{\frac{d}{dx}\mathbf{\mathit{#1}}}
           \newcommand{\Dmagvect}[1]{\Delta!\mathbf{\mathit{#1}}}%


\dirvect
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optitalicvectors}}
  {\newcommand{\dirvect}[1]{\widehat{\mathbf{\mathit{#1}}}}}
  {\newcommand{\dirvect}[1]{\widehat{\mathbf{\mathit{#1}}}}}

```

```

\compvect
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optitalicvectors}}
  {\newcommand{\compvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\ssub{\#1}{\#2}}}}
  {\newcommand{\compvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\ssub{\mathrm{\#1}}{\#2}}}}

\scompsvect
\newcommand{\scompsvect}[1]{\ensuremath{\lv
  \compvect{\#1}{x},
  \compvect{\#1}{y},
  \compvect{\#1}{z}\rv}>

\magvectscomps
\newcommand{\magvectscomps}[1]{\ensuremath{\sqrt{
  \msup{\compvect{\#1}{x}}{2} +
  \msup{\compvect{\#1}{y}}{2} +
  \msup{\compvect{\#1}{z}}{2}}}

\dvect
\DVect
\newcommand{\dvect}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{d}\mathit{vect}\#1}}
\newcommand{\DVect}[1]{\ensuremath{\Delta\mathit{vect}\#1}>

\dirdvect
\dirDvect
\newcommand{\dirdvect}[1]{\widehat{\dvect{\#1}}}
\newcommand{\dirDvect}[1]{\widehat{\DVect{\#1}}}

\ddirvect
\DDirvect
\newcommand{\ddirvect}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{d}\mathit{dirvect}\{E\}}}
\newcommand{\DDirvect}[1]{\ensuremath{\Delta\mathit{dirvect}\{E\}}}

\magdvect
\magDvect
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optdoubleabsbars}}
  {\newcommand{\magdvect}[1]{\mathop{\mathrm{magof}}\nolimits{\dvect{\#1}}}}
  {\newcommand{\magDvect}[1]{\mathop{\mathrm{magof}}\nolimits{\DVect{\#1}}}}
  {\newcommand{\magdvect}[1]{\mathop{\mathrm{abs}}\nolimits{\dvect{\#1}}}}
  {\newcommand{\magDvect}[1]{\mathop{\mathrm{abs}}\nolimits{\DVect{\#1}}}}

\compdvect
\compDvect
\newcommand{\compdvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{d}\mathit{compvect}\#1\#2}}
\newcommand{\compDvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\Delta\mathit{compvect}\#1\#2}>

\scompsdvect
\scompsDvect
\newcommand{\scompsdvect}[1]{\ensuremath{\lv
  \compdvect{\#1}{x},
  \compdvect{\#1}{y},
  \compdvect{\#1}{z}\rv}>

\newcommand{\scompsDvect}[1]{\ensuremath{\lv
  \compDvect{\#1}{x},
  \compDvect{\#1}{y},
  \compDvect{\#1}{z}\rv}}

```

```

\dervect
\Dervect \newcommand{\dervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{vect}\{#1\}}{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#2\}}}}
\newcommand{\Dervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{D}\mathrm{vect}\{#1\}}{\mathrm{D}\mathrm{Delta}\{#2\}}}}

\compdervect
\compDervect \newcommand{\compdervect}[3]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{byd}\{\mathrm{compvect}\{#1\}\{#3\}}}{\mathrm{compvect}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}}
\newcommand{\compDervect}[3]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{D}\mathrm{byD}\{\mathrm{compvect}\{#1\}\{#3\}}}{\mathrm{compvect}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}}

\scompsdervect
\scompsDervect \newcommand{\scompsdervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{compdervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{x\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{compdervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{y\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{compdervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{z\}\mathrm{rv}}{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{compDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{x\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{compDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{y\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{compDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{z\}\mathrm{rv}}}}
\newcommand{\scompsDervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{magdervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{x\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{magDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{y\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{magDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{z\}\mathrm{rv}}{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{magDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{x\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{magDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{y\},\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\mathrm{magDervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{z\}\mathrm{rv}}}}

\magdervect
\magDervect \ifthenelse{\boolean{@optdoubleabsbars}}
{\newcommand{\magdervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{magof}\{\mathrm{dervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\}}}}
\newcommand{\magDervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{magof}\{\mathrm{Dervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\}}}}
{\newcommand{\magdervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{abs}\{\mathrm{dervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\}}}}
\newcommand{\magDervect}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{abs}\{\mathrm{Dervect}\{#1\}\{#2\}\}}}

\dermagvect
\Dermagvect \newcommand{\dermagvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{byd}\{\mathrm{magvect}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}{\mathrm{magvect}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}}
\newcommand{\Dermagvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{D}\mathrm{byD}\{\mathrm{magvect}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}{\mathrm{magvect}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}}

\scompspos
\scompsDpos \newcommand{\scompspos}{\mathrm{mivector}\{x,y,z\}}
\newcommand{\scompsDpos}{\mathrm{mivector}\{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}x,\mathrm{mathrm{d}}y,\mathrm{mathrm{d}}z\}}
\newcommand{\scompsDpos}{\mathrm{mivector}\{\mathrm{Delta} x,\mathrm{Delta} y,\mathrm{Delta} z\}}

\compdpos
\compDpos \newcommand{\compdpos}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#1\}}}
\newcommand{\compDpos}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{Delta}\{#1\}}}

\scompsderpos
\scompsDerpos \newcommand{\scompsderpos}[1]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\frac{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}x}{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}y}{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}z}{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#1\}}\mathrm{rv}}{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\frac{\mathrm{Delta} x}{\mathrm{Delta}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{Delta} y}{\mathrm{Delta}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{Delta} z}{\mathrm{Delta}\{#1\}}\mathrm{rv}}}}
\newcommand{\scompsDerpos}[1]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\frac{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}x}{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}y}{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}z}{\mathrm{mathrm{d}}\{#1\}}\mathrm{rv}}{\mathrm{l}\mathrm{v}\frac{\mathrm{Delta} x}{\mathrm{Delta}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{Delta} y}{\mathrm{Delta}\{#1\}},\frac{\mathrm{Delta} z}{\mathrm{Delta}\{#1\}}\mathrm{rv}}}}
```

```

\compderpos
\compDerpos \newcommand{\compderpos}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\mathrm{d}\{#1\}}{\mathrm{d}\{#2\}}}}
\newcommand{\compDerpos}[2]{\ensuremath{\frac{\Delta\{#1\}}{\Delta\{#2\}}}}
```

\vectsub

```
\newcommand{\vectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}}
```

\compvectsub

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optitalicicvectors}}
{\newcommand{\compvectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}, \mathbf{(\Delta v_{#1})}}}}
{\newcommand{\compvectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}, \mathbf{(\Delta v_{#1})}}}}
```

\scampsvectsub

```
\newcommand{\scampsvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}}
```

```
\compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x},
\compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y},
\compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\rv}
```

\magvectsub

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optdoubleabsbars}}
{\newcommand{\magvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{magof}(\mathbf{v}_{#1})^{#2}}}}
{\newcommand{\magvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{abs}(\mathbf{v}_{#1})^{#2}}}}
```

\magvectsubscamps

```
\newcommand{\magvectsubscamps}[2]{\ensuremath{\sqrt{\mathbf{m}_{\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}^2 + \mathbf{m}_{\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}^2 + \mathbf{m}_{\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}^2}}}
```

\dirvectsub

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optitalicicvectors}}
{\newcommand{\dirvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{s}_{\widehat{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}}}}
{\newcommand{\dirvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{s}_{\widehat{\mathbf{v}_{\mathrm{#1}}}}^{#2}}}}
```

\dvectsub

\Dvectsub

```
\newcommand{\dvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{v}_{\mathrm{d}\{#1\}}^{#2}}}
```

```
\newcommand{\Dvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{v}_{\mathrm{D}\Delta\{#1\}}^{#2}}}
```

\compdvectsub

\compDvectsub

```
\newcommand{\compdvectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{v}_{\mathrm{d}\{#1\}}\mathbf{compv}_{\{#2\}}\mathbf{c}_{\{#3\}}}}
```

```
\newcommand{\compDvectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{v}_{\mathrm{D}\Delta\{#1\}}\mathbf{compv}_{\{#2\}}\mathbf{c}_{\{#3\}}}}
```

\scampsdvectsub

\scampsDvectsub

```
\newcommand{\scampsdvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}}
```

```
\compdvectsub{#1}{#2}{x},
\compdvectsub{#1}{#2}{y},
\compdvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\rv}
```

```
\newcommand{\scampsDvectsub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{v}_{#1}}^{#2}}}
```

```
\compDvectsub{#1}{#2}{x},
\compDvectsub{#1}{#2}{y},
\compDvectsub{#1}{#2}{z},\rv}
```

```

\dermagvectsub
\DermaVectSub \newcommand{\dermagvectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{dbyd}\{\mathbf{magvectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}}}}
\newcommand{\DermaVectSub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{DbyD}\{\mathbf{magvectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}}}}
```

\dervectsub

\DerVectSub \newcommand{\dervectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{dbyd}\{\mathbf{vectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}}}}
\newcommand{\DerVectSub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{DbyD}\{\mathbf{vectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}}}}

\magdervectsub

\MagDerVectSub \ifthenelse{\boolean{@ptdblabsbars}}
\newcommand{\magdervectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{magof}\{\mathbf{dervectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}}}}
\newcommand{\MagDerVectSub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{magof}\{\mathbf{DerVectSub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}}}}

\compdervectsub

\CompDerVectSub \newcommand{\compdervectsub}[4]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{dbyd}\{\mathbf{compvectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#4\}\{#3\}}}}
\newcommand{\CompDerVectSub}[4]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{DbyD}\{\mathbf{compvectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#4\}\{#3\}}}}

\scampsdervectsub

\ScampsDerVectSub \newcommand{\scampsdervectsub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{lv}\{\mathbf{compdervectsub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}\{x\},}}
\newcommand{\ScampsDerVectSub}[3]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{lv}\{\mathbf{compDerVectSub}\{#1\}\{#2\}\{#3\}\{x\},}}

\comppossub

\ComppossSub \newcommand{\comppossub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{ssub}\{#2\}\{#1\}}}

\scampspossub

\ScampsPossSub \newcommand{\scampspossub}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{lv}\{\mathbf{comppossub}\{#1\}\{x\},}}
\newcommand{\ScampsPossSub}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{lv}\{\mathbf{comppossub}\{#1\}\{y\},}}

\compdpossub

\CompdpossSub \newcommand{\compdpossub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{mathrm}\{d\}\mathrm{comppossub}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}
\newcommand{\CompdpossSub}[2]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{Delta}\mathrm{comppossub}\{#1\}\{#2\}}}

\scampsdpossub

\ScampsDpossSub \newcommand{\scampsdpossub}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{lv}\{\mathbf{compdpossub}\{#1\}\{x\},}}
\newcommand{\ScampsDpossSub}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{lv}\{\mathbf{compdpossub}\{#1\}\{y\},}}

\compdpossub

```

\compderpossub
\compDerpossub \newcommand{\compderpossub}[3]{\ensuremath{\text{dbyd}\{\text{comppossub}\{#1}\{#3\}}\{#2\}}}
\newcommand{\compDerpossub}[3]{\ensuremath{\text{DbyD}\{\text{comppossub}\{#1}\{#3\}}\{#2\}}}

\scompsderpossub
\scompsDerpossub \newcommand{\scompsderpossub}[2]{\ensuremath{\text{lv}
\compderpossub\{#1\}\{#2\}\{x\},
\compderpossub\{#1\}\{#2\}\{y\},
\compderpossub\{#1\}\{#2\}\{z\}\text{rv}}}
\newcommand{\scompsDerpossub}[2]{\ensuremath{\text{lv}
\compDerpossub\{#1\}\{#2\}\{x\},
\compDerpossub\{#1\}\{#2\}\{y\},
\compDerpossub\{#1\}\{#2\}\{z\}\text{rv}}}

\relpos
\newcommand{\relpos}[1]{\ensuremath{\text{vectsub}\{r\}\{#1\}}}

\relvel
\newcommand{\relvel}[1]{\ensuremath{\text{vectsub}\{v\}\{#1\}}}

\relmom
\newcommand{\relmom}[1]{\ensuremath{\text{vectsub}\{p\}\{#1\}}}

\relfor
\newcommand{\relfor}[1]{\ensuremath{\text{vectsub}\{F\}\{#1\}}}

\vectdotvect
\newcommand{\vectdotvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}\text{bullet}\{#2\}}}

\vectdotsvect
\newcommand{\vectdotsvect}[2]{\ensuremath{\text{scompsvect}\{#1\}\text{bullet}\text{scompsvect}\{#2\}}}

\vectdotevect
\newcommand{\vectdotevect}[2]{\ensuremath{\text{compvect}\{#1\}\{x\}\text{compvect}\{#2\}\{x\}+
\text{compvect}\{#1\}\{y\}\text{compvect}\{#2\}\{y\}+
\text{compvect}\{#1\}\{z\}\text{compvect}\{#2\}\{z\}}}

\vectdot spos
\newcommand{\vectdot spos}[1]{\ensuremath{\text{scompsvect}\{#1\}\text{bullet}\text{scompspos}}}

\vectdote pos
\newcommand{\vectdote pos}[1]{\ensuremath{\text{compvect}\{#1\}\{x\}\text{comppos}\{x\}+
\text{compvect}\{#1\}\{y\}\text{comppos}\{y\}+
\text{compvect}\{#1\}\{z\}\text{comppos}\{z\}}}

\vectdotsd vect
\vectdotsD vect \newcommand{\vectdotsd vect}[2]{\ensuremath{\text{scompsvect}\{#1\}\text{bullet}\text{scompsd vect}\{#2\}}}
\newcommand{\vectdotsD vect}[2]{\ensuremath{\text{scompsvect}\{#1\}\text{bullet}\text{scompsD vect}\{#2\}}}

```

```

\vectdottedvect
\vectdotDvect \newcommand{\vectdottedvect}[2]{\ensuremath{
  \compvect{#1}{x}\compdvect{#2}{x}+
  \compvect{#1}{y}\compdvect{#2}{y}+
  \compvect{#1}{z}\compdvect{#2}{z}}}
\newcommand{\vectdotDvect}[2]{\ensuremath{
  \compvect{#1}{x}\compDvect{#2}{x}+
  \compvect{#1}{y}\compDvect{#2}{y}+
  \compvect{#1}{z}\compDvect{#2}{z}}}

\vectdotsdpos
\vectdotsDpos \newcommand{\vectdotsdpos}[1]{\ensuremath{\scompsvect{#1}\bullet\scompsdpos}}
\newcommand{\vectdotsDpos}[1]{\ensuremath{\scompsvect{#1}\bullet\scompsDpos}}

\vectdotedpos
\vectdoteDpos \newcommand{\vectdotedpos}[1]{\ensuremath{
  \compvect{#1}{x}\compdpos{x}+
  \compvect{#1}{y}\compdpos{y}+
  \compvect{#1}{z}\compdpos{z}}}
\newcommand{\vectdoteDpos}[1]{\ensuremath{
  \compvect{#1}{x}\compDpos{x}+
  \compvect{#1}{y}\compDpos{y}+
  \compvect{#1}{z}\compDpos{z}}}

\vectsubdotsvectsub
\vectsubdotsvectsub \newcommand{\vectsubdotsvectsub}[4]{\ensuremath{
  \scompsvectsub{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsvectsub{#3}{#4}}}

\vectsubdotevectsub
\vectsubdotevectsub \newcommand{\vectsubdotevectsub}[4]{\ensuremath{
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x}\compvectsub{#3}{#4}{x}+
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y}\compvectsub{#3}{#4}{y}+
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\compvectsub{#3}{#4}{z}}}

\vectsubdotsdvectsub
\vectsubdotsDvectsub \newcommand{\vectsubdotsdvectsub}[4]{\ensuremath{
  \scompsvectsub{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsdvectsub{#3}{#4}}}
\newcommand{\vectsubdotsDvectsub}[4]{\ensuremath{
  \scompsvectsub{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsDvectsub{#3}{#4}}}

\vectsubdotedvectsub
\vectsubdoteDvectsub \newcommand{\vectsubdotedvectsub}[4]{\ensuremath{
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x}\compdvectsub{#3}{#4}{x}+
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y}\compdvectsub{#3}{#4}{y}+
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\compdvectsub{#3}{#4}{z}}}
\newcommand{\vectsubdoteDvectsub}[4]{\ensuremath{
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x}\compDvectsub{#3}{#4}{x}+
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y}\compDvectsub{#3}{#4}{y}+
  \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\compDvectsub{#3}{#4}{z}}}

```

```

\vectsubdotsdvect
\vectsubdotsDvect \newcommand{\vectsubdotsdvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsvectsub{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsdvect{#3}}}
\newcommand{\vectsubdotsDvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsvectsub{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsDvect{#3}}}

\vectsubdottedvect
\vectsubdoteDvect \newcommand{\vectsubdottedvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x}\compdvect{#3}{x}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y}\compdvect{#3}{y}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\compdvect{#3}{z}}}
\newcommand{\vectsubdoteDvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x}\compDvect{#3}{x}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y}\compDvect{#3}{y}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\compDvect{#3}{z}}}

\vectsubdotsdpos
\vectsubdotsDpos \newcommand{\vectsubdotsdpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsvectsub{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsdpos{}}
\newcommand{\vectsubdotsDpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsvectsub{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsDpos{}}}

\vectsubdotedpos
\vectsubdoteDpos \newcommand{\vectsubdotedpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x}\compdpos{x}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y}\compdpos{y}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\compdpos{z}}}
\newcommand{\vectsubdoteDpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{x}\compDpos{x}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{y}\compDpos{y}+
    \compvectsub{#1}{#2}{z}\compDpos{z}}}

\dervectdotsvect
\Dervectdotsvect \newcommand{\dervectdotsvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsdervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsvect{#3}}}
\newcommand{\Dervectdotsvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsDervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsvect{#3}}}

\dervectdotevect
\Dervectdotevect \newcommand{\dervectdotevect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{x}\compvect{#3}{x}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{y}\compvect{#3}{y}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{z}\compvect{#3}{z}}}
\newcommand{\Dervectdotevect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{x}\compvect{#3}{x}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{y}\compvect{#3}{y}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{z}\compvect{#3}{z}}}

```

```

\vectdotsdervect
\vectdotsDervect \newcommand{\vectdotsdervect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsvect{#1}\bullet\scompsdervect{#2}{#3}}}
\newcommand{\vectdotsDervect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsvect{#1}\bullet\scompsDervect{#2}{#3}}}

\vectdotedervect
\vectdotDervect \newcommand{\vectdotedervect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compvect{#1}{x}\compdervect{#2}{#3}{x}+
    \compvect{#1}{y}\compdervect{#2}{#3}{y}+
    \compvect{#1}{z}\compdervect{#2}{#3}{z}}}
\newcommand{\vectdotDervect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compvect{#1}{x}\compDervect{#2}{#3}{x}+
    \compvect{#1}{y}\compDervect{#2}{#3}{y}+
    \compvect{#1}{z}\compDervect{#2}{#3}{z}}}

\dervectdotpos
\Dervectdotpos \newcommand{\dervectdotpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsdervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompspos}}
\newcommand{\Dervectdotpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsDervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompspos}}

\dervectdotpos
\Dervectdotpos \newcommand{\dervectdotpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{x}\comppos{x}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{y}\comppos{y}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{z}\comppos{z}}}
\newcommand{\Dervectdotpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{x}\comppos{x}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{y}\comppos{y}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{z}\comppos{z}}}

\dervectdotsdvect
\DervectdotsDvect \newcommand{\dervectdotsdvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsdervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsdvect{#3}}}
\newcommand{\DervectdotsDvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsDervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsDvect{#3}}}

\dervectdotedvect
\DervectdoteDvect \newcommand{\dervectdotedvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{x}\compdvect{#3}{x}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{y}\compdvect{#3}{y}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{z}\compdvect{#3}{z}}}
\newcommand{\DervectdoteDvect}[3]{\ensuremath{
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{x}\compDvect{#3}{x}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{y}\compDvect{#3}{y}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{z}\compDvect{#3}{z}}}

```

```

\dervectdotsdpos
\DervectdotsDpos \newcommand{\dervectdotsdpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsdervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsdpos}}
\newcommand{\DervectdotsDpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \scompsDervect{#1}{#2}\bullet\scompsDpos}}


\dervectdotedpos
\DervectdoteDpos \newcommand{\dervectdotedpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{x}\compdpos{x}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{y}\compdpos{y}+
    \compdervect{#1}{#2}{z}\compdpos{z}}}
\newcommand{\DervectdoteDpos}[2]{\ensuremath{
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{x}\compDpos{x}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{y}\compDpos{y}+
    \compDervect{#1}{#2}{z}\compDpos{z}}}

\ezero
\eone \newcommand{\ezero}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{e}}{0}}}
\etwo \newcommand{\eone}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{e}}{1}}}
\ethree \newcommand{\etwo}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{e}}{2}}}
\efour \newcommand{\ethree}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{e}}{3}}}
\ek \newcommand{\efour}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{e}}{4}}}
\ee \newcommand{\ek}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{e}}{1}}}
\newcommand{\ee}{\ensuremath{\ek}}


\uezero
\ueone \newcommand{\uezero}{\ensuremath{\msub{\widehat{\mathbf{e}}}{0}}}
\uetwo \newcommand{\ueone}{\ensuremath{\msub{\widehat{\mathbf{e}}}{1}}}
\uemthree \newcommand{\uetwo}{\ensuremath{\msub{\widehat{\mathbf{e}}}{2}}}
\uefour \newcommand{\uemthree}{\ensuremath{\msub{\widehat{\mathbf{e}}}{3}}}
\uek \newcommand{\uefour}{\ensuremath{\msub{\widehat{\mathbf{e}}}{4}}}
\ue \newcommand{\uek}{\ensuremath{\msub{\widehat{\mathbf{e}}}{1}}}
\newcommand{\ue}{\ensuremath{\uek}}


\ezerozero
\eonene \newcommand{\ezerozero}{\ensuremath{\ek{00}}}
\eonetwo \newcommand{\eonene}{\ensuremath{\ek{11}}}
\eonethree \newcommand{\eonetwo}{\ensuremath{\ek{12}}}
\oneonefour \newcommand{\eonethree}{\ensuremath{\ek{13}}}
\etwoone \newcommand{\oneonefour}{\ensuremath{\ek{14}}}
\etwotwo \newcommand{\etwoone}{\ensuremath{\ek{21}}}
\etwothree \newcommand{\etwotwo}{\ensuremath{\ek{22}}}
\etwofour \newcommand{\etwothree}{\ensuremath{\ek{23}}}
\ethreeone \newcommand{\etwofour}{\ensuremath{\ek{24}}}
\ethreetwo \newcommand{\ethreeone}{\ensuremath{\ek{31}}}
\ethreethree \newcommand{\ethreetwo}{\ensuremath{\ek{32}}}
\ethreefour \newcommand{\ethreethree}{\ensuremath{\ek{33}}}
\efourone \newcommand{\ethreefour}{\ensuremath{\ek{34}}}
\efourtwo \newcommand{\efourone}{\ensuremath{\ek{41}}}
\efourthree \newcommand{\efourtwo}{\ensuremath{\ek{42}}}
\efourfour

```

```

\newcommand{\efourthree}{\ek{43}}
\newcommand{\efourfour}{\ek{44}}

\euzero
\euone \newcommand{\euzero}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{e}}{0}}}
\eutwo \newcommand{\euone}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{e}}{1}}}
\eutree \newcommand{\eutwo}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{e}}{2}}}
\eufour \newcommand{\eutree}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{e}}{3}}}
\eu \newcommand{\eufour}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{e}}{4}}}
\eu \newcommand{\eu}[1]{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{e}}{#1}}}
\eu \newcommand{\eu}{\euk}

```

```

\euzerozero
  \euoneone  \newcommand{\euzerozero}{\euk{00}}
  \euonetwo  \newcommand{\euoneone}{\euk{11}}
\euonethree \newcommand{\euonetwo}{\euk{12}}
  \euonefour \newcommand{\euonethree}{\euk{13}}
  \eutwoone  \newcommand{\euonefour}{\euk{14}}
  \eutwotwo  \newcommand{\eutwoone}{\euk{21}}
\eutwothree \newcommand{\eutwotwo}{\euk{22}}
  \eutwofour \newcommand{\eutwothree}{\euk{23}}
\euthreeone \newcommand{\eutwofour}{\euk{24}}
  \euthreetwo \newcommand{\euthreeone}{\euk{31}}
\euthreethree \newcommand{\euthreetwo}{\euk{32}}
\euthreefour \newcommand{\euthreethree}{\euk{33}}
  \eufourone \newcommand{\euthreefour}{\euk{34}}
  \eufourtwo \newcommand{\eufourone}{\euk{41}}
\efourthree \newcommand{\eufourtwo}{\euk{42}}
\efourfour  \newcommand{\efourthree}{\euk{43}}
  \eufourfour \newcommand{\efourfour}{\euk{44}}


\gzero
  \gone    \newcommand{\gzero}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{\gamma}}{0}}}
  \gtwo   \newcommand{\gone}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{\gamma}}{1}}}
\gthree  \newcommand{\gtwo}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{\gamma}}{2}}}
  \gfour  \newcommand{\gthree}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{\gamma}}{3}}}
  \gk    \newcommand{\gfour}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{\gamma}}{4}}}
  \g      \newcommand{\gk}{\ensuremath{\msub{\mathbf{\gamma}}{#1}}}
  \g     \newcommand{\g}{\gk}

\gzerozero
  \goneone \newcommand{\gzerozero}{\gk{00}}
  \gonetwo \newcommand{\goneone}{\gk{11}}
\gonethree \newcommand{\gonetwo}{\gk{12}}
  \gonefour \newcommand{\gonethree}{\gk{13}}
  \gtwoone \newcommand{\gonefour}{\gk{14}}
  \gtwotwo \newcommand{\gtwoone}{\gk{21}}
\gtwothree \newcommand{\gtwotwo}{\gk{22}}
  \gtwofour \newcommand{\gtwothree}{\gk{23}}
\gthreeone \newcommand{\gtwofour}{\gk{24}}
  \gthreetwo \newcommand{\gthreeone}{\gk{31}}
\gthreethree \newcommand{\gthreetwo}{\gk{32}}
\gthreethree \newcommand{\gthreethree}{\gk{33}}
\gthreefour \newcommand{\gthreethree}{\gk{34}}
  \gfourone \newcommand{\gthreefour}{\gk{41}}
  \gfourtwo \newcommand{\gfourone}{\gk{42}}
\gfourthree \newcommand{\gfourtwo}{\gk{43}}
\gfourfour  \newcommand{\gfourthree}{\gk{44}}

```

```

\guzero
\guone \newcommand{\guzero}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{\gamma}}{0}}}
\gutwo \newcommand{\guone}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{\gamma}}{1}}}
\guthree \newcommand{\gutwo}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{\gamma}}{2}}}
\gufour \newcommand{\guthree}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{\gamma}}{3}}}
\guk \newcommand{\gufour}{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{\gamma}}{4}}}
\gu \newcommand{\guk}[1]{\ensuremath{\msup{\mathbf{\gamma}}{#1}}}
\newcommand{\gu}{\guk}

\guzerozero
\guoneone \newcommand{\guzerozero}{\guk{00}}
\guonetwo \newcommand{\guoneone}{\guk{11}}
\guonethree \newcommand{\guonetwo}{\guk{12}}
\guonefour \newcommand{\guonethree}{\guk{13}}
\gutwoone \newcommand{\guonefour}{\guk{14}}
\gutwotwo \newcommand{\gutwoone}{\guk{21}}
\gutwothree \newcommand{\gutwotwo}{\guk{22}}
\gutwofour \newcommand{\gutwothree}{\guk{23}}
\guthreeone \newcommand{\gutwofour}{\guk{24}}
\guthreetwo \newcommand{\guthreeone}{\guk{31}}
\guthreethree \newcommand{\guthreetwo}{\guk{32}}
\guthreefour \newcommand{\guthreethree}{\guk{33}}
\gufourone \newcommand{\guthreefour}{\guk{34}}
\gufourtwo \newcommand{\gufourone}{\guk{41}}
\gufourthree \newcommand{\gufourtwo}{\guk{42}}
\gufourfour \newcommand{\gufourthree}{\guk{43}}
\gufourfour \newcommand{\gufourfour}{\guk{44}}


\mivector Vectors formated as in M&I, written in LaTeX3
\ExplSyntaxOn
\NewDocumentCommand{\mivector}{ O{,} m o }%
{%
    \mi_vector:nn { #1 } { #2 }
    \IfValueT{#3}{\;{#3}}
}%
\seq_new:N \l_mi_list_seq
\cs_new_protected:Npn \mi_vector:nn #1 #2
{%
    \ensuremath{%
        \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_mi_list_seq { , } { #2 }
        \int_compare:nF { \seq_count:N \l_mi_list_seq = 1 } { \left\langle }
        \seq_use:Nnnn \l_mi_list_seq { #1 } { #1 } { #1 }
        \int_compare:nF { \seq_count:N \l_mi_list_seq = 1 } { \right\rangle }
    }%
}%
\ExplSyntaxOff

\colvector Column and row vectors, written in LaTeX3
\rowvector \ExplSyntaxOn
\seq_new:N \l_vector_arg_seq

```

```

\cs_new_protected:Npn \vector_main:n { nnnn #1 #2 #3 #4 }
{%
  \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_vector_arg_seq { #3 } { #4 }
  \begin{#1matrix}
    \seq_use:Nnnn \l__vector_arg_seq { #2 } { #2 } { #2 }
  \end{#1matrix}
}%
\NewDocumentCommand{\rowvector}{ O{} m }
{%
  \ensuremath{
    \vector_main:n { p } { \, , \, } { #1 } { #2 }
  }%
}%
\NewDocumentCommand{\colvector}{ O{} m }
{%
  \ensuremath{
    \vector_main:n { p } { \backslash\backslash } { #1 } { #2 }
  }%
}%
\ExplSyntaxOff

\scompscvect
\newcommandx{\scompscvect}[2][1,usedefault]{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    \colvector{\msub{#2}{1},\msub{#2}{2},\msub{#2}{3}}%
  }{%
    \colvector{\msub{#2}{0},\msub{#2}{1},\msub{#2}{2},\msub{#2}{3}}%
  }%
}%
}%

\scompsrvect
\newcommandx{\scompsrvect}[2][1,usedefault]{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    \rowvector[ , ]{\msub{#2}{1},\msub{#2}{2},\msub{#2}{3}}%
  }{%
    \rowvector[ , ]{\msub{#2}{0},\msub{#2}{1},\msub{#2}{2},\msub{#2}{3}}%
  }%
}%
}%

\oofpez Coulomb constant
\newphysicsconstant{oofpez}{\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0}}
{\scin[9]{9}\reciprocalquartic\per\reciprocalsquared}
[\per\farad] [\newton\per\squared\coulomb\squared]

\oofpezcs Coulomb constant (alternate)
\newphysicsconstant{oofpezcs}{\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0}}

```

```

c^2\phantom{_o}}}\}{}\scin{-7}\{\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared\usk\A\reciprocalsquared}
[\T\usk\m\squared] [\N\usk\s\squared\per\c\squared]

\epsz vacuum permittivity
\newphysicsconstant{epsz}{\ensuremath{\ssub{\epsilon}{o}}}\{\scin[9]{-12}\}
{\m\reciprocalcubed\usk\reciprocal\kg\usk\s\quartered\usk\A\squared}[\F\per\m]
[\C\squared\per\N\usk\m\squared]

\mzofp Biot-Savart constant
\newphysicsconstant{mzofp}{\ensuremath{\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi}}}\{\scin{-7}\}\{\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared\usk\A\reciprocalsquared\}
[\henry\per\m]
[\tesla\usk\m\per\A]

\muz vacuum permeability
\newphysicsconstant{muz}{\ensuremath{\mu_0}}\{\scin[4\pi]{-7}\}
{\m\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalsquared\usk\A\reciprocalsquared}[\henry\per\m]
[\T\usk\m\per\A]

\kboltz Boltzmann constant
\newphysicsconstant{kboltz}{\ensuremath{\frac{k_B}{1.38}}}\{\scin[1.38]{-23}\}
{\kg\usk\m\squared\usk\reciprocal\kg\s\usk\reciprocal\K}[\joule\per\K] [\J\per\K]

\kboltznev Boltzmann constant (alternate)
\newcommand{\kboltznev}{\ensuremath{\scin[8.62]{-5}}\{\eV\per\K\}\}

\stefan Stefan-Boltzmann constant
\newphysicsconstant{stefan}{\sigma}\{\scin[5.67]{-8}\}
{\kg\usk\s\reciprocalcubed\usk\K\reciprocalquarted}[\W\per\m\squared\usk\K^4]
[\W\per\m\squared\usk\K\quartered]

\planck Planck constant
\newphysicsconstant{planck}{\hbar}\{\scin[6.62]{-34}\}
{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\reciprocal\s}[\J\usk\s] [\kg\usk\m\squared\per\s]

\plancknev Planck constant (alternate)
\newcommand{\plancknev}{\ensuremath{\scin[4.136]{-15}}\{\eV\usk\s\}\}

\planckbar reduced Planck constant (Dirac constant)
\newphysicsconstant{planckbar}{\hbar}\{\scin[1.05]{-34}\}
{\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\reciprocal\s}[\joule\usk\s] [\kg\usk\m\squared\per\s]

\planckbarnev reduced Planck constant (alternate)
\newcommand{\planckbarnev}{\ensuremath{\scin[4.136]{-15}}\{\eV\usk\s\}\}

\Navogadro Avogadro constant
\newphysicsconstant{Navogadro}{\NA}\{\scin[6.022]{23}\}
{\reciprocal\mol}[\reciprocal\mol] [\reciprocal\mol]

```

```

\bigG universal gravitational constant
  \newphysicsconstant{bigG}{\ensuremath{G}}{\scin[6.67]{-11}}
  {\m\cubed\usk\reciprocal\kg\usk\s\reciprocalssquared}[\J\usk\m\per\kg\ssquared]
  [\N\usk\m\ssquared\per\kg\ssquared]

\littleg gravitational field strength at Earth's surface
  \newphysicsconstant{littleg}{\ensuremath{g}}{9.80}{\m\usk\s\reciprocalssquared}
  [\N\per\kg] [\m\per\s\ssquared]

\clight light's speed
  \newphysicsconstant{clight}{\ensuremath{c}}{\scin[3.00]{8}}{\m\usk\reciprocal\s}
  [\m\usk\reciprocal\s] [\m\per\s]

\clightnfn light's speed (alternate)
  \newcommand{\clightnfn}{\ensuremath{\text{unit}\{1\}\{\mathsf{ft}\}\per\mathsf{n}\}\s\{}\}

\Ratom approximate atomic radius
  \newphysicsconstant{Ratom}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{r\}\{atom\}}}{\scin{-10}}{\m} [\m]

\Mproton proton's mass
  \newphysicsconstant{Mproton}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{m\}\{proton\}}}{\scin[1.673]{-27}}
  {\kg} [\kg] [\kg]

\yneutron neutron's mass
  \newphysicsconstant{Mneutron}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{m\}\{neutron\}}}{\scin[1.675]{-27}}
  {\kg} [\kg] [\kg]

\hydrogen hydrogen atom's mass
  \newphysicsconstant{Mhydrogen}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{m\}\{hydrogen\}}}{\scin[1.673]{-27}}
  {\kg} [\kg] [\kg]

\electron electron's mass
  \newphysicsconstant{Melectron}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{m\}\{electron\}}}{\scin[9.109]{-31}}
  {\kg} [\kg] [\kg]

\charge charge quantum
  \newphysicsconstant{echarge}{\ensuremath{e}}{\scin[1.602]{-19}}{\A\usk\s} [\C] [\C]

\electroncharge electron's charge
\electron \newphysicsconstant{Qelectron}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{Q\}\{electron\}}}{-\echargevalue}
  {\A\usk\s} [\C] [\C]
\qelectron \newphysicsconstant{qelectron}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{q\}\{electron\}}}{-\echargevalue}
  {\A\usk\s} [\C] [\C]

\qproton proton's charge
\qproton \newphysicsconstant{Qproton}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{Q\}\{proton\}}}{+\echargevalue}
  {\A\usk\s} [\C] [\C]
\qproton \newphysicsconstant{qproton}{\ensuremath{\text{ssub}\{q\}\{proton\}}}{+\echargevalue}
  {\A\usk\s} [\C] [\C]

```

```

\MEarth Earth's mass
    \newphysicsconstant{MEarth}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{M}{Earth}}}\{\scin[6]{24}\}\{\kg\}[\kg] [\kg]}

\MMoon Moon's mass
    \newphysicsconstant{MMoon}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{M}{Moon}}}\{\scin[7]{22}\}\{\kg\}[\kg] [\kg]}

\MSun Sun's mass
    \newphysicsconstant{MSun}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{M}{Sun}}}\{\scin[2]{30}\}\{\kg\}[\kg] [\kg]}

\REarth Earth's radius
    \newphysicsconstant{REarth}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{R}{Earth}}}\{\scin[6.4]{6}\}\{\m\}[\m] [\m]}

\RMoon Moon's radius
    \newphysicsconstant{RMoon}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{R}{Moon}}}\{\scin[1.75]{6}\}\{\m\}[\m] [\m]}

\RSun Sun's radius
    \newphysicsconstant{RSun}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{R}{Sun}}}\{\scin[7]{8}\}\{\m\}[\m] [\m]}

\ESdist Earth-Sun distance (Sun-Earth distance)
\SEdist \newphysicsconstant{ESdist}{\magvectsub{r}{ES}}{\scin[1.5]{11}\{\m\}[\m] [\m]}
        \newphysicsconstant{SEdist}{\magvectsub{r}{SE}}{\scin[1.5]{11}\{\m\}[\m] [\m]}

\EMdist Earth-Moon distance (Moon-Earth distance)
\MEDist \newphysicsconstant{EMdist}{\magvectsub{r}{EM}}{\scin[4]{8}\{\m\}[\m] [\m]}
        \newphysicsconstant{MEDist}{\magvectsub{r}{ME}}{\scin[4]{8}\{\m\}[\m] [\m]}

\lightyear light year, year, and parsec
\Lightyear \newcommand{\lightyear}{\mathrm{ly}}
\cyear \newcommand{\Lightyear}{\mathrm{LY}}
\cyr \newcommand{\cyear}{\mathrm{year}}
\yyear \newcommand{\cyr}{\mathrm{yr}}
\yr \newcommand{\yyear}{\mathrm{year}}
\parsec \newcommand{\yr}{\mathrm{yr}}
\newcommand{\parsec}{\mathrm{pc}}

\LSun Sun's luminosity
    \newphysicsconstant{LSun}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{L}{Sun}}}\{\scin[4]{26}\}
        {\m\squared\usk\kg\usk\s\reciprocalcubed}[\W] [\J\per\s]}

\TSun Sun's effective temperature
    \newphysicsconstant{TSun}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{T}{Sun}}}\{5800\}\{\K\}[\K] [\K]}

\MagSun Sun's absolute magnitude
    \newphysicsconstant{MagSun}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{M}{Sun}}}\{+4.83\}[] []}

\magSun Sun's apparent magnitude
    \newphysicsconstant{magSun}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{m}{Sun}}}\{-26.74\}[] []}

```

```

\Lstar stellar and solar luminosity
\lsolar \newcommand{\Lstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{L}{#1}}}}
\newcommand{\lsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\lsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}

\Tstar stellar and solar temperature
\tsolar \newcommand{\Tstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{T}{#1}}}}
\newcommand{\tsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\tsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}

\Rstar stellar and solar radius
\rsolar \newcommand{\Rstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{R}{#1}}}}
\newcommand{\rsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\rsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}

\Mstar stellar and solar mass
\msolar \newcommand{\Mstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{M}{#1}}}}
\newcommand{\msolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\msolar[\(\odot\)]}}}

\Fstar stellar and solar fluxes
\fstar \newcommand{\Fstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{F}{#1}}}}
\fSun \newcommand{\fstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{f}{#1}}}}
\fSun \newcommand{\fstar}{\ensuremath{\text{\fstar[\text{Sun}]}}}
\fsolar \newcommand{\fstar}{\ensuremath{\text{\fstar[\text{Sun}]}}}
\fsolar \newcommand{\fsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{fstar}{#1}}}}
\newcommand{\fsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\fsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}

\Magstar stellar and solar magnitudes
\magstar \newcommand{\Magstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{M}{#1}}}}
\magsolar \newcommand{\magstar}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{m}{#1}}}}
\magsolar \newcommand{\magsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\magsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}
\newcommand{\magsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\magsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}

\Dstard star and solar distance
\dstar \newcommand{\Dstar}[1]{\(\star\)}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{D}{#1}}}}
\dsolar \newcommand{\dstar}{\ensuremath{\text{\ssub{d}{#1}}}}
\dsolar \newcommand{\Dsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\dsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}
\newcommand{\dsolar}{\ensuremath{\text{\dsolar[\(\odot\)]}}}

\onehalf frequently used fractions
\onethird \newcommand{\onehalf}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{2}}}\xspace
\onefourth \newcommand{\onethird}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{3}}}\xspace
\onefifth \newcommand{\onefourth}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{4}}}\xspace
\onesixth \newcommand{\onefifth}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{5}}}\xspace
\oneseventh \newcommand{\onesixth}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{6}}}\xspace
\oneeighth \newcommand{\oneseventh}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{7}}}\xspace
\oneninth \newcommand{\oneeighth}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{8}}}\xspace
\onetenth \newcommand{\oneninth}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{9}}}\xspace
\twothirds \newcommand{\onetenth}{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{10}}}\xspace
\twofifths \newcommand{\twothirds}{\ensuremath{\frac{2}{3}}}\xspace
\twosevenths \newcommand{\twofifths}{\ensuremath{\frac{2}{5}}}\xspace
\twoninths \newcommand{\twosevenths}{\ensuremath{\frac{2}{7}}}\xspace
\threehalves
\threefourths
\threefifths
\threesevenths
\threeneighths
\threetenths
\fourthirds

```

```

\newcommand{\twoninths}{\ensuremath{\frac{2}{9}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\threehalves}{\ensuremath{\frac{3}{2}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\threefourths}{\ensuremath{\frac{3}{4}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\threefifths}{\ensuremath{\frac{3}{5}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\threesevenths}{\ensuremath{\frac{3}{7}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\threeneighths}{\ensuremath{\frac{3}{8}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\threetenths}{\ensuremath{\frac{3}{10}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\fourthirds}{\ensuremath{\frac{4}{3}}\xspace}

\dx variable of integration
\newcommand{\dx}[1]{\ensuremath{\mathrm{d}}\{#1\}{}}

\evalfromto
\newcommand{\evalfromto}[3]{\ensuremath{\Bigg.\Bigg.^{#1}\Bigg|_{#2}^{#3}}}

\evalat
\@ifpackageloaded{physymb}{%
  \typeout{mandi: Package physymb detected. Its commands will be used.}%
}{%
  \newcommand{\evalat}[2]{\ensuremath{\Bigg.\Bigg.^{#1}\Bigg|_{#2}}}
}

\evaluatedat
\newcommand{\evaluatedat}[1]{\ensuremath{\Bigg.^{#1}}}

\integral
\Integral
\newcommandx{\integral}[4][1,2,usedefault]{\ensuremath{%
  \int_{\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{\#4=\#1}}^{\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{}}{\#4=\#2}} \#3 \mathrm{d}#4}%
}
\newcommandx{\Integral}[4][1,2,usedefault]{\ensuremath{%
  \bigint_{\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{\#4=\#1}}^{\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{}}{\#4=\#2}} \#3 \mathrm{d}#4}%
}

\opensurfintegral
\opensurfIntegral
\newcommand{\opensurfintegral}[2]{\ensuremath{%
  \int\nolimits_{\#1}^{\#2} \mathbf{vect}\{#2\} \cdot \mathbf{dirvect}\{n\} \mathrm{d}A}%
}
\newcommand{\opensurfIntegral}[2]{\ensuremath{%
  \bigint\nolimits_{\mskip -25.00mu \displaystyle \mathbf{vect}\{#1\}}^{\mskip -25.00mu \displaystyle \mathbf{vect}\{#2\}} \mathbf{vect}\{#2\} \cdot \mathbf{dirvect}\{n\} \mathrm{d}A}%
}

\closesurfintegral
\closedsurfIntegral
\newcommand{\closesurfintegral}[2]{\ensuremath{%
  \oint\nolimits_{\#1} \mathbf{vect}\{#2\} \cdot \mathbf{dirvect}\{n\} \mathrm{d}A}%
}
\newcommand{\closedsurfIntegral}[2]{\ensuremath{%
  \bigoint\nolimits_{\mskip -25.00mu \displaystyle \mathbf{vect}\{#1\}} \mathbf{vect}\{#2\} \cdot \mathbf{dirvect}\{n\} \mathrm{d}A}%
}

```

```

\openlineintegral
\openlineIntegral    \newcommand{\openlineintegral}[2]{\ensuremath{
  \int\nolimits_{\#1}\vec{v}.\vec{v}\,\mathrm{d}\vec{v}\{t\}}
  \mathrm{d}x\{\ell\}}}
\newcommand{\openlineIntegral}[2]{\ensuremath{
  \bigint\nolimits_{\mskip -25.00mu\displaystyle\mathbf{\#1}}^{}\vec{v}.\vec{v}\,\mathrm{d}\vec{v}\{t\}\mathrm{d}x\{\ell\}}}

\closedlineintegral
\closedlineIntegral   \newcommand{\closedlineintegral}[2]{\ensuremath{
  \oint\nolimits_{\#1}\vec{v}.\vec{v}\,\mathrm{d}\vec{v}\{t\}\mathrm{d}x\{\ell\}}}
\newcommand{\closedlineIntegral}[2]{\ensuremath{
  \bigoint\nolimits_{\mskip -25.00mu\displaystyle\mathbf{\#1}}^{}\vec{v}.\vec{v}\,\mathrm{d}\vec{v}\{t\}\mathrm{d}x\{\ell\}}\,;\,}

\mathbf{dbydt}
\mathbf{DbyDt}      \newcommandx{\dbydt}[1][1]{\frac{\mathrm{d}\{\#1\}}{\mathrm{d}t}}
\newcommandx{\DbyDt}[1][1]{\frac{\Delta\{\#1\}}{\Delta t}\,;\,}

\mathbf{ddbydt}
\mathbf{DDbyDt}     \newcommandx{\ddbydt}[1][1]{\frac{\mathrm{d}^2\{\#1\}}{\mathrm{d}t^2}}
\newcommandx{\DDbyDt}[1][1]{\frac{\Delta^2\{\#1\}}{\Delta t^2}\,;\,}

\mathbf{pbyp}
\mathbf{ppbyp}       \newcommandx{\pbyp}[1][1]{\frac{\partial\{\#1\}}{\partial t}}
\newcommandx{\ppbyp}[1][1]{\frac{\partial^2\{\#1\}}{\partial t^2}\,;\,}

\mathbf{dbyd}
\mathbf{DbyD}        \newcommand{\dbyd}[2]{\frac{\mathrm{d}\{\#1\}}{\mathrm{d}\{\#2\}}}
\newcommand{\DbyD}[2]{\frac{\Delta\{\#1\}}{\Delta\{\#2\}}\,;\,}

\mathbf{ddbyd}
\mathbf{DDbyD}       \newcommand{\ddbyd}[2]{\frac{\mathrm{d}^2\{\#1\}}{\mathrm{d}\{\#2\}^2}}
\newcommand{\DDbyD}[2]{\frac{\Delta^2\{\#1\}}{\Delta\{\#2\}^2}\,;\,}

\mathbf{pbyp}
\mathbf{ppbyp}       \newcommand{\pbyp}[2]{\frac{\partial\{\#1\}}{\partial\{\#2\}}}
\newcommand{\ppbyp}[2]{\frac{\partial^2\{\#1\}}{\partial\{\#2\}^2}\,;\,}

\mathbf{seriesfofx}
\mathbf{seriesexpx}  \newcommand{\seriesfofx}{\ensuremath{\%}
f(x) \approx f(a) + \frac{f'(a)\{1\}(x-a)}{1!} + \frac{f''(\prime\prime)(a)\{2!\}(x-a)^2}{2!} + \frac{f'''(\prime\prime\prime)(a)\{3!\}(x-a)^3 + \dots}{3!}\,;\,}
\newcommand{\seriesexpx}{\ensuremath{\%}
e^x \approx 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots\,;\,}
\newcommand{\serieslnoneplusx}{\ensuremath{\%}
\binomialseries{1}{x}\,;\,}

```

```

\newcommand{\seriesinx}{\ensuremath{%
\sin x \approx x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots \timespace}
\newcommand{\seriescosx}{\ensuremath{%
\cos x \approx 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \dots \timespace}
\newcommand{\seriesstanx}{\ensuremath{%
\tan x \approx x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^5}{15} + \dots \timespace}
\newcommand{\seriesatox}{\ensuremath{%
a^x \approx 1 + x \ln a + \frac{(x \ln a)^2}{2!} + \frac{(x \ln a)^3}{3!} + \dots \timespace}
\newcommand{\serieslnoneplusx}{\ensuremath{%
\ln(1 \pm x) \approx \pm x - \frac{x^2}{2} \pm \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} \pm \dots \timespace}
\newcommand{\binomialseries}{\ensuremath{%
(1 + x)^n \approx 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^2 + \dots \timespace}

\gradient user must specify \vect{} around the argument to get arrows
\divergence @ifpackageloaded{physymb}{%
\curl \typeout{mandi: Package physymb detected. Its commands will be used.}
\laplacian }{%
\dalembertian \newcommand{\gradient}{\ensuremath{\nabla}}
\newcommand{\divergence}{\ensuremath{\nabla \cdot}}
\newcommand{\curl}{\ensuremath{\nabla \times}}
\newcommand{\laplacian}{\ensuremath{\nabla^2}}
\newcommand{\dalembertian}{\ensuremath{\Box}}}
}%

\diracdelta
\newcommand{\diracdelta}[1]{\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\delta}^{[#1]}}}

\asin
\acos @ifpackageloaded{physymb}{%
\atan \typeout{mandi: Package physymb detected. Its commands will be used.}
\asec }{%
\acsc \DeclareMathOperator{\asin}{\sin^{-1}}
\acot \DeclareMathOperator{\acos}{\cos^{-1}}
\sech \DeclareMathOperator{\atan}{\tan^{-1}}
\csch \DeclareMathOperator{\asec}{\sec^{-1}}
\asinh \DeclareMathOperator{\acsc}{\csc^{-1}}
\acosh \DeclareMathOperator{\acot}{\cot^{-1}}
\sech \DeclareMathOperator{\sech}{\operatorname{sech}}
\csch \DeclareMathOperator{\csch}{\operatorname{csch}}
\atanh \DeclareMathOperator{\csch}{\operatorname{csch}}
\asech \DeclareMathOperator{\asinh}{\sinh^{-1}}
\acsch \DeclareMathOperator{\acosh}{\cosh^{-1}}
\acoth \DeclareMathOperator{\atanh}{\tanh^{-1}}
\sgn \DeclareMathOperator{\asech}{\operatorname{sech^{-1}}}
\acsch \DeclareMathOperator{\acsch}{\operatorname{csch^{-1}}}
\acoth \DeclareMathOperator{\acoth}{\operatorname{coth^{-1}}}
\sgn \DeclareMathOperator{\sgn}{\operatorname{sgn}}}
}%

```

```

\dex
\DeclareMathOperator{\dex}{dex}

\ev
\newcommand{\eV}{\text{eV}}
\newcommand{\ev}{\text{electronvolt} }

\logb
\newcommand{\logb}[1][\relax]{\ensuremath{\log_{\mathrm{#1}}}}

\cB
\ifthenelse{\boolean{@optitalicvectors}}
{\newcommand{\cB}{\ensuremath{\mskip -5.00mu \mathrm{B}}}}
{\newcommand{\cB}{\ensuremath{\textsf{c}\mskip -3.00mu \mathbf{B}}}}

\newpi
\newcommand{\newpi}{\ensuremath{\pi\mskip -7.8mu \mathrm{\pi}}}

\scripty
\newcommand{\scripty}[1]{\mathcal{#1}}

\flux
\newcommandx{\flux}[1][1]{\ensuremath{\mathfrak{s}_{\mathrm{Phi}}\mathrm{#1}}}

\abs
@ifpackageloaded{physymb}{%
  \typeout{mandi: Package physymb detected. Its commands will be used.}%
}{%
  \newcommand{\abs}[1]{\left\lvert #1 \right\rvert}%
}

\magof
\newcommand{\magof}[1]{\left| #1 \right|}

\dimsof
\newcommand{\dimsof}[1]{\left[ #1 \right]}

\unitsof
\newcommand{\unitsof}[1]{\left[ #1 \right]_{\mathrm{u}}}

\quant
\newcommand{\quant}[1]{\left( #1 \right)}
\newcommand{\bquant}[1]{\left[ #1 \right]}

\changein
\newcommand{\changein}[1]{\delta{#1}}
\newcommand{\Changein}[1]{\Delta{#1}}

```

```

\scin
\ee  \newcommandx{\scin}[3][1,3=\! ! ,usedefault]{\ensuremath{
\EE   \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{\unit{\msup{10}{#2}}{#3}}{\unit{\msup{{#1}\times 10}{#2}}{#3}}}
\newcommand{\ee}[2]{\texttt{\{#1\}e\{#2\}}}
\newcommand{\EE}[2]{\texttt{\{#1\}E\{#2\}}}

\dms
\hms \newcommand{\dms}[3]{\ensuremath{\indegrees{#1}\inarcminutes{#2}\inarcseconds{#3}}}
\clockreading \newcommand{\hms}[3]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}^{\mathrm{hour}}\{#2\}^{\mathrm{m}}\{#3\}^{\mathrm{s}}}}
\newcommand{\clockreading}{\hms}

\latitude
\latitudeN \newcommand{\latitude}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{#1}{\degree}}}
\latitudeS \newcommand{\latitudeN}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{#1}{\degree}; N}}
\longitude \newcommand{\latitudeS}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{#1}{\degree}; S}}
\longitudeE \newcommand{\longitude}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{#1}{\degree}}}
\longitudeW \newcommand{\longitudeE}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{#1}{\degree}; E}}
\newcommand{\longitudeW}[1]{\ensuremath{\unit{#1}{\degree}; W}}

\ssub I have never liked LATEX's default subscript positioning, so I have this command instead. There may be a better way of doing this.
\newcommand{\ssub}[2]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}_{\tiny{#2}}}}}

\ssup I have never liked LATEX's default superscript positioning, so I have this command instead. There may be a better way of doing this.
\newcommand{\ssup}[2]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}^{\tiny{#2}}}}}

\ssud
\newcommand{\ssud}[3]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}^{\tiny{#2}}_{\tiny{#3}}}}}

\msub I have never liked LATEX's default subscript positioning, so I have this command instead. There may be a better way of doing this.
\newcommand{\msub}[2]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}^{\scriptstyle{#2}}_{\scriptstyle{#3}}}}}

\msup I have never liked LATEX's default superscript positioning, so I have this command instead. There may be a better way of doing this.
\newcommand{\msup}[2]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}^{\scriptstyle{#2}}}}}

\msud
\newcommand{\msud}[3]{\ensuremath{\{#1\}^{\scriptstyle{#2}}_{\scriptstyle{#3}}}}}

\levicivita
\newcommand{\levicivita}[1]{\ensuremath{\msub{\varepsilon}{#1}}}

```

```

\xaxis Coordinate axes.
\yaxis \newcommand{\xaxis}{\ensuremath{x\mathrm{mbox}{-axis } } }
\zaxis \newcommand{\yaxis}{\ensuremath{y\mathrm{mbox}{-axis } } }
\naxis \newcommand{\zaxis}{\ensuremath{z\mathrm{mbox}{-axis } } }
\newcommand{\naxis}[1]{\ensuremath{\#1\mathrm{mbox}{-axis}}}

\xyplane All permutations of planes formed by cartesian axes.
\yzplane \newcommand{\xyplane}{\ensuremath{xy\mathrm{mbox}{-plane } } }
\zxplane \newcommand{\yzplane}{\ensuremath{yz\mathrm{mbox}{-plane } } }
\yxplane \newcommand{\zxplane}{\ensuremath{zx\mathrm{mbox}{-plane } } }
\zyplane \newcommand{\yxplane}{\ensuremath{yx\mathrm{mbox}{-plane } } }
\xzplane \newcommand{\zyplane}{\ensuremath{zy\mathrm{mbox}{-plane } } }
\newcommand{\xzplane}{\ensuremath{xz\mathrm{mbox}{-plane } } }

\cuberoot Frequently used roots. Prepend f for fractional exponents.
\fourthroot \newcommand{\cuberoot}[1]{\ensuremath{\sqrt[3]{#1}}}
\fifthroot \newcommand{\fourthroot}[1]{\ensuremath{\sqrt[4]{#1}}}
\fsqrt \newcommand{\fifthroot}[1]{\ensuremath{\sqrt[5]{#1}}}
\fcubert \newcommand{\fsqrt}[1]{\ensuremath{\msup{#1}{\onehalf}}}
\ffourthroot \newcommand{\fcubert}[1]{\ensuremath{\msup{#1}{\onethird}}}
\ffifthroot \newcommand{\ffourthroot}[1]{\ensuremath{\msup{#1}{\onefourth}}}
\newcommand{\ffifthroot}[1]{\ensuremath{\msup{#1}{\onefifth}}}

\relgamma
\frelgamma \newcommand{\relgamma}[1]{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\msup{\quant{\frac{#1}{c}}{2}}}}}}
\newcommand{\frelgamma}[1]{\ensuremath{\msup{\quant{1-\frac{\msup{\{#1\}}{2}}{\msup{c}{2}}}}{-\onehalf}}}

\oosqrtoxs
\newcommand{\oosqrtoxs}[1]{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\msup{#1}{2}}}}}

\oosqrtox
\newcommand{\oosqrtox}[1]{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\{#1\}}}}}

\ooomx
\newcommand{\ooomx}[1]{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{1-\{#1\}}}}

\ooopx
\newcommand{\ooopx}[1]{\ensuremath{\frac{1}{1+\{#1\}}}}

\isequals
\newcommand{\isequals}{\wordoperator{?}{=}\xspace}

\wordoperator
\newcommand{\wordoperator}[2]{\ensuremath{%
\mathrel{\vcenter{\offinterlineskip
\halign{\hfil\tiny\upshape##\hfil\cr\noalign{\vskip-.5ex}
\{#1\}\cr\noalign{\vskip.5ex}\{#2\}\cr}}}}}

```

```

\definedas
\associated \newcommand{\definedas}{\wordoperator{defined}{as}\xspace}
\adjustedby \newcommand{\associated}{\wordoperator{associated}{with}\xspace}
\earlierthan \newcommand{\adjustedby}{\wordoperator{adjusted}{by}\xspace}
\laterthan \newcommand{\earlierthan}{\wordoperator{earlier}{than}\xspace}
\forevery \newcommand{\laterthan}{\wordoperator{later}{than}\xspace}
\newcommand{\forevery}{\wordoperator{for}{every}\xspace}

\pwordoperator
\newcommand{\pwordoperator}[2]{\ensuremath{\left(%
\mathrel{\vcenter{\offinterlineskip
\halign{\hfil\tiny\upshape##\hfil\cr\noalign{\vskip-.5ex}
#1\cr\noalign{\vskip.5ex}#2\cr}}}\right))\%}

\pdefinedas
\passociated \newcommand{\pdefinedas}{\pwordoperator{defined}{as}\xspace}
\padjustedby \newcommand{\passociated}{\pwordoperator{associated}{with}\xspace}
\pearlierthan \newcommand{\padjustedby}{\pwordoperator{adjusted}{by}\xspace}
\platerthan \newcommand{\pearlierthan}{\pwordoperator{earlier}{than}\xspace}
\pforevery \newcommand{\platerthan}{\pwordoperator{later}{than}\xspace}
\newcommand{\pforevery}{\pwordoperator{for}{every}\xspace}

\defines
\newcommand{\defines}{\ensuremath{\stackrel{=}{\text{\tiny{def}}}}\xspace}

\inframe
\newcommand{\inframe}[1][\relax]{\ensuremath{\rightarrow[\text{\tiny{\mathcal{#1}}}]}\xspace}

\associates
\newcommand{\associates}{\ensuremath{\rightarrow[\text{\tiny{assoc}}]}\xspace}

\becomes
\newcommand{\becomes}{\ensuremath{\rightarrow[\text{\tiny{becomes}}]}\xspace}

\lrelatedto
\rrelatedto \newcommand{\rrelatedto}[1]{\ensuremath{\rightarrow[\text{\tiny{#1}}]}\xspace}
\brelatedto \newcommand{\lrelatedto}[1]{\ensuremath{\leftarrow[\text{\tiny{#1}}]}\xspace}
\newcommand{\brelatedto}[2]{\ensuremath{\leftrightarrow[\text{\tiny{#1}}]\text{\tiny{#2}}]}\xspace

\momprinciple
\LHSmomprinciple \newcommand{\momprinciple}{\ensuremath{\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{vectsub}\{\mathbf{p}\}\{\mathbf{sys},\mathbf{f}\} &= \mathbf{vectsub}\{\mathbf{p}\}\{\mathbf{sys},\mathbf{i}\} + \mathbf{Fnetsys}\Delta t \\
\mathbf{LHSmomprinciple} &\end{aligned}}\xspace}
\RHSmomprinciple \newcommand{\LHSmomprinciple}{\ensuremath{\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{vectsub}\{\mathbf{p}\}\{\mathbf{sys},\mathbf{f}\} &\\
\mathbf{RHSmomprinciple} &\end{aligned}}\xspace}
\newcommand{\RHSmomprinciple}{\ensuremath{\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{vectsub}\{\mathbf{p}\}\{\mathbf{sys},\mathbf{i}\} + \mathbf{Fnetsys}\Delta t &\\
\end{aligned}}\xspace}

```

```

\energyprinciple
\LHSenergyprinciple
\RHSenergyprinciple
\newcommand{\energyprinciple}{\ensuremath{\ssub{E}{sys,f}=\ssub{E}{sys,i}+\ssub{W}{ext}+Q}}
\newcommand{\LHSenergyprinciple}{\ensuremath{\ssub{E}{sys,f}}}
\newcommand{\RHSenergyprinciple}{\ensuremath{\ssub{E}{sys,i}+\ssub{W}{ext}+Q}}


\angularmomprinciple
\LHSAngularmomprinciple
\RHSAngularmomprinciple
\newcommand{\angularmomprinciple}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{L}{sys,A,f}=\vectsub{L}{sys,A,i}+T_{net sys}\Delta t}}
\newcommand{\LHSAngularmomprinciple}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{L}{sys,A,f}}}
\newcommand{\RHSAngularmomprinciple}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{L}{sys,A,i}+T_{net sys}\Delta t}}


\gravinteraction
\newcommand{\gravinteraction}{\ensuremath{\bigGsymbol{\frac{\msub{M}{1}\msub{M}{2}}{\msup{\magvect{r}{12}}{2}}\quant{-\dirvect{r}{12}}}}}

\elecinteraction
\newcommand{\elecinteraction}{\ensuremath{\oof{\frac{\msub{Q}{1}\msub{Q}{2}}{\msup{\magvect{r}{12}}{2}}\dirvect{r}{12}}}}


\Bfieldofparticle
\newcommand{\Bfieldofparticle}{\ensuremath{\mzof{\frac{Q\magvect{v}}{\msup{\magvect{r}{2}}{2}}\dirvect{v}\times\dirvect{r}}}}


\Efieldofparticle
\newcommand{\Efieldofparticle}{\ensuremath{\oof{\frac{Q}{\msup{\magvect{r}{2}}{2}}\dirvect{r}}}}


\Esys
\newcommand{\Esys}{\ssub{E}{sys}}


\Us
\newcommandx{\Us}[1]{\ssub{\ssub{U}{s}}{#1}}


\Ug
\newcommandx{\Ug}[1]{\ssub{\ssub{U}{g}}{#1}}


\Ue
\newcommandx{\Ue}[1]{\ssub{\ssub{U}{e}}{#1}}


\Ktrans
\newcommandx{\Ktrans}[1]{\ssub{\ssub{K}{trans}}{#1}}


\Krot
\newcommandx{\Krot}[1]{\ssub{\ssub{K}{rot}}{#1}}

```

```

\Eparticle
    \newcommandx{\Eparticle}[1][1]{\ssub{\ssub{E}{particle}}{\#1} }

\Einternal
    \newcommandx{\Einternal}[1][1]{\ssub{\ssub{E}{internal}}{\#1} }

\Errest
    \newcommandx{\Errest}[1][1]{\ssub{\ssub{E}{rest}}{\#1} }

\Echem
    \newcommandx{\Echem}[1][1]{\ssub{\ssub{E}{chem}}{\#1} }

\Etherm
    \newcommandx{\Etherm}[1][1]{\ssub{\ssub{E}{therm}}{\#1} }

\Evib
    \newcommandx{\Evib}[1][1]{\ssub{\ssub{E}{vib}}{\#1} }

\Ephoton
    \newcommandx{\Ephoton}[1][1]{\ssub{\ssub{E}{photon}}{\#1} }

\DEsys
    \newcommand{\DEsys}{\Changein{Esyst} }

\DUUs
    \newcommand{\DUUs}{\Changein{Us} }

\DUg
    \newcommand{\DUg}{\Changein{Ug} }

\DUe
    \newcommand{\DUe}{\Changein{Ue} }

\DKtrans
    \newcommand{\DKtrans}{\Changein{Ktrans} }

\DKrot
    \newcommand{\DKrot}{\Changein{Krot} }

\DEparticle
    \newcommand{\DEparticle}{\Changein{Eparticle} }

\DEinternal
    \newcommand{\DEinternal}{\Changein{Einternal} }

\DErest
    \newcommand{\DErest}{\Changein{Errest} }

```

```

\DEchem
    \newcommand{\DEchem}{\Changein{Echem}{}}

\DEtherm
    \newcommand{\DEtherm}{\Changein{Etherm}{}}

\DEvib
    \newcommand{\DEvib}{\Changein{Evib}{}}

\DEphoton
    \newcommand{\DEphoton}{\Changein{Ephoton}{}}

\Usfinal
    \newcommand{\Usfinal}{\ssub{\left(\onehalf\ks \msup{s}{2}\right)}{f}{}}

\Usinitial
    \newcommand{\Usinitial}{\ssub{\left(\onehalf\ks \msup{s}{2}\right)}{i}{}}

\Ugfinal
    \newcommand{\Ugfinal}{\ssub{\left(-G\frac{\msub{M}{1}}{\msub{M}{2}}\right)}{f}{}}

\Uginitial
    \newcommand{\Uginitial}{\ssub{\left(-G\frac{\msub{M}{1}}{\msub{M}{2}}\right)}{i}{}}

\Uefinal
    \newcommand{\Uefinal}{\ssub{\left(\oofpezmathsymbol\frac{\ssub{Q}{1}}{\ssub{Q}{2}}\right)}{f}{}}

\Ueinitial
    \newcommand{\Ueinitial}{\ssub{\left(\oofpezmathsymbol\frac{\ssub{Q}{1}}{\ssub{Q}{2}}\right)}{i}{}}

\ks
    \newcommand{\ks}{\ssub{k}{s}{}}

\Fnet
\Fnetext
\Fnetsys
\Fsub
    \newcommand{\Fnet}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{F}{net}}{}}
    \newcommand{\Fnetext}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{F}{net,ext}}{}}
    \newcommand{\Fnetsys}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{F}{net,sys}}{}}
    \newcommand{\Fsub}[1]{\ensuremath{\vectsub{F}{#1}}{}}

\Tnet
\Tnetext
\Tnetsys
\Tsub
    \newcommand{\Tnet}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{T}{net}}{}}
    \newcommand{\Tnetext}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{T}{net,ext}}{}}
    \newcommand{\Tnetsys}{\ensuremath{\vectsub{T}{net,sys}}{}}
    \newcommand{\Tsub}[1]{\ensuremath{\vectsub{T}{#1}}{}}

```

```

\vpthonline
    \newcommand{\vpthonline}{\lstinline[language=Python,numbers=left,numberstyle=\tiny,
        upquote=true,breaklines]}

vpythonblock
    \lstnewenvironment{vpythonblock}{\lstvpython} {}

\vpthonfile
    \newcommand{\vpthonfile}{\lstinputlisting[language=Python,numbers=left,
        numberstyle=\tiny,upquote=true,breaklines]}

\emptyanswer
    \newcommandx{\emptyanswer}[2][1=0.80,2=0.1,usedefault]
        {\begin{minipage}{#1\textwidth}\hfill\vspace{#2\textheight}\end{minipage} }

activityanswer
    \newenvironmentx{activityanswer}[5][1=white,2=black,3=black,4=0.90,5=0.10,usedefault]{%
        \def\skipper{#5}%
        \def\response@fbox{\fcolorbox{#2}{#1}}%
        \begin{center}%
            \begin{lrbox}{\tempboxa}%
                \begin{minipage}[c][#5\textheight][c]{#4\textwidth}\color{#3}%
                    \vspace{#5\textheight}%
                    \vspace{\skipper\textheight}%
                \end{minipage}%
            \end{lrbox}%
            \response@fbox{\usebox{\tempboxa}}%
        \end{center}%
    }%


adjactivityanswer
    \newenvironmentx{adjactivityanswer}[5][1=white,2=black,3=black,4=0.90,5=0.00,
        usedefault]{%
        \def\skipper{#5}%
        \def\response@fbox{\fcolorbox{#2}{#1}}%
        \begin{center}%
            \begin{lrbox}{\tempboxa}%
                \begin{minipage}[c][#4\textwidth]\color{#3}%
                    \vspace{#5\textheight}%
                    \vspace{\skipper\textheight}%
                \end{minipage}%
            \end{lrbox}%
            \response@fbox{\usebox{\tempboxa}}%
        \end{center}%
    }%


\emptybox
    \newcommandx{\emptybox}[6][1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.10,usedefault]
        {\begin{center}%

```

```

\fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
\begin{minipage}[c][#6\textheight][c]{#5\textwidth}\color{#4}%
{#1}%
\end{minipage}}%
\vspace{\baselineskip}%
\end{center}%
}%

\adjemptybox
\newcommandx{\adjemptybox}[7]{[1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=,7=0.0,usedefault]
{\begin{center}
\fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
\begin{minipage}[c]{#5\textwidth}\color{#4}%
{#1}%
\vspace{#7\textheight}%
\end{minipage}}%
\vspace{\baselineskip}%
\end{center}}%
}%

\answerbox
\newcommandx{\answerbox}[6]{[1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.1,usedefault]
{\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}
{\begin{center}%
\fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
\emptyanswer[#5][#6]}%
\vspace{\baselineskip}%
\end{center}}%
{\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]}%
}%

\adjanswerbox
\newcommandx{\adjanswerbox}[7]{[1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.1,7=0.0,
usedefault]
{\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}
{\begin{center}%
\fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
\emptyanswer[#5][#6]}%
\vspace{\baselineskip}%
\end{center}}%
{\adjemptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6][#7]}%
}%

\smallanswerbox box that takes up ten percent of text height
\newcommandx{\smallanswerbox}[6]{[1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.10,
usedefault]
{\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}
{\begin{center}%
\fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%

```

```

        \emptyanswer[#5][#6]%
        \vspace{\baselineskip}%
        \end{center}%
        {\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]}%
    }%
}

\mediumanswerbox box that takes up twenty percent of text height
\newcommandx{\mediumanswerbox}[6]{1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.20,
  usedefault}{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    \begin{center}%
      \fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
        \emptyanswer[#5][#6]%
      }%
      \vspace{\baselineskip}%
      \end{center}%
  }{%
    {\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]}%
  }%
}

\largeanswerbox box that takes up twenty-five percent of text height
\newcommandx{\largeanswerbox}[6]{1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.25,
  usedefault}{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    \begin{center}%
      \fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
        \emptyanswer[#5][#6]%
      }%
      \vspace{\baselineskip}%
      \end{center}%
  }{%
    {\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]}%
  }%
}

\largeranswerbox box that takes up thirty-three percent of text height
\newcommandx{\largeranswerbox}[6]{1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.33,
  usedefault}{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    \begin{center}%
      \fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
        \emptyanswer[#5][#6]%
      }%
      \vspace{\baselineskip}%
      \end{center}%
  }{%
    {\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]}%
  }%
}

```

```

\hugeanswerbox box that takes up fifty percent of text height
\newcommandx{\hugeanswerbox}[6]{1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.50,
  usedefault}{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    {\begin{center}%
      \fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
        \emptyanswer[#5][#6]%
      }%
      \vspace{\baselineskip}%
    \end{center}}%
  }{%
    {\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]%
  }%
}%
}

\hugeranswerbox box that takes up seventy-five percent of text height
\newcommandx{\hugeranswerbox}[6]{1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=0.75,
  usedefault}{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    {\begin{center}%
      \fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
        \emptyanswer[#5][#6]%
      }%
      \vspace{\baselineskip}%
    \end{center}}%
  }{%
    {\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]%
  }%
}%
}

\fullpageanswerbox box that takes up one hundred percent of text height
\newcommandx{\fullpageanswerbox}[6]{1=\hfill,2=white,3=black,4=black,5=0.90,6=1.00,
  usedefault}{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
    {\begin{center}%
      \fcolorbox{#3}{#2}{%
        \emptyanswer[#5][#6]%
      }%
      \vspace{\baselineskip}%
    \end{center}}%
  }{%
    {\emptybox[#1][#2][#3][#4][#5][#6]}%
}%
}

\miinstructornote
\mdfdefinestyle{miinstructornotestyle}{%
  hidealllines=false, skipbelow=\baselineskip, skipabove=\baselineskip,
  leftmargin=40pt, rightmargin=40pt, linewidth=1, roundcorner=10,
  frametitle={INSTRUCTOR NOTE},
  frametitlebackgroundcolor=cyan!60, frametitlerule=true, frametitlerulewidth=1,
  backgroundcolor=cyan!25,
  linecolor=black, fontcolor=black, shadow=true}

```

```

\NewEnviron{miinstructornote}{%
  \begin{mdframed}[style=miinstructornotestyle]
    \begin{adjactivityanswer}[cyan!25][cyan!25][black]
      \BODY
    \end{adjactivityanswer}
  \end{mdframed}
}%

mistudentnote

\mdfdefinestyle{mistudentnotestyle}{%
  hidealllines=false, skipbelow=\baselineskip, skipabove=\baselineskip,
  leftmargin=40pt, rightmargin=40pt, linewidth=1, roundcorner=10,
  frametitle={STUDENT NOTE},
  frametitlebackgroundcolor=cyan!60, frametitlerule=true, frametitlerulewidth=1,
  backgroundcolor=cyan!25,
  linecolor=black, fontcolor=black, shadow=true}
\NewEnviron{mistudentnote}{%
  \begin{mdframed}[style=mistudentnotestyle]
    \begin{adjactivityanswer}[cyan!25][cyan!25][black]
      \BODY
    \end{adjactivityanswer}
  \end{mdframed}
}%

miderivation This definition requires the mdframed package.

\mdfdefinestyle{miderivationstyle}{%
  hidealllines=false, skipbelow=\baselineskip, skipabove=\baselineskip,
  leftmargin=0pt, rightmargin=0pt, linewidth=1, roundcorner=10,
  frametitle={DERIVATION},
  frametitlebackgroundcolor=orange!60, frametitlerule=true, frametitlerulewidth=1,
  backgroundcolor=orange!25,
  linecolor=black, fontcolor=black, shadow=true}
\NewEnviron{miderivation}{%
  \begin{mdframed}[style=miderivationstyle]
    \setcounter{equation}{0}
    \begin{align}
      \BODY
    \end{align}
  \end{mdframed}
}%

bwinstructornote

\mdfdefinestyle{bwinstructornotestyle}{%
  hidealllines=false, skipbelow=\baselineskip, skipabove=\baselineskip,
  leftmargin=40pt, rightmargin=40pt, linewidth=1, roundcorner=10,
  frametitle={INSTRUCTOR NOTE},
  frametitlebackgroundcolor=gray!50, frametitlerule=true, frametitlerulewidth=1,
  backgroundcolor=gray!20,
  linecolor=black, fontcolor=black, shadow=true}
\NewEnviron{bwinstructornote}{%

```

```

\begin{mdframed}[style=bwinstructornotestyle]
\begin{adjactivityanswer}[gray!20][gray!20][black]
\BODY
\end{adjactivityanswer}
\end{mdframed}
}%

bwstudentnote

\mdfdefinestyle{bwstudentnotestyle}{%
    hidealllines=false, skipbelow=\baselineskip, skipabove=\baselineskip,
    leftmargin=40pt, rightmargin=40pt, linewidth=1, roundcorner=10,
    frametitle={STUDENT NOTE},
    frametitlebackgroundcolor=gray!50, frametitlerule=true, frametitlerulewidth=1,
    backgroundcolor=gray!20,
    linecolor=black, fontcolor=black, shadow=true}
\NewEnviron{bwstudentnote}{%
\begin{mdframed}[style=bwstudentnotestyle]
\begin{adjactivityanswer}[gray!20][gray!20][black]
\BODY
\end{adjactivityanswer}
\end{mdframed}
}%

bwderivation This definition requires the mdframed package.

\mdfdefinestyle{bwderivationstyle}{%
    hidealllines=false, skipbelow=\baselineskip, skipabove=\baselineskip,
    leftmargin=0pt, rightmargin=0pt, linewidth=1, roundcorner=10,
    frametitle={DERIVATION},
    frametitlebackgroundcolor=gray!50, frametitlerule=true, frametitlerulewidth=1,
    backgroundcolor=gray!20,
    linecolor=black, fontcolor=black, shadow=true}
\NewEnviron{bwderivation}{%
\begin{mdframed}[style=bwderivationstyle]
\setcounter{equation}{0}
\begin{align}
\BODY
\end{align}
\end{mdframed}
}%

\checkpoint

\newcommand{\checkpoint}{%
\hspace{1cm}\begin{center}----- CHECKPOINT -----|\end{center}}%


\image

\newcommand{\image}[2]{%
\begin{figure}[h!]
\begin{center}%
\includegraphics[scale=1]{#1}%
\caption{#2}%
\end{center}

```

```

    \label{#1}%
\end{center}%
\end{figure}%

\sneakyone
\newcommand{\sneakyone}[1]{\ensuremath{\cancelto{1}{\frac{#1}{#1}}}}
```

\chkphysicsquantity undocumented diagnostic command

```

\newcommand{\chkphysicsquantity}[1]{%
\cs{#1}%
}%
```

\vecto new \vect that allows for subscripts

```

\newcommandx{\vecto}[2][2,usedefault]{\ensuremath{%
\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{}}{%
{\vec{\mathrm{#1}}}}{%
{\sub{\vec{\mathrm{#1}}}{#2}}}}}
```

\compvecto new \compvect that allows for subscripts

```

\newcommandx{\compvecto}[3][2,usedefault]{\ensuremath{%
\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{}}{%
{\sub{\mathrm{#1}}{\mathrm{#3}}}}{%
{\sub{\mathrm{#1}}{\mathrm{#2},\mathrm{#3}}}}}}
```

\scampsvecto new \scampsvect that allows for subscripts

```

\newcommandx{\scampsvecto}[2][2,usedefault]{\ensuremath{%
\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{}}{%
{\lvert\!\lvert\!\lvert\mathrm{compvecto}{#1}{x},\mathrm{compvecto}{#1}{y},\mathrm{compvecto}{#1}{z}\rvert\!\rvert\!\rvert}}{%
{\lvert\!\lvert\!\lvert\mathrm{compvecto}{#1}{#2}{x},\mathrm{compvecto}{#1}{#2}{y},\mathrm{compvecto}{#1}{#2}{z}\rvert\!\rvert\!\rvert}}}}
```

\composo new \composo that allows for subscripts

```

\newcommandx{\composo}[2][1,usedefault]{\ensuremath{%
\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
{\mathrm{#2}}}{%
{\sub{\mathrm{#2}}{\mathrm{#1}}}}}}}
```

\scampsposo new \scampspos that allows for subscripts

```

\newcommandx{\scampsposo}[1][1,usedefault]{\ensuremath{%
\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{%
{\lvert\!\lvert\!\lvert\mathrm{composo}{x},\mathrm{composo}{y},\mathrm{composo}{z}\rvert\!\rvert\!\rvert}}{%
{\lvert\!\lvert\!\lvert\mathrm{composo}{#1}{x},\mathrm{composo}{#1}{y},\mathrm{composo}{#1}{z}\rvert\!\rvert\!\rvert}}}}}
```

## 7 Acknowledgements

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## 8 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page/codeline where the corresponding entry is described; numbers/codelines underlined refer to the definition; numbers in roman refer to the pages/codelines where the entry is used.

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