Typefaces continued

To change font for a word or phrase, use these commands (they can be nested):

Italics \textit{Hello} ₩ Hello \textbf{Hello} ■ Hello Boldface Smallcaps \textsc{Hello} | Hello Sans-serif \textsf{Hello} → Hello Monospace \texttt{Hello} → Hello

Example: \textit{\textbf{\textsf{bold} italic sans}}} **■ bold italic sans** 

Sizes for titles, headings, footnotes, etc are automatic, but there are some step-sizes:

\normalsize	10	11	12	e e
\tiny	5	6	7	space
\scriptsize	6	7	8	save
\footnotesize	7	8	9	g S
\small	9	10	11	e re
\large	11	12	14	rounded here
\Large	12	14	17*	ģ
\LARGE	14	17*	20*	
\huge	17*	20*	24*	sizes
\Huge	20*	24*	28*	*

For other sizes, add the special command \RequirePackage{fix-cm}

before the \documentclass line and use \fontsize{pp} {bb} \selectfont for the point-size (pp) and baseline (bb).

Size commands are all **unscoped** commands, so enclose them and the applicable text in curly braces to stop them affecting the rest of the document.

For double or 1½ line-spacing (eg in theses) use the setspace package.

You can use colour palettes in the RGB, CMYK, HTML, and other colourspaces with Google the xcolor package and the \color{name} command.

For verbatim text, use the \verb command or the verbatim environment, or (better) the listings or fancyvrb packages.

- 3.5 Footnotes: You do footnotes with \footnote(like this). Endnotes too.
- 3.6 Cross-references: Use command  $\label{...}$  to label the target, and  $\ref{...}$  or

\pageref{\ldots\} to refer to it. Make up the labels \textit{Pohe very short guide to} typesetting with LATEX **Example**: ...section \ref{blah} on p.

3.7 Citation and reference: Create your bibliographic database in BIBTeX format (Patashnik, What's this all about? What's LATEX?

label (here 'fi'):

```
@book {fi,
 title = {Formatting Information},
 author = {Peter Flynn},
 publisher = {Silmaril},
 year = \{2016\}\}
```

using Jab Ref or similar. Each entry MUST have a unique ETEX is a document preparation system which uses the TEX typesetting progra to produce publication-quality documents with great accuracy and consistence any computer and produces industry-standard PDF. It is available both in free ( commercial implementations. LaTeX can be used for any kind of document, b suited to those with complex structures, repetitive formatting, or notations like where technical stability, dimensional accuracy, or a persistent and non-propi

are needed. Install the software from www.tug.org/texlive/ or buy a commo

Use the biblatex package to specify the style, and given from one of the vendors (see the list on p. 3). the filename of your database:

Creating and typesetting your document

\usepackage[style=apa]{biblatex} \addbibresource{myrefs.bib}

\parencite) with the relevant label:

Example: \textcite{fi} \text{im} Flynn (2016).

1. Create your document using any suitable plain-text editor with LATAX cor -(Mac), TFXMaker (Win), Kile (Linux), Emacs (all), even vi! To cite, use \cite{...} (or \textcit2 \frac{2}{6} ave the file with a name ending in .tex (never use spaces in filenames

- 3. Use the Build or Compile toolbar button or menu item in your editor to ty the document;
- 4. Make any changes needed in your original document and repeat step 3.

4 Back matter

References

For an index, use the makeidx package and the thousand the commands — these are the rules) \makeindex command with the \index{....anAil IATEX commands begin with a backslash. \printindex commands and the makeindex prexample: \tableofcontents

gram.

**■** If a command needs text to work with, it goes in curly braces.

Example: \title{Irisches Tagebuch}\author{Heinrich Böll}

Adams, P. (2002, November). Linguistic Chaos in Montreal. Adams are used, they go in square brackets before the curly braces.

and the City miniconference. University of Texas School of Archit Example: \documentclass[a4paper,11pt]{book} ture. Retrieved from http://www.utexas.edu/depts/grzypaces after commands without braces get suppressed.

http://latex.silmaril.ie/

bibtex/base/btxdoc.pdf

Flynn, P. (2016). Formatting Information. Silmaril. Retrieved from Copyright Copyright Copyright © 2016 To prevent this, put empty curly braces after the command:

Patashnik, O. (1988). BIBTEXing. TeX Users Group. Portland, RI Example: Copyright \copyright \copyright \lambda. 2016 | Popyright \circ 2 trieved from http://ftp.heanet.ie/pub/CTAN/tex/hiblicurly braces are also used to restrict the scope of effects inside them.

Sherington, J. (1998). Informative Presentation of Graphs and Statistics.

Example: Some {\tiny little} word | wor

4.2, example table. Statistical Services Centre, University Nighted. This guide shows only a tiny fraction of LaTeX's power. For more information, visit ing. Retrieved from http://www.reading.ac.uk site (www.tug.org). For help, see the FAQ (www.tex.ac.uk/faq), StackExchange (tex.stackex publications/guides/toptgs.htm Usenet newsgroup comp.text.tex. For packages (plugins), use CTAN, the Comprehensive 1

For information about LaTEX training and consutancy, please (www.ctan.org). For further details, see Formatting Information (Flynn, 2016) and other of contact Silmaril at latex@silmaril.ie

Silmaril Con Textual The http://latex. July 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Like this.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For reasons of space this guide does not cover details of mathematics typesetting.

## Writing a LATEX document

## 1 Basic document structure

Here's the skeleton of a LaTEX document. These three lines are COMPULSORY: your document will not work without them:

```
\documentclass[11pt]{article}
your Preamble goes here (extra setups, if any)
\begin{document}
your document text goes here
\end{document}
```

New material in each example is shown in blue; material from previous examples is in black. Comments and mnemonics are in red

- standard book, article, or report, or one of the many others preinstalled or downloadable (eg thesis, memoir, etc);
- □ There are body type size options 10pt (the default), 11pt, and 12pt;
- There are paper size options including a4paper (210 mm×297 mm) and letterpaper  $(8\frac{1}{2}" \times 11")$  [see below].

## 2 Front matter

The **Preamble** [see above] is where you specify any packages (MTFX plugins like typefaces or special formatting), and where you put any changes to standard features.

```
\documentclass[a4paper,11pt]{book}
\usepackage{charter,graphicx}
\setlength{\parindent}{1em}
\begin{document}
\title{your document title}
\author{your name}
\date{ date of publication}
\maketitle
\begin{abstract}
the paragraphs of your abstract go here
\end{abstract}
\tableofcontents
the text of your document goes here
\end{document}
```

The title, author, and date MUST be followed by the \maketitle command to be formatted correctly.

## 3 Body matter

(to fit available space). They have \caption and Leave a blank line between paragraphs as you type 1 commands. this signals a new paragraph. Spacing is controlled by the document class and packages you use. For abordin(figure) (see below) indented, line-spaced style, use the parskip packageption { Swiss and Dutch Mennonite

3.1 Sectioning Sections get numbered automattering (centre the contents) \includegraphics[width=.8\columnwidth]
of Loncally in bold type, and get included in the Table of Con-{meno-a}\\ (double backslash for linebreak) off seriotsize Courtesy of Paul C. Adams, tents (if you use it). Numbering can be turned lectively. Section heading layout can be modified weithertment of Geography and the the sectsty, titlesec, and other packages.

```
(Preamble, titling, and abstract as above)
\tableofcontents
\chapter{heading of a chapter}
text for the chapter goes here
...as shown in section \ref{blah}.
\section{heading of a section}
\label{blah} make up name for the label
text for the section goes here
\chapter{ heading of a new chapter}
text for the new chapter goes here
\end{document}
```

Graphics MUST be EPS files for standard LATEX, but JPG, PNG, or PDF for pdflaTEX.

3.3 Tables and figures: These environments **float** 

migrations of the 1700s and 1800s}

Environment, University of Texas at

\cite(adams)\end(figure)

\label{lmig}

Austin.

```
\begin{table}
\caption{Mean growth rate and intakes
 of supplement, milk, and water for 4
 diets (after Sherington, J, undated)}
\label{dietgrowth}
\centering
```

\begin{tabular}{||1|r|r|r|r|} \hline (horizontal line between re &Growth&Supplement&Milk&Wat \\hline (double backslash for r Supplement&rate&intake&inta \\\hline &(g/day)&(g/day)&(ml/kg\$^{(  $(m1/kg^{0.75})\\\$ Lucerne &145&450&10.5&144\\ Sesbania&132&476& 9.2&128\\ Leucaena&128&364& 8.9&121\\ & 89& 0& 9.8&108\\ \end{tabular} \end{table}

Table 2: Mean growth rate and intakes milk, and water for four diets (after She

	Growth	Supplement	
Supplement	rate	intake	
	(g/day)	(g/day)	(r
Lucerne	145	450	Г
Sesbania	132	476	
Leucaena	128	364	
None	89	0	

Packages like longtable and array complex table formats.

3.2 Lists: There are three types of list: **itemized** (bulleted), enumerated (numbered or lettered), and **descriptive** (topic-and-explanation format).

Like document, these are all environments, using  $\beta \in \{\dots\}$  and  $\{\dots\}$ .

\begin{enumerate}

www.eeng.dcu.ie/local-docs/latex-help/

\begin{itemize}

comprehensive list at

\item 1lb Sugar \item ½pt Cream \item Chocolate \item 2oz Butter \end{itemize}	\item Mix ingredients \item Mix ingredients \item Boil to 112°C \item Stir and cool \item Pour into dish \end{enumerate}	\item[Fudge] is fu \item[Broccoli] su \item[Exercise] is for you if taken \end{description}	n ucks g good	Courtesy	of Paul C. Adams,	Department of	
<ul> <li>1lb Sugar</li> <li>½pt Cream</li> <li>Chocolate</li> <li>2oz Butter</li> </ul>	1. Mix ingredients 2. Boil to 112°C 3. Stir and cool 4. Pour into dish	Fudge is fun but fa made too often. Broccoli sucks, peri Exercise is good f taken daily and	.3.4 Typ ∞Gøm∎puter	Typefaces: The default typeface is under Modern, like this.			
		tremes.	Times	mathptmx	Courier	courier	
package to co	lists inside each othe entrol list formatting	Charter	mathpazo bookman charter	Avant Garde Helvetica Zapf Chancery	avant helvet chancery		
summary of con	e links on the front and ba nmon commands at g/~winston/latex/latex		Contain	utopia newcent	Pandora   Frafur  ackades are a	pandora oldgerm vailablein T	

\begin{description}

Dozens of other font packages are available in TEX Live and the LATEX Font Catalogue, including mathematics

settlements emigration to North America settlement in the Ukraine an Russia

**Figure 1** Swiss and Dutch Mennonite migrations of the 1700s and 180

Geography and the Environment, University of Texas at A

and decorative fonts. Any Postsc be configured for LATEX.

If you use XALATEX and the fontspe also use your computer's system f available with T<sub>F</sub>X Live.

Commercial implementations of T<sub>E</sub>X for Wir business-level support are available from P MacKichan Software, Inc (Scientific Word); N and TrueTFX Software (TrueTFX).