The l3tl-build package: building token lists*

The LATEX3 Project[†] Released 2015/11/04

1 **|3tl-build** documentation

This module provides no user function: it is meant for kernel use only.

There are two main ways of building token lists from individual tokens. Either in one go within an x-expanding assignment, or by repeatedly using \tl_put_right:Nn. The first method takes a linear time, but only allows expandable operations. The second method takes a time quadratic in the length of the token list, but allows expandable and non-expandable operations.

The goal of this module is to provide functions to build a token list piece by piece in linear time, while allowing non-expandable operations. This is achieved by abusing toks: adding some tokens to the token list is done by storing them in a free token register (time O(1) for each such operation). Those token registers are only put together at the end, within an x-expanding assignment, which takes a linear time. Of course, all this must be done in a group: we can't go and clobber the values of legitimate toks used by $\texttt{LATEX} 2_{\varepsilon}$.

Since none of the current applications need the ability to insert material on the left of the token list, I have not implemented that. This could be done for instance by using odd-numbered \toks for the left part, and even-numbered \toks for the right part.

^{*}This file describes v6224, last revised 2015/11/04.

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¹If we run out of token registers, then the currently filled-up \toks are put together in a temporary token list, and cleared, and we ultimately use \tl_put_right:Nx to put those chunks together. Hence the true asymptotic is quadratic, with a very small constant.

1.1 Internal functions

```
\__tl_build:Nw
\__tl_gbuild:Nw
\__tl_build_x:Nw
\__tl_gbuild_x:Nw
```

```
\__tl_build:Nw \langle tl \ var \rangle ...
\__tl_build_one:n \{\langle tokens_1 \rangle\} ...
\__tl_build_one:n \{\langle tokens_2 \rangle\} ...
\__tl_build_end:
```

Defines the $\langle tl \ var \rangle$ to contain the contents of $\langle tokens1 \rangle$ followed by $\langle tokens2 \rangle$, etc. This is built in such a way to be more efficient than repeatedly using $\tl_put_right:Nn$. The code in "..." does not need to be expandable. The commands $\tl_turl_such end:Nw$ and $\tl_turl_such end:$ start and end a group. The assignment to the $\langle tl \ var \rangle$ occurs just after the end of that group, using $\tl_set:Nn$, $\tl_set:Nn$, $\tl_set:Nn$, $\tl_set:Nn$, or $\tl_gset:Nn$.

```
\__tl_build_one:n
\__tl_build_one:(o|x)
```

```
\_{tl\_build\_one:n} \{\langle tokens \rangle\}
```

This function may only be used within the scope of a $_$ tl_build:Nw function. It adds the $\langle tokens \rangle$ on the right of the current token list.

 $_$ tl_build_end:

Ends the scope started by __tl_build:Nw, and performs the relevant assignment.

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The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.