

The l3flag package: expandable flags*

The L^AT_EX3 Project[†]

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Flags are the only data-type on which T_EX can perform assignments in expansion-only contexts. This module is meant mostly for kernel use: in almost all cases, booleans or integers should be preferred to flags, because they are faster.

A flag can hold any non-negative value, which we call its *height*. In expansion-only contexts, a flag can only be “raised”: this normally increases the *height* by 1, but can be configured by defining specific traps. The *height* can also be queried expandably. However, decreasing it, or setting it to zero requires non-expandable assignments.

Flag variables are always local. They are referenced by a *name* of the form *package_flag name*, for instance, `str_missing`.

1 Setting up flags

<code>\flag_new:n</code>	<code>\flag_new:n {<flag name>}</code>
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Creates a new *flag* with a name given by *flag name*, or raises an error if the name is already taken. The *flag name* must consist of character tokens only. The declaration is global, but flags are always local variables. The *flag* will initially have zero height.

<code>\flag_clear:n</code>	<code>\flag_clear:n {<flag name>}</code>
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The *flag*’s height is set to zero. The assignment is local.

<code>\flag_clear_new:n</code>	<code>\flag_clear_new:n {<flag name>}</code>
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Ensures that the *flag* exists globally by applying `\flag_new:n` if necessary, then applies `\flag_zero:n`, setting the height to zero locally.

<code>\flag_set_trap:nn</code>	<code>\flag_set_trap:nn {<flag name>} {<inline function>}</code>
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Changes the action that is taken when the *flag* is raised using `\flag_raise:n`. Instead of the default action which is to increase the *flag*’s height by 1, the *inline function* will be called, receiving the current flag’s height as `#1`. The *inline function* should expand to nothing; *e.g.*, it could call `\msg_expandable_error:n`. This function is very experimental.

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2 Expandable flag commands

<hr/> <code>\flag_if_exist_p:n</code> ★	<code>\flag_if_exist:n {⟨flag name⟩}</code>
<code>\flag_if_exist:nTF</code> ★	This function returns <code>true</code> if the <code>⟨flag name⟩</code> references a flag that has been defined previously, and <code>false</code> otherwise.
<hr/> <code>\flag_if_raised_p:n</code> ★	<code>\flag_if_raised:n {⟨flag name⟩}</code>
<code>\flag_if_raised:nTF</code> ★	This function returns <code>true</code> if the <code>⟨flag⟩</code> has non-zero height, and <code>false</code> if the <code>⟨flag⟩</code> has zero height.
<hr/> <code>\flag_height:n</code> ★	<code>\flag_height:n {⟨flag name⟩}</code>
	Expands to the height of the <code>⟨flag⟩</code> as an integer denotation.
<hr/> <code>\flag_raise:n</code> ★	<code>\flag_raise:n {⟨flag name⟩}</code>
	The <code>⟨flag⟩</code> 's trap is performed, taking the current height as its argument. The default behaviour is to increase the <code>⟨flag⟩</code> 's height by 1 locally. This function is expandable, as long as the trap is expandable (the default trap is expandable, despite being an assignment).

3 l3flag implementation

```

1 ⟨*initex | package⟩
2 ⟨@@=flag⟩
3 \ProvidesExplPackage
4   {⟨ExplFileName⟩}{⟨ExplFileDate⟩}{⟨ExplFileVersion⟩}{⟨ExplFileDescription⟩}

```

3.1 Non-expandable flag commands

`\flag_new:n` For each flag, we define a “trap” function, which by default simply increases the flag by 1.

```

5 \cs_new_protected:Npn \flag_new:n #1
6 {
7   \cs_new:cpn { __flag_trap_#1:w } ##1 ;
8   { \exp_after:wN \use_none:n \cs:w __flag_#1_##1: \cs_end: }
9 }

```

(End definition for `\flag_new:n` This function is documented on page 1.)

`\flag_clear:n` `__flag_clear:ww` Undefine control sequences, starting from the `_0` flag, upwards, until reaching an undefined control sequence.

```

10 \cs_new_protected:Npn \flag_clear:n #1
11 { \__flag_clear:ww 0 ; #1 \q_stop }
12 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__flag_clear:ww #1 ; #2 \q_stop
13 {
14   \if_cs_exist:w __flag_#2_#1: \cs_end:

```

```

15     \else:
16         \exp_after:wN \use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w
17     \fi:
18     \cs_set_eq:cN { __flag_#2_#1: } \c_undefined:D
19     \exp_after:wN \__flag_clear:ww
20     \int_use:N \__int_eval:w \c_one + #1 ;
21     #2 \q_stop
22 }

```

(End definition for \flag_clear:n This function is documented on page 1.)

\flag_clear_new:n As for other datatypes, clear the $\langle flag \rangle$ or create a new one, as appropriate.

```

23 \cs_new_protected:Npn \flag_clear_new:n #1
24 { \flag_if_exist:nTF {#1} { \flag_clear:n } { \flag_new:n } {#1} }

```

(End definition for \flag_clear_new:n This function is documented on page 1.)

\flag_set_trap:nn Redefine the trap.

```

25 \cs_new_protected:Npn \flag_set_trap:nn #1#2
26 { \cs_set:cpn { __flag_trap_#1:w } ##1 ; {#2} }

```

(End definition for \flag_set_trap:nn This function is documented on page 1.)

3.2 Expandable flag commands

\flag_if_exist_p:n A flag exist if the corresponding trap $__flag_trap_ \langle flag\ name \rangle :n$ is defined.

```

\flag_if_exist:nTF
27 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \flag_if_exist:n #1 { p , T , F , TF }
28 {
29     \cs_if_exist:cTF { __flag_trap_#1:w }
30     { \prg_return_true: } { \prg_return_false: }
31 }

```

(End definition for \flag_if_exist:n These functions are documented on page 2.)

\flag_if_raised_p:n Test if the flag is non-zero, by checking the $_0$ control sequence.

```

\flag_if_raised:nTF
32 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \flag_if_raised:n #1 { p , T , F , TF }
33 {
34     \if_cs_exist:w __flag_#1_0: \cs_end:
35     \prg_return_true:
36     \else:
37     \prg_return_false:
38     \fi:
39 }

```

(End definition for \flag_if_raised:n These functions are documented on page 2.)

\flag_height:n Extract the value of the flag by going through all of the $_ \langle integer \rangle$ control sequences starting from 0.

```

\__flag_height_loop:ww
\__flag_height_end:ww
40 \cs_new:Npn \flag_height:n #1 { \__flag_height_loop:ww 0; #1 \q_stop }
41 \cs_new:Npn \__flag_height_loop:ww #1 ; #2 \q_stop
42 {
43     \if_cs_exist:w __flag_#2_#1: \cs_end:
44     \exp_after:wN \__flag_height_loop:ww \int_use:N \__int_eval:w \c_one +

```

```

45     \else:
46         \exp_after:wN \__flag_height_end:ww
47     \fi:
48     #1 ; #2 \q_stop
49 }
50 \cs_new:Npn \__flag_height_end:ww #1 ; #2 \q_stop { #1 }
(End definition for \flag_height:n This function is documented on page 2.)

\flag_raise:n Simply apply the trap to the height, after expanding the latter.
51 \cs_new:Npn \flag_raise:n #1
52 {
53     \cs:w \__flag_trap_#1:w \exp_after:wN \cs_end:
54     \__int_value:w \flag_height:n {#1} ;
55 }
(End definition for \flag_raise:n This function is documented on page 2.)

56 </initex | package>

```

Index

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

Symbols			
__flag_clear:ww	10, 11, 12, 19	\ExplFileName	4
__flag_height_end:ww	40, 46, 50	\ExplFileVersion	4
__flag_height_loop:ww	40, 40, 41, 44	F	
__int_eval:w	20, 44	\fi:	17, 38, 47
__int_value:w	54	\flag_clear:n	1, 10, 10, 24
C		\flag_clear_new:n	1, 23, 23
\c_one	20, 44	\flag_height:n	2, 40, 40, 54
\c_undefined:D	18	\flag_if_exist:n	27
\cs:w	8, 53	\flag_if_exist:nTF	2, 24, 27
\cs_end:	8, 14, 34, 43, 53	\flag_if_exist_p:n	2, 27
\cs_if_exist:cTF	29	\flag_if_raised:n	32
\cs_new:cpn	7	\flag_if_raised:nTF	2, 32
\cs_new:Npn	40, 41, 50, 51	\flag_if_raised_p:n	2, 32
\cs_new_protected:Npn	5, 10, 12, 23, 25	\flag_new:n	1, 5, 5, 24
\cs_set:cpn	26	\flag_raise:n	2, 51, 51
\cs_set_eq:cN	18	\flag_set_trap:nn	1, 25, 25
E		I	
\else:	15, 36, 45	\if_cs_exist:w	14, 34, 43
\exp_after:wN	8, 16, 19, 44, 46, 53	\int_use:N	20, 44
\ExplFileDate	4	P	
\ExplFileDescription	4	\prg_new_conditional:Npnn	27, 32

\prg_return_false:	30, 37	U
\prg_return_true:	30, 35	\use_none:n 8
\ProvidesExplPackage	3	\use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w 16

Q

\q_stop	11, 12, 21, 40, 41, 48, 50
---------------	----------------------------