

# The `l3sort` package

## Sorting lists\*

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 Project<sup>†</sup>

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## 1 `l3sort` documentation

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 comes with a facility to sort list variables (sequences, token lists, or comma-lists) according to some user-defined comparison. For instance,

```
\clist_set:Nn \l_foo_clist { 3 , 01 , -2 , 5 , +1 }
\clist_sort:Nn \l_foo_clist
{
  \int_compare:nNnTF { #1 } > { #2 }
  { \sort_reversed: }
  { \sort_ordered: }
}
```

will result in `\l_foo_clist` holding the values `{ -2 , 01 , +1 , 3 , 5 }` sorted in non-decreasing order.

The code defining the comparison should perform `\sort_reversed:` if the two items given as `#1` and `#2` are not in the correct order, and otherwise it should call `\sort_ordered:` to indicate that the order of this pair of items should not be changed.

For instance, a *comparison code* consisting only of `\sort_ordered:` with no test will yield a trivial sort: the final order is identical to the original order. Conversely, using a *comparison code* consisting only of `\sort_reversed:` will reverse the list (in a fairly inefficient way).

**T<sub>E</sub>Xhackers note:** Internally, the code from `l3sort` stores items in `\toks` registers allocated locally. Thus, the *comparison code* should not call `\newtoks` or other commands that allocate new `\toks` registers. On the other hand, altering the value of a previously allocated `\toks` register is not a problem.

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`\seq_sort:Nn`  
`\seq_gsort:Nn`

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`\seq_sort:Nn` *<sequence>* {*<comparison code>*}

Sorts the items in the *<sequence>* according to the *<comparison code>*, and assigns the result to *<sequence>*.

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<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\tl_sort:Nn</code>	<code>\tl_sort:Nn &lt;tl var&gt; {&lt;comparison code&gt;}</code>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\tl_gsort:Nn</code>	Sorts the items in the <code>&lt;tl var&gt;</code> according to the <code>&lt;comparison code&gt;</code> , and assigns the result to <code>&lt;tl var&gt;</code> .
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\clist_sort:Nn</code>	<code>\clist_sort:Nn &lt;clist var&gt; {&lt;comparison code&gt;}</code>
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\clist_gsort:Nn</code>	Sorts the items in the <code>&lt;clist var&gt;</code> according to the <code>&lt;comparison code&gt;</code> , and assigns the result to <code>&lt;clist var&gt;</code> .
<hr/> <hr/>	<code>\tl_sort:nN</code> ★	<code>\tl_sort:nN {&lt;token list&gt;} &lt;conditional&gt;</code>
		Sorts the items in the <code>&lt;token list&gt;</code> , using the <code>&lt;conditional&gt;</code> to compare items, and leaves the result in the input stream. The <code>&lt;conditional&gt;</code> should have signature <code>:nnTF</code> , and return <b>true</b> if the two items being compared should be left in the same order, and <b>false</b> if the items should be swapped.

**T<sub>E</sub>Xhackers note:** The result is returned within `\exp_not:n`, which means that the token list will not expand further when appearing in an **x**-type argument expansion.

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★ indicates fully expandable functions, which can be used within an **x**-type argument (in plain T<sub>E</sub>X terms, inside an `\edef`), as well as within an **f**-type argument.