The **I3graphics** package Graphics inclusion support

The I₄T_EX3 Project*

Released 2020-09-01

1 **I3graphics** documentation

1.1 Driver functions

Inclusion of graphic files requires a range of low-level data be passed to the driver layer. These functions are primarily aimed at supporting this work.

\l_graphics_decodearray_tl Array to decode color in bitmap graphic: when non-empty, this should be in the form of one, two or three pairs of real numbers in the range [0, 1], separated by spaces. \l_graphics_interpolate_bool Indicates whether interpolation should be applied to bitmap graphic files. \l_graphics_page_int The page to extract from a multi-page graphic file: used for .pdf files which may contain multiple pages. \l_graphics_pagebox_tl The nature of the page box setting used to determine the bounding box of material: used for .pdf files which feature multiple page box specifications. \l_graphics_draft_bool Switch to enable draft mode: graphics are read but not included when this is true. \l_graphics_llx_dim Dimensions which return the points $(\langle llx \rangle, \langle lly \rangle)$ and $(\langle urx \rangle, \langle ury \rangle)$ for the graphic. For \l_graphics_lly_dim many graphics only the resulting height and width are significant, but this is driver-\l_graphics_urx_dim dependent. \l_graphics_ury_dim \l_graphics_name_bool The name of a graphics file being loaded: usually the same as the input file name, but may be altered by some drivers.

^{*}E-mail: latex-team@latex-project.org

\graphics_bb_save:n
\graphics_bb_save:x
\graphics_bb_restore:nF
\graphics_bb_restore:xF

\graphics_bb_save:n {\graphic}}
\graphics_bb_restore:nF {\graphic}} {\false code}}

This pair of functions are used to cache the bounding box of an $\langle graphic \rangle$ so that extraction/reading is only required once. The save function stores the values from $l_-graphics_llx_dim, l_graphics_lly_dim, l_graphics_urx_dim and l_graphics_ury_dim as constants. The restore function will then look up values for the bounding box of an <math>\langle graphic \rangle$ and set the four dimensions appropriately. For any one $\langle graphic \rangle$ the bounding box will be constant, so the save function should only be called once. Thus a typical use case is

```
\graphics_bb_restore:nF { <name> }
{
    % Code to read the bb
    \graphics_bb_save:n { <name> }
}
```

i.e. every use of a bounding box will attempt to restore saved data, and saving will only take place where that is not possible.

Note that the $\langle graphic \rangle$ may not be a simple file name: a multi-page PDF, for example, will need to have the bounding box cached for each page used.

$\verb|graphics_extract_bb:n \graphics_extract_bb:n \{\langle file \rangle\}$

Extracts bounding box data for the graphic $\langle file \rangle$ using the extractbb utility, and stores the bounding box of the graphic file in $l_graphics_llx_dim$, $l_graphics_lly_dim$, $l_graphics_urx_dim$ and $l_graphics_ury_dim$.

The $\langle file \rangle$ name should be fully-qualified and sanitized: no search or other manipulation is carried out at this level. No check is made on the file *type* at this stage: it is assumed that the driver code using this function has made such a check. File types such as .pdf and .jpg are appropriate for parsing using this function.

When \l_graphics_page_int is positive the appropriate page will be queried from the graphic file.

Note that this function requires pipe shell calls to be enabled: this is generally true but may require the option --enable-pipes to be enabled when running the TEX job.

\graphics_read_bb:n

$graphics_read_bb:n {\langle file \rangle}$

Parses the graphic $\langle file \rangle$ to find a PostScript-style bounding box line of the form

%%BoundingBox: llx lly urx urx

where $\langle llx \rangle$, $\langle lly \rangle$, $\langle urx \rangle$ and $\langle ury \rangle$ are the corners of the bounding box expressed in Post-Script ("big") points. The values are stored in \l_graphics_llx_dim, \l_graphics_-lly_dim, \l_graphics_urx_dim and \l_graphics_ury_dim.

The $\langle file \rangle$ name should be fully-qualified and sanitized: no search or other manipulation is carried out at this level. No check is made on the file *type* at this stage: it is assumed that the driver code using this function has made such a check. File types such as .eps and .bb/.xbb are appropriate for parsing using this function.

\graphics_include:n \graphics_include:nn	$\graphics_include:n { dile } {creation of the second state of th$			
	Horizontal-mode commands which include the $\langle file \rangle$ as an graphic at the current location. The file $\langle type \rangle$ is given explicitly in the two-argument version, or is inferred from the file extension extracted in the single-argument form. The exact graphic types supported depend upon the driver in use. Where the $\langle file \rangle$ is not found and the $\langle type \rangle$ is not given, a search for possible graphic files is undertaken using the extensions stored in \l_graphics_search_ext_seq .			
\l_graphics_ext_type_prop	Defines mapping between file extensions and file types; where there is no entry for an extension, the type is assumed to be the extension with the leading . removed. Entries should be made in lower case, and the key should be an extension including the leading ., for example			
	<pre>\prop_put:Nnn \l_graphics_ext_type_prop { .ps } { eps }</pre>			
\l_graphics_search_ext_seq	Extensions to use for graphic searching when the given $\langle file \rangle$ name is not found by \graphics_include:n.			
\l_graphics_search_pa				
	Each entry is the path to a directory which should be searched when seeking an graphic file. Each path can be relative or absolute, and should not include the trailing slash. The entries are not expanded when used so may contain active characters but should not feature any variable content. Spaces need not be quoted.			
\graphics_show_list: \graphics_log_list:	\graphics_show_list: \graphics_log_list:			
	These functions list all graphic files loaded by in a similar manner to \file_show_list: and \file_log_list:. While \graphics_show_list: displays the list in the terminal, \graphics_log_list: outputs it to the log file only. In both cases, only graphics loaded			

Index

by I3graphics are listed.

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

\mathbf{F}	\graphics_bb_save:n 2			
file commands:	\l_graphics_decodearray_tl 1			
\file_log_list: 3	\l_graphics_draft_bool 1			
$file_show_list: \dots 3$	$l_graphics_ext_type_prop$ 3			
G	$graphics_extract_bb:n \dots 2$			
graphics commands:	\graphics_include:n $\dots \dots 3, 3$			
\graphics_bb_restore:nTF 2	\graphics_include:nn $\dots \dots 3$			

\l_graphics_int	erpolate_bool 1
\l_graphics_llx	_dim 1, 2, 2, 2
\l_graphics_lly	_dim 1, 2, 2, 2
$graphics_log_l$	ist: 3
\l_graphics_nam	e_bool 1
\l_graphics_pag	e_int 1, 2
\l_graphics_pag	ebox_tl 1

\graphics_read_bb:n		•		• •		2
\l_graphics_search_e	xt_seq	•			З,	3
\l_graphics_search_pa	ath_seq					3
\graphics_show_list:		•				3
\l_graphics_urx_dim			1 ,	2,	2,	2
\l_graphics_ury_dim			1,	2,	2,	2