

# File I

## Implementation

### 1 l3backend-basics Implementation

```
1  {*package}
```

Whilst there is a reasonable amount of code overlap between backends, it is much clearer to have the blocks more-or-less separated than run in together and DocStripped out in parts. As such, most of the following is set up on a per-backend basis, though there is some common code (again given in blocks not interspersed with other material).

All the file identifiers are up-front so that they come out in the right place in the files.

```
2  \ProvidesExplFile
3  {*dvipdfmx}
4  {l3backend-dvipdfmx.def}{2021-03-18}{}
5  {L3 backend support: dvipdfmx}
6  {/dvipdfmx}
7  {*dvips}
8  {l3backend-dvips.def}{2021-03-18}{}
9  {L3 backend support: dvips}
10 {/dvips}
11 {*dvisvgm}
12 {l3backend-dvisvgm.def}{2021-03-18}{}
13 {L3 backend support: dvisvgm}
14 {/dvisvgm}
15 {*luatex}
16 {l3backend-luatex.def}{2021-03-18}{}
17 {L3 backend support: PDF output (LuaTeX)}
18 {/luatex}
19 {*pdftex}
20 {l3backend-pdftex.def}{2021-03-18}{}
21 {L3 backend support: PDF output (pdfTeX)}
22 {/pdftex}
23 {*xetex}
24 {l3backend-xetex.def}{2021-03-18}{}
25 {L3 backend support: XeTeX}
26 {/xetex}
```

Check if the loaded kernel is at least enough to load this file. The kernel date has to be at least equal to \ExplBackendFileDate or later. If \\_\\_kernel\\_dependency\\_version\\_check:Nn doesn't exist we're loading in an older kernel, so it's an error anyway. With time, this test should vanish and only the dependency check should remain.

```
27 \cs_if_exist:NTF \_\_kernel_dependency_version_check:nn
28 {
29     \_\_kernel_dependency_version_check:nn {2020-09-01}
30 {dvipdfmx}      {l3backend-dvipdfmx.def}
31 {dvips}        {l3backend-dvips.def}
32 {dvisvgm}      {l3backend-dvisvgm.def}
33 {luatex}       {l3backend-luatex.def}
34 {pdftex}       {l3backend-pdftex.def}
35 {xetex}        {l3backend-xetex.def}
```

```

36   }
37   {
38     \cs_if_exist_use:cF { @latex@error } { \errmessage }
39     {
40       Mismatched-LaTeX-support-files-detected. \MessageBreak
41       Loading-aborted!
42     }
43     { \use:c { @ehd } }
44     \tex_endinput:D
45   }

```

The order of the backend code here is such that we get somewhat logical outcomes in terms of code sharing whilst keeping things readable. (Trying to mix all of the code by concept is almost unmanageable.) The key parts which are shared are

- Color support is either dvips-like or LuaTeX/pdfTeX-like.
- LuaTeX/pdfTeX and dvipdfmx/XeTeX share drawing routines.
- XeTeX is the same as dvipdfmx other than image size extraction so takes most of the same code.

```
\__kernel_backend_literal:e
\__kernel_backend_literal:n
\__kernel_backend_literal:x
```

The one shared function for all backends is access to the basic \special primitive: it has slightly odd expansion behaviour so a wrapper is provided.

```

46 \cs_new_eq:NN \__kernel_backend_literal:e \tex_special:D
47 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal:n #1
48   { \__kernel_backend_literal:e { \exp_not:n {#1} } }
49 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x }

```

(End definition for \\_\_kernel\_backend\_literal:e.)

## 1.1 dvips backend

```
50  {*dvips}
```

Literal PostScript can be included using a few low-level formats. Here, we use the form with no positioning: this is overall more convenient as a wrapper. Note that this does require that where position is important, an appropriate wrapper is included.

```

51 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n #1
52   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:: #1 } }
53 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { x }

```

(End definition for \\_\_kernel\_backend\_postscript:n.)

PostScript data that does have positioning, and also applying a shift to SDict (which is not done automatically by ps: or ps::, in contrast to ! or ").

```

54 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n #1
55   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps: SDict ~ begin ~ #1 ~ end } }
56 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { x }

```

(End definition for \\_\_kernel\_backend\_postscript:n.)

PostScript for the header: a small saving but makes the code clearer. This is held until the start of shipout such that a document with no actual output does not write anything.

```

57 \bool_if:NT \g__kernel_backend_header_bool
58   {

```

```

59      \cs_if_exist:NNTF \AtBeginDvi
60      { \AtBeginDvi }
61      { \use:n }
62      { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { header = 13backend-dvips.pro } }
63  }

```

`\_kernel_backend_align_begin:` In `dvips` there is no built-in saving of the current position, and so some additional PostScript is required to set up the transformation matrix and also to restore it afterwards. Notice the use of the stack to save the current position “up front” and to move back to it at the end of the process. Notice that the [begin]/[end] pair here mean that we can use a run of PostScript statements in separate lines: not *required* but does make the code and output more clear.

```

64 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
65  {
66      \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[begin] }
67      \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { currentpoint }
68      \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { currentpoint~translate }
69  }
70 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_align_end:
71  {
72      \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { neg~exch~neg~exch~translate }
73      \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[end] }
74  }

```

(End definition for `\_kernel_backend_align_begin:` and `\_kernel_backend_align_end:`)

`\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:` Saving/restoring scope for general operations needs to be done with `dvips` positioning (try without to see this!). Thus we need the `ps:` version of the special here. As only the graphics state is ever altered within this pairing, we use the lower-cost g-versions.

```

75 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
76  { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:gsave } }
77 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
78  { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:grestore } }

```

(End definition for `\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:` and `\_kernel_backend_scope_end:`)

79

## 1.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

80

Both `LuaTeX` and `pdfTeX` write PDFs directly rather than via an intermediate file. Although there are similarities, the move of `LuaTeX` to have more code in `Lua` means we create two independent files using shared DocStrip code.

This is equivalent to `\special{pdf:}` but the engine can track it. Without the `direct` keyword everything is kept in sync: the transformation matrix is set to the current point automatically. Note that this is still inside the text (BT ... ET block).

```

81 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n #1
82  {
83  {*luatex}
84      \tex_pdfextension:D literal
85  //luatex
86  {*pdftex}

```

```

87     \tex_pfdliteral:D
88 </pdftex>
89     { \exp_not:n {#1} }
90   }
91 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n.)

```

\\_\_kernel\_backend\_literal\_page:n Page literals are pretty simple. To avoid an expansion, we write out by hand.

```

92 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n #1
93   {
94   {*luatex}
95     \tex_pdfextension:D literal ~
96 </luatex>
97 {*pdftex}
98     \tex_pfdliteral:D
99 </pdftex>
100   page { \exp_not:n {#1} }
101 }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n.)

```

\\_\_kernel\_backend\_scope\_begin: Higher-level interfaces for saving and restoring the graphic state.

```

102 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
103   {
104   {*luatex}
105     \tex_pdfextension:D save \scan_stop:
106 </luatex>
107 {*pdftex}
108     \tex_pdfsave:D
109 </pdftex>
110   }
111 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
112   {
113   {*luatex}
114     \tex_pdfextension:D restore \scan_stop:
115 </luatex>
116 {*pdftex}
117     \tex_pdfrestore:D
118 </pdftex>
119 }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_scope_begin: and \__kernel_backend_scope_end:.)

```

\\_\_kernel\_backend\_matrix:n Here the appropriate function is set up to insert an affine matrix into the PDF. With pdfTeX and LuaTeX in direct PDF output mode there is a primitive for this, which only needs the rotation/scaling/skew part.

```

120 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_matrix:n #1
121   {
122   {*luatex}
123     \tex_pdfextension:D setmatrix
124 </luatex>
125 {*pdftex}
126     \tex_pdfsetmatrix:D
127 </pdftex>


```

```

128      { \exp_not:n {#1} }
129    }
130 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_matrix:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_matrix:n)

131 ⟨/luatex | pdftex⟩

```

### 1.3 dvipdfmx backend

```
132 ⟨*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩
```

The `dvipdfmx` shares code with the PDF mode one (using the common section to this file) but also with X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X. The latter is close to identical to `dvipdfmx` and so all of the code here is extracted for both backends, with some `clean` up for X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X as required. Undocumented but equivalent to pdfT<sub>E</sub>X's `literal` keyword. It's similar to be not the same as the documented `contents` keyword as that adds a q/Q pair.

```

133 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n #1
134   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:literal~ #1 } }
135 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n)

```

\ kernel backend literal page:n Whilst the manual says this is like `literal direct` in pdfT<sub>E</sub>X, it closes the BT block!

```

136 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n #1
137   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:literal~direct~ #1 } }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n)

```

Scoping is done using the backend-specific specials. We use the versions originally from `xdvifpmb` (x:) as these are well-tested “in the wild”.

```

138 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
139   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x:gsave } }
140 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
141   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x:grestore } }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_scope_begin: and \__kernel_backend_scope_end:.)

142 ⟨@@=sys⟩

```

A short excursion into the `sys` module to set up the backend version information.

```

143 \group_begin:
144   \cs_set:Npn \__sys_tmp:w #1 Version ~ #2 ~ #3 \q_stop {#2}
145   \sys_get_shell:nnNTF { extractbb--version }
146     { \char_set_catcode_space:n { '\ } }
147     \l__sys_internal_tl
148   {
149     \int_const:Nn \c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int
150       {
151         \exp_after:wN \__sys_tmp:w \l__sys_internal_tl
152         \q_stop
153       }
154   }
155   { \int_const:Nn \c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int { 0 } }
156 \group_end:

```

(End definition for `\c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int`.)

```
157 <@@=>  
158 //dvipdfmx | xetex
```

## 1.4 dvisvgm backend

```
159 /*dvisvgm*/
```

```
\_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n  
\_kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
```

Unlike the other backends, the requirements for making SVG files mean that we can't conveniently transform all operations to the current point. That makes life a bit more tricky later as that needs to be accounted for. A new line is added after each call to help to keep the output readable for debugging.

```
160 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n #1  
161   { \_kernel_backend_literal:n { dvisvgm:raw~ #1 { ?nl } } }  
162 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { x }
```

(End definition for `\_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n`.)

In SVG, we need to track scope nesting as properties attach to scopes; that requires a pair of int registers.

```
163 \int_new:N \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
164 \int_new:N \l_kernel_backend_scope_int
```

(End definition for `\g_kernel_backend_scope_int` and `\l_kernel_backend_scope_int`.)

In SVG, the need to attach concepts to a scope means we need to be sure we will close all of the open scopes. That is easiest done if we only need an outer "wrapper" begin/end pair, and within that we apply operations as a simple scoped statements. To keep down the non-productive groups, we also have a `begin` version that does take an argument.

```
165 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:  
166  {  
167    \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g> }  
168    \int_set_eq:NN  
169      \l_kernel_backend_scope_int  
170      \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
171    \group_begin:  
172      \int_gset:Nn \g_kernel_backend_scope_int { 1 }  
173    }  
174 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_end:  
175  {  
176    \prg_replicate:nn  
177      { \g_kernel_backend_scope_int }  
178      { \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { </g> } }  
179    \group_end:  
180    \int_gset_eq:NN  
181      \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
182      \l_kernel_backend_scope_int  
183  }  
184 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:n #1  
185  {  
186    \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g ~ #1 > }  
187    \int_set_eq:NN  
188      \l_kernel_backend_scope_int
```

```

189      \g_kernel_backend_scope_int
190      \group_begin:
191          \int_gset:Nn \g_kernel_backend_scope_int { 1 }
192      }
193 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:n { x }
194 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope:n #1
195 {
196     \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g ~ #1 > }
197     \int_gincr:N \g_kernel_backend_scope_int
198 }
199 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_scope:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_scope_begin: and others.)

200 </dvisvgm>
201 </package>

```

## 2 I3backend-box Implementation

```

202 <*package>
203 <@=box>

```

### 2.1 dvips backend

```

204 <*dvips>

```

\\_\_box\_backend\_clip:N The dvips backend scales all absolute dimensions based on the output resolution selected and any TeX magnification. Thus for any operation involving absolute lengths there is a correction to make. See `normalscale` from `special.pro` for the variables, noting that here everything is saved on the stack rather than as a separate variable. Once all of that is done, the actual clipping is trivial.

```

205 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
206 {
207     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
208     \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
209     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { matrix-currentmatrix }
210     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
211         { Resolution-72-div-VResolution-72-div-scale }
212     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { DVImag-dup-scale }
213     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
214     {
215         0 ~
216         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_dp:N #1 } ~
217         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
218         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_ht:N #1 - \box_dp:N #1 } ~
219         rectclip
220     }
221     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { setmatrix }
222     \__kernel_backend_align_end:
223     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
224     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
225     \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
226 }

```

(End definition for \\_\_box\_backend\_clip:N.)

`\_\_box\_backend\_rotate:Nn`  
`\_\_box\_backend\_rotate\_aux:Nn`

Rotating using dvips does not require that the box dimensions are altered and has a very convenient built-in operation. Zero rotation must be written as 0 not -0 so there is a quick test.

```

227 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
228   { \exp_args:NNf \_\_box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
229 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
230   {
231     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
232     \_\_kernel_backend_align_begin:
233     \_\_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
234     {
235       \fp_compare:nNnTF {#2} = \c_zero_fp
236         { 0 }
237         { \fp_eval:n { round ( -(#2) , 5 ) } } ~
238       rotate
239     }
240     \_\_kernel_backend_align_end:
241     \box_use:N #1
242     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_end:
243   }

```

(End definition for `\_\_box_backend_rotate:Nn` and `\_\_box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn`.)

`\_\_box_backend_scale:Nnn`

The dvips backend once again has a dedicated operation we can use here.

```

244 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
245   {
246     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
247     \_\_kernel_backend_align_begin:
248     \_\_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
249     {
250       \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
251       \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) } ~
252       scale
253     }
254     \_\_kernel_backend_align_end:
255     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
256     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_end:
257   }

```

(End definition for `\_\_box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

258 ⟨/dvips⟩

## 2.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

259 ⟨\*luatex | pdftex⟩

`\_\_box_backend_clip:N`

The general method is to save the current location, define a clipping path equivalent to the bounding box, then insert the content at the current position and in a zero width box. The “real” width is then made up using a horizontal skip before tidying up. There are other approaches that can be taken (for example using XForm objects), but the logic here shares as much code as possible and uses the same conversions (and so same rounding errors) in all cases.

260 `\cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_clip:N #1`

```

261  {
262    \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
263    \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:x
264    {
265      0~
266      \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
267      \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
268      \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
269      re~W~n
270    }
271    \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
272    \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
273    \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
274  }

```

(End definition for `\__box_backend_clip:N`.)

`\__box_backend_rotate:Nn`  
`\__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn`  
`\l_box_backend_cos_fp`  
`\l_box_backend_sin_fp`

Rotations are set using an affine transformation matrix which therefore requires sine/cosine values not the angle itself. We store the rounded values to avoid rounding twice. There are also a couple of comparisons to ensure that  $-0$  is not written to the output, as this avoids any issues with problematic display programs. Note that numbers are compared to 0 after rounding.

```

275 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
276   { \exp_args:Nnf \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
277 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
278   {
279     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
280     \box_set_wd:Nn #1 { 0pt }
281     \fp_set:Nn \l_box_backend_cos_fp { round ( cosd ( #2 ) , 5 ) }
282     \fp_compare:nNnT \l_box_backend_cos_fp = \c_zero_fp
283       { \fp_zero:N \l_box_backend_cos_fp }
284     \fp_set:Nn \l_box_backend_sin_fp { round ( sind ( #2 ) , 5 ) }
285     \__kernel_backend_matrix:x
286     {
287       \fp_use:N \l_box_backend_cos_fp \c_space_tl
288       \fp_compare:nNnTF \l_box_backend_sin_fp = \c_zero_fp
289         { 0~0 }
290         {
291           \fp_use:N \l_box_backend_sin_fp
292           \c_space_tl
293           \fp_eval:n { -\l_box_backend_sin_fp }
294         }
295         \c_space_tl
296         \fp_use:N \l_box_backend_cos_fp
297     }
298     \box_use:N #1
299     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
300   }
301 \fp_new:N \l_box_backend_cos_fp
302 \fp_new:N \l_box_backend_sin_fp

```

(End definition for `\__box_backend_rotate:Nn` and others.)

`\__box_backend_scale:Nnn` The same idea as for rotation but without the complexity of signs and cosines.

```

303 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
304 {
305     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
306     \__kernel_backend_matrix:x
307     {
308         \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
309         0~0~
310         \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
311     }
312     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
313     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
314 }
```

(End definition for `\__box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

315 ⟨/lualatex | pdftex⟩

### 2.3 dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X backend

316 ⟨\*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

`\__box_backend_clip:N` The code here is identical to that for Lua<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X/pdf<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X: unlike rotation and scaling, there is no higher-level support in the backend for clipping.

```

317 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
318 {
319     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
320     \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:x
321     {
322         0~
323         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
324         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
325         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
326         re~W~n
327     }
328     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
329     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
330     \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
331 }
```

(End definition for `\__box_backend_clip:N`.)

`\__box_backend_rotate:Nn` Rotating in dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X can be implemented using either PDF or backend-specific code. The former approach however is not “aware” of the content of boxes: this means that any embedded links would not be adjusted by the rotation. As such, the backend-native approach is preferred: the code therefore is similar (though not identical) to the dvips version (notice the rotation angle here is positive). As for dvips, zero rotation is written as 0 not -0.

```

332 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
333   { \exp_args:NNf \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
334 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
335   {
336     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
337     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
338     {
339       x:rotate~
```

```

340      \fp_compare:nNnTF {#2} = \c_zero_fp
341      { 0 }
342      { \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } }
343    }
344    \box_use:N #1
345    \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
346  }

```

(End definition for `\__box_backend_rotate:Nn` and `\__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn`.)

`\__box_backend_scale:Nnn` Much the same idea for scaling: use the higher-level backend operation to allow for box content.

```

347 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
348 {
349   \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
350   \__kernel_backend_literal:x
351   {
352     x:scale~
353     \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
354     \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
355   }
356   \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
357   \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
358 }

```

(End definition for `\__box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

359 `//dvipdfmx | xetex`

## 2.4 dvisvgm backend

360 `/*dvisvgm*/`

`\__box_backend_clip:N` `\g_box_clip_path_int` Clipping in SVG is more involved than with other backends. The first issue is that the clipping path must be defined separately from where it is used, so we need to track how many paths have applied. The naming here uses `13cp` as the namespace with a number following. Rather than use a rectangular operation, we define the path manually as this allows it to have a depth: easier than the alternative approach of shifting content up and down using scopes to allow for the depth of the TeX box and keep the reference point the same!

```

361 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #
362 {
363   \int_gincr:N \g_box_clip_path_int
364   \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
365   { < clipPath-id = " 13cp \int_use:N \g_box_clip_path_int " > }
366   \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
367   {
368     <
369       path ~ d =
370       "
371         M ~ 0 ~
372           \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
373           L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
374             \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
375             L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~

```

```

376           \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
377           L ~ 0 ~
378           \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
379           Z
380           "
381       />
382   }
383 \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
384 { < /clipPath > }

```

In general the SVG set up does not try to transform coordinates to the current point. For clipping we need to do that, so have a transformation here to get us to the right place, and a matching one just before the TeX box is inserted to get things back on track. The clip path needs to come between those two such that if lines up with the current point, as does the TeX box.

```

385 \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:n
386 {
387     transform =
388     "
389     translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
390     scale ( 1 , -1 )
391     "
392 }
393 \__kernel_backend_scope:x
394 {
395     clip-path =
396     "url ( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g_box_clip_path_int ) "
397 }
398 \__kernel_backend_scope:n
399 {
400     transform =
401     "
402     scale ( -1 , 1 ) ~
403     translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
404     scale ( -1 , -1 )
405     "
406 }
407 \box_use:N #1
408 \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
409 }
410 \int_new:N \g_box_clip_path_int

```

(End definition for `\__box_backend_clip:N` and `\g_box_clip_path_int`.)

`\__box_backend_rotate:Nn`

Rotation has a dedicated operation which includes a centre-of-rotation optional pair. That can be picked up from the backend syntax, so there is no need to worry about the transformation matrix.

```

411 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
412 {
413     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:x
414     {
415         transform =
416         "
417         rotate

```

```

418      ( \fp_eval:n { round ( -(#2) , 5 ) } , ~ { ?x } , ~ { ?y } )
419      "
420      }
421      \box_use:N #1
422      \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
423  }

(End definition for \__box_backend_rotate:Nn.)
```

\\_\_box\_backend\_scale:Nnn In contrast to rotation, we have to account for the current position in this case. That is done using a couple of translations in addition to the scaling (which is therefore done backward with a flip).

```

424  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
425  {
426      \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:x
427      {
428          transform =
429          "
430          translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
431          scale
432          (
433              \fp_eval:n { round ( -#2 , 5 ) } ,
434              \fp_eval:n { round ( -#3 , 5 ) }
435          ) ~
436          translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
437          scale ( -1 )
438          "
439      }
440      \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
441      \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
442  }

(End definition for \__box_backend_scale:Nnn.)
```

443 </dvisvgm>  
 444 </package>

### 3 I3backend-color Implementation

```

445  {*package}
446  {@@=color}
```

Color support is split into parts: collecting data from  $\text{\LaTeX} 2\epsilon$ , the color stack, general color, separations, and color for drawings. We have different approaches in each backend, and have some choices to make about dvipdfmx/X $\text{\TeX}$  in particular. Whilst it is in some ways convenient to use the same approach in multiple backends, the fact that dvipdfmx/X $\text{\TeX}$  is PDF-based means it (largely) sticks closer to direct PDF output.

#### 3.1 Collecting information from $\text{\LaTeX} 2\epsilon$

##### 3.1.1 dvips-style

```

447  {*dvisvgm | dvipdfmx | dvips | xetex}
```

`\_color_backend_pickup:N` Allow for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>E</sub> color. Here, the possible input values are limited: dvips-style colors can mainly be taken as-is with the exception spot ones (here we need a model and a tint). The x-type expansion is there to cover the case where xcolor is in use.

```

448 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:N #1 {
449 \cs_if_exist:cT { ver@color.sty }
450 {
451   \cs_set_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:N #1
452   {
453     \exp_args:NV \tl_if_head_is_space:nTF \current@color
454     {
455       \tl_set:Nx #1
456       {
457         { \exp_after:wN \use:n \current@color }
458         { 1 }
459       }
460     }
461   }
462   \exp_last_unbraced:Nx \_color_backend_pickup:w
463   { \current@color } \s_color_stop #1
464 }
465 }
466 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:w #1 ~ #2 \s_color_stop #3
467 { \tl_set:Nn #3 { {#1} {#2} } }
468 }
```

(End definition for `\_color_backend_pickup:N` and `\_color_backend_pickup:w`.)

```
469 </dvisvgm | dvipdfmx | dvips | xetex>
```

### 3.1.2 LuaT<sub>E</sub>X and pdfT<sub>E</sub>X

```
470 <*luatex | pdftex>
```

`\_color_backend_pickup:N` The current color in driver-dependent format: pick up the package-mode data if available. We end up converting back and forward in this route as we store our color data in dvips format. The `\current@color` needs to be x-expanded before `\_color_backend_pickup:w` breaks it apart, because for instance xcolor sets it to be instructions to generate a color

```

471 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:N #1 {
472 \cs_if_exist:cT { ver@color.sty }
473 {
474   \cs_set_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:N #1
475   {
476     \exp_last_unbraced:Nx \_color_backend_pickup:w
477     { \current@color } ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 \s_color_stop #1
478   }
479   \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:w
480   #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ #5 ~ #6 \s_color_stop #7
481   {
482     \str_if_eq:nnTF {#2} { g }
483     { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { gray } {#1} } }
484   }
485   \str_if_eq:nnTF {#4} { rg }
486   { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { rgb } { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 } } }
```

```

487   {
488     \str_if_eq:nnTF {#5} { k }
489       { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { cmyk } { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 } } }
490       {
491         \str_if_eq:nnTF {#2} { cs }
492           {
493             \tl_set:Nx #7 { { \use:n #1 } { #5 } }
494           }
495           {
496             \tl_set:Nn #7 { { gray } { 0 } }
497           }
498         }
499       }
500     }
501   }
502 }
```

(End definition for `\_color_backend_pickup:N` and `\_color_backend_pickup:w`.)

503 ⟨/luatex | pdftex⟩

## 3.2 The color stack

For PDF-based engines, we have a color stack available inside the specials. This is used for concepts beyond color itself: it is needed to manage the graphics state generally. The exact form depends on the engine, and for dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X the backend version.

### 3.2.1 Common code

504 ⟨\*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex⟩

dvipdfmx, Lua<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X and recent (x)dvipdfmx have multiple stacks available, and to track which one is in use a variable is required.

505 `\int_new:N \l_color_backend_stack_int`

(End definition for `\l_color_backend_stack_int`.)

506 ⟨/dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex⟩

### 3.2.2 dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X

507 ⟨\*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

In (x)dvipdfmx, the base color stack is not set up, so we have to force that, as well as providing a mechanism more generally.

```

508 \int_compare:nNnTF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
509   { \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn #1#2#3 { } }
510   {
511     \int_new:N \g_color_backend_stack_int
512     \cs_new_protected:Npx \__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn #1#2#3
513     {
514       \int_gincr:N \exp_not:N \g_color_backend_stack_int
515       \int_const:Nn #1 { \exp_not:N \g_color_backend_stack_int }
516       \use:x
517       {
518         \cs_if_exist:NTF \AtBeginDvi
```

```

519 { \exp_not:N \AtBeginDvi }
520 { \exp_not:N \use:n }
521 {
522   \_kernel_backend_literal:n
523   {
524     pdfcolorstackinit ~
525     \exp_not:N \int_use:N \exp_not:N \g__color_backend_stack_int
526     \c_space_tl
527     \exp_not:N \tl_if_blank:nF {#2} { #2 ~ }
528     (#3)
529   }
530 }
531 }
532 }
533 \cs_if_exist:cTF { main@pdfcolorstack }
534 {
535   \int_set:Nn \l__color_backend_stack_int
536   { \int_use:c { main@pdfcolorstack } }
537 }
538 {
539   \_kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn \c__color_backend_main_stack_int
540   { page ~ direct } { 0 ~ g ~ 0 ~ G }
541   \int_set_eq:NN \l__color_backend_stack_int
542   \c__color_backend_main_stack_int
543   \int_const:cn { main@pdfcolorstack } { \c__color_backend_main_stack_int }
544 }

```

The backend automatically restores the stack color from the “classical” approach (`pdf:bcolor`) after a scope. That will be an issue for us, so we manually ensure that the one we are using is inserted.

```

545   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_end:
546   {
547     \_kernel_backend_literal:n { x:grestore }
548     \_kernel_backend_literal:n
549     { pdfcolorstack ~ \g__color_backend_stack_int current }
550   }
551 }

```

(End definition for `\_kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn`, `\g__color_backend_stack_int`, and `\c__color_backend_main_stack_int`.)

`\_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn`

```

\int_compare:nNnF \c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
{
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn #1#2
  {
    \_kernel_backend_literal:x
    {
      pdfcolorstack ~
      \int_eval:n {#1} ~
      push ~ (#2)
    }
  }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn { nx }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n #1

```

```

565     {
566         \_kernel_backend_literal:x
567         {
568             pdfcolorstack ~
569             \int_eval:n {#1} ~
570             pop
571         }
572     }
573 }
```

(End definition for `\_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn` and `\_kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n`)

574 `</dvipdfmx | xetex>`

### 3.2.3 LuaTeX and pdfTeX

575 `<*luatex | pdftex>`

```

\_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn
576 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn #1#2#3
577 {
578     \int_const:Nn #1
579     {
580         <*luatex>
581         \tex_pdffeedback:D colorstackinit ~
582     </luatex>
583     <*pdftex>
584         \tex_pdfcolorstackinit:D
585     </pdftex>
586         \tl_if_blank:nF {#2} { #2 ~ }
587         {#3}
588     }
589 }
```

(End definition for `\_kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn`.)

```

\_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn
\_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nx
\_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n
590 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn #1#2
591 {
592     <*luatex>
593         \tex_pdfextension:D colorstack ~
594     </luatex>
595     <*pdftex>
596         \tex_pdfcolorstack:D
597     </pdftex>
598         \int_eval:n {#1} ~ push ~ {#2}
599     }
600 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn { nx }
601 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n #1
602 {
603     <*luatex>
604         \tex_pdfextension:D colorstack ~
605     </luatex>
606     <*pdftex>
607         \tex_pdfcolorstack:D
```

```

608 〈/pdftex〉
609      \int_eval:n {#1} ~ pop \scan_stop:
610  }
611
(End definition for \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn and \__kernel_color_backend_stack-
pop:n)
612 〈/lualatex | pdftex〉

```

### 3.3 General color

#### 3.3.1 dvips-style

```
612 〈*dvips | dvisvgm〉
```

Push the data to the stack. In the case of dvips also saves the drawing color in raw PostScript.

```

613 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
614     { \__color_backend_select:n { cmyk ~ #1 } }
615 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_gray:n #1
616     { \__color_backend_select:n { gray ~ #1 } }
617 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_rgb:n #1
618     { \__color_backend_select:n { rgb ~ #1 } }
619 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select:n #
620     {
621         \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-push~ #1 }
622 〈*dvips〉
623         \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc ~ { } ~ def }
624 〉/dvips〉
625         \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
626     }
627 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
628     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-pop } }

```

(End definition for \\_\_color\_backend\_select\_cmyk:n and others. This function is documented on page ??.)

```
629 〈/dvips | dvisvgm〉
```

#### 3.3.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX

```
630 〈*dvipdfmx | lualatex | pdftex | xetex〉
```

```

\l__color_backend_fill_tl
\l__color_backend_stroke_tl
631 \tl_new:N \l__color_backend_fill_tl
632 \tl_new:N \l__color_backend_stroke_tl

```

(End definition for \l\_\_color\_backend\_fill\_tl and \l\_\_color\_backend\_stroke\_tl.)

Store the values then pass to the stack.

```

633 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
634     { \__color_backend_select:nn { #1 ~ k } { #1 ~ K } }
635 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_gray:n #1
636     { \__color_backend_select:nn { #1 ~ g } { #1 ~ G } }
637 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_rgb:n #1
638     { \__color_backend_select:nn { #1 ~ rg } { #1 ~ RG } }
639 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select:nn #1#2

```

```

640  {
641      \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_fill_t1 {\#1}
642      \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_stroke_t1 {\#2}
643      \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:n \l__color_backend_stack_int { #1 ~ #2 }
644      \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
645  }
646 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
647     { \__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n \l__color_backend_stack_int }

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n and others.)

648 ⟨/dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex⟩

```

### 3.3.3 dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X

```
649 ⟨*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩
```

These backends have the most possible approaches: it recognises both dvips-based color specials and it's own format, plus one can include PDF statements directly. Recent releases also have a color stack approach similar to pdfTeX. Of the stack methods, the dedicated the most versatile is the latter as it can cover all of the use cases we have. Thus it is used in preference to the dvips-style interface or the “native” color specials (which have only one stack).

Push the data to the stack.

```

650 \int_compare:nNnT \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
651     {
652         \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
653             {
654                 \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: bc ~ [\#1] }
655                 \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
656             }
657         \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_gray:n \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n
658         \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_rgb:n \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n
659         \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
660             { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: ec } }
661     }

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n and others.)

```

```
662 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩
```

## 3.4 Separations

Here, life gets interesting and we need essentially one approach per backend.

```
663 ⟨*dvips⟩
```

```

\__color_backend_select_separation:nn
\__color_backend_select_devicen:nn
664 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2
665     { \__color_backend_select:n { separation ~ #1 ~ #2 } }
666 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_separation:nn and \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn.)

```

```

\_color_backend_separation_init:nnnn
\_color_backend_separation_init:nxxnn
\_color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn
lor_backend separation_init /DeviceCMYK:nnn
lor_backend separation_init /DeviceGray:nnn
olor_backend separation_init /DeviceRGB:nnn
\_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn
  \_color_backend_separation_init:nnn
  \_color_backend_separation_init_count:n
  \_color_backend_separation_init_count:w
  \_color_backend_separation_init:mmn
    \_color_backend_separation_init:w
    \_color_backend_separation_init:n
    \_color_backend_separation_init:nw
  \_color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn

```

Initialising here means creating a small header set up plus massaging some data. This comes about as we have to deal with PDF-focussed data, which makes most sense “higher-up”. The approach is based on ideas from <https://tex.stackexchange.com/q/560093> plus using the PostScript manual for other aspects.

```

667 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
668 {
669   \bool_if:NT \g__kernel_backend_header_bool
670   {
671     \cs_if_exist:NTF \AtBeginDvi
672     { \exp_not:N \AtBeginDvi }
673     { \use:n }
674     {
675       \exp_not:N \_color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn
676       {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
677     }
678   }
679 }
680 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn { nxx }
681 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
682 {
683   \_kernel_backend_literal:e
684   {
685     !
686     TeXDict ~ begin ~
687     /color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int
688     {
689       [ ~
690         /Separation ~ ( \str_convert_pdfname:n {#1} ) ~
691         [ ~ #2 ~ ] ~
692         {
693           \cs_if_exist_use:cF { \_color_backend_separation_init_ #2 :nnn }
694           { \_color_backend_separation_init:nnn }
695           {#3} {#4} {#5}
696         }
697         ] ~ setcolorspace
698       } ~ def ~
699     end
700   }
701 }
702 \cs_new:cpn { \_color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceCMYK :nnn } #1#2#3
703   { \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 4 {#3} }
704 \cs_new:cpn { \_color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceGray :nnn } #1#2#3
705   { \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 1 {#3} }
706 \cs_new:cpn { \_color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceRGB :nnn } #1#2#3
707   { \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 2 {#3} }
708 \cs_new:Npn \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn #1#2
709   {
710     #2 ~
711     \prg_replicate:nn {#1}
712       { #1 ~ index ~ mul ~ #1 ~ 1 ~ roll ~ }
713     \int_eval:n { #1 + 1 } ~ -1 ~ roll ~ pop
714   }

```

For the generic case, we cannot use `/FunctionType 2` unfortunately, so we have to code

that idea up in PostScript. Here, we will therefore assume that a range is *always* given. First, we count values in each argument: at the backend level, we can assume there are always well-behaved with spaces present.

```

715 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnn #1#2#3
716 {
717     \exp_args:Nc \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnn
718     { \__color_backend_separation_init_count:n {#2} }
719     {#1} {#2} {#3}
720 }
721 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_count:n #1
722 { \int_eval:n { 0 \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #1 ~ \s__color_stop } }
723 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop
724 {
725     +1
726     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
727     { \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #2 \s__color_stop }
728 }
```

Now we implement the algorithm. In the terms in the PostScript manual, we have **N** = 1 and **Domain** = [0 1], with **Range** as #2, **C0** as #3 and **C1** as #4, with the number of output components in #1. So all we have to do is implement  $y_i = \mathbf{C0}_i + x(\mathbf{C1}_i - \mathbf{C0}_i)$  with lots of stack manipulation, then check the ranges. That's done by adding everything to the stack first, then using the fact we know all of the offsets. As manipulating the stack is tricky, we start by re-formatting the **C0** and **C1** arrays to be interleaved, and add a 0 to each pair: this is used to keep the stack of constant length while we are doing the first pass of mathematics. We then work through that list, calculating from the last to the first value before tidying up by removing all of the input values. We do that by first copying all of the final  $y$  values to the end of the stack, then rolling everything so we can pop the now-unneeded material.

```

729 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnn #1#2#3#4
730 {
731     \__color_backend_separation_init:w #3 ~ \s__color_stop #4 ~ \s__color_stop
732     \prg_replicate:nn {#1}
733     {
734         pop ~ 1 ~ index ~ neg ~ 1 ~ index ~ add ~
735         \int_eval:n { 3 * #1 } ~ index ~ mul ~
736         2 ~ index ~ add ~
737         \int_eval:n { 3 * #1 } ~ #1 ~ roll ~
738     }
739     \int_step_function:nnnN {#1} { -1 } { 1 }
740     \__color_backend_separation_init:n
741     \int_eval:n { 4 * #1 + 1 } ~ #1 ~ roll ~
742     \prg_replicate:nn { 3 * #1 + 1 } { pop ~ }
743     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
744     { \__color_backend_separation_init:nw {#1} #2 ~ \s__color_stop }
745 }
746 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:w
747 #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
748 {
749     #1 ~ #3 ~ 0 ~
750     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
751     { \__color_backend_separation_init:w #2 \s__color_stop #4 \s__color_stop }
752 }
```

```

753 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:n #1
754   { \int_eval:n { #1 * 2 } ~ index ~ }

```

Finally, we deal with the range limit if required. This is handled by splitting the range into pairs. It's then just a question of doing the comparisons, this time dropping everything except the desired result.

```

755 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nw #1#2 ~ #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
756   {
757     #2 ~ #3 ~
758     2 ~ index ~ 2 ~ index ~ lt ~
759       { ~ pop ~ exch ~ pop ~ } ~
760       { ~
761         2 ~ index ~ 1 ~ index ~ gt ~
762           { ~ exch ~ pop ~ exch ~ pop ~ } ~
763           { ~ pop ~ pop ~ } ~
764         ifelse ~
765       }
766     ifelse ~
767     #1 ~ 1 ~ roll ~
768     \tl_if_blank:nF {#4}
769       { \__color_backend_separation_init:nw {#1} #4 \s__color_stop }
770   }

```

CIELAB support uses the detail from the PostScript reference, page 227; other than that block of PostScript, this is the same as for PDF-based routes.

```

771 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3
772   {
773     \__color_backend_separation_init:nxxnn
774       {#2}
775       {
776         /CIEBasedABC ~
777         << ~
778           /RangeABC ~ [ ~ \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 \c_space_t1 ] ~
779             /DecodeABC ~
780               [
781                 { ~ 16 ~ add ~ 116 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
782                 { ~ 500 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
783                 { ~ 200 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
784               ] ~
785             /MatrixABC ~ [ ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ -1 ~ ] ~
786             /DecodeLMN ~
787               [
788                 {
789                   dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
790                     { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ ~ } ~
791                     { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
792                   ifelse ~
793                     0.9505 ~ mul ~
794                   } ~ bind ~
795                 {
796                   dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
797                     { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ } ~
798                     { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
799                   ifelse ~
800                   } ~ bind ~

```

```

801   { ~
802     dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
803     { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ } ~
804     { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
805     ifelse ~
806     1.0890 ~ mul ~
807     } ~ bind
808   ] ~
809   /WhitePoint ~
810   [ ~ \tl_use:c { c__color_model_whitepoint_CIELAB_ #1 _tl } ~ ] ~
811   >>
812   }
813   { \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 }
814   { 100 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
815   {#3}
816 }

(End definition for \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn and others.)

```

\\_\_color\_backend\_devicen\_init:nnn

Trivial as almost all of the work occurs in the shared code.

```

817 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn #1#2#3
818   {
819     \__kernel_backend_literal:e
820     {
821       !
822       TeXDict ~ begin ~
823       /color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int
824       {
825         [
826           /DeviceN ~
827           [ ~ #1 ~ ] ~
828           #2 ~
829           { ~ #3 ~ } ~
830           ] ~ setcolorspace
831       } ~ def ~
832       end
833     }
834   }

```

(End definition for \\_\_color\_backend\_devicen\_init:nnn.)

835 </dvips>

836 <\*dvisvgm>

\\_\_color\_backend\_select\_separation:nn

No support at present.

```

837 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2 { }
838 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn #1#2 { }

```

(End definition for \\_\_color\_backend\_select\_separation:nn and \\_\_color\_backend\_select\_devicen:nn.)

\\_\_color\_backend\_separation\_init:nnnnn

No support at present.

```

839 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5 { }
840 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnnnnn #1#2#3 { }

```

```
(End definition for \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn and \__color_backend_separation-
init_CIELAB:nnn.)
```

```
841 </dvisvgm>
842 <*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
```

`\__color_backend_select_separation:nn`  
`\__color_backend_select_device:nn`  
`\__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn`  
`\__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn`

Although `(x)dvipdfmx` has a built-in approach to color spaces, that can't be used with the generic color stacks. So we take an approach in which we share the same code as for pdfTeX.

```
843 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2
844   { \__color_backend_select:nn { /#1 ~ cs ~ #2 ~ scn } { /#1 ~ CS ~ #2 ~ SCN } }
845 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_device:nn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn
```

```
(End definition for \__color_backend_select_separation:nn and \__color_backend_select_device:nn.)
```

`\__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn`  
`\__color_backend_separation_init:nn`  
`\__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn`

Initialising the PDF structures needs two parts: creating an object containing the “real” name of the Separation, then adding a reference to that to each page. We use a separate object for the tint transformation following the model in the PDF reference.

```
846 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
847   {
848     \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nx { dict }
849     {
850       /FunctionType ~ 2
851       /Domain ~ [0 ~ 1]
852       \tl_if_blank:nF {#3} { /Range ~ [#3] }
853       /C0 ~ [#4] ~
854       /C1 ~ [#5] /N ~ 1
855     }
856   \__color_backend_separation_init:n
857   {
858     /Separation ~
859     / \str_convert_pdfname:n {#1} ~ #2 ~
860     \pdf_object_ref_last:
861   }
862 \cs_if_exist:NT \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
863   {
864     \use:x
865     {
866       \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
867         { Page / Resources / ColorSpace }
868         { color \int_use:N \g_color_model_int }
869         { \pdf_object_ref_last: }
870     }
871   }
872 }
873 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:n #1
874   {
875     \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nx { array } {#1}
876   }
```

For CIELAB colors, we need one object per document for the illuminant, plus initialisation of the color space referencing that object.

```
877 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3
878   {
```

```

879 \pdf_object_if_exist:nF { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 }
880 {
881   \pdf_object_new:nn { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 } { array }
882   \pdf_object_write:nx { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 }
883   {
884     /Lab ~
885     <<
886     /WhitePoint ~
887       [ \tl_use:c { c__color_model_whitepoint_CIELAB_ #1 _tl } ]
888       /Range ~ [ \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 ]
889     >>
890   }
891 }
892 \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn
893 {#2}
894 { \pdf_object_ref:n { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 } }
895 { \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 }
896 { 100 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
897 {#3}
898 }
899 \cs_if_exist:NF \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nn
900 {
901   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3
902   {
903   }
904 }
```

(End definition for `\__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn`, `\__color_backend_separation_init:n`, and `\__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn`.)

`\__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn`  
`\__color_backend_devicen_init:w`  
`\__color_backend_devicen_init:n`

Similar to the Separations case, but with an arbitrary function for the alternative space work.

```

904 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn #1#2#3
905 {
906   \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nx { stream }
907   {
908     {
909       /FunctionType ~ 4 ~
910       /Domain ~
911       [
912         \prg_replicate:nn
913           { 0 \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #1 ~ \s__color_stop }
914           { 0 ~ 1 ~ } ~
915       ]
916       /Range ~
917       [
918         \str_case:nn {#2}
919         {
920           { /DeviceCMYK } { 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 }
921           { /DeviceGray } { 0 ~ 1 }
922           { /DeviceRGB } { 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 }
923         }
924       ]
925   }
926 {#3}
```

```

927     }
928 \__color_backend_separation_init:n
929 {
930     /DeviceN ~
931     [ ~ #1 ~ ] ~
932     #2 ~
933     \pdf_object_ref_last:
934 }
935 \cs_if_exist:NT \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
936 {
937     \use:x
938     {
939         \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
940             { Page / Resources / ColorSpace }
941             { color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int }
942             { \pdf_object_ref_last: }
943     }
944 }
945 }
946 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop
947 {
948     + 1
949     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
950     { \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #2 \s__color_stop }
951 }
952 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_devicen_init:n \__color_backend_separation_init:n
(End definition for \__color_backend_devicen_init:nn, \__color_backend_devicen_init:w, and \__color_backend_devicen_init:n.)
953 </dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
954 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

\\_\_color\_backend\_select\_separation:nn  
\\_\_color\_backend\_select\_devicen:nn  
For older (x)dvipdfmx, we *could* support separations using a dedicated mechanism, but it was not added that long before the color stacks. So instead of having two complex paths, just disable here.

```

955 \int_compare:nNnT \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
956 {
957     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2 { }
958     \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn
959         \__color_backend_select_separation:nn
960 }
(End definition for \__color_backend_select_separation:nn and \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn.)
961 </dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

### 3.5 Fill and stroke color

Here, dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X follows Lua<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> and pdft<sub>E</sub>X, while for dvips we have to manage fill and stroke color ourselves. We also handle dvisvgm independently, as there we can create SVG directly.

```
962 <*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
```

`\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n`  
`\__color_backend_fill_gray:n`  
`\__color_backend_fill_rgb:n`  
`\__color_backend_fill:n`  
`\__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n`  
`\__color_backend_stroke_gray:n`  
`\__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n`  
`\__color_backend_stroke:n`

Drawing (fill/stroke) color is handled in dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X in the same way as Lu<sub>A</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X/pdfT<sub>E</sub>X. We use the same approach as earlier, except the color stack is not involved so the generic direct PDF operation is used. There is no worry about the nature of strokes: everything is handled automatically.

```

963 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
964   { \__color_backend_fill:n { #1 ~ k } }
965 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
966   { \__color_backend_fill:n { #1 ~ g } }
967 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
968   { \__color_backend_fill:n { #1 ~ rg } }
969 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill:n #1
970   {
971     \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_fill_t1 {#1}
972     \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \l__color_backend_stack_int
973       { #1 ~ \l__color_backend_stroke_t1 }
974     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
975   }
976 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
977   { \__color_backend_stroke:n { #1 ~ K } }
978 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
979   { \__color_backend_stroke:n { #1 ~ G } }
980 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
981   { \__color_backend_stroke:n { #1 ~ RG } }
982 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke:n #1
983   {
984     \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_stroke_t1 {#1}
985     \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \l__color_backend_stack_int
986       { \l__color_backend_fill_t1 \c_space_t1 #1 }
987     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
988   }

```

(End definition for `\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

```

\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
\__color_backend_fill_devicec:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_devicec:nn
\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
\__color_backend_fill_devicec:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_devicec:nn
\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

```

(End definition for `\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn` and others.)

```

995 </dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
996 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

Deal with older (x)dvipdfmx.

```

997 \int_compare:nNnT \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
998   {
999     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
1000       {
1001         \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: bc ~ [#1] }
1002         \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
1003       }

```

```

1004 \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_gray:n \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
1005 \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
1006 \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
1007   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: ec } }
1008 \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke:n #1
1009   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n {#1} }
1010 \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2 { }
1011 \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_dvicen:nn
1012   \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
1013 \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
1014   \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
1015 \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_dvicen:nn
1016   \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
1017 }

```

(End definition for `\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

```
1018 </dvipdfmx | xetex>
```

```
1019 <*dvips>
```

Fill color here is the same as general color *except* we skip the stroke part.

```

1020 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
1021   { \__color_backend_fill:n { cmyk ~ #1 } }
1022 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
1023   { \__color_backend_fill:n { gray ~ #1 } }
1024 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
1025   { \__color_backend_fill:n { rgb ~ #1 } }
1026 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill:n #1
1027   {
1028     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color~push~ #1 }
1029     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
1030   }
1031 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
1032   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setcmykcolor } def } }
1033 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
1034   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setgray } def } }
1035 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
1036   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setrgbcolor } def } }

```

(End definition for `\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

```

\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
\__color_backend_fill_dvicen:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_dvicen:nn
1037 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2
1038   { \__color_backend_fill:n { separation ~ #1 ~ #2 } }
1039 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2
1040   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { separation ~ #1 ~ #2 } def } }
1041 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_dvicen:nn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
1042 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_dvicen:nn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

```

(End definition for `\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn` and others.)

```
1043 </dvips>
```

```
1044 <*dvisvgm>
```

```

\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n Fill color here is the same as general color except we skip the stroke part.
\__color_backend_fill_gray:n
\__color_backend_fill_rgb:n
\__color_backend_fill:n
1045 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
1046   { \__color_backend_fill:n { cmyk ~ #1 } }
1047 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
1048   { \__color_backend_fill:n { gray ~ #1 } }
1049 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
1050   { \__color_backend_fill:n { rgb ~ #1 } }
1051 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill:n #1
1052   {
1053     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-push~ #1 }
1054     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
1055   }

```

(End definition for `\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

For drawings in SVG, we use scopes for all stroke colors. That requires using RGB values, which luckily are easy to convert here (cmyk to RGB is a fixed function).

```

\__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n
\__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:w
\__color_backend_stroke_gray:n
\__color_backend_stroke_gray_aux:n
\__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n
\__color_backend_stroke_rgb:w
\__color_backend:nnn
1056 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
1057   { \__color_backend_cmyk:w #1 \s__color_stop }
1058 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:w
1059   #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
1060   {
1061     \use:x
1062     {
1063       \__color_backend:nnn
1064         { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #1 + #4 ) ) } }
1065         { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #2 + #4 ) ) } }
1066         { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #3 + #4 ) ) } }
1067     }
1068   }
1069 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
1070   {
1071     \use:x
1072     {
1073       \__color_backend_stroke_gray_aux:n
1074         { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#1) } }
1075     }
1076   }
1077 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray_aux:n #1
1078   { \__color_backend:nnn {#1} {#1} {#1} }
1079 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
1080   { \__color_backend_rgb:w #1 \s__color_stop }
1081 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:w
1082   #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 \s__color_stop
1083   {
1084     \use:x
1085     {
1086       \__color_backend:nnn
1087         { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#1) } }
1088         { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#2) } }
1089         { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#3) } }
1090     }
1091   }
1092 \cs_new_protected:Npx \__color_backend:nnn #1#2#3

```

```

1093 {
1094     \_kernel_backend_scope:n
1095     {
1096         stroke =
1097         "
1098         rgb
1099         (
1100             #1 \c_percent_str ,
1101             #2 \c_percent_str ,
1102             #3 \c_percent_str
1103         )
1104         "
1105     }
1106 }
```

(End definition for `\_color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n` and others.)

At present, these are no-ops.

```

1107 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2 { }
1108 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2 { }
1109 \cs_new_eq:NN \_color_backend_fill_devicen:n \_color_backend_fill_separation:nn
1110 \cs_new_eq:NN \_color_backend_stroke_devicen:n \_color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
```

(End definition for `\_color_backend_fill_separation:nn` and others.)

```

1111 </dvisvgm>
1112 </package>
```

## 4 I3backend-draw Implementation

```

1113 <*package>
1114 <@=draw>
```

### 4.1 dvips backend

```
1115 <*dvips>
```

The same as literal PostScript: same arguments about positioning apply here.

```

1116 \cs_new_eq:NN \_draw_backend_literal:n \_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
1117 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_draw_backend_literal:n { x }
```

(End definition for `\_draw_backend_literal:n`.)

```
\_draw_backend_begin:
\_draw_backend_end:
```

The `ps::[begin]` special here deals with positioning but allows us to continue on to a matching `ps::[end]`: contrast with `ps:`, which positions but where we can't split material between separate calls. The `@beginspecial/@endspecial` pair are from `special.pro` and correct the scale and  $y$ -axis direction. In contrast to pgf, we don't save the current point: discussion with Tom Rokici suggested a better way to handle the necessary translations (see `\_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`). (Note that `@beginspecial/@endspecial` forms a backend scope.) The `[begin]/[end]` lines are handled differently from the rest as they are conceptually different: not really drawing literals but instructions to dvips itself.

```

1118 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_begin:
1119     {
```

```

1120     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[begin] }
1121     \__draw_backend_literal:n { @beginspecial }
1122   }
1123 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_end:
1124   {
1125     \__draw_backend_literal:n { @endspecial }
1126     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[end] }
1127   }

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_begin:` and `\__draw_backend_end:..`)

`\__draw_backend_scope_begin:` `\__draw_backend_scope_end:`

```

1128 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_scope_begin:
1129   {
1130     \__draw_backend_literal:n { save } }
1131 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_scope_end:
1132   {
1133     \__draw_backend_literal:n { restore } }

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_scope_begin:` and `\__draw_backend_scope_end:..`)

`\__draw_backend_moveto:nn`  
`\__draw_backend_lineto:nn`  
`\__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn`  
`\__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn`

Path creation operations mainly resolve directly to PostScript primitive steps, with only the need to convert to bp. Notice that x-type expansion is included here to ensure that any variable values are forced to literals before any possible caching. There is no native rectangular path command (without also clipping, filling or stroking), so that task is done using a small amount of PostScript.

```

1132 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
1133   {
1134     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1135     {
1136       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~
1137       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ moveto
1138     }
1139   }
1140 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
1141   {
1142     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1143     {
1144       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~
1145       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ lineto
1146     }
1147   }
1148 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1149   {
1150     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1151     {
1152       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~
1153       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1154       moveto~dup~0~rlineto~exch~0~exch~rlineto~neg~0~rlineto~closepath
1155     }
1156   }
1157 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
1158   {
1159     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1160     {

```

```

1161     \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1162     \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
1163     \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#6} ~
1164     curveto
1165 }
1166 }
```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_moveto:nn` and others.)

`\__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:`  
`\__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:`  
`\g__draw_draw_eor_bool`

```

1167 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
1168   { \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1169 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
1170   { \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1171 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool
```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:`, `\__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:`, and `\g__draw_draw_eor_bool`.)

`\__draw_backend_closepath:`  
`\__draw_backend_stroke:`  
`\__draw_backend_closestroke:`  
`\__draw_backend_fill:`  
`\__draw_backend_fillstroke:`  
`\__draw_backend_clip:`  
`\__draw_backend_discardpath:`  
`\g__draw_draw_clip_bool`

Unlike PDF, PostScript doesn't track separate colors for strokes and other elements. It is also desirable to have the `clip` keyword after a stroke or fill. To achieve those outcomes, there is some work to do. For color, the stroke color is simple but the fill one has to be inserted by hand. For clipping, the required ordering is achieved using a TeX switch. All of the operations end with a new path instruction as they do not terminate (again in contrast to PDF).

```

1172 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closepath:
1173   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { closepath } }
1174 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_stroke:
1175   {
1176     \__draw_backend_literal:n { gsave }
1177     \__draw_backend_literal:n { color.sc }
1178     \__draw_backend_literal:n { stroke }
1179     \__draw_backend_literal:n { grestore }
1180     \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1181     {
1182       \__draw_backend_literal:x
1183       {
1184         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1185         clip
1186       }
1187     }
1188     \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1189     \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1190   }
1191 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closestroke:
1192   {
1193     \__draw_backend_closepath:
1194     \__draw_backend_stroke:
1195   }
1196 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fill:
1197   {
1198     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1199     {
1200       \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
```

```

1201         fill
1202     }
1203 \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1204 {
1205     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1206     {
1207         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1208         clip
1209     }
1210     \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1211 \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1212 }
1213 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fillstroke:
1214 {
1215     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1216     {
1217         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1218         fill
1219     }
1220     \__draw_backend_literal:n { gsave }
1221     \__draw_backend_literal:n { color.sc }
1222     \__draw_backend_literal:n { stroke }
1223     \__draw_backend_literal:n { grestore }
1224 \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1225 {
1226     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1227     {
1228         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1229         clip
1230     }
1231 }
1232 \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1233 \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1234 }
1235 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_clip:
1236 {
1237     \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1238 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1239 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_discardpath:
1240 {
1241     \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1242 {
1243     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1244     {
1245         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1246         clip
1247     }
1248 }
1249 \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1250 \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1251 }

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_closepath:` and others.)

```

  \_draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn
  \_draw_backend_dash:n
  \_draw_backend_linewidth:n
  \_draw_backend_miterlimit:n
  \_draw_backend_cap_but:
  \_draw_backend_cap_round:
    \_draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
  \_draw_backend_join_miter:
  \_draw_backend_join_round:
  \_draw_backend_join_bevel:

Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PostScript operations.

1252 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1253 {
1254   \_draw_backend_literal:x
1255   {
1256     [
1257       \exp_args:Nf \use:n
1258       { \clist_map_function:nN {#1} \_draw_backend_dash:n }
1259     ] ~
1260     \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ setdash
1261   }
1262 }
1263 \cs_new:Npn \_draw_backend_dash:n #1
1264   { ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1265 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1266 {
1267   \_draw_backend_literal:x
1268   { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ setlinewidth }
1269 }
1270 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1271   { \_draw_backend_literal:n {#1 ~ setmiterlimit} }
1272 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cap_but:
1273   { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ setlinecap } }
1274 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cap_round:
1275   { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ setlinecap } }
1276 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1277   { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ setlinecap } }
1278 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_join_miter:
1279   { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ setlinejoin } }
1280 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_join_round:
1281   { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ setlinejoin } }
1282 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_join_bevel:
1283   { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ setlinejoin } }

(End definition for \_draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn and others.)

```

```
\_draw_backend_cm:nnnn
```

In dvips, keeping the transformations in line with the engine is unfortunately not possible for scaling and rotations: even if we decompose the matrix into those operations, there is still no backend tracking (*cf.* dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X). Thus we take the shortest path available and simply dump the matrix as given.

```

1284 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1285 {
1286   \_draw_backend_literal:n
1287   { [ #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ 0 ~ 0 ] ~ concat }
1288 }
```

(End definition for \\_draw\_backend\_cm:nnnn.)

```
\_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn
```

Inside a picture @beginspecial/@endspecial are active, which is normally a good thing but means that the position and scaling would be off if the box was inserted directly. To deal with that, there are a number of possible approaches. The implementation here was suggested by Tom Rokici (author of dvips). We end the current special placement, then set the current point with a literal [begin]. As for general literals, we then use the stack to store the current point and move to it. To insert the required transformation, we have

to flip the  $y$ -axis, once before and once after it. Then we get back to the  $\text{\TeX}$  reference point to insert our content. The clean up has to happen in the right places, hence the `[begin]/[end]` pair around `restore`. Finally, we can return to “normal” drawing mode. Notice that the set up here is very similar to that in `\_draw_align_currentpoint_...`, but the ordering of saving and restoring is different (intermixed).

```

1289 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
1290   {
1291     \_draw_backend_literal:n { @endspecial }
1292     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1293     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1294     \_draw_backend_literal:n { save }
1295     \_draw_backend_literal:n { currentpoint }
1296     \_draw_backend_literal:n { currentpoint~translate }
1297     \_draw_backend_cm:nnnn { 1 } { 0 } { 0 } { -1 }
1298     \_draw_backend_cm:nnnn { #2 } { #3 } { #4 } { #5 }
1299     \_draw_backend_cm:nnnn { 1 } { 0 } { 0 } { -1 }
1300     \_draw_backend_literal:n { neg~exch~neg~exch~translate }
1301     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1302     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
1303     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1304     \_draw_backend_literal:n { restore }
1305     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1306     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1307     \_draw_backend_literal:n { @beginspecial }
1308   }
1309 
```

(End definition for `\_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`.)

`1309 </dvips>`

## 4.2 Lua $\text{\TeX}$ , pdf $\text{\TeX}$ , dvipdfmx and X $\text{\TeX}$

Lua $\text{\TeX}$ , pdf $\text{\TeX}$ , dvipdfmx and X $\text{\TeX}$  directly produce PDF output and understand a shared set of specials for drawing commands.

`1310 <*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>`

### 4.2.1 Drawing

`\_draw_backend_literal:n` Pass data through using a dedicated interface.

```

\_draw_backend_literal:x
  1311 \cs_new_eq:NN \_draw_backend_literal:n \_kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n
  1312 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_draw_backend_literal:n { x }

(End definition for \_draw_backend_literal:n.)
```

`\_draw_backend_begin:` No special requirements here, so simply set up a drawing scope.

```

\_draw_backend_end:
  1313 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_begin:
  1314   { \_draw_backend_scope_begin: }
  1315 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_end:
  1316   { \_draw_backend_scope_end: }
```

(End definition for `\_draw_backend_begin:` and `\_draw_backend_end:..`)

```

\__draw_backend_scope_begin:
\__draw_backend_scope_end: Use the backend-level scope mechanisms.

1317 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_scope_begin: \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1318 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_scope_end: \__kernel_backend_scope_end:

(End definition for \__draw_backend_scope_begin: and \__draw_backend_scope_end.:)

\__draw_backend_moveto:nn Path creation operations all resolve directly to PDF primitive steps, with only the need
\__draw_backend_lineto:nn to convert to bp.
\__draw_backend_curveto:nmmmn
\__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn
1319 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
1320 {
1321     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1322     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ m }
1323 }
1324 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
1325 {
1326     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1327     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ 1 }
1328 }
1329 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_curveto:nmmmn #1#2#3#4#5#6
1330 {
1331     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1332     {
1333         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1334         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
1335         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#6} ~
1336         c
1337     }
1338 }
1339 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1340 {
1341     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1342     {
1343         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1344         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
1345         re
1346     }
1347 }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_moveto:nn and others.)

\__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
\__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
\g__draw_draw_eor_bool The even-odd rule here can be implemented as a simply switch.
1348 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
1349 { \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1350 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
1351 { \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1352 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool

(End definition for \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:, \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:, and \g__draw_draw_eor_bool.)

\__draw_backend_closepath:
\__draw_backend_stroke:
\__draw_backend_closestroke:
\__draw_backend_fill:
\__draw_backend_fillstroke:
\__draw_backend_clip:
\__draw_backend_discardpath: Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PDF operations.

1353 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closepath:
1354 { \__draw_backend_literal:n { h } }
1355 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_stroke:
```

```

1356 { __draw_backend_literal:n { S } }
1357 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_closestroke:
1358 { __draw_backend_literal:n { s } }
1359 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_fill:
1360 {
1361     __draw_backend_literal:x
1362     { f \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1363 }
1364 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_fillstroke:
1365 {
1366     __draw_backend_literal:x
1367     { B \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1368 }
1369 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_clip:
1370 {
1371     __draw_backend_literal:x
1372     { W \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1373 }
1374 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_discardpath:
1375 { __draw_backend_literal:n { n } }

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_closepath:` and others.)

Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PDF operations.

```

1376 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1377 {
1378     __draw_backend_literal:x
1379     [
1380         [
1381             \exp_args:Nf \use:n
1382             { \clist_map_function:nN {#1} __draw_backend_dash:n }
1383         ] ~
1384         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ d
1385     ]
1386 }
1387 \cs_new:Npn __draw_backend_dash:n #1
1388 { ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1389 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1390 {
1391     __draw_backend_literal:x
1392     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ w }
1393 }
1394 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1395 { __draw_backend_literal:x { #1 ~ M } }
1396 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_cap_but:
1397 { __draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ J } }
1398 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_cap_round:
1399 { __draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ J } }
1400 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1401 { __draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ J } }
1402 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_join_miter:
1403 { __draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ j } }
1404 \cs_new_protected:Npn __draw_backend_join_round:
1405 { __draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ j } }

```

```

1406 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1407   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ j } }

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

```

\__draw_backend_cm:nnnn
\__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn

```

Another split here between LuaTeX/pdfTeX and dvipdfmx/XeTeX. In the former, we have a direct method to maintain alignment: the backend can use a matrix itself. For dvipdfmx/XeTeX, we can decompose the matrix into rotations and a scaling, then use those operations as they are handled by the backend. (There is backend support for matrix operations in dvipdfmx/XeTeX, but as a matched pair so not suitable for the “stand alone” transformation set up here.) The specials used here are from xdvipdfmx originally: they are well-tested, but probably equivalent to the pdf: versions!

```

1408 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1409   {
1410   {*luatex | pdftex}
1411     \__kernel_backend_matrix:n { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 }
1412   {/luatex | pdftex}
1413   {*dvipdfmx | xetex}
1414     \__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4}
1415       \__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn
1416   {/dvipdfmx | xetex}
1417   }
1418   {*dvipdfmx | xetex}
1419 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1420   {
1421     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1422     {
1423       x:rotate~
1424         \fp_compare:nNnTF {#1} = \c_zero_fp
1425           { 0 }
1426           { \fp_eval:n { round ( -#1 , 5 ) } }
1427     }
1428     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1429     {
1430       x:scale~
1431         \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
1432           \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
1433     }
1434     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1435     {
1436       x:rotate~
1437         \fp_compare:nNnTF {#4} = \c_zero_fp
1438           { 0 }
1439           { \fp_eval:n { round ( -#4 , 5 ) } }
1440     }
1441   }
1442 {/dvipdfmx | xetex}

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_cm:nnnn` and `\__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn`.)

```

\__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnn
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN

```

Internally, transformations for drawing are tracked as a matrix. Not all engines provide a way of dealing with this: if we use a raw matrix, the engine loses track of positions (for example for hyperlinks), and this is not desirable. They do, however, allow us to

track rotations and scalings. Luckily, we can decompose any (two-dimensional) matrix into two rotations and a single scaling:

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta \\ -\sin \beta & \cos \beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_1 & 0 \\ 0 & w_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma \end{bmatrix}$$

The parent matrix can be converted to

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E & H \\ -H & E \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} F & G \\ G & -F \end{bmatrix}$$

From these, we can find that

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{w_1 + w_2}{2} &= \sqrt{E^2 + H^2} \\ \frac{w_1 - w_2}{2} &= \sqrt{F^2 + G^2} \\ \gamma - \beta &= \tan^{-1}(G/F) \\ \gamma + \beta &= \tan^{-1}(H/E) \end{aligned}$$

at which point we just have to do various pieces of re-arrangement to get all of the values. (See J. Blinn, *IEEE Comput. Graph. Appl.*, 1996, **16**, 82–88.) There is one wrinkle: the PostScript (and PDF) way of specifying a transformation matrix exchanges where one would normally expect  $B$  and  $C$  to be.

```

1443  /*dvipdfmx | xetex*/
1444  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1445  {
1446      \use:x
1447      {
1448          \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN
1449          { \fp_eval:n { (#1 + #4) / 2 } }
1450          { \fp_eval:n { (#1 - #4) / 2 } }
1451          { \fp_eval:n { (#3 + #2) / 2 } }
1452          { \fp_eval:n { (#3 - #2) / 2 } }
1453      }
1454      #5
1455  }
1456  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1457  {
1458      \use:x
1459      {
1460          \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN
1461          { \fp_eval:n { 2 * sqrt ( #1 * #1 + #4 * #4 ) } }
1462          { \fp_eval:n { 2 * sqrt ( #2 * #2 + #3 * #3 ) } }
1463          { \fp_eval:n { atan ( #3 , #2 ) } }
1464          { \fp_eval:n { atan ( #4 , #1 ) } }
1465      }
1466      #5
1467  }
1468  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1469  {
1470      \use:x
1471      {

```

```

1472     \_draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN
1473     { \fp_eval:n { ( #4 - #3 ) / 2 } }
1474     { \fp_eval:n { ( #1 + #2 ) / 2 } }
1475     { \fp_eval:n { ( #1 - #2 ) / 2 } }
1476     { \fp_eval:n { ( #4 + #3 ) / 2 } }
1477   }
1478   #5
1479 }
1480 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1481 {
1482   \fp_compare:nNnTF { abs( #2 ) } > { abs ( #3 ) }
1483   { #5 {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} }
1484   { #5 {#1} {#3} {#2} {#4} }
1485 }
1486 
```

(End definition for `\_draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN` and others.)

`\_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`

Inserting a TeX box transformed to the requested position and using the current matrix is done using a mixture of TeX and low-level manipulation. The offset can be handled by TeX, so only any rotation/skew/scaling component needs to be done using the matrix operation. As this operation can never be cached, the scope is set directly not using the `draw` version.

```

1487 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
1488 {
1489   \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1490   {*luatex | pdftex}
1491   \_draw_backend_cm:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
1492   
```

```

1493   
```

```

1494   \_kernel_backend_literal:n
1495   { pdf:btrans-matrix~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ #5 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
1496 
```

```

1497   
```

```

1498   \_hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
1499 
```

```

1500   
```

```

1501   \_kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:etrans }
1502 }
```

(End definition for `\_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`.)

1503

### 4.3 dvisvgm backend

1504

`\_draw_backend_literal:n`

`\_draw_backend_literal:x`

The same as the more general literal call.

```

1505 \cs_new_eq:NN \_draw_backend_literal:n \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
1506 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_draw_backend_literal:n { x }
```

(End definition for `\_draw_backend_literal:n`.)

\\_draw\_backend\_begin:  
\\_draw\_backend\_end:  
A drawing needs to be set up such that the co-ordinate system is translated. That is done inside a scope, which as described below

```

1507 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_begin:
1508 {
1509     \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1510     \_kernel_backend_scope:n { transform="translate({?x},{?y})~scale(1,-1)" }
1511 }
1512 \cs_new_eq:NN \_draw_backend_end: \_kernel_backend_scope_end:

```

(End definition for \\_draw\_backend\_begin: and \\_draw\_backend\_end:.)

\\_draw\_backend\_moveto:nn:  
\\_draw\_backend\_lineto:nn  
\\_draw\_backend\_rectangle:nnnn  
\\_draw\_backend\_curveto:nnnnnn  
\\_draw\_backend\_add\_to\_path:n  
\g\\_draw\_draw\_path\_tl

Once again, some work is needed to get path constructs correct. Rather than write the values as they are given, the entire path needs to be collected up before being output in one go. For that we use a dedicated storage routine, which adds spaces as required. Since paths should be fully expanded there is no need to worry about the internal x-type expansion.

```

1513 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
1514 {
1515     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1516     { M ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
1517 }
1518 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
1519 {
1520     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1521     { L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
1522 }
1523 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1524 {
1525     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1526     {
1527         M ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2}
1528         h ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#3} ~
1529         v ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#4} ~
1530         h ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { -#3 } ~
1531         Z
1532     }
1533 }
1534 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
1535 {
1536     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1537     {
1538         C ~
1539         \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} ~
1540         \dim_to_decimal:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#4} ~
1541         \dim_to_decimal:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#6}
1542     }
1543 }
1544 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n #1
1545 {
1546     \tl_gset:Nx \g\_draw_draw_path_tl
1547     {
1548         \g\_draw_draw_path_tl
1549         \tl_if_empty:NF \g\_draw_draw_path_tl { \c_space_tl }
1550         #1

```

```

1551     }
1552   }
1553 \tl_new:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl
(End definition for \__draw_backend_moveto:nn and others.)

```

\\_\_draw\_backend\_evenodd\_rule:

```

1554 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
1555   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { fill-rule="evenodd" } }
1556 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
1557   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { fill-rule="nonzero" } }

```

(End definition for \\_\_draw\_backend\_evenodd\_rule: and \\_\_draw\_backend\_nonzero\_rule:.)

\\_\_draw\_backend\_path:n  
\\_\_draw\_backend\_closepath:  
\\_\_draw\_backend\_stroke:  
\\_\_draw\_backend\_closestroke:  
\\_\_draw\_backend\_fill:  
\\_\_draw\_backend\_fillstroke:  
\\_\_draw\_backend\_clip:  
\\_\_draw\_backend\_discardpath:  
\g\_\_draw\_draw\_clip\_bool  
\g\_\_draw\_draw\_path\_int

The fill rules here have to be handled as scopes. This means setting up the various requirements in a shared auxiliary which deals with the bits and pieces. Clipping paths are reused for path drawing: not essential but avoids constructing them twice. Discarding a path needs a separate function as it's not quite the same.

```

1558 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closepath:
1559   { \__draw_backend_add_to_path:n { Z } }
1560 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_path:n #1
1561   {
1562     \bool_if:NTF \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1563     {
1564       \int_gincr:N \g__draw_clip_path_int
1565       \__draw_backend_literal:x
1566       {
1567         < clipPath~id = " 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int " >
1568         { ?nl }
1569         <path~d=" \g__draw_draw_path_tl "/> { ?nl }
1570         </clipPath > { ? nl }
1571         <
1572           use~xlink:href =
1573             "\c_hash_str 13path \int_use:N \g__draw_path_int " ~
1574             #1
1575           />
1576         }
1577       \__draw_backend_scope:x
1578       {
1579         clip-path =
1580           "url( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int )"
1581       }
1582     }
1583     {
1584       \__draw_backend_literal:x
1585       { <path ~ d=" \g__draw_draw_path_tl " ~ #1 /> }
1586     }
1587     \tl_gclear:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl
1588     \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1589   }
1590 \int_new:N \g__draw_path_int
1591 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_stroke:
1592   { \__draw_backend_path:n { style="fill:none" } }

```

```

1593 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closestroke:
1594 {
1595     \__draw_backend_closepath:
1596     \__draw_backend_stroke:
1597 }
1598 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fill:
1599 {
1600     \__draw_backend_path:n { style="stroke:none" } }
1601 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fillstroke:
1602 {
1603     \__draw_backend_path:n { } }
1604 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_clip:
1605 {
1606     \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1607     \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1608     \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_discardpath:
1609     {
1610         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1611         {
1612             \int_gincr:N \g__draw_clip_path_int
1613             \__draw_backend_literal:x
1614             {
1615                 < clipPath~id = " 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int " >
1616                 { ?nl }
1617                 <path~d=" \g__draw_draw_path_tl "/> { ?nl }
1618                 < /clipPath >
1619             }
1620             \__draw_backend_scope:x
1621             {
1622                 clip-path =
1623                 "url( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int)"
1624             }
1625         }
1626         \tl_gclear:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl
1627         \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1628     }
1629 }
```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_path:n` and others.)

All of these ideas are properties of scopes in SVG. The only slight complexity is converting the dash array properly (doing any required maths).

```

\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn
\__draw_backend_dash:n:n
\__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn
\__draw_backend_linewidth:n
\__draw_backend_miterlimit:n
\__draw_backend_cap_but:
\__draw_backend_cap_round:
    \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
\__draw_backend_join_miter:
\__draw_backend_join_round:
\__draw_backend_join_bevel:
```

```

1626 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1627 {
1628     \use:x
1629     {
1630         \__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn
1631         {
1632             \clist_map_function:nn {#1} \__draw_backend_dash:n
1633             {
1634                 \dim_to_decimal:n {#2}
1635             }
1636         }
1637         \cs_new:Npn \__draw_backend_dash:n #1
1638         {
1639             \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1}
1640         }
1641         \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn #1#2
1642         {
1643             \__draw_backend_scope:x
1644             {
1645                 stroke-dasharray =
```

```

1642 "
1643     \tl_if_empty:oTF { \use_none:n #1 }
1644     { none }
1645     { \use_none:n #1 }
1646     "
1647     ~
1648     stroke-offset="#" #2 "
1649 }
1650 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1651     { \__draw_backend_scope:x { stroke-width=" \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} " } }
1652 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1653     { \__draw_backend_scope:x { stroke-miterlimit="#" #1 " } }
1654 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_but:
1655     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="butt" } }
1656 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_round:
1657     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="round" } }
1658 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1659     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="square" } }
1660 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_miter:
1661     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="miter" } }
1662 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_round:
1663     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="round" } }
1664 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1665     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="bevel" } }

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

### `\__draw_backend_cm:nnnn`

The four arguments here are floats (the affine matrix), the last two are a displacement vector.

```

1666 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1667     {
1668     \__draw_backend_scope:n
1669     {
1670     transform =
1671     " matrix ( #1 , #2 , #3 , #4 , Opt , Opt ) "
1672     }
1673 }

```

(End definition for `\__draw_backend_cm:nnnn`.)

### `\__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`

No special savings can be made here: simply displace the box inside a scope. As there is nothing to re-box, just make the box passed of zero size.

```

1674 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6#7
1675     {
1676     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1677     \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
1678     \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
1679     {
1680     < g~
1681     stroke="none"~
1682     transform="scale(-1,1)~translate({?x},{?y})~scale(-1,-1)"
1683     >
1684     }
1685 \box_set_wd:Nn #1 { Opt }

```

```

1686      \box_set_ht:Nn #1 { Opt }
1687      \box_set_dp:Nn #1 { Opt }
1688      \box_use:N #1
1689      \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { </g> }
1690      \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
1691  }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn.)
```

1692 ⟨/dvisvgm⟩  
 1693 ⟨/package⟩

## 5 I3backend-graphics Implementation

```

1694  {*package}
1695  <@=graphics>
```

### 5.1 dvips backend

```

1696  {*dvips}
```

\\_\_graphics\_backend\_getbb\_eps:n Simply use the generic function.

```

1697 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
(End definition for \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n.)
```

\\_\_graphics\_backend\_include\_eps:n The special syntax is relatively clear here: remember we need PostScript sizes here.

```

1698 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #
1699  {
1700      \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1701      {
1702          PSfile = #1 \c_space_tl
1703          llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1704          lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1705          urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1706          ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim
1707      }
1708  }
```

(End definition for \\_\_graphics\_backend\_include\_eps:n.)

```

1709 ⟨/dvips⟩
```

### 5.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

```

1710  {*luatex | pdftex}
```

\l\_graphics\_graphics\_attr\_t1 In PDF mode, additional attributes of an graphic (such as page number) are needed both to obtain the bounding box and when inserting the graphic: this occurs as the graphic dictionary approach means they are read as part of the bounding box operation. As such, it is easier to track additional attributes using a dedicated t1 rather than build up the same data twice.

```

1711 \tl_new:N \l__graphics_graphics_attr_t1
```

(End definition for \l\_\_graphics\_graphics\_attr\_t1.)

```
\__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
\__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n
\__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n
\__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n
\__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n
```

Getting the bounding box here requires us to box up the graphic and measure it. To deal with the difference in feature support in bitmap and vector graphics but keeping the common parts, there is a little work to do in terms of auxiliaries. The key here is to notice that we need two forms of the attributes: a “short” set to allow us to track for caching, and the full form to pass to the primitive.

```
1712 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1713 {
1714   \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1715   \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1716   \tl_set:Nx \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1717   {
1718     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1719     { :D \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1720     \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1721     { :I }
1722   }
1723   \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1724   \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n {#1}
1725 }
1726 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1727 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1728 {
1729   \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1730   \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1731   \tl_set:Nx \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1732   {
1733     : \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1734     \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1735     { :P \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1736   }
1737   \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n {#1}
1738 }
1739 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n #1
1740 {
1741   \graphics_bb_restore:xF { #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl }
1742   { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n {#1} }
1743 }
```

Measuring the graphic is done by boxing up: for PDF graphics we could use `\tex_pdximagebbox:D`, but if doesn’t work for other types. As the box always starts at (0, 0) there is no need to worry about the lower-left position.

```
1744 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n #1
1745 {
1746   \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdximage:D
1747   \bool_lazy_or:nnT
1748   { \l_graphics_interpolate_bool }
1749   { ! \tl_if_empty_p:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1750   {
1751     attr ~
1752   {
1753     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1754     { /Decode~[ \l_graphics_decodearray_tl ] }
1755     \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1756     { /Interpolate~true }
```

```

1757     }
1758   }
1759   \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 0
1760     { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1761   \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1762     { \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1763     {#1}
1764   \hbox_set:Nn \l_graphics_internal_box
1765     { \tex_pdfrefximage:D \tex_pdflastximage:D }
1766   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_urx_dim { \box_wd:N \l_graphics_internal_box }
1767   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_ury_dim { \box_ht:N \l_graphics_internal_box }
1768   \int_const:cn { c_graphics_graphics_ #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl _int }
1769     { \tex_the:D \tex_pdflastximage:D }
1770   \graphics_bb_save:x { #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl }
1771 }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n and others.)

```

\\_\_graphics\_backend\_include\_jpg:n  
\\_\_graphics\_backend\_include\_pdf:n  
\\_\_graphics\_backend\_include\_png:n

Images are already loaded for the measurement part of the code, so inclusion is straightforward, with only any attributes to worry about. The latter carry through from determination of the bounding box.

```

1772 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n #1
1773   {
1774     \tex_pdfrefximage:D
1775       \int_use:c { c_graphics_graphics_ #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl _int }
1776   }
1777 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
1778 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_png:n \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n, \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n, and
\__graphics_backend_include_png:n.)

```

EPS graphics may be included in  $\text{\LaTeX}/\text{pdf}\text{\TeX}$  by conversion to PDF: this requires restricted shell escape. Modelled on the `epstopdf`  $\text{\LaTeX} 2\epsilon$  package, but simplified, conversion takes place here if we have shell access.

```

1779 \sys_if_shell:T
1780   {
1781     \str_new:N \l_graphics_backend_dir_str
1782     \str_new:N \l_graphics_backend_name_str
1783     \str_new:N \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1784     \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n #1
1785     {
1786       \file_parse_full_name:nNNN {#1}
1787         \l_graphics_backend_dir_str
1788         \l_graphics_backend_name_str
1789         \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1790       \exp_args:Nx \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn
1791         {
1792           \l_graphics_backend_name_str - \str_tail:N \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1793             -converted-to.pdf
1794         }
1795       {#1}
1796     }
1797   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn #1#2

```

```

1798    {
1799      \file_compare_timestamp:nNnT {#2} > {#1}
1800      {
1801        \sys_shell_now:n
1802          { repstopdf ~ #2 ~ #1 }
1803      }
1804      \tl_set:Nn \l_graphics_name_tl {#1}
1805      \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n {#1}
1806    }
1807    \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1808    {
1809      \file_parse_full_name:nNNN {#1}
1810      \l__graphics_backend_dir_str \l__graphics_backend_name_str \l__graphics_backend_ex
1811      \exp_args:Nx \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n
1812      {
1813        \l__graphics_backend_name_str - \str_tail:N \l__graphics_backend_ext_str
1814        -converted-to.pdf
1815      }
1816    }
1817  }
1818 </luatex | pdftex>

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n and others.)

```

### 5.3 dvipdfmx backend

```
1819 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>
```

Simply use the generic functions: only for dvipdfmx in the extraction cases.

```

1820 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
1821 <*dvipdfmx>
1822 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1823 {
1824   \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1825   \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1826   \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1827 }
1828 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1829 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1830 {
1831   \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1832   \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1833   \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1834 }
1835 </dvipdfmx>
```

*(End definition for \\_\_graphics\_backend\_getbb\_eps:n and others.)*

\g\_graphics\_track\_int Used to track the object number associated with each graphic.

```
1836 \int_new:N \g_graphics_track_int
```

*(End definition for \g\_graphics\_track\_int.)*

```
\__graphics_backend_include_eps:n
\__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
\__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n
\__graphics_backend_include_png:n
\__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn
\__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn
\__graphics_backend_include_auxii:xnn
\__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:nnn
```

The special syntax depends on the file type. There is a difference in how PDF graphics are best handled between dvipdfmx and X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X: for the latter it is better to use the primitive route. The relevant code for that is included later in this file.

```
1837 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1838   {
1839     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1840     {
1841       PSfile = #1 \c_space_tl
1842       llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1843       lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1844       urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1845       ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim
1846     }
1847   }
1848 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n #1
1849   { \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn {#1} { image } }
1850 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_png:n \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
1851 {*dvipdfmx}
1852 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1853   { \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn {#1} { epdf } }
1854 //dvipdfmx
```

Graphic inclusion is set up to use the fact that each image is stored in the PDF as an XObject. This means that we can include repeated images only once and refer to them. To allow that, track the nature of each image: much the same as for the direct PDF mode case.

```
1855 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn #1#2
1856   {
1857     \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:xnn
1858     {
1859       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1860       { : \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1861       \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1862       { :P \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1863       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1864       { :D \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1865       \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1866       { :I }
1867     }
1868     {#1} {#2}
1869   }
1870 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn #1#2#3
1871   {
1872     \int_if_exist:cTF { c__graphics_graphics_ #2#1 _int }
1873     {
1874       \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1875       { pdf:usexobj~@graphic \int_use:c { c__graphics_graphics_ #2#1 _int } }
1876     }
1877     { \__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:nnn {#2} {#1} {#3} }
1878   }
1879 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn { x }
```

Inclusion using the specials is relatively straight-forward, but there is one wrinkle. To get the pagebox correct for PDF graphics in all cases, it is necessary to provide both

that information and the `bbox` argument: odd things happen otherwise!

```

1880 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:n { #1#2#3
1881   {
1882     \int_gincr:N \g__graphics_track_int
1883     \int_const:cn { c__graphics_graphics_ } { \g__graphics_track_int }
1884     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1885     {
1886       pdf:#3~
1887       @graphic \int_use:c { c__graphics_graphics_ } ~
1888       \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1889       { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int \c_space_tl }
1890       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1891       {
1892         pagebox ~ \l_graphics_pagebox_tl \c_space_tl
1893         bbox ~
1894           \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1895           \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1896           \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1897           \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim \c_space_tl
1898       }
1899     (#1)
1900     \bool_lazy_or:nNt
1901     { \l_graphics_interpolate_bool }
1902     { ! \tl_if_empty_p:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1903     {
1904       <<
1905         \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1906         { /Decode~[ \l_graphics_decodearray_tl ] }
1907         \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1908         { /Interpolate~true> }
1909       >>
1910     }
1911   }
1912 }
```

(End definition for `\__graphics_backend_include_eps:n` and others.)

1913 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

## 5.4 X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X backend

1914 ⟨\*xetex⟩

### 5.4.1 Images

For X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X, there are two primitives that allow us to obtain the bounding box without needing `extractbb`. The only complexity is passing the various minor variations to a common core process. The X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X primitive omits the text box from the page box specification, so there is also some “trimming” to do here.

```

1915 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n { #1
1916   {
1917     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1918     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1919     \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN {#1} \tex_XeTeXpicfile:D
1920   }
```

```

1921 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1922 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1923 {
1924   \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1925   \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1926   \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN {#1} \tex_XeTeXpdffile:D
1927 }
1928 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN #1#2
1929 {
1930   \int_compare:nNnTF \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1931     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:VnN \l_graphics_page_int {#1} #2 }
1932     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn {#1} #2 { :P 1 } { page 1 } }
1933 }
1934 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:nnN #1#2#3
1935   { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn {#2} #3 { :P #1 } { page #1 } }
1936 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:nnN { V }
1937 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn #1#2#3#4
1938 {
1939   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1940     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:VnNnn \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1941     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn
1942       {#1} #2 {#3} {#4}
1943     }
1944 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:nnNnn #1#2#3#4#5
1945 {
1946   \use:x
1947   {
1948     \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn {#2} #3 { : #1 #4 }
1949     { #5 ~ \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w #1 }
1950   }
1951 }
1952 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:nnNnn { V }
1953 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn #1#2#3#4
1954 {
1955   \graphics_bb_restore:nF {#1#3}
1956   { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxvi:nNnn {#1} #2 {#3} {#4} }
1957 }
1958 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxvi:nNnn #1#2#3#4
1959 {
1960   \hbox_set:Nn \l__graphics_internal_box { #2 #1 ~ #4 }
1961   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_urx_dim { \box_wd:N \l__graphics_internal_box }
1962   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_ury_dim { \box_ht:N \l__graphics_internal_box }
1963   \graphics_bb_save:n {#1#3}
1964 }
1965 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w #1 box {#1}

```

(End definition for `\__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n` and others.)

For PDF graphics, properly supporting the `pagebox` concept in X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X is best done using the `\tex_XeTeXpdffile:D` primitive. The syntax here is the same as for the graphic measurement part, although we know at this stage that there must be some valid setting for `\l_graphics_pagebox_tl`.

```

1966 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1967 {

```

```

1968   \tex_XeTeXpdffile:D
1969     \__graphics_backend_include_pdf_quote:w #1 "#1" \s__graphics_stop \c_space_tl
1970     \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 0
1971       { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int \c_space_tl }
1972       \exp_after:wN \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1973   }
1974 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf_quote:w #1 " #2 " #3 \s__graphics_stop
1975   { " #2 " }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n and \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap-
quote:w.)

1976 
```

## 5.5 dvisvgm backend

```
1977 
```

Simply use the generic function.

```

1978 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
1979 
```

(End definition for \\_\_graphics\_backend\_getbb\_eps:n.)

These can be included by extracting the bounding box data.

```

1980 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1981   {
1982     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1983     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1984     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1985   }
1986 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1987 
```

(End definition for \\_\_graphics\_backend\_getbb\_png:n and \\_\_graphics\_backend\_getbb\_jpg:n.)

\\_\_graphics\_backend\_getbb\_pdf:n

Same as for dvipdfmx: use the generic function

```

1988 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1989   {
1990     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1991     \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1992     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1993   }
1994 
```

(End definition for \\_\_graphics\_backend\_getbb\_pdf:n.)

\\_\_graphics\_backend\_include\_eps:n  
\\_\_graphics\_backend\_include\_pdf:n

The special syntax is relatively clear here: remember we need PostScript sizes here. (This is the same as the dvips code.)

```

1992 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1993   { __graphics_backend_include:nn { PSfile } {#1} }
1994 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1995   { __graphics_backend_include:nn { pdffile } {#1} }
1996 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include:nn #1#2
1997   {
1998     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1999     {
2000       #1 = #2 \c_space_tl
2001       llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
2002     }
2003   }
2004 
```

```

2002     lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
2003     urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
2004     ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim
2005   }
2006 }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n, \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n, and
\__graphics_backend_include:nn.)
```

The backend here has built-in support for basic graphic inclusion (see `dvisvgm.def` for a more complex approach, needed if clipping, *etc.*, is covered at the graphic backend level). The only issue is that #1 must be quote-corrected. The `dvisvgm:img` operation quotes the file name, but if it is already quoted (contains spaces) then we have an issue: we simply strip off any quotes as a result.

```

2007 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_png:n #1
2008   {
2009     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
2010     {
2011       dvisvgm:img~
2012       \dim_to_decimal:n { \l_graphics_ury_dim } ~
2013       \dim_to_decimal:n { \l_graphics_ury_dim } ~
2014       \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w #1 " #1 " \s__graphics_stop
2015     }
2016   }
2017 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n \__graphics_backend_include_png:n
2018 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w #1 " #2 " #3 \s__graphics_stop
2019   { " #2 " }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_png:n, \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n, and
\__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w.)
```

2020

2021

## 6 I3backend-pdf Implementation

```

2022 {*package}
2023 (@@=pdf)
```

Setting up PDF resources is a complex area with only limited documentation in the engine manuals. The following code builds heavily on existing ideas from `hyperref` work by Sebastian Rahtz and Heiko Oberdiek, and significant contributions by Alexander Grahn, in addition to the specific code referenced at various points.

### 6.1 Shared code

A very small number of items that belong at the backend level but which are common to all backends.

```

\l__pdf_internal_box
2024 \box_new:N \l__pdf_internal_box

(End definition for \l__pdf_internal_box.)
```

## 6.2 dvips backend

2025 `(*dvips)`

Used often enough it should be a separate function.

```
2026 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n #1
2027   { \_kernel_backend_postscript:n { mark #1 ~ pdfmark } }
2028 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { x }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n`.)

### 6.2.1 Catalogue entries

`\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn`

```
2029 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
2030   { \_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { { Catalog } << /#1 ~ #2 >> /PUT } }
2031 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2
2032   { \_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /#1 ~ #2 /DOCINFO } }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`.)

### 6.2.2 Objects

For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```
2033 \int_new:N \g_pdf_backend_object_int
2034 \prop_new:N \g_pdf_backend_object_prop
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_object_int` and `\g_pdf_backend_object_prop`.)

Tracking objects is similar to dvipdfmx.

```
2035 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2
2036   {
2037     \int_gincr:N \g_pdf_backend_object_int
2038     \int_const:cn
2039       { c_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2040       { \g_pdf_backend_object_int }
2041     \prop_gput:Nnn \g_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} {#2}
2042   }
2043 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1
2044   { \pdf.obj \int_use:c { c_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } } }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and `\_pdf_backend_object_ref:n`.)

This is where we choose the actual type: some work to get things right.

```
2045 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2
2046   {
2047     \_pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2048     {
2049       /objdef ~ \_pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#1}
2050       /type
2051       \str_case_e:nn
2052         { \prop_item:Nn \g_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} }
2053         {
2054           { array } { /array }
2055           { dict } { /dict }
```

```

2056     { fstream } { /stream }
2057     { stream } { /stream }
2058   }
2059   /OBJ
2060 }
2061 \use:c
2062   { __pdf_backend_object_write_ \prop_item:Nn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} :nn }
2063   { __pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#1} } {#2}
2064 }
2065 \cs_generate_variant:Nn __pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
2066 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_array:nn #1#2
2067 {
2068   __pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2069   { #1 ~0~ [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] ~ /PUTINTERVAL }
2070 }
2071 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_dict:nn #1#2
2072 {
2073   __pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2074   { #1 << \exp_not:n {#2} >> /PUT }
2075 }
2076 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nn #1#2
2077 {
2078   \exp_args:Nx
2079   __pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nnn {#1} #2
2080 }
2081 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nnn #1#2#3
2082 {
2083   __kernel_backend_postscript:n
2084 {
2085     SDict ~ begin ~
2086     mark ~ #1 ~ << #2 >> /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
2087     mark ~ #1 ~ ( #3 )~ ( r )~ file ~ /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
2088     end
2089   }
2090 }
2091 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nn #1#2
2092 {
2093   \exp_args:Nx
2094   __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnn {#1} #2
2095 }
2096 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnn #1#2#3
2097 {
2098   __kernel_backend_postscript:n
2099 {
2100     mark ~ #1 ~ ( #3 ) /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
2101     mark ~ #1 ~ << #2 >> /PUT ~ pdfmark
2102   }
2103 }

```

(End definition for \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write:nn and others.)

\_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_now:nn  
\_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_now:nx

No anonymous objects, so things are done manually.

```

2104 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2105 {

```

```

2106   \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2107   \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2108   {
2109     /_objdef ~ { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int }
2110     /type
2111     \str_case:nn
2112       {#1}
2113       {
2114         { array } { /array }
2115         { dict } { /dict }
2116         { fstream } { /stream }
2117         { stream } { /stream }
2118       }
2119     /OBJ
2120   }
2121   \exp_args:Nnx \use:c { _pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2122   { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int } } {#2}
2123 }
2124 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn.)

```

\\_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_last: Much like the annotation version.

```

2125 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_last:
2126   { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int } }

```

(End definition for \\_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_last:.)

\\_\_pdf\_backend\_pageobject\_ref:n Page references are easy in dvips.

```

2127 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2128   { { Page #1 } }

```

(End definition for \\_\_pdf\_backend\_pageobject\_ref:n.)

### 6.2.3 Annotations

In dvips, annotations have to be constructed manually. As such, we need the object code above for some definitions.

\l\_\_pdf\_backend\_content\_box The content of an annotation.

```

2129 \box_new:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box

```

(End definition for \l\_\_pdf\_backend\_content\_box.)

\l\_\_pdf\_backend\_model\_box For creating model sizing for links.

```

2130 \box_new:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box

```

(End definition for \l\_\_pdf\_backend\_model\_box.)

\g\_\_pdf\_backend\_annotation\_int Needed as objects which are not annotations could be created.

```

2131 \int_new:N \g__pdf_backend_annotation_int

```

(End definition for \g\_\_pdf\_backend\_annotation\_int.)

\\_\\_pdf\\_backend\\_annotation:nnnn Annotations are objects, but we track them separately. Notably, they are not in the object data lists. Here, to get the co-ordinates of the annotation, we need to have the data collected at the PostScript level. That requires a bit of box trickery (effectively a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2 <sub>$\varepsilon$</sub>  picture of zero size). Once the data is collected, use it to set up the annotation border.

```

2132 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2133 {
2134     \exp_args:Nf \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn
2135     { \dim_eval:n {#1} } {#2} {#3} {#4}
2136 }
2137 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2138 {
2139     \box_move_down:nn {#3}
2140     { \hbox:n { \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ll } } }
2141     \box_move_up:nn {#2}
2142     {
2143         \hbox:n
2144         {
2145             \_\_kernel_kern:n {#1}
2146             \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ur }
2147             \_\_kernel_kern:n { -#1 }
2148         }
2149     }
2150     \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2151     \int_gset_eq:NN \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2152     \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2153     {
2154         /_objdef { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int }
2155         pdf.rect
2156         #4 ~
2157         /ANN
2158     }
2159 }
```

(End definition for \\_\\_pdf\\_backend\\_annotation:nnnn.)

\\_\\_pdf\_backend\_annotation\_last: Provide the last annotation we created: could get tricky of course if other packages are loaded.

```

2160 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2161     { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int } }
```

(End definition for \\_\\_pdf\\_backend\\_annotation\\_last:.)

\g\_\\_pdf\_backend\_link\_int To track annotations which are links.

```

2162 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_link_int
```

(End definition for \g\_\\_pdf\\_backend\\_link\\_int.)

\g\_\\_pdf\_backend\_link\_dict\_tl To pass information to the end-of-link function.

```

2163 \tl_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_link_dict_tl
```

(End definition for \g\_\\_pdf\\_backend\\_link\\_dict\\_tl.)

\g\_\\_pdf\_backend\_link\_sf\_int Needed to save/restore space factor, which is needed to deal with the face we need a box.

```

2164 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_link_sf_int
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_sf_int.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool` Needed to save/restore math mode.  
`2165 \bool_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool`  
(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_bool` Track link formation: we cannot nest at all.  
`2166 \bool_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_bool`  
(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_bool.`)

`\l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl` Swappable content for link breaking.  
`2167 \tl_new:N \l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl`  
`2168 \tl_set:Nn \l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl { pdfmark }`  
(End definition for `\l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl.`)

`\_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n` To allow dropping material unless link breaking is active.  
`2169 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n #1 { }`  
(End definition for `\_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n.`)

`\_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N` Swappable box unpacking or use.  
`2170 \cs_new_eq:NN \_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \box_use:N`  
(End definition for `\_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N.`)

`\_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw` Links are created like annotations but with dedicated code to allow for adjusting the size of the rectangle. In contrast to `hyperref`, we grab the link content as a box which can then unbox: this allows the same interface as for `pdftEX`.  
`\_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw`  
`\_pdf_backend_link:nw`  
`\_pdf_backend_link_aux:nw` Taking the idea of `evenboxes` from `hypdvips`, we implement a minimum box height and depth for link placement. This means that “underlining” with a hyperlink will generally give an even appearance. However, to ensure that the full content is always above the link border, we do not allow this to be negative (contrast `hypdvips` approach). The result should be similar to `pdftEX` in the vast majority of foreseeable cases.  
`\_pdf_backend_link_end:nw`  
`\_pdf_backend_link_end_aux:`  
`\_pdf_backend_link_minima:`  
`\_pdf_backend_link_outerbox:nw`  
`\_pdf_backend_link_sf_save:` The object number for a link is saved separately from the rest of the dictionary as this allows us to insert it just once, at either an unbroken link or only in the first line of a broken one. That makes the code clearer but also avoids a low-level PostScript error with the code as taken from `hypdvips`.  
`\_pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:` Getting the outer dimensions of the text area may be better using a two-pass approach and `\tex_savepos:D`. That plus format mode are still to re-examine.  
`pdf.linkdp.pad`  
`pdf.linkht.pad`  
`pdf.llx`  
`pdf.lly`  
`pdf.ury`  
`pdf.link.dict`  
`pdf.outerbox`  
`pdf.baselineskip`  
`2171 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw #1#2`  
`2172 { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nw { #1 /Subtype /Link /A << /S /GoTo /D ( #2 ) >> } }`  
`2173 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw #1#2`  
`2174 { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nw {#1#2} }`  
`2175 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nw #1`  
`2176 {`  
`2177 \bool_if:NF \g_pdf_backend_link_bool`  
`2178 { \_pdf_backend_link_begin_aux:nw {#1} }`  
`2179 }`  
`2180 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_aux:nw #1`  
`2181 {`  
`2182 \bool_gset_true:N \g_pdf_backend_link_bool`

```

2183 \__kernel_backend_postscrip:t
2184   { /pdf.link.dict ( #1 ) def }
2185 \tl_gset:Nn \g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl {#1}
2186 \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2187 \mode_if_math:TF
2188   { \bool_gset_true:N \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool }
2189   { \bool_gset_false:N \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool }
2190 \hbox_set:Nw \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2191   \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2192   \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool
2193     { \c_math_toggle_token }
2194   }
2195 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_end:
2196   {
2197     \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2198       { \__pdf_backend_link_end_aux: }
2199   }
2200 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_end_aux:
2201   {
2202     \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool
2203       { \c_math_toggle_token }
2204     \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2205 \hbox_set_end:
2206 \__pdf_backend_link_minima:
2207 \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_backend_model_box { Gg }
2208 \exp_args:Nx \__pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n
2209   {
2210     \int_if_odd:nTF { \value { page } }
2211       { \oddsidemargin }
2212       { \evensidemargin }
2213   }
2214 \box_move_down:nn { \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box }
2215   { \hbox:n { \__kernel_backend_postscrip:t { pdf.save.linkll } } }
2216 \__pdf_breaklink_postscrip:t:n { pdf.bordertracking.begin }
2217 \__pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2218 \__pdf_breaklink_postscrip:t:n { pdf.bordertracking.end }
2219 \box_move_up:nn { \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box }
2220   {
2221     \hbox:n
2222       { \__kernel_backend_postscrip:t { pdf.save.linkur } }
2223   }
2224 \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2225 \int_gset_eq:NN \g__pdf_backend_link_int \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2226 \__kernel_backend_postscrip:t:x
2227   {
2228     mark
2229     /_objdef { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_link_int }
2230     \g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl \c_space_tl
2231     pdf.rect
2232     /ANN ~ \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl
2233   }
2234 \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2235 \bool_gset_false:N \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2236 }

```

```

2237 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_minima:
2238 {
2239     \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_backend_model_box { Gg }
2240     \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2241     {
2242         /pdf.linkdp.pad ~
2243         \dim_to_decimal:n
2244         {
2245             \dim_max:nn
2246             {
2247                 \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box
2248                 - \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2249             }
2250             { Opt }
2251         } ~
2252         pdf.pt.dvi ~ def
2253         /pdf.linkht.pad ~
2254         \dim_to_decimal:n
2255         {
2256             \dim_max:nn
2257             {
2258                 \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box
2259                 - \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2260             }
2261             { Opt }
2262         } ~
2263         pdf.pt.dvi ~ def
2264     }
2265 }
2266 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n #1
2267 {
2268     \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2269     {
2270         /pdf.outerbox
2271         [
2272             \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~
2273             \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box } ~
2274             \dim_to_decimal:n { #1 + \textwidth } ~
2275             \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box }
2276         ]
2277         [ exch { pdf.pt.dvi } forall ] def
2278         /pdf.baselineskip ~
2279         \dim_to_decimal:n { \tex_baselineskip:D } ~ dup ~ 0 ~ gt
2280             { pdf.pt.dvi ~ def }
2281             { pop ~ pop }
2282         ifelse
2283     }
2284 }
2285 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2286 {
2287     \int_gset:Nn \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int
2288     {
2289         \mode_if_horizontal:TF
2290             { \tex_spacefactor:D }

```

```

2291         { 0 }
2292     }
2293 }
2294 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2295 {
2296     \mode_if_horizontal:T
2297     {
2298         \int_compare:nNnT \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int > { 0 }
2299         { \int_set_eq:NN \tex_spacefactor:D \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int }
2300     }
2301 }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`\@makecol@hook` Hooks to allow link breaking: something will be needed in format mode at some stage. At present this code is disabled as there is an open question about the name of the hook: to be resolved at the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>E</sub> end.

```

2302 \use_none:n
2303 {
2304     \cs_if_exist:NT \@makecol@hook
2305     {
2306         \tl_put_right:Nn \@makecol@hook
2307         {
2308             \box_if_empty:NF \ccclv
2309             {
2310                 \vbox_set:Nn \ccclv
2311                 {
2312                     \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2313                     {
2314                         pdf.globaldict /pdf.brokenlink.rect ~ known
2315                         { pdf.bordertracking.continue }
2316                         if
2317                     }
2318                     \vbox_unpack_drop:N \ccclv
2319                     \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2320                     { pdf.bordertracking.endpage }
2321                 }
2322             }
2323         }
2324         \tl_set:Nn \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl { pdf.pdfmark }
2325         \cs_set_eq:NN \__pdf_breaklink_postscript:n \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2326         \cs_set_eq:NN \__pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \hbox_unpack:N
2327     }
2328 }

```

(End definition for `\@makecol@hook`. This function is documented on page ??.)

`\__pdf_backend_link_last:` The same as annotations, but with a custom integer.

```

2329 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_last:
2330     { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_link_int } }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_link_last:..`)

```

\__pdf_backend_link_margin:n Convert to big points and pass to PostScript.

2331 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1
2332 {
2333   \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2334   {
2335     /pdf.linkmargin { \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ pdf.pt.dvi } def
2336   }
2337 }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_link_margin:n.)
```

\\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nn  
\\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nnnn  
\\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination\_aux:nnnn

Here, we need to turn the zoom into a scale. We also need to know where the current anchor point actually is: worked out in PostScript. For the rectangle version, we have a bit more PostScript: we need two points. fitr without rule spec doesn't work, so it falls back to /Fit here.

```

2338 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2339 {
2340   \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.dest.anchor }
2341   \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2342   {
2343     /View
2344     [
2345       \str_case:nnF {#2}
2346       {
2347         { xyz } { /XYZ ~ pdf.dest.point ~ null }
2348         { fit } { /Fit }
2349         { fitb } { /FitB }
2350         { fitbh } { /FitBH ~ pdf.dest.y }
2351         { fitbv } { /FitBV ~ pdf.dest.x }
2352         { fith } { /FitH ~ pdf.dest.y }
2353         { fitv } { /FitV ~ pdf.dest.x }
2354         { fitr } { /Fit }
2355       }
2356       {
2357         /XYZ ~ pdf.dest.point ~ \fp_eval:n { (#2) / 100 }
2358       }
2359     ]
2360     /Dest ( \exp_not:n {#1} ) cvn
2361     /DEST
2362   }
2363 }
2364 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_destination:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2365 {
2366   \exp_args:Ne \__pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn
2367   { \dim_eval:n {#2} } {#1} {#3} {#4}
2368 }
2369 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2370 {
2371   \vbox_to_zero:n
2372   {
2373     \__kernel_kern:n {#4}
2374     \hbox:n { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ll } }
2375     \tex_vss:D
2376   }
}
```

```

2377   \_kernel_kern:n {#1}
2378   \vbox_to_zero:n
2379   {
2380     \_kernel_kern:n { -#3 }
2381     \hbox:n { \_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ur } }
2382     \tex_vss:D
2383   }
2384   \_kernel_kern:n { -#1 }
2385   \_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n
2386   {
2387     /View
2388     [
2389       /FitR ~
2390         pdf.llx ~ pdf.lly ~ pdf.dest2device ~
2391         pdf.urx ~ pdf.ury ~ pdf.dest2device
2392     ]
2393     /Dest ( #2 ) cvn
2394     /DEST
2395   }
2396 }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_destination:nn`, `\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn`, and `\_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn`.)

#### 6.2.4 Structure

Doable for the usual `ps2pdf` method.

```

\pdf_backend_compresslevel:n
\pdf_backend_compress_objects:n
2397 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2398   {
2399     \int_compare:nNnT {#1} = 0
2400     {
2401       \_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
2402       {
2403         /setdistillerparams ~ where
2404           { pop << /CompressPages ~ false >> setdistillerparams }
2405         if
2406       }
2407     }
2408   }
2409 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2410   {
2411     \bool_if:nF {#1}
2412     {
2413       \_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
2414       {
2415         /setdistillerparams ~ where
2416           { pop << /CompressStreams ~ false >> setdistillerparams }
2417         if
2418       }
2419     }
2420 }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `\_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

```
\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_major\_gset:n Data not available!
\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_minor\_gset:n
2421 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1 { }
2422 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1 { }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n and \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n.)
```

```
\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_major: Data not available!
\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_minor:
2423 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: { -1 }
2424 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor: { -1 }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: and \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor:.)
```

### 6.2.5 Marked content

```
\_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn Simple wrappers.
\_\_pdf_backend_emc:
2425 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2426 { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /#1 ~ #2 /BDC } }
2427 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_emc:
2428 { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /EMC } }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn and \_\_pdf_backend_emc:.)

2429 </dvips>
```

## 6.3 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backend

```
2430 {*luatex | pdftex}
```

### 6.3.1 Annotations

```
\_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn Simply pass the raw data through, just dealing with evaluation of dimensions.
2431 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2432 {
2433 {*luatex}
2434 \tex_pdfextension:D annot ~
2435 </luatex>
2436 {*pdftex}
2437 \tex_pdfannot:D
2438 </pdftex>
2439 width ~ \dim_eval:n {#1} ~
2440 height ~ \dim_eval:n {#2} ~
2441 depth ~ \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2442 {#4}
2443 }
```

(End definition for \\_\\_pdf\_backend\_annotation:nnnn.)

```
\_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last: A tiny amount of extra data gets added here; we use x-type expansion to get the space in the right place and form. The “extra” space in the LuaTeX version is required as it is consumed in finding the end of the keyword.
```

```
2444 \cs_new:Npx \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2445 {
2446 \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2447 {*luatex}
2448 \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastannot ~
```

```

2449 </luatex>
2450 <*pdftex>
2451     \exp_not:N \tex_pdflastannot:D
2452 </pdftex>
2453     \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2454 }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_annotation_last`.)

`\_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw`

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_link\_begin\_user:nw
  \_\_pdf\_backend\_link\_begin:nnw
    \_\_pdf\_backend\_link\_end:
\_\_pdf\_backend\_link\_end:

2455 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw #1#2
2456   { \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin:nnw {#1} { goto~name } {#2} }
2457 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw #1#2
2458   { \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin:nnw {#1} { user } {#2} }
2459 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin:nnw #1#2#3
2460   {
2461     <*luatex>
2462       \tex_pdfextension:D startlink ~
2463     </luatex>
2464     <*pdftex>
2465       \tex_pdfstartlink:D
2466     </pdftex>
2467       attr {#1}
2468       #2 {#3}
2469   }
2470 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_end:
2471   {
2472     <*luatex>
2473       \tex_pdfextension:D endlink \scan_stop:
2474     </luatex>
2475     <*pdftex>
2476       \tex_pdfendlink:D
2477     </pdftex>
2478   }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw` and others.)

`\_pdf_backend_link_last`:

Formatted for direct use.

```

2479 \cs_new:Npx \_\_pdf_backend_link_last:
2480   {
2481     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2482     <*luatex>
2483       \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastlink ~
2484     </luatex>
2485     <*pdftex>
2486       \exp_not:N \tex_pdflastlink:D
2487     </pdftex>
2488       \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2489   }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_link_last`.)

`\_pdf_backend_link_margin:n`

A simple task: pass the data to the primitive.

```

2490 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1
2491   {

```

```

2492 <*luatex>
2493   \tex_pdfvariable:D linkmargin
2494 </luatex>
2495 <*pdftex>
2496   \tex_pdflinkmargin:D
2497 </pdftex>
2498   \dim_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2499 }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_link_margin:n`.)

`\_pdf_backend_destination:nn` `\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn`

A simple task: pass the data to the primitive. The `\scan_stop:` deals with the danger of an unterminated keyword. The zoom given here is a percentage, but we need to pass it as *per mille*. The rectangle version is also easy as everything is build in.

```

2500 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2501 {
2502 <*luatex>
2503   \tex_pdfextension:D dest ~
2504 </luatex>
2505 <*pdftex>
2506   \tex_pdfdest:D
2507 </pdftex>
2508   name {#1}
2509   \str_case:nnF {#2}
2510   {
2511     { xyz } { xyz }
2512     { fit } { fit }
2513     { fitb } { fitb }
2514     { fitbh } { fitbh }
2515     { fitbv } { fitbv }
2516     { fith } { fith }
2517     { fitv } { fitv }
2518     { fitr } { fitr }
2519   }
2520   { xyz ~ zoom \fp_eval:n { #2 * 10 } }
2521   \scan_stop:
2522 }
2523 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2524 {
2525 <*luatex>
2526   \tex_pdfextension:D dest ~
2527 </luatex>
2528 <*pdftex>
2529   \tex_pdfdest:D
2530 </pdftex>
2531   name {#1}
2532   fitr ~
2533   width \dim_eval:n {#2} ~
2534   height \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2535   depth \dim_eval:n {#4} \scan_stop:
2536 }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_destination:nn` and `\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn`.)

### 6.3.2 Catalogue entries

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_catalog\_gput:nn
\_\_pdf\_backend\_info\_gput:nn
2537 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
2538 {
2539 <*luatex>
2540   \tex_pdfextension:D catalog
2541 </luatex>
2542 <*pdftex>
2543   \tex_pdfcatalog:D
2544 </pdftex>
2545   { / #1 ~ #2 }
2546 }
2547 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2
2548 {
2549 <*luatex>
2550   \tex_pdfextension:D info
2551 </luatex>
2552 <*pdftex>
2553   \tex_pdfinfo:D
2554 </pdftex>
2555   { / #1 ~ #2 }
2556 }

```

(End definition for `\_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `\_\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`.)

### 6.3.3 Objects

`\g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop` For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```

2557 \prop_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop
(End definition for \g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop.)

```

`\_\_pdf_backend_object_new:nn` `\_\_pdf_backend_object_ref:n` Declaring objects means reserving at the PDF level plus starting tracking.

```

2558 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2
2559 {
2560 <*luatex>
2561   \tex_pdfextension:D obj ~
2562 </luatex>
2563 <*pdftex>
2564   \tex_pdfobj:D
2565 </pdftex>
2566   reserveobjnum ~
2567   \int_const:cN
2568     { c_\_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2569 <*luatex>
2570   { \tex_pdffeedback:D lastobj }
2571 </luatex>
2572 <*pdftex>
2573   { \tex_pdflastobj:D }
2574 </pdftex>
2575   \prop_gput:Nnn \g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} {#2}
2576 }
2577 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1
2578   { \int_use:c { c_\_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } ~ 0 ~ R }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and `\_pdf_backend_object_ref:n`.)

Writing the data needs a little information about the structure of the object.

```
2579 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2
2580 {
2581   /*luatex*/
2582   \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfextension:D obj ~
2583   /luatex>
2584   /*pdftex*/
2585   \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfobj:D
2586   /pdftex>
2587   useobjnum ~
2588   \int_use:c
2589   { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2590   \str_case_e:nn
2591   { \prop_item:Nn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} }
2592   {
2593     { array } { { [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] } }
2594     { dict } { { << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> } }
2595     { fstream }
2596     {
2597       stream ~ attr ~ { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2598       file ~ { \_pdf_exp_not_ii:nn #2 }
2599     }
2600   { stream }
2601   {
2602     stream ~ attr ~ { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2603     { \_pdf_exp_not_ii:nn #2 }
2604   }
2605 }
2606 }
2607 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
2608 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #1#2 { \exp_not:n {#1} }
2609 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_exp_not_ii:nn #1#2 { \exp_not:n {#2} }

(End definition for \_pdf_backend_object_write:nn, \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn, and \_pdf_exp_not_ii:nn.)
```

Much like writing, but direct creation.

```
2610 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2611 {
2612   /*luatex*/
2613   \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfextension:D obj ~
2614   /luatex>
2615   /*pdftex*/
2616   \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfobj:D
2617   /pdftex>
2618   \str_case:nn
2619   {#1}
2620   {
2621     { array } { { [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] } }
2622     { dict } { { << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> } }
2623     { fstream }
2624   }
```

```

2625         stream ~ attr ~ { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2626             file ~ { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 }
2627     }
2628 { stream }
2629 {
2630     stream ~ attr ~ { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2631         { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 }
2632     }
2633 }
2634 }
2635 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }

(End definition for \_pdf_backend_object_now:nn.)

```

\\_pdf\_backend\_object\_last: Much like annotation.

```

2636 \cs_new:Npx \_pdf_backend_object_last:
2637 {
2638     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2639     {*luatex}
2640         \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastobj ~
2641     
```

```

2642     {*pdftex}
2643         \exp_not:N \tex_pdflastobj:D
2644     
```

```

2645         \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2646     }

```

(End definition for \\_pdf\_backend\_object\_last:.)

\\_pdf\_backend\_pageobject\_ref:n The usual wrapper situation; the three spaces here are essential.

```

2647 \cs_new:Npx \_pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2648 {
2649     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2650     {*luatex}
2651         \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D pageref
2652     
```

```

2653     {*pdftex}
2654         \exp_not:N \tex_pdfpageref:D
2655     
```

```

2656         \c_space_tl #1 \c_space_tl \c_space_tl \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2657     }

```

(End definition for \\_pdf\_backend\_pageobject\_ref:n.)

#### 6.3.4 Structure

\\_pdf\_backend\_compresslevel:n Simply pass data to the engine.

```

2658 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2659 {
2660     \tex_global:D
2661     {*luatex}
2662         \tex_pdfvariable:D compresslevel
2663     
```

```

2664     {*pdftex}
2665         \tex_pdfcompresslevel:D

```

```

2666 </pdftex>
2667     \int_value:w \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2668 }
2669 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2670 {
2671     \bool_if:nTF {#1}
2672     { \__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n { 2 } }
2673     { \__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n { 0 } }
2674 }
2675 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n #1
2676 {
2677     \tex_global:D
2678 <*luatex>
2679     \tex_pdfvariable:D objcompresslevel
2680 </luatex>
2681 <*pdftex>
2682     \tex_pdfobjcompresslevel:D
2683 </pdftex>
2684     #1 \scan_stop:
2685 }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n`, `\__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`, and `\__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n`.)

`\__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n`  
`\__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`

The availability of the primitive is not universal, so we have to test at load time.

```

2686 \cs_new_protected:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1
2687 {
2688 <*luatex>
2689     \int_compare:nNnT \tex_luatexversion:D > { 106 }
2690     {
2691         \exp_not:N \tex_global:D \tex_pdfvariable:D majorversion
2692         \exp_not:N \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2693     }
2694 </luatex>
2695 <*pdftex>
2696     \cs_if_exist:NT \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2697     {
2698         \exp_not:N \tex_global:D \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2699         \exp_not:N \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2700     }
2701 </pdftex>
2702 }
2703 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1
2704 {
2705     \tex_global:D
2706 <*luatex>
2707     \tex_pdfvariable:D minorversion
2708 </luatex>
2709 <*pdftex>
2710     \tex_pdfminorversion:D
2711 </pdftex>
2712     \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2713 }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `\__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_major: As above.

2714 \cs_new:Npx \_\_pdf_backend_version_major:
2715 {
2716 /*luatex*/
2717     \int_compare:nNnTF \tex_luatexversion:D > { 106 }
2718         { \exp_not:N \tex_the:D \tex_pdfvariable:D majorversion }
2719         { 1 }
2720 /*luatex
2721 /*pdftex*/
2722     \cs_if_exist:NTF \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2723         { \exp_not:N \tex_the:D \tex_pdfmajorversion:D }
2724         { 1 }
2725 /*pdftex
2726 }
2727 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor:
2728 {
2729     \tex_the:D
2730 /*luatex*/
2731     \tex_pdfvariable:D minorversion
2732 /*luatex
2733 /*pdftex*/
2734     \tex_pdfminorversion:D
2735 /*pdftex
2736 }
```

(End definition for `\_\_pdf_backend_version_major:` and `\_\_pdf_backend_version_minor:..`)

### 6.3.5 Marked content

`\_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn` Simple wrappers. May need refinement: see <https://chat.stackexchange.com/transcript/message/49970158#49970158>.

```

2737 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2738     { \_\_kernel_backend_literal_page:n { /#1 ~ #2 ~ BDC } }
2739 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_emc:
2740     { \_\_kernel_backend_literal_page:n { EMC } }
```

(End definition for `\_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `\_\_pdf_backend_emc:..`)

```
2741 /*luatex | pdftex
```

## 6.4 dvipdfmx backend

```
2742 /*dvipdfmx | xetex)
```

`\_\_pdf_backend:n` A generic function for the backend PDF specials: used where we can.

```

2743 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_\_pdf_backend:n #1
2744     { \_\_kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: #1 } }
2745 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_pdf_backend:n { x }
```

(End definition for `\_\_pdf_backend:n`)

### 6.4.1 Catalogue entries

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_catalog\_gput:nn
\_\_pdf\_backend\_info\_gput:nn
2746 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_catalog\_gput:nn #1#2
2747   { \_\_pdf\_backend:n { put ~ @catalog << /#1 ~ #2 >> } }
2748 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_info\_gput:nn #1#2
2749   { \_\_pdf\_backend:n { docinfo << /#1 ~ #2 >> } }

(End definition for \_\_pdf\_backend\_catalog\_gput:nn and \_\_pdf\_backend\_info\_gput:nn.)

```

### 6.4.2 Objects

For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```

2750 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_int
2751 \prop_new:N \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_prop

(End definition for \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_int and \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_prop.)

```

Objects are tracked at the macro level, but we don't have to do anything at this stage.

```

2752 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_new:nn #1#2
2753   {
2754     \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_int
2755     \int_const:cn
2756       { c_\_pdf\_backend\_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2757       { \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_int }
2758     \prop_gput:Nnn \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_prop {#1} {#2}
2759   }
2760 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_ref:n #
2761   { @pdf.obj \int_use:c { c_\_pdf\_backend\_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } }

(End definition for \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_new:nn and \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_ref:n.)

```

This is where we choose the actual type.

```

2762 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write:nn #1#2
2763   {
2764     \exp_args:Nx \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write:nnn
2765       { \prop_item:Nn \g_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_prop {#1} } {#1} {#2}
2766   }
2767 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write:nn { nx }
2768 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write:nnn #1#2#3
2769   {
2770     \use:c { __pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2771       { \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_ref:n {#2} } {#3}
2772   }
2773 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write_array:nn #1#2
2774   {
2775     \_\_pdf\_backend:x
2776       { obj ~ #1 ~ [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] }
2777   }
2778 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write_dict:nn #1#2
2779   {
2780     \_\_pdf\_backend:x
2781       { obj ~ #1 ~ << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> }
2782   }
2783 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf\_backend\_object\_write_fstream:nn #1#2

```

```

2784 { \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn { f } {#1} #2 }
2785 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nn #1#2
2786 { \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn { } {#1} #2 }
2787 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2788 {
2789     \__pdf_backend:x
2790     {
2791         #1 stream ~ #2 ~
2792         ( \exp_not:n {#4} ) ~ << \exp_not:n {#3} >>
2793     }
2794 }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_object_write:nn` and others.)

`\__pdf_backend_object_now:nn` `\__pdf_backend_object_now:nx` No anonymous objects with dvipdfmx so we have to give an object name.

```

2795 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2796 {
2797     \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2798     \exp_args:Nnx \use:c { \__pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2799     { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int }
2800     {#2}
2801 }
2802 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_object_now:nn`.)

`\__pdf_backend_object_last:`

```

2803 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_last:
2804 { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_object_last::`)

`\__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n` Page references are easy in dvipdfmx/X<sub>E</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X.

```

2805 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2806 { @page #1 }

```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n`.)

### 6.4.3 Annotations

`\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int` Needed as objects which are not annotations could be created.

```

2807 \int_new:N \g__pdf_backend_annotation_int

```

(End definition for `\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int`.)

`\__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn` Simply pass the raw data through, just dealing with evaluation of dimensions.

```

2808 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2809 {
2810     \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2811     \int_gset_eq:NN \g__pdf_backend_annotation_int \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2812     \__pdf_backend:x
2813     {
2814         ann ~ @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int \c_space_tl
2815         width ~ \dim_eval:n {#1} ~
2816         height ~ \dim_eval:n {#2} ~

```

```

2817         depth ~ \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2818         <</Type/Annot #4 >>
2819     }
2820 }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn.`)

`\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:`

```

2821 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2822   { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_pdf_backend_annotation_int }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_int`

To track annotations which are links.

```
2823 \int_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_int.`)

All created using the same internals.

```

2824 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nnw #1#2
2825   { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:n { #1 /Subtype /Link /A << /S /GoTo /D ( #2 ) >> } }
2826 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nnw #1#2
2827   { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:n {#1#2} }
2828 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_pdf_backend_link_begin:n #1
2829   {
2830     \int_compare:nNnF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
2831     {
2832       \exp_not:N \int_gincr:N \exp_not:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int
2833     }
2834 \_pdf_backend:x
2835   {
2836     bann ~
2837     \int_compare:nNnF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
2838     {
2839       @pdf.lnk
2840       \exp_not:N \int_use:N \exp_not:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int
2841       \c_space_tl
2842     }
2843     <<
2844     /Type /Annot
2845     #1
2846     >>
2847   }
2848 }
```

```

2849 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_end:
2850   { \_pdf_backend:n { eann } }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nnw and others.`)

`\_pdf_backend_link_last:` Available using the backend mechanism with a suitably-recent version.

```

2851 \cs_new:Npx \_pdf_backend_link_last:
2852   {
2853     \int_compare:nNnF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
2854     {
2855       @pdf.lnk
```

```

2856           \exp_not:N \int_use:N \exp_not:N \g__pdf_backend_link_int
2857       }
2858   }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_link_last::`)

`\_pdf_backend_margin:n` Pass to `dvipdfmx`.

```

2859 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_margin:n #1
2860   { \_kernel_backend_literal:x { dvipdfmx:config~g~ \dim_eval:n {#1} } }

```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_margin:n::`)

`\_pdf_backend_destination:nn`  
`\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn`  
`\_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn`

Here, we need to turn the zoom into a scale. The method for `FitR` is from Alexander Grahn: the idea is to avoid needing to do any calculations in TeX by using the backend data for `@xpos` and `@ypos`. `/FitR` without rule spec doesn't work, so it falls back to `/Fit` here.

```

2861 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2862   {
2863     \_pdf_backend:x
2864     {
2865       dest ~ ( \exp_not:n {#1} )
2866       [
2867         @thispage
2868         \str_case:nnF {#2}
2869         {
2870           { xyz } { /XYZ ~ @xpos ~ @ypos ~ null }
2871           { fit } { /Fit }
2872           { fitb } { /FitB }
2873           { fitbh } { /FitBH }
2874           { fitbv } { /FitBV ~ @xpos }
2875           { fith } { /FitH ~ @ypos }
2876           { fitv } { /FitV ~ @xpos }
2877           { fitr } { /Fit }
2878         }
2879         { /XYZ ~ @xpos ~ @ypos ~ \fp_eval:n { (#2) / 100 } }
2880       ]
2881     }
2882   }
2883 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2884   {
2885     \exp_args:Ne \_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn
2886     { \dim_eval:n {#2} } {#1} {#3} {#4}
2887   }
2888 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2889   {
2890     \vbox_to_zero:n
2891     {
2892       \_kernel_kern:n {#4}
2893       \hbox:n
2894       {
2895         \_pdf_backend:n { obj ~ @pdf_ #2 _llx ~ @xpos }
2896         \_pdf_backend:n { obj ~ @pdf_ #2 _lly ~ @ypos }
2897       }
2898     }
2899   }

```

```

2899     }
2900     \__kernel_kern:n {#1}
2901     \vbox_to_zero:n
2902     {
2903         \__kernel_kern:n { -#3 }
2904         \hbox:n
2905         {
2906             \__pdf_backend:n
2907             {
2908                 dest ~ (#2)
2909                 [
2910                     @thispage
2911                     /FitR ~
2912                     @pdf_ #2 _llx ~ @pdf_ #2 _lly ~
2913                     @xpos ~ @ypos
2914                 ]
2915             }
2916         }
2917         \tex_vss:D
2918     }
2919     \__kernel_kern:n { -#1 }
2920 }
```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_destination:nn`, `\__pdf_backend_destination:nnnn`, and `\__pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn`.)

#### 6.4.4 Structure

Pass data to the backend: these are a one-shot.

```

2921 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2922   { \__kernel_backend_literal:x { dvipdfmx:config-z~ \int_eval:n {#1} } }
2923 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2924   {
2925     \bool_if:nF {#1}
2926     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { dvipdfmx:config-C~0x40 } }
2927 }
```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `\__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

We start with the assumption that the default is active.

```

2928 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1
2929   {
2930     \cs_gset:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_major: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2931     \__kernel_backend_literal:x { pdf:majorversion~ \__pdf_backend_version_major: }
2932   }
2933 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1
2934   {
2935     \cs_gset:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_minor: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2936     \__kernel_backend_literal:x { pdf:minorversion~ \__pdf_backend_version_minor: }
2937 }
```

(End definition for `\__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `\__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

We start with the assumption that the default is active.

```

2938 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_major: { 1 }
2939 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor: { 5 }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_version_major:` and `\_pdf_backend_version_minor:..`)

#### 6.4.5 Marked content

`\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn`  
`\_pdf_backend_emc:`

```
2940 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2941   { \_kernel_backend_literal_page:n { /#1 ~ #2 ~ BDC } }
2942 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_emc:
2943   { \_kernel_backend_literal_page:n { EMC } }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `\_pdf_backend_emc:..`)

2944 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

### 6.5 dvisvgm backend

2945 ⟨\*dvisvgm⟩

#### 6.5.1 Catalogue entries

No-op.

```
2946 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2 { }
2947 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2 { }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`.)

#### 6.5.2 Objects

All no-ops here.

```
2948 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2 { }
2949 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1 { }
2950 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2 { }
2951 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_write:nx #1#2 { }
2952 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2 { }
2953 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_now:nx #1#2 { }
2954 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_backend_object_last: { }
2955 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1 { }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and others.)

#### 6.5.3 Structure

These are all no-ops.

```
2956 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1 { }
2957 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1 { }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `\_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

Data not available!

```
2958 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1 { }
2959 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1 { }
```

(End definition for `\_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `\_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_major:  

\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_minor:  

2960 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: { -1 }  

2961 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor: { -1 }  

  

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: and \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor:.)  

  

\_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn  

\_\_pdf_backend_emc:  

2962 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2 { }  

2963 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_emc: { }  

  

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn and \_\_pdf_backend_emc:.)  

2964 ⟨/dvisvgm⟩  

2965 ⟨/package⟩

```

## 7 I3backend-opacity Implementation

```

2966 ⟨*package⟩  

2967 ⟨@=opacity⟩

```

Although opacity is not color, it needs to be managed in a somewhat similar way: using a dedicated stack if possible. Depending on the backend, that may not be possible. There is also the need to cover fill/stroke setting as well as more general running opacity. It is easiest to describe the value used in terms of opacity, although commonly this is referred to as transparency.

```

2968 ⟨*dvips⟩

```

No stack so set values directly.

```

2969 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_select:n #1  

2970 {  

2971   \exp_args:Nx \_\_opacity_backend_select_aux:n  

2972   { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }  

2973 }  

2974 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1  

2975 {  

2976   \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n  

2977   { #1 ~ .setfillconstantalpha ~ #1 ~ .setstrokeconstantalpha }  

2978 }

```

(End definition for \\_\\_opacity\_backend\_select:n and \\_\\_opacity\_backend\_select\_aux:n.)

Similar to the above but with no stack and only adding to one or other of the entries.

```

2979 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_fill:n #1  

2980 { \_\_opacity_backend:xn { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } } { fill } }  

2981 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_stroke:n #1  

2982 { \_\_opacity_backend:xn { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } } { stroke } }  

2983 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend:nn #1#2  

2984 {  

2985   \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { #1 ~ .set #2 constantalpha }  

2986 }  

2987 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_opacity_backend:nn { x }

```

(End definition for \\_\\_opacity\_backend\_fill:n, \\_\\_opacity\_backend\_stroke:n, and \\_\\_opacity\_backend:nn.)

```

2988 ⟨/dvips⟩

```

```
2989 {*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}
```

\c\_opacity\_backend\_stack\_int

```
2990 \cs_if_exist:NT \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
2991 {
2992     \__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn \c_opacity_backend_stack_int
2993     { page ~ direct } { /opacity 1 ~ gs }
2994     \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
2995     { opacity 1 } { << /ca ~ 1 /CA ~ 1 >> }
2996 }
```

(End definition for \c\_opacity\_backend\_stack\_int.)

\l\_opacity\_backend\_fill\_t1

\l\_opacity\_backend\_stroke\_t1

We use t1 here for speed: at the backend, this should be reasonable.

```
2997 \tl_new:N \l_opacity_backend_fill_t1
2998 \tl_new:N \l_opacity_backend_stroke_t1
```

(End definition for \l\_opacity\_backend\_fill\_t1 and \l\_opacity\_backend\_stroke\_t1.)

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_select:n

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_select\_aux:n

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_reset:

Other than the need to evaluate the opacity as an fp, much the same as color.

```
2999 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_select:n #1
3000 {
3001     \exp_args:Nx \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n
3002     { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }
3003 }
3004 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1
3005 {
3006     \tl_set:Nn \l_opacity_backend_fill_t1 {#1}
3007     \tl_set:Nn \l_opacity_backend_stroke_t1 {#1}
3008     \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3009     { opacity #1 }
3010     { << /ca ~ #1 /CA ~ #1 >> }
3011     \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \c_opacity_backend_stack_int
3012     { /opacity #1 ~ gs }
3013     \group_insert_after:N \__opacity_backend_reset:
3014 }
3015 \cs_if_exist:NF \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
3016 {
3017     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1 { }
3018 }
3019 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_reset:
3020 { \__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n \c_opacity_backend_stack_int }
```

(End definition for \\_\_opacity\_backend\_select:n, \\_\_opacity\_backend\_select\_aux:n, and \\_\_opacity\_backend\_reset:.)

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_fill:n

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_stroke:n

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_fillstroke:nn

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_fillstroke:xx

For separate fill and stroke, we need to work out if we need to do more work or if we can stick to a single setting.

```
3021 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_fill:n #1
3022 {
3023     \__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:xx
3024     { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }
3025     \l_opacity_backend_stroke_t1
3026 }
3027 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_stroke:n #1
```

```

3028   {
3029     \__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:xx
3030     \l__opacity_backend_fill_tl
3031     { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }
3032   }
3033 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:nn #1#2
3034   {
3035     \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {#2}
3036     { \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n {#1} }
3037     {
3038       \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_fill_tl {#1}
3039       \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_stroke_tl {#2}
3040       \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3041         { opacity.fill #1 }
3042         { << /ca ~ #1 >> }
3043       \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3044         { opacity.stroke #1 }
3045         { << /CA ~ #2 >> }
3046       \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \c__opacity_backend_stack_int
3047         { /opacity.fill #1 ~ gs /opacity.stroke #2 ~ gs }
3048       \group_insert_after:N \__opacity_backend_reset:
3049     }
3050   }
3051 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:nn { xx }

(End definition for \__opacity_backend_fill:n, \__opacity_backend_stroke:n, and \__opacity-
backend_fillstroke:nn.)
```

3052 ⟨/dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex⟩  
 3053 ⟨\*dvipdfmx | xdvipdfmx⟩

\\_\_opacity\_backend\_select:n Older backends have no stack support, so everything is done directly.

```

3054 \int_compare:nNnT \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
3055   {
3056     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1
3057     {
3058       \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_fill_tl {#1}
3059       \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_stroke_tl {#1}
3060       \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3061         { opacity #1 }
3062         { << /ca ~ #1 /CA ~ #1 >> }
3063       \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { /opacity #1 ~ gs }
3064     }
3065     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:nn #1#2
3066     {
3067       \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {#2}
3068       { \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n {#1} }
3069       {
3070         \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_fill_tl {#1}
3071         \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_stroke_tl {#2}
3072         \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3073           { opacity.fill #1 }
3074           { << /ca ~ #1 >> }
3075         \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3076           { opacity.stroke #1 }
```

```

3077     { << /CA ~ #2 >> }
3078     \_kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n
3079     { /opacity.fill #1 ~ gs /opacity.stroke #2 ~ gs }
3080   }
3081   }
3082 }

(End definition for \_opacity_backend_select:n.)

3083 </dvipdfmx | xdvipdfmx>
3084 <*dvisvgm>

\_opacity_backend_select:n Once again, we use a scope here. There is a general opacity function for SVG, but that
\_opacity_backend_fill:n is of course not set up using the stack.
\_opacity_backend_stroke:n
\_opacity_backend:nn
\cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend_select:n #1
  { \_opacity_backend:nn {#1} { } }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend_fill:n #1
  { \_opacity_backend:nn {#1} { fill- } }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend_stroke:n #1
  { \_opacity_backend:nn { {#1} } { stroke- } }
\cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend:nn #1#2
  { \_kernel_backend_scope:x { #2 opacity = " \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } " } }

(End definition for \_opacity_backend_select:n and others.)

3093 </dvisvgm>
3094 </package>

```

## 8 I3backend-header Implementation

```

3095 <*dvips & header>
color.sc Empty definition for color at the top level.
3096 /color.sc { } def

(End definition for color.sc. This function is documented on page ??.)

TeXcolorseparation Support for separation/spot colors: this strange naming is so things work with the color
separation stack.
3097 TeXDict begin
3098 /TeXcolorseparation { setcolor } def
3099 end

(End definition for TeXcolorseparation and separation. These functions are documented on page ??.)

pdf.globaldict A small global dictionary for backend use.
3100 true setglobal
3101 /pdf.globaldict 4 dict def
3102 false setglobal

(End definition for pdf.globaldict. This function is documented on page ??.)

```

pdf.cvs Small utilities for PostScript manipulations. Conversion to DVI dimensions is done here  
 pdf.dvi.pt to allow for Resolution. The total height of a rectangle (an array) needs a little maths,  
 pdf.pt.dvi in contrast to simply extracting a value.  
 pdf.rect.ht

```

3103 /pdf.cvs { 65534 string cvs } def
3104 /pdf.dvi.pt { 72.27 mul Resolution div } def
3105 /pdf.pt.dvi { 72.27 div Resolution mul } def
3106 /pdf.rect.ht { dup 1 get neg exch 3 get add } def

```

(End definition for pdf.cvs and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

pdf.linkmargin Settings which are defined up-front in SDict.  
 pdf.linkdp.pad  
 pdf.linkht.pad

```

3107 /pdf.linkmargin { 1 pdf.pt.dvi } def
3108 /pdf.linkdp.pad { 0 } def
3109 /pdf.linkht.pad { 0 } def

```

(End definition for pdf.linkmargin, pdf.linkdp.pad, and pdf.linkht.pad. These functions are documented on page ??.)

pdf.rect Functions for marking the limits of an annotation/link, plus drawing the border. We  
 pdf.save.ll separate links for generic annotations to support adding a margin and setting a minimal  
 pdf.save.ur size.  
 pdf.save.linkll  
 pdf.save.linkur

```

3110 /pdf.rect
3111   { /Rect [ pdf.llx pdf.lly pdf.urx pdf.ury ] } def
3112 /pdf.save.ll
3113   {
3114     currentpoint
3115     /pdf.lly exch def
3116     /pdf.llx exch def
3117   }
3118   def
3119 /pdf.save.ur
3120   {
3121     currentpoint
3122     /pdf.ury exch def
3123     /pdf.urx exch def
3124   }
3125   def
3126 /pdf.save.linkll
3127   {
3128     currentpoint
3129     pdf.linkmargin add
3130     pdf.linkdp.pad add
3131     /pdf.lly exch def
3132     pdf.linkmargin sub
3133     /pdf.llx exch def
3134   }
3135   def
3136 /pdf.save.linkur
3137   {
3138     currentpoint
3139     pdf.linkmargin sub
3140     pdf.linkht.pad sub
3141     /pdf.ury exch def
3142     pdf.linkmargin add
  
```

```

3143     /pdf.urx exch def
3144 }
3145 def

```

(End definition for `pdf.rect` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.dest.anchor` For finding the anchor point of a destination link. We make the use case a separate function as it comes up a lot, and as this makes it easier to adjust if we need additional effects. We also need a more complex approach to convert a co-ordinate pair correctly when defining a rectangle: this can otherwise be out when using a landscape page. (Thanks to Alexander Grahn for the approach here.)

```

pdf.dest.x
pdf.dest.y
pdf.dest.point
pdf.dest2device
pdf.dev.x
pdf.dev.y
pdf.tmpa
pdf.tmpb
pdf.tmpc
pdf.tmpd
pdf.dev.y
{
    currentpoint exch
    pdf.dvi.pt 72 add
    /pdf.dest.x exch def
    pdf.dvi.pt
    vsize 72 sub exch sub
    /pdf.dest.y exch def
}
def
/pdf.dest.point
{ pdf.dest.x pdf.dest.y } def
/pdf.dest2device
{
    /pdf.dest.y exch def
    /pdf.dest.x exch def
    matrix currentmatrix
    matrix defaultmatrix
    matrix invertmatrix
    matrix concatmatrix
    cvx exec
    /pdf.dev.y exch def
    /pdf.dev.x exch def
    /pdf.tmpd exch def
    /pdf.tmpc exch def
    /pdf.tmpb exch def
    /pdf.tmpa exch def
    pdf.dest.x pdf.tmpa mul
    pdf.dest.y pdf.tmpc mul add
    pdf.dev.x add
    pdf.dest.x pdf.tmpb mul
    pdf.dest.y pdf.tmpd mul add
    pdf.dev.y add
}
def

```

(End definition for `pdf.dest.anchor` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.bordertracking` To know where a breakable link can go, we need to track the boundary rectangle. That `pdf.bordertracking.begin` can be done by hooking into `a` and `x` operations: those names have to be retained. The `pdf.bordertracking.end` boundary is stored at the end of the operation. Special effort is needed at the start and end of pages (or rather galleys), such that everything works properly.

```
3181 /pdf.bordertracking false def
```

```

3182 /pdf.bordertracking.begin
3183 {
3184     SDict /pdf.bordertracking true put
3185     SDict /pdf.leftboundary undef
3186     SDict /pdf.rightboundary undef
3187     /a where
3188     {
3189         /a
3190         {
3191             currentpoint pop
3192             SDict /pdf.rightboundary known dup
3193             {
3194                 SDict /pdf.rightboundary get 2 index lt
3195                 { not }
3196                 if
3197             }
3198             if
3199             { pop }
3200             { SDict exch /pdf.rightboundary exch put }
3201             ifelse
3202             moveto
3203             currentpoint pop
3204             SDict /pdf.leftboundary known dup
3205             {
3206                 SDict /pdf.leftboundary get 2 index gt
3207                 { not }
3208                 if
3209             }
3210             if
3211             { pop }
3212             { SDict exch /pdf.leftboundary exch put }
3213             ifelse
3214             }
3215             put
3216         }
3217         if
3218     }
3219     def
3220 /pdf.bordertracking.end
3221 {
3222     /a where { /a { moveto } put } if
3223     /x where { /x { 0 exch rmoveto } put } if
3224     SDict /pdf.leftboundary known
3225     { pdf.outerbox 0 pdf.leftboundary put }
3226     if
3227     SDict /pdf.rightboundary known
3228     { pdf.outerbox 2 pdf.rightboundary put }
3229     if
3230     SDict /pdf.bordertracking false put
3231 }
3232     def
3233 /pdf.bordertracking.endpage
3234 {
3235     pdf.bordertracking

```

```

3236 {
3237     pdf.bordertracking.end
3238     true setglobal
3239     pdf.globaldict
3240         /pdf.brokenlink.rect [ pdf.outerbox aload pop ] put
3241     pdf.globaldict
3242         /pdf.brokenlink.skip pdf.baselineskip put
3243     pdf.globaldict
3244         /pdf.brokenlink.dict
3245             pdf.link.dict pdf.cvs put
3246     false setglobal
3247     mark pdf.link.dict cvx exec /Rect
3248     [
3249         pdf.llx
3250         pdf.lly
3251         pdf.outerbox 2 get pdf.linkmargin add
3252         currentpoint exch pop
3253         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht sub pdf.linkmargin sub
3254     ]
3255     /ANN pdf.pdfmark
3256 }
3257 if
3258 }
3259 def
3260 /pdf.bordertracking.continue
3261 {
3262     /pdf.link.dict pdf.globaldict
3263         /pdf.brokenlink.dict get def
3264     /pdf.outerbox pdf.globaldict
3265         /pdf.brokenlink.rect get def
3266     /pdf.baselineskip pdf.globaldict
3267         /pdf.brokenlink.skip get def
3268     pdf.globaldict dup dup
3269     /pdf.brokenlink.dict undef
3270     /pdf.brokenlink.skip undef
3271     /pdf.brokenlink.rect undef
3272     currentpoint
3273     /pdf.originy exch def
3274     /pdf.originx exch def
3275     /a where
3276     {
3277         /a
3278         {
3279             moveto
3280             SDict
3281             begin
3282                 currentpoint pdf.originy ne exch
3283                 pdf.originx ne or
3284                 {
3285                     pdf.save.linkll
3286                     /pdf.lly
3287                         pdf.lly pdf.outerbox 1 get sub def
3288                     pdf.bordertracking.begin
3289                 }

```

```

3290         if
3291         end
3292     }
3293     put
3294   }
3295   if
3296 /x where
3297 {
3298   /x
3299   {
3300     0 exch rmoveto
3301     SDict
3302     begin
3303       currentpoint
3304       pdf.originy ne exch pdf.originx ne or
3305       {
3306         pdf.save.linkll
3307         /pdf.lly
3308         pdf.lly pdf.outerbox 1 get sub def
3309         pdf.bordertracking.begin
3310       }
3311       if
3312       end
3313     }
3314     put
3315   }
3316   if
3317 }
3318 def

```

(End definition for `pdf.bordertracking` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.breaklink` Dealing with link breaking itself has multiple stage. The first step is to find the `Rect` entry in the dictionary, looping over key-value pairs. The first line is handled first, adjusting the rectangle to stay inside the text area. The second phase is a loop over the height of the bulk of the link area, done on the basis of a number of baselines. Finally, the end of the link area is tidied up, again from the boundary of the text area.

```

3319 /pdf.breaklink
3320 {
3321   pop
3322   counttomark 2 mod 0 eq
3323   {
3324     counttomark /pdf.count exch def
3325     {
3326       pdf.count 0 eq { exit } if
3327       counttomark 2 roll
3328       1 index /Rect eq
3329       {
3330         dup 4 array copy
3331         dup dup
3332         1 get
3333         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht
3334         pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add sub
3335         3 exch put

```

```

3336      dup
3337          pdf.outerbox 2 get
3338          pdf.linkmargin add
3339          2 exch put
3340      dup dup
3341          3 get
3342          pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht
3343          pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add add
3344          1 exch put
3345      /pdf.currentrect exch def
3346      pdf.breaklink.write
3347      {
3348          pdf.currentrect
3349          dup
3350              pdf.outerbox 0 get
3351              pdf.linkmargin sub
3352              0 exch put
3353          dup
3354              pdf.outerbox 2 get
3355              pdf.linkmargin add
3356              2 exch put
3357          dup dup
3358              1 get
3359              pdf.baseline skip add
3360              1 exch put
3361          dup dup
3362              3 get
3363              pdf.baseline skip add
3364              3 exch put
3365      /pdf.currentrect exch def
3366      pdf.breaklink.write
3367      }
3368      1 index 3 get
3369      pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add
3370      pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht add
3371      2 index 1 get sub
3372      pdf.baseline skip div round cvi 1 sub
3373      exch
3374      repeat
3375      pdf.currentrect
3376      dup
3377          pdf.outerbox 0 get
3378          pdf.linkmargin sub
3379          0 exch put
3380      dup dup
3381          1 get
3382          pdf.baseline skip add
3383          1 exch put
3384      dup dup
3385          3 get
3386          pdf.baseline skip add
3387          3 exch put
3388      dup 2 index 2 get 2 exch put
3389      /pdf.currentrect exch def

```

```

3390     pdf.breaklink.write
3391     SDict /pdf.pdfmark.good false put
3392     exit
3393   }
3394   { pdf.count 2 sub /pdf.count exch def }
3395   ifelse
3396   }
3397   loop
3398 }
3399 if
3400 /ANN
3401 }
3402 def
3403 /pdf.breaklink.write
3404 {
3405   counttomark 1 sub
3406   index /_objdef eq
3407   {
3408     counttomark -2 roll
3409     dup wcheck
3410     {
3411       readonly
3412       counttomark 2 roll
3413     }
3414     { pop pop }
3415   ifelse
3416   }
3417   if
3418   counttomark 1 add copy
3419   pop pdf.currentrect
3420   /ANN pdfmark
3421 }
3422 def

```

(End definition for `pdf.breaklink` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.pdfmark`      The business end of breaking links starts by hooking into `pdfmarks`. Unlike `hypdvips`, we avoid altering any links we have not created by using a copy of the core `pdfmarks` function. Only mark types which are known are altered. At present, this is purely ANN marks, which are measured relative to the size of the baseline skip. If they are more than one apparent line high, breaking is applied.

`pdf.pdfmark.good`

`pdf.outerbox`

`pdf.baselineskip`

`pdf.pdfmark.dict`

```

3423 /pdf.pdfmark
3424 {
3425   SDict /pdf.pdfmark.good true put
3426   dup /ANN eq
3427   {
3428     pdf.pdfmark.store
3429     pdf.pdfmark.dict
3430     begin
3431       Subtype /Link eq
3432       currentdict /Rect known and
3433       SDict /pdf.outerbox known and
3434       SDict /pdf.baselineskip known and
3435   {

```

```

3436      Rect 3 get
3437      pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add
3438      pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht add
3439      Rect 1 get sub
3440      pdf.baselineskip div round cvi 0 gt
3441          { pdf.breaklink }
3442      if
3443  }
3444      if
3445  end
3446  SDict /pdf.outerbox undef
3447  SDict /pdf.baselineskip undef
3448  currentdict /pdf.pdfmark.dict undef
3449  }
3450  if
3451  pdf.pdfmark.good
3452      { pdfmark }
3453      { cleartomark }
3454  ifelse
3455  }
3456  def
3457 /pdf.pdfmark.store
3458  {
3459      /pdf.pdfmark.dict 65534 dict def
3460      counttomark 1 add copy
3461      pop
3462      {
3463          dup mark eq
3464          {
3465              pop
3466              exit
3467          }
3468          {
3469              pdf.pdfmark.dict
3470              begin def end
3471          }
3472      ifelse
3473      }
3474      loop
3475  }
3476  def

```

(End definition for `pdf.pdfmark` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

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