

The L^AT_EX keyfloat Package

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Provides a key/value interface for generating floats.

Abstract

The `keyfloat` package provides a key/value user interface for quickly creating figures with a single image each, figures with arbitrary contents, tables, subfloats, rows of floats, floats located [H]ere, floats in the [M]argin, and floats with text [W]rapped around them.

Key/value combinations may specify a caption and label, a width proportional to `\ linewidth`, a fixed width and/or height, rotation, scaling, a tight or loose frame, an `\ arraystretch`, a continued float, additional supplemental text, and an artist/author's name with automatic index entry. When used with the `tocdata` package, the name also appears in the List of Figures.

FLOATS may be moved into or rearranged inside a multi-row environment or subfloats, and are typeset to fit within the given number of columns, continuing to additional rows as necessary. Nested sub-rows may be used to generate layouts such as two small figures placed vertically next to one larger figure.

As an example, a typical command to include a figure with a framed image of half `\ linewidth` could be:

```
\keyfig*[hbp]{f, lw=.5, c={A caption}, l={fig:label}}{image}
```



`keyfloat` uses the `caption`, `subcaption`, `newfloat`, and `wrapfig` packages, and cannot be used with the `subfig`, `subfigure`, `subfloat`, `floatrow`, `float`, or `floatflt` packages.

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Contents

| | | |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 1 | Introduction | 6 |
| 1.1 | A problem with floats | 6 |
| 1.2 | The <code>keyfloat</code> package | 6 |
| 1.3 | Features | 7 |
| 2 | Using the <code>keyfloat</code> package | 9 |
| 2.1 | Loading <code>keyfloat</code> and related packages | 9 |
| 2.2 | Macros and environments | 9 |
| 2.3 | Keys and values | 12 |
| 2.4 | Other settings | 16 |
| 2.5 | Examples | 17 |
| 2.5.1 | Single floats | 17 |
| 2.5.2 | Groups of floats | 28 |
| 2.5.3 | Subfloats | 30 |
| 2.5.4 | Continued floats | 32 |
| 2.5.5 | Continued subfloats | 33 |
| 2.5.6 | Margin floats | 34 |
| 2.5.7 | Wrapped floats | 36 |
| 2.5.8 | Custom frames | 40 |
| 2.5.9 | Artist's name | 42 |
| 2.6 | Customization | 44 |
| 2.6.1 | Custom frames | 44 |
| 2.6.2 | Distance between floats and rows | 44 |
| 2.6.3 | Formatting the captions | 45 |
| 3 | Code | 46 |
| 3.1 | Older packages | 46 |
| 3.2 | Prohibited packages | 46 |
| 3.3 | Required packages | 47 |
| 3.4 | In-line figures and tables | 48 |
| 3.5 | Row counting and control | 48 |
| 3.6 | Float key handling | 49 |
| 3.7 | Nesting control | 55 |
| 3.8 | Subfloat key handling | 55 |
| 3.9 | Computing image width | 59 |
| 3.10 | Framing and rotation | 60 |

| | | |
|------|---|----|
| 3.11 | A graphics image from a file | 61 |
| 3.12 | Printing the caption | 63 |
| 3.13 | Defaults for a new float | 67 |
| 3.14 | Row start/end processing | 68 |
| 3.15 | Key environment helper macros | 69 |
| 3.16 | The \KFLT@keyflt macro | 78 |
| 3.17 | The \keyflt macro | 79 |
| 3.18 | The keyfloat environment | 80 |
| 3.19 | The keyfigure environment | 81 |
| 3.20 | The \keyfig macro | 81 |
| 3.21 | The \keyfigbox macro | 81 |
| 3.22 | The \keyparbox macro | 82 |
| 3.23 | The \keytab macro | 83 |
| 3.24 | The keytable environment | 83 |
| 3.25 | A row of floats | 83 |
| 3.26 | Subfloats | 87 |
| 3.27 | Margin floats | 92 |
| 3.28 | Wrapped floats | 92 |

Change History and Index 94

List of Examples

| | | |
|----|--|----|
| 1 | Figure with an image from a file | 17 |
| 2 | Figure with arbitrary contents | 17 |
| 3 | Figure environment with arbitrary contents | 18 |
| 4 | Table macro | 18 |
| 5 | Table environment with arbitrary contents | 19 |
| 6 | Figure with many options selected | 20 |
| 7 | Using \linewidth | 21 |
| 8 | Using frames | 22 |
| 9 | Using rotation with boxes | 23 |
| 10 | Located [H]ere | 24 |
| 11 | Unnumbered float | 25 |
| 12 | Unnumbered float with a LOF entry | 25 |
| 13 | An unnumbered in-text image | 26 |
| 14 | A box without a caption | 27 |
| 15 | Groups of figures — keyfloats environment | 28 |

| | | |
|----|---|----|
| 16 | Subfigures — <code>keysubfigs</code> environment | 30 |
| 17 | Subtables [H] — <code>keysubtabs</code> environment | 31 |
| 18 | Continued figure | 32 |
| 19 | Continued subfloats | 33 |
| 20 | The <code>marginfigure</code> environment | 34 |
| 21 | The <code>margitable</code> environment | 34 |
| 22 | Using <code>\keyfig[M]</code> | 35 |
| 23 | Using <code>keytable[M]</code> and an offset | 35 |
| 24 | Using <code>\keyfig[W]</code> and <code>\keytab[W]</code> | 36 |
| 25 | Using <code>\keyfigbox[W]</code> and <code>\keyparbox[W]</code> | 37 |
| 26 | Using <code>\keyfigure[W]</code> and <code>\keytable[W]</code> | 38 |
| 27 | Using <code>keywrap</code> with a <code>\keyfig</code> | 39 |
| 28 | Custom frames with <code>mdframed</code> | 40 |
| 29 | Custom shadows with <code>fancybox</code> | 41 |
| 30 | Artist's name — image | 42 |
| 31 | Artist's name — arbitrary contents | 42 |
| 32 | Subfloats with an artist | 43 |

List of Figures

| | | |
|----|--|----|
| 1 | A <code>\keyfig</code> with an image | 17 |
| 2 | A <code>\keyfigbox</code> | 17 |
| 3 | A <code>keyfigure</code> environment | 18 |
| 4 | A figure with options | 20 |
| 5 | Half of <code>\linewidth</code> | 21 |
| 6 | Loosely-framed figure | 22 |
| 7 | Tightly-framed figure | 22 |
| 8 | A <code>keyfig</code> [H] | 24 |
| | Starred short caption | 25 |
| 9 | Next to a <code>\keyparbox</code> | 27 |
| 10 | First in a group | 29 |
| 11 | Third in a group | 29 |
| 12 | Fourth in a group | 29 |
| 13 | Fifth in a group | 29 |
| 14 | Sixth in a group | 29 |
| 15 | Subfigures | 30 |
| 16 | Figure to be continued | 32 |
| 16 | ...continued | 32 |
| 17 | A set of figures | 33 |
| 17 | ...continued | 33 |
| 18 | A <code>marginfigure</code> | 34 |
| 19 | A <code>\keyfig[M]</code> | 35 |
| 20 | A <code>\keyfig[W]</code> | 36 |
| 21 | A <code>\keyfigbox[W]</code> | 37 |
| 22 | A <code>\keyfigure[W]</code> | 38 |

| | | |
|----|--|----------------------|
| 23 | Keywrap with \keyfig | 39 |
| 24 | Custom-framed image | 40 |
| 25 | Custom loosely-framed box | 40 |
| 26 | Custom shadow | 41 |
| 27 | Custom loosely-framed shadow | 41 |
| 28 | Artist's name — image | <i>First Last</i> 42 |
| 29 | Artist's name — arbitrary contents | <i>Last</i> 42 |
| 30 | Artist's collection | <i>First Last</i> 43 |

List of Tables

| | | |
|----|--|----|
| 1 | Keys and values — part I | 13 |
| 1 | Keys and values — part II | 14 |
| 2 | Caption-related key combinations | 15 |
| 3 | Wrapped float placement options | 15 |
| 4 | A \keytab table | 18 |
| 5 | A keytable environment | 19 |
| 6 | Loosely-framed table | 22 |
| 7 | Tightly-framed table | 22 |
| 8 | Table, rotated | 23 |
| 9 | A table [H] | 24 |
| 10 | Seventh in a group | 29 |
| 11 | Subtables [H] | 31 |
| 12 | A \marginable{table} | 34 |
| 13 | A keytable[M] | 35 |
| 14 | A \keytab[W] | 36 |
| 15 | A keytable[W] | 38 |

1 Introduction

The `keyfloat` package simplifies the creation of L^AT_EX floats, while still allowing a large number of useful features.

1.1 A problem with floats

When including a figure with a graphics image into a document, the user typically enters something such as:

```
\begin{figure}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=3in]{filename}
\caption{A Figure}
\label{fig:somelabel}
\end{figure}
```

When doing that often enough, it makes sense to factor the common code:

```
\onefigure[3in]{filename}{A Figure}{fig:somelabel}
```

Expanding the capability of `\onefigure` via `xparse` can lead to the general case of:

```
\onefigure*[loc](width){filename}(add'l text)[shortcap]{caption}*[label]
```

Attempting to add additional features such as frames and continued floats hits the limit of nine parameters for a T_EX macro, requiring that new features use some kind of change-state macros instead. Attempting to support rows of floats or subfloats only makes things more complicated still.

A key/value system solves the problem of adding more features, does not require much additional typing, is a more self-documenting syntax, and allows a shared syntax with subfloats and groups of floats as well. Thus, the `keyfloat` package.

1.2 The `keyfloat` package

Using `keyfloat`, the previous example becomes:

```
\keyfig{w=3in,c=A figure,l=fig:somelabel}{filename}
```

The `\onefigure` general case becomes:

```
\keyfig*[loc]{w=width,t={add'l text},sc=shortcap,cstar=caption,
l=label}{filename}
```

1.3 Features

The macros and environments provided by `keyfloat` include:

`\keyfig`: A figure with an image.

`\keytab`: A table.

`\keyflt`: An arbitrary float type macro.

`\keyfigbox`: A figure with arbitrary contents.

`\keyparbox`: A “figure” without a caption, useful to place uncaptioned text inside a group,

`keyfigure`: A figure environment.

`keytable`: A table environment.

`keyfloat`: An arbitrary float type environment.

`keyfloats`: A group of rows and columns of floats.

`keysubfigs`: A figure containing a group of rows and columns of subfigures.

`keysubtabs`: A table containing a group of rows and columns of subtables.

`keysubfloats`: A float of arbitrary type containing a group of rows and columns of subfloats.

`keywrap`: Wraps a keyfloat around an environment of text. Usable inside a list.

`marginfigure`: A figure environment placed into the margin.¹

`maintable`: A table environment placed in the margin.

Additional features include:

- Rows and columns of floats may be generated by placing them inside a `keyfloats` environment.
- Subfloats may be generated by placing them inside a `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs` environment.
- Dynamic layout: The number of columns is specified. Extra floats are placed onto additional rows as needed, with the final row adjusted to compensate for leftovers.

¹`marginfigure` and `maintable`: The environments provided by the `tufte-book` class are used if loaded, otherwise `keyfloat` provides its own versions.

- Floats may be placed [`H`]ere.
- Floats may be placed in the [`M`]argin.
- Floats may be placed with text [`W`]rapped around them.
- Floats may be starred to span two columns.
- Continued floats may be used to repeat the previous float number.
- A figure may contain an image, with additional sizing, rotation, and a frame.
- Tables may be stretched. (`\arraystretch`)
- Boxes of arbitrary contents may be assigned a width and framed.
- Floats may be moved into and out of the grouping environments as needed.
- An artist/author's name may be added to a figure and the index.
- If the `tocdata` package is loaded (use v0.12+), the name is also added to the LOF.
- Additional descriptive text may be added as well.
- Frames may be customized.

examples A large number of examples are provided, each showing L^AT_EX source and the resulting float.

index A customized index is included at the back of the documentation.

margin tags Blue margin tags are used to help quickly find information, and often indicate the destination of index entries.

 **warnings** Several warnings are noted in the text. Watch out for these special cases.

problems See the “troubleshooting” section of the index for help with specific problems which may occur.

2 Using the **keyfloat** package

2.1 Loading **keyfloat** and related packages

keyfloat is loaded with the usual command:

```
\usepackage{keyfloat}
```

Pkg tocdata If you wish to have artist's names appear in the list of figures, as provided by the **tocdata** package, load **tocdata**, optionally followed by either **tocloft** or **titletoc**, then **keyfloat**:

```
\usepackage{tocdata}
\usepackage{titletoc}% or titletoc, or neither
\usepackage{keyfloat}
```

Pkg newfloat To use custom float types, use the **newfloat** package:

```
\usepackage{newfloat}
\DeclareFloatingEnvironment[
    fileext={lod},
    listname={List of Diagrams},
    name={Diagram},
]{diagram}
```

Pkg caption For the **caption** package, to have table captions appear above the tables, and to use custom float types:

```
\usepackage[tableposition=top]{caption}
\captionsetup[diagram]{
    style=default, justification=centering,
    margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
    labelfont={small,bf}, textfont={small,bf}
}
```

Pkg cleveref To use custom float and subfloat types with **cleveref**:

```
\usepackage{cleveref}
\crefname{diagram}{diagram}{diagrams}
\crefname{subdiagram}{subdiagram}{subdiagrams}
```

2.2 Macros and environments

```
\keyfig * [<loc>] {<keys/values>} {<image filename>}
```

A macro to generate a figure with an image from a file.

\keytab * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨keys/values⟩} {⟨tabular contents⟩}

A macro to generate a table with tabular contents. Usually use the keytable environment instead.

\keyflt * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨float type⟩} {⟨keys/values⟩} {⟨contents⟩}

A macro to generate an arbitrary float type with its contents.

\keyfigbox * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨keys/values⟩} {⟨box contents⟩}

A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. See example 2.

\keyparbox * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨keys/values⟩} {⟨box contents⟩}

A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a \keyfigbox with cstar={}. Mostly useful to add supplemental information inside a row of floats or subfloats. See example 14.

Env keyfigure * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨keys/values⟩}

An environment to generate a figure with arbitrary contents. Useful for multi-paragraph contents. See example 3.

Env keytable * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨keys/values⟩}

An environment to generate a table with arbitrary contents. Useful for larger tables. See example 5.

Env keyfloat * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨float type⟩} {⟨keys/values⟩}

An environment to generate an arbitrary float type with its contents. Useful for multi-paragraph contents.

The above macros and environments may be used by themselves, or inside the following keyfloats, keysubfigs, or keysubtabs environments.

Env keyfloats * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨num columns⟩}

A group of figures or tables typeset in rows. May be nested. See example 15.

Env keysubfigs * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨numcols⟩} {⟨keys⟩}

A group of subfigures typeset in rows. May not be nested. See example 16.

Env keysubtabs * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨numcols⟩} {⟨keys⟩}

A group of subtables typeset in rows. May not be nested. See example 17.

Env keysubfloats * [⟨loc⟩] {⟨float type⟩} {⟨numcols⟩} {⟨keys⟩}

A group of subfloats typeset in rows. May not be nested.

Env keywrap {⟨width of keyfloat⟩} {⟨keyfloat⟩}

Displays a keyfloat next to an environment of text. Usable inside a list item, where [W] will not work. *<keyfloat>* may be any of \keyfig, keyfigure, keyfloats, keysubfigs, etc., each with its proper arguments. See example 27.

Env marginfigure [*<offset>*]
A figure placed into the margin, with an optional vertical offset. \keyfloat uses the version provided by the tufte-book class if available, or provides its own version otherwise. See example 20.

Env margintable [*<offset>*]
A table placed into the margin, with an optional vertical offset. \keyfloat uses the version provided by the tufte-book class if available, or provides its own version otherwise. See example 21.

Arg * The star option creates floats which span both columns in a two-column document.

Arg [H] The [H] location forces a figure to be “Here”, in the form of a minipage instead of a float. A caption, label, etc. may still be assigned.

Arg [M] The [M] location places the float into the margin. When the tufte-book class is used, its marginfigure and margintable environments are used, otherwise keyfloat provides and uses its own versions of the same environments. See examples 22 and 23.

Arg [W] The [W] location wraps text around the float. Use this just before the start of a paragraph with contents large enough to wrap around the float. Do not use this inside a list environment. Select placement with the wp key; see the wrapfig package documentation for more information. Watch the log for warnings from wrapfig.

⚠ wrapfig warnings

Arg [loc] The star and [loc] options are ignored for floats inside a keyfloats, keysubfigs, or keysubtabs environment. Note that these container environments may have their own star and [loc] options.

2.3 Keys and values

Table 1 shows the key/value combinations which are allowed. In most cases these may be used in any order and any combination, except for the following:

subfloat keys The keys labeled "Sub" may be used for the `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments, which group a number of subfloats together under one master float. The master float has its own caption, label, and text, and each subfloat inside the group likewise has its own set of keys.

keyfloats keys `keyfloats` does not accept any keys at all.

The "artist" keys `ap`, `af`, `a1`, and `as` are only used by figures.

The `stretch` key increases space between tabular elements.

The rest of the macros and environments accept all of the keys, as they each create an individual float or subfloat, and each may have its own assigned dimensions and frame.

**short/long
caption combinations** Table 2 shows the combinations of the caption-related keys `c`, `cstar`, and `sc`, and how they control the caption numbering and entries in the LOF/LOT.

wrapped float placement Table 3 shows the wrapped-float placement options for the `wp` key for floats placed `[W]`.

Table 1: Keys and values — part I

| Key | Sub ^a | Description | Example |
|---------|------------------|---|---------------|
| c | • | An unstarred caption. If empty, creates a figure with a number but no caption. | c=A caption |
| cstar | • | A starred caption. Creates a float without a number. If empty, creates a figure with no number or caption. | cstar=No Num |
| sc | • | The short caption for the LOF/LOT, even if cstar. | sc=Short cap |
| cont | • | Continued float? | cont |
| l | • | The label. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. Ignored in unnumbered floats. | l=fig:A name |
| ap, aup | • | Artist/author's prefix, such as "Mr." ^b | ap=Mr. |
| af, auf | • | Artist/author's first name. ^b | af=First |
| al, aul | • | Artist/author's last name. ^b | al=Last |
| as, aus | • | Artist/author's suffix, such as ~III. ^b | al=~III |
| t | • | Additional text. May include paragraphs. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. May need \protect before macro calls. Fully-justified alignment. | t=Paragraphs |
| tc | • | Additional text, aligned to the center. | tc=Paragraphs |
| tl | • | Additional text, aligned to the left. | tl=Paragraphs |
| tr | • | Additional text, aligned to the right. | tr=Paragraphs |

^{a:} All the keys in Part I may be used with the `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments.^{b:} Artist / author keys: al is an artist's last name, aul is an author's last name, etc. Artists names are printed centered, authors are flush right. A fixed-width non-breakable space is placed between parts of names, except that the optional suffix is connected directly to the last name, allowing "as={, Title}", for example.

... continued

Table 1: Keys and values — part II

| Key ^a | Description | Example |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------|
| <code>lw</code> | Set the width to a fraction of <code>\linewidth</code> . Cancels <code>w</code> . If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box. | <code>lw=.5</code> |
| <code>w</code> | Set the actual width. Cancels <code>lw</code> . If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box. | <code>w=2in</code> |
| <code>h</code> | Set the actual height, images only. | <code>w=2in</code> |
| <code>s</code> | Set the image scale, images only. | <code>s=3</code> |
| <code>a</code> | Set the rotation angle; counter-clockwise degrees. | <code>r=90</code> |
| <code>f</code> | Selects a loose frame with the current <code>\fboxsep</code> . Only rotated with <code>\keyfig</code> . | <code>f</code> |
| <code>ft</code> | Selects a tight frame with no <code>\fboxsep</code> . Useful for photographs, or diagrams which already have some margin built in. | <code>ft</code> |
| <code>stretch</code> | Sets <code>\arraystretch</code> inside the float. | <code>stretch=1.5</code> |
| <code>mo</code> | Sets the vertical offset for a margin float. | <code>mo=-1.2ex</code> |
| <code>wp</code> | Sets the wrap placement for a wrapped float. The default is 0, which places the wrapped float at the outside edge of the text. See table 3. | <code>wp=I</code> |
| <code>va</code> | Sets the vertical alignment of the outermost minipage container for the keyfloat. Defaults to 'c'. | <code>va=t</code> |

^a: None of the keys in Part II are used in the `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments.

Table 2: Caption-related key combinations

| Keys in Use | | | Type of | |
|-------------|------------------|----|----------------------|------------------------|
| c | cstar | sc | Caption ^a | LOF / LOT ^b |
| • | — | — | Numbered | Caption |
| • | — | • | Numbered | Short Caption |
| — | • | — | Unnumbered | None |
| — | • | • | Unnumbered | Short Caption |
| — | cstar={} Ignored | | None | None |

^a: Caption: Shows whether the float will be numbered, unnumbered, or have no caption.

^b: LOF / LOT: Shows whether the regular or short caption will appear in the List of Figures or List of Tables, or if there will be no listing.

Table 3: Wrapped float placement options

| Key | Location |
|-----|-------------------------------|
| r R | to the right of the text body |
| l L | to the left of the text body |
| i I | to the inside margin |
| o O | to the outside margin |

The un-capitalized key attempts to place the float “here”, and the capitalized key allows L^AT_EX to try to find the best location. The default is O.

2.4 Other settings

\KFLTtightframe {*contents*} Frames the contents without separation.

\KFLTlooseframe {*contents*} Frames the contents with separation.

These may be used to re-define how contents are framed. The default is a simple \fbox.

Len \KFLTtightframewidth Combined width of the frame and separation for each of tight and loose frames. These settings should be adjusted when changing the frame width and/or separation. The

Len \KFLTlooseframewidth value should be equivalent to \fboxwidth plus \fboxsep.

Len \KFLTimageboxwidth The computed width of the image. Useful to enclose an mdframed environment to restrict its width. See example 28.

An image.

Figure 1: A \keyfig with an image

Some text. More text.

Another paragraph.

Figure 2: A \keyfigbox

2.5 Examples

2.5.1 Single floats

Example 1: Figure with an image from a file

Code:

```
\keyfig{c=A \cs{keyfig} with an image,l=fig:simple}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 1

natural size This float (fig. 1) is shown at its natural size because no width or height modifiers were specified. When used alone like this, a regular float is created.

Example 2: Figure with arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\keyfigbox{f,c={A \cs{keyfigbox}},l=fig:figbox}
{Some text. More text. \par Another paragraph.}
```

Result:

Figure 2

default width The \keyfigbox creates a figure with a box of arbitrary contents, instead of an image from a file. Its default width is the full \linewidth, unless w or lw keys are used.

Arbitrary contents may go here.

Including multiple paragraphs.

Figure 3: A `\keyfigure` environment

Table 4: A `\keytab` table

| | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |

Example 3: Figure environment with arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\begin{keyfigure}{f,c={A \env{keyfigure} environment},
l=fig:environment}
Arbitrary contents may go here.
```

Including multiple paragraphs.
\end{keyfigure}

Result:

Figure 3

The `keyfigure` environment is preferred over the `\keyfigbox` macro when multiple lines of contents are to be included.

Example 4: Table macro

Code:

```
\keytab{c=A \cs{keytab} table,l=tab:simpletable}{\testtable}
```

Result:

Table 4

Do not try to use tables which overflow the page.

For anything other than a simple table, use the `keytable` environment. See example 5.

large tables For large tables, use the `longtable` or `supertabular` packages.

Table 5: A keytable environment

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Arbitrary contents may go here. ^a | | | | |
| <hr/> <table><tr><td>A</td><td>B</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>D</td></tr></table> <hr/> | A | B | C | D |
| A | B | | | |
| C | D | | | |
| ^a A footnote. | | | | |

Example 5: Table environment with arbitrary contents

Code:

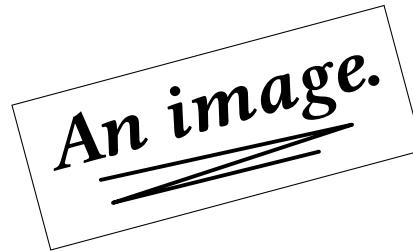
```
\begin{keytable}{f,c={A \env{keytable} environment},  
l=tab:environment}  
Arbitrary contents may go here.\footnote{A footnote.}  
  
\testtable  
\end{keytable}
```

Result:

Table 5

The keytable environment is preferred over the \keytab macro since most tables are multi-line creations.

\keytab centers the table, but keytable does not. Add \centering if desired.



Additional text. Multiple paragraphs may be used. The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma is included. Alignment may be set by using tags `tc`, `tl`, or `tr` instead of `t`

Figure 4: A figure with many options

Example 6: Figure with many options selected

Code:

```
\keyfig{  
    w=2in,ft,r=15,  
    c=A figure with many options,  
    sc=A figure with options,  
    t={Additional text. Multiple paragraphs may be used.  
        The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma  
        is included. Alignment may be set by using  
        tags \texttt{tc}, \texttt{tl}, or \texttt{tr}  
        instead of \texttt{t}},  
    l=fig:options  
}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 4

Width is fixed at 2 in, a tight frame is specified (`\fboxsep` of 0 pt), a short caption appears in the List of Figures, and the additional text is using the default fully-justified alignment.

Since fig. 4 is a float, it may appear on the following page.



Figure 5: Half of \linewidth

Example 7: Using \linewidth

Code:

```
\keyfig{lw=.5,c=Half of \cs{linewidth},l=fig:linewidth}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 5

\linewidth Figure 5 is half of \linewidth in size. When the `lw` key is used inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubfigs` environment, the `\linewidth` will be proportional to the sub-box for each element. When used alone, such as here, the `\linewidth` is the full width of the text on this page.

`lw` and `w` are not used at the same time. If both `lw` and `w` are specified, the last one cancels any previous ones.

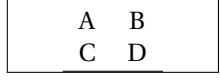
Example 8: Using frames

Code:

```
\begin{keyfloats}[hbp]{4}
\keyfig{f,c=Loosely-framed figure,l=fig:looseframe}{image}
\keyfig{ft,c=Tightly-framed figure,l=fig:tightframe}{image}
\keytab{f,c=Loosely-framed table,l=tab:looseframe}{\testtable}
\keytab{ft,c=Tightly-framed table,l=tab:tightframe}{\testtable}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Result:

Figures 6 and 7 and tables 6 and 7

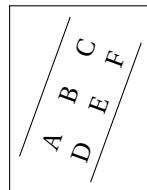
| | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
|  Figure 6: Loosely-framed figure |  Figure 7: Tightly-framed figure | Table 6: Loosely-framed table  | Table 7: Tightly-framed table  |
|---|---|--|---|

The f key adds a loose frame with the current \fboxsep. This is desirable in most cases.

The tf key adds a tight frame with no separation. This is useful for framing a photograph, or a diagram which already has a margin.

Framing tables is seldom recommended. In the case of the tight frame, table 7, note that the external frame almost overwrites the table's natural horizontal rules.

custom frames Also see section 2.6.1 for customizing frames.

Table 8: Table, rotated

(Framed to show box width.)

Example 9: Using rotation with boxes*Code:*

```
\keytab{f,w=.8in,c={Table, rotated},
r=70,l=tab:rotated,
tc=(Framed to show box width.)}
{\testwidetable}
```

*Result:**Table 8***rotated whitespace****△ box width**

Unless a width is given, a box is the full `\ linewidth`. When rotated, this extra horizontal space is rotated into extra vertical space. To avoid this extra space, set a `w` or `lw` to be wide enough for the table or other contents, but not much wider. When this box is rotated, it will not take much more vertical space than necessary.

frame rotation

Unlike an image, the frame of a box does not rotate with its contents.

Example 10: Located [H]ere

Code:

```
\keytab[H]{c={A table [H]},l=tab:here}{\testtable}
\keyfig[H]{f,w=1in,c={A keyfig [H]},l=fig:here}{image}
```

Result:

Table 9, Figure 8

Table 9: A table [H]

| | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |

An image.

Figure 8: A keyfig [H]

-  **Out of sequence** Table 9 and Figure 8 are to be placed “[H]ere”, and therefore may appear out-of-sequence with surrounding figures. Place a \clearpage before or after to re-sync, if necessary.



An image.
=====

Starred caption with a short caption.

Example 11: Unnumbered float

Code:

```
\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={A starred caption}}{image}
```

Result:

See fig. "A starred caption".



An image.
=====

A starred caption

A starred caption creates a float without a number, and without an entry in the List of Figures unless there is a non-empty short caption. (See the next example.)

 **No label** Labels cannot be used when there is no number for a float.

Example 12: Unnumbered float with a LOF entry

Code:

```
\keyfig{  
    f,cstar={Starred caption with a short caption.},  
    sc={Starred short caption}  
}{image}
```

Result:

See fig. "Starred caption with a short caption".

A starred caption with a non-empty short caption creates an unnumbered entry in the List of Figures.

Example 13: An unnumbered in-text image

Code:

```
\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={},
            tc={Optional text which is not a caption.}
}{image2}
```

Result:

See fig. "Optional text which is not a caption."



Optional text which is not a caption.

By using [H] and cstar={ }, the image is placed inline without a number or LOF entry.

Also see example 14.

An image.

Some contents.

A \keyparbox with no number or label.

Figure 9: Next to a \keyparbox

Example 14: A box without a caption.

Code:

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyparbox{
  f, lwd=.5,
  tc={A \cs{keyparbox} with no number or label.}
}{Some contents.}
\keyfig{c=Next to a \cs{keyparbox}, l=fig:nexttoparbox}{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\keyparbox[H]{f, lwd=.5}{A \cs{keyparbox} [H], outside the row.}
```

Result:

Figure 9, and the box to its left.

A \keyparbox [H], outside the row.

A \keyparbox is a \keyfigbox with cstar={}, and is mostly useful as an information box inside a row or a set of subfloats.

2.5.2 Groups of floats

Example 15: Groups of figures — keyfloats environment

Code:

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig[lw=1,f,c={First in a group},
l=fig:firstinrow,tl={\cs{raggedright} text}
]{image}
\keyparbox{}{\centering A \cs{keyparbox} describing something.
\par With several paragraphs.}
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig[lw=1,c={Third in a group},
l=fig:thirdinarow]{image}
\keyfig[lw=1,c={Fourth in a group}]{image2}
\keyfig[lw=1,c={Fifth in a group}]{image}
\keyfig[lw=1,c={Sixth in a group},
l=fig:sixthinarow]{image2}
\end{keyfloats}
\keytab[c={Seventh in a group},l=tab:seventhinarow]{\testwidetable}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Result:

Figure 10 to Table 10

Figure 10 to table 10 are in a keyfloats environment. Furthermore, Figures 11 to 14 are in an additional nested keyfloats environment, forming a small box of floats inside the larger group.

The keyfloats environment takes an argument for the number of columns. Additional floats are automatically placed on following rows. Changing the number of columns will cause the floats to automatically readjust as necessary. Leftovers will be centered on the last row.

 `\linewidth` Note that `\linewidth` is adjusted for each row and nested row, so the `lw` key will need to be changed if a float is moved to a different nesting level.

 `image too large` Fixed-width or fixed-height floats may be too large to fit if they are moved into a group. It is the user's responsibility to adjust `w`, `h`, or `lw` as necessary.

Keyfloats may be positioned [H]:

```
\begin{keyfloats}[H]{2}...
```

Keyfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format:

```
\begin{keyfloats}*{2}...
```



\raggedright text

Figure 10: First in a group

A \keyparbox describing something.

With several paragraphs.

An image.



Figure 11: Third
in a group

Figure 12: Fourth
in a group

An image.

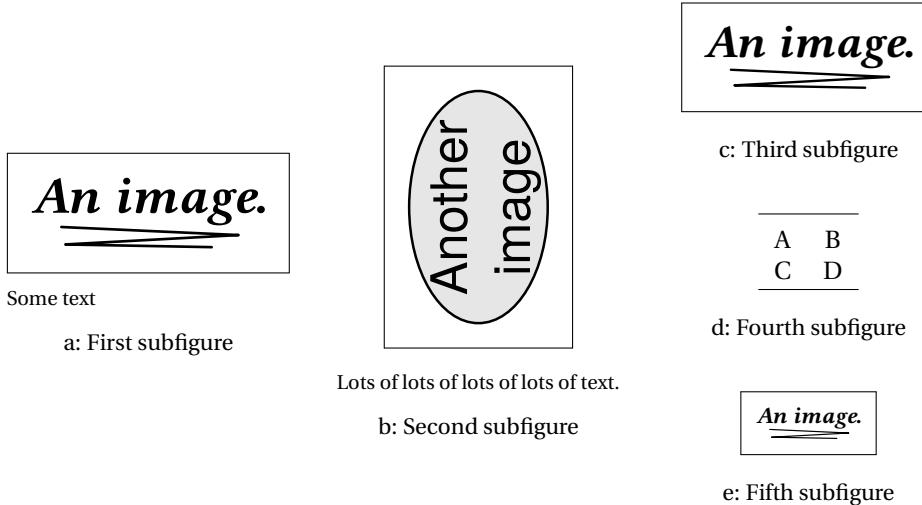


Figure 13: Fifth in
a group

Figure 14: Sixth
in a group

Table 10: Seventh in a group

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A | B | C |
| D | E | F |

**Figure 15: Subfigures**

2.5.3 Subfloats

Example 16: Subfigures — `keysubfigs` environment

Code:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{3}{c=Subfigures,l=fig:subfigs}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={First subfigure},
        l=fig:firstsubfig,t=Some text}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,r=90,c={Second subfigure},
        l=fig:secondsubfig,
        t=Lots of lots of lots of lots of lots of text.}
        {image2}
\begin{keyfloats}{1}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={Third subfigure},l=fig:thirdsubfig}{image}
\keytab[c={Fourth subfigure},l=fig:fourthsubfig]{\testtable}
\keyfig[lw=.5,f,c={Fifth subfigure},l=fig:fifthsubfig]{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 15

Figures 15a to 15e are in the fig. 15 `keysubfigs` environment. The `\keysubtabs` environment is similar. Mixed types have the type of their container, as shown with fig. 15d.

Subfloats are associated floats (a, b, ...) collected together into one common float (the enclosing \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs environment). The enclosing float can have its own caption (call “Sub-Figures” in the example), which appears in the LOF/LOT, and also a label. Each subfloat can have its own caption and label as well, but the subcaption does not appear in the LOF/LOT.

- ⚠ **mixed subfloats** All subfloats are forced to have the same type as its containing float. A table inside a figure will be labeled as a figure, for example. This avoids miss-labeling as each subfloat must clearly be identified as a child of its containing float.
- ⚠ **nested subfloats** \keysubfigs and \keysubtabs may not be used inside the keyfloats environment, and cannot be nested inside each other. (No subfloat 12aa, 12ab, 12ba, etc.)
- nested keyfloats** The keyfloats environment may be used inside \keysubfigs or \keysubtabs to gather subfloats together, such as the three right-most figures in fig. 15.

Subfloats may be located H:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}[H]{3}{key/vals ...}
```

Subfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}*{2}{key/vals ...}
```

Example 17: Subtables [H] — keysubtabs environment

Code:

```
\begin{keysubtabs}[H]{2}{c=Subtables [H],l=tab:subtabs}
\keytab{c={First subtable},l=fig:firstsubtab}{\testtable}
\keytab{c={Second subtable},l=fig:secondsubtab}{\testwidetable}
\end{keysubtabs}
```

Result:

Table 11

Table 11: Subtables [H]

a: First subtable

| | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |

b: Second subtable

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A | B | C |
| D | E | F |

An image.



Figure 16: Figure to be continued

Figure 16: ...continued

2.5.4 Continued floats

The `cont` key may be used to generate a “continued” float. The continued float receives the same number as the previous float, and it is assumed that they are the same float, except that they are separated for some reason such as size on the page.

The label may be placed in a continued float, and will still receive the same float number as the prior non-continued float.

Example 18: Continued figure

Code:

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig[,c=Figure to be continued]{image}
\keyfig[c={\dots continued},cont,l=fig:firstcontinued]{image2}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Result:

Figure 16

An image.

a: First of a set

An image.

b: Second of a set

Figure 17: A set of figures

Another image

c: Third of a set

Another image

d: Fourth of a set

Figure 17: ...continued

2.5.5 Continued subfloats

The `keysubfigs` and `keysuptabs` environments may also be given the `cont` key. The containing environment's float receives the same number as the previous float (presumably another subfloat container).

Example 19: Continued subfloats

Code:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={A set of figures},l=fig:continuedfigures}
\keyfig{c={First of a set},l=fig:contfirst}{image}
\keyfig{c={Second of a set},l=fig:contsecond}{image}
\end{keysubfigs}
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={\dots continued},cont}
\keyfig{c={Third of a set},l=fig:contthird}{image2}
\keyfig{c={Fourth of a set},l=fig:contfourth}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 17

2.5.6 Margin floats

When a keyfloat is located [M], it will be placed in the margin.

| | | |
|-----|------------|--|
| cls | tufte-book | When the tufte-book class is used, its <code>marginfigure</code> or <code>margintable</code> environments will be used, otherwise <code>keyfloat</code> provides environments of the same name and uses those instead. |
|-----|------------|--|

Example 20: The `marginfigure` environment

Code:

```
\begin{marginfigure}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=.75\linewidth]{image}
```



Some text added by hand.

Figure 18: A `marginfigure`

Some text added by hand.

```
\caption{A \env{marginfigure}}
\label{fig:marginfigure}
\end{marginfigure}
```

Result:

Figure 18

Example 21: The `margintable` environment

Code:

```
\begin{margintable}
\centering
\testwidetable
\caption{A \env{margintable}}
\label{fig:margintable}
\end{margintable}
```

Table 12: A `margintable`

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A | B | C |
| D | E | F |

Result:

Table 12

Example 22: Using \keyfig[M]*Code:*

```
\keyfig[M]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\texttt{[M]}},l=fig:keyfigm,ft,
t=Additional text.
Text text text text text text.
```

Additional text. Text text text text text
text.

More paragraphs.

Figure 19: A \keyfig[M]

More paragraphs.

```
}{{image2}}
```

*Result:***Figure 19****Table 13: A keytable[M]**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A | B | C |
| D | E | F |

Example 23: Using keytable[M] and an offset*Code:*

```
\begin{keytable}[M]{c={A \env{keytable}\texttt{[M]}},
l=tab:keytablem,mo=-.9in}
\centering
\testwidetable
\end{keytable}
```

*Result:***Table 13**

A negative offset was used to shift the table upwards to the top of the example.

margin float offset

To set the minimum-allowed distance between \marginpars and margin floats:

```
\setlength{\marginparpush}{3ex}
```

2.5.7 Wrapped floats

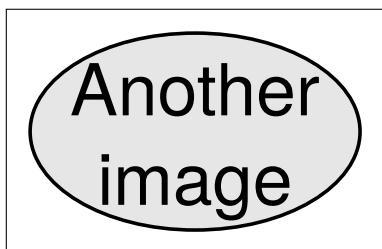
Example 24: Using \keyfig[W] and \keytab[W]

Code:

```
\keyfig[W]{c={A \cs{keyfig}\texttt{[W]}},  
l=fig:keyfigw,ft,lw=.4,wp=I,  
t={.4\cs{linewidth} wide, placed \texttt{[I].}}  
}{image2}  
\lipsum[1]  
\keytab[W]{c={A \cs{keytab}\texttt{[W]}},l=tab:keytabw,w=.75in,  
}{\testtable}  
\lipsum[2]
```

Result:

Figure 20 and table 14



.4\linewidth wide, placed I.

Figure 20: A \keyfig[W]

bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices

Table 14: A
\keytab[W]

| | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |

Example 25: Using \keyfigbox[W] and \keyparbox[W]*Code:*

```
\keyfigbox[W]{c={A \cs{keyfigbox}\texttt{[W]}},
  l=fig:keyfigboxw,f,lw=.25,wp=I,
  t=Text text text text text text text text
}{The contents.}
\lipsum[1]
\keyparbox[W]{w=1in}{A \cs{keyparbox}[W] and some more text.}
\lipsum[2]
```

*Result:**Figure 21 and the \keyparbox.*

The contents.

Text text text text text
text text text

Figure 21: A
\keyfigbox[W]

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Example 26: Using \keyfigure[W] and \keytable[W]*Code:*

```
\begin{keyfigure}[W]{c={A \cs{keyfigure}\texttt{[W]}},  
l=fig:keyfigurew,f,w=1.5in}  
This is a keyfigure.  
\end{keyfigure}  
\lipsum[1]  
  
\begin{keytable}[W]{c={A \env{keytable}\texttt{[W]}},  
l=tab:keytablew,w=2in,wp=L,tc=Placed \texttt{[L]} and 2in wide.}  
\centering  
\testwidetable  
\end{keytable}  
\lipsum[2]
```

*Result:**Figure 22 and table 15*

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

This is a keyfigure.

Figure 22: A \keyfigure[W]**Table 15: A keytable[W]**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A | B | C |
| D | E | F |

Placed L and 2in wide.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla.

Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Example 27: Using keywrap with a \keyfig*Code:*

```
\begin{itemize}
\item First item.
    Several lines of text text text text text
    text text text text text text text.
\item \begin{keywrap}{.3\linewidth}{\keyfig{%
    lw=1,c={Keywrap with \cs{keyfig}},l=fig:keywrapfig%
}}{image}}
    Second item.
    Several lines of text text text text text
    text text text text text text text text
    text text text text text text.
\end{keywrap}
Outside the \env{wrapfig}, \margintag{notes}\
but still in the second item.
There is no elegant way to place only part of a paragraph
inside a \env{keywrap}, and attempting to do so requires
manually removing the vertical paragraph skip.
\item Third item.
\end{itemize}
```

*Result:**Figure 23*

- First item. Several lines of text text.
- Second item. Several lines of text text text text text
 text text text text text text text text text text text text.

These paragraphs are inside the keywrap. A vertical gap appears below if the text is not enough to fill the space next to the \keyfig.

notes

Outside the wrapfig, but still in the second item. There is no elegant way to place only part of a paragraph inside a keywrap, and attempting to do so requires manually removing the vertical paragraph skip.

- Third item.
-

An image.

Figure 23: Keywrap with \keyfig



Figure 24: Custom-framed image

A loosely-framed box.

Figure 25: Custom loosely-framed box

2.5.8 Custom frames

Example 28: Custom frames with mdframed

Code:

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\begin{minipage}{\KFLTimageboxwidth}
\begin{mdtightframe}%
#1
\end{mdtightframe}%
\end{minipage}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{1pt}

\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\begin{mdlooseframe}[leftmargin=1.5in,rightmargin=1.5in]%
#1
\end{mdlooseframe}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{4pt}

\keyfig{ft,c=Custom-framed image,l=fig:customframe,r=90}{image}
\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed box,
l=fig:customlooseframe}{A loosely-framed box.}
```

Result:

Figures 24 and 25

Pkg **mdframed**
⚠ **mdframed width**

Example 28 shows custom frames created with the `mdframed` package along with `tikz`. Note that `mdframed` uses the full `\ linewidth` even if the left/right margins are explicitly set, which causes extra vertical space when rotated. Because of this, the framed object is enclosed inside a `minipage` whose width is precomputed based on the object itself, then set in `\KFLTimageboxwidth`. Any shadow may fall outside this box.



Figure 26: Custom shadow

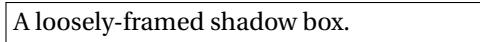


Figure 27: Custom loosely-framed shadow

See section [2.6.1](#) for more details.

Example 29: Custom shadows with fancybox

Code:

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{0.4pt}

\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}

\keyfig{ft,c=Custom shadow,l=fig:customshadow}{image}
\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed shadow,lw=.5,
l=fig:customlooseshadow}{A loosely-framed shadow box.}
```

Result:

[Figures 26 and 27](#)

Pkg fancybox Example 29 shows custom shadow frames created with the fancybox package. This combination respects `lw` and `w`.

See section [2.6.1](#) for more details.

An image.

MR. FIRST LAST III

About the illustration.

Figure 28: Artist's name — image

Some text, a quotation, a TikZ diagram — anything not an image file.

MR. LAST

Figure 29: Artist's name — arbitrary contents

2.5.9 Artist's name

Example 30: Artist's name — image

Code:

```
\keyfig{ft,ap=Mr.,af=First,al=Last,as={~III},
tc={\textit{About the illustration.}},
c=Artist's name --- image,l=fig:artist}{image}
```

Result:

Figure 28

Example 31: Artist's name — arbitrary contents

Code:

```
\tdartistright
\begin{keyfigure}{f,ap=Mr.,al=Last,
c=Artist's name --- arbitrary contents,l=fig:artistpar}
\centering Some text, a quotation, a TikZ\ diagram ---
anything not an image file.
\end{keyfigure}
\tdartistcenter
```

Result:

Figure 29

The artist's name and optional prefix/suffix are printed below the figure, and an index entry is made for the name in (Last, First) format, or (Last) if there is no first name. If the `tocdata` package is loaded, the artist's name is also added to the List of Figures, and the `tocdata \tdname...` macros may be used to align the name.



PREFIX FIRST LAST, SUFFIX

Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes, in case you have use for long explanations. This text may be the full \linewidth in size.

Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.

Figure 30: Artist's collection

Example 32: Subfloats with an artist

Code:

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}%
  c=Artist's collection, l=fig:artistcollection,
  t={Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes,
  in case you have use for long explanations.
  This text may be the full \cs{linewidth} in size. \par
  Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.},
  ap=Prefix,af=First,al=Last,as={, Suffix}
}
\keyfig{c=Artist's First Work}{image}
\keyfig{c=Artist's Second Work,
        tc={Commentary about the work.}}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Result:

Figure 30

A group of figures may be placed into a subfloat container, which may have its own artist keys and additional text. Furthermore, each subfloat inside the collection may also have its own artist tags and additional text.

2.6 Customization

2.6.1 Custom frames

There are two user-redefinable framing macros:

`\KFLTtightframe` and `\KFLTlooseframe`

A float's contents are placed into a box, which is passed to either of these two macros depending on the key `f` or `tf`.

Each macro takes one argument and frames it.

Each macro has a associated L^AT_EX lengths:

`\KFLTtightframewidth` and `\KFLTlooseframewidth`

These lengths must be redefined to the expected total frame width, equal to the frame thickness plus separation.

The default definitions are:

```
\newcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
  \setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}%
  \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
  \fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}

\newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
  \setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
  \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
  \fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
```

See example 28 for an example created with the `mdframed` package, and example 29 for an example created with the `fancybox` package.

2.6.2 Distance between floats and rows

rows too close/far

To spread out the distance between floats and/or rows of floats on a busy page, the following settings may be changed. The settings used in this documentation are:

```
\setlength{\floatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
\setlength{\dblfloatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
```

2.6.3 Formatting the captions

To modify the typesetting of the captions, see the `caption` package. The settings used in this documentation are:

```
% default applied to margin floats:  
\captionsetup{labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}}  
  
\captionsetup[figure]{  
    style=default, justification=centering,  
    margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=2ex,  
    labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}  
}  
  
\captionsetup[table]{  
    style=default, justification=centering,  
    margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,  
    labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}  
}  
  
\captionsetup[subfigure]{  
    style=default, justification=centering,  
    margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=2ex,  
    labelfont={small},textfont={small}  
}  
  
\captionsetup[subtable]{  
    style=default, justification=centering,  
    margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,  
    labelfont={small},textfont={small}  
}
```

3 Code

3.1 Older packages

Ensure that `tocdata`, if loaded, is new enough:

```

1 \@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}{
2     \@ifpackagelater{tocdata}{2019/03/21}{}{
3         \PackageError{keyfloat}
4         {%
5             The tocdata package is out of date.\MessageBreak
6             Update to tocdata v2.02 2019/03/21 or later\MessageBreak
7             to use use this version of keyfloat%
8         }
9         {%
10            Please update the tocdata package. It's worth it!%
11        }
12    }
13 }{}
```

3.2 Prohibited packages

Prohibits the use of a certain other packages.

```

\KFLT@@prohibitpackage {\langle packagename\rangle}

14 \newcommand*{\KFLT@@prohibitpackage}[2]{%
15 \@ifpackageloaded{#1}
16 {
17     \PackageError{keyfloat}
18     {%
19         The keyfloat package conflicts with the #1\MessageBreak
20         package. Remove #1 to use keyfloat.\MessageBreak
21         Alternative(s):\MessageBreak
22         \space\space#2%
23     }
24     {%
25         Keyfloat uses the caption, subcaption, newfloat, and wrapfig packages.%
26     }
27 }{%
28 }
```

```
\KFLT@prohibitpackage {\langle packagename\rangle}
```

Prohibits the use of another package, both now and also \AtBeginDocument.

```
29 \newcommand*{\KFLT@prohibitpackage}[2]{  
30     \KFLT@prohibitpackage{#1}{#2}  
31     \AtBeginDocument{\KFLT@prohibitpackage{#1}{#2}}  
32 }
```

The list of prohibited packages:

```
33 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{floatrow}{caption and subcaption}  
34 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{subfig}{subcaption}  
35 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{subfigure}{subcaption}  
36 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{subfloat}{subcaption}  
37 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{float}{newfloat}  
38 \KFLT@prohibitpackage{floatflt}{wrapfig}
```

3.3 Required packages

Pkg etoolbox v2.6 or later for \BeforeBeginEnvironment, \AfterEndEnvironment

```
39 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}[2011/01/03]%
```

Pkg xparse Argument processing:

```
40 \RequirePackage{xparse}
```

Pkg keyval Key processing:

```
41 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}
```

Pkg graphicx For \includegraphics and rotating:

```
42 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
```

Pkg caption Handles all caption-related functions:

```
43 \RequirePackage{caption}[2010/10/31]% v3.2 to support \phantomcaption
```

Pkg subcaption Derived from caption, used to handle subfloats:

```
44 \RequirePackage{subcaption}
```

Pkg calc Used to compute box width minus frame sep and width.

```
45 \RequirePackage{calc}
```

Pkg `rotating` Provides rotation via the `turn` environment:

```
46 \RequirePackage{rotating}
```

Pkg `placeins` Provides

to process existing floats before adding new ones.

```
47 \RequirePackage{placeins}
```

Pkg `wrapfig` Provides figure wrapping code.

```
48 \RequirePackage{wrapfig}
```

Pkg `getttitlestring` Used by `hyperref` and `nameref`.

Expand names used in titles:

```
49 \PassOptionsToPackage{expand}{getttitlestring}
```

Rows of floats are created by a simple `minipage` environment, instead of relying on a preexisting package. This proved to be advantageous when support was added for multiple rows in one environment.

3.4 In-line figures and tables

These macros are commonly used by others.

Env `tablehere` Place a table exactly [H].

```
50 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{tablehere}{}  
51  {\bigbreak\noindent\minipage{\linewidth}\def\@captype{table}}  
52  {\endminipage\bigbreak}
```

Env `figurehere` Place a figure exactly [H].

```
53 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{figurehere}{}  
54  {\bigbreak\noindent\minipage{\linewidth}\def\@captype{figure}}  
55  {\endminipage\bigbreak}
```

3.5 Row counting and control

Used to count position and wrap at end of each row.

Ctr KFLT@numcols Columns per row.

56 \newcounter{KFLT@numcols}

Ctr KFLT@thiscol Column currently processing. 0 if not yet in a keyfloats or subfloat.

57 \newcounter{KFLT@thiscol}

Len \KFLT@rowboxwidth How wide is each box in the row.

58 \newlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}

3.6 Float key handling

Bool KFLT@cont Continued float?

59 \newboolean{KFLT@cont}

Key [main] cont Continued float?

60 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{cont}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@cont}{#1}}

\KFLT@c Caption storage

61 \newcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%

Bool KFLT@cstar Starred caption?

62 \newboolean{KFLT@cstar}

Key [main] c Caption

63 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{c}{%
64 \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}}%
65 }

Key [main] cstar Caption starred?

66 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{cstar}{%
67 \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{true}}%
68 }

Key [main] sc Short caption

```
69 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{sc}{%
70   \renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{#1}%
71   \setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{true}%
72 }
```

\KFLT@sc Short caption storage

```
73 \newcommand{\KFLT@sc}{}
```

Bool KFLT@scgiven Was a short caption given?

```
74 \newboolean{KFLT@scgiven}
```

\KFLT@type Float type: “figure”, “table”

```
75 \newcommand*{\KFLT@type}{}
```

Key [main] 1 Label

```
76 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{1}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@l}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@l Label storage

```
77 \newcommand*{\KFLT@l}{}
```

For the artist/author keys:

Key [main] ap Artist prefix

```
78 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{ap}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@ap}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@ap Storage for artist prefix

```
79 \newcommand*{\KFLT@ap}{}
```

Key [main] af Artist first name

```
80 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{af}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@af}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@af Storage for artist first name

```
81 \newcommand*{\KFLT@af}{}
```

Key [main] al Artist last name

82 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{al}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@al}{#1}}

\KFLT@al Storage for artist last name

83 \newcommand*{\KFLT@al}{}{}

Key [main] as Artist suffix

84 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{as}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@as}{#1}}

\KFLT@as Storage for artist suffix

85 \newcommand*{\KFLT@as}{}{}

Key [main] aup Author prefix

86 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{aup}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@aup}{#1}}

\KFLT@aup Storage for author prefix

87 \newcommand*{\KFLT@aup}{}{}

Key [main] auf Author first name

88 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{auf}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@auf}{#1}}

\KFLT@auf Storage for author first name

89 \newcommand*{\KFLT@auf}{}{}

Key [main] aul Author last name

90 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{aul}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@aul}{#1}}

\KFLT@al Storage for author last name

91 \newcommand*{\KFLT@aul}{}{}

Key [main] aus Author suffix

92 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{aus}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@aus}{#1}}

\KFLT@aus Storage for author suffix

```
93 \newcommand*{\KFLT@aus}{}%
```

\KFLT@textalign Storage for text alignment.

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
94 \newcommand*{\KFLT@textalign}{}%
```

\KFLT@t Additional text storage

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
95 \newcommand{\KFLT@t}{}%
```

Create replacement macros in case tocdata is not loaded:

```
96 \providecommand{\tdartisttextjustify}{}%
97 \providecommand{\tdartisttextcenter}{}%
98 \providecommand{\tdartisttextleft}{}%
99 \providecommand{\tdartisttextright}{}%
100 \providecommand{\tdauthortextjustify}{}%
101 \providecommand{\tdauthortextcenter}{}%
102 \providecommand{\tdauthortextleft}{}%
103 \providecommand{\tdauthortextright}{}%
104 \providecommand{\tdartistjustify}{}%
105 \providecommand{\tdartistcenter}{}%
106 \providecommand{\tdartistleft}{}%
107 \providecommand{\tdartistright}{}%
108 \providecommand{\tdauthorjustify}{}%
109 \providecommand{\tdauthorcenter}{}%
110 \providecommand{\tdauthorleft}{}%
111 \providecommand{\tdauthorright}{}%
```

Key [main] t Additional text, justified alignment.

```
112 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{t}{%
113   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{\#1}%
114   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{}%
115 }
```

Key [main] tc Additional text, centered alignment.

```
116 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tc}{%
117   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{\#1}%
118   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\centering}%
119 }
```

Key [main] tr Additional text, aligned to the right.

```
120 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tr}{%
121   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}%
122   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedleft}%
123 }
```

Key [main] tl Additional text, aligned to the left.

```
124 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{tl}{%
125   \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}%
126   \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedright}%
127 }
```

Key [main] lw Fraction of \linewidth

```
128 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{lw}{%
129   \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{#1}%
130   \setlength{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
131 }
```

\KFLT@lw Fraction of linewidth storage: ".5"

```
132 \newcommand*\KFLT@lw{}
```

Key [main] w Fixed width

```
133 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{w}{%
134   \setlength{\KFLT@w}{#1}%
135   \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}}%
136 }
```

\KFLT@w Width storage: "3cm"

```
137 \newlength{\KFLT@w}
```

Key [main] h Fixed height

```
138 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{h}{\setlength{\KFLT@h}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@h Height storage: "2in"

```
139 \newlength{\KFLT@h}
```

Key [main] s Scale

```
140 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{s}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@s}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@s Scale storage: “3”

```
141 \newcommand*{\KFLT@s}{1}
```

Key [main] r Angle. 90 is counter-clockwise 90 degrees.

```
142 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{r}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@r}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@r Angle storage: “90”

```
143 \newcommand*{\KFLT@r}{0}
```

Key [main] f Frame the image with \KFLTlooseframe.

```
144 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{f}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@f}{#1}}
```

Bool KFLT@f Frame the image?

```
145 \newboolean{KFLT@f}
```

Key [main] ft Tightly frame the image using \KFLTtightframe. This is useful for photographs, or diagrams which already have built-in margins.

```
146 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{ft}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@ft}{#1}}
```

Bool KFLT@ft Tightly frame the image?

```
147 \newboolean{KFLT@ft}
```

Key [main] stretch Set \arraystretch inside the table environment.

```
148 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{stretch}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@stretch}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@stretch Storage for \arraystretch.

```
149 \newcommand*{\KFLT@stretch}{1}
```

Key [main] mo Set vertical offset for a margin float.

```
150 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{mo}{\setlength{\KFLT@mo}{#1}}
```

\KFLT@mo Storage for the vertical margin offset.

151 \newlength{\KFLT@mo}

Key [main] wp Set wrap placement for a wrapped float.

See table 3 on page 15.

152 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{wp}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@wp}{#1}}

\KFLT@wp Storage for the wrap placement.

153 \newcommand{\KFLT@wp}{0}

Key [main] va Set vertical alignment of the outermost minipage container.

154 \define@key{KFLT@keys}{va}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@va}{#1}}

\KFLT@va Storage for the vertical alignment.

155 \newcommand{\KFLT@va}{c}

3.7 Nesting control

Ctr KFLT@keyfloatdepth Depth inside a keyfigs environment

156 \newcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}
157 \setcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{0}

Bool KFLT@inkeysubfloats Inside a keysubfigs environment?

158 \newboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}
159 \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}

3.8 Subfloat key handling

These keys are for the container holding a collection of subfigures.

Bool KFLT@subgrpcont Continued float?

160 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{}

Key [subfloat container] cont Continued float

```
161 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cont}[true]{%
162     \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{#1}%
163 }
```

\KFLT@subgrpc Sub-caption storage

```
164 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{}%
```

Bool KFLT@subgrpcstart Sub-caption starred?

```
165 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}
```

Key [subfloat container] c Caption

```
166 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{c}{%
167     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{\#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}%
168 }
```

Key [subfloat container] cstar Starred caption?

```
169 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cstar}{%
170     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{\#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{true}%
171 }
```

Key [subfloat container] sc Short caption

```
172 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{sc}{%
173     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{\#1}%
174     \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{true}%
175 }
```

\KFLT@subgrpsc Sub-shortcaption storage

```
176 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{}%
```

Bool KFLT@subgrpscgiven Sub-shortcaption was given?

```
177 \newboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}
```

\KFLT@subgrptype Subfloats collection type storage: “figure”, “table”

```
178 \newcommand*\KFLT@subgrptype{}%
```

Key [subfloat container] 1 Label

```
179 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{l}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpl}{#1}}
180 \newcommand*\KFLT@subgrpl{}
```

\KFLT@subgrptextalign Storage for text alignment.

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
181 \newcommand*\KFLT@subgrptextalign{}
```

\KFLT@subgrpt Additional text storage

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
182 \newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{}
```

Key [subfloat container] t Additional text — full justification

```
183 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{t}{%
184   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
185   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\centering}%
186 }
```

Key [subfloat container] t Additional text — center justification

```
187 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tc}{%
188   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
189   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\centering}%
190 }
```

Key [subfloat container] t Additional text — aligned left

```
191 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tl}{%
192   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
193   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedright}%
194 }
```

Key [subfloat container] t Additional text — aligned right

```
195 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tr}{%
196   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}%
197   \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedleft}%
198 }
```

For the `tocdata` package:

Key [subfloat container] ap Artist prefix

199 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{ap}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpap Storage for artist prefix

200 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpap}{}{}

Key [subfloat container] af Artist first name

201 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{af}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpaf Storage for artist first name

202 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{}{}

Key [subfloat container] al Artist last name

203 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{al}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpal}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpal Storage for artist last name

204 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpal}{}{}

Key [subfloat container] as Artist suffix

205 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{as}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpas}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpas Storage for artist suffix

206 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpas}{}{}

Key [subfloat container] aup Author prefix

207 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{aup}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaup}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpaup Storage for author prefix

208 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpaup}{}{}

Key [subfloat container] auf Author first name

209 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{auf}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpauf}{#1}}

\KFLT@subgrpauf Storage for author first name
210 \newcommand*\{ \KFLT@subgrpauf\}{}{}

Key [subfloat container] aul Author last name
211 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{aul}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaul}{#1}}
\KFLT@subgrpaul Storage for author last name
212 \newcommand*\{ \KFLT@subgrpaul\}{}{}

Key [subfloat container] aus Author suffix
213 \define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{aus}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaus}{#1}}
\KFLT@subgrpaus Storage for author suffix
214 \newcommand*\{ \KFLT@subgrpaus\}{}{}

3.9 Computing image width

Len \KFLT@imagewidth Computed width of the image
215 \newlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}
Len \KFLT@boxwidth Computed width of the container box
216 \newlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}

\KFLT@findwidths Figure out how wide to make an image and its container

217 \newcommand*\{ \KFLT@findwidths\}{}{%

Default to a box of full \linewidth minus the potential frame:

```
218     \ifbool{\KFLT@ft}{% tight frame?
219         {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth - 2\KFLTtightframewidth}}%
220         {% not tight frame
221             \ifbool{\KFLT@f}{% loose frame?
222                 {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth - 2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}%
223                 {\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth}}% no frame
224             }% not tight frame
```

Several width options exist. First see if width was given:

```
225 \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
```

Width was given:

```
226 {\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@w}}%
227 { % width not given
```

Use full `\linewidth` or only a fraction:

```
228 \ifcsempty{\KFLT@lw}%
229 {\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@boxwidth}}%
230 {\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@lw\KFLT@boxwidth}}%
231 } % width not given
232 }
```

3.10 Framing and rotation

A user-redefinable macro and length to tightly frame the contents.

`\KFLTtightframe` may be redefined to a macro which frames its contents. `\KFLTtightframewidth` should be redefined to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

```
\KFLTtightframe {\langle contents\rangle}

233 \newcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
234   \setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}%
235   \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
236   \fbox{#1}%
237 }
238
```

Len `\KFLTtightframewidth` Must be set to the combined width of the tight frame and separation used by `\KFLTtightframe`.

```
239 \newlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}
240 \setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}
```

```
\KFLTlooseframe {\langle contents\rangle}
```

A user-redefinable macro and length to loosely frame the contents.

\KFLTlooseframe may be redefined to a macro which frames its contents. \KFLTlooseframewidth should be redefine to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

```
241 \newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
242     \setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
243     \setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
244     \fbox{#1}%
245 }
```

Len \KFLTlooseframewidth Must be set to the combined width of the loose frame and separation used by \KFLTlooseframe.

```
246 \newlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}
247 \setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
```

\KFLT@frame {*<contents>*}

Frames the contents according to the f key. To be nested for further processing.

```
248 \newcommand{\KFLT@frame}[1]
249 {%
250     \ifbool{KFLT@ft}{%
251         {\KFLTtightframe{#1}}%
252         {%
253             \ifbool{KFLT@f}{%
254                 {\KFLTlooseframe{#1}}%
255                 {#1}%
256             }%
257         }%
258     }%
259 }
```

KFLT@findenvboxwidth Figures the width of the contents of \KFLT@envbox plus the frame:

```
258 \newcommand{\KFLT@findenvboxwidth}{%
259     \settowidth{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
260     \ifbool{KFLT@ft}{%
261         {\addtolength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{2\KFLTtightframewidth}}%
262         {%
263             \ifbool{KFLT@f}{%
264                 {\addtolength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}{2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}%
265                 {}%
266             }%
267         }%
268     }%
269 }
```

3.11 A graphics image from a file

\KFLT@onefigureimage {*<filename>*}

Create an image with size, frame, and turn.

```
268 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@onefigureimage}{m}%
269 {%
```

Several possible combinations of linewidth, width, and height are available, and each is treated separately. Scaling and width/height are done first, then framing, then rotation.

```
270     \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

Handle the `lw` key. If `lw` is used, width and height are ignored.

```
271     \ifdefempty{\KFLT@lw}%
272         {%
273             not linewidth
```

Handle the `w` key, which may be used along with the `h` key:

```
273     \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
274         {%
275             width is given
276             \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%
277                 {%
278                     w and h
```

Width and height are both given:

```
276             {%
277                 w and h
278                 \includegraphics%
279                 [scale=\KFLT@s,%
280                  width=\KFLT@imagewidth,height=\KFLT@h]{#1}%
281             }% w and h
```

Only width:

```
281             {%
282                 only w
283                 \includegraphics%
284                 [scale=\KFLT@s,width=\KFLT@imagewidth]{#1}%
285             }% only w
286             {%
287                 width is given
```

Width was not given, so maybe handle `h` alone:

```
286             {%
287                 width is not given
288                 \ifdimgreater{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%
289             }% width is given
```

`h` was given:

```
288             {\includegraphics[scale=\KFLT@s,height=\KFLT@h]{#1}}%
```

If none were given, use the image's natural size:

```

289      {\includegraphics[scale=\KFLT@s]{#1}}%
290      }% width is not given
291      }% not linewidth
292      {%
293          \includegraphics[scale=\KFLT@s, width=\KFLT@imagewidth]{#1}%
294      }%
295      \end{lrbox}%
296      \unskip%
297      \KFLT@findenvboxwidth%
298      \begin{turn}{\KFLT@r}%
299      \KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
300      \unskip%
301      \end{turn}%
302 }
```

3.12 Printing the caption

```
\KFLT@dosimplecaption {\langle star? \rangle} {\langle short cap or -NO VALUE- \rangle} {\langle caption \rangle}
```

Calls `\caption` depending on several combinations of star and short captions being given.

```

303 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@dosimplecaption}{m m m}
304 {%
305     \unskip%
306     \IfBooleanTF{#1}{ star?
307         {\IfValueTF{#2}{\caption*[#2]{#3}}{\caption*{#3}}}}%
308         {\IfValueTF{#2}{\caption[#2]{#3}}{\caption{#3}}}%
309 }
```

There are two versions of `\KFLT@docaption`, depending on whether `tocdata` is loaded.

```

310 \@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
311 {%
312     tocdata loaded
313 }
```

```
\KFLT@@docaption 1: artist/author {\langle 2: empty or "u" \rangle} {\langle 3: star? \rangle} {\langle 4: short caption \rangle} {\langle 5: caption \rangle} {\langle 6: empty or "subgrp" \rangle}
```

```
312 \newcommand*{\KFLT@@docaption}[6]{%
```

(`tocdata` does not expand its text argument before checking for empty.)

```
313 \addvspace{\smallskipamount}%
```

```

314 \ifcseempty{KFLT@#6t}{%
315   \IfBooleanTF{#3}{%
316     {%
317       \csuse{caption#1}*[#4]{#5}%
318       []%
319       [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
320       {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
321       {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%
322       [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
323     }{%
324       \csuse{caption#1}[#4]{#5}%
325       []%
326       [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
327       {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
328       {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%
329       [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
330     }%
331   }{%
332     \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{}{\csuse{td#1textjustify}}{}{%
333       \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{\centering}{\csuse{td#1textcenter}}{}{%
334         \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{\raggedleft}{\csuse{td#1textright}}{}{%
335           \ifcsstring{KFLT@#6textalign}{\raggedright}{\csuse{td#1textleft}}{}{%
336             \IfBooleanTF{#3}{%
337               {%
338                 \csuse{caption#1}*[#4]{#5}%
339                 [\csuse{KFLT@#6t}]%
340                 [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
341                 {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
342                 {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%
343                 [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
344               }{%
345                 \csuse{caption#1}[#4]{#5}%
346                 [\csuse{KFLT@#6t}]%
347                 [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2p}]%
348                 {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2f}}%
349                 {\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2l}}%
350                 [\csuse{KFLT@#6a#2s}]%
351               }%
352             }%
353           }%
354         }%
355       }%
356     }%
357   }%
358 }%
359 }%
360 }%

```

\KFLT@docaption * [⟨2:short caption⟩] {⟨3:caption⟩} {⟨4: empty or “subgrp”⟩}

Depending on whether the `tocdata` package is present, and an artist is specified, use either `\caption` or `\captionartist`.

The fourth argument is {} if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `\keysuffigs` or `\keysubtabs`.

See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: `c`, `cstar`, and

sc.

With **tocdata**:

```
354 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
355 {%
```

Is the last name empty? Assume no artist if so.

```
356     \ifcsempty{KFLT@#4al}%
357     {%
358         \ifcsempty{KFLT@#4aul}%
359         {%
360             \KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
361             }% figure w/o artist or author
362             {%
363                 \KFLT@docaption{author}{u}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
364             }% figure w/ author
365             }% figure w/o artist
366             {%
367                 \KFLT@docaption{artist}{}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
368             }% figure with an artist
369 }% KFLT@tocdata
370 }% tocdata loaded
371 {%
```

A figure without an artist or author uses the simple caption.

```
360             \KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
361             }% figure w/o artist or author
362             {%
363                 \KFLT@docaption{author}{u}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
364             }% figure w/ author
365             }% figure w/o artist
366             {%
367                 \KFLT@docaption{artist}{}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
368             }% figure with an artist
369 }% KFLT@tocdata
370 }% tocdata loaded
371 {%
```

A figure with an author uses the **tocdata \captionauthor** macro, which also creates an index entry.

```
362             {%
363                 \KFLT@docaption{author}{u}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
364             }% figure w/ author
365             }% figure w/o artist
366             {%
367                 \KFLT@docaption{artist}{}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
368             }% figure with an artist
369 }% KFLT@tocdata
370 }% tocdata loaded
371 {%
```

A figure with an artist uses the **tocdata \captionartist** macro, which also creates an index entry.

```
367             \KFLT@docaption{artist}{}{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
368             }% figure with an artist
369 }% KFLT@tocdata
370 }% tocdata loaded
371 {%
```

Without **tocdata**:

```
\KFLT@docaption * [<2:short caption] {<3:caption} {<4:empty or “subgrp”}
372 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
373 {%
```

If **tocdata** is not loaded, use a simple caption.

```
374     \KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
375 }
```

Create an index entry depending on whether there is a last, first name:

```

375      \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#4al}%
376      {%
377          \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#4aul}%
378          {}%
379          {%
380              \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#4auf}%
381                  {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4aul}}}%
382                  {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4aul}, \csuse{KFLT@#4auf}}}%
383          }%
384          {%
385              \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#4af}%
386                  {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4al}}}%
387                  {\index{\csuse{KFLT@#4al}, \csuse{KFLT@#4af}}}%
388          }%
389      }%
390  }%
391 }%
392 \newcommand{\KFLT@caption}{<empty or "subgrp">}
```

Caption-creation logic.

The argument is {} if a regular float, or subgrp if \keysuffigs or \keysubtabs.

See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: c, cstar, and sc.

```
392 \newcommand{\KFLT@caption}[1]{%
```

A starred caption is printed but not numbered.

```
393 \ifbool{KFLT@#1cstar}{starred caption?}
```

This is a starred caption:

```
394 {%
395     starred caption
396 }
```

A key given as cstar={} yields a float with no caption at all.

```
395 \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#1c}{cstar={}?}
396 {}%
```

Non-empty starred caption might have a LOF entry if it has a short caption sc key:

```
397 {%
398     non-empty starred caption
399     \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#1sc}{}
```

No `sc` short caption, but there is a `cstar`, so no LOF entry:

```
399          {}%
```

Both `cstar` and `sc` were given, so add a LOF entry:

```
400          {%
401              \edef\KFLT@listtype{\csuse{KFLT@#1type}}%
402              \addcontentsline{\csuse{ext@\KFLT@listtype}}{%
403                  \csuse{KFLT@#1type}}{\KFLT@sc}%
404          }%
405          {%
406              \KFLT@docaption*\csuse{KFLT@#1c}{#1}%
407          }%
408          }% starred caption
```

`cstar` was given, so create an unnumbered caption:

```
405          \KFLT@docaption*\csuse{KFLT@#1c}{#1}%
406          }%
407          }% starred caption
```

Unstarred caption `c` was given, so number this float:

```
408      {%
409          \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#1sc}{%
410              {%
411                  \KFLT@docaption{\csuse{KFLT@#1c}{#1}}%
412              }%
413              {%
414                  \KFLT@docaption[\csuse{KFLT@#1sc}]%
415                  \csuse{KFLT@#1c}{#1}%
416              }%
417          }%
418          {}%
419          {\label{\csuse{KFLT@#1l}}%
420      }%
421      }% unstarred caption
```

Optional label:

```
417          \ifcsemptry{KFLT@#1l}{%
418          }%
419          {\label{\csuse{KFLT@#1l}}%
420      }%
421      }% unstarred caption
```

3.13 Defaults for a new float

`\KFLT@defaults` Defaults all settings before reading the keys.

```
422 \newcommand*\KFLT@defaults{%
423     \setboolean{KFLT@cont}{false}%
424     \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{%
425         \setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}%
426     }%
427 }
```

```

426 \renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{ }%
427 \setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{false}%
428 \renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{figure}%
429 \renewcommand{\KFLT@l}{ }%
430 \renewcommand{\KFLT@ap}{ }%
431 \renewcommand{\KFLT@af}{ }%
432 \renewcommand{\KFLT@al}{ }%
433 \renewcommand{\KFLT@as}{ }%
434 \renewcommand{\KFLT@aup}{ }%
435 \renewcommand{\KFLT@auf}{ }%
436 \renewcommand{\KFLT@aul}{ }%
437 \renewcommand{\KFLT@aus}{ }%
438 \renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{ }%
439 \renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{ }%
440 \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{ }%
441 \setlength{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
442 \setlength{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%
443 \renewcommand{\KFLT@s}{1}%
444 \renewcommand{\KFLT@r}{0}%
445 \setboolean{KFLT@f}{false}%
446 \setboolean{KFLT@ft}{false}%
447 \renewcommand{\KFLT@stretch}{1}%
448 \setlength{\KFLT@mo}{-1.2ex}%
449 \renewcommand{\KFLT@wp}{0}%
450 \renewcommand{\KFLT@va}{c}%
451 }

```

3.14 Row start/end processing

\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow Counts rows

After ending a preexisting row, move to the next row. The use of \defcounter makes this counter change local.

```

452 \newcommand*{\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow}{%
453   \KFLT@maybeendfloatrow%
454   \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{\value{KFLT@thiscol}+1}%
455 }

```

\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow Counts rows

Adds vertical space then resets to allow the start of a new row. The use of \defcounter makes this counter change local.

```

456 \newcommand*{\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow}{%
457   \ifnumless{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{\value{KFLT@numcols}}{%

```

```

458     {}% thiscol < numcols
459     {%
460         \par%
461         \addvspace{.75\floatsep}%
462         \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
463     }%
464 }%

```

3.15 Key environment helper macros

\KFLT@trackrows Tracks and spaces rows and columns.

```

465 \newcommand{\KFLT@trackrows}%
466 {%

```

If are nested inside a keyfloats or a subfloat:

```

467     \ifboolexpr{%
468         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or%
469         \bool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
470     }%
471     {%

```

Tracks row start and end:

```

472     \KFLT@maybestartfloatrow%

```

Possibly fill space between columns:

```

473     \ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{1}%
474         {\hfill}%
475     {}%
476     }%
477     {%
478 }

```

\KFLT@addtext {*empty or “subgrp”*}

Adds optional additional text.

The argument is {} if a regular float, or subgrp if \keysufigs or \keysubtabs.

```

479 \newcommand{\KFLT@addtext}[1]%
480 {%

```

Is there text to add?

```
481      \ifcsempty{KFLT@#1t}%
482      {}% no text
483      {% text to add
484          {% local
```

Add some space, then create a full-width minipage to contain the text:

```
485          \addvspace{\smallskipamount}%
486          \begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
```

Set the alignment and some text parameters:

```
487          \csuse{KFLT@#1textalign}%
488          \footnotesize%
489          \setlength{\parskip}{1.5ex}%
490          \setlength{\parindent}{0em}%
```

Typeset the actual text:

```
491          \csuse{KFLT@#1t}%
```

Close it all out with a little more space:

```
492          \end{minipage}%
493          \par\addvspace{2ex}%
494          }% local
495          }% text to add
496 }
```

\KFLT@optionalname {*<name>*}

Adds optional artist's name and the following space.

```
497 \newcommand{\KFLT@optionalname}[1]
498 {%
499     \ifblank{#1}%
500         {}%
501         {#1~}%
502 }
```

\KFLT@addartisttext {*<empty or “subgrp”>*}

Adds optional additional text.

The argument is {} if a regular float, or subgrp if \keysufigs or \keysubtabs.

One of two versions is used, depending on whether the `tocdata` package is available.

If `tocdata` is loaded and this float has an artist or author, then the float's artist's information and optional text will be printed elsewhere by `\KFLT@caption`. Otherwise, the text is printed here.

Two versions, depending on whether `tocdata` is loaded:

```
503 \@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
504 {%
  tocdata loaded
```

If `tocdata` is loaded:

```
505 \newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
506 {%
```

Only add text if it is a figure without an artist or author name. If an artist or author is given, the name and text will be added by `tocdata`.

```
507     \ifcsempty{\KFLT@#1al}{%
  artist last name
508     {%
509       \ifcsempty{\KFLT@#1aul}{%
  author last name
510         {\KFLT@addtext{\#1}}
511       {}}%
512     }%
513   {}% fig w/ artist: text will be added by \captionartist in \KFLT@caption
514 }% KFLT@addartisttext
515 }% tocdata loaded
```

If `tocdata` is not loaded, the name and text are added here:

```
516 {%
  tocdata not loaded
```

Factored from `\KFLT@addartisttext`

```
517 \newcommand*{\KFLT@addartisttext}[3]{%
```

Add space and create the name inside a full-width minipage:

```
518     \addvspace{\medskipamount}%
519     \begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%

```

Text alignment is #3, and depends on artist or author:

```
520     #3%
```

#1 is empty or 'subgrp'

#2 is empty for artist, 'u' for author:

```

521     \footnotesize\textrm{%
522         \KFLT@optionalname{\csuse{\KFLT@#1a#2p}}%
523         \KFLT@optionalname{\csuse{\KFLT@#1a#2f}}%
524         \csuse{\KFLT@#1a#2l}%
525         \csuse{\KFLT@#1a#2s}%
526     }%
527     \end{minipage}%
528     \par\addvspace{2ex}%
529 }
530
531 \newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
532 {%

```

Only use the artist information if a last name is given:

```

533     \ifcsempty{\KFLT@#1al}%
534     {%
535         \ifcsempty{\KFLT@#1aul}%
536             {}%
537             \authorlastnamenotgiven%
538             \KFLT@addartisttext{\#1}{u}{\raggedleft}%
539             \authorlastnamenotgiven%
540             \authorlastnamegiven%
541             \authorlastnamenotgiven%
542             \authorlastnamegiven%
543             \KFLT@addartisttext{\#1}{}{\centering}%
544     }%

```

Any additional text follows the artist's name:

```

544     \KFLT@addtext{\#1}%
545 }%
546 \KFLT@addartisttext%
547 tocdata not loaded

```

Len `\KFLTimageboxwidth` The computed width of the object.

This may be used as the width parameter of a minipage to encase the object.

```
547 \newlength{\KFLTimageboxwidth}
```

Env `KFLT@boxinner` Typeset the contents in a width which depends on the keys.

```

548 \newsavebox{\KFLT@envbox}%
549
550 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxinner}{}%
551 {%

```

(Possibly) frame the contents of an lrbox:

```
552     \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

Rotate the contents:

```
553     \turn{\KFLT@r}%
```

Box the contents in the width computed by \KFLT@findwidths:

```
554     \minipage{\KFLT@imagewidth}%
```

Spacing inside the box. Also default to regular justified text alignment.

```
555     \setlength{\parskip}{2ex}%
556     \renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\KFLT@stretch}%
557 }% keyboxinner
```

End of the environment:

```
558 {%
559     \endminipage%
```

End the rotated box:

```
560     \endturn%
```

Possibly frame:

```
561     \end{lrbox}%
562     \KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
563     \par%
564 }% endkeyboxinner
```

\KFLT@boxkeys {⟨keys⟩} {⟨float type⟩}

Default the options, adjust for a table, then parse the keys:

```
565 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@boxkeys}{+m m}
566 {%
567     \KFLT@defaults%
568     \renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{#2}%
569     \setkeys{KFLT@keys}{#1}%
570 }
```

\KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter Used by \warp.

```
571 \newcommand*{\KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter}{}%
```

KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter@minipage Used by \warp.

```
572 \newenvironment*{KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter@minipage}[2][]{%
573   {\minipage[#1]{#2}}%
574   {\endminipage}}
```

Env KFLT@boxouter {⟨star?⟩} {⟨loc⟩}

Boxes the contents of figures and floats.

Not used by subfigures.

```
575 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxouter}{m m}%
576 {%
```

The `keyfigure` and `keytable` environments handle the contents in one of three possible ways, depending on whether it is called alone, inside a `keyfloats` environment, or inside a `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs` environment.

Start the new subfigure or subtable, of the given width:

```
577   \ifbool{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{%
578     {\csuse{sub\KFLT@type}{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}% subfloat
```

If `keyfloats`, place the contents inside a `minipage`:

```
579   {%
580     \ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}{%
581       \% keyfloats
582       \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}{%
583         {\KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter@minipage[t]{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}%
584         {\minipage[\KFLT@va]{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}%
585         \captionsetup*{type=\KFLT@type}%
586       }%
587       \% keyfloats
588       \% not keyfloats
589     }
```

A hook for `\warp` to set `\linewidth`, etc.

```
588   \KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter%
```

Not a subfloat or `keyfloats`, so create a single float.

See if inside a `keywrap`. If so, force [H] and vertical align top.

```
589   \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}{%
590     {%
591       \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
592       \noindent%
```

```

593           \KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter@minipage[t]{\linewidth}%
594           \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
595       }%
596   {%
597     not a keywrap

```

See if the float should [W]rap:

```
597           \ifstreq{\#2}{W}%
```

Place [W], so create a wrapfloat from the `wrapfig` package:

```
598           {%
599             [W]

```

Temporarily figure out `\KFLT@imagewidth`, and make the wrapped figure environment as wide as the desired image size plus frame:

```

599           \KFLT@findwidths%
600           \wrapfloat{\KFLT@type}{\KFLT@wp}%
601           {\KFLT@imagewidth+2\KFLT@looseframewidth}%

```

Change the interior image to the discovered fixed width.

```

602           \renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}
603           \renewcommand{\KFLT@w}{\KFLT@imagewidth}%
604           }%
605           [W]
606           {%
607             not [W]

```

See if the float should be positioned in the [M]argin:

```
606           \ifstreq{\#2}{M}%
```

Place [M], so create a marginfloat:

```

607           {%
608             [M]
609             \KFLT@marginfloat[\KFLT@mo]{\KFLT@type}%
610             \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
611           }%
612           {%
613             not [M]

```

See if the float should be positioned [H]ere:

```
612           \ifstreq{\#2}{H}%
```

Place [H], so create an inline minipage:

```

613           {%
614             [H]
615             \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%

```

```

615           \noindent\minipage[\KFLT@va]{\linewidth}%
616           \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
617 }% [H]

```

Not [H], so create a float: For a starred float, make a two-column table in a two-col format.

```

618           {% not [H]
619             \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
620               {\csuse{\KFLT@type*}[#2]}%
621               {\csuse{\KFLT@type}[#2]}%
622             }% not [H]
623             }% not [M]
624             }% not [W]
625             }% not keywrap
626             }% not keyfloats
627             }% not subfloat

```

Handle a continued float. Ignored if in a subfloat.

```
628   \ifbool{KFLT@cont}{\ContinuedFloat}{}%
```

Figure out image and parbox widths for the contents:

```
629   \KFLT@findwidths%
```

Place the caption above the contents depending on `caption position` option:

```
630   \caption@iftop{\KFLT@caption}{}{}%
```

Typeset the contents:

```

631   \center\unskip%
632 }% boxouter

```

End of the KFLT@boxouter environment:

```

633 }% endboxouter
634   \endcenter\unskip%
635   \addvspace{\smallskipamount}%

```

Optionally print artist's name and additional text:

```
636   \KFLT@addartisttext{}%
```

Place the caption below the contents depending on `caption position` option:

```
637   \caption@iftop{}{\KFLT@caption}{}%
```

If you are inside `keysubtabs`, end the subtable:

Not subfloat or keyfloats, so is an individual float.

Close the minipage or float:

See if in a keywrap:

```
648     \ifbool{KFLT@keywrap}{%
649         \endKFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter@minipage%
650         \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
651     }%
652     {% not keywrap
```

See if the float should [W]rap:

653 \ifstreq{#2}{W}{%

Place [W], so close the wrap float:

```
654           { \% [W]  
655             \endwrapfloat%  
656           } \% [W]  
657           { \% not[W]
```

See if the float should be positioned in the [M]argin:

658 \ifstreq{#2}{M} %

Place [M], so close the marginfloat:

```
659          {%
```

| | |
|-----|-----------------------|
| 660 | \endKFLT@marginfloat% |
| 661 | } |
| 662 | {% not [M] |
| 663 | \ifstrequal{#2}{H}% |
| 664 | {% |
| 665 | \endminipage% [H] |

```

666                               \par\addvspace{\baselineskip}%
667 }%
668 {%
669   not [H]
670     \IfBooleanTF{#1}{ starred float?%
671       {\csuse{end\KFLT@type*}}%
672       {\csuse{end\KFLT@type}}%
673     }%
674   not [M]
675     }%
676   not [W]
677     }%
678   not keywrap
679     }%
680   not subfloat
681 }%
682 }%
683 }%
684 }%

```

\KFLT@ignorespaces {*commandname*} Only do command if not nested inside something.

```

685 \newcommand*{\KFLT@ignorespaces}[1]{%
686   \ifboolexpr{%
687     test {\ifnumgreater{\value{\KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or%
688     \bool{\KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
689   }{}{\csuse{#1}}%
690 }

```

\KFLT@ignorespaces Only \ignorespaces if not nested inside something.

```

691 \newcommand*{\KFLT@ignorespaces}{%
692   \KFLT@ignorespaces{ignorespaces}%
693 }

```

\KFLT@envignorespaces Only \ignorespaces if not nested inside something.

```

694 \newcommand*{\KFLT@envignorespaces}{%
695   \KFLT@ignorespaces{ignorespacesafterend}%
696 }

```

3.16 The \KFLT@keyfl macro

\KFLT@keyflt {*1:star*} {*2:loc*} {*3:type*} {*4:keys/values*} {*5:contents*}

A lower-level macro to generate a float with its contents. This is used by \keyfig and \keyfl.

```

697 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@keyflt}{m m m +m +m}%
698 {%
699   \ifcsdef{l@#3}{}{%

```

```

694     \PackageError{keyfloat}%
695     {%
696         \protect\keyflt: Invalid float type.\MessageBreak%
697         \protect\keyflt*[loc]{type}{keys/values}{contents}\MessageBreak%
698         Also, \protect\keyflt\space is not an environment
699     }%
700     {%
701         Check argument order and float type.
702     }%
703 }%
704 \KFLT@ignorespaces%
705 \KFLT@trackrows%
706 \KFLT@boxkeys{#4}{#3}%
707 \begingroup%
708 \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
709 #5%
710 \endKFLT@boxouter%
711 \endgroup%
712 \KFLT@ignorespaces%
713 }

```

3.17 The `\keyflt` macro

`\keyflt * [<loc>] {<type>} {<keys/values>} {<contents>}`

A user-level macro to generate a float with its contents centered inside an inner box. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubtabs environment.

```

714 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyflt}{s O{tbp} m +m +m}
715 {%
716     \KFLT@keyflt{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
717     \KFLT@boxinner%
718     \centering%
719     #5%
720     \endKFLT@boxinner%
721 }%
722 }

```

`\endkeyflt` Generates an error in case the user tried to use `\keyflt` as an environment.

```

723 \def\endkeyflt{%
724     \PackageError{keyfloat}%
725     {%
726         \protect\end{keyflt}:\MessageBreak
727         \protect\keyflt\space is a macro, not an environment.\MessageBreak
728         Perhaps you want the keyfloat environment instead%
729 }

```

```

729      }
730      {%
731      Use \protect\begin{keyfloat} ... \protect\end{keyfloat}.
732      }
733 }

```

3.18 The keyfloat environment

```
\KFLT@keyfloatstart {\langle star? \rangle} {\langle loc \rangle} {\langle float type \rangle} {\langle keys/values \rangle}
```

```

734 \newcommand{\KFLT@keyfloatstart}[4]{%
735     \KFLT@envignorespaces%
736     \KFLT@boxkeys{\#4}{\#3}%
737     \KFLT@boxouter{\#1}{\#2}%
738     \KFLT@boxinner%
739 }

```

```
\KFLT@keyfloatend
```

```

740 \newcommand{\KFLT@keyfloatend}{%
741     \endKFLT@boxinner%
742     \endKFLT@boxouter%
743     \KFLT@envignorespaces%
744 }

```

```
Env keyfloat * [\langle loc \rangle] {\langle float type \rangle} {\langle keys/values \rangle}
```

```

745 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfloat}{s 0{tbp} m +m}
746 {%
747     \KFLT@keyfloatstart{\#1}{\#2}{\#3}{\#4}%
748 }%
749 {%
750     \KFLT@keyfloatend%
751 }

```

Before keyfloat

Extra code to track rows outside of the keyfloat environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```

752 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfloat}{%
753     \KFLT@trackrows%
754 }

```

3.19 The `keyfigure` environment

```
Env  keyfigure  * [<loc>] {<keys/values>}

755 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfigure}{s 0{tbp} +m}
756 {%
757     \KFLT@keyfloatstart{#1}{#2}{figure}{#3}%
758 }%
759 {%
760     \KFLT@keyfloatend%
761 }
```

Before `keyfigure`

Extra code to track rows outside of the `keyfigure` environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
762 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfigure}{%
763     \KFLT@trackrows%
764 }
```

3.20 The `\keyfig` macro

```
\keyfig  * [<2:loc>] {<3:keys/values>} {<4:image filename>}
```

A user-level macro to generate a figure with an image. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubfigs` environment.

```
765 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyfig}{s 0{tbp} +m m}
766 {%
767     \KFLT@keyfltn{#1}{#2}{figure}{#3}{%
768         \KFLT@onefigureimage{#4}%
769     }%
770 }
```

3.21 The `\keyfigbox` macro

```
\keyfigbox  * [<loc>] {<keys/values>} {<box contents>}
```

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.

```
771 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyfigbox}{s 0{tbp} +m +m}
772 {%
```

```

773   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
774   \KFLT@trackrows%
775   \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}%
776   \begingroup%
777   \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
778   \KFLT@boxinner%
779   #4%
780   \endKFLT@boxinner%
781   \endKFLT@boxouter%
782   \endgroup%
783   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
784 }
```

3.22 The `\keyparbox` macro

`\keyparbox * [<loc>] {<keys/values>} {<box contents>}`

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a `\keyfigbox` with `cstar={}`. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.

```

785 \NewDocumentCommand{\keyparbox}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
786 {%
787   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
788   \KFLT@trackrows%
789   \KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}%
```

Force `cstar={}`:

```

790   \renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%
791   \setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{true}%
```

Continue like `\figbox`:

```

792   \begingroup%
793   \KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
794   \KFLT@boxinner%
795   #4%
796   \endKFLT@boxinner%
797   \endKFLT@boxouter%
798   \endgroup%
799   \KFLT@ignorespaces%
800 }
```

3.23 The \keytab macro

```
\keytab * [<loc>] {<keys/values>} {<tabular contents>}
```

A user-level macro to generate a table with tabular contents. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubtabs environment.

```
801 \NewDocumentCommand{\keytab}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
802 {%
803     \IfBooleanTF{#1}{%
804         \keyfltno[#2]{table}{#3}{#4}%
805     }{%
806         \keyfltno[#2]{table}{#3}{#4}%
807     }%
808 }
```

3.24 The keytable environment

```
Env keytable * [<loc>] {<keys/values>}
```

```
809 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keytable}{s O{tbp} +m}
810 {%
811     \KFLT@keyfloatstart{#1}{#2}{table}{#3}%
812 }%
813 {%
814     \KFLT@keyfloatend%
815 }
```

Before keytable

Extra code to track rows outside of the keytable environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
816 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keytable}{%
817     \KFLT@trackrows%
818 }
```

3.25 A row of floats

```
\KFLT@nonest Error message if tried to nest subfloats.
```

```
819 \newcommand*\KFLT@nonest{%
820     \ifboolexpr{%
821         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or
822         bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
823     }{%
824         \typeout{! Error: Nested subfloats not allowed.}%
825     }%
826 }
```

```

823      }%
824      {%
825          \PackageError{keyfloat}{%
826              Cannot nest keysubfigs or keysubtabs.\MessageBreak%
827              (Not in outer par mode.)}%
828          }%
829          {%
830              The subcaption package do not support nested environments,\MessageBreak
831              so the keyfloat package cannot place a\MessageBreak
832              keysubfigs or keysubtabs environment inside another,\MessageBreak
833              or inside a keyfloats.%}%
834          }%
835      }%
836      }%
837      {}%
838 }

```

\KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats Used by \warp.

```
839 \newcommand*{\KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats}{}%
```

KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage Modified by \warp.

```

840 \newenvironment*{\KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage}[1]
841     {\noindent\minipage{#1}}
842     {\endminipage}%

```

Env keyfloats * [*loc*] {*num columns*}

User-level macro to create rows of figures/tables. Wrapping occurs after the number of specified columns. keyfloats environments may be nested to create a vertical set of figures next to a single larger figure, for example.

Place \keyfig, \keyfigbox, and \keytab commands inside the keyfloats environment.

Note that \linewidth keys may need to be adjusted inside a keyfloats, \keysfigs, or \keysfigbox, since \linewidth changes depending on the number of columns. Likewise, manually-selected w width and h tags may need to be adjusted to prevent overflow.

```

843 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfloats}{s 0{tbp} m}
844 {%
845     \KFLT@envignorespaces%

```

A hook for \warp to set \linewidth, etc.

```
846      \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats%
```

Track the depth:

```
847      \addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{1}%
```

If [H], nested, subfloats, or keywrap, use a minipage instead of a float:

```
848      \ifboolexpr{%
849          test {\ifstreq{\#2}{H}} or
850          test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
851          bool {KFLT@inkeys floats} or
852          bool {KFLT@keywrap}%
853      }%
```

Create an inline minipage:

```
854      {%
855          \ifboolexpr{%
856              test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
857              bool {KFLT@inkeys floats}
858          }%
859          {%
860              \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}%
861          }%
862          {%
863              \bigbreak%
864              \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage{\linewidth}%
865          }%
866      }%
```

If nested, use different spacing as was computed in the outer nesting level:

```
855      \ifboolexpr{%
856          test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
857          bool {KFLT@inkeys floats}
858      }%
859      {%
860          \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}%
861      }%
862      {%
863          \bigbreak%
864          \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage{\linewidth}%
865      }%
```

If inside subfloats, generate subfigures by default:

```
866      \ifbool{KFLT@inkeys floats}%
867          {}%
868          {\captionsetup*[type=figure]}%
869      }%
870      {[H] or nested}
```

Isn't [H] or nested, so create a figure:

```
870      {%
871          \IfBooleanTF{#1}{%
872              starred figure, two-col figure in a two-col format
873              {\begin{figure*}[#2]}%
874              {\begin{figure}[#2]}%
875          }%
876      }%
877      figure
```

Compute the width of each entry:

```
875     \ifboolexpr{%
876         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
877         bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats}
878     }%
```

Nested or subfloats:

```
879     {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\KFLT@rowboxwidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

Keyfloats:

```
880     {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

Center the contents:

```
881     \centering%
```

Count columns using \defcounter for a local effect:

```
882     \defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
883     \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
884 }% starting keyfloats environment
```

When ending a keyfloats environment:

```
885 }% ending keyfloats environment
```

[H] or rows/subfigs? Close a minipage:

```
886     \ifboolexpr{%
887         test {\ifstrequal{#2}{H}} or
888         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{1}} or
889         bool {KFLT@inkeysubfloats} or
890         bool {KFLT@keywrap}
891     }%
892     {% was [H], etc.
893     \endKFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage%
894     \end{minipage}%
}
```

Spacing if nested:

```
895     \ifboolexpr{
896         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}{0}} or
897         bool {KFLT@keywrap}
898     }%
899     {}{%
```

```

900          \bigbreak%
901      }%
902  }% was [H], etc.

```

Was not [H], so close a figure:

```

903  {% not [H], etc.
904      \IfBooleanTF{#1}{ starred figure?
905          {\end{figure}}{\end{figure}} }%
906  }% not [H], etc.

```

Unnest the environment:

```

907  \addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{-1}%
908  \KFLT@envignorespaces%
909 }

```

Before keyfloats

Extra code to track rows outside of the keyfloats environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```

910 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfloats}{%
911     \KFLT@trackrows%
912 }

```

3.26 Subfloats

\KFLT@subgrpdefaults Sets defaults before reading the keys.

```

913 \newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpdefaults}{%
914     \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{false}%
915     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{ }%
916     \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}%
917     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{ }%
918     \setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{false}%
919     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{figure}%
920     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpl}{ }%
921     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap}{ }%
922     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{ }%
923     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpal}{ }%
924     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpas}{ }%
925     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaup}{ }%
926     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpauf}{ }%
927     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaul}{ }%
928     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaus}{ }%
929     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{ }%
930     \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{ }%

```

931 }

\KFLT@subfloats {⟨starred?⟩} {⟨loc⟩} {⟨cols⟩} {⟨keys/values⟩}

Start a subfloat environment

```
932 \NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@subfloats}{m m m +m}
933 {%
934     \KFLT@envignorespaces%
```

Parse the key-value combinations:

```
935     \setkeys{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{#4}%
```

Nest the environment:

```
936     \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{true}%
```

Figure out the width of each subfloat. If starred, use the full-page \textwidth, else use \linewidth. .9 is used to leave a little room between columns.

```
937     \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
938         {\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\textwidth/\real{#3}}}{%
939         \setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

If [H], or in a keywrap, create an inline minipage:

```
940     \ifboolexpr{%
941         test {\ifstrequal{#2}{H}} or
942         bool {KFLT@keywrap}
943     }%
944     {%
945         \bigbreak\noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
946     }%
```

Isn't [H], so create a float, possibly starred:

```
947     {%
948         \IfBooleanTF{#1}%
949             {\begin{\KFLT@subgrptype*}[#2]}{%
950                 \begin{\KFLT@subgrptype}[#2]}%
951     }%
```

Set the caption type:

```
952     \captionsetup{type=\KFLT@subgrptype}%
```

Process continued floats:

```
953     \ifbool{KFLT@subgrpcont}%
954         {\ContinuedFloat}%
955     {}%
```

Center the contents:

```
956     \center\unskip%
```

Place the caption above the contents depending on `caption` position option:

```
957     \caption@iftop{\KFLT@caption{subgrp}}{}%
```

Not yet started a row of subfloats. The use of `\defcounter` makes these changes local.

```
958     \defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
959     \defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
```

Create a group for the subfloats. Necessary in case they change `\tdartisttextcenter`, etc.

```
960     \begingroup%
961 }
```

`\KFLT@endsubfloats` {*starred?*} {*loc*}

Ends a subfloat environment.

```
962 \newcommand*{\KFLT@endsubfloats}[2]{%
```

End the group containing the subfloats:

```
963     \endgroup%
964     \unskip%
965     \endcenter%
```

A little extra space at the bottom:

```
966     \par\addvspace{\bigskipamount}%
```

Optionally print artist's name and additional text:

```
967     \KFLT@addartisttext{subgrp}%
```

Place the caption below the contents depending on `caption` position option:

```
968     \caption@iftop{}{\KFLT@caption{subgrp}}%
```

End the float or minipage:

```

969      \ifboolexpr{%
970          test {\ifstreq{\#2}{H}} or
971          bool{KFLT@keywrap}
972      }%
973      {\end{minipage}\bigbreak} was [H]
974      {[% not [H]:
975          \IfBooleanTF{\#1}{starred?}
976              {\end{\KFLT@subgrptype}*}}%
977              {\end{\KFLT@subgrptype}}%
978      }% not [H]

```

Unnest the environment:

```

979      \setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}%
980      \KFLT@envignorespaces%
981 }

```

\KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats Used by \l warp.

```
982 \newcommand*{\KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats}{}%
```

Env KFLT@keysubfloats {*star?*} {*loc*} {*float type*} {*numcols*} {*keys/values*}

A group of subfigures typeset in rows.

```

983 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@keysubfloats}{m m m m +m}
984 {%

```

Error if trying to nest environments:

```
985 \KFLT@nonest%
```

A hook for \l warp to set \linewidth, etc.

```
986 \KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats%
```

Default the options:

```
987 \KFLT@subgrpdefaults%
```

Default to figure float type:

```
988 \renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{#3}%
```

Start of the environment:

```
989     \KFLT@subfloats{#1}{#2}{#4}{#5}%
990 }% the start of the environment
```

end of the environment:

```
991 {%
992     \KFLT@endsubfloats{#1}{#2}%
993 }
```

Env keysubfloats * [<loc>] {<float type>} {<numcols>} {<keys/values>}

A group of subfloats typeset in rows.

```
994 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubfloats}{s O{tbp} m m +m}
995 {%
996     \KFLT@keysuflots{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
997 }{%
998     \endKFLT@keysuflots%
999 }
```

Env keysubfigs * [<loc>] {<numcols>} {<keys/values>}

A group of subfigures typeset in rows.

```
1000 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysuflots}{s O{tbp} m +m}
1001 {%
1002     \KFLT@keysuflots{#1}{#2}{figure}{#3}{#4}%
1003 }{%
1004     \endKFLT@keysuflots%
1005 }
```

Env keysubtabs * [<loc>] {<numcols>} {<keys/values>}

A group of subtables typeset in rows.

```
1006 \NewDocumentEnvironment{keysuflots}{s O{tbp} m +m}
1007 {%
1008     \KFLT@keysuflots{#1}{#2}{table}{#3}{#4}%
1009 }{%
1010     \endKFLT@keysuflots%
1011 }
```

3.27 Margin floats

```

Env KFLT@marginfloat [⟨offset⟩] {⟨type⟩}

1012 \newsavebox{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}
1013
1014 \NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@marginfloat}{O{-1.2ex} m}
1015 {%
  start
  1016   \FloatBarrier% keep floats in order
  1017   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
  1018   \begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}%
  1019   \begin{minipage}{\marginparwidth}%
  1020     \captionsetup{type=#2}%
  1021     \hbox{}\vspace*{#1}%
  1022     \noindent%
  1023 }%
  start
  1024 {%
    end
    1025   \end{minipage}%
    1026   \end{lrbox}%
    1027   \marginpar{\usebox{\KFLT@marginfloatbox}}%
    1028   \KFLT@envignorespaces%
  1029 }%
  end

```

Provided in case `tufte-book` is not loaded:

```

Env marginfigure [⟨offset⟩]

1030 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{marginfigure}{O{-1.2ex}}
1031 { \begin{KFLT@marginfloat}[#1]{figure} }
1032 { \end{KFLT@marginfloat} }

Env margintable [⟨offset⟩]

1033 \ProvideDocumentEnvironment{margintable}{O{-1.2ex}}
1034 { \begin{KFLT@marginfloat}[#1]{table} }
1035 { \end{KFLT@marginfloat} }

```

3.28 Wrapped floats

Bool KFL@keywrap Tells the next keyfloat to wrap around some text.

```

1036 \newboolean{KFL@keywrap}
1037 \boolfalse{KFL@keywrap}

```

Len \KFLT@keywrapwidth The width of the object to be wrapped beside the text.

1038 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}

Len \KFLT@keywrapparskip The \parskip outside of the keywrap.

1039 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}

Len \KFLT@keywrapparindent The \parindent outside of the keywrap.

1040 \newlength{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}

Env keywrap {*width*} {*keyfloat*}

```
1041 \DeclareDocumentEnvironment{keywrap}{m +m}
1042 {%
1043     \par%
1044     \setlength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{\linewidth}%
1045     \addtolength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{-\#1}%
1046     \addtolength{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}{-2em}%
1047     \minipage[t]{\KFLT@keywrapwidth}%
1048     %
1049     \setlength{\parskip}{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}%
1050     \setlength{\parindent}{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}%
1051     \booltrue{KFLT@keywrap}%
1052 }
1053 {%
1054     \par%
1055     \endminipage%
1056     \hfill%
1057     \begin{minipage}[t]{\#1}%
1058     \booltrue{KFLT@keywrap}%
1059     #2%
1060     \par%
1061     \unskip\vspace{\smallskipamount}%
1062     \end{minipage}%
1063     \par%
1064 }
1065
1066 \BeforeBeginEnvironment{keywrap}{%
1067     \setlength{\KFLT@keywrapparskip}{\parskip}%
1068     \setlength{\KFLT@keywrapparindent}{\parindent}%
1069 }
```

Change History and Index

Change History

| | | | | | |
|-------|--|----|---|------------------------------------|----|
| v0.10 | General: 2016/12/01 Initial ver. | 1 | keywrap: Added. | 93 | |
| v0.11 | \KFLT@addtext: Improved paragraph handling. | 69 | \KFLT@boxouter: Adjustments for keywrap. | 74 | |
| | General: 2016/12/02 | 1 | Handle vertical alignment key va. | 74 | |
| v0.12 | \keyfigbox: Group around contents. | 81 | v1.00 | General: 2019/01/11 | 1 |
| | \keyflt: Group around contents. | 79 | Docs PDF bookmark improvements. | 1 | |
| | \keyparbox: Group around contents. | 82 | Removed xifthen dependency. | 47 | |
| | General: 2016/12/09 | 1 | Removed spurious spaces. | 1 | |
| | Adapts to older version of tocdata. | 52 | Source formatting improvements. | 1 | |
| | Added mo key. | 54 | v2.00 | \KFLT@docaption: Factored. | 63 |
| | Added wp key. | 55 | \KFLT@ignorespaces: Added. | 78 | |
| | Docs: Improved index. | 1 | \KFLT@caption: Generalized for float type. | 67 | |
| | Docs: Loading keyfloat. | 1 | \KFLT@docaption: Added support for authors. | 65 | |
| | Docs: Margin float examples. | 34 | \KFLT@envignorespaces: Added. | 78 | |
| | Docs: Wrapped float examples. | 36 | \KFLT@ignorespaces: Added. | 78 | |
| | marginfigure: Added. | 92 | \KFLT@keyfloatend: Factored. | 80 | |
| | maintable: Added. | 92 | \KFLT@keyfloatstart: Factored. | 80 | |
| | \KFLT@boxouter: [M] and [W] floats. | 74 | \KFLT@keyflt: Added. | 78 | |
| v0.13 | \KFLT@subfloats: Fix: Subfloat type selection. | 88 | \KFLT@onefigureimage: Filename in arg instead of \KFLT@i. | 62 | |
| | General: 2017/01/18 | 1 | \KFLT@prohibitpackage: Improved package conflict detection. | 47 | |
| | \KFLTimageboxwidth: Added. | 72 | \endkeyflt: Added. | 79 | |
| | Docs: Other Settings. | 1 | \keyfig: Factored. | 81 | |
| | Fix: Expands names in references. | 48 | \keyflt: Added. | 79 | |
| v0.14 | \KFLT@docaption: Fix: No index entry if no artist given. | 65 | \keytab: Factored. | 83 | |
| | General: 2017/02/09 | 1 | General: 2019/03/21 | 1 | |
| v0.15 | \KFLT@subfloats: Adjustments for keywrap. | 88 | Added custom float types. | 1 | |
| | General: 2017/05/12 | 1 | Added float authors. | 1 | |
| | Added vertical alignment key va. | 55 | Adjustments for tocdata v2.00. | 52 | |
| | keyfloats: Adjustments for keywrap. | 84 | keyfloat: Added. | 80 | |
| | | | \KFLT@boxouter: Added custom float types. | 75, 77 | |

Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

| Symbols | |
|--|---------------|
| * (argument) | <i>11</i> |
| \linewidth | <u>21</u> |
| subfloats | <u>28</u> |
| with rotation | <u>23</u> |
| [H] (argument) | <i>11</i> |
| [M] (argument) | <i>11</i> |
| [W] (argument) | <i>11</i> |
| [loc] (argument) | <i>11</i> |
| A | |
| af (key) [main] | <i>50</i> |
| af (key) [subfloat container] | <i>58</i> |
| al (key) [main] | <i>51</i> |
| al (key) [subfloat container] | <i>58</i> |
| ap (key) [main] | <i>50</i> |
| ap (key) [subfloat container] | <i>58</i> |
| argument: | |
| * | <i>11</i> |
| [H] | <i>11</i> |
| [M] | <i>11</i> |
| [W] | <i>11</i> |
| [loc] | <i>11</i> |
| as (key) [main] | <i>51</i> |
| as (key) [subfloat container] | <i>58</i> |
| auf (key) [main] | <i>51</i> |
| auf (key) [subfloat container] | <i>58</i> |
| aul (key) [main] | <i>51</i> |
| aul (key) [subfloat container] | <i>59</i> |
| aup (key) [main] | <i>51</i> |
| aup (key) [subfloat container] | <i>58</i> |
| aus (key) [main] | <i>51</i> |
| aus (key) [subfloat container] | <i>59</i> |
| B | |
| Before keyfigure | <i>81</i> |
| Before keyfloats | <i>87</i> |
| Before keyfloat | <i>80</i> |
| Before keytable | <i>83</i> |
| boolean: | |
| KFL@keywrap | <i>92</i> |
| KFLT@cont | <i>49</i> |
| KFLT@cstar | <i>49</i> |
| C | |
| c (key) [main] | <i>49</i> |
| c (key) [subfloat container] | <i>56</i> |
| calc (package) | <i>47</i> |
| caption | |
| formatting | <i>45</i> |
| options | <i>15</i> |
| caption (package) | <i>9, 47</i> |
| class: | |
| tufte-book | <i>34</i> |
| cleveref (package) | <i>9</i> |
| cont (key) [main] | <i>49</i> |
| cont (key) [subfloat container] | <i>56</i> |
| counter: | |
| KFLT@keyfloatdepth | <i>55</i> |
| KFLT@numcols | <i>49</i> |
| KFLT@thiscol | <i>49</i> |
| cstar (key) [main] | <i>49</i> |
| cstar (key) [subfloat container] | <i>56</i> |
| D | |
| distance between floats | <i>35, 44</i> |
| E | |
| \endkeyfl | <u>723</u> |
| environment: | |
| keyfigure | <i>10</i> |
| keyfloat | <i>10</i> |
| keyfloats | <i>10</i> |
| keysfigs | <i>10</i> |
| keysubfloats | <i>10</i> |
| keysubtabs | <i>10</i> |
| keytable | <i>10</i> |
| keywrap | <i>10</i> |
| marginfigure | <i>11</i> |

| | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|---------|
| margitable | ..... | 11 |
| environments: | | |
| figurehere | ..... | 53 |
| keyfigure | ..... | 755 |
| keyfloat | ..... | 745 |
| keyfloats | ..... | 843 |
| keysubfigs | ..... | 1000 |
| keysubfloats | ..... | 994 |
| keysubtabs | ..... | 1006 |
| keytable | ..... | 809 |
| keywrap | ..... | 1041 |
| KFLT@boxinner | ..... | 548 |
| KFLT@boxouter | ..... | 575 |
| KFLT@keysubfloats | ..... | 983 |
| KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter@minipage | ..... | 572 |
| KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage | ..... | 840 |
| KFLT@marginfloat | ..... | 1012 |
| marginfigure | ..... | 1030 |
| margitable | ..... | 1033 |
| tablehere | ..... | 50 |
| etoolbox (package) | ..... | 47 |
| F | | |
| f (key) [main] | ..... | 54 |
| fancybox (package) | ..... | 41 |
| figurehere (environment) | ..... | 53 |
| float | | |
| default width | ..... | 17 |
| distance between | ..... | 35, 44 |
| wrapped placement | ..... | 15 |
| frame | | |
| custom | ..... | 44 |
| rotation | ..... | 23 |
| ft (key) [main] | ..... | 54 |
| G | | |
| gettitlestring (package) | ..... | 48 |
| graphicx (package) | ..... | 47 |
| H | | |
| h (key) [main] | ..... | 53 |
| I | | |
| image | | |
| \linewidth | ..... | 21 |
| natural size | ..... | 17 |
| K | | |
| key: | | |
| [main]: | | |
| af | ..... | 50 |
| al | ..... | 51 |
| ap | ..... | 50 |
| as | ..... | 51 |
| auf | ..... | 51 |
| aul | ..... | 51 |
| aup | ..... | 51 |
| aus | ..... | 51 |
| c | ..... | 49 |
| cont | ..... | 49 |
| cstar | ..... | 49 |
| f | ..... | 54 |
| ft | ..... | 54 |
| h | ..... | 53 |
| l | ..... | 50 |
| lw | ..... | 53 |
| mo | ..... | 54 |
| r | ..... | 54 |
| s | ..... | 53 |
| sc | ..... | 50 |
| stretch | ..... | 54 |
| t | ..... | 52 |
| tc | ..... | 52 |
| tl | ..... | 53 |
| tr | ..... | 53 |
| va | ..... | 55 |
| w | ..... | 53 |
| wp | ..... | 55 |
| [subfloat container]: | | |
| af | ..... | 58 |
| al | ..... | 58 |
| ap | ..... | 58 |
| as | ..... | 58 |
| auf | ..... | 58 |
| aul | ..... | 59 |
| aup | ..... | 58 |
| aus | ..... | 59 |
| c | ..... | 56 |
| cont | ..... | 56 |
| cstar | ..... | 56 |
| l | ..... | 57 |
| sc | ..... | 56 |
| t | ..... | 57 |
| vkeyfig | ..... | 9, 765 |
| vkeyfigbox | ..... | 10, 771 |
| keyfigure (environment) | ..... | 10, 755 |
| keyfloat (environment) | ..... | 10, 745 |
| keyfloats | | |
| \linewidth | ..... | 21 |
| keys | ..... | 12 |
| nested | ..... | 31 |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---|-------------|
| keyfloats (environment) | <i>10</i> , 843 | \KFLT@keyfloatend | <i>740</i> |
| \keyflt | <i>10</i> , 714 | \KFLT@keyfloatstart | <i>734</i> |
| \keyparbox | <i>10</i> , 785 | \KFLT@keyflt | <i>691</i> |
| keys | | KFLT@keysubfloats (environment) | <i>983</i> |
| and values | <i>13</i> , <i>14</i> | \KFLT@keywrapparindent (length) | <i>93</i> |
| keyfloats | <i>12</i> | \KFLT@keywrapparskip (length) | <i>93</i> |
| subfloats | <i>12</i> | \KFLT@keywrapwidth (length) | <i>93</i> |
| keysubfigs (environment) | <i>10</i> , 1000 | \KFLT@l | <i>77</i> |
| keysubfloats (environment) | <i>10</i> , 994 | \KFLT@lw | <i>132</i> |
| keysubtabs (environment) | <i>10</i> , 1006 | \KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter | <i>571</i> |
| \keytab | <i>10</i> , 801 | KFLT@LWR@hook@boxouter@minipage (en- | |
| keytable (environment) | <i>10</i> , 809 | vironment) | <i>572</i> |
| keyval (package) | <i>47</i> | \KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloats | <i>839</i> |
| keywrap (environment) | <i>10</i> , <i>1041</i> | KFLT@LWR@hook@keyfloatsminipage (en- | |
| KFL@keywrap (boolean) | <i>92</i> | vironment) | <i>840</i> |
| \KFLT@docaption | <i>312</i> | \KFLT@LWR@hook@keysubfloats | <i>982</i> |
| \KFLT@ignorespaces | <i>679</i> | KFLT@marginfloat (environment) | <i>1012</i> |
| \KFLT@prohibitpackage | <i>14</i> | \KFLT@maybeendfloatrow | <i>456</i> |
| \KFLT@addartisttext | <i>503</i> | \KFLT@maybestartfloatrow | <i>452</i> |
| \KFLT@addtext | <i>479</i> | \KFLT@mo | <i>151</i> |
| \KFLT@af | <i>81</i> | \KFLT@nonest | <i>819</i> |
| \KFLT@al | <i>83</i> , <i>91</i> | KFLT@numcols (counter) | <i>49</i> |
| \KFLT@ap | <i>79</i> | \KFLT@onefigureimage | <i>268</i> |
| \KFLT@as | <i>85</i> | \KFLT@optionalname | <i>497</i> |
| \KFLT@aup | <i>89</i> | \KFLT@prohibitpackage | <i>29</i> |
| \KFLT@aup | <i>87</i> | \KFLT@r | <i>143</i> |
| \KFLT@aus | <i>93</i> | \KFLT@rowboxwidth (length) | <i>49</i> |
| KFLT@boxinner (environment) | <i>548</i> | \KFLT@s | <i>141</i> |
| \KFLT@boxkeys | <i>565</i> | \KFLT@sc | <i>73</i> |
| KFLT@boxouter (environment) | <i>575</i> | KFLT@scgiven (boolean) | <i>50</i> |
| \KFLT@boxwidth (length) | <i>59</i> | \KFLT@stretch | <i>149</i> |
| \KFLT@c | <i>61</i> | \KFLT@subfloats | <i>932</i> |
| \KFLT@caption | <i>392</i> | \KFLT@subgrpaf | <i>202</i> |
| KFLT@cont (boolean) | <i>49</i> | \KFLT@subgrpal | <i>204</i> |
| KFLT@cstar (boolean) | <i>49</i> | \KFLT@subgrpap | <i>200</i> |
| \KFLT@defaults | <i>422</i> | \KFLT@subgrpas | <i>206</i> |
| \KFLT@docaption | <i>354</i> , <i>372</i> | \KFLT@subgrpauf | <i>210</i> |
| \KFLT@dosimplecaption | <i>303</i> | \KFLT@subgrpaul | <i>212</i> |
| \KFLT@endsubfloats | <i>962</i> | \KFLT@subgrpaup | <i>208</i> |
| \KFLT@envignorespaces | <i>688</i> | \KFLT@subgrpaus | <i>214</i> |
| KFLT@f (boolean) | <i>54</i> | \KFLT@subgrpc | <i>164</i> |
| \KFLT@findenvboxwidth | <i>258</i> | KFLT@subgrpcont (boolean) | <i>55</i> |
| \KFLT@findwidths | <i>217</i> | KFLT@subgrpcstart (boolean) | <i>56</i> |
| \KFLT@frame | <i>248</i> | \KFLT@subgrpdefaults | <i>913</i> |
| KFLT@ft (boolean) | <i>54</i> | \KFLT@subgrppsc | <i>176</i> |
| \KFLT@h | <i>139</i> | KFLT@subgrpscgiven (boolean) | <i>56</i> |
| \KFLT@ignorespaces | <i>685</i> | \KFLT@subgrprt | <i>182</i> |
| \KFLT@imagedwidth (length) | <i>59</i> | \KFLT@subgrptextalign | <i>181</i> |
| KFLT@inkeysubfloats (boolean) | <i>55</i> | \KFLT@subgrptype | <i>178</i> |
| KFLT@keyfloatdepth (counter) | <i>55</i> | \KFLT@t | <i>95</i> |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|---|----------|
| \KFLT@textalign | 94 | s (key) | 53 |
| \KFLT@thiscol (counter) | 49 | sc (key) | 50 |
| \KFLT@trackrows | 465 | stretch (key) | 54 |
| \KFLT@type | 75 | t (key) | 52 |
| \KFLT@va | 155 | tc (key) | 52 |
| \KFLT@w | 137 | t1 (key) | 53 |
| \KFLT@wp | 153 | tr (key) | 53 |
| \KFLTimageboxwidth (length) | 16, 72 | va (key) | 55 |
| \KFLTlooseframe | 16, 241 | w (key) | 53 |
| \KFLTlooseframewidth (length) | 16, 61 | wp (key) | 55 |
| \KFLTtightframe | 16, 233 | marginfigure (environment) | 11, 1030 |
| \KFLTtightframewidth (length) | 16, 60 | margintable (environment) | 11, 1033 |
| | | mdframed (package) | 40 |
| | | mo (key) [main] | 54 |
| L | | | |
| l (key) [main] | 50 | | |
| l (key) [subfloat container] | 57 | | |
| Last, | 42 | newfloat (package) | 9 |
| Last, First | 42, 43 | | |
| length: | | P | |
| \KFLT@boxwidth | 59 | package: | |
| \KFLT@imagewidth | 59 | calc | 47 |
| \KFLT@keywrapparindent | 93 | caption | 9, 47 |
| \KFLT@keywrapparskip | 93 | cleveref | 9 |
| \KFLT@keywrapwidth | 93 | etoolbox | 47 |
| \KFLT@rowboxwidth | 49 | fancybox | 41 |
| \KFLTimageboxwidth | 16, 72 | getttitlestring | 48 |
| \KFLTlooseframewidth | 16, 61 | graphicx | 47 |
| \KFLTtightframewidth | 16, 60 | keyval | 47 |
| lw (key) [main] | 53 | mdframed | 40 |
| | | newfloat | 9 |
| M | | | |
| [main]: | | placeins | 48 |
| af (key) | 50 | rotating | 48 |
| al (key) | 51 | subcaption | 47 |
| ap (key) | 50 | titletoc | 9 |
| as (key) | 51 | tocdata | 9 |
| auf (key) | 51 | tocloft | 9 |
| aul (key) | 51 | wrapfig | 11, 48 |
| aup (key) | 51 | xparse | 47 |
| aus (key) | 51 | placeins (package) | 48 |
| c (key) | 49 | | |
| cont (key) | 49 | R | |
| cstar (key) | 49 | r (key) [main] | 54 |
| f (key) | 54 | rotate | |
| ft (key) | 54 | box width and vertical space | 23 |
| h (key) | 53 | rotating (package) | 48 |
| l (key) | 50 | | |
| lw (key) | 53 | S | |
| mo (key) | 54 | s (key) [main] | 53 |
| r (key) | 54 | sc (key) [main] | 50 |
| | | sc (key) [subfloat container] | 56 |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|--------|
| stretch (key) [main] | 54 | t1 (key) [main] | 53 |
| subcaption (package) | 47 | tocdata (package) | 9 |
| subfloat | | tocloft (package) | 9 |
| \linewidth | 21, 28 | tr (key) [main] | 53 |
| distance between | 44 | troubleshooting | |
| keys | 12 | \linewidth | 28 |
| nested | 31 | caption format | 45 |
| [subfloat container]: | | float out of sequence | 24 |
| af (key) | 58 | image too large | 28 |
| al (key) | 58 | large tables | 18 |
| ap (key) | 58 | mdframed | 40 |
| as (key) | 58 | missing label | 25 |
| auf (key) | 58 | mixed subfloats | 31 |
| aul (key) | 59 | nested subfloats | 31 |
| aup (key) | 58 | rotating | |
| aus (key) | 59 | extra space | 23, 40 |
| c (key) | 56 | frame | 23 |
| cont (key) | 56 | rows too close or far | 44 |
| cstar (key) | 56 | tufte-book (class) | 34 |
| l (key) | 57 | | |
| sc (key) | 56 | | |
| t (key) | 57 | V | |
| | | va (key) [main] | 55 |

| T | W | |
|--|----------------------------|----|
| t (key) [main] | 52 | |
| t (key) [subfloat container] | 57 | |
| tablehere (environment) | 50 | |
| tables | | |
| large | 18 | |
| tc (key) [main] | 52 | |
| titletoc (package) | 9 | |
| X | | |
| | xparse (package) | 47 |