The LaTeX keyfloat Package

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Provides a key/value interface for generating floats.

Abstract

The keyfloat package provides a key/value user interface for quickly creating figures with a single image each, figures with arbitrary contents, tables, subfloats, rows of floats, and floats [H].

Key/value combinations may specify a caption and label, a width proportional to `\linewidth`, a fixed width and/or height, rotation, scaling, a tight or loose frame, an `\arraystretch`, a continued float, additional supplemental text, and an artist/author's name with automatic index entry. When used with the tocdata package, the name also appears in the List of Figures.

Floats may be placed into a row environment, and are typeset to fit within the given number of columns, continuing to the next row if necessary. Nested sub-rows may be used to generate layouts such as two small figures placed vertically next to one larger figure.

Subfloats are supported by two environments.

As an example, a typical command to include a figure with a framed image of half `\linewidth` could be:

```
\keyfig*[hbp]{f,lw=.5,c={A caption},l={fig:label}}{image}
```

Contents

1 Introduction **5**

1.1 A Problem with Floats 5

1.2 The keyfloat Package 5

1.3 Features 6

2 Using the keyfloat Package **8**

2.1 Macros and Environments 8

2.2 Keys and Values 9

2.3 Examples 12

2.3.1 Single Floats 12

2.3.2 Groups of Floats 21

2.3.3 Subfloats 23

2.3.4 Continued Floats 25

2.3.5 Continued Subfloats 26

2.3.6 Custom Frames 27

2.3.7 Artist's Name 29

2.4 Customization 31

2.4.1 Custom Frames 31

2.4.2 Distance between Floats and Rows 31

2.4.3 Formatting the Captions 32

3 Code **33**

3.1 Required Packages 33

3.2 In-line Figures and Tables 33

3.3 Row Counting and Control 34

3.4 Float Key Handling 34

3.5 Nesting Control 39

3.6 Subfloat Key Handling 39

3.7 Computing Image Width 43

3.8 Framing and Rotation 44

3.9 A Graphics Image from a File 45

3.10 Printing the Caption 47

3.11 Defaults for a New Float 50

3.12 Row Start/End Processing 51

3.13 Key Environment Helper Macros 52

3.14 The `keyfigure` Environment 58

3.15 The \keyfig Macro . . . 59
3.16 The \keyfigbox Macro . . . 59
3.17 The \keyparbox Macro . . . 60
3.18 The \keytab Macro . . . 60
3.19 The keytable Environment . . . 61
3.20 A Row of Floats . . . 61
3.21 Subfigures . . . 65

Change History and Index **69**

List of Examples

1 Figure with an image from a file . . . 12
2 Figure with arbitrary contents . . . 12
3 Figure environment with arbitrary contents . . . 13
4 Table macro . . . 13
5 Table environment with arbitrary contents . . . 14
6 Figure with many options selected . . . 15
7 Using \linewidth . . . 16
8 Using frames . . . 17
9 Using rotation with boxes . . . 18
10 Located [H]ere . . . 18
11 Unnumbered float . . . 19
12 Unnumbered float with a LOF entry . . . 19
13 An unnumbered in-text image . . . 20
14 A box without a caption. . . . 20
15 Groups of figures — keyfloats environment . . . 21
16 Subfigures — keysubfigs environment . . . 23
17 Continued figure . . . 25
18 Continued subfloats . . . 26
19 Custom frames with mdframed . . . 27
20 Custom shadows with fancybox . . . 28
21 Artist's name — image . . . 29
22 Artist's name — arbitary contents . . . 29
23 Subfloats with an artist . . . 30

List of Figures

1 A \keyfig with an image . . . 12
2 A \keyfigbox . . . 12
3 A keyfigure environment . . . 13
4 A figure with options . . . 15

5 Half of `\linewidth` 16
6 Loosely-framed figure 17
7 Tightly-framed figure 17
Starred short caption 19
8 Next to a `\keyparbox` 20
9 First in a group 22
10 Third in a group 22
11 Fourth in a group 22
12 Fifth in a group 22
13 Sixth in a group 22
14 Subfigures 23
15 Figure to be continued 25
15 . . . continued 25
16 A set of figures 26
16 . . . continued 26
17 Custom-framed image 27
18 Custom loosely-framed box 27
19 Custom shadow 28
20 Custom loosely-framed shadow 28
21 Artist's name — image . . . . . *First Last* 29
22 Artist's name — arbitrary contents . . . . . *Last* 29
23 Artist's collection . . . . . *First Last* 30

List of Tables

1 Keys and Values — Part I 10
1 Keys and Values — Part II 11
2 Caption-Related Key Combinations 11
3 A `\keytab` table 13
4 A `keytable` environment 14
5 Loosely-framed table 17
6 Tightly-framed table 17
7 Table, rotated 18
8 A table [H] 18
9 Seventh in a group 22

1 Introduction

The keyfloat package simplifies the creation of LaTeX floats, while still allowing a number of useful features.

1.1 A Problem with Floats

When including a figure with a graphics image into a document, the user typically enters something such as:

```
\begin{figure}
\centering
\includegraphics[width=3in]{filename}
\caption{A Figure}
\label{fig:somelabel}
\end{figure}
```

When doing that often enough, it makes sense to factor the common code:

```
\onefigure[3in]{filename}{A Figure}{fig:somelabel}
```

Expanding the capability of `\onefigure` via xparse can lead to the general case of:

```
\onefigure*[loc](width){filename}(add'l text)[shortcap]{caption}*[label]
```

Attempting to add additional features such as frames and continued floats hits the limit of nine parameters for a TeX macro, requiring that new features use some kind of change-state macros instead. Attempting to support rows of floats or subfloats only made things more complicated still.

A key/value system solves the problem of adding more features, does not require much additional typing, is a more self-documenting syntax, and allows the sharing of keys with subfloats as well. Thus, the keyfloat package.

1.2 The keyfloat Package

Using keyfloat, the first example above becomes:

```
\keyfig{w=3in,c=A Figure,l=fig:somelabel}{filename}
```

The `\onefigure` example above becomes:

```
\keyfig*[loc]{w=width,t={add'l text},sc=shortcap,cstar=caption,
    l=label}{filename}
```

1.3 Features

The macros and environments provided by keyfloat include:

`\keyfig`: A figure with an image.

`\keyfigbox`: A figure with arbitrary contents.

`\keyparbox`: A "figure" without a caption, useful to place uncaptioned text inside a group,

`\keytab`: A table.

keyfigure: A figure environment.

keytable: A table environment.

keyfloats: A group of rows and columns of floats.

keysubfigs: A figure containing a group of rows and columns of subfigures.

keysubtabs: A table containing a group of rows and columns of subtables.

Additional features include:

- Rows and columns of floats may be generated by placing them inside a `keyfloats` environment.
- Subfloats may be generated by placing them inside a `keysubfigs` or `keysubtabs` environment.
- The number of columns is specified, and extra floats are placed onto additional rows.
- Floats may be placed [H]ere
- Floats may be starred to span two columns.
- Continued floats may be used to repeat the previous float number.
- A figure may contain an image, with additional sizing, rotation, and a frame.

- Tables may be stretched.
- Boxes of arbitrary contents may be assigned a width and framed.
- Floats may be moved into and out of the grouping environments as needed.
- An artist/author's name may be added to a figure and the index.
- If the tocdata package is loaded (use v0.12+), the name is also added to the LOF.
- Additional descriptive text may be added as well.
- Frames may be customized.

examples A large number of examples are provided, each showing LaTeX source and the resulting float.

index A customized index is included at the back of the documentation.

margin tags Blue margin tags are used to help quickly find information, and often indicate the destination of index entires.

⚠ warnings Several warnings are noted in the text. Watch out for these special cases.

problems See the "troubleshooting" section of the index for help with specific problems which may occur.

2 Using the **keyfloat** Package

2.1 Macros and Environments

`\keyfig` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*image filename*⟩}
A macro to generate a figure with an image from a file.

`\keyfigbox` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*box contents*⟩}
A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. See example 2.

`\keyparbox` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*box contents*⟩}
A macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a `\keyfigbox` with `cstar={}`. Mostly useful to add supplemental information inside a row of floats or subfloats. See example 14.

`\keytab` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*tabular contents*⟩}
A macro to generate a table with tabular contents. Usually use the `keytable` environment instead.

Env `keyfigure` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩}
An environment to generate a figure with arbitrary contents. Useful for multi-paragraph contents. See example 3.

Env `keytable` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩}
An environment to generate a table with arbitrary contents. Useful for larger tables. See example 5.

The above macros and environments may be used by themselves, or inside the following `keyfloats`, `keysubfigs`, or `keysubtabs` environments.

Env `keyfloats` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*num columns*⟩}
A group of figures or tables typeset in rows. May be nested. See example 15.

Env `keysubfigs` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*numcols*⟩} {⟨*keys*⟩}
Env `keysubtabs` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*numcols*⟩} {⟨*keys*⟩}
A group of subfigures or subtables typeset in rows. May not be nested. See example 16.

Arg `*` The star option create floats which span both columns in a two-column document.

Arg `[H]` The [H] location may be used to force a figure to be "Here", in the form of a minipage instead of a float. A caption and label may still be assigned.

Arg `[loc]` The star and [loc] options are ignored for floats inside a `keyfloats`, `keysubfigs`, or `keysubtabs` environment. Note that these container environments may have their own star and [loc] options.

2.2 Keys and Values

Table 1 shows the key/value combinations which are allowed. In most cases these may be used in any order and any combination, except for the following:

subfloat keys

The keys labeled "Sub" may be used for the `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments, which group a number of subfloats together under one master float. The master float has its own caption, label, and text, and each subfloat inside the group likewise has its own set of keys.

keyfloats keys

`keyfloats` does not accept any keys at all.

The "artist" keys `ap`, `af`, `al`, and `as` are only used by figures.

The `stretch` key increases space between tabular elements.

The rest of the macros and environments accept all of the keys, as they each create an individual float or subfloat, and each may have its own assigned dimensions and frame.

short/long caption combinations

Table 2 shows the combinations of the caption-related keys `c`, `cstar`, and `sc`, and how they control the caption numbering and entries in the LOF/LOT.

Table 1: Keys and Values — Part I

Key	Sub[a]	Description	Example
`c`	•	An unstarred caption. If empty, creates a figure with a number but no caption.	`c=A Caption`
`cstar`	•	A starred caption. Creates a float without a number. If empty, creates a figure with no number or caption.	`cstar=No Num`
`sc`	•	The short caption for the LOF/LOT, even if cstar.	`sc=Short Cap`
`cont`	•	Continued float?	`cont`
`l`	•	The label. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. Ignored in unnumbered floats.	`l=fig:A name`
`ap`	•	Artist's prefix, such as "Mr."[b]	`ap=Mr.`
`af`	•	Artist's first name.[b]	`af=First`
`al`	•	Artist's last name.[b]	`al=Last`
`as`	•	Artist's suffix, such as `~III`.[b]	`al=~III`
`t`	•	Additional text. May include paragraphs. Enclose in braces if a comma is included. May need `\protect` before macro calls. Fully-justified alignment.	`t=Paragraphs`
`tc`	•	Additional text, aligned to the center.	`tc=Paragraphs`
`tl`	•	Additional text, aligned to the left.	`tl=Paragraphs`
`tr`	•	Additional text, aligned to the right.	`tr=Paragraphs`

[a:] All the keys in Part I may be used with the `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments.

[b:] Artist keys: Only used in Figure floats. A fixed-width non-breakable space is placed between names, except that the optional suffix is connected directly to the last name, allowing "`as={, Title}`", for example.

. . . continued

Table 1: Keys and Values — Part II

Key[a]	Description	Example
`lw`	Set the width to a fraction of `\linewidth`. Cancels `w`. If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box.	`lw=.5`
`w`	Set the actual width. Cancels `lw`. If a non-image float, sets the width of the text box.	`w=2in`
`h`	Set the actual height, images only.	`w=2in`
`s`	Set the image scale, images only.	`s=3`
`a`	Set the rotation angle; counter-clockwise degrees.	`r=90`
`f`	Selects a loose frame with the current `\fboxsep`. Only rotated with `\keyfig`.	`f`
`ft`	Selects a tight frame with no `\fboxsep`. Useful for photographs, or diagrams which already have some margin built in.	`ft`
`stretch`	Sets `\arraystretch` inside the float.	`stretch=1.5`

[a:] None of the keys in Part II are used in the `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments.

Table 2: Caption-Related Key Combinations

Keys in Use			**Type of**	
`c`	`cstar`	`sc`	**Caption**[a]	**LOF/LOT**[b]
•	—	—	Numbered	Caption
•	—	•	Numbered	Short Caption
—	•	—	Unnumbered	None
—	•	•	Unnumbered	Short Caption
—	`cstar={}`	Ignored	None	None

[a:] Caption: Shows whether the float will be numbered, unnumbered, or have no caption.
[b:] LOF/LOT: Shows whether the regular or short caption will appear in the List of Figures or List of Tables, or if there will be no listing.

An image.

Figure 1: A `\keyfig` with an image

Some text. More text.

Another paragraph.

Figure 2: A `\keyfigbox`

2.3 Examples

2.3.1 Single Floats

Example 1: Figure with an image from a file

```
\keyfig{c=A \cs{keyfig} with an image,l=fig:simple}{image}
```

Figure 1

natural size

This float (fig. 1) is shown at its natural size because no width or height modifiers were specified. When used alone like this, a regular float is created.

Example 2: Figure with arbitrary contents

```
\keyfigbox{f,c={A \cs{keyfigbox}},l=fig:figbox}
    {Some text.  More text. \par  Another paragraph.}
```

Figure 2

default width

The `\keyfigbox` creates a figure with a box of arbitrary contents, instead of an image from a file. Its default width is the full `\linewidth`, unless `w` or `lw` keys are used.

Arbitrary contents may go here.

Including multiple paragraphs.

Figure 3: A `keyfigure` environment

Table 3: A `\keytab` table

A	B
C	D

Example 3: Figure environment with arbitrary contents

```
\begin{keyfigure}{f,c={A \env{keyfigure} environment},
    l=fig:environment}
Arbitrary contents may go here.

Including multiple paragraphs.
\end{keyfigure}
```

Figure 3

The `keyfigure` environment is preferred over the `\keyfigbox` macro when multiple lines of contents are to be included.

Example 4: Table macro

```
\keytab{c=A \cs{keytab} table,l=tab:simpletable}{\testtable}
```

Table 3

Do not try to use tables which overflow the page.

For anything other than a simple table, use the `keytable` environment. See example 5.

large tables

For large tables, use the longtable or supertabular packages.

Table 4: A `keytable` environment

Arbitrary contents may go here.

A	B
C	D

Example 5: Table environment with arbitrary contents

```
\begin{keytable}{f,c={A \env{keytable} environment},
    l=tab:environment}
Arbitrary contents may go here.

\testtable
\end{keytable}
```

Table 4

The `keytable` environment is preferred over the `\keytab` macro since most tables are multi-line creations.

Additional text. Multiple paragraphs may be used. The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma is included. Alignment may be set by using tags `tc`, `tl`, or `tr` instead of `t`

Figure 4: A figure with many options

Example 6: Figure with many options selected

```
\keyfig{
    w=2in,ft,r=15,
    c=A figure with many options,
    sc=A figure with options,
    t={Additional text.  Multiple paragraphs may be used.
    The entire text is enclosed in braces because a comma
    is included. Alignment may be set by using
    tags \texttt{tc}, \texttt{tl}, or \texttt{tr}
    instead of \texttt{t}},
    l=fig:options
}{image}
```

Figure 4

Width is fixed at 2 in, a tight frame is specified (`\fboxsep` of 0 pt), a short caption appears in the List of Figures, and the additional text is using the default fully-justified alignment.

Since fig. 4 is a float, it may appear on the following page.

Figure 5: Half of `\linewidth`

Example 7: Using `\linewidth`

```
\keyfig{lw=.5,c=Half of \cs{linewidth},l=fig:linewidth}{image}
```

Figure 5

`\linewidth` Figure 5 is half of `\linewidth` in size. When the `lw` key is used inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubfigs` environment, the `\linewidth` will be proportional to the sub-box for each element. When used alone, such as here, the `\linewidth` is the full width of the text on this page.

`lw` and `w` are not used at the same time. If both `lw` and `w` are specified, the last one cancels any previous ones.

Example 8: Using frames

```
\begin{keyfloats}[hbp]{4}
\keyfig{f,c=Loosely-framed figure,l=fig:looseframe}{image}
\keyfig{ft,c=Tightly-framed figure,l=fig:tightframe}{image}
\keytab{f,c=Loosely-framed table,l=tab:looseframe}{\testtable}
\keytab{ft,c=Tightly-framed table,l=tab:tightframe}{\testtable}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Figures 6 and 7 and tables 5 and 6

Figure 6: Loosely-framed figure

Figure 7: Tightly-framed figure

Table 5: Loosely-framed table

A	B
C	D

Table 6: Tightly-framed table

A	B
C	D

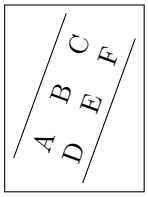
The `f` key adds a loose frame with the current `\fboxsep`. This is desirable in most cases.

The `tf` key adds a tight frame with no separation. This is useful for framing a photograph, or a diagram which already has a margin.

Framing tables is seldom recommended. In the case of the tight frame, table 6, note that the external frame almost overwrites the table's natural horizontal rules.

custom frames Also see section 2.4.1 for customizing frames.

Table 7: Table, rotated



(Framed to show box width.)

Example 9: Using rotation with boxes

```
\keytab{f,w=.8in,c={Table, rotated},
    r=70,l=tab:rotated,
    tc=(Framed to show box width.)}
    {\testwidetable}
```

Table 7

---

rotated whitespace

box width

Unless a width is given, a box is the full `\linewidth`. When rotated, this extra horizontal space is rotated into extra vertical space. To avoid this extra space, set a `w` or `lw` to be wide enough for the table or other contents, but not much wider. When this box is rotated, it will not take much more vertical space than necessary.

frame rotation

Unlike an image, the frame of a box does not rotate with its contents.

Example 10: Located [H]ere

```
\keytab[H]{c={A table [H]},l=fig:here}{\testtable}
```

Table 8

Table 8: A table [H]

A	B
C	D

Out of sequence

Table 8 is to be placed "[H]ere", and therefore may appear out-of-sequence with surrounding figures. Place a `\clearpage` before or after to re-sync, if necessary.

An image.

Starred caption with a short caption.

Example 11: Unnumbered float

```
\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={A starred caption}}{image}
```

See fig: "A starred caption".

An image.

A starred caption

A starred caption creates a float without a number, and without an entry in the List of Figures unless there is a non-empty short caption. (See the next example.)

⚠ No label Labels cannot be used when there is no number for a float.

Example 12: Unnumbered float with a lof entry

```
\keyfig{
    f,cstar={Starred caption with a short caption.},
    sc={Starred short caption}
}{image}
```

See fig: "Starred caption with a short caption".

A starred caption with a non-empty short caption creates an unnumbered entry in the List of Figures.

Some contents.

A \keyparbox with no number or label.

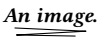


Figure 8: Next to a \keyparbox

Example 13: An unnumbered in-text image

```
\keyfig[H]{f,cstar={},
    tc={Optional text which is not a caption.}
}{image2}
```

See fig: "Optional text which is not a caption."

Optional text which is not a caption.

By using [H] and `cstar={}`, the image is placed inline without a number or LOF entry.

Also see example 14.

Example 14: A box without a caption.

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyparbox{
    f,lw=.5,
    tc={A \cs{keyparbox} with no number or label.}
}{Some contents.}
\keyfig{c=Next to a \cs{keyparbox},l=fig:nexttoparbox}{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\keyparbox[H]{f,lw=.5}{A \cs{keyparbox} [H], outside the floatrow.}
```

Figure 8, and the box to its left.

A \keyparbox [H], outside the floatrow.

A \keyparbox is a \keyfigbox with `cstar={}`, and is mostly useful as an information box inside a row or a set of subfloats.

2.3.2 Groups of Floats

Example 15: Groups of figures — `keyfloats` environment

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={First in a group},
    l=fig:firstinrow,tl={\cs{raggedright} text}
    }{image}
\keyparbox{}{\centering A \cs{keyparbox} describing something.
    \par With several paragraphs.}
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Third in a group},
    l=fig:thirdinarow}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Fourth in a group}}{image2}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Fifth in a group}}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,c={Sixth in a group},
    l=fig:sixthinarow}{image2}
\end{keyfloats}
\keytab{c={Seventh in a group},l=tab:seventhinrow}{\testwidetable}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Figure 9 to Table 9

Figure 9 to table 9 are in a `keyfloats` environment. Furthermore, Figures 10 to 13 are in an additional nested `keyfloats` environment, forming a small box of floats inside the larger group.

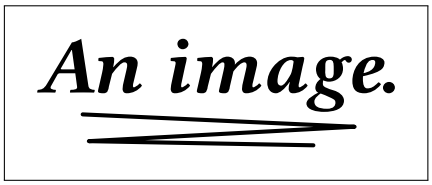
The `keyfloats` environment takes an argument for the number of columns. Additional floats are automatically placed on following rows. Changing the number of columns will cause the floats to automatically readjust as necessary. Leftovers will be centered on the last row.

⚠ `\linewidth` Note that `\linewidth` is adjusted for each row and nested row, so the `lw` key will need to be changed if a float is moved to a different nesting level.

⚠ image too large Fixed-width or fixed-height floats may be too large to fit if they are moved into a group. It is the user's responsibility to adjust `w`, `h`, or `lw` as necessary.

Keyfloats may be positioned [H]:
`\begin{keyfloats}[H]{2}` ...

Keyfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format:
`\begin{keyfloats}*{2}` ...



`\raggedright` text

Figure 9: First in a group

A `\keyparbox` describing something.

With several paragraphs.

Figure 10: Third in a group

Figure 11: Fourth in a group

Table 9: Seventh in a group

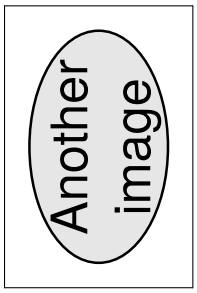
A	B	C
D	E	F

Figure 12: Fifth in a group

Figure 13: Sixth in a group

Some Text

a: First Subfigure



Lots of lots of lots of lots of text.

b: Second subfigure

c: Third subfigure

d: Fourth subfigure

A	B
C	D

e: Fifth subfigure

Figure 14: Subfigures

2.3.3 Subfloats

Example 16: Subfigures — `keysubfigs` environment

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{3}{c=Subfigures,l=fig:subfigs}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={First Subfigure},
    l=fig:firstsubfig,t=Some Text}{image}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,r=90,c={Second subfigure},
    l=fig:secondsubfig,
    t=Lots of lots of lots of lots of text.}
    {image2}
\begin{keyfloats}{1}
\keyfig{lw=1,f,c={Third subfigure},l=fig:thirdsubfig}{image}
\keytab{c={Fourth subfigure},l=fig:fourthsubfig}{\testtable}
\keyfig{lw=.5,f,c={Fifth subfigure},l=fig:fifthsubfig}{image}
\end{keyfloats}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Figure 14

Figures 14a to 14e are in the fig. 14 `keysubfigs` environment. The `\keysubtabs` environment is similar. Mixed types have the type of their container, as shown with fig. 14d.

Subfloats are associated floats (a, b, . . .) collected together into one common float

(the enclosing `\keysubfigs` or `\keysubtabs` environment). The enclosing float can have its own caption (call "Sub-Figures" in the example), which appears in the LOF/LOT, and also a label. Each subfloat can have its own caption and label as well, but the subcaption does not appear in the LOF/LOT.

⚠ mixed subfloats

All subfloats are forced to have the same type as its containing float. A table inside a figure will be labeled as a figure, for example. This avoids miss-labeling as each subfloat must clearly be identified as a child of its containing float.

⚠ nested subfloats

`\keysubfigs` and `\keysubtabs` may not be used inside the `keyfloats` environment, and cannot be nested inside each other. (No subfloat `12aa`, `12ab`, `12ba`, etc.)

nested keyfloats

The `keyfloats` environment may be used inside `\keysubfigs` or `\keysubtabs` to gather subfloats together, such as the three right-most figures in fig. 14.

Subfloats may be located `H`:

`\begin{keysubfigs}[H]{3}{`key/vals ...`}`

Subfloats may be starred to span both columns in a two-column format:

`\begin{keysubfigs}*{2}{`key/vals ...`}`

An image.

Figure 15: Figure to be continued

Figure 15: . . . continued

2.3.4 Continued Floats

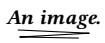
The `cont` key may be used to generate a "continued" float. The continued float receives the same number as the previous float, and it is assumed that they are the same float, except that they are separated for some reason such as size on the page.

The label may be placed in a continued float, and will still receive the same float number as the prior non-continued float.

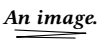
Example 17: Continued figure

```
\begin{keyfloats}{2}
\keyfig{,c=Figure to be continued}{image}
\keyfig{c={\dots continued},cont,l=fig:firstcontinued}{image2}
\end{keyfloats}
```

Figure 15



a: First of a set



b: Second of a set

Figure 16: A set of figures

c: Third of a set

d: Fourth of a set

Figure 16: . . . continued

2.3.5 Continued Subfloats

The `keysubfigs` and `keysubtabs` environments may also be given the `cont` key. The containing environment's float receives the same number as the previous float (presumably another subfloat container).

Example 18: Continued subfloats

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={A set of figures},l=fig:continuedfigures}
\keyfig{c={First of a set},l=fig:contfirst}{image}
\keyfig{c={Second of a set},l=fig:contsecond}{image}
\end{keysubfigs}
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{c={\dots continued},cont}
\keyfig{c={Third of a set},l=fig:contthird}{image2}
\keyfig{c={Fourth of a set},l=fig:contfourth}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Figure 16

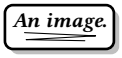


Figure 17: Custom-framed image

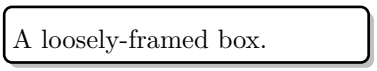


Figure 18: Custom loosely-framed box

2.3.6 Custom Frames

Example 19: Custom frames with mdframed

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\begin{mdtightframe}%
#1
\end{mdtightframe}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{1pt}

\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\begin{mdlooseframe}[leftmargin=1.5in,rightmargin=1.5in]%
#1
\end{mdlooseframe}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{4pt}

\keyfig{ft,c=Custom-framed image,l=fig:customframe}{image}
\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed box,
    l=fig:customlooseframe}{A loosely-framed box.}
```

Figures 17 and 18

Pkg `mdframed`

⚠ mdframed width

Example 19 shows custom frames created with the mdframed package along with tikz. Note that mdframed uses the full `\linewidth` even if the left/right margins are explicitly set, which causes extra vertical space when rotated.

See section 2.4.1 for more details.

Figure 19: Custom shadow

A loosely-framed shadow box.

Figure 20: Custom loosely-framed shadow

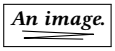
Example 20: Custom shadows with fancybox

```
\renewcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{0.4pt}

\renewcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}
\setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}
\setlength{\shadowsize}{2pt}
\shadowbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}

\keyfig{ft,c=Custom shadow,l=fig:customshadow}{image}
\keyfigbox{f,c=Custom loosely-framed shadow,lw=.5,
    l=fig:customlooseshadow}{A loosely-framed shadow box.}
```

Figures 19 and 20

Pkg `fancybox` Example 20 shows custom shadow frames created with the fancybox package. This combination respects `lw` and `w`.

See section 2.4.1 for more details.



Mr. First Last III

About the illustration.

Figure 21: Artist's name — image

Some text, a quotation, a TikZ diagram — anything not an image file.

Mr. Last

Figure 22: Artist's name — arbitrary contents

2.3.7 Artist's Name

Example 21: Artist's name — image

```
\keyfig{ft,ap=Mr.,af=First,al=Last,as={~III},
tc={\textit{About the illustration.}},
c=Artist's name --- image,l=fig:artist}{image}
```

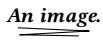
Figure 21

Example 22: Artist's name — arbitary contents

```
\tdnameright
\begin{keyfigure}{f,ap=Mr.,al=Last,
c=Artist's name --- arbitrary contents,l=fig:artistpar}
\centering Some text, a quotation, a TikZ\ diagram ---
anything not an image file.
\end{keyfigure}
\tdnamecenter
```

Figure 22

The artist's name and optional prefix/suffix are printed below the figure, and an index entry is made for the name in (Last, First) format, or (Last) if there is no first name. If the tocdata package is loaded, the artist's name is also added to the List of Figures, and the tocdata `\tdname`... macros may be used to align the name.



a: Artist's First Work

Commentary about the work.

b: Artist's Second Work

Prefix First Last, Suffix

Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes, in case you have use for large explanations. This text may be the full `\linewidth` in size.

Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.

Figure 23: Artist's collection

Example 23: Subfloats with an artist

```
\begin{keysubfigs}{2}{
    c=Artist's collection, l=fig:artistcollection,
    t={Some fully-justified text just for illustrative purposes,
    in case you have use for large explanations.
    This text may be the full \cs{linewidth} in size. \par
    Multiple paragraphs of text are allowed.},
    ap=Prefix,af=First,al=Last,as={, Suffix}
}
    \keyfig{c=Artist's First Work}{image}
    \keyfig{c=Artist's Second Work,
        tc={Commentary about the work.}}{image2}
\end{keysubfigs}
```

Figure 23

A group of figures may be placed into a subfloat container, which may have its own artist keys and additional text. Furthermore, each subfloat inside the collection may also have its own artist tags and additional text.

2.4 Customization

2.4.1 Custom Frames

There are two user-redefinable framing macros:
`\KFLTtightframe` and `\KFLTlooseframe`

A float's contents are placed into a box, which is passed to either of these two macros depending on the key `f` or `tf`.

Each macro takes one argument and frames it.

Each macro has an associated LaTeX length:
`\KFLTtightframewidth` and `\KFLTlooseframewidth`

These lengths must be redefined to the expected total frame width, equal to the frame thickness plus separation.

The defaults definitions are:

```
\newcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
\fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}

\newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
\fbox{#1}%
}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
```

See example 19 for an example created with the mdframed package, and example 20 for an example created with the fancybox package.

2.4.2 Distance between Floats and Rows

rows too close/far

To spread out the distance between floats and/or rows of floats on a busy page, the following adjustments may be made. The values used in this documentation are:

```
\setlength{\floatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
\setlength{\dblfloatsep}{5ex plus 1ex minus 1ex}
```

2.4.3 Formatting the Captions

To modify the typesetting of the captions, see the caption package. The settings used in this documentation are:

```
\captionsetup[figure]{
 style=default, justification=centering,
 margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
 labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}
}

\captionsetup[table]{
 style=default, justification=centering,
 margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
 labelfont={small,bf},textfont={small,bf}
}

\captionsetup[subfigure]{
 style=default, justification=centering,
 margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
 labelfont={small},textfont={small}
}

\captionsetup[subtable]{
 style=default, justification=centering,
 margin=0pt, parskip=0pt, skip=1ex,
 labelfont={small},textfont={small}
}
```

3 Code

3.1 Required Packages

Pkg `etoolbox` v2.6 or later for `\BeforeBeginEnvironment`, `\AfterEndEnvironment`

```
\RequirePackage{etoolbox}[2011/01/03]%

\RequirePackage{xparse}

\RequirePackage{xifthen}
```

Pkg `keyval` Key processing:

```
\RequirePackage{xkeyval}
```

Pkg `graphicx` For `\includegraphics` and rotating:

```
\RequirePackage{graphicx}
```

Pkg `caption` Handles all caption-related functions:

```
\RequirePackage{caption}[2010/10/31]% v3.2 to support \phantomcaption
```

Pkg `subcaption` Derived from caption, used to handle subfloats:

```
\RequirePackage{subcaption}
```

Pkg `calc` Used to compute box width minus frame sep and width.

```
\RequirePackage{calc}
```

Pkg `rotating` Provides rotation via then `turn` environment:

```
\RequirePackage{rotating}
```

Rows of floats are created by a simple `minipage` environment, instead of relying on a preexisting package. This proved to be advantageous when support was added for multiple rows in one environment.

3.2 In-line Figures and Tables

These macros are commonly used by others.

Env `tablehere` Place a table exactly [H].

```
\ProvideDocumentEnvironment{tablehere}{}
  {\bigbreak\noindent\minipage{\linewidth}\def\@captype{table}}
  {\endminipage\bigbreak}
```

Env `figurehere` Place a figure exactly [H].

```
\ProvideDocumentEnvironment{figurehere}{}
  {\bigbreak\noindent\minipage{\linewidth}\def\@captype{figure}}
  {\endminipage\bigbreak}
```

3.3 Row Counting and Control

Used to count position and wrap at end of each row.

Ctr `KFLT@numcols` Columns per row.

```
\newcounter{KFLT@numcols}
```

Ctr `KFLT@thiscol` Column currently processing. `0` if not yet in a keyfloats or subfloat.

```
\newcounter{KFLT@thiscol}
```

Len `\KFLT@rowboxwidth` How wide is each box in the row.

```
\newlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}
```

3.4 Float Key Handling

Bool `KFLT@cont` Continued float?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@cont}{}
```

Key `cont` Continued float?

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{cont}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@cont}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@c` Caption storage

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@c}{}
```

Bool `KFLT@cstar` Starred caption?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@cstar}
```

Key `c` Caption

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{c}%
{\renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}}
```

Key `cstar` Caption starred?

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{cstar}%
{\renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{true}}
```

Key `sc` Short caption

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{sc}{%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{#1}%
\setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{true}%
}
```

`\KFLT@sc` Short caption storage

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@sc}{}
```

Bool `KFLT@scgiven` Was a short caption given?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@scgiven}
```

`\KFLT@type` Float type: "`figure`", "`table`"

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@type}{}
```

`\KFLT@listtype` List type: "`lof`", "`lot`"

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@listtype}{}
```

Key `l` Label

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{l}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@l}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@l` Label storage

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@l}{}
```

For the tocdata package:

Key `ap` Artist prefix

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{ap}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@ap}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@ap` Storage for artist prefix

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@ap}{}
```

Key `af` Artist first name

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{af}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@af}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@af` Storage for artist first name

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@af}{}
```

Key `al` Artist last name

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{al}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@al}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@al` Storage for artist last name

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@al}{}
```

Key `as` Artist suffix

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{as}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@as}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@as` Storage for artist suffix

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@as}{}
```

`\KFLT@textalign` Storage for text alignment.

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@textalign}{}
```

`\KFLT@t` Additional text storage

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@t}{}
```

Create replacement macros if tocdata is not loaded:

```
\@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
{}
{
\newcommand{\tdtextjustify}{}
\newcommand{\tdtextcenter}{}
\newcommand{\tdtextleft}{}
\newcommand{\tdtextright}{}
\newcommand{\tdnamejustify}{}
\newcommand{\tdnamecenter}{}
\newcommand{\tdnameleft}{}
\newcommand{\tdnameright}{}
}
```

Key `t` Additional text, justified alignment.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{t}{
\renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{}
\tdtextjustify
}
```

Key `tc` Additional text, centered alignment.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{tc}{
\renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\centering}
\tdtextcenter
}
```

Key `tr` Additional text, aligned to the right.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{tr}{
\renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedleft}
\tdtextright
}
```

Key `tl` Additional text, aligned to the left.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{tl}{
\renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{\raggedright}
\tdtextleft
}
```

`\KFLT@i` Image filename storage

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@i}{}
```

Key `lw` Fraction of `\linewidth`

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{lw}{%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{#1}%
\setlength{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
}
```

`\KFLT@lw` Fraction of linewidth storage: "`.5`"

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@lw}{}
```

Key `w` Fixed width

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{w}{%
\setlength{\KFLT@w}{#1}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
}
```

`\KFLT@w` Width storage: "3cm"

```
\newlength{\KFLT@w}
```

Key `h` Fixed height

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{h}{\setlength{\KFLT@h}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@h` Height storage: "2in"

```
\newlength{\KFLT@h}
```

Key `s` Scale

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{s}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@s}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@s` Scale storage: "3"

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@s}{1}
```

Key `r` Angle. 90 is counter-clockwise 90 degrees.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{r}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@r}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@r` Angle storage: "90"

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@r}{0}
```

Key `f` Frame the image with `\KFLTlooseframe`.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{f}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@f}{#1}}
```

Bool `KFLT@f` Frame the image?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@f}
```

Key `ft` Tightly frame the image using `\KFLTtightframe`. This is useful for photographs, or diagrams which already have built-in margins.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{ft}[true]{\setboolean{KFLT@ft}{#1}}
```

Bool `KFLT@ft` Tightly frame the image?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@ft}
```

Key `stretch` Set `\arraystretch` inside the table environment.

```
\define@key{KFLT@keys}{stretch}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@stretch}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@stretch` Storage for `\arraystretch`.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@stretch}{1}
```

3.5 Nesting Control

Ctr `KFLT@keyfloatdepth` Depth inside a keyfigs environment

```
\newcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}
\setcounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{0}
```

Bool `KFLT@inkeysubfloats` Inside a keysubfigs environment?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}
\setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}
```

3.6 Subfloat Key Handling

These keys are for the container holding a collection of subfigures.

Bool `KFLT@subgrpcont` Continued float?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{}
```

Key `cont` Continued float

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cont}[true]{%
\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{#1}%
}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpc` Sub-caption storage

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{}
```

Bool `KFLT@subgrpcstart` Sub-caption starred?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}
```

Key `c` Caption

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{c}
{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}}
```

Key `cstar` Starred caption?

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{cstar}
{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{#1}\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{true}}
```

Key `sc` Short caption

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{sc}{%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{#1}%
\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{true}%
}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpsc` Sub-shortcaption storage

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{}
```

Bool `KFLT@subgrpscgiven` Sub-shortcaption was given?

```
\newboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}
```

`\KFLT@subgrptype` Subfloats collection type storage: “`figure`”, “`table`”

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrptype}{}
```

`\KFLT@subgrptype` Subfloats collection list type storage: "`lof`", "`lot`"

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrplisttype}{}
```

`\KFLT@setsubgrpfigure` Set to figure type

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@setsubgrpfigure}{%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{figure}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrplisttype}{lof}%
}
```

`\KFLT@setsubgrptable` Set to table type

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@setsubgrptable}{%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{table}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrplisttype}{lot}%
}
```

Key `l` Label

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{l}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpl}{#1}}
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpl}{}
```

`\KFLT@subgrptextalign` Storage for text alignment.

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpt` Additional text storage

Used for the additional text in the float.

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{}
```

Key `t` Additional text — full justification

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{t}{
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}
\tdtextjustify
}
```

Key `t` Additional text — center justification

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tc}{
```

```
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\centering}
\tdtextcenter
}
```

Key `t` Additional text — aligned left

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tl}{
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedright}
\tdtextleft
}
```

Key `t` Additional text — aligned right

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{tr}{
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{#1}
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{\raggedleft}
\tdtextright
}
```

For the tocdata package:

Key `ap` Artist prefix

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{ap}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpap` Storage for artist prefix

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpap}{}
```

Key `af` Artist first name

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{af}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpaf` Storage for artist first name

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{}
```

Key `al` Artist last name

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{al}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpal}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpal` Storage for artist last name

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpal}{}
```

Key `as` Artist suffix

```
\define@key{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{as}{\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpas}{#1}}
```

`\KFLT@subgrpas` Storage for artist suffix

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpas}{}
```

3.7 Computing Image Width

Len `\KFLT@imagewidth` Computed width of the image

```
\newlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}
```

Len `\KFLT@boxwidth` Computed width of the container box

```
\newlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}
```

`\KFLT@findwidths` Figure out how wide to make an image and its container

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@findwidths}{%
```

Default to a box of full `\linewidth` minus the potential frame:

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@ft}}% tight frame?
{\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth - 2\KFLTtightframewidth}}%
{% not tight frame
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@f}}% loose frame?
{\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth - 2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}%
{\setlength{\KFLT@boxwidth}{\linewidth}}% no frame
}% not tight frame
```

Several width options exist. First see if width was given:

```
\ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@w}{>}{0pt}}%
```

Width was given:

```
{\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@w}}%
{% width not given
```

Use full `\linewidth` or only a fraction:

```
\ifcsempty{\KFLT@lw}%
{\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@boxwidth}}%
```

```
{\setlength{\KFLT@imagewidth}{\KFLT@lw\KFLT@boxwidth}}%
}% width not given
}
```

3.8 Framing and Rotation

A user-redefinable macro and length to tightly frame the contents.

`\KFLTtightframe` may be redefined to a macro which frames its contents. `\KFLTtightframewidth` should be redefine to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

`\KFLT@tightframe` {⟨*contents*⟩}

```
\newcommand{\KFLTtightframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxsep}{0pt}%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
\fbox{#1}%
}

```

Len `\KFLTtightframewidth`

Combined width of the frame and separation.

```
\newlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}
\setlength{\KFLTtightframewidth}{.4pt}
```

`\KFLTlooseframe` {⟨*contents*⟩}

A user-redefinable macro and length to loosely frame the contents.

`\KFLTlooseframe` may be redefined to a macro which frames its contents. `\KFLTlooseframewidth` should be redefine to the total width of the new frame and its separation.

```
\newcommand{\KFLTlooseframe}[1]{%
\setlength{\fboxsep}{3pt}%
\setlength{\fboxrule}{.4pt}%
\fbox{#1}%
}
```

Len `\KFLTlooseframewidth`

Combined width of the frame and separation.

```
\newlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}
\setlength{\KFLTlooseframewidth}{3.4pt}
```

`\KFLT@frame` {⟨*contents*⟩}

Frames the contents according to the `f` key. To be nested for further processing.

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@frame}[1]
{%
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@ft}}%
{\KFLTtightframe{#1}}%
{% not tightframe
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@f}}%
{\KFLTlooseframe{#1}}%
{#1}% no frame
}% not looseframe
}
```

`KFLT@findenvboxwidth` Figures the width of the contents of `\KFLT@envbox` plus the frame:

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@findenvboxwidth}{%
\settowidth{\KFLT@envboxwidth}{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@ft}}%
{\addtolength{\KFLT@envboxwidth}{2\KFLTtightframewidth}}%
{% not tightframe
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@f}}%
{\addtolength{\KFLT@envboxwidth}{2\KFLTlooseframewidth}}%
{}% no frame
}% not looseframe
}
```

3.9 A Graphics Image from a File

`\KFLT@onefigureimage` Create a stand-alone figure with an image.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@onefigureimage}{}
{%
```

Several possible combinations of linewidth, width, and height are available, and each is treated separately. Scaling and width/height are done first, then framing, then rotation.

```
\begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

Handle the `lw` key. If `lw` is used, width and height are ignored.

```
\ifthenelse{\NOT\equal{\KFLT@lw}{}}%
{\includegraphics%
[scale=\KFLT@s,width=\KFLT@imagewidth]{\KFLT@i}}%
{% not linewidth
```

Handle the `w` key, which may be used along with the `h` key:

```
\ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@w}{>}{0pt}}%
{% width is given
\ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@h}{>}{0pt}}%
```

Width and height are both given:

```
{% w and h
\includegraphics%
[scale=\KFLT@s,%
width=\KFLT@imagewidth,height=\KFLT@h]{\KFLT@i}%
}% w and h
```

Only width:

```
{% only w
\includegraphics%
[scale=\KFLT@s,width=\KFLT@imagewidth]{\KFLT@i}%
}% only w
}% width is given
```

Width was not given, so maybe handle `h` alone:

```
{% width is not given
\ifthenelse{\dimtest{\KFLT@h}{>}{0pt}}%
```

`h` was given:

```
{\includegraphics%
[scale=\KFLT@s,height=\KFLT@h]{\KFLT@i}}%
```

If none were given, use the image's natural size:

```
{\includegraphics%
[scale=\KFLT@s]{\KFLT@i}}%
}% width is not given
}% not linewidth
\end{lrbox}%
\unskip%
\KFLT@findenvboxwidth%
\begin{turn}{\KFLT@r}%
```

Encapsulate the frame in case the custom frame commands used pars:

```
\begin{minipage}{\KFLT@envboxwidth}%
\KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
\end{minipage}%
\unskip%
```

```
\end{turn}%
\par%
\addvspace{2ex}%
}
```

3.10 Printing the Caption

`\KFLT@captioniftype` {⟨*figure or table*⟩} {⟨*{} or subgrp*⟩}

Create a caption only if is of this float type.

The second argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `\keysubfigs` or `\keysubtabs`.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@captioniftype}[2]{%
\ifthenelse{\equal{\csname KFLT@#2type\endcsname}{#1}}%
{\KFLT@caption{#2}}%
{}%
}
```

`\KFLT@dosimplecaption` {⟨*star?*⟩} {⟨*short cap or -NO VALUE-*⟩} {⟨*caption*⟩}

Calls `\caption` depending on several combinations of star and short captions being given.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@dosimplecaption}{m m m}
{%
\unskip%
\IfBooleanTF{#1}% star?
{% star
\IfValueTF{#2}{\caption*[#2]{#3}}{\caption*{#3}}%
}% star
{% no star
\IfValueTF{#2}{\caption[#2]{#3}}{\caption{#3}}%
}% no star
}
```

`\KFLT@docaption` * [⟨*short caption*⟩] {⟨*caption*⟩} {⟨*{} or subgrp*⟩}

Depending on whether the tocdata package is present, and an artist is specified, use either `\caption` or `\captionartist`.

The fourth argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `\keysubfigs` or `\keysubtabs`.

See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: `c`, `cstar`,

and sc.

There are two versions, depending on whether tocdata is loaded.

```
\@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
{% tocdata loaded
```

tocdata is loaded:

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
{%
```

Is this a figure?

```
\ifthenelse{\equal{\csname KFLT@#4type\endcsname}{figure}}%
{% figure
```

Is the last name empty? Assume no artist if so.

```
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#4al}%
{% figure w/o artist
```

A figure without an artist uses the simple caption.

```
\KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
}% figure w/o artist
{% figure with an artist
```

A figure with an artist uses the tocdata \captionartist macro, which also creates an index entry.

```
\IfBooleanTF{#1}{% star
\captionartist*[#2]{#3}%
[\csname KFLT@#4t\endcsname]%
[\csname KFLT@#4ap\endcsname]%
{\csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname}%
{\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname}%
[\csname KFLT@#4as\endcsname]%
}% star
{% no star
\captionartist[#2]{#3}%
[\csname KFLT@#4t\endcsname]%
[\csname KFLT@#4ap\endcsname]%
{\csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname}%
{\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname}%
[\csname KFLT@#4as\endcsname]%
}% no star
}% figure with an artist
```

```
}% figure
{% not a figure, ignore artist information:
```

If it isn't a figure, ignore artist information and create a simple caption:

```
\KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
}% not a figure
}% KFLT@tocdata
}% tocdata loaded
{% no tocdata
\NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@docaption}{s o m m}
{%
```

If tocdata is not loaded, use a simple caption.

```
\KFLT@dosimplecaption{#1}{#2}{#3}%
```

Create an index entry depending on whether there is a first name:

```
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#4af}%
{\index{\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname}}%
{\index{\csname KFLT@#4al\endcsname, \csname KFLT@#4af\endcsname}}%
}% KFLT@docaption
}% no tocdata
```

`\KFLT@caption` {⟨*{}* *or* *subgrp*⟩}

Caption-creation logic.

The argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `\keysubfigs` or `\keysubtabs`.

See Table 2 for the possible combinations of the caption-related keys: `c`, `cstar`, and `sc`.

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@caption}[1]{%
```

A starred caption is printed but not numbered.

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@#1cstar}}% starred caption?
```

This is a starred caption:

```
{%starred caption
```

A key given as `cstar={}` yields a float with no caption at all.

```
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#1c}% cstar={}?
{}%
```

Non-empty starred caption might have a LOF entry if it has a short caption `sc` key:

```
{% non-empty starred caption
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#1sc}%
```

No `sc` short caption, but there is a `cstar`, so no LOF entry:

```
{}%
```

Both `cstar` and `sc` were given, so add a LOF entry:

```
{% non-empty cstar and sc:
\addcontentsline{\KFLT@listtype}%
{\csname KFLT@#1type\endcsname}{\KFLT@sc}%
}% non-empty cstar and sc
```

`cstar` was given, so create an unnumbered caption:

```
\KFLT@docaption*{\csname KFLT@#1c\endcsname}{#1}%
}%
}% starred caption
```

Unstarred caption `c` was given, so number this float:

```
{% unstarred caption
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#1sc}%
{% no short cap
\KFLT@docaption{\csname KFLT@#1c\endcsname}{#1}%
}% no short cap
{% short cap
\KFLT@docaption[\csname KFLT@#1sc\endcsname]%
{\csname KFLT@#1c\endcsname}{#1}%
}% short cap
```

Optional label:

```
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#1l}%
{}%
{\label{\csname KFLT@#1l\endcsname}}%
}% unstarred caption
}
```

3.11 Defaults for a New Float

`\KFLT@defaults` Defaults all settings before reading the keys.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@defaults}{%
\setboolean{KFLT@cont}{false}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%
\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{false}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@sc}{}%
\setboolean{KFLT@scgiven}{false}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{figure}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@listtype}{lof}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@l}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@ap}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@af}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@al}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@as}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@t}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@textalign}{}%
\tdtextjustify%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@i}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@lw}{}%
\setlength{\KFLT@w}{0pt}%
\setlength{\KFLT@h}{0pt}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@s}{1}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@r}{0}%
\setboolean{KFLT@f}{false}%
\setboolean{KFLT@ft}{false}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@stretch}{1}%
}
```

3.12 Row Start/End Processing

`\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow` Counts rows

After ending a preexisting row, move to the next row. The use of `\defcounter` makes this counter change local.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow}{%
\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow%
\defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{\value{KFLT@thiscol}+1}%
}
```

`\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow` Counts rows

Adds vertical space then resets to allow the start of a new row. The use of `\defcounter` makes this counter change local.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow}{%
\ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{>=}{\value{KFLT@numcols}}}%
{%
```

```
\addvspace{.75\floatsep}%

\defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
}{}%
}%
```

3.13 Key Environment Helper Macros

`\KFLT@trackrows` Tracks and spaces rows and columns.

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@trackrows}
{%
```

If are nested inside a keyfloats or a subfloat:

```
\ifthenelse{%
\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}%
\OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
}%
{% nested
```

Tracks row start and end:

```
\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow%
```

Possibly fill space between columns:

```
\ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{>}{1}}%
{\hfill}{}%
}% nested
{}% not nested
}
```

`\KFLT@addtext` {⟨*{}* *or* *subgrp*⟩}

Adds optional additional text.

The argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `\keysubfigs` or `\keysubtabs`.

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@addtext}[1]
{%
```

Is there text to add?

```
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#1t}%
```

```
{}% no text
{% text to add
{% local
```

Add some space, then create a full-width minipage to contain the text:

```
\addvspace{2ex}%
\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
```

Set the alignment and some text parameters:

```
\csname KFLT@#1textalign\endcsname%
\footnotesize%
\setlength{\parskip}{1.5ex}%
\setlength{\parindent}{0em}%
```

Typeset the actual text:

```
\csname KFLT@#1t\endcsname%
```

Close it all out with a little more space:

```
\end{minipage}%
\par\addvspace{2ex}%
}% local
}% text to add
}
```

`\KFLT@optionalname` `{`⟨*name*⟩`}`

Adds optional artist's name and the following space.

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@optionalname}[1]
{%
\ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}%
{}%
{#1~}%
}
```

`\KFLT@addartisttext` `{`⟨*{} or subgrp*⟩`}`

Adds optional artist's name and add'l text.

The argument is `{}` if a regular float, or `subgrp` if `\keysubfigs` or `\keysubtabs`.

One of two versions is used, depending on whether the tocdata package is available.

If tocdata is loaded, this float is a figure, and artist information is given, then

the float's artist's information and optional text will be printed elsewhere by `\KFLT@caption`. Otherwise, it is printed here along with the text.

Two versions, depending on whether tocdata is loaded:

```
\@ifpackageloaded{tocdata}
{% tocdata loaded
```

If tocdata is loaded:

```
\newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
{%
```

Only use the artist name if this is a figure:

```
\ifthenelse{\equal{\csname KFLT@#1type\endcsname}{figure}}%
{% figure
```

Only use the artist name if a last name is given:

```
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#1al}%
```

A figure but no artist:

```
{\KFLT@addtext{#1}}%
```

A figure with an artist: will be handled by tocdata when the caption is created.

```
{}% fig w/ artist: text will be added by \captionartist in \KFLT@caption
}% figure
```

If not a figure, ignore artist information:

```
{\KFLT@addtext{#1}}%
}% KFLT@addartisttext
}% tocdata loaded
```

If tocdata is not loaded:

```
{% tocdata not loaded
\newcommand{\KFLT@addartisttext}[1]
{%
```

Only use the artist information if a last name is given:

```
\ifcsempty{KFLT@#1al}%
{}% last name not given
{% last name given
```

Add space and create the name inside a full-width minipage:

```
\addvspace{2ex}%
\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
```

If tocdata is not used, the artist's name is always centered:

```
\centering\footnotesize\textsc{%
\KFLT@optionalname{\csname KFLT@#1ap\endcsname}%
\KFLT@optionalname{\csname KFLT@#1af\endcsname}%
\csname KFLT@#1al\endcsname\csname KFLT@#1as\endcsname%
}%
\end{minipage}%
\par\addvspace{2ex}%
}% last name given
```

Any additional text follows the artist's name:

```
\KFLT@addtext{#1}%
}% KFLT@addartisttext
}% tocdata not loaded
```

Env `KFLT@boxinner` Typeset the contents in a width which depends on the keys.

```
\newsavebox{\KFLT@envbox}
\newlength{\KFLT@envboxwidth}

\NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxinner}{}
{% keyboxinner
```

(Possibly) frame the contents of an `lrbox`:

```
\begin{lrbox}{\KFLT@envbox}%
```

Rotate the contents:

```
\turn{\KFLT@r}%
```

Box the contents in the width computed by `\KFLT@findwidths`:

```
\minipage{\KFLT@imagewidth}%
```

Spacing inside the box. Also default to regular justified text alignment.

```
\setlength{\parskip}{2ex}%
\renewcommand{\arraystretch}{\KFLT@stretch}%
}% keyboxinner
```

End of the environment:

```
{% endkeyboxinner
\endminipage%
```

End the rotated box:

```
\endturn%
```

Possibly frame:

```
\end{lrbox}%
\KFLT@frame{\usebox{\KFLT@envbox}}%
\par\addvspace{\medskipamount}%
}% endkeyboxinner
```

`\KFLT@boxkeys` {⟨*keys*⟩} {⟨*figure/table*⟩} {⟨*lof/lot*⟩}

Default the options, adjust for a table, then parse the keys:

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@boxkeys}{+m m m}
{%
\KFLT@defaults%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@type}{#2}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@listtype}{#3}%
\setkeys{KFLT@keys}{#1}%
}
```

Env `KFLT@boxouter` {⟨*star?*⟩} {⟨*loc*⟩}

Boxes the contents of figures and floats.

Not used by subfigures.

```
\NewDocumentEnvironment{KFLT@boxouter}{m m}
{% keyboxouter
```

The `keytable` environment boxes the contents inside an optional frame of hrules, then handles them in either of three possible ways, depending on whether it is called alone, inside a `keyfloats` environment, or inside a `keysubtabs` environment.

Start the new subfigure or subtable, of the given width:

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}}%
{\csname sub\KFLT@type\endcsname{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}% subfloat
```

If `keyfloats`, place the contents inside a `minipage`:

```
{% not subfloat:
\ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}}%
{% keyfloats
\minipage{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}%
\captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
}% keyfloats
{% not keyfloats
```

Not a subfloat or `keyfloats`, so create a single float.

See if the float should be positioned [H]ere:

```
\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{H}}%
```

Place [H], so create an inline minipage:

```
{% [H]
\noindent\minipage{\linewidth}%
\captionsetup{type=\KFLT@type}%
}% [H]
```

Not [H], so create a float: For a starred float, make a two-column table in a two-col format.

```
{% not [H]
\IfBooleanTF{#1}%
{\csname \KFLT@type*\endcsname[#2]}{\csname \KFLT@type\endcsname[#2]}%
}% not [H]
}% not keyfloats
}% not subfloat
```

Handle a continued float. Ignored if in a subfloat.

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@cont}}{\ContinuedFloat}{}%
```

Figure out image and parbox widths for the contents:

```
\KFLT@findwidths%
```

If a table, place the caption above the contents:

```
\KFLT@captioniftype{table}{}%
```

Typeset the contents:

```
\begin{center}%
\unskip%
\minipage{\linewidth}%
\centering%
```

```
}% keyboxouter
```

End of the keyboxouter environment:

```
{% endboxouter
\endminipage%
\end{center}%
\unskip\addvspace{\medskipamount}%
```

Optionally print artist's name and additional text:

```
\KFLT@addartisttext{}%
```

If a figure, typeset the caption below the contents:

```
\KFLT@captioniftype{figure}{}%
```

If are inside `keysubtabs`, end the subtable:

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}}%
{\csname endsub\KFLT@type\endcsname}% subfloat
{% not subfloat
\ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}}% keyfloat?
{\endminipage}% keyfloats
{% not keyfloats
```

Not subfloat or `keyfloats`, so is an individual float.

Close the minipage or float:

```
\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{H}}%
{%
\endminipage% [H]
}%
{% not [H]
\IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred table?
{\csname end\KFLT@type*\endcsname}{\csname end\KFLT@type\endcsname}%
}% not [H]
}% not keyfloats
}% not subfloat
}% endkeyboxouter
```

3.14 The `keyfigure` Environment

Env `keyfigure` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩}

```
\NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfigure}{s O{tbp} +m}
{%
\KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%
\KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
\KFLT@boxinner%
}%
{%
\endKFLT@boxinner%
\endKFLT@boxouter%
}
```

`Before keyfigure` Extra code to track rows outside of the `keyfigure` environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
\BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfigure}{%
\KFLT@trackrows%
}
```

3.15 The `\keyfig` Macro

`\keyfig` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*image filename*⟩}

A user-level macro to generate a figure with an image. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubfigs` environment.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\keyfig}{s O{tbp} +m m}
{%
\KFLT@trackrows%
\KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%
```

After setting default values, overridge with the filename:

```
\renewcommand{\KFLT@i}{#4}%
\KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
\KFLT@onefigureimage%
\endKFLT@boxouter%
}
```

3.16 The `\keyfigbox` Macro

`\keyfigbox` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*box contents*⟩}

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents. This may be used by itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\keyfigbox}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
{%
\KFLT@trackrows%
\KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%
\KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
\KFLT@boxinner%
#4%
\endKFLT@boxinner%
\endKFLT@boxouter%
}
```

3.17 The \keyparbox Macro

\keyparbox * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*box contents*⟩}

A user-level macro to generate a figure with arbitrary paragraph contents, but no number or caption. This is equal to a \keyfigbox with cstar={}. This may be used by itself, or inside a keyfloats or keysubtabs environment.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\keyparbox}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
{%
\KFLT@trackrows%
\KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{figure}{lof}%
```

Force cstar={}:

```
\renewcommand{\KFLT@c}{}%
\setboolean{KFLT@cstar}{true}%
```

Continue like \figbox:

```
\KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
\KFLT@boxinner%
#4%
\endKFLT@boxinner%
\endKFLT@boxouter%
}
```

3.18 The \keytab Macro

\keytab * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩} {⟨*tabular contents*⟩}

A user-level macro to generate a table with tabular contents. This may be used by

itself, or inside a `keyfloats` or `keysubtabs` environment.

```
+
\NewDocumentCommand{\keytab}{s O{tbp} +m +m}
{%
\KFLT@trackrows%
\KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{table}{lot}%
\KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
\KFLT@boxinner%
\centering%
#4%
\endKFLT@boxinner%
\endKFLT@boxouter%
}
```

3.19 The `keytable` Environment

`Env keytable` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*keys/values*⟩}

```
\NewDocumentEnvironment{keytable}{s O{tbp} +m}
{%
\KFLT@boxkeys{#3}{table}{lot}%
\KFLT@boxouter{#1}{#2}%
\KFLT@boxinner%
\centering%
}%
{%
\endKFLT@boxinner%
\endKFLT@boxouter%
}
```

`Before keytable` Extra code to track rows outside of the `keytable` environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
\BeforeBeginEnvironment{keytable}{%
\KFLT@trackrows%
}
```

3.20 A Row of Floats

`\KFLT@nonest` Error message if tried to nest subfloats.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@nonest}{%
\ifthenelse{%
```

```
\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}%
\OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
}%
{%
\PackageError{keyfloat}{Cannot nest keysubfigs or keysubtabs.%
(Not in outer par mode.)}%
{The subcaption package do not support nested environments, so%
the keyfloat package cannot place a keysubfigs or keysubtabs%
environment inside another, or inside a keyfloats.}%
}%
{}%
}
```

Env `keyfloats` * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*num columns*⟩}

User-level macro to create rows of figures/tables. Wrapping occurs after the number of specified columns. `keyfloats` environments may be nested to create a vertical set of figures next to a single larger figure, for example.

Place `\keyfig`, `\keyfigbox`, and `\keytab` commands inside the `keyfloats` environment.

Note that `lw` linewidth keys may need to be adjusted inside a `keyfloats`, `\keysubfigs`, or `\keysubtabs`, since `\linewidth` changes depending on the number of columns. Likewise, manually-selected `w` width and `h` tags may need to be adjusted to prevent overflow.

```
\NewDocumentEnvironment{keyfloats}{s O{tbp} m}
{%
```

Nest the environment:

```
\addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{1}%
```

If [H] or nested, use a minipage instead of a float:

```
\ifthenelse{%
\equal{#2}{H}%
\OR\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
\OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
}%
```

Create an inline minipage:

```
{% [H] or nested
```

If nested, use different spacing as was computed in the outer nesting level:

```
\ifthenelse{%
\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
\OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
}%
{\noindent%
\begin{minipage}{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}}%
{\bigbreak%
\noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}}%
```

If inside subfloats, generate subfigures by default:

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}}%
{}{\captionsetup{type=figure}}%
}% [H] or nested
```

Isn't [H] or nested, so create a figure:

```
{% figure
\IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred figure, two-col figure in a two-col format
{\begin{figure*}[#2]}{\begin{figure}[#2]}%
}% figure
```

Compute the width of each entry:

```
\ifthenelse{%
\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
\OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
}%
```

Nested or subfloats:

```
{\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\KFLT@rowboxwidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

Keyfloats:

```
{\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

Center the contents:

```
\centering%
```

Count columns using `\defcounter` for a local effect:

```
\defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
\defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
}% starting keyfloats environment
```

When ending a `keyfloats` environment:

```
{% ending keyfloats environment
```

[H] or rows/subfigs? Close a minipage:

```
\ifthenelse{%
\equal{#2}{H}%
\OR\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{1}%
\OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
}%
{\end{minipage}%
```

Spacing if nested:

```
\ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}}%
{}{\bigbreak}%
}% was [H]
```

Was not [H], so close a figure:

```
{% not [H]
\IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred figure?
{\end{figure*}}{\end{figure}}%
}% not [H]
```

Unnest the environment:

```
\addtocounter{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}{-1}%
}
```

`Before keyfloats` Extra code to track rows outside of the `keyfloats` environment, before it starts. This is done to allow nesting without losing track of the prior level.

```
\BeforeBeginEnvironment{keyfloats}{%
```

Track rows:

```
\ifthenelse{%
\cnttest{\value{KFLT@keyfloatdepth}}>{0}%
\OR\boolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}%
}%
{\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow}{}%
```

Possibly fill space between columns:

```
\ifthenelse{\cnttest{\value{KFLT@thiscol}}{>}{1}}%
{\hfill}{}%
}
```

3.21 Subfigures

\KFLT@subgrpdefaults Sets defaults before reading the keys.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@subgrpdefaults}{%
\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}{false}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpc}{}%
\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpcstar}{false}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpsc}{}%
\setboolean{KFLT@subgrpscgiven}{false}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptype}{figure}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrplisttype}{lof}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpl}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpap}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpaf}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpal}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpas}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrpt}{}%
\renewcommand{\KFLT@subgrptextalign}{}
\tdtextjustify
}
```

\KFLT@subfloats {⟨*starred?*⟩} {⟨*loc*⟩} {⟨*cols*⟩} {⟨*keys/values*⟩}

Start a subfloat environment

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\KFLT@subfloats}{m m m +m}
{%
```

Parse the key-value combinations:

```
\setkeys{KFLT@subgrpkeys}{#4}%
```

Nest the environment:

```
\setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{true}%
```

Figure out the width of each subfloat. If starred, use the full-page `\textwidth`, else use `\linewidth`. .9 is used to leave a little room between columns.

```
\IfBooleanTF{#1}%
{\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\textwidth/\real{#3}}}%
{\setlength{\KFLT@rowboxwidth}{.9\linewidth/\real{#3}}}%
```

If [H], create an inline minipage:

```
\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{H}}%
{%
```

```
\bigbreak\noindent\begin{minipage}{\linewidth}%
}%
```

Isn't [H], so create a float, possibly starred:

```
{%
\IfBooleanTF{#1}%
{\begin{\KFLT@type*}[#2]}{\begin{\KFLT@type}[#2]}%
}%
```

Set the caption type:

```
\captionsetup{type=\KFLT@subgrptype}%
```

Process continued floats:

```
\ifthenelse{\boolean{KFLT@subgrpcont}}{\ContinuedFloat}{}%
```

Center the contents:

```
\centering%
```

If this is a table, place the caption above the contents:

```
\KFLT@captioniftype{table}{subgrp}%
```

Not yet started a row of subfloats. The use of `\defcounter` makes these changes local.

```
\defcounter{KFLT@numcols}{#3}%
\defcounter{KFLT@thiscol}{0}%
```

Creat a group for the subfloats. Necessary in case they change `\tdtextcenter`, etc.

```
\begingroup%
}
```

`\KFLT@endsubfloats` {⟨*starred?*⟩} {⟨*loc*⟩}

Ends a subfloat environment.

```
\newcommand*{\KFLT@endsubfloats}[2]{%
```

End the group containing the subfloats:

```
\endgroup%
```

A little extra space at the bottom:

```
\par\addvspace{\bigskipamount}%
```

Optionally print artist's name and additional text:

```
\KFLT@addartisttext{subgrp}%
```

If this was a figure, place the caption below the contents:

```
\KFLT@captioniftype{figure}{subgrp}%
```

End the float or minipage:

```
\ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{H}}%
{\end{minipage}\bigbreak}% was [H]
{% not [H]:
\IfBooleanTF{#1}% starred?
{\end{\KFLT@type*}}{\end{\KFLT@type}}%
}% not [H]
```

Unnest the environment:

```
\setboolean{KFLT@inkeysubfloats}{false}%
}
```

Env **keysubfigs** * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*numcols*⟩} {⟨*keys/values*⟩}

A group of subfigures typeset in rows.

```
\NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubfigs}{s O{tbp} m +m}
{%
```

Error if trying to nest environments:

```
\KFLT@nonest%
```

Default the options:

```
\KFLT@subgrpdefaults%
```

Start of the environment:

```
\KFLT@subfloats{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
}% the start of the environment
```

end of the environment:

```
{%
\KFLT@endsubfloats{#1}{#2}%
}
```

Env **keysubtabs** * [⟨*loc*⟩] {⟨*numcols*⟩} {⟨*keys/values*⟩}

A group of subtables typeset in rows.

```
\NewDocumentEnvironment{keysubtabs}{s O{tbp} m +m}
{%
```

Error if trying to nest environments:

```
\KFLT@nonest%
```

Default the options:

```
\KFLT@subgrpdefaults%
```

Default to table float type:

```
\KFLT@setsubgrptable%
```

Start of the environment:

```
\KFLT@subfloats{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
}% the start of the environment
```

End of the environment:

```
{%
\KFLT@endsubfloats{#1}{#2}%
}
```

Change History and Index

Change History

v0.10
General: 2016/12/01 Initial ver. . 1
v0.11
\KFLT@addtext: Improved paragraph handling. 52
General: 2016/12/02 1

Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols

* (argument) *8*
\linewidth 16
subfloats 21
with rotation 18
[H] (argument) *8*
[loc] (argument) *8*

A

af (key) *36*, *42*
al (key) *36*, *42*
ap (key) *36*, *42*
arguments:
* *8*
[H] *8*
[loc] *8*
as (key) *36*, *43*

B

Before keyfigure 59
Before keyfloats 64
Before keytable 61
booleans:
KFLT@cont *34*
KFLT@cstar *35*
KFLT@f *39*
KFLT@ft *39*
KFLT@inkeysubfloats *39*
KFLT@scgiven *35*
KFLT@subgrpcont *40*
KFLT@subgrpcstart *40*
KFLT@subgrpscgiven *40*

C

c (key) *35*, *40*
calc (package) *33*
caption
formatting 32
options 11
caption (package) *33*
cont (key) *34*, *40*
counters:
KFLT@keyfloatdepth *39*
KFLT@numcols *34*
KFLT@thiscol *34*
cstar (key) *35*, *40*

D

distance between floats 31

E

environments:
figurehere 15

keyfigure *8*, 533
keyfloats *8*, 617
keysubfigs *8*, 729
keysubtabs *8*, 738
keytable *8*, 589
KFLT@boxinner 455
KFLT@boxouter 480
tablehere 12
etoolbox (package) *33*

F

f (key) *39*
fancybox (package) *28*
figurehere (environment) 15
float
default width 12
distance between 31
frame
custom 31
rotation 18
ft (key) *39*

G

graphicx (package) *33*

H

h (key) *38*

I

image
\linewidth 16
natural size 12

K

\keyfig *8*, 546
\keyfigbox *8*, 555
keyfigure (environment) *8*, 533
keyfloats
\linewidth 16
keys 9
nested 24
keyfloats (environment) *8*, 617
\keyparbox *8*, 565
keys
and values 10, 11
keyfloats 9
subfloats 9
keys:
af *36*, *42*
al *36*, *42*
ap *36*, *42*
as *36*, *43*
c *35*, *40*
cont *34*, *40*
cstar *35*, *40*
f *39*
ft *39*
h *38*
l *35*, *41*
lw *38*
r *38*
s *38*
sc *35*, *40*
stretch *39*
t *37*, *41*, *42*
tc *37*
tl *37*
tr *37*
w *38*
keysubfigs (environment) *8*, 729
keysubtabs (environment) *8*, 738
\keytab *8*, 577
keytable (environment) *8*, 589
keyval (package) *33*
\KFLT@addartisttext 423
\KFLT@addtext 399
\KFLT@af 42
\KFLT@al 44
\KFLT@ap 40
\KFLT@as 46
KFLT@boxinner (environment) 455
\KFLT@boxkeys 473
KFLT@boxouter (environment) 480
\KFLT@boxwidth (length) *166*
\KFLT@c 23
\KFLT@caption 318
\KFLT@captioniftype 259
KFLT@cont (boolean) *34*
KFLT@cstar (boolean) *35*
\KFLT@defaults 347
\KFLT@docaption 275
\KFLT@dosimplecaption 264
\KFLT@endsubfloats 716
KFLT@f (boolean) *39*
\KFLT@findenvboxwidth 209
\KFLT@findwidths 168
\KFLT@frame 199
KFLT@ft (boolean) *39*
\KFLT@h 93
\KFLT@i 81

\KFLT@imagewidth (length) *165*
KFLT@inkeysubfloats (boolean) . . . *39*
KFLT@keyfloatdepth (counter) *39*
\KFLT@l 38
\KFLT@listtype 36
\KFLT@lw 86
\KFLT@maybeendfloatrow 377
\KFLT@maybestartfloatrow 373
\KFLT@nonest 603
KFLT@numcols (counter) *34*
\KFLT@onefigureimage 219
\KFLT@optionalname 417
\KFLT@r 97
\KFLT@rowboxwidth (length) *19*
\KFLT@s 95
\KFLT@sc 33
KFLT@scgiven (boolean) *35*
\KFLT@setsubgrpfigure 126
\KFLT@setsubgrptable 130
\KFLT@stretch 103
\KFLT@subfloats 693
\KFLT@subgrpaf 161
\KFLT@subgrpal 163
\KFLT@subgrpap 159
\KFLT@subgrpas 165
\KFLT@subgrpc 112
KFLT@subgrpcont (boolean) *40*
KFLT@subgrpcstart (boolean) *40*
\KFLT@subgrpdefaults 676
\KFLT@subgrpsc 122
KFLT@subgrpscgiven (boolean) *40*
\KFLT@subgrpt 137
\KFLT@subgrptextalign 136
\KFLT@subgrptype 124, 125
\KFLT@t 48
\KFLT@textalign 47
KFLT@thiscol (counter) *34*
\KFLT@tightframe 184
\KFLT@trackrows 386
\KFLT@type 35
\KFLT@w 91
\KFLTlooseframe 192
\KFLTlooseframewidth (length) . . . *196*
\KFLTtightframewidth (length) . . . *189*

L

l (key) *35, 41*
Last 29
Last, First 29, 30
lengths:
  \KFLT@boxwidth *43*
  \KFLT@imagewidth *43*
  \KFLT@rowboxwidth *34*
  \KFLTlooseframewidth *44*
  \KFLTtightframewidth *44*
lw (key) *38*

M

mdframed (package) *27*

P

packages:
  calc *33*
  caption *33*
  etoolbox *33*
  fancybox *28*
  graphicx *33*
  keyval *33*
  mdframed *27*
  rotating *33*
  subcaption *33*

R

r (key) *38*
rotate
  box width and vertical space . . . 18
rotating (package) *33*

S

s (key) *38*
sc (key) *35, 40*
stretch (key) *39*
subcaption (package) *33*
subfloat
  \linewidth 16, 21
  distance between 31
  keys 9
  nested 24

T

t (key) *37, 41, 42*
tablehere (environment) 12
tables
  large 13
tc (key) *37*
tl (key) *37*
tr (key) *37*
troubleshooting
  \linewidth 21

caption format 32
float out of sequence 18
image too large 21
large tables 13
mdframed 27
missing label 19
mixed subfloats 24
nested subfloats 24
rotating
  extra space 18, 27
  frame 18
rows too close or far 31

W

`w` (key) *38*