ifnextok

\IfNextToken instead of **\@ifnextchar** Does Not Skip Blank Spaces*

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Abstract

The ifnextok package deals with the behavior of LATEX's internal \@ifnextchar to skip blank spaces. This sometimes has surprising or for some users really *unwanted* effects, especially with brackets following \\ where the user does *not* intend to specify an optional argument, rather wants that brackets are *printed*. The package offers commands and options for modifying this behavior, maybe limited to certain parts of the document source.

[It works!] It may also be useful with active characters in lieu of \backslash , e.g., the double quote " with german.sty or babel.

Keywords: macro programming, optional command arguments, manual line breaks

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*This document describes version v0.1 of ifnextok.sty as of 2011/05/23.

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1 Installing and Calling

The package file <code>ifnextok.sty</code> is provided ready, installation only requires putting it somewhere where $T_{E}X$ finds it (which may need updating the file-name data base).¹

Below the \documentclass line(s) and above \begin{document}, you load ifnextok.sty (as usually) by

 $\spackage{ifnextok}$ or by $\spackage[\langle options \rangle]{ifnextok}$

 $-\langle options \rangle$ described in Section 2.9.

2 The Package File

2.1 Header (Legalize)

```
\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1994/12/01]
 1
2
    \ProvidesPackage{ifnextok}[2011/05/23 v0.1 next token test (UL)]
3
4
    %% Copyright (C) 2011 Uwe Lueck,
5
    %% http://www.contact-ednotes.sty.de.vu
6
    %% -- author-maintained in the sense of LPPL below --
    %%
7
    %% This file can be redistributed and/or modified under
8
    %% the terms of the LaTeX Project Public License; either
9
10
    %% version 1.3c of the License, or any later version.
11
    %% The latest version of this license is in
           http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
12
    %%
13
    %% We did our best to help you, but there is NO WARRANTY.
14
    %%
15
    %% Please report bugs, problems, and suggestions via
16
    %%
         http://www.contact-ednotes.sty.de.vu
17
    %%
18
    %%
```

¹http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=inst-wlcf

2.2 Outline

The ifnextok package deals with the behavior of LATEX's internal \@ifnextchar to skip blank spaces. This sometimes has surprising or for some users really *unwanted* effects, especially with brackets following \\ where the user does *not* intend to specify an optional argument, rather wants that brackets are *printed*. The package offers commands and options for modifying this behavior, maybe limited to certain parts of the document source. They are described in the sections below together with the presentation of the implementation.

As after multiletter commands blank spaces are skipped anyway (T_EXbook p. 46f.), the package makes a difference only for one-symbol commands such as \boxed{N} , or for active characters such as the double quote with german.sty and babel.

A little overview:

- 1. **\IfNextToken** is an alternative to **\@ifnextchar**, not skipping spaces (Section 2.4). This macro is the **low-level** backbone of all other modifications of LAT_FX commands.
- 2. <u>\IfStarNextToken</u> is an alternative to \@ifstar, not skipping spaces, using \IfNextToken in lieu of \@ifnextchar (Section 2.7).
- 3. Some "**patching**" commands aim at modifying existing (IAT_EX) macros without specifying the resulting new definition explicitly (Sections 2.5 and 2.7). As a package writer, you just must know which macros need to be modified and specify their names as arguments for the patching macros.
- 4. There are low-level commands \\INTstore and \\INTrestore for undoing modifications of existing macros (Section 2.6).
- 5. There are high-level commands for modifying $\boxed{\mathbb{N}}$ and selecting $\mathbb{IAT}_{\mathbb{E}}X$ environments to be affected (Section 2.8). Package options execute some of them.

(TODO: how command names are composed)

2.3 Caveats

Only a few of the commands have been tested so far, and usage together with amsmath may require special care or fail altogether.

Switching into "don't-skip-spaces" mode *two times* without switching back into normal mode in between won't work with this version (v0.1) of the package (TODO: permanent aliases). You will get the

Argument of $\langle patching \rangle$ has an extra }.

error. This also applies to commands that have been issued by package options.

2.4 The Main Command \IfNextToken

IfNextToken $\langle match \rangle \{\langle if \rangle\} \{\langle else \rangle\}$ is the obvious variant of LATEX's internal \@ifnextchar executing $\langle if \rangle$ if actually the "very next" token is $\langle mathc \rangle$ and executing $\langle else \rangle$ otherwise. If $\langle match \rangle$ is not a space token (LATEX's \@sptoken) but the next token is, $\langle else \rangle$ is executed; while \@ifnextchar tries matching the next token after ensuing space tokens.

```
19 \newcommand{\IfNextToken}[3]{%
20 \let\nextok@match=#1\def\nextok@if{#2}\def\nextok@else{#3}%
21 \futurelet\@let@token\nextok@decide}
22 \def\nextok@decide{%
23 \ifx\@let@token\nextok@match \expandafter\nextok@if
24 \else \expandafter\nextok@else
25 \fi}
```

NoNextSkipping now switches into "don't-skip-spaces" mode "altogether" (however ...):

26 \newcommand*{\NoNextSkipping}{\let\@ifnextchar\IfNextToken}

This appears so dangerous to me that I don't want to support it much right now. **\RestoreNextSkipping** just switches back to LATEX's original version, so some support for **amsmath** may be missing here.

```
27 \newcommand*{\RestoreNextSkipping}{%
28 \let\@ifnextchar\kernel@ifnextchar}
```

Actually, because \NoNextSkipping does not affect \kernel@ifnextchar, those of LATEX's commands using the latter still will skip spaces (with package version v0.1).

2.5 Patching Commands

 $\underline{\operatorname{NTpatch}(\operatorname{replacer})(\operatorname{macro})}$ replaces something in the definition of $\langle \operatorname{macro} \rangle$ according to the replacement macro $\langle \operatorname{replacer} \rangle$. This seems to work with the macros I thought of. It does *not* work when (for replacing $\operatorname{Cifnextchar})$ (a) there are *more* $\operatorname{Cifnextchar}$ in the macro to patch, or when (b) an $\operatorname{Cifnextchar}$ is inside a pair of braces.

```
29 \newcommand*{\INTpatch}[2]{%
```

```
30 \expandafter\expandafter \def
```

```
31 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter #2%
```

```
32 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter {%
```

```
33 \expandafter #1#2#1}}
```

<u>NextTestPatch $\langle macro \rangle$ </u> replaces $\langle 0ifnextchar$ in the definition of $\langle macro \rangle$ by $\langle IfNextToken$.

- 34 \newcommand*{\NextTestPatch}{\INTpatch\nextok@patch}
- 35 \def\nextok@patch#1\@ifnextchar#2\nextok@patch{#1\IfNextToken#2}

2.6 Storing and Restoring

 $[INTstore\langle macro \rangle]$ stores the meaning of the macro $\langle macro \rangle$ in a special name space.

```
36 \newcommand*{\INTstore}[1]{%
```

37 \expandafter\let\csname\INT@name#1\endcsname#1}
38 \newcommand*{\INT@name}{INTstore.\expandafter\@gobble\

38 \newcommand*{\INT@name}{INTstore.\expandafter\@gobble\string}

 $[\INTrestore\langle macro \rangle]$ restores the meaning of $\langle macro \rangle$ that is expected to having been stored with INTstore:

39 \newcommand*{\INTrestore}[1]{%

40 \expandafter\let\expandafter#1\csname\INT@name#1\endcsname}

2.7 The Star Test

Before a LATEX line-break command tests for an optional argument, it tests for a star using \@ifstar, which in turn invokes \@ifnextchar. So already \@ifstar needs to be modified. We do not so much want to change \@ifstar altogether, rather we will replace it at some places by a non-skipping variant [\IfStarNextToken], using the patching command [\StarTestPatch(macro)]. (\@ifstar has an argument and therefore cannot be patched as nicely as the line-break commands.)

```
41 \newcommand*{\IfStarNextToken}[1]{\IfNextToken*{\@firstoftwo{#1}}}
42 \newcommand*{\StarTestPatch}{\INTpatch\nextok@starpatch}
```

The macro to be patched may contain a **\par** (**\@centercr** is an example), so we need **\long**:

```
43 \long\def\nextok@starpatch#1\@ifstar#2\nextok@starpatch{%
44 #1\IfStarNextToken#2}
```

\StoreStarSkipping stores the current meaning of \@ifstar ...

45 \newcommand*{\StoreStarSkipping}{\INTstore\@ifstar}

... so that it can be restored by **\RestoreStarSkipping**:

 $46 \quad \texttt{Newcommand*{RestoreStarSkipping}{\INTrestore}@ifstar}$

\NoStarSkipping renders \@ifstar non-skipping altogether:

47 \newcommand*{\NoStarSkipping}{\let\@ifstar\IfStarNextToken}

This again seems to be so dangerous that it will not be supported much with package version v0.1 (by a package option).

2.8 "Manual" Line Breaks

2.8.1 Outline of Implementation

In the first instance, the present package aims at rendering $\boxed{\}$ a command that interpretes a left-hand square bracket as a start of an optional argument only if the bracket is not preceded by any other token (apart from the star in $\)$, especially not by a space token.

Indeed, an author may expect that when a bracket opens in a *different* line than the \backslash , then it will be *printed* rather than interpreted as an *optionalargument delimiter* (the package author has been such an author some times). Now, when the bracket only is in a line *following* the line carrying the \backslash , the end-line character normally produces a space token (T_EXbook p. 47), so the present idea of implementation will cover the case of a bracket in the next line.

In latex.ltx, the names of the commands implementing the line break have some "pivot" part $\langle pivot \rangle$ that we can use to patch them in a uniform way. They are two in each case: The first starts with $\langle Q \langle pivot \rangle$ and invokes $\langle Qifstar$, the second starts with $\langle Q \langle pivot \rangle$ and invokes the left-hand-bracket test. Both of them need to be patched.

2.8.2 "Normal" Manual Line Breaks

If I had been aware of the difficulties of this part, I probably would not have started writing this package, hoping it would be the work of about an hour.

\Cxnewline must be patched in order to get a non-skipping version of the bracket test, and this patch suffices for the optional-argument goal.

The \cifstar call is in \cifstar ; the latter is invoked by the robust version of $\.$ However, $\ciftartering \ciftartering$ defines \ciftartering to the result of \ciftartering to the result of \ciftartering command $\...$

Things seem to be easier when $\boxed{\backslash}$ calls \@normalcr instead of $\[\]$ (the latter is the effect of \DeclareRobustCommand), we are interchanging the roles of $\]$ and $\]$ mormalcr (caution!). Then we just need to control \@normalcr:

```
48 \def\\{\x@protect\\\protect\@normalcr}
```

(Another Caveat: I do not understand \x@protect.)

\StoreNewlineSkipping stores the skipping behavior of **** outside special environments:

```
49 \newcommand*{\StoreNewlineSkipping}{%
50 \INTstore\@normalcr \INTstore\@xnewline}
```

\RestoreNewlineSkipping restores the skipping behavior of **** outside special environments:

51 \newcommand*{\RestoreNewlineSkipping}{%

52 \INTrestore\@normalcr \INTrestore\@xnewline}

\NoNewlineSkipping suppresses skipping blank spaces with \mathbb{N} outside special environments:

53 \newcommand*{\NoNewlineSkipping}{%

54 \StarTestPatch\@normalcr \NextTestPatch\@xnewline}

2.8.3 Manual Line Breaks in LATEX Environments

The macros in the present section should modify LATEX's \overline{N} in environments $(\langle env \rangle$ being one of:) center, tab, array, and tabular. These environment names are the expected arguments of those macros. However, argument center also affects the flushleft and flushright environments, and array and tabular should also affect their enhanced variants from other LATEX packages. When this internal structure of LATEX changes, the present section may become obsolete ...

 $\operatorname{NTactOnEnv}(\operatorname{action1})_{(\operatorname{action2})}$ is the backbone of these macros. $\operatorname{action1}$ and $\operatorname{action2}$ are one of

\INTstore, \INTrestore, \StarTestPatch, \NextTestPatch.

(action1) deals with $\0ifstar$, (action2) deals with $\0ifnextchar$:

```
55 \newcommand*{\INTactOnEnv}[3]{%
56 \expandafter#1\csname @#3cr\endcsname
57 \expandafter#2\csname @x#3cr\endcsname}
[\StoreSkippingCRs{\env\}] stores the skipping behavior of [\] in environ-
ments \env\:
58 \newcommand*{\StoreSkippingCRs}{%
59 \INTactOnEnv\INTstore}
[\RestoreSkippingCRs{\env\}] restores the skipping behavior of [\] in environ-
ronments \env\:
```

```
60 \newcommand*{\RestoreSkippingCRs}{%
61 \INTactOnEnv\INTrestore\INTrestore}
```

<u>NotSkippingCRs{ $\langle env \rangle$ }</u> suppresses space skipping of <u>N</u> in environments $\langle env \rangle$:

```
62 \newcommand*{\NotSkippingCRs}{%
```

63 \INTactOnEnv\StarTestPatch\NextTestPatch}

Do these commands work? [Or do they not?]

2.9 Package Options

2.9.1 Behavior without Options

If the package is called without any option, it only defines \IfNextToken, \IfStarNextToken and the other package-writer or user commands, without actually changing behavior of any LATEX command.

2.9.2 Option newline

Package option **newline** stores and disables space skipping for \mathbb{N} in "normal" mode according to Section 2.8.2:

64 \DeclareOption{newline}{\StoreNewlineSkipping\NoNewlineSkipping}

2.9.3 Environments

The next package options are just the environment names according to Section 2.8.3 ([center], [tab], [array], [tabular]). Option $[\langle env \rangle]$ stores and disables the skipping behavior of [N] in $\langle env \rangle$ environments. We abuse the our temporary macro \nextok@match from Section 2.4:

```
65 \def\nextok@match#1{%
```

```
66 \DeclareOption{#1}{\StoreSkippingCRs{#1}\NotSkippingCRs{#1}}}
```

- 67 \nextok@match{center}
- 68 \nextok@match{tab}
- 69 \nextok@match{array}
- 70 \nextok@match{tabular}

2.9.4 "All Options"

Package Option **all** has the same effect as using the **newline** option and the environment package options **center**, **tab**, **array**, and **tabular** at once.

71 \def\nextok@match#1{\csname ds@#1\endcsname}

(... must not be changed before \ProcessOptions ...)

```
72 \DeclareOption{all}{%
```

- 73 \nextok@match{newline} \nextok@match{center}
- 74 \nextok@match{tab} \nextok@match{array} \nextok@match{tabular}}

2.10 Processing Options and Leaving the Package

75 \ProcessOptions

```
76 \endinput
```

2.11 VERSION HISTORY

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