Handout's making

to prepare y	to prepare your speech						
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1 Introduction

1.1 Goal

In some fields of scholarship, a beamer does not offer good support when giving a talk in a proceeding. For example, in classical philology, the main sources are text, and it will be better to distribute a handout to the audience with extracts of the texts about which we will talk.

The package supports preparation of such handouts when writing the talk.

1.2 Credits

All issues can be submitted, in French or English, in the GitHub issues page³.

¹http://apocryphes.hypothese.org.

²http://latex-project.org/lppl/lppl-1-3c.html.

³https://github.com/maieul/handout/issues.

1.3 French tutorial

As the idea of the package behavior was send by French LATEX users⁴, and as the package's author has French as native language, a French tutorial is available in http://geekographie.maieul.net/136.

All files in the examples' folder are in French, but that should not have consequence for the meaning of their behaviors. They have to be run with XqLATeX.

2 Basis

The package can be loaded very quickly with the standard command \usepackage

```
\usepackage{handout}
```

The idea of the this package is to prepare handout during the writing of the paper. When you want to add something in your handout, just write it on an external file, and call this external file with the command \handout :

```
Your text
\handout{folder/example}
Your text
```

The PDF output will contain two parts:

- 1. Your paper.
- 2. The handout.

You have just to split your pdf in two parts to obtain your handout for auditors. See example 1.

3 Code to be run at the beginning of the handout

You can execute any code at the beginning of the handout by defining a command \beforehandout. For example, to suppress extra margins of the quotation environment:

```
\newcommand{\beforehandout}{%
  \renewenvironment{quotation}{}}
}
```

See example 2.

Note that the package always do some action before the handout:

⁴http://fr.comp.text.tex.narkive.com/pXMop2kE/fabrication-d-un-exemplier.

- Start a new page.
- Reset page and footnote.
- Disable \index and \label command.

4 Putting all the example's files in a same folder

In most cases, your file will be put in the same folder. So you can fix this folder with the package's option dir:

```
\usepackage[dir=folder]{handout}
...
Your text
\handout{example}
Your text
See example 3.
```

5 Recopying the sectioning commands in the handout

If you want your handout be organized with the same sectioning commands as your main paper, you can use the option sectioning when loading the package. See example 4.

6 Numbering the examples

The package option numbering automatically numbers the examples. The example's number is by default printed in margin, in a frame. See example 5.

To customize number's presentation, you can redefine three commands:

1. \thehandoutnumber to redefine the way the number is displayed. Standard is:

\renewcommand{\thehandoutnumber}{\fbox{\arabic{handoutnumber}}}

See LATEX documentation on counter's appearance.

2. \handoutnumber to redefine the position of the number. Standard is :

```
\label{eq:linear} \label{linear} \
```

3. \handoutnumberintxt, to redefine the position of the number in the main text. Standard is:

\newcommand{\handoutnumberintxt}[1]{\handoutnumber{#1}}

7 Temporarily disabling the handout generation

The package's option disabled allows to disable the handout generation.

You can also disable it for only some parts of the text: use \disablehandout to disable handout's generation from the current point and \enablehandout to enable it from the current point.

You can also use printing=false, which makes LATEX not printing the handout BUT numbering the examples.

8 Advanced use

8.1 Conditional code

The argument of a \onlyhandout command will be printed only in the handout. Conversely, the argument of a command \nothandout will printed only in the main text. See example 6.

8.2 Insert code in the handout

The argument of the \forhandout command will be add in the handout, even if called outside a included file.

Be careful : if the content of the argument start by a command, this command won't be run before the handout.

The \forhandout command is quite complexe to manage, but can be useful if you want to insert automatically bibliographic reference in your handout. If you use *biblatex* to manage bibliography, you can define a \citehandout command this code :

```
\newcommand{\citehandout}{%
    \AtNextCitekey{%
    \forhandout{%
        \beforehandoutref%
     }%
     \forhandout{%
     \cite[\strfield{postnote}]{\strfield{entrykey}}%
     }%
     \forhandout{%
     \afterhandoutref%
     }%
     }%
}
\newcommand{\beforehandoutref}{\par\noindent\hspace{-2\parindent}}
\newcommand{\afterhandoutref}{\par\vskip0.25\baselineskip}
```

You can call \citehandout command before citation commands that you want reference be copied in the handout. See example 7 and the *biblatex* handbook.

Note that the citation tracker is automatically reset at the beginning of the handout.

9 Change history

1.2.0 2015-01-06

Add new option printing.	•	 •	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7
Optimize performances.																					

1.1.0 2014-12-15

Add \enablehandout and \disable	andout
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1.0.1 2014-05-23

Disable indexing in handout also when using multiple index.

1.0.0 2014-03-20

First public release.