

getmap.sty

v1.4

Downloading maps from OpenStreetMap, Google Maps or Google Street View



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Abstract

The goal of this package is the simplest possible provision of map images (OpenStreetMap, Google Maps and Google Street View are supported). In the simplest case, the specification of an address is sufficient. The package loads the map using the `\write18` feature, which you must activate to use this package. The image will be downloaded by an external Lua script. You can use this script also from the command line.

Acknowledgment

I want to thank Norbert Preining, who did most of the recoding of `osmimage` (`Bash → Lua`). Moreover many thanks to Taco Hoekwater, Reinhard Kotucha and Heiko Oberdiek for their valuable contributions.

1 Options

The following options can be used as package options with global scope, as well as options for the \getmap command with local scope!

1.1 General options

1.1.1 mode (osm|gm|gsv)

This option sets the mode, that is the source of the images. OpenStreetMap, Google Maps or Google Street View!

1.1.2 inputencoding

This option specifies the input encoding of your file. The download script requires the strings encoded in utf8. For the safe conversion the input encoding of the file is required. Normally, you don't have to specify an encoding. The package tries to evaluate the encoding given to `inputenc` or assumes utf8. Usually that should work.

1.1.3 overwrite (false|true)

With this option, you can specify whether the image should be downloaded in any case. By default, the option is set to `false` in order to save bandwidth and compilation time. Nevertheless a check is performed on the existence of the image and the image will be downloaded, if it is not present. In the case of `true`, the image will be downloaded anyway! BTW, `overwrite` is equivalent to `overwrite=true`.

1.1.4 file (getmap)

This option allows you to specify the name of the image (without extension).

changed default value
to getmap in version
1.2!

1.2 osm mode

1.2.1 key (Fmjtd|luur20u22d,75=o5-9aylh6)

In `osm` mode, the download script requires a key in order to use the service of MapQuest. By default, it uses a key, which is registered for `getmap`. But you can register and use your own key with this option. The default key is stored in `getmap.cfg`. You can copy this file to your local \TeX tree and store your own key there¹! This file will be found after running `texhash`!

¹Mapquest will deliver an url-encoded key, which must be decoded to ASCII, e.g. by `Url decode`

1.2.2 **scale** (3385)

This option allows you to specify a display scale for the map image in the range of 1692 – 221871572. You will not necessarily see a difference between 5000 and 5500. A scale value of 3385 corresponds to a zoom level of 17.

1.2.3 **zoom**

This option allows you to specify a zoom level in the range of 1 – 18. This option overwrites a possibly given scale.

1.2.4 **xsize** (600)

This option specifies the width of the map in pixels. If you only want to slightly increase or decrease the map extract, you should adjust the size of the map. You still have full control over the size of the map in the document with the options of \includegraphics. (max: 3840)

1.2.5 **ysize** (400)

This option specifies the height of the map in pixels. (max: 3840)

1.2.6 **imagetype** (png|jpeg|jpg|gif)

This option allows you to specify the type of the image.

1.2.7 **type** (map|sat|hyb)

This option specifies the type of the map. It seems as if there would be only a few regions of Mother Earth, for which satellite and hybrid images are available.

1.2.8 **color** (yellow_1)

This option specifies the color of the marker. Possible colors:

<http://open.mapquestapi.com/staticmap/icons.html>

1.2.9 **number** (1)

This option specifies the number of the marker.

1.3 gm mode

1.3.1 scale (1)

For the free version of Google Maps the image size is limited to 640x640. You can set `scale` to a value of 2, to get exactly the same map in doubled size in pixels.

1.3.2 zoom (17)

This option allows you to specify a zoom level in the range of 0 – 21.

1.3.3 xsize (600)

This option specifies the width of the map in pixels. If you only want to slightly increase or decrease the map extract, you should adjust the size of the map. You still have full control over the size of the map in the document with the options of `\includegraphics`. (max: 640)

1.3.4 ysize (400)

This option specifies the height of the map in pixels. (max: 640)

1.3.5 imagetype (png|png8| png32|gif|jpg (progressive)|jpg-baseline (flat))

This option allows you to specify the type of the image.

1.3.6 type (roadmap|satellite|hybrid|terrain)

This option specifies the type of the map.

1.3.7 color (blue)

This option specifies the color of the marker. Possible colors:

black, brown, green, purple, yellow, blue, gray, orange, red, white or in hex format 0x3399FF

1.3.8 number (1)

This option specifies the number of the marker. Google Maps also allows uppercase letters: [A-Z]!

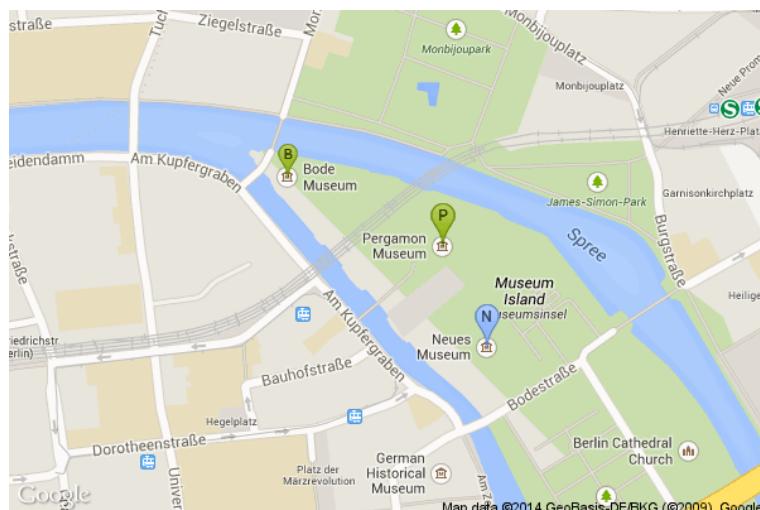
1.3.9 **language (en)**

This option specifies the language of the map labels. Of course, not all languages are supported for all countries. At least, english and one of the national languages should be supported. Possible option values: en, de, fr, es, it, fi, ...

1.3.10 **markers**

This option allows you to set more than just the standard marker, which will no longer be used! You don't have to specify an address, as Google Maps will deliver an image with all markers on the map. Nevertheless, you can specify an address, which will define the center of the map. This option expects one or more URL parameters like:

```
&markers=size:mid|color:blue|label:S|loc1|loc2|...
```



```

1 \getmap[
2   file=bmus1, mode=gm,
3   markers={&markers=size:mid|label:B|color:green|Bode Museum, Berlin%
4           &markers=label:P|color:green|Pergamonmuseum, Berlin%
5           &markers=label:N|color:blue|Neues Museum, Berlin}%
6   ]{%
7   \includegraphics[width=10cm]{bmus1}

```

The parameters size, color and label are optional!

size tiny, mid, small

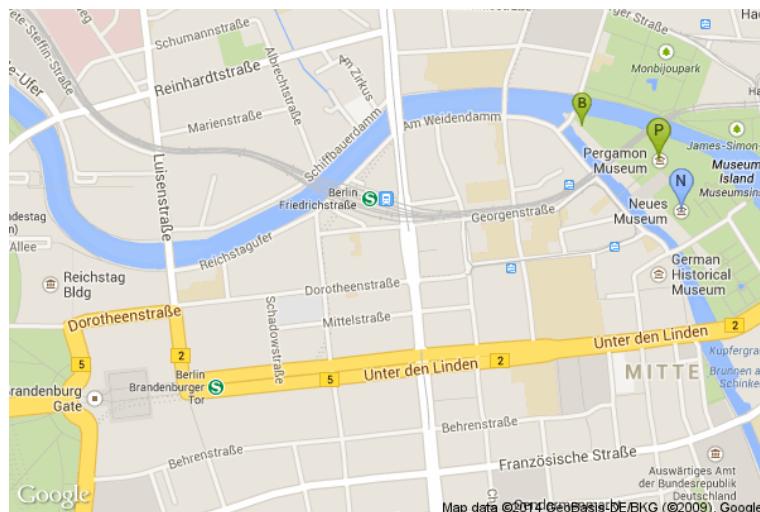
color red, black, brown, green, purple, yellow, blue, gray, orange, white, 0x1188FF

label [0-9][A-Z] (only in mid size!)

The default is a mid-sized red bubble with a black point!

1.3.11 visible

With this option you can specify a list of locations (separated by a pipe), which must be on the map!



```

1 \getmap[
2   file=bmus2, mode=gm
3   markers={&markers=size:mid|label:B|color:green|Bode Museum, Berlin%
4     &markers=label:P|color:green|Pergamonmuseum, Berlin%
5     &markers=label:N|color:blue|Neues Museum, Berlin},%
6   visible={Brandenburger Tor, Berlin|Reichstagsufer 1, Berlin}]{}
7 \includegraphics[width=10cm]{bmus2}
```

1.3.12 path

With this option you can define one or more pathes! It expects one or more URL parameters like:

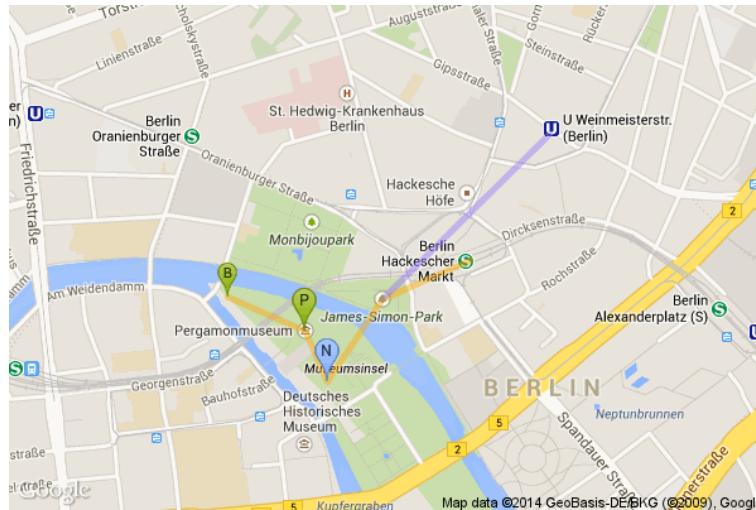
&path=weight:5|color:orange|loc1|loc2|...

```

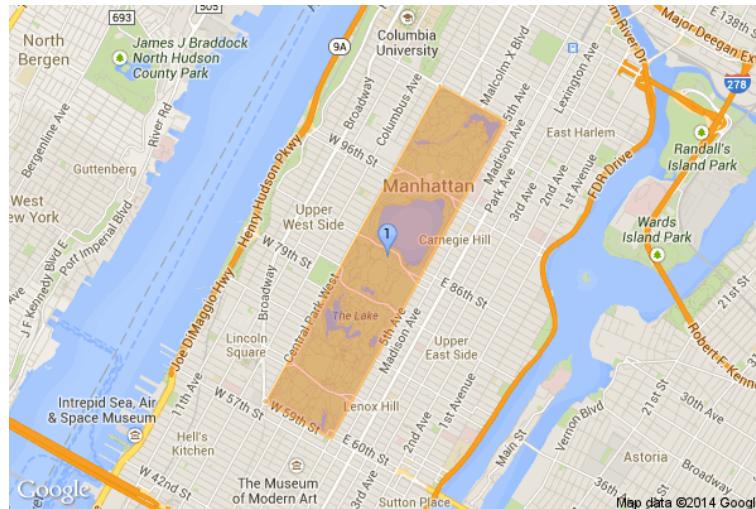
1 \getmap[file=bmus3, mode=gm, language=de,
2   markers={&markers=size:mid|label:B|color:green|Bode Museum, Berlin%
3     &markers=label:P|color:green|Pergamonmuseum, Berlin%
4     &markers=label:N|color:blue|Neues Museum, Berlin},%
5   path={&path=weight:5|color:orange|Bode Museum, Berlin|%
6     Pergamonmuseum, Berlin|Neues Museum, Berlin|%
7     James-Simon-Park,Berlin|52.522649,13.402523%
8     &path=weight:5|color:purple|James-Simon-Park, Berlin|%
```

```

9   Weinmeisterstraße 6, Berlin}]{}}
10 \includegraphics[width=10cm]{bmus3}
```



You can also use `fillcolor` to mark areas! In paths, you can also specify RGB32 colors, in which the last byte defines opacity, e.g. 55 (33%).



```

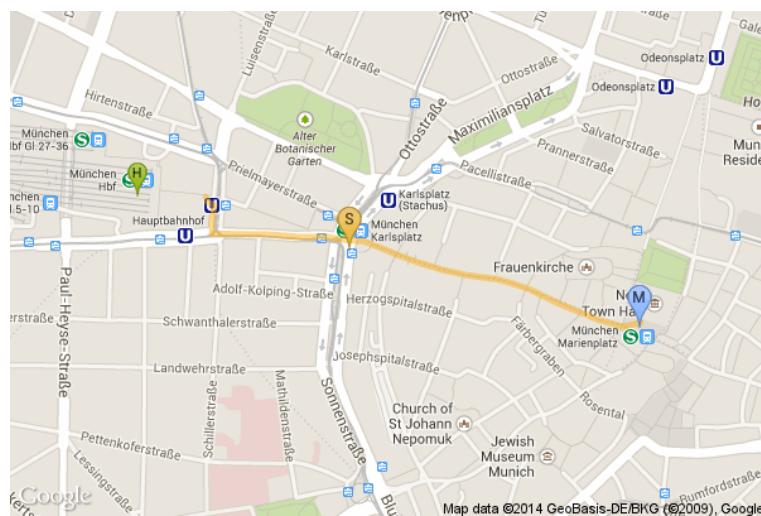
1 \getmap[file=cpony, mode=gm, zoom=13,
2   path=&path=weight:2|color:orange|fillcolor:0xff641a55|
3     40.764302, -73.973004|40.768044, -73.981903|%
4     40.800642, -73.958193|40.796887, -73.949226|%
5     40.764302, -73.973004]}{Central Park, New York}
6 \includegraphics[width=10cm]{cpony}
```

With small enough spaces between way points you can also define routes! The input of these would be very inconvenient. Therefore, Google Maps offers

an online interactive map tool²! Simply use `enc:polyline_data` as location specifier. This string can contain all sorts of troublesome characters for L^AT_EX. `\getmap` can deal with them, with the exception of curly braces! These will break your L^AT_EX document. As a work-around, use the `pathfile` option.

1.3.13 pathfile

This option specifies the file holding the path specification. It will be loaded by the Lua script. You can use the `filecontents*` environment to keep the definition in your document. It should be a one line utf8-encoded file!



```

1 \begin{filecontents*}{muc.epl}
2 &path=weight:5|color:orange|enc:okydHa}peAX0Hi@jANv@A@kJJmFAi%
3 DJuAHmDXcBb@cc'@gC^_DV}CJaCF{APaBVkBdAyEf@qC'{B\adSwB
4 \end{filecontents*}
5 \getmap[file=muc, mode=gm,
6   markers={&markers=size:mid|label:H|color:green|München, Hbf
7     &markers=label:S|color:yellow|Stachus, München
8     &markers=label:M|color:blue|Marienplatz, München},
9   pathfile={muc.epl}]{}
10 \includegraphics[width=10cm]{muc}
```

1.4 gsv mode

1.4.1 xsize (600)

This option specifies the width of the map in pixels. (max: 640)

²<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/utilities/polylineutility>

1.4.2 **ysize** (400)

This option specifies the height of the map in pixels. (max: 640)

1.4.3 **heading** (0)

This option specifies the heading (direction) in degrees in the range of 0 – 360.
(0: north, 90: east, ...)

1.4.4 **pitch** (0)

This option specifies the pitch (angle) of the camera view in degrees in the range of -90 – 90.

1.4.5 **fov** (90)

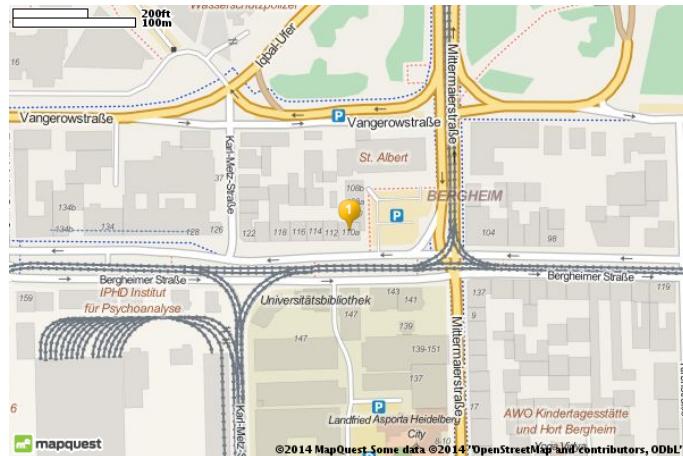
This option specifies the field of horizontal view (kind of zoom) in degrees in the range of 0 – 120.

2 Command(s)

2.1 \getmap

`\getmap[⟨options⟩]{⟨address⟩}` With the `\getmap` command you can download a map, if you enable `\write18` (TeXLive: -shell-escape, MiKTeX: --enable-write18). This is only necessary if you actually download an image. You can use the options described above to specify the properties of the downloaded image. After executing the command, the image is available in the current working directory!

In the simplest case, you only need an address, a POI or geographic coordinates (`latitude,longitude`) to download the map. {⟨address⟩} must be fully expanded and must not contain macros! By default, the image is saved under the name `getmap.png`! If you need only one map (e.g. the office of Dante e.V.) in your document, it can be as simple as:

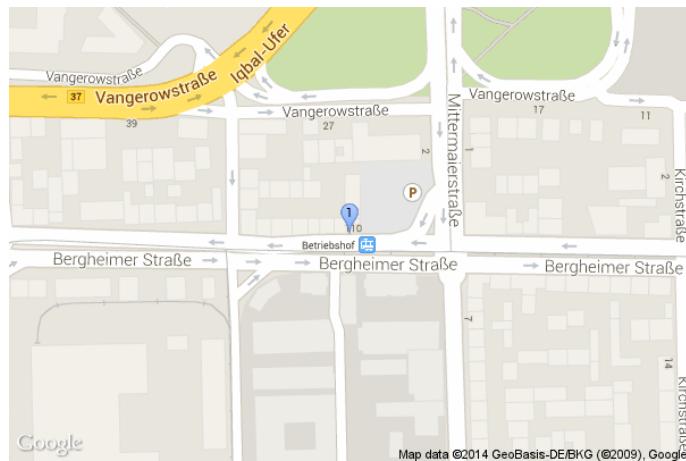


```
1 \getmap{Bergheimer Straße 110A, 69115 Heidelberg, Germany}
2 \includegraphics[width=9cm]{getmap}
```

3 Examples



The same map as before from Google Maps:



```

1 \getmap[file=dantegm,mode=gm]{Bergheimer Straße 110A,%  

2 69115 Heidelberg, Germany}  

3 \includegraphics[width=9cm]{dantegm}

```

The same map as satellite image:



```

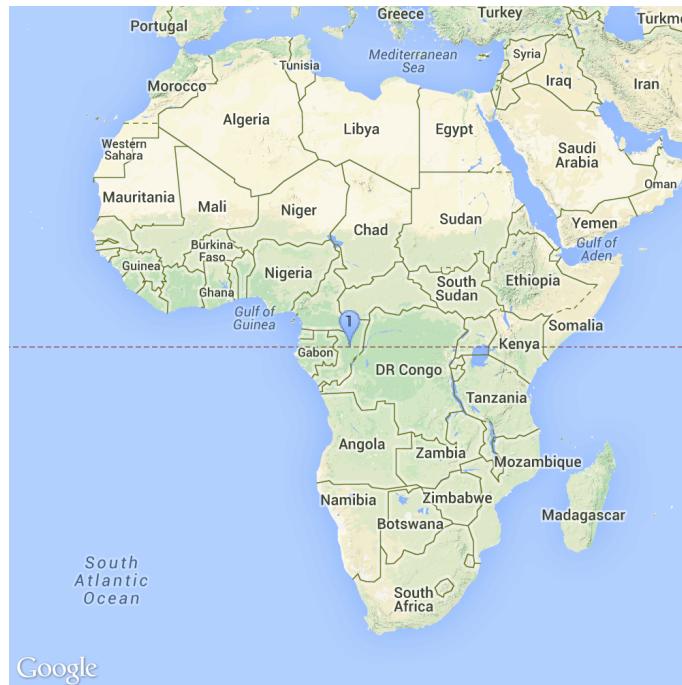
1 \getmap[file=dantegmsat,mode=gm,type=satellite]  

2 {Bergheimer Straße 110A, 69115 Heidelberg, Germany}  

3 \includegraphics[width=9cm]{dantegmsat}

```

L'Afrique, mon amour!



```

1 \getmap[file=africa,mode=gm,type=terrain,xsize=500,ysize=500,%
2   scale=2,zoom=3]{0,16}
3 \includegraphics[width=9cm]{africa}
```

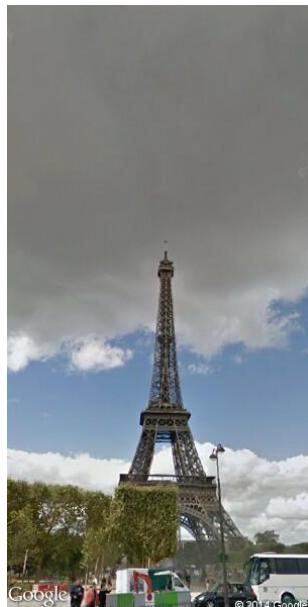
L'amour, ...



```

1 \getmap[file=paris,mode=gm,type=hybrid,xsize=500,ysize=300,%
2   scale=2,zoom=16]{Tour Eiffel, Paris}
3 \includegraphics[width=9cm]{paris}
```

Street View now:



```
1 \getmap[file=parisgsv,mode=gsv,heading=320,pitch=30,fov=40,%  
2           xsize=300,ysize=600]{Avenue Piere-Loti, Paris}  
3 \includegraphics[width=4cm]{parisgsv}
```

and from the platform:



```
1 \getmap[file=parisgsvp,mode=gsvp,heading=30,pitch=-25,fov=60] %  
2           {Tour Eiffel, Paris}  
3 \includegraphics[width=8cm]{parisgsvp}
```

4 Implementation

```
1 <*package>
```

First, we provide the L^AT_EX package getmap.

```
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}%
3 \ProvidesPackage{getmap}[2014/07/25 v1.4 getmap.sty - Josef Kleber (C) 2014]%
```

We need a few packages!

```
4 \RequirePackage{xkeyval}%
5 \RequirePackage{stringenc}%
6 \RequirePackage{ifthen}%
```

We provide a macro `\GM@JK@define@key`, which defines package options with global scope and options for `\getmap` with local scope. It takes four arguments `{<prefix>}, {<package>}, {<option>} and {<default>}`.

```
7 \newcommand*\GM@JK@define@key[4]%
8 {%
9   \expandafter\gdef\csname#1@#3\endcsname{#4}%
10  \define@key{#2.sty}{#3}{#4}%
11  {%
12    \expandafter\gdef\csname#1@#3\endcsname{\detokenize{##1}}%
13  }%
14  \define@key{#2}{#3}%
15  {%
16    \expandafter\def\csname#1@#3\endcsname{\detokenize{##1}}%
17  }%
18 }%
19 \newcommand*\GM@JK@define@key@detok[4]%
20 {%
21   \expandafter\gdef\csname#1@#3\endcsname{#4}%
22   \define@key{#2.sty}{#3}{#4}%
23   {%
24     \expandafter\gdef\csname#1@#3\endcsname{\detokenize{##1}}%
25   }%
26   \define@key{#2}{#3}%
27   {%
28     \expandafter\def\csname#1@#3\endcsname{\detokenize{##1}}%
29   }%
30 }%
```

Now, we can use this macro to define our options.

```
31 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{mode}{osm}%
32 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{key}{}%
33 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{xsize}{600}%
34 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{ysize}{400}%
35 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{scale}{3385}%
36 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{zoom}{}%
37 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{type}{map}%
```

```

38 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{imagetype}{png}%
39 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{color}{yellow_1}%
40 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{number}{1}%
41 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{heading}{0}%
42 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{fov}{90}%
43 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{pitch}{0}%
44 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{language}{en}%
45 \GM@JK@define@key@detok{GM@JK}{getmap}{markers}{}%
46 \GM@JK@define@key@detok{GM@JK}{getmap}{path}{}%
47 \GM@JK@define@key@detok{GM@JK}{getmap}{visible}{}%
48 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{pathfile}{}%
49 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{file}{getmap}%
50 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{inputencoding}{}%
51 \GM@JK@define@key{GM@JK}{getmap}{overwrite}{true}%

```

For options without default value, we define reasonable default values! We overwrite the default for `overwrite`, because we don't want `overwrite` to be true by default, but that `overwrite` is equivalent to `overwrite=true`!

Moreover, we load `getmap.cfg` to set the default key. You can copy this file to your local T_EX tree and replace the key with your own!

We try to use the input encoding specified for `inputenc` or `utf8` instead.

```

52 \gdef\GM@JK@overwrite{false}%
53 \gdef\GM@JK@key{}%
54 %
55 \IfFileExists{getmap.cfg}%
56 {%
57   \input{getmap.cfg}%
58 }%
59 {%
60   \gdef\GM@JK@key{Fmjtd|luur20u22d,75=o5-9aylh6}%
61 }%
62 %
63 \@ifpackageloaded{inputenc}%
64 {%
65   \gdef\GM@JK@inputencoding{\inputencodingname}%
66 }%
67 {%
68   \gdef\GM@JK@inputencoding{utf8}%
69 }%
70 %

```

Later, we will need a switch, if `\write18` is enabled.

```

71 \newif\ifGM@JK@writexviii\GM@JK@writexviiifalse%
72 %

```

We execute the package options to define and set the option macros.

```

73 \ExecuteOptionsX{mode,xsize,ysize,scale,zoom,type,imagetype,color,number,file,heading,fov,
74 %
75 \ProcessOptionsX\relax%

```

76 %

We need to reset some defaults in gm mode.

```

77 %
78 \ifthenelse{\equal{\GM@JK@mode}{gm}}%
79 {%
80   \gdef\GM@JK@scale{1}%
81   \gdef\GM@JK@zoom{17}%
82   \gdef\GM@JK@type{roadmap}%
83   \gdef\GM@JK@color{blue}%
84 }%
85 {}%
86 %

```

We check if \pdf@shellescape is available to test if \write18 is enabled.

If false, we assume \write18 is available and hope for the best.

If true, we set the switch \GM@JK@writexviii accordingly!

```

87 %
88 \ltx@ifundefined{pdf@shellescape}%
89 {%
90   \PackageInfo{getmap}{\pdf@shellescape is undefined}%
91   \PackageInfo{getmap}{can not test if \write18 is available}%
92   \GM@JK@writexviiittrue%
93 }%
94 {%
95   \PackageInfo{getmap}{\pdf@shellescape is available}%
96   \ifnum\pdf@shellescape=1\relax%
97     \PackageInfo{getmap}{\write18 enabled}%
98     \GM@JK@writexviiittrue%
99   \else%
100     \GM@JK@writexviiifalse%
101   \fi%
102 }%
103 %

```

We define a macro that is executed as \write18 call. First, we test if \write18 is enabled and issue a package error if not! Otherwise we execute \write18 depending on the mode

```

104 \newcommand*\GM@JK@shellescape%
105 {%
106   \ifGM@JK@writexviii\relax%
107   \ifthenelse{\equal{\GM@JK@mode}{osm}}{%
108     {%
109       \immediate\write18{\getmapdl \space-l\space "\GM@JK@location@string"%
110                               \space-m\space osm%
111                               \space-k\space "\GM@JK@key@string"%
112                               \space-x\space \GM@JK@xsize%
113                               \space-y\space \GM@JK@ysize%
114                               \space-z\space "\GM@JK@zoom"%

```

```

115          \space-s\space \GM@JK@scale%
116          \space-t\space \GM@JK@type%
117          \space-i\space \GM@JK@imagetype%
118          \space-c\space "\GM@JK@color"%
119          \space-n\space \GM@JK@number%
120          \space-o\space \GM@JK@file}%
121      }%
122  {%
123      \ifthenelse{\equal{\GM@JK@mode}{gm}}{%
124      {%
125          \immediate\write18{getmapdl \space-l\space "\GM@JK@location@string"%
126          \space-m\space gm%
127          \space-x\space \GM@JK@xsize%
128          \space-y\space \GM@JK@ysize%
129          \space-z\space \GM@JK@zoom%
130          \space-s\space \GM@JK@scale%
131          \space-t\space \GM@JK@type%
132          \space-i\space \GM@JK@imagetype%
133          \space-c\space "\GM@JK@color"%
134          \space-n\space \GM@JK@number%
135          \space-L\space "\GM@JK@language"%
136          \space-M\space "\GM@JK@markers@string"%
137          \space-C\space "\GM@JK@location@string"%
138          \space-P\space "\GM@JK@path@string"%
139          \space-p\space "\GM@JK@pathfile"%
140          \space-V\space "\GM@JK@visible@string"%
141          \space-o\space \GM@JK@file}%
142      }%
143  {%
144      \ifthenelse{\equal{\GM@JK@mode}{gsv}}{%
145      {%
146          \immediate\write18{getmapdl \space-l\space "\GM@JK@location@string"%
147          \space-m\space gsv%
148          \space-x\space \GM@JK@xsize%
149          \space-y\space \GM@JK@ysize%
150          \space-H\space \GM@JK@heading%
151          \space-F\space \GM@JK@fov%
152          \space-T\space \GM@JK@pitch%
153          \space-o\space \GM@JK@file}%
154      }%
155  {%
156      \PackageError{getmap}{invalid mode}{invalid mode! Use osm, gm or gsv!}%
157  }%
158 }%
159 }%
160 \else%
161     \PackageError{getmap}{\write18 disabled}%
162         {\write18 disabled\MessageBreak%
163          Use -shell-escape (TeXLive)\MessageBreak%
164          or\space\space--enable-write18 (MiKTeX)}%
165 \fi%

```

```

166 }%
\getmap Here, we define the user command to download the map.
\getmap[<options>]{<address>}

167 \newcommand*\getmap[2][]%
168 {%

```

We start a group to keep the setting of options local. Then we test, if we are in `gm` mode to reset some defaults! Finally, we set the local options again to override defaults if necessary!

```

169 \begingroup%
170   \setkeys{getmap}{#1}%
171   \ifthenelse{\equal{\GM@JK@mode}{gm}}{%
172     {%
173       \def\GM@JK@scale{1}%
174       \def\GM@JK@zoom{17}%
175       \def\GM@JK@type{roadmap}%
176       \def\GM@JK@color{blue}%
177     }%
178   }%
179   \setkeys{getmap}{#1}%

```

In `gsv` mode, we have an implicit `imagetype=jpg`. Therefore, we have to set it to allow the later test on the existence of the image file!

```

180 \ifthenelse{\equal{\GM@JK@mode}{gsv}}{%
181   \def\GM@JK@imagetype{jpg}{}%
182   \PackageInfo{getmap}{using \GM@JK@inputencoding\space encoding}%
183   \def\GM@JK@location{#2}%

```

`texlua` expects its arguments encoded in `utf8`!

```

184 \StringEncodingConvert%
185   {\GM@JK@location@string}%
186   {\detokenize\expandafter{\GM@JK@location}}%
187   {\GM@JK@inputencoding}{utf-8}%
188 \StringEncodingSuccessFailure%
189 {%
190   %success
191 }%
192 {%
193   % failure
194   \errmessage{Converting to UTF-8 failed}%
195 }%
196 \StringEncodingConvert%
197   {\GM@JK@key@string}%
198   {\detokenize\expandafter{\GM@JK@key}}%
199   {\GM@JK@inputencoding}{utf-8}%
200 \StringEncodingSuccessFailure%
201 {%
202   %success

```

```

202    }%
203    {%
204      \errmessage{Converting to UTF-8 failed}%
205    }%
206    \StringEncodingConvert%
207      {\GM@JK@markers@string}%
208      {\GM@JK@markers}%
209      {\GM@JK@inputencoding}{utf-8}%
210    \StringEncodingSuccessFailure%
211    {%
212      %success
213    }%
214    {%
215      \errmessage{Converting to UTF-8 failed}%
216    }%
217    \StringEncodingConvert%
218      {\GM@JK@path@string}%
219      {\GM@JK@path}%
220      {\GM@JK@inputencoding}{utf-8}%
221    \StringEncodingSuccessFailure%
222    {%
223      %success
224    }%
225    {%
226      \errmessage{Converting to UTF-8 failed}%
227    }%
228    \StringEncodingConvert%
229      {\GM@JK@visible@string}%
230      {\GM@JK@visible}%
231      {\GM@JK@inputencoding}{utf-8}%
232    \StringEncodingSuccessFailure%
233    {%
234      %success
235    }%
236    {%
237      \errmessage{Converting to UTF-8 failed}%
238    }%

```

We check, if `overwrite` is `true` and download the map. If not, we check if the image is already in the working directory. If not, we download the image!

```

239    \ifthenelse{\equal{\GM@JK@overwrite}{true}}{%
240    {%
241      \GM@JK@shellescape%
242    }%
243    {%
244      \IfFileExists{\GM@JK@file.\GM@JK@imagetype}{%
245        {%
246          \PackageInfo{getmap}{overwrite=false; (\GM@JK@file.\GM@JK@imagetype)%
247                                using existing file!}%
248        }%
249      {%

```

```
250      \PackageInfo{getmap}{overwrite=false; (\@GM@JK@file.\@GM@JK@imagetype)%  
251          file does not exist! downloading ...} %  
252      \@GM@JK@shellescape%  
253      }%  
254      }%  
255  \endgroup%  
256 }%  
  
257 </package>
```

5 References

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6 Change History

v1.0	General: CTAN upload	16	changed default values of <code>xsize</code> (600) and <code>file</code> (<code>getmap</code>)	16
v1.1	\getmap: Bugfix: problem in URL when using \usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}	20	renamed <code>osmimage.lua</code> to <code>getmapdl.lua</code>	16
v1.2	General: added <code>getmap.cfg</code> to store default key (FR by Ulrike Fis- cher)	17	General: added support for Google Street View	16
	added support for Google Maps	16	General: added options language, markers, visible, path and path- file in gm mode	16

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