The gcard package for greeting cards

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1 Introduction

The gcard package provides a means of producing simple greeting cards. The user puts the card text into four environments for front and back covers and inside left and right pages. The package formats the text into four "panels" and arranges them on the sheet so that they are correctly oriented when the sheet is folded twice to make a card. Either portrait or landscape orientation is possible. The graphicx package provides the necessary rotation, and the textpos package arranges the four panels on the sheet.

Since cards vary widely, no attempt is made to provide a default design. Each of the four panels is set, vertically centered, in a minipage environment; the user is free to format the contents of the minipage as desired.

2 Installation

Place gcard.sty where LATEX can find it. Usually an appropriate location will be something like /texmf/tex/latex/gcard. Refresh the file name database by the usual method for your system. This documentation file and the two example files may be placed anywhere.

You will also need to have the textpos, graphicx, and calc packages installed. All are available at CTAN, and graphicx and calc are part of most LATEX distributions.

3 Usage

Load the package with \usepackage{gcard}

Before \begin{document}, if you want to use margins different from the defaults (0.2 in for all), set four lengths to values of your choice:

```
\setlength{\guttermargin}{8 mm} % inside edge of textblock
\setlength{\edgemargin}{\guttermargin} % outside edge
\setlength{\gctopmargin}{6 mm} % top
\setlength{\gcbottommargin}{\gctopmargin} % bottom
```

These margins determine the distances between the edges of the minipage containing a single panel and the edges of the folded card. They are used, along with \paperwidth and \paperheight, to compute the width and height of each panel and the placement of each panel on the page.

Then, after \begin{document}, use the environments frontcover, backcover, insideleft, and insideright to specify the contents of each panel. Each environment sets its contents in a minipage of width \panelwidth and height \panelheight. Those two lengths may be referenced (but not changed) anywherewhere after \begin{document}. The material is vertically centered in the panel by default; to move it, use vertical spacing commands such as \vspace{} and \vfill.

For example, you could specify the material for the front cover of the card with

```
\begin{frontcover}
\Large
We heard you had a little trouble with the law\ldots
\end{frontcover}
```

The text will appear vertically centered on the front cover, with normal justification.

You do not need to supply all four environments; panels corresponding to missing environments will be left blank.

3.1 Minimal example

A very simple card can be produced by the following file:

```
\documentclass[12 pt]{article}
\usepackage{gcard}

\begin{document}

\begin{frontcover}

Dear Sir, \\
    I am sending two sardine tins. Please make me a motor-bicycle and a telescope. \end{frontcover}

\begin{insideright}
    Happy Father's Day!
\end{document}
```

4 Package options

The only option handled directly by the package is showboxes, which is passed to the textpos package. It produces a narrow frame around each of the four panels. This frame is usually not desirable as part of the finished card since it is set tight against the enclosed minipage environment and therefore collides with any text that extends to the margins. It can be useful during the design phase since it shows clearly where the margins are.

The gcard package loads the textpos, graphicx, and calc packages. Global options specified in the documentclass command will be passed to those packages according to the default LATEX mechanism. If you want to use those packages with specific options, you can explicitly load any of them before you load gcard. If you load textpos explicitly, you *must* use the absolute option.

5 Examples

The file gcardminexample.tex contains the minimal example shown above. The file gcardex.tex shows a slightly more involved example that demonstrates control of vertical and horizontal placement of the text.

6 Interaction with other packages

gcard.sty tries to be nice. It uses only straightforward LATEX commands and should not limit your use of other packages so long as they do not collide with textpos.

gcard loads the graphicx package, so its commands are already available; in particular, you can use \includegraphics to insert graphics into any of the panels. To fill the panel across its width, you would use

\includegrapics[width=\panelwidth] {picture}

to insert picture.eps, picture.pdf, picture.jpg, etc., depending on your output driver.

7 License and support

gcard is free software. Specifically, it is subject to the LaTeX Project Public License (lppl), available at http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt, version 1.3c or later.

I wrote gcard for fun. There is nothing sophisticated in it, but I will try to provide bug fixes to the extent I am able. If you find bugs, feel free to send me email. Also, if you produce a nice card with gcard, I'd enjoy seeing a .pdf copy. My address is mcbaneg@gvsu.edu.