The LATEX3 Sources

The LATEX3 Project*

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Abstract

This is the reference documentation for the expl3 programming environment. The expl3 modules set up an experimental naming scheme for LaTeX commands, which allow the LaTeX programmer to systematically name functions and variables, and specify the argument types of functions.

The TEX and ε -TEX primitives are all given a new name according to these conventions. However, in the main direct use of the primitives is not required or encouraged: the <code>expl3</code> modules define an independent low-level LATEX3 programming language.

At present, the expl3 modules are designed to be loaded on top of LaTeX 2ε . In time, a LaTeX3 format will be produced based on this code. This allows the code to be used in LaTeX 2ε packages now while a stand-alone LaTeX3 is developed.

While expl3 is still experimental, the bundle is now regarded as broadly stable. The syntax conventions and functions provided are now ready for wider use. There may still be changes to some functions, but these will be minor when compared to the scope of expl3.

New modules will be added to the distributed version of expl3 as they reach maturity.

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Contents

Ι	Int	troduction to expl3 and this document	1
1	Nar	ning functions and variables 1.0.1 Terminological inexactitude	1 3
2	Doo	cumentation conventions	3
II Tj	T EX	he l3names package: A systematic naming scheme for	5
3	Set	ting up the LaTeX3 programming language	5
4	Usi	ng the modules	5
Π	Ι 7	The l3basics package: Basic Definitions	6
5	Pre	dicates and conditionals	7
	5.1	Primitive conditionals	8
	5.2	Non-primitive conditionals	10
	5.3	Applications	11
6	Cor	atrol sequences	11
7	Sele	ecting and discarding tokens from the input stream	12
	7.1	Extending the interface	14
	7.2	Selecting tokens from delimited arguments	14
8	Tha	at which belongs in other modules but needs to be defined earlier	15
9	Def	ining functions	16
	9.1	Defining new functions using primitive parameter text	17
	9.2	Defining functions using primitive parameter text	17
	9.3	Undefining functions	19
	9.4	Copying function definitions	20
	9.5	Internal functions	20

10 The innards of a function	21
11 Grouping and scanning	22
12 Checking the engine	22
IV The I3expan package: Controlling Expansion of Function Arguments	on 23
13 Brief overview	23
14 Defining new variants 14.1 Methods for defining variants	23 . 24
15 Introducing the variants	25
16 Manipulating the first argument	26
17 Manipulating two arguments	27
18 Manipulating three arguments	28
19 Preventing expansion	29
20 Unbraced expansion	30
V The l3prg package: Program control structures	30
21 Conditionals and logical operations	30
22 Defining a set of conditional functions	31
23 The boolean data type	32
24 Boolean expressions	34
25 Case switches	35

26 Generic loops	36
27 Choosing modes	36
28 Alignment safe grouping and scanning	37
29 Producing n copies	37
30 Sorting 30.1 Variable type and scope	38 . 39
VI The l3quark package: "Quarks"	39
31 Functions	40
32 Recursion	41
33 Constants	41
VII The l3token package: A token of my appreciation	42
34 Character tokens	42
35 Generic tokens	45
35.1 Useless code: because we can!	. 49
36 Peeking ahead at the next token	49
VIII The l3int package: Integers/counters	51
37 Functions	51
38 Formatting a counter value	53
38.1 Internal functions	. 53
39 Variable and constants	54

40 Conversion	56
IX The l3intexpr package: Integer expressions	56
41 Calculating and comparing integers	56
42 Primitive (internal) functions	58
X The l3skip package: Dimension and skip registers	59
43 Skip registers	60
43.1 Functions	60
43.2 Formatting a skip register value	62
43.3 Variable and constants	62
44 Dim registers	62
44.1 Functions	62
44.2 Variable and constants	65
45 Muskips	65
XI The l3tl package: Token Lists	66
46 Functions	66
47 Predicates and conditionals	70
48 Working with the contents of token lists	72
49 Variables and constants	73
50 Searching for and replacing tokens	74
51 Heads or tails?	7 5

XII The l3toks package: Token Registers	7 6
52 Allocation and use	77
53 Adding to the contents of token registers	79
54 Predicates and conditionals	80
55 Variable and constants	81
XIII The l3seq package: Sequences	81
56 Functions for creating/initialising sequences	82
57 Adding data to sequences	83
58 Working with sequences	84
59 Predicates and conditionals	85
60 Internal functions	86
61 Functions for 'Sequence Stacks'	86
XIV The l3clist package: Comma separated lists	87
62 Functions for creating/initialising comma-lists	88
63 Putting data in	89
64 Getting data out	90
65 Mapping functions	90
66 Predicates and conditionals	91
67 Higher level functions	92

68 Functions for 'comma-list stacks'	93
69 Internal functions	94
XV The l3prop package: Property Lists	94
70 Functions	94
71 Predicates and conditionals	97
72 Internal functions	98
XVI The I3io package: Low-level file i/o	98
73 Opening and closing streams	99
73.1 Writing to files	100
73.2 Reading from files	101
74 Internal functions	102
75 Variables and constants	102
XVII The l3msg package: Communicating with the user	103
76 Creating new messages	103
77 Message classes	104
78 Redirecting messages	106
79 Support functions for output	107
80 Low-level functions	107
81 Kernel-specific functions	108
82 Variables and constants	109

XVIII The l3box package: Boxes	110
83 Generic functions	110
84 Horizontal mode	113
85 Vertical mode	115
XIX The l3xref package: Cross references	116
XX The l3keyval package: Key-value parsing	116
86 Features of I3keyval	117
87 Functions for keyval processing	118
88 Internal functions	119
89 Variables and constants	119
XXI The l3keys package: Key-value support	120
90 Creating keys	122
91 Sub-dividing keys	124
91.1 Multiple choices	. 125
92 Setting keys	126
92.1 Examining keys: internal representation	. 127
93 Internal functions	127
94 Variables and constants	129

XXII The l3calc package: Infix notation arithmetic in \LaTeX 3130

95 User functions	131
XXIII The l3file package: File Loading	133
96 Loading files	133
XXIV Implementation	134
97 l3names implementation	134
97.1 Internal functions	134
97.2 Package loading	134
97.3 Catcode assignments	135
97.4 Setting up primitive names	135
97.5 Reassignment of primitives	136
97.6 expl3 code switches	147
97.7 Package loading	148
97.8 Finishing up	152
97.9 Showing memory usage	154
98 l3basics implementation	154
98.1 Renaming some T _E X primitives (again)	155
98.2 Defining functions	156
98.3 Selecting tokens	157
98.4 Gobbling tokens from input	159
98.5 Expansion control from l3expan	159
98.6 Conditional processing and definitions	159
98.7 Dissecting a control sequence	164
98.8 Exist or free	166
98.9 Defining and checking (new) functions	168
98.10More new definitions	171
98.11Copying definitions	173
98 12Undefining functions	174

	98.13Diagnostic wrapper functions	1
	98.14Engine specific definitions	5
	98.15Scratch functions	ó
	98.16Defining functions from a given number of arguments	5
99	l3expan implementation 178	3
	99.1 Internal functions and variables	3
	99.2 Module code)
	99.3 General expansion)
	99.4 Hand-tuned definitions	3
	99.5 Definitions with the 'general' technique	1
	99.6 Preventing expansion	5
	99.7 Defining function variants	5
	99.8 Last-unbraced versions	3
10	O3prg implementation 189)
	100.1 Variables)
	100.2Module code)
	100.3Choosing modes)
	100.4Producing n copies	L
	100.5Booleans	1
	100.6Parsing boolean expressions	3
	100.7Case switch	L
	100.8Sorting	3
	100.9 Variable type and scope $\dots \dots \dots$	5
10	13quark implementation 206	3
10	23token implementation 210)
	102.1Documentation of internal functions)
	102.2Module code)
	102.3Character tokens	L
	102.4Generic tokens	3
	102.5Peeking ahead at the next token	L

1033int implementation	227
103.1Internal functions and variables	227
103.2Module loading and primitives definitions	228
103.3Allocation and setting	228
103.4Defining constants	234
103.5Scanning and conversion	236
1043intexpr implementation	239
1053skip implementation	244
105.1Skip registers	244
105.2Dimen registers	248
105.3Muskips	250
10d3tl implementation	251
106.1Functions	251
106.2 Variables and constants	256
106.3Predicates and conditionals	257
106.4Working with the contents of token lists	262
106.5Checking for and replacing tokens	267
106.6Heads or tails?	270
1073toks implementation	274
107.1Allocation and use	274
107.2Adding to token registers' contents	276
107.3Predicates and conditionals	278
107.4 Variables and constants	278
1083seq implementation	279
108.1 Allocating and initialisation	279
108.2Predicates and conditionals	281
108.3Getting data out	281
108.4Putting data in	282
108.5Mapping	284
108.6Manipulation	284
108.7Sequence stacks	285

1093clist implementation 28	86
109.1 Allocation and initialisation	86
109.2Predicates and conditionals	87
109.3Retrieving data	88
109.4Storing data	89
109.5Mapping	90
109.6Higher level functions	92
109.7Stack operations	93
1103prop implementation 29	94
110.1Functions	95
110.2Predicates and conditionals	98
110.3Mapping functions	98
1113io implementation 30	00
111.1 Variables and constants	00
111.2Stream management	01
111.3Immediate writing	06
111.4Deferred writing	07
112Special characters for writing 36	07
112.1Reading input	08
1133msg implementation 30	08
113.1 Variables and constants	09
113.2Output helper functions	10
113.3Generic functions	11
113.4General functions	13
113.5Redirection functions	16
113.6Kernel-specific functions	17
1143box implementation 33	20
114.1Generic boxes	20
114.2Vertical boxes	22
114.3Horizontal boxes	23

1153xref implementation	325
115.1Internal functions and variables	325
115.2Module code	325
11d3xref test file	32 8
1173keyval implementation	329
117.1Module code	330
117.1.1 Variables and constants	338
117.1.2 Internal functions	339
117.1.3 Properties	346
117.1.4 Messages	349
1183calc implementation	350
118.1Variables	350
118.2Internal functions	351
118.3Module code	351
118.4Higher level commands	361
1193file implementation	364
Index	368

Part I

Introduction to expl3 and this document

This document is intended to act as a comprehensive reference manual for the expl3 language. A general guide to the LATEX3 programming language is found in expl3.pdf.

1 Naming functions and variables

IATEX3 does not use @ as a "letter" for defining internal macros. Instead, the symbols _ and : are used in internal macro names to provide structure. The name of each function is divided into logical units using _, while : separates the name of the function from the argument specifier ("arg-spec"). This describes the arguments expected by the function. In most cases, each argument is represented by a single letter. The complete list of arg-spec letters for a function is referred to as the signature of the function.

Each function name starts with the *module* to which it belongs. Thus apart from a small number of very basic functions, all expl3 function names contain at least one underscore to divide the module name from the descriptive name of the function. For example, all functions concerned with comma lists are in module clist and begin \clist_.

Every function must include an argument specifier. For functions which take no arguments, this will be blank and the function name will end:. Most functions take one or more arguments, and use the following argument specifiers:

- D The D specifier means do not use. All of the TEX primitives are initially \let to a D name, and some are then given a second name. Only the kernel team should use anything with a D specifier!
- N and n These mean no manipulation, of a single token for N and of a set of tokens given in braces for n. Both pass the argument though exactly as given. Usually, if you use a single token for an n argument, all will be well.
- c This means *csname*, and indicates that the argument will be turned into a csname before being used. So So \foo:c {ArgumentOne} will act in the same way as \foo:N \ArgumentOne.
- V and v These mean value of variable. The V and v specifiers are used to get the content of a variable without needing to worry about the underlying TeX structure containing the data. A V argument will be a single token (similar to N), for example \foo:V \MyVariable; on the other hand, using v a csname is constructed first, and then the value is recovered, for example \foo:v {MyVariable}.

- o This means expansion once. In general, the V and v specifiers are favoured over o for recovering stored information. However, o is useful for correctly processing information with delimited arguments.
- x The x specifier stands for exhaustive expansion: the plain TEX \edef.
- **f** The **f** specifier stands for *full expansion*, and in contrast to x stops at the first non-expandable item without trying to execute it.
- T and F For logic tests, there are the branch specifiers T (true) and F (false). Both specifiers treat the input in the same way as n (no change), but make the logic much easier to see.
- **p** The letter **p** indicates TEX parameters. Normally this will be used for delimited functions as expl3 provides better methods for creating simple sequential arguments.
- w Finally, there is the w specifier for weird arguments. This covers everything else, but mainly applies to delimited values (where the argument must be terminated by some arbitrary string).

Notice that the argument specifier describes how the argument is processed prior to being passed to the underlying function. For example, \foo:c will take its argument, convert it to a control sequence and pass it to \foo:N.

Variables are named in a similar manner to functions, but begin with a single letter to define the type of variable:

- c Constant: global parameters whose value should not be changed.
- g Parameters whose value should only be set globally.
- 1 Parameters whose value should only be set locally.

Each variable name is then build up in a similar way to that of a function, typically starting with the module¹ name and then a descriptive part. Variables end with a short identifier to show the variable type:

bool Either true or false.

box Box register.

clist Comma separated list.

dim 'Rigid' lengths.

int Integer-valued count register.

¹The module names are not used in case of generic scratch registers defined in the data type modules, e.g., the int module contains some scratch variables called \l_tmpa_int, \l_tmpb_int, and so on. In such a case adding the module name up front to denote the module and in the back to indicate the type, as in \l_int_tmpa_int would be very unreadable.

num A 'fake' integer type using only macros. Useful for setting up allocation routines.

prop Property list.

skip 'Rubber' lengths.

seq 'Sequence': a data-type used to implement lists (with access at both ends) and stacks.

stream An input or output stream (for reading from or writing to, respectively).

tl Token list variables: placeholder for a token list.

toks Token register.

1.0.1 Terminological inexactitude

A word of warning. In this document, and others referring to the expl3 programming modules, we often refer to 'variables' and 'functions' as if they were actual constructs from a real programming language. In truth, TEX is a macro processor, and functions are simply macros that may or mayn't take arguments and expand to their replacement text. Many of the common variables are also macros, and if placed into the input stream will simply expand to their definition as well — a 'function' with no arguments and a 'token list variable' are in truth one and the same. On the other hand, some 'variables' are actually registers that must be initialised and their values set and retreived with specific functions.

The conventions of the <code>expl3</code> code are designed to clearly separate the ideas of 'macros that contain data' and 'macros that contain code', and a consistent wrapper is applied to all forms of 'data' whether they be macros or actually registers. This means that sometimes we will use phrases like 'the function returns a value', when actually we just mean 'the macro expands to something'. Similarly, the term 'execute' might be used in place of 'expand' or it might refer to the more specific case of 'processing in TEX's stomach' (if you are familiar with the TEXbook parlance).

If in doubt, please ask; chances are we've been hasty in writing certain definitions and need to be told to tighten up our terminology.

2 Documentation conventions

This document is typeset with the experimental l3doc class; several conventions are used to help describe the features of the code. A number of conventions are used here to make the documentation clearer.

Each group of related functions is given in a box. For a function with a "user" name, this might read:

```
\ExplSyntaxOn
\ExplSyntaxOff
\ExplSyntaxOn ... \ExplSyntaxOff
```

The textual description of how the function works would appear here. The syntax of the function is shown in mono-spaced text to the right of the box. In this example, the function takes no arguments and so the name of the function is simply reprinted.

For programming functions, which use _ and : in their name there are a few additional conventions: If two related functions are given with identical names but different argument specifiers, these are termed *variants* of each other, and the latter functions are printed in grey to show this more clearly. They will carry out the same function but will take different types of argument:

```
\seq_new:N \seq_new:N \seq_new:N \seq_new:N \seq_new:N \sequence
```

When a number of variants are described, the arguments are usually illustrated only for the base function. Here, $\langle sequence \rangle$ indicates that $\seq_new:N$ expects the name of a sequence. From the argument specifier, $\seq_new:c$ also expects a sequence name, but as a name rather than as a control sequence. Each argument given in the illustration should be described in the following text.

Some functions are fully expandable, which allows it to be used within an x-type argument (in plain TEX terms, inside an \edef). These fully expandable functions are indicated in the documentation by a star:

As with other functions, some text should follow which explains how the function works. Usually, only the star will indicate that the function is expandable. In this case, the function expects a $\langle cs \rangle$, shorthand for a $\langle control\ sequence \rangle$.

Conditional (if) functions are normally defined in three variants, with T, F and TF argument specifiers. This allows them to be used for different 'true'/'false' branches, depending on which outcome the conditional is being used to test. To indicate this without repetition, this information is given in a shortened form:

```
\boxed{ \texttt{\x etex\_if\_engine:} \textit{TF} \; \star } \\ \texttt{\x code} \\ \texttt{\
```

The underlining and italic of TF indicates that $\xetex_if_engine:T$, $\xetex_if_engine:T$ and $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ and $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Will be shown. The two variant forms T and F take only $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. We shown. The two variant forms T and F take only $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and so both $\xetex_if_engine:T$ are all available. Usually, the illustration will use the TF variant, and the TF variant, and the TF variant in the TF variant, and the TF variant in the TF variant in

Variables, constants and so on are described in a similar manner:

_\text{tmpa_t1}\] A short piece of text will describe the variable: there is no syntax illustration in this case.

In some cases, the function is similar to one in LATEX 2ε or plain TeX. In these cases, the text will include an extra 'TeXhackers note' section:

The normal description text.

TEXhackers note: Detail for the experienced TEX or \LaTeX programmer. In this case, it would point out that this function is the TEX primitive \string.

Part II

The I3names package A systematic naming scheme for T_EX

3 Setting up the LATEX3 programming language

This module is at the core of the LATEX3 programming language. It performs the following tasks:

- defines new names for all T_EX primitives;
- defines catcode regimes for programming;
- provides settings for when the code is used in a format;
- provides tools for when the code is used as a package within a LATEX 2ε context.

4 Using the modules

The modules documented in source3 are designed to be used on top of $I^{A}T_{E}X 2_{\varepsilon}$ and are loaded all as one with the usual \usepackage{expl3} or \RequirePackage{expl3} instructions. These modules will also form the basis of the $I^{A}T_{E}X3$ format, but work in this area is incomplete and not included in this documentation.

As the modules use a coding syntax different from standard LATEX it provides a few functions for setting it up.

Issues a catcode regime where spaces are ignored and colon and underscore are letters. A space character may by input with \sim instead.

```
\ExplSyntaxNamesOn \ExplSyntaxNamesOff \ExplSyntaxNamesOn \( \code \) \ExplSyntaxNamesOff
```

Issues a catcode regime where colon and underscore are letters, but spaces remain the same.

The package 13names (this module) provides \ProvidesExplPackage which is a wrapper for \ProvidesPackage and sets up the LATEX3 catcode settings for programming automatically. Similar for the relationship between \ProvidesExplClass and \ProvidesClass. Spaces are not ignored in the arguments of these commands.

```
\GetIdInfo
\filename
\filenameext
\filedate
\fileversion
\filetimestamp
\fileauthor
\filedescription
\RequirePackage{13names}
\GetIdInfo $Id: \langle cvs or svn info field \rangle $ \{\langle description \rangle \}
```

Extracts all information from a CVS or SVN field. Spaces are not ignored in these fields. The information pieces are stored in separate control sequences with \filename for the part of the file name leading up to the period, \filenameext for the extension, \filedate for date, \fileversion for version, \filetimestamp for the time and \fileauthor for the author.

To summarize: Every single package using this syntax should identify itself using one of the above methods. Special care is taken so that every package or class file loaded with <code>NequirePackage</code> or alike are loaded with usual LATEX catcodes and the LATEX3 catcode scheme is reloaded when needed afterwards. See implementation for details. If you use the <code>\GetIdInfo</code> command you can use the information when loading a package with

\ProvidesExplPackage{\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}

Part III

The **I3basics** package Basic Definitions

As the name suggest this package holds some basic definitions which are needed by most or all other packages in this set.

Here we describe those functions that are used all over the place. With that we mean functions dealing with the construction and testing of control sequences. Furthermore the basic parts of conditional processing are covered; conditional processing dealing with specific data types is described in the modules specific for the respective data types.

5 Predicates and conditionals

LATEX3 has three concepts for conditional flow processing:

Branching conditionals Functions that carry out a test and then execute, depending on its result, either the code supplied in the $\langle true\ arg \rangle$ or the $\langle false\ arg \rangle$. These arguments are denoted with T and F repectively. An example would be

```
\cs_if_free:cTF{abc} {\langle true\ code \rangle} {\langle false\ code \rangle}
```

a function that will turn the first argument into a control sequence (since it's marked as c) then checks whether this control sequence is still free and then depending on the result carry out the code in the second argument (true case) or in the third argument (false case).

These type of functions are known as 'conditionals'; whenever a TF function is defined it will usually be accompanied by T and F functions as well. These are provided for convenience when the branch only needs to go a single way. Package writers are free to choose which types to define but the kernel definitions will always provide all three versions.

Important to note is that these branching conditionals with $\langle true\ code \rangle$ and/or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ are always defined in a way that the code of the chosen alternative can operate on following tokens in the input stream.

These conditional functions may or may not be fully expandable, but if they are expandable they will be accompanied by a 'predicate' for the same test as described below.

Predicates 'Predicates' are functions that return a special type of boolean value which can be tested by the function \if_predicate:w or in the boolean expression parser. All functions of this type are expandable and have names that end with _p in the description part. For example,

```
\cs_if_free_p:N
```

would be a predicate function for the same type of test as the conditional described above. It would return 'true' if its argument (a single token denoted by ${\tt N}$) is still free for definition. It would be used in constructions like

```
\if_predicate:w \cs_if_free_p:N \l_tmpz_tl \langle true\ code \rangle \else: \langle false\ code \rangle \fi:
```

or in expressions utilizing the boolean logic parser:

```
\bool_if:nTF {
  \cs_if_free_p:N \l_tmpz_tl || \cs_if_free_p:N \g_tmpz_tl
} {\langle true code\rangle} {\langle false code\rangle}
```

Like their branching cousins, predicate functions ensure that all underlying primitive **\else**: or **\fi**: have been removed before returning the boolean true or false values.²

For each predicate defined, a 'predicate conditional' will also exist that behaves like a conditional described above.

Primitive conditionals There is a third variety of conditional, which is the original concept used in plain TEX and LATEX. Their use is discouraged in expl3 (although still used in low-level definitions) because they are more fragile and in many cases require more expansion control (hence more code) than the two types of conditionals described above.

5.1 Primitive conditionals

The ε -TEX engine itself provides many different conditionals. Some expand whatever comes after them and others don't. Hence the names for these underlying functions will often contain a :w part but higher level functions are often available. See for instance \intexpr_compare_p:nNn which is a wrapper for \if_num:w.

Certain conditionals deal with specific data types like boxes and fonts and are described there. The ones described below are either the universal conditionals or deal with control sequences. We will prefix primitive conditionals with \if_.

²If defined using the interface provided.

\reverse_if:N reverses any two-way primitive conditional. \else: and \fi: delimit the branches of the conditional. \or: is used in case switches, see |3intexpr for more.

TEXhackers note: These are equivalent to their corresponding TEX primitive conditionals; $\text{reverse_if:} N \text{ is } \varepsilon\text{-TEX's } \text{ unless.}$

\if_meaning:w executes $\langle true\ code \rangle$ when $\langle arg_1 \rangle$ and $\langle arg_2 \rangle$ are the same, otherwise it executes $\langle false\ code \rangle$. $\langle arg_1 \rangle$ and $\langle arg_2 \rangle$ could be functions, variables, tokens; in all cases the unexpanded definitions are compared.

TEXhackers note: This is TEX's \ifx.

These conditionals will expand any following tokens until two unexpandable tokens are left. If you wish to prevent this expansion, prefix the token in question with \exp_not:N. \if_catcode:w tests if the category codes of the two tokens are the same whereas \if:w tests if the character codes are identical. \if_charcode:w is an alternative name for \if:w.

This function takes a predicate function and branches according to the result. (In practice this function would also accept a single boolean variable in place of the $\langle predicate \rangle$ but to make the coding clearer this should be done through $\inline{if_bool:N.}$)

```
\widetilde{\mathsf{hif\_bool}:\mathbb{N}} \star \widetilde{\mathsf{hif\_bool}:\mathbb{N}} \land boolean \land delta code \land \mathsf{hise}: \land false \ code \land \mathsf{hise}: \land
```

Check if $\langle cs \rangle$ appears in the hash table or if the control sequence that can be formed from $\langle tokens \rangle$ appears in the hash table. The latter function does not turn the control sequence in question into $\scan_stop:!$ This can be useful when dealing with control sequences which cannot be entered as a single token.

```
\if_mode_horizontal: *
\if_mode_vertical: *
\if_mode_math: *
\if_mode_inner: *
\if_mode_horizontal: \langle true code \ \else: \langle false code \ \fi:
```

Execute $\langle true\ code \rangle$ if currently in horizontal mode, otherwise execute $\langle false\ code \rangle$. Similar for the other functions.

5.2 Non-primitive conditionals

```
\cs_{if}_{eq_name_p:NN} \cs_{if}_{eq_name_p:NN} \cs_{i} \cs_{2}
```

Returns 'true' if $\langle cs_1 \rangle$ and $\langle cs_2 \rangle$ are textually the same, i.e. have the same name, otherwise it returns 'false'.

```
\label{eq:cs_if_eq_p:NN *} $$ \cs_if_eq_p:NC * $$ \cs_if_eq_p:CC * $$ \cs_if_eq:NN$TF * $$ \cs_if_eq:NC$TF * $$ \cs_if_eq:CC$TF * $$ \cs_if_eq:CC$TF * $$ \cs_if_eq:CS$_2 {$$ \cs_if_eq:NN$TF $$ \cs_if_e
```

These functions check if $\langle cs_1 \rangle$ and $\langle cs_2 \rangle$ have same meaning.

Returns 'true' if $\langle cs \rangle$ is either undefined or equal to \tex_relax:D (the function that is assigned to newly created control sequences by TEX when \cs:w...\cs_end: is used). In addition to this, 'true' is only returned if $\langle cs \rangle$ does not have a signature equal to D, i.e., 'do not use' functions are not free to be redefined.

These functions check if $\langle cs \rangle$ exists, i.e., if $\langle cs \rangle$ is present in the hash table and is not the primitive \tex_relax:D.

```
\label{local_cs_if_do_not_use_p:N } $$ \cs_{if_do_not_use_p:N } \langle cs\rangle $$
```

These functions check if $\langle cs \rangle$ has the arg spec D for 'do not use'. There are no TF-type conditionals for this function as it is only used internally and not expected to be widely used. (For now, anyway.)

This function checks that $\langle cs \rangle$ is $\langle free \rangle$ according to the criteria for \cs_if_free_p:N above. If not, an error is generated.

```
\label{linear_cs:N} $$ \chk_if_exist_cs:N $$ \chk_if_exist_cs:N
```

This function checks that $\langle cs \rangle$ is defined. If it is not an error is generated.

```
\c_true_bool \c_false_bool
```

Constants that represent 'true' or 'false', respectively. Used to implement predicates.

5.3 Applications

```
\label{linear_str_if_eq_p:nn *} $$ \str_if_eq_p:nn {$\langle string_1 \rangle$} {\langle string_2 \rangle$} $$
```

Expands to 'true' if $\langle string_1 \rangle$ is the same as $\langle string_2 \rangle$, otherwise 'false'. Ignores spaces within the strings.

A variant of \str_if_eq_p:nn which has the advantage of obeying spaces in at least the second argument.

6 Control sequences

```
\cs:w * \cs:w \takens \cs_end: *
```

This is the T_EX internal way of generating a control sequence from some token list. $\langle tokens \rangle$ get expanded and must ultimately result in a sequence of characters.

TEXhackers note: These functions are the primitives \csname and \end{sname} . $\cs:w$ is considered weird because it expands tokens until it reaches $\cs_end:$.

This function shows in the console output the *meaning* of the control sequence $\langle cs \rangle$ or that created by $\langle arg \rangle$.

TEXhackers note: This is TEX's \show and associated csname version of it.

This function expands to the *meaning* of the control sequence $\langle cs \rangle$ or that created by $\langle arg \rangle$.

 T_EX hackers note: This is T_EX 's \meaning and associated csname version of it.

7 Selecting and discarding tokens from the input stream

The conditional processing cannot be implemented without being able to gobble and select which tokens to use from the input stream.

Functions that returns all of their arguments to the input stream after removing the surrounding braces around each argument.

TEXhackers note: \use:n is $\LaTeX 2\varepsilon$'s \Offirstofone/\Oiden.

```
\use:c \star \use:c \{\langle cs \rangle\}
```

Function that returns to the input stream the control sequence created from its argument. Requires two expansions before a control sequence is returned.

TEXhackers note: \use:c is $\LaTeX 2\varepsilon$'s \@nameuse.

Function that fully expands its argument before passing it to the input stream. Contents of the argument must be fully expandable.

TEXhackers note: LuaTEX provides \expanded which performs this operation in an expandable manner, but we cannot assume this behaviour on all platforms yet.

These functions gobble the tokens or brace groups from the input stream.

TEXhackers note: \use_none:n, \use_none:nnn are LATEX 2ε 's \@gobble, \@gobbletwo, and \@gobblefour.

Functions that execute the first or second argument respectively, after removing the surrounding braces. Primarily used to implement conditionals.

TeXhackers note: These are LATEX 2ε 's \Offirstoftwo and \Osecondoftwo, respectively.

Functions that pick up one of three arguments and execute them after removing the surrounding braces.

TeXhackers note: LATeX 2ε has only \Othirdofthree.

Functions that pick up one of four arguments and execute them after removing the surrounding braces.

7.1 Extending the interface

```
\label{eq:linnn} $$ \use_i_i:nnn \ (\langle arg_1 \rangle) \ (\langle arg_2 \rangle) \ (\langle arg_3 \rangle) $$
```

This function used in the expansion module reads three arguments and returns (without braces) the first and second argument while discarding the third argument.

If you wish to select multiple arguments while discarding others, use a syntax like this. Its definition is

```
\cs_set:Npn \use_i_ii:nnn #1#2#3 {#1#2}
```

7.2 Selecting tokens from delimited arguments

A different kind of function for selecting tokens from the token stream are those that use delimited arguments.

Gobbles $\langle balanced\ text \rangle$. Useful in gobbling the remainder in a list structure or terminating recursion.

Gobbles $\langle balanced\ text \rangle$ and executes $\langle arg \rangle$ afterwards. This can also be used to get the first item in a token list.

Executes $\langle arg \rangle$ after executing closing out \fi:. \use_i_after_orelse:nw can be used anywhere where \use_i_after_else:nw or \use_i_after_or:nw are used.

8 That which belongs in other modules but needs to be defined earlier

```
\exp_after:wN \star \exp_after:wN \langle token_1 \rangle \langle token_2 \rangle
Expands \langle token_2 \rangle once and then continues processing from \langle token_1 \rangle.
```

TEXhackers note: This is TEX's \expandafter.

In an expanding context, this function prevents $\langle token \rangle$ or $\langle tokens \rangle$ from expanding.

TEXhackers note: These are TEX's \noexpand and ε -TEX's \unexpanded, respectively.

```
\prg_do_nothing: *\ This is as close as we get to a null operation or no-op.
```

TeXhackers note: Definition as in IATeX's \empty but not used for the same thing.

Writes $\langle message \rangle$ to either to log or the terminal.

Internal function for calling errors in our code.

\cs_record_meaning:N Placeholder for a function to be defined by 13chk.

```
\c_minus_one \c_zero \c_sixteen Numeric constants.
```

9 Defining functions

There are two types of function definitions in LATEX3: versions that check if the function name is still unused, and versions that simply make the definition. The latter are used for internal scratch functions that get new meanings all over the place.

For each type there is an additional choice to be made: Does the function to be defined contain delimited arguments? The answer in 99% of the cases is no. For this type the programmer will know the number of arguments and in most cases use the argument signature to signal this, e.g., \foo_bar:nnn presumably takes three arguments. We therefore also provide functions that automatically detect how many arguments are required and construct the parameter text on the fly.

A definition of a new function can be done locally and globally. Currently nearly all function definitions are done locally on top level, in other words they are global but don't show it. Therefore I think it may be better to remove the local variants in the future and declare all checked function definitions global.

TEX hackers note: While TEX makes all definition functions directly available to the user LATEX3 hides them very carefully to avoid the problems with definitions that are overwritten accidentally. Many functions that are in TEX a combination of prefixes and definition functions are provided as individual functions.

A slew of functions are defined in the following sections for defining new functions. Here's a quick summary to get an idea of what's available: $\cs(g)(new/set)(protected)(nopar):(N/c)(p)(n/x)$

That stands for, respectively, the following variations:

g Global or local;

new/set Define a new function or re-define an existing one;

protected Prevent expansion of the function in x arguments;

nopar Restrict the argument(s) from containing \par;

N/c Either a control sequence or a 'csname';

p Either the a primitive T_EX argument or the number of arguments is detected from the argument signature, i.e., \foo:nnn is assumed to have three arguments #1#2#3;

 \mathbf{n}/\mathbf{x} Either an unexpanded or an expanded definition.

That adds up to 128 variations (!). However, the system is very logical and only a handful will usually be required often.

9.1 Defining new functions using primitive parameter text

```
\cs_new:Npn
\cs_new:Npx
\cs_new:cpn
\cs_new:cpx \cs_new:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \}
```

Defines a function that may contain \par tokens in the argument(s) when called. This is not allowed for normal functions.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn
\cs_new_nopar:Npx
\cs_new_nopar:cpn
\cs_new_nopar:cpx \cs_new_nopar:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle \langle \rangle \langle \langle \rangle \rangle \langle \rangle \rangle \langle \rangle \
```

Defines a new function, making sure that $\langle cs \rangle$ is unused so far. $\langle parms \rangle$ may consist of arbitrary parameter specification in TeX syntax. It is under the responsibility of the programmer to name the new function according to the rules laid out in the previous section. $\langle code \rangle$ is either passed literally or may be subject to expansion (under the x variants).

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn
\cs_new_protected:Npx
\cs_new_protected:cpn
\cs_new_protected:cpx
\cs_new_protected:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \langle \{\langle code\}
```

Defines a function that is both robust and may contain \par tokens in the argument(s) when called.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Cpn
\cs_new_protected_nopar:cpx
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Cpx
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Cpx
```

Defines a function that does not expand when inside an x type expansion.

9.2 Defining functions using primitive parameter text

Besides the function definitions that check whether or not their argument is an unused function we need function definitions that overwrite currently used definitions. The following functions are provided for this purpose.

```
\cs_set:Npn
\cs_set:Npx
\cs_set:cpn
\cs_set:cpx \cs_set:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \rangle \{\langle code \rangle \}
```

Like \cs_set_nopar:Npn but allows \par tokens in the arguments of the function being defined.

TEXhackers note: These are equivalent to TEX's \long\def and so on. These forms are recommended for low-level definitions as experience has shown that \par tokens often turn up in programming situations that wouldn't have been expected.

```
\cs_gset:Npn
\cs_gset:Npx
\cs_gset:cpn
\cs_gset:cpx
\cs_gset:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \rangle \{\code\}\}
Global variant of \cs_set:Npn.
```

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn
\cs_set_nopar:Npx
\cs_set_nopar:cpn
\cs_set_nopar:cpx
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \rangle \{\code}\}
Like \cs_new_nopar:Npn etc. but does not check the \langle cs \rangle name.
```

TEXhackers note: \cs_set_nopar:Npn is the LATEX3 name for TEX's \def and \cs_set_nopar:Npx corresponds to the primitive \edef. The \cs_set_nopar:cpn function was known in LATEX2 as \Qnamedef. \cs_set_nopar:cpx has no equivalent.

```
\cs_gset_nopar:Npn
\cs_gset_nopar:Npx
\cs_gset_nopar:cpn
\cs_gset_nopar:cpx
\cs_gset_nopar:Npn \langle cs \langle \langle parms \rangle \{\code\}\}
Like \cs_set_nopar:Npn but defines the \langle cs \globally.
```

TEXhackers note: \cs_gset_nopar: Npn and \cs_gset_nopar: Npx are TEX's \gdef and \xdef.

```
\cs_set_protected:Npn
\cs_set_protected:Npx
\cs_set_protected:cpn
\cs_set_protected:cpx
\cs_set_protected:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle \langle parms \langle \la
```

Naturally robust macro that won't expand in an x type argument. These varieties allow \par tokens in the arguments of the function being defined.

```
\cs_gset_protected:Npn
\cs_gset_protected:Npx
\cs_gset_protected:cpn
\cs_gset_protected:cpx
\cs_gset_protected:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \langle \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle \lan
```

Global versions of the above functions.

```
\cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn
\cs_set_protected_nopar:Npx
\cs_set_protected_nopar:cpn
\cs_set_protected_nopar:cpx
\cs_set_protected_nopar:cpx
```

Naturally robust macro that won't expand in an x type argument. If you want for some reason to expand it inside an x type expansion, prefix it with \exp_after:wN \prg_do_nothing:.

```
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npn
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Cpn
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:cpx
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Cpx\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npn \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle cs \langle parms \langle \langle code \rangle \rangle \langle cs \langle cs \langle \langle cs \langle \langle cs \langle \langle \langle cs \langle \langle cs \langle \langle cs \langle \langle \langle cs \langle \langle \langle cs \langle \langle \langle cs \langle \langle \langle cs \langle \langle cs \langle \langle cs \langle \langle \langle cs \langle \langle
```

Global versions of the above functions.

9.3 Undefining functions

```
\cs_undefine:N \cs_undefine:C \cs_gundefine:N \cs_gundefine:C \cs_gundefine:N \cs_gundefine:N \cs_s
```

Undefines the control sequence locally or globally. In a global context, this is useful for reclaiming a small amount of memory but shouldn't often be needed for this purpose. In a local context, this can be useful if you need to clear a definition before applying a short-term modification to something.

9.4 Copying function definitions

Gives the function $\langle cs_1 \rangle$ locally or globally the current meaning of $\langle cs_2 \rangle$. If $\langle cs_1 \rangle$ already exists then an error is called.

Gives the function $\langle cs_1 \rangle$ the current meaning of $\langle cs_2 \rangle$. Again, we may always do this globally.

These functions assign the meaning of $\langle cs_2 \rangle$ locally or globally to the function $\langle cs_1 \rangle$. Because the TeX primitive operation is being used which may have an equal sign and (a certain number of) spaces between $\langle cs_1 \rangle$ and $\langle cs_2 \rangle$ the name contains a w. (Not happy about this convention!).

 $\label{thm:lambda} \textbf{TEX} hackers \ \textbf{note:} \ \ \ \ \textbf{Let.} \ \ \textbf{NwN} \ \ is \ the \ \ \ \ \ \ \textbf{Let.} \ \ \ \textbf{Let.}$

9.5 Internal functions

```
\pref_global:D
\pref_long:D
\pref_protected:D
\pref_global:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn
```

Prefix functions that can be used in front of some definition functions (namely ...). The result of prefixing a function definition with \pref_global:D makes the definition global, \pref_long:D change the argument scanning mechanism so that it allows \par tokens in the argument of the prefixed function, and \pref_protected:D makes the definition robust in \writes etc.

None of these internal functions should be used by a programmer since the necessary combinations are all available as separate function, e.g., \cs_set:Npn is internally implemented as \pref_long:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn.

TEXhackers note: These prefixes are the primitives \global, \long, and \protected. The \outer prefix isn't used at all within LATEX3 because ... (it causes more hassle than it's worth? It's nevery proved useful in any meaningful way?)

10 The innards of a function

This function returns the name of $\langle cs \rangle$ as a sequence of letters with the escape character removed.

```
\token_to_str:N * \token_to_str:c * \token_to_str:N \langle arg\
```

This function return the name of $\langle arg \rangle$ as a sequence of letters including the escape character.

TEXhackers note: This is TEX's \string.

This function returns the type and definition of $\langle arg \rangle$ as a sequence of letters.

 T_EX hackers note: This is T_EX 's \meaning.

The name variant strips off the leading escape character and the trailing argument specification (including the colon) to return $\langle fn \rangle$. The signature variants does the same but returns the signature $\langle args \rangle$ instead.

Strips off the leading escape character, splits off the signature without the colon,

informs whether or not a colon was present and then prefixes these results with $\langle post\ process \rangle$, i.e., $\langle post\ process \rangle \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle signature \rangle\} \langle true \rangle / \langle false \rangle$. For example, \cs_get_function_name: N is nothing more than \cs_split_function: NN \\ $\langle fn \rangle$: \\\ \args \\\\ \use_i:nnn.

Returns the number of chars in $\langle args \rangle$, signifying the number of arguments that the function uses.

Other functions regarding arbitrary tokens can be found in the l3token module.

11 Grouping and scanning

```
\scan_stop: \scan_stop:
```

This function stops T_EX's scanning ahead when ending a number.

TEXhackers note: This is the TEX primitive \relax renamed.

 $\textbf{TEX} \textbf{hackers note:} \ \textbf{These are the TEX primitives } \textbf{\ begingroup and \ } \textbf{endgroup renamed}.$

Adds $\langle token \rangle$ to the list of tokens to be inserted after the current group ends (through an explicit or implicit \group_end:).

TEXhackers note: This is TEX's \aftergroup.

12 Checking the engine

This function detects if we're running a XeT_FX-based format.

```
\luatex_if_engine: \overline{TF} \star \luatex if engine: TF {\langle true code \rangle} {\langle false code \rangle}
```

This function detects if we're running a LuaTFX-based format.

```
\c_xetex_is_engine_bool \c_luatex_is_engine_bool Boolean variables used for the above functions.
```

Part IV

The **I3expan** package Controlling Expansion of Function Arguments

13 Brief overview

The functions in this module all have prefix exp.

Not all possible variations are implemented for every base function. Instead only those that are used within the LATEX3 kernel or otherwise seem to be of general interest are implemented. Consult the module description to find out which functions are actually defined. The next section explains how to define missing variants.

14 Defining new variants

The definition of variant forms for base functions may be necessary when writing new functions or when applying a kernel function in a situation that we haven't thought of before.

Internally preprocessing of arguments is done with functions from the \exp_ module. They all look alike, an example would be \exp_args:NNo. This function has three arguments, the first and the second are a single tokens the third argument gets expanded once. If \seq_gpush:No wouldn't be defined the example above could be coded in the following way:

```
\exp_args:NNo\seq_gpush:Nn
\g_file_name_stack
\l_tmpa_tl
```

In other words, the first argument to \exp_args:NNo is the base function and the other arguments are preprocessed and then passed to this base function. In the example the first argument to the base function should be a single token which is left unchanged while the second argument is expanded once. From this example we can also see how the variants are defined. They just expand into the appropriate \exp_ function followed by the desired base function, e.g.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn\seq_gpush:No{\exp_args:NNo\seq_gpush:Nn}
```

Providing variants in this way in style files is uncritical as the \cs_new_nopar:Npn function will silently accept definitions whenever the new definition is identical to an already given one. Therefore adding such definition to later releases of the kernel will not make such style files obsolete.

The steps above may be automated by using the function \cs_generate_variant:Nn, described next.

14.1 Methods for defining variants

The $\langle parent\ control\ sequence \rangle$ is first separated into the $\langle base\ name \rangle$ and $\langle original \rangle$ argument specifier. The $\langle variant \rangle$ is then used to modify this by replacing the beginning of the $\langle original \rangle$ with the $\langle variant \rangle$. Thus the $\langle variant \rangle$ must be no longer than the $\langle original \rangle$ argument specifier. This new specifier is used to create a modified function which will expand its arguments as required. So for example

```
\cs_set:Npn \foo:Nn #1#2 { code here }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \foo:Nn { c }
```

will create a new function \foo:cn which will expand its first argument into a control sequence name and pass the result to \foo:Nn. Similarly

```
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \foo:Nn { NV }
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \foo:Nn { cV }
```

would generate the functions foo:NV and foo:cV in the same way. $cs_generate_variant:Nn$ can only be applied if the $\langle parent\ control\ sequence \rangle$ is already defined. If the $\langle parent\ control\ sequence \rangle$ is protected then the new sequence will also be protected.

Internal functions

```
\cs_generate_internal_variant:n \cs_generate_internal_variant:n {\largs\}
```

Defines the appropriate $\exp \arg s: \mathbb{N} \langle args \rangle$ function, if necessary, to perform the expansion control specified by $\langle args \rangle$.

15 Introducing the variants

The available internal functions for argument expansion come in two flavours, some of them are faster then others. Therefore it is usually best to follow the following guidelines when defining new functions that are supposed to come with variant forms:

- Arguments that might need expansion should come first in the list of arguments to make processing faster.
- Arguments that should consist of single tokens should come first.
- Arguments that need full expansion (i.e., are denoted with x) should be avoided if possible as they can not be processed very fast.
- In general n, x, and o (if not in the last position) will need special processing which is not fast and not expandable, i.e., functions of this type may not work correctly in arguments that are itself subject to x expansion. Therefore it is best to use the "expandable" functions (i.e., those that contain only c, N, o or f in the last position) whenever possible.

The V type returns the value of a register, which can be one of tl, num, int, skip, dim, toks, or built-in TeX registers. The v type is the same except it first creates a control sequence out of its argument before returning the value. This recent addition to the argument specifiers may shake things up a bit as most places where o is used will be replaced by V. The documentation you are currently reading will therefore require a fair bit of re-writing.

In general, the programmer should not need to be concerned with expansion control. When simply using the content of a variable, functions with a V specifier should be used. For those referred to by (cs)name, the v specifier is available for the same purpose. Only when specific expansion steps are needed, such as when using delimited arguments, should the lower-level functions with o specifiers be employed.

The f type is so special that it deserves an example. Let's pretend we want to set \aaa equal to the control sequence stemming from turning b \l_tmpa_tl b into a control sequence. Furthermore we want to store the execution of it in a $\langle toks \rangle$ register. In this example we assume \l_tmpa_tl contains the text string lur. The straight forward approach is

```
\toks_set:No \l_tmpa_toks {\cs_set_eq:Nc \aaa {b \l_tmpa_tl b}}
```

Unfortunately this only puts \exp_args:NNc \cs_set_eq:NN \aaa {b \l_tmpa_tl b} into \l_tmpa_toks and not \cs_set_eq:NwN \aaa = \blurb as we probably wanted. Using \toks_set:Nx is not an option as that will die horribly. Instead we can do a

```
\toks_set:Nf \l_tmpa_toks {\cs_set_eq:Nc \aaa {b \l_tmpa_tl b}}
```

which puts the desired result in \l_tmpa_toks. It requires \toks_set:Nf to be defined as

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \toks_set:Nf {\exp_args:NNf \toks_set:Nn}
```

If you use this type of expansion in conditional processing then you should stick to using TF type functions only as it does not try to finish any \if... \fi: itself!

16 Manipulating the first argument

```
\exp_args:No \star\exp_args:No \langle funct \rangle \langle arg_1 \rangle \langle arg_2 \rangle \dots
```

The first argument of $\langle funct \rangle$ (i.e., $\langle arg_1 \rangle$) is expanded once, the result is surrounded by braces and passed to $\langle funct \rangle$. $\langle funct \rangle$ may have more than one argument—all others are passed unchanged.

The first argument of $\langle funct \rangle$ (i.e., $\langle arg_1 \rangle$) is expanded until only characters remain. (An internal error occurs if something else is the result of this expansion.) Then the result is turned into a control sequence and passed to $\langle funct \rangle$ as the first argument. $\langle funct \rangle$ may have more than one argument—all others are passed unchanged.

In the :cc variant, the $\langle funct \rangle$ control sequence itself is constructed (with the same process as described above) before $\langle arg_1 \rangle$ is turned into a control sequence and passed as its argument.

The first argument of $\langle funct \rangle$ (i.e., $\langle register \rangle$) is expanded to its value. By value we mean a number stored in an int or num register, the length value of a dim, skip or muskip register, the contents of a toks register or the unexpanded contents of a tl var. register. The value is passed onto $\langle funct \rangle$ in braces.

```
\exp_args:Nv \star \exp_args:Nv \langle funct \rangle {\langle register \rangle}
```

Like the V type except the register is given by a list of characters from which a control sequence name is generated.

```
\exp_args:Nx \langle funct \rangle \langle arg_1 \rangle \langle arg_2 \rangle \dots
```

The first argument of $\langle funct \rangle$ (i.e., $\langle arg_1 \rangle$) is fully expanded until only unexpandable tokens remain, the result is surrounded by braces and passed to $\langle funct \rangle$. $\langle funct \rangle$ may have more than one argument—all others are passed unchanged. As mentioned before, this type of function is relatively slow.

```
\exp_args:Nf \star \exp_args:Nf \langle funct \rangle \langle arg_1 \rangle \langle arg_2 \rangle \dots
```

The first argument of $\langle funct \rangle$ (i.e., $\langle arg_1 \rangle$) undergoes full expansion until the first unexpandable token is encountered, the result is surrounded by braces and passed to $\langle funct \rangle$. $\langle funct \rangle$ may have more than one argument—all others are passed unchanged. Beware of its special behavior as explained above.

17 Manipulating two arguments

```
\exp_args:NNx
\exp_args:Nnx
\exp_args:Ncx
\exp_args:Nox
\exp_args:Nxo
\exp_args:Nxx
\exp_args:Nxx
\exp_args:Nnx \langle funct \rangle \langle arg_2 \langle \ldots
```

The above functions all manipulate the first two arguments of $\langle funct \rangle$. They are all slow and non-expandable.

```
\exp_args:NNo *
\exp_args:NNc *
\exp_args:NNv *
\exp_args:NNV *
\exp_args:NNf *
\exp_args:Nno *
\exp_args:NnV *
\exp_args:Nnf *
\exp_args:Noo *
\exp_args:Noc *
\exp_args:Nco *
\exp_args:Ncf *
\exp_args:Ncc *
\exp_args:Nff *
\exp_args:Nfo *
\exp_args:NVV *
                     \verb|\exp_args:NNo| \langle funct \rangle | \langle arg_1 \rangle | \langle arg_2 \rangle | \dots |
```

These are the fast and expandable functions for the first two arguments.

18 Manipulating three arguments

So far not all possible functions are provided and even the selection below may be reduced in the future as far as the non-expandable functions are concerned.

```
\exp_args:NNnx
\exp_args:Nnox
\exp_args:Nnox
\exp_args:Noox
\exp_args:Ncnx
\exp_args:Nccx
\exp_args:Nccx
\exp_args:Ncnx
```

All the above functions are non-expandable.

```
\exp_args:NNNO *
\exp_args:NNNO *
\exp_args:NNno *
\exp_args:Nnno *
\exp_args:Nnnc *
\exp_args:Noo *
\exp_args:Ncc *
```

These are the fast and expandable functions for the first three arguments.

19 Preventing expansion

This function will prohibit the expansion of $\langle token \rangle$ in situation where $\langle token \rangle$ would otherwise be replaced by it definition, e.g., inside an argument that is handled by the x convention.

TEXhackers note: $\ensuremath{\text{N}}$ is the primitive $\ensuremath{\text{N}}$ renamed and $\ensuremath{\text{N}}$ is the ε -TEX primitive $\ensuremath{\text{N}}$ primitive $\ensuremath{\text{N}}$ is the primi

```
\exp_not:o 
\exp_not:f \exp_not:o {\langle token \list\}
```

Same as $\ensuremath{\texttt{vexp_not:n}}$ except $\ensuremath{\texttt{token list}}\xspace$ is expanded once for the o type and for the f type the token list is expanded until an unexpandable token is found, and the result of these expansions is then prohibited from being expanded further.

The value of $\langle register \rangle$ is retrieved and then passed on to $\langle register \rangle$ is retrieved and then passed on to $\langle register \rangle$ which will prohibit further expansion. The v type first creates a control sequence from $\langle token\ list \rangle$ but is otherwise identical to V.

```
\ensuremath{ \left[ \ensuremath{ \mbox{\sc verp_stop_f:}} \right] } \langle f \ensuremath{ \mbox{\sc expansion}} 
angle \ \dots \ \ensuremath{ \mbox{\sc verp_stop_f:}}
```

This function stops an f type expansion. An example use is one such as

```
\tl_set:Nf \l_tmpa_t1 {
   \if_case:w \l_tmpa_int
   \or: \use_i_after_orelse:nw {\exp_stop_f: \textbullet}
   \or: \use_i_after_orelse:nw {\exp_stop_f: \textendash}
   \else: \use_i_after_fi:nw {\exp_stop_f: else-item}
   \fi:
}
```

This ensures the expansion in stopped right after finishing the conditional but without expanding \textbullet etc.

T_EXhackers note: This function is a space token but it is better to distinguish this expansion stopping token from a desired space token when writing code.

20 Unbraced expansion

```
\exp_last_unbraced:Nf
\exp_last_unbraced:NV
\exp_last_unbraced:Nv
\exp_last_unbraced:NcV
\exp_last_unbraced:NNo
\exp_last_unbraced:NNV
\exp_last_unbraced:NNNo
```

There are a small number of occasions where the last argument in an expansion run must be expanded unbraced. These functions should only be used inside functions, *not* for creating variants.

Part V

The l3prg package Program control structures

21 Conditionals and logical operations

Conditional processing in LATEX3 is defined as something that performs a series of tests, possibly involving assignments and calling other functions that do not read further ahead

in the input stream. After processing the input, a *state* is returned. The typical states returned are $\langle true \rangle$ and $\langle false \rangle$ but other states are possible, say an $\langle error \rangle$ state for erroneous input, e.g., text as input in a function comparing integers.

LATEX3 has two primary forms of conditional flow processing based on these states. One type is predicate functions that turn the returned state into a boolean $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$. For example, the function $\c jiffee_p:N$ checks whether the control sequence given as its argument is free and then returns the boolean $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ values to be used in testing with $\c jffee_m:N$ or in functions to be described below. The other type is the kind of functions choosing a particular argument from the input stream based on the result of the testing as in $\c jffee_m:N$ which also takes one argument (the N) and then executes either $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ depending on the result. Important to note here is that the arguments are executed after exiting the underlying $\c jf...\$

22 Defining a set of conditional functions

```
\prg_return_true:
\prg_return_false:
These functions exit conditional processing when used in conjunction with the generating functions listed below.
```

```
\prg_set_conditional:Npnn
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn
\prg_set_protected_conditional:Nnn
\prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn
\prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn
\prg_set_eq_conditional:NNn
\prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn
\prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn
\prg_set_conditional:Npnn \langle test \langle conds \langle code \rangle \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \langle test \rangle conds \langle code \rangle \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \rangle test \rangle conds \langle code \rangle \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \rangle test \rangle conds \rangle code \rangle \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \rangle test \rangle conds \rangle code \rangle \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \rangle test \rangle code \rangle \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \rangle test \rangle code \rangle \rangle code \rangle \rangle \rangle code \rangle \rangle test \rangle code \rangle \rangle code \rangle \rangle code \rangle \rangle test \rangle code \rangle \rangle \rangle code \rangle \rangle \rangle \rangle \rangle \rangle code \rangle \rang
```

This defines a conditional $\langle base\ function \rangle$ which upon evaluation using \prg_return_true : and \prg_return_false : to finish branches, returns a state. Currently the states are either $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ although this can change as more states may be introduced, say an $\langle error \rangle$ state. $\langle conds \rangle$ is a comma separated list possibly consisting of p for denoting a predicate function returning the boolean $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ values and TF, T and F for the functions that act on the tokens following in the input stream. The :Nnn form implicitly determines the number of arguments from the function being defined whereas the :Npnn form expects a primitive parameter text.

An example can easily clarify matters here:

\prg_set_conditional:Nnn

```
\prg_set_conditional:Nnn \foo_if_bar:NN {p,TF,T} {
```

```
\if_meaning:w \l_tmpa_tl #1
  \prg_return_true:
\else:
  \if_meaning:w \l_tmpa_tl #2
  \prg_return_true:
  \else:
  \prg_return_false:
  \fi:
  \fi:
}
```

This defines the function \foo_if_bar_p:NN, \foo_if_bar:NNTF, \foo_if_bar:NNT but not \foo_if_bar:NNF (because F is missing from the \langle conds \rangle list). The return statements take care of resolving the remaining \else: and \fi: before returning the state. There must be a return statement for each branch, failing to do so will result in an error if that branch is executed.

23 The boolean data type

This section describes a boolean data type which is closely connected to conditional processing as sometimes you want to execute some code depending on the value of a switch (e.g., draft/final) and other times you perhaps want to use it as a predicate function in an \if_predicate:w test. The problem of the primitive \if_false: and \if_true: tokens is that it is not always safe to pass them around as they may interfere with scanning for termination of primitive conditional processing. Therefore, we employ two canonical booleans: \c_true_bool or \c_false_bool. Besides preventing problems as described above, it also allows us to implement a simple boolean parser supporting the logical operations And, Or, Not, etc. which can then be used on both the boolean type and predicate functions.

All conditional **\bool_** functions are expandable and expect the input to also be fully expandable (which will generally mean being constructed from predicate functions, possibly nested).

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $$ \bool_new:N \\ \bool_new:C \\ \end{tabular} $$ \bool_new:N $$ \bool_new:N $$ \end{tabular} $$ \bool_new:N $$ \bool_new
```

Define a new boolean variable. The initial value is $\langle false \rangle$. A boolean is actually just either \c_true_bool or \c_false_bool.

```
\bool_set_true:N
\bool_set_true:c
\bool_set_false:N
\bool set false:c
\bool_gset_true:N
\bool_gset_true:c
\bool_gset_false:N
\bool_gset_false:c
                       \bool_gset_false:N \ \langle bool \rangle
```

Set $\langle bool \rangle$ either $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$. We can also do this globally.

```
\bool_set_eq:NN
\bool_set_eq:Nc
\bool_set_eq:cN
\bool_set_eq:cc
\bool_gset_eq:NN
\bool_gset_eq:Nc
\bool gset eq:cN
\bool_gset_eq:cc
                      \bool_set_eq:NN \langle bool_1 \rangle \langle bool_2 \rangle
```

Set $\langle bool_1 \rangle$ equal to the value of $\langle bool_2 \rangle$.

```
\bool_if_p:N *
\bool_if:NTF *
\bool_if_p:c *
                                  \verb|\bool_if:NTF| \langle bool \rangle | \{\langle true \rangle\} | \{\langle false \rangle\}|
\verb|\bool_if:c] \underline{\mathit{TF}} \ \star
                                 \bool_if_p:N \ \langle bool \rangle
```

Test the truth value of $\langle bool \rangle$ and execute the $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ code. $\begin{cases} bool_if_p: N is \end{cases}$ a predicate function for use in \if_predicate:w tests or \bool_if:nTF-type functions described below.

```
\bool_while_do:Nn
\bool_while_do:cn
\bool_until_do:Nn
\bool_until_do:cn
\bool_do_while:Nn
\bool_do_while:cn
\bool_do_until:Nn
                           \bool_while_do: Nn \langle bool \rangle \{\langle code \rangle\}
\bool_do_until:cn
                          \bool\_until\_do: Nn \ \langle bool \rangle \ \{\langle code \rangle\}
```

The 'while' versions execute $\langle code \rangle$ as long as the boolean is true and the 'until' versions execute $\langle code \rangle$ as long as the boolean is false. The while_do functions execute the body after testing the boolean and the do while functions executes the body first and then tests the boolean.

24 Boolean expressions

As we have a boolean datatype and predicate functions returning boolean $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ values, it seems only fitting that we also provide a parser for $\langle boolean\ expressions \rangle$.

A boolean expression is an expression which given input in the form of predicate functions and boolean variables, return boolean $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$. It supports the logical operations And, Or and Not as the well-known infix operators &&, || and !. In addition to this, parentheses can be used to isolate sub-expressions. For example,

```
\intexpr_compare_p:n {1=1} &&
(
   \intexpr_compare_p:n {2=3} ||
   \intexpr_compare_p:n {4=4} ||
   \intexpr_compare_p:n {1=\error} % is skipped
) &&
!(\intexpr_compare_p:n {2=4})
```

is a valid boolean expression. Note that minimal evaluation is carried out whenever possible so that whenever a truth value cannot be changed anymore, the remainding tests within the current group are skipped.

The functions evaluate the truth value of $\langle boolean\ expression \rangle$ where each predicate is separated by && or || denoting logical 'And' and 'Or' functions. (and) denote grouping of sub-expressions while! is used to as a prefix to either negate a single expression or a group. Hence

```
\bool_if_p:n{
  \intexpr_compare_p:n {1=1} &&
  (
    \intexpr_compare_p:n {2=3} ||
    \intexpr_compare_p:n {4=4} ||
    \intexpr_compare_p:n {1=\error} % is skipped
  ) &&
  !(\intexpr_compare_p:n {2=4})
}
```

from above returns $\langle true \rangle$.

Logical operators take higher precedence the later in the predicate they appear. " $\langle x \rangle \parallel \langle y \rangle \&\& \langle z \rangle$ " is interpreted as the equivalent of " $\langle x \rangle$ OR [$\langle y \rangle$ AND $\langle z \rangle$]" (but now we have grouping you shouldn't write this sort of thing, anyway).

```
\bool_not_p:n \star \\bool_not_p:n \{\langle boolean \ expression \rangle\}
```

Longhand for writing $!(\langle boolean\ expression \rangle)$ within a boolean expression. Might not stick around.

```
\bool_xor_p:nn \star \bool_xor_p:nn {\langle boolean expression\rangle} {\langle boolean expression\rangle} {\langle boolean expression\rangle} Implements an 'exclusive or' operation between two boolean expressions. There is no infix operation for this.
```

```
\bool_set:Nn \bool_set:cn \bool_gset:Nn \bool_gset:cn \bool_gset:Nn \bool_gset:Nn \bool_set:Nn \dool\ {\doolean expression}}

Sets \langle bool\ to the logical outcome of evaluating \langle boolean expression \rangle.
```

25 Case switches

```
 \begin{array}{c} \langle \operatorname{prg\_case\_int:nnn} \ \{\langle \operatorname{integer} \ \operatorname{expr}_1 \rangle\} \ \{\langle \operatorname{code}_1 \rangle\} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \\ \{\langle \operatorname{integer} \ \operatorname{expr}_2 \rangle\} \ \{\langle \operatorname{code}_2 \rangle\} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \\ \cdot \\ \langle \operatorname{integer} \ \operatorname{expr}_n \rangle\} \ \{\langle \operatorname{code}_n \rangle\} \\ \quad \quad \quad \\ \{\langle \operatorname{integer} \ \operatorname{expr}_n \rangle\} \ \{\langle \operatorname{code}_n \rangle\} \\ \\ \{\langle \operatorname{else} \ \operatorname{case} \rangle\} \end{aligned}
```

This function evaluates the first $\langle integer\ expr \rangle$ and then compares it to the values found in the list. Thus the expression

```
\prg_case_int:nnn{2*5}{
   {5}{Small} {4+6}{Medium} {-2*10}{Negative}
}{Other}
```

evaluates first the term to look for and then tries to find this value in the list of values. If the value is found, the code on its right is executed after removing the remainder of the list. If the value is not found, the $\langle else\ case \rangle$ is executed. The example above will return "Medium".

The function is expandable and is written in such a way that f style expansion can take place cleanly, i.e., no tokens from within the function are left over.

```
 \begin{array}{c} \texttt{\prg\_case\_int:nnn} \; \{\langle \dim \; expr\rangle\} \; \{\\ \{\langle \dim \; expr_1\rangle\} \; \{\langle code_1\rangle\} \\ \{\langle \dim \; expr_2\rangle\} \; \{\langle code_2\rangle\} \\ & \cdots \\ \{\langle \dim \; expr_n\rangle\} \; \{\langle code_n\rangle\} \\ \} \; \{\langle else \; case\rangle\} \end{array}
```

This function works just like $\prg_case_int:nnn$ except it works for $\langle dim \rangle$ registers.

This function works just like $\prg_case_int:nnn$ except it compares strings. Each string is evaluated fully using x style expansion.

The function is expandable³ and is written in such a way that f style expansion can take place cleanly, i.e., no tokens from within the function are left over.

This function works just like \prg_case_int:nnn except it compares token list variables.

The function is expandable⁴ and is written in such a way that f style expansion can take place cleanly, i.e., no tokens from within the function are left over.

26 Generic loops

The 'while' versions execute the code as long as $\langle boolean \; expression \rangle$ is true and the 'until' versions execute $\langle code \rangle$ as long as $\langle boolean \; expression \rangle$ is false. The while_do functions execute the body after testing the boolean and the do_while functions executes the body first and then tests the boolean.

27 Choosing modes

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\sim$}} \mbox{$\sim$}} \mbox{$\mbox{$\sim$}} \mbox{$
```

Determines if TeX is in vertical mode or not and executes either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ accordingly.

 $^{^3}$ Provided you use pdfTeX v1.30 or later

⁴Provided you use pdfTeX v1.30 or later

```
\label{local_mode_if_horizontal_p: $\star$} $$ \mbox{ $\mod_{if_horizontal:}$ $TF $$\star$} $$ \mbox{ $\mod_{if_horizontal:}$ $TF $$ $$ $$ $\{\langle false\ code\rangle\}$ } $$
```

Determines if T_{EX} is in horizontal mode or not and executes either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ accordingly.

```
\label{local_mode_if_inner} $$\operatorname{mode_if_inner:}TF $$\times $$ \mode_if_inner:TF $$\{\langle true\ code\rangle\} $$ $$\{\langle false\ code\rangle\}$$
```

Determines if T_{EX} is in inner mode or not and executes either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ accordingly.

Determines if TeX is in math mode or not and executes either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ accordingly.

TeXhackers note: This version will choose the right branch even at the beginning of an alignment cell.

28 Alignment safe grouping and scanning

```
\scan_align_safe_stop: \scan_align_safe_stop:
```

This function gets T_EX on the right track inside an alignment cell but without destroying any kerning.

```
\group_align_safe_begin:
\group_align_safe_end:
\group_align_safe_begin: \langle ... \group_align_safe_end:
```

Encloses $\langle ... \rangle$ inside a group but is safe inside an alignment cell. See the implementation of <text> token_generic:NNTF for an application.

29 Producing n copies

There are often several different requirements for producing multiple copies of something. Sometimes one might want to produce a number of identical copies of a sequence of tokens whereas at other times the goal is to simulate a for loop as known from most real programming languages.

```
\prg_replicate:nn *\prg_replicate:nn \{\langle number \rangle\}\ \{\langle arg \rangle\}\Creates \langle number \rangle copies of \langle arg \rangle. Note that it is expandable.
```

```
\label{local_prg_stepwise_function:nnnN} $$ \operatorname{prg\_stepwise\_function:nnnN} \ {\langle start \rangle} \ {\langle step \rangle} $$
```

This function performs $\langle action \rangle$ once for each step starting at $\langle start \rangle$ and ending once $\langle end \rangle$ is passed. $\langle function \rangle$ is placed directly in front of a brace group holding the current number so it should usually be a function taking one argument.

```
\label{lem:nnnn} $$ \operatorname{prg\_stepwise\_inline:nnnn} {\langle start \rangle} {\langle action \rangle} $
```

Same as $\prg_stepwise_function:nnnN$ except here (action) is performed each time with ##1 as a placeholder for the number currently being tested. This function is not expandable and it is nestable.

```
\label{local_prg_stepwise_variable:nnnn} $$ \prg_stepwise_variable:nnnn {$\langle start \rangle$} {\langle end \rangle$} $$ $$ \end{substraint} $$ \end{substraint} $$ \prg_stepwise_variable:nnnn {$\langle start \rangle$} {\langle end \rangle$} $$
```

Same as $\prg_stepwise_inline:nnnn$ except here the current value is stored in $\langle temp\text{-}var \rangle$ and the programmer can use it in $\langle action \rangle$. This function is not expandable.

30 Sorting

\prg_quicksort:n \prg_quicksort:n { $\{\langle item_1 \rangle\}$ { $\langle item_2 \rangle\}$... { $\langle item_n \rangle\}$ } Performs a Quicksort on the token list. The comparisons are performed by the function \prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF which is up to the programmer to define. When the sorting process is over, all items are given as argument to the function \prg_quicksort_function:n which the programmer also controls.

The two functions the programmer must define before calling \prg_quicksort:n. As an example we could define

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn\prg_quicksort_function:n #1{{#1}}
\cs_set_nopar:Npn\prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF #1#2#3#4 {\intexpr_compare:nNnTF{#1}>{
```

Then the function call

```
\prg_quicksort:n {876234520}
```

would return {0}{2}{3}{4}{5}{6}{7}{8}. An alternative example where one sorts a list of words, \prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF could be defined as

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn\prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF #1#2 {
   \intexpr_compare:nNnTF{\tl_compare:nn{#1}{#2}}>\c_zero }
```

30.1 Variable type and scope

```
\prg_variable_get_scope:N \times \prg_variable_get_scope:N \langle variable
```

Returns the scope (g for global, blank otherwise) for the $\langle variable \rangle$.

Returns the type of \(\text{variable} \) (t1, int, etc.)

Part VI

The **I3quark** package "Quarks"

A special type of constants in LATEX3 are 'quarks'. These are control sequences that expand to themselves and should therefore NEVER be executed directly in the code. This would result in an endless loop!

They are meant to be used as delimiter is weird functions (for example as the stop token (i.e., \q_stop). They also permit the following ingenious trick: when you pick up a token in a temporary, and you want to know whether you have picked up a particular quark, all you have to do is compare the temporary to the quark using \if_meaning:w. A set of special quark testing functions is set up below. All the quark testing functions are expandable although the ones testing only single tokens are much faster.

By convention all constants of type quark start out with \q_{-} .

The documentation needs some updating.

31 Functions

This tests whether or not \(\text{token list} \) contains only the quark \q_no_value.

If $\langle token\ list \rangle$ to be tested is stored in a token list variable use $\quark_if_no_value:NTF$, or $\quark_if_no_value:NF$ or check the value directly with $\if_meaning:w$. All those cases are faster then $\quark_if_no_value:nTF$ so should be preferred.

TEXhackers note: But be aware of the fact that \if_meaning:w can result in an overflow of TEX's parameter stack since it leaves the corresponding \fi: on the input until the whole replacement text is processed. It is therefore better in recursions to use \quark_if_no_value:NTF as it will remove the conditional prior to processing the T or F case and so allows tail-recursion.

This is a useful test for recursive loops which typically has \q_nil as an end marker.

```
\quark_if_nil_p:n *
\quark_if_nil_p:V *
\quark_if_nil_p:o *
\quark_if_nil:n<u>TF</u> *
\quark_if_nil:V<u>TF</u> *
\quark_if_nil:o<u>TF</u> *
\quark_if_nil:o<u>TF</u> *
\quark_if_nil:o<u>TF</u> *
\quark_if_nil:nTF {\langle tokens \rangle} {\langle true code \rangle} {\langle false code \rangle}
```

This tests whether or not $\langle tokens \rangle$ is equal to the quark $\q_nil.$

This is a useful test for recursive loops which typically has \q nil as an end marker.

 $^{^5{\}rm Clarify}$ semantic of the "n" case . . . i think it is not implement according to what we originally intended /FMi

32 Recursion

This module provides a uniform interface to intercepting and terminating loops as when one is doing tail recursion. The building blocks follow below.

\q_recursion_tail This quark is appended to the data structure in question and appears as a real element there. This means it gets any list separators around it.

\q_recursion_stop This quark is added after the data structure. Its purpose is to make it possible to terminate the recursion at any point easily.

This tests whether or not $\langle list\ element \rangle$ is equal to $\q_recursion_tail$ and then exits, i.e., it gobbles the remainder of the list up to and including $\q_recursion_stop$ which must be present.

If $\langle list\ element \rangle$ is not under your complete control it is advisable to use the n. If you wish to use the N form you must ensure it is really a single token such as if you have

```
\verb|\tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { \langle \mathit{list element} \rangle } |
```

```
\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:Nn \times \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn \times \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn \times \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn \times \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:Nn \q
```

Same as \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop: N except here the second argument is executed after the recursion has been terminated.

33 Constants

\q_no_value The canonical 'missing value quark' that is returned by certain functions to denote that a requested value is not found in the data structure.

This constant is used as a marker in parameter text. This allows a scanning function to find the end of some input string.

\q_nil This constant represent the nil pointer in pointer structures.

\q_error Delimits the end of the computation for purposes of error recovery.

\q_mark Used in parameter text when we need a scanning boundary that is distinct from \q_stop.

Part VII

The l3token package A token of my appreciation...

This module deals with tokens. Now this is perhaps not the most precise description so let's try with a better description: When programming in TeX, it is often desirable to know just what a certain token is: is it a control sequence or something else. Similarly one often needs to know if a control sequence is expandable or not, a macro or a primitive, how many arguments it takes etc. Another thing of great importance (especially when it comes to document commands) is looking ahead in the token stream to see if a certain character is present and maybe even remove it or disregard other tokens while scanning. This module provides functions for both and as such will have two primary function categories: \token for anything that deals with tokens and \peek for looking ahead in the token stream.

Most of the time we will be using the term 'token' but most of the time the function we're describing can equally well by used on a control sequence as such one is one token as well.

We shall refer to list of tokens as tlists and such lists represented by a single control sequence is a 'token list variable' tl var. Functions for these two types are found in the l3tl module.

34 Character tokens

```
\char_set_catcode:nn
\char_set_catcode:w
\char_value_catcode:w
\char_show_value_catcode:n
\char_show_value_catcode:n
\char_show_value_catcode:w
\char_show_value_catcode:w
\char_show_value_catcode:n
\char_show_value_catcode:n
\char_show_value_catcode:n {\char_number\}}
\char_show_value_catcode:n {\char_number\}}
```

\char_set_catcode:nn sets the category code of a character, \char_value_catcode:n returns its value for use in integer tests and \char_show_value_catcode:n pausing the typesetting and prints the value on the terminal and in the log file. The :w form should be avoided. (Will: should we then just not mention it?)

\char_set_catcode is more usefully abstracted below.

TEXhackers note: \char_set_catcode:w is the TEX primitive \catcode renamed.

```
\char_make_escape:n
\char_make_begin_group:n
\char_make_end_group:n
\char_make_math_shift:n
\char_make_alignment:n
\char_make_end_line:n
\char_make_parameter:n
\char_make_math_superscript:n
\char_make_math_subscript:n
\char_make_ignore:n
\char_make_space:n
\char_make_letter:n
\char make other:n
\char_make_active:n
                                 \char_make_letter:n {\langle character number \rangle}
\char make comment:n
                                 \char_make_letter:n {64}
\char_make_invalid:n
                                 \char_make_letter:n {'\0}
```

Sets the catcode of the character referred to by its $\langle character number \rangle$.

```
\char_make_escape:N
\char_make_begin_group:N
\char_make_end_group:N
\char_make_math_shift:N
\char_make_alignment:N
\char make end line:N
\char_make_parameter:N
\char make math superscript:N
\char_make_math_subscript:N
\char_make_ignore:N
\char_make_space:N
\char make letter:N
\char_make_other:N
\char_make_active:N
                             \char_make_comment:N
                             \char_make_letter:N @
\char_make_invalid:N
                             \char_make_letter:N \%
```

Sets the catcode of the $\langle character \rangle$, which may have to be escaped.

TeXhackers note: $\c\$ other:N is LATEX 2ε 's $\c\$

```
\char_set_lccode:n\
\char_set_lccode:w\
\char_value_lccode:w\
\char_show_value_lccode:n\
\char_show_value_lccode:w\
\char_show_value_lccode:w\
\char_show_value_lccode:w\
\char_show_value_lccode:w\
\char_show_value_lccode:n\{\char\}\
\char_show_value_lccode:n\{\char\}\
\char_show_value_lccode:n\{\char\}\
\char_show_value_lccode:n\{\char\}\
```

Set the lower caser representation of $\langle char \rangle$ for when $\langle char \rangle$ is being converted in $\t_{to_lowercase:n}$. As above, the :w form is only for people who really, really know what they are doing.

TEXhackers note: \char_set_lccode:w is the TEX primitive \lccode renamed.

```
\label{lem:char_set_uccode:n} $$ \char_value\_uccode:n $$ \char_value\_uccode:n $$ \char_show\_value\_uccode:n $$ \char_show\_value\_uccode:n $$ \char_show\_value\_uccode:n $$ \char\_show\_value\_uccode:n $$ \char\_show\_value\_ucc
```

Set the uppercase representation of $\langle char \rangle$ for when $\langle char \rangle$ is being converted in $\t = to_uppercase:n$. As above, the :w form is only for people who really, really know what they are doing.

TEXhackers note: \char_set_uccode:w is the TEX primitive \uccode renamed.

```
\label{lem:char_set_sfcode:n} $$ \char_set_sfcode:w $$ \char_value_sfcode:w $$ \char_show_value_sfcode:n $$ \char_show_value_sfcode:w $$ \char_show_value_sfcode:w $$ \char_show_value_sfcode:w $$ \char_show_value_sfcode:n $$ \char_show_value_sfcod
```

Set the space factor for $\langle char \rangle$.

 $\label{thm:char_set_sfcode:w} \textbf{TEX} \ \text{primitive } \textbf{`sfcode} \ \text{renamed}.$

```
\char_set_mathcode:nn
\char_gset_mathcode:w
\char_yset_mathcode:w
\char_value_mathcode:w
\char_show_value_mathcode:n
\char_show_value_mathcode:n
\char_show_value_mathcode:w
\char_show_value_mathcode:w
\char_show_value_mathcode:w
\char_show_value_mathcode:w
\char_show_value_mathcode:n
```

Set the math code for $\langle char \rangle$.

TEXhackers note: \char_set_mathcode:w is the TEX primitive \mathcode renamed.

35 Generic tokens

```
\token_new:Nn \token_new:Nn \(\lambda token_1 \rangle \{\token_2 \}\)
Defines \(\lambda token_1 \rangle \token_2 \rangle \). This will be an implicit representation of \(\lambda token_2 \rangle \).
```

```
\c_group_begin_token
\c_group_end_token
\c_math_shift_token
\c_alignment_tab_token
\c_parameter_token
\c_math_superscript_token
\c_math_subscript_token
\c_space_token
\c_letter_token
\c_other_char_token
\c_active_char_token
```

Some useful constants. They have category codes 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, and 13 respectively. They are all implicit tokens.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a begin group token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is an end group token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a math shift token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is an alignment tab token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a parameter token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a math superscript token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a math subscript token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a space token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a letter token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is an other char token.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is an active char token.

Check if the meaning of two tokens are identical.

Check if the category codes of two tokens are equal. If both tokens are control sequences the test will be true.

Check if the character codes of two tokens are equal. If both tokens are control sequences the test will be true.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a macro.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a control sequence or not. This can be useful for situations where the next token in the input stream is being looked at and you want to determine what should be done to it.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is expandable or not. Note that $\langle token \rangle$ can very well be an active character.

The next set of functions here are for picking apart control sequences. Sometimes it is useful to know if a control sequence has arguments and if so, how many. Similarly its status with respect to \long or \protected is good to have. Finally it can be very useful

to know if a control sequence is of a certain type: Is this $\langle toks \rangle$ register we're trying to to something with really a $\langle toks \rangle$ register at all?

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a "long" macro.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a "protected" macro. This test does *not* return $\langle true \rangle$ if the macro is also "long", see below.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a "protected long" macro.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is defined to be a chardef.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is defined to be a mathchardef.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is defined to be an integer register.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is defined to be a dimension register.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is defined to be a skip register.

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is defined to be a toks register.

If token is a macro with definition $\cs_set:Npn\next #1#2{x'#1--#2'y}$, the prefix function will return the string \logon , the arg function returns the string #1#2 and the replacement function returns the string x'#1--#2'y. If $\langle token \rangle$ isn't a macro, these functions return the $\scan_stop:$ token.

If the arg_spec contains the string ->, then the spec function will produce incorrect results.

35.1 Useless code: because we can!

Check if $\langle token \rangle$ is a primitive. Probably not a very useful function.

36 Peeking ahead at the next token

```
\l_peek_token
\g_peek_token
\l_peek_search_token
```

Some useful variables. Initially they are set to ?.

```
\peek_after:NN \peek_after:NN \function\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger\dagg
```

Assign $\langle token \rangle$ to $\label{local_local$

sort of test on this token. Leaves $\langle token \rangle$ in the input stream. \peek_gafter:NN does this globally to the token \g_peek_token.

TeXhackers note: This is the primitive \futurelet turned into a function.

<code>\peek_meaning:NTF</code> checks (by using <code>\if_meaning:w)</code> if $\langle token \rangle$ equals the next token in the input stream and executes either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ accordingly. <code>\peek_meaning_remove:NTF</code> does the same but additionally removes the token if found. The <code>ignore_spaces</code> versions skips blank spaces before making the decision.

TEXhackers note: This is equivalent to LATEX 2ε 's \@ifnextchar.

Same as for the \peek_meaning:NTF functions above but these use \if_charcode:w to compare the tokens.

```
\label{lem:normalize} $$ \operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\operatorname{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\code}_{\
```

Same as for the \peek_meaning:NTF functions above but these use \if_catcode:w to compare the tokens.

 $\peek_token_generic:NNTF\ looks\ ahead\ and\ checks\ if\ the\ next\ token\ in\ the\ input\ stream$ is equal to $\langle token \rangle$. It uses $\langle function \rangle$ to make that decision. $\peek_token_remove_generic:NNTF\ does\ the\ same\ thing\ but\ additionally\ removes\ <math>\langle token \rangle$ from the input stream if it is found. This also works if $\langle token \rangle$ is either $\c_group_begin_token\ or\c_group_end_token$.

```
\peek_execute_branches_meaning:
\peek_execute_branches_charcode:
\peek_execute_branches_catcode:
\peek_execute_branches_meaning:
\peek_execute_branches_m
```

These functions compare the token we are searching for with the token found (after optional ignoring of specific tokens). They come in the usual three versions when TEX is comparing tokens: meaning, character code, and category code.

Part VIII

The l3int package Integers/counters

LATEX3 maintains two type of integer registers for internal use. One (associated with the name num) for low level uses in the allocation mechanism using macros only and int: the one described here.

The int type uses the built-in counter registers of T_EX and is therefore relatively fast compared to the num type and should be preferred in all cases as there is little chance we should ever run out of registers when being based on at least ε - T_EX .

37 Functions

TEXhackers note: \int_new:N is the equivalent to plain TEX's \newcount.

```
\int_incr:N
\int_gincr:N
\int_gincr:c
\int_gincr:c
\int_gincr:c
\int_incr:N
\int_gincr:N
\i
```

Increments $\langle int \rangle$ by one. For global variables the global versions should be used.

```
\int_decr:N
\int_decr:c
\int_gdecr:N
\int_gdecr:c
\int_decr:N
```

Decrements $\langle int \rangle$ by one. For global variables the global versions should be used.

```
\int_set:Nn
\int_set:cn
\int_gset:Nn
\int_gset:cn
\int_gset:nn \int_set:Nn \langle int \langle in
```

These functions will set the $\langle int \rangle$ register to the $\langle integer\ expr \rangle$ value. This value can contain simple calc-like expressions as provided by ε -T_FX.

```
\int_zero:N
\int_zero:C
\int_gzero:N
\int_gzero:C
\int_zero:N
```

These functions sets the $\langle int \rangle$ register to zero either locally or globally.

```
\int_add:Nn
\int_add:cn
\int_gadd:Nn
\int_gadd:cn
\int_gadd:nn \int_add:Nn \langle \langl
```

These functions will add to the $\langle int \rangle$ register the value $\langle integer\ expr \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle int \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

```
\int_sub:Nn
\int_sub:cn
\int_gsub:Nn
\int_gsub:cn
\int_gsub:Nn \int_gsub:Nn \int_gsub:Nn \int_gsub:Nn
```

These functions will subtract from the $\langle int \rangle$ register the value $\langle integer\ expr \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle int \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

```
\int_use:N \int_use:N \int_use:N \int_use:N \int_use:N
```

This function returns the integer value kept in $\langle int \rangle$ in a way suitable for further processing.

TeXhackers note: The function $\int_use:\mathbb{N}$ could be implemented directly as the TeX primitive $\tex_the:D$ which is also responsible to produce the values for other internal quantities. We have chosen to use individual functions for counters, dimensions etc. to allow checks and to make the code more self-explaining.

```
\int_show: N \int_show: C \int_show: N \( (int) \)
```

This function pauses the compilation and displays the integer value kept in $\langle int \rangle$ in the console output and log file.

TEXhackers note: The function $\int_{show}:N$ could be implemented directly as the TEX primitive $\tex_{showthe:D}$ which is also responsible to produce the values for other internal quantities. We have chosen to use individual functions for counters, dimensions etc. to allow checks and to make the code more self-explanatory.

38 Formatting a counter value

```
\int_to_arabic:n *
\int_to_alph:n *
\int_to_Alph:n *
\int_to_roman:n *
\int_to_Roman:n *
\int_to_symbol:n *
\int_to_alph:n {\int_to_alph:n \(\int_to_alph:n \(\int_to_alph:
```

If some $\langle integer \rangle$ or the the current value of a $\langle int \rangle$ should be displayed or typeset in a special ways (e.g., as uppercase roman numerals) these function can be used. We need braces if the argument is a simple $\langle integer \rangle$, they can be omitted in case of a $\langle int \rangle$. By default the letters produced by $\int int_{to} = n$ and $\int int_{to} = n$.

All functions are fully expandable and will therefore produce the correct output when used inside of deferred writes, etc. In case the number in an alph or Alph function is greater than the default base number (26) it follows a simple conversion rule so that 27 is turned into aa, 50 into ax and so on and so forth. These two functions can be modified quite easily to take a different base number and conversion rule so that other languages can be supported.

TEXhackers note: These are more or less the internal LATEX2 functions \@arabic, \@alph, \alph, \@roman, \@Roman, and \@fnsymbol except that \int_to_symbol:n is also allowed outside math mode.

38.1 Internal functions

catcode 12.

```
\int_to_roman:w \star \int_to_roman:w \langle integer \rangle \langle space \rangle or \langle non-expandable\ token \rangle Converts \langle integer \rangle to it lowercase roman representation. Note that it produces a string of letters with catcode 12.
```

TEXhackers note: This is the TEX primitive \romannumeral renamed.

```
\int_to_number:w \ \int_to_number:w \ \( integer \) \( integer
```

TEXhackers note: This is the TEX primitive \number renamed.

\int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn specifies how the roman numeral $\langle roman_ char \rangle$ (i, v, x, l, c, d, or m) should be interpreted when converting the number. $\langle licr \rangle$ is the lower case and $\langle LICR \rangle$ is the uppercase mapping. \int_to_roman_lcuc:NN is a recursive function converting the roman numerals.

```
\label{lem:convert_number_with_rule:nnN} $$ \inf_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}} default_{conversion_rule:n} $$ function$$ \inf_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}} default_{conversion_rule:n} $$ function$$ function$
```

\int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN converts $\langle int_1 \rangle$ into letters, symbols, whatever as defined by $\langle function \rangle$. $\langle int_2 \rangle$ denotes the base number for the conversion.

39 Variable and constants

Defines an integer constant of a certain $\langle value \rangle$. If the constant is negative or very large it internally uses an $\langle int \rangle$ register.

```
\c_minus_one
\c_zero
\c_one
\c_two
\c_three
\c_four
\c_five
\c_six
\c_seven
\c_eight
\c_nine
\c_ten
\c_eleven
\c_twelve
\c_thirteen
\c_fourteen
\c_fifteen
\c_sixteen
\c_thirty_two
\c_hundred_one
\c_twohundred_fifty_five
\c_twohundred_fifty_six
\c_thousand
\c_ten_thousand
\c_ten_thousand_one
\c_ten_thousand_two
\c_ten_thousand_three
\c_ten_thousand_four
\c_twenty_thousand
```

Set of constants denoting useful values.

TEXhackers note: Some of these constants have been available under LATEX2 under names like $\mbox{\tt M@ne}, \mbox{\tt L@ne}, \mbox{\tt Length}.$

\c_max_int \Constant that denote the maximum value which can be stored in an $\langle int \rangle$ register.

\c_max_register_int Maximum number of registers.

\l_tmpa_int
\l_tmpb_int
\l_tmpc_int
\g_tmpa_int

\\\g_\text{tmpb_int} \] Scratch register for immediate use. They are not used by conditionals or predicate functions.

40 Conversion

Converts the base 10 number $\langle number \rangle$ into its equivalent representation written in base $\langle base \rangle$. Expandable.

Converts the base $\langle base \rangle$ number $\langle number \rangle$ into its equivalent representation written in base 10. $\langle number \rangle$ can consist of digits and ascii letters. Expandable.

Part IX

The l3intexpr package Integer expressions

Calculation and comparison of integer values can be carried out using literal numbers, int registers, constants and integers stored in token list variables. The standard operators +, -, / and * and parentheses can be used within such expressions to carry arithmetic operations. This module carries out these functions on *integer expressions* ('int expr').

41 Calculating and comparing integers

```
\forall intexpr_eval: n \star \forall intexpr_eval: n \{\langle int \ expr \rangle\}
```

Evaluates an $\langle integer\ expression \rangle$, expanding to a properly terminated $\langle number \rangle$ that can be used in any situation that demands one, or which can be typeset. For example,

```
\int \int (3+4*5)
```

evaluates to -6. Two expansions are necessary to convert the $\langle expression \rangle$ into the $\langle number \rangle$ it represents. Full expansion to the $\langle number \rangle$ can be carried out using an f expansion in an expandable context or a x expansion in other cases.

Evaluates $\langle integer\ expression_1 \rangle$ and $\langle integer\ expression_2 \rangle$ as described for \intexpr_-eval:n, and then carries out a comparison of the resulting integers using C-like operators:

```
Less than < Less than or equal <= Greater than < Greater than or equal >= Equal == or = Not equal !=
```

Based on the result of the comparison either the $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ is executed. Both integer expressions are evaluated fully in the process. Note the syntax, which allows natural input in the style of

```
\intexpr_compare_p:n {5+3 != \l_tmpb_int}
```

= is available as comparator (in addition to those familiar to C users) as standard TeX practice is to compare values using a single =.

Evaluates $\langle integer\ expression_1 \rangle$ and $\langle integer\ expression_2 \rangle$ as described for \intexpr_-eval:n, then compares the two results using one of the relations =, < or >. These functions are faster than the n variants described above but do not support an extended set of relational operators.

Evaluates $\langle integer\ expression_1 \rangle$ and $\langle integer\ expression_2 \rangle$ as described for \intexpr_-eval:n, expanding to the larger or smaller of the two resulting $\langle numbers \rangle$ (for max and min, respectively).

```
\label{linear_abs:n} $$ \left(\inf expr_abs:n \right. \left(\inf expr\right)$
```

Evaluates $\langle integer\ expression \rangle$ as described for \intexpr_eval:n and expands to the absolute value of the resulting $\langle number \rangle$.

```
 \begin{array}{lll} & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &
```

Evaluates $\langle integer\ expression \rangle$ as described for \intexpr_eval:n and execute $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ depending on whether the resulting $\langle number \rangle$ is odd or even.

Evaluates $\langle integer\ expression_1 \rangle$ and $\langle integer\ expression_2 \rangle$ as described for \intexpr_-eval:n, expanding to the appropriate result of division of the resulting $\langle numbers \rangle$. The truncate function expands to the integer part of the division with the decimal simply discarded, whereas round will use the decimal part to round the integer up if appropriate. The mod function expands to the integer remainder of the division.

42 Primitive (internal) functions

Compare two integers using $\langle rel \rangle$, which must be one of =, < or > with category code 12. The \else: branch is optional.

TrXhackers note: These are both names for the TrX primitive \ifnum.

```
\if_intexpr_case:w \star \if_case:w \langle number \rangle \langle case_0 \rangle \or: \langle case_1 \rangle \or: ... \else: \langle default \rangle \fi:
```

Selects a case to execute based on the value of $\langle number \rangle$. The first case ($\langle case_0 \rangle$) is executed if $\langle number \rangle$ is 0, the second ($\langle case_1 \rangle$) if the $\langle number \rangle$ is 1, etc. The $\langle number \rangle$ may be a literal, a constant or an integer expression (e.g. using \intexpr_eval:n).

TEXhackers note: These are the TEX primitives \ifcase (with two different names depending on context) and \or.

```
\intexpr_value: w \( \sintexpr_value: w \times \times \text{tokens} \) \( \text{intexpr_value: w \( \text{tokens} \) \( \text{optional space} \) \) Expands \( \lambda \text{tokens} \rangle \) until an \( \lambda \text{integer} \rangle \) is formed. One space may be gobbled in the process.
```

 $T_{\!E\!}X hackers$ note: This is the $T_{\!E\!}X$ primitive \number.

```
\intexpr_eval:w \( \times \) \\ \intexpr_eval_end: \( \times \) \\ \intexpr_eval:w \( \lambda intexpr_eval \) \\ \intexpr_eval_end:
```

Evaluates \(\integer expression\) as described for \intexpr_eval:n. The evalution stops when an unexpandable token with category code other than 12 is read or when \intexpr_eval_end: is reached. The latter is gobbled by the scanner mechanism: \intexpr_eval_end: itself is unexpandable but used correctly the entire construct is expandable.

T_EXhackers note: This is the ε -T_EX primitive \numexpr.

```
\label{limiter} $$ \inf_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}} d: w \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) } $$ if_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}(tokens)} \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) } $$ if_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}(tokens)} \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) } $$ if_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}(tokens)} \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) } $$ if_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}(tokens)} \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) } $$ if_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}(tokens)} \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) } $$ if_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}(tokens)} \in \mathcal{V}(tokens) } $$ if_{\inf_{v \in \mathcal{V}(tok
```

TEXhackers note: This is the TEX primitive \ifodd.

In the case of the while_do version, the integer comparison is evaluated as described for \intexpr_compare_p:n, and if true execute the $\langle code \rangle$. The test and code then alternate until the result is $\langle false \rangle$. The do_while alternative first executes the $\langle code \rangle$ and then evaluates the integer comparison. In the until cases, the $\langle code \rangle$ is executed if the test is false: the loop is ended when the relation is true.

```
\intexpr_while_do:nNnn * \intexpr_until_do:nNnn * \intexpr_do_while:nNnn * \intexpr_do_until:nNnn * \intexpr_do_until:nNnn * \intexpr_while_do:nNnn \langle int expr \langle \langle int expr \rangle \langle int expr \rangle \langle int expr \rangle \langle \langle int expr \rangle \langle \langle \langle \langle int expr \rangle \langle \
```

These behave in the same manner as the preceding loops but use the relation logic described for \intexpr_compare_p:nNn.

Part X

The **I3skip** package

Dimension and skip registers

LATEX3 knows about two types of length registers for internal use: rubber lengths (skips) and rigid lengths (dims).

43 Skip registers

43.1 Functions

TEXhackers note: \skip_new:N is the equivalent to plain TEX's \newskip.

```
\skip_zero:N
\skip_gzero:N
\skip_gzero:c \skip_zero:N \skip_zero:N \skip
```

Locally or globally reset $\langle skip \rangle$ to zero. For global variables the global versions should be used.

```
\skip_set:Nn
\skip_set:cn
\skip_gset:Nn
\skip_gset:cn
\skip_set:Nn \skip_set:Nn \skip\ {\skip value\}
```

These functions will set the $\langle skip \rangle$ register to the $\langle length \rangle$ value.

```
\skip_add:Nn
\skip_gadd:Nn
\skip_gadd:cn
\skip_gadd:nn \skip_\fac{\length}}
```

These functions will add to the $\langle skip \rangle$ register the value $\langle length \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle skip \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

These functions will subtract from the $\langle skip \rangle$ register the value $\langle length \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle skip \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

```
\skip_use:N
\skip_use:C \skip_use:N \( \skip \)
```

This function returns the length value kept in $\langle skip \rangle$ in a way suitable for further processing.

TEXhackers note: The function \skip_use:N could be implemented directly as the TEX primitive \tex_the:D which is also responsible to produce the values for other internal quantities. We have chosen to use individual functions for counters, dimensions etc. to allow checks and to make the code more self-explanatory.

This function pauses the compilation and displays the length value kept in $\langle skip \rangle$ in the console output and log file.

TEXhackers note: The function \skip_show:N could be implemented directly as the TEX primitive \tex_showthe:D which is also responsible to produce the values for other internal quantities. We have chosen to use individual functions for counters, dimensions etc. to allow checks and to make the code more self-explanatory.

```
\skip_horizontal:N
\skip_horizontal:c
\skip_horizontal:n
\skip_vertical:N
\skip_vertical:c
\skip_vertical:n
\skip_horizontal:N \skip\
\skip_horizontal:n \{\length\}\}
```

The hor functions insert $\langle skip \rangle$ or $\langle length \rangle$ with the TEX primitive \hskip. The vertical variants do the same with \vskip. The n versions evaluate $\langle length \rangle$ with \skip_eval:n.

Checks if $\langle skip \rangle$ contains infinite stretch or shrink components and executes either $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$. Also works on input like 3pt plus .5in.

```
\label{lem:nnnn} $$ \skip\_split\_finite\_else\_action:nnNN } {\langle skip \rangle} $$ {\langle action \rangle} $$ $$ $$ \langle dimen_1 \rangle \ \langle dimen_2 \rangle $$
```

Checks if $\langle skip \rangle$ contains finite glue. If it does then it assigns $\langle dimen_1 \rangle$ the stretch component and $\langle dimen_2 \rangle$ the shrink component. If it contains infinite glue set $\langle dimen_1 \rangle$ and $\langle dimen_2 \rangle$ to zero and execute #2 which is usually an error or warning message of some sort.

```
\skip_eval:n * \skip_eval:n {\langle skip expr\rangle}
```

Evaluates the value of $\langle skip\; expr \rangle$ so that \skip_eval:n {5pt plus 3fil + 3pt minus 1fil} puts 8.0pt plus 3.0fil minus 1.0fil back into the input stream. Expandable.

TEXhackers note: This is the ε -TEX primitive \glueexpr turned into a function taking an argument.

43.2 Formatting a skip register value

43.3 Variable and constants

 \cckip Constant that denotes the maximum value which can be stored in a $\langle skip \rangle$ register.

\c_zero_skip | Constants denoting a zero skip.

```
\l_tmpa_skip
\l_tmpb_skip
\l_tmpc_skip
\g_tmpa_skip
```

\g_tmpb_skip | Scratch register for immediate use.

44 Dim registers

44.1 Functions

```
\dim_new:N \dim_new:N \dim_new:N \dim_new:N \dim_new:N
```

Defines $\langle dim \rangle$ to be a new variable of type dim.

 $\textbf{T}_{\!\!\!E} X hackers note: \\ \texttt{dim}_{\!\!\! new:N} \ is the equivalent to plain $T_{\!\!\!E} X's \end{med}.$

```
\dim_zero:N
\dim_zero:c
\dim_gzero:N
\dim_gzero:c
\dim_zero:N
```

Locally or globally reset $\langle dim \rangle$ to zero. For global variables the global versions should be used.

```
\dim_set:Nn
\dim_set:Nc
\dim_set:cn
\dim_gset:Nn
\dim_gset:Nc
\dim_gset:cn
\dim_gset:cn
\dim_gset:cc
\dim_gset:Nn
\dim_gset:Nn
\dim_gset:Nn
```

These functions will set the $\langle dim \rangle$ register to the $\langle dim \ value \rangle$ value.

These functions will add to the $\langle dim \rangle$ register the value $\langle length \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle dim \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

```
\dim_sub:Nn
\dim_sub:Cc
\dim_sub:cn
\dim_gsub:Nn
\dim_gsub:Cn
\dim_gsub:Nn \dim_gsub:Nn \dim\ {\length\}
```

These functions will subtract from the $\langle dim \rangle$ register the value $\langle length \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle dim \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

```
\dim_use:N \dim_use:N \dim_use:N \dim_use:N
```

This function returns the length value kept in $\langle dim \rangle$ in a way suitable for further processing.

TeXhackers note: The function \dim_use:N could be implemented directly as the TeX primitive \tex_the:D which is also responsible to produce the values for other internal quantities. We have chosen to use individual functions for counters, dimensions etc. to allow checks and to make the code more self-explanatory.

This function pauses the compilation and displays the length value kept in $\langle skip \rangle$ in the console output and log file.

We have chosen to use individual functions for counters, dimensions etc. to allow checks and to make the code more self-explanatory.

```
\begin{array}{c|c} \texttt{\dim\_eval:n} & \texttt{\dim\_eval:n} & \texttt{\dim\_eval:n} & \texttt{\dim\_expr} \\ \end{array}
```

Evaluates the value of a dimension expression so that \dim_eval:n {5pt+3pt} puts 8pt back into the input stream. Expandable.

TeXhackers note: This is the ε -TeX primitive \dimexpr turned into a function taking an argument.

```
\\if_\dim:w \\if_\dim:w \\dimen_1\\ \compare two dimensions. It is recommended to use \\dim_eval:n to correctly evaluate and terminate these numbers. \langle rel \rangle is one of <, = or > with catcode 12.
```

TEXhackers note: This is the TEX primitive \ifdim.

These functions test two dimension expressions against each other. They are both evaluated by \dim_eval:n. Note that if both expressions are normal dimension variables as in

```
\dim_compare:nNnTF \l_temp_dim < \c_zero_skip {negative}{non-negative}</pre>
```

you can safely omit the braces.

TeXhackers note: This is the TeX primitive \ifdim turned into a function.

```
\dim_while_do:nNnn \dim_until_do:nNnn \dim_do_while:nNnn \dim_do_until:nNnn \dim_while_do:nNnn \dim_expr\ \langle code\
```

\dim_while_do:nNnn tests the dimension expressions and if true performs \(\cdot code \)\) repeatedly while the test remains true. \dim_do_while:nNnn is similar but executes the body first and then performs the check, thus ensuring that the body is executed at least once. The 'until' versions are similar but continue the loop as long as the test is false.

44.2 Variable and constants

\c_zero_dim Set of constants denoting useful values.

```
\l_tmpa_dim
\l_tmpb_dim
\l_tmpc_dim
\l_tmpd_dim
\g_tmpa_dim
\g_tmpb_dim
Scratch register for immediate use.
```

45 Muskips

```
\muskip_new:N \muskip_new:N \( \lambda muskip_new:N \)
```

TEXhackers note: Defines $\langle muskip \rangle$ to be a new variable of type muskip. \muskip_new:N is the equivalent to plain TEX's \newmuskip.

```
\label{local_muskip_set:Nn} $$ \mbox{muskip\_set:Nn} \ \mbox{muskip\_set:Nn} \ \ \mbox{$\langle muskip\rangle$ } \{\mbox{$\langle muskip \ value\rangle$} \}
```

These functions will set the $\langle muskip \rangle$ register to the $\langle length \rangle$ value.

These functions will add to the $\langle muskip \rangle$ register the value $\langle length \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle muskip \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

These functions will subtract from the $\langle muskip \rangle$ register the value $\langle length \rangle$. If the second argument is a $\langle muskip \rangle$ register too, the surrounding braces can be left out.

```
\muskip_use:N \muskip_use:N \displayse:N \displayse
```

This function returns the length value kept in $\langle muskip \rangle$ in a way suitable for further processing.

TEXhackers note: See note for \dim_use:N.

This function pauses the compilation and displays the length value kept in $\langle muskip \rangle$ in the console output and log file.

Part XI

The **|3t|** package Token Lists

LATEX3 stores token lists in variables also called 'token lists'. Variables of this type get the suffix t1 and functions of this type have the prefix t1. To use a token list variable you simply call the corresponding variable.

Often you find yourself with not a token list variable but an arbitrary token list which has to undergo certain tests. We will *also* prefix these functions with t1. While token list variables are always single tokens, token lists are always surrounded by braces.

46 Functions

```
\tl_new:N
\tl_new:c
\tl_new:Nn
\tl_new:cn
\tl_new:Nx
\tl_new:Nx
\tl_new:Nn \langle tl var.\rangle \{\langle initial token list\rangle\}
```

Defines $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ globally to be a new variable to store a token list. $\langle initial \ token \ list \rangle$ is the initial value of $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. This makes it possible to assign values to a constant token list variable.

The form \tl_new:N initializes the token list variable with an empty value.

```
\label{tl_const:Nn} $$ \tilde{tl_const:Nn} \ \langle tl\ var. \rangle \ \{\langle token\ list \rangle \}$
```

Defines $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ as a global constant expanding to $\langle token \ list \rangle$. The name of the constant must be free when the constant is created.

```
\tl_use:N \tl_use:N \tl_use:N \tl_use:N \tl_use:N \tl_use:N \tau_var.\
```

Function that inserts the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ into the processing stream. Instead of $\t = \$ simply placing the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ into the input stream is also supported. $\$ complain if the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ hasn't been declared previously!

Function that pauses the compilation and displays the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ or $\langle token \ list \rangle$ on the console output and in the log file.

```
\tl_set:Nn
\tl set:Nc
\tl_set:NV
\tl_set:No
\tl_set:Nv
\tl_set:Nf
\tl_set:Nx
\tl_set:cn
\tl_set:co
\tl_set:cV
\tl_set:cx
\tl_gset:Nn
\tl_gset:Nc
\tl_gset:No
\tl_gset:NV
\tl_gset:Nv
\tl gset:Nx
\tl_gset:cn
\tl_gset:cx
               \t: Nn \langle tl \ var. \rangle \{\langle token \ list \rangle\}
```

Defines $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ to hold the token list $\langle token \ list \rangle$. Global variants of this command assign the value globally the other variants expand the $\langle token \ list \rangle$ up to a certain level before the assignment or interpret the $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a character list and form a control sequence out of it.

```
\tl_clear:N
\tl_clear:c
\tl_gclear:N
\tl_gclear:c
\tl_clear:N \langle tl var.\rangle
```

The $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ is locally or globally cleared. The **c** variants will generate a control sequence name which is then interpreted as $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ before clearing.

```
\tl_clear_new:N
\tl_clear_new:c
\tl_gclear_new:N
\tl_gclear_new:c
\tl_clear_new:N \tl_clear_new:N \tl_var.\)
```

These functions check if $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$ exists. If it does it will be cleared; if it doesn't it will be allocated.

```
\tl_put_left:Nn
\tl_put_left:NV
\tl_put_left:No
\tl_put_left:Nx
\tl_put_left:cn
\tl_put_left:cV
\tl_put_left:co
\tl_put_left:Nn \tl var.\ {\taken list\}
```

These functions will append $\langle token \ list \rangle$ to the left of $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. $\langle token \ list \rangle$ might be subject to expansion before assignment.

```
\tl_put_right:Nn
\tl_put_right:NV
\tl_put_right:No
\tl_put_right:Nx
\tl_put_right:cn
\tl_put_right:cV
\tl_put_right:co
\tl_put_right:Nn \langle tl var. \rangle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle \langle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle tl var. \rangle \langle tl var. \rangle \rangle tl var. \rangle \rangle \langle tl var. \rangle \rangle \
```

These functions append $\langle token\ list \rangle$ to the right of $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$.

These functions will append $\langle token\ list \rangle$ globally to the left of $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$.

```
\tl_gput_right:Nn
\tl_gput_right:No
\tl_gput_right:NV
\tl_gput_right:Nx
\tl_gput_right:cn
\tl_gput_right:co
\tl_gput_right:V
\tl_gput_right:Nn \langle tl var.\rangle \{\text{token list}\}
```

These functions will globally append $\langle token \ list \rangle$ to the right of $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$.

A word of warning is appropriate here: Token list variables are implemented as macros and as such currently inherit some of the peculiarities of how TEX handles #s in the argument of macros. In particular, the following actions are legal

```
\tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl{##1}
\tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl{##2}
\tl_set:No \l_tmpb_tl{\l_tmpa_tl ##3}
```

x type expansions where macros being expanded contain #s do not work and will not work until there is an \expanded primitive in the engine. If you want them to work you must double #s another level.

```
\tl_set_eq:NN
\tl_set_eq:Nc
\tl_set_eq:cN
\tl_set_eq:cc
\tl_gset_eq:NN
\tl_gset_eq:Nc
\tl_gset_eq:cN
\tl_gset_eq:cN
\tl_gset_eq:CC
\tl_gset_eq:CO
\tl_gset_eq:CC
```

Fast form for $\t = set : No \langle tl \ var. 1 \rangle \{ \langle tl \ var. 2 \rangle \}$ when $\langle tl \ var. 2 \rangle$ is known to be a variable of type t1.

```
\tl_to_str:N \tl_to_str:N \tl_to_str:N \dagger \tl_to_str:N \dagger \d
```

This function returns the token list kept in $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ as a string list with all characters catcoded to 'other'.

This function turns its argument into a string where all characters have catcode 'other'.

TeXhackers note: This is the ε -TeX primitive \detokenize.

Returns the result of re-tokenising $\langle token\ list \rangle$ with the catcode setup (and whatever other redefinitions) specified. This is useful because the catcodes of characters are 'frozen' when first tokenised; this allows their meaning to be changed even after they've been read as an argument. Also see $\t1_set_rescan:Nnn\ below$.

TeXhackers note: This is a wrapper around ε -TeX's \scantokens.

Sets $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ to the result of re-tokenising $\langle token \ list \rangle$ with the catcode setup (and whatever other redefinitions) specified.

TeXhackers note: This is a wrapper around ε -TeX's \scantokens.

47 Predicates and conditionals

```
\tl_if_empty_p:N *
\tl_if_empty_p:c *
\tl_if_empty_p:N \tl_if_empty_p:N \tl var.\
```

This predicate returns 'true' if $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ is 'empty' i.e., doesn't contain any tokens.

Execute $\langle true\ code \rangle$ if $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$ is empty and $\langle false\ code \rangle$ if it contains any tokens.

```
\tl_if_eq_p:NN *
\tl_if_eq_p:CN *
\tl_if_eq_p:CC *
\tl_if_eq_p:CC *
\tl_if_eq_p:NN \langle tl var. 1 \langle \langle tl var. 2 \langle
```

otherwise.

Predicate function which returns 'true' if the two token list variables are identical and 'false' otherwise.

```
\tl_if_eq:nN_TF *
\tl_if_eq:nV_TF *
\tl_if_eq:NTF *
\tl_if_eq:NTF *
\tl_if_eq:NTF *
\tl_if_eq:NTF *
\tl_if_eq:on_TF *
\tl_if_eq:on_TF *
\tl_if_eq:xTF *
\tl_if_eq:xx_TF *
```

Execute $\langle true\ code \rangle$ if the two token lists $\langle tlist_1 \rangle$ and $\langle tlist_2 \rangle$ are identical. These functions are expandable if a new enough version of pdfT_EX is being used.

```
\tl_if_eq_p:nn *
\tl_if_eq_p:nV *
\tl_if_eq_p:no *
\tl_if_eq_p:Vn *
\tl_if_eq_p:vV *
\tl_if_eq_p:vV *
\tl_if_eq_p:xx *
```

Predicates function which returns 'true' if the two token list are identical and 'false' otherwise. These are only defined if a new enough version of pdfTFX is in use.

```
\tl_if_empty_p:n *
\tl_if_empty_p:V *
\tl_if_empty_p:o *
\tl_if_empty:nTF
\tl_if_empty:VTF
\tl_if_empty:oTF
\tl_if_empty:oTF\tl_if_empty:nTF {\langle token list \rangle} {\langle true code \rangle} {\langle false code \rangle}
```

Execute $\langle true\ code \rangle$ if $\langle token\ list \rangle$ doesn't contain any tokens and $\langle false\ code \rangle$ otherwise.

```
\tl_if_blank_p:n *
\tl_if_blank:nTF *
\tl_if_blank_p:V *
\tl_if_blank_p:o *
\tl_if_blank:VTF *
\tl_if_blank:oTF *
\tl_if_blank:OTF *
\tl_if_blank:OTF *
```

Execute $\langle true\ code \rangle$ if $\langle token\ list \rangle$ is blank meaning that it is either empty or contains only blank spaces.

Conditional returning true if the token list or the contents of the tl var. consists of a single token only.

Note that an input of 'space' returns $\langle true \rangle$ from this function.

```
\tl_to_lowercase:n \tl_to_uppercase:n \tl_to_lowercase:n \{\langle to ken list\}
```

 $\t_{to_lowercase:n}$ converts all tokens in $\langle token \ list \rangle$ to their lower case representation. Similar for $\t_{to_lowercase:n}$.

TEXhackers note: These are the TEX primitives \lowercase and \uppercase renamed.

48 Working with the contents of token lists

Runs through all elements in a $\langle token \ list \rangle$ from left to right and places $\langle function \rangle$ in front of each element. As this function will also pick up elements in brace groups, the element is returned with braces and hence $\langle function \rangle$ should be a function with a :n suffix even though it may very well only deal with a single token.

This function uses a purely expandable loop function and will stay so as long as $\langle function \rangle$ is expandable too.

⁶But remember any number of consequtive spaces are read as a single space by TEX.

```
\label{limit} $$ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{tl_map_inline:nn} \\ \textbf{tl_map_inline:cn} \\ \textbf{tl_map_inline:cn} \\ \textbf{tl_map_inline:nn} \\ \textbf{tl_map_inline:nn}
```

Allows a syntax like $\t1_map_inline:nn {\langle token \ list \rangle} {\token_to_str:N \#1}$. This renders it non-expandable though. Remember to double the #s for each level.

Assigns $\langle temp \rangle$ to each element on $\langle token \ list \rangle$ and executes $\langle action \rangle$. As there is an assignment in this process it is not expandable.

TEXhackers note: This is the LATEX2 function \Otfor but with a more sane syntax. Also it works by tail recursion and so is faster as lists grow longer.

```
\tl_map_break: \tl_map_break:
```

For breaking out of a loop. Must not be nested inside a primitive \if structure.

Reverse the token list (or the token list in the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$) to result in $\langle token_n \rangle ... \langle token_2 \rangle \langle token_1 \rangle$. Note that spaces in this token list are gobbled in the process.

Note also that braces are lost in the process of reversing a $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. That is, $\t_set:Nn \leq tl_mpa_tl \{a\{bcd\}e\} \t_reverse:N \leq tl_mpa_tl$ will result in ebcda. This behaviour is probably more of a bug than a feature.

```
\tl_elt_count:n *
\tl_elt_count:V *
\tl_elt_count:0 *
\tl_elt_count:N *
\tl_elt_count:N \tl_elt_count:N \dark{tl var.}
```

Returns the number of elements in the token list. Brace groups encountered count as one element. Note that spaces in this token list are gobbled in the process.

49 Variables and constants

\c_job_name_tl Constant that gets the 'job name' assigned when TEX starts.

TEXhackers note: This is the new name for the primitive \jobname. It is a constant that is set by TEX and should not be overwritten by the package.

```
\c_empty_tl Constant that is always empty.
```

TEXhackers note: This was named \@empty in LATEX2 and \empty in plain TEX.

\c_space_tl A space token contained in a token list (compare this with \char_-space_token). For use where an explicit space is required.

```
\l_tmpa_tl
\l_tmpb_tl
\g_tmpa_tl
```

\g_tmpb_t1 Scratch register for immediate use. They are not used by conditionals or predicate functions. However, it is important to note that you should never rely on such scratch variables unless you fully control the code used between setting them and retrieving their value. Calling code from other modules, or worse allowing arbitrary user input to interfere might result in them not containing what you expect. In that is the case you better define your own scratch variables that are tight to your code by giving them suitable names.

\ll_tl_replace_tl Internal register used in the replace functions.

```
\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl Registers used for conditional processing if the engine doesn't support arbitrary string comparison. Not for use outside the kernel code!
```

```
\ll_kernel_tmpa_tl \ll_kernel_tmpb_tl Scratch registers reserved for other places in kernel code. Not for use outside the kernel code!
```

```
\g_tl_inline_level_int Internal register used in the inline map functions.
```

50 Searching for and replacing tokens

```
 \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline & \texttt{tl_if_in:Nn}\underline{\mathit{TF}} \\ \hline & \texttt{tl_if_in:cn}\underline{\mathit{TF}} \\ \hline & \texttt{tl_if_in:nn}\underline{\mathit{TF}} \\ \hline & \texttt{tl_if_in:Vn}\underline{\mathit{TF}} \\ \hline & \texttt{tl_if_in:on}\underline{\mathit{TF}} \\ \hline & \texttt{tl_if_in:on}\underline{\mathit{TF}} \\ \hline \\ \hline & \texttt{tl_if_in:NnTF} & \texttt{tl } var. \rangle \ \{\langle item \rangle\} \ \{\langle true \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false \ code \rangle\} \\ \hline \end{array}
```

Function that tests if $\langle item \rangle$ is in $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. Depending on the result either $\langle true \ code \rangle$ or $\langle false \ code \rangle$ is executed. Note that $\langle item \rangle$ cannot contain brace groups nor $\#_6$ tokens.

Replaces the leftmost occurrence of $\langle item_1 \rangle$ in $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$ with $\langle item_2 \rangle$ if present, otherwise the $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$ is left untouched. Note that $\langle item_1 \rangle$ cannot contain brace groups nor $\#_6$ tokens, and $\langle item_2 \rangle$ cannot contain $\#_6$ tokens.

Replaces all occurrences of $\langle item_1 \rangle$ in $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ with $\langle item_2 \rangle$. Note that $\langle item_1 \rangle$ cannot contain brace groups nor $\#_6$ tokens, and $\langle item_2 \rangle$ cannot contain $\#_6$ tokens.

```
\tl_remove_in:Nn
\tl_remove_in:cn
\tl_gremove_in:Nn
\tl_gremove_in:Cn
\tl_gremove_in:Cn
\tl_gremove_in:Cn
\tl_remove_in:Nn \langle tl var. \rangle \{\(item\rangle\)\}

Removes the leftmost occurrence of \(\langle item\rangle\) from \(\langle tl var. \rangle\) if present. Note that \(\langle item\rangle\)
```

removes the lettmost occurrence of $\langle uem \rangle$ from $\langle uvar. \rangle$ if present. Note that $\langle uem \rangle$ cannot contain brace groups nor $\#_6$ tokens.

```
\tl_remove_all_in:Nn
\tl_remove_all_in:cn
\tl_gremove_all_in:Nn
\tl_gremove_all_in:cn
\tl_gremove_all_in:n \tl_remove_all_in:Nn \langle tl var.\rangle \{\langle ttem\rangle}\}
```

Removes all occurrences of $\langle item \rangle$ from $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. Note that $\langle item \rangle$ cannot contain brace groups nor $\#_6$ tokens.

51 Heads or tails?

Here are some functions for grabbing either the head or tail of a list and perform some tests on it.

These functions return either the head or the tail from a list of tokens, thus in the above example $\tl_head:n$ would return $\langle token_1 \rangle$ and $\tl_tail:n$ would return $\langle token_2 \rangle ... \langle token_k \rangle$. $\tl_head_{iii:n}$ returns the first three tokens. The :w versions require some care as they expect the token list to be delimited by \tl_nead_{iii} .

TEXhackers note: These are the Lisp functions car and cdr but with LATEX3 names.

Returns $\langle true \rangle$ if the first token in $\langle token \ list \rangle$ is equal to $\langle token \rangle$ and $\langle false \rangle$ otherwise. The meaning version compares the two tokens with \ightharpoonup w.

Returns $\langle true \rangle$ if the first token in $\langle token | list \rangle$ is equal to $\langle token \rangle$ and $\langle false \rangle$ otherwise. The meaning version compares the two tokens with \ifloor charcode: w but it prevents expansion of them. If you want them to expand, you can use an f type expansion first (define $\tl_if_head_eq_charcode:fNTF$ or similar).

Returns $\langle true \rangle$ if the first token in $\langle token \ list \rangle$ is equal to $\langle token \rangle$ and $\langle false \rangle$ otherwise. This version uses $\ \ if_{catcode:w}$ for the test but is otherwise identical to the charcode version.

Part XII

The l3toks package Token Registers

There is a second form beside token list variables in which LATEX3 stores token lists, namely the internal TeX token registers. Functions dealing with these registers got the prefix \toks_. Unlike token list variables we have an accessing function as one can see below.

The main difference between $\langle toks \rangle$ (token registers) and $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$ (token list variable) is their behavior regarding expansion. While $\langle tl\ vars \rangle$ expand fully (i.e., until only unexpandable tokens are left) inside an argument that is subject to expansion (i.e., denoted by x) $\langle toks \rangle$'s expand always only up to one level, i.e., passing their contents without further expansion.

There are fewer restrictions on the contents of a token register over a token list variable. So while $\langle token \ list \rangle$ is used to describe the contents of both of these, bear in mind that slightly different lists of tokens are allowed in each case. The best (only?) example is that a $\langle toks \rangle$ can contain the # character (i.e., characters of catcode 6), whereas a $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ will require its input to be sanitised before that is possible.

If you're not sure which to use between a $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ or a $\langle toks \rangle$, consider what data you're trying to hold. If you're dealing with function parameters involving #, or building some sort of data structure then you probably want a $\langle toks \rangle$ (e.g., 13prop uses $\langle toks \rangle$ to store its property lists).

If you're storing ad-hoc data for later use (possibly from direct user input) then usually a $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ will be what you want.

52 Allocation and use

TEXhackers note: This is the LATEX3 allocation for what was called \newtoks in plain TEX.

```
\toks_use:N \toks_use:N \toks_use:N \toks_use:N \toks_use:N \toks
```

Accesses the contents of $\langle toks \rangle$. Contrary to token list variables $\langle toks \rangle$ can't be access simply by calling them directly.

TEXhackers note: Something like \land the $\langle toks \rangle$.

```
\toks_set:Nn
\toks_set:NV
\toks_set:Nv
\toks_set:No
\toks_set:Nx
\toks_set:Nf
\toks_set:cn
\toks_set:co
\toks_set:cv
\toks_set:cv
\toks_set:cx
\toks_set:cf
```

Defines $\langle toks \rangle$ to hold the token list $\langle token \ list \rangle$.

TEXhackers note: $\texttt{toks_set:Nn}$ could have been specified in plain TEX by $\langle toks \rangle = \{\langle token \ list \rangle\}$ but all other functions have no counterpart in plain TEX.

```
\toks_gset:Nn
\toks_gset:Nv
\toks_gset:No
\toks_gset:Nx
\toks_gset:cn
\toks_gset:cv
\toks_gset:cv
\toks_gset:cx
\toks_gset:Nn \langle toks \{\token list\}\}
```

Defines $\langle toks \rangle$ to globally hold the token list $\langle token \ list \rangle$.

Set $\langle toks_1 \rangle$ to the value of $\langle toks_2 \rangle$. Don't try to use \toks_set:Nn for this purpose if the second argument is also a token register.

The $\langle toks_1 \rangle$ globally set to the value of $\langle toks_2 \rangle$. Don't try to use \toks_gset:Nn for this purpose if the second argument is also a token register.

```
\toks_clear:N
\toks_clear:c
\toks_gclear:N
\toks_gclear:c
\toks_clear:N \toks_clear:N \toks\
```

The $\langle toks \rangle$ is locally or globally cleared.

```
\toks_use_clear:N
\toks_use_clear:c
\toks_use_gclear:N
\toks_use_gclear:c
\toks_use_clear:N \toks
```

Accesses the contents of $\langle toks \rangle$ and clears (locally or globally) it afterwards. Actually the clearing operation is done in a way that does not prohibit the access of the following tokens in the input stream with functions stored in the token register. In other words this function is not exactly the same as calling \toks_use:N $\langle toks \rangle$ \toks_clear:N $\langle toks \rangle$ in sequence.

```
\toks_show:N \toks_show:N \toks_show:N \toks
```

Displays the contents of $\langle toks \rangle$ in the terminal output and log file. # signs in the $\langle toks \rangle$ will be shown doubled.

TEXhackers note: Something like \showthe $\langle toks \rangle$.

53 Adding to the contents of token registers

```
\toks_put_left:Nn
\toks_put_left:NV
\toks_put_left:No
\toks_put_left:Nx
\toks_put_left:cn
\toks_put_left:cV
\toks_put_left:co
\toks_put_left:Nn \langle \
```

These functions will append $\langle token\ list\rangle$ to the left of $\langle toks\rangle$. Assignment is done locally. If possible append to the right since this operation is faster.

```
\toks_gput_left:Nn
\toks_gput_left:NV
\toks_gput_left:No
\toks_gput_left:Cn
\toks_gput_left:cv
\toks_gput_left:co
\toks_gput_left:co
\toks_gput_left:Nn \langle \
```

These functions will append $\langle token \ list \rangle$ to the left of $\langle toks \rangle$. Assignment is done globally. If possible append to the right since this operation is faster.

```
\toks_put_right:Nn
\toks_put_right:Nv
\toks_put_right:No
\toks_put_right:Nx
\toks_put_right:cV
\toks_put_right:cn
\toks_put_right:Co
\toks_put_right:Nn \langle toks\rangle \{\langle token \list\rangle\}\}
```

These functions will append $\langle token\ list \rangle$ to the right of $\langle toks \rangle$. Assignment is done locally.

```
\t toks\_put\_right:Nf \t toks\_put\_right:Nf \t toks \t
```

Variant of the above. :Nf is used by template.dtx and will perhaps be moved to that package.

```
\toks_gput_right:Nn
\toks_gput_right:NV
\toks_gput_right:No
\toks_gput_right:Nx
\toks_gput_right:cn
\toks_gput_right:cV
\toks_gput_right:CO
\toks_gput_right:Nn \langle toks\rangle \langle toks \langle token list\rangle \rangle
```

These functions will append $\langle token \; list \rangle$ to the right of $\langle toks \rangle$. Assignment is done globally.

54 Predicates and conditionals

Expandable test for whether $\langle toks \rangle$ is empty.

55 Variable and constants

\c_empty_toks Constant that is always empty.

```
\l_tmpa_toks
\l_tmpb_toks
\l_tmpc_toks
\g_tmpa_toks
\g_tmpb_toks
```

\g_tmpc_toks \ Scratch register for immediate use. They are not used by conditionals or predicate functions.

\\\1_\text{replace_toks}\] A placeholder for contents of functions replacing contents of strings.

Part XIII

The **I3seq** package Sequences

LATEX3 implements a data type called 'sequences'. These are special token lists that can be accessed via special function on the 'left'. Appending tokens is possible at both ends. Appended token lists can be accessed only as a union. The token lists that form the individual items of a sequence might contain any tokens except two internal functions that are used to structure sequences (see section internal functions below). It is also possible to map functions on such sequences so that they are executed for every item on the sequence.

All functions that return items from a sequence in some $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ assume that the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ is local. See remarks below if you need a global returned value.

The defined functions are not orthogonal in the sense that every possible variation possible is actually available. If you need a new variant use the expansion functions described in the package 13expan to build it.

Adding items to the left of a sequence can currently be done with either something like \seq_put_left:Nn or with a "stack" function like \seq_push:Nn which has the same effect. Maybe one should therefore remove the "left" functions totally.

56 Functions for creating/initialising sequences

```
\beg_new:N $$ \seq_new:N $$
```

```
\seq_clear:N
\seq_gclear:N
\seq_gclear:c
\seq_gclear:c
\seq_gclear:N
\seq_gclear:N
```

These functions locally or globally clear $\langle sequence \rangle$.

```
\seq_clear_new:N
\seq_gclear_new:C
\seq_gclear_new:C
\seq_gclear_new:C
\seq_clear_new:N
\seq_gclear_new:N
\seq_clear_new:N
\seq_clear_new
```

These functions locally or globally clear (sequence) if it exists or otherwise allocates it.

```
\beg_concat:NNN $$ \seq_concat:NNN $$ \seq_gconcat:NNN $$ \seq_gconcat:CCC $$ \seq_gconcat:NNN $$ \seq_1 $$ \seq_2 $$ \seq_3 $$ \seq_gconcat:NNN $$ \seq_1 $$ \seq_2 $$ \seq_3 $$
```

Function that conatenates $\langle seq_2 \rangle$ and $\langle seq_3 \rangle$ and locally or globally assigns the result to $\langle seq_1 \rangle$.

57 Adding data to sequences

```
\seq_put_left:Nn
\seq_put_left:NV
\seq_put_left:No
\seq_put_left:Nx
\seq_put_left:cn
\seq_put_left:cv
\seq_put_left:co
\seq_put_left:Nn \sequence \delta to the list
```

Locally appends $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item to the left of $\langle sequence \rangle$. $\langle token \ list \rangle$ might get expanded before appending according to the variant.

```
\seq_put_right:Nn
\seq_put_right:NV
\seq_put_right:No
\seq_put_right:Nx
\seq_put_right:cn
\seq_put_right:cV
\seq_put_right:CO
\seq_put_right:Nn \langle sequence \langle \langle token list \rangle
```

Locally appends $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item to the right of $\langle sequence \rangle$. $\langle token \ list \rangle$ might get expanded before appending according to the variant.

```
\seq_gput_left:Nn
\seq_gput_left:NV
\seq_gput_left:No
\seq_gput_left:Nx
\seq_gput_left:cn
\seq_gput_left:cV
\seq_gput_left:co \seq_gput_left:Nn \langle sequence \rangle \langle token list \rangle
```

Globally appends $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item to the left of $\langle sequence \rangle$.

```
\seq_gput_right:Nn \seq_gput_right:Nv \seq_gput_right:No \seq_gput_right:Nx \seq_gput_right:cn \seq_gput_right:cv \seq_gput_right:co \seq_gput_right:Nn \seq_gput_rig
```

58 Working with sequences

```
\seq_get:NN \seq_get:NN \seq_get:NN \seq_get:\(\lambda\)
```

Functions that locally assign the left-most item of $\langle sequence \rangle$ to the token list variable $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. Item is not removed from $\langle sequence \rangle$! If you need a global return value you need to code something like this:

```
\label{eq:seq_get:NN} $$ \langle sequence \rangle \ l_tmpa_tl $$ \tl_gset_eq:NN $$ \langle global\ tl\ var. \rangle \ l_tmpa_tl $$
```

But if this kind of construction is used often enough a separate function should be provided.

```
\label{lem:nn} $$ \seq_map\_variable:NNn $$ \
```

Every element in $\langle sequence \rangle$ is assigned to $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ and then $\langle code \ using \ tl \ var. \rangle$ is executed. The operation is not expandable which means that it can't be used within write operations etc. However, this function can be nested which the others can't.

```
\seq_map_function:NN \seq_map_function:NN \seq_map_function:NN \seq_map_function\
```

This function applies $\langle function \rangle$ (which must be a function with one argument) to every item of $\langle sequence \rangle$. $\langle function \rangle$ is not executed within a sub-group so that side effects can be achieved locally. The operation is not expandable which means that it can't be used within write operations etc.

In the current implementation the next functions are more efficient and should be preferred.

```
\beg_map_inline:Nn \\ \beg_ma
```

Applies $\langle inline\ function \rangle$ (which should be the direct coding for a function with one argument (i.e. use #1 as the place holder for this argument)) to every item of $\langle sequence \rangle$. $\langle inline\ function \rangle$ is not executed within a sub-group so that side effects can be achieved locally. The operation is not expandable which means that it can't be used within write operations etc.

```
\seq_map_break:\seq_map_break:n These functions are used to break out of a mapping function at the point of execution. (Please do not put '\q_stop' inside a \langle seq\rangle that uses these functions.)
```

```
\seq_show:N \seq_s
```

Function that pauses the compilation and displays $\langle seq \rangle$ in the terminal output and in the log file. (Usually used for diagnostic purposes.)

```
\seq_display:N \seq_display:N \seq_display:N \sequence
```

As with \seq_show: N but pretty prints the output one line per element.

```
\beg_remove\_duplicates: N $$ \seq\_gremove\_duplicates: N $$ \seq\_
```

Function that removes any duplicate entries in $\langle seq \rangle$.

59 Predicates and conditionals

```
\seq_if_empty_p:N * \seq_if_empty_p:c * \seq_if_empty_p:N \langle sequence \rangle
```

This predicate returns 'true' if $\langle sequence \rangle$ is 'empty' i.e., doesn't contain any items. Note that this is 'false' even if the $\langle sequence \rangle$ only contains a single empty item.

Set of conditionals that test whether or not a particular $\langle sequence \rangle$ is empty and if so executes either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$.

Functions that test if $\langle item \rangle$ is in $\langle sequence \rangle$. Depending on the result either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ is executed.

60 Internal functions

```
\seq_if_empty_err:N \seq_if_empty_err:N \sequence \Signals an LATEX3 error if \sequence \in is empty.
```

```
\seq_pop_aux:nnNN \\ \assign_1 \\ \assign_2 \\ \seq_pop_aux:nnNN \\ \assign_2 \\ \assign_2 \\ \assign_2 \\ \assign_1 \\ \assign_1 \\ \assign_2 \\ \assign_2 \\ \assign_2 \\ \assign_2 \\ \assign_1 \\ \assign_1 \\ \assign_2 \\ \asgign_2 \\ \
```

```
\seq_get_aux:w \seq_pop_aux:w \seq_put_aux:Nnn \seq_put_aux:w Functions used to implement put and get operations. They are not for meant for direct use.
```

\seq_elt:w \seq_elt_end: Functions (usually used as constants) that separates items within a sequence. They might get special meaning during mapping operations and are not supposed to show up as tokens within an item appended to a sequence.

61 Functions for 'Sequence Stacks'

Special sequences in IATEX3 are 'stacks' with their usual operations of 'push', 'pop', and 'top'. They are internally implemented as sequences and share some of the functions (like \seq_new:N etc.)

```
\seq_push:Nn
\seq_push:Nv
\seq_push:No
\seq_push:cn
\seq_gpush:Nv
\seq_gpush:Nv
\seq_gpush:Nv
\seq_gpush:cn
\seq_gpush:nv
\seq_gpush:cn
\seq_push:Nn \langle stack \rangle \{\text{token list}\}
```

Locally or globally pushes $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item onto the $\langle stack \rangle$.

```
\beg_{pop:NN} $$ \seq_{pop:NN} $$ \seq_{gop:NN} $$ \seq_{gop:NN} $$ \seq_{pop:NN} $$ \square_{pop:NN} $$ \seq_{pop:NN} $$ \
```

```
\seq_top:NN
```

Functions that locally assign the top item of $\langle stack \rangle$ to the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. Item is *not* removed from $\langle stack \rangle$!

Part XIV

\seq_top:cN

The l3clist package Comma separated lists

 $\scalebox{seq_top:NN} \langle stack \rangle \langle tl \ var. \rangle$

LATEX3 implements a data type called 'clist (comma-lists)'. These are special token lists that can be accessed via special function on the 'left'. Appending tokens is possible at both ends. Appended token lists can be accessed only as a union. The token lists that form the individual items of a comma-list might contain any tokens except for commas that are used to structure comma-lists (braces are need if commas are part of the value). It is also possible to map functions on such comma-lists so that they are executed for every item of the comma-list.

All functions that return items from a comma-list in some $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ assume that the $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ is local. See remarks below if you need a global returned value.

The defined functions are not orthogonal in the sense that every possible variation possible is actually available. If you need a new variant use the expansion functions described in the package 13expan to build it.

Adding items to the left of a comma-list can currently be done with either something like \clist_put_left:Nn or with a "stack" function like \clist_push:Nn which has the same effect. Maybe one should therefore remove the "left" functions totally.

62 Functions for creating/initialising comma-lists

```
\clist_clear:N
\clist_clear:c
\clist_gclear:N
\clist_gclear:c
\clist_gclear:C
\clist_clear:N \clist_clear:N
```

These functions locally or globally clear $\langle comma-list \rangle$.

```
\clist_clear_new:N
\clist_gclear_new:C
\clist_gclear_new:C
\clist_gclear_new:C
\clist_gclear_new:C
\clist_clear_new:N
\clist_gclear_new:C
\clist_clear_new:N
\clist_gclear_new:N
\cli
```

These functions locally or globally clear $\langle comma-list \rangle$ if it exists or otherwise allocates it.

Function that globally makes $\langle clist_1 \rangle$ identical to $\langle clist_2 \rangle$.

63 Putting data in

```
\clist_put_left:Nn
\clist_put_left:Nv
\clist_put_left:No
\clist_put_left:Nx
\clist_put_left:cn
\clist_put_left:co
\clist_put_left:cV
\clist_put_left:Nn \(\comma-list\) \(\delta to the n list\)
```

Locally appends $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item to the left of $\langle comma-list \rangle$. $\langle token \ list \rangle$ might get expanded before appending according to the variant used.

```
\clist_put_right:Nn
\clist_put_right:No
\clist_put_right:NV
\clist_put_right:Nx
\clist_put_right:cn
\clist_put_right:co
\clist_put_right:V
\clist_put_right:V
\clist_put_right:Nn \langle comma-list \langle \taken list \rangle
\clist_put_right:Nn \langle comma-list \rangle \taken list \rangle \taken li
```

Locally appends $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item to the right of $\langle comma-list \rangle$. $\langle token \ list \rangle$ might get expanded before appending according to the variant used.

```
\clist_gput_left:Nn
\clist_gput_left:Nv
\clist_gput_left:Nx
\clist_gput_left:cn
\clist_gput_left:cv
\clist_gput_left:co
\clist_gput_left:co
\clist_gput_left:Nn \(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum_left)\(\chickstrum
```

Globally appends $\langle token\ list \rangle$ as a single item to the right of $\langle comma\text{-}list \rangle.$

```
\clist_gput_right:Nn
\clist_gput_right:Nv
\clist_gput_right:No
\clist_gput_right:Nx
\clist_gput_right:cn
\clist_gput_right:cV
\clist_gput_right:Co
\clist_gput_right:Nn \langle comma-list \langle \text{token list} \rangle
```

Globally appends $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item to the right of $\langle comma-list \rangle$.

64 Getting data out

```
\clist_use:N \clist_use:N \clist_use:N \clist_use
```

Function that inserts the $\langle clist \rangle$ into the processing stream. Mainly useful if one knows what the $\langle clist \rangle$ contains, e.g., for displaying the content of template parameters.

```
\clist_show:N \clist_show:N \clist_show:N \clist_show:N \clist_show:N \clist
```

Function that pauses the compilation and displays $\langle clist \rangle$ in the terminal output and in the log file. (Usually used for diagnostic purposes.)

```
\clist_display: \clist_display: \clist_display: \clist_display: \lambda \clist_\display \clist \clist
```

As with \clist_show: N but pretty prints the output one line per element.

```
\clist_get:NN \clist_get:NN \clist_get:NN \clist_get:NN \clist_list \dagger \langle tl var.
```

Functions that locally assign the left-most item of $\langle comma-list \rangle$ to the token list variable $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$. Item is not removed from $\langle comma-list \rangle$! If you need a global return value you need to code something like this:

```
\label{list_get:NN comma-list} $$ \clist_get:NN (comma-list) \label{list_get_eq:NN comma-list} $$ \clist_get:NN (global\ tl\ var.) \label{list_get_eq:NN comma-list} $$
```

But if this kind of construction is used often enough a separate function should be provided.

65 Mapping functions

We provide three types of mapping functions, each with their own strengths. The $\clist_map_function:NN$ is expandable whereas $\clist_map_inline:Nn$ type uses ##1 as a placeholder for the current item in \clist . Finally we have the $\clist_map_variable:NNn$ type which uses a user-defined variable as placeholder. Both the _inline and _variable versions are nestable.

```
\clist_map_function:NN \clist_map_function:cN \clist_map_function:nN \clist_map_function:NN \clist_map_function\
```

This function applies $\langle function \rangle$ (which must be a function with one argument) to every item of $\langle comma-list \rangle$. $\langle function \rangle$ is not executed within a sub-group so that side effects can be achieved locally. The operation is expandable which means that it can be used within write operations etc.

```
\clist_map_inline:Nn \clist_map_inline:cn \clist_map_inline:nn \clint_map_inline:Nn \clint_ma
```

Applies $\langle inline\ function \rangle$ (which should be the direct coding for a function with one argument (i.e. use ##1 as the placeholder for this argument)) to every item of $\langle comma-list \rangle$. $\langle inline\ function \rangle$ is not executed within a sub-group so that side effects can be achieved locally. The operation is not expandable which means that it can't be used within write operations etc. These functions can be nested.

```
\clist_map_variable:NNn \clist_map_variable:cNn \clist_map_variable:nNn \clist_map_variable:NNn \clist_map_variable:NNn \clist_map_variable:\lambda \clint_map_variable:\lambda \clint_map_variable:\l
```

Assigns $\langle temp\text{-}var \rangle$ to each element in $\langle clist \rangle$ and then executes $\langle action \rangle$ which should contain $\langle temp\text{-}var \rangle$. As the operation performs an assignment, it is not expandable.

TEXhackers note: These functions resemble the LATEX 2ε function \Qfor but does not borrow the somewhat strange syntax.

```
\clist_map_break: \clist_map_break:
```

For breaking out of a loop. To be used inside TF type functions as in the example below.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \test_function:n #1 {
   \intexpr_compare:nTF {#1 > 3} {\clist_map_break:}{''#1''}
}
\clist_map_function:nN {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8}\test_function:n
```

This would return '1',''2',''3'.

66 Predicates and conditionals

```
\clist_if_empty_p:N
\clist_if_empty_p:c
\clist_if_empty_p:N \clist_if_empty_p:N \clist_if_empty_p:N
```

This predicate returns 'true' if $\langle comma-list \rangle$ is 'empty' i.e., doesn't contain any tokens.

Set of conditionals that test whether or not a particular $\langle comma-list \rangle$ is empty and if so executes either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$.

```
\clist_if_eq_p:NN *
\clist_if_eq_p:cN *
\clist_if_eq_p:Nc *
\clist_if_eq_p:cc *
\clist_if_eq_p:c *
\clist_if_eq_p:N \( \comma-list_1 \rangle \) \( \comma-list_2 \rangle \)
```

This predicate returns 'true' if the two comma lists are identical.

Check if $\langle comma-list_1 \rangle$ and $\langle comma-list_2 \rangle$ are equal and execute either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ accordingly.

```
\clist_if_in:NnTF
\clist_if_in:NVTF
\clist_if_in:NoTF
\clist_if_in:cnTF
\clist_if_in:cVTF
\clist_if_in:cOTF
\clist_if_in:cOTF
\clist_if_in:COTF
```

Function that tests if $\langle item \rangle$ is in $\langle comma-list \rangle$. Depending on the result either $\langle true\ code \rangle$ or $\langle false\ code \rangle$ is executed.

67 Higher level functions

```
\clist_concat:NNN
\clist_concat:ccc
\clist_gconcat:NNN
\clist_gconcat:ccc
\clist_gconcat:NNN \clist_locat(clist_1) \clist_2) \clist_3\
```

Function that concatenates $\langle clist_2 \rangle$ and $\langle clist_3 \rangle$ and locally or globally assigns the result to $\langle clist_1 \rangle$.

```
\label{list_remove_duplicates:N} $$ \clist_gremove_duplicates:N $$ \clist_gremove_duplicate
```

Function that removes any duplicate entries in $\langle clist \rangle$.

```
\clist_remove_element:Nn \clist_gremove_element:Nn \clist_gremove_element:Nn \clist\ \langle element
```

Function that removes $\langle element \rangle$ from $\langle clist \rangle$, if present.

TEXhackers note: This is similar in concept to **\@removeelement**, except that the syntax is clearer and the initial and final lists have the same name automatically.

68 Functions for 'comma-list stacks'

Special comma-lists in LATEX3 are 'stacks' with their usual operations of 'push', 'pop', and 'top'. They are internally implemented as comma-lists and share some of the functions (like \clist_new:N etc.)

```
\clist_push:Nn
\clist_push:Nv
\clist_push:No
\clist_gpush:Cn
\clist_gpush:Nv
\clist_gpush:No
\clist_gpush:Cn
\clist_gpush:No
\clist_gpush:Cn
\clist_gpush:Nn \stack \{\text{token list}\}}
```

Locally or globally pushes $\langle token \ list \rangle$ as a single item onto the $\langle stack \rangle$. $\langle token \ list \rangle$ might get expanded before the operation.

```
\clist_pop:NN
\clist_pop:cN
\clist_gpop:NN
\clist_gpop:cN
\clist_pop:NN \stack \langle tl var.\
```

Functions that assign the top item of $\langle stack \rangle$ to the token list variable $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ and removes it from $\langle stack \rangle$!

```
\clist_top:NN \clist_top:NN \clist_top:NN \\langle stack \rangle \rangle \langle tl \ var. \rangle
Functions that locally assign the top item of \langle stack \rangle \rangle \langle tl \ var. \rangle.
```

Functions that locally assign the top item of $\langle stack \rangle$ to the token list variable $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$. Item is not removed from $\langle stack \rangle$!

69 Internal functions

```
\clist_if_empty_err:N \clist_if_empty_err:N \( comma-list \)
```

Signals an \LaTeX 3 error if $\langle comma-list \rangle$ is empty.

\clist_pop_aux:nnNN \clist_pop_aux:nnNN \(assign_1\) \(assign_2\) \(comma-list\) \(dl var.\) Function that assigns the left-most item of \(comma-list\) to \(dl var.\) using \(assign_1\) and assigns the tail to \(comma-list\) using \(assign_2\). This function could be used to implement a global return function.

```
\clist_get_aux:w
\clist_pop_aux:w
\clist_pop_auxi:w
\clist_put_aux:NNnnNn
```

Functions used to implement put and get operations. They are not for meant for direct use.

Part XV

The I3prop package Property Lists

LATEX3 implements a data structure called a 'property list' which allows arbitrary information to be stored and accessed using keywords rather than numerical indexing.

A property list might contain a set of keys such as name, age, and ID, which each have individual values that can be saved and retrieved.

70 Functions

```
 \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline & prop\_new:N \\ \hline & prop\_new:C \\ \hline & prop\_new:N \\ \hline & prop\_new:N \\ \hline & prop \\ & prop \\ \hline & prop \\ & prop \\ \hline & prop \\ & prop \\ \hline & prop \\ & prop \\ \hline & prop \\ & prop \\ \hline & prop \\ & prop \\ \hline & prop \\ &
```

```
\\prop_clear:N \\prop_gclear:c \\prop_gclear:C \\prop_gclear:C \\prop_gclear:C \\prop_gclear:C \\prop_clear:N \\quad \prop_clear:N \\quad \prop \quad \chance \quad \prop \quad \chance \quad \qquad \quad \qquad \quad \quad
```

```
\prop_put:Nnn
\prop_put:NnV
\prop_put:NVn
\prop_put:NVV
\prop_put:Cnn
\prop_gput:Nnn
\prop_gput:Nno
\prop_gput:Nnv
\prop_gput:Nnx
\prop_gput:Cnn
\prop_gput:Cx
\prop_put:Nnn \prop\ {\lambda key\} {\lambda token list\}}
```

Locally or globally associates $\langle token\ list \rangle$ with $\langle key \rangle$ in the $\langle prop \rangle$ $\langle prop \rangle$. If $\langle key \rangle$ has already a meaning within $\langle prop \rangle$ this value is overwritten.

The $\langle key \rangle$ must not contain unescaped # tokens but the $\langle token \ list \rangle$ may.

```
\label{lem:nn} $$ \operatorname{prop\_gput\_if\_new:Nnn} \ \operatorname{prop\_gput\_if\_new:Nnn} \ \langle \mathit{prop} \rangle \ \{\langle \mathit{token\ list} \rangle\} $$
```

Globally associates $\langle token\ list \rangle$ with $\langle key \rangle$ in the $\langle prop \rangle$ $\langle prop \rangle$ but only if $\langle key \rangle$ has so far no meaning within $\langle prop \rangle$. Silently ignored if $\langle key \rangle$ is already set in the $\langle prop \rangle$.

```
\prop_get:NnN
\prop_get:NvN
\prop_get:cnN
\prop_get:cvN
\prop_gget:NnN
\prop_gget:NvN
\prop_gget:cnN
\prop_gget:cvN
\prop_gget:cvN
\prop_gget:cvN
\prop_gget:NnN \langle prop \{\langle key\}\} \langle tl var.\rangle
```

If $\langle info \rangle$ is the information associated with $\langle key \rangle$ in the $\langle prop \rangle$ $\langle prop \rangle$ then the token list variable $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ gets $\langle info \rangle$ assigned. Otherwise its value is the special quark q_no_value . The assignment is done either locally or globally.

```
\prop_set_eq:NN
\prop_set_eq:cN
\prop_set_eq:Cc
\prop_gset_eq:NN
\prop_gset_eq:CN
\prop_gset_eq:Nc
\prop_gset_eq:Nc
\prop_gset_eq:cc
\prop_gset_eq:cc
```

A fast assignment of $\langle prop \rangle$ s.

```
\prop_del:Nn
\prop_del:NV
\prop_gdel:NN
\prop_gdel:NV
\prop_del:Nn \prop\ {\langle key\}}
```

Locally or globally deletes $\langle key \rangle$ and its $\langle info \rangle$ from $\langle prop \rangle$ if found. Otherwise does nothing.

```
\prop_map_function:NN *
\prop_map_function:cN *
\prop_map_function:Nc *
\prop_map_function:cc *
\prop_map_function:cc *
```

Maps $\langle function \rangle$ which should be a function with two arguments $(\langle key \rangle \text{ and } \langle info \rangle)$ over every $\langle key \rangle \langle info \rangle$ pair of $\langle prop \rangle$. Property lists do not have any intrinsic "order" when stored. As a result, you should not expect any particular order to apply when using these mapping functions, even with newly-created properly lists.

```
\label{lem:non_map_inline:Nn} $$ \operatorname{prop_map_inline:Nn} \ \operatorname{prop_map_inline:Nn} \ \langle prop \rangle \ \{\langle inline \ function \rangle \} $$
```

Just like \prop_map_function:NN but with the function of two arguments supplied as inline code. Within $\langle inline\ function \rangle$ refer to the arguments via #1 ($\langle key \rangle$) and #2 ($\langle info \rangle$). Nestable. Property lists do not have any intrinsic "order" when stored. As a result, you should not expect any particular order to apply when using these mapping functions, even with newly-created properly lists.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $$ \prop_map_inline:Nn $$ \langle prop \rangle $ \{ \\ ... $$ $ \langle break \ test \rangle:T $$ \{prop_map_break:\} $ \} $ \end{tabular}
```

For breaking out of a loop. To be used inside TF-type functions as shown in the example above.

```
\prop_show:C \prop_show:N \( prop_show:N \)
```

Pauses the compilation and shows $\langle prop \rangle$ on the terminal output and in the log file.

```
\prop_display: N \prop_display: N \prop_display: N \quad \prop \prop_display: N \quad \prop \quad \qquad \quad \qqq \quad \quad \qqq \quad \quad \quad \quad \qqq \qquad \quad \quad
```

As with \prop_show: N but pretty prints the output one line per property pair.

71 Predicates and conditionals

Set of conditionals that test whether or not a particular $\langle prop \rangle$ is empty.

```
\prop_if_eq_p:NN *
\prop_if_eq_p:CN *
\prop_if_eq_p:Nc *
\prop_if_eq_p:cc *
\prop_if_eq:NNTF *
\prop_if_eq:NcTF *
\prop_if_eq:CCTF *
\prop_if_eq:ccTF *
\prop_if_eq:ccTF *
```

Execute $\langle false\ code \rangle$ if $\langle prop_1 \rangle$ doesn't hold the same token list as $\langle prop_2 \rangle$. Only expandable for new versions of pdfTeX.

```
\\prop_if_in:\NnTF \\prop_if_in:\NvTF \\prop_if_in:\NvTF \\prop_if_in:\noTF \\prop_if_in:\noTF \\prop_if_in:\ccTF \\prop_if_in:\ccTF \\prop_if_in:\ccTF \\prop_if_in:\ccTF \\prop_if_in:\not \\prop_if_in:\not \\prop \ \{\lambda ey\} \ \{\lambda fuse code\} \}

Tests if \lambda \lambda ey\ is used in \lambda prop \rangle and then either executes \lambda true code \rangle or \lambda false code\.
```

72 Internal functions

\q_prop Quark used to delimit property lists internally.

```
\prop_put_aux:w \prop_put_if_new_aux:w Internal functions implementing the put operations.
```

```
\prop_get_aux:w
\prop_gget_aux:w
\prop_get_del_aux:w
\prop_del_aux:w
```

Internal functions implementing the get and delete operations.

```
\prop_if_in_aux:w Internal function implementing the key test operation.
```

```
\prop_map_function_aux:w Internal function implementing the map operations.
```

```
\g_prop_inline_level_int Integer used in internal name for function used inside \prop_map_inline:NN.
```

Internal function that invokes $\langle cmd \rangle$ with 3 arguments: 1st is the beginning of $\langle prop \rangle$ before $\langle key \rangle$, 2nd is the value associated with $\langle key \rangle$, 3rd is the rest of $\langle prop \rangle$ after $\langle key \rangle$. If there is no key $\langle key \rangle$ in $\langle prop \rangle$, then the 2 arg is \q_no_value and the 3rd arg is empty; otherwise the 3rd argument has the two extra tokens $\langle key \rangle$ \q_no_value at the end.

This function is used to implement various get operations.

Part XVI

The l3io package Low-level file i/o

Reading and writing from file streams is handled in LATEX3 using functions with prefixes \iow_... (file reading) and \ior_... (file writing). Many of the basic functions are very similar, with reading and writing using the same syntax and function concepts. As a result, the reading and writing functions are documented together where this makes sense.

As TEX is limited to 16 input streams and 16 output streams, direct use of the streams by the programmer is not supported in LATEX3. Instead, an internal pool of streams is maintained, and these are allocated and deallocated as needed by other modules. As a result, the programmer should close streams when they are no longer needed, to release them for other processes.

Reading from or writing to a file requires a $\langle stream \rangle$ to be used. This is a csname which refers to the file being processed, and is independent of the name of the file (except of course that the file name is needed when the file is opened).

73 Opening and closing streams

```
\iow_new:N
\iow_new:c
\ior_new:N
\ior_new:C
\iow_new:N \stream\
```

Reserves the name $\langle stream \rangle$ for use in accessing a file stream. This operation does not open a raw TEX stream, which is handled internally using a pool and is should not be accessed directly by the programmer.

```
\iow_open:Nn
\iow_open:Cn
\ior_open:Nn
\ior_open:Cn
\iow_open:Nn \stream \ {\stream} \ \iow_open:Nn \stream} \ \iow_open:Nn \stream \ \stream \ \stream \ \stream \ \stream \ \stream \ \ \stream \stream \ \stream \stream \ \stream \stream \ \stream \st
```

Opens $\langle file\ name \rangle$ for writing (\iow_...) or reading (\ior_...) using $\langle stream \rangle$ as the csname by which the file is accessed. If $\langle stream \rangle$ was already open (for either writing or reading) it is closed before the new operation begins. The $\langle stream \rangle$ is available for access immediately after issuing an open instruction. The $\langle stream \rangle$ will remain allocated to $\langle file\ name \rangle$ until a close instruction is given or at the end of the T_EX run.

Opening a file for writing will clear any existing content in the file (*i.e.* writing is *not* additive). As the total number of writing streams is limited, it may well be best to save material to be written to an intermediate storage format (for example a token list or toks), and to write the material in one 'shot' from this variable. In this way the file stream is only required for a limited time.

```
\iow_close:N
\iow_close:C
\ior_close:N
\ior_close:C
\iow_close:N \stream
\ior_close:N \s
```

Closes $\langle stream \rangle$, freeing up one of the underlying TEX streams for reuse. Streams should always be closed when they are finished with as this ensures that they remain available

to other programmers (the resources here are limited). The name of the $\langle stream \rangle$ will be freed at this stage, to ensure that any further attempts to write to it result in an error.

```
\iow_open_streams:
\iow_open_streams:
\iow_open_streams:
```

Displays a list of the file names associated with each open stream: intended for tracking down problems.

73.1 Writing to files

```
\iow_now:Nx \iow_now:Nx \stream \iow_now:Nx \stream \{\stream\}
```

\iow_now:Nx immediately writes the expansion of $\langle tokens \rangle$ to the output $\langle stream \rangle$. If the $\langle stream \rangle$ is not open output goes to the terminal. The variant \iow_now:Nn writes out $\langle tokens \rangle$ without any further expansion.

 $T\!_E\!X$ hackers note: These are the equivalent of $T\!_E\!X$'s \immediate\write with and without expansion control.

```
\iow_log:n
\iow_log:x
\iow_term:n
\iow_term:x
\iow_log:x {\langle tokens \rangle}
```

These are dedicated functions which write to the log (transcript) file and the terminal, respectively. They are equivalent to using $\iow_now:N(n/x)$ to the streams $\c_iow_-log_stream$ and $\c_iow_-term_stream$. The writing takes place immediately.

Immediately write $\langle tokens \rangle$ expanded to $\langle stream \rangle$, with every space converted into a newline. This mean that the file can be read back without the danger that very long lines overflow T_EX's buffer.

```
\iow_now_when_avail:Nn
\iow_now_when_avail:cn
\iow_now_when_avail:Nx
\iow_now_when_avail:cx
\iow_now_when_avail:cx
\iow_now_when_avail:Nn \langle stream \rangle \langle \langle tokens \rangle \rangle \langle stream \rangle \langle \langle stream \rangle \langle \langle tokens \rangle \rangle \langle stream \rangle \langle stream \rangle \langle stream \rangle stream \rangle
```

```
\iow_shipout:Nx \iow_shipout:Nn \iow_shipout:Nx \langle \langle \text{tokens} \}
```

Write $\langle tokens \rangle$ to $\langle stream \rangle$ at the point at which the current page is finished. The $\langle tokens \rangle$ are either written unexpanded (\iow_shipout:Nn) or expanded only at the point that the function is used (\iow_shipout:Nx), *i.e.* no expansion takes place when writing to the file.

```
\iow_shipout_x:Nx \iow_shipout_x:Nn \iow_shipout_x:Nx \langle stream \iow_shipout_x:Nx \langle stream \int \langle stream \int
```

Write $\langle tokens \rangle$ to $\langle stream \rangle$ at the point at which the current page is finished. The $\langle tokens \rangle$ are expanded at the time of writing in addition to any expansion at the time of use of the function. This makes these functions suitable for including material finalised during the page building process (such as the page number integer).

TEXhackers note: These are the equivalent of TEX's \write with and without expansion control at point of use.

```
\iow_newline: * \iow_newline:
```

Function to add a new line within the $\langle tokens \rangle$ written to a file. The function has no effect if writing is taking place without expansion (e.g. in a \iow_now:Nn call).

Inserts $\langle char \rangle$ into the output stream. Useful when trying to write difficult characters such as %, $\{$, $\}$, etc. in messages, for example:

```
\iow_now:Nx \g_my_stream { \iow_char:N \{ text \iow_char:N \} }
```

The function has no effect if writing is taking place without expansion (e.g. in a \iow_-now:Nn call).

73.2 Reading from files

```
\ior_to:NN \ior_gto:NN \ior_to:NN \stream \tank \tank token list variable \
```

Functions that reads one or more lines (until an equal number of left and right braces

are found) from the input stream (stream) and places the result locally or globally into the $\langle token\ list\ variable \rangle$. If $\langle stream \rangle$ is not open, input is requested from the terminal.

```
\ior_if_eof_p:N *
\label{local_interpolation} $$  \ior_if_eof:NTF \ \langle stream \rangle \ \{\langle true \ code \rangle\} \ \{\langle false \ code \rangle\} $$
```

Tests if the end of a $\langle stream \rangle$ has been reached during a reading operation. The test will also return a true value if the $\langle stream \rangle$ is not open or the $\langle file\ name \rangle$ associated with a $\langle stream \rangle$ does not exist at all.

74 Internal functions

```
\iow_raw_new:N
\iow_raw_new:c
\ior_raw_new:N
\ior_raw_new:c \iow_raw_new:N \langle stream \rangle
```

Creates a new low-level (stream) for use in subsequent functions. As allocations are made using a pool do not use this function!

TEXhackers note: This is LATEX 2ε 's \newwrite.

```
Tests if the end of \langle stream \rangle has been reached during a reading operation.
```

TEXhackers note: This is the primitive \ifeof.

Variables and constants 75

\c_io_streams_tl A list of the positions available for stream allocation (numbers 0 to 15).

```
\c_iow_term_stream
\c_ior_term_stream
\c_iow_log_stream
\c_ior_log_stream
```

Fixed stream numbers for accessing to the log and the terminal.

The reading and writing values are the same but are provided so that the meaning is clear.

```
\g_iow_streams_prop
\g_ior_streams_prop
Allocation records for streams, linking the stream number to
the current name being used for that stream.
```

```
\g_iow_tmp_stream \g_ior_tmp_stream Used when creating new streams at the T<sub>E</sub>X level.
```

```
\l_iow_stream_int \l_ior_stream_int \l_Number of stream currently being allocated.
```

Part XVII

The l3msg package Communicating with the user

Messages need to be passed to the user by modules, either when errors occur or to indicate how the code is proceeding. The I3msg module provides a consistent method for doing this (as opposed to writing directly to the terminal or log).

The system used by l3msg to create messages divides the process into two distinct parts. Named messages are created in the first part of the process; at this stage, no decision is made about the type output that the message will produce. The second part of the process is actually producing a message. At this stage a choice of message *class* has to be made, for example error, warning or info.

By separating out the creation and use of messages, several benefits are available. First, the messages can be altered later without needing details of where they are used in the code. This makes it possible to alter the language used, the detail level and so on. Secondly, the output which results from a given message can be altered. This can be done on a message class, module or message name basis. In this way, message behaviour can be altered and messages can be entirely suppressed.

76 Creating new messages

All messages have to be created before they can be used. Inside the message text, spaces are not ignored. A space where TEX would normally gobble one can be created using \backslash , and a new line with $\backslash \backslash$. New lines may have 'continuation' text added by the output system.

```
\beg_new:nnn $$ \msg_new:nnn $$ \msg_set:nnn $$ \msg_new:nnn {$\langle module \rangle$} {\langle message \rangle$} {\langle text \rangle$} $$ $$ \msg_new:nnn {$\langle module \rangle$} {\langle more\ text \rangle$} $$
```

Creates new $\langle message \rangle$ for $\langle module \rangle$ to produce $\langle text \rangle$ initially and $\langle more\ text \rangle$ if requested by the user. $\langle text \rangle$ and $\langle more\ text \rangle$ can use up to four macro parameters (#1 to #4), which are supplied by the message system. At the point where $\langle message \rangle$ is printed, the material supplied for #1 to #4 will be subject to an x-type expansion.

An error will be raised by the new functions if the message already exists: the set functions do not carry any checking. For messages defined using $\mbox{msg_new:nnn}$ or $\mbox{msg_-set:nnn}$ LaTeX3 will supply a standard $\mbox{more text}$ at the point the message is used, if this is required.

77 Message classes

Creating message output requires the message to be given a class.

```
\label{local_msg_class_new:nn} $$ \msg_class_new:nn {$\langle class \rangle$} {\langle code \rangle$} $$
```

Creates new $\langle class \rangle$ to output a message, using $\langle code \rangle$ to process the message text. The $\langle class \rangle$ should be a text value, while the $\langle code \rangle$ may be any arbitrary material.

The module defines several common message classes. The following describes the standard behaviour of each class if no redirection of the class or message is active. In all cases, the message may be issued supplying 0 to 4 arguments. The code will ensure that there an no errors if the number of arguments supplied here does not match the number in the definition of the message (although of course the sense of the message may be impaired).

```
\msg_fatal:nnxxx
\msg_fatal:nnxx
\msg_fatal:nnx
\msg_fatal:nnx
\msg_fatal:nn
\msg_fatal:nnxxxx {\(module\)} {\(arg one\)} {\(arg two\)} {\(arg three\)} {\(arg four\)}
```

Issues $\langle module \rangle$ error message $\langle name \rangle$, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions. After issuing a fatal error the TEX run will halt.

```
\msg_error:nnxxx
\msg_error:nnxx
\msg_error:nnx
\msg_error:nn
\msg_error:nn
\msg_error:nn
\msg_error:nnxxxx {\(module\)} {\(arg one\)} {\(arg four\)}
```

Issues $\langle module \rangle$ error message $\langle name \rangle$, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions.

TeXhackers note: The standard output here is similar to \PackageError.

```
\msg_warning:nnxxx
\msg_warning:nnxx
\msg_warning:nnx
\msg_warning:nnx
\msg_warning:nn \msg_warning:nnxxxx {\(module\)} {\(arg one\)} {\(arg four\)}
```

Prints $\langle module \rangle$ message $\langle name \rangle$ to the terminal, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions.

TEXhackers note: The standard output here is similar to \PackageWarningNoLine.

```
\beg_info:nnxxx $$\msg_info:nnxx$ $$\msg_info:nnxx$ $$\msg_info:nnx$ $$\msg_info:nnx$ $$\msg_info:nnx$ $$\msg_info:nnx$ $$\msg_info:nnx$ $$\msg_info:nnx$ $$\msg_info:nnx$ $$\msg_info:nnxxx$ {$\module$} {\arg\ two$} {\arg\ four$} $$\module$ $\module$ $\module$ $$\module$ $\module$ $$\module$ $\module$ $\module
```

TEXhackers note: The standard output here is similar to \PackageInfoNoLine.

creating functions.

Prints $\langle module \rangle$ message $\langle name \rangle$ to the log, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions. No continuation text is added.

```
\msg_trace:nnxxx
\msg_trace:nnxx
\msg_trace:nnx
\msg_trace:nnx
\msg_trace:nn
\msg_trace:nn
\msg_trace:nnxxxx {\(module\)} {\(arg one\)} {\(arg four\)}
```

Prints $\langle module \rangle$ message $\langle name \rangle$ to the log, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions. No continuation text is added.

Does nothing: used for redirecting other message classes. Gobbles arguments given.

78 Redirecting messages

```
\verb|\msg_redirect_class:nn| \\ |\msg_redirect_class:nn| \\ |\msg_redirect_cla
```

Changes the behaviour of messages of $\langle class\ one \rangle$ so that they are processed using the code for those of $\langle class\ two \rangle$. Multiple redirections are possible. Redirection to a missing class or infinite loops will raise errors when the messages are used, rather than at the point of redirection.

```
\label{local_module:nnn} $$\max_{e} : nnn {\langle module \rangle} {\langle class\ one \rangle} = {\langle class\ two \rangle} $$
```

Redirects message of $\langle class\ one \rangle$ for $\langle module \rangle$ to act as though they were from $\langle class\ two \rangle$. Messages of $\langle class\ one \rangle$ from sources other than $\langle module \rangle$ are not affected by this redirection.

TEXhackers note: This function can be used to make some messages 'silent' by default. For example, all of the trace messages of $\langle module \rangle$ could be turned off with:

```
\msg_redirect_module:nnn { module } { trace } { none }
```

```
\label{local_msg_redirect_name:nnn} $$ \msg_redirect_name:nnn {$\langle module \rangle$} {\langle message \rangle} {\langle class \rangle$}
```

Redirects a specific $\langle message \rangle$ from a specific $\langle module \rangle$ to act as a member of $\langle class \rangle$ of messages.

TeXhackers note: This function can be used to make a selected message 'silent' without changing global parameters:

```
\msg_redirect_name:nnn { module } { annoying-message } { none }
```

79 Support functions for output

```
\msg_line_context: \msg_line_context:
```

Prints the text specified in \c_msg_on_line_tl followed by the current line in the current input file.

TEXhackers note: This is similar to the text added to messages by LATEX 2ε 's \PackageWarning and \PackageInfo.

```
\msg_line_number: \msg_line_number:
```

Prints the current line number in the current input file.

```
\msg_newline:
\msg_two_newlines:
\msg_newline:
```

Print one or two newlines with no continuation information.

80 Low-level functions

The low-level functions do not make assumptions about module names. The output functions here produce messages directly, and do not respond to redirection.

```
\msg_generic_new:nnn
\msg_generic_new:nn
\msg_generic_set:nn
\msg_generic_set:nn
\msg_generic_new:nnn {\( name \) \} \{\( text \) \} \}
```

Creates new message $\langle name \rangle$ to produce $\langle text \rangle$ initially and $\langle more\ text \rangle$ if requested by the user. $\langle text \rangle$ and $\langle more\ text \rangle$ can use up to four macro parameters (#1 to #4), which are supplied by the message system. Inside $\langle text \rangle$ and $\langle more\ text \rangle$ spaces are not ignored.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{}\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox
```

Executes a TeX error, interrupting compilation. The $\langle first \ line \rangle$ is displayed followed by $\langle text \rangle$ and the input prompt. $\langle more \ text \rangle$ is displays if requested by the user. If $\langle more \ text \rangle$ is blank a default is supplied. Each line of $\langle text \rangle$ (broken with \\) begins with $\langle continuation \rangle$.

```
\\msg_direct_log:xx \\msg_direct_term:xx \\msg_direct_log:xx {\langle text \rangle} {\langle continuation \rangle} \\Prints \langle text \rangle to either the log or terminal. New lines (broken with \\) start with \langle continuation \rangle.
```

81 Kernel-specific functions

Creates new kernel message $\langle name \rangle$ to produce $\langle text \rangle$ initially and $\langle more\ text \rangle$ if requested by the user. $\langle text \rangle$ and $\langle more\ text \rangle$ can use up to four macro parameters (#1 to #4), which are supplied by the message system. Kernel messages are divided into $\langle divisions \rangle$, roughly equivalent to the LATEX $2_{\mathcal{E}}$ package names used.

```
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnxxx
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnxx
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnx
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnx
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnx
\msg_kernel_fatal:nn
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnx
\lambda \lamb
```

Issues kernel error message $\langle name \rangle$ for $\langle division \rangle$, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions. The TeX run then halts. Cannot be redirected.

```
\msg_kernel_error:nnxxx
\msg_kernel_error:nnxx
\msg_kernel_error:nnx
\msg_kernel_error:nnx
\msg_kernel_error:nnx
\msg_kernel_error:nnx
\msg_kernel_error:nn
\msg_kernel_error:nn
\msg_kernel_error:nnx
\lambda(\lambda \text{division}\rangle) \{\lambda \text{arg four}\rangle}\}
\lambda(\lambda \text{arg four}\rangle)
\lambda(\text{arg four}\rangle) \{\lambda \text{arg four}\rangle}\rangle
\lambda(\text{arg four}\rangle)
\lambda(\text{arg fou
```

Issues kernel error message $\langle name \rangle$ for $\langle division \rangle$, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions. Cannot be redirected.

```
\msg_kernel_warning:nnxxx
\msg_kernel_warning:nnxx
\msg_kernel_warning:nnx
\msg_kernel_warning:nnx
\msg_kernel_warning:nn
\msg_kernel_warning:nnx
\division\} {\langle arg four \rangle} {\langle arg four \rangle} {\langle arg four \rangle}
```

Prints kernel message $\langle name \rangle$ for $\langle division \rangle$ to the terminal, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions.

```
\msg_kernel_info:nnxxx
\msg_kernel_info:nnxx
\msg_kernel_info:nnx
\msg_kernel_info:nnx
\msg_kernel_info:nn
\msg_kernel_info:nx {\(\division\)\} {\(\lame\)\} {\(\div sion\)\} {\
```

Prints kernel message $\langle name \rangle$ for $\langle division \rangle$ to the log, passing $\langle arg\ one \rangle$ to $\langle arg\ four \rangle$ to the text-creating functions.

```
\msg_kernel_bug:x \msg_kernel_bug:x {\langle text\rangle} Short-cut for 'This is a LaTeX bug: check coding' errors.
```

82 Variables and constants

```
\c_msg_fatal_tl
\c_msg_error_tl
\c_msg_warning_tl
\c_msg_info_tl
Simple headers for errors. Although these are marked as con-
```

stants, they could be changed for printing errors in a different language.

```
\c_msg_coding_error_text_tl
\c_msg_fatal_text_tl
\c_msg_help_text_tl
\c_msg_kernel_bug_text_tl
\c_msg_kernel_bug_more_text_tl
\c_msg_no_info_text_tl
\c_msg_return_text_tl
```

Various pieces of text for use in messages, which are not changed by the code here although they could be to alter the language. Although these are marked as constants, they could be changed for printing errors in a different language.

\c_msg_on_line_tl The 'on line' phrase for line numbers. Although marked as a constant, they could be changed for printing errors in a different language.

```
\c_msg_text_prefix_tl
\c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl
Header information for storing the 'paths' to parts of a message. Although these are marked as constants, they could be changed for printing errors in a different language.
```

```
\l_msg_class_tl
\l_msg_current_class_tl
\l_msg_current_module_tl Information about message method, used for filtering.
```

\lambda_msg_names_clist List of all of the message names defined.

```
\l_msg_redirect_classes_prop \l_msg_redirect_names_prop Re-direction lists containing the class of message to convert an different one.
```

```
\lambda_msg_redirect_classes_clist | List so that filtering does not loop.
```

Part XVIII

The **I3box** package Boxes

There are three kinds of box operations: horizontal mode denoted with prefix \hbox_, vertical mode with prefix \vbox_, and the generic operations working in both modes with prefix \box_.

83 Generic functions

```
\box_new:N \box_new:N \dox\box_new:N \dox\box_new:N \dox\box.
```

TEXhackers note: \box_new:N is the equivalent of plain TEX's \newbox.

TeXhackers note: These are the TeX primitives \ifhbox, \ifvbox and \ifvoid.

```
\box_if_horizontal_p:N
\box_if_horizontal_p:c
\box_if_horizontal:NTF
\box_if_horizontal:cTF
\box_if_horizontal:cTF
\box_if_horizontal:NTF \langle box \{\langle true code \rangle \} \{\langle false code \rangle \}
```

Tests if $\langle box \rangle$ is an horizontal box and executes $\langle code \rangle$ accordingly.

```
\box_if_vertical_p:N \box_if_vertical_p:c \box_if_vertical:NTF \box_if_vertical:cTF \box_if_vertical:cTF \box_if_vertical:NTF \dox \{\langle true code\} \{\langle false code\}\}
```

Tests if $\langle box \rangle$ is a vertical box and executes $\langle code \rangle$ accordingly.

```
\box_if_empty_p:N
\box_if_empty_p:c
\box_if_empty:NTF
\box_if_empty:cTF
\box_if_empty:cTF
\box_if_empty:cTF
\cdot \cdot
```

TEXhackers note: \box_if_empty:NTF is the LATEX3 function name for \ifvoid.

```
\box_set_eq:NN
\box_set_eq:cN
\box_set_eq:Nc
\box_set_eq:cc
\box_set_eq_clear:NN
\box_set_eq_clear:cN
\box_set_eq_clear:Nc
\box_set_eq_clear:cc
\box_set_eq_clear:cc
```

Sets $\langle box_1 \rangle$ equal to $\langle box_2 \rangle$. The _clear versions eradicate the contents of $\langle box_2 \rangle$ afterwards.

```
\box_gset_eq:NN
\box_gset_eq:cN
\box_gset_eq:Cc
\box_gset_eq_clear:NN
\box_gset_eq_clear:CN
\box_gset_eq_clear:Cc
\box_gset_eq_clear:Cc
\box_gset_eq_clear:Cc
\box_gset_eq_clear:Cc
```

Globally sets $\langle box_1 \rangle$ equal to $\langle box_2 \rangle$. The _clear versions eradicate the contents of $\langle box_2 \rangle$ afterwards.

```
\box_set_to_last:N
\box_set_to_last:c
\box_gset_to_last:N
\box_gset_to_last:c
\box_set_to_last:C
```

Sets $\langle box \rangle$ equal to the previous box \ll_last_box and removes \ll_last_box from the current list (unless in outer vertical or math mode).

```
\box_move_right:nn
\box_move_left:nn
\box_move_up:nn
\box_move_down:nn
\box_move_left:nn \{\lambda imen\} \{\lambda box function\}\}
```

Moves $\langle box\ function \rangle\ \langle dimen \rangle$ in the direction specified. $\langle box\ function \rangle$ is either an operation on a box such as $\box_use:N$ or a "raw" box specification like $\box_use:N$.

```
\box_clear:N
\box_gclear:N
\box_gclear:c
\box_gclear:c
\box_gclear:N
```

Clears $\langle box \rangle$ by setting it to the constant \c_void_box . $\box_gclear: N$ does it globally.

```
\box_use:N
\box_use:c
\box_use_clear:N
\box_use_clear:c
\box_use_clear:N
\box_use_clear:N
\cdot \box_use_clear:N
\cdot \box_use_clear:N
\cdot \c
```

 $\begin{cal}ll} \begin{cal}ll} \beg$

 T_EX hackers note: \box_use: \and \box_use_clear: \text{N} are the T_EX primitives \copy and \box with new (descriptive) names.

```
\box_ht:N
\box_ht:c
\box_dp:N
\box_dp:c
\box_wd:N
\box_wd:c
\box_ht:N \langle box_ht:N
```

Returns the height, depth, and width of $\langle box \rangle$ for use in dimension settings.

TEXhackers note: These are the TEX primitives \ht, \dp and \wd.

TEXhackers note: This is the TEX primitive \showbox.

```
\c_empty_box
\l_tmpa_box
\l_tmpb_box
```

\c_empty_box is the constantly empty box. The others are scratch boxes.

```
\l_last_box
```

\ll_last_box is more or less a read-only box register managed by the engine. It denotes the last box on the current list if there is one, otherwise it is void. You can set other boxes to this box, with the result that the last box on the current list is removed at the same time (so it is with variable with side-effects).

84 Horizontal mode

```
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline & \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \\
```

```
\hbox_set:Nn
\hbox_set:cn
\hbox_gset:Nn
\hbox_gset:cn
\hbox_gset:Nn
\hbox_set:Nn
\hbox_set:Nn
\hbox_set:Nn
```

Sets $\langle box \rangle$ to be a horizontal mode box containing $\langle contents \rangle$. It has it's natural size. $\hbox_gset:Nn does it globally.$

```
\hbox_set_to_wd:Nnn
\hbox_set_to_wd:cnn
\hbox_gset_to_wd:Nnn
\hbox_gset_to_wd:cnn
\hbox_gset_to_wd:Cnn
\hbox_set_to_wd:Nnn \lambda box \{\lambda dimen\} \{\lambda contents\}
```

Sets $\langle box \rangle$ to contain $\langle contents \rangle$ and have width $\langle dimen \rangle$. \hbox_gset_to_wd:Nn does it globally.

```
\label{local_to_wd:nn} $$ \hbox_to_wd:nn {\langle dimen \rangle} \ \langle contents \rangle $$ \\ \hbox_to_zero:n \ \langle contents \rangle $$
```

Places a $\langle box \rangle$ of width $\langle dimen \rangle$ containing $\langle contents \rangle$. \hbox_to_zero:n is a shorthand for a width of zero.

```
\hbox_overlap_left:n \hbox_overlap_left:n \contents\
```

Places a $\langle box \rangle$ of width zero containing $\langle contents \rangle$ in a way the it overlaps with surrounding material (sticking out to the left or right).

```
\hbox_set_inline_begin:N
\hbox_set_inline_begin:c
\hbox_gset_inline_begin:N
\hbox_gset_inline_begin:c
\hbox_gset_inline_begin:c
\hbox_gset_inline_begin:N
\hbox_set_inline_begin:N
\hbox_set_inline_begin:N
\hbox_set_inline_end:
```

Sets $\langle box \rangle$ to contain $\langle contents \rangle$. This type is useful for use in environment definitions.

```
\hbox_unpack:N
\hbox_unpack:c
\hbox_unpack_clear:N
\hbox_unpack_clear:c
\hbox_unpack:N \langle box \rangle hbox_unpack:N \langle hbox_unpack:N
```

\hbox_unpack: N unpacks the contents of the $\langle box \rangle$ register and \hbox_unpack_clear: N also clears the $\langle box \rangle$ after unpacking it.

TeXhackers note: These are the TeX primitives \unhcopy and \unhbox.

85 Vertical mode

Places a vbox of natural size with baseline equal to the baseline of the last line in the box.

```
\vbox_set:Nn
\vbox_set:cn
\vbox_gset:Nn
\vbox_gset:cn
\vbox_gset:Nn \dox\ {\langle contents\}}
```

Sets $\langle box \rangle$ to be a vertical mode box containing $\langle contents \rangle$. It has its natural size. $\vert vbox_gset:Nn$ does it globally.

```
\vbox_set_to_ht:Nnn
\vbox_set_to_ht:cnn
\vbox_gset_to_ht:Nnn
\vbox_gset_to_ht:cnn
\vbox_gset_to_ht:ccn
\vbox_gset_to_ht:cnn
\vbox_gset_to_ht:nnn
\vbox_gset_to_ht:Nnn \langle box \{\langle dimen\rangle\} \{\langle contents\rangle\}
```

Sets $\langle box \rangle$ to contain $\langle contents \rangle$ and have total height $\langle dimen \rangle$. $\$ vbox_gset_to_ht:Nn does it globally.

```
\vbox_set_inline_begin:N
\vbox_set_inline_end:
\vbox_gset_inline_begin:N
\vbox_gset_inline_end:
\vbox_set_inline_end:
\vbox_set_inline_end:
```

Sets $\langle box \rangle$ to contain $\langle contents \rangle$. This type is useful for use in environment definitions.

Sets $\langle box_1 \rangle$ to contain the top $\langle dimen \rangle$ part of $\langle box_2 \rangle$.

TEXhackers note: This is the TEX primitive \vsplit.

```
\vbox_unpack:N
\vbox_unpack:c
\vbox_unpack_clear:N
\vbox_unpack_clear:c
\vbox_unpack:N \langle box \rangle
\vbox_unpack:N \langle
```

\vbox_unpack: N unpacks the contents of the $\langle box \rangle$ register and \vbox_unpack_clear: N also clears the $\langle box \rangle$ after unpacking it.

TEXhackers note: These are the TEX primitives \unvcopy and \unvbox.

Part XIX

The l3xref package Cross references

Sets a label in the text. Note that this function does not do anything else than setting the correct labels. In particular, it does not try to fix any spacing around the write node; this is a task for the galley2 module.

Defines a new cross reference type $\langle type \rangle$. This defines the token list variable $\label{line} \$ which gets written fully expanded when $\$ per label:n is called.

Same as \xref_new:n except for this one, the value written happens when TeX ships out the page. Page numbers use this one obviously.

```
\xref_get_value:nn \star \xref_get_value:nn {\langle type \rangle} {\langle name \rangle}
```

Extracts the cross reference information of type $\langle type \rangle$ for the label $\langle name \rangle$. This operation is expandable.

Part XX

The l3keyval package Key-value parsing

A key-value list is input of the form

```
KeyOne = ValueOne ,
KeyTwo = ValueTwo ,
KeyThree ,
```

where each key-value pair is separated by a comma from the rest of the list, and each key-value pair does not necessarily contain an equals sign or a value! Processing this type of input correctly requires a number of careful steps, to correctly account for braces, spaces and the category codes of separators.

This module provides the low-level machinery for processing arbitrary key-value lists. The l3keys module provides a higher-level interface for managing run-time settings using key-value input, while other parts of LATEX3 also use key-value input based on l3keyval (for example the xtemplate module).

86 Features of I3keyval

As |3keyval| is a low-level module, its functions are restricted to converting a $\langle keyval| list \rangle$ into keys and values for further processing. Each key and value (or key alone) has to be processed further by a function provided when |3keyval| is called. Typically, this will be via one of the $\KV_process...$ functions:

```
\KV_process_space_removal_sanitize:NNn
\my_processor_function_one:n
\my_processor_function_two:nn
{ <keyval list> }
```

The two processor functions here handle the cases where there is only a key, and where there is both a key and value, respectively.

l3keyval parses key-value lists in a manner that does not double # tokens or expand any input. The module has processor functions which will sanitize the category codes of = and , tokens (for use in the document body) as well as faster versions which do not do this (for use inside code blocks). Spaces can be removed from each end of the key and value (again for the document body), again with faster code to be used where this is not necessary. Values which are wrapped in braces will have exactly one set removed, meaning that

```
key = {value here},
```

and

```
key = value here,
```

are treated as identical (assuming that space removal is in force). I3keyval

87 Functions for keyval processing

The l3keyval module should be accessed *via* a small set of external functions. These correctly set up the module internals for use by other parts of LATEX3.

In all cases, two functions have to be supplied by the programmer to apply to the items from the <keyval list> after |3keyval| has separated out the entries. The first function should take one argument, and will receive the names of keys for which no value was supplied. The second function should take two arguments: a key name and the associated value.

Parses the $\langle keyval\ list \rangle$ splitting it into keys and associated values. Spaces are removed from the ends of both the key and value by this function, and the category codes of non-braced = and , tokens are normalised so that parsing is 'category code safe'. After parsing is completed, $\langle function_1 \rangle$ is used to process keys without values and $\langle function_2 \rangle$ deals with keys which have associated values.

Parses the $\langle keyval \; list \rangle$ splitting it into keys and associated values. Spaces are removed from the ends of both the key and value by this function, but category codes are not normalised. After parsing is completed, $\langle function_1 \rangle$ is used to process keys without values and $\langle function_2 \rangle$ deals with keys which have associated values.

```
\label{eq:kvprocess_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn} $$ \KV_process_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn $$ \langle function_1 \rangle \ \langle function_2 \rangle \ \{\langle keyval \ list \rangle\} $$
```

Parses the $\langle keyval \ list \rangle$ splitting it into keys and associated values. Spaces are *not* removed from the ends of the key and value, and category codes are *not* normalised. After parsing is completed, $\langle function_1 \rangle$ is used to process keys without values and $\langle function_2 \rangle$ deals with keys which have associated values.

is true so that exactly one level of braces is stripped. For certain applications it is desirable to keep the braces in which case the programmer just has to set the boolean false temporarily. Only applicable when spaces are being removed.

88 Internal functions

The remaining functions provided by l3keyval do not have any protection for nesting of one call to the module inside another. They should therefore not be called directly by other modules.

```
\KV_parse_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:n \KV_parse_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:n {\langle keyval langle la
```

Parses the keys and values, passing the results to \KV_key_no_value_elt:n and \KV_key_value_elt:n as appropriate. Spaces are not removed in the parsing process and the category codes of = and , are not normalised.

```
\verb|\KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n| \\ | KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n| \\ | \{\langle keyval\ list \rangle\}\}| \\ | KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n| \\ | \{\langle keyval\ list \rangle\}\}| \\ | KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n| \\ | \{\langle keyval\ list \rangle\}\}| \\ | KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n| \\ | \{\langle keyval\ list \rangle\}| \\ | KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n| \\ | \{\langle keyval\ list \rangle\}| \\ | KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n| \\ | KV_parse_space_property | KV_parse_property | KV_p
```

Parses the keys and values, passing the results to $\KV_{key_no_value_elt:n}$ and $\KV_-key_value_elt:n$ as appropriate. Spaces are removed in the parsing process from the ends of the key and value, but the category codes of = and = are not normalised.

```
\label{liky_parse_space_removal_sanitize:n} $$ \KV_parse\_space\_removal\_sanitize:n $$ {\keyval list}$$
```

Parses the keys and values, passing the results to $\KV_key_no_value_elt:n$ and $\KV_-key_value_elt:n$ as appropriate. Spaces are removed in the parsing process from the ends of the key and value and the category codes of = and , are normalised at the outer level (i.e. only unbraced tokens are affected).

Used by \KV_parse... functions to further process keys with no values and keys with values, respectively. The standard definitions are error functions: the programmer should provide appropriate definitions for both at point of use.

89 Variables and constants

```
\c_KV_single_equal_sign_tl Constant token list to make finding = faster.
```

```
\l_KV_tmpa_tl | Scratch token lists.
```

```
\l_KV_parse_tl
\l_KV_currkey_tl
\l_KV_currval_tl Tol
```

Token list variables for various parts of the parsed input.

Part XXI

The l3keys package Key-value support

The key–value method is a popular system for creating large numbers of settings for controlling function or package behaviour. For the user, the system normally results in input of the form

```
\PackageControlMacro{
   key-one = value one,
   key-two = value two
}

Or

\PackageMacro[
   key-one = value one,
   key-two = value two
]{argument}.
```

For the programmer, the original keyval package gives only the most basic interface for this work. All key macros have to be created one at a time, and as a result the kvoptions and xkeyval packages have been written to extend the ease of creating keys. A very different approach has been provided by the pgfkeys package, which uses a key-value list to generate keys.

The l3keys package is aimed at creating a programming interface for key-value controls in L4TeX3. Keys are created using a key-value interface, in a similar manner to pgfkeys. Each key is created by setting one or more *properties* of the key:

```
\keys_define:nn { module }
  key-one .code:n = code including parameter #1,
  key-two .tl_set:N = \l_module_store_tl
}
```

These values can then be set as with other key-value approaches:

```
\keys_set:nn { module }
  key-one = value one,
  key-two = value two
}
```

At a document level, $\ensuremath{\texttt{keys_set:nn}}$ is used within a document function. For LaTeX 2_{ε} , a generic set up function could be created with

```
\newcommand*\SomePackageSetup[1]{%
  \@nameuse{keys_set:nn}{module}{#1}%
}
```

or to use key-value input as the optional argument for a macro:

```
\newcommand*\SomePackageMacro[2][]{%
  \begingroup
  \@nameuse{keys_set:nn}{module}{#1}%
  % Main code for \SomePackageMacro
  \endgroup
}
```

The same concepts using xparse for LATEX3 use:

```
\DeclareDocumentCommand \SomePackageSetup { m } {
   \keys_set:nn { module } { #1 }
}
\DeclareDocumentCommand \SomePackageMacro { o m } {
   \group_begin:
   \keys_set:nn { module } { #1 }
   % Main code for \SomePackageMacro
   \group_end:
}
```

Key names may contain any tokens, as they are handled internally using \tl_to_str:n. As will be discussed in section 91, it is suggested that the character '/' is reserved for sub-division of keys into logical groups. Macros are *not* expanded when creating key names, and so

```
\tl_set:Nn \l_module_tmp_tl { key }
\keys_define:nn { module } {
   \l_module_tmp_tl .code:n = code
}
```

will create a key called \l_module_tmp_tl, and not one called key.

90 Creating keys

```
\label{lem:nn} $$ \end{substant} $$$ \end{substant} $$ \end{substant} $$ \end{substant} $$ \end{substant} $$ \end{substant} $$$ \end{substant} $$$ \end{substant} $$$ \end{s
```

Parses the $\langle keyval \ list \rangle$ and defines the keys listed there for $\langle module \rangle$. The $\langle module \rangle$ name should be a text value, but there are no restrictions on the nature of the text. In practice the $\langle module \rangle$ should be chosen to be unique to the module in question (unless deliberately adding keys to an existing module).

The $\langle keyval \; list \rangle$ should consist of one or more key names along with an associated key property. The properties of a key determine how it acts. The individual properties are described in the following text; a typical use of \keys_define:nn might read

```
\keys_define:nn { mymodule } {
  keyname .code:n = Some~code~using~#1,
  keyname .value_required:
}
```

where the properties of the key begin from the . after the key name.

The \keys_define:nn function does not skip spaces in the input, and does not check the category codes for , and = tokens. This means that it is intended for use with code blocks and other environments where spaces are ignored.

```
 \begin{array}{c|c} \verb|.bool_set:N| \\ \verb|.bool_gset:N| \\ \hline \\ \langle key \rangle \ .bool_set:N = \langle bool \rangle \\ \end{array}
```

Defines $\langle key \rangle$ to set $\langle bool \rangle$ to $\langle value \rangle$ (which must be either true or false). Here, $\langle bool \rangle$ is a LATEX3 boolean variable (*i.e.* created using \bool_new:N). If the variable does not exist, it will be created at the point that the key is set up.

```
.choice: \langle key 
angle .choice:
```

Sets $\langle key \rangle$ to act as a multiple choice key. Each valid choice for $\langle key \rangle$ must then be created, as discussed in section 91.1.

```
.choice_code:n 
 .choice_code:x \langle key \rangle .choice_code:n = \langle code \rangle
```

Stores $\langle code \rangle$ for use when <code>.generate_choices:n</code> creates one or more choice sub-keys of the current key. Inside $\langle code \rangle$, <code>\l_keys_choice_tl</code> contains the name of the choice made, and <code>\l_keys_choice_int</code> is the position of the choice in the list given to <code>.generate_choices:n</code>. Choices are discussed in detail in section <code>91.1</code>.

```
.code:n .code:x \langle key \rangle .code:n = \langle code \rangle
```

Stores the $\langle code \rangle$ for execution when $\langle key \rangle$ is called. The $\langle code \rangle$ can include one parameter

(#1), which will be the $\langle value \rangle$ given for the $\langle key \rangle$. The .code:x variant will expand $\langle code \rangle$ at the point where the $\langle key \rangle$ is created.

Creates a $\langle default \rangle$ value for $\langle key \rangle$, which is used if no value is given. This will be used if only the key name is given, but not if a blank $\langle value \rangle$ is given:

TeXhackers note: The $\langle default \rangle$ is stored as a token list variable, and therefore should not contain unescaped # tokens.

```
.dim_set:N
.dim_set:c
.dim_gset:N
.dim_gset:C
<a href="mailto:key">(key)</a> .dim_set:N = \( dimension \)
```

Sets $\langle key \rangle$ to store the value it is given in $\langle dimension \rangle$. Here, $\langle dimension \rangle$ is a LATEX3 dim variable (i.e. created using $\dim_new:\mathbb{N}$) or a LATEX2 ε dimen (i.e created using $\operatorname{mendimen}$). If the variable does not exist, it will be created at the point that the key is set up.

```
. {\tt generate\_choices:n} \ \langle key \rangle \ . {\tt generate\_choices:n} \ = \ \langle comma \ list \rangle
```

Makes $\langle key \rangle$ a multiple choice key, accepting the choices specified in $\langle comma\ list \rangle$. Each choice will execute code which should previously have been defined using .choice_code:n or .choice_code:x. Choices are discussed in detail in section 91.1.

```
.int_set:N
.int_set:c
.int_gset:N
.int_gset:c

\( \lambda key \rangle \) .int_set:N = \( \lambda integer \rangle \)
```

Sets $\langle key \rangle$ to store the value it is given in $\langle integer \rangle$. Here, $\langle integer \rangle$ is a LATEX3 int variable (i.e. created using \int_new:N) or a LATEX 2ε count (i.e created using \newcount). If the variable does not exist, it will be created at the point that the key is set up.

```
.meta:n .meta:x \langle key \rangle .meta:n = \langle multiple \ keys \rangle
```

Makes $\langle key \rangle$ a meta-key, which will set $\langle multiple \ keys \rangle$ in one go. If $\langle key \rangle$ is given with a value at the time the key is used, then the value will be passed through to the subsidiary $\langle keys \rangle$ for processing (as #1).

```
.skip_set:N
.skip_set:c
.skip_gset:N
.skip_gset:c

<a href="mailto:key">(key</a> .skip_set:N = (skip)
```

Sets $\langle key \rangle$ to store the value it is given in $\langle skip \rangle$, which is created if it does not already exist. Here, $\langle skip \rangle$ is a LaTeX3 skip variable (i.e. created using \skip_new:N) or a LaTeX2 skip (i.e created using \newskip). If the variable does not exist, it will be created at the point that the key is set up.

```
.tl_set:N
.tl_set:c
.tl_set_x:N
.tl_set_x:c
.tl_gset:N
.tl_gset:c
.tl_gset_x:N
.tl_gset_x:C
.tl_gset_x:N
.tl_gset_x:C
(key) .tl_set:N = \( \text{token list variable} \)
```

Sets $\langle key \rangle$ to store the value it is given in $\langle token\ list\ variable \rangle$, which is created if it does not already exist. Here, $\langle token\ list\ variable \rangle$ is a LATEX3 t1 variable (i.e. created using \t1_new:N) or a LATEX $2_{\mathcal{E}}$ macro with no arguments (i.e. created using \newcommand or \def). If the variable does not exist, it will be created at the point that the key is set up. The x variants perform an x expansion at the time the $\langle value \rangle$ passed to the $\langle key \rangle$ is saved to the $\langle token\ list\ variable \rangle$.

Flags for forbidding and requiring a $\langle value \rangle$ for $\langle key \rangle$. Giving a $\langle value \rangle$ for a $\langle key \rangle$ which has the .value_forbidden: property set will result in an error. In the same way, if a $\langle key \rangle$ has the .value_required: property set then a $\langle value \rangle$ must be given when the $\langle key \rangle$ is used.

91 Sub-dividing keys

When creating large numbers of keys, it may be desirable to divide them into several sub-groups for a given module. This can be achieved either by adding a sub-division to the module name:

```
\keys_define:nn { module / subgroup } {
   key .code:n = code
}

or to the key name:
   \keys_define:nn { module } {
     subgroup / key .code:n = code
}
```

As illustrated, the best choice of token for sub-dividing keys in this way is '/'. This is because of the method that is used to represent keys internally. Both of the above code fragments set the same key, which has full name module/subgroup/key.

As will be illustrated in the next section, this subdivision is particularly relevant to making multiple choices.

91.1 Multiple choices

Multiple choices are created by setting the .choice: property:

```
\keys_define:nn { module } {
  key .choice:
}
```

For keys which are set up as choices, the valid choices are generated by creating sub-keys of the choice key. This can be carried out in two ways.

In many cases, choices execute similar code which is dependant only on the name of the choice or the position of the choice in the list of choices. Here, the keys can share the same code, and can be rapidly created using the .choice_code:n and .generate_choices:n properties:

```
\keys_define:nn { module } {
  key .choice_code:n = {
    You~gave~choice~''\int_use:N \l_keys_choice_tl''',~
    which~is~in~position~
    \int_use:N\l_keys_choice_int\space
    in~the~list.
},
  key .generate_choices:n = {
    choice-a, choice-b, choice-c
}
```

Following common computing practice, \l_keys_choice_int is indexed from 0 (as an offset), so that the value of \l_keys_choice_int for the first choice in a list will be zero. This means that \l_keys_choice_int can be used directly with \if_case:w and so on.

\l_keys_choice_int \l_keys_choice_tl Inside the code block for a choice generated using .generate_choice:, the variables \l_keys_choice_tl and \l_keys_choice_int are available to indicate the name of the current choice, and its position in the comma list. The position

On the other hand, it is sometimes useful to create choices which use entirely different code from one another. This can be achieved by setting the .choice: property of a key, then manually defining sub-keys.

```
\keys_define:nn { module } {
  key .choice:n,
  key / choice-a .code:n = code-a,
  key / choice-b .code:n = code-b,
  key / choice-c .code:n = code-c,
}
```

It is possible to mix the two methods, but manually-created choices should *not* use \l_- keys_choice_tl or \l_- keys_choice_int. These variables do not have defined behaviour when used outside of code created using .generate_choices:n (*i.e.* anything might happen!).

92 Setting keys

```
\keys_set:nn
\keys_set:nV
\keys_set:nv
\keys_set:nn {\( module \) } {\( keyval list \) }
```

Parses the $\langle keyval \ list \rangle$, and sets those keys which are defined for $\langle module \rangle$. The behaviour on finding an unknown key can be set by defining a special unknown key: this will be illustrated later. In contrast to $\ensuremath{\mbox{keys_define:nn}}$, this function does check category codes and ignore spaces, and is therefore suitable for user input.

If a key is not known, \keys_set:nn will look for a special unknown key for the same module. This mechanism can be used to create new keys from user input.

```
\keys_define:nn { module } {
  unknown .code:n =
    You~tried~to~set~key~'\l_keys_path_tl'~to~'#1'
}
```

92.1 Examining keys: internal representation

Tests if $\langle key \rangle$ exists for $\langle module \rangle$, i.e. if any code has been defined for $\langle key \rangle$.

TEXhackers note: The function works by testing for the existence of the internal function $\keys > \langle module \rangle / \langle key \rangle$.cmd:n.

TeXhackers note: Keys are stored as functions with names of the format $\epsilon > (module)/(key)$.cmd:n.

93 Internal functions

Creates code to set $\langle bool \rangle$ when $\langle key \rangle$ is given, with setting using $\langle scope \rangle$ (1 or g for local or global, respectively). $\langle bool \rangle$ should be a LATEX3 boolean variable.

```
\verb|\keys_choice_code_store:x| \\ | keys_choice_code_store:x| \\ | \langle code \rangle |
```

Stores $\langle code \rangle$ for later use by .generate_code:n.

Makes $\langle key \rangle$ a choice key.

$$\label{lem:keys_choices_generate:n} $$ \end{area} \end{area} $$ \end{a$$

Makes $\langle comma \ list \rangle$ choices for $\langle key \rangle$.

Searches for $\langle choice \rangle$ as a sub-key of $\langle key \rangle$.

```
\keys_cmd_set:nn
          \keys_cmd_set:nx
                                                                                                                                                        \ensuremath{\verb|keys_cmd_set:nn|} \{\langle path \rangle\} \ \{\langle code \rangle\}
Creates a function for \langle path \rangle using \langle code \rangle.
          \keys_default_set:n
          \keys_default_set:V
                                                                                                                                                                           \rfloor\keys_default_set:n \{\langle default \rangle\}
Sets \langle default \rangle for \langle key \rangle.
          \keys_define_elt:n
         Processing functions for key-value pairs when defining keys.
        \label{eq:keys_define_key:n} $$ \end{substant} $$$ \end{substant
Defines \langle key \rangle.
        \keys_execute: \keys_execute:
Executes \langle key \rangle (where the name of the \langle key \rangle will be stored internally).
         \keys_execute_unknown: \keys_execute_unknown:
Handles unknown \langle key \rangle names.
        \label{lem:lem:ntf} $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\
Check if \langle requirement \rangle applies to \langle key \rangle.
          \keys_meta_make:n
        Makes \langle key \rangle a meta-key to set \langle keys \rangle.
         \keys_property_find:n \keys_property_find:n \{\langle key \rangle\}
Separates \langle key \rangle from \langle property \rangle.
          \keys_property_new:nn
         \label{lem:lem:new_arg:nn} $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\
```

Makes a new $\langle property \rangle$ expanding to $\langle code \rangle$. The arg version makes properties with one argument.

```
\keys_property_undefine:n \keys_property_undefine:n \{\rangle property\}\}
```

Deletes $\langle property \rangle$ of $\langle key \rangle$.

```
\label{lem:keys_set_elt:n} $$ \keys_set_elt:nn {$\langle key \rangle$} {$\langle value \rangle$} $$
```

Processing functions for key-value pairs when setting keys.

```
\text{keys_tmp:w} \text{keys_tmp:w} \args \text{Used to store } \alpha code \text{ to execute a } \alpha key \text{\text{.}}
```

```
\verb|\keys_value_or_default:n| \\ |\keys_value_or_default:n| \\ |\keys_value_
```

Sets $\l_{keys_value_tl}$ to $\langle value \rangle$, or $\langle default \rangle$ if $\langle value \rangle$ was not given and if $\langle default \rangle$ is available.

```
\label{lem:lem:n} $$ \ensuremath{$\stackrel{}{}} \exp_{\ensuremath{$\sim$}} = \exp_{\ensuremath{$\sim$}} \{\ensuremath{$\sim$} \exp_{\ensuremath{$\sim$}} = \exp_{\ensur
```

Sets $\langle key \rangle$ to have $\langle requirement \rangle$ concerning $\langle value \rangle$.

Sets $\langle key \rangle$ to assign $\langle value \rangle$ to $\langle variable \rangle$. The $\langle scope \rangle$ (blank for local, g for global) and $\langle type \rangle$ (tl, int, etc.) are given explicitly.

94 Variables and constants

```
\c_keys_properties_root_tl
\c_keys_root_tl
The root paths for keys and properties, used to generate the names of the functions which store these items.
```

```
\c_keys_value_forbidden_tl \c_keys_value_required_tl Marker text containers: by storing the values the code can make comparisons slightly faster.
```

\lambda_keys_choice_code_tl Used to transfer code from storage when making multiple choices.

```
\\ll_keys_module_tl
\\ll_keys_path_tl
\\ll_keys_property_tl \\
Various key paths need to be stored. These are flexible items that are set during the key reading process.
```

\l_keys_no_value_bool A marker for 'no value' as key input.

Part XXII

The I3calc package Infix notation arithmetic in LaTeX3

This is pretty much a straight adaption of the calc package and as such has same syntax for the $\langle calc \; expression \rangle$. However, there are some noticeable differences.

- The calc expression is expanded fully, which means there are no problems with unfinished conditionals. However, the contents of \widthof etc. is not expanded at all. This includes uses in traditional LATEX as in the array package, which tries to do an \edef several times. The code used in |3calc provides self-protection for these cases.
- Muskip registers are supported although they can only be used in \ratio if already
 evaluating a muskip expression. For the other three register types, you can use
 points.
- All results are rounded, not truncated. More precisely, the primitive TeX operations \divide and \multiply are not used. The only instance where one will observe an effect is when dividing integers.

This version of l3calc is a now a complete replacement for the original calc package providing the same functionality and will prevent the original calc package from loading.

95 User functions

\maxof
\minof
\widthof
\heightof
\depthof
\totalheightof
\ratio
\real
\setlength
\gsetlength
\addtolength
\gaddtolength
\setcounter
\addtocounter
\stepcounter

See documentation for LATEX 2_{ε} package calc.

\calc_maxof:nn
\calc_minof:nn
\calc_widthof:n
\calc_heightof:n
\calc_depthof:n
\calc_totalheightof:n
\calc_ratio:nn
\calc_real:n
\calc_setcounter:nn
\calc_addtocounter:nn
\calc_stepcounter:n

Equivalent commands as the above in the expl3 namespace.

```
\calc_int_set:Nn
\calc_int_gset:Nn
\calc_int_add:Nn
\calc_int_gadd:Nn
\calc_int_sub:Nn
\calc_int_gsub:Nn
```

 $\verb|\calc_int_set:Nn| \langle int \rangle | \{ \langle calc| expression \rangle \}|$

Evaluates $\langle calc \; expression \rangle$ and either adds or subtracts it from $\langle int \rangle$ or sets $\langle int \rangle$ to it. These operations can also be global.

```
\calc_dim_set:Nn
\calc_dim_gset:Nn
\calc_dim_add:Nn
\calc_dim_gadd:Nn
\calc_dim_sub:Nn
\calc_dim_gsub:Nn
\calc_dim_gsub:Nn
\calc_dim_set:Nn \langle dim \ \{\langle calc_expression\rangle\}\}
```

Evaluates $\langle calc\ expression \rangle$ and either adds or subtracts it from $\langle dim \rangle$ or sets $\langle dim \rangle$ to it. These operations can also be global.

```
\calc_skip_set:Nn
\calc_skip_gset:Nn
\calc_skip_add:Nn
\calc_skip_gadd:Nn
\calc_skip_sub:Nn
\calc_skip_gsub:Nn
\calc_skip_gsub:Nn
\calc_skip_set:Nn \( \lambda skip \rangle \lambda calc_skip \)
\calc_skip_set:Nn \( \lambda skip \rangle \lambda calc_skip \rangle set:Nn \rangle skip \rangle set:Nn \rangle set:Nn \rangle skip \rangle set:Nn \rang
```

Evaluates $\langle calc\ expression \rangle$ and either adds or subtracts it from $\langle skip \rangle$ or sets $\langle skip \rangle$ to it. These operations can also be global.

```
\calc_muskip_set:Nn
\calc_muskip_add:Nn
\calc_muskip_gadd:Nn
\calc_muskip_sub:Nn
\calc_muskip_sub:Nn
\calc_muskip_sub:Nn
```

Evaluates $\langle calc \; expression \rangle$ and either adds or subtracts it from $\langle muskip \rangle$ or sets $\langle muskip \rangle$ to it. These operations can also be global.

Sets $\langle contents \rangle$ in a temporary box \l_{tmpa_box} . Then $\langle dim\text{-}set \rangle$ is put in front of a loop that inserts $+\langle item_i \rangle$ in front of \l_{tmpa_box} and this is evaluated. For instance, if we wanted to determine the total height of the text xyz and store it in \l_{tmpa_dim} , we would call it as.

```
\calc_calculate_box_size:nnn
{\dim_set:Nn\l_tmpa_dim}{\box_ht:N\box_dp:N}{xyz}
```

Similarly, if we wanted the difference between height and depth, we could call it as

```
\calc_calculate_box_size:nnn
{\dim_set:Nn\l_tmpa_dim}{\box_ht:N{-\box_dp:N}}{xyz}
```

Part XXIII

The l3file package File Loading

96 Loading files

In contrast to the l3io module, which deals with the lowest level of file management, the l3file module provides a higher level interface for handling file contents. This involves providing convenient wrappers around many of the functions in l3io to make them more generally accessible.

It is important to remember that TEX will attempt to locate files using both the operating system path and entries in the TEX file database (most TEX systems use such a database). Thus the 'current path' for TEX is somewhat broader than that for other programs.

\g_file_current_name_tl Contains the name of the current LaTeX file. This variable should not be modified: it is intended for information only. It will be equal to \c_job_name_tl at the start of a IATEX run and will be modified each time a file is read using \file_input:n.

Searches for $\langle \mathit{file\ name} \rangle$ using the current TeX search path and the additional paths controlled by \file_path_include:n). The branching versions then leave either $\langle \mathit{true\ code} \rangle$ or $\langle \mathit{false\ code} \rangle$ in the input stream, as appropriate to the truth of the test and the variant of the function chosen.

```
\file_input:n \file_input:V \file_input:n {\langle file name \rangle}
```

Searches for $\langle file\ name \rangle$ in the path as detailed for $\file_{if}=mist:nTF$, and if found reads in the file as additional LATEX source. All files read are recorded for information and the file name stack is updated by this function.

```
\label{line:norm} $$ \file_path_include:n $$ \left\{ \langle path \rangle \right\}$
```

Adds $\langle path \rangle$ to the list of those used to search for files by the \file_input:n and \file_-if_exist:n function. The assignment is local.

Removes $\langle path \rangle$ from the list of those used to search for files by the \file_input:n and \file_if_exist:n function. The assignment is local.

```
\file_list: \file_list:
```

This function will list all files loaded using \file_input:n in the log file.

Part XXIV

Implementation

97 **I3names** implementation

This is the base part of LATEX3 defining things like catcodes and redefining the TeX primitives, as well as setting up the code to load expl3 modules in LATEX 2_{ε} .

97.1 Internal functions

```
\ExplSyntaxStatus
\ExplSyntaxPopStack
\ExplSyntaxStack
```

Functions used to track the state of the catcode regime.

```
\@pushfilename
\@popfilename
```

Re-definitions of LATEX's file-loading functions to support \ExplSyntax.

97.2 Package loading

Before anything else, check that we're using ε -T_FX; no point continuing otherwise.

97.3 Catcode assignments

Catcodes for begingroup, endgroup, macro parameter, superscript, and tab, are all assigned before the start of the documented code. (See the beginning of 13names.dtx.)

Reason for $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\sim}}}}$ is that a line ending with a backslash will be interpreted as the token $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}}$ which seems most natural and since spaces are ignored it works as we intend elsewhere.

Before we do this we must however record the settings for the catcode regime as it was when we start changing it.

```
⟨*initex | package⟩
  \protected\edef\ExplSyntaxOff{
    \unexpanded{\ifodd \ExplSyntaxStatus\relax
    \def\ExplSyntaxStatus{0}
25
    \catcode 126=\the \catcode 126 \relax
    \catcode 32=\the \catcode 32 \relax
    \catcode 9=\the \catcode 9 \relax
28
    \endlinechar =\the \endlinechar \relax
    \catcode 95=\the \catcode 95 \relax
    \catcode 58=\the \catcode 58 \relax
    \noexpand\fi
32
34 \catcode126=10\relax % tilde is a space char.
35 \catcode32=9\relax
                        % space is ignored
36 \catcode9=9\relax
                        % tab also ignored
37 \endlinechar=32\relax % endline is space
38 \catcode95=11\relax % underscore letter
                        % colon letter
39 \catcode58=11\relax
```

97.4 Setting up primitive names

Here is the function that renames TEX's primitives.

Normally the old name is left untouched, but the possibility of undefining the original names is made available by docstrip and package options. If nothing else, this gives a way of checking what 'old code' a package depends on...

If the package option 'remove oldnames' is used then some trick code is run after the end of this file, to skip past the code which has been inserted by LATEX 2ε to manage the file name stack, this code would break if run once the TeX primitives have been undefined. (What a surprise!) The option has been temporarily disabled.

To get things started, give a new name for \let.

```
40 \let \tex_let:D \let
41 \/initex | package\/
```

and now an internal function to possibly remove the old name: for the moment.

```
42 \( \frac{\tex}{\tex} \)
43 \\ \long \\ \def \\ \name_undefine: \tex \) #1 \( \tex_let: \tex \) #1 \\ \c_undefined \\
45 \\ \\ \def \\ \rangle \tex \\ \def \\ \rangle \tex \\ \tex_let: \tex \] #1 \\ \c_undefined \\
47 \\ \def \tex \\ \def \\ \tex_let: \tex \] \\ \def \\ \def \\ \def \\ \def \\ \name_undefine: \tex \] \\
48 \\ \def \\ \def \\ \def \\ \name_undefine: \tex \] \\
49 \\ \def \
```

The internal function to give the new name and possibly undefine the old name.

```
56 (*initex | package)
57 \long \def \name_primitive:NN #1#2 {
58 \tex_let:D #2 #1
59 \name_undefine:N #1
60 }
```

97.5 Reassignment of primitives

In the current incarnation of this package, all TeX primitives are given a new name of the form \tex_oldname:D. But first three special cases which have symbolic original names. These are given modified new names, so that they may be entered without catcode tricks.

```
61 \name_primitive:NN \ \tex_space:D
62 \name_primitive:NN \/ \tex_italiccor:D
63 \name_primitive:NN \- \tex_hyphen:D
```

Now all the other primitives.

```
64 \name_primitive:NN \let
                                              \tex_let:D
  \name_primitive:NN \def
                                              \tex_def:D
66 \name_primitive:NN \edef
                                              \tex_edef:D
67 \name_primitive:NN \gdef
                                              \tex_gdef:D
68 \name_primitive:NN \xdef
                                              \tex_xdef:D
_{69} \name_primitive:NN \chardef
                                              \tex_chardef:D
70 \name_primitive:NN \countdef
                                              \tex_countdef:D
71 \name_primitive:NN \dimendef
                                              \tex_dimendef:D
72 \name_primitive:NN \skipdef
                                              \tex_skipdef:D
73 \name_primitive:NN \muskipdef
                                              \tex_muskipdef:D
74 \name primitive:NN \mathchardef
                                              \tex mathchardef:D
75 \name_primitive:NN \toksdef
                                              \tex_toksdef:D
76 \name_primitive:NN \futurelet
                                              \tex_futurelet:D
77 \name_primitive:NN \advance
                                              \tex_advance:D
78 \name_primitive:NN \divide
                                              \tex_divide:D
79 \name_primitive:NN \multiply
                                              \tex_multiply:D
                                              \tex_font:D
80 \name_primitive:NN \font
81 \name_primitive:NN \fam
                                              \tex_fam:D
82 \name_primitive: NN \global
                                              \tex_global:D
83 \name_primitive:NN \long
                                              \tex_long:D
84 \name_primitive:NN \outer
                                              \tex_outer:D
85 \name_primitive:NN \setlanguage
                                              \tex_setlanguage:D
86 \name_primitive:NN \globaldefs
                                              \tex_globaldefs:D
87 \name primitive: NN \afterassignment
                                              \tex afterassignment:D
88 \name_primitive:NN \aftergroup
                                              \tex_aftergroup:D
89 \name_primitive:NN \expandafter
                                              \tex_expandafter:D
90 \name_primitive:NN \noexpand
                                              \tex_noexpand:D
  \name_primitive:NN \begingroup
                                              \tex_begingroup:D
92 \name_primitive:NN \endgroup
                                              \tex_endgroup:D
93 \name_primitive:NN \halign
                                              \tex_halign:D
94 \name_primitive:NN \valign
                                              \tex_valign:D
95 \name_primitive:NN \cr
                                              \tex_cr:D
96 \name_primitive:NN \crcr
                                              \tex_crcr:D
97 \name_primitive:NN \noalign
                                              \tex_noalign:D
  \name_primitive:NN \omit
                                              \tex_omit:D
  \name_primitive:NN \span
                                              \tex_span:D
  \name primitive:NN \tabskip
                                              \tex tabskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \everycr
                                              \tex_everycr:D
  \name_primitive:NN \if
                                              \tex_if:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifcase
                                              \tex_ifcase:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifcat
                                              \tex_ifcat:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifnum
                                              \tex_ifnum:D
                                              \tex_ifodd:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifodd
  \name_primitive:NN \ifdim
                                              \tex_ifdim:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifeof
                                              \tex_ifeof:D
109 \name_primitive:NN \ifhbox
                                              \tex_ifhbox:D
110 \name_primitive:NN \ifvbox
                                              \tex_ifvbox:D
111 \name_primitive:NN \ifvoid
                                              \tex_ifvoid:D
```

```
112 \name_primitive:NN \ifx
                                              \tex_ifx:D
  \name_primitive:NN \iffalse
                                              \tex_iffalse:D
  \name_primitive:NN \iftrue
                                              \tex_iftrue:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifhmode
                                              \tex_ifhmode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifmmode
                                              \tex_ifmmode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifvmode
                                              \tex_ifvmode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifinner
                                              \tex_ifinner:D
  \name_primitive:NN \else
                                              \tex_else:D
  \name_primitive:NN \fi
                                              \tex_fi:D
  \name_primitive:NN \or
                                              \tex_or:D
  \name_primitive:NN \immediate
                                              \tex_immediate:D
  \name_primitive:NN \closeout
                                              \tex_closeout:D
  \name_primitive:NN \openin
                                              \tex_openin:D
  \name_primitive:NN \openout
                                              \tex_openout:D
  \name_primitive:NN \read
                                              \tex_read:D
  \name_primitive:NN \write
                                              \tex_write:D
  \name_primitive:NN \closein
                                              \tex_closein:D
  \name_primitive:NN \newlinechar
                                              \tex_newlinechar:D
  \name_primitive:NN \input
                                              \tex_input:D
  \name_primitive:NN \endinput
                                              \tex_endinput:D
  \name_primitive:NN \inputlineno
                                              \tex_inputlineno:D
  \name_primitive:NN \errmessage
                                              \tex_errmessage:D
  \name_primitive:NN \message
                                              \tex_message:D
  \name_primitive:NN \show
                                              \tex_show:D
  \name_primitive:NN \showthe
                                              \tex_showthe:D
  \name_primitive:NN \showbox
                                              \tex_showbox:D
  \name_primitive:NN \showlists
                                              \tex_showlists:D
  \name_primitive:NN \errhelp
                                              \tex_errhelp:D
  \name_primitive:NN \errorcontextlines
                                              \tex_errorcontextlines:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingcommands
                                              \tex_tracingcommands:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracinglostchars
                                              \tex_tracinglostchars:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingmacros
                                              \tex_tracingmacros:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingonline
                                              \tex_tracingonline:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingoutput
                                              \tex_tracingoutput:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingpages
                                              \tex_tracingpages:D
  \verb|\name_primitive:NN| \tracingparagraphs|
                                              \tex_tracingparagraphs:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingrestores
                                              \tex_tracingrestores:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingstats
                                              \tex_tracingstats:D
  \name_primitive:NN \pausing
                                              \tex_pausing:D
  \name_primitive:NN \showboxbreadth
                                              \tex_showboxbreadth:D
  \name_primitive:NN \showboxdepth
                                              \tex_showboxdepth:D
  \name_primitive:NN \batchmode
                                              \tex_batchmode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \errorstopmode
                                              \tex_errorstopmode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \nonstopmode
                                              \tex_nonstopmode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \scrollmode
                                              \tex_scrollmode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \end
                                              \tex_end:D
  \name_primitive:NN \csname
                                              \tex_csname:D
  \name_primitive:NN \endcsname
                                              \tex endcsname:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ignorespaces
                                              \tex_ignorespaces:D
  \name_primitive:NN \relax
                                              \tex_relax:D
```

```
\name_primitive:NN \the
                                           \tex_the:D
\name_primitive:NN \mag
                                           \tex_mag:D
\name_primitive:NN \language
                                           \tex_language:D
\name_primitive:NN \mark
                                           \tex_mark:D
\name_primitive:NN \topmark
                                           \tex_topmark:D
\name_primitive:NN \firstmark
                                           \tex_firstmark:D
\name_primitive:NN \botmark
                                           \tex_botmark:D
\name_primitive:NN \splitfirstmark
                                           \tex_splitfirstmark:D
\name_primitive:NN \splitbotmark
                                           \tex_splitbotmark:D
\name_primitive:NN \fontname
                                           \tex_fontname:D
\name_primitive:NN \escapechar
                                           \tex_escapechar:D
\name_primitive:NN \endlinechar
                                           \tex_endlinechar:D
\name_primitive:NN \mathchoice
                                           \tex_mathchoice:D
\name_primitive:NN \delimiter
                                           \tex_delimiter:D
\name_primitive:NN \mathaccent
                                           \tex_mathaccent:D
\name_primitive:NN \mathchar
                                           \tex_mathchar:D
\name_primitive:NN \mskip
                                           \tex_mskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \radical
                                           \tex_radical:D
\name_primitive:NN \vcenter
                                           \tex_vcenter:D
\name_primitive:NN \mkern
                                           \tex_mkern:D
\name_primitive:NN \above
                                           \tex_above:D
\name_primitive:NN \abovewithdelims
                                           \tex_abovewithdelims:D
\name_primitive:NN \atop
                                           \tex_atop:D
\name_primitive: NN \atopwithdelims
                                           \tex_atopwithdelims:D
\name_primitive:NN \over
                                           \tex_over:D
\name_primitive:NN \overwithdelims
                                           \tex_overwithdelims:D
\name_primitive:NN \displaystyle
                                           \tex_displaystyle:D
\name_primitive:NN \textstyle
                                           \tex_textstyle:D
\name_primitive:NN \scriptstyle
                                           \tex_scriptstyle:D
\name_primitive:NN \scriptscriptstyle
                                           \tex_scriptscriptstyle:D
\name_primitive:NN \nonscript
                                           \tex_nonscript:D
\name_primitive:NN \eqno
                                           \tex_eqno:D
\name_primitive:NN \leqno
                                           \tex_leqno:D
\name_primitive:NN \abovedisplayshortskip
                                           \tex_abovedisplayshortskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \abovedisplayskip
                                           \tex_abovedisplayskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \belowdisplayshortskip
                                           \tex_belowdisplayshortskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \belowdisplayskip
                                           \tex_belowdisplayskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \displaywidowpenalty
                                           \tex_displaywidowpenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \displayindent
                                           \tex_displayindent:D
\name_primitive:NN \displaywidth
                                           \tex_displaywidth:D
\name_primitive:NN \everydisplay
                                           \tex_everydisplay:D
\name_primitive:NN \predisplaysize
                                           \tex_predisplaysize:D
\name_primitive:NN \predisplaypenalty
                                           \tex_predisplaypenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \postdisplaypenalty
                                           \tex_postdisplaypenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \mathbin
                                           \tex_mathbin:D
\name_primitive:NN \mathclose
                                           \tex_mathclose:D
\name_primitive:NN \mathinner
                                           \tex_mathinner:D
\name primitive:NN \mathop
                                           \tex mathop:D
\name_primitive: NN \displaylimits
                                           \tex_displaylimits:D
\name_primitive:NN \limits
                                           \tex_limits:D
```

```
212 \name_primitive:NN \nolimits
                                              \tex_nolimits:D
  \name_primitive:NN \mathopen
                                              \tex_mathopen:D
  \name_primitive:NN \mathord
                                              \tex_mathord:D
  \name_primitive:NN \mathpunct
                                              \tex_mathpunct:D
  \name_primitive:NN \mathrel
                                              \tex_mathrel:D
  \name_primitive:NN \overline
                                              \tex_overline:D
  \name_primitive:NN \underline
                                              \tex_underline:D
  \name_primitive:NN \left
                                              \tex_left:D
  \name_primitive:NN \right
                                              \tex_right:D
  \name_primitive:NN \binoppenalty
                                              \tex_binoppenalty:D
  \name_primitive:NN \relpenalty
                                              \tex_relpenalty:D
  \name_primitive:NN \delimitershortfall
                                              \tex_delimitershortfall:D
  \name_primitive:NN \delimiterfactor
                                              \tex_delimiterfactor:D
  \name_primitive:NN \nulldelimiterspace
                                              \tex_nulldelimiterspace:D
  \name_primitive:NN \everymath
                                              \tex_everymath:D
  \name_primitive:NN \mathsurround
                                              \tex_mathsurround:D
  \name_primitive:NN \medmuskip
                                              \tex_medmuskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \thinmuskip
                                              \tex_thinmuskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \thickmuskip
                                              \tex_thickmuskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \scriptspace
                                              \tex_scriptspace:D
  \name_primitive:NN \noboundary
                                              \tex_noboundary:D
  \name_primitive:NN \accent
                                              \tex_accent:D
  \name_primitive:NN \char
                                              \tex_char:D
  \name_primitive:NN \discretionary
                                              \tex_discretionary:D
  \name_primitive:NN \hfil
                                              \tex_hfil:D
  \name_primitive:NN \hfilneg
                                              \tex_hfilneg:D
  \name_primitive:NN \hfill
                                              \tex_hfill:D
  \name_primitive:NN \hskip
                                              \tex_hskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \hss
                                              \tex_hss:D
  \name_primitive:NN \vfil
                                              \tex_vfil:D
  \name_primitive:NN \vfilneg
                                              \tex_vfilneg:D
  \name_primitive:NN \vfill
                                              \tex_vfill:D
  \name_primitive:NN \vskip
                                              \tex_vskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \vss
                                              \tex_vss:D
  \name_primitive:NN \unskip
                                              \tex_unskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \kern
                                              \tex_kern:D
  \name_primitive:NN \unkern
                                              \tex_unkern:D
  \name_primitive:NN \hrule
                                              \tex_hrule:D
  \name_primitive:NN \vrule
                                              \tex_vrule:D
  \name_primitive:NN \leaders
                                              \tex_leaders:D
  \name_primitive:NN \cleaders
                                              \tex_cleaders:D
  \name_primitive:NN \xleaders
                                              \tex_xleaders:D
  \name_primitive:NN \lastkern
                                              \tex_lastkern:D
  \name_primitive:NN \lastskip
                                              \tex_lastskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \indent
                                              \tex_indent:D
  \name_primitive:NN \par
                                              \tex_par:D
  \name_primitive:NN \noindent
                                              \tex_noindent:D
  \name_primitive:NN \vadjust
                                              \tex vadjust:D
  \name_primitive:NN \baselineskip
                                              \tex_baselineskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \lineskip
                                              \tex_lineskip:D
```

```
\name_primitive:NN \lineskiplimit
                                           \tex_lineskiplimit:D
\name_primitive:NN \clubpenalty
                                           \tex_clubpenalty:D
\name_primitive: NN \widowpenalty
                                           \tex_widowpenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \exhyphenpenalty
                                           \tex_exhyphenpenalty:D
\name_primitive: NN \hyphenpenalty
                                           \tex_hyphenpenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \linepenalty
                                           \tex_linepenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \doublehyphendemerits
                                           \tex_doublehyphendemerits:D
\name_primitive:NN \finalhyphendemerits
                                           \tex_finalhyphendemerits:D
\name_primitive:NN \adjdemerits
                                           \tex_adjdemerits:D
\name_primitive:NN \hangafter
                                           \tex_hangafter:D
\name_primitive:NN \hangindent
                                           \tex_hangindent:D
\name_primitive:NN \parshape
                                           \tex_parshape:D
\name_primitive:NN \hsize
                                           \tex_hsize:D
\name_primitive: NN \lefthyphenmin
                                           \tex_lefthyphenmin:D
\name_primitive:NN \righthyphenmin
                                           \tex_righthyphenmin:D
\name_primitive:NN \leftskip
                                           \tex_leftskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \rightskip
                                           \tex_rightskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \looseness
                                           \tex_looseness:D
\name_primitive:NN \parskip
                                           \tex_parskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \parindent
                                           \tex_parindent:D
\name_primitive:NN \uchyph
                                           \tex_uchyph:D
\name_primitive:NN \emergencystretch
                                           \tex_emergencystretch:D
\name_primitive:NN \pretolerance
                                           \tex_pretolerance:D
\name_primitive:NN \tolerance
                                           \tex_tolerance:D
\name_primitive:NN \spaceskip
                                           \tex_spaceskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \xspaceskip
                                           \tex_xspaceskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \parfillskip
                                           \tex_parfillskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \everypar
                                           \tex_everypar:D
                                           \tex_prevgraf:D
\name_primitive:NN \prevgraf
\name_primitive:NN \spacefactor
                                           \tex_spacefactor:D
\name_primitive:NN \shipout
                                           \tex_shipout:D
\name_primitive:NN \vsize
                                           \tex_vsize:D
\name_primitive:NN \interlinepenalty
                                           \tex_interlinepenalty:D
\name_primitive: NN \brokenpenalty
                                           \tex_brokenpenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \topskip
                                           \tex_topskip:D
\name_primitive: NN \maxdeadcycles
                                           \tex_maxdeadcycles:D
\name_primitive:NN \maxdepth
                                           \tex_maxdepth:D
\name_primitive:NN \output
                                           \tex_output:D
\name_primitive:NN \deadcycles
                                           \tex_deadcycles:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagedepth
                                           \tex_pagedepth:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagestretch
                                           \tex_pagestretch:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagefilstretch
                                           \tex_pagefilstretch:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagefillstretch
                                           \tex_pagefillstretch:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagefilllstretch
                                           \tex_pagefill1stretch:D
\name_primitive:NN \pageshrink
                                           \tex_pageshrink:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagegoal
                                           \tex_pagegoal:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagetotal
                                           \tex_pagetotal:D
                                           \tex_outputpenalty:D
\name_primitive: NN \outputpenalty
\name_primitive:NN \hoffset
                                           \tex_hoffset:D
\name_primitive:NN \voffset
                                           \tex_voffset:D
```

```
\name_primitive:NN \insert
                                           \tex_insert:D
\name_primitive:NN \holdinginserts
                                           \tex_holdinginserts:D
\name_primitive:NN \floatingpenalty
                                           \tex_floatingpenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \insertpenalties
                                           \tex_insertpenalties:D
\name_primitive:NN \lower
                                           \tex_lower:D
\name_primitive:NN \moveleft
                                           \tex_moveleft:D
\name_primitive:NN \moveright
                                           \tex_moveright:D
\name_primitive:NN \raise
                                           \tex_raise:D
\name_primitive:NN \copy
                                           \tex_copy:D
\name_primitive:NN \lastbox
                                           \tex_lastbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \vsplit
                                           \tex_vsplit:D
\name_primitive:NN \unhbox
                                           \tex_unhbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \unhcopy
                                           \tex_unhcopy:D
\name_primitive:NN \unvbox
                                           \tex_unvbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \unvcopy
                                           \tex_unvcopy:D
\name_primitive:NN \setbox
                                           \tex_setbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \hbox
                                           \tex_hbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \vbox
                                           \tex_vbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \vtop
                                           \tex_vtop:D
\name_primitive:NN \prevdepth
                                           \tex_prevdepth:D
\name_primitive:NN \badness
                                           \tex_badness:D
\name_primitive:NN \hbadness
                                           \tex hbadness:D
                                           \tex_vbadness:D
\name_primitive:NN \vbadness
\name_primitive:NN \hfuzz
                                           \tex_hfuzz:D
\name_primitive:NN \vfuzz
                                           \tex_vfuzz:D
\name_primitive:NN \overfullrule
                                           \tex_overfullrule:D
\name_primitive:NN \boxmaxdepth
                                           \tex_boxmaxdepth:D
\name_primitive:NN \splitmaxdepth
                                           \tex_splitmaxdepth:D
\name_primitive:NN \splittopskip
                                           \tex_splittopskip:D
\name_primitive:NN \everyhbox
                                           \tex_everyhbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \everyvbox
                                           \tex_everyvbox:D
\name_primitive:NN \nullfont
                                           \tex_nullfont:D
\name_primitive:NN \textfont
                                           \tex_textfont:D
\name_primitive:NN \scriptfont
                                           \tex_scriptfont:D
\name_primitive:NN \scriptscriptfont
                                           \tex_scriptscriptfont:D
\name_primitive:NN \fontdimen
                                           \tex_fontdimen:D
\name_primitive:NN \hyphenchar
                                           \tex_hyphenchar:D
\name_primitive:NN \skewchar
                                           \tex_skewchar:D
\name_primitive:NN \defaulthyphenchar
                                           \tex_defaulthyphenchar:D
\name_primitive:NN \defaultskewchar
                                           \tex_defaultskewchar:D
\name_primitive:NN \number
                                           \tex_number:D
\name_primitive:NN \romannumeral
                                           \tex_romannumeral:D
\name_primitive:NN \string
                                           \tex_string:D
\name_primitive:NN \lowercase
                                           \tex_lowercase:D
\name_primitive:NN \uppercase
                                           \tex_uppercase:D
\name_primitive:NN \meaning
                                           \tex_meaning:D
\name_primitive:NN \penalty
                                           \tex_penalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \unpenalty
                                           \tex_unpenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \lastpenalty
                                           \tex_lastpenalty:D
\name_primitive:NN \special
                                           \tex_special:D
```

```
362 \name_primitive:NN \dump
                                              \tex_dump:D
  \name_primitive:NN \patterns
                                              \tex_patterns:D
  \name_primitive:NN \hyphenation
                                              \tex_hyphenation:D
  \name_primitive:NN \time
                                              \tex_time:D
  \name_primitive:NN \day
                                              \tex_day:D
  \name_primitive: NN \month
                                              \tex_month:D
  \name_primitive:NN \year
                                              \tex_year:D
  \name_primitive:NN \jobname
                                              \tex_jobname:D
                                              \tex_everyjob:D
  \name_primitive:NN \everyjob
  \name_primitive:NN \count
                                              \tex_count:D
  \name_primitive:NN \dimen
                                              \tex_dimen:D
  \name_primitive:NN \skip
                                              \tex_skip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \toks
                                              \tex_toks:D
  \name_primitive:NN \muskip
                                              \tex_muskip:D
  \name_primitive:NN \box
                                              \tex_box:D
  \name_primitive:NN \wd
                                              \tex_wd:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ht
                                              \tex_ht:D
  \name_primitive:NN \dp
                                              \tex_dp:D
  \name_primitive:NN \catcode
                                              \tex_catcode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \delcode
                                              \tex_delcode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \sfcode
                                              \tex_sfcode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \lccode
                                              \tex_lccode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \uccode
                                              \tex_uccode:D
  \name_primitive:NN \mathcode
                                              \tex_mathcode:D
```

Since \LaTeX 3 requires at least the ε -T \LaTeX 4 extensions, we also rename the additional primitives. These are all given the prefix \cdot etex_.

```
386 \name_primitive:NN \ifdefined
                                              \etex_ifdefined:D
  \name_primitive:NN \ifcsname
                                              \etex_ifcsname:D
  \name_primitive:NN \unless
                                              \etex_unless:D
                                              \etex_eTeXversion:D
389 \name_primitive:NN \eTeXversion
  \name primitive: NN \eTeXrevision
                                              \etex eTeXrevision:D
                                              \etex_marks:D
  \name_primitive:NN \marks
                                             \etex_topmarks:D
  \name_primitive:NN \topmarks
                                              \etex_firstmarks:D
  \name_primitive:NN \firstmarks
  \name_primitive:NN \botmarks
                                              \etex_botmarks:D
  \name_primitive:NN \splitfirstmarks
                                              \etex_splitfirstmarks:D
  \name primitive: NN \splitbotmarks
                                              \etex splitbotmarks:D
  \name_primitive:NN \unexpanded
                                              \etex_unexpanded:D
  \name_primitive:NN \detokenize
                                              \etex_detokenize:D
  \name_primitive:NN \scantokens
                                              \etex_scantokens:D
  \name_primitive:NN \showtokens
                                              \etex_showtokens:D
  \name_primitive:NN \readline
                                              \etex_readline:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingassigns
                                              \etex_tracingassigns:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingscantokens
                                              \etex_tracingscantokens:D
  \name_primitive:NN \tracingnesting
                                              \etex_tracingnesting:D
                                              \etex_tracingifs:D
405 \name_primitive:NN \tracingifs
406 \name_primitive:NN \currentiflevel
                                              \etex_currentiflevel:D
407 \name_primitive:NN \currentifbranch
                                              \etex_currentifbranch:D
```

```
\name_primitive:NN \currentiftype
                                           \etex_currentiftype:D
\name_primitive:NN \tracinggroups
                                           \etex_tracinggroups:D
\name_primitive:NN \currentgrouplevel
                                           \etex_currentgrouplevel:D
\name_primitive:NN \currentgrouptype
                                           \etex_currentgrouptype:D
\name_primitive:NN \showgroups
                                           \etex_showgroups:D
\name_primitive:NN \showifs
                                           \etex_showifs:D
\name_primitive:NN \interactionmode
                                           \etex_interactionmode:D
\name_primitive:NN \lastnodetype
                                           \etex_lastnodetype:D
\name_primitive:NN \iffontchar
                                           \etex_iffontchar:D
\name_primitive:NN \fontcharht
                                           \etex_fontcharht:D
\name_primitive:NN \fontchardp
                                           \etex_fontchardp:D
\name_primitive:NN \fontcharwd
                                           \etex_fontcharwd:D
\name_primitive:NN \fontcharic
                                           \etex_fontcharic:D
\name_primitive:NN \parshapeindent
                                           \etex_parshapeindent:D
\name_primitive:NN \parshapelength
                                           \etex_parshapelength:D
\name_primitive: NN \parshapedimen
                                           \etex_parshapedimen:D
\name_primitive:NN \numexpr
                                           \etex_numexpr:D
\name_primitive:NN \dimexpr
                                           \etex_dimexpr:D
\name_primitive:NN \glueexpr
                                           \etex_glueexpr:D
\name_primitive:NN \muexpr
                                           \etex_muexpr:D
\name_primitive:NN \gluestretch
                                           \etex_gluestretch:D
\name_primitive:NN \glueshrink
                                           \etex_glueshrink:D
\name_primitive:NN \gluestretchorder
                                           \etex_gluestretchorder:D
\name_primitive:NN \glueshrinkorder
                                           \etex_glueshrinkorder:D
\name_primitive:NN \gluetomu
                                           \etex_gluetomu:D
\name_primitive:NN \mutoglue
                                           \etex_mutoglue:D
\name_primitive:NN \lastlinefit
                                           \etex_lastlinefit:D
\name_primitive:NN \interlinepenalties
                                           \etex_interlinepenalties:D
\name_primitive: NN \clubpenalties
                                           \etex_clubpenalties:D
\name_primitive:NN \widowpenalties
                                           \etex_widowpenalties:D
\name_primitive:NN \displaywidowpenalties \etex_displaywidowpenalties:D
\name_primitive:NN \middle
                                           \etex_middle:D
\name_primitive:NN \savinghyphcodes
                                           \etex_savinghyphcodes:D
\name_primitive:NN \savingvdiscards
                                           \etex_savingvdiscards:D
\name_primitive:NN \pagediscards
                                           \etex_pagediscards:D
\name_primitive:NN \splitdiscards
                                           \etex_splitdiscards:D
\name_primitive:NN \TeXXETstate
                                           \etex_TeXXETstate:D
\name_primitive:NN \beginL
                                           \etex_beginL:D
\name_primitive:NN \endL
                                           \etex_endL:D
\name_primitive:NN \beginR
                                           \etex_beginR:D
\name_primitive:NN \endR
                                           \etex_endR:D
\name_primitive:NN \predisplaydirection
                                           \etex_predisplaydirection:D
\name_primitive:NN \everyeof
                                           \etex_everyeof:D
\name_primitive:NN \protected
                                           \etex_protected:D
```

All major distributions use $pdf\varepsilon$ -TEX as engine so we add these names as well. Since the pdfTEX team has been very good at prefixing most primitives with pdf (so far only five do not start with pdf) we do not give then a double pdf prefix. The list below covers pdfTEXv 1.30.4.

```
452 %% integer registers:
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfoutput
                                                                                                                    \pdf_output:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfminorversion
                                                                                                                    \pdf_minorversion:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfcompresslevel
                                                                                                                    \pdf_compresslevel:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfdecimaldigits
                                                                                                                    \pdf_decimaldigits:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfimageresolution
                                                                                                                    \pdf_imageresolution:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpkresolution
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pkresolution:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdftracingfonts
                                                                                                                    \pdf_tracingfonts:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfuniqueresname
                                                                                                                    \pdf_uniqueresname:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfadjustspacing
                                                                                                                    \pdf_adjustspacing:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfprotrudechars
                                                                                                                    \pdf_protrudechars:D
       \name_primitive:NN \efcode
                                                                                                                    \pdf_efcode:D
       \name_primitive:NN \lpcode
                                                                                                                    \pdf_lpcode:D
       \name_primitive:NN \rpcode
                                                                                                                    \pdf_rpcode:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfforcepagebox
                                                                                                                    \pdf_forcepagebox:D
       \verb|\name_primitive:NN \pdf-optional ways usepdf page box \pdf_optional ways usepdf page box:D | Definition of the context of 
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfinclusionerrorlevel\pdf_inclusionerrorlevel:D
       \verb|\name_primitive:NN \pdf-optionpdfinclusionerrorlevel \pdf_optionpdfinclusionerrorlevel:Defined and the large of the la
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfimagehicolor
                                                                                                                    \pdf_imagehicolor:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfimageapplygamma
                                                                                                                    \pdf_imageapplygamma:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfgamma
                                                                                                                    \pdf_gamma:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfimagegamma
                                                                                                                    \pdf_imagegamma:D
      %% dimen registers:
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfhorigin
                                                                                                                    \pdf_horigin:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfvorigin
                                                                                                                    \pdf_vorigin:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpagewidth
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pagewidth:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpageheight
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pageheight:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdflinkmargin
                                                                                                                    \pdf_linkmargin:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfdestmargin
                                                                                                                    \pdf_destmargin:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfthreadmargin
                                                                                                                    \pdf_threadmargin:D
      %% token registers:
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpagesattr
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pagesattr:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpageattr
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pageattr:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpageresources
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pageresources:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpkmode
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pkmode:D
      %% expandable commands:
       \name_primitive:NN \pdftexrevision
                                                                                                                    \pdf_texrevision:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdftexbanner
                                                                                                                    \pdf_texbanner:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfcreationdate
                                                                                                                    \pdf_creationdate:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfpageref
                                                                                                                    \pdf_pageref:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfxformname
                                                                                                                    \pdf_xformname:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdffontname
                                                                                                                    \pdf_fontname:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdffontobjnum
                                                                                                                    \pdf_fontobjnum:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdffontsize
                                                                                                                    \pdf_fontsize:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfincludechars
                                                                                                                    \pdf_includechars:D
       \name_primitive:NN \leftmarginkern
                                                                                                                    \pdf_leftmarginkern:D
       \name_primitive:NN \rightmarginkern
                                                                                                                    \pdf_rightmarginkern:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfescapestring
                                                                                                                    \pdf_escapestring:D
       \name_primitive:NN \pdfescapename
                                                                                                                    \pdf_escapename:D
      \name_primitive:NN \pdfescapehex
                                                                                                                    \pdf_escapehex:D
```

```
\name_primitive:NN \pdfunescapehex
                                           \pdf_unescapehex:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfstrcmp
                                           \pdf_strcmp:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfuniformdeviate
                                           \pdf_uniformdeviate:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfnormaldeviate
                                           \pdf_normaldeviate:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfmdfivesum
                                           \pdf_mdfivesum:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdffilemoddate
                                           \pdf_filemoddate:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdffilesize
                                           \pdf_filesize:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdffiledump
                                           \pdf_filedump:D
%% read-only integers:
\name_primitive:NN \pdftexversion
                                           \pdf_texversion:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastobj
                                           \pdf_lastobj:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastxform
                                           \pdf_lastxform:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastximage
                                           \pdf_lastximage:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastximagepages
                                           \pdf_lastximagepages:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastannot
                                           \pdf_lastannot:D
                                           \pdf_lastxpos:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastxpos
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastypos
                                           \pdf_lastypos:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdflastdemerits
                                           \pdf_lastdemerits:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfelapsedtime
                                           \pdf_elapsedtime:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfrandomseed
                                           \pdf_randomseed:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfshellescape
                                           \pdf_shellescape:D
%% general commands:
\name_primitive:NN \pdfobj
                                           \pdf_obj:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfrefobj
                                           \pdf_refobj:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfxform
                                           \pdf_xform:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfrefxform
                                           \pdf_refxform:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfximage
                                           \pdf_ximage:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfrefximage
                                           \pdf_refximage:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfannot
                                           \pdf_annot:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfstartlink
                                           \pdf_startlink:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfendlink
                                           \pdf_endlink:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfoutline
                                           \pdf_outline:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfdest
                                           \pdf_dest:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfthread
                                           \pdf_thread:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfstartthread
                                           \pdf_startthread:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfendthread
                                           \pdf_endthread:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfsavepos
                                           \pdf_savepos:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfinfo
                                           \pdf_info:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfcatalog
                                           \pdf_catalog:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfnames
                                           \pdf_names:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfmapfile
                                           \pdf_mapfile:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdfmapline
                                           \pdf_mapline:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdffontattr
                                           \pdf_fontattr:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdftrailer
                                           \pdf_trailer:D
\name_primitive:NN \pdffontexpand
                                           \pdf_fontexpand:D
%%\name_primitive:NN \vadjust [] <filler> { <vertical mode material> } (h, m)
\name_primitive:NN \pdfliteral
                                           \pdf_literal:D
%%\name_primitive:NN \special <pdfspecial spec>
\name_primitive:NN \pdfresettimer
                                           \pdf_resettimer:D
```

\pdf_setrandomseed:D

\name_primitive:NN \pdfsetrandomseed

```
552 \name_primitive:NN \pdfnoligatures \pdf_noligatures:D
```

We're ignoring XeTeX and LuaTeX right now except for a check whether they're in use:

```
553 \name_primitive:NN \XeTeXversion \xetex_version:D
554 \name_primitive:NN \directlua \luatex_directlua:D
```

XeTeX adds \strcmp to the set of primitives, with the same implementation as \pdfstrcmp but a different name. To avoid having to worry about this later, the same internal name is used.

```
555 \etex_ifdefined:D \strcmp
556 \etex_ifdefined:D \xetex_version:D
557 \name_primitive:NN \strcmp \pdf_strcmp:D
558 \tex_fi:D
559 \tex_fi:D
```

97.6 expl3 code switches

\ExplSyntaxOn \ExplSyntaxOff \ExplSyntaxStatus Here we define functions that are used to turn on and off the special conventions used in the kernel of LATEX3.

First of all, the space, tab and the return characters will all be ignored inside LATEX3 code, the latter because endline is set to a space instead. When space characters are needed in LATEX3 code the ~ character will be used for that purpose.

Specification of the desired behavior:

- ExplSyntax can be either On or Off.
- The On switch is $\langle null \rangle$ if ExplSyntax is on.
- The Off switch is $\langle null \rangle$ if ExplSyntax is off.
- If the On switch is issued and not $\langle null \rangle$, it records the current catcode scheme just prior to it being issued.
- An Off switch restores the catcode scheme to what it was just prior to the previous On switch.

```
560 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D \ExplSyntaxOn {
561  \tex_ifodd:D \ExplSyntaxStatus \tex_relax:D
562  \tex_else:D
563  \etex_protected:D \tex_edef:D \ExplSyntaxOff {
564   \etex_unexpanded:D{
565   \tex_ifodd:D \ExplSyntaxStatus \tex_relax:D
566   \tex_def:D \ExplSyntaxStatus{0}
567  }
568   \tex_catcode:D 126=\tex_the:D \tex_catcode:D 126 \tex_relax:D
569  \tex_catcode:D 32=\tex_the:D \tex_catcode:D 32 \tex_relax:D
```

```
\tex_catcode:D 9=\tex_the:D \tex_catcode:D 9 \tex_relax:D
570
         \tex_endlinechar:D =\tex_the:D \tex_endlinechar:D \tex_relax:D
571
        \tex_catcode:D 95=\tex_the:D \tex_catcode:D 95 \tex_relax:D
572
        \tex_catcode:D 58=\tex_the:D \tex_catcode:D 58 \tex_relax:D
573
        \tex_noexpand:D \tex_fi:D
574
       \tex_def:D \ExplSyntaxStatus { 1 }
576
      \tex_catcode:D 126=10 \tex_relax:D % tilde is a space char.
577
                        32=9 \tex_relax:D % space is ignored
      \tex_catcode:D
578
                         9=9 \tex_relax:D % tab also ignored
579
       \tex_catcode:D
       \tex_endlinechar:D =32 \tex_relax:D % endline is space
       \tex_catcode:D
                        95=11 \tex_relax:D % underscore letter
                        58=11 \tex_relax:D % colon letter
582
       \tex_catcode:D
     \tex_fi:D
583
584 }
```

At this point we better set the status.

```
585 \tex_def:D \ExplSyntaxStatus { 1 }
```

\ExplSyntaxNamesOff

\ExplSyntaxNamesOn Sometimes we need to be able to use names from the kernel of IATEX3 without adhering it's conventions according to space characters. These macros provide the necessary settings.

```
586 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D \ExplSyntaxNamesOn {
     \tex_catcode:D '\_=11\tex_relax:D
     \tex_catcode:D '\:=11\tex_relax:D
588
589 }
590 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D \ExplSyntaxNamesOff {
     \tex_catcode:D '\_=8\tex_relax:D
     \tex_catcode:D '\:=12\tex_relax:D
592
593 }
```

97.7 Package loading

\GetIdInfo \filedescription \filename \fileversion \fileauthor \filedate \filenameext \filetimestamp \GetIdInfoAuxi:w \GetIdInfoAuxii:w \GetIdInfoAuxCVS:w \GetIdInfoAuxSVN:w

Extract all information from a cvs or svn field. The formats are slightly different but at least the information is in the same positions so we check in the date format so see if it contains a / after the four-digit year. If it does it is cvs else svn and we extract information. To be on the safe side we ensure that spaces in the argument are seen.

```
\etex_protected:D \tex_def:D \GetIdInfo {
    \tex_begingroup:D
    \tex_catcode:D
                     32=10 \tex_relax:D % needed? Probably for now.
596
    \GetIdInfoMaybeMissing:w
597
598 }
599 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D\GetIdInfoMaybeMissing:w$#1$#2{
    \tex_def:D \l_kernel_tmpa_tl {#1}
    \tex_def:D \l_kernel_tmpb_tl {Id}
```

```
\tex_ifx:D \l_kernel_tmpa_tl \l_kernel_tmpb_tl
 602
        \tex_def:D \l_kernel_tmpa_tl {
 603
          \tex_endgroup:D
 604
          \tex_def:D\filedescription{#2}
                                    {[unknown~name]}
          \tex_def:D\filename
          \tex_def:D\fileversion
                                    {000}
          \tex_def:D\fileauthor
                                    {[unknown~author]}
 608
                                    {0000/00/00}
          \tex_def:D\filedate
 609
          \tex_def:D\filenameext {[unknown~ext]}
 610
          \tex_def:D\filetimestamp {[unknown~timestamp]}
 611
       }
 612
      \tex_else:D
        \tex_def:D \l_kernel_tmpa_tl {\GetIdInfoAuxi:w$#1${#2}}
      \tex_fi:D
 615
      \l_kernel_tmpa_tl
 616
 617 }
 618 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D\GetIdInfoAuxi:w$#1~#2.#3~#4~#5~#6~#7~#8$#9{
      \tex_endgroup:D
      \tex_def:D\filename{#2}
 620
      \tex_def:D\fileversion{#4}
 621
      \tex_def:D\filedescription{#9}
      \tex_def:D\fileauthor{#7}
      \GetIdInfoAuxii:w #5\tex_relax:D
      #3\tex_relax:D#5\tex_relax:D#6\tex_relax:D
 626 }
 627 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D\GetIdInfoAuxii:w #1#2#3#4#5#6\tex_relax:D{
      \tex_ifx:D#5/
 628
        \tex_expandafter:D\GetIdInfoAuxCVS:w
 629
      \tex_else:D
        \tex_expandafter:D\GetIdInfoAuxSVN:w
      \tex_fi:D
 632
 633 }
   \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D\GetIdInfoAuxCVS:w #1,v\tex_relax:D
                                  #2\tex_relax:D#3\tex_relax:D{
 635
      \tex_def:D\filedate{#2}
      \tex_def:D\filenameext{#1}
      \tex_def:D\filetimestamp{#3}
When creating the format we want the information in the log straight away.
    ⟨initex⟩ \tex_immediate:D\tex_write:D-1
 640
    ⟨initex⟩ {\filename;~ v\fileversion,~\filedate;~\filedescription}
 641 }
   \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D\GetIdInfoAuxSVN:w #1\tex_relax:D#2-#3-#4
 642
                                  \tex_relax:D#5Z\tex_relax:D{
      \tex_def:D\filenameext{#1}
 644
      \tex_def:D\filedate{#2/#3/#4}
```

```
646 \tex_def:D\filetimestamp{#5}
647 \langle -package \tex_immediate:D\tex_write:D-1
648 \langle -package \langle \filename; \simplify v\fileversion, \simplify\filedate; \simplify\filedate \colon \filedate \filedate \colon \filedate \filedate \colon \filedate \fi
```

Finally some corrections in the case we are running over LATEX 2_{ε} .

We want to set things up so that experimental packages and regular packages can coexist with the former using the LATEX3 programming catcode settings. Since it cannot be the task of the end user to know how a package is constructed under the hood we make it so that the experimental packages have to identify themselves. As an example it can be done as

```
\RequirePackage{13names}
\ProvidesExplPackage{agent}{2007/08/28}{007}{bonding module}
```

or by using the $\langle field \rangle$ informations from $\langle GetIdInfo$ as the packages in this distribution do like this:

\ProvidesExplPackage \ProvidesExplClass \ProvidesExplFile First up is the identification. Rather trivial as we don't allow for options just yet.

```
651 (*package)
652 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D \ProvidesExplPackage#1#2#3#4{
     \ProvidesPackage{#1}[#2~v#3~#4]
654
     \ExplSyntaxOn
655 }
656 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D \ProvidesExplClass#1#2#3#4{
     \ProvidesClass{#1}[#2~v#3~#4]
657
     \ExplSyntaxOn
658
659 }
660 \etex_protected:D \tex_def:D \ProvidesExplFile#1#2#3#4{
     \ProvidesFile{#1}[#2~v#3~#4]
661
     \ExplSyntax0n
662
663 }
```

\@pushfilename
\@popfilename

The idea behind the code is to record whether or not the LATEX3 syntax is on or off when about to load a file with class or package extension. This status stored in the parameter \ExplSyntaxStatus and set by \ExplSyntaxOn and \ExplSyntaxOff to 1 and 0 respectively is pushed onto the stack \ExplSyntaxStack. Then the catcodes are set back

to normal, the file loaded with its options and finally the stack is popped again. The whole thing is a bit problematical. So let's take a look at what the desired behavior is: A package or class which declares itself of Expl type by using \ProvidesExplClass or \ProvidesExplPackage should automatically ensure the correct catcode scheme as soon as the identification part is over. Similarly, a package or class which uses the traditional \ProvidesClass or \ProvidesPackage commands should go back to the traditional catcode scheme. An example:

```
\RequirePackage{13names}
\ProvidesExplPackage{foobar}{2009/05/07}{0.1}{Foobar package}
\cs_new:Npn \foo_bar:nn #1#2 {#1,#2}
...
\RequirePackage{array}
...
\cs_new:Npn \foo_bar:nnn #1#2#3 {#3,#2,#1}
```

Inside the array package, everything should behave as normal under traditional IATEX but as soon as we are back at the top level, we should use the new catcode regime.

Whenever LaTeX inputs a package file or similar, it calls upon \@pushfilename to push the name, the extension and the catcode of @ of the file it was currently processing onto a file name stack. Similarly, after inputting such a file, this file name stack is popped again and the catcode of @ is set to what it was before. If it is a package within package, @ maintains catcode 11 whereas if it is package within document preamble @ is reset to what it was in the preamble (which is usually catcode 12). We wish to adopt a similar technique. Every time an Expl package or class is declared, they will issue an ExplSyntaxOn. Then whenever we are about to load another file, we will first push this status onto a stack and then turn it off again. Then when done loading a file, we pop the stack and if ExplSyntax was On right before, so should it be now. The only problem with this is that we cannot guarantee that we get to the file name stack very early on. Therefore, if the ExplSyntaxStack is empty when trying to pop it, we ensure to turn ExplSyntax off again.

\@pushfilename is prepended with a small function pushing the current ExplSyntaxStatus (true/false) onto a stack. Then the current catcode regime is recorded and ExplSyntax is switched off.

\@popfilename is appended with a function for popping the ExplSyntax stack. However, chances are we didn't get to hook into the file stack early enough so IATEX might try to pop the file name stack while the ExplSyntaxStack is empty. If the latter is empty, we just switch off ExplSyntax.

```
664 \tex_edef:D \@pushfilename{
665    \tex_unexpanded:D{
666    \tex_edef:D \ExplSyntaxStack{ \ExplSyntaxStatus \ExplSyntaxStack }
667    \ExplSyntaxOff
668    }
669    \tex_unexpanded:D\tex_expandafter:D{\@pushfilename }
```

```
670 }
671 \tex_edef:D \@popfilename{
672  \etex_unexpanded:D\tex_expandafter:D{\@popfilename
673  \tex_if:D 2\ExplSyntaxStack 2
674  \ExplSyntaxOff
675  \tex_else:D
676  \tex_expandafter:D\ExplSyntaxPopStack\ExplSyntaxStack\q_nil
677  \tex_fi:D
678  }
679 }
```

\ExplSyntaxPopStack \ExplSyntaxStack

Popping the stack is simple: Take the first token which is either 0 (false) or 1 (true) and test if it is odd. Save the rest. The stack is initially empty set to 0 signalling that before l3names was loaded, the ExplSyntax was off.

```
680 \etex_protected:D\tex_def:D\ExplSyntaxPopStack#1#2\q_nil{
681    \tex_def:D\ExplSyntaxStack{#2}
682    \tex_ifodd:D#1\tex_relax:D
683    \ExplSyntaxOn
684    \tex_else:D
685    \ExplSyntaxOff
686    \tex_fi:D
687 }
688 \tex_def:D \ExplSyntaxStack{0}
```

97.8 Finishing up

A few of the 'primitives' assigned above have already been stolen by LATEX, so assign them by hand to the saved real primitive.

```
689 \tex_let:D\tex_input:D \@@input
690 \tex_let:D\tex_underline:D \@@underline
691 \tex_let:D\tex_end:D \@@end
692 \tex_let:D\tex_everymath:D \frozen@everymath
693 \tex_let:D\tex_everydisplay:D \frozen@everydisplay
694 \tex_let:D\tex_italiccor:D \@@italiccorr
695 \tex_let:D\tex_hyphen:D \@@hyph
```

TeX has a nasty habit of inserting a command with the name \par so we had better make sure that that command at least has a definition.

```
696 \tex_let:D\par \tex_par:D
```

This is the end for 13names when used on top of LATEX 2ε :

```
697 \tex_ifx:D\name_undefine:N\@gobble
698 \tex_def:D\name_pop_stack:w{}
699 \tex_else:D
```

But if traditional TEX code is disabled, do this...

As mentioned above, The \LaTeX 2_{ε} package mechanism will insert some code to handle the filename stack, and reset the package options, this code will die if the \Tau EX primitives have gone, so skip past it and insert some equivalent code that will work.

First a version of \ProvidesPackage that can cope.

```
700 \tex_def:D\ProvidesPackage{
701  \tex_begingroup:D
702  \ExplSyntaxOff
703  \package_provides:w}

704 \tex_def:D\package_provides:w#1#2[#3]{
705  \tex_endgroup:D
706  \tex_immediate:D\tex_write:D-1{Package:~#1#2~#3}
707  \tex_expandafter:D\tex_xdef:D
708  \tex_csname:D ver@#1.sty\tex_endcsname:D{#1}}
```

In this case the catcode preserving stack is not maintained and \ExplSyntaxOn conventions stay in force once on. You'll need to turn then off explicitly with \ExplSyntaxOff (although as currently built on 2e, nothing except very experimental code will run in this mode!) Also note that \RequirePackage is a simple definition, just for one file, with no options.

```
\tex_def:D\name_pop_stack:w#1\relax{%
    \ExplSyntaxOff
    \tex_expandafter:D\@p@pfilename\@currnamestack\@nil
    \tex_let:D\default@ds\@unknownoptionerror
     \tex_global:D\tex_let:D\ds@\@empty
713
    \tex_global:D\tex_let:D\@declaredoptions\@empty}
714
715 \text{tex\_def:D\Qp\Qpfilename}#1#2#3#4\Qnil{%}
    \tex_gdef:D\@currname{#1}%
    \tex_gdef:D\@currext{#2}%
     \tex_catcode:D'\@#3%
718
    \tex_gdef:D\@currnamestack{#4}}
719
     \tex_def:D\NeedsTeXFormat#1{}
720
     \tex_def:D\RequirePackage#1{
721
       \tex expandafter:D\tex ifx:D
         \tex_csname:D ver@#1.sty\tex_endcsname:D\tex_relax:D
           \ExplSyntaxOn
724
           \tex_input:D#1.sty\tex_relax:D
       \tex_fi:D}
727 \tex_fi:D
```

The \futurelet just forces the special end of file marker to vanish, so the argument of \name_pop_stack:w does not cause an end-of-file error. (Normally I use \expandafter for this trick, but here the next token is in fact \let and that may be undefined.)

```
728 \tex_futurelet:D\name_tmp:\name_pop_stack:w
```

expl3 dependency checks We want the **expl3** bundle to be loaded 'as one'; this command is used to ensure that one of the **13** packages isn't loaded on its own.

```
729 (*!initex)
730 \etex_protected:D\tex_def:D \package_check_loaded_expl: {
731  \@ifpackageloaded{expl3}{}{
732  \PackageError{expl3}{Cannot~load~the~expl3~modules~separately}{
733     The~expl3~modules~cannot~be~loaded~separately;\MessageBreak
734     please~\protect\usepackage{expl3}~instead.
735    }
736  }
737 }
738 \( \frac{\package} \)
```

97.9 Showing memory usage

This section is from some old code from 1993; it'd be good to work out how it should be used in our code today.

During the development of the LATEX3 kernel we need to be able to keep track of the memory usage. Therefore we generate empty pages while loading the kernel code, just to be able to check the memory usage.

```
740 (*showmemory)
  \g_trace_statistics_status=2\scan_stop:
  \cs_set_nopar:Npn\showMemUsage{
     \if_horizontal_mode:
743
        \tex_errmessage:D{Wrong~ mode~ H:~ something~ triggered~
744
                        hmode~ above}
745
746
        \tex_message:D{Mode ~ okay}
747
     \tex_shipout:D\hbox:w{}
749
750 }
751 \showMemUsage
752 (/showmemory)
```

98 **I3basics** implementation

98.1 Renaming some T_EX primitives (again)

\cs_set_eq:NwN

\exp_not:n

Having given all the tex primitives a consistent name, we need to give sensible names

to the ones we actually want to use. These will be defined as needed in the appropriate modules, but do a few now, just to get started.⁷ 753 (*package) 754 \ProvidesExplPackage {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription} 756 \package_check_loaded_expl: 757 (/package) 758 (*initex | package) 759 \tex_let:D \cs_set_eq:NwN \tex_let:D Then some conditionals. \if_true: \if_false: \if_true: \tex_iftrue:D 760 \cs_set_eq:NwN \or: 761 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_false: \tex_iffalse:D \else: 762 \cs_set_eq:NwN \tex_or:D \or: \fi: 763 \cs_set_eq:NwN \else: \tex_else:D \reverse_if:N 764 \cs_set_eq:NwN \fi: \tex_fi:D \if:w 765 \cs_set_eq:NwN \reverse_if:N \etex_unless:D \if_bool:N 766 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if:w \tex_if:D 767 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_bool:N \tex_ifodd:D \if_predicate:w 768 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_predicate:w \tex_ifodd:D \if_charcode:w 769 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_charcode:w \tex_if:D \if_catcode:w 770 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_catcode:w \tex_ifcat:D \if_meaning:w 771 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_meaning:w \tex_ifx:D TEX lets us detect some if its modes. \if_mode_math: \if_mode_horizontal: 772 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if mode math: \tex_ifmmode:D \if_mode_vertical: 773 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_mode_horizontal: \tex_ifhmode:D \if_mode_inner: \if_mode_vertical: 774 \cs_set_eq:NwN \tex_ifvmode:D 775 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_mode_inner: \tex_ifinner:D \if_cs_exist:N \if_cs_exist:w 776 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_cs_exist:N \etex_ifdefined:D 777 \cs_set_eq:NwN \if_cs_exist:w \etex_ifcsname:D The three \exp_ functions are used in the l3expan module where they are described. \exp_after:wN \exp_not:N \exp_after:wN \tex_expandafter:D 778 \cs_set_eq:NwN

\exp_not:N

\exp_not:n

779 \cs_set_eq:NwN 780 \cs_set_eq:NwN \tex_noexpand:D

\etex_unexpanded:D

 $^{^{7}}$ This renaming gets expensive in terms of csname usage, an alternative scheme would be to just use the "tex...D" name in the cases where no good alternative exists.

```
\iow_shipout_x:Nn
   \token_to_meaning:N
                          781 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                              \iow_shipout_x:Nn
                                                                     \tex_write:D
       \token_to_str:N
                          782 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                               \token_to_meaning:N \tex_meaning:D
       \token_to_str:c
                          783 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                              \token_to_str:N
                                                                    \tex_string:D
                 \cs:w
                          784 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                               \cs:w
                                                                    \tex_csname:D
              \cs_end:
                          785 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                               \cs_end:
                                                                    \tex endcsname:D
         \cs_meaning:N
                          786 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                              \cs_meaning:N
                                                                    \tex_meaning:D
         \cs_meaning:c
                          787 \tex_def:D \cs_meaning:c {\exp_args:Nc\cs_meaning:N}
            \cs_show:N
                          788 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                              \cs_show:N
                                                                    \tex_show:D
            \cs_show:c
                          789 \tex_def:D \cs_show:c {\exp_args:Nc\cs_show:N}
                          790 \tex_def:D \token_to_str:c {\exp_args:Nc\token_to_str:N}
           \scan_stop:
                         The next three are basic functions for which there also exist versions that are safe inside
                         alignments. These safe versions are defined in the 13prg module.
         \group_begin:
           \group_end:
                          791 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                               \scan_stop:
                                                                    \tex_relax:D
                          792 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                               \group_begin:
                                                                    \tex_begingroup:D
                          793 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                               \group_end:
                                                                    \tex_endgroup:D
\group_execute_after:N
                          794 \cs_set_eq:NwN \group_execute_after:N \tex_aftergroup:D
        \pref_global:D
          \pref_long:D
                          795 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                              \pref_global:D
                                                                    \tex_global:D
     \pref_protected:D
                          796 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                               \pref_long:D
                                                                    \tex_long:D
                                                                   \etex_protected:D
                          797 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                              \pref_protected:D
```

98.2 Defining functions

We start by providing functions for the typical definition functions. First the local ones.

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn
                              All assignment functions in LATEX3 should be naturally robust; after all, the TEX primi-
                              tives for assignments are and it can be a cause of problems if others aren't.
          \cs_set_nopar:Npx
                \cs_set:Npn
                               798 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                                    \cs_set_nopar:Npn
                                                                                   \tex_def:D
                \cs_set:Npx
                                                                                   \tex_edef:D
                               799 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                                    \cs_set_nopar:Npx
\cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn
                               800 \pref_protected:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_set:Npn {
\cs_set_protected_nopar:Npx
                                    \pref_long:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn
      \cs_set_protected:Npn
                               802 }
      \cs_set_protected:Npx
                                  \pref_protected:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_set:Npx {
                                     \pref_long:D \cs_set_nopar:Npx
                               804
                               805 }
                               806 \pref_protected:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn {
                                    \pref_protected:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn
                               808 }
```

```
809 \pref_protected:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npx {
                                     \pref_protected:D \cs_set_nopar:Npx
                                811 }
                                812 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_set_protected:Npn {
                                     \pref_protected:D \pref_long:D \cs_set_nopar:Npn
                                   \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_set_protected:Npx {
                                815
                                     \pref_protected:D \pref_long:D \cs_set_nopar:Npx
                                816
                                817 }
                               Global versions of the above functions.
          \cs_gset_nopar:Npn
          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx
                                818 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                                    \cs_gset_nopar:Npn
                                                                                   \tex_gdef:D
                \cs_gset:Npn
                                819 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                                    \cs_gset_nopar:Npx
                                                                                   \tex_xdef:D
                \cs_gset:Npx
                                820 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset:Npn {
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npn
                                     \pref_long:D \cs_gset_nopar:Npn
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npx
                                822 }
      \cs_gset_protected:Npn
                                823 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset:Npx {
      \cs_gset_protected:Npx
                                     \pref_long:D \cs_gset_nopar:Npx
                                824
                                825 }
                                   \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npn {
                                826
                                     \pref_protected:D \cs_gset_nopar:Npn
                                827
                                828 }
                                   \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npx {
                                     \pref_protected:D \cs_gset_nopar:Npx
                                831 }
                                   \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_protected:Npn {
                                832
                                     \pref_protected:D \pref_long:D \cs_gset_nopar:Npn
                                834 }
                                835 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_protected:Npx {
                                     \pref_protected:D \pref_long:D \cs_gset_nopar:Npx
                                837
```

98.3 Selecting tokens

\use:c This macro grabs its argument and returns a csname from it.

```
838 \cs_set:Npn \use:c #1 { \cs:w#1\cs_end: }
```

\use:x Fully expands its argument and passes it to the input stream. Uses \cs_tmp: as a scratch register but does not affect it.

```
839 \cs_set_protected:Npn \use:x #1 {
840   \group_begin:
841   \cs_set:Npx \cs_tmp: {#1}
842   \exp_after:wN
843   \group_end:
844   \cs_tmp:
845 }
```

\use:nn removed). \use:n is defined earlier for bootstrapping. \use:nnn 846 \cs_set:Npn \use:n #1 \use:nnnn 847 \cs_set:Npn \use:nn #1#2 {#1#2} 848 \cs_set:Npn \use:nnn #1#2#3 {#1#2#3} 849 \cs_set:Npn \use:nnnn #1#2#3#4 {#1#2#3#4} \use_i:nn These macros are needed to provide functions with true and false cases, as introduced by \use_ii:nn Michael some time ago. By using \exp_after:wN \use_i:nn \else: constructions it is possible to write code where the true or false case is able to access the following tokens from the input stream, which is not possible if the \c_true_bool syntax is used. 850 \cs_set:Npn \use_i:nn #1#2 {#1} 851 \cs_set:Npn \use_ii:nn #1#2 {#2} \use_i:nnn We also need something for picking up arguments from a longer list. \use_ii:nnn 852 \cs_set:Npn \use_i:nnn #1#2#3{#1} \use_iii:nnn 853 \cs_set:Npn \use_ii:nnn #1#2#3{#2} \use_i:nnnn 854 \cs_set:Npn \use_iii:nnn #1#2#3{#3} \use_ii:nnnn 855 \cs_set:Npn \use_i:nnnn #1#2#3#4{#1} \use_iii:nnnn 856 \cs_set:Npn \use_ii:nnnn #1#2#3#4{#2} \use_iv:nnnn 857 \cs_set:Npn \use_iii:nnnn #1#2#3#4{#3} \use_i_ii:nnn 858 \cs_set:Npn \use_iv:nnnn #1#2#3#4{#4} 859 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_ii:nnn #1#2#3{#1#2} \use_none_delimit_by_q_nil:w Functions that gobble everything until they see either \q_nil or \q_stop resp. \use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w 860 \cs_set:Npn \use_none_delimit_by_q_nil:w #1\q_nil{} e_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w 861 \cs_set:Npn \use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w #1\q_stop{} 862 \cs_set:Npn \use_none_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w #1 \q_recursion_stop {}

These macro grabs its arguments and returns it back to the input (with outer braces

\use_i_delimit_by_q_nil:nw \use_i_delimit_by_q_stop:nw _delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:nw Same as above but execute first argument after gobbling. Very useful when you need to skip the rest of a mapping sequence but want an easy way to control what should be expanded next.

```
863 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_delimit_by_q_nil:nw #1#2\q_nil{#1}
864 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_delimit_by_q_stop:nw #1#2\q_stop{#1}
865 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:nw #1#2 \q_recursion_stop {#1}
```

\use_i_after_fi:nw
\use_i_after_else:nw
\use_i_after_or:nw
\use_i_after_orelse:nw

Returns the first argument after ending the conditional.

```
866 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_after_fi:nw #1\fi:{\fi: #1}
867 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_after_else:nw #1\else:#2\fi:{\fi: #1}
868 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_after_or:nw #1\or: #2\fi: {\fi:#1}
869 \cs_set:Npn \use_i_after_orelse:nw #1 #2#3\fi: {\fi:#1}
```

98.4 Gobbling tokens from input

To gobble tokens from the input we use a standard naming convention: the number of tokens gobbled is given by the number of n's following the : in the name. Although defining \use_none:nn and above as separate calls of \use_none:n and \use_none:nn is slightly faster, this is very non-intuitive to the programmer who will assume that expanding such a function once will take care of gobbling all the tokens in one go.

98.5 Expansion control from l3expan

\exp_args:Nc Moved here for now as it is going to be used right away.

```
879 \cs_set:Npn \exp_args:Nc #1#2{\exp_after:wN#1\cs:w#2\cs_end:}
```

98.6 Conditional processing and definitions

Underneath any predicate function (_p) or other conditional forms (TF, etc.) is a built-in logic saying that it after all of the testing and processing must return the $\langle state \rangle$ this leaves TEX in. Therefore, a simple user interface could be something like

```
\if_meaning:w #1#2 \prg_return_true: \else:
  \if_meaning:w #1#3 \prg_return_true: \else:
  \prg_return_false:
\fi: \fi:
```

Usually, a TEX programmer would have to insert a number of $\exp_after:wNs$ to ensure the state value is returned at exactly the point where the last conditional is finished. However, that obscures the code and forces the TEX programmer to prove that he/she knows the $2^n - 1$ table. We therefore provide the simpler interface.

\prg_return_true:
\prg_return_false:

These break statements put T_EX in a $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ state. The idea is that the expansion of $\text{tex_romannumeral:D}$ c_zero is $\langle null \rangle$ so we set off a $\text{tex_romannumeral:D}$. It will on its way expand any lese: or fi: that are waiting to be discarded anyway before finally arriving at the c zero we will place right after the conditional. After this

expansion has terminated, we issue either \iffertime : or \iffertime : to put \iffertime in the correct state.

```
880 \cs_set:Npn \prg_return_true: { \exp_after:wN\if_true:\tex_romannumeral:D }
881 \cs_set:Npn \prg_return_false: {\exp_after:wN\if_false:\tex_romannumeral:D }
An extended state space could instead utilize \tex_ifcase:D:
\cs_set:Npn \prg_return_true: {
   \exp_after:wN\tex_ifcase:D \exp_after:wN \c_zero \tex_romannumeral:D
}
\cs_set:Npn \prg_return_false: {
   \exp_after:wN\tex_ifcase:D \exp_after:wN \c_one \tex_romannumeral:D
}
\cs_set:Npn \prg_return_error: {
   \exp_after:wN\tex_ifcase:D \exp_after:wN \c_two \tex_romannumeral:D
}
```

\prg_set_conditional:Npnn
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn
_set_protected_conditional:Npnn
_new_protected_conditional:Npnn

The user functions for the types using parameter text from the programmer. Call aux function to grab parameters, split the base function into name and signature and then use, e.g., \cs_set:Npn to define it with.

```
\cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_set_conditional:Npnn #1{
     \prg_get_parm_aux:nw{
       \cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
       \cs_set:Npn {parm}
885
886
887 }
888 \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_new_conditional:Npnn #1{
     \prg_get_parm_aux:nw{
       \cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
       \cs_new:Npn {parm}
892
893 }
894 \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn #1{
     \prg_get_parm_aux:nw{
       \verb|\cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn|
       \cs_set_protected:Npn {parm}
899 }
900 \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn #1{
     \prg_get_parm_aux:nw{
901
       \cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
902
       \cs_new_protected:Npn {parm}
     }
905 }
```

\prg_set_conditional:Nnn \prg_new_conditional:Nnn g_set_protected_conditional:Nnn g_new_protected_conditional:Nnn The user functions for the types automatically inserting the correct parameter text based

on the signature. Call aux function after calculating number of arguments, split the base function into name and signature and then use, e.g., \cs_set:Npn to define it with.

```
\cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_set_conditional:Nnn #1{
     \exp_args:Nnf \prg_get_count_aux:nn{
907
       \cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
908
       \cs_set:Npn {count}
909
    }{\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N #1}
   \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_new_conditional:Nnn #1{
912
     \exp_args:Nnf \prg_get_count_aux:nn{
913
       \cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
914
       \cs_new:Npn {count}
915
    }{\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N #1}
916
917
  \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_set_protected_conditional:Nnn #1{
919
     \exp_args:Nnf \prg_get_count_aux:nn{
920
      \cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
921
       \cs_set_protected:Npn {count}
    }{\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N #1}
925
  \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn #1{
926
     \exp_args:Nnf \prg_get_count_aux:nn{
927
       \cs_split_function:NN #1 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
928
       \cs_new_protected:Npn {count}
    }{\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N #1}
931 }
  \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_set_eq_conditional:NNn #1#2#3 {
     \prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNn \cs_set_eq:cc #1#2 {#3}
```

\prg_set_eq_conditional:NNn \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn

The obvious setting-equal functions.

```
934 }
935 \cs_set_protected:Npn \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn #1#2#3 {
936
     \prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNn \cs_new_eq:cc #1#2 {#3}
937 }
```

\prg_get_parm_aux:nw \prg_get_count_aux:nn

For the Npnn type we must grab the parameter text before continuing. We make this a very generic function that takes one argument before reading everything up to a left brace. Something similar for the Nnn type.

```
938 \cs_set:Npn \prg_get_count_aux:nn #1#2 {#1{#2}}
939 \cs_set:Npn \prg_get_parm_aux:nw #1#2#{#1{#2}}
```

e_conditional_parm_aux:nnNNnnnn enerate_conditional_parm_aux:nw The workhorse here is going through a list of desired forms, i.e., p, TF, T and F. The first three arguments come from splitting up the base form of the conditional, which gives the name, signature and a boolean to signal whether or not there was a colon in the name. For the time being, we do not use this piece of information but could well throw an error. The fourth argument is how to define this function, the fifth is the text parm or count for which version to use to define the functions, the sixth is the parameters to use (possibly empty) or number of arguments, the seventh is the list of forms to define, the eight is the replacement text which we will augment when defining the forms.

```
940 \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6#7#8{
941 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnw{#5}{
942 #4{#1}{#2}{#6}{#8}
943 }#7,?, \q_recursion_stop
944 }
```

Looping through the list of desired forms. First is the text parm or count, second is five arguments packed together and third is the form. Use text and form to call the correct type.

```
945 \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnw #1#2#3,{
946 \if:w ?#3
947 \exp_after:wN \use_none_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w
948 \fi:
949 \use:c{prg_generate_#3_form_#1:Nnnnn} #2
950 \prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnw{#1}{#2}
951 }
```

How to generate the various forms. The parm types here takes the following arguments: 1: how to define (an N-type), 2: name, 3: signature, 4: parameter text (or empty), 5: replacement.

```
952 \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_p_form_parm:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
     \exp_args:Nc #1 {#2_p:#3}#4{#5 \c_zero
       \exp_after:wN\c_true_bool\else:\exp_after:wN\c_false_bool\fi:
955
956 }
957 \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_TF_form_parm:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
     \exp_args:Nc#1 {#2:#3TF}#4{#5 \c_zero
       \exp_after:wN \use_i:nn \else: \exp_after:wN \use_ii:nn \fi:
959
     }
960
961 }
  \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_T_form_parm:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
     \exp_args:Nc#1 {#2:#3T}#4{#5 \c_zero
963
       \else:\exp_after:wN\use_none:nn\fi:\use:n
964
965
966 }
  \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_F_form_parm:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
     \exp_args:Nc#1 {#2:#3F}#4{#5 \c_zero
968
       \exp_after:wN\use_none:nn\fi:\use:n
969
```

Aprg_generate_p_form_parm:Nnnnn
prg_generate_TF_form_parm:Nnnnn
Aprg_generate_T_form_parm:Nnnnn

970 971 **}** org_generate_p_form_count:Nnnnn org_generate_TF_form_count:Nnnnn org_generate_T_form_count:Nnnnn org_generate_F_form_count:Nnnnn

org_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNn org_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNw

1005 }

How to generate the various forms. The count types here use a number to insert the correct parameter text, otherwise like the parm functions above.

```
\cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_p_form_count:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
      \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn {#2_p:#3} #1 {#4}{#5 \c_zero
        \exp_after:wN\c_true_bool\else:\exp_after:wN\c_false_bool\fi:
 974
 975
 976
    \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_TF_form_count:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
      \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn {#2:#3TF} #1 {#4}{#5 \c_zero
        \exp_after:wN\use_i:nn\else:\exp_after:wN\use_ii:nn\fi:
 980
 981
    \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_T_form_count:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
 982
      \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn {#2:#3T} #1 {#4}{#5 \c_zero
 984
            \else:\exp_after:wN\use_none:nn\fi:\use:n
 985
 986 }
    \cs_set:Npn \prg_generate_F_form_count:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5{
 987
      \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn {#2:#3F} #1 {#4}{#5 \c_zero
 988
        \exp_after:wN\use_none:nn\fi:\use:n
 989
      }
 990
 991 }
    \cs_set:Npn \prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNn #1#2#3#4 {
      \prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNw #1#2#3#4,?,\q_recursion_stop
 993
 994 }
Manual clist loop over argument #4.
    \cs_set:Npn \prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNw #1#2#3#4, {
      \if:w ? #4 \scan_stop:
        \exp_after:wN \use_none_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w
 997
      \fi:
 998
      #1 {
 999
        \exp_args:NNc \cs_split_function:NN #2 {prg_conditional_form_#4:nnn}
1000
        \exp_args:NNc \cs_split_function:NN #3 {prg_conditional_form_#4:nnn}
1002
1003
      \prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNw #1{#2}{#3}
1004
```

All that is left is to define the canonical boolean true and false. I think Michael originated the idea of expandable boolean tests. At first these were supposed to expand into either

1006 \cs_set:Npn \prg_conditional_form_p:nnn #1#2#3 {#1_p:#2}
1007 \cs_set:Npn \prg_conditional_form_TF:nnn #1#2#3 {#1:#2TF}
1008 \cs_set:Npn \prg_conditional_form_T:nnn #1#2#3 {#1:#2T}
1009 \cs_set:Npn \prg_conditional_form_F:nnn #1#2#3 {#1:#2F}

TT or TF to be tested using \if:w but this was later changed to 00 and 01, so they could be used in logical operations. Later again they were changed to being numerical constants with values of 1 for true and 0 for false. We need this from the get-go.

```
\c_true_bool
\c_false_bool
```

Here are the canonical boolean values.

```
1010 \tex_chardef:D \c_true_bool = 1~
1011 \tex_chardef:D \c_false_bool = 0~
```

98.7 Dissecting a control sequence

\cs_to_str:N \cs_to_str_aux:w

This converts a control sequence into the character string of its name, removing the leading escape character. This turns out to be a non-trivial matter as there a different cases:

- The usual case of a printable escape character;
- the case of a non-printable escape characters, e.g., when the value of \tex_escapechar:D is negative;
- when the escape character is a space.

The route chosen is this: If $\token_to_str:\mathbb{N} \a produces a non-space escape char, then this will produce two tokens. If the escape char is non-printable, only one token is produced. If the escape char is a space, then a space token plus one token character token is produced. If we augment the result of this expansion with the letters <math>ax$ we get the following three scenarios (with $\langle X \rangle$ being a printable non-space escape character):

- $\langle X \rangle$ aax
- aax
- aax

In the second and third case, putting an auxiliary function in front reading undelimited arguments will treat them the same, removing the space token for us automatically. Therefore, if we test the second and third argument of what such a function reads, in case 1 we will get true and in cases 2 and 3 we will get false. If we choose to optimize for the usual case of a printable escape char, we can do it like this (again getting TeX to remove the leading space for us):

```
1012 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_to_str:N {
1013  \if:w \exp_after:wN \cs_str_aux:w\token_to_str:N \a ax\q_nil
1014  \else:
1015  \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN \use_ii:nn
1016  \fi:
1017  \exp_after:wN \use_none:n \token_to_str:N
1018 }
1019 \cs_set:Npn \cs_str_aux:w #1#2#3#4\q_nil{#2#3}
```

\cs_split_function:NN
\cs_split_function_aux:w
\cs_split_function_auxi:w

This function takes a function name and splits it into name with the escape char removed and argument specification. In addition to this, a third argument, a boolean $\langle true \rangle$ or $\langle false \rangle$ is returned with $\langle true \rangle$ for when there is a colon in the function and $\langle false \rangle$ if there is not. Lastly, the second argument of \cs_split_function:NN is supposed to be a function taking three variables, one for name, one for signature, and one for the boolean. For example, \cs_split_function:NN\foo_bar:cnx\use_i:nnn as input becomes \use_i:nnn {foo_bar}{cnx}c_true_bool.

Can't use a literal: because it has the wrong catcode here, so it's transformed from @ with \tex_lowercase:D.

```
1020 \group_begin:
1021 \tex_lccode:D '\@ = '\: \scan_stop:
1022 \tex_catcode:D '\@ = 12~
1023 \tex_lowercase:D {
1024 \group_end:
```

First ensure that we actually get a properly evaluated str as we don't know how many expansions \cs_to_str:N requires. Insert extra colon to catch the error cases.

```
1025 \cs_set:Npn \cs_split_function:NN #1#2{
1026 \exp_after:wN \cs_split_function_aux:w
1027 \tex_romannumeral:D -'\q \cs_to_str:N #1 @a \q_nil #2
1028 }
```

If no colon in the name, #2 is a with catcode 11 and #3 is empty. If colon in the name, then either #2 is a colon or the first letter of the signature. The letters here have catcode 12. If a colon was given we need to a) split off the colon and quark at the end and b) ensure we return the name, signature and boolean true We can't use \quark_if_no_value:NTF yet but this is very safe anyway as all tokens have catcode 12.

```
\cs_set:Npn \cs_split_function_aux:w #10#2#3\q_nil#4{
      \if_meaning:w a#2
1030
        \exp_after:wN \use_i:nn
1031
      \else:
1032
        \exp_after:wN\use_ii:nn
1034
      {#4{#1}{}\c_false_bool}
1035
      {\cs_split_function_auxii:w#2#3\q_nil #4{#1}}
1036
1037 }
1038 \cs_set:Npn \cs_split_function_auxii:w #1@a\q_nil#2#3{
      #2{#3}{#1}\c_true_bool
1039
1040 }
End of lowercase
```

\cs_get_function_name:N Now returning the name is trivial: just discard the last two arguments. Similar for \cs_get_function_signature:N signature.

```
1042 \cs_set:Npn \cs_get_function_name:N #1 {
1043  \cs_split_function:NN #1\use_i:nnn
1044 }
1045 \cs_set:Npn \cs_get_function_signature:N #1 {
1046  \cs_split_function:NN #1\use_ii:nnn
1047 }
```

98.8 Exist or free

A control sequence is said to *exist* (to be used) if has an entry in the hash table and its meaning is different from the primitive \tex_relax:D token. A control sequence is said to be *free* (to be defined) if it does not already exist and also meets the requirement that it does not contain a D signature. The reasoning behind this is that most of the time, a check for a free control sequence is when we wish to make a new control sequence and we do not want to let the user define a new "do not use" control sequence.

\cs_if_exist_p:N
\cs_if_exist_p:c
\cs_if_exist:N<u>TF</u>
\cs_if_exist:cTF

Two versions for checking existence. For the N form we firstly check for $\text{\ensuremath{\mbox{tex_relax:D}}}$ and then if it is in the hash table. There is no problem when inputting something like $\text{\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{else:}}}}$ or $\text{\ensuremath{\mbox{fi:}}}$ as $\text{\ensuremath{\mbox{T}_E}\!X}$ will only ever skip input in case the token tested against is $\text{\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{else:}}}}}$ is $\text{\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{else:}}}}}$

```
\prg_set_conditional:Npnn \cs_if_exist:N #1 {p,TF,T,F}{
1049
      \if_meaning:w #1\tex_relax:D
        \prg_return_false:
1050
1051
      \else:
        \if_cs_exist:N #1
1052
           \prg_return_true:
1053
1054
           \prg_return_false:
        \fi:
1056
      \fi:
1057
1058 }
```

For the c form we firstly check if it is in the hash table and then for \tex_relax:D so that we do not add it to the hash table unless it was already there. Here we have to be careful as the text to be skipped if the first test is false may contain tokens that disturb the scanner. Therefore, we ensure that the second test is performed after the first one has concluded completely.

```
1059 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \cs_if_exist:c #1 {p,TF,T,F}{
1060  \if_cs_exist:w #1 \cs_end:
1061  \exp_after:wN \use_i:nn
1062  \else:
1063  \exp_after:wN \use_ii:nn
1064  \fi:
1065  {
1066  \exp_after:wN \if_meaning:w \cs:w #1\cs_end: \tex_relax:D
1067  \prg_return_false:
```

```
\else:
                             1068
                                       \prg_return_true:
                             1069
                                     \fi:
                             1071
                                   \prs_return_false:
    \cs_if_do_not_use_p:N
\cs_if_do_not_use_aux:nnN
                                 \cs_{set:Npn \cs_if_do_not_use_p:N \#1{\{}}
                                   \cs_split_function:NN #1 \cs_if_do_not_use_aux:nnN
                             1076 }
                                 \cs_set:Npn \cs_if_do_not_use_aux:nnN #1#2#3{
                             1077
                                   \exp_after:wN\str_if_eq_p:nn \token_to_str:N D {#2}
                             1078
                             1079 }
                            The simple implementation is one using the boolean expression parser: If it is exists or
          \cs_if_free_p:N
          \cs_if_free_p:c
                            is do not use, then return false.
          \cs_if_free:NTF
                              \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \cs_if_free:N #1{p,TF,T,F}{
          \cs_if_free:cTF
                                \bool_if:nTF {\cs_if_exist_p:N #1 || \cs_if_do_not_use_p:N #1}
                                {\prg_return_false:}{\prg_return_true:}
```

However, this functionality may not be available this early on. We do something similar: The numerical values of true and false is one and zero respectively, which we can use. The problem again here is that the token we are checking may in fact be something that can disturb the scanner, so we have to be careful. We would like to do minimal evaluation so we ensure this.

```
\prg_set_conditional:Npnn \cs_if_free:N #1{p,TF,T,F}{
     \tex_ifnum:D \cs_if_exist_p:N #1 =\c_zero
1081
       \exp_after:wN \use_i:nn
1082
     \else:
       \exp_after:wN \use_ii:nn
1085
     \fi:
1086
       \tex_ifnum:D \cs_if_do_not_use_p:N #1 =\c_zero
1087
1088
         \prg_return_true:
       \else:
         \prg_return_false:
       \fi:
1091
1092
     \prg_return_false:
1093
1094 }
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_if_free_p:c{\exp_args:Nc\cs_if_free_p:N}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_if_free:cTF{\exp_args:Nc\cs_if_free:NTF}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_if_free:cT{\exp_args:Nc\cs_if_free:NT}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_if_free:cF{\exp_args:Nc\cs_if_free:NF}
```

98.9 Defining and checking (new) functions

\c_minus_one \c_zero \c_sixteen

\msg_kernel_bug:x

We need the constants \c_minus_one and \c_sixteen now for writing information to the log and the terminal and \c_zero which is used by some functions in the l3alloc module. The rest are defined in the l3int module – at least for the ones that can be defined with \tex_chardef:D or \tex_mathchardef:D. For other constants the l3int module is required but it can't be used until the allocation has been set up properly! The actual allocation mechanism is in l3alloc and as TEX wants to reserve count registers 0-9, the first available one is 10 so we use that for \c_minus_one.

```
1099 \*!initex\\
1100 \cs_set_eq:NwN \c_minus_one\m@ne
1101 \/!initex\\
1102 \*!package\\
1103 \tex_countdef:D \c_minus_one = 10 ~
1104 \c_minus_one = -1 ~
1105 \/!package\\
1106 \tex_chardef:D \c_sixteen = 16~
1107 \tex_chardef:D \c_zero = 0~
```

We provide two kinds of functions that can be used to define control sequences. On the one hand we have functions that check if their argument doesn't already exist, they are called \..._new. The second type of defining functions doesn't check if the argument is already defined.

Before we can define them, we need some auxiliary macros that allow us to generate error messages. The definitions here are only temporary, they will be redefined later on.

\iow_log:x We define a routine to write only to the log file. And a similar one for writing to both \iow_term:x the log file and the terminal.

```
1108 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_log:x {
1109  \tex_immediate:D \iow_shipout_x:Nn \c_minus_one
1110 }
1111 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_term:x {
1112  \tex_immediate:D \iow_shipout_x:Nn \c_sixteen
1113 }

This will show internal errors.
```

```
1114 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_bug:x #1 {
1115 \iow_term:x { This~is~a~LaTeX~bug:~check~coding! }
1116 \tex_errmessage:D {#1}
1117 }
```

\cs_record_meaning:N This macro will be used later on for tracing purposes. But we need some more modules to define it, so we just give some dummy definition here.

```
1118 (*trace)
1119 \cs_set:Npn \cs_record_meaning:N #1{}
1120 (/trace)
```

\chk_if_free_cs:N
\chk_if_free_cs:c

This command is called by $\cs_new_nopar:Npn$ and $\cs_new_eq:NN$ etc. to make sure that the argument sequence is not already in use. If it is, an error is signalled. It checks if $\langle csname \rangle$ is undefined or $\scam_stop:$. Otherwise an error message is issued. We have to make sure we don't put the argument into the conditional processing since it may be an $\scam_stop:$ type function!

```
\cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \chk_if_free_cs:N #1{
     \cs_if_free:NF #1
1123
        \msg_kernel_bug:x {Command~name~'\token_to_str:N #1'~
                           already~defined!~
1125
                           Current~meaning:~\token_to_meaning:N #1
1126
                         }
     }
1128
1129 (*trace)
      \cs_record_meaning:N#1
          \iow_term:x{Defining~\token_to_str:N #1~on~%}
      \iow_log:x{Defining~\token_to_str:N #1~on~
1132
                     line~\tex_the:D \tex_inputlineno:D}
   ⟨/trace⟩
1134
1135
   \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \chk_if_free_cs:c {
      \exp_args:Nc \chk_if_free_cs:N
1138 }
   (*package)
1139
    \tex_ifodd:D \@l@expl@log@functions@bool \else
1140
      \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \chk_if_free_cs:N #1 {
1141
        \cs_if_free:NF #1
1142
          {
            \msg_kernel_bug:x
1145
                Command~name~'\token_to_str:N #1'~
1146
                already~defined!~
1147
                Current~meaning:~\token_to_meaning:N #1
1148
1149
          }
1152 \fi
1153 (/package)
```

\chk_if_exist_cs:N This function issues a warning message when the control sequence in its argument does \chk_if_exist_cs:c not exist.

```
1154 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \chk_if_exist_cs:N #1 {
1155 \cs_if_exist:NF #1
```

\str_if_eq_p:nn \str_if_eq_p_aux:w Takes 2 lists of characters as arguments and expands into \c_true_bool if they are equal, and \c_false_bool otherwise. Note that in the current implementation spaces in these strings are ignored.⁸

```
1164 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \str_if_eq:nn #1#2{p}{
1165 \str_if_eq_p_aux:w #1\scan_stop:\\#2\scan_stop:\\
1166 }
1167 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \str_if_eq_p_aux:w #1#2\\#3#4\\{
1168 \if_meaning:w#1#3
1169 \if_meaning:w#1\scan_stop:\prg_return_true: \else:
1170 \if_meaning:w#3\scan_stop:\prg_return_false: \else:
1171 \str_if_eq_p_aux:w #2\\#4\\fi:\fi:
1172 \else:\prg_return_false: \fi:}
```

\cs_if_eq_name_p:NN

An application of the above function, already streamlined for speed, so I put it in here. It takes two control sequences as arguments and expands into true iff they have the same name. We make it long in case one of them is \par!

```
1173 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \cs_if_eq_name:NN #1#2{p}{
1174 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN
1175 \exp_after:wN\str_if_eq_p_aux:w
1176 \exp_after:wN\token_to_str:N
1177 \exp_after:wN#1
1178 \exp_after:wN\scan_stop:
1179 \exp_after:wN\\
1180 \token_to_str:N#2\scan_stop:\\}
```

\str_if_eq_var_p:nf \str_if_eq_var_start:nnN \str_if_eq_var_stop:w

A variant of \str_if_eq_p:nn which has the advantage of obeying spaces in at least the second argument. See |3quark for an application. From the hand of David Kastrup with slight modifications to make it fit with the remainder of the expl3 language.

The macro builds a string of $\if: w \fi: pairs from the first argument.$ The idea is to turn the comparison of ab and cde into

```
\tex_number:D
\if:w \scan_stop: \if:w b\if:w a cde\scan_stop: '\fi: \fi: \fi:
13
```

⁸This is a function which could use \tlist_compare:xx.

The 'is important here. If all tests are true, the 'is read as part of the number in which case the returned number is 13 in octal notation so \tex_number:D returns 11. If one test returns false the 'is never seen and then we get just 13. We wrap the whole process in an external \if:w in order to make it return either \c_true_bool or \c_false_bool since some parts of |3prg expect a predicate to return one of these two tokens.

```
1181 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \str_if_eq_var:nf #1#2 {p} {
1182  \if:w \tex_number:D\str_if_eq_var_start:nnN{}{}#1\scan_stop:{#2}}
1183 }
1184 \cs_set_nopar:Npn\str_if_eq_var_start:nnN#1#2#3{
1185  \if:w#3\scan_stop:\exp_after:wN\str_if_eq_var_stop:w\fi:
1186  \str_if_eq_var_start:nnN{\if:w#3#1}{#2\fi:}
1187 }
1188 \cs_set:Npn\str_if_eq_var_stop:w\str_if_eq_var_start:nnN#1#2#3{
1189  #1#3\scan_stop:'#213~\prg_return_true:\else:\prg_return_false:\fi:
1190 }
```

98.10 More new definitions

\cs_new_nopar:Npn
\cs_new:Npn
\cs_new:Npx
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npx
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npx
\cs_new_protected:Npx

Global versions of the above functions.

```
\cs_set:Npn \cs_tmp:w #1#2 {
     \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn #1 ##1
           \chk if free cs:N ##1
1194
           #2 ##1
1195
       }
1196
1197 }
1198 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_nopar:Npn
                                            \cs_gset_nopar:Npn
1199 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_nopar:Npx
                                            \cs_gset_nopar:Npx
1200 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new:Npn
                                            \cs_gset:Npn
1201 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new:Npx
                                            \cs_gset:Npx
1202 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npn
1203 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npx \cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npx
1204 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected:Npn
                                            \cs_gset_protected:Npn
1205 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected:Npx
                                            \cs_gset_protected:Npx
```

\cs_set_nopar:cpn
\cs_gset_nopar:cpx
\cs_gset_nopar:cpx
\cs_new_nopar:cpx
\cs_new_nopar:cpx

Like \cs_set_nopar:Npn and \cs_new_nopar:Npn, except that the first argument consists of the sequence of characters that should be used to form the name of the desired control sequence (the c stands for csname argument, see the expansion module). Global versions are also provided.

 $\cs_{set_nopar:cpn} \langle string \rangle \langle rep\text{-}text \rangle$ will turn $\langle string \rangle$ into a csname and then assign $\langle rep\text{-}text \rangle$ to it by using $\cs_{set_nopar:Npn}$. This means that there might be a parameter string between the two arguments.

```
1206 \cs_set:Npn \cs_tmp:w #1#2{
1207 \cs_new_nopar:Npn #1 { \exp_args:Nc #2 }
```

```
1209 \cs_tmp:w \cs_set_nopar:Cpn \cs_set_nopar:Npn
                              1210 \cs_tmp:w \cs_set_nopar:Cpx \cs_set_nopar:Npx
                              1211 \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset_nopar:Cpn \cs_gset_nopar:Npn
                              1212 \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset_nopar:cpx \cs_gset_nopar:Npx
                              1213 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_nopar:cpn
                                                                     \cs_new_nopar:Npn
                              1214 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_nopar:cpx
                                                                     \cs_new_nopar:Npx
                \cs_set:cpn
                             Variants of the \cs_set:Npn versions which make a csname out of the first arguments.
                \cs_set:cpx
                             We may also do this globally.
                \cs_gset:cpn
                              1215 \cs_tmp:w \cs_set:cpn \cs_set:Npn
                \cs_gset:cpx
                              1216 \cs tmp:w \cs set:cpx \cs set:Npx
                \cs new:cpn
                              1217 \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset:Cpn \cs_gset:Npn
                 \cs_new:cpx
                              1218 \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset:cpx \cs_gset:Npx
                              1219 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new:cpn \cs_new:Npn
                              1220 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new:cpx \cs_new:Npx
                             Variants of the \cs_set_protected_nopar: Npn versions which make a csname out of
\cs_set_protected_nopar:cpn
                              the first arguments. We may also do this globally.
\cs_set_protected_nopar:cpx
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:cpn
                              1221 \cs_tmp:w \cs_set_protected_nopar:cpn \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn
\cs_gset_protected_nopar:cpx
                              1222 \cs_tmp:w \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npx
\cs_new_protected_nopar:cpn
                              \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset_protected_nopar:Cpn \cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npn
\cs_new_protected_nopar:cpx
                              \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset_protected_nopar:cpx \cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npx
                              1225 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected_nopar:cpn
                                                                        \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn
                              1226 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected_nopar:cpx \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npx
       \cs_set_protected:cpn
                             Variants of the \cs_set_protected:Npn versions which make a csname out of the first
                             arguments. We may also do this globally.
       \cs_set_protected:cpx
      \cs_gset_protected:cpn
                              1227 \cs_tmp:w \cs_set_protected:Cpn \cs_set_protected:Npn
      \cs gset protected:cpx
                              1228 \cs_tmp:w \cs_set_protected:cpx \cs_set_protected:Npx
```

1229 \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset_protected:cpn \cs_gset_protected:Npn

1230 \cs_tmp:w \cs_gset_protected:cpx \cs_gset_protected:Npx
1231 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected:cpn \cs_new_protected:Npn
1232 \cs_tmp:w \cs_new_protected:Cpx \cs_new_protected:Npx

BACKWARDS COMPATIBILITY:

\cs_new_protected:cpn

\cs_new_protected:cpx

```
1233 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                             \cs_gnew_nopar:Npn
                                                            \cs_new_nopar:Npn
1234 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                   \cs_gnew:Npn
                                                                  \cs_new:Npn
1235 \cs_set_eq:NwN \cs_gnew_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn
1236 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                         \cs_gnew_protected:Npn
                                                        \cs_new_protected:Npn
1237 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                             \cs_gnew_nopar:Npx
                                                            \cs_new_nopar:Npx
1238 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                   \cs_gnew:Npx
                                                                  \cs_new:Npx
1239 \cs_set_eq:NwN \cs_gnew_protected_nopar:Npx \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npx
1240 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                         \cs_gnew_protected:Npx
                                                        \cs_new_protected:Npx
1241 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                             \cs_gnew_nopar:cpn
                                                            \cs_new_nopar:cpn
```

```
\cs_gnew:cpn
                                                                  \cs_new:cpn
1242 \cs_set_eq:NwN
1243 \cs_set_eq:NwN \cs_gnew_protected_nopar:cpn \cs_new_protected_nopar:cpn
1244 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                        \cs_gnew_protected:cpn
                                                        \cs_new_protected:cpn
                             \cs_gnew_nopar:cpx
1245 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                                            \cs_new_nopar:cpx
1246 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                   \cs_gnew:cpx
                                                                  \cs_new:cpx
1247 \cs_set_eq:NwN \cs_gnew_protected_nopar:cpx \cs_new_protected_nopar:cpx
1248 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                         \cs_gnew_protected:cpx
                                                        \cs_new_protected:cpx
```

For using parameters, i.e., when you need to define a function to process three parameters.

1258 {##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}{##7}{##8}}
1259 \cs_set_nopar:cpn{use_9_parameter:}{
1260 {##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}{##5}{##6}{##7}{##8}{##9}}

98.11 Copying definitions

\cs_set_eq:NN
\cs_set_eq:CN
\cs_set_eq:Nc
\cs_set_eq:cc

\use_0_parameter:

These macros allow us to copy the definition of a control sequence to another control sequence.

The = sign allows us to define funny char tokens like = itself or \sqcup with this function. For the definition of \c space_chartok{~} to work we need the ~ after the =.

\cs_set_eq:NN is long to avoid problems with a literal argument of \par. While \cs_new_eq:NN will probably never be correct with a first argument of \par, define it long in order to throw an 'already defined' error rather than 'runaway argument'.

The c variants are not protected in order for their arguments to be constructed in the correct context.

```
1261 \cs_set_protected:Npn \cs_set_eq:NN #1 { \cs_set_eq:NwN #1=~ }
1262 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_set_eq:CN { \exp_args:Nc \cs_set_eq:NN }
1263 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_set_eq:Nc { \exp_args:NNc \cs_set_eq:NN }
1264 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_set_eq:cc { \exp_args:Ncc \cs_set_eq:NN }
1265 \cs_new_eq:NN
1266 \cs_new_eq:NN
1267 \cs_new_eq:NN
1268 \cs_new_eq:NN
1269 \cs_new_eq:NN
1269 \cs_new_eq:NN
1260 \cs_new_eq:NN
1260 \cs_new_eq:NN
1261 \cs_new_eq:NN
1261 \cs_new_eq:NN
1262 \cs_new_eq:NN
1263 \cs_new_eq:NN
1264 \cs_new_eq:NN
1265 \cs_new_eq:NN
1266 \cs_new_eq:NN
1267 \cs_new_eq:NN
1268 \cs_new_eq:NN
1268 \cs_new_eq:NN
1269 \cs_new_eq:NN
1269 \cs_new_eq:NN
1260 \cs
```

```
\cs_new_eq:CN
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Cc
\cs_new_eq:Nn #1 {
\cs_new_eq:Nn #1
\cs_new_eq:Nn #1
```

```
1269 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_new_eq:cN { \exp_args:Nc \cs_new_eq:NN }
                \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_new_eq:Nc { \exp_args:NNc \cs_new_eq:NN }
                \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_new_eq:cc { \exp_args:Ncc \cs_new_eq:NN }
\cs_gset_eq:NN
\cs_gset_eq:cN
                1272 \cs_new_protected:Npn \cs_gset_eq:NN { \pref_global:D \cs_set_eq:NN }
\cs_gset_eq:Nc
                1273 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_eq:Nc { \exp_args:NNc \cs_gset_eq:NN }
\cs_gset_eq:cc
                1274 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_eq:cN { \exp_args:Nc \cs_gset_eq:NN }
                1275 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gset_eq:cc { \exp_args:Ncc \cs_gset_eq:NN }
                BACKWARDS COMPATIBILITY
                1276 \cs_set_eq:NN
                                   \cs_gnew_eq:NN
                                                    \cs_new_eq:NN
                1277 \cs_set_eq:NN
                                   \cs_gnew_eq:cN
                                                    \cs_new_eq:cN
                1278 \cs_set_eq:NN
                                   \cs_gnew_eq:Nc
                                                    \cs_new_eq:Nc
                1279 \cs_set_eq:NN
                                   \cs_gnew_eq:cc
                                                    \cs_new_eq:cc
```

98.12 Undefining functions

The following function is used to free the main memory from the definition of some function that isn't in use any longer.

```
1280 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_undefine:N #1 {
1281 \cs_set_eq:NN #1 \c_undefined:D
1282 }
1283 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_undefine:c #1 {
1284 \cs_set_eq:cN {#1} \c_undefined:D
1285 }
1286 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gundefine:N #1 {
1287 \cs_gset_eq:NN #1 \c_undefined:D
1288 }
1289 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \cs_gundefine:c #1 {
1290 \cs_gset_eq:cN {#1} \c_undefined:D
1291 }
```

98.13 Diagnostic wrapper functions

```
\kernel_register_show: N \kernel_register_show: c
```

```
\msg_kernel_bug:x {Register~ '\token_to_str:N #1'~ is~ not~ defined.}

1299    }
1300 }
1301 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \kernel_register_show:c { \exp_args:Nc \int_show:N }
```

98.14 Engine specific definitions

\c_xetex_is_engine_bool
\c_luatex_is_engine_bool
 \xetex_if_engine: <u>TF</u>
 \luatex_if_engine: <u>TF</u>

In some cases it will be useful to know which engine we're running. Don't provide a _p predicate because the _bool is used for the same thing.

```
\if_cs_exist:N \xetex_version:D
     \cs_new_eq:NN \c_xetex_is_engine_bool \c_true_bool
1304 \else:
     \cs_new_eq:NN \c_xetex_is_engine_bool \c_false_bool
1306 \fi:
1307 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \xetex_if_engine: {TF,T,F} {
     \if_bool:N \c_xetex_is_engine_bool
       \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1310 }
   \if_cs_exist:N \luatex_directlua:D
     \cs_new_eq:NN \c_luatex_is_engine_bool \c_true_bool
1313 \else:
     \cs_new_eq:NN \c_luatex_is_engine_bool \c_false_bool
1315 \fi:
1316 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \xetex_if_engine: {TF,T,F}{
     \if_bool:N \c_xetex_is_engine_bool \prg_return_true:
     \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1318
1319 }
1320 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \luatex_if_engine: {TF,T,F}{
     \if_bool:N \c_luatex_is_engine_bool \prg_return_true:
     \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1322
1323 }
```

98.15 Scratch functions

\prg_do_nothing:

I don't think this function belongs here, but one place is as good as any other. I want to use this function when I want to express 'no operation'. It is for example used in templates where depending on the users settings we have to either select an function that does something, or one that does nothing.

```
1324 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_do_nothing: {}
```

98.16 Defining functions from a given number of arguments

_get_arg_count_from_signature:N
rg_count_from_signature_aux:nnN
rg_count_from_signature_auxii:w

Counting the number of tokens in the signature, i.e., the number of arguments the function should take. If there is no signature, we return that there is -1 arguments to signal

an error. Otherwise we insert the string 9876543210 after the signature. If the signature is empty, the number we want is 0 so we remove the first nine tokens and return the tenth. Similarly, if the signature is nnn we want to remove the nine tokens nnn987654 and return 3. Therefore, we simply remove the first nine tokens and then return the tenth.

```
\cs_set:Npn \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N #1{
1326
      \cs_split_function:NN #1 \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature_aux:nnN
1327
   \cs_set:Npn \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature_aux:nnN #1#2#3{
1328
      \if_predicate:w #3 % \bool_if:NTF here
1329
        \exp_after:wN \use_i:nn
1330
      \else:
       \exp_after:wN\use_ii:nn
      \fi:
1334
        \exp_after:wN \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature_auxii:w
1335
          \use_none:nnnnnnnn #2 9876543210\q_nil
1336
      }
1337
      {-1}
1338
1339 }
   \cs_set:Npn \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature_auxii:w #1#2\q_nil{#1}
A variant form we need right away.
1341 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:c {
      \exp_args:Nc \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N
1343 }
```

cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnnate_from_arg_count_error_msg:Nn

We provide a constructor function for defining functions with a given number of arguments. For this we need to choose the correct parameter text and then use that when defining. Since TEX supports from zero to nine arguments, we use a simple switch to choose the correct parameter text, ensuring the result is returned after finishing the conditional. If it is not between zero and nine, we throw an error.

1: function to define, 2: with what to define it, 3: the number of args it requires and 4: the replacement text

```
\cs_set:Npn \cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn #1#2#3#4{
     \tex_ifcase:D \etex_numexpr:D #3\tex_relax:D
1345
       \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1}
1346
1347
       \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1}
1348
1349
       \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2}
1350
1351
       \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2##3}
1352
1353
       \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2##3##4}
1354
```

```
\use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2##3##4##5}
1356
      \or:
1357
        \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2##3##4##5##6}
1358
      \or:
1359
        \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2##3##4##5##6##7}
1361
        \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8}
1362
1363
        \use_i_after_orelse:nw{#2#1 ##1##2##3##4##5##6##7##8##9}
1364
1365
      \else:
        \use_i_after_fi:nw{
          \cs_generate_from_arg_count_error_msg:Nn#1{#3}
          \use_none:n % to remove replacement text
        }
1369
      \fi:
      {#4}
1372 }
A variant form we need right away.
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn {
      \exp_args:Nc \cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn
1374
1375 }
The error message. Elsewhere we use the value of -1 to signal a missing colon in a
function, so provide a hint for help on this.
   \cs_set:Npn \cs_generate_from_arg_count_error_msg:Nn #1#2 {
      \msg_kernel_bug:x {
        You're~ trying~ to~ define~ the~ command~ '\token_to_str:N #1'~
        with~ \use:n{\tex_the:D\etex_numexpr:D #2\tex_relax:D} ~
        arguments~ but~ I~ only~ allow~ 0-9~arguments.~Perhaps~you~
        forgot~to~use~a~colon~in~the~function~name?~
        I~ can~ probably~ not~ help~ you~ here
     }
1383
1384 }
Check if two control sequences are identical.
   \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \cs_if_eq:NN #1#2{p,TF,T,F}{
      \if_meaning:w #1#2
      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
1387
1388 }
   \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq_p:cN {\exp_args:Nc \cs_if_eq_p:NN}
1390 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:cNTF {\exp_args:Nc \cs_if_eq:NNTF}
1391 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:cNT {\exp_args:Nc \cs_if_eq:NNT}
1392 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:cNF {\exp_args:Nc \cs_if_eq:NNF}
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq_p:Nc {\exp_args:NNc \cs_if_eq_p:NN}
1394 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:NcTF {\exp_args:NNc \cs_if_eq:NNTF}
1395 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:NcT {\exp_args:NNc \cs_if_eq:NNT}
```

\cs_if_eq_p:NN
\cs_if_eq_p:cN

\cs_if_eq_p:Nc

\cs_if_eq_p:cc

\cs_if_eq:NNTF

\cs_if_eq:cN_TF

\cs_if_eq:NcTF

\cs_if_eq:cc_TF

```
1396 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:NcF {\exp_args:NNc \cs_if_eq:NNF}
1397 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq_p:cc {\exp_args:Ncc \cs_if_eq_p:NN}
1398 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:ccTF {\exp_args:Ncc \cs_if_eq:NNTF}
1399 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:ccT {\exp_args:Ncc \cs_if_eq:NNTF}
1400 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \cs_if_eq:ccF {\exp_args:Ncc \cs_if_eq:NNTF}
1401 \langle /initex | package \rangle
1402 \langle *showmemory \rangle
1404 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1404 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1404 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1404 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1405 \langle
1406 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1406 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1407 \rangle
1408 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1409 \langle
1409 \langle /showmemory \rangle
1400 \langle
1400 \rangle
```

99 **I3expan** implementation

99.1 Internal functions and variables

This will expand $\langle token_2 \rangle$ once before processing $\langle token_1 \rangle$. This is similar to \exp_args: No except that no braces are put around the result of expanding $\langle token_2 \rangle$.

TEXhackers note: This is the primitive \expandafter which was renamed to fit into the naming conventions of LATEX3.

```
\l_exp_tl
```

The \exp_ module has its private variables to temporarily store results of the argument expansion. This is done to avoid interference with other functions using temporary variables.

```
\exp_eval_register:N *
\exp_eval_register:c *
\exp_eval_register:N \langle register:N \langle register
```

These functions evaluates a register as part of a V or v expansion (respectively). A register might exist as one of two things: A parameter-less non-long, non-protected macro or a built-in T_FX register such as \count.

```
\verb|\exp_eval_error_msg:w| \\ | exp_eval_error_msg:w| \\ | \langle register \rangle |
```

Used to generate an error message if a variable called as part of a v or V expansion is defined as \scan_stop:. This typically indicates that an incorrect cs name has been used.

```
\n::
\N::
\c::
\o::
\o::
\f::
\x::
\v::
\v::
\v::
\text{V:::}
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Ncof {\::c\::o\::f\:::}
\Internal forms for the base expansion types.
```

99.2 Module code

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
1405 (*package)
                 1406 \ProvidesExplPackage
                      {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
                 1408 \package_check_loaded_expl:
                 1409 (/package)
                 1410 (*initex | package)
                These are defined in I3basics.
\exp_after:wN
   \exp_not:N
                 1411 (*bootstrap)
   \exp_not:n
                 1412 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                        \exp_after:wN
                                                              \tex_expandafter:D
                 1413 \cs_set_eq:NwN
                                                              \tex_noexpand:D
                                        \exp_not:N
                                                              \etex_unexpanded:D
                 1414 \cs set eq:NwN
                                        \exp_not:n
                 1415 (/bootstrap)
```

99.3 General expansion

In this section a general mechanism for defining functions to handle argument handling is defined. These general expansion functions are expandable unless x is used. (Any version of x is going to have to use one of the LATEX3 names for \cs_set_nopar:Npx at some point, and so is never going to be expandable.⁹)

The definition of expansion functions with this technique happens in section 99.5. In section 99.4 some common cases are coded by a more direct method for efficiency, typically using calls to \exp_after:wN.

\l_exp_tl We need a scratch token list variable. We don't use tl methods so that |3expan can be loaded earlier.

```
1416 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \l_exp_tl {}
```

 $^{^9}$ However, some primitives have certain characteristics that means that their arguments undergo an x type expansion but the primitive is in fact still expandable. We shall make it very clear when such a function is expandable.

This code uses internal functions with names that start with \:: to perform the expansions. All macros are long as this turned out to be desirable since the tokens undergoing expansion may be arbitrary user input.

An argument manipulator $::\langle Z\rangle$ always has signature #1\:::#2#3 where #1 holds the remaining argument manipulations to be performed, ::: serves as an end marker for the list of manipulations, #2 is the carried over result of the previous expansion steps and #3 is the argument about to be processed.

\exp_arg_next:nnn \exp_arg_next_nobrace:nnn

#1 is the result of an expansion step, #2 is the remaining argument manipulations and #3 is the current result of the expansion chain. This auxilliary function moves #1 back after #3 in the input stream and checks if any expansion is left to be done by calling #2. In by far the most cases we will require to add a set of braces to the result of an argument manipulation so it is more effective to do it directly here. Actually, so far only the c of the final argument manipulation variants does not require a set of braces.

```
1417 \cs_new:Npn\exp_arg_next:nnn#1#2#3{
1418  #2\:::{#3{#1}}
1419 }
1420 \cs_new:Npn\exp_arg_next_nobrace:nnn#1#2#3{
1421  #2\:::{#3#1}
1422 }
```

\::: The end marker is just another name for the identity function.

```
1423 \cs_new:Npn\:::#1{#1}
```

\::n This function is used to skip an argument that doesn't need to be expanded.

```
1424 \cs_new:Npn\::n#1\:::#2#3{
1425 #1\:::{#2{#3}}
1426 }
```

\::N This function is used to skip an argument that consists of a single token and doesn't need to be expanded.

```
1427 \cs_new:Npn\::N#1\:::#2#3{
1428 #1\:::{#2#3}
1429 }
```

\::c This function is used to skip an argument that is turned into as control sequence without expansion.

```
1430 \cs_new:Npn\::c#1\:::#2#3{
1431 \exp_after:wN\exp_arg_next_nobrace:nnn\cs:w #3\cs_end:{#1}{#2}
1432 }
```

\:: o This function is used to expand an argument once.

```
1433 \cs_new:Npn\:::#2#3{
1434 \exp_after:wN\exp_arg_next:nnn\exp_after:wN{#3}{#1}{#2}
1435 }
```

\::f This function is used to expand a token list until the first unexpandable token is found.

\texp_stop_f: The underlying \tex_romannumeral:D -'0 expands everything in its way to find something terminating the number and thereby expands the function in front of it. This scanning procedure is terminated once the expansion hits something non-expandable or a space. We introduce \exp_stop_f: to mark such an end of expansion marker; in case the scanner hits a number, this number also terminates the scanning and is left untouched. In the example shown earlier the scanning was stopped once Tex had fully expanded \cs_set_eq:Nc \aaa \b\l_tmpa_tl b\ into \cs_set_eq:NwN \aaa = \blurb which then turned out to contain the non-expandable token \cs_set_eq:NwN. Since the expansion of \tex_romannumeral:D -'0 is \(null \), we wind up with a fully expanded list, only Tex has not tried to execute any of the non-expandable tokens. This is what differentiates this function from the x argument type.

```
1436 \cs_new:Npn\::f#1\:::#2#3{
1437 \exp_after:wN\exp_arg_next:nnn
1438 \exp_after:wN\f\tex_romannumeral:D -'0 #3}
1439 {#1}{#2}
1440 }
1441 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \exp_stop_f: {~}
```

\::x This function is used to expand an argument fully. We could use the new expandable primitive \expanded here, but we don't want to create incompatibilities between engines.

```
1442 \cs_new_protected:Npn \::x #1 \::: #2#3 {
1443 \cs_set_nopar:Npx \l_exp_tl {{#3}}
1444 \exp_after:wN \exp_arg_next:nnn \l_exp_tl {#1}{#2}
1445 }
```

\::v These functions return the value of a register, i.e., one of tl, num, int, skip, dim
\::V and muskip. The V version expects a single token whereas v like c creates a csname from its argument given in braces and then evaluates it as if it was a V. The sequence \tex_romannumeral:D -'O sets off an f type expansion. The argument is returned in braces.

```
1446 \cs_new:Npn \::V#1\:::#2#3{
1447  \exp_after:wN\exp_arg_next:nnn
1448  \exp_after:wN{
1449   \tex_romannumeral:D -'0
1450   \exp_eval_register:N #3
1451  }
1452  {#1}{#2}
1453 }
```

```
1454 \cs_new:Npn \::v#1\:::#2#3{
1455    \exp_after:wN\exp_arg_next:nnn
1456    \exp_after:wN{
1457    \tex_romannumeral:D -'0
1458    \exp_eval_register:c {#3}
1459    }
1460    {#1}{#2}
1461 }
```

\exp_eval_register:N
\exp_eval_register:c
\exp_eval_error_msg:w

This function evaluates a register. Now a register might exist as one of two things: A parameter-less macro or a built-in TeX register such as \count. For the TeX registers we have to utilize a \tex_the:D whereas for the macros we merely have to expand them once. The trick is to find out when to use \tex_the:D and when not to. What we do here is try to find out whether the token will expand to something else when hit with \exp_after:wN. The technique is to compare the meaning of the register in question when it has been prefixed with \exp_not:N and the register itself. If it is a macro, the prefixed \exp_not:N will temporarily turn it into the primitive \tex_relax:D.

```
1462 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_eval_register:N #1{
1463 \exp_after:wN \if_meaning:w \exp_not:N #1#1
```

If the token was not a macro it may be a malformed variable from a c expansion in which case it is equal to the primitive \tex_relax:D. In that case we throw an error. We could let TFX do it for us but that would result in the rather obscure

```
! You can't use '\relax' after \the.
```

which while quite true doesn't give many hints as to what actually went wrong. We provide something more sensible.

```
1464 \if_meaning:w \tex_relax:D #1
1465 \exp_eval_error_msg:w
1466 \fi:
```

The next bit requires some explanation. The function must be initiated by the sequence \tex_romannumeral:D -'0 and we want to terminate this expansion chain by inserting an \exp_stop_f: token. However, we have to expand the register #1 before we do that. If it is a TEX register, we need to execute the sequence \exp_after:wN\exp_stop_f:\tex_the:D #1 and if it is a macro we need to execute \exp_after:wN\exp_stop_f: #1. We therefore issue the longer of the two sequences and if the register is a macro, we remove the \tex_the:D.

Clean up nicely, then call the undefined control sequence. The result is an error message looking like this:

```
! Undefined control sequence.
\exp_eval_error_msg:w ...erroneous variable used!

1.55 \tl_set:Nv \l_tmpa_tl {undefined_tl}

1475 \group_begin:%
1476 \tex_catcode:D'\!=11\tex_relax:D%
1477 \tex_catcode:D'\ =11\tex_relax:D%
1478 \cs_gset:Npn\exp_eval_error_msg:w#1\tex_the:D#2{%
1479 \fi:\fi:\erroneous variable used!}%
1480 \group_end:%
```

99.4 Hand-tuned definitions

One of the most important features of these functions is that they are fully expandable and therefore allow to prefix them with \pref_global:D for example. This together with the fact that the 'general' concept above is slower means that we should convert whenever possible and perhaps remove all remaining occurrences by hand-encoding in the end.

```
\exp_args:No
\exp_args:NNo
                \cs_new:Npn \exp_args:No #1#2{\exp_after:wN#1\exp_after:wN{#2}}
\exp_args:NNNo
                1482 \cs_new:Npn \exp_args:NNo #1#2#3{\exp_after:wN#1\exp_after:wN#2
                     \exp_after:wN{#3}}
                1484 \cs_new:Npn \exp_args:NNNo #1#2#3#4{\exp_after:wN#1\exp_after:wN#2
                     \exp_after:wN#3\exp_after:wN{#4}}
 \exp_args:Nc
                Here are the functions that turn their argument into csnames but are expandable.
 \exp_args:cc
                1486 \cs_set:Npn \exp_args:Nc #1#2{\exp_after:wN#1\cs:w#2\cs_end:}
 \exp_args:NNc
                1487 \cs_new:Npn \exp_args:cc #1#2{\cs:w #1\exp_after:wN\cs_end:\cs:w #2\cs_end:}
 \exp_args:Ncc
                \cs_new:Npn \exp_args:NNc #1#2#3{\exp_after:wN#1\exp_after:wN#2
\exp_args:Nccc
                        \cs:w#3\cs_end:}
                1490 \cs_new:Npn \exp_args:Ncc #1#2#3{\exp_after:wN#1
                        \cs:w#2\exp_after:wN\cs_end:\cs:w#3\cs_end:}
                1492 \cs_new:Npn \exp_args:Nccc #1#2#3#4{\exp_after:wN#1
                        \cs:w#2\exp_after:wN\cs_end:\cs:w#3\exp_after:wN
                          \cs_end:\cs:w #4\cs_end:}
```

\exp_args:Nco If we force that the third argument always has braces, we could implement this function with less tokens and only two arguments.

```
\cs_new:Npn \exp_args:Nco #1#2#3{\exp_after:wN#1\cs:w#2\exp_after:wN
\cs_end:\exp_after:wN{#3}}
```

99.5 Definitions with the 'general' technique

```
\exp_args:Nf
  \exp_args:NV
                 1497 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nf {\::f\:::}
  \exp_args:Nv
                 1498 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nv {\::v\:::}
  \exp_args:Nx
                 1499 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NV {\::V\:::}
                 1500 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nx {\::x\:::}
 \exp_args:NNV
                 Here are the actual function definitions, using the helper functions above.
 \exp_args:NNv
                 1501 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNf {\::N\::f\:::}
 \exp_args:NNf
                 1502 \cs set nopar:Npn \exp args:NNv {\::N\::v\:::}
 \exp args:NNx
                 1503 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNV {\::N\::V\:::}
 \exp_args:NVV
                 1504 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNx {\::N\::x\:::}
 \exp_args:Ncx
 \exp_args:Nfo
                 1506 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Ncx {\::c\::x\:::}
 \exp_args:Nff
                 1507 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nfo {\::f\::o\:::}
 \exp_args:Ncf
                 1508 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nff {\::f\::f\:::}
 \exp_args:Nco
                 1509 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Ncf {\::c\::f\:::}
 \exp_args:Nnf
                 1510 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nnf {\::n\::f\:::}
                 1511 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nno {\::n\::o\:::}
 \exp_args:Nno
                 \label{local_local_state} $$ \cs_{set_nopar}: \mathbb{N}pn \exp_{args}: \mathbb{N}nV \ \{\:::v\:::\} $$
 \exp_args:NnV
                 1513 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nnx {\::n\::x\:::}
 \exp_args:Nnx
 \exp_args:Noo
                 1515 \cs set nopar:Npn \exp args:Noc {\::o\::c\:::}
 \exp_args:Noc
                 1516 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Noo {\::o\:::}
 \exp_args:Nox
                 1517 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nox {\::o\::x\:::}
 \exp_args:Nxo
 \exp_args:Nxx
                 1519 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NVV {\::V\::V\:::}
                 1521 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nxo {\::x\::o\:::}
                 1522 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nxx {\::x\:::}
\exp_args:Ncco
\exp_args:Nccx
                 1523 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNNV {\::N\::V\:::}
\exp_args:Ncnx
\exp_args:NcNc
                 1525 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNno {\::N\::n\::o\:::}
\exp_args:NcNo
                 \label{local_nopar:Npn_exp_args:NNnx} $$ \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNnx {:::n::x}:::}
\exp_args:NNno
                 1527 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNoo {\::N\::o\:::}
\exp_args:NNNV
                 1528 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NNox {\::N\::o\::x\:::}
\exp_args:Nnno
\exp_args:Nnnx
                 1530 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nnnc {\::n\::c\:::}
                 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nnno {\::n\::o\:::}
\exp_args:Nnox
                 1532 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nnnx {\::n\::x\:::}
\exp_args:Nooo
                 1533 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nnox {\::n\::o\::x\:::}
\exp_args:Noox
\exp_args:Nnnc
                 1535 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NcNc {\::c\::N\::c\:::}
\exp_args:NNnx
\exp_args:NNoo
\exp_args:NNox
```

```
1536 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:NcNo {\::c\::N\::o\:::}
1537 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Ncco {\::c\::c\::o\:::}
1538 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Ncco {\::c\::c\::o\:::}
1539 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nccx {\::c\::c\::x\:::}
1540 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Ncnx {\::c\::n\::x\:::}
1541
1542 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Noox {\::o\::o\::x\:::}
1543 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_args:Nooo {\::o\::o\:::\}
```

99.6 Preventing expansion

```
\exp_not:o
\exp_not:f
             \cs_new:Npn\exp_not:o#1{\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{#1}}
\exp_not:v
             1545 \cs_new:Npn\exp_not:f#1{
\exp_not:V
                  \exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{\tex_romannumeral:D -'0 #1}
             1548 \cs_new:Npn\exp_not:v#1{
                  \exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{\tex_romannumeral:D -'0 \exp_eval_register:c {#1}}
             1549
             1550 }
             1551 \cs_new:Npn\exp_not:V#1{
                  \exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{\tex_romannumeral:D -'0 \exp_eval_register:N #1}
             1553 }
\exp_not:c A helper function.
            \cs_new:Npn\exp_not:c#1{\exp_after:wN\exp_not:N\cs:w#1\cs_end:}
```

99.7 Defining function variants

\cs_generate_variant:Nn

\cs_generate_variant_aux:nnNn
\cs_generate_variant_aux:nnw
\cs_generate_variant_aux:N

```
#1: Base form of a function; e.g., \tl_set:Nn#2: One or more variant argument specifiers; e.g., {Nx,c,cx}
```

Split up the original base function to grab its name and signature consisting of k letters. Then we wish to iterate through the list of variant argument specifiers, and for each one construct a new function name using the original base name, the variant signature consisting of l letters and the last k-l letters of the base signature. For example, for a base function $\t l_set:Nn$ which needs a c variant form, we want the new signature to be cn.

```
1555 \cs_new_protected:Npn \cs_generate_variant:Nn #1 {
1556 \chk_if_exist_cs:N #1
1557 \cs_split_function:NN #1 \cs_generate_variant_aux:nnNn
1558 }
```

We discard the boolean and then set off a loop through the desired variant forms.

```
1559 \cs_set:Npn \cs_generate_variant_aux:nnNn #1#2#3#4{
```

```
1560 \cs_generate_variant_aux:nnw {#1}{#2} #4,?,\q_recursion_stop
1561 }
```

Next is the real work to be done. We now have 1: base name, 2: base signature, 3: beginning of variant signature. To construct the new csname and the \exp_args:Ncc form, we need the variant signature. In our example, we wanted to discard the first two letters of the base signature because the variant form started with cc. This is the same as putting first cc in the signature and then \use_none:nn followed by the base signature NNn. We therefore call a small loop that outputs an n for each letter in the variant signature and use this to call the correct \use_none: variant. Firstly though, we check whether to terminate the loop.

```
1562 \cs_set:Npn \cs_generate_variant_aux:nnw #1 #2 #3, {
1563 \if:w ? #3
1564 \exp_after:wN \use_none_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w
1565 \fi:
```

Then check if the variant form has already been defined.

If not, then define it and then additionally check if the $\exp_{args:N}$ form needed is defined.

Otherwise tell that it was already defined.

Recurse.

```
1587 \cs_generate_variant_aux:nnw{#1}{#2}
1588 }
```

The small loop for defining the required number of ns. Break when seeing a ?.

```
1589 \cs_set:Npn \cs_generate_variant_aux:N #1{
1590 \if:w ?#1 \exp_after:wN\use_none:nn \fi: n \cs_generate_variant_aux:N
1591 }
```

_cs_generate_variant_aux:Ncpx
_cs_generate_variant_aux:ccpx
_cs_generate_variant_aux:w

The idea here is to pick up protected parent functions, using the nature of the meaning string that they generate. The test here is almost the same as \tl_if_empty:nTF, but has to be hard-coded as that function is not yet available and because it has to match both long and short macros.

```
\group_begin:
     \tex_lccode:D '\Z = '\d \scan_stop:
     \tex_lccode:D '\? ='\\ \scan_stop:
     \tex_catcode:D '\P = 12 \scan_stop:
     \tex_catcode:D '\R = 12 \scan_stop:
1596
     \tex_catcode:D '\0 = 12 \scan_stop:
1597
     \tex_catcode:D '\T = 12 \scan_stop:
1598
     \tex_catcode:D '\E = 12 \scan_stop:
1599
     \tex_catcode:D '\C = 12 \scan_stop:
1600
     \text{tex\_catcode:D '}\Z = 12 \scan\_stop:
   \tex_lowercase:D {
     \group_end:
1603
     \cs_new_nopar:Npn \_cs_generate_variant_aux:Ncpx #1
1604
1605
          \exp_after:wN \_cs_generate_variant_aux:w
1606
            \tex_meaning:D #1 ? PROTECTEZ \q_nil
1607
     \cs_new_nopar:Npn \_cs_generate_variant_aux:ccpx
1609
       { \exp_args:Nc \_cs_generate_variant_aux:Ncpx}
1610
     \cs_new:Npn \_cs_generate_variant_aux:w
1611
       #1 ? PROTECTEZ #2 \q_nil
1612
1613
          \exp_after:wN \tex_ifx:D \exp_after:wN
            \q_nil \etex_detokenize:D {#1} \q_nil
            \exp_after:wN \cs_new_protected_nopar:cpx
1616
          \tex_else:D
1617
            \exp_after:wN \cs_new_nopar:cpx
1618
          \tex_fi:D
1619
       }
1620
1621 }
```

 $\cs_generate_internal_variant:n$

Test if exp_args:N #1 is already defined and if not define it via the \:: commands using the chars in #1

```
1622 \cs_new_protected:Npn \cs_generate_internal_variant:n #1 {
1623 \cs_if_free:cT { exp_args:N #1 }{
```

We use **new** to log the definition if we have to make one.

generate_internal_variant_aux:n

This command grabs char by char outputting \::#1 (not expanded further) until we see a :. That colon is in fact also turned into \::: so that the required structure for \exp_args... commands is correctly terminated.

```
1628 \cs_new:Npn \cs_generate_internal_variant_aux:n #1 {
1629  \exp_not:c{::#1}
1630  \if_meaning:w #1 :
1631  \exp_after:wN \use_none:n
1632  \fi:
1633  \cs_generate_internal_variant_aux:n
1634 }
```

99.8 Last-unbraced versions

\exp_arg_last_unbraced:nn
\::f_unbraced
\::o_unbraced
\::V_unbraced
\::v_unbraced

There are a few places where the last argument needs to be available unbraced. First some helper macros.

```
1635 \cs_new:Npn \exp_arg_last_unbraced:nn #1#2 { #2#1 }
   \cs_new:Npn \::f_unbraced \:::#1#2 {
     \exp_after:wN \exp_arg_last_unbraced:nn
     \exp_after:wN { \tex_romannumeral:D -'0 #2 } {#1}
1638
1639
   \cs_new:Npn \::o_unbraced \:::#1#2 {
1640
     \exp_after:wN \exp_arg_last_unbraced:nn \exp_after:wN {#2 }{#1}
1641
1642 }
   \cs_new:Npn \::V_unbraced \:::#1#2 {
     \exp_after:wN \exp_arg_last_unbraced:nn
1645
      \exp_after:wN { \tex_romannumeral:D -'0 \exp_eval_register:N #2 } {#1}
1646 }
   \cs_new:Npn \::v_unbraced \:::#1#2 {
1647
     \exp_after:wN \exp_arg_last_unbraced:nn
1648
     \exp_after:wN {
       \tex_romannumeral:D -'0 \exp_eval_register:c {#2}
     } {#1}
1652 }
```

```
\exp_last_unbraced:NV
\exp_last_unbraced:Nv
\exp_last_unbraced:NcV
\exp_last_unbraced:NNO
\exp_last_unbraced:NNV
\exp_last_unbraced:NNV
```

Now the business end.

```
1653 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \exp_last_unbraced:Nf { \:::f_unbraced \::: }
1654 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \exp_last_unbraced:NV { \::V_unbraced \::: }
1655 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \exp_last_unbraced:Nv { \::v_unbraced \::: }
1656 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \exp_last_unbraced:NcV {
1657 \::c \::V_unbraced \:::
```

```
1658 }
1659 \cs_new:Npn \exp_last_unbraced:NNo #1#2#3 {
1660    \exp_after:wN #1 \exp_after:wN #2 #3
1661 }
1662 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \exp_last_unbraced:NNV {
1663    \::N \::V_unbraced \:::
1664 }
1665 \cs_new:Npn \exp_last_unbraced:NNNo #1#2#3#4 {
1666    \exp_after:wN #1 \exp_after:wN #2 \exp_after:wN #3 #4
1667 }
1668 \langle /initex | package \rangle
Show token usage:
1669 \langle *showmemory \rangle
1670 \showMemUsage
1671 \langle /showmemory \rangle
```

100 **I3prg** implementation

100.1 Variables

```
\lambda_tmpa_bool | Reserved booleans.
```

\g_prg_inline_level_int Global variable to track the nesting of the stepwise inline loop.

100.2 Module code

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

\prg_return_true:
\prg_return_false:
\prg_set_conditional:Npnn
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn
_set_protected_conditional:Npnn
_new_protected_conditional:Npnn
\prg_set_conditional:Nnn
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn

 These are all defined in I3basics, as they are needed "early". This is just a reminder that that is the case!

100.3 Choosing modes

\mode_if_vertical_p:
\mode_if_vertical:TF

For testing vertical mode. Strikes me here on the bus with David, that as long as we are just talking about returning true and false states, we can just use the primitive conditionals for this and gobbling the \c_zero in the input stream. However this requires knowledge of the implementation so we keep things nice and clean and use the return statements

```
1678 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \mode_if_vertical: {p,TF,T,F}{
                               \if_mode_vertical:
                               \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                          1681 }
\mode_if_horizontal_p:
                         For testing horizontal mode.
\mode_if_horizontal: TF
                         1682 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \mode_if_horizontal: {p,TF,T,F}{
                               \if_mode_horizontal:
                               \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                          1685 }
                         For testing inner mode.
     \mode_if_inner_p:
     \mode_if_inner: TF
                          1686 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \mode_if_inner: {p,TF,T,F}{
                               \if_mode_inner:
                               \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                          1688
                          1689 }
      \mode_if_math_p:
                         For testing math mode. Uses the kern-save \scan_align_safe_stop:.
      \mode_if_math: TF
                          1690 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \mode_if_math: {p,TF,T,F}{
                               \scan_align_safe_stop: \if_mode_math:
                          1692
                               \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                          1693 }
```

Alignment safe grouping and scanning

\group_align_safe_begin:
 \group_align_safe_end:

TEX's alignment structures present many problems. As Knuth says himself in TEX: The Program: "It's sort of a miracle whenever \halign or \valign work, [...]" One problem relates to commands that internally issues a \cr but also peek ahead for the next character for use in, say, an optional argument. If the next token happens to be a & with category code 4 we will get some sort of weird error message because the underlying \tex_futurelet:D will store the token at the end of the alignment template. This could be a &4 giving a message like! Misplaced \cr. or even worse: it could be the \endtemplate token causing even more trouble! To solve this we have to open a special group so that TeX still thinks it's on safe ground but at the same time we don't want to introduce any brace group that may find its way to the output. The following functions help with this by using code documented only in Appendix D of The TeXbook...

```
1694 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \group_align_safe_begin: {
1695 \if_false:{\fi:\if_num:w'}=\c_zero\fi:}
1696 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \group_align_safe_end: {\if_num:w'{=\c_zero}\fi:}
```

\scan_align_safe_stop:

When TEX is in the beginning of an align cell (right after the \cr) it is in a somewhat strange mode as it is looking ahead to find an \tex_omit:D or \tex_noalign:D and hasn't looked at the preamble yet. Thus an \tex_ifmmode:D test will always fail unless we insert \scan_stop: to stop TEX's scanning ahead. On the other hand we don't want to insert a \scan_stop: every time as that will destroy kerning between letters 10 Unfortunately there is no way to detect if we're in the beginning of an alignment cell as they have different characteristics depending on column number etc. However we can detect if we're in an alignment cell by checking the current group type and we can also check if the previous node was a character or ligature. What is done here is that \scan_stop: is only inserted iff a) we're in the outer part of an alignment cell and b) the last node wasn't a char node or a ligature node.

100.4 Producing n copies

\prg_replicate:nn \prg_replicate_aux:N \prg_replicate_first_aux:N This function uses a cascading csname technique by David Kastrup (who else:-)

The idea is to make the input 25 result in first adding five, and then 20 copies of the code to be replicated. The technique uses cascading csnames which means that we start building several csnames so we end up with a list of functions to be called in reverse order. This is important here (and other places) because it means that we can for instance make the function that inserts five copies of something to also hand down ten to the next function in line. This is exactly what happens here: in the example with 25 then the next function is the one that inserts two copies but it sees the ten copies handed down by the previous function. In order to avoid the last function to insert say, 100 copies of the original argument just to gobble them again we define separate functions to be inserted first. Finally we must ensure that the cascade comes to a peaceful end so we make it so that the original csname TEX is creating is simply \prg_do_nothing: expanding to nothing.

This function has one flaw though: Since it constantly passes down ten copies of its previous argument it will severely affect the main memory once you start demanding

 $^{^{10}\}mathrm{Unless}$ we enforce an extra pass with an appropriate value of \pretolerance.

hundreds of thousands of copies. Now I don't think this is a real limitation for any ordinary use. An alternative approach is to create a string of m's with \int_to_roman:w which can be done with just four macros but that method has its own problems since it can exhaust the string pool. Also, it is considerably slower than what we use here so the few extra csnames are well spent I would say.

```
1707 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_replicate:nn #1{
1708   \cs:w prg_do_nothing:
1709   \exp_after:wN\prg_replicate_first_aux:N
1710   \tex_romannumeral:D -'\q \intexpr_eval:n{#1} \cs_end:
1711   \cs_end:
1712 }
1713 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_replicate_aux:N#1{
1714   \cs:w prg_replicate_#1:n\prg_replicate_aux:N#1{
1715 }
1716 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_replicate_first_aux:N#1{
1717   \cs:w prg_replicate_first_#1:n\prg_replicate_aux:N
1718 }
```

Then comes all the functions that do the hard work of inserting all the copies.

```
1719 \cs_new_nopar:Npn
                          \prg_replicate_ :n #1{}% no, this is not a typo!
1720 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_0:n}#1{\cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}}
1721 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_1:n}#1{\cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1}
1722 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_2:n}#1{\cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1}
1723 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_3:n}#1{
     \cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1}
1725 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_4:n}#1{
     \cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1#1}
1727 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_5:n}#1{
     \cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1#1#1}
1729 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_6:n}#1{
     \cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1#1#1#1}
1731 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_7:n}#1{
     \cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}
1733 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_8:n}#1{
     \cs end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}
1735 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_9:n}#1{
     \cs_end:{#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}
```

Users shouldn't ask for something to be replicated once or even not at all but...

```
1737 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_-:n}#1{\cs_end: \ERROR }
1738 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_0:n}#1{\cs_end: }
1739 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_1:n}#1{\cs_end: #1}
1740 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_2:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1}
1741 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_3:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1#1#1}
1742 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_4:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1#1#1}
1743 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_5:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1#1#1}
1744 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_6:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1#1#1#1}
```

```
1745 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_7:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1#1#1#1#1#1}

1746 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_8:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}

1747 \cs_new:cpn {prg_replicate_first_9:n}#1{\cs_end: #1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1#1}
```

\prg_stepwise_function:nnnN prg_stepwise_function_incr:nnnN prg_stepwise_function_decr:nnnN A stepwise function. Firstly we check the direction of the steps #2 since that will depend on which test we should use. If the step is positive we use a greater than test, otherwise a less than test. If the test comes out true exit, otherwise perform #4, add the step to #1 and try again with this new value of #1.

```
1748 \cs_new:Npn \prg_stepwise_function:nnnN #1#2{
      \intexpr_compare:nNnTF{#2}<\c_zero
1749
      {\exp_args:Nf\prg_stepwise_function_decr:nnnN }
1750
      {\exp_args:Nf\prg_stepwise_function_incr:nnnN }
      {\operatorname{n}}={1}}{#2}
1753
   \cs_new:Npn \prg_stepwise_function_incr:nnnN #1#2#3#4{
1755
      \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#1}>{#3}
1756
        \exp_args:Nf \prg_stepwise_function_incr:nnnN
1758
        {\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} {\left( {n_{1} + 2} \right)} \end{array} \right.}
1759
        {#2}{#3}{#4}
1760
      }
1761
1762
   \cs_new:Npn \prg_stepwise_function_decr:nnnN #1#2#3#4{
1763
      \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#1}<{#3}
1764
1765
        #4{#1}
1766
        \exp_args:Nf \prg_stepwise_function_decr:nnnN
        {\left\{ \right\} }
        {#2}{#3}{#4}
      }
1770
1771 }
```

\g_prg_inline_level_int \prg_stepwise_inline:nnnn \prg_stepwise_inline_decr:nnnn \prg_stepwise_inline_incr:nnnn This function uses the same approach as for instance \clist_map_inline:Nn to allow arbitrary nesting. First construct the special function and then call an auxiliary one which just carries the newly constructed csname. Must make assignments global when we maintain our own stack.

```
int_new:N\g_prg_inline_level_int
int_sc_new_protected:Npn\prg_stepwise_inline:nnnn #1#2#3#4{
int_gincr:N \g_prg_inline_level_int
int_sc_gset_nopar:cpn{prg_stepwise_inline_\int_use:N\g_prg_inline_level_int:n}##1{#4}
intexpr_compare:nNnTF {#2}<\c_zero
int_sc_gset_nopar:cpn{prg_stepwise_inline_decr:Nnnn }
{\exp_args:Ncf \prg_stepwise_inline_decr:Nnnn }
{\exp_args:Ncf \prg_stepwise_inline_incr:Nnnn }
{\prg_stepwise_inline_\int_use:N\g_prg_inline_level_int:n}
{\int_spdecr:N \g_prg_inline_level_int
} {\int_spdecr:N \g_prg_inline_level_int}
</pre>
```

```
1782
   \cs_new:Npn \prg_stepwise_inline_incr:Nnnn #1#2#3#4{
      \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#2}>{#4}
1784
        #1{#2}
        \exp_args:NNf \prg_stepwise_inline_incr:Nnnn #1
1787
         {\operatorname{intexpr\_eval:n}}{ \#2 + \#3}} {\#3}{\#4}
1788
1789
1790
    \cs_new:Npn \prg_stepwise_inline_decr:Nnnn #1#2#3#4{
1791
      \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#2}<{#4}
1793
        #1{#2}
1794
         \exp_args:NNf \prg_stepwise_inline_decr:Nnnn #1
1795
         {\operatorname{intexpr\_eval:n}}{ \#2 + \#3}} {\#3}{\#4}
1796
      }
1797
1798 }
```

\prg_stepwise_variable:nnnNn

rg_stepwise_variable_decr:nnnNn rg_stepwise_variable_incr:nnnNn Almost the same as above. Just store the value in #4 and execute #5.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \prg_stepwise_variable:nnnNn #1#2 {
     \intexpr_compare:nNnTF {#2}<\c_zero
     {\exp_args:Nf\prg_stepwise_variable_decr:nnnNn}
     {\exp_args:Nf\prg_stepwise_variable_incr:nnnNn}
     {\intexpr_eval:n{#1}}{#2}
1803
1804
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \prg_stepwise_variable_incr:nnnNn #1#2#3#4#5 {
1805
     \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#1}>{#3}
1806
        \cs_set_nopar:Npn #4{#1} #5
        \exp_args:Nf \prg_stepwise_variable_incr:nnnNn
        {\intexpr_eval:n{#1 + #2}}{#2}{#3}#4{#5}
1810
1811
1812
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \prg_stepwise_variable_decr:nnnNn #1#2#3#4#5 {
1813
     \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#1}<{#3}
1814
1815
        \cs_set_nopar:Npn #4{#1} #5
1816
        \exp_args:Nf \prg_stepwise_variable_decr:nnnNn
1817
        {\nxr}_{eval:n\#1 + \#2}}{\#2}{\#3}\#4{\#5}
1818
1819
1820 }
```

100.5 Booleans

For normal booleans we set them to either \c_true_bool or \c_false_bool and then use \if_bool:N to choose the right branch. The functions return either the TF, T, or F case after ending the \if_bool:N. We only define the N versions here as the c versions can easily be constructed with the expansion module.

```
\bool_new:N
                    Defining and setting a boolean is easy.
       \bool_new:c
                     \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_new:N #1
                                                                      { \cs_new_eq:NN #1 \c_false_bool }
 \bool set true:N
                     1822 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_new:c #1
                                                                      { \cs_new_eq:cN {#1} \c_false_bool }
 \bool_set_true:c
                     1823 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_set_true:N
                                                                        #1 { \cs_set_eq:NN #1 \c_true_bool }
 \bool_set_false:N
                     1824 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_set_true:c
                                                                        #1 { \cs_set_eq:cN {#1} \c_true_bool }
\bool_set_false:c
                     \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_set_false:N #1 { \cs_set_eq:NN #1 \c_false_bool }
\bool_gset_true:N
                     1826 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_set_false:c #1 { \cs_set_eq:cN {#1} \c_false_bool }
\bool_gset_true:c
                     1827 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_gset_true:N
                                                                         #1 { \cs_gset_eq:NN #1 \c_true_bool }
\bool_gset_false:N
                     1828 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_gset_true:c
                                                                         #1 { \cs_gset_eq:cN {#1} \c_true_bool }
\bool_gset_false:c
                     \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_gset_false:N #1 { \cs_gset_eq:NN #1 \c_false_bool }
                     ls30 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \bool_gset_false:c #1 { \cs_gset_eq:cN {#1} \c_false_bool }
                    Setting a boolean to another is also pretty easy.
   \bool_set_eq:NN
   \bool_set_eq:Nc
                     1831 \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_set_eq:NN \cs_set_eq:NN
   \bool_set_eq:cN
                     1832 \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_set_eq:Nc \cs_set_eq:Nc
  \bool_set_eq:cc
                     1833 \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_set_eq:cN \cs_set_eq:cN
  \bool_gset_eq:NN
                     1834 \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_set_eq:cc \cs_set_eq:cc
  \bool_gset_eq:Nc
                     1835 \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_gset_eq:NN \cs_gset_eq:NN
  \bool_gset_eq:cN
                     1836 \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_gset_eq:Nc \cs_gset_eq:Nc
  \bool_gset_eq:cc
                     1837 \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_gset_eq:cN \cs_gset_eq:cN
                     \cs_new_eq:NN \bool_gset_eq:cc \cs_gset_eq:cc
      \l_tmpa_bool
                    A few booleans just if you need them.
      \g_tmpa_bool
                     1839 \bool_new:N \l_tmpa_bool
                     1840 \bool_new:N \g_tmpa_bool
                    Straight forward here. We could optimize here if we wanted to as the boolean can just
      \bool_if_p:N
      \bool_if_p:c
                    be input directly.
      \bool_if:NTF
                     1841 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \bool_if:N #1 {p,TF,T,F}{
      \bool_if:cTF
                          \if_bool:N #1 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                     1843 }
                     1844 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_if_p:N {c}
                     1845 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_if:NTF {c}
                     1846 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_if:NT {c}
                     1847 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_if:NF {c}
\bool_while_do:Nn
                    A while loop where the boolean is tested before executing the statement. The 'while'
                    version executes the code as long as the boolean is true; the 'until' version executes the
\bool_while_do:cn
                    code as long as the boolean is false.
\bool_until_do:Nn
\bool_until_do:cn
                     1848 \cs_new:Npn \bool_while_do:Nn #1 #2 {
                          \bool_if:NT #1 {#2 \bool_while_do:Nn #1 {#2}}
                     1849
```

1851 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_while_do:Nn {c}

1850 }

```
1852 \cs_new:Npn \bool_until_do:Nn #1 #2 {
1853  \bool_if:NF #1 {#2 \bool_until_do:Nn #1 {#2}}
1854 }
1855 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_until_do:Nn {c}
```

\bool_do_while:Nn \bool_do_while:cn \bool_do_until:Nn \bool_do_until:cn A do-while loop where the body is performed at least once and the boolean is tested after executing the body. Otherwise identical to the above functions.

```
1856 \cs_new:Npn \bool_do_while:Nn #1 #2 {
1857  #2 \bool_if:NT #1 {\bool_do_while:Nn #1 {#2}}
1858 }
1859 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_do_while:Nn {c}
1860 \cs_new:Npn \bool_do_until:Nn #1 #2 {
1861  #2 \bool_if:NF #1 {\bool_do_until:Nn #1 {#2}}
1862 }
1863 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_do_until:Nn {c}
```

100.6 Parsing boolean expressions

\bool_if_p:n
\bool_if:nTF
\bool_get_next:N
\bool_cleanup:N
\bool_choose:NN
\bool_!:w
\bool_Not:w
\bool_Not:w

\bool_(:w

\bool_p:w \bool_8_1:w

\bool_I_1:w

\bool_8_0:w

\bool_I_0:w
\bool_)_0:w

\bool) 1:w

\bool_S_0:w

\bool_S_1:w

Evaluating the truth value of a list of predicates is done using an input syntax somewhat similar to the one found in other programming languages with (and) for grouping, ! for logical 'Not', && for logical 'And' and || for logical Or. We shall use the terms Not, And, Or, Open and Close for these operations.

Any expression is terminated by a Close operation. Evaluation happens from left to right in the following manner using a GetNext function:

- If an Open is seen, start evaluating a new expression using the Eval function and call GetNext again.
- If a Not is seen, insert a negating function (if-even in this case) and call GetNext.
- If none of the above, start evaluating a new expression by reinserting the token found (this is supposed to be a predicate function) in front of Eval.

The Eval function then contains a post-processing operation which grabs the instruction following the predicate. This is either And, Or or Close. In each case the truth value is used to determine where to go next. The following situations can arise:

- ⟨*true*⟩And Current truth value is true, logical And seen, continue with GetNext to examine truth value of next boolean (sub-)expression.
- $\langle false \rangle$ And Current truth value is false, logical And seen, stop evaluating the predicates within this sub-expression and break to the nearest Close. Then return $\langle false \rangle$.
- $\langle true \rangle$ Or Current truth value is true, logical Or seen, stop evaluating the predicates within this sub-expression and break to the nearest Close. Then return $\langle true \rangle$.

 $\langle false \rangle$ Or Current truth value is false, logical Or seen, continue with GetNext to examine truth value of next boolean (sub-)expression.

```
\langle true \rangle Close Current truth value is true, Close seen, return \langle true \rangle.
```

```
\langle false \rangle Close Current truth value is false, Close seen, return \langle false \rangle.
```

We introduce an additional Stop operation with the following semantics:

```
\langle true \rangleStop Current truth value is true, return \langle true \rangle. \langle false \rangleStop Current truth value is false, return \langle false \rangle.
```

The reasons for this follow below.

Now for how these works in practice. The canonical true and false values have numerical values 1 and 0 respectively. We evaluate this using the primitive \tex_number:D operation. First we issue a \group_align_safe_begin: as we are using && as syntax shorthand for the And operation and we need to hide it for TeX. We also need to finish this special group before finally returning a \c_true_bool or \c_false_bool as there might otherwise be something left in front in the input stream. For this we call the Stop operation, denoted simply by a S following the last Close operation.

```
1864 \cs_set:Npn \bool_if_p:n #1{
1865 \group_align_safe_begin:
1866 \bool_get_next:N ( #1 )S
1867 }
```

The GetNext operation. We make it a switch: If not a ! or (, we assume it is a predicate.

```
1868 \cs_set:Npn \bool_get_next:N #1{
1869   \use:c {
1870     bool_
1871     \if_meaning:w !#1 ! \else: \if_meaning:w (#1 ( \else: p \fi: \fi:
1872     :W
1873     } #1
1874 }
```

The Not operation. Discard the token read and reverse the truth value of the next expression using \intexpr_if_even_p:n if there are brackets, otherwise reverse the logic here and now.

```
1875 \cs_set:cpn { bool_!:w } #1#2 {
1876    \if_meaning:w ( #2
1877    \exp_after:wN \bool_Not:w
1878    \else:
1879    \if_meaning:w ! #2
1880    \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \use_none:n
1881    \else:
1882    \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \bool_Not:N
```

```
\fi:
1883
      \fi:
1884
     #2
1885
1886 }
   \cs_new:Npn \bool_Not:w {
     \exp_after:wN \intexpr_if_even_p:n \tex_number:D \bool_get_next:N
1888
1889 }
   \cs_new:Npn \bool_Not:N #1 {
1890
      \exp_after:wN \bool_p:w
1891
      \if_meaning:w #1 \c_true_bool
        \c_false_bool
      \else:
        \c_true_bool
      \fi:
1896
1897 }
```

The Open operation. Discard the token read and start a sub-expression.

```
1898 \cs_set:cpn {bool_(:w}#1{
1899 \exp_after:wN \bool_cleanup:N \tex_number:D \bool_get_next:N
1900 }
```

Otherwise just evaluate the predicate and look for And, Or or Close afterward.

```
1901 \cs_set:cpn {bool_p:w}{\exp_after:wN \bool_cleanup:N \tex_number:D }
```

This cleanup function can be omitted once predicates return their true/false booleans outside the conditionals.

```
1902 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \bool_cleanup:N #1{
1903   \exp_after:wN \bool_choose:NN \exp_after:wN #1
1904   \int_to_roman:w-'\q
1905 }
```

Branching the six way switch.

```
1906 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \bool_choose:NN #1#2{ \use:c{bool_#2_#1:w} }
```

Continues scanning. Must remove the second & or |.

```
1907 \cs_new_nopar:cpn{bool_&_1:w}&{\bool_get_next:N}
1908 \cs_new_nopar:cpn{bool_|_0:w}|{\bool_get_next:N}
```

Closing a group is just about returning the result. The Stop operation is similar except it closes the special alignment group before returning the boolean.

```
1909 \cs_new_nopar:cpn{bool_)_0:w}{ \c_false_bool }
1910 \cs_new_nopar:cpn{bool_)_1:w}{ \c_true_bool }
1911 \cs_new_nopar:cpn{bool_S_0:w}{\group_align_safe_end: \c_false_bool }
1912 \cs_new_nopar:cpn{bool_S_1:w}{\group_align_safe_end: \c_true_bool }
```

When the truth value has already been decided, we have to throw away the remainder of the current group as we are doing minimal evaluation. This is slightly tricky as there are no braces so we have to play match the () manually.

```
1913 \cs_set:cpn{bool_&_0:w}&{\bool_eval_skip_to_end:Nw \c_false_bool}
1914 \cs_set:cpn{bool_|_1:w}|{\bool_eval_skip_to_end:Nw \c_true_bool}
```

\bool_eval_skip_to_end:Nw \bool_eval_skip_to_end_aux:Nw \bool_eval_skip_to_end_auxii:Nw There is always at least one) waiting, namely the outer one. However, we are facing the problem that there may be more than one that need to be finished off and we have to detect the correct number of them. Here is a complicated example showing how this is done. After evaluating the following, we realize we must skip everything after the first And. Note the extra Close at the end.

```
\c_false_bool && ((abc) && xyz) && ((xyz) && (def)))
```

First read up to the first Close. This gives us the list we first read up until the first right parenthesis so we are looking at the token list

```
((abc
```

This contains two Open markers so we must remove two groups. Since no evaluation of the contents is to be carried out, it doesn't matter how we remove the groups as long as we wind up with the correct result. We therefore first remove a () pair and what preceded the Open – but leave the contents as it may contain Open tokens itself – leaving

```
(abc && xyz) && ((xyz) && (def)))
```

Another round of this gives us

```
(abc && xyz
```

which still contains an Open so we remove another () pair, giving us

```
abc && xyz && ((xyz) && (def)))
```

Again we read up to a Close and again find Open tokens:

```
abc && xyz && ((xyz
```

Further reduction gives us

```
(xyz && (def)))
```

and then

```
(xyz && (def
```

with reduction to

```
xyz && (def))
```

and ultimately we arrive at no Open tokens being skipped and we can finally close the group nicely.

This whole operation could be made a lot simpler if we were allowed to do simple pattern matching. With a new enough pdfT_FX one can do that sort of thing to test for existence of particular tokens.

```
1915 \cs_set:Npn \bool_eval_skip_to_end:Nw #1#2){
     \bool_eval_skip_to_end_aux:Nw #1 #2(\q_no_value\q_nil{#2}
1917 }
```

If no right parenthesis, then #3 is no value and we are done, return the boolean #1. If there is, we need to grab a () pair and then recurse

```
1918 \cs_set:Npn \bool_eval_skip_to_end_aux:Nw #1#2(#3#4\q_nil#5{
     \quark_if_no_value:NTF #3
     { #1 }
     { \bool_eval_skip_to_end_auxii:Nw #1 #5 }
1921
1922 }
```

keep the boolean, throw away anything up to the (as it is irrelevant, remove a () pair but remember to reinsert #3 as it may contain (tokens!

```
1923 \cs_set:Npn \bool_eval_skip_to_end_auxii:Nw #1#2(#3){
     \bool_eval_skip_to_end:Nw #1#3 )
1925 }
```

\bool_set:cn \bool_gset:Nn

\bool_gset:cn

\bool_set:Nn This function evaluates a boolean expression and assigns the first argument the meaning \c_true_bool or \c_false_bool.

```
1926 \cs_new:Npn \bool_set:Nn #1#2 {\tex_chardef:D #1 = \bool_if_p:n {#2}}
1927 \cs new:Npn \bool gset:Nn #1#2 {
    \tex_global:D \tex_chardef:D #1 = \bool_if_p:n {#2}
1929 }
1930 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_set:Nn {c}
1931 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \bool_gset:Nn {c}
```

\bool_not_p:n

The not variant just reverses the outcome of \bool_if_p:n. Can be optimized but this is nice and simple and according to the implementation plan. Not even particularly useful to have it when the infix notation is easier to use.

```
1932 \cs_new:Npn \bool_not_p:n #1{ \bool_if_p:n{!(#1)} }
```

\bool_xor_p:nn Exclusive or. If the boolean expressions have same truth value, return false, otherwise return true.

```
1933 \cs_new:Npn \bool_xor_p:nn #1#2 {
                          \label{local_if_p:n { #1 }} = {\color{blue} | bool_if_p:n { #2 }} \\
                          {\c_false_bool}{\c_true_bool}
                    1936 }
                       \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \bool_if:n #1 {TF,T,F}{
                          \if_predicate:w \bool_if_p:n{#1}
                            \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                    1939
                    1940 }
                   #1: Predicate test
\bool_while_do:nn
\bool_until_do:nn
                   #2: Code to execute
\bool_do_while:nn
                    1941 \cs_new:Npn \bool_while_do:nn #1#2 {
\bool_do_until:nn
                          \bool_if:nT {#1} { #2 \bool_while_do:nn {#1}{#2} }
                       \cs_new:Npn \bool_until_do:nn #1#2 {
                          \bool_if:nF {#1} { #2 \bool_until_do:nn {#1}{#2} }
                    1945
                    1946 }
                    1947 \cs_new:Npn \bool_do_while:nn #1#2 {
                          #2 \bool_if:nT {#1} { \bool_do_while:nn {#1}{#2} }
                    1949 }
                    1950 \cs_new:Npn \bool_do_until:nn #1#2 {
                          #2 \bool_if:nF {#1} { \bool_do_until:nn {#1}{#2} }
                    1952 }
```

100.7 Case switch

\prg_case_int:nnn \prg_case_int_aux:nnn This case switch is in reality quite simple. It takes three arguments:

- 1. An integer expression you wish to find.
- 2. A list of pairs of $\{\langle integer\ expr\rangle\}\ \{\langle code\rangle\}\$. The list can be as long as is desired and $\langle integer\ expr\rangle$ can be negative.
- 3. The code to be executed if the value wasn't found.

We don't need the else case here yet, so leave it dangling in the input stream.

```
1953 \cs_new:Npn \prg_case_int:nnn #1 #2 {
```

We will be parsing on #1 for each step so we might as well evaluate it first in case it is complicated.

```
\exp_args:Nf \prg_case_int_aux:nnn { \intexpr_eval:n{#1}} #2
```

The? below is just so there are enough arguments when we reach the end. And it made you look.;-)

```
1955     \q_recursion_tail ? \q_recursion_stop
1956 }
1957 \cs_new:Npn \prg_case_int_aux:nnn #1#2#3{
```

If we reach the end, return the else case. We just remove braces.

```
1958     \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn{#2}{\use:n}
```

Otherwise we compare (which evaluates #2 for us)

```
1959 \intexpr_compare:nNnTF{#1}={#2}
```

If true, we want to remove the remainder of the list, the else case and then execute the code specified. \prg_end_case:nw {#3} does just that in one go. This means f style expansion works the way one wants it to work.

```
1960 { \prg_end_case:nw {#3} }
1961 { \prg_case_int_aux:nnn {#1}}
1962 }
```

\prg_case_dim:nnn
\prg_case_dim_aux:nnn

Same as $\project project pro$

\prg_case_str:nnn

Same as \prg_case_dim:nnn except it is for strings.

\prg_case_str_aux:nnn

```
1973 \cs_new:Npn \prg_case_str:nnn #1 #2 {
1974    \prg_case_str_aux:nnn {#1} #2
1975    \q_recursion_tail ? \q_recursion_stop
1976 }
1977 \cs_new:Npn \prg_case_str_aux:nnn #1#2#3{
1978    \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn{#2}{\use:n}
1979    \tl_if_eq:xxTF{#1}{#2}
1980    { \prg_end_case:nw {#3} }
1981    { \prg_case_str_aux:nnn {#1}}
1982 }
```

\prg_case_tl:Nnn

Same as \prg_case_dim:nnn except it is for token list variables.

\prg_case_tl_aux:NNn

```
1983 \cs_new:Npn \prg_case_tl:Nnn #1 #2 {
1984    \prg_case_tl_aux:NNn #1 #2
1985    \q_recursion_tail ? \q_recursion_stop
1986 }
1987 \cs_new:Npn \prg_case_tl_aux:NNn #1#2#3{
1988    \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:Nn #2{\use:n}
1989    \tl_if_eq:NNTF #1 #2
1990    { \prg_end_case:nw {#3} }
1991    { \prg_case_tl_aux:NNn #1}
1992 }
```

\prg_end_case:nw

Ending a case switch is always performed the same way so we optimize for this. #1 is the code to execute, #2 the remainder, and #3 the dangling else case.

```
1993 \cs_new:Npn \prg_end_case:nw #1#2\q_recursion_stop#3{#1}
```

100.8 Sorting

\prg_define_quicksort:nnn

#1 is the name, #2 and #3 are the tokens enclosing the argument. For the somewhat strange $\langle clist \rangle$ type which doesn't enclose the items but uses a separator we define it by hand afterwards. When doing the first pass, the algorithm wraps all elements in braces and then uses a generic quicksort which works on token lists.

As an example

```
\prg_define_quicksort:nnn{seq}{\seq_elt:w}{\seq_elt_end:w}
```

defines the user function \seq_quicksort:n and furthermore expects to use the two functions \seq_quicksort_compare:nnTF which compares the items and \seq_quicksort_function:n which is placed before each sorted item. It is up to the programmer to define these functions when needed. For the seq type a sequence is a token list variable, so one additionally has to define

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \seq_quicksort:N{\exp_args:No\seq_quicksort:n}
```

For details on the implementation see "Sorting in TEX's Mouth" by Bernd Raichle. Firstly we define the function for parsing the initial list and then the braced list afterwards.

```
1994 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \prg_define_quicksort:nnn #1#2#3 {
1995 \cs_set:cpx{#1_quicksort:n}##1{
1996 \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_start_partition:w} ##1
1997 \exp_not:n{#2\q_nil#3\q_stop}
1998 }
1999 \cs_set:cpx{#1_quicksort_braced:n}##1{
2000 \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_start_partition_braced:n} ##1
```

```
\exp_not:N\q_nil\exp_not:N\q_stop
2001
      }
2002
      \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_start_partition:w} #2 ##1 #3{
2003
        \exp_not:N \quark_if_nil:nT {##1}\exp_not:N \use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w
2004
        \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_i:nnnw} {##1}{}{}
2006
      \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_start_partition_braced:n} ##1 {
2007
        \exp_not:N \quark_if_nil:nT {##1}\exp_not:N \use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w
        \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_i_braced:nnnn} {##1}{}{}
2009
2010
Now for doing the partitions.
      \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_do_partition_i:nnnw} ##1##2##3 #2 ##4 #3 {
        \exp_not:N \quark_if_nil:nTF {##4} \exp_not:c {#1_do_quicksort_braced:nnnnw}
2012
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_compare:nnTF}{##1}{##4}
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_greater_ii:nnnn}
2015
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_less_ii:nnnn}
2016
2017
        {##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}
2018
2019
      \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_do_partition_i_braced:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4 {
2021
        \exp_not:N \quark_if_nil:nTF {##4} \exp_not:c {#1_do_quicksort_braced:nnnnw}
2022
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_compare:nnTF}{##1}{##4}
2023
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_greater_ii_braced:nnnn}
2024
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_less_ii_braced:nnnn}
        }
        {##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}
2028
      \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_do_partition_ii:nnnw} ##1##2##3 #2 ##4 #3 {
2029
        \exp_not:N \quark_if_nil:nTF {##4} \exp_not:c {#1_do_quicksort_braced:nnnnw}
2030
2031
2032
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_compare:nnTF}{##4}{##1}
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_less_i:nnnn}
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_greater_i:nnnn}
2034
        }
2035
        {##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}
2036
      ጉ
2037
      \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_do_partition_ii_braced:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4 {
2038
        \exp_not:N \quark_if_nil:nTF {##4} \exp_not:c {#1_do_quicksort_braced:nnnnw}
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_compare:nnTF}{##4}{##1}
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_less_i_braced:nnnn}
2042
          \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_partition_greater_i_braced:nnnn}
2043
2044
        {##1}{##2}{##3}{##4}
2045
      }
```

This part of the code handles the two branches in each sorting. Again we will also have

to do it braced.

```
\cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_less_i:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
2047
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_i:nnnw}{##1}{##2}{{##4}##3}}
2048
     \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_less_ii:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_ii:nnnw}{##1}{##2}{##3{##4}}}
2050
     \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_greater_i:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
2051
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_i:nnnw}{##1}{{##4}##2}{##3}}
2052
     \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_greater_ii:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
2053
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_ii:nnnw}{##1}{##2{##4}}{##3}}
2054
     \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_less_i_braced:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_i_braced:nnnn}{##1}{##2}{{##4}##3}}
2057
     cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_less_ii_braced:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_ii_braced:nnnn}{##1}{##2}{##3{##4}}}
2058
     \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_greater_i_braced:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
2059
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_i_braced:nnnn}{##1}{{##4}##2}{##3}}
2060
     \cs_set:cpx {#1_quicksort_partition_greater_ii_braced:nnnn} ##1##2##3##4{
2061
       \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_do_partition_ii_braced:nnnn}{##1}{##2{##4}}{##3}}
```

Finally, the big kahuna! This is where the sub-lists are sorted.

```
2063 \cs_set:cpx {#1_do_quicksort_braced:nnnnw} ##1##2##3##4\q_stop {
2064 \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_braced:n}{##2}
2065 \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_function:n}{##1}
2066 \exp_not:c{#1_quicksort_braced:n}{##3}
2067 }
2068 }
```

\prg_quicksort:n

A simple version. Sorts a list of tokens, uses the function \prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF to compare items, and places the function \prg_quicksort_function:n in front of each of them.

```
2069 \prg_define_quicksort:nnn {prg}{}{}
```

\prg_quicksort_function:n \prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF

```
2070 \cs_set:Npn \prg_quicksort_function:n {\ERROR}
2071 \cs_set:Npn \prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF {\ERROR}
```

100.9 Variable type and scope

\prg_variable_get_scope:N
\prg_variable_get_scope_aux:w
 \prg_variable_get_type:N
 \prg_variable_get_type:w

Expandable functions to find the type of a variable, and to return g if the variable is global. The trick for \prg_variable_get_scope: N is the same as that in \cs_split_-function: NN, but it can be simplified as the requirements here are less complex.

```
2072 \group_begin:
2073 \tex_lccode:D '\& = '\g \tex_relax:D
2074 \tex_catcode:D '\& = \c_twelve \tex_relax:D
2075 \tl_to_lowercase:n {
```

```
\group_end:
2076
      \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_variable_get_scope:N #1 {
2077
        \exp_last_unbraced:Nf \prg_variable_get_scope_aux:w
2078
        { \cs_to_str:N #1 \exp_stop_f: \q_nil }
2079
      \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_variable_get_scope_aux:w #1#2 \q_nil {
2081
        \token_if_eq_meaning:NNT & #1 {g}
2082
2083
2084
2085
    \group_begin:
      \tex_lccode:D '\& = '\_ \tex_relax:D
      \tex_catcode:D '\& = \c_twelve \tex_relax:D
    \tl_to_lowercase:n {
2088
      \group_end:
2089
      \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_variable_get_type:N #1 {
2090
        \exp_after:wN \p;rg_variable_get_type_aux:w
2091
          \token_to_str:N #1 & a \q_nil
2092
      \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prg_variable_get_type_aux:w #1 & #2#3 \q_nil {
        \token_if_eq_meaning:NNTF a #2 {
2095
2096
        }{
2097
           \prg_variable_get_type_aux:w #2#3 \q_nil
2098
        }
      }
2101 }
That's it (for now).
2102 (/initex | package)
    (*showmemory)
    \showMemUsage
    (/showmemory)
```

101 | I3quark implementation

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded. We check for 13expan since this a basic package that is essential for use of any higher-level package.

```
2106 (*package)
2107 \ProvidesExplPackage
2108 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
2109 \package_check_loaded_expl:
2110 (/package)
2111 (*initex | package)
```

\quark_new:N Allocate a new quark.

```
2112 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \quark_new:N #1 { \tl_const:Nn #1 {#1} }
```

\q_stop \q_no_value \q_nil \q_stop is often used as a marker in parameter text, \q_no_value is the canonical missing value, and \q_nil represents a nil pointer in some data structures.

```
2113 \quark_new:N \q_stop
2114 \quark_new:N \q_no_value
2115 \quark_new:N \q_nil
```

\q_error \q_mark We need two additional quarks. \q_{error} delimits the end of the computation for purposes of error recovery. \q_{mark} is used in parameter text when we need a scanning boundary that is distinct from \q_{stop} .

```
2116 \quark_new:N\q_error
2117 \quark_new:N\q_mark
```

\q_recursion_tail
\q_recursion_stop

Quarks for ending recursions. Only ever used there! \q_recursion_tail is appended to whatever list structure we are doing recursion on, meaning it is added as a proper list item with whatever list separator is in use. \q_recursion_stop is placed directly after the list.

```
2118 \quark_new:N\q_recursion_tail
2119 \quark_new:N\q_recursion_stop
```

\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:n
\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:N
\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:o

When doing recursions it is easy to spend a lot of time testing if we found the end marker. To avoid this, we use a recursion end marker every time we do this kind of task. Also, if the recursion end marker is found, we wrap things up and finish.

ck_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn ck_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:Nn ck_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:on

```
2132 \cs_new:Npn \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn #1#2 {
2133 \exp_after:wN\if_meaning:w
2134 \quark_if_recursion_tail_aux:w #1?\q_nil\q_recursion_tail\q_recursion_tail
```

```
\exp_after:wN \use_i_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:nw
2135
2136
       \exp_after:wN\use_none:n
2137
      \fi:
2138
      {#2}
2139
2140 }
   \cs_new:Npn \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:Nn #1#2 {
      \if_meaning:w #1\q_recursion_tail
2142
        \exp_after:wN \use_i_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:nw
2143
2144
      \else:
       \exp_after:wN\use_none:n
      \fi:
      {#2}
2148
   \cs_generate_variant:\n \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn {on}
```

\quark_if_recursion_tail_aux:w

```
2150 \cs_new:Npn \quark_if_recursion_tail_aux:w #1#2 \q_nil \q_recursion_tail {#1}
```

\quark_if_no_value_p:N \quark_if_no_value_p:n \quark_if_no_value:N<u>TF</u> \quark_if_no_value:n<u>TF</u> Here we test if we found a special quark as the first argument. We better start with \q_no_value as the first argument since the whole thing may otherwise loop if #1 is wrongly given a string like aabc instead of a single token.¹¹

```
2151 \prg_new_conditional:\Nnn \quark_if_no_value:\N \{p,TF,T,F\} \{
2152 \if_meaning:\w \q_no_value #1
2153 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
2154 \}
```

We also provide an n type. If run under a sufficiently new pdf ε -TEX, it uses a built-in primitive for string comparisons, otherwise it uses the slower $\str_if_eq_var_p:nf$ function. In the latter case it would be faster to use a temporary token list variable but it would render the function non-expandable. Using the pdf ε -TEX primitive is the preferred approach. Note that we have to add a manual space token in the first part of the comparison, otherwise it is gobbled by $\str_if_eq_var_p:nf$. The reason for using this function instead of $\str_if_eq_p:nn$ is that a sequence like \qopno_value will test equal to \qopno_value using the latter test function and unfortunately this example turned up in one application.

 $^{^{11}\}mathrm{It}$ may still loop in special circumstances however!

```
}
                    2163
                    2164
                    2165
                          \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \quark_if_no_value:n {p,TF,T,F} {
                    2166
                            \exp_args:NNo
                    2167
                            \if_predicate:w \str_if_eq_var_p:nf
                    2168
                                 {\token_to_str:N\q_no_value\c_space_tl}
                    2169
                                 {\tl_to_str:n{#1}}
                              \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
                            \fi:
                    2172
                          }
                    2173
                    2174 }
\quark_if_nil_p:N
                    A function to check for the presence of \q_nil.
\quark_if_nil:NTF
                    2175 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \quark_if_nil:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                          \if_meaning:w \q_nil #1 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                    2177 }
\quark_if_nil_p:n
                    A function to check for the presence of \q_nil.
\quark_if_nil_p:V
                        \cs_if_exist:cTF {pdf_strcmp:D} {
\quark_if_nil_p:o
                          \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \quark_if_nil:n {p,TF,T,F} {
                    2179
\quark_if_nil:nTF
                            \if_num:w \pdf_strcmp:D
                    2180
\quark_if_nil:VTF
                                {\exp_not:N \q_nil}
\quark_if_nil:oTF
                                {\exp_not:n\{\#1\}} = \c_zero
                     2182
                              \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
                    2183
                            \fi:
                    2184
                          }
                    2185
                    2186 }
                    2187 {
                          \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \quark_if_nil:n {p,TF,T,F} {
                    2188
                            \exp_args:NNo
                    2189
                            \if_predicate:w \str_if_eq_var_p:nf
                    2190
                                 {\token_to_str:N\q_nil\c_space_tl}
                    2191
                                 {\tl_to_str:n{#1}}
                              \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
                            \fi:
                    2194
                    2195
                    2196 }
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil_p:n {V}
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil:nTF {V}
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil:nT {V}
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil:nF
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil_p:n {o}
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil:nTF {o}
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil:nT
                                                                    {o}
                        \cs_generate_variant:Nn \quark_if_nil:nF
```

```
2205
2206 (*showmemory)
2207 \showMemUsage
2208 (/showmemory)
```

102 **| I3token** implementation

102.1 Documentation of internal functions

```
\l_peek_true_tl
\l_peek_false_tl
```

These token list variables are used internally when choosing either the true or false branches of a test.

```
\l_peek_search_tl
```

Used to store \l_peek_search_token.

```
\peek_tmp:w
```

Scratch function used to gobble tokens from the input stream.

```
\l_peek_true_aux_tl
\c_peek_true_remove_next_tl
```

These token list variables are used internally when choosing either the true or false branches of a test.

```
\peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches:
\peek_ignore_spaces_aux:
```

Functions used to ignore space tokens in the input stream.

102.2 Module code

First a few required packages to get this going.

```
2209 (*package)
2210 \ProvidesExplPackage
2211 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
2212 \package_check_loaded_expl:
2213 (/package)
2214 (*initex | package)
```

102.3 Character tokens

\char_make_space:n
\char_make_letter:n

\char_make_other:n
\char_make_active:n
\char_make_comment:n
\char_make_invalid:n

```
\char_set_catcode:w
         \char_set_catcode:nn
                                 2215 \cs_new_eq:NN \char_set_catcode:w \tex_catcode:D
        \char_value_catcode:w
                                 2216 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_set_catcode:nn #1#2 {
        \char_value_catcode:n
                                      \char_set_catcode:w #1 = \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
   \char_show_value_catcode:w
                                 2218 }
   \char_show_value_catcode:n
                                 2219 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_catcode:w { \int_use:N \tex_catcode:D }
                                 2220 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_catcode:n #1 {
                                      \char_value_catcode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                                 2222 }
                                 2223 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_catcode:w {
                                      \text{\tex\_showthe:} D \ \text{\tex\_catcode:} D
                                 2224
                                 2225 }
                                 2226 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_catcode:n #1 {
                                      \char_show_value_catcode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                                 2228 }
          \char_make_escape:N
     \char_make_begin_group:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
                                 2229 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_escape:N
       \char_make_end_group:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
                                2230 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_begin_group:N
      \char_make_math_shift:N
                                 2231 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_end_group:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
       \char_make_alignment:N
                                 2232 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \char make math shift:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char set catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
        \char_make_end_line:N
                                 2233 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_alignment:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
       \char_make_parameter:N
                                 2234 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_end_line:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
\char_make_math_superscript:N
                                 2235 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_parameter:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
  \char_make_math_subscript:N
                                 2236 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_math_superscript:N #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
          \char_make_ignore:N
                                 2237 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_math_subscript:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
                                 2238 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_ignore:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
           \char_make_space:N
                                 2239 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \char make space:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char set catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
          \char_make_letter:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
                                 2240 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \char make letter:N
           \char_make_other:N
                                 2241 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_other:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
          \char_make_active:N
                                 2242 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_active:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
         \char_make_comment:N
                                 2243 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_comment:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
         \char_make_invalid:N
                                 2244 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_invalid:N
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {'#1} {\c
          \char_make_escape:n
     \char_make_begin_group:n
                                 2245 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_escape:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_:
       \char_make_end_group:n
                                 2246 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_begin_group:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_e}
      \char_make_math_shift:n
                                 2247 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_end_group:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_
       \char_make_alignment:n
                                 2248 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_math_shift:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_
        \char_make_end_line:n
                                 2249 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_alignment:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_:
       \char_make_parameter:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_:
                                 2250 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_end_line:n
\char_make_math_superscript:n
                                 2251 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_parameter:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_:
  \char_make_math_subscript:n
                                 2252 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_math_superscript:n #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} { \c_.
          \char_make_ignore:n
                                 2253 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_math_subscript:n
                                                                                                #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_{\c}}
```

```
#1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_n
                              2254 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_ignore:n
                                                                                             #1 { \c = 1 { \c = 1 } {\c_-
                              2255 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_space:n
                              2256 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_letter:n
                                                                                             #1 { \c at code:nn {#1} {\c_*
                              2257 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_other:n
                                                                                             #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_
                              2258 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_active:n
                                                                                             #1 { \c at code:nn {#1} {\c_
                              2259 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_comment:n
                                                                                             #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_:
                              2260 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_make_invalid:n
                                                                                             #1 { \char_set_catcode:nn {#1} {\c_:
       \char_set_mathcode:w
                             Math codes.
      \char_set_mathcode:nn
                              2261 \cs_new_eq:NN \char_set_mathcode:w \tex_mathcode:D
      \char_gset_mathcode:w
                              2262 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_set_mathcode:nn #1#2 {
     \char_gset_mathcode:nn
                                   \char_set_mathcode:w #1 = \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
     \char_value_mathcode:w
                              2264 }
     \char_value_mathcode:n
                              2265 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_gset_mathcode:W { \pref_global:D \tex_mathcode:D }
\char_show_value_mathcode:w
                              2266 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_gset_mathcode:nn #1#2 {
\char_show_value_mathcode:n
                                   \char_gset_mathcode:w #1 = \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
                              2268 }
                              2269 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_mathcode:W { \int_use:N \tex_mathcode:D }
                              2270 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_mathcode:n #1 {
                                   \char_value_mathcode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                              2271
                              2272 }
                              2273 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_mathcode:w { \tex_showthe:D \tex_mathcode:D }
                              2274 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_mathcode:n #1 {
                                   \char_show_value_mathcode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                              2276 }
         \char_set_lccode:w
        \char_set_lccode:nn
                              2277 \cs_new_eq:NN \char_set_lccode:w \tex_lccode:D
       \char_value_lccode:w
                              2278 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_set_lccode:nn #1#2{
       \char_value_lccode:n
                                   \char_set_lccode:w #1 = \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
  \char_show_value_lccode:w
                              2280 }
  \char_show_value_lccode:n
                              2281 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_lccode:w {\int_use:N\tex_lccode:D}
                              2282 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_lccode:n #1{\char_value_lccode:w
                              2283 \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:}
                              2284 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_lccode:w {\tex_showthe:D\tex_lccode:D}
                              2285 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_lccode:n #1{
                                   \char_show_value_lccode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:}
         \char_set_uccode:w
        \char_set_uccode:nn
                              2287 \cs_new_eq:NN \char_set_uccode:w \tex_uccode:D
       \char_value_uccode:w
                              2288 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \char set uccode:nn #1#2{
       \char_value_uccode:n
                                   \char_set_uccode:w #1 = \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
                              2289
  \char_show_value_uccode:w
                              2290 }
  \char_show_value_uccode:n
                              2291 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_uccode:w {\int_use:N\tex_uccode:D}
                              2292 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_uccode:n #1{\char_value_uccode:w
                              2293 \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:}
```

```
2294 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_uccode:w {\tex_showthe:D\tex_uccode:D}
                            2295 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_uccode:n #1{
                                 \char_show_value_uccode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:}
       \char_set_sfcode:w
      \char_set_sfcode:nn
                            2297 \cs_new_eq:NN \char_set_sfcode:w \tex_sfcode:D
     \char_value_sfcode:w
                            2298 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \char_set_sfcode:nn #1#2 {
     \char_value_sfcode:n
                                  \char_set_sfcode:w #1 = \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
                            2299
\char_show_value_sfcode:w
                            2300 }
\char_show_value_sfcode:n
                               \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_sfcode:w { \int_use:N \tex_sfcode:D }
                            2301
                               \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_value_sfcode:n #1 {
                                 \char_value_sfcode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                            2304 }
                            2305 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_sfcode:w { \tex_showthe:D \tex_sfcode:D }
                            2306 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \char_show_value_sfcode:n #1 {
                                 \char_show_value_sfcode:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                            2308 }
```

102.4 Generic tokens

\token_new:Nn Creates a new token.

\c_group_end_token
\c_math_shift_token
\c_alignment_tab_token
\c_parameter_token
\c_math_superscript_token
\c_math_subscript_token
\c_space_token
\c_letter_token
\c_other_char_token
\c_active_char_token

\c_group_begin_token

We define these useful tokens. We have to do it by hand with the brace tokens for obvious reasons.

```
2310 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_group_begin_token {
2311 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_group_end_token }
2312 \group_begin:
2313 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\*}{3}
2314 \token_new:Nn \c_math_shift_token {*}
2315 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\*}{4}
2316 \token_new:Nn \c_alignment_tab_token {*}
2317 \token_new:Nn \c_parameter_token {#}
2318 \token_new:Nn \c_math_superscript_token {^}
2319 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\*}{8}
2320 \token_new:Nn \c_math_subscript_token {*}
2321 \token_new:Nn \c_space_token {~}
2322 \token_new:Nn \c_letter_token {a}
2323 \token_new:Nn \c_other_char_token {1}
2324 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\*}{13}
\label{local_condition} $$ \c_{\text{sgset_nopar}:Npn \c_active\_char\_token {\exp_not:N*}}$
2326 \group_end:
```

\token_if_group_begin_p:N Check if token is a begin group token. We use the constant \c_group_begin_token for \token_if_group_begin:NTF this.

```
2327 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_group_begin:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                       \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_group_begin_token
                                          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                  2329
                                  2330 }
                                 Check if token is a end group token. We use the constant \c_group_end_token for this.
       \token_if_group_end_p:N
       \token_if_group_end:NTF
                                  2331 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_group_end:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                       \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_group_end_token
                                          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                  2334 }
                                 Check if token is a math shift token. We use the constant \c_math_shift_token for
      \token_if_math_shift_p:N
      \token_if_math_shift:NTF
                                  2335 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_math_shift:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                       \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_math_shift_token
                                         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                  2337
                                  2338 }
   \token_if_alignment_tab_p:N
                                 Check if token is an alignment tab token. We use the constant \c_alignment_tab_token
   \token_if_alignment_tab:NTF
                                 for this.
                                  2339 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_alignment_tab:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                       \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_alignment_tab_token
                                          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                  2342 }
                                 Check if token is a parameter token. We use the constant \c_parameter_token for this.
       \token_if_parameter_p:N
                                 We have to trick T<sub>F</sub>X a bit to avoid an error message.
       \token_if_parameter:NTF
                                  2343 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_parameter:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                       \exp_after:wN\if_catcode:w \cs:w c_parameter_token\cs_end:\exp_not:N #1
                                  2345
                                          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                 Check if token is a math superscript token. We use the constant \c_math_superscript_token
\token_if_math_superscript_p:N
\token_if_math_superscript:NTF
                                 for this.
                                  2347 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_math_superscript:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                       \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_math_superscript_token
                                  2349
                                          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                  2350 }
                                 Check if token is a math subscript token. We use the constant \c_math_subscript_token
  \token_if_math_subscript_p:N
                                 for this.
  \token_if_math_subscript:NTF
                                  2351 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_math_subscript:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                       \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_math_subscript_token
                                         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                  2354 }
```

```
Check if token is a space token. We use the constant \c_space_token for this.
       \token_if_space_p:N
       \token_if_space:NTF
                              2355 \prg new conditional:Nnn \token if space:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                   \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_space_token
                                      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                              2357
                              2358 }
                             Check if token is a letter token. We use the constant \c_letter_token for this.
      \token_if_letter_p:N
      \token_if_letter:NTF
                              2359 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_letter:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                   \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_letter_token
                                      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                              2362 }
                             Check if token is an other char token. We use the constant \c_other_char_token for
  \token_if_other_char_p:N
  \token_if_other_char:NTF
                              2363 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_other_char:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                  \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_other_char_token
                                      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                              2366 }
                             Check if token is an active char token. We use the constant \c_active_char_token for
 \token_if_active_char_p:N
 \token_if_active_char:NTF
                              2367 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_active_char:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                                   \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1\c_active_char_token
                                      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                              2369
                              2370 }
 \token_if_eq_meaning_p:NN
                             Check if the tokens #1 and #2 have same meaning.
 \verb|\token_if_eq_meaning:NN| \underline{\mathit{TF}}|
                              2371 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_eq_meaning:NN {p,TF,T,F} {
                                   \if_meaning:w #1 #2
                                      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                              2374 }
 \token_if_eq_catcode_p:NN
                             Check if the tokens #1 and #2 have same category code.
 \token_if_eq_catcode:NNTF
                              2375 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_eq_catcode:NN {p,TF,T,F} {
                                   \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N #1 \exp_not:N #2
                                      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                              2378 }
\token_if_eq_charcode_p:NN
                             Check if the tokens #1 and #2 have same character code.
\token_if_eq_charcode:NNTF
                              2379 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_eq_charcode:NN {p,TF,T,F} {
                                   \if_charcode:w \exp_not:N #1 \exp_not:N #2
                                      \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                              2382 }
```

\token_if_macro_p:N
 \token_if_macro:NTF
\token_if_macro_p_aux:w

When a token is a macro, \token_to_meaning:N will always output something like \long macro:#1->#1 so we simply check to see if the meaning contains ->. Argument #2 in the code below will be empty if the string -> isn't present, proof that the token was not a macro (which is why we reverse the emptiness test). However this function will fail on its own auxiliary function (and a few other private functions as well) but that should certainly never be a problem!

```
2383 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_macro:N {p,TF,T,F} {
2384 \exp_after:wN \token_if_macro_p_aux:w \token_to_meaning:N #1 -> \q_nil
2385 }
2386 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_macro_p_aux:w #1 -> #2 \q_nil{
2387 \if_predicate:w \tl_if_empty_p:n{#2}
2388 \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
2389 }
```

\token_if_cs_p:N
\token_if_cs:NTF

Check if token has same catcode as a control sequence. We use \scan_stop: for this.

```
2390 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_cs:N {p,TF,T,F} {
2391 \if_predicate:w \token_if_eq_catcode_p:NN \scan_stop: #1
2392 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:}
```

\token_if_expandable_p:N
\token_if_expandable:NTF

Check if token is expandable. We use the fact that T_EX will temporarily convert $\ensuremath{\texttt{exp_not:N}}\ \langle token \rangle$ into $\ensuremath{\texttt{scan_stop:}}\ if\ \langle token \rangle$ is expandable.

```
2393 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_expandable:N {p,TF,T,F} {
2394  \cs_if_exist:NTF #1 {
2395  \exp_after:wN \if_meaning:w \exp_not:N #1 #1
2396  \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
2397  } {
2398  \prg_return_false:
2399  }
2400 }
```

\token_if_chardef_p:N \token_if_mathchardef_p:N \token_if_int_register_p:N \token_if_skip_register_p:N \token_if_dim_register_p:N \token_if_toks_register_p:N \token_if_protected_macro_p:N \token_if_long_macro_p:N xen_if_protected_long_macro_p:N \token_if_chardef:N_TF \token_if_mathchardef:NTF \token_if_long_macro:NTF \token_if_protected_macro:NTF $\mathtt{ken_if_protected_long_macro:} \mathtt{N} \underline{\mathit{TF}}$ \token_if_dim_register:NTF \token_if_skip_register:N<u>TF</u> \token_if_int_register:NTF \token_if_toks_register:NTF \token_if_chardef_p_aux:w \token_if_mathchardef_p_aux:w \token_if_int_register_p_aux:w

\token_if_skip_register_p_aux:w
\token_if_dim_register_p_aux:w
\token_if_toks_register_p_aux:w

Most of these functions have to check the meaning of the token in question so we need to do some checkups on which characters are output by \token_to_meaning:N. As usual, these characters have catcode 12 so we must do some serious substitutions in the code below...

```
2401 \group_begin:
2402 \char_set_lccode:nn {'\T}{'\T}
2403 \char_set_lccode:nn {'\F}{'\F}
2404 \char_set_lccode:nn {'\X}{'\n}
2405 \char_set_lccode:nn {'\Y}{'\t}
2406 \char_set_lccode:nn {'\Y}{'\t}
2407 \char_set_lccode:nn {'\Z}{'\d}
2408 \tl_map_inline:nn{\X\Y\Z\M\C\H\A\R\O\U\S\K\I\P\L\G\P\E}
2409 {\char_set_catcode:nn {'\#1}{12}}
```

We convert the token list to lowercase and restore the catcode and lowercase code changes.

```
2410 \tl_to_lowercase:n{
2411 \group_end:
```

First up is checking if something has been defined with tex_chardef:D or tex_mathchardef:D . This is easy since TEX thinks of such tokens as hexadecimal so it stores them as char''(hex number) or mathchar''(hex number).

```
2412 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_chardef:N {p,TF,T,F} {
     \exp_after:wN \token_if_chardef_aux:w
     \token_{to_{meaning}:N \#1?CHAR"}q_{nil}
2414
2415 }
2416 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_chardef_aux:w #1?CHAR"#2\q_ni1{
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2418 }
   \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_mathchardef:N {p,TF,T,F} {
     \exp_after:wN \token_if_mathchardef_aux:w
     \token_to_meaning:N #1?MAYHCHAR"\q_nil
2421
2422 }
2423 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_mathchardef_aux:w #1?MAYHCHAR"#2\q_nil{
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2425 }
```

Integer registers are a little more difficult since they expand to $\count(number)$ and there is also a primitive \countdef . So we have to check for that primitive as well.

```
2426 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_int_register:N {p,TF,T,F} {
2427  \if_meaning:w \tex_countdef:D #1
2428  \prg_return_false:
2429  \else:
2430  \exp_after:wN \token_if_int_register_aux:w
2431  \token_to_meaning:N #1?COUXY\q_nil
2432  \fi:
2433 }
2434 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_int_register_aux:w #1?COUXY#2\q_nil{
2435  \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2436 }
```

Skip registers are done the same way as the integer registers.

```
2437 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_skip_register:N {p,TF,T,F} {
2438  \if_meaning:w \tex_skipdef:D #1
2439  \prg_return_false:
2440  \else:
2441  \exp_after:wN \token_if_skip_register_aux:w
2442  \token_to_meaning:N #1?SKIP\q_nil
2443  \fi:
2444 }
2445 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_skip_register_aux:w #1?SKIP#2\q_nil{
```

```
\tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2447 }
Dim registers. No news here
2448 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_dim_register:N {p,TF,T,F} {
      \if_meaning:w \tex_dimendef:D #1
        \c false bool
2450
      \else:
2451
        \exp after:wN \token if dim register aux:w
2452
        \token_to_meaning:N #1?ZIMEX\q_nil
      \fi:
2455 }
2456 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_dim_register_aux:w #1?ZIMEX#2\q_nil{
      \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2458 }
Toks registers.
2459 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_toks_register:N {p,TF,T,F} {
      \if_meaning:w \tex_toksdef:D #1
        \prg_return_false:
2461
      \else:
2462
        \exp_after:wN \token_if_toks_register_aux:w
2463
        \token_to_meaning:N #1?YOKS\q_nil
2465
      \fi:
2466 }
2467 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_toks_register_aux:w #1?YOKS#2\q_nil{
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2469 }
Protected macros.
2470 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_protected_macro:N {p,TF,T,F} {
      \exp_after:wN \token_if_protected_macro_aux:w
      \token_to_meaning:N #1?PROYECYEZ~MACRO\q_nil
2472
2473 }
2474 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_protected_macro_aux:w #1?PROYECYEZ~MACRO#2\q_nil{
    \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2476 }
Long macros.
2477 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_long_macro:N {p,TF,T,F} {
     \exp_after:wN \token_if_long_macro_aux:w
      \token_to_meaning:N #1?LOXG~MACRO\q_nil
2479
2481 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_long_macro_aux:w #1?LOXG~MACRO#2\q_nil{
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2483 }
```

Finally protected long macros where we for once don't have to add an extra test since there is no primitive for the combined prefixes.

```
2484 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_protected_long_macro:N {p,TF,T,F} {
2485  \exp_after:wN \token_if_protected_long_macro_aux:w
2486  \token_to_meaning:N #1?PROYECYEZ?LOXG~MACRO\q_nil
2487 }
2488 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_protected_long_macro_aux:w #1
2489  ?PROYECYEZ?LOXG~MACRO#2\q_nil{
2490  \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
2491 }

Finally the \tl_to_lowercase:n ends!
2492 }
```

We do not provide a function for testing if a control sequence is "outer" since we don't use that in LATEX3.

In the xparse package we sometimes want to test if a control sequence can be expanded to reveal a hidden value. However, we cannot just expand the macro blindly as it may have arguments and none might be present. Therefore we define these functions to pick either the prefix(es), the argument specification, or the replacement text from a macro. All of this information is returned as characters with catcode 12. If the token in question isn't a macro, the token \scan_stop: is returned instead.

```
2493 \group_begin:
2494 \char_set_lccode:nn {'\?}{'\:}
2495 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\M}{12}
2496 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\A}{12}
2497 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\C}{12}
2498 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\R}{12}
2499 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\0}{12}
   \tl_to_lowercase:n{
     \group_end:
     \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_get_prefix_arg_replacement_aux:w #1MACRO?#2->#3\q_nil#4{
2502
       #4{#1}{#2}{#3}
2503
2504
     \cs_new_nopar:Npn\token_get_prefix_spec:N #1{
2505
        \token_if_macro:NTF #1{
2506
          \exp_after:wN \token_get_prefix_arg_replacement_aux:w
          \token_to_meaning:N #1\q_nil\use_i:nnn
       }{\scan_stop:}
2509
2510
     \cs_new_nopar:Npn\token_get_arg_spec:N #1{
2511
       \token_if_macro:NTF #1{
2512
          \exp_after:wN \token_get_prefix_arg_replacement_aux:w
2513
          \token_to_meaning:N #1\q_nil\use_ii:nnn
       }{\scan_stop:}
2515
2516
```

```
2517 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\token_get_replacement_spec:N #1{
2518 \token_if_macro:NTF #1{
2519 \exp_after:wN \token_get_prefix_arg_replacement_aux:w
2520 \token_to_meaning:N #1\q_nil\use_iii:nnn
2521 \{\scan_stop:\}
2522 \}
2523 \}
```

Useless code: because we can!

\token_if_primitive_p:N
\token_if_primitive_p_aux:N
\token_if_primitive:NTF

It is rather hard to determine if a token is a primitive. First we can check if it is a control sequence or active character. If either, we check if it is a macro. Then we can go through a tedious process of testing for different register types... I don't actually think this function is useful but you never know.

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \token_if_primitive:N {p,TF,T,F} {
     \if_predicate:w \token_if_cs_p:N #1
        \if_predicate:w \token_if_macro_p:N #1
          \prg_return_false:
        \else:
2528
          \token_if_primitive_p_aux:N #1
2529
       \fi:
2530
     \else:
2531
       \if_predicate:w \token_if_active_char_p:N #1
2532
         \if_predicate:w \token_if_macro_p:N #1
            \prg_return_false:
2534
2535
            \token_if_primitive_p_aux:N #1
2536
         \fi:
2537
        \else:
2538
          \prg_return_false:
        \fi:
     \fi:
2541
2542 }
   \cs_new_nopar:Npn \token_if_primitive_p_aux:N #1{
     \if_predicate:w \token_if_chardef_p:N #1 \c_false_bool
2544
     \else:
2545
        \if_predicate:w \token_if_mathchardef_p:N #1 \prg_return_false:
        \else:
          \if_predicate:w \token_if_int_register_p:N #1 \prg_return_false:
2548
            \if_predicate:w \token_if_skip_register_p:N #1 \prg_return_false:
2550
2551
              \if_predicate:w \token_if_dim_register_p:N #1 \prg_return_false:
                \if_predicate:w
                                   \token_if_toks_register_p:N #1 \prg_return_false:
                \else:
```

We made it!

```
2556 \prg_return_true:
2557 \fi:
2558 \fi:
2559 \fi:
2560 \fi:
2561 \fi:
2562 \fi:
2563 }
```

102.5 Peeking ahead at the next token

\l_peek_token \g_peek_token \l_peek_search_token

We define some other tokens which will initially be the character ?.

```
2564 \token_new:Nn \l_peek_token {?}
2565 \token_new:Nn \g_peek_token {?}
2566 \token_new:Nn \l_peek_search_token {?}
```

\peek_after:NN
\peek_gafter:NN

\peek_after:NN takes two argument where the first is a function acting on \l_peek_token and the second is the next token in the input stream which \l_peek_token is set equal to. \peek_gafter:NN does the same globally to \g_peek_token.

```
2567 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \peek_after:NN {\tex_futurelet:D \l_peek_token }
2568 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \peek_gafter:NN {
2569 \pref_global:D \tex_futurelet:D \g_peek_token
2570 }
```

For normal purposes there are four main cases:

- 1. peek at the next token.
- 2. peek at the next non-space token.
- 3. peek at the next token and remove it.
- 4. peek at the next non-space token and remove it.

The generic functions will take four arguments: The token to search for, the test function to run on it and the true/false cases. The general algorithm is this:

- 1. Store the token to search for in \l_peek_search_token.
- 2. In order to avoid doubling of hash marks where it seems unnatural we put the $\langle true \rangle$ and $\langle false \rangle$ cases through an x type expansion but using $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{exp_not:n}}}$ to avoid any expansion. This has the same effect as putting it through a $\langle toks \rangle$ register but is faster. Also put in a special alignment safe group end.
- 3. Put in an alignment safe group begin.

4. Peek ahead and call the function which will act on the next token in the input stream.

```
Two dedicated token list variables that store the true and false cases.
                \l_peek_true_tl
               \l_peek_false_tl
                                   2571 \tl_new:N \l_peek_true_tl
                                   2572 \tl_new:N \l_peek_false_tl
                                  Scratch function used for storing the token to be removed if found.
                    \peek_tmp:w
                                   2573 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \peek_tmp:w {}
                                  We also use this token list variable for storing the token we want to compare. This turns
              \l_peek_search_tl
                                  out to be useful.
                                   2574 \tl_new:N \l_peek_search_tl
      \peek_token_generic:NNTF #1: the function to execute (obey or ignore spaces, etc.),
                                  #2: the special token we're looking for.
                                   2575 \cs_new_protected:Npn \peek_token_generic:NNTF #1#2#3#4 {
                                        \cs_set_eq:NN \1_peek_search_token #2
                                         \tl_set:Nn \l_peek_search_tl {#2}
                                         \tl_set:Nn \l_peek_true_tl { \group_align_safe_end: #3 }
                                   2578
                                         \tl_set:Nn \l_peek_false_tl { \group_align_safe_end: #4 }
                                   2579
                                         \group_align_safe_begin:
                                   2580
                                           \peek_after:NN #1
                                   2581
                                   2582 }
                                   2583 \cs_new_protected:Npn \peek_token_generic:NNT #1#2#3 {
                                         \peek_token_generic:NNTF #1#2 {#3} {}
                                   2584
                                   2585 }
                                   2586 \cs_new_protected:Npn \peek_token_generic:NNF #1#2#3 {
                                         \peek_token_generic:NNTF #1#2 {} {#3}
                                   2587
                                   2588 }
\peek_token_remove_generic:NNTF
                                  If we want to be able to remove any character from the input stream we might as well
                                  do it the same way for all characters so we define this as little differently from above.
```

```
2589 \cs_new_protected:Npn \peek_token_remove_generic:NNTF #1#2#3#4 {
     \cs_set_eq:NN \l_peek_search_token #2
2591
     \tl_set:Nn \l_peek_search_tl {#2}
2592
     \tl_set:Nn \l_peek_true_aux_tl {#3}
     \tl_set_eq:NN \l_peek_true_tl \c_peek_true_remove_next_tl
     \tl_set:Nn \l_peek_false_tl {\group_align_safe_end: #4}
     \group_align_safe_begin:
       \peek_after:NN #1
2597 }
2598 \cs_new:Npn \peek_token_remove_generic:NNT #1#2#3 {
```

```
2599 \peek_token_remove_generic:NNTF #1#2 {#3} {}
2600 }
2601 \cs_new:Npn \peek_token_remove_generic:NNF #1#2#3 {
2602 \peek_token_remove_generic:NNTF #1#2 {} {#3}
2603 }
```

\l_peek_true_aux_tl
\c_peek_true_remove_next_tl

Two token list variables to help with removing the character from the input stream.

```
2604 \tl_new:N \l_peek_true_aux_tl
2605 \tl_const:Nn \c_peek_true_remove_next_tl {\group_align_safe_end:}
2606 \tex_afterassignment:D \l_peek_true_aux_tl \cs_set_eq:NN \peek_tmp:w
2607 }
```

Apeek_execute_branches_meaning:
Apeek_execute_branches_catcode:
Deek_execute_branches_charcode:

recute_branches_charcode_aux:NN

There are three major tests between tokens in TEX: meaning, catcode and charcode. Hence we define three basic test functions that set in after the ignoring phase is over and done with.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \peek_execute_branches_meaning: {
      \if_meaning:w \l_peek_token \l_peek_search_token
2609
        \exp_after:wN \l_peek_true_tl
2610
2611
       \exp_after:wN \l_peek_false_tl
2612
     \fi:
2613
2614 }
2615 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \peek_execute_branches_catcode: {
     \if_catcode:w \exp_not:N\l_peek_token \exp_not:N\l_peek_search_token
2616
        \exp_after:wN \l_peek_true_tl
2617
2618
        \exp_after:wN \1_peek_false_tl
     \fi:
2620
2621 }
```

For the charcode version we do things a little differently. We want to check the token directly but if we do this we face problems if the next thing in the input stream is a braced group or a space token. The braced group would be read as a complete argument and the space would be gobbled by TEX's argument reading routines. Hence we test for both of these and if one of them is found we just execute the false result directly since no one should ever try to use the charcode function for searching for \c_group_begin_token or \c_space_token. The same is true for \c_group_end_token, as this can only occur if the function is at the end of a group.

```
2622 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \peek_execute_branches_charcode: {
2623 \bool_if:nTF {
2624 \token_if_eq_catcode_p:NN \l_peek_token \c_group_begin_token ||
2625 \token_if_eq_catcode_p:NN \l_peek_token \c_group_end_token ||
2626 \token_if_eq_meaning_p:NN \l_peek_token \c_space_token
2627 }
2628 { \l_peek_false_tl }
```

Otherwise we call a small auxiliary function that just grabs the next token. We can do that because it really is a single token; we just have insert it again afterwards. Also we stored the token we were looking for in the token list variable \l_peek_search_tl so we unpack it again for this function.

```
2629 { \exp_after:wN \peek_execute_branches_charcode_aux:NN \l_peek_search_tl }
2630 }
```

Then we just do the usual \if_charcode:w comparison. We also remember to insert #2 again after executing the true or false branches.

```
2631 \cs_new:Npn \peek_execute_branches_charcode_aux:NN #1#2{
2632 \if_charcode:w \exp_not:N #1\exp_not:N#2
2633 \exp_after:wN \l_peek_true_tl
2634 \else:
2635 \exp_after:wN \l_peek_false_tl
2636 \fi:
2637 #2
2638 }
```

\peek_def_aux:nnnn
\peek_def_aux_ii:nnnnn

This function aids defining conditional variants without too much repeated code. I hope that it doesn't detract too much from the readability.

```
2639 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \peek_def_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4 {
     \peek_def_aux_ii:nnnnn {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} { TF }
     \peek def aux ii:nnnnn {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} { T }
2641
     \peek_def_aux_ii:nnnnn {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} { F }
2642
2643 }
2644 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \peek_def_aux_ii:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5 {
     \cs_new_nopar:cpx { #1 #5 } {
       \t if empty:nF {#2} {
         \exp_not:n { \cs_set_eq:NN \peek_execute_branches: #2 }
2648
       \exp not:c { #3 #5 }
2649
       \exp_not:n { #4 }
     }
2651
2652 }
```

\peek_meaning:NTF Here we use meaning comparison with \if_meaning:w.

```
2653 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
2654 { peek_meaning:N }
2655 {}
2656 { peek_token_generic:NN }
2657 { \peek_execute_branches_meaning: }
```

\peek_meaning_ignore_spaces:NTF

```
2658 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
```

```
{ peek_meaning_ignore_spaces:N }
                                        { \peek_execute_branches_meaning: }
                                        { peek_token_generic:NN }
                                   2661
                                         { \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches: }
       \peek_meaning_remove: NTF
                                   2663 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                        { peek_meaning_remove:N }
                                   2665
                                        { peek_token_remove_generic:NN }
                                   2666
                                         { \peek_execute_branches_meaning: }
eaning_remove_ignore_spaces:N<u>TF</u>
                                   2668 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                        { peek_meaning_remove_ignore_spaces:N }
                                        { \peek_execute_branches_meaning: }
                                        { peek_token_remove_generic:NN }
                                        { \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches: }
              \peek_catcode:NTF Here we use catcode comparison with \if_catcode:w.
                                   2673 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                        { peek_catcode:N }
                                   2674
                                        {}
                                   2675
                                        { peek_token_generic:NN }
                                        { \peek_execute_branches_catcode: }
\peek_catcode_ignore_spaces:N<u>TF</u>
                                   2678 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                        { peek_catcode_ignore_spaces:N }
                                        { \peek_execute_branches_catcode: }
                                        { peek_token_generic:NN }
                                   2681
                                         { \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches: }
       \verb|\peek_catcode_remove:N| \underline{\mathit{TF}}|
                                   2683 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                        { peek_catcode_remove:N }
                                   2685
                                        { peek_token_remove_generic:NN }
                                   2686
                                         { \peek_execute_branches_catcode: }
atcode_remove_ignore_spaces:N<u>TF</u>
                                   2688 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                        { peek_catcode_remove_ignore_spaces:N }
```

```
{ \peek_execute_branches_catcode: }
                                       { peek_token_remove_generic:NN }
                                       { \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches: }
            \peek_charcode:NTF Here we use charcode comparison with \if_charcode:w.
                                  2693 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                       { peek_charcode:N }
                                  2694
                                  2695
                                       {}
                                       { peek_token_generic:NN }
                                       { \peek_execute_branches_charcode: }
peek_charcode_ignore_spaces:NTF
                                  2698 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                       { peek_charcode_ignore_spaces:N }
                                       { \peek_execute_branches_charcode: }
                                       { peek_token_generic:NN }
                                       { \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches: }
     \peek_charcode_remove: NTF
                                  2703 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                       { peek_charcode_remove:N }
                                       {}
                                  2705
                                       { peek_token_remove_generic:NN }
                                  2706
                                       { \peek_execute_branches_charcode: }
arcode_remove_ignore_spaces:NTF
                                  2708 \peek_def_aux:nnnn
                                       { peek_charcode_remove_ignore_spaces:N }
                                       { \peek_execute_branches_charcode: }
                                       { peek_token_remove_generic:NN }
                                       { \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches:}
```

\peek_ignore_spaces_aux:
ignore_spaces_execute_branches:

Throw away a space token and search again. We could define this in a more devious way where the auxiliary function gobbles the space token but then what do we do if we decide that a certain function should ignore more than one specific token? For example someone might find it interesting to define a \peek_ function that ignores a's and b's! Or maybe different kinds of "funny spaces"... Therefore I have decided to use this version which uses \tex_afterassignment:D to call the auxiliary function after the next token has been removed by \cs_set_eq:NN. That way it is easily extensible.

```
2713 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \peek_ignore_spaces_aux: {
2714  \peek_after:NN \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches:
2715 }
2716 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches: {
```

```
2717 \token_if_eq_meaning:NNTF \l_peek_token \c_space_token
2718 { \tex_afterassignment:D \peek_ignore_spaces_aux:
2719 \cs_set_eq:NN \peek_tmp:w
2720 }
2721 \peek_execute_branches:
2722 }
2722 \dinitex | package\
2724 \dinitex | package\
2724 \dinitex | showMemUsage
2726 \dinitex | showmemory\
2725 \showMemUsage
2726 \dinitex | showmemory\
```

103 | 13int implementation

103.1 Internal functions and variables

```
\int_advance:\w\dagrance:\w\dagrance:\w\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagrance\dagranc
```

 $T_{\hbox{\it E}}Xhackers$ note: This is $T_{\hbox{\it E}}X$'s \advance.

```
\int_convert_number_to_letter:n * \int_convert_number_to_letter:n {\langle integer expression \rangle}
```

Internal function for turning a number for a different base into a letter or digit.

These are expansion helpers; they evaluate their integer expressions before handing them off to the specified $\langle function \rangle$.

```
\int_get_sign_and_digits:n *
\int_get_sign:n *
\int_get_digits:n *
\int_get_sign_and_digits:n {\(\(\alpha\)\)}
```

From an argument that may or may not include a + or - sign, these functions expand to the respective components of the number.

103.2 Module loading and primitives definitions

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

Functions that support LATEX's user accessible counters should be added here, too. But first the internal counters.

103.3 Allocation and setting

```
For the LATEX3 format:
 \int_new:N
 \int_new:c
               2736 (*initex)
               2737 \alloc_new:nnnN {int} {11} {\c_max_register_int} \tex_countdef:D
               2738 (/initex)
              For 'l3in2e':
               2739 (*package)
               2740 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_new:N #1 {
                     \chk_if_free_cs:N #1
                     \newcount #1
               2742
               2743 }
               2744 (/package)
               2745 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_new:N {c}
              Setting counters is again something that I would like to make uniform at the moment to
\int_set:Nn
\int_set:cn
              get a better overview.
\int_gset:Nn
               2746 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_set:Nn #1#2{#1 \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
\int_gset:cn
               2747 (*check)
               2748 \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
               2749 (/check)
               2750 }
               2751 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gset:Nn {
```

```
2752 (*check)
                      \pref_global_chk:
               2754 (/check)
               2755 (-check) \pref_global:D
                      \int_set:Nn }
               2757 \cs_generate_variant:Nn\int_set:Nn {cn}
               2758 \cs_generate_variant:Nn\int_gset:Nn {cn}
\int_incr:N
              Incrementing and decrementing of integer registers is done with the following functions.
\int_decr:N
               2759 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_incr:N #1{\int_advance:w#1\c_one
\int_gincr:N
               2760 (*check)
\int_gdecr:N
                            \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
               2761
\int_incr:c
               2762 (/check)
\int_decr:c
               2763 }
\int_gincr:c
               2764 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_decr:N #1{\int_advance:w#1\c_minus_one
\int_gdecr:c
               2765 (*check)
               2766
                            \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
               2767 (/check)
               2768 }
               2769 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gincr:N {
```

We make sure that a local variable is not updated globally by changing the internal test (i.e. \chk_local_or_pref_global:N) before making the assignment. This is done by \pref_global_chk: which also issues the necessary \pref_global:D. This is not very efficient, but this code will be only included for debugging purposes. Using \pref_global:D in front of the local function is better in the production versions.

```
2770 \*check\
2771 \pref_global_chk:
2772 \/check\
2773 \-check\ \pref_global:D
2774 \int_incr:N\}
2775 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gdecr:N {
2776 \*check\
2777 \pref_global_chk:
2778 \/check\
2779 \-check\ \pref_global:D
2780 \int_decr:N\}
```

With the \int_add: Nn functions we can shorten the above code. If this makes it too slow ...

```
2781 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \int_incr:N #1{\int_add:Nn#1\c_one}
2782 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \int_decr:N #1{\int_add:Nn#1\c_minus_one}
2783 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gincr:N #1{\int_gadd:Nn#1\c_one}
2784 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gdecr:N #1{\int_gadd:Nn#1\c_minus_one}
2785 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_incr:N {c}
2786 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_decr:N {c}
```

```
2787 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_gincr:N {c}
               2788 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_gdecr:N {c}
\int_zero:N
              Functions that reset an \langle int \rangle register to zero.
\int_zero:c
               2789 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_zero:N #1 {#1=\c_zero}
\int_gzero:N
               2790 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_zero:N {c}
\int_gzero:c
               2791 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gzero:N #1 {\pref_global:D #1=\c_zero}
               2792 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_gzero:N {c}
              Adding and substracting to and from a counter ... We should think of using these func-
\int_add:Nn
\int_add:cn
\int_gadd:Nn
               2793 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_add:Nn #1#2{
\int_gadd:cn
\int_sub:Nn
              We need to say by in case the first argument is a register accessed by its number, e.g.,
\int_sub:cn
              \count23. Not that it should ever happen but...
\int_gsub:Nn
                       \int_advance:w #1 by \intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
\int_gsub:cn
               2795 (*check)
                       \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
               2796
               2797 (/check)
               2798 }
               2799 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_sub:Nn #1#2{
                       \int_advance:w #1-\intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
               2801 (*check)
               2802 \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
               2803 (/check)
               2804 }
               2805 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gadd:Nn {
               2806 (*check)
                      \pref_global_chk:
               2808 (/check)
               2809 (-check) \pref_global:D
                      \int_add:Nn }
               2811 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_gsub:Nn {
               2812 (*check)
                      \pref_global_chk:
               2814 (/check)
               2815 (-check) \pref_global:D
                      \int_sub:Nn }
               2817 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_add:Nn {cn}
               2818 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_gadd:Nn {cn}
               2819 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_sub:Nn {cn}
               2820 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_gsub:Nn {cn}
 \int_use:N
              Here is how counters are accessed:
 \int_use:c
               2821 \cs_new_eq:NN \int_use:N \tex_the:D
               2822 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_use:c #1{\int_use:N \cs:w#1\cs_end:}
```

```
\int_show: N
\int_show:c
```

```
2823 \cs_new_eq:NN \int_show:N \kernel_register_show:N
2824 \cs_new_eq:NN \int_show:c \kernel_register_show:c
```

\int_to_arabic:n Nothing exciting here.

```
2825 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_to_arabic:n #1{ \intexpr_eval:n{#1}}
```

\int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn

Using TeX's built-in feature for producing roman numerals has some surprising features. One is the the characters resulting from \int_to_roman: w have category code 12 so they may fail in certain comparison tests. Therefore we use a mapping from the character T_FX produces to the character we actually want which will give us letters with category code 11.

```
2826 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn #1#2#3{
     \cs_set_nopar:cpn {int_to_lc_roman_#1:}{#2}
     \cs_set_nopar:cpn {int_to_uc_roman_#1:}{#3}
2829 }
```

Here are the default mappings. I haven't found any examples of say Turkish doing the mapping i \i I but at least there is a possibility for it if needed. Note: I have now asked a Turkish person and he tells me they do the i I mapping.

```
2830 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn i i I
2831 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn v v V
2832 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn x x X
2833 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn 1 1 L
2834 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn c c C
2835 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn d d D
2836 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn m m M
```

For the delimiter we cheat and let it gobble its arguments instead.

```
2837 \int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn Q \use_none:nn \use_none:nn
```

\int_to_roman:n \int_to_Roman:n \int_to_roman_lcuc:NN

The commands for producing the lower and upper case roman numerals run a loop on one character at a time and also carries some information for upper or lower case with it. We put it through \intexpr eval:n first which is safer and more flexible.

```
2838 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_to_roman:n #1 {
     \exp_after:wN \int_to_roman_lcuc:NN \exp_after:wN l
        \int_to_roman:w \intexpr_eval:n {#1} Q
2840
2841 }
2842 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_to_Roman:n #1 {
     \exp_after:wN \int_to_roman_lcuc:NN \exp_after:wN u
        \int_to_roman:w \intexpr_eval:n {#1} Q
2844
2845 }
2846 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_to_roman_lcuc:NN #1#2{
```

```
2847 \use:c {int_to_#1c_roman_#2:}
2848 \int_to_roman_lcuc:NN #1
2849 }
```

nt_convert_number_with_rule:nnN

This is our major workhorse for conversions. #1 is the number we want converted, #2 is the base number, and #3 is the function converting the number. This function expects to receive a non-negative integer and as such is ideal for something using \if_case:w internally.

The basic example is this: We want to convert the number 50 (#1) into an alphabetic equivalent ax. For the English language our list contains 26 elements so this is our argument #2 while the function #3 just turns 1 into a, 2 into b, etc. Hence our goal is to turn 50 into the sequence #3{1}#1{24} so what we do is to first divide 50 by 26 and truncating the result returning 1. Then before we execute this we call the function again but this time on the result of the remainder of the division. This goes on until the remainder is less than or equal to the base number where we just call the function #3 directly on the number.

We do a little pre-expansion of the arguments below as they otherwise have a tendency to grow quite large.

```
2850 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN #1#2#3{
2851 \intexpr_compare:nNnTF {#1}>{#2}
2852 {
2853 \exp_args:Nf \int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN
2854 { \intexpr_div_truncate:nn {#1-1}{#2} }{#2}
2855 #3
```

Note that we have to nudge our modulus function so it won't return 0 as that wouldn't work with \if_case:w when that expects a positive number to produce a letter.

```
2856    \exp_args:Nf #3 { \intexpr_eval:n{1+\intexpr_mod:nn {#1-1}{#2}} }
2857    }
2858    { \exp_args:Nf #3{ \intexpr_eval:n{#1} } }
2859 }
```

As can be seen it is even simpler to convert to number systems that contain 0, since then we don't have to add or subtract 1 here and there.

alph_default_conversion_rule:n
Alph_default_conversion_rule:n

Now we just set up a default conversion rule. Ideally every language should have one such rule, as say in Danish there are 29 letters in the alphabet.

```
2860 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_alph_default_conversion_rule:n #1{
2861 \if_case:w #1
2862 \or: a\or: b\or: c\or: d\or: e\or: f
2863 \or: g\or: h\or: i\or: j\or: k\or: 1
2864 \or: m\or: n\or: o\or: p\or: q\or: r
2865 \or: s\or: t\or: u\or: v\or: w\or: x
2866 \or: y\or: z
```

```
\fi:
2867
2868 }
   \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_Alph_default_conversion_rule:n #1{
     \if_case:w #1
       \or: A\or: B\or: C\or: D\or: E\or: F
       \or: G\or: H\or: I\or: J\or: K\or: L
       \or: M\or: N\or: O\or: P\or: Q\or: R
2873
       \or: S\or: T\or: U\or: V\or: W\or: X
2874
       \or: Y\or: Z
2875
     \fi:
2876
2877 }
```

\int_to_alph:n
\int_to_Alph:n

The actual functions are just instances of the generic function. The second argument of \int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN should of course match the number of \or:s in the conversion rule.

```
2878 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_to_alph:n #1{
2879 \int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN {#1}{26}
2880 \int_alph_default_conversion_rule:n
2881 }
2882 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_to_Alph:n #1{
2883 \int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN {#1}{26}
2884 \int_Alph_default_conversion_rule:n
2885 }
```

\int_to_symbol:n Turning a number into a symbol is also easy enough.

```
2886 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_to_symbol:n #1{
     \mode_if_math:TF
2887
     {
2888
        \int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN {#1}{9}
2889
          \int_symbol_math_conversion_rule:n
2890
     }
2891
2892
        \int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN {#1}{9}
2893
          \int_symbol_text_conversion_rule:n
2894
2896 }
```

c_symbol_math_conversion_rule:n
c_symbol_text_conversion_rule:n

Nothing spectacular here.

```
2897 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_symbol_math_conversion_rule:n #1 {
2898  \if_case:w #1
2899  \or: *
2900  \or: \dagger
2901  \or: \dagger
2902  \or: \mathsection
2903  \or: \mathparagraph
2904  \or: \/
```

```
\or: **
               2905
                       \or: \dagger\dagger
               2906
                       \or: \ddagger\ddagger
               2907
               2909 }
                  \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_symbol_text_conversion_rule:n #1 {
                    \if_case:w #1
               2911
                       \or: \textasteriskcentered
               2912
                       \or: \textdagger
               2913
                       \or: \textdaggerdbl
               2914
                       \or: \textsection
                       \or: \textparagraph
                       \or: \textbardbl
                       \or: \textasteriskcentered\textasteriskcentered
               2918
                      \or: \textdagger\textdagger
               2919
                      \or: \textdaggerdbl\textdaggerdbl
                    \fi:
               2921
              2922 }
              We provide four local and two global scratch counters, maybe we need more or less.
\l_tmpa_int
\l_tmpb_int
              2923 \int_new:N \l_tmpa_int
\l_tmpc_int
              2924 \int_new:N \l_tmpb_int
\g_tmpa_int
              2925 \int_new:N \l_tmpc_int
\g_tmpb_int
              2926 \int_new:N \g_tmpa_int
              2927 \int_new:N \g_tmpb_int
```

\int_pre_eval_one_arg:Nn
\int_pre_eval_two_args:Nnn

These are handy when handing down values to other functions. All they do is evaluate the number in advance.

```
2928 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \int_pre_eval_one_arg:Nn #1#2{
2929 \exp_args:Nf#1{\intexpr_eval:n{#2}}}
2930 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \int_pre_eval_two_args:Nnn #1#2#3{
2931 \exp_args:Nff#1{\intexpr_eval:n{#2}}{\intexpr_eval:n{#3}}
2932 }
```

103.4 Defining constants

\int_const:Nn As stated, most constants can be defined as \tex_chardef:D or \tex_mathchardef:D but that's engine dependent.

\c_minus_one And the usual constants, others are still missing. Please, make every constant a real constant at least for the moment. We can easily convert things in the end when we have found what constants are used in critical places and what not.

```
\c_two
                                 %% \tex_countdef:D \c_minus_one = 10 \scan_stop:
                 \c_three
                                 \% \c minus one = -1 \scan stop:
                                                                            %% in 13basics
                  \c_four
                            2953 %\int_const:Nn \c_zero
                                                          107
                  \c_five
                            2954 \int_const:Nn \c_one
                                                          {1}
                   \c_six
                            2955 \int_const:Nn \c_two
                                                          {2}
                 \c_seven
                            2956 \int_const:Nn \c_three
                                                         {3}
                 \c_eight
                            2957 \int_const:Nn \c_four
                                                          {4}
                  \c_nine
                            2958 \int const:Nn \c five
                                                          {5}
                            2959 \int_const:Nn \c_six
                   \c_ten
                                                          {6}
                            2960 \int_const:Nn \c_seven
                                                         {7}
                \c_eleven
                            2961 \int_const:Nn \c_eight
                                                         {8}
                \c_twelve
                            2962 \int_const:Nn \c_nine
                                                          {9}
              \c_thirteen
                            2963 \int_const:Nn \c_ten
                                                            \{10\}
              \c_fourteen
                            2964 \int_const:Nn \c_eleven
                                                            \{11\}
              \c_fifteen
                            2965 \int const:Nn \c twelve
              \c_sixteen
                            2966 \int_const:Nn \c_thirteen {13}
           \c_thirty_two
                            2967 \int_const:Nn \c_fourteen {14}
          \c_hundred_one
                            2968 \int_const:Nn \c_fifteen {15}
\c_twohundred_fifty_five
                            2969 %% \tex_chardef:D \c_sixteen
                                                                   = 16\scan_stop: %% in 13basics
 \c_twohundred_fifty_six
                            2970 \int_const:Nn \c_thirty_two {32}
```

The next one may seem a little odd (obviously!) but is useful when dealing with logical operators.

```
2971 \int_const:Nn \c_hundred_one
                                            {101}
2972 \int_const:Nn \c_twohundred_fifty_five{255}
2973 \int_const:Nn \c_twohundred_fifty_six {256}
2974 \int_const:Nn \c_thousand
                                            {1000}
2975 \int_const:Nn \c_ten_thousand
                                            {10000}
2976 \int_const:Nn \c_ten_thousand_one
                                            {10001}
2977 \int_const:Nn \c_ten_thousand_two
                                            {10002}
2978 \int_const:Nn \c_ten_thousand_three
                                            {10003}
2979 \int_const:Nn \c_ten_thousand_four
                                            {10004}
2980 \int_const:Nn \c_twenty_thousand
                                            {20000}
```

\c_thousand

\c_ten_thousand

\c_ten_thousand_one
\c_ten_thousand_two

\c_ten_thousand_three

\c_ten_thousand_four

\c_twenty_thousand

103.5 Scanning and conversion

Conversion between different numbering schemes requires meticulous work. A number can be preceded by any number of + and/or -. We define a generic function which will return the sign and/or the remainder.

nt_get_sign_and_digits_aux:oNNN

A number may be preceded by any number of +s and -s. Start out by assuming we have a positive number.

```
2982 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_get_sign_and_digits:n #1{
2983 \int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:nNNN {#1} \c_true_bool \c_true_bool \c_true_bool
2984 }
2985 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_get_sign:n #1{
2986 \int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:nNNN {#1} \c_true_bool \c_true_bool \c_false_bool
2987 }
2988 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_get_digits:n #1{
2989 \int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:nNNN {#1} \c_true_bool \c_false_bool \c_true_bool
2990 }
```

Now check the first character in the string. Only a – can change if a number is positive or negative, hence we reverse the boolean governing this. Then gobble the – and start over.

```
2991 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:nNNN #1#2#3#4{
2992 \tl_if_head_eq_charcode:fNTF {#1} -
2993 {
2994 \bool_if:NTF #2
2995 { \int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:oNNN {\use_none:n #1} \c_false_bool #3#4 }
2996 { \int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:oNNN {\use_none:n #1} \c_true_bool #3#4 }
2997 }
```

The other cases are much simpler since we either just have to gobble the + or exit immediately and insert the correct sign.

The boolean #3 is for printing the sign while #4 is for printing the digits.

\int_convert_from_base_ten:nn c_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nnn c_convert_from_base_ten_aux:non c_convert_from_base_ten_aux:fon #1 is the base 10 number to be converted to base #2. We split off the sign first, print if if there and then convert only the number. Since this is supposedly a base 10 number we can let T_EX do the reading of + and -.

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \int_convert_from_base_ten:nn#1#2{
     \intexpr_compare:nNnTF {#1}<\c_zero
3010
          \int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nfn {}
3011
          \intexpr_eval:n {-#1} }
3012
3013
     {
3014
        \int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nfn {}
3015
           \intexpr_eval:n {#1} }
3016
3017
     {#2}
3018
3019 }
```

The algorithm runs like this:

- 1. If the number $\langle num \rangle$ is greater than $\langle base \rangle$, calculate modulus of $\langle num \rangle$ and $\langle base \rangle$ and carry that over for next round. The remainder is calculated as a truncated division of $\langle num \rangle$ and $\langle base \rangle$. Start over with these new values.
- 2. If $\langle num \rangle$ is less than or equal to $\langle base \rangle$ convert it to the correct symbol, print the previously calculated digits and exit.

#1 is the carried over result, #2 the remainder and #3 the base number.

```
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nnn#1#2#3{
     \intexpr_compare:nNnTF {#2}<{#3}
     { \int_convert_number_to_letter:n{#2} #1 }
3023
       \int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:ffn
3024
3025
         \int_convert_number_to_letter:n {\intexpr_mod:nn {#2}{#3}}
       { \intexpr_div_truncate:nn{#2}{#3}}
3029
       {#3}
3030
3031
3032
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nnn {nfn}
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nnn {ffn}
```

int_convert_number_to_letter:n

Turning a number for a different base into a letter or digit.

```
3035 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \int_convert_number_to_letter:n #1{
3036 \if_case:w \intexpr_eval:w #1-10\intexpr_eval_end:
3037 \exp_after:wN A \or: \exp_after:wN B \or:
```

```
\exp_after:wN C \or: \exp_after:wN D \or: \exp_after:wN E \or:
3038
      \exp_after:wN F \or: \exp_after:wN G \or: \exp_after:wN H \or:
3039
      3040
      \exp_after:wN L \or: \exp_after:wN M \or: \exp_after:wN N \or:
3041
      \exp_after:wN O \or: \exp_after:wN P \or: \exp_after:wN Q \or:
      \ensuremath{\texttt{\ensuremath{\texttt{exp}}}} after:wN R \ensuremath{\texttt{\ensuremath{\texttt{or}}}}: \ensuremath{\texttt{\ensuremath{\texttt{exp}}}} after:wN T \ensuremath{\texttt{\ensuremath{\texttt{or}}}}:
      \exp_after:wN U \or: \exp_after:wN V \or: \exp_after:wN W \or:
3044
      \exp_after:wN X \or: \exp_after:wN Y \or: \exp_after:wN Z \else:
3045
      \use_i_after_fi:nw{ #1 }\fi: }
3046
```

\int_convert_to_base_ten:nn

#1 is the number, #2 is its base. First we get the sign, then use only the digits/letters from it and pass that onto a new function.

```
3047 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \int_convert_to_base_ten:nn #1#2 {
3048 \intexpr_eval:n{
3049 \int_get_sign:n{#1}
3050 \exp_args:Nf\int_convert_to_base_ten_aux:nn {\int_get_digits:n{#1}}{#2}
3051 }
3052 }
```

This is an intermediate function to get things started.

```
3053 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_convert_to_base_ten_aux:nn #1#2{
3054 \int_convert_to_base_ten_auxi:nnN {0}{#2} #1 \q_nil
3055 }
```

Here we check each letter/digit and calculate the next number. #1 is the previously calculated result (to be multiplied by the base), #2 is the base and #3 is the next letter/digit to be added.

```
3056 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \int_convert_to_base_ten_auxi:nnN#1#2#3{
3057  \quark_if_nil:NTF #3
3058  {#1}
3059  {\exp_args:Nf\int_convert_to_base_ten_auxi:nnN
3060  {\intexpr_eval:n{ #1*#2+\int_convert_letter_to_number:N #3} }
3061  {#2}
3062  }
3063 }
```

This is for turning a letter or digit into a number. This function also takes care of handling lowercase and uppercase letters. Hence a is turned into 11 and so is A.

```
3064 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \int_convert_letter_to_number:N #1{
3065 \intexpr_compare:nNnTF{'#1}<{58}{#1}
3066 {
3067 \intexpr_eval:n{ '#1 -
3068 \intexpr_compare:nNnTF{'#1}<{91}{ 55 }{ 87 }
3069 }
3070 }
3071 }</pre>
```

Needed from the tl module:

```
3072 \int_new:N \g_tl_inline_level_int
3073 \langle /initex | package \rangle
Show token usage:
3074 \langle *showmemory \rangle
3075 \showMemUsage
3076 \langle /showmemory \rangle
```

104 | l3intexpr implementation

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
3077 (*package)
                         3078 \ProvidesExplPackage
                             {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
                         3080 \package_check_loaded_expl:
                         3081 (/package)
                         3082 (*initex | package)
                        Here are the remaining primitives for number comparisons and expressions.
            \if_num:w
           \if_case:w
                         3083 \cs_new_eq:NN \if_num:w
                                                                \tex_ifnum:D
                         3084 \cs_new_eq:NN \if_case:w
                                                                \tex_ifcase:D
     \intexpr_value:w
                        Here are the remaining primitives for number comparisons and expressions.
      \intexpr_eval:n
                        3085 \cs_set_eq:NN \intexpr_value:w \tex_number:D
      \intexpr_eval:w
                        3086 \cs_set_eq:NN \intexpr_eval:w \etex_numexpr:D
   \intexpr_eval_end:
                        3087 \cs_set_protected:Npn \intexpr_eval_end: {\tex_relax:D}
\if_intexpr_compare:w
                        3088 \cs_set_eq:NN \if_intexpr_compare:w \tex_ifnum:D
    \if_intexpr_odd:w
                        3089 \cs_set_eq:NN \if_intexpr_odd:w \tex_ifodd:D
   \if_intexpr_case:w
                        3090 \cs_set_eq:NN \if_intexpr_case:w \tex_ifcase:D
                         3091 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_eval:n #1{
```

\intexpr_compare_p:n
\intexpr_compare:nTF

3093 }

Comparison tests using a simple syntax where only one set of braces is required and additional operators such as != and >= are supported. First some notes on the idea behind this. We wish to support writing code like

```
\intexpr_compare_p:n { 5 + \l_tmpa_int != 4 - \l_tmpb_int }
```

\intexpr_value:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:

In other words, we want to somehow add the missing \intexpr_eval:w where required. We can start evaluating from the left using \intexpr:w, and we know that since the relation symbols <, >, = and ! are not allowed in such expressions, they will terminate the expression. Therefore, we first let TeX evaluate this left hand side of the (in)equality.

```
3094 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \intexpr_compare:n #1{p,TF,T,F}{
3095 \exp_after:wN \intexpr_compare_auxi:w \intexpr_value:w
3096 \intexpr_eval:w #1\q_stop
3097 }
```

Then the next step is to figure out which relation we should use, so we have to somehow get rid of the first evaluation so that we can see what stopped it. $\tex_romannumera1:D$ is handy here since its expansion given a non-positive number is $\langle null \rangle$. We therefore simply check if the first token of the left hand side evaluation is a minus. If not, we insert it and issue $\tex_romannumera1:D$, thereby ridding us of the left hand side evaluation. We do however save it for later.

```
3098 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_compare_auxi:w #1#2\q_stop{
3099 \exp_after:wN \intexpr_compare_auxii:w \tex_romannumeral:D
3100 \if:w #1- \else: -\fi: #1#2 \q_stop #1#2 \q_nil
3101 }
```

This leaves the first relation symbol in front and assuming the right hand side has been input, at least one other token as well. We support the following forms: =, <, > and the extended !=, ==, <= and >=. All the extended forms have an extra = so we check if that is present as well. Then use specific function to perform the test.

```
3102 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_compare_auxii:w #1#2#3\q_stop{
3103 \use:c{
3104    intexpr_compare_
3105    #1 \if_meaning:w =#2 = \fi:
3106    :w}
3107 }
```

The actual comparisons are then simple function calls, using the relation as delimiter for a delimited argument. Equality is easy:

```
3108 \cs_set:cpn {intexpr_compare_=:w} #1=#2\q_nil{
3109 \if_intexpr_compare:w #1=\intexpr_eval:w #2 \intexpr_eval_end:
3110 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3111 }
```

So is the one using == - we just have to use == in the parameter text.

```
3112 \cs_set:cpn {intexpr_compare_==:w} #1==#2\q_ni1{
3113 \if_intexpr_compare:w #1=\intexpr_eval:w #2 \intexpr_eval_end:
3114 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3115 }
```

Not equal is just about reversing the truth value.

```
3116 \cs_set:cpn {intexpr_compare_!=:w} #1!=#2\q_nil{
3117 \if_intexpr_compare:w #1=\intexpr_eval:w #2 \intexpr_eval_end:
3118 \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
3119 }
Less than and greater than are also straight forward.
```

```
3120 \cs_set:cpn {intexpr_compare_<:w} #1<#2\q_nil{
3121  \if_intexpr_compare:w #1<\intexpr_eval:w #2 \intexpr_eval_end:
3122  \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3123 }
3124 \cs_set:cpn {intexpr_compare_>:w} #1>#2\q_nil{
3125  \if_intexpr_compare:w #1>\intexpr_eval:w #2 \intexpr_eval_end:
3126  \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3127 }
```

The less than or equal operation is just the opposite of the greater than operation. Vice versa for less than or equal.

```
3128 \cs_set:cpn {intexpr_compare_<=:w} #1<=#2\q_nil{
3129  \if_intexpr_compare:w #1>\intexpr_eval:w #2 \intexpr_eval_end:
3130  \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
3131 }
3132 \cs_set:cpn {intexpr_compare_>=:w} #1>=#2\q_nil{
3133  \if_intexpr_compare:w #1<\intexpr_eval:w #2 \intexpr_eval_end:
3134  \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
3135 }</pre>
```

\intexpr_compare_p:nNn
\intexpr_compare:nNnTF

More efficient but less natural in typing.

```
3136 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \intexpr_compare:nNn #1#2#3{p,TF,T,F}{
3137 \if_intexpr_compare:w \intexpr_eval:w #1 #2 \intexpr_eval:w #3
3138 \intexpr_eval_end:
3139 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3140 }
```

\intexpr_max:nn
\intexpr_min:nn
\intexpr_abs:n

Functions for min, max, and absolute value.

```
3141 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_abs:n #1{
3142  \intexpr_value:w
3143  \if_intexpr_compare:w \intexpr_eval:w #1<\c_zero
3144   -
3145  \fi:
3146  \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
3147 }
3148 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_max:nn #1#2{
3149  \intexpr_value:w \intexpr_eval:w
3150  \if_intexpr_compare:w
3151  \intexpr_eval:w #1>\intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
3152  #1
```

```
\else:
3153
          #2
3154
        \fi:
3155
     \intexpr_eval_end:
3156
3157 }
   \cs_set:Npn \in min:nn #1#2{
     \intexpr_value:w \intexpr_eval:w
3159
        \if_intexpr_compare:w
3160
          \intexpr_eval:w #1<\intexpr_eval:w #2\intexpr_eval_end:
3161
          #1
3162
        \else:
          #2
        \fi:
      \intexpr_eval_end:
3166
3167 }
```

\intexpr_div_truncate:nn
\intexpr_div_round:nn
\intexpr_mod:nn

As \intexpr_eval:w rounds the result of a division we also provide a version that truncates the result.

Initial version didn't work correctly with eTFX's implementation.

```
3168 %\cs_set:Npn \intexpr_div_truncate_raw:nn #1#2 {
3169 % \intexpr_eval:n{ (2*#1 - #2) / (2* #2) }
3170 %}
```

New version by Heiko:

```
3171 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_div_truncate:nn #1#2 {
     \intexpr_value:w \intexpr_eval:w
        \if_intexpr_compare:w \intexpr_eval:w #1 = \c_zero
3173
          0
3174
        \else:
3175
          (#1
3176
          \if_intexpr_compare:w \intexpr_eval:w #1 < \c_zero
3177
            \if_intexpr_compare:w \intexpr_eval:w #2 < \c_zero
               -( #2 +
            \else:
3180
              +( #2 -
3181
            \fi:
3182
          \else:
3183
            \if_intexpr_compare:w \intexpr_eval:w #2 < \c_zero
3184
              +( #2 +
            \else:
3186
              -( #2 -
3187
            \fi:
3188
          \fi:
3189
          1)/2)
3190
        \fi:
        /(#2)
```

```
\intexpr_eval_end:
                                                        3193
                                                        3194 }
                                                      For the sake of completeness:
                                                        cs_{set:Npn \in full} 195 \cs_{set:Npn \in full}
                                                      Finally there's the modulus operation.
                                                        3196 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_mod:nn #1#2 {
                                                                    \intexpr_value:w
                                                                         \intexpr eval:w
                                                        3198
                                                                         #1 - \intexpr_div_truncate:nn {#1}{#2} * (#2)
                                                        3199
                                                                         \intexpr_eval_end:
                                                        3200
                                                        3201 }
                                                      A predicate function.
      \intexpr_if_odd_p:n
      \intexpr_if_odd:nTF
                                                                \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \intexpr_if_odd:n #1 {p,TF,T,F} {
    \intexpr_if_even_p:n
                                                                    \if_intexpr_odd:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                                                        3203
     \intexpr_if_even:nTF
                                                                         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                                                        3204
                                                        3205 }
                                                        3206 \prg_set_conditional:Npnn \intexpr_if_even:n #1 {p,TF,T,F} {
                                                                    \if_intexpr_odd:w \intexpr_eval:w #1\intexpr_eval_end:
                                                                         \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
                                                        3209 }
    \intexpr_while_do:nn
                                                      These are quite easy given the above functions. The while versions test first and then
                                                      execute the body. The do_while does it the other way round.
    \intexpr_until_do:nn
    \intexpr_do_while:nn
                                                       3210 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_while_do:nn #1#2{
    \intexpr_do_until:nn
                                                                    \intexpr_compare:nT {#1}{#2 \intexpr_while_do:nn {#1}{#2}}
                                                       3211
                                                        3212 }
                                                        3213 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_until_do:nn #1#2{
                                                                    \label{linear_compare:nF} $$ $$ \lim_{m \to \infty} {\#1}_{\#2} \lim_{m \to \infty} {\#1}_{\#2}$$
                                                        3215
                                                        3216 \cs set:Npn \intexpr do while:nn #1#2{
                                                                    #2 \intexpr_compare:nT {#1}{\intexpr_do_while:nNnn {#1}{#2}}
                                                        3217
                                                        3218 }
                                                        3219 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_do_until:nn #1#2{
                                                                    #2 \intexpr_compare:nF {#1}{\intexpr_do_until:nn {#1}{#2}}
                                                        3221 }
\intexpr_while_do:nNnn
                                                      As above but not using the more natural syntax.
\intexpr_until_do:nNnn
                                                        3222 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_while_do:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
\intexpr_do_while:nNnn
                                                                    \label{linear_compare:nNnT} $$ \left\{ \#1 \right\} $$ $$ \left\{ \#4 \right\} $$ intexpr_while_do:nNnn $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$
                                                        3223
\intexpr_do_until:nNnn
                                                        3224 }
                                                        3225 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_until_do:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
                                                                    \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#1}#2{#3}{#4 \intexpr_until_do:nNnn {#1}#2{#3}{#4}}
```

```
3227 }
3228 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_do_while:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
3229  #4 \intexpr_compare:nNnT {#1}#2{#3}{\intexpr_do_while:nNnn {#1}#2{#3}{#4}}
3230 }
3231 \cs_set:Npn \intexpr_do_until:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
3232  #4 \intexpr_compare:nNnF {#1}#2{#3}{\intexpr_do_until:nNnn {#1}#2{#3}{#4}}
3233 }
```

\c_max_register_int

This is here as this particular integer is needed both in package mode and to bootstrap |3alloc

```
3234 \tex_mathchardef:D \c_max_register_int = 32767 \scan_stop:
3235 \( \langle \tex_initex \ | \package \rangle \)
```

105 **I3skip** implementation

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
3236 (*package)
3237 \ProvidesExplPackage
3238 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
3239 \package_check_loaded_expl:
3240 (/package)
3241 (*initex | package)
```

105.1 Skip registers

```
Allocation of a new internal registers.
 \skip_new:N
 \skip_new:c
                3242 (*initex)
                3243 \alloc_new:nnnN {skip} \c_zero \c_max_register_int \tex_skipdef:D
                3244 (/initex)
                3245 (*package)
                3246 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_new:N #1 {
                      \chk_if_free_cs:N #1
                      \newskip #1
                3249 }
                3250 (/package)
                3251 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_new:N {c}
               Setting skips is again something that I would like to make uniform at the moment to get
\skip_set:Nn
\skip_set:cn a better overview.
\skip_gset:Nn
                3252 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_set:Nn #1#2 {
\skip_gset:cn
                3253 #1\skip_eval:n{#2}
```

```
3254 (*check)
                3255 \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
                _{3256} \langle /check \rangle
                3258 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_gset:Nn {
                    (*check)
                      \pref_global_chk:
                3261 (/check)
                3262 <-check> \pref_global:D
                      \skip_set:Nn
                3264 }
                3265 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_set:Nn {cn}
                3266 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_gset:Nn {cn}
 \skip_zero:N
               Reset the register to zero.
\skip_gzero:N
                3267 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_zero:N #1{
\skip_zero:c
                     #1\c_zero_skip \scan_stop:
\skip_gzero:c
                3269 (*check)
                     \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
                3271 (/check)
                3272 }
                3273 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_gzero:N {
                We make sure that a local variable is not updated globally by changing the inter-
                nal test (i.e. \chk_local_or_pref_global:N) before making the assignment. This is
                done by \pref global chk: which also issues the necessary \pref global:D. This is
                not very efficient, but this code will be only included for debugging purposes. Using
                \pref_global:D in front of the local function is better in the production versions.
                3274 (*check)
                      \pref_global_chk:
                3276 (/check)
                3277 (-check) \pref_global:D
                      \skip_zero:N
                3278
                3279 }
                3280 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_zero:N {c}
                3281 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_gzero:N {c}
 \skip_add:Nn
                Adding and subtracting to and from <skip>s
 \skip_add:cn
                3282 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_add:Nn #1#2 {
\skip_gadd:Nn
\skip_gadd:cn
                We need to say by in case the first argment is a register accessed by its number, e.g.,
 \skip_sub:Nn
                \skip23.
\skip_gsub:Nn
```

\tex_advance:D#1 by \skip_eval:n{#2}

\chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1

3284 (*check)

3286 (/check)

```
3288 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_add:Nn {cn}
                     3289 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_sub:Nn #1#2{
                          \tex_advance:D#1-\skip_eval:n{#2}
                     3291 (*check)
                           \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
                     3293 (/check)
                     3294 }
                     3295 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_gadd:Nn {
                     3296 (*check)
                           \pref_global_chk:
                     3298 (/check)
                     3299 <-check \pref_global:D
                           \skip_add:Nn
                     3301 }
                     3302 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_gadd:Nn {cn}
                     3303 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \skip_gsub:Nn {
                     3304 (*check)
                           \pref_global_chk:
                     3305
                     3306 (/check)
                     3307 (-check) \pref_global:D
                          \sl_skip\_sub:Nn
                     3309 }
                    Inserting skips.
\skip_horizontal:N
\skip_horizontal:c
                     3310 \cs_new_eq:NN \skip_horizontal:N \tex_hskip:D
\skip_horizontal:n
                     3311 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_horizontal:N {c}
  \skip_vertical:N
 \skip_vertical:c
                     3312 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \skip_horizontal:n #1 { \skip_horizontal:N \skip_eval:n{#1} }
  \skip_vertical:n
                     3313 \cs_new_eq:NN \skip_vertical:N \tex_vskip:D
                     3314 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_vertical:N {c}
                     3315 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \skip_vertical:n #1 { \skip_vertical:N \skip_eval:n{#1} }
       \skip_use:N
                    Here is how skip registers are accessed:
       \skip_use:c
                     3316 \cs_new_eq:NN \skip_use:N \tex_the:D
                     3317 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_use:N {c}
      \skip_show:N
                    Diagnostics.
      \skip_show:c
                     3318 \cs_new_eq:NN \skip_show:N \kernel_register_show:N
                     3319 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \skip_show:N {c}
      \skip_eval:n Evaluating a calc expression.
                     3320 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \skip_eval:n #1 { \etex_glueexpr:D #1 \scan_stop: }
```

3287 }

```
We provide three local and two global scratch registers, maybe we need more or less.
\l_tmpa_skip
\l_tmpb_skip
               3321 %%\chk_if_free_cs:N \l_tmpa_skip
\l_tmpc_skip
               3322 %%\tex_skipdef:D\l_tmpa_skip 255 %currently taken up by \skip@
\g_tmpa_skip
               3323 \skip_new:N \l_tmpa_skip
\g_tmpb_skip
               3324 \skip new:N \l tmpb skip
               3325 \skip_new:N \l_tmpc_skip
               3326 \skip_new:N \g_tmpa_skip
               3327 \skip_new:N \g_tmpb_skip
\c_zero_skip
\c_{max\_skip}
               3328 (*!package)
               3329 \skip_new:N \c_zero_skip
               3330 \skip_set:Nn \c_zero_skip {Opt}
               3331 \skip_new:N \c_max_skip
               3332 \skip_set:Nn \c_max_skip {16383.99999pt}
               3333 (/!package)
               3334 (*!initex)
               3335 \cs_set_eq:NN \c_zero_skip \z@
               3336 \cs_set_eq:NN \c_max_skip \maxdimen
               3337 (/!initex)
```

\skip_if_infinite_glue_p:n \skip_if_infinite_glue:n*TF* With ε -TEX we all of a sudden get access to a lot information we should otherwise consider ourselves lucky to get. One is the stretch and shrink components of a skip register and the order or those components. $\skip_if_infinite_glue:nTF$ tests it directly by looking at the stretch and shrink order. If either of the predicate functions return $\langle true \rangle$ $\bool_if:nTF$ will return $\langle true \rangle$ and the logic test will take the true branch.

```
3338 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \skip_if_infinite_glue:n {p,TF,T,F} {
3339 \bool_if:nTF {
3340 \intexpr_compare_p:nNn {\etex_gluestretchorder:D #1 } > \c_zero ||
3341 \intexpr_compare_p:nNn {\etex_glueshrinkorder:D #1 } > \c_zero
3342 } {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
3343 }
```

o_split_finite_else_action:nnNN

This macro is useful when performing error checking in certain circumstances. If the $\langle skip \rangle$ register holds finite glue it sets #3 and #4 to the stretch and shrink component resp. If it holds infinite glue set #3 and #4 to zero and issue the special action #2 which is probably an error message. Assignments are global.

```
3344 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \skip_split_finite_else_action:nnNN #1#2#3#4{
3345 \skip_if_infinite_glue:nTF {#1}
3346 {
3347  #3 = \c_zero_skip
3348  #4 = \c_zero_skip
3349  #2
3350 }
3351 {
```

```
3352  #3 = \etex_gluestretch:D #1 \scan_stop:
3353  #4 = \etex_glueshrink:D #1 \scan_stop:
3354  }
3355 }
```

105.2 Dimen registers

```
Allocating \langle dim \rangle registers...
 \dim_{new:N}
 \dim_new:c
              3356 (*initex)
              3357 \alloc_new:nnnN {dim} \c_zero \c_max_register_int \tex_dimendef:D
              3358 (/initex)
              3359 (*package)
              3360 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_new:N #1 {
                   \chk_if_free_cs:N #1
                   \newdimen #1
              3362
              3363 }
              3364 (/package)
              3365 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_new:N {c}
             We add \dim_eval:n in order to allow simple arithmetic and a space just for those using
\dim_set:Nn
             \dimen1 or alike. See OR!
\dim_set:cn
\dim_set:Nc
              \colored{lim_set:Nn #1#2 { #1~ \dim_eval:n{#2} }} \
\dim_gset:Nn
              3367 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_set:Nn {cn,Nc}
\dim_gset:cn
\dim_gset:Nc
              \dim_gset:cc
              3369 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_gset:Nn {cn,Nc,cc}
\dim_zero:N
             Resetting.
\dim_gzero:N
              3370 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_zero:N #1 { #1\c_zero_skip }
\dim_zero:c
              3371 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_zero:N {c}
\dim_gzero:c
              3372 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_gzero:N { \pref_global:D \dim_zero:N }
              3373 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_gzero:N {c}
\dim_add:Nn
             Addition.
\dim_add:cn
              3374 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_add:Nn #1#2{
\dim_add:Nc
\dim_gadd:Nn
             We need to say by in case the first argment is a register accessed by its number, e.g.,
\dim_gadd:cn
             \dimen23.
                     \tex_advance:D#1 by \dim_eval:n{#2}\scan_stop:
              3375
              3377 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_add:Nn {cn,Nc}
```

```
3378 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_gadd:Nn { \pref_global:D \dim_add:Nn }
                     3379 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_gadd:Nn {cn}
       \dim_sub:Nn
                    Subtracting.
       \dim_sub:cn
                     3380 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_sub:Nn #1#2 { \tex_advance:D#1-#2\scan_stop: }
       \dim_sub:Nc
                     3381 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_sub:Nn {cn,Nc}
      \dim_gsub:Nn
      \dim_gsub:cn
                     3382 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_gsub:Nn { \pref_global:D \dim_sub:Nn }
                     3383 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_gsub:Nn {cn}
        \dim_use:N
                    Accessing a \langle dim \rangle.
        \dim_use:c
                     3384 \cs new eq:NN \dim use:N \tex the:D
                     3385 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_use:N {c}
                    Diagnostics.
       \dim_show:N
       \dim_show:c
                     3386 \cs_new_eq:NN \dim_show:N \kernel_register_show:N
                     3387 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \dim_show:N {c}
                    Some scratch registers.
       \l_tmpa_dim
       \l_tmpb_dim
                     3388 \dim_new:N \l_tmpa_dim
       \l_tmpc_dim
                     3389 \dim_new:N \l_tmpb_dim
       \l_tmpd_dim
                     3390 \dim_new:N \l_tmpc_dim
       \g_tmpa_dim
                     3391 \dim_new:N \l_tmpd_dim
       \g_tmpb_dim
                     3392 \dim_new:N \g_tmpa_dim
                     3393 \dim_new:N \g_tmpb_dim
                    Just aliases.
       \c_zero_dim
        \c_max_dim
                     3394 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_zero_dim \c_zero_skip
                     3395 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_max_dim \c_max_skip
       \dim_eval:n Evaluating a calc expression.
                     3396 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \dim_eval:n #1 { \etex_dimexpr:D #1 \scan_stop: }
         \if_dim:w The comparison primitive.
                     3397 \cs_new_eq:NN \if_dim:w \tex_ifdim:D
\dim_compare_p:nNn
\dim_compare:nNnTF
                     3398 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \dim_compare:nNn {p,TF,T,F} {
                          \if_dim:w \dim_eval:n {#1} #2 \dim_eval:n {#3}
                     3400
                             \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                     3401 }
```

\dim_while_do:nNnn
\dim_until_do:nNnn
\dim_do_while:nNnn
\dim_do_until:nNnn

while_do and do_while functions for dimensions. Same as for the int type only the names have changed.

```
3402 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \dim_while_do:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
3403  \dim_compare:nNnT {#1}#2{#3}{#4 \dim_while_do:nNnn {#1}#2{#3}{#4}}
3404 }
3405 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \dim_until_do:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
3406  \dim_compare:nNnF {#1}#2{#3}{#4 \dim_until_do:nNnn {#1}#2{#3}{#4}}
3407 }
3408 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \dim_do_while:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
3409  #4 \dim_compare:nNnT {#1}#2{#3}{\dim_do_while:nNnn {#1}#2{#3}{#4}}
3410 }
3411 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \dim_do_until:nNnn #1#2#3#4{
342  #4 \dim_compare:nNnF {#1}#2{#3}{\dim_do_until:nNnn {#1}#2{#3}{#4}}
343 }
```

105.3 Muskips

```
\muskip_new:N And then we add muskips.
```

```
3414 \langle*initex\\
3415 \alloc_new:nnnN \{muskip\} \c_zero \c_max_register_int \tex_muskipdef:D
3416 \langle\{\)initex\\\
3417 \langle*package\\\
3418 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \muskip_new:N #1 \{
3419 \chk_if_free_cs:N #1
3420 \newmuskip #1
3421 \}
3422 \langle\{\)package\\\
3422 \langle\{\}package\\\\
3424 \langle\{\}package\\\\\
```

```
\muskip_set:Nn
\muskip_gset:Nn
\muskip_add:Nn
\muskip_gadd:Nn
\muskip_sub:Nn
\muskip_gsub:Nn
```

Simple functions for muskips.

```
\label{lem:constraint} $$ 3423 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \muskip_set:Nn#1#2{#1\etex_muexpr:D#2\scan_stop:} $$ 424 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \muskip_gset:Nn{\pref_global:D\muskip_set:Nn} $$ $$ \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \muskip_add:Nn#1#2{\tex_advance:D#1\etex_muexpr:D#2\scan_stop:} $$
```

3426 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \muskip_gadd:Nn{\pref_global:D\muskip_add:Nn}
3427 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \muskip sub:Nn#1#2{\tex advance:D#1-\etex muexpr:D#2\scan stop:}

3428 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \muskip_gsub:Nn{\pref_global:D\muskip_sub:Nn}

```
\muskip_use: N Accessing a \langle muskip \rangle.
```

```
3429 \cs_new_eq:NN \muskip_use:N \tex_the:D
```

\muskip_show: N

```
3430 \cs_new_eq:NN \muskip_show:N \kernel_register_show:N
3431 \( \rangle \) initex \| \package \\ \)
```

106 | 13tl implementation

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
3432 \ *package\
3433 \ ProvidesExplPackage
3434 \ {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
3435 \ \package_check_loaded_expl:
3436 \ \/package\
3437 \ \ *initex | package\
```

A token list variable is a control sequence that holds tokens. The interface is similar to that for token registers, but beware that the behavior vis á vis \cs_set_nopar:Npx etc. . . . is different. (You see this comes from Denys' implementation.)

106.1 Functions

\tl_new:N
\tl_new:c
\tl_new:C
\tl_new:N
\tl_new:C
\tl_new:Nx

We provide one allocation function (which checks that the name is not used) and two clear functions that locally or globally clear the token list. The allocation function has two arguments to specify an initial value. This is the only way to give values to constants.

```
3438 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_new:Nn #1#2{
3439 \chk_if_free_cs:N #1
```

If checking we don't allow constants to be defined.

```
3440 (*check)
3441 \chk_var_or_const:N #1
3442 (/check)
```

Otherwise any variable type is allowed.

\tl_const:Nn For creating constant token lists: there is not actually anything here that cannot be achieved using \tl_new:N and \tl_set:Nn

```
3453 \cs_new_protected:Npn \t1_const:Nn #1#2 {
3454 \t1_new:N #1
3455 \t1_gset:Nn #1 {#2}
3456 }
```

```
Perhaps this should just be enabled when checking?
  \tl_use:N
  \tl_use:c
              3457 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \tl_use:N #1 {
                    \if_meaning:w #1 \tex_relax:D
             If \langle tl \ var. \rangle equals \tex_relax:D it is probably stemming from a \cs.w...\cs_end: that
              was created by mistake somewhere.
                       \msg_kernel_bug:x {Token~list~variable~ '\token_to_str:N #1'~
              3459
                                          has~ an~ erroneous~ structure!}
              3460
                    \else:
                      \exp_after:wN #1
              3462
                    \fi:
              3463
              3464
              3465 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_use:N {c}
 \tl_show:N
             Showing a \langlet t var.\rangle is just \showing it and I don't really care about checking that it's
 \tl_show:c
             malformed at this stage.
 \tl_show:n
              3466 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \tl_show:N #1 { \cs_show:N #1 }
              3467 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_show:N {c}
              3468 \cs_set_eq:NN \tl_show:n \etex_showtokens:D
             By using \exp_not:n token list variables can contain # tokens.
 \tl_set:Nn
 \tl_set:NV
              3469 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_set:Nn #1#2 {
 \tl_set:Nv
                    \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} }
 \tl_set:No
              3471 }
 \tl_set:Nf
              3472 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_set:Nx #1#2 {
 \tl_set:Nx
                    \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 {#2}
 \tl_set:cn
 \tl_set:cV
              3475 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gset:Nn #1#2 {
 \tl_set:cv
                    \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} }
              3476
 \tl_set:co
              3477 }
              3478 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gset:Nx #1#2 {
 \tl_set:cx
                    \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 {#2}
\tl_gset:Nn
              3480 }
\tl_gset:NV
              3481 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn { NV }
\tl_gset:Nv
              3482 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn
                                                       { Nv }
\tl_gset:No
              3483 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn { No }
\tl_gset:Nf
              3484 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn { Nf }
\tl_gset:Nx
              3485 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn { cV }
\tl_gset:cn
              3486 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn { c }
\tl_gset:cV
              3487 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn { cv }
\tl_gset:cv
              3488 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nn { co }
\tl_gset:cx
              3489 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set:Nx { c }
              3490 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn { NV }
              3491 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn { Nv }
              3492 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn { No }
              3493 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn { Nf }
```

```
3494 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn { c }
                   3495 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn { cV }
                   3496 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nn { cv }
                   3497 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset:Nx { c }
                 For setting token list variables equal to each other. First checking:
 \tl_set_eq:NN
  \tl_set_eq:Nc
                  3498 (*check)
 \tl_set_eq:cN
                  3499 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_set_eq:NN #1#2{
 \tl_set_eq:cc
                        \chk_exist_cs:N #1 \cs_set_eq:NN #1#2
 \tl_gset_eq:NN
                        \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1 \chk_var_or_const:N #2
                  3501
\tl_gset_eq:Nc
                  3502 }
\tl_gset_eq:cN
                  3503 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_gset_eq:NN #1#2{
                        \chk_exist_cs:N #1 \cs_gset_eq:NN #1#2
\tl_gset_eq:cc
                  3504
                        \chk_global:N #1 \chk_var_or_const:N #2
                   3505
                  3506 }
                   3507 (/check)
                  Non-checking versions are easy.
                   3508 (*!check)
                   3509 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_set_eq:NN \cs_set_eq:NN
                   3510 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_gset_eq:NN \cs_gset_eq:NN
                   3511 (/!check)
                  The rest again with the expansion module.
                   3512 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_set_eq:NN {Nc,c,cc}
                   3513 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gset_eq:NN {Nc,c,cc}
    \tl_clear:N
                 Clearing a token list variable.
    \tl_clear:c
                  3514 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_clear:N #1{\tl_set_eq:NN #1\c_empty_tl}
   \tl_gclear:N
                   3515 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_clear:N {c}
   \tl_gclear:c
                   3516 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_gclear:N #1{\tl_gset_eq:NN #1\c_empty_tl}
                  3517 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gclear:N {c}
                 These macros check whether a token list exists. If it does it is cleared, if it doesn't it is
\tl_clear_new:N
\tl_clear_new:c
                 allocated.
                   3518 (*check)
                   3519 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_clear_new:N #1{
                        \chk_var_or_const:N #1
                        \if_predicate:w \cs_if_exist_p:N #1
                         \tl_clear:N #1
                   3523
                          \tl new:N #1
                   3524
                        \fi:
                   3525
                  3526 }
                   3527 (/check)
                   3528 \(\rangle \check \rangle \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_clear_new:N \tl_clear:N
                   3529 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_clear_new:N {c}
```

```
These are the global versions of the above.
 \tl_gclear_new:N
 \tl_gclear_new:c
                     3530 (*check)
                     3531 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_gclear_new:N #1{
                          \chk_var_or_const:N #1
                          \if_predicate:w \cs_if_exist_p:N #1
                     3533
                            \tl_gclear:N #1
                     3534
                     3535
                          \else:
                            \t! #1
                     3536
                     3537
                          \fi:}
                     3538 (/check)
                     3539 \(\rightarrow\) \(\cs_new_eq:NN\) \\tl_gclear_new:N\\tl_gclear:N\
                     3540 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gclear_new:N {c}
 \tl_put_right:Nn
                    Adding to one end of a token list is done partially using hand tuned functions for perfor-
                    mance reasons.
 \tl_put_right:NV
 \tl_put_right:Nv
                    3541 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:Nn #1#2 {
 \tl_put_right:No
                          \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:n {#2} }
                    3542
 \tl_put_right:Nx
                    3543 }
 \tl_put_right:cn
                    3544 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:NV #1#2 {
 \tl_put_right:cV
                          \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:V #2 }
 \tl_put_right:cv
 \tl_put_right:cx
                    3547 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:Nv #1#2 {
\tl_gput_right:Nn
                          \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:v {#2} }
                    3548
\tl_gput_right:NV
                    3549
                    3550 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:Nx #1#2 {
\tl_gput_right:Nv
                          \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 #2 }
\tl_gput_right:No
                    3552 }
\tl_gput_right:Nx
                    3553 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:No #1#2 {
\tl_gput_right:cn
                          \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:o {#2} }
                    3554
\tl_gput_right:cV
                    3555 }
\tl_gput_right:cv
                     3556 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:Nn #1#2 {
\tl_gput_right:co
                          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:n {#2} }
                     3557
\tl_gput_right:cx
                     3558 }
                        \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:NV #1#2 {
                     3559
                     3560
                          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:V #2 }
                     3561 }
                     3562 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:Nv #1#2 {
                          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:v {#2} }
                     3563
                     3564 }
                     3565 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:No #1#2 {
                          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:o {#2} }
                     3567 }
                     3568 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:Nx #1#2 {
                          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 #2 }
                     3569
                     3570 }
                     3571 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_right:Nn { c }
                     3572 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_right:NV { c }
                     3573 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_right:Nv { c }
```

```
3574 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_right:Nx { c }
                   3575 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_right:Nn { c }
                   3576 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_right:NV { c }
                   3577 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_right:Nv { c }
                   3578 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_right:No { c }
                   3579 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_right:Nx { c }
 \tl_put_left:Nn
                  Adding to the left is basically the same as putting on the right.
 \tl_put_left:NV
                   3580 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:Nn #1#2 {
 \tl_put_left:Nv
                         \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
 \tl_put_left:No
                   3582 }
 \tl_put_left:Nx
                   3583 \cs new protected:Npn \tl put left:NV #1#2 {
 \tl_put_left:cn
                         \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
                   3584
 \tl_put_left:cV
                   3585 }
 \tl_put_left:cv
                   3586 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:Nv #1#2 {
 \tl_put_left:cx
                         \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:v {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
                   3587
\tl_gput_left:Nn
                   3588 }
\tl_gput_left:NV
                   3589 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:Nx #1#2 {
                   3590
                         \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
\tl_gput_left:Nv
                   3591 }
\tl_gput_left:No
                   3592 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:No #1#2 {
\tl_gput_left:Nx
                         \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:o {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
\tl_gput_left:cn
                   3594 }
\tl_gput_left:cV
                   3595 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:Nn #1#2 {
\tl_gput_left:cv
                         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
\tl_gput_left:cx
                   3597 }
                   3598 \cs new protected:Npn \tl gput left:NV #1#2 {
                         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
                   3599
                   3600 }
                   3601 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:Nv #1#2 {
                         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:v {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
                   3603 }
                   3604 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:No #1#2 {
                         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:0 {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
                   3605
                   3606 }
                   3607 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:Nx #1#2 {
                         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
                   3609 }
                   3610 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_left:Nn { c }
                   3611 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_left:NV { c }
                   3612 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_left:Nv { c }
                   3613 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_put_left:Nx { c }
                   3614 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_left:Nn { c }
                   3615 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_left:NV { c }
                   3616 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_left:Nv { c }
                   3617 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_left:Nx { c }
```

 $\label{localization} $$ $$ \tilde{L}_{set:Nc} $$ These two functions are included because they are necessary in Denys' implementations. $$ $$ \tilde{L}_{set:Nc} $$$

The :Nc convention (see the expansion module) is very unusual at first sight, but it works nicely over all modules, so we would like to keep it.

Construct a control sequence on the fly from #2 and save it in #1.

```
3618 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_gset:Nc {
3619 \*check\}
3620 \pref_global_chk:
3621 \cancel{check}
3622 \check\} \pref_global:D
3623 \tl_set:Nc}
```

\pref_global_chk: will turn the variable check in \t1_set:No into a global check.

```
3624 \sim protected\_nopar:Npn \tl\_set:Nc #1#2{\tl\_set:No #1{\cs:w#2\cs\_end:}}
```

106.2 Variables and constants

\c_job_name_tl Inherited from the expl3 name for the primitive: this needs to actually contain the text of the jobname rather than the name of the primitive, of course.

```
3625 \tl_new:N \c_job_name_tl
3626 \tl_set:Nx \c_job_name_tl { \tex_jobname:D }
```

\c_empty_tl Two constants which are often used.

```
3627 \tl_const:Nn \c_empty_tl { }
```

\c_space_tl A space as a token list (as opposed to as a character).

```
3628 \tl_const:Nn \c_space_tl { ~ }
```

\g_tmpa_tl Global temporary token list variables. They are supposed to be set and used immediately, \g_tmpb_tl with no delay between the definition and the use because you can't count on other macros not to redefine them from under you.

```
3629 \tl_new:N \g_tmpa_tl
3630 \tl_new:N \g_tmpb_tl
```

\l_kernel_testa_tl Local temporaries. These are the ones for test routines. This means that one can safely \l_kernel_testb_tl use other temporaries when calling test routines.

```
3631 \tl_new:N \l_kernel_testa_tl
3632 \tl_new:N \l_kernel_testb_tl
```

\l_tmpa_tl These are local temporary token list variables. Be sure not to assume that the value you \l_tmpb_tl put into them will survive for long—see discussion above.

```
3633 \tl_new:N \l_tmpa_tl
3634 \tl_new:N \l_tmpb_tl
```

\l_kernel_tmpa_tl \l_kernel_tmpb_tl These are local temporary token list variables reserved for use by the kernel. They should not be used by other modules.

```
3635 \tl new:N \l kernel tmpa tl
3636 \tl_new:N \l_kernel_tmpb_tl
```

106.3 Predicates and conditionals

We also provide a few conditionals, both in expandable form (with \c_true_bool) and in 'brace-form', the latter are denoted by TF at the end, as explained elsewhere.

\tl_if_empty_p:N \tl_if_empty_p:c \tl_if_empty:NTF \tl_if_empty:cTF These functions check whether the token list in the argument is empty and execute the proper code from their argument(s).

```
\prg set conditional:Npnn \tl if empty:N #1 {p,TF,T,F} {
     \if_meaning:w #1 \c_empty_tl
3638
       \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3639
3640 }
3641 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty_p:N {c}
3642 \cs generate variant:Nn \tl if empty:NTF {c}
3643 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:NT {c}
3644 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:NF {c}
```

```
Returns \c_true_bool iff the two token list variables are equal.
\tl_if_eq_p:NN
\tl_if_eq_p:Nc
                 3645 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:NN #1#2 {p,TF,T,F} {
\tl_if_eq_p:cN
                      \if_meaning:w #1 #2 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
\tl_if_eq_p:cc
                 3647 }
\tl_if_eq:NN_TF
                 3648 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_eq_p:NN {Nc,c,cc}
\tl_if_eq:Nc_TF
                 3649 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_eq:NNTF {Nc,c,cc}
\tl_if_eq:cN_TF
                 3650 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_eq:NNT {Nc,c,cc}
\tl_if_eq:ccTF
                 3651 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_eq:NNF {Nc,c,cc}
```

\tl_if_empty_p:n \tl_if_empty_p:V \tl_if_empty_p:o \tl_if_empty:VTF \tl_if_empty:oTF

It would be tempting to just use \if_meaning:w\q_nil#1\q_nil as a test since this works really well. However it fails on a token list starting with \q_nil of course but more troubling is the case where argument is a complete conditional such as \if true: \tl_if_empty:nTF a \else: b \fi: because then \if_true: is used by \if_meaning:w, the test turns out false, the \else: executes the false branch, the \fi: ends it and the \q nil at the end starts executing... A safer route is to convert the entire token list into harmless characters first and then compare that. This way the test will even accept \q_nil as the first token.

```
3652 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_empty:n #1 {p,TF,T,F} {
     \exp_after:wN \if_meaning:w \exp_after:wN \q_nil \tl_to_str:n {#1} \q_nil
       \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3656 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty_p:n {V}
```

```
3657 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nTF {V}
3658 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nT {V}
3659 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nF {V}
3660 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty_p:n {o}
3661 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nTF {o}
3662 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nT {o}
3663 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nF {o}
```

\tl_if_blank_p:n
\tl_if_blank_p:V
\tl_if_blank:nTF
\tl_if_blank:VTF
\tl_if_blank:oTF
\tl_if_blank:v

This is based on the answers in "Around the Bend No 2" but is safer as the tests listed there all have one small flaw: If the input in the test is two tokens with the same meaning as the internal delimiter, they will fail since one of them is mistaken for the actual delimiter. In our version below we make sure to pass the input through \t1_to_str:n which ensures that all the tokens are converted to catcode 12. However we use an a with catcode 11 as delimiter so we can *never* get into the same problem as the solutions in "Around the Bend No 2".

```
\prg_new_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_blank:n #1 {p,TF,T,F} {
     \exp_after:wN \tl_if_blank_p_aux:w \tl_to_str:n {#1} aa..\q_nil
3666 }
   \cs_{new:Npn \tl_if_blank_p_aux:w #1#2 a #3#4 \q_nil {}
3667
     \if_meaning:w #3 #4 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
3668
3669 }
3670 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank_p:n {V}
3671 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank:nTF {V}
3672 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank:nT {V}
3673 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank:nF {V}
3674 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank_p:n {o}
3675 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank:nTF {o}
3676 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank:nT {o}
3677 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_blank:nF {o}
```

\tl_if_single:nTF
\tl_if_single_p:n

If the argument is a single token. 'Space' is considered 'true'.

Use $\ensuremath{\texttt{L'm}}$ doing. Use $\ensuremath{\texttt{Lvp_args_unbraced:NV}}$ for more flexibility in your own code.

```
3689 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \tl_if_single:N {p,TF,T,F} {
```

```
{\prg_return_false:}
                  3691
                  3692
                             \exp_after:wN \tl_if_blank:nTF #1
                               {\prg_return_true:}
                                 \ensuremath{\texttt{\ensuremath{\texttt{exp}}}} after:wN \_tl_if_single_aux:w #1 \q_nil
                  3697
                          }
                  3698
                  3699 }
                  3700 \cs_new:Npn \_tl_if_single_aux:w #1#2 \q_nil {
                        \tl_if_empty:nTF {#2} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                  3702 }
                 Test if two token lists are identical. pdfTEX contains a most interesting primitive for
\tl_if_eq:xxTF
\tl_if_eq:nn_TF
                 expandable string comparison so we make use of it if available. Presumable it will be in
                 the final version.
\tl_if_eq:VV_TF
\tl_if_eq:ooTF
                 Firstly we give it an appropriate name. Note that this primitive actually performs an
\tl_if_eq:xnTF
                 x type expansion but it is still expandable! Hence we must program these functions
\tl_if_eq:nx_TF
                 backwards to add \exp_not:n. We provide the combinations for the types n, o and x.
\tl_if_eq:onTF
\tl_if_eq:no_TF
                  3703 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_compare:xx \pdf_strcmp:D
\tl_if_eq:Vn_TF
                      \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:nn #1#2{
                        \verb|\t1|_compare:xx{\exp_not:n{#1}}{\exp_not:n{#2}}|
\tl_if_eq:nVTF
                  3705
\tl_if_eq:xV<u>TF</u>
                  3706 }
                  3707 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:nx #1{
\tl_if_eq:xoTF
                        \tl_compare:xx{\exp_not:n{#1}}
\tl_if_eq:VxTF
                  3709 }
\tl_if_eq:ox_TF
                  3710 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:xn #1#2{
\tl_if_eq_p:xx
                        \t! compare:xx{#1}{\langle exp_not:n{#2}}
                  3711
\tl_if_eq_p:nn
                  3712 }
\tl_if_eq_p:VV
                  3713 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:nV #1#2 {
\tl_if_eq_p:oo
                        \tl_compare:xx { \exp_not:n {#1} } { \exp_not:V #2 }
                  3714
\tl_if_eq_p:xn
\tl_if_eq_p:nx
                  3716 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:no #1#2{
                        \label{lem:lem:not:n} $$ \t1_compare:xx{\exp_not:n{#1}}{\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{#2}}$
\tl_if_eq_p:Vn
                  3717
                  3718 }
\tl_if_eq_p:on
                  3719 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:Vn #1#2 {
\tl_if_eq_p:nV
                        \tl_compare:xx { \exp_not:V #1 } { \exp_not:n {#2} }
                  3720
\tl_if_eq_p:no
                  3721 }
\tl_if_eq_p:xV
                  3722 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:on #1#2{
\tl_if_eq_p:Vx
                        \t1_compare:xx{\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{#1}}{\exp_not:n{#2}}
                  3723
\tl_if_eq_p:xo
                  3724 }
\tl_if_eq_p:ox
                  3725 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:VV #1#2 {
                        \tl_compare:xx { \exp_not:V #1 } { \exp_not:V #2 }
                  3726
                  3727 }
                  3728 \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:oo #1#2{
                        \tl_compare:xx{\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{#1}}{\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{#2}}
```

\tl_if_empty:NTF #1

3690

```
3730 }
   \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:xV #1#2 {
     \tl_compare:xx {#1} { \exp_not:V #2 }
3733 }
   \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:xo #1#2{
     \tl_compare:xx{#1}{\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{#2}}
3736
   \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:Vx #1#2 {
3737
     \tl_compare:xx { \exp_not:V #1 } {#2}
3738
3739 }
   \cs_new:Npn \tl_compare:ox #1#2{
     \tl_compare:xx{\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{#1}}{#2}
3741
3742 }
```

Since we have a lot of basically identical functions to define we define one to define the rest. Unfortunately we aren't quite set up to use the new \tl_map_inline:nn function yet.

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \tl_tmp:w #1 {
3743
     \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_tmpa_tl {
        \exp_not:N \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \exp_not:c {tl_if_eq:#1}
         ####1 ####2 {p,TF,T,F} {
            \exp not:N \tex ifnum:D
3747
            \exp_not:c {tl_compare:#1} {####1}{####2}
            \exp_not:n{ =\c_zero \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi: }
3749
       7
3750
3751
     \l_kernel_tmpa_tl
3752
3753 }
3754 \tl tmp:w{xx}
                   \tl tmp:w{nx}
                                    \t tl tmp:w{ox} \t tmp:w{Vx}
3755 \tl_tmp:w{xn}
                   \tl_tmp:w{nn}
                                    \t1_tmp:w\{on\} \t1_tmp:w\{Vn\}
3756 \tl_tmp:w{xo}
                   \tl_tmp:w{no}
                                    \t1_{tnp:w\{oo\}}
                   \t! tl_tmp:w{nV}
3757 \t1_tmp:w\{xV\}
                                   \t1_tmp:w{VV}
```

However all of this only makes sense if we actually have that primitive. Therefore we disable it again if it is not there and define \tl_if_eq:nn the old fashioned (and unexpandable) way.

In some cases below, since arbitrary token lists could be being used in this function, you can't assume (as token list variables usually do) that there won't be any # tokens. Therefore, \tl_set:Nx and \exp_not:n is used instead of plain \tl_set:Nn.

```
3758 \cs_if_exist:cF{pdf_strcmp:D}{
3759 \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:nn #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3760 \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {\exp_not:n{#1}}
3761 \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {\exp_not:n{#2}}
3762 \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
3763 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
3764 \fi:
3765 }
```

```
\prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:nV #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3766
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl { \exp_not:n {#1} }
3767
       \t1_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_t1 { \exp_not:V #2 }
3768
       \if_meaning:w \l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
3769
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
3770
       \fi:
3771
     }
3772
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:no #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3773
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {\exp_not:n{#1}}
3774
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {\exp_not:o{#2}}
3775
       \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
       \fi:
3778
3779
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:nx #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3780
       \t! \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {\exp_not:n{#1}}
3781
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {#2}
3782
       \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
       \fi:
3785
3786
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:Vn #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3787
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_t1 { \exp_not:V #1 }
3788
       3789
       \if_meaning:w \l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
       \fi:
3792
3793
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:on #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3794
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {\exp_not:o{#1}}
3795
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {\exp_not:n{#2}}
3796
       \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
3798
       \fi:
3799
3800
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:VV #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3801
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl { \exp_not:V #1 }
3802
       \t! \tau_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl { \exp_not:V #2 }
       \if_meaning:w \l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
3805
       \fi:
3806
3807
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:oo #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3808
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {\exp_not:o{#1}}
3809
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {\exp_not:o{#2}}
       \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
         \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
3812
       \fi:
3813
3814
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:Vx #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3815
```

```
\tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl { \exp_not:V #1 }
3816
        \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {#2}
3817
       \if_meaning:w \l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
3818
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
3819
        \fi:
3821
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:ox #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3822
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {\exp_not:o{#1}}
3823
        \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {#2}
3824
        \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
3825
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
        \fi:
3828
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:xn #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3829
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {#1}
3830
       \t! \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {\exp_not:n{#2}}
3831
        \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
3832
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
3835
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:xV #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3836
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {#1}
3837
        \t1_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_t1 { \exp_not:V #2 }
3838
        \if_meaning:w \l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
        \fi:
3842
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:xo #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3843
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {#1}
3844
        \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {\exp_not:o{#2}}
3845
       \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
        \fi:
3848
     7
3849
     \prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_eq:xx #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3850
       \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testa_tl {#1}
3851
        \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_testb_tl {#2}
        \if_meaning:w\l_kernel_testa_tl \l_kernel_testb_tl
          \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false:
        \fi:
3855
     }
3856
3857 }
```

106.4 Working with the contents of token lists

```
\tl_to_lowercase:n Just some names for a few primitives.
\tl_to_uppercase:n

3858 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_to_lowercase:n \tex_lowercase:D

3859 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_to_uppercase:n \tex_uppercase:D
```

```
\tl_to_str:n Another name for a primitive.
```

```
3860 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_to_str:n \etex_detokenize:D
```

\tl_to_str:N
 \tl_to_str:c
\tl_to_str_aux:w

These functions return the replacement text of a token list as a string list with all characters catcoded to 'other'.

3861 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \tl_to_str:N {\exp_after:wN\tl_to_str_aux:w
3862 \token_to_meaning:N}
3863 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \tl_to_str_aux:w #1>{}
3864 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_to_str:N {c}

\tl_map_function:nN
\tl_map_function:NN
\tl_map_function:cN
\tl_map_function_aux:NN

Expandable loop macro for token lists. These have the advantage of not needing to test if the argument is empty, because if it is, the stop marker will be read immediately and the loop terminated.

```
3865 \cs_new:Npn \tl_map_function:nN #1#2{
3866  \tl_map_function_aux:Nn #2 #1 \q_recursion_tail \q_recursion_stop
3867 }
3868 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \tl_map_function:NN #1#2{
3869  \exp_after:wN \tl_map_function_aux:Nn
3870  \exp_after:wN #2 #1 \q_recursion_tail \q_recursion_stop
3871 }
3872 \cs_new:Npn \tl_map_function_aux:Nn #1#2{
3873  \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:n{#2}
3874  #1{#2} \tl_map_function_aux:Nn #1
3875 }
3876 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_map_function:NN {cN}
```

\tl_map_inline:nn
\tl_map_inline:Nn
\tl_map_inline:cn
\tl_map_inline_aux:n
\g_tl_inline_level_int

The inline functions are straight forward by now. We use a little trick with the counter \g_tl_inline_level_int to make them nestable. We can also make use of \tl_map_function:Nn from before.

```
3877 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_map_inline:nn #1#2{
     \int_gincr:N \g_tl_inline_level_int
3879
     \cs_gset:cpn {tl_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_tl_inline_level_int :n}
3880
     \exp_args:Nc \tl_map_function_aux:Nn
3881
     {tl_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_tl_inline_level_int :n}
3882
     #1 \q_recursion_tail\q_recursion_stop
     \int_gdecr:N \g_tl_inline_level_int
3884
3885 }
3886 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_map_inline:Nn #1#2{
     \int_gincr:N \g_tl_inline_level_int
3887
     \cs_gset:cpn {tl_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_tl_inline_level_int :n}
3888
     ##1{#2}
3889
     \exp_last_unbraced:NcV \tl_map_function_aux:Nn
     {tl_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_tl_inline_level_int :n}
     #1 \q_recursion_tail\q_recursion_stop
```

```
\int_gdecr:N \g_tl_inline_level_int
                             3894 }
                             3895 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_map_inline:Nn {c}
                            \text{tl_map_variable:nNn} \langle token \ list \rangle \langle temp \rangle \langle action \rangle \text{ assigns } \langle temp \rangle \text{ to each element and}
    \tl_map_variable:nNn
    \tl_map_variable:NNn
                            executes \langle action \rangle.
    \tl_map_variable:cNn
                             3896 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_map_variable:nNn #1#2#3{
                                   \tl_map_variable_aux:Nnn #2 {#3} #1 \q_recursion_tail \q_recursion_stop
                             3898 }
                            Next really has to be v/V args
                             3899 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_map_variable:NNn {\exp_args:No \tl_map_variable:nNn}
                             3900 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_map_variable:NNn {c}
                            The general loop. Assign the temp variable #1 to the current item #3 and then check if
\tl_map_variable_aux:NnN
                            that's the stop marker. If it is, break the loop. If not, execute the action #2 and continue.
                             3901 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_map_variable_aux:Nnn #1#2#3{
                                   \tl_set:Nn #1{#3}
                                   \quark if recursion tail stop:N #1
                                   #2 \tl_map_variable_aux:Nnn #1{#2}
                             3905 }
                            The break statement.
          \tl_map_break:
                             3906 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_map_break: \use_none_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w
            \tl_reverse:n Reversal of a token list is done by taking one token at a time and putting it in front of
                            the ones before it.
            \tl_reverse:V
            \tl_reverse:o
                             3907 \cs_new:Npn \tl_reverse:n #1{
      \tl_reverse_aux:nN
                                   \tl_reverse_aux:nN {} #1 \q_recursion_tail\q_recursion_stop
                             3908
                             3910 \cs_new:Npn \tl_reverse_aux:nN #1#2{
                                   \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn {#2}{ #1 }
                                   \tl_reverse_aux:nN {#2#1}
                             3912
                             3914 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_reverse:n {V,o}
            \tl_reverse:N
                            This reverses the list, leaving \exp_stop_f: in front, which in turn is removed by the f
                            expansion which comes to a halt.
                             3915 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_reverse:N #1 {
                                  \tl_set:Nf #1 { \tl_reverse:o { #1 \exp_stop_f: } }
                             3917 }
```

\tl_elt_count:n \tl_elt_count:V \tl elt count:o \tl_elt_count:N

Count number of elements within a token list or token list variable. Brace groups within the list are read as a single element. \tl_elt_count_aux:n grabs the element and replaces it by +1. The 0 to ensure it works on an empty list.

```
3918 \cs_new:Npn \tl_elt_count:n #1{
     \intexpr_eval:n {
       0 \tl_map_function:nN {#1} \tl_elt_count_aux:n
3921
3922 }
3923 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_elt_count:n {V,o}
3924 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \tl_elt_count:N #1{
     \intexpr_eval:n {
       0 \tl_map_function:NN #1 \tl_elt_count_aux:n
3927
3928 }
```

\tl num elt count aux:n Helper function for counting elements in a token list.

```
3929 \cs_new:Npn \tl_elt_count_aux:n #1 { + 1 }
```

\tl_set_rescan:Nnn \tl_gset_rescan:Nnn

These functions store the $\{\langle token\ list \rangle\}$ in $\langle tl\ var. \rangle$ after redefining catcodes, etc., in argument #2.

```
#1: \langle tl \ var. \rangle
#2: \{\langle catcode\ setup,\ etc.\rangle\}
#3 : \{\langle token \ list \rangle\}
 3930 \cs_new_protected:Npn \t1_set_rescan:Nnn { \t1_set_rescan_aux:NNnn \t1_set:Nn }
 3931 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gset_rescan:Nnn { \tl_set_rescan_aux:NNnn \tl_gset:Nn }
```

\tl_set_rescan_aux:NNnn

This macro uses a trick to extract an unexpanded token list after it's rescanned with \etex_scantokens:D. This technique was first used (as far as I know) by Heiko Oberdiek in his catchfile package, albeit for real files rather than the 'fake' \scantokens one.

The basic problem arises because \etex scantokens:D emulates a file read, which inserts an EOF marker into the expansion; the simplistic

\exp_args:NNo \cs_set:Npn \tmp:w { \etex_scantokens:D {some text} } unfortunately doesn't work, calling the error:

! File ended while scanning definition of \tmp:w.

(LuaT_FX works around this problem with its \scantextokens primitive.)

Usually, we'd define \etex_everyeof:D to be \exp_not:N to gobble the EOF marker, but since we're not expanding the token list, it gets left in there and we have the same basic problem.

Instead, we define \etex everyeof:D to contain a marker that's impossible to occur within the scanned text; that is, the same char twice with different catcodes. (For some reason, we don't need to insert a \exp_not:N token after it to prevent the EOF marker to expand. Anyone know why?)

A helper function is can be used to save the token list delimited by the special marker, keeping the catcode redefinitions hidden away in a group.

\c_two_ats_with_two_catcodes_tl

A tl with two @ characters with two different catcodes. Used as a special marker for delimited text.

```
3932 \group_begin:
                                 \text{tex\_1ccode:} D '\A = '\Q \scan\_stop:
                                 \text{tex\_1ccode:} D '\B = '\0 \scan\_stop:
                                 \tex_catcode:D '\A = 8 \scan_stop:
                                \text{tex\_catcode:} D \text{ '}B = 3 \text{ } scan\_stop:
                          3937 \tl_to_lowercase:n {
                                 \group_end:
                                 \tl_const:Nn \c_two_ats_with_two_catcodes_tl { A B }
                          3939
                          3940 }
                         #1: \tl set function
                         #2: \langle tl \ var. \rangle
                         #3: \{\langle catcode\ setup,\ etc.\rangle\}
                         #4: \{\langle token \ list \rangle\}
                         Note that if you change \etex_everyeof:D in #3 then you'd better do it correctly!
                          3941 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_set_rescan_aux:NNnn #1#2#3#4 {
                          3942
                                 \group_begin:
                                   \toks_set:NV \etex_everyeof:D \c_two_ats_with_two_catcodes_tl
                          3943
                                   \text{tex\_endlinechar:} D = \text{c\_minus\_one}
                          3944
                                   \exp_after:wN \tl_rescan_aux:w \etex_scantokens:D {#4}
                                   \exp_args:NNNV
                                 \group_end:
                                 #1 #2 \1_tmpa_t1
                          3949
                          3950 }
   \tl_rescan_aux:w
                          3951 \exp after:wN \cs set:Npn
                          3952 \exp_after:wN \tl_rescan_aux:w
                          3953 \exp_after:wN #
                          3954 \exp_after:wN 1 \c_two_ats_with_two_catcodes_tl {
                               \t! \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {#1}
                          3956 }
                         These functions store the full expansion of \{\langle token\ list \rangle\} in \langle tl\ var. \rangle after redefining
 \tl_set_rescan:Nnx
\tl_gset_rescan:Nnx catcodes, etc., in argument #2.
                         #1: \langle tl \ var. \rangle
                         #2: \{\langle catcode\ setup,\ etc.\rangle\}
                         #3 : \{\langle token \ list \rangle\}
```

The expanded versions are much simpler because the **\etex_scantokens:D** can occur within the expansion.

```
3957 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_set_rescan:Nnx #1#2#3 {
                       \group_begin:
                 3958
                         \etex_everyeof:D { \exp_not:N }
                         \text{tex\_endline} char:D = \c_minus\_one
                         \tl_set:Nx \l_kernel_tmpa_tl { \etex_scantokens:D {#3} }
                         \exp_args:NNNV
                 3963
                       \group_end:
                       \tl_set:Nn #1 \l_kernel_tmpa_tl
                 3965
                 3966 }
                Globally is easier again:
                 3967 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gset_rescan:Nnx #1#2#3 {
                       \group_begin:
                         \etex_everyeof:D { \exp_not:N }
                 3969
                         \text{tex\_endline} char:D = \c_minus\_one
                 3970
                         \tl_gset:Nx #1 { \etex_scantokens:D {#3} }
                       \group_end:
                 3974 }
               The inline wrapper for \etex_scantokens:D.
\tl_rescan:nn
                #1: Catcode changes (etc.)
                #2: Token list to re-tokenise
                 3975 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_rescan:nn #1#2 {
                       \group_begin:
                         \toks set:NV \etex everyeof:D \c two ats with two catcodes tl
                 3977
                         \text{tex endline} char: D = \c minus one
                 3978
                 3979
                         \exp_after:wN \tl_rescan_aux:w \etex_scantokens:D {#2}
                 3980
                       \exp_args:NV \group_end:
                       \1_tmpa_tl
                 3983 }
```

106.5 Checking for and replacing tokens

 $\til_{if_in:Nn}$ See the replace functions for further comments. In this part we don't care too much about brace stripping since we are not interested in passing on the tokens which are split off in the process.

```
3984 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_in:Nn #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
3985 \cs_set:Npn \tl_tmp:w ##1 #2 ##2 \q_stop {
3986 \quark_if_no_value:nTF {##2} {\prg_return_false:} {\prg_return_true:}
```

```
3987
                       \exp_after:wN \tl_tmp:w #1 #2 \q_no_value \q_stop
                 3988
                 3989 }
                 3990 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:NnTF {c}
                    \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:NnT {c}
                 3992 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:NnF {c}
\tl_if_in:nnTF
\tl_if_in:Vn_TF
                     \prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_in:nn #1#2 {TF,T,F} {
\tl_if_in:onTF
                       \cs_{set:Npn \tl_tmp:w \#1 \#2 \#2 \q_stop {}
                         \quark_if_no_value:nTF {##2} {\prg_return_false:} {\prg_return_true:}
                 3995
                 3996
                       \t1_{tmp:w} #1 #2 \\q_{no}_{value} \\q_{stop}
                 3997
                 3998 }
                     \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:nnTF {V}
                     \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:nnT
                     \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:nnF
                     \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:nnTF {o}
                 4003 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:nnT
                 4004 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_in:nnF {o}
```

_l_tl_replace_tl \tl_replace_in:Nnn \tl_replace_in:cnn \tl_greplace_in:Nnn \tl_greplace_in:cnn _tl_replace_in_aux:NNnn The concept here is that only the first occurrence should be replaced. The first step is to define an auxiliary which will match the appropriate item, with a trailing marker. If the last token is the marker there is nothing to do, otherwise replace the token and clean up (hence the second use of _tl_tmp:w). To prevent loosing braces or spaces there are a couple of empty groups and the strange-looking \use:n.

```
4005 \tl_new:N \_l_tl_replace_tl
4006
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_replace_in:Nnn {
4007
     \_tl_replace_in_aux:NNnn \tl_set_eq:NN
4008
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \_tl_replace_in_aux:NNnn #1#2#3#4 {
4010
     \cs_{set:Npn} \_tl_{tmp:w} ##1 #3 ##2 \q_stop
4011
          \quark_if_no_value:nF {##2}
4012
            ₹
4013
              \tl_set:No \_l_tl_replace_tl { ##1 #4 }
4014
              \cs_set:Npn \_tl_tmp:w ####1 #3 \q_no_value {
                \tl_put_right:No \_l_tl_replace_tl {###1}
4017
              \_tl_tmp:w \prg_do_nothing: ##2
4018
              #1 #2 \_1_tl_replace_tl
4019
4020
       7
4021
     \use:n
          \exp_after:wN \_tl_tmp:w \exp_after:wN
4024
            \prg_do_nothing:
4025
```

```
#2 #3 \q_no_value \q_stop
                                                                    4027
                                                                    4028
                                                                           \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_greplace_in:Nnn {
                                                                                \_tl_replace_in_aux:NNnn \tl_gset_eq:NN
                                                                           \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_replace_in:Nnn { c }
                                                                    4032
                                                                           \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_greplace_in:Nnn { c }
             \tl_replace_all_in:Nnn
                                                                  A similar approach here but with a loop built in.
             \tl_replace_all_in:Nnn
                                                                    4034 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_replace_all_in:Nnn {
           \tl_greplace_all_in:cnn
                                                                                \_tl_replace_all_in_aux:NNnn \tl_set_eq:NN
                                                                    4035
          \tl_greplace_all_in:cnn
                                                                    4036
\_tl_replace_all_in_aux:NNnn
                                                                           \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \tl_greplace_all_in:Nnn {
                                                                    4037
                                                                                \_tl_replace_all_in_aux:NNnn \tl_gset_eq:NN
                                                                    4038
                                                                    4039 }
                                                                           \cs_new_protected:Npn \_tl_replace_all_in_aux:NNnn #1#2#3#4 {
                                                                                \tl_clear:N \_l_tl_replace_tl
                                                                                \cs_{set:Npn} \t_tl_{tmp:w} ##1 #3 ##2 \q_stop
                                                                    4042
                                                                    4043
                                                                                         \quark if no value:nTF {##2}
                                                                    4044
                                                                                             { \tl_put_right:No \_l_tl_replace_tl {##1} }
                                                                    4045
                                                                                             ₹
                                                                                                  \tl_put_right:No \_l_tl_replace_tl { ##1 #4 }
                                                                                                  \_tl_tmp:w \prg_do_nothing: ##2 \q_stop
                                                                                   }
                                                                    4050
                                                                                \use:n
                                                                    4051
                                                                                    {
                                                                    4052
                                                                                         \exp_after:wN \_tl_tmp:w \exp_after:wN
                                                                                             \prg_do_nothing:
                                                                    4055
                                                                                #2 #3 \q_no_value \q_stop
                                                                    4056
                                                                                #1 #2 \_1_tl_replace_tl
                                                                    4057
                                                                    4058
                                                                    4059 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_replace_all_in:Nnn { c }
                                                                    4060 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_greplace_all_in:Nnn { c }
                                                                  Next comes a series of removal functions. I have just implemented them as subcases of
                          \tl_remove_in:Nn
                                                                  the replace functions for now (I'm lazy).
                          \tl_remove_in:cn
                        \tl_gremove_in:Nn
                                                                    \label{local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_local_loc
                        \tl_gremove_in:cn
                                                                    4062 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gremove_in:Nn #1#2{\tl_greplace_in:Nnn #1{#2}{}}
                                                                    4063 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_remove_in:Nn {cn}
                                                                    4064 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gremove_in:Nn {cn}
                                                                  Same old, same old.
                 \tl_remove_all_in:Nn
                 \tl_remove_all_in:cn
               \tl_gremove_all_in:Nn
               \tl_gremove_all_in:cn
```

4026

```
4065 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_remove_all_in:Nn #1#2{
4066 \tl_replace_all_in:Nnn #1{#2}{}
4067 }
4068 \cs_new_protected:Npn \tl_gremove_all_in:Nn #1#2{
4069 \tl_greplace_all_in:Nnn #1{#2}{}
4070 }
4071 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_remove_all_in:Nn {cn}
4072 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gremove_all_in:Nn {cn}
```

106.6 Heads or tails?

\tl_head:n These functions pick up either the head or the tail of a list. \tl_head_iii:n returns the \tl_head:V first three items on a list.
\tl_head_i:n \tl_head_i:n \tl_head:n #1{\tl_head:w #1\q_nil}

```
\tl_tail:n
                 4074 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_head_i:n \tl_head:n
    \tl_tail:V
                 4075 \cs_new:Npn \tl_tail:n #1{\tl_tail:w #1\q_nil}
    \tl_tail:f
                 4076 \cs generate variant:Nn \tl tail:n {f}
\tl_head_iii:n
                 4077 \cs_new:Npn \tl_head_iii:n #1{\tl_head_iii:w #1\q_nil}
\tl_head_iii:f
                 4078 \cs generate variant:Nn \tl head iii:n {f}
    \tl_head:w
                 4079 \cs new eq:NN \tl head:w \use i delimit by q nil:nw
  \tl_head_i:w
                 4080 \cs_new_eq:NN \tl_head_i:w \tl_head:w
                 4081 \cs_new:Npn \tl_tail:w #1#2\q_nil{#2}
    \tl_tail:w
                 4082 \cs_new:Npn \tl_head_iii:w #1#2#3#4\q_nil{#1#2#3}
\tl_head_iii:w
                 4083 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_head:n { V }
                 4084 \cs generate variant:Nn \tl tail:n { V }
```

\tl_if_head_eq_meaning_p:nN \tl_if_head_eq_meaning:nNTF \tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:nN \tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nNTF \tl_if_head_eq_charcode:fNTF \tl_if_head_eq_catcode_p:nN \tl_if_head_eq_catcode:nNTF \tl_if_head_eq_catcode:nNTF

When we want to check if the first token of a list equals something specific it is usually either to see if it is a control sequence or a character. Hence we make two different functions as the internal test is different. $\t1_if_head_meaning_eq:nNTF$ uses $\if_meaning:w$ and will consider the tokens b_{11} and b_{12} different. $\t1_if_head_char_eq:nNTF$ on the other hand only compares character codes so would regard b_{11} and b_{12} as equal but would also regard two primitives as equal.

```
4085 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_head_eq_meaning:nN #1#2 {p,TF,T,F} {
4086 \exp_after:wN \if_meaning:w \tl_head:w #1 \q_nil #2
4087 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
4088 }
```

For the charcode and catcode versions we insert \exp_n in front of both tokens. If you need them to expand fully as T_EX does itself with these you can use an f type expansion.

```
4089 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nN #1#2 {p,TF,T,F} {
4090 \exp_after:wN \if:w \exp_after:wN \exp_not:N
4091 \tl_head:w #1 \q_nil \exp_not:N #2
4092 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
4093 }
```

Actually the default is already an f type expansion.

```
4094 %% \cs_new:Npn \tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:fN #1#2{
  4095 %%
                                   \exp_after:wN\if_charcode:w \tl_head:w #1\q_nil\exp_not:N#2
  4096 %%
                                       \c_true_bool
             %%
  4097
                                \else:
  4098
             %%
                                      \c_false\_bool
  4099 %%
                               \fi:
  4100 %% }
  4101 %% \def_long_test_function_new:npn {tl_if_head_eq_charcode:fN}#1#2{
                               \if_predicate:w \tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:fN {#1}#2}
These :fN variants are broken; temporary patch:
  4103 \cs_generate\_variant:Nn \tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:nN {f}
  4104 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nNTF {f}
  \c \c \c \end{tabular} $$ \c \end{tabular} $
  4106 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nNF {f}
And now catcodes:
             \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \tl_if_head_eq_catcode:nN #1#2 {p,TF,T,F} {
                     \exp_after:wN \if_catcode:w \exp_after:wN \exp_not:N
                                   \t! head:w #1 \q_nil \exp_not:N #2
  4109
                            \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
  4111 }
```

_tl_check_exists:N When used as a package, there is an option to be picky and to check definitions exist.

The message text for this is created later, as the mechanism is not yet in place.

```
4112 (*package)
   \tex_ifodd:D \@l@expl@check@declarations@bool \scan_stop:
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4114
        {
4115
          \cs_if_exist:NF #1
            {
4117
               \msg_kernel_error:nnx { check } { non-declared-variable }
4118
                 { \token_to_str:N #1 }
4119
4120
        }
4121
      \cs_{set\_protected:Npn \tl_{set:Nn \#1\#2}}
4122
4123
          \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4124
          \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} }
4125
4126
      \cs_{set\_protected:Npn \tl_{set:Nx \#1\#2}}
4127
4128
          \_tl_check_exists:N #1
          \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 {#2}
4131
```

```
\cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gset:Nn #1#2
4132
41.33
          \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4134
          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} }
4135
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gset:Nx #1#2
4137
4138
          \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4139
          \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 {#2}
4140
       7
4141
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_set_eq:NN #1#2
4143
          \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4144
          \t_tl_check_exists:N #2
4145
          \cs_set_eq:NN #1 #2
4146
4147
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gset_eq:NN #1#2
4148
          \t_tl_check_exists:N #1
          \_tl_check_exists:N #2
4151
          \cs_gset_eq:NN #1 #2
4152
4153
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:Nn #1#2 {
4154
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
        \cs_{set_nopar:Npx \#1 { exp_not:V \#1 exp_not:n \#2} }
4156
4157
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:NV #1#2 {
4158
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4159
        \cs_{set_nopar:Npx \#1 { exp_not:V \#1 exp_not:V \#2 }}
4160
4161
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:Nv #1#2 {
4162
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4163
        \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:v {#2} }
4164
4165
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:No #1#2 {
4166
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4167
        \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:o {#2} }
4168
4169
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_right:Nx #1#2 {
4170
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4171
        \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 #2 }
4172
4173
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:Nn #1#2 {
4174
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4175
        \cs_gset_nopar: Npx \#1 { \exp_not: V \#1 \exp_not: n \eqref{$\#2$} }
4177
     \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:NV #1#2 {
4178
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4179
        \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:V #2 }
4180
4181
```

```
\cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:Nv #1#2 {
4182
        \t_tl_check_exists:N #1
4183
        \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 \exp_not:v {#2} }
4184
4185
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_right:Nx #1#2 {
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4187
         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #1 #2 }
4188
4189
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:Nn #1#2 {
4190
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4191
         \cs_{set_nopar:Npx \#1 { exp_not:n {\#2} exp_not:V \#1 }}
4193
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:NV #1#2 {
4194
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4195
        \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
4196
4197
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:Nv #1#2 {
4198
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
        \cs_{set_nopar:Npx \#1 { \exp_not:v {\#2} \exp_not:V \#1 }}
4200
4201
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:No #1#2 {
4202
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4203
        \cs_{set_nopar:Npx \#1 { \exp_not:o {\#2} \exp_not:V \#1 }}
4204
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_put_left:Nx #1#2 {
4206
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4207
        \cs_set_nopar:Npx #1 { #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
4208
4209
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:Nn #1#2 {
4210
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4211
        \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
4212
4213
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:NV #1#2 {
4214
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4215
         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:V #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
4216
4217
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:Nv #1#2 {
4218
         \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4219
         \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { \exp_not:v {#2} \exp_not:V #1 }
4220
4221
      \cs_set_protected:Npn \tl_gput_left:Nx #1#2 {
4222
        \_tl_check_exists:N #1
4223
        \cs_gset_nopar:Npx #1 { #2 \exp_not:V #1 }
4224
4226 \tex_fi:D
4227 (/package)
Show token usage:
4228 (*showmemory)
```

```
4229 \showMemUsage
4230 \showmemory\
```

107 **| I3toks** implementation

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
4231 \*package\
4232 \ProvidesExplPackage

4233 \{\filename\}{\filedate\}{\fileversion\}{\filedescription\}}
4234 \package_check_loaded_expl:
4235 \(\frac{\package}{\}}
4236 \*initex | package\)
```

107.1 Allocation and use

```
\toks_new:N
               Allocates a new token register.
 \toks_new:c
                 4237 (*initex)
                 4238 \alloc_new:nnnN {toks} \c_zero \c_max_register_int \tex_toksdef:D
                 4239 (/initex)
                 4240 (*package)
                 4241 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_new:N #1 {
                      \chk_if_free_cs:N #1
                       \newtoks #1
                 4244 }
                 4245 (/package)
                 4246 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_new:N {c}
 \toks_use:N
                This function returns the contents of a token register.
 \toks_use:c
                 4247 \cs_new_eq:NN \toks_use:N \tex_the:D
                 4248 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_use:N {c}
                \text{toks\_set:Nn}(toks)(stuff) \text{ stores } (stuff) \text{ without expansion in } (toks). \text{ } \text{toks\_set:No and }
\toks_set:Nn
                \text{toks\_set:} \mathbb{N} x \text{ expand } \langle stuff \rangle \text{ once and fully.}
\toks_set:NV
\toks_set:Nv
                4249 (*check)
\toks_set:No
                 4250 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_set:Nn #1 { \chk_local:N #1 #1 }
\toks_set:Nx
                 4251 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_set:Nn {No,Nf}
\toks_set:Nf
                 4252 (/check)
\toks_set:cn
\toks_set:co
\toks_set:cV
\toks_set:cv
\toks_set:cx
\toks_set:cf
                                                              274
```

If we don't check if $\langle toks \rangle$ is a local register then the $\toks_{set:Nn}$ function has nothing to do. We implement $\toks_{set:No/d/f}$ by hand when not checking because this is going to be used *extensively* in keyval processing! TODO: (Will) Can we get some numbers published on how necessary this is? On the other hand I'm happy to believe Morten:)

```
4253 (*!check)
                    4254 \cs_new_eq:NN
                                              \toks_set:Nn \prg_do_nothing:
                    4255 \cs_new_protected:Npn \toks_set:NV #1#2 {
                          #1 \exp_after:wN { \int_to_roman:w -'0 \exp_eval_register:N #2 }
                    4257 }
                    4258 \cs_new_protected:Npn \toks_set:Nv #1#2 {
                          #1 \exp_after:wN { \int_to_roman:w -'0 \exp_eval_register:c {#2} }
                    4259
                    4261 \cs_new_protected:Npn \toks_set:No #1#2 { #1 \exp_after:wN {#2} }
                    4262 \cs_new_protected:Npn \toks_set:Nf #1#2 {
                          #1 \exp_after:wN { \int_to_roman:w -'0#2 }
                    4264 }
                    4265 (/!check)
                    4266 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_set:Nn {Nx,cn,cV,cv,co,cx,cf}
   \toks_gset:Nn
                    These functions are the global variants of the above.
   \toks_gset:NV
                    4267 (check)\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_gset:Nn #1 { \chk_global:N #1 \pref_global:D #1 }
   \toks_gset:No
                    4268 (!check)\cs_new_eq:NN \toks_gset:Nn \pref_global:D
   \toks_gset:Nx
                    4269 \cs generate variant: Nn \toks gset: Nn {NV, No, Nx, cn, cV, co, cx}
   \toks_gset:cn
\toks gset:cV
\toks_set_eq:NN
\toks_set:co
\toks_set:co
\toks_set:cx
\toks_set.cx
\toks_set_eq:cN
                    \toks_set_eq:NN(toks1)(toks2) copies the contents of (toks2) in (toks1).
                    4270 (*check)
                    4271 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn\toks_set_eq:NN #1#2 {
 \toks_set_eq:cc
                          \chk_local:N #1
\toks_gset_eq:NN
                          \chk var or const:N #2
\toks_gset_eq:Nc
                          #1 #2
                    4274
\toks_gset_eq:cN
                    4275 }
\toks_gset_eq:cc
                    4276 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn\toks_gset_eq:NN #1#2 {
                          \chk_global:N #1
                          \chk_var_or_const:N #2
                          \pref_global:D #1 #2
                    4279
                    4280 }
                    4281 (/check)
                    4282 (*!check)
                    4283 \cs_new_eq:NN \toks_set_eq:NN \prg_do_nothing:
                    4284 \cs_new_eq:NN \toks_gset_eq:NN \pref_global:D
                    4285 (/!check)
                    4286 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_set_eq:NN {Nc,cN,cc}
                    4287 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_gset_eq:NN {Nc,cN,cc}
                   These functions clear a token register, either locally or globally.
   \toks_clear:N
  \toks_gclear:N
   \toks_clear:c
 \toks_gclear:c
```

```
4288 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_clear:N #1 {
                           #1\c_empty_toks
                      4290 \(\rangle \text{check} \rangle \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
                      4291 }
                      4292 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_gclear:N {
                      4293 (check) \pref_global_chk:
                      4294 (!check) \pref_global:D
                           \toks_clear:N
                      4296 }
                      4297 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_clear:N {c}
                      4298 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_gclear:N {c}
                     These functions clear a token register (locally or globally) after returning the contents.
\toks_use_clear:N
\toks_use_clear:c
                     They make sure that clearing the register does not interfere with following tokens. In
\toks_use_gclear:N
                     other words, the contents of the register might operate on what follows in the input
\toks_use_gclear:c
                     stream.
                      4299 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_use_clear:N #1 {
                          \exp_last_unbraced:NNV \toks_clear:N #1 #1
                      4301 }
                      4302 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_use_gclear:N {
                      4303 (check) \pref_global_chk:
                      4304 (!check) \pref_global:D
                           \toks_use_clear:N
                      4306 }
                      4307 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_use_clear:N {c}
                      4308 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_use_gclear:N {c}
                     This function shows the contents of a token register on the terminal.
      \toks_show:N
      \toks_show:c
                      4309 \cs_new_eq:NN
                                                   \toks_show:N \kernel_register_show:N
                      4310 \cs generate variant:Nn \toks show:N {c}
```

107.2 Adding to token registers' contents

```
\toks_put_left:Nn
                        \toks_put_left:Nn \ \langle toks \rangle \langle stuff \rangle adds the tokens of stuff on the 'left-side' of the token
                        register \langle toks \rangle. \toks_put_left:No does the same, but expands the tokens once. We
   \toks_put_left:NV
                        need to look out for brace stripping so we add a token, which is then later removed.
   \toks_put_left:No
   \toks_put_left:Nx
                         4311 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_put_left:Nn #1 {
   \toks_put_left:cn
                               \exp_after:wN \toks_put_left_aux:w \exp_after:wN \q_mark
   \toks_put_left:cV
                                 \toks_use:N #1 \q_stop #1
                         4313
   \toks_put_left:co
                         4314 }
  \toks_gput_left:Nn
  \toks_gput_left:NV
  \toks_gput_left:No
                                                                    276
  \toks_gput_left:Nx
  \toks_gput_left:cn
  \toks_gput_left:cV
  \toks_gput_left:co
\toks_put_left_aux:w
```

```
4315 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_put_left:Nn {NV,No,Nx,cn,co,cV}
4316 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \toks_gput_left:Nn {
4317 (check) \pref_global_chk:
4318 (!check) \pref_global:D
      \toks_put_left:Nn
4320 }
4321 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_gput_left:Nn {NV,No,Nx,cn,cV,co}
A helper function for \toks_put_left:Nn. Its arguments are subsequently the tokens
of \langle stuff \rangle, the token register \langle toks \rangle and the current contents of \langle toks \rangle. We make sure to
remove the token we inserted earlier.
4322 \cs_new:Npn \toks_put_left_aux:w #1\q_stop #2#3 {
      #2 \exp_after:wN { \use_i:nn {#3} #1 }
4324 (check) \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #2
4325 }
These macros add a list of tokens to the right of a token register.
4326 \cs_new_protected:Npn \toks_put_right:Nn #1#2 {
      #1 \exp_after:wN { \toks_use:N #1 #2 }
4328 (check) \chk_local_or_pref_global:N #1
4330 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \toks gput right:Nn {
4331 (check) \pref_global_chk:
4332 (!check) \pref_global:D
      \toks_put_right:Nn
4333
4334 }
A couple done by hand for speed.
4335 (check)\cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_put_right:Nn {No}
    (*!check)
    \cs_new_protected:Npn \toks_put_right:NV #1#2 {
      #1 \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN {
4338
         \exp_after:wN \toks_use:N \exp_after:wN #1
4339
         \int_to_roman:w -'0 \exp_eval_register:N #2
4340
      }
4341
4342 }
4343 \cs_new_protected:Npn \toks_put_right:No #1#2 {
      #1 \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN {
```

\exp_after:wN \toks_use:N \exp_after:wN #1 #2

4349 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_put_right:Nn {Nx,cn,cV,co} 4350 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_gput_right:Nn {NV,No,Nx,cn,cV,co}

\toks_put_right:Nn \toks_put_right:NV

\toks_put_right:No

\toks_put_right:Nx

\toks_put_right:cn \toks_put_right:cV \toks_put_right:co

\toks_gput_right:Nn

\toks_gput_right:NV

\toks_gput_right:No

\toks_gput_right:Nx \toks_gput_right:cn

\toks_gput_right:cV \toks_gput_right:co

4345

4346 4347 } 4348 (/!check)

}

\toks_put_right:Nf We implement \toks_put_right:Nf by hand because I think I might use it in the l3keyval module in which case it is going to be used a lot.

```
4351 \( \check \) \cs_generate_variant: \( \n \toks_put_right: \n \n \frac{Nf} \)
4352 \( \dagger*! \check \)
4353 \( \cs_new_protected: \n \n \toks_put_right: \n \frac{1}{2} \)
4354 \( \dagger* \frac{1}{2} \)
4354 \( \dagger* \frac{1}{2} \)
4355 \( \dagger* \check \n \dagger* \frac{1}{2} \)
4356 \( \dagger* \frac{1}{2} \)
4357 \( \dagger* \frac{1}{2} \)
4358 \( \dagger* \frac{1}{2} \)
4359 \( \dagger* \frac{1}{2} \)
4350 \( \dagger* \fr
```

107.3 Predicates and conditionals

\toks_if_empty_p:N
\toks_if_empty_p:c
\toks_if_empty:N<u>TF</u>
\toks_if_empty:c<u>TF</u>

\toks_if_eq:cNTF

\toks_if_eq:ccTF

 $\toks_if_empty:NTF\langle toks\rangle\langle true\ code\rangle\langle false\ code\rangle$ tests if a token register is empty and executes either $\langle true\ code\rangle$ or $\langle false\ code\rangle$. This test had the advantage of being expandable. Otherwise one has to do an x type expansion in order to prevent problems with parameter tokens.

```
4359 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \toks_if_empty:N {p,TF,T,F} {
                        \tl_if_empty:VTF #1 {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
                   4361 }
                   4362 \cs generate variant:Nn \toks if empty p:N {c}
                   4363 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_if_empty:NTF {c}
                   4364 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_if_empty:NT {c}
                   4365 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_if_empty:NF {c}
                  This function test whether two token registers have the same contents.
\toks_if_eq_p:NN
\toks_if_eq_p:cN
                   4366 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \toks_if_eq:NN {p,TF,T,F} {
\toks_if_eq_p:Nc
                         \tl_if_eq:xxTF {\toks_use:N #1} {\toks_use:N #2}
\toks_if_eq_p:cc
                             {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
                   4368
\toks_if_eq:NN_TF
                   4369 }
\toks_if_eq:NcTF
```

4370 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_if_eq_p:NN {Nc,c,cc}

4371 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_if_eq:NNTF {Nc,c,cc}

4372 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_if_eq:NNT {Nc,c,cc} 4373 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \toks_if_eq:NNF {Nc,c,cc}

107.4 Variables and constants

```
4378 \toks_new:N \g_tmpa_toks
4379 \toks_new:N \g_tmpb_toks
4380 \toks_new:N \g_tmpc_toks

\c_empty_toks And here is a constant, which is a (permanently) empty token register.

4381 \toks_new:N \c_empty_toks

\l_tl_replace_toks And here is one for tl vars. Can't define it there as the allocation isn't set up at that point.

4382 \toks_new:N \l_tl_replace_toks

4383 \langle initex | package \rangle

Show token usage:

4384 \*showmemory \rangle
```

108 **I3seq** implementation

4385 \showMemUsage 4386 \showmemory\

```
4387 (*package)
4388 \ProvidesExplPackage
4389 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
4390 \package_check_loaded_expl:
4391 (/package)
```

A sequence is a control sequence whose top-level expansion is of the form '\seq_elt:w $\langle text_1 \rangle$ \seq_elt_end: ... \seq_elt:w $\langle text_n \rangle$...'. We use explicit delimiters instead of braces around $\langle text \rangle$ to allow efficient searching for an item in the sequence.

\seq_elt:w \seq_elt_end: We allocate the delimiters and make them errors if executed.

```
4392 (*initex | package)
4393 \cs_new:Npn \seq_elt:w {\ERROR}
4394 \cs_new:Npn \seq_elt_end: {\ERROR}
```

108.1 Allocating and initialisation

```
\seq_new:N Sequences are implemented using token lists.
\seq_new:c

4395 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_new:N \tl_new:N

4396 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_new:c \tl_new:c
```

```
Clearing a sequence is the same as clearing a token list.
     \seq_clear:N
     \seq_clear:c
                      4397 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_clear:N \tl_clear:N
    \seq gclear:N
                      4398 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_clear:c \tl_clear:c
    \seq_gclear:c
                      4399 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gclear:N \tl_gclear:N
                      4400 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gclear:c \tl_gclear:c
                     Clearing a sequence is the same as clearing a token list.
 \seq_clear_new:N
\seq_clear_new:c
                      4401 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_clear_new:N \tl_clear_new:N
\seq_gclear_new:N
                      4402 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_clear_new:c \tl_clear_new:c
\seq_gclear_new:c
                      4403 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gclear_new:N \tl_gclear_new:N
                      4404 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gclear_new:c \tl_gclear_new:c
   \seq_set_eq:NN
                     We can set one seq equal to another.
   \seq_set_eq:Nc
                      4405 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_set_eq:NN \cs_set_eq:NN
   \seq_set_eq:cN
                      4406 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_set_eq:cN \cs_set_eq:cN
   \seq_set_eq:cc
                      4407 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_set_eq:Nc \cs_set_eq:Nc
                      4408 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_set_eq:cc \cs_set_eq:cc
                     And of course globally which seems to be needed far more often. 12
  \seq_gset_eq:NN
  \seq_gset_eq:cN
                      4409 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gset_eq:NN \cs_gset_eq:NN
  \seq_gset_eq:Nc
                      4410 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gset_eq:cN \cs_gset_eq:cN
  \seq_gset_eq:cc
                      4411 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gset_eq:Nc \cs_gset_eq:Nc
                      4412 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gset_eq:cc \cs_gset_eq:cc
                     \seq_concat:NNN \langle seq 1 \rangle \langle seq 2 \rangle \langle seq 3 \rangle will locally assign \langle seq 1 \rangle the concatenation of
  \seq_concat:NNN
                     \langle seq 2 \rangle and \langle seq 3 \rangle.
  \seq_concat:ccc
                      4413 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_concat:NNN #1#2#3 {
                      4414 \tl_set:Nx #1 { \exp_not:V #2 \exp_not:V #3 }
                      4415 }
                      4416 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_concat:NNN {ccc}
 \ \seq_gconcat:NNN \seq_gconcat:NNN \langle seq 1 \rangle \langle seq 2 \rangle \langle seq 3 \rangle will globally assign \langle seq 1 \rangle the concatenation
 \seq_gconcat:ccc of \langle seq 2 \rangle \text{ and } \langle seq 3 \rangle.
                      4417 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_gconcat:NNN #1#2#3 {
                      4418 \tl_gset:Nx #1 { \exp_not:V #2 \exp_not:V #3 }
                      4419 }
                      4420 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_gconcat:NNN {ccc}
```

 $^{^{12}}$ To save a bit of space these functions could be made identical to those from the tl or clist module.

108.2 Predicates and conditionals

```
A predicate which evaluates to \c true bool iff the sequence is empty.
  \seq_if_empty_p:N
  \seq_if_empty_p:c
                         4421 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \seq_if_empty:N \tl_if_empty:N \fp,TF,T,F}
  \seq_if_empty:NTF
                         4422 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \seq_if_empty:c \tl_if_empty:c \{p,TF,T,F}
  \seq_if_empty:cTF
\seq_if_empty_err:N
                        Signals an error if the sequence is empty.
                         4423 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \seq_if_empty_err:N #1 {
                               \if_meaning:w #1 \c_empty_tl
                        As I said before, I don't think we need to provide checks for this kind of error, since it
                        is a severe internal macro package error that can not be produced by the user directly.
                        Can it? So the next line of code should be probably removed. (Will: I have no idea what
                        this comment means.)
                                 \tl_clear:N \l_kernel_testa_tl % catch prefixes
                                 \msg_kernel_bug:x {Empty~sequence~'\token_to_str:N#1'}
                         4426
                               \fi:
                         4427
                         4428 }
    \seq_if_in:NnTF
                        \ensuremath{\texttt{seq\_if\_in:NnTF}} \langle seq \rangle \langle item \rangle \langle true \ case \rangle \langle false \ case \rangle \ \text{will check whether} \ \langle item \rangle \ \text{is in} \ \langle seq \rangle
                        and then either execute the \langle true\ case \rangle or the \langle false\ case \rangle. \langle true\ case \rangle and \langle false\ case \rangle
    \seq_if_in:NV_TF
                        may contain incomplete \if_charcode:w statements.
    \seq_if_in:cnTF
    \seq_if_in:cVTF
                        Note that ##2 in the definition below for \seq tmp:w contains exactly one token which
    \seq_if_in:coTF
                        we can compare with \q_no_value.
    \seq_if_in:cxTF
                             \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \seq_if_in:Nn {TF,T,F} {
                               \cs_set:Npn \seq_tmp:w ##1 \seq_elt:w #2 \seq_elt_end: ##2##3 \q_stop {
                         4430
                                 \if_meaning:w \q_no_value ##2
                         4431
                                    \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
                         4432
                         4433
                               \exp_after:wN \seq_tmp:w #1 \seq_elt:w #2 \seq_elt_end: \q_no_value \q_stop
                         4434
                         4435 }
                         4436 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_if_in:NnTF { NV, cV, co, c, cx}
                         4437 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_if_in:NnT { NV, cV, co, c, cx}
                         4438 \cs_generate\_variant:Nn \seq_if_in:NnF { NV, cV, co, c, cx}
                        108.3
                                   Getting data out
```

```
\label{eq:cond} $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most element of $$ \left( \frac{cmd}{cmd} \right) $$ to be the left-most elem
```

```
4443 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_get_aux:w \seq_elt:w #1 \seq_elt_end: #2 \q_stop #3 {
                               \tl_set:Nn #3 {#1}
                        4445 }
                        4446 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_get:NN {c}
                       \ensuremath{\texttt{seq\_pop\_aux:nnNN}}\ \langle def_1 \rangle\ \langle def_2 \rangle\ \langle sequence \rangle\ \langle cmd \rangle\ assigns\ the\ left\_most\ element\ of
\seq_pop_aux:nnNN
                       \langle sequence \rangle to \langle cmd \rangle using \langle def_2 \rangle, and assigns the tail of \langle sequence \rangle to \langle sequence \rangle us-
   \seq_pop_aux:w
                       ing \langle def_1 \rangle.
                        4447 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_pop_aux:nnNN #1#2#3 {
                               \seq_if_empty_err:N #3
                               \exp_after:wN \seq_pop_aux:w #3 \q_stop #1#2#3
                        4449
                        4450 }
                        4451 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_pop_aux:w
                                  \seq_elt:w #1 \seq_elt_end: #2\q_stop #3#4#5#6 {
                        4452
                               #3 #5 {#2}
                        4453
                               #4 #6 {#1}
                        4454
                        4455 }
       \seq_show: N
       \seq_show:c
                        4456 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_show:N \tl_show:N
                        4457 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_show:c \tl_show:c
   \seq_display:N
   \seq_display:c
                        4458 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_display:N #1 {
                        4459
                               \iow_term:x { Sequence~\token_to_str:N #1~contains~
                        4460
                                                    the~elements~(without~outer~braces): }
                               \toks_clear:N \l_tmpa_toks
                        4461
                               \seq_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                        4462
                                  \toks_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_toks {
                        4463
                                    \toks_put_right: Nx \l_tmpa_toks \eqref{eq:loss_put_right} \eqref{eq:loss_put_right}
                                  \toks_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_toks {
                        4466
                                    \c_space_tl \iow_char:N \{ exp_not:n {##1} \iow_char:N \}
                        4467
                        4468
                        4469
                               \toks_show:N \l_tmpa_toks
                        4470
                        4471 }
                        4472 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_display:N {c}
```

108.4 Putting data in

\seq_put_aux:Nnn \seq_put_aux:Nnn \ $\langle sequence \rangle \langle left \rangle \langle right \rangle$ adds the elements specified by $\langle left \rangle$ to the \seq_put_aux:w left of $\langle sequence \rangle$, and those specified by $\langle right \rangle$ to the right.

```
4473 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_put_aux:Nnn #1 {
```

```
\exp_after:wN \seq_put_aux:w #1 \q_stop #1
                     4474
                     4475 }
                     4476 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_put_aux:w #1\q_stop #2#3#4 { \t1_set:Nn #2 {#3#1#4} }
                     Here are the usual operations for adding to the left and right.
  \seq_put_left:Nn
  \seq_put_left:NV
                     4477 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_put_left:Nn #1#2 {
  \seq_put_left:No
                           \seq_put_aux:Nnn #1 {\seq_elt:w #2\seq_elt_end:} {}
                     4478
  \seq_put_left:Nx
                     4479 }
  \seq_put_left:cn
 \seq_put_left:cV
                     We can't put in a \prg_do_nothing: instead of {} above since this argument is passed
  \seq_put_left:co
                     literally (and we would end up with many \prg_do_nothing:s inside the sequences).
 \seq_put_right:Nn
                     4480 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_put_left:Nn {NV,No,Nx,c,cV,co}
 \seq_put_right:No
 \seq_put_right:NV
                     4481 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_put_right:Nn #1#2{
 \seq_put_right:Nx
                                 \seq_put_aux:Nnn #1{}{\seq_elt:w #2\seq_elt_end:}}
 \seq_put_right:cn
 \seq_put_right:cV
                     4483 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_put_right:Nn {NV,No,Nx,c,cV,co}
\seq_put_right:co
\seq_gput_left:Nn
 \seq_gput_left:NV
                     4484 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_gput_left:Nn {
\seq_gput_left:No
                     4485 (*check)
 \seq_gput_left:Nx
                           \pref_global_chk:
\seq_gput_left:cn
                     4487 (/check)
\seq_gput_left:cV
                     4488 (*!check)
\seq_gput_left:co
                           \pref_global:D
\seq_gput_right:Nn
                     4490 (/!check)
                          \seq_put_left:Nn
\seq_gput_right:NV
                     4491
\seq_gput_right:No
                     4492 }
\seq_gput_right:Nx
                     4493 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_gput_right:Nn {
\seq_gput_right:cn
                     4494 (*check)
\seq_gput_right:cV
                           \pref_global_chk:
\seq_gput_right:co
                     4496 (/check)
                     4497 (*!check)
                           \pref_global:D
                     4498
                     4499 (/!check)
                          \seq_put_right:Nn
                     4500
                     4501 }
                     4502 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_gput_left:Nn {NV,No,Nx,c,cV,co}
                     4503 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_gput_right:Nn {NV,No,Nx,c,cV,co}
```

108.5 Mapping

4513 }

\seq_map_variable:NNn \seq_map_variable:cNn Nothing spectacular here.

```
\seq_map_variable_aux:Nnw \| \delta \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_map_variable_aux:Nnw \| \delta \tag{elt:w \| \alpha \seq_elt_end: \{ \delta \seq_elt:w \| \alpha \seq_elt_end: \{ \delta \seq_map_variable_aux:Nnw \| \delta \delta \seq_elt:w \| \delta \seq_elt_end: \{ \delta \seq_elt:w \| \delta \seq_elt_end: \{ \delta \seq_elt:w \| \delta \seq_elt_end: \{ \delta \seq_elt:w \| \delta \seq_elt:w \| \delta \seq_elt_end: \{ \delta \seq_elt:w \| \delta \
```

4514 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_map_variable:NNn {c}

\seq_map_break:
\seq_map_break:n

Terminate a mapping function at the point of execution. The latter takes an argument to be executed after cleaning up the map.

\seq_map_function:NN \seq_map_function:cN

\seq_map_function:NN $\langle sequence \rangle \langle cmd \rangle$ applies $\langle cmd \rangle$ to each element of $\langle sequence \rangle$, from left to right. Since we don't have braces, this implementation is not very efficient. It might be better to say that $\langle cmd \rangle$ must be a function with one argument that is delimited by \seq_elt_end:.

```
4517 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_map_function:NN #1#2 {
4518 \cs_set:Npn \seq_elt:w ##1 \seq_elt_end: {#2{##1}}
4519 #1 \use_none:n \q_stop
4520 \cs_set_eq:NN \seq_elt:w \ERROR
4521 }
4522 \cs_generate variant:Nn \seq_map_function:NN {c}
```

\seq_map_inline:Nn \seq_map_inline:cn

When no braces are used, this version of mapping seems more natural.

```
4523 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_map_inline:Nn #1#2 {
4524 \cs_set:Npn \seq_elt:w ##1 \seq_elt_end: {#2}
4525 #1 \use_none:n \q_stop
4526 \cs_set_eq:NN \seq_elt:w \ERROR
4527 }
4528 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_map_inline:Nn {c}
```

108.6 Manipulation

\l_clist_remove_clist A common scratch space for the removal routines.

```
4529 \ \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc N}} \ \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc l}} \ \ \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc l}} \ \
```

```
\seq_remove_duplicates_aux:NN
                                Copied from \clist_remove_duplicates.
\seq_remove_duplicates_aux:n
                                4530 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_remove_duplicates_aux:NN #1#2 {
    \seq remove duplicates:N
                                      \seq_clear:N \l_seq_remove_seq
   \seq_gremove_duplicates:N
                                4532
                                      \seq_map_function:NN #2 \seq_remove_duplicates_aux:n
                                4533
                                      #1 #2 \l_seq_remove_seq
                                4534 }
                                4535 \cs_new_protected:Npn \seq_remove_duplicates_aux:n #1 {
                                      \seq_if_in:NnF \l_seq_remove_seq {#1} {
                                        \seq_put_right:Nn \l_seq_remove_seq {#1}
                                4539 }
                                4540 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_remove_duplicates:N {
                                      \seq_remove_duplicates_aux:NN \seq_set_eq:NN
                                4542 }
                                4543 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_gremove_duplicates:N {
                                      \seq_remove_duplicates_aux:NN \seq_gset_eq:NN
                                4545 }
```

108.7 Sequence stacks

```
Since sequences can be used as stacks, we ought to have both 'push' and 'pop'. In most
 \seq_push:Nn
 \seq_push:NV
               cases they are nothing more then new names for old functions.
 \seq_push:No
                4546 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_push:Nn \seq_put_left:Nn
 \seq_push:cn
                4547 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_push:NV \seq_put_left:NV
  \seq_pop:NN
                4548 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_push:No \seq_put_left:No
  \seq_pop:cN
                4549 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_push:cn \seq_put_left:cn
                4550 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_pop:NN { \seq_pop_aux:nnNN \tl_set:Nn \tl_set:Nn }
                4551 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_pop:NN {c}
               I don't agree with Denys that one needs only local stacks, actually I believe that one
\seq_gpush:Nn
               will probably need the functions here more often. In case of \seq_gpop:NN the value is
\seq_gpush:NV
               nevertheless returned locally.
\seq_gpush:No
\seq_gpush:cn
                4552 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_gpush:Nn \seq_gput_left:Nn
\seq_gpush:Nv
                4553 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \seq_gpop:NN { \seq_pop_aux:nnNN \tl_gset:Nn \tl_set:Nn }
 \seq_gpop:NN
                4554 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_gpush:Nn {NV,No,c,Nv}
 \seq_gpop:cN
                4555 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \seq_gpop:NN {c}
  \seq_top:NN
               Looking at the top element of the stack without removing it is done with this operation.
  \seq_top:cN
                4556 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_top:NN \seq_get:NN
                4557 \cs_new_eq:NN \seq_top:cN \seq_get:cN
                4558 (/initex | package)
```

Show token usage:

```
4559 (*showmemory)
4560 %\showMemUsage
4561 (/showmemory)
```

109 **| I3clist implementation**

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
4562 \ *package\\
4563 \ ProvidesExplPackage

4564 \ \ \{\filename\}\{\filedate\}\{\fileversion\}\{\filedescription\}\\
4565 \ \ \package\check_loaded_expl:
4566 \ \/package\\
4567 \ \*initex | package\\
```

109.1 Allocation and initialisation

```
Comma-Lists are implemented using token lists.
       \clist_new:N
       \clist_new:c
                       4568 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_new:N \tl_new:N
                      4569 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_new:N {c}
                     Clearing a comma-list is the same as clearing a token list.
     \clist_clear:N
     \clist_clear:c
                      4570 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_clear:N \tl_clear:N
    \clist_gclear:N
                      4571 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_clear:N {c}
    \clist_gclear:c
                       4572 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gclear:N \tl_gclear:N
                       4573 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_gclear:N {c}
                      Clearing a comma-list is the same as clearing a token list.
\clist_clear_new:N
 \clist_clear_new:c
                      4574 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_clear_new:N \tl_clear_new:N
\clist_gclear_new:N
                      4575 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_clear_new:N {c}
\clist_gclear_new:c
                      4576 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gclear_new:N \tl_gclear_new:N
                       4577 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_gclear_new:N {c}
                      We can set one \langle clist \rangle equal to another.
   \clist_set_eq:NN
  \clist_set_eq:cN
                      4578 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_set_eq:NN \tl_set_eq:NN
  \clist_set_eq:Nc
                      4579 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_set_eq:cN \tl_set_eq:cN
   \clist_set_eq:cc
                       4580 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_set_eq:Nc \tl_set_eq:Nc
                       4581 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_set_eq:cc \tl_set_eq:cc
```

```
\label{lem:clist_gset_eq:NN} $$ \Lambda $ of course globally which seems to be needed far more often. $$ \clist_gset_eq:NN $$ \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NC \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NC \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:NC \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gset_eq:CC \cs_new_eq
```

109.2 Predicates and conditionals

```
\clist_if_empty_p:N
  \clist_if_empty_p:c
                           4586 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \clist_if_empty:N \tl_if_empty:N {p,TF,T,F}
  \clist_if_empty:NTF
                           4587 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \clist_if_empty:c \tl_if_empty:c \frac{p,TF,T,F}
  \clist_if_empty:cTF
\clist_if_empty_err:N
                          Signals an error if the comma-list is empty.
                           4588 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_if_empty_err:N #1 {
                                \if meaning:w #1 \c empty tl
                                   \tl_clear:N \l_kernel_testa_tl % catch prefixes
                                   \msg kernel bug:x {Empty~comma-list~'\token to str:N #1'}
                                \fi:
                           4592
                           4593 }
                          Returns \c_true iff the two comma-lists are equal.
    \clist_if_eq_p:NN
    \clist_if_eq_p:Nc
                           4594 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \clist_if_eq:NN \tl_if_eq:NN {p,TF,T,F}
    \clist_if_eq_p:cN
                           4595 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \clist_if_eq:cN \tl_if_eq:cN \forall p,TF,T,F}
    \clist_if_eq_p:cc
                           4596 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \clist_if_eq:Nc \tl_if_eq:Nc {p,TF,T,F}
    \clist_if_eq:NNTF
                           4597 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \clist_if_eq:cc \tl_if_eq:cc {p,TF,T,F}
    \clist_if_eq:cNTF
    \clist_if_eq:Nc_TF
    Clist-if-eq: CC#F
Clist_if_in:NV#F
                          \clist_{if_in:NnTF} \langle clist \rangle \langle item \rangle \langle true\ case \rangle \langle false\ case \rangle will check whether \langle item \rangle is
                          in \langle clist \rangle and then either execute the \langle true\ case \rangle or the \langle false\ case \rangle. \langle true\ case \rangle and
                          ⟨false case⟩ may contain incomplete \if_charcode:w statements.
    \clist_if_in:No<u>TF</u>
    \clist_if_in:cnTF
                              \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \clist_if_in:Nn {TF,T,F} {
    \clist_if_in:cVTF
                                 \cs_set:Npn \clist_tmp:w ##1,#2,##2##3 \q_stop {
                           4599
    \clist_if_in:coTF
                           4600
                                   \if_meaning:w \q_no_value ##2
                                      \prg_return_false: \else: \prg_return_true: \fi:
                           4602
                                 \exp_last_unbraced:NNo \clist_tmp:w , #1 , #2 , \q_no_value \q_stop
                           4603
                           4604 }
                           4605 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_if_in:NnTF {NV,No,cn,cV,co}
                           4606 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_if_in:NnT {NV,No,cn,cV,co}
                           4607 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_if_in:NnF {NV,No,cn,cV,co}
```

109.3 Retrieving data

```
Using a \langle clist \rangle is just executing it but if \langle clist \rangle equals \scan_stop: it is probably stem-
       \clist use:N
                       ming from a \cs:w ... \cs_end: that was created by mistake somewhere.
        \clist_use:c
                        4608 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \clist_use:N #1 {
                              \if_meaning:w #1 \scan_stop:
                        4609
                                \msg_kernel_bug:x {
                        4610
                                  Comma~list~ '\token_to_str:N #1'~ has~ an~ erroneous~ structure!}
                        4611
                              \else:
                                \exp_after:wN #1
                              \fi:
                        4614
                        4615 }
                        4616 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_use:N {c}
                       \clist_get:NN
      \clist_get:cN
                        4617 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_get:NN #1 {
   \clist_get_aux:w
                              \clist_if_empty_err:N #1
                              \exp_after:wN \clist_get_aux:w #1,\q_stop
                        4620 }
                        4621 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_get_aux:w #1,#2\q_stop #3 { \tl_set:Nn #3{#1} }
                        4622 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_get:NN {cN}
                       \langle clist\_pop\_aux:nnNN \langle def_1 \rangle \langle def_2 \rangle \langle comma-list \rangle \langle cmd \rangle assigns the left-most element of
\clist_pop_aux:nnNN
   \clist_pop_aux:w
                       \langle comma-list \rangle to \langle cmd \rangle using \langle def_2 \rangle, and assigns the tail of \langle comma-list \rangle to \langle comma-list \rangle
                      using \langle def_1 \rangle.
  \clist_pop_auxi:w
                        4623 \cs new protected:Npn \clist pop aux:nnNN #1#2#3 {
                              \clist_if_empty_err:N #3
                        4625
                              \exp_after:wN \clist_pop_aux:w #3,\q_nil\q_stop #1#2#3
                        4626 }
                       After the assignments below, if there was only one element in the original clist, it now
                       contains only \q_nil.
                        4627 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_pop_aux:w #1,#2\q_stop #3#4#5#6 {
                               #4 #6 {#1}
                        4628
```

```
4627 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_pop_aux:w #1,#2\q_stop #3#4#5#6 {
4628  #4 #6 {#1}
4629  #3 #5 {#2}
4630  \quark_if_nil:NTF #5 { #3 #5 {} }{ \clist_pop_auxi:w #2 #3#5 }
4631 }
4632 \cs_new:Npn \clist_pop_auxi:w #1,\q_nil #2#3 { #2#3{#1} }
\clist_show:N
\clist_show:C
4633 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_show:N \tl_show:N
4634 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_show:C \tl_show:C
```

```
\clist_display:N
\clist_display:c
                    4635 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \clist display:N #1 {
                         \iow_term:x { Comma-list~\token_to_str:N #1~contains~
                    4636
                                           the~elements~(without~outer~braces): }
                    4637
                          \toks_clear:N \1_tmpa_toks
                          \clist_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                    4639
                            \toks if empty:NF \l tmpa toks {
                    4640
                              \toks_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_toks {^^J>~}
                    4641
                    4642
                            \toks_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_toks {
                              \c_space_tl \iow_char:N \{ \exp_not:n {##1} \iow_char:N \}
                    4645
                    4646
                          \toks_show:N \l_tmpa_toks
                    4647
                    4648 }
                    4649 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_display:N {c}
```

Storing data 109.4

\clist_put_aux:NNnnNn

\clist_put_right:cn \clist_put_right:cV \clist_put_right:co The generic put function. When adding we have to distinguish between an empty $\langle clist \rangle$ and one that contains at least one item (otherwise we accumulate commas).

MH says: Perhaps we should make sure that empty arguments don't get on the stack as that is probably a mistake. That's what I've implemented here. Since \tl_if_empty:nF is expandable prefixes are still allowed.

4650 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_put_aux:NNnnNn #1#2#3#4#5#6 {

```
\clist_if_empty:NTF #5 { #1 #5 {#6} } {
                               \tl_if_empty:nF {#6} { #2 #5{#3#6#4} }
                       4654 }
                       The operations for adding to the left.
 \clist_put_left:Nn
 \clist_put_left:NV
                       4655 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_put_left:Nn {
 \clist_put_left:No
                             \clist_put_aux:NNnnNn \tl_set:Nn \tl_put_left:Nn {} ,
                       4656
 \clist_put_left:Nx
 \clist_put_left:cn
                       4658 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_put_left:Nn {NV,No,Nx,cn,cV,co}
 \clist_put_left:cV
\clist_put_left:co
\clist_gput_left:Nn
                       Global versions.
\clist_gput_left:NV
                       4659 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_gput_left:Nn {
\clist_gput_left:No
                             \clist_put_aux:NNnnNn \tl_gset:Nn \tl_gput_left:Nn {} ,
                       4660
\clist_gput_left:Nx
                       4661 }
\clist_gput_left:cn
                       4662 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_gput_left:Nn {NV,No,Nx,cn,cV,co}
\clist_gput_left:cV
\clist_gput_left:co
\clist_put_right:Nn
                       Adding something to the right side is almost the same.
\clist_put_right:NV
\clist_put_right:No
\clist_put_right:Nx
```

```
4663 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_put_right:Nn {
                             \clist_put_aux:NNnnNn \tl_set:Nn \tl_put_right:Nn , {}
                       4665 }
                       4666 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_put_right:Nn {NV,No,Nx,cn,cV,co}
                      And here the global variants.
\clist_gput_right:Nn
\clist_gput_right:NV
                       4667 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_gput_right:Nn {
\clist_gput_right:No
                             \clist_put_aux:NNnnNn \tl_gset:Nn \tl_gput_right:Nn , {}
\clist_gput_right:Nx
                       4669
\clist_gput_right:cn
                       4670 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_gput_right:Nn {NV,No,Nx,cn,cV,co}
\clist_gput_right:cV
\clist_gput_right:co
```

109.5 Mapping

\clist_map_function:NN
\clist_map_function:cN
\clist_map_function:nN

 $\clist_map_function:NN \langle comma-list \rangle \langle cmd \rangle$ applies $\langle cmd \rangle$ to each element of $\langle comma-list \rangle$, from left to right.

```
4671 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \clist_map_function:NN #1#2 {
4672 \clist_if_empty:NF #1 {
4673 \exp_after:wN \clist_map_function_aux:Nw
4674 \exp_after:wN #2 #1 , \q_recursion_tail , \q_recursion_stop
4675 }
4676 }
4677 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_map_function:NN {cN}

4678 \cs_new:Npn \clist_map_function:nN #1#2 {
4679 \tl_if_blank:nF {#1} {
4680 \clist_map_function_aux:Nw #2 #1 , \q_recursion_tail , \q_recursion_stop
4681 }
4682 }
```

\clist_map_function_aux:Nw

The general loop. Tests if we hit the first stop marker and exits if we did. If we didn't, place the function #1 in front of the element #2, which is surrounded by braces.

```
4683 \cs_new:Npn \clist_map_function_aux:Nw #1#2,{
4684 \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:n{#2}
4685 #1{#2}
4686 \clist_map_function_aux:Nw #1
4687 }
```

\clist_map_break:

The break statement is easy. Same as in other modules, gobble everything up to the special recursion stop marker.

```
4688 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_map_break: \use_none_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w
```

\clist_map_inline:Nn
\clist_map_inline:cn
\clist_map_inline:nn

The inline type is faster but not expandable. In order to make it nestable, we use a counter to keep track of the nesting level so that all of the functions called have distict

names. A simpler approach would of course be to use grouping and thus the save stack but then you lose the ability to do things locally.

A funny little thing occured in one document: The command setting up the first call of \clist_map_inline:Nn was used in a tabular cell and the inline code used \\ so the loop broke as soon as this happened. Lesson to be learned from this: If you wish to have group like structure but not using the groupings of TeX, then do every operation globally.

```
4689 \int_new:N \g_clist_inline_level_int
4690 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_map_inline:Nn #1#2 {
4691 \clist_if_empty:NF #1 {
4692 \int_gincr:N \g_clist_inline_level_int
4693 \cs_gset:cpn {clist_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_clist_inline_level_int :n}
4694 ##1{#2}
```

It is a lot more efficient to carry over the special function rather than constructing the same csname over and over again, so we just do it once. We reuse \clist_map_function_aux:Nw for the actual loop.

```
\exp_last_unbraced:NcV \clist_map_function_aux:Nw
4695
       {clist_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_clist_inline_level_int :n}
       #1 , \q_recursion_tail , \q_recursion_stop
       \int_gdecr:N \g_clist_inline_level_int
4698
4699
4700 }
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_map_inline:Nn {c}
4701
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_map_inline:nn #1#2 {
     \tl_if_empty:nF {#1} {
       \int_gincr:N \g_clist_inline_level_int
       \cs_gset:cpn {clist_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_clist_inline_level_int :n}
4705
       ##1{#2}
4706
       \exp_args:Nc \clist_map_function_aux:Nw
4707
       {clist_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_clist_inline_level_int :n}
       #1 , \q_recursion_tail , \q_recursion_stop
       \int_gdecr:N \g_clist_inline_level_int
4711
     }
4712 }
```

\clist_map_variable:nNn
\clist_map_variable:nNn
\clist_map_variable:cNn

 $\clist_map_variable:NNn \langle comma-list \rangle \langle temp \rangle \langle action \rangle$ assigns $\langle temp \rangle$ to each element and executes $\langle action \rangle$.

```
4713 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_map_variable:nNn #1#2#3 {
4714 \tl_if_empty:nF {#1} {
4715 \clist_map_variable_aux:Nnw #2 {#3} #1
4716 , \q_recursion_tail , \q_recursion_stop
4717 }
4718 }
```

Something for v/V

```
4719 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_map_variable:NNn {\exp_args:No \clist_map_variable:nNn} \cs_generate_variant:Nn\clist_map_variable:NNn {cNn}
```

\clist_map_variable_aux:Nnw

The general loop. Assign the temp variable #1 to the current item #3 and then check if that's the stop marker. If it is, break the loop. If not, execute the action #2 and continue.

```
4721 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_map_variable_aux:Nnw #1#2#3,{
4722 \cs_set_nopar:Npn #1{#3}
4723 \quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:N #1
4724 #2 \clist_map_variable_aux:Nnw #1{#2}
4725 }
```

109.6 Higher level functions

\clist_concat_aux:NNNN
 \clist_concat:ccc
 \clist_gconcat:NNN
 \clist_gconcat:ccc

\clist_gconcat:NNN $\langle clist \ 1 \rangle \ \langle clist \ 2 \rangle \ \langle clist \ 3 \rangle$ will globally assign $\langle clist \ 1 \rangle$ the concatenation of $\langle clist \ 2 \rangle$ and $\langle clist \ 3 \rangle$.

Again the situation is a bit more complicated because of the use of commas between items, so if either list is empty we have to avoid adding a comma.

```
4726 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_concat_aux:NNNN #1#2#3#4 {
      \tl_set:No \l_tmpa_tl {#3}
      \t1_set:No \1_tmpb_t1 \{#4}
4728
      #1 #2 {
4729
        \exp_not:V \1_tmpa_t1
4730
        \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_tl { \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpb_tl , }
4731
        \ensuremath{\texttt{exp\_not:V}}\ \ensuremath{\texttt{l\_tmpb\_tl}}
4733
4734 }
4735 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_concat:NNN { \clist_concat_aux:NNNN \tl_set:Nx }
4736 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \clist gconcat:NNN { \clist concat aux:NNNN \tl gset:Nx }
4737 \cs generate variant:Nn \clist concat:NNN {ccc}
4738 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_gconcat:NNN {ccc}
```

\l_clist_remove_clist

A common scratch space for the removal routines.

```
4739 \clist_new:N \l_clist_remove_clist
```

\clist_remove_duplicates_aux:NN
\clist_remove_duplicates_aux:n

\clist_remove_duplicates:N
\clist_gremove_duplicates:N

Removing duplicate entries in a $\langle clist \rangle$ is fairly straight forward. We use a temporary variable and then go through the list from left to right. For each element check if the element is already present in the list.

```
4740 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_remove_duplicates_aux:NN #1#2 {
4741 \clist_clear:N \l_clist_remove_clist
4742 \clist_map_function:NN #2 \clist_remove_duplicates_aux:n
4743 #1 #2 \l_clist_remove_clist
4744 }
4745 \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_remove_duplicates_aux:n #1 {
```

The high level functions are just for telling if it should be a local or global setting.

```
4750 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_remove_duplicates:N {
4751 \clist_remove_duplicates_aux:NN \clist_set_eq:NN
4752 }
4753 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_gremove_duplicates:N {
4754 \clist_remove_duplicates_aux:NN \clist_gset_eq:NN
4755 }
```

\clist_remove_element:Nn
\clist_gremove_element:Nn

\clist_remove_element_aux:NNn
\clist_remove_element_aux:n

The same general idea is used for removing elements: the parent functions just set things up for the internal ones.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_remove_element:Nn {
     \clist_remove_element_aux:NNn \clist_set_eq:NN
4757
4758 }
4759
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_gremove_element:Nn {
     \clist_remove_element_aux:NNn \clist_gset_eq:NN
4760
4761
4762
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \clist_remove_element_aux:NNn #1#2#3 {
     \clist_clear:N \l_clist_remove_clist
4763
     \cs_set:Npn \clist_remove_element_aux:n ##1 {
4764
       \t1_if_eq:nnF {#3} {##1} {
4765
          \clist_put_right:Nn \l_clist_remove_clist {##1}
     \clist_map_function:NN #2 \clist_remove_element_aux:n
4769
     #1 #2 \1_clist_remove_clist
4770
4771 }
4772 \cs_new:Npn \clist_remove_element_aux:n #1 { }
```

109.7 Stack operations

We build stacks from comma-lists, but here we put the specific functions together.

```
\clist_push:Nn
\clist_push:No
\clist_push:Nv
\clist_push:no
\clist_push:no
\clist_push:no
\clist_push:cn
\clist_push:cn
\clist_pop:NN
\clist_pop:cN
\clist_pop:NN \clist_push:no \clist_push:No \clist_push:left:No
\cs_new_eq:NN \clist_push:no \clist_push_left:no
\cs_new_eq:NN \clist_push:cn \clist_push_left:cn
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_pop:NN {\clist_pop_aux:nnNN \tl_set:Nn \tl_set:Nn}
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_pop:NN {cN}
\clist_pop:NN {cN}
\clist_pop.NN {cN}
\clist_pop.NN {cN}
\clist_pop.NN \clis
```

```
\clist_gpush:Nn
                 I don't agree with Denys that one needs only local stacks, actually I believe that one will
                 probably need the functions here more often. In case of \clist_gpop:NN the value is
\clist_gpush:No
\clist_gpush:NV
                 nevertheless returned locally.
\clist_gpush:cn
                  4779 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gpush:Nn \clist_gput_left:Nn
\clist_gpop:NN
                  4780 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gpush:NV \clist_gput_left:NV
\clist_gpop:cN
                  4781 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_gpush:No \clist_gput_left:No
                  4782 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_gpush:Nn {cn}
                  4783 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \clist_gpop:NN {\clist_pop_aux:nnNN \tl_gset:Nn \tl_set:Nn}
                  4784 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_gpop:NN {cN}
                 Looking at the top element of the stack without removing it is done with this operation.
 \clist_top:NN
 \clist_top:cN
                  4785 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_top:NN \clist_get:NN
                  4786 \cs_new_eq:NN \clist_top:cN \clist_get:cN
                  4787 (/initex | package)
                 Show token usage:
                  4788 (*showmemory)
                  4789 %\showMemUsage
                  4790 (/showmemory)
```

110 **I3prop** implementation

A property list is a token register whose contents is of the form

```
\q_prop \langle key_1 \rangle \q_prop \{\langle info_1 \rangle\} \dots \q_prop \langle key_n \rangle \q_prop \{\langle info_n \rangle\}
```

The property $\langle key \rangle$ s and $\langle info \rangle$ s might be arbitrary token lists; each $\langle info \rangle$ is surrounded by braces.

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

To get values from property-lists, token lists should be passed to the appropriate functions.

110.1 Functions

```
Property lists are implemented as token registers.
     \prop_new:N
     \prop_new:c
                   4798 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_new:N \toks_new:N
                   4799 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_new:c \toks_new:c
  \prop_clear:N
                   The same goes for clearing a property list, either locally or globally.
   \prop_clear:c
                   4800 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_clear:N \toks_clear:N
  \prop_gclear:N
                   4801 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_clear:c \toks_clear:c
  \prop_gclear:c
                   4802 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_gclear:N \toks_gclear:N
                   4803 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_gclear:c \toks_gclear:c
                   This makes two \langle prop \rangles have the same contents.
 \prop_set_eq:NN
 \prop_set_eq:Nc
                   4804 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_set_eq:NN \toks_set_eq:NN
 \prop_set_eq:cN
                   4805 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_set_eq:Nc \toks_set_eq:Nc
 \prop_set_eq:cc
                   4806 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_set_eq:cN \toks_set_eq:cN
\prop_gset_eq:NN
                   4807 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_set_eq:cc \toks_set_eq:cc
\prop_gset_eq:Nc
                   4808 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_gset_eq:NN \toks_gset_eq:NN
\prop_gset_eq:cN
                   4809 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_gset_eq:Nc \toks_gset_eq:Nc
\prop_gset_eq:cc
                   4810 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_gset_eq:cN \toks_gset_eq:cN
                   4811 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_gset_eq:cc \toks_gset_eq:cc
                   Show on the console the raw contents of a property list's token register.
    \prop_show:N
    \prop_show:c
                   4812 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_show:N \toks_show:N
                   4813 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_show:c \toks_show:c
                  Pretty print the contents of a property list on the console.
 \prop_display:N
 \prop_display:c
                   4814 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \prop_display:N #1 {
                         \iow_term:x { Property-list~\token_to_str:N #1~contains~
                   4815
                                           the~pairs~(without~outer~braces): }
                   4817
                         \toks_clear:N \l_tmpa_toks
                   4818
                         \prop_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                           \toks_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_toks {
                   4819
                             \toks_put_right: Nx \l_tmpa_toks \ \{^^J>^-\}
                   4820
                   4821
                           \toks_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_toks {
                             \c_space_tl \iow_char:N \{ \exp_not:n {##1} \iow_char:N \} \c_space_tl
                             \c_space_tl => \c_space_tl
                   4824
                             \c_space_tl \iow_char:N \{ exp_not:n {##2} \iow_char:N \}
                   4825
                   4826
                         }
                   4827
                   4828
                         \toks_show:N \l_tmpa_toks
                   4829 }
                   4830 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_display:N {c}
```

```
ginning of \langle prop \rangle before \langle key \rangle, 2nd is the value associated with \langle key \rangle, 3rd is the rest of
                       \langle prop \rangle after \langle key \rangle. If there is no property \langle key \rangle in \langle prop \rangle, then the 2nd argument will be
                       \q_no_value and the 3rd argument is empty; otherwise the 3rd argument has the extra
                       tokens \q_prop \q_no\_value at the end.
                        4831 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1#2#3{
                              \cs_set:Npn \prop_tmp:w ##1 \q_prop #2 \q_prop ##2##3 \q_stop {
                                #3 {##1}{##2}{##3}
                        4833
                        4834
                              \exp_after:wN \prop_tmp:w \toks_use:N #1 \q_prop #2 \q_prop \q_no_value \q_stop
                        4835
                        4836 }
                       prop_get:NnN \langle prop \rangle \langle key \rangle \langle tl \ var. \rangle defines \langle tl \ var. \rangle to be the value associated with \langle key \rangle
      \prop_get:NnN
                       in \langle prop \rangle, \q_no_value if not found.
      \prop_get:NVN
      \prop_get:cnN
                        4837 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_get:NnN #1#2 {
      \prop_get:cVN
                              \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1{#2}\prop_get_aux:w
                        4838
    \prop_get_aux:w
                        4840 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_get_aux:w #1#2#3#4 { \tl_set:Nn #4 {#2} }
                        4841 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_get:NnN { NVN, cnN, cVN }
                       The global version of the previous function.
     \prop_gget:NnN
     \prop_gget:NVN
                        4842 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_gget:NnN #1#2{
     \prop_gget:NnN
                             \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1{#2}\prop_gget_aux:w}
     \prop_gget:NVN
                        \prop_gget_aux:w
                        4845 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gget:NnN { NVN, cnN, cVN }
                       prop_get_gdel:NnN is the same as prop_get:NnN but the \langle key \rangle and its value are
 \prop_get_gdel:NnN
\prop_get_del_aux:w
                       afterwards globally removed from (property list). One probably also needs the local
                       variants or only the local one, or... We decide this later.
                        4846 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_get_gdel:NnN #1#2#3{
                              \prop split aux:Nnn #1{#2}{\prop get del aux:w #3{\toks gset:Nn #1}{#2}}}
                        4848 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_get_del_aux:w #1#2#3#4#5#6{
                              \tl set:Nn #1 {#5}
                              \quark_if_no_value:NF #1 {
                                \cs_{set_nopar:Npn prop_tmp:w ##1\q_prop#3\q_prop\q_no_value {#2{#4##1}}
                        4852
                                 \prop_tmp:w #6}
                       prop_put:Nnn \{\langle prop \rangle\} \{\langle key \rangle\} \{\langle info \rangle\} adds/changes the value associated with <math>\langle key \rangle
      \prop_put:Nnn
                       in \langle prop \rangle to \langle info \rangle.
      \prop_put:NnV
      \prop_put:NVn
                        4854 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_put:Nnn #1#2{
      \prop_put:NVV
                             \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1{#2}{
      \prop_put:cnn
     \prop_gput:Nnn
     \prop_gput:NVn
                                                                    296
     \prop_gput:NnV
     \prop_gput:Nno
     \prop_gput:Nnx
     \prop_gput:cnn
```

 $\prop_split_aux:Nnn\langle prop\rangle\langle key\rangle\langle cmd\rangle$ invokes $\langle cmd\rangle$ with 3 arguments: 1st is the be-

\prop_split_aux:Nnn

\prop_gput:ccx \prop_put_aux:w

```
\prop_clear:N #1
                                     \prop_put_aux:w {\toks_put_right:Nn #1}{#2}
                            4857
                            4858
                            4859 }
                                \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_gput:Nnn #1#2{
                            4860
                                  \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1{#2}{
                            4861
                                     \prop_gclear:N #1
                            4862
                                     \label{linear_put_aux:w} $$ \prop_put_aux:w {\toks_gput_right:Nn #1}{\#2}$
                            4863
                                  }
                            4865 }
                                \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_put_aux:w #1#2#3#4#5#6{
                                  #1{\q_prop#2\q_prop{#6}#3}
                                  \t! if_empty:nF{\#5}
                            4868
                            4869
                                     \cs_set_nopar:Npn \prop_tmp:w ##1\q_prop#2\q_prop\q_no_value {#1{##1}}
                            4870
                                     \prop_tmp:w #5
                            4871
                            4872
                            4873 }
                            4874 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_put:Nnn { NnV, NVn, NVV, cnn }
                            4875 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gput:Nnn {NVn,Nnv,Nno,Nnx,Nox,cnn,ccx}
           \prop_del:Nn
                           \prop_del:\n \langle prop \rangle \langle key \rangle deletes the entry for \langle key \rangle in \langle prop \rangle, if any.
           \prop_del:NV
                            4876 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_del:Nn #1#2{
          \prop_gdel:NV
                                  \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1{#2}{\prop_del_aux:w {\toks_set:Nn #1}{#2}}}
          \prop_gdel:Nn
                            4878 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_gdel:Nn #1#2{
        \prop_del_aux:w
                                  \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_del_aux:w #1#2#3#4#5{
                                  \cs set nopar:Npn \prop tmp:w {#4}
                            4881
                                  \quark_if_no_value:NF \prop_tmp:w {
                            4882
                                     \cs_{set_nopar:Npn prop_tmp:w ##1\q_prop#2\q_prop\q_no_value {#1{#3##1}}
                            4883
                                     \prop_tmp:w #5
                            4884
                                  }
                            4885
                            4886 }
                            4887 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_del:Nn { NV }
                            4888 \cs generate variant:Nn \prop gdel:Nn { NV }
                           \prop_gput_if_new:Nnn \langle prop \rangle \langle key \rangle \langle info \rangle is equivalent to
 \prop_gput_if_new:Nnn
\prop_put_if_new_aux:w
                            \prop_if_in:NnTF\ \langle prop
angle\langle key
angle
                                  {}%
                                  {\prop_gput:Nnn
                                        \langle property\_list \rangle
                                        \langle key \rangle
                                        \langle info \rangle \}
```

4856

Here we go (listening to Porgy & Bess in a recording with Ella F. and Louis A. which makes writing macros sometimes difficult; I find myself humming instead of working):

```
4890 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_gput_if_new:Nnn #1#2{
4891 \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1{#2}{\prop_put_if_new_aux:w #1{#2}}}
4892 \cs_new_protected:Npn \prop_put_if_new_aux:w #1#2#3#4#5#6{
4893 \tl_if_empty:nT {#5}{#1{\q_prop#2\q_prop{#6}}#3}}}
```

110.2 Predicates and conditionals

```
This conditional takes a \langle prop \rangle as its argument and evaluates either the true or the false
\prop_if_empty_p:N
                      case, depending on whether or not \langle prop \rangle contains any properties.
\prop_if_empty_p:c
\prop_if_empty:NTF
                      4894 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \prop_if_empty:N \toks_if_empty:N {p,TF,T,F}
\prop_if_empty:cTF
                      4895 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \prop_if_empty:c \toks_if_empty:c \{p,TF,T,F}}
  \prop_if_eq_p:NN
                      These functions test whether two property lists are equal.
  \prop_if_eq_p:cN
                      4896 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \prop_if_eq:NN \toks_if_eq:NN {p,TF,T,F}
  \prop_if_eq_p:Nc
                      4897 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \prop_if_eq:cN \toks_if_eq:cN {p,TF,T,F}
  \prop_if_eq_p:cc
                      4898 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \prop_if_eq:Nc \toks_if_eq:Nc \p,TF,T,F}
  \prop_if_eq:NNTF
                      4899 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \prop_if_eq:cc \toks_if_eq:cc {p,TF,T,F}
  \prop_if_eq:Nc_TF
  \prop_if_eq:cNTF
                      \prop_if_in: NnTF \langle property_list \rangle \langle teue_case \rangle \langle false_case \rangle \text{ will check whether or}
  not \langle key \rangle is on the \langle property\_list \rangle and then select either the true or false case.
  \prop_if_in:NV\_TF
  \prop_if_in:No_TF
                      4900 \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \prop_if_in:Nn {TF,T,F} {
  \prop_if_in:cnTF
                            \prop_split_aux:Nnn #1 {#2} {\prop_if_in_aux:w}
                      4901
  \prop_if_in:ccTF
                      4902 }
 \prop_if_in_aux:w
                      4903 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \prop_if_in_aux:w #1#2#3 {
                            \quark if no value:nTF {#2} {\prg return false:} {\prg return true:}
                      4905 }
                      4906 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_if_in:NnTF {NV,No,cn,cc}
                      4907 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_if_in:NnT {NV,No,cn,cc}
                      4908 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_if_in:NnF {NV,No,cn,cc}
```

110.3 Mapping functions

```
}
\cs_new_nopar:Npn \prop_map_function_aux:w #1\q_prop#2\q_prop#3{
  \if_predicate:w \tl_if_empty_p:n{#2}
   \exp_after:wN \prop_map_break:
  \fi:
  #1{#2}{#3}
  \prop_map_function_aux:w #1
}
```

problem with the above implementation is that an empty key stops the mapping but all other functions in the module allow the use of empty keys (as one value)

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \prop_map_function:NN #1#2{
  \exp_after:wN \prop_map_function_aux:w
  \exp_after:wN #2 \toks_use:N #1 \q_prop \q_no_value \q_prop \q_no_value
}
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \prop_map_function_aux:w #1\q_prop#2\q_prop#3{
  \quark_if_no_value:nF{#2}
  {
    #1{#2}{#3}
    \prop_map_function_aux:w #1
  }
}
```

problem with the above implementation is that \quark_if_no_value:nF is fairly slow and if \quark_if_no_value:NF is used instead we have to do an assignment thus making the mapping not expandable (is that important?)

Here's the current version of the code:

```
4909 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \prop_map_function:NN #1#2 {
4910
       \exp_after:wN \prop_map_function_aux:w
4911
        \exp_after:wN #2 \toks_use:N #1 \q_prop \q_nil \q_prop \q_no_value \q_stop
4912 }
4913 \cs_set:Npn \prop_map_function_aux:w #1 \q_prop #2 \q_prop #3 {
4914
     \if_meaning:w \q_nil #2
4915
       \exp_after:wN \prop_map_break:
     #1{#2}{#3}
4917
     \prop_map_function_aux:w #1
4918
4919 }
```

(potential) problem with the above implementation is that it will return true if #2 contains more than just \q_nil thus executing whatever follows. Claim: this can't happen :-) so we should be ok

```
4920 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_map_function:NN {c,Nc,cc}
```

\prop_map_inline:Nn \prop_map_inline:cn \g_prop_inline_level_int The inline functions are straight forward. It takes longer to test if the list is empty than to run it on an empty list so we don't waste time doing that.

```
4921 \int_new:N \g_prop_inline_level_int
                   4922 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \prop_map_inline:Nn #1#2 {
                         \int_gincr:N \g_prop_inline_level_int
                   4923
                         \cs_gset:cpn {prop_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_prop_inline_level_int :n}
                   4924
                           ##1##2{#2}
                   4925
                         \prop_map_function:Nc #1
                   4926
                           {prop_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_prop_inline_level_int :n}
                         \int_gdecr:N \g_prop_inline_level_int
                   4929 }
                   4930 \cs_generate_variant:Nn\prop_map_inline:Nn {cn}
                  The break statement.
\prop_map_break:
                   4931 \cs_new_eq:NN \prop_map_break: \use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w
                   4932 (/initex | package)
                   Show token usage:
                   4933 (*showmemory)
                   4934 %\showMemUsage
                   4935 (/showmemory)
```

111 **|3io** implementation

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
4936 (*package)
4937 \ProvidesExplPackage
4938 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
4939 \package_check_loaded_expl:
4940 (/package)
4941 (*initex | package)
```

111.1 Variables and constants

\c_iow_term_stream
\c_ior_term_stream
\c_iow_log_stream
\c_ior_log_stream

Here we allocate two output streams for writing to the transcript file only (\c_iow_-log_stream) and to both the terminal and transcript file (\c_iow_term_stream). Both can be used to read from and have equivalent \c_ior versions.

```
4942 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_iow_term_stream \c_sixteen
4943 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_ior_term_stream \c_sixteen
4944 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_iow_log_stream \c_minus_one
4945 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_ior_log_stream \c_minus_one
```

\c_iow_streams_tl \c_ior_streams_tl

The list of streams available, by number.

```
4946 \tl_const:Nn \c_iow_streams_tl
4947
        \c_zero
4948
        \c_{one}
        \c_two
        \c_three
4951
        \c_four
4952
        \c_five
4953
        \c_six
4954
        \c_seven
        \c_eight
        \c_nine
4957
        \c ten
4958
        \c_eleven
4959
        \c twelve
        \c_thirteen
        \c_fourteen
        \c fifteen
4965 \cs_new_eq:NN \c_ior_streams_tl \c_iow_streams_tl
```

\g_iow_streams_prop \g_ior_streams_prop The allocations for streams are stored in property lists, which are set up to have a 'full' set of allocations from the start. In package mode, a few slots are always taken, so these are blocked off from use.

```
4966 \prop_new:N \g_iow_streams_prop
4967 \prop_new:N \g_ior_streams_prop
4968 (/initex | package)
4969 (*package)
4970 \prop_put:Nnn \g_iow_streams_prop { 0 } { LaTeX2e~reserved }
4971 \prop_put:Nnn \g_iow_streams_prop { 1 } { LaTeX2e~reserved }
4972 \prop_put:Nnn \g_iow_streams_prop { 2 } { LaTeX2e~reserved }
4973 \prop_put:Nnn \g_ior_streams_prop { 0 } { LaTeX2e~reserved }
4974 (/package)
4975 (*initex | package)
```

\l_ior_stream_int

\l_iow_stream_int Used to track the number allocated to the stream being created: this is taken from the property list but does alter.

```
4976 \int new:N \l iow stream int
4977 \cs_new_eq:NN \l_ior_stream_int \l_iow_stream_int
```

111.2 Stream management

\iow_raw_new:N The lowest level for stream management is actually creating raw T_FX streams. As these \ior_raw_new:N are very limited (even with ε -TEX) this should not be addressed directly.

```
4978 (/initex | package)
             4979 (*initex)
             4980 \alloc_setup_type:nnn { iow } \c_zero \c_sixteen
                 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_raw_new:N #1 {
                   \alloc_reg:NnNN g { iow } \tex_chardef:D #1
                 \alloc_setup_type:nnn { ior } \c_zero \c_sixteen
                 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_raw_new:N #1 {
                   \alloc_reg:NnNN g { ior } \tex_chardef:D #1
             4987 }
             4988 (/initex)
             4989 (*package)
             4990 \cs_set_eq:NN \iow_raw_new:N \newwrite
             4991 \cs_set_eq:NN \ior_raw_new:N \newread
             4992 (/package)
             4993 (*initex | package)
             4994 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \iow_raw_new:N { c }
             4995 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \ior_raw_new:N { c }
            These are not needed but are included for consistency with other variable types.
\iow_new:N
\iow_new:c
             4996 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_new:N #1 {
\ior_new:N
                   \cs_new_eq:NN #1 \c_iow_log_stream
\ior_new:c
             4999 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \iow_new:N { c }
             5000 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \ior new:N #1 {
                   \cs_new_eq:NN #1 \c_ior_log_stream
             5001
             5002 }
             5003 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \ior_new:N { c }
```

\iow_open:Nn
\iow_open:cn
\ior_open:Nn
\ior_open:cn

In both cases, opening a stream starts with a call to the closing function: this is safest. There is then a loop through the allocation number list to find the first free stream number. When one is found the allocation can take place, the information can be stored and finally the file can actually be opened.

```
5004 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_open:Nn #1#2 {
     \iow_close:N #1
5005
     \int_set:Nn \l_iow_stream_int { \c_sixteen }
5006
     \tl_map_function:NN \c_iow_streams_tl \iow_alloc_write:n
5007
     \intexpr_compare:nTF { \l_iow_stream_int = \c_sixteen }
       { \msg_kernel_error:nn { iow } { streams-exhausted } }
         \iow_stream_alloc:N #1
5011
          \prop gput:NVn \g iow streams prop \l iow stream int {#2}
5012
          \tex_immediate:D \tex_openout:D #1#2 \scan_stop:
5013
5014
5016 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \iow_open:Nn { c }
5017 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_open:Nn #1#2 {
```

```
\ior_close:N #1
5018
     \int_set:Nn \l_ior_stream_int { \c_sixteen }
5019
     \t_{map_function:NN \c_ior_streams_tl \ior_alloc_read:n}
5020
     \intexpr_compare:nTF { \l_ior_stream_int = \c_sixteen }
        { \msg_kernel_error:nn { ior } { streams-exhausted } }
5023
          \ior_stream_alloc:N #1
5024
          \prop_gput:NVn \g_ior_streams_prop \l_ior_stream_int {#2}
5025
          \tex_openin:D #1#2 \scan_stop:
5026
5027
5028
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \ior_open:Nn { c }
```

\iow_alloc_write:n
\ior_alloc_read:n

These functions are used to see if a particular stream is available. The property list contains file names for streams in use, so any unused ones are for the taking.

```
\cs new protected nopar:Npn \iow alloc write:n #1 {
     \prop_if_in:NnF \g_iow_streams_prop {#1}
5031
5032
          \int_set:Nn \l_iow_stream_int {#1}
5033
5034
          \tl_map_break:
        7
5036
   \cs new protected nopar:Npn \ior alloc read:n #1 {
5037
     \prop_if_in:NnF \g_iow_streams_prop {#1}
5038
5039
          \int_set:Nn \l_ior_stream_int {#1}
          \tl_map_break:
        7
```

\iow_stream_alloc:N
\iow_stream_alloc_aux:
\ior_stream_alloc_aux:
\g_iow_tmp_stream
\g_ior_tmp_stream

Allocating a raw stream is much easier in initex mode than for the package. For the format, all streams will be allocated by |3io| and so there is a simple check to see if a raw stream is actually available. On the other hand, for the package there will be non-managed streams. So if the managed one is not open, a check is made to see if some other managed stream is available before deciding to open a new one. If a new one is needed, we get the number allocated by $\text{ETEX } 2_{\mathcal{E}}$ to get 'back on track' with allocation.

```
\cs_gset_eq:cN
5055
                 { g_iow_ \int_use:N \l_iow_stream_int _stream }
5056
                 \g_{iow\_tmp\_stream}
5057
   ⟨/package⟩
   ⟨*initex⟩
          \iow_raw_new:c { g_iow_ \int_use:N \l_iow_stream_int _stream }
5061
   ⟨/initex⟩
   ⟨*initex | package⟩
5063
          \cs_gset_eq:Nc #1 { g_iow_ \int_use:N \l_iow_stream_int _stream }
5064
5066
   ⟨/initex | package⟩
5067
   (*package)
5068
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_stream_alloc_aux: {
     \int_incr:N \l_iow_stream_int
     \intexpr_compare:nT
        { \label{lowstream_int < \c_sixteen } }
           \cs_if_exist:cTF { g_iow_ \int_use:N \l_iow_stream_int _stream }
5074
5075
                \label{lem:nvt} $$ \prop_if_in:NVT \g_iow_streams_prop \l_iow_stream_int $$
                  { \iow_stream_alloc_aux: }
5077
             { \iow_stream_alloc_aux: }
        }
5081 }
   ⟨/package⟩
5082

⟨*initex | package⟩
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_stream_alloc:N #1 {
     \cs_if_exist:cTF { g_ior_ \int_use:N \l_ior_stream_int _stream }
        { \cs_gset_eq:Nc #1 { g_ior_ \int_use:N \l_ior_stream_int _stream } }
5087
   ⟨/initex | package⟩
5088
   ⟨*package⟩
5089
          \ior_stream_alloc_aux:
5090
          \intexpr_compare:nT { \l_ior_stream_int = \c_sixteen }
              \ior_raw_new:N \g_ior_tmp_stream
              \int_set:Nn \l_ior_stream_int { \g_ior_tmp_stream }
5094
              \cs_gset_eq:cN
5095
                { g_ior_ \int_use:N \l_iow_stream_int _stream }
5096
                 \g_ior_tmp_stream
   ⟨/package⟩
5100
   (*initex)
          \ior_raw_new:c { g_ior_ \int_use:N \l_ior_stream_int _stream }
5101
5102 (/initex)
   ⟨*initex | package⟩
5103
          \cs_gset_eq:Nc #1 { g_ior_ \int_use:N \l_ior_stream_int _stream }
5104
```

```
}
5105
5106
   ⟨/initex | package⟩
5107
    \(*package\)
    \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_stream_alloc_aux: {
      \int_incr:N \l_ior_stream_int
5110
      \intexpr_compare:nT
5111
        { \l_ior_stream_int < \c_sixteen }
5112
        {
5113
            \cs_if_exist:cTF { g_ior_ \int_use:N \l_ior_stream_int _stream }
5114
                \prop_if_in:NVT \g_ior_streams_prop \l_ior_stream_int
                  { \ior_stream_alloc_aux: }
5117
5118
              { \ior_stream_alloc_aux: }
5119
        }
5120
5121 }
5122 (/package)
5123 (*initex | package)
```

\iow_close:N
\iow_close:C
\iow_close:N
\iow_close:c

Closing a stream is not quite the reverse of opening one. First, the close operation is easier than the open one, and second as the stream is actually a number we can use it directly to show that the slot has been freed up.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_close:N #1 {
5125
     \cs_if_exist:NT #1
5126
          \intexpr_compare:nF { #1 = \c_minus_one }
5127
            {
5128
              \tex_immediate:D \tex_closeout:D #1
5129
              \prop_gdel:NV \g_iow_streams_prop #1
              \cs_gundefine:N #1
5133
       }
5134
   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \iow_close:N { c }
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_close:N #1 {
     \cs_if_exist:NT #1
5137
       {
          \intexpr_compare:nF { #1 = \c_minus_one }
            {
5140
              \tex_closein:D #1
5141
              \prop_gdel:NV \g_ior_streams_prop #1
5142
              \cs_gundefine:N #1
5143
        }
5147 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \ior_close:N { c }
```

\iow_open_streams:
\ior_open_streams:

Simply show the property lists.

```
5148 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_open_streams: {
5149  \prop_display:N \g_iow_streams_prop
5150 }
5151 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_open_streams: {
5152  \prop_display:N \g_ior_streams_prop
5153 }
```

Text for the error messages.

```
5154 \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { iow } { streams-exhausted }
     {Output streams exhausted}
5156
       TeX can only open up to 16 output streams at one time. \\%
5157
       All 16 are currently in use, and something wanted to open
       another one.%
5159
5160
5161 \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { ior } { streams-exhausted }
     {Input streams exhausted}
5162
5163
       TeX can only open up to 16 input streams at one time. \\%
5164
       All 16 are currently in use, and something wanted to open
5166
       another one.%
5167
```

111.3 Immediate writing

\iow_now:Nx An abbreviation for an often used operation, which immediately writes its second argument expanded to the output stream.

```
5168 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_now:Nx { \tex_immediate:D \iow_shipout_x:Nn }
```

\iow_now:Nn

This routine writes the second argument onto the output stream without expansion. If this stream isn't open, the output goes to the terminal instead. If the first argument is no output stream at all, we get an internal error.

```
5169 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_now:Nn #1#2 {
5170 \iow_now:Nx #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} }
5171 }
```

\iow_log:n Now we redefine two functions for which we needed a definition very early on.
\iow_log:x \iow_term:n \iow_log:x { \iow_now:Nx \c_iow_log_stream }

```
\lambda term:n \lambda iow_term:n \lambda iow_term:x \lambda iow_term:x \lambda iow_term:x \lambda iow_term:x \lambda iow_term:x \lambda iow_now:Nn \c_iow_term_stream \rangle \lambda iow_now:Nn \c_iow_term_
```

```
\iow_now_when_avail:Nn
\iow_now_when_avail:Cn
\iow_now_when_avail:Nx
\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Cx

\iow_now_when_avail:Nn \iow_now_when_avail:Nn \iow_now_when_avail:Nn \iow_now_when_avail:Nx \inv \iow_no
```

\iow_now_buffer_safe:Nn
\iow_now_buffer_safe:Nx

now buffer safe expanded aux:w

Another type of writing onto an output stream is used for potentially long token sequences. We break the output lines at every blank in the second argument. This avoids the problem of buffer overflow when reading back, or badly broken lines on systems with limited file records. The only thing we have to take care of, is the danger of two blanks in succession since these get converted into a $\protect\p$

```
5184 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_now_buffer_safe:Nn {
5185 \iow_now_buffer_safe_aux:w \iow_now:Nx
5186 }
5187 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_now_buffer_safe:Nx {
5188 \iow_now_buffer_safe_aux:w \iow_now:Nn
5189 }
5190 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_now_buffer_safe_aux:w #1#2#3 {
5191 \group_begin: \tex_newlinechar:D'\ #1#2 {#3} \group_end:
5192 }
```

5183 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \iow_now_when_avail:Nx { c }

111.4 Deferred writing

```
\iow_shipout_x:Nn First the easy part, this is the primitive.

\iow_shipout_x:Nx  
\frac{5193}{cs_set_eq:NN \iow_shipout_x:Nn \tex_write:D}{5194}{cs_generate_variant:Nn \iow_shipout_x:Nn {Nx }}

\iow_shipout:Nn  
\iow_shipout:Nx  
\frac{5195}{cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \iow_shipout:Nn #1#2 {
5196  \iow_shipout_x:Nn #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} }
5197 }

\frac{5196}{5198}{cs_generate_variant:Nn \iow_shipout:Nn { Nx }}
```

112 Special characters for writing

\iow_newline: Global variable holding the character that forces a new line when something is written to an output stream.

```
5199 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \iow_newline: { ^^J }
```

```
\iow_char:N Function to write any escaped char to an output stream.
```

```
5200 \cs_new:Npn \iow_char:N #1 { \cs_to_str:N #1 }
```

112.1 Reading input

\if_eof:w A simple primitive renaming.

```
5201 \cs_new_eq:NN \if_eof:w \tex_ifeof:D
```

\ior_if_eof_p:N To test if some particular input stream is exhausted the following conditional is provided. \ior_if_eof:N<u>TF</u> As the pool model means that closed streams are undefined control sequences, the test has two parts.

\ior_to:NN \ior_gto:NN And here we read from files.

```
5207 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_to:NN #1#2 {
5208  \tex_read:D #1 to #2
5209 }
5210 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \ior_gto:NN {
5211  \pref_global:D \ior_to:NN
5212 }
5213 \(/initex | package)
```

113 **I3msg** implementation

The usual lead-off.

```
5214 (*package)
5215 \ProvidesExplPackage
5216 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
5217 \package_check_loaded_expl:
5218 \/package\
5219 \/*initex | package\
```

LATEX is handling context, so the TEX "noise" is turned down.

```
5220 \int_set:Nn \tex_errorcontextlines:D { \c_minus_one }
```

113.1 Variables and constants

```
\c_msg_fatal_tl Header information.
                \c_msg_error_tl
                                  5221 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_fatal_tl
                                                                       { Fatal~Error }
              \c_msg_warning_tl
                                  5222 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_error_tl
                                                                       { Error }
                 \c_msg_info_tl
                                  5223 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_warning_tl { Warning }
                                   5224 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_info_tl
                                                                       { Info }
   \c_msg_coding_error_text_tl
                                  Simple pieces of text for messages.
          \c_msg_fatal_text_tl
                                  5225 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_coding_error_text_tl {
           \c_msg_help_text_tl
                                        This~is~a~coding~error.
     \c_msg_kernel_bug_text_tl
                                        \msg_two_newlines:
                                  5227
\c_msg_kernel_bug_more_text_tl
                                  5228 }
        \c_msg_no_info_text_tl
                                  5229 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_fatal_text_tl {
         \c_msg_return_text_tl
                                        This~is~a~fatal~error:~LaTeX~will~abort
                                  5230
                                   5231 }
                                   5232 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_help_text_tl {
                                        For~immediate~help~type~H~<return>
                                   5233
                                   5234 }
                                   5235 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_kernel_bug_text_tl {
                                        This~is~a~LaTeX~bug:~check~coding!
                                   5236
                                   5237
                                   5238 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_kernel_bug_more_text_tl {
                                        There~is~a~coding~bug~somewhere~around~here.
                                        \msg_newline:
                                   5241
                                        This~probably~needs~examining~by~an~expert.
                                        \verb|\c_msg_return_text_t||
                                   5242
                                   5243 }
                                   5244 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_no_info_text_tl {
                                        LaTeX~does~not~know~anything~more~about~this~error,~sorry.
                                        \c_msg_return_text_tl
                                   5248 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_return_text_tl {
                                        \msg_two_newlines:
                                   5249
                                        Try~typing~<return>~to~proceed.
                                        \msg_newline:
                                        If ~that ~doesn't ~work, ~type~X~<return>~to~quit
                                   5253 }
                                  An empty variable with a number of (category code 11) spaces at the end of its name.
        \c_msg_hide_tl<spaces>
                                  This is used to push the T<sub>F</sub>X part of an error message "off the screen".
                                  No indentation here as \square is a letter!
                                   5254 \group_begin:
                                   5255 \char_make_letter:N\ %
                                   5256 \tl_to_lowercase:n{%
                                   5257 \group_end:%
```

```
5258 \tl_const:Nn%
                                                                                                               %
                                 5259 \c_msg_hide_tl
                                 5260 {}%
                                 5261 }%
            \c_msg_on_line_tl Text for "on line".
                                 5262 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_on_line_tl { on~line }
        \c_msg_text_prefix_tl
                                Prefixes for storage areas.
   \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl
                                 5263 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_text_prefix_tl
                                                                              { msg_text ~>~ }
                                 5264 \tl_const:Nn \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl { msg_text_more ~>~ }
                                For holding the current message method and that for redirection.
              \l_msg_class_tl
      \l_msg_current_class_tl
                                 5265 \tl_new:N \l_msg_class_tl
     \l_msg_current_module_tl
                                 5266 \tl_new:N \l_msg_current_class_tl
                                 5267 \tl_new:N \l_msg_current_module_tl
           \l_msg_names_clist Lists used for filtering.
                                 5268 \clist_new:N \l_msg_names_clist
 \l_msg_redirect_classes_prop For filtering messages, a list of all messages and of those which have to be modified is
   \l_msg_redirect_names_prop
                                required.
                                 5269 \prop_new:N \l_msg_redirect_classes_prop
                                 5270 \prop_new:N \l_msg_redirect_names_prop
\l_msg_redirect_classes_clist To prevent an infinite loop.
                                 5271 \clist_new:N \l_msg_redirect_classes_clist
                \l_msg_tmp_tl A scratch variable.
                                 5272 \tl_new:N \l_msg_tmp_tl
                                          Output helper functions
                                113.2
                                For writing the line number nicely.
            \msg_line_number:
           \msg_line_context:
                                 5273 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \msg_line_number: {
                                      \toks_use:N \tex_inputlineno:D
                                 5275 }
                                 5276 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \msg_line_context: {
                                      \c_msg_on_line_tl
                                      \c_space_tl
                                      \msg_line_number:
                                 5280 }
```

\msg_newline:
\msg_two_newlines:

Always forces a new line.

```
5281 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \msg_newline: { ^^J }
5282 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \msg_two_newlines: { ^^J ^^J }
```

113.3 Generic functions

The lowest level functions make no assumptions about modules, etc.

\msg_generic_new:nnn
\msg_generic_new:nn

Creating a new message is basically the same as the non-checking version, and so after a check everything hands over.

```
5283 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_generic_new:nnn #1 {
5284  \chk_if_free_cs:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_t1 #1 :xxxx }
5285  \msg_generic_set:nnn {#1}
5286 }
5287 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_generic_new:nn #1 {
5288  \chk_if_free_cs:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_t1 #1 :xxxx }
5289  \msg_generic_set:nn {#1}
5290 }
```

\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_generic_set:nnn #1#2#3 {

\clist_put_right:Nn \l_msg_names_clist { // #1 / }

\msg_generic_set:nnn
\msg_generic_set:nn
\msg_generic_set_clist:n

Creating a message is quite simple. There must be a short text part, while the longer text may or may not be available.

```
\msg_generic_set_clist:n {#1}
5292
     \cs_set:cpn { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 :xxxx } ##1##2##3##4 {#2}
5293
     \cs_set:cpn { \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl #1 :xxxx } ##1##2##3##4 {#3}
5294
5295 }
5296 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_generic_set:nn #1#2 {
     \msg_generic_set_clist:n {#1}
     \cs_set:cpn { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 :xxxx } ##1##2##3##4 {#2}
5298
     \cs_set_eq:cN { \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl #1 :xxxx } \c_undefined
5299
5300 }
5301 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_generic_set_clist:n #1 {
     \clist_if_in:NnF \l_msg_names_clist { // #1 / } {
```

\msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx
\msg_direct_interrupt:n

The low-level interruption macro is rather opaque, unfortunately. The idea here is to create a a message which hides all of TeX's own information by filling the output up with spaces. To achieve this, spaces have to be letters: hence no indentation. The odd \c_msg_hide_tl<spaces> actually does the hiding: it is the large run of spaces in the name that is important here. The meaning of \\ is altered so that the explanation text is a simple run whilst the initial error has line-continuation shown.

```
5306 \group_begin:
```

5304 5305 }

```
\char_set_lccode:w '\} = '\ \scan_stop:
 5308
       \char_make_active:N \&
 5309
      \char_make_letter:N\ %
 5311 \tl_to_lowercase:n{%
 5312 \group_end:%
5313 \cs_new_protected:Npn\msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx#1#2#3#4{%
5314 \group_begin:%
\texttt{5315} \ \ \texttt{\cs\_set\_eq:NN} \\ \ \ \texttt{\label{eq:newline:%}}
5316 \ \cs_set_eq:NN\ \c_space_t1\%
 5317 \msg_direct_interrupt_aux:n{#4}%
 5318 \cs_set_nopar:Npn\\{\msg_newline:#3}%
5319 \tex_errhelp:D\l_msg_tmp_tl%
5320 \cs_set:Npn&{%
 5321 \tex_errmessage:D{%
5322 #1\msg_newline:%
5323 #2\msg_two_newlines:%
5324 \c_msg_help_text_tl%
5325 \ \c_msg_hide_tl
5326 }%
5327 }%
5328 &%
5329 \group_end:%
5330 }%
 5331 }%
    \cs_new_protected:Npn \msg_direct_interrupt_aux:n #1 {
      \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1} {
5333
         \tl_set:Nx \l_msg_tmp_tl { { \c_msg_no_info_text_tl } }
 5334
 5335
         \t! \tl_set:Nx \l_msg_tmp_tl { {#1} }
 5337
 5338 }
Printing to the log or terminal without a stop is rather easier.
 5339 \cs_new_protected:Npn \msg_direct_log:xx #1#2 {
       \group_begin:
         \cs_set:Npn \\ { \msg_newline: #2 }
         \cs_set_eq:NN \ \c_space_tl
         \iow_log:x { #1 \msg_newline: }
 5343
       \group_end:
 5344
5345 }
 5346 \cs_new_protected:Npn \msg_direct_term:xx #1#2 {
       \group_begin:
         \cs_set:Npn \\ { \msg_newline: #2 }
 5348
         \cs_set_eq:NN \ \c_space_tl
         \iow_term:x { #1 \msg_newline: }
 5350
       \group_end:
 5351
```

%

5307

\msg_direct_log:xx

5352 }

\msg_direct_term:xx

113.4 General functions

The main functions for messaging are built around the separation of module from the message name. These have short names as they will be widely used.

\msg_new:nnnn
\msg_new:nnn
\msg_set:nnnn
\msg_set:nnnn

For making messages: all aliases.

```
5353 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_new:nnnn #1#2 {
5354 \msg_generic_new:nnn { #1 / #2 }
5355 }
5356 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_new:nnn #1#2 {
5357 \msg_generic_new:nn { #1 / #2 }
5358 }
5359 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_set:nnnn #1#2 {
5360 \msg_generic_set:nnn { #1 / #2 }
5361 }
5362 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_set:nnn #1#2 {
5363 \msg_generic_set:nn { #1 / #2 }
5364 }
```

\msg_class_new:nn
\msg_class_set:nn

Creating a new class produces three new functions, with varying numbers of arguments. The \msg_class_loop:n function is set up so that redirection will work as desired.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_class_new:nn #1 {
     \chk_if_free_cs:c { msg_ #1 :nnxxxx }
     \prop_new:c { l_msg_redirect_ #1 _prop }
5367
     \msg_class_set:nn {#1}
5369 }
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_class_set:nn #1#2 {
5370
     \prop_clear:c { l_msg_redirect_ #1 _prop }
5371
     \cs_set_protected:cpn { msg_ #1 :nnxxxx } ##1##2##3##4##5##6 {
5372
       \msg_use:nnnnxxxx {#1} {#2} {##1} {##2} {##3} {##4} {##5} {##6}
5373
5374
     \cs_set_protected:cpx { msg_ #1 :nnxxx } ##1##2##3##4##5 {
5375
       \exp_not:c { msg_ #1 :nnxxxx } {##1} {##2} {##3} {##4} {##5} { }
5376
5377
     \cs_set_protected:cpx { msg_ #1 :nnxx } ##1##2##3##4 {
5378
       5379
5380
     \cs_set_protected:cpx { msg_ #1 :nnx } ##1##2##3 {
5381
       \exp_not:c { msg_ #1 :nnxxxx } {##1} {##2} {##3} { } { } { }
5382
5383
     \cs_set_protected:cpx { msg_ #1 :nn } ##1##2 {
5384
       \exp_not:c { msg_ #1 :nnxxxx } {##1} {##2} { } { } { } { }
5385
5386
5387 }
```

\msg_use:nnnnxxxx

The main message-using macro creates two auxiliary functions: one containing the code for the message, and the second a loop function. There is then a hand-off to the system

for checking if redirection is needed.

```
5388 \cs_new_protected:Npn \msg_use:nnnnxxxx #1#2#3#4#5#6#7#8 {
                          \cs_set_nopar:Npn \msg_use_code: {
                    5389
                            \clist_clear:N \l_msg_redirect_classes_clist
                    5392
                          \cs_set:Npn \msg_use_loop:n ##1 {
                    5393
                            \clist_if_in:NnTF \l_msg_redirect_classes_clist {#1} {
                    5394
                              \msg_kernel_error:nn { msg } { redirect-loop } {#1}
                    5395
                            }{
                              \clist_put_right:Nn \l_msg_redirect_classes_clist {#1}
                    5398
                              \cs_if_exist:cTF { msg_ ##1 :nnxxxx } {
                                \use:c { msg_ ##1 :nnxxxx } {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6} {#7} {#8}
                    5399
                    5400
                                \msg_kernel_error:nnx { msg } { message-class-unknown } {##1}
                    5401
                              }
                    5402
                            }
                          \cs if exist:cTF { \c msg text prefix tl #3 / #4 :xxxx } {
                    5405
                            \msg_use_aux:nnn {#1} {#3} {#4}
                    5406
                    5407
                            \msg_kernel_error:nnxx { msg } { message-unknown } {#3} {#4}
                    5408
                          }
                    5409
                    5410 }
                   Blank definitions are initially created for these functions.
 \msg_use_code:
 \msg_use_loop:
                    5411 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \msg_use_code: { }
                    5412 \cs_new:Npn \msg_use_loop:n #1 { }
                   The first auxiliary macro looks for a match by name: the most restrictive check.
\msg_use_aux:nnn
                        \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_use_aux:nnn #1#2#3 {
                          \tl_set:Nn \l_msg_current_class_tl {#1}
                    5414
                          \tl_set:Nn \l_msg_current_module_tl {#2}
                    5415
                          \prop_if_in:NnTF \l_msg_redirect_names_prop { // #2 / #3 / } {
                    5416
                             \msg_use_loop_check:nn { names } { // #2 / #3 / }
                    5417
                            \mbox{\sc msg\_use\_aux:nn } \{\#1\} \ \{\#2\}
                    5419
                    5420
                    5421 }
 \msg_use_aux:nn
                   The second function checks for general matches by module or for all modules.
                    5422 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_use_aux:nn #1#2 {
                          \prop_if_in:cnTF { l_msg_redirect_ #1 _prop } {#2} {
                    5423
                            \mbox{\sc msg\_use\_loop\_check:nn } \{\#1\} \ \{\#2\}
                    5424
                    5425
                            \prop_if_in:cnTF { 1_msg_redirect_ #1 _prop } { * } {
```

```
}{
                           5428
                                     \msg_use_code:
                           5429
                                   }
                           5430
                           5431
                           5432 }
                          When checking whether to loop, the same code is needed in a few places.
\msg_use_loop_check:nn
                           5433 \cs_new_protected:Npn \msg_use_loop_check:nn #1#2 {
                                \prop_get:cnN { 1_msg_redirect_ #1 _prop } {#2} \l_msg_class_tl
                                \tl_if_eq:NNTF \l_msg_current_class_tl \l_msg_class_tl {
                           5435
                                   \msg_use_code:
                           5436
                                }{
                                   \msg_use_loop:n { \l_msg_class_tl }
                           5438
                           5439
                           5440 }
                          For fatal errors, after the error message T<sub>F</sub>X bails out.
     \msg_fatal:nnxxxx
      \msg_fatal:nnxxx
                              \msg_class_new:nn { fatal } {
       \msg_fatal:nnxx
                                \msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx
        \msg_fatal:nnx
                           5443
                                   { \c_msg_fatal_tl \msg_two_newlines: }
         \msg_fatal:nn
                           5444
                                     (\c_msg_fatal_tl) \c_space_tl
                           5445
                                     \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx } {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                           5446
                           5447
                                   { ( \c_msg_fatal_tl ) \c_space_tl }
                                   { \c_msg_fatal_text_tl }
                           5450
                                \tex_end:D
                          5451 }
                          For an error, the interrupt routine is called, then any recovery code is tried.
     \msg_error:nnxxxx
      \msg_error:nnxxx
                           5452 \msg_class_new:nn { error } {
       \msg_error:nnxx
                                \msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx
        \msg_error:nnx
                                   { #1~\c_msg_error_tl \msg_newline: }
         \msg_error:nn
                           5455
                                     ( #1 ) \c_space_tl
                           5456
                                     \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx } {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                           5457
                           5458
                                  { ( \#1 ) \ \c_space_tl }
                           5459
                                     \cs_if_exist:cTF { \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx }
                           5462
                                         \use:c { \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx }
                           5463
                                           {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                           5464
                           5465
                                       { \c_msg_no_info_text_tl }
                           5466
                                  }
                           5467
                           5468 }
```

\msg_use_loop_check:nn {#1} { * }

5427

```
Warnings are printed to the terminal.
   \msg_warning:nnxxxx
    \msg_warning:nnxxx
                         5469 \msg_class_new:nn { warning } {
     \msg_warning:nnxx
                               \msg_direct_term:xx {
                         5470
      \msg_warning:nnx
                                 \c_space_tl #1 ~ \c_msg_warning_tl :~
                         5471
       \msg_warning:nn
                                 \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx } {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                         5472
                               { ( #1 ) \c_space_tl \c_space_tl }
                         5474
                          5475 }
                         Information only goes into the log.
      \msg_info:nnxxxx
       \msg_info:nnxxx
                         5476 \msg_class_new:nn { info } {
        \msg_info:nnxx
                               \msg_direct_log:xx {
                         5477
         \msg_info:nnx
                          5478
                                 \c_space_tl #1~\c_msg_info_tl :~
          \msg_info:nn
                                 \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx } {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                          5479
                          5480
                               { ( #1 ) \c_space_tl \c_space_tl }
                          5482 }
                         "Log" data is very similar to information, but with no extras added.
       \msg_log:nnxxxx
        \msg_log:nnxxx
                         5483 \msg_class_new:nn { log } {
         \msg_log:nnxx
                               \msg_direct_log:xx {
                         5484
          \msg_log:nnx
                                 \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx } {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                         5485
           \msg_log:nn
                               }
                         5486
                          5487
                               { }
                         5488 }
                         Trace data is the same as log data, more or less
     \msg_trace:nnxxxx
      \msg_trace:nnxxx
                         5489 \msg_class_new:nn { trace } {
       \msg_trace:nnxx
                               \msg_direct_log:xx {
                         5490
        \msg_trace:nnx
                                 \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl #1 / #2 :xxxx } {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                          5491
         \msg_trace:nn
                          5492
                              { }
                          5493
                          5494 }
                         The none message type is needed so that input can be gobbled.
      \msg_none:nnxxxx
       \msg_none:nnxxx
                         5495 \msg_class_new:nn { none } { }
        \msg_none:nnxx
         \msg_none:nnx
          \msg_none:nn
                         113.5
                                  Redirection functions
                         Converts class one into class two.
\msg_redirect_class:nn
                          5496 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_redirect_class:nn #1#2 {
                              \prop_put:cnn { l_msg_redirect_ #1 _prop } { * } {#2}
                          5498 }
```

\msg_redirect_module:nnn For when all messages of a class should be altered for a given module.

```
5499 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_redirect_module:nnn #1#2#3 {
5500 \prop_put:cnn { l_msg_redirect_ #2 _prop } {#1} {#3}
5501 }
```

\msg_redirect_name:nnn

Named message will always use the given class.

```
5502 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_redirect_name:nnn #1#2#3 {
5503 \prop_put:Nnn \l_msg_redirect_names_prop { // #1 / #2 / } {#3}
5504 }
```

113.6 Kernel-specific functions

\msg_kernel_new:nnn
\msg_kernel_new:nnn
\msg_kernel_set:nnnn
\msg_kernel_set:nnn

The kernel needs some messages of its own. These are created using pre-built functions. Two functions are provided: one more general and one which only has the short text part.

```
5505 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_new:nnnn #1#2 {
5506  \msg_new:nnnn { LaTeX } { #1 / #2 }
5507 }
5508 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_new:nnn #1#2 {
5509  \msg_new:nnn { LaTeX } { #1 / #2 }
5510 }
5511 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_set:nnnn #1#2 {
5512  \msg_set:nnnn { LaTeX } { #1 / #2 }
5513 }
5514 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_set:nnn #1#2 {
5515  \msg_set:nnn { LaTeX } { #1 / #2 }
5516 }
```

\msg_kernel_classes_new:n

Quickly make the fewer-arguments versions.

```
5517 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_classes_new:n #1 {
     \cs_new_protected:cpx { msg_kernel_ #1 :nnxxx } ##1##2##3##4##5
5518
5519
        \exp_not:c { msg_kernel_ #1 :nnxxxx }
5520
          {##1} {##2} {##3} {##4} {##5} { }
5521
5522
      \cs_new_protected:cpx { msg_kernel_ #1 :nnxx } ##1##2##3##4
5523
5524
        \exp_not:c { msg_kernel_ #1 :nnxxxx }
5525
          {##1} {##2} {##3} {##4} { } { }
5526
     \cs_new_protected:cpx { msg_kernel_ #1 :nnx } ##1##2##3
5529
        \exp_not:c { msg_kernel_ #1 :nnxxxx } {##1} {##2} {##3} { } { } { }
5530
5531
```

```
{
                              5533
                                      \exp_not:c { msg_kernel_ #1 :nnxxxx } {##1} {##2} { } { } { } { }
                              5534
                              5535
                              5536 }
                             Fatal kernel errors cannot be re-defined.
  \msg_kernel_fatal:nnxxxx
   \msg_kernel_fatal:nnxxx
                                  \cs_new_protected:Npn \msg_kernel_fatal:nnxxxx #1#2#3#4#5#6 {
    \msg_kernel_fatal:nnxx
                                    \msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx
     \msg_kernel_fatal:nnx
                                      { \c_msg_fatal_tl \msg_two_newlines: }
      \msg_kernel_fatal:nn
                                        ( LaTeX ) \c space tl
                              5541
                                        \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl LaTeX / #1 / #2 :xxxx }
                              5542
                                          {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                              5543
                              5544
                                      { ( LaTeX ) \c_space_t1}
                              5545
                                      { \c_msg_fatal_text_tl }
                                    \tex_end:D
                              5548 }
                              5549 \msg kernel classes new:n { fatal }
                             Neither can kernel errors.
  \msg_kernel_error:nnxxxx
   \msg_kernel_error:nnxxx
                                  \cs_new_protected:Npn \msg_kernel_error:nnxxxx #1#2#3#4#5#6 {
    \msg_kernel_error:nnxx
                                    \msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx
                              5551
     \msg_kernel_error:nnx
                                      { LaTeX~\c_msg_error_tl \msg_newline: }
                              5552
      \msg_kernel_error:nn
                              5553
                                        ( LaTeX ) \c_space_tl
                                        \use:c { \c_msg_text_prefix_tl LaTeX / #1 / #2 :xxxx }
                                          {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                              5557
                                      { ( LaTeX ) \c_space_t1 }
                              5558
                              5559
                              5560
                                        \cs_if_exist:cTF
                                          { \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl LaTeX / #1 / #2 :xxxx }
                                             \use:c { \c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl LaTeX / #1 / #2 :xxxx }
                              5563
                                               {#3} {#4} {#5} {#6}
                              5564
                              5565
                                          { \c_msg_no_info_text_tl }
                              5566
                              5567
                                 \msg_kernel_classes_new:n { error }
\msg_kernel_warning:nnxxxx
                             Life is much more simple for warnings and information messages, as these are just short-
 \msg_kernel_warning:nnxxx
                             cuts to the standard classes.
  \msg_kernel_warning:nnxx
                              5570 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_warning:nnxxxx #1#2 {
   \msg_kernel_warning:nnx
    \msg_kernel_warning:nn
   \msg_kernel_info:nnxxxx
                                                                       318
    \msg_kernel_info:nnxxx
     \msg_kernel_info:nnxx
```

\cs_new_protected:cpx { msg_kernel_ #1 :nn } ##1##2

5532

\msg_kernel_info:nnx
\msg_kernel_info:nn

```
\msg_warning:nnxxxx { LaTeX } { #1 / #2 }
                     5571
                     5572 }
                         \msg_kernel_classes_new:n { warning }
                         \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \msg_kernel_info:nnxxxx #1#2 {
                           \label{local_msg_info:nnxxxx} $$ \arrowvert LaTeX $$ { $\#1 / \#2 $} $$
                         \msg_kernel_classes_new:n { info }
                    Error messages needed to actually implement the message system itself.
                         \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { msg } { message-unknown }
                           { Unknown~message~'#2'~for~module~'#1'.}
                     5580
                             \c_msg_coding_error_text_tl
                     5581
                             LaTeX~was~asked~to~display~a~message~called~'#2'\\
                     5582
                             by~the~module~'#1'~module:~this~message~does~not~exist.
                     5583
                             \c_msg_return_text_tl
                         \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { msg } { message-class-unknown }
                     5586
                           { Unknown~message~class~'#1'. }
                     5587
                     5588
                             LaTeX-has-been-asked-to-redirect-messages-to-a-class-'#1':\\
                     5589
                             this~was~never~defined.
                     5590
                             \c_msg_return_text_tl
                     5592
                     5593
                         \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { msg } { redirect-loop }
                     5594
                           { Message~redirection~loop~for~message~class~'#1'. }
                     5595
                     5596
                             LaTeX~has~been~asked~to~redirect~messages~in~an~infinite~loop. \\
                             The~original~message~here~has~been~lost.
                             \c_msg_return_text_tl
                     5599
                     5600
                    The LATEX coding bug error gets re-visited here.
\msg_kernel_bug:x
                     5601 \cs_set_protected:Npn \msg_kernel_bug:x #1 {
                           \msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx
                     5602
                             { \c_msg_kernel_bug_text_tl }
                     5603
                             { !~#1 }
                     5604
                             {!}
                     5605
                             { \c_msg_kernel_bug_more_text_tl }
```

5608 (/initex | package)

114 **I3box** implementation

Announce and ensure that the required packages are loaded.

```
5609 (*package)
5610 \ProvidesExplPackage
5611 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
5612 \package_check_loaded_expl:
5613 (/package)
5614 (*initex | package)
```

The code in this module is very straight forward so I'm not going to comment it very extensively.

114.1 Generic boxes

```
Defining a new \langle box \rangle register.
            \box_new:N
            \box_new:c
                          5615 (*initex)
                          5616 \alloc_new:nnnN {box} \c_zero \c_max_register_int \tex_mathchardef:D
                         Now, remember that \box255 has a special role in TFX, it shouldn't be allocated...
                          5617 \seq_put_right:Nn \g_box_allocation_seq {255}
                          5618 (/initex)
                          When we run on top of LATEX, we just use its allocation mechanism.
                          5619 (*package)
                          5620 \cs_new_protected:Npn \box_new:N #1 {
                                \chk_if_free_cs:N #1
                                \newbox #1
                          5623 }
                          5624 (/package)
                          5625 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_new:N {c}
                         The primitives for testing if a \langle box \rangle is empty/void or which type of box it is.
            \if_hbox:N
            \if_vbox:N
                          5626 \cs_new_eq:NN \if_hbox:N
                                                                 \tex_ifhbox:D
       \if_box_empty:N
                          5627 \cs_new_eq:NN \if_vbox:N
                                                                 \tex_ifvbox:D
                          5628 \cs_new_eq:NN \if_box_empty:N \tex_ifvoid:D
\box_if_horizontal_p:N
\box_if_horizontal_p:c
                          5629 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \box_if_horizontal:N {p,TF,T,F} {
 \box_if_vertical_p:N
                                \tex_ifhbox:D #1 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
 \box_if_vertical_p:c
                          5631 }
\box_if_horizontal:NTF
                          5632 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \box_if_vertical:N {p,TF,T,F} {
\box_if_horizontal:cTF
  \box_if_vertical:NTF
                                                                    320
  \box_if_vertical:cTF
```

```
\tex_ifvbox:D #1 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
                        5633
                        5634 }
                        5636 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_horizontal:NTF {c}
                        5637 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_horizontal:NT {c}
                        5638 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_horizontal:NF {c}
                        5639 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_vertical_p:N {c}
                        5640 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_vertical:NTF {c}
                        5641 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_vertical:NT {c}
                        5642 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_vertical:NF {c}
    \box_if_empty_p:N
                       Testing if a \langle box \rangle is empty/void.
    \box_if_empty_p:c
                        5643 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \box_if_empty:N {p,TF,T,F} {
    \box_if_empty:N<u>TF</u>
                             \tex_ifvoid:D #1 \prg_return_true: \else: \prg_return_false: \fi:
    \box_if_empty:c_TF
                        5645 }
                        5646 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_empty_p:N {c}
                        5647 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_empty:NTF {c}
                        5648 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_empty:NT {c}
                        5649 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_if_empty:NF {c}
                       Assigning the contents of a box to be another box.
       \box_set_eq:NN
       \box_set_eq:cN
                        5650 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_set_eq:NN #1#2 {\tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_copy:D #2}
       \box_set_eq:Nc
                        5651 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_set_eq:NN {cN,Nc,cc}
       \box_set_eq:cc
\box_set_eq_clear:NN
                       Assigning the contents of a box to be another box. This clears the second box globally
                       (that's how T<sub>E</sub>X does it).
\box_set_eq_clear:cN
\box_set_eq_clear:Nc
                        5652 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_set_eq_clear:NN #1#2 {\tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_box:D #2}
\box_set_eq_clear:cc
                        5653 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_set_eq_clear:NN {cN,Nc,cc}
      \box_gset_eq:NN
                       Global version of the above.
      \box_gset_eq:cN
                        5554 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_gset_eq:NN {\pref_global:D\box_set_eq:NN}
      \box_gset_eq:Nc
                        5655 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_gset_eq:NN {cN,Nc,cc}
      \box_gset_eq:cc
                        5656 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_gset_eq_clear:NN {\pref_global:D\box_set_eq_clear:NN}
\box_gset_eq_clear:NN
                        5657 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_gset_eq_clear:NN {cN,Nc,cc}
\box_gset_eq_clear:cN
\box_gset_eq_clear:Nc
                       A different name for this read-only primitive.
\box_gset_eq_clear:cc
                        5658 \cs_new_eq:NN \l_last_box \tex_lastbox:D
   \box_set_to_last:N
                       Set a box to the previous box.
   \box_set_to_last:c
                        5659 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_set_to_last:N #1{\tex_setbox:D#1\l_last_box}
  \box_gset_to_last:N
                        5660 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_set_to_last:N {c}
  \box_gset_to_last:c
                        5661 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_gset_to_last:N {\pref_global:D \box_set_to_last:N}
                        5662 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_gset_to_last:N {c}
```

```
Move box material in different directions.
 \box_move_left:nn
\box_move_right:nn
                      5663 \cs_new:Npn \box_move_left:nn #1#2{\tex_moveleft:D\dim_eval:n{#1} #2}
   \box move up:nn
                      5664 \cs_new:Npn \box_move_right:nn #1#2{\tex_moveright:D\dim_eval:n{#1} #2}
 \box_move_down:nn
                      5665 \cs_new:Npn \box_move_up:nn #1#2{\tex_raise:D\dim_eval:n{#1} #2}
                      5666 \cs_new:Npn \box_move_down:nn #1#2{\tex_lower:D\dim_eval:n{#1} #2}
      \box clear:N
                     Clear a \langle box \rangle register.
      \box_clear:c
                      5667 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_clear:N #1{\box_set_eq_clear:NN #1 \c_empty_box }
     \box_gclear:N
                      5668 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_clear:N {c}
     \box_gclear:c
                      5669 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \box_gclear:N {\pref_global:D\box_clear:N}
                      5670 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_gclear:N {c}
         \box_ht:N
                     Accessing the height, depth, and width of a \langle box \rangle register.
         \box_ht:c
                      5671 \cs_new_eq:NN \box_ht:N \tex_ht:D
         \box_dp:N
                      5672 \cs_new_eq:NN \box_dp:N \tex_dp:D
         \box_dp:c
                      5673 \cs new eq:NN \box wd:N \tex wd:D
         \box_wd:N
                      5674 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_ht:N {c}
         \box_wd:c
                      5675 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_dp:N {c}
                      5676 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_wd:N {c}
                     Using a \langle box \rangle. These are just T<sub>E</sub>X primitives with meaningful names.
  \box_use_clear:N
  \box_use_clear:c
                      5677 \cs_new_eq:NN \box_use_clear:N \tex_box:D
        \box_use:N
                      5678 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_use_clear:N {c}
        \box_use:c
                      5679 \cs_new_eq:NN \box_use:N \tex_copy:D
                      5680 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_use:N {c}
                     Show the contents of a box and write it into the log file.
       \box_show:N
       \box_show:c
                      5681 \cs_set_eq:NN \box_show:N \tex_showbox:D
                      5682 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \box_show:N {c}
      \c_empty_box
                     We allocate some \langle box \rangle registers here (and borrow a few from L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>F</sub>X).
       \l_tmpa_box
                      5683 (package)\cs_set_eq:NN \c_empty_box \voidb@x
       \l_tmpb_box
                      5684 (package)\cs_new_eq:NN \1_tmpa_box \@tempboxa
                      5685 (initex)\box_new:N \c_empty_box
                      5686 (initex)\box_new:N \l_tmpa_box
                      5687 \box_new:N \l_tmpb_box
```

114.2 Vertical boxes

\vbox:n Put a vertical box directly into the input stream.

```
5688 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \vbox:n {\tex_vbox:D \scan_stop:}
```

```
\vbox_set:Nn
                            Storing material in a vertical box with a natural height.
             \vbox_set:cn
                             5689 \cs_new_protected:Npn \vbox_set:Nn #1#2 {\tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_vbox:D {#2}}
            \vbox gset:Nn
                            5690 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \vbox_set:Nn {cn}
            \vbox_gset:cn
                            5691 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \vbox_gset:Nn {\pref_global:D \vbox_set:Nn}
                            5692 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \vbox_gset:Nn {cn}
      \vbox set to ht:Nnn
                            Storing material in a vertical box with a specified height.
      \vbox_set_to_ht:cnn
                             5693 \cs_new_protected:Npn \vbox_set_to_ht:Nnn #1#2#3 {
     \vbox_gset_to_ht:Nnn
                                 \text{tex\_setbox:} D #1 \text{tex\_vbox:} D to #2 {#3}
     \vbox_gset_to_ht:cnn
                             5695 }
     \vbox_gset_to_ht:ccn
                             5696 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \vbox_set_to_ht:Nnn {cnn}
                             5697 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \vbox_gset_to_ht:Nnn { \pref_global:D \vbox_set_to_ht:Nnn }
                             5698 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \vbox_gset_to_ht:Nnn {cnn,ccn}
                            Storing material in a vertical box. This type is useful in environment definitions.
 \vbox_set_inline_begin:N
    \vbox_set_inline_end:
                            5699 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \vbox set inline begin:N #1 {
\vbox_gset_inline_begin:N
                                  \tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_vbox:D \c_group_begin_token }
   \vbox_gset_inline_end:
                            5701 \cs_new_eq:NN \vbox_set_inline_end: \c_group_end_token
                             5702 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \vbox_gset_inline_begin:N {
                                 \pref_global:D \vbox_set_inline_begin:N }
                             5704 \cs_new_eq:NN \vbox_gset_inline_end: \c_group_end_token
                            Put a vertical box directly into the input stream.
           \vbox_to_ht:nn
          \vbox_to_zero:n
                             \c c_new\_protected:Npn \vbox\_to\_ht:nn #1#2{\tex\_vbox:D to \dim\_eval:n{#1}{#2}}
                            5706 \cs_new_protected:Npn \vbox_to_zero:n #1 {\tex_vbox:D to \c_zero_dim {#1}}
\vbox_set_split_to_ht:NNn Splitting a vertical box in two.
                             5707 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \vbox_set_split_to_ht:NNn #1#2#3{
                                 \tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_vsplit:D #2 to #3
                             5708
                             5709 }
           \vbox_unpack:N
                            Unpacking a box and if requested also clear it.
           \vbox_unpack:c
                            5710 \cs_new_eq:NN \vbox_unpack:N \tex_unvcopy:D
     \vbox_unpack_clear:N
                            5711 \cs generate variant:Nn \vbox unpack:N {c}
     \vbox_unpack_clear:c
                            5712 \cs_new_eq:NN \vbox_unpack_clear:N \tex_unvbox:D
                            5713 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \vbox_unpack_clear:N {c}
```

114.3 Horizontal boxes

\hbox:n Put a horizontal box directly into the input stream.

```
5714 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \hbox:n {\tex_hbox:D \scan_stop:}
```

```
Assigning the contents of a box to be another box. This clears the second box globally
             \hbox_set:Nn
                            (that's how T<sub>E</sub>X does it).
             \hbox_set:cn
            \hbox gset:Nn
                            5715 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hbox_set:Nn #1#2 {\tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_hbox:D {#2}}
            \hbox_gset:cn
                            5716 \cs generate variant:Nn \hbox set:Nn {cn}
                            5717 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \hbox_gset:Nn {\pref_global:D \hbox_set:Nn}
                            5718 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hbox_gset:Nn {cn}
      \hbox_set_to_wd:Nnn
                            Storing material in a horizontal box with a specified width.
      \hbox_set_to_wd:cnn
                            5719 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hbox_set_to_wd:Nnn #1#2#3 {
     \hbox_gset_to_wd:Nnn
                                  \tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_hbox:D to \dim_eval:n{#2} {#3}
     \hbox_gset_to_wd:cnn
                            5721 }
                            5722 \cs generate variant:Nn \hbox set to wd:Nnn {cnn}
                             5723 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \hbox_gset_to_wd:Nnn {\pref_global:D \hbox_set_to_wd:Nnn }
                             5724 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hbox_gset_to_wd:Nnn {cnn}
                            Storing material in a horizontal box. This type is useful in environment definitions.
 \hbox_set_inline_begin:N
 \hbox_set_inline_begin:c
                            5725 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \hbox_set_inline_begin:N #1 {
    \hbox_set_inline_end:
                                  \tex_setbox:D #1 \tex_hbox:D \c_group_begin_token
\hbox_gset_inline_begin:N
                            5727 }
\hbox_gset_inline_begin:c
                            5728 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hbox_set_inline_begin:N {c}
   \hbox_gset_inline_end:
                            5729 \cs_new_eq:NN \hbox_set_inline_end: \c_group_end_token
                            5730 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \hbox_gset_inline_begin:N {
                                  \pref_global:D \hbox_set_inline_begin:N
                            5732 }
                             5733 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hbox_gset_inline_begin:N {c}
                             5734 \cs_new_eq:NN \hbox_gset_inline_end: \c_group_end_token
           \hbox_to_wd:nn
                            Put a horizontal box directly into the input stream.
          \hbox_to_zero:n
                            5735 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hbox_to_wd:nn #1#2 {\tex_hbox:D to #1 {#2}}
                             5736 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hbox_to_zero:n #1 {\tex_hbox:D to \c_zero_skip {#1}}
     \hbox_overlap_left:n Put a zero-sized box with the contents pushed against one side (which makes it stick out
                            on the other) directly into the input stream.
    \hbox_overlap_right:n
                             5737 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hbox_overlap_left:n #1 {\hbox_to_zero:n {\tex_hss:D #1}}
                             5738 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hbox_overlap_right:n #1 {\hbox_to_zero:n {#1 \tex_hss:D}}
           \hbox_unpack:N
                            Unpacking a box and if requested also clear it.
           \hbox_unpack:c
                             5739 \cs_new_eq:NN \hbox_unpack:N \tex_unhcopy:D
     \hbox_unpack_clear:N
                             5740 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hbox_unpack:N {c}
     \hbox_unpack_clear:c
                             5741 \cs_new_eq:NN \hbox_unpack_clear:N \tex_unhbox:D
                             5742 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hbox_unpack_clear:N {c}
                             5743 (/initex | package)
                             5744 (*showmemory)
                             5745 \showMemUsage
                             5746 (/showmemory)
```

115 | l3xref implementation

115.1 Internal functions and variables

```
\g_xref_all_curr_immediate_fields_prop \g_xref_all_curr_deferred_fields_prop What they say they are :)
```

\xref_write A stream for writing cross references, although they are not required to be in a separate file.

```
\xref_define_label:nn \xref_define_label:nn {\langle name \rangle} {\langle plist\ contents \rangle}
```

Define the property list for each label; used internally by \xref_set_label:n.

115.2 Module code

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
5747 (*package)
5748 \ProvidesExplPackage
5749 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
5750 \package_check_loaded_expl:
5751 (/package)
5752 (*initex | package)
```

There are two kinds of information, namely information which is *immediate* like a section title and then there's *deferred* information like page numbers. Each reference type belong to one of these categories, which we save internally as the property lists $\g_xref_all_curr_immediate_fields_prop$ and $\g_xref_all_curr_deferred_fields_prop$ and the reference type $\langle xyz \rangle$ exists as the key-info pair $\xref_{\langle xyz \rangle_key} {\g_xref_curr_{\langle xyz \rangle_tl}}$ on one of these lists. This way each new entry type is just added as another key-info pair.

When the cross references are generated at the beginning of the document each will turn into a control sequence. Thus \label{mylab} will internally refer to the property list \g_xref_mylab_prop.

The extraction of values from this property list can be done in several different ways but we want to keep the operation expandable. Therefore we use a dedicated function for each type of cross reference, which looks like this:

```
\xref_get_value_xyz_aux:w -> #1 \xref_xyz_key #2#3\q_ni1{#2}
```

This will throw away all the bits we don't need. In case xyz is the first on the mylab property list #1 is empty, if it's the last key-info pair #3 is empty. The value of the field can be extracted with the function \xref_get_value:nn where the first argument is the type and the second the label name so here it would be \xref_get_value:nn {xyz} {mylab}.

_all_curr_immediate_fields_prop f_all_curr_deferred_fields_prop The two main property lists for storing information. They contain key-info pairs for all known types.

```
5753 \prop_new:N \g_xref_all_curr_immediate_fields_prop
5754 \prop_new:N \g_xref_all_curr_deferred_fields_prop
```

\xref_new:nn \xref_deferred_new:nn

\xref_new_aux:nnn

Setting up a new cross reference type is fairly straight forward when we follow the game plan mentioned earlier.

```
5755 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \xref_new:nn {\xref_new_aux:nnn{immediate}}

5756 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \xref_deferred_new:nn {\xref_new_aux:nnn{deferred}}

5757 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \xref_new_aux:nnn #1#2#3{
```

First put the new type in the relevant property list.

```
5758 \prop_gput:ccx {g_xref_all_curr_ #1 _fields_prop}
5759 { xref_ #2 _key }
5760 { \exp_not:c {l_xref_curr_#2_t1 }}
```

Then define the key to be a protected macro. ¹³

```
5761 \cs_set_protected_nopar:cpn { xref_#2_key }{}
5762 \tl_new:cn{1_xref_curr_#2_t1}{#3}
```

Now for the function extracting the value of a reference. We could do this with a simple \prop_if_in thing put since we want to do things in an expandable way we make a separate grabber for each type—this is also faster. The grabber function can be defined by using an intricate construction of \exp_after:wN and other goodies but I prefer readable code. The end result for the input xyz is

\cs_set_nopar:Npn\xref_get_value_xyz_aux:w #1\xref_xyz_key #2#3\q_ni1{#2}

```
5763  \toks_set:Nx \l_tmpa_toks {
5764     \exp_not:n { \cs_set_nopar:cpn {xref_get_value_#2_aux:w} ##1 }
5765     \exp_not:N \q_prop
5766     \exp_not:C { xref_#2_key }
5767     \exp_not:N \q_prop
5768    }
5769    \toks_use:N \l_tmpa_toks ##2 ##3\q_nil {##2}
5770 }
```

¹³We could also set it equal to \scan_stop: but this just feels "cleaner".

\xref_get_value:nn

Getting the correct value for a given label-type pair is a matter of connecting the correct grabber functions and property list.

```
5771 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \xref_get_value:nn #1#2 {
5772 \cs_if_exist:cTF{g_xref_#2_prop}}
5773 {
```

This next expansion may look a little weird but it isn't if you think about it!

```
5774 \exp_args:NcNc \exp_after:wN {xref_get_value_#1_aux:w}
5775 \toks_use:N {g_xref_#2_prop}
```

Better put in the stop marker.

```
5776 \q_nil
5777 }
5778 {??}
5779 }
```

Temporary! We expand the property list and so we can't have the \q _prop marker just expand!

```
5780 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \exp_after:cc #1#2 {
5781 \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN
5782 \cs:w #1\exp_after:wN\cs_end: \cs:w #2\cs_end:
5783 }
5784 \cs_set_protected:Npn \q_prop {\q_prop}
```

\xref_define_label:nn
\xref_define_label_aux:nn

Define the property list for each label. We better do this in two steps because the special catcode regime is in effect and since some of the info fields are very likely to contain actual text, we better make sure spaces aren't ignored! As for the meaning of other characters then it is a possibility to also have a field containing catcode instructions which can then be activated with \etex_scantokens:D.

```
5785 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \xref_define_label:nn {
5786 \group_begin:
5787 \char_set_catcode:nn {'\ }\c_ten
5788 \xref_define_label_aux:nn
5789 }
```

If the label is already taken we have a multiply defined label and we should do something about it. For now we don't do anything spectacular.

```
5790 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \xref_define_label_aux:nn #1#2 {
5791 \cs_if_free:cTF{g_xref_#1_prop}}
5792 {\prop_new:c{g_xref_#1_prop}}{\wARNING}
5793 \toks_gset:cn{g_xref_#1_prop}{#2}
5794 \group_end:
5795 }
```

\mathbb{xref_set_label:n} Then the generic command for setting a label. We expand the immediate labels fully before calling the write function but make sure the deferred fields aren't expanded just yet. Due to property lists being implemented as token list registers we must expand the 'immediate' fields twice.

```
\cs_set_nopar:Npn \xref_set_label:n #1{
      \cs_set_nopar:Npx \xref_tmp:w{\toks_use:N\g_xref_all_curr_immediate_fields_prop}
      \exp_args:NNx\iow_shipout_x:Nn \xref_write{
        \xref_define_label:nn {#1} {
           \xref_tmp:w
5800
           \toks_use:N \g_xref_all_curr_deferred_fields_prop
5801
5802
      }
5803
5804 }
That's it (for now).
5805 (/initex | package)
    (*showmemory)
5807 \showMemUsage
   (/showmemory)
```

116 | 13xref test file

```
5809 (*testfile)
5810 \documentclass{article}
5811 \usepackage{13xref}
5812 \ExplSyntaxOn
5813 \cs set nopar:Npn \startrecording {\iow open:Nn \xref write {\jobname.xref}}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \DefineCrossReferences {
5814
     \group_begin:
5815
       \ExplSyntaxNamesOn
5816
        \InputIfFileExists{\jobname.xref}{}{}
5817
     \group_end:
5819 }
   \AtBeginDocument{\DefineCrossReferences\startrecording}
5820
5821
   \xref_new:nn {name}{}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \setname{\tl_set:Nn\l_xref_curr_name_tl}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \getname{\xref_get_value:nn{name}}
   \xref deferred new:nn {page}{\thepage}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \getpage{\xref_get_value:nn{page}}
5828
   \xref_deferred_new:nn {valuepage}{\number\value{page}}}
   \cs_set_nopar:Npn \getvaluepage{\xref_get_value:nn{valuepage}}
```

```
5832 \cs_set_eq:NN \setlabel \xref_set_label:n
5833
5834 \ExplSyntaxOff
5835 \begin{document}
   \pagenumbering{roman}
   Text\setname{This is a name}\setlabel{testlabel1}. More
   text\setname{This is another name}\setlabel{testlabel2}. \clearpage
5839
   Text\setname{This is a third name}\setlabel{testlabel3}. More
   text\setname{Hello World!}\setlabel{testlabel4}. \clearpage
5844
   \pagenumbering{arabic}
5845
   Text\setname{Name 5}\setlabel{testlabel5}. More text\setname{Name
     6}\setlabel{testlabel6}. \clearpage
5849 Text\setname{Name 7}\setlabel{testlabel 7}. More text\setname{Name
     8}\setlabel{testlabel8}. \clearpage
5852 Now let's extract some values. \getname{testlabel1} on page
   \getpage{testlabel1} with value \getvaluepage{testlabel1}.
5855 Now let's extract some values. \getname{testlabel 7} on page
5856 \getpage{testlabel 7} with value \getvaluepage{testlabel 7}.
5857 \end{document}
5858 (/testfile)
```

117 | I3keyval implementation

```
\KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_equals:N\
\KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_commas:N\
\KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_equals:N\
\delta var.
```

Replaces catcode other = and , within a $\langle tl \ var. \rangle$ with active characters.

```
\label{eq:kv_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw} $$ \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw $$ \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw $$ \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw $$ \token list $$ \q_nstructure $$ \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw $$ \token list $$ \q_nstructure $$ \LV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw $$ \token list $$ \q_nstructure $$ \LV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw $$ \token list $$ \q_nstructure $$ \LV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw $
```

Removes a possible leading space plus a possible ending space from a $\langle token\ list \rangle$. The first version (which is not used in the code) stores it in $\langle tl \rangle$.

```
\KV_add_value_element:w \KV_set_key_element:w \delta token list \q_nil \KV_add_value_element:w \q_stop \delta token list \q_nil
```

Specialised functions to strip spaces from their input and set the token registers \l_KV_currkey_tl or \l_KV_currval_tl respectively.

```
\KV_split_key_value_current:w
\KV_split_key_value_space_removal:w
\KV_split_key_value_space_removal_detect_error:wTF
\KV_split_key_value_no_space_removal:w
\KV_split_key_value_current:w ...
```

These functions split keyval lists into chunks depending which sanitising method is being used. \KV_split_key_value_current:wis \cs_set_eq:NN to whichever is appropriate.

117.1 Module code

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
5859 (*package)
                                   5860 \ProvidesExplPackage
                                        {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
                                   5862 \package_check_loaded_expl:
                                   5863 (/package)
                                   5864 (*initex | package)
                  \l_KV_tmpa_tl
                                  Various useful things.
                  \l_KV_tmpb_tl
                                   5865 \tl_new:N \l_KV_tmpa_tl
    \c_KV_single_equal_sign_tl
                                   5866 \tl_new:N \l_KV_tmpb_tl
                                   5867 \tl_const:Nn \c_KV_single_equal_sign_tl { = }
                                  Some more useful things.
                 \l_KV_parse_tl
               \l_KV_currkey_tl
                                   5868 \tl_new:N \l_KV_parse_tl
               \l_KV_currval_tl
                                   5869 \tl_new:N \l_KV_currkey_tl
                                   5870 \tl_new:N \l_KV_currval_tl
                \label{lem:level_int} \
                                  This is used to track how deeply nested calls to the keyval processor are, so that the
                                  correct functions are always in use.
                                   5871 \int_new:N \l_KV_level_int
remove_one_level_of_braces_bool A boolean to control
                                   5872 \bool_new:N \l_KV_remove_one_level_of_braces_bool
                                   5873 \bool_set_true:N \l_KV_remove_one_level_of_braces_bool
```

cess_space_removal_sanitize:NNns_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNno_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn

\KV_process_aux:NNNn

The wrapper function takes care of assigning the appropriate elt functions before and after the parsing step. In that way there is no danger of a mistake with the wrong functions being used.

```
5874 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \KV_process_space_removal_sanitize:NNn {
     \KV_process_aux:NNNn \KV_parse_space_removal_sanitize:n
5875
5876
5877 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \KV_process_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn {
     \KV_process_aux:NNNn \KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \KV_process_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn {
5880
     \KV_process_aux:NNNn \KV_parse_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:n
5881
5882 }
5883 \cs_new_protected:Npn \KV_process_aux:NNNn #1#2#3#4 {
     \cs_set_eq:cN
       { KV_key_no_value_elt_ \int_use:N \l_KV_level_int :n }
        \KV_key_no_value_elt:n
5887
     \cs set eq:cN
       { KV_key_value_elt_ \int_use:N \l_KV_level_int :nn }
5888
       \KV_key_value_elt:nn
5889
     \cs_set_eq:NN \KV_key_no_value_elt:n #2
     \cs_set_eq:NN \KV_key_value_elt:nn #3
     \int_incr:N \l_KV_level_int
     #1 {#4}
5893
     \int decr:N \l KV level int
5894
     \cs_set_eq:Nc \KV_key_no_value_elt:n
5895
       { KV_key_no_value_elt_ \int_use:N \1_KV_level_int :n }
     \cs_set_eq:Nc \KV_key_value_elt:nn
5898
       { KV_key_value_elt_ \int_use:N \l_KV_level_int :nn }
5899 }
```

tize_outerlevel_active_equals:Ntize_outerlevel_active_commas:N

Some functions for sanitizing top level equals and commas. Replace $=_{13}$ and $,_{13}$ with $=_{12}$ and $,_{12}$ resp.

```
5900 \group_begin:
5901 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\=}{13}
5902 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\,}{13}
5903 \char_set_lccode:nn{'\,}{13}
5904 \char_set_lccode:nn{'\,}{'\-}
5905 \tl_to_lowercase:n{\group_end:
5906 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_equals:N #1{
5907 \tl_replace_all_in:Nnn #1 = 8
5908 }
5909 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_commas:N #1{
5910 \tl_replace_all_in:Nnn #1 , 9
5911 }
5912 }
```

KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw
emove_surrounding_spaces_auxi:w
nove_surrounding_spaces_auxii:w

\KV_set_key_element:w \KV_add_value_element:w The macro \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw removes a possible leading space plus a possible ending space from its second argument and stores it in the token register #1.

Based on Around the Bend No. 15 but with some enhancements. For instance, this definition is purely expandable.

We use a funny token Q_3 as a delimiter.

```
5913 \group_begin:
5914 \char_set_catcode:nn{'\Q}{3}

5915 \cs_new:Npn\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw#1#2\q_ni1{
```

The idea in this processing is to use a Q with strange catcode to remove a trailing space. But first, how to get this expansion going?

If you have read the fine print in the l3expan module, you'll know that the f type expansion will expand until the first non-expandable token is seen and if this token is a space, it will be gobbled. Sounds useful for removing a leading space but we also need to make sure that it does nothing but removing that space! Therefore we prepend the argument to be trimmed with an \exp_not:N. Now why is that? \exp_not:N in itself is an expandable command so will allow the f expansion to continue. If the first token in the argument to be trimmed is a space, it will be gobbled and the expansion stop. If the first token isn't a space, the \exp_not:N turns it temporarily into \scan_stop: which is unexpandable. The processing stops but the token following directly after \exp_not:N is now back to normal.

The function here allows you to insert arbitrary functions in the first argument but they should all be with an f type expansion. For the application in this module, we use \tl_set:Nf.

Once the expansion has been kick-started, we apply \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxi:w to the replacement text of #2, adding a leading \exp_not:N. Note that no braces are stripped off of the original argument.

```
5916 #1{\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxi:w \exp_not:N#2Q~Q}-
5917 }
```

\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxi: w removes a trailing space if present, then calls \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxii: w to clean up any leftover bizarre Qs. In order for \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxii: w to work properly we need to put back a Q first.

```
5918 \cs_new:Npn\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxi:w#1~Q{
5919 \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxii:w #1 Q
5920 }
```

Now all that is left to do is remove a leading space which should be taken care of by the function used to initiate the expansion. Simply return the argument before the funny Q.

```
5921 \cs_new:Npn\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxii:w#1Q#2{#1}
```

Here are some specialized versions of the above. They do exactly what we want in one go. First trim spaces from the value and then put the result surrounded in braces onto \l_KV_parse_tl.

```
5922 \cs_new_protected:Npn\KV_add_value_element:w\q_stop#1\q_nil{
5923 \t1_set:Nf\l_KV_currval_t1 {
5924 \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxi:w \exp_not:N#1Q~Q
5925 }
5926 \t1_put_right:No\l_KV_parse_t1{
5927 \exp_after:wN { \l_KV_currval_t1 }
5928 }
5929 }
```

When storing the key we firstly remove spaces plus the prepended \q_no_value.

```
5930 \cs_new_protected:Npn\KV_set_key_element:w#1\q_nil{
5931 \tl_set:Nf\l_KV_currkey_tl
5932 {
5933 \exp_last_unbraced:NNo \KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxi:w
5934 \exp_not:N \use_none:n #1Q~Q
5935 }
```

Afterwards we gobble an extra level of braces if that's what we are asked to do.

\KV_add_element_aux:w

A helper function for fixing braces around keys and values.

```
5944 \cs_new:Npn \KV_add_element_aux:w#1\q_nil{#1}
```

Parse a list of keyvals, put them into list form with entries like \KV_key_no_value_elt:n{key1} and \KV_key_value_elt:nn{key2}{val2}.

\KV_parse_sanitize_aux:n

The slow parsing algorithm sanitizes active commas and equal signs at the top level first. Then uses #1 as inspector of each element in the comma list.

```
5945 \cs_new_protected:Npn \KV_parse_sanitize_aux:n #1 {
5946 \group_begin:
5947 \tl_clear:N \l_KV_parse_tl
5948 \tl_set:Nn \l_KV_tmpa_tl {#1}
5949 \KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_equals:N \l_KV_tmpa_tl
5950 \KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_commas:N \l_KV_tmpa_tl
5951 \exp_last_unbraced:NNV \KV_parse_elt:w \q_no_value
5952 \l_KV_tmpa_tl , \q_nil ,
```

We evaluate the parsed keys and values outside the group so the token register is restored to its previous value.

```
5953 \exp_after:wN \group_end:
5954 \l_KV_parse_t1
5955 }
```

\KV_parse_no_sanitize_aux:n

Like above but we don't waste time sanitizing. This is probably the one we will use for preamble parsing where catcodes of = and , are as expected!

```
5956 \cs_new_protected:Npn \KV_parse_no_sanitize_aux:n #1{
5957 \group_begin:
5958 \tl_clear:N \l_KV_parse_tl
5959 \KV_parse_elt:w \q_no_value #1 , \q_nil ,
5960 \exp_after:wN \group_end:
5961 \l_KV_parse_tl
5962 }
```

\KV_parse_elt:w

This function will always have a \q_no_value stuffed in as the rightmost token in #1. In case there was a blank entry in the comma separated list we just run it again. The \use_none:n makes sure to gobble the quark \q_no_value. A similar test is made to check if we hit the end of the recursion.

```
5963 \cs_set:Npn \KV_parse_elt:w #1,{
5964 \tl_if_blank:oTF{\use_none:n #1}
5965 { \KV_parse_elt:w \q_no_value }
5966 {
5967 \quark_if_nil:oF {\use_ii:nn #1 }
```

If we made it to here we can start parsing the key and value. When done try, try again.

```
5968 {
    \KV_split_key_value_current:w #1==\q_nil
5970 \KV_parse_elt:w \q_no_value
5971 }
5972 }
5973 }
```

\KV_split_key_value_current:w

The function called to split the keys and values.

```
5974 \cs_new:Npn \KV_split_key_value_current:w {\ERROR}
```

We provide two functions for splitting keys and values. The reason being that most of the time, we should probably be in the special coding regime where spaces are ignored. Hence it makes no sense to spend time searching for extra space tokens and we can do the settings directly. When comparing these two versions (neither doing any sanitizing) the no space removal version is more than 40% faster than space removal.

It is up to functions like \DeclareTemplate to check which catcode regime is active and then pick up the version best suited for it.

split_key_value_space_removal:w _space_removal_detect_error:wTF

c_key_value_space_removal_aux:w

The code below removes extraneous spaces around the keys and values plus one set of braces around the entire value.

Unlike the version to be used when spaces are ignored, this one only grabs the key which is everything up to the first = and save the rest for closer inspection. Reason is that if a user has entered mykey={{myval}}, then the outer braces have already been removed before we even look at what might come after the key. So this is slightly more tedious (but only slightly) but at least it always removes only one level of braces.

```
5975 \cs_new_protected:Npn \KV_split_key_value_space_removal:w #1 = #2\q_nil{
```

First grab the key.

```
5976 \KV_set_key_element:w#1\q_nil
```

Then we start checking. If only a key was entered, #2 contains = and nothing else, so we test for that first.

```
5977 \tl_set:Nn\l_KV_tmpa_t1{#2}
5978 \tl_if_eq:NNTF\l_KV_tmpa_t1\c_KV_single_equal_sign_t1
```

Then we just insert the default key.

Otherwise we must take a closer look at what is left. The remainder of the original list up to the comma is now stored in #2 plus an additional ==, which wasn't gobbled during the initial reading of arguments. If there is an error then we can see at least one more = so we call an auxiliary function to check for this.

```
5985 {
5986    \KV_split_key_value_space_removal_detect_error:wTF#2\q_no_value\q_nil
5987    {\KV_split_key_value_space_removal_aux:w \q_stop #2}
5988    { \msg_kernel_error:nn { keyval } { misplaced-equals-sign } }
5989  }
5990 }
```

The error test.

```
5991 \cs_new_protected:Npn
5992 \KV_split_key_value_space_removal_detect_error:wTF#1=#2#3\q_nil{
5993 \tl_if_head_eq_meaning:nNTF{#3}\q_no_value
5994 }
```

Now we can start extracting the value. Recall that #1 here starts with \q_stop so all braces are still there! First we try to see how much is left if we gobble three brace groups

from #1. If #1 is empty or blank, all three quarks are gobbled. If #1 consists of exactly one token or brace group, only the latter quark is left.

```
5995 \cs_new:Npn \KV_val_preserve_braces:NnN #1#2#3{{#2}}
5996 \cs_new_protected:Npn\KV_split_key_value_space_removal_aux:w #1=={
5997 \tl_set:Nx\l_KV_tmpa_tl{\exp_not:o{\use_none:nnn#1\q_nil\q_nil}}
5998 \tl_put_right:No\l_KV_parse_tl{
5999 \exp_after:wN \KV_key_value_elt:nn
6000 \exp_after:wN {\l_KV_currkey_tl}
6001 }
```

If there a blank space or nothing at all, \l_KV_tmpa_tl is now completely empty.

```
6002 \tl_if_empty:NTF\l_KV_tmpa_tl
```

We just put an empty value on the stack.

```
6003 { \tl_put_right:Nn\l_KV_parse_t1{{}} } 6004 {
```

If there was exactly one brace group or token in #1, $\l_KV_tmpa_tl$ is now equal to \q_nil . Then we can just pick it up as the second argument of #1. This will also take care of any spaces which might surround it.

```
\quark_if_nil:NTF\l_KV_tmpa_tl
6005
6006
          \bool_if:NTF \l_KV_remove_one_level_of_braces_bool
6007
6008
            \tl_put_right:No\l_KV_parse_tl{
               \exp_after:wN{\use_ii:nnn #1\q_nil}
          }
6012
6013
            \tl_put_right:No\l_KV_parse_tl{
6014
              \exp_after:wN{\KV_val_preserve_braces:NnN #1\q_nil}
6015
          }
       }
```

Otherwise we grab the value.

```
6019 { \KV_add_value_element:w #1\q_nil }
6020 }
6021 }
```

it_key_value_no_space_removal:w

This version is for when in the special coding regime where spaces are ignored so there is no need to do any fancy space hacks, however fun they may be. Since there are no spaces, a set of braces around a value is automatically stripped by TeX.

```
6022 \cs_new_protected:Npn \KV_split_key_value_no_space_removal:w #1#2=#3=#4\q_nil{ 6023 \t1_set:Nn\1_KV_tmpa_t1{#4}}
```

```
\tl_if_empty:NTF \l_KV_tmpa_tl
                                                                                                                                           6024
                                                                                                                                                                         {
                                                                                                                                           6025
                                                                                                                                                                                     \tl_put_right:Nn\l_KV_parse_tl{\KV_key_no_value_elt:n{#2}}
                                                                                                                                           6026
                                                                                                                                           6027
                                                                                                                                                                         {
                                                                                                                                                                                     \tl_if_eq:NNTF\c_KV\_single\_equal\_sign\_tl\l_KV\_tmpa\_tl
                                                                                                                                           6029
                                                                                                                                           6030
                                                                                                                                                                                                \label{lem:local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_continuous_local_cont
                                                                                                                                           6031
                                                                                                                                           6032
                                                                                                                                                                                     { \msg_kernel_error:nn { keyval } { misplaced-equals-sign } }
                                                                                                                                           6033
                                                                                                                                           6034
                                                                                                                                           6035 }
\KV_key_no_value_elt:n
         \KV_key_value_elt:nn
                                                                                                                                           6036 \cs_new:Npn \KV_key_no_value_elt:n #1{\ERROR}
                                                                                                                                           6037 \cs_new:Npn \KV_key_value_elt:nn #1#2{\ERROR}
```

_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:n

Finally we can put all the things together. \KV_parse_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:n is the version that disallows unmatched conditional and does no space removal.

```
6038 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \KV_parse_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:n {
6039 \cs_set_eq:NN \KV_split_key_value_current:w \KV_split_key_value_no_space_removal:w
6040 \KV_parse_no_sanitize_aux:n
6041 }
```

_parse_space_removal_sanitize:n

The other varieties can be defined in a similar manner. For the version needed at the document level, we can use this one.

```
Cos_new_protected_nopar:Npn \KV_parse_space_removal_sanitize:n {

Cos_set_eq:NN \KV_split_key_value_current:w \KV_split_key_value_space_removal:w

KV_parse_sanitize_aux:n

Cos_set_eq:NN \KV_split_key_value_space_removal:w

KV_parse_sanitize_aux:n
```

For preamble use by the non-programmer this is probably best.

```
6046 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n {
     \cs_set_eq:NN \KV_split_key_value_current:w \KV_split_key_value_space_removal:w
     \KV_parse_no_sanitize_aux:n
6049 }
   \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keyval } { misplaced-equals-sign }
6050
     {Misplaced~equals~sign~in~key--value~input~\msg_line_context:}
6051
6052
       I~am~trying~to~read~some~key--value~input~but~found~two~equals~
6053
       signs\\%
6054
       without~a~comma~between~them.
6056
6057 (/initex | package)
```

```
6059 \showMemUsage
                              6060 (/showmemory)
                             The usual preliminaries.
                              6061 (*package)
                              6062 \ProvidesExplPackage
                                  {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
                              6064 \package_check_loaded_expl:
                              6065 (/package)
                              6066 (*initex | package)
                             117.1.1
                                       Variables and constants
                             Where the keys are really stored.
           \c_keys_root_tl
\c_keys_properties_root_tl
                              6067 \tl_const:Nn \c_keys_root_tl { keys~>~ }
                              6068 \tl_const:Nn \c_keys_properties_root_tl { keys_properties }
                             Two marker token lists.
\c_keys_value_forbidden_tl
\c_keys_value_required_tl
                              6069 \tl_const:Nn \c_keys_value_forbidden_tl { forbidden }
                              6070 \tl_const:Nn \c_keys_value_required_tl { required }
                             Used for the multiple choice system.
        \l_keys_choice_int
         \l_keys_choice_tl
                              6071 \int_new:N \l_keys_choice_int
                              6072 \tl_new:N \l_keys_choice_tl
    \l_keys_choice_code_tl
                             When creating multiple choices, the code is stored here.
                              6073 \tl_new:N \l_keys_choice_code_tl
            \l_keys_key_tl Storage for the current key name and the path of the key (key name plus module name).
           \l_keys_path_tl
                              6074 \tl_new:N \l_keys_key_tl
       \l_keys_property_tl
                              6075 \tl_new:N \l_keys_path_tl
                              6076 \tl_new:N \l_keys_property_tl
         \l_keys_module_tl The module for an entire set of keys.
                              6077 \tl_new:N \l_keys_module_tl
                            To indicate that no value has been given.
     \l_keys_no_value_bool
                              6078 \bool_new:N \l_keys_no_value_bool
          \l_keys_value_tl A token variable for the given value.
                              6079 \tl_new:N \l_keys_value_tl
```

6058 (*showmemory)

117.1.2 Internal functions

\keys_bool_set:NN Boolean keys are really just choices, but all done by hand.

```
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_bool_set:NN #1#2 {
      \keys_cmd_set:nx { \l_keys_path_tl / true } {
6081
        \exp_not:c { bool_ #2 set_true:N }
6082
          \ensuremath{\mbox{exp\_not:N}} #1
6083
6084
      \keys_cmd_set:nx { \l_keys_path_tl / false } {
6085
        \exp_not:N \use:c
          { bool_ #2 set_false:N }
6087
          \exp_not:N #1
6088
6089
      \keys_choice_make:
6090
      \cs_if_exist:NF #1 {
        \bool_new:N #1
      \keys_default_set:n { true }
6094
6095 }
```

\keys_choice_code_store:x The code for making multiple choices is stored in a token list as there should not be any # tokens.

```
6096 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_choice_code_store:x #1 {
6097 \tl_set:cx { \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .choice_code_tl } {#1}
6098 }
```

\keys_choice_find:n Executing a choice has two parts. First, try the choice given, then if that fails call the unknown key. That will exist, as it is created when a choice is first made. So there is no need for any escape code.

```
6009 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_choice_find:n #1 {
6100 \keys_execute_aux:nn { \l_keys_path_tl / \tl_to_str:n {#1} } {
6101 \keys_execute_aux:nn { \l_keys_path_tl / unknown } { }
6102 }
6103 }
```

\keys_choice_make: To make a choice from a key, two steps: set the code, and set the unknown key.

\keys_choices_generate:n
\keys_choices_generate_aux:n

Creating multiple-choices means setting up the "indicator" code, then applying whatever the user wanted.

```
6113 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_choices_generate:n #1 {
6114
     \keys choice make:
      \int_zero:N \l_keys_choice_int
6115
     \cs if exist:cTF {
6116
       \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .choice_code_tl
6117
     } {
6118
       \tl_set:Nv \l_keys_choice_code_tl {
6119
          \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .choice_code_tl
6121
6122
     }{
        \msg_kernel_error:nnx { keys } { generate-choices-before-code }
6123
          { \l_keys_path_tl }
6124
6125
     \clist_map_function:nN {#1} \keys_choices_generate_aux:n
6126
6127
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_choices_generate_aux:n #1 {
6128
      \keys cmd set:nx { \l keys path tl / #1 } {
6129
        \exp_not:n { \tl_set:Nn \l_keys_choice_tl } {#1}
6130
        \exp_not:n { \int_set:Nn \l_keys_choice_int }
61.31
          { \int_use:N \l_keys_choice_int }
        \exp_not:V \l_keys_choice_code_tl
6135
     \int_incr:N \l_keys_choice_int
6136 }
```

\keys_cmd_set:nn
\keys_cmd_set:nx
\keys_cmd_set_aux:n

Creating a new command means setting properties and then creating a function with the correct number of arguments.

```
6137 \cs new protected:Npn \keys cmd set:nn #1#2 {
     \keys cmd set aux:n {#1}
6138
     \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn { \c_keys_root_tl #1 .cmd:n }
6139
        \cs_set:Npn 1 {#2}
6140
6141 }
6142 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_cmd_set:nx #1#2 {
     \keys_cmd_set_aux:n {#1}
6143
     \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn { \c_keys_root_tl #1 .cmd:n }
6144
        \cs_set:Npx 1 {#2}
6145
6146 }
6147 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_cmd_set_aux:n #1 {
     \keys_property_undefine:n { #1 .default_tl }
     \cs_if_free:cT { \c_keys_root_tl #1 .req_tl }
       { \tl new:c { \c keys root tl #1 .reg tl } }
     \tl_clear:c { \c_keys_root_tl #1 .req_tl }
6151
6152 }
```

\keys_default_set:n Setting a default value is easy.
\keys_default_set:V

```
6153 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_default_set:n #1 {
                                \cs_if_free:cT { \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .default_tl }
                                   { \t_new:c { \c_keys\_root\_tl \l_keys\_path\_tl .default\_tl } }
                           6155
                                \tl_set:cn { \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .default_tl } {#1}
                           6157 }
                           6158 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_default_set:n { V }
        \keys_define:nn
                          The main key-defining function mainly sets up things for l3keyval to use.
                           6159 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_define:nn #1#2 {
                                \tl_set:Nn \l_keys_module_tl {#1}
                                \KV_process_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn
                                   \keys_define_elt:n \keys_define_elt:nn {#2}
                           6163 }
     \keys_define_elt:n
                          The element processors for defining keys.
    \keys_define_elt:nn
                           6164 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_define_elt:n #1 {
                                \bool_set_true:N \l_keys_no_value_bool
                                \keys_define_elt_aux:nn {#1} { }
                           6166
                           6167 }
                           6168 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_define_elt:nn #1#2 {
                                \bool_set_false:N \l_keys_no_value_bool
                                \keys_define_elt_aux:nn {#1} {#2}
                           6170
                           6171 }
\keys_define_elt_aux:nn
                          The auxiliary function does most of the work.
                           6172 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_define_elt_aux:nn #1#2 {
                                \keys_property_find:n {#1}
                                \cs_set_eq:Nc \keys_tmp:w
                           6174
                                   { \c_keys_properties_root_tl \l_keys_property_tl }
                           6175
                                 \cs_if_exist:NTF \keys_tmp:w {
                           6177
                                   \keys_define_key:n {#2}
                                }{
                           6178
                                   \msg_kernel_error:nnxx { keys } { property-unknown }
                           6179
                                     { \l_keys_property_tl } { \l_keys_path_tl }
                           6180
                           6181
                           6182 }
     \keys_define_key:n
```

```
6183 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_define_key:n #1 {
     \bool_if:NTF \l_keys_no_value\_bool \ \{
6184
       \intexpr_compare:nTF {
         \exp_args:Nc \cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N
           { \l_keys_property_tl } = \c_zero
```

\keys_execute: \keys_execute_unknown:

Actually executing a key is done in two parts. First, look for the key itself, then look for the unknown key with the same path. If both of these fail, complain!

\keys_execute_aux:nn

If there is only one argument required, it is wrapped in braces so that everything is passed through properly. On the other hand, if more than one is needed it is down to the user to have put things in correctly! The use of \q_keys_stop here means that arguments do not run away (hence the nine empty groups), but that the module can clean up the spare groups at the end of executing the key.

```
6209 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_execute_aux:nn #1#2 {
6210 \cs_set_eq:Nc \keys_tmp:w { \c_keys_root_tl #1 .cmd:n }
6211 \cs_if_exist:NTF \keys_tmp:w {
6212 \exp_args:NV \keys_tmp:w \l_keys_value_tl
6213 }{
6214 #2
6215 }
6216 }
```

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{keys_if_exist:nn}}{\texttt{TF}}$ A check for the existance of a key. This works by looking for the command function for the key (which ends .cmd:n).

```
6217 \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \keys_if_exist:nn {TF,T,F} {
6218 \cs_if_exist:cTF { \c_keys_root_tl #1 / #2 .cmd:n } {
6219 \prg_return_true:
6220 }{
6221 \prg_return_false:
```

```
6222 }
6223 }
```

\keys_if_value_requirement:nTF To test if a value is required or fe

To test if a value is required or forbidden. Only one version is needed, so done by hand.

```
6224 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \keys_if_value_requirement:nTF #1 {
6225 \tl_if_eq:ccTF { c_keys_value_ #1 _tl } {
6226 \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .req_tl
6227 }
6228 }
```

\keys_meta_make:n
\keys_meta_make:x

To create a met-key, simply set up to pass data through.

```
6229 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_meta_make:n #1 {
6230 \exp_last_unbraced:NNo \keys_cmd_set:nn \l_keys_path_tl
6231 \exp_after:wN { \exp_after:wN \keys_set:nn \exp_after:wN { \l_keys_module_tl } {#1} }
6232 }
6233 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_meta_make:x #1 {
6234 \keys_cmd_set:nx { \l_keys_path_tl } {
6235 \exp_not:N \keys_set:nn { \l_keys_module_tl } {#1}
6236 }
6237 }
```

\keys_property_find:n
\keys_property_find_aux:n
\keys_property_find_aux:w

Searching for a property means finding the last "." in the input, and storing the text before and after it.

```
6238 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_property_find:n #1 {
6239
     \tl_set:Nx \l_keys_path_tl { \l_keys_module_tl / }
6240
     \tl if in:nnTF {#1} {.} {
6241
        \keys_property_find_aux:n {#1}
6242
     }{
        \msg_kernel_error:nnx { keys } { key-no-property } {#1}
6243
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_property_find_aux:n #1 {
6246
     \keys_property_find_aux:w #1 \q_stop
6247
6248 }
   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_property_find_aux:w #1 . #2 \q_stop {
     \tl_if_in:nnTF {#2} { . } {
        \tl_set:Nx \l_keys_path_tl {
          \l_keys_path_tl \tl_to_str:n {#1} .
6252
6253
        \keys_property_find_aux:w #2 \q_stop
6254
6255
     }{
       \tl_set:Nx \l_keys_path_tl { \l_keys_path_tl \tl_to_str:n {#1} }
6256
        \t! \tl_set:Nn \l_keys_property_tl { . #2 }
     }
6259 }
```

\keys_property_new:nn \keys_property_new_arg:nn

Creating a new property is simply a case of making the correctly-named function.

```
6260 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \keys_property_new:nn #1#2 {
     \cs_new:cpn { \c_keys_properties_root_tl #1 } {#2}
6262 }
6263 \cs new protected nopar:Npn \keys property new arg:nn #1#2 {
     \cs_new:cpn { \c_keys_properties_root_tl #1 } ##1 {#2}
6265 }
```

\keys_property_undefine:n Removing a property means undefining it.

```
6266 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_property_undefine:n #1 {
    \cs_set_eq:cN { \c_keys_root_tl #1 } \c_undefined
6268 }
```

\keys_set:nn \keys_set:nV \keys_set:nv

The main setting function just does the set up to get l3keyval to do the hard work.

```
6269 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_set:nn #1#2 {
     \tl_set:Nn \l_keys_module_tl {#1}
     \KV_process_space_removal_sanitize:NNn
6272
        \keys_set_elt:n \keys_set_elt:nn {#2}
6273 }
6274 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set:nn { nV, nv }
```

\keys_set_elt:n \keys_set_elt:nn

The two element processors are almost identical, and pass the data through to the underlying auxiliary, which does the work.

```
6275 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_set_elt:n #1 {
     \bool_set_true:N \l_keys_no_value_bool
     \keys_set_elt_aux:nn {#1} { }
6277
6278 }
6279 \cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_set_elt:nn #1#2 {
     \bool_set_false:N \l_keys_no_value_bool
     \keys_set_elt_aux:nn {#1} {#2}
6281
6282 }
```

\keys_set_elt_aux:

\keys_set_elt_aux:nn First, set the current path and add a default if needed. There are then checks to see if the a value is required or forbidden. If everything passes, move on to execute the code.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \keys_set_elt_aux:nn #1#2 {
    \tl_set:Nx \l_keys_path_tl { \l_keys_module_tl / \l_keys_key_tl }
6285
    \keys_value_or_default:n {#2}
6286
    \keys if value requirement:nTF { required } {
6287
      \bool_if:NTF \l_keys_no_value_bool {
6288
        \msg_kernel_error:nnx { keys } { value-required }
6289
          { \l_keys_path_tl }
6290
        \keys_set_elt_aux:
```

```
}
                               6293
                                     }{
                               6294
                                       \keys_set_elt_aux:
                               6295
                               6296
                               6297
                                   \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_set_elt_aux: {
                               6298
                                     \keys_if_value_requirement:nTF { forbidden } {
                               6299
                                        \bool_if:NTF \l_keys_no_value_bool {
                               6300
                                          \keys_execute:
                               6301
                                       7-{
                               6302
                                          \msg_kernel_error:nnxx { keys } { value-forbidden }
                                            { \l_keys_path_tl } { \tl_use:N \l_keys_value_tl }
                               6305
                               6306
                                       \keys_execute:
                               6307
                                     }
                               6308
                               6309 }
             \keys_show:nn
                              Showing a key is just a question of using the correct name.
                               6310 \cs new nopar:Npn \keys show:nn #1#2 {
                                     \cs_{\text{show:c}} \ \cs_{\text{how:c}} \ \c_{\text{keys\_root\_tl}} \ \#1 \ / \tl_{\text{to\_str:n}} \ \#2} \ .cmd:n \ \}
                               6312 }
                              This scratch function is used to actually execute keys.
               \keys_tmp:w
                               6313 \cs_new:Npn \keys_tmp:w {}
 \keys_value_or_default:n If a value is given, return it as #1, otherwise send a default if available.
                               6314 \cs new protected:Npn \keys value or default:n #1 {
                                     \tl_set:Nn \l_keys_value_tl {#1}
                               6315
                                     \bool_if:NT \l_keys_no_value_bool {
                               6316
                                       \cs_if_exist:cT { \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .default_tl } {
                               6317
                                          \tl_set:Nv \l_keys_value_tl {
                                            \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .default_tl
                               6320
                               6321
                                     }
                               6322
                               6323 }
                              Values can be required or forbidden by having the appropriate marker set.
\keys_value_requirement:n
                               6324 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_value_requirement:n #1 {
                                     \tl_set_eq:cc { \c_keys_root_tl \l_keys_path_tl .req_tl }
                                       { c_keys_value_ #1 _tl }
                               6326
                               6327 }
```

\keys_variable_set:NnNN \keys_variable_set:cnNN

Setting a variable takes the type and scope separately so that it is easy to make a new variable if needed.

```
6328 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1#2#3#4 {
     \cs_if_exist:NF #1 {
6329
       \use:c { #2 _new:N } #1
6330
6331
     \keys_cmd_set:nx { \l_keys_path_tl } {
       \exp_not:c { #2 _ #3 set:N #4 } \exp_not:N #1 {##1}
6333
6334
6335 }
6336 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_variable_set:NnNN { c }
```

117.1.3 Properties

```
One function for this.
   .bool_set:N
  .bool_gset:N
                 6337 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .bool_set:N } {
                       \keys_bool_set:NN #1 { }
                 6338
                 6339 }
                 6340 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .bool_gset:N } {
                       \keys_bool_set:NN #1 n
                 6342 }
                Making a choice is handled internally, as it is also needed by .generate_choices:n.
      .choice:
                 6343 \keys_property_new:nn { .choice: } {
                       \keys_choice_make:
                 6345 }
                Storing the code for choices, using \exp_not:n to avoid needing two internal functions.
.choice_code:n
.choice_code:x
                 6346 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .choice_code:n } {
                 6347
                       \keys_choice_code_store:x { \exp_not:n {#1} }
                 6349 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .choice_code:x } {
                       \keys_choice_code_store:x {#1}
                 6350
                 6351 }
                Creating code is simply a case of passing through to the underlying set function.
       .code:n
       .code:x
                 6352 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .code:n } {
                       \keys_cmd_set:nn { \l_keys_path_tl } {#1}
                 6353
                 6354 }
                 6355 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .code:x } {
                      \keys_cmd_set:nx { \l_keys_path_tl } {#1}
                 6357 }
```

```
.default:n Expansion is left to the internal functions.
         .default:V
                      6358 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .default:n } {
                          \keys_default_set:n {#1}
                      6360 }
                      6361 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .default:V } {
                          \keys_default_set:V #1
                      6363 }
                     Setting a variable is very easy: just pass the data along.
         .dim_set:N
         .dim_set:c
                      6364 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .dim_set:N } {
        .dim_gset:N
                          \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { dim } { } n
                      6365
        .dim_gset:c
                      6366 }
                      6367 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .dim_set:c } {
                            \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { dim } { } n
                      6370 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .dim_gset:N } {
                            \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { dim } g n
                      6371
                      6372 }
                      6373 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .dim_gset:c } {
                      6374 \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { dim } g n
                      6375 }
.generate_choices:n Making choices is easy.
                      6376 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .generate_choices:n } {
                      6377 \keys_choices_generate:n {#1}
                      6378 }
                     Setting a variable is very easy: just pass the data along.
         .int_set:N
         .int_set:c
                      6379 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .int_set:N } {
        .int_gset:N
                          \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { int } { } n
        .int_gset:c
                      6381 }
                      6382 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .int_set:c } {
                           \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { int } { } n
                      6383
                      6384 }
                      6385 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .int_gset:N } {
                            \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { int } g n
                      6387 }
                      6388 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .int_gset:c } {
                          \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { int } g n
                      6390 }
            .meta:n
                     Making a meta is handled internally.
            .meta:x
                      6391 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .meta:n } {
                          \keys_meta_make:n {#1}
```

```
6393 }
               6394 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .meta:x } {
                    \keys_meta_make:x {#1}
               6396 }
              Setting a variable is very easy: just pass the data along.
.skip_set:N
.skip_set:c
               6397 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .skip_set:N } {
.skip_gset:N
                   \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { skip } { } n
.skip_gset:c
               6399 }
               6400 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .skip_set:c } {
                    \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { skip } { } n
               6402 }
               6403 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .skip_gset:N } {
                    \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { skip } g n
               6404
               6405 }
               6406 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .skip_gset:c } {
               6407 \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { skip } g n
               6408 }
              Setting a variable is very easy: just pass the data along.
   .tl_set:N
   .tl_set:c
               6409 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_set:N } {
 .tl_set_x:N
               6410 \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { tl } { } n
 .tl_set_x:c
               6411 }
  .tl_gset:N
               6412 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_set:c } {
  .tl_gset:c
                    \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { tl } { } n
               6413
.tl_gset_x:N
               6414 }
.tl_gset_x:c
               6415 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_set_x:N } {
                    \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { tl } { } x
               6418 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_set_x:c } {
                     \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { tl } { } x
               6419
               6420 }
               6421 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_gset:N } {
                    \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { tl } g n
               6422
               6423 }
               6424 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_gset:c } {
               6425
                   \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { tl } g n
               6426 }
               6427 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_gset_x:N } {
                    \keys_variable_set:NnNN #1 { tl } g x
               6428
               6429 }
               6430 \keys_property_new_arg:nn { .tl_gset_x:c } {
                    \keys_variable_set:cnNN {#1} { tl } g x
               6432 }
```

.value_forbidden: These are very similar, so both call the same function.
.value_required:

```
6433 \keys_property_new:nn { .value_forbidden: } {
6434   \keys_value_requirement:n { forbidden }
6435 }
6436 \keys_property_new:nn { .value_required: } {
6437   \keys_value_requirement:n { required }
6438 }
```

117.1.4 Messages

For when there is a need to complain.

```
\msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { choice-unknown }
     { Choice~'#2'~unknown~for~key~'#1'. }
6441
       The~key~'#1'~takes~a~limited~number~of~values.\\
6442
       The~input~given,~'#2',~is~not~on~the~list~accepted.
6443
6444
   \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { generate-choices-before-code }
     { No~code~available~to~generate~choices~for~key~'#1'. }
        \l_msg_coding_error_text_tl
6448
       Before~using~.generate_choices:n~the~code~should~be~defined\\%
6449
       with~.choice_code:n~or~.choice_code:x.
6450
6451
   \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { key-no-property }
     { No~property~given~in~definition~of~key~'#1'. }
6454
       \c_msg_coding_error_text_tl
6455
       Inside~\token_to_str:N \keys_define:nn \c_space_tl each~key~name
6456
64.57
       needs~a~property: \\
       ~ ~ #1 .cproperty> \\
       LaTeX~did~not~find~a~'.'~to~indicate~the~start~of~a~property.
   \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { key-unknown }
6461
     { The~key~'#1'~is~unknown~and~is~being~ignored. }
6462
6463
       The~module~'#2'~does~not~have~a~key~called~#1'.\\
6464
       Check-that-you-have-spelled-the-key-name-correctly.
6465
   \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { property-requires-value }
6467
     { The~property~'#1'~requires~a~value. }
6468
6469
        \l_msg_coding_error_text_tl
6470
       LaTeX~was~asked~to~set~property~'#2'~for~key~'#1'.\\
       {\tt No~value~was~given~for~the~property, ~and~one~is~required.}
6474 \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { property-unknown }
     { The~key~property~'#1'~is~unknown. }
6475
     {
6476
```

```
\l_msg_coding_error_text_tl
6477
                                   \label{latential} La Te X^has^been^asked^to^set^the^property^'\#1'^for^key^'\#2': \verb|\| La Te X^has^been^asked^to^set^the^property'' + 1'^for^key^''\#2'' + 1''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1''''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1'''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1''' + 1'' + 1''' + 1''' + 1'' + 1''' + 1''' + 1'' + 1'' + 1''' + 1''' + 1'' + 1'' + 1'' + 1'' + 1'' + 1'' + 1'' + 1'' + 1''' + 1'' + 1'''
6478
                                   this~property~is~not~defined.
6479
                \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { value-forbidden }
                         { The~key~'#1'~does~not~taken~a~value. }
6483
                                   The~key~'#1'~should~be~given~without~a~value.\\
6484
                                   La Te X\hbox{-will-ignore-the-given-value-'#2'}.
6485
6486
               \msg_kernel_new:nnnn { keys } { value-required }
                         { The~key~'#1'~requires~a~value. }
6488
6489
                                   The~key~'#1'~must~have~a~value.\\
6490
                                   No~value~was~present:~the~key~will~be~ignored.
6491
6492
6493 (/initex | package)
```

118 | I3calc implementation

118.1 Variables

```
\l_calc_expression_tl
\g_calc_A_register
\l_calc_B_register
\l_calc_current_type_int
\g_calc_A_int
\l_calc_B_int
\l_calc_C_int
\g_calc_A_dim
\l_calc_B_dim
\l_calc_C_dim
\g_calc_A_skip
\l_calc_B_skip
\l_calc_C_skip
\g_calc_A_muskip
\l_calc_B_muskip
\l_calc_C_muskip
```

Internal registers.

118.2 Internal functions

```
\calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn
\calc_pre_scan:N
\calc_open:w
\calc_init_B:
\calc_numeric:
\calc_close:
\calc_post_scan:N
\calc_multiply:N
\calc divide:N
\calc_generic_add_or_subtract:N
\calc_add:
\calc_subtract:
\calc_add_A_to_B:
\calc_subtract_A_from_B:
\calc_generic_multiply_or_divide:N
\calc_multiply_B_by_A:
\calc_divide_B_by_A:
\calc_multiply:
\calc_divide:
\calc_textsize:Nn
\calc_ratio_multiply:nn
\calc_ratio_divide:nn
\calc_real_evaluate:nn
\calc_real_multiply:n
\calc_real_divide:n
\calc maxmin operation:Nnn
\calc_maxmin_generic:Nnn
\calc_maxmin_div_or_mul:NNnn
\calc_maxmin_multiply:
\calc_maxmin_multiply:
\calc_error:N
\calc_chk_document_counter:nn
```

Awaiting better documentation:)

118.3 Module code

Since this is basically a re-worked version of the calc package, I haven't bothered with too many comments except for in the places where this package differs. This may (and should) change at some point.

We start by ensuring that the required packages are loaded.

```
6494 (*package)
6495 \ProvidesExplPackage
```

```
{\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
                               6497 \package_check_loaded_expl:
                               6498 (/package)
                               6499 (*initex | package)
                              Here we define some registers and pointers we will need.
   \l_calc_expression_tl
       \g_calc_A_register
                               6500 \tl_new:N \l_calc_expression_tl
       \l_calc_B_register
                               6501 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \g_calc_A_register{}
\l_calc_current_type_int
                               6502 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \l_calc_B_register{}
                               6503 \int_new:N \l_calc_current_type_int
                              For each type of register we will need three registers to do our manipulations.
             \g_calc_A_int
            \l_calc_B_int
                               6504 \int_new:N \g_calc_A_int
             \l_calc_C_int
                               6505 \int_new:N \l_calc_B_int
             \g_calc_A_dim
                               6506 \int_new:N \l_calc_C_int
            \label{localc_B_dim} $$ \label{localc_B_dim} $$
                               6507 \dim_new:N \g_calc_A_dim
            \label{lc_C_dim} $$ \int_{\mathbb{C}} \operatorname{C_dim} \left( \operatorname{C_dim} \right) dt = 0. $$
                               6508 \dim_new:N \l_calc_B_dim
           \g_calc_A_skip
                               6509 \dim_new:N \l_calc_C_dim
           \l_calc_B_skip
                               6510 \skip_new:N \g_calc_A_skip
           \l_calc_C_skip
                               6511 \skip_new:N \l_calc_B_skip
                               6512 \skip_new:N \l_calc_C_skip
         \g_calc_A_muskip
                               6513 \muskip_new:N \g_calc_A_muskip
         \l_calc_B_muskip
                               6514 \muskip_new:N \l_calc_B_muskip
         \l_calc_C_muskip
                               6515 \muskip_new:N \l_calc_C_muskip
```

\calc_assign_generic:NNNnn

The generic function. #1 is a number denoting which type we are doing. (0=int, 1=dim, 2=skip, 3=muskip), #2 = temp register A, #3 = temp register B, #4 is a function acting on #5 which is the register to be set. #6 is the calc expression. We do a little extra work so that \real and \ratio can still be used by the user.

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} $$ $$ \cs_new:Npn $$ $$ \cs_new:Npn $$ $$ assign_generic:NNNnn#1#2#3#4#5#6{ } \end{tabular} 
     \cs_set_eq:NN\g_calc_A_register#2
     \cs_{set_eq:NN\l_calc_B_register#3}
     \int_set:Nn \l_calc_current_type_int {#1}
6519
     \group_begin:
6520
       \cs_set_eq:NN \real \calc_real:n
6521
        \cs_set_eq:NN \ratio\calc_ratio:nn
6522
       \tl_set:Nx\l_calc_expression_t1{#6}
6523
       \exp_after:wN
      \group_end:
      \exp_after:wN\calc_open:w\exp_after:wN(\l_calc_expression_tl !
      6527
      \group_end:
6528
     #4{#5}\l_calc_B_register
6529
6530 }
```

A simpler version relying on \real and \ratio having our definition is

```
\cs_set_eq:NN\g_calc_A_register#2\cs_set_eq:NN\l_calc_B_register#3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \int_set:Nn \l_calc_current_type_int {#1}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \tl_set:Nx\l_calc_expression_tl{#6}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \exp_after:wN\calc_open:w\exp_after:wN(\l_calc_expression_tl !
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register\l_calc_B_register
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         \group_end:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       #4{#5}\l_calc_B_register
                                                                                                                                                                                        Here are the individual versions for the different register types. First integer registers.
       \calc_int_set:Nn
\calc_int_gset:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                6531 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_int_set:Nn{
       \calc_int_add:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn} \\ \label{lem:calc_A_int} $$ \calc_A = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty
                                                                                                                                                                                                6532
\calc_int_gadd:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                              6533 }
       \calc_int_sub:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                              6534 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_int_gset:Nn{
\calc_int_gsub:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_zero\g_calc_A_int\l_calc_B_int\int_gset:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                6535
                                                                                                                                                                                                6536 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6537 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_int_add:Nn{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNnn} $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn \\ c_zero \\ g_calc_A_int \\ l_calc_B_int \\ int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn_int_add:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6538
                                                                                                                                                                                                6539 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6540 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_int_gadd:Nn{
                                                                                                                                                                                                6541
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_zero\g_calc_A_int\l_calc_B_int\int_gadd:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                6542 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6543 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_int_sub:Nn{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn} $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\\ c_zero\\ g_calc_A_int\\ l_calc_B_int\\ int_sub:Nn $$ $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\\ c_zero\\ g_calc_A_int\\ l_calc_B_int\\ int_sub:Nn $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\\ c_zero\\ g_calc_A_int\\ l_calc_B_int\\ int_sub:Nn $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\\ c_zero\\ g_calc_A_int\\ l_calc_B_int\\ int_sub:Nn $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\\ c_zero\\ g_calc_A_int\\ l_calc_B_int\\ l_calc_B
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6544
                                                                                                                                                                                                6545 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6546 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_int_gsub:Nn{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_zero\g_calc_A_int\l_calc_B_int\int_gsub:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6548 }
       \calc_dim_set:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                        Dimens.
\calc_dim_gset:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                              6549 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_dim_set:Nn{
       \calc_dim_add:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   \label{localc_assign_generic:NNNNnn} $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_one\g_calc_A_dim\l_calc_B_dim\dim_set:Nn $$ $$ \calc_assign_generic:NnNNnn\c_one\g_calc_A_dim\l_calc_B_dim\dim_set:Nn $$ $$ \calc_assign_generic:NnNNnn\c_one\g_calc_A_dim\l_calc_B_dim\dim_set:Nn $$ \calc_assign_generic:Nn $$ \calc_assign_generic:
\calc_dim_gadd:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6551 }
       \calc_dim_sub:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6552
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_dim_gset:Nn{
\calc_dim_gsub:Nn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \verb|\calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn|c_one|g_calc_A_dim|l_calc_B_dim|dim\_gset:Nn||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic||calc_assign_generic|||calc_assign_gen
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6553
                                                                                                                                                                                                6554 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6555 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_dim_add:Nn{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNnn} \\ \c calc\_assign\_generic: \\ NNNnn \\ \c cone \\ \c g\_calc\_A\_dim \\ \c l\_calc\_B\_dim \\ \c dim\_add: \\ Nn-label \\ \c l\_calc\_B\_dim \\ \c l\_calc
                                                                                                                                                                                                6557 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6558 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_dim_gadd:Nn{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNNnncone} \\ \label{lem:calc_ass
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6559
                                                                                                                                                                                                6560 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6561 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_dim_sub:Nn{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     6562
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6563 }
                                                                                                                                                                                                 6564 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_dim_gsub:Nn{
```

\cs_new:Npn \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn#1#2#3#4#5#6{

```
\label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNNnncone} \\ \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNNnncone} \\ \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNnncone} \\ \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNNnncone} \\ \label{lem:calc_assi
                                                                        6566 }
                                                                     Skips.
         \calc_skip_set:Nn
      \calc_skip_gset:Nn
                                                                                  \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_skip_set:Nn{
         \calc_skip_add:Nn
                                                                                         6568
      \calc_skip_gadd:Nn
                                                                       6569 }
         \calc_skip_sub:Nn
                                                                        6570 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_skip_gset:Nn{
      \calc_skip_gsub:Nn
                                                                       6571
                                                                                         \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_two\g_calc_A_skip\1_calc_B_skip\skip_gset:Nn
                                                                       6572 }
                                                                                 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_skip_add:Nn{
                                                                       6573
                                                                                         6574
                                                                        6575
                                                                        6576 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_skip_gadd:Nn{
                                                                                         \verb|\calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_two\g_calc_A_skip\l_calc_B_skip\skip\_gadd:Nn| \\
                                                                        6578 }
                                                                        6579 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_skip_sub:Nn{
                                                                                         \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_two\g_calc_A_skip\l_calc_B_skip\skip_sub:Nn
                                                                        6580
                                                                       6581 }
                                                                        6582 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_skip_gsub:Nn{
                                                                                         6584 }
                                                                     Muskips.
   \calc_muskip_set:Nn
\calc_muskip_gset:Nn
                                                                       6585 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_muskip_set:Nn{
   \calc_muskip_add:Nn
                                                                                         \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn} $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip $$ $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip $$ $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn\c_three\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\calc_A_muskip\
\calc_muskip_gadd:Nn
                                                                                               \muskip_set:Nn
   \calc_muskip_sub:Nn
                                                                        6588 }
\calc_muskip_gsub:Nn
                                                                                  \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_muskip_gset:Nn{
                                                                        6589
                                                                                         \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNnn} $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip $$ $$
                                                                        6590
                                                                                                \muskip_gset:Nn
                                                                        6591
                                                                       6592 }
                                                                        6593 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_muskip_add:Nn{
                                                                                         \calc_assign\_generic:NNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip
                                                                        6595
                                                                                                \muskip_add:Nn
                                                                       6596 }
                                                                                 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_muskip_gadd:Nn{
                                                                                         \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNnn} $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip $$ $$
                                                                       6598
                                                                       6599
                                                                                                \muskip_gadd:Nn
                                                                        6600 }
                                                                                 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_muskip_sub:Nn{
                                                                                         \label{lem:calc_assign_generic:NNNnn} $$ \calc_assign_generic:NNNnn\c_three\g_calc_A_muskip\l_calc_B_muskip $$ $$
                                                                        6602
                                                                                                \muskip_add:Nn
                                                                        6603
                                                                       6604 }
                                                                        6605 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_muskip_gsub:Nn{
                                                                                         \muskip_gadd:Nn
                                                                        6608 }
```

```
\calc_pre_scan:N In case we found one of the special operations, this should just be executed.
```

```
6609 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \calc_pre_scan:N #1{
                        \if_meaning:w(#1
                   6611
                          \exp_after:wN\calc_open:w
                   6612
                          \if_meaning:w \calc_textsize:Nn #1
                   6613
                          \else:
                   6614
                            \if_meaning:w \calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn #1
                   6615
                            \else:
                  \calc_numeric: uses a primitive assignment so doesn't care about these dangling \fi:s.
                              \calc_numeric:
                            \fi:
                   6618
                          \fi:
                   6619
                        \fi:
                   6620
                        #1}
     \calc_open:w
                   6622 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \calc_open:w({
                        \group_begin:\group_execute_after:N\calc_init_B:
                   6623
                        \group_begin:\group_execute_after:N\calc_init_B:
                   6624
                        \calc_pre_scan:N
                   6625
                   6626 }
   \calc_init_B:
  \calc_numeric:
                   6627 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_init_B:{\l_calc_B_register\g_calc_A_register}
     \calc_close:
                      \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_numeric:{
                        \tex_afterassignment:D\calc_post_scan:N
                        \pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register
                   6630
                   6631 }
                   6632 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_close:{
                        \group_end:\pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register\l_calc_B_register
                   6633
                        \group_end:\pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register\l_calc_B_register
                   6634
                        \calc_post_scan:N}
                   6635
\calc_post_scan: N Look at what token we have and decide where to go.
                      \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_post_scan:N#1{
                        \if_meaning:w#1!\cs_set_eq:NN\calc_next:w\group_end: \else:
                          \if_meaning:w#1+\cs_set_eq:NN\calc_next:w\calc_add: \else:
                   6638
                            \if_meaning:w#1-\cs_set_eq:NN\calc_next:w\calc_subtract: \else:
                   6639
                              \if_meaning:w#1*\cs_set_eq:NN\calc_next:w\calc_multiply:N \else:
                   6640
                                6641
```

\else:

\if_meaning:w#1\scan_stop:\cs_set_eq:NN\calc_next:w\calc_post_scan:N

If we get here, there is an error but let's also disable \calc_next:w since it is otherwise undefined. No need to give extra errors just for that.

```
\cs_set_eq:NN \calc_next:w \prg_do_nothing:
                                    6645
                                                         \calc error:N#1
                                    6646
                                                       \fi:
                                    6647
                                                    \fi:
                                                  \fi:
                                                \fi:
                                              \fi:
                                    6651
                                            \fi:
                                    6652
                                          \fi:
                                    6653
                                          \calc_next:w}
                                   The switches for multiplication and division.
               \calc_multiply:N
                 \calc_divide:N
                                    6655 \cs new nopar:Npn \calc multiply:N #1{
                                          \if_meaning:w \calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn #1
                                    6656
                                            \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_next:w \calc_maxmin_multiply:
                                    6657
                                            \if_meaning:w \calc_ratio_multiply:nn #1
                                    6659
                                              \cs set eq:NN \calc next:w \calc ratio multiply:nn
                                    6660
                                            \else:
                                    6661
                                              \if meaning:w \calc real evaluate:nn #1
                                    6662
                                                \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_next:w \calc_real_multiply:n
                                    6663
                                                \cs_set_nopar:Npn \calc_next:w{\calc_multiply: #1}
                                              \fi:
                                    6666
                                            \fi:
                                    6667
                                          \fi:
                                    6668
                                          \calc_next:w
                                    6669
                                    6670 }
                                       \cs_new_nopar:Npn \calc_divide:N #1{
                                          \if_meaning:w \calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn #1
                                            \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_next:w \calc_maxmin_divide:
                                    6673
                                    6674
                                            \if_meaning:w \calc_ratio_multiply:nn #1
                                    6675
                                              \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_next:w \calc_ratio_divide:nn
                                    6676
                                              \if_meaning:w \calc_real_evaluate:nn #1
                                                \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_next:w \calc_real_divide:n
                                    6680
                                                \cs_set_nopar:Npn \calc_next:w{\calc_divide: #1}
                                    6681
                                              \fi:
                                    6682
                                            \fi:
                                    6683
                                          \fi:
                                    6685
                                          \calc_next:w
\calc_generic_add_or_subtract:N
                                   Here is how we add and subtract.
                      \calc_add:
                \calc_subtract:
              \calc_add_A_to_B:
                                                                              356
      \calc_subtract_A_from_B:
```

```
6687 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_generic_add_or_subtract:N#1{
      \group_end:
6688
      \pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register\l_calc_B_register\group_end:
6689
      \group_begin:\group_execute_after:N#1\group_begin:
      \group_execute_after:N\calc_init_B:
      \calc_pre_scan:N}
6693 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_add:{\calc_generic_add_or_subtract:N\calc_add_A_to_B:}
    \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_subtract:{
      \verb|\calc_generic_add_or_subtract:N\calc_subtract_A_from_B:||
Don't use \tex advance:D since it allows overflows.
6696 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_add_A_to_B:{
      \l_calc_B_register
      \if_case:w\l_calc_current_type_int
6698
      \etex_numexpr:D\or:
6699
      \etex dimexpr:D\or:
6700
      \etex_glueexpr:D\or:
6701
      \etex_muexpr:D\fi:
      \l_calc_B_register + \g_calc_A_register\scan_stop:
6704
6705 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_subtract_A_from_B:{
      \l_calc_B_register
6706
      \if_case:w\l_calc_current_type_int
6707
      \etex_numexpr:D\or:
      \etex_dimexpr:D\or:
      \etex_glueexpr:D\or:
      \etex_muexpr:D\fi:
      \l_calc_B_register - \g_calc_A_register\scan_stop:
6712
6713 }
```

And here is how we multiply and divide. Note that we do not use the primitive T_EX operations but the expandable operations provided by ε - T_EX . This means that all results are rounded not truncated!

```
6714 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_generic_multiply_or_divide:N#1{
6715
      \group_end:
6716
      \group_begin:
      \verb|\cs_set_eq:NN\g_calc_A_register\g_calc_A_int|
6717
      \cs_{set\_eq:NN\l\_calc\_B\_register\l\_calc\_B\_int}
      \int_zero:N \l_calc_current_type_int
      \group_execute_after:N#1\calc_pre_scan:N
6721 }
6722 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_multiply_B_by_A:{
      \l_calc_B_register
6723
      \if_case:w\l_calc_current_type_int
6724
      \etex_numexpr:D\or:
      \etex_dimexpr:D\or:
      \etex_glueexpr:D\or:
      \etex_muexpr:D\fi:
```

```
\l_calc_B_register*\g_calc_A_int\scan_stop:
                                      6729
                                      6730 }
                                      6731 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_divide_B_by_A:{
                                            \l_calc_B_register
                                      6732
                                            \if_case:w\l_calc_current_type_int
                                            \etex_numexpr:D\or:
                                      6734
                                            \etex_dimexpr:D\or:
                                      6735
                                            \etex_glueexpr:D\or:
                                      6736
                                            \text{\ensuremath{$\setminus$}} etex_muexpr:D\fi:
                                      6737
                                            \label{localc_B_register} $$ l_calc_B_register/\g_calc_A_int\scan_stop:
                                      6738
                                      6739 }
                                      6740 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_multiply:{
                                            \calc_generic_multiply_or_divide:N\calc_multiply_B_by_A:}
                                      6742 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_divide:{
                                           \calc_generic_multiply_or_divide:N\calc_divide_B_by_A:}
                                    Put something in a box and measure it. #1 is a list of \box_ht:N etc., #2 should be
  \calc_calculate_box_size:nnn
                                     \dim_{\text{set}}: \operatorname{Nn} \langle \dim_{\text{register}} \rangle or \dim_{\text{gset}}: \operatorname{Nn} \langle \dim_{\text{register}} \rangle and #3 is the contents.
\calc calculate box size aux:n
                                      6744 \cs_new:Npn \calc_calculate_box_size:nnn #1#2#3{
                                            \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box {{#3}}
                                             \#2\{\c_zero\_dim \tl_map\_function:nN\{\#1\}\calc\_calculate\_box\_size\_aux:n\} 
                                      6746
                                      6747 }
                                     Helper for calculating the final dimension.
                                     6748 \cs_set_nopar:Npn \calc_calculate_box_size_aux:n#1{ + #1\l_tmpa_box}
               \calc_textsize:Nn Now we can define \calc_textsize:Nn.
                                      6749 \cs_set_protected:Npn \calc_textsize:Nn#1#2{
                                      6750
                                            \group_begin:
                                            \cs_set_eq:NN\calc_widthof_aux:n\box_wd:N
                                      6751
                                            \cs_set_eq:NN\calc_heightof_aux:n\box_ht:N
                                      6752
                                            \cs_set_eq:NN\calc_depthof_aux:n\box_dp:N
                                            \cs_set_nopar:Npn\calc_totalheightof_aux:n{\box_ht:N\box_dp:N}
                                            \exp_args:No\calc_calculate_box_size:nnn{#1}
                                            {\dim_gset:Nn\g_calc_A_register}
                                     Restore the four user commands here since there might be a recursive call.
                                      6757
                                              \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_depthof_aux:n \calc_depthof_auxi:n
                                      6758
                                              \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_widthof_aux:n \calc_widthof_auxi:n
                                              \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_heightof_aux:n \calc_heightof_auxi:n
                                      6760
                                              \cs_set_eq:NN \calc_totalheightof_aux:n \calc_totalheightof_auxi:n
                                      6761
                                      6762
                                      6763
                                            \group_end:
                                      6764
                                            \calc_post_scan:N
                                      6766 }
```

\calc_ratio_multiply:nn
\calc_ratio_divide:nn

Evaluate a ratio. If we were already evaluation a $\langle muskip \rangle$ register, the ratio is probably also done with this type and we'll have to convert them to regular points.

```
6767 \cs_set_protected:Npn\calc_ratio_multiply:nn#1#2{
6768 \group_end:\group_begin:
6769 \if_num:w\l_calc_current_type_int < \c_three
6770 \calc_dim_set:Nn\l_calc_B_int{#1}
6771 \calc_dim_set:Nn\l_calc_C_int{#2}
6772 \else:
6773 \calc_dim_muskip:Nn{\l_calc_B_int\etex_mutoglue:D}{#1}
6774 \calc_dim_muskip:Nn{\l_calc_C_int\etex_mutoglue:D}{#2}
6775 \fi:</pre>
```

Then store the ratio as a fraction, which we just pass on.

```
6776 \cs_gset_nopar:Npx\calc_calculated_ratio:{
6777 \int_use:N\l_calc_B_int/\int_use:N\l_calc_C_int
6778 }
6779 \group_end:
```

Here we set the new value of \l_calc_B_register and remember to evaluate it as the correct type. Note that the intermediate calculation is a scaled operation (meaning the intermediate value is 64-bit) so we don't get into trouble when first multiplying by a large number and then dividing.

```
6780 \l_calc_B_register
6781 \if_case:w\l_calc_current_type_int
6782 \etex_numexpr:D\or:
6783 \etex_dimexpr:D\or:
6784 \etex_glueexpr:D\or:
6785 \etex_muexpr:D\fi:
6786 \l_calc_B_register*\calc_calculated_ratio:\scan_stop:
6787 \group_begin:
6788 \calc_post_scan:N}
```

Division is just flipping the arguments around.

```
\label{localc_ratio_divide:nn#1#2} $$ \cs_new:Npn \calc_ratio_divide:nn#1#2{\calc_ratio_multiply:nn{#2}{#1}} $$
```

\calc_real_evaluate:nn
\calc_real_multiply:n
\calc_real_divide:n

Although we could define the **\real** function as a subcase of **\ratio**, this is horribly inefficient since we just want to convert the decimal to a fraction.

```
6790 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn\calc_real_evaluate:nn #1#2{
6791  \group_end:
6792  \l_calc_B_register
6793  \if_case:w\l_calc_current_type_int
6794  \etex_numexpr:D\or:
6795  \etex_dimexpr:D\or:
6796  \etex_glueexpr:D\or:
6797  \etex_muexpr:D\fi:
```

```
\l_calc_B_register *
                                 6798
                                          \tex_number:D \dim_eval:n{#1pt}/
                                 6799
                                          \tex_number:D\dim_eval:n{#2pt}
                                 6800
                                       \scan_stop:
                                       \group_begin:
                                       \calc_post_scan:N}
                                     \cs_new_nopar:Npn \calc_real_multiply:n #1{\calc_real_evaluate:nn{#1}{1}}
                                 6805 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \calc_real_divide:n {\calc_real_evaluate:nn{1}}
  \calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn
                                 The max and min functions.
    \calc_maxmin_generic:Nnn
                                     \cs_set_protected:Npn\calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn#1#2#3{
\calc_maxmin_div_or_mul:NNnn
                                       \group begin:
                                 6807
      \calc_maxmin_multiply:
                                       \calc_maxmin_generic:Nnn#1{#2}{#3}
                                 6808
      \calc_maxmin_multiply:
                                       \group_end:
                                 6809
                                       \calc_post_scan:N
                                 6810
                                 6811 }
                                 #1 is either > or < and was expanded into this initially.
                                 6812 \cs_new_protected:Npn \calc_maxmin_generic:Nnn#1#2#3{
                                       \group_begin:
                                 6813
                                       \if_case:w\l_calc_current_type_int
                                 6814
                                          \calc_int_set:Nn\l_calc_C_int{#2}%
                                          \calc_int_set:Nn\l_calc_B_int{#3}%
                                          \pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register
                                          \int if_num: w\l_calc_C_int#1\l_calc_B_int
                                 6818
                                          \label{localc_C_int} $$ l_calc_C_int\else: \l_calc_B_int\fi:
                                 6819
                                 6820
                                          \calc_dim_set:Nn\l_calc_C_dim\{\#2\}\%
                                 6821
                                          \calc_dim_set:Nn\l_calc_B_dim{#3}%
                                          \pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register
                                          \if_dim: w\l_calc_C_dim#1\l_calc_B_dim
                                 6824
                                          \label{localc_C_dim} $$ l_calc_B_dim\fi:
                                 6825
                                       \or:
                                 6826
                                          \calc_skip_set:Nn\l_calc_C_skip\{\#2\}\%
                                 6827
                                          \calc_skip_set:Nn\l_calc_B_skip{#3}%
                                          \pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register
                                          \if_dim:w\l_calc_C_skip#1\l_calc_B_skip
                                          \label{lcalc_C_skip} = \label{lcalc_B_skip} i:
                                 6831
                                       \else:
                                 6832
                                          \verb|\calc_muskip_set:Nn\l_calc_C_muskip{#2}||
                                 6833
                                          \calc_muskip_set:Nn\l_calc_B_muskip{#3}%
                                 6834
                                          \pref_global:D\g_calc_A_register
                                          \if_dim:w\l_calc_C_muskip#1\l_calc_B_muskip
                                          \l_calc_C_muskip\else:\l_calc_B_muskip\fi:
                                 6838
                                       \fi:
                                 6839
                                       \group_end:
                                 6840 }
                                 6841 \cs_new:Npn\calc_maxmin_div_or_mul:NNnn#1#2#3#4{
```

```
\group_end:
                 6842
                      \group_begin:
                 6843
                      \verb|\int_zero:N\l_calc_current_type_int|
                 6844
                      \group_execute_after:N#1
                      \c lc_maxmin_generic:Nnn#2{#3}{#4}
                      \group_end:
                      \group_begin:
                 6848
                      \calc_post_scan:N
                 6849
                6850 }
                 6851 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_maxmin_multiply:{
                      \calc_maxmin_div_or_mul:NNnn\calc_multiply_B_by_A:}
                 6853 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_maxmin_divide: {
                      \calc_maxmin_div_or_mul:NNnn\calc_divide_B_by_A:}
\calc_error:N The error message.
                 6855 \cs_new_nopar:Npn\calc_error:N#1{
                      \PackageError{calc}
                      {'\token_to_str:N#1'~ invalid~ at~ this~ point}
                      {I~ expected~ to~ see~ one~ of:~ +~ -~ *~ /~ )}
                 6859 }
```

118.4 Higher level commands

The various operations allowed.

\calc_totalheightof_auxi:n

```
\calc_maxof:nn Max and min operations
           \calc_minof:nn
                            6860 \cs_new:Npn \calc_maxof:nn#1#2{
                   \maxof
                                 \calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn > \exp_not:n{{#1}{#2}}
                            6861
                   \minof
                            6862 }
                            6863 \cs_new:Npn \calc_minof:nn#1#2{
                                 \calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn < \exp_not:n{{#1}{#2}}
                            6866 \cs_set_eq:NN \maxof \calc_maxof:nn
                            6867 \cs_set_eq:NN \minof \calc_minof:nn
          \calc_widthof:n
                           Text dimension commands.
      \calc_widthof_aux:n
                            6868 \cs_new:Npn \calc_widthof:n#1{
     \calc_widthof_auxi:n
                                  \calc_textsize:Nn \exp_not:N\calc_widthof_aux:n\exp_not:n{{#1}}
         \calc_heightof:n
                            6870 }
     \calc_heightof_aux:n
                            6871 \cs_new:Npn \calc_heightof:n#1{
    \calc_heightof_auxi:n
                                  \calc_textsize:Nn \exp_not:N\calc_heightof_aux:n\exp_not:n{{#1}}
                            6872
          \calc_depthof:n
                            6873 }
     \calc_depthof_aux:n
                            6874 \cs_new:Npn \calc_depthof:n#1{
    \calc_depthof_auxi:n
                            6875 \calc_textsize:Nn \exp_not:N\calc_depthof_aux:n\exp_not:n{{#1}}
                            6876 }
    \calc_totalheightof:n
\calc_totalheightof_aux:n
```

```
6877 \cs_new:Npn \calc_totalheightof:n#1{
                              \calc_textsize:Nn \exp_not:N\calc_totalheightof_aux:n \exp_not:n{{#1}}
                        6879
                        6880 \cs_new:Npn \calc_widthof_aux:n #1{
                              \exp_not:N\calc_widthof_aux:n\exp_not:n{{#1}}
                        6883 \cs_new_eq:NN \calc_widthof_auxi:n \calc_widthof_aux:n
                            \cs_new:Npn \calc_depthof_aux:n #1{
                              \verb|\exp_not:N\calc_depthof_aux:n\exp_not:n\{\{\#1\}\}|
                        6886 }
                        6887 \cs_new_eq:NN \calc_depthof_auxi:n \calc_depthof_aux:n
                        6888 \cs_new:Npn \calc_heightof_aux:n #1{
                              \exp_not:N\calc_heightof_aux:n\exp_not:n{{#1}}
                        6890 }
                        6891 \cs_new_eq:NN \calc_heightof_auxi:n \calc_heightof_aux:n
                        6892 \cs_new:Npn \calc_totalheightof_aux:n #1{
                             \exp_not:N\calc_totalheightof_aux:n\exp_not:n{{#1}}
                        6894 }
                        6895 \cs_new_eq:NN \calc_totalheightof_auxi:n \calc_totalheightof_aux:n
       \calc_ratio:nn
                       Ratio and real.
         \calc_real:n
                        6896 \cs_new:Npn \calc_ratio:nn#1#2{
                             \calc_ratio_multiply:nn\exp_not:n{{#1}{#2}}}
                        6898 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \calc_real:n {\calc_real_evaluate:nn}
                        We can implement real and ratio without actually using these names. We'll see.
             \widthof User commands.
            \heightof
                        6899 \cs_set_eq:NN \depthof\calc_depthof:n
             \depthof
                        6900 \cs_set_eq:NN \widthof\calc_widthof:n
       \totalheightof
                        6901 \cs_set_eq:NN \heightof\calc_heightof:n
               \ratio
                        6902 \cs_set_eq:NN \totalheightof\calc_totalheightof:n
                \real
                        6903 %%\cs_set_eq:NN \ratio\calc_ratio:nn
                        6904 %%\cs_set_eq:NN \real\calc_real:n
           \setlength
          \gsetlength
                        6905 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \setlength{\calc_skip_set:Nn}
         \addtolength
                        6906 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \gsetlength{\calc_skip_gset:Nn}
        \gaddtolength
                        6907 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \addtolength{\calc_skip_add:Nn}
                        6908 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \gaddtolength{\calc_skip_gadd:Nn}
                       Document commands for I = T_F X 2_{\varepsilon} counters. Also add support for amstext. Note that
  \calc_setcounter:nn
                        when |3breqn is used, \mathchoice will no longer need this switch as the argument is
\calc_addtocounter:nn
                        only executed once.
  \calc_stepcounter:n
          \setcounter
        \addtocounter
         \stepcounter
                                                                 362
```

\calc_chk_document_counter:nn

```
6909 (/initex | package)
6910 (*package)
6911 \newif\iffirstchoice@
                                 \firstchoice@true
6912 (/package)
6913 (*initex | package)
   \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \calc_setcounter:nn#1#2{
      \calc_chk_document_counter:nn{#1}{
        \ensuremath{\verb||} \mathsf{exp\_args:Nc} \mathsf{calc\_int\_gset:Nn} \ensuremath{ \{c@\#1\}\{\#2\}}
6916
6917
6918 }
6919 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \calc_addtocounter:nn#1#2{
6920 (/initex | package)
6921 (*package)
      \iffirstchoice@
6922
6923 (/package)
6924 \langle *initex \mid package \rangle
      \calc_chk_document_counter:nn{#1}{
        \exp_args:Nc\calc_int_gadd:Nn {c@#1}{#2}
6928 (/initex | package)
6929 (*package)
      \fi:
6930
6931 (/package)
6932 (*initex | package)
6934 \cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn \calc_stepcounter:n#1{
6935 (/initex | package)
6936 (*package)
      \iffirstchoice@
6938 (/package)
6939 (*initex | package)
      \calc_chk_document_counter:nn{#1}{
        \int_gincr:c {c@#1}
6941
        \group_begin:
6942
           6943
        \group_end:
6944
6946 (/initex | package)
6947 (*package)
      \fi:
6948
6949 (/package)
6950 (*initex | package)
6951 }
6952 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \calc_chk_document_counter:nn#1{
      \cs_if_free: cTF\{c@#1\}\{\counterr\ \{#1\}\}\
6955 \cs_set_eq:NN \setcounter \calc_setcounter:nn
6956 \cs_set_eq:NN \addtocounter \calc_addtocounter:nn
6957 \cs_set_eq:NN \stepcounter \calc_stepcounter:n
6958 (/initex | package)
```

```
6959 (*package)
6960 \AtBeginDocument{
6961 \cs_set_eq:NN \setcounter \calc_setcounter:nn
6962 \cs_set_eq:NN \addtocounter \calc_addtocounter:nn
6963 \cs_set_eq:NN \stepcounter \calc_stepcounter:n
6964 }

Prevent the usual calc from loading.

6965 \cs_set_nopar:cpn{ver@calc.sty}{2005/08/06}}
6966 \/package\
6967 \/*showmemory\
6968 \showMemUsage
6969 \/showmemory\
```

119 **| I3file implementation**

The usual lead-off.

```
6970 (*package)
6971 \ProvidesExplPackage
6972 {\filename}{\filedate}{\fileversion}{\filedescription}
6973 \package_check_loaded_expl:
6974 (/package)
6975 (*initex | package)
```

\g_file_current_name_tl \g_file_stack_seq The name of the current file should be available at all times.

```
6976 \tl_new:N \g_file_current_name_tl
6977 \seq_new:N \g_file_stack_seq
```

For the format the file name needs to be picked up at the start of the file. In package mode the current file name is collected from LaTeX2e.

```
6978 ⟨/initex | package⟩
6979 ⟨*initex⟩
6980 \toks_put_right:Nn \tex_everyjob:D {
6981 \t1_gset:Nx \g_file_current_name_t1 { \tex_jobname:D }
6982 }
6983 ⟨/initex⟩
6984 ⟨*package⟩
6985 \t1_gset_eq:NN \g_file_current_name_t1 \@currname
6986 ⟨/package⟩
6987 ⟨*initex | package⟩
```

\g_file_record_seq The total list of files used is recorded separately from the stack.

```
6988 \seq_new:N \g_file_record_seq
```

The current file name should be included in the file list!

```
6989 (/initex | package)
                                   6990 (*initex)
                                       \toks_put_right:Nn \tex_everyjob:D {
                                         \seq_gput_right:NV \g_file_record_seq \g_file_current_name_tl
                                   6993 }
                                   _{6994} \langle/initex\rangle
                                   6995 (*initex | package)
                                  The current search path.
      \l_file_search_path_seq
                                   6996 \seq_new:N \l_file_search_path_seq
                                  The current search path has to be saved for package use.
\l_file_search_path_saved_seq
                                   6997 (/initex | package)
                                   6998 (*package)
                                   6999 \seq_new:N \l_file_search_path_saved_seq
                                   7000 (/package)
                                   7001 (*initex | package)
                                  Checking if a file exists takes place in two parts. First, look on the TeX path, then look
               \l_file_name_tl
                                  on the LaTeX path. The token list \l_file_name_tl is used as a marker for finding the
           \g_file_test_stream
            \file_if_exist:nTF
                                  file, and is also needed by \file_input:n.
            \file_if_exist:V<u>TF</u>
                                   7002 \tl_new:N \l_file_name_tl
          \file_if_exist_aux:n
                                      \prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn \file_if_exist:n { T , F , TF } {
                                         \ior_open:Nn \g_file_test_stream {#1}
                                         \ior_if_eof:NTF \g_file_test_stream
                                   7005
                                           { \file_if_exist_path_aux:n {#1} }
                                   7006
                                   7007
                                              \ior_close:N \g_file_test_stream
                                   7008
                                              \tl_set:Nn \l_file_name_tl {#1}
                                   7009
                                              \prg_return_true:
                                   7012 }
                                       \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \file_if_exist_path_aux:n #1 {
                                   7013
                                         \tl_clear:N \l_file_name_tl
                                   7015 (/initex | package)
                                   7016 (*package)
```

\cs_if_exist:NT \input@path

\l_file_search_path_seq

\clist_map_inline:Nn \input@path

7018

7019

7020

7021

7022

7024 (/package)

{ \seq_put_right: Nn \l_file_search_path_seq {##1} }

\seq set eq:NN \l file search path saved seq

```
\seq_map_inline:Nn \l_file_search_path_seq
                         7026
                         7027
                                   \ior_open:Nn \g_file_test_stream { ##1 #1 }
                                   \ion_{if} = of:NF \g_file_test_stream
                                       \tl_set:Nn \l_file_name_tl { ##1 #1 }
                         7031
                                       \seq_map_break:
                         7032
                         70.33
                                }
                         7034
                            ⟨/initex | package⟩
                            (*package)
                         7036
                               \cs_if_exist:NT \input@path
                         7037
                         7038
                                   70.39
                                     \l_file_search_path_saved_seq
                         7040
                         7041
                            (/package)
                            ⟨*initex | package⟩
                              \ior_close:N \g_file_test_stream
                         7044
                              \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_file_name_tl
                         7045
                                 { \prg_return_false: }
                         7046
                                 { \prg_return_true: }
                         7047
                         7048 }
                         7049 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \file_if_exist:nT { V }
                         7050 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \file_if_exist:nF { V }
                         7051 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \file_if_exist:nTF { V }
                        Most of the work is done by the file test above.
       \file_input:n
       \file_input:V
                            \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \file_input:n #1 {
                               \file_if_exist:nT {#1}
                         7053
                                {
                         7054
                            \langle / \mathsf{initex} \mid \mathsf{package} \rangle
                         7055
                            ⟨*package⟩
                                   \@addtofilelist {#1}
                            ⟨/package⟩
                            ⟨*initex | package⟩
                         7059
                                   \seq_gpush:NV \g_file_stack_seq \g_file_current_name_tl
                         7060
                                   \tl_gset:Nn \g_file_current_name_tl {#1}
                         7061
                                   \tex_expandafter:D \tex_input:D \l_file_name_tl ~
                         7062
                                   \seq_gpop:NN \g_file_stack_seq \g_file_current_name_tl
                            \cs_generate_variant:Nn \file_input:n { V }
                        Wrapper functions to manage the search path.
\file_path_include:n
 \file_path_remove:n
                         7067 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \file_path_include:n #1 {
                              \seq_put_right:Nn \l_file_search_path_seq {#1}
```

⟨*initex | package⟩

```
\verb|\seq_remove_duplicates:N| \verb|\lambda| file_search_path_seq|
                    7069
                    7070 }
                    7071 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \file_path_remove:n #1 {
                         \seq_remove_element:Nn \l_file_search_path_seq {#1}
                    7073 }
     \file_list:
                   A function to list all files used to the log.
\file_list_aux:n
                    7074 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \file_list: {
                         \seq_remove_duplicates:N \g_file_record_seq
                         \iow_log:n { *~File~List~* }
                         \seq_map_function:NN \g_file_record_seq \file_list_aux:n
                         \iow_log:n { ********* }
                    7079 }
                    7080 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \file_list_aux:n #1 { \iow_log:n {#1} }
```

When used as a package, there is a need to hold onto the standard file list as well as the new one here.

```
7081 ⟨/initex | package⟩
7082 ⟨*package⟩
7083 \AtBeginDocument{
7084 \clist_map_inline:Nn \@filelist
7085 { \seq_put_right:Nn \g_file_record_seq {#1} }
7086 }
7087 ⟨/package⟩
```

Index

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

${f Symbols}$		\::: 179, 1418, 1421,
\!	1476	$\underline{1423}$, $1423-1425$, 1427 , 1428 , 1430 ,
\ 2073, 2074, 2086, 2087, 5307,	5309	1433,1436,1442,1446,1454,1497-
* 2313, 2315, 2319,	2324	$1504, \ 1506-1513, \ 1515-1517, \ 1519,$
5902	5904	1521-1523, 1525-1528, 1530-1533,
\	. 63	1535-1540, 1542, 1543, 1636, 1640,
\.bool_gset:N	6337	1643, 1647, 1653–1655, 1657, 1663
\.bool_set:N	6337	$\::$ N 179, $\underline{1427}$, 1427, 1501–1504,
\.choice:	6343	1523, 1525-1528, 1535, 1536, 1663
\.choice_code:n	6346	\::V
\.choice_code:x	6346	1446, 1499, 1503, 1512, 1519, 1523
\.code:n	6352	\:: V_unbraced <u>1635</u> , 1643, 1654, 1657, 1663
\.code:x	6352	\::c 179, <u>1430</u> , 1430, 1506,
\.default:V	6358	1509, 1515, 1530, 1535–1540, 1657
\.default:n	6358	\::f 179, 1436, 1436, 1497, 1501, 1507–1510
\.dim_gset:N	6364	\::f_unbraced <u>1635</u> , 1636, 1653
\.dim_gset:c	6364	\::n 179, <u>1424</u> , 1424, 1510-
\.dim_set:N	6364	1513, 1525, 1526, 1530–1533, 1540
\.dim_set:c	6364	\:: \cdots \cdot
\.generate_choices:n	<u>6376</u>	1531, 1533, 1536–1538, 1542, 1543
\.int_gset:N	6379	\::o_unbraced
\.int_gset:c	6379	\::v
\.int_set:N	6379	\::v_unbraced
\.int_set:c	6379	\::x 179, <u>1442</u> , 1442, 1500, 1504,
\.meta:n	6391	1506, 1513, 1517, 1521, 1522, 1526,
\.meta:x	6391	1528, 1532, 1533, 1539, 1540, 1542
\.skip_gset:N	6397	\= 5901, 5903
\.skip_gset:c	6397	\? 1594, 2407, 2494
\.skip_set:N	6397	\@ 718, 1021, 1022, 3933, 3934
\.skip_set:c	6397	\@@end 691
\.tl_gset:N	<u>6409</u>	\@@hyph 695
\.tl_gset:c	<u>6409</u>	\@@input 689
\.tl_gset_x:N	6409	\@@italiccorr 694
\.tl_gset_x:c	6409	\@@underline 690
\.tl_set:N	6409	\@addtofilelist 7057
\.tl_set:c	6409	\@currext 717
\.tl_set_x:N	6409	\@currname 716, 6985
\.tl_set_x:c	6409	\@currnamestack 711, 719
\.value_forbidden:	6433	\@declaredoptions 714
\.value_required:	6433	\@elt 6943
V		\(\text{Qempty} \\
\: 588, 592, 1021,	2494	\@filelist 7084

\@gobble 697	${f A}$
\@ifpackageloaded	\A 2408, 2496, 3933, 3935
\@l@expl@check@declarations@bool . 4113	\a 1013
\@l@expl@log@functions@bool 1140	\above 182
\@nil 711, 715	\abovedisplayshortskip 195
\@nocounterr 6953	\abovedisplayskip 196
\@p@pfilename 711, 715	\abovewithdelims 183
\@popfilename 134, 664, 671, 672	\accent 233
\@pushfilename 134, 664, 669	\addtocounter 131, 6909, 6956, 6962
\@stpelt 6943	\addtolength 131, 6905, 6907
\@tempboxa 5684	\adjdemerits 270
\@unknownoptionerror 712	\advance 77
\\ 1165, 1167,	\afterassignment 87
1171, 1179, 1180, 1594, 2407, 5157,	\aftergroup 88
5164, 5315, 5318, 5341, 5348, 5582,	\alloc_new:nnnN
5589, 5597, 6054, 6442, 6449, 6457,	2737, 3243, 3357, 3415, 4238, 5616
6458, 6464, 6471, 6478, 6484, 6490	\alloc_reg:NnNN 4982, 4986
\{ 4467, 4644, 4823, 4825	\alloc_setup_type:nnn 4980, 4984
\} 4467, 4644, 4823, 4825, 5308	\AtBeginDocument 5820, 6960, 7083
\ 587, 591, 2086	\atop 184
_cs_generate_variant_aux:Ncpx	\atopwithdelims 185
	-
_cs_generate_variant_aux:ccpx	В
	\B 3934, 3936
_cs_generate_variant_aux:w	\badness 332
1592, 1606, 1611	\baselineskip 260
_l_tl_replace_tl <u>4005</u> , <u>4005</u> , <u>4014</u> ,	\batchmode 153
4016, 4019, 4041, 4045, 4047, 4057	\begin 5835
_tl_check_exists:N	\begingroup 2, 91
$\dots $ 4112, 4114, 4124, 4129,	\beginL 445
4134, 4139, 4144, 4145, 4150, 4151,	\beginR 447
4155, 4159, 4163, 4167, 4171, 4175,	\belowdisplayshortskip 197
4179, 4183, 4187, 4191, 4195, 4199,	\belowdisplayskip 198
4203, 4207, 4211, 4215, 4219, 4223	\binoppenalty 221
_tl_if_single_aux:w 3685, 3696, 3700	\bool_(:w <u>1864</u>
_tl_replace_all_in_aux:NNnn	\bool_)_0:w <u>1864</u>
$$ $\underline{4034}$, 4035 , 4038 , 4040	\bool_)_1:w <u>1864</u>
_tl_replace_in_aux:NNnn	\bool_8_0:w <u>1864</u>
$ \underline{4005}, 4007, 4009, 4030 $	\bool_8_1:w <u>1864</u>
_tl_tmp:w 4010,	\bool_:w <u>1864</u>
4015, 4018, 4024, 4042, 4048, 4053	\bool_choose:NN <u>1864</u> , 1903, 1906
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\bool_cleanup:N <u>1864</u> , 1899, 1901, 1902
	\bool_do_until:cn 33, <u>1856</u>
Numbers	\bool_do_until: Nn 33, <u>1856</u> , 1860, 1861, 1863
\8 5903	\bool_do_until:nn 36, <u>1941</u> , 1950, 1951
\9 5904	\bool_do_while:cn 33, <u>1856</u>
	\bool_do_while: Nn 33, <u>1856</u> , 1856, 1857, 1859
	\bool_do_while:nn 36, <u>1941</u> , 1947, 1948
\ 61, 1477, 5191, 5255, 5307,	\bool_eval_skip_to_end:Nw
5308 5310 5316 5349 5340 5787	1013 1014 1015 1015 109/

\bool_eval_skip_to_end_aux:Nw	\bool_set_false:c 33, 1821, 1826
	\bool_set_false: N 33, 1821, 1825, 6169, 6280
\bool_eval_skip_to_end_auxii:Nw	\bool_set_true: c 33, <u>1821</u> , 1824
	\bool_set_true:N
\bool_get_next:N 1864,	33, <u>1821</u> , 1823, 5873, 6165, 6276
1866, 1868, 1888, 1899, 1907, 1908	\bool_until_do:cn
\bool_gset:cn	\bool_until_do:Nn 33, 1848, 1852, 1853, 1855
.bool_gset:N	\bool_until_do:nn 36, 1941, 1944, 1945
\bool_gset:Nn 35, <u>1926</u> , <u>1927</u> , <u>1931</u>	\bool_while_do:cn
\bool_gset_eq:cc 33, 1831, 1838	\bool_while_do:Nn 33, 1848, 1848, 1849, 1851
\bool_gset_eq:cN 33, 1831, 1837	\bool_while_do:nn 36, 1941, 1941, 1942
\bool_gset_eq:Nc 33, 1831, 1836	\bool_xor_p:nn 35, 1933, 1933
\bool_gset_eq:NN 33, 1831, 1835	\botmark 168
\bool_gset_false:c 33, <u>1821</u> , 1830	\botmarks 394
\bool_gset_false:N 33, 1821, 1829	\box
\bool_gset_true:c 33, 1821, 1828	\box_clear:c
\bool_gset_true: N 33, 1821, 1827	\box_clear:N 112, 5667, 5667-5669
\bool_I_0:w	\box_dp:c
\bool_I_1:w 1864	\box_dp:N 113, 5671, 5672, 5675, 6753, 6754
\bool_if:cTF	\box_gclear:c 112, <u>5667</u>
\bool_if:N	\box_gclear:N 112, 5667, 5669, 5670
\bool_if:n 1937	\box_gset_eq:cc 112, 5654
\bool_if:NF 1847, 1853, 1861, 3002	\box_gset_eq:cN 112, 5654
\bool_if:nF 1945, 1951	\box_gset_eq:Nc 112, 5654
\bool_if:NT 1846,	\box_gset_eq:NN 112, 5654, 5654, 5655
1849, 1857, 3002, 3003, 5936, 6316	\box_gset_eq_clear:cc 112, 5654
\bool_if:nT 1942, 1948	\box_gset_eq_clear:cN 112, 5654
\bool_if:NTF 33, 1329, 1841,	\box_gset_eq_clear:Nc 112, 5654
1845, 2994, 6007, 6184, 6288, 6300	\box_gset_eq_clear:NN 112, 5654, 5656, 5657
\bool_if:nTF 34, <u>1864</u> , <u>2623</u> , <u>3339</u>	\box_gset_to_last:c 112, 5659
\bool_if_p:c 33, <u>1841</u>	\box_gset_to_last:N 112, 5659, 5661, 5662
\bool_if_p:N 33, <u>1841</u> , <u>1844</u>	\box_ht:c 113, <u>5671</u>
\bool_if_p:n 34, <u>1864</u> ,	\box_ht:N 113, 5671, 5671, 5674, 6752, 6754
1864, 1926, 1928, 1932, 1934, 1938	\box_if_empty:cTF 111, <u>5643</u>
\bool_new:c 32, <u>1821</u> , <u>1822</u>	\box_if_empty:N 5643
\bool_new:N	\box_if_empty:NF 5649
1821, 1839, 1840, 5872, 6078, 6092	\box_if_empty:NT 5648
\bool_Not:N 1882, 1890	\box_if_empty:NTF 111, 5643, 5647
\bool_Not:w <u>1864</u> , 1877, 1887	\box_if_empty_p:c 111, <u>5643</u>
\bool_not_p:n 35, <u>1932</u> , 1932	\box_if_empty_p:N 111, 5643, 5646
\bool_p:w <u>1864</u> , 1891	\box_if_horizontal:cTF 111, <u>5629</u>
\bool_S_0:w <u>1864</u>	\box_if_horizontal:N 5629
\bool_S_1:w <u>1864</u>	\box_if_horizontal:NF 5638
\bool_set:cn	\box_if_horizontal:NT 5637
.bool_set:N 122	\box_if_horizontal:NTF . 111, <u>5629</u> , 5636
\bool_set:Nn 35, <u>1926</u> , 1926, 1930	\box_if_horizontal_p:c 111, <u>5629</u>
\bool_set_eq:cc 33, <u>1831</u> , 1834	$\verb \box_if_horizontal_p:N . 111, \underline{5629}, \underline{5635}$
\bool_set_eq:cN 33, <u>1831</u> , 1833	$\verb \box_if_vertical:cTF \dots \dots 111, \underline{5629}$
\bool_set_eq:Nc 33, <u>1831</u> , 1832	\box_if_vertical:N 5632
\bool_set_eq:NN 33, <u>1831</u> , 1831	$\verb \box_if_vertical:NF 5642$

\box_if_vertical:NT 5641	\c_fourteen 55, 2243, 2259, <u>2951</u> , 2967, 4962
\box_if_vertical:NTF 111, 5629, 5640	\c_group_begin_token
\box_if_vertical_p:c 111, <u>5629</u>	<i>45</i> , <u>2310</u> , 2310, 2328, 2624, 5700, 5726
\box_if_vertical_p:N 111, 5629, 5639	\c_group_end_token 45, 2310, 2311,
\box_move_down:nn 112, 5663, 5666	2332, 2625, 5701, 5704, 5729, 5734
\box_move_left:nn 112, 5663, 5663	\c_hundred_one 55, <u>2951</u> , <u>2971</u>
\box_move_right:nn 112, 5663, 5664	\c_io_streams_tl 102
\box_move_up:nn 112, 5663, 5665	\c_ior_log_stream . 102, 4942, 4945, 5001
\box_new:c	\c_ior_streams_tl 4946, 4965, 5020
\box_new:N 110, 5615, 5620, 5625, 5685-5687	\c_ior_term_stream 102, 4942, 4943
\box_set_eq:cc 111, <u>5650</u>	\c_iow_log_stream
\box_set_eq:cN 111, 5650	102, 4942, 4944, 4997, 5172, 5173
\box_set_eq:Nc 111, 5650	\c_iow_streams_tl 4946, 4946, 4965, 5007
\box_set_eq:NN 111, 5650, 5650, 5651, 5654	\c_iow_term_stream
\box_set_eq_clear:cc 111, 5652	$102, \underline{4942}, 4942, 5174, 5175$
\box_set_eq_clear:cN 111, 5652	\c_job_name_tl 73, 3625, 3625, 3626
\box_set_eq_clear:Nc 111, 5652	\c_keys_properties_root_tl
\box_set_eq_clear:NN	129, <u>6067</u> , 6068, 6175, 6261, 6264
111, 5652, 5652, 5653, 5656, 5667	\c_keys_root_tl 129, 6067,
\box_set_to_last:c 112, <u>5659</u>	6067, 6097, 6117, 6120, 6139, 6144,
\box_set_to_last:N . 112, 5659, 5659-5661	6149-6151, 6154-6156, 6210, 6218,
\box_show:c 113, 5681	6226, 6267, 6311, 6317, 6319, 6325
\box_show: N 113, 5681, 5681, 5682	\c_keys_value_forbidden_tl
\box_use:c 112, <u>5677</u>	
\box_use:N 112, 5677, 5679, 5680	\c_keys_value_required_tl 129, 6069, 6070
\box_use_clear:c 112, <u>5677</u>	\c_KV_single_equal_sign_tl
\box_use_clear:N 112, 5677, 5677, 5678	$119, \underline{5865}, 5867, 5978, 6029$
\box_wd:c 113, 5671	\c_letter_token 45, 2310, 2322, 2360
\box_wd:N $113, \underline{5671}, 5673, \underline{5676}, \overline{6751}$	\c_luatex_is_engine_bool
\boxmaxdepth 338	
\brokenpenalty 295	\c_math_shift_token . 45, 2310, 2314, 2336
• •	\c_math_subscript_token
${f C}$	45, 2310, 2320, 2352
\C 1600, 2408, 2497	\c_math_superscript_token
\c_active_char_token 45, 2310, 2325, 2368	45, 2310, 2318, 2348
\c_alignment_tab_token 45, 2310, 2316, 2340	\c_max_dim 65, 3394, 3395
\c_eight . 55, 2237, 2253, 2951, 2961, 4956	\c_max_int 55, 2981, 2981
\c_eleven 55, 2240, 2256, <u>2951</u> , 2964, 4959	\c_max_register_int
\c_empty_box 113, 5667, 5683, 5683, 5685	
\c_empty_tl 74, 3514,	3234, 3243, 3357, 3415, 4238, 5616
$3516, \ \underline{3627}, \ 3627, \ 3638, \ 4424, \ 4589$	\c_{max_skip} 62, 3328, 3331, 3332, 3336, 3395
\c_empty_toks 81, 4289, 4381, 4381	\c_minus_one . 15, 55, 1099, 1100, 1103,
\c_false_bool	1104, 1109, 2764, 2782, 2784, 2934,
$954, 974, \underline{1010}, 1011, 1035, 1305,$	<u>2951</u> , 2951, 2952, 3944, 3960, 3970,
1314, 1821, 1822, 1825, 1826, 1829,	3978, 4944, 4945, 5127, 5139, 5220
1830, 1893, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1935,	\c_msg_coding_error_text_tl
2450, 2544, 2986, 2989, 2995, 4098	$109, \underline{5225}, 5225, 5581, 6455$
\c_fifteen 55, 2244, 2260, <u>2951</u> , 2968, 4963	$\verb \c_msg_error_tl 109, \underline{5221}, 5222, 5454, 5552$
\c_five 55, 2234, 2250, <u>2951</u> , 2958, 4953	\c_msg_fatal_text_tl
\c_four 55, 2233, 2249, <u>2951</u> , 2957, 4952	$109, \underline{5225}, 5229, 5449, 5546$

\c_msg_fatal_tl	$c_{ten_{thousand_{two}}}$
109, <u>5221</u> , 5221, 5443, 5445, 5448, 5539	\c_thirteen 55, 2242, 2258, 2951, 2966, 4961
\c_msg_help_text_tl 109, 5225, 5232, 5324	\c_thirty_two 55, <u>2951</u> , 2970
\c_msg_hide_tl 5259, 5325	\c_thousand 55, <u>2951</u> , 2974
$c_msg_hide_tl \dots $	\c_three 55,
\c_msg_info_tl 109, <u>5221</u> , 5224, 5478	$2232, 2248, \underline{2951}, 2956, 4951, 6586,$
\c_msg_kernel_bug_more_text_tl	6590, 6594, 6598, 6602, 6606, 6769
$109, \underline{5225}, 5238, 5606$	\c_true_bool . 11, 954, 974, 1010, 1010,
\c_msg_kernel_bug_text_tl	1039, 1303, 1312, 1823, 1824, 1827,
$109, \underline{5225}, 5235, \underline{5603}$	1828, 1892, 1895, 1910, 1912, 1914,
\c_msg_more_text_prefix_tl	1935, 2983, 2986, 2989, 2996, 4096
109, 5263, 5264,	\c_twelve 55, 2074,
5294, 5299, 5461, 5463, 5561, 5563	2087, 2241, 2257, 2951, 2965, 4960
\c_msg_no_info_text_tl	\c_twenty_thousand 55, 2951, 2980
\dots 109, 5225 , 5244, 5334, 5466, 5566	\c_two 55 , 2231, 2247, 2951 , 2955, 4950,
\c_msg_on_line_tl . 109, <u>5262</u> , 5262, 5277	6568, 6571, 6574, 6577, 6580, 6583
$c_msg_return_text_tl \dots 109, \underline{5225},$	\c_two_ats_with_two_catcodes_tl
5242, 5246, 5248, 5584, 5592, 5599	$\dots $ 3932, 3939, 3943, 3954, 3977
\c_msg_text_prefix_tl	$\c_{twohundred_fifty_five}$. $55, \underline{2951}, 2972$
$\dots \dots 109, \underline{5263}, 5263, 5284,$	$\c_{twohundred_fifty_six}$. 55 , $\underline{2951}$, $\underline{2973}$
5288, 5293, 5298, 5405, 5446, 5457,	\c_undefined 44, 50, 5299, 6267
5472, 5479, 5485, 5491, 5542, 5555	\c_undefined:D 1281, 1284, 1287, 1290
\c_msg_warning_tl . $109, \frac{5221}{5223}, 5223, 5471$	\c_xetex_is_engine_bool
\c_nine 55, 2238, 2254, <u>2951</u> , 2962, 4957	\dots 23, $\underline{1302}$, 1303, 1305, 1308, 1317
\c_one 55, 2230, 2246,	\c_zero 15, 55, 953,
$2759, 2781, 2783, \underline{2951}, 2954, 4949,$	958, 963, 968, 973, 978, 983, 988,
6550, 6553, 6556, 6559, 6562, 6565	$1081, 1087, \underline{1099}, 1107, 1695, 1696,$
\c_other_char_token . 45 , 2310 , 2323 , 2364	1700, 1749, 1776, 1800, 2160, 2182,
\c_parameter_token $\dots 45$, 2310 , 2317	$2229, 2245, 2789, 2791, \underline{2951}, 2953,$
\c_peek_true_remove_next_tl	3009, 3143, 3173, 3177, 3178, 3184,
210, 2593, 2604, 2605	3243, 3340, 3341, 3357, 3415, 3749,
\c_seven	4238, 4948, 4980, 4984, 5616, 6187,
55, 1702, 2236, 2252, <u>2951</u> , 2960, 4955	6532, 6535, 6538, 6541, 6544, 6547
\c_six 55, 1698, 2235, 2251, <u>2951</u> , 2959, 4954	\c_zero_dim 65, <u>3394</u> , 3394, 5706, 6746
\c_sixteen 15,	c_zero_skip 62, 3268, 3328, 3329, 3330,
55, <u>1099</u> , 1106, 1112, <u>2951</u> , 2969,	3335, 3347, 3348, 3370, 3394, 5736
4942, 4943, 4980, 4984, 5006, 5008,	\calc_add: 351, 6638, <u>6687</u> , 6693
5019, 5021, 5051, 5072, 5091, 5112	\calc_add_A_to_B: . 351, 6687, 6693, 6696
\c_space_tl 74, 2169,	\calc_addtocounter:nn
$2191, \underline{3628}, 3628, 4467, 4644, 4823 -$	<i>131</i> , <u>6909</u> , 6919, 6956, 6962
4825, 5278, 5316, 5342, 5349, 5445,	\calc_assign_generic:NNNNnn
5448, 5456, 5459, 5471, 5474, 5478,	351, <u>6516</u> , 6516,
5481, 5541, 5545, 5554, 5558, 6456	6532, 6535, 6538, 6541, 6544, 6547,
\c_space_token	6550, 6553, 6556, 6559, 6562, 6565,
45, 2310, 2321, 2356, 2626, 2717	6568, 6571, 6574, 6577, 6580, 6583,
\c_ten 55, 2239, 2255, 2951, 2963, 4958, 5787	6586, 6590, 6594, 6598, 6602, 6606
\c_ten_thousand 55, <u>2951</u> , 2975	\calc_calculate_box_size:nnn
\c_ten_thousand_four 55, <u>2951</u> , 2979	132, 6744, 6744, 6755
\c_ten_thousand_one 55, 2951, 2976	\calc_calculate_box_size_aux:n
\c_ten_thousand_three 55, 2951, 2978	

\calc_calculated_ratio: 6776, 6786	\calc_multiply_B_by_A:
\calc_chk_document_counter:nn	$351, \underline{6714}, 6722, 6741, 6852$
<i>351</i> , <u>6909</u> , 6915, 6925, 6940, 6952	\calc_muskip_add:Nn 132, 6585, 6593
\calc_close: 351, 6627, 6632, 6642	\calc_muskip_gadd:Nn 132, 6585, 6597
\calc_depthof:n 131, 6868, 6874, 6899	\calc_muskip_gset:Nn 132, 6585, 6589
\calc_depthof_aux:n 6753,	\calc_muskip_gsub:Nn 132, 6585, 6605
6758, <u>6868</u> , 6875, 6884, 6885, 6887	\calc_muskip_set:Nn
\calc_depthof_auxi:n 6758, 6868, 6887	<i>132</i> , <u>6585</u> , 6585, 6833, 6834
\calc_dim_add:Nn 132, 6549, 6555	\calc_muskip_sub:Nn 132, 6585, 6601
\calc_dim_gadd:Nn 132, 6549, 6558	\calc_next:w 6637-6643,
\calc_dim_gset:Nn 132, 6549, 6552	6645, 6654, 6657, 6660, 6663, 6665,
\calc_dim_gsub:Nn 132, 6549, 6564	6669, 6673, 6676, 6679, 6681, 6685
\calc_dim_muskip:Nn 6773, 6774	\calc_numeric: 351, 6617, 6627, 6628
\calc_dim_set:Nn	\calc_open:w 351, 6526, 6611, 6622, 6622
$132, \underline{6549}, 6549, 6770, 6771, 6821, 6822$	\calc_post_scan:N
\calc_dim_sub:Nn 132, 6549, 6561	\dots 351, 6629, 6635, <u>6636</u> , 6636,
\calc_divide: 351, 6681, 6714, 6742	6643, 6765, 6788, 6803, 6810, 6849
\calc_divide:N 351, 6641, 6655, 6671	\calc_pre_scan:N
\calc_divide_B_by_A:	<i>351</i> , <u>6609</u> , 6609, 6625, 6692, 6720
<i>351</i> , <u>6714</u> , 6731, 6743, 6854	\calc_ratio:nn 131, 6522, 6896, 6896, 6903
\calc_error:N 351, 6646, 6855, 6855	\calc_ratio_divide:nn 351, 6676, 6767, 6789
\calc_generic_add_or_subtract:N	\calc_ratio_multiply:nn 351, 6659,
<i>351</i> , <u>6687</u> , 6687, 6693, 6695	6660, 6675, <u>6767</u> , 6767, 6789, 6897
\calc_generic_multiply_or_divide:N .	\calc_real:n 131, 6521, 6896, 6898, 6904
351, 6714, 6714, 6741, 6743	\calc_real_divide:n 351, 6679, 6790, 6805
\calc_heightof:n 131, 6868, 6871, 6901	\calc_real_evaluate:nn 351, 6662,
\calc_heightof_aux:n 6752,	6678, <u>6790</u> , 6790, 6804, 6805, 6898
6760, <u>6868</u> , 6872, 6888, 6889, 6891	\calc_real_multiply:n 351, 6663, 6790, 6804
\calc_heightof_auxi:n 6760, <u>6868</u> , 6891	\calc_setcounter:nn
\calc_init_B:	\calc_skip_add:Nn . 132, 6567, 6573, 6907
\calc_int_add:\Nn \cdot \cdot \frac{0027}{6531}, \frac{6531}{6537}	\calc_skip_add:\ni . 132, \frac{6567}{6567}, 6576, 6908
\calc_int_gadd:Nn . 131, 6531, 6540, 6926	\calc_skip_gset:Nn . 132, 6567, 6570, 6906
\calc_int_gset:Nn . 131, 6531, 6534, 6916	\calc_skip_gsub:\Nn \cdot \frac{32}{6567}, 6582
\calc_int_gsub:Nn 131, 6531, 6546	\calc_skip_set:Nn
\calc_int_set:Nn 131, 6531, 6531, 6815, 6816	132, 6567, 6567, 6827, 6828, 6905
\calc_int_sub:Nn 131, 6531, 6543	\calc_skip_sub:Nn 132, 6567, 6579
\calc_maxmin_div_or_mul:NNnn	\calc_stepcounter:n
351, <u>6806</u> , 6841, 6852, 6854	131, 6909, 6934, 6957, 6963
\calc_maxmin_divide: 6673, 6853	\calc_subtract: 351, 6639, 6687, 6694
\calc_maxmin_generic:Nnn	\calc_subtract_A_from_B:
351, <u>6806</u> , 6808, 6812, 6846	
\calc_maxmin_multiply:	\calc_textsize:Nn 351, 6613,
	<u>6749</u> , 6749, 6869, 6872, 6875, 6878
\calc_maxmin_operation:Nnn 351, 6615,	\calc_totalheightof:n 131, 6868, 6877, 6902
6656, 6672, <u>6806</u> , 6806, 6861, 6864	\calc_totalheightof_aux:n 6754,
\calc_maxof:nn 131, 6860, 6860, 6866	6761, <u>6868</u> , 6878, 6892, 6893, 6895
$\c 131, 6860, 6863, 6867$	\calc_totalheightof_auxi:n
\calc_multiply: 351, 6665, 6714, 6740	6761, <u>6868</u> , 6895
\calc multiplu:N 251 6640 6655 6655	\calc widthof:n 121 6868 6868 6000

\calc_widthof_aux:n 6751,	$\code:nn 44, \underline{2277}, \underline{2278},$
6759, <u>6868</u> , 6869, 6880, 6881, 6883	2402–2407, 2494, 5307, 5903, 5904
\calc_widthof_auxi:n 6759, 6868, 6883	\char_set_lccode:w
\catcode . $26-28, 30, 31, 34-36, 38, 39, 380$	
\char 234	\char_set_mathcode:nn 45, 2261, 2262
\char_gset_mathcode:nn 45, 2261, 2266	\char_set_mathcode:w 45, 2261, 2261, 2263
\char_gset_mathcode:w 45, 2261, 2265, 2267	\char_set_sfcode:nn 44, <u>2297</u> , 2298
\char_make_active:N . 43, 2229, 2242, 5309	\char_set_sfcode:w 44, 2297, 2297, 2299
\char_make_active:n 43, 2245, 2258	\char_set_uccode:nn 44, <u>2287</u> , 2288
\char_make_alignment:N 43, 2229, 2233	\char_set_uccode:w 44, 2287, 2287, 2289
\char_make_alignment:n 43, 2245, 2249	\char_show_value_catcode:n 42, 2215, 2226
\char_make_begin_group:N . 43, 2229, 2230	\char_show_value_catcode:w
\char_make_begin_group:n . 43, 2245, 2246	42, 2215, 2223, 2227
\char_make_comment:N 43, 2229, 2243	$\c \c \$
$\comment: n \dots 43, \underline{2245}, \underline{2259}$	\char_show_value_lccode:w
\char_make_end_group: N 43, 2229, 2231	44, 2277, 2284, 2286
\char_make_end_group:n 43, 2245, 2247	\char_show_value_mathcode:n
\char_make_end_line:N 43, 2229, 2234	45, 2261, 2274
\char_make_end_line:n 43, <u>2245</u> , <u>2250</u>	\char_show_value_mathcode:w
\char_make_escape:N 43, <u>2229</u> , 2229	$45, \underline{2261}, 2273, 2275$
\char_make_escape:n 43, <u>2245</u> , 2245	\char_show_value_sfcode:n 44, 2297, 2306
\char_make_ignore: N 43, <u>2229</u> , 2238	\char_show_value_sfcode:w
\char_make_ignore:n 43, <u>2245</u> , <u>2254</u>	
\char_make_invalid:N 43, <u>2229</u> , <u>2244</u>	\char_show_value_uccode:n 44, 2287, 2295
\char_make_invalid:n 43, <u>2245</u> , <u>2260</u>	\char_show_value_uccode:w
\char_make_letter:N	
	\char_value_catcode:n 42, <u>2215</u> , 2220
\char_make_letter:n	\char_value_catcode:w 42, 2215, 2219, 2221
\char_make_math_shift:N . 43, 2229, 2232	\char_value_lccode:n 44, <u>2277</u> , 2282
\char_make_math_shift:n . 43, <u>2245</u> , 2248	\char_value_lccode: w 44, 2277, 2281, 2282
\char_make_math_subscript:N	\char_value_mathcode:n 45, <u>2261</u> , 2270
	\char_value_mathcode: w 45, 2261, 2269, 2271
\char_make_math_subscript:n	\char_value_sfcode:n 44, <u>2297</u> , <u>2302</u>
	\char_value_sfcode:w 44, 2297, 2301, 2303
\char_make_math_superscript:N	\char_value_uccode: n 44, 2287, 2292 \char_value_uccode: w 44, 2287, 2291, 2292
\char_make_math_superscript:n	\chardef
	\chk_exist_cs:N 3500, 3504
\char_make_other:N 43, 2229, 2241	\chk_global:N 3505, 4267, 4277
\char_make_other:n 43, 2245, 2257	\chk_if_exist_cs:c
\char_make_parameter: N	\chk_if_exist_cs:N
\char_make_parameter:n	
\char_make_space:N 43, 2229, 2239	\chk_if_free_cs:c
\char_make_space:n 43, 2245, 2255	11, <u>1121</u> , 1136, 5284, 5288, 5366
\char_set_catcode:nn	\chk_if_free_cs:N
	11, <u>1121</u> , 1121, 1137, 1141,
2260, 2313, 2315, 2319, 2324, 2409,	1194, 1266, 2741, 2942, 3247, 3321,
2495–2499, 5787, 5901, 5902, 5914	3361, 3419, 3439, 3447, 4242, 5621
\char set catcode: # 10 2215 2215 2217	

\chk_local_or_pref_global:N 2748,	\clist_gput_right:Nx 89, 4667
2761, 2766, 2796, 2802, 3255, 3270,	\clist_gremove_duplicates:N
3285, 3292, 3501, 4290, 4324, 4328	
\chk_var_or_const:N 3441, 3448,	\clist_gremove_element:Nn 93 , 4756 , 4759
3501, 3505, 3520, 3532, 4273, 4278	\clist_gset_eq:cc 88, <u>4582</u> , 4585
.choice: 122	\clist_gset_eq:cN 88, <u>4582</u> , 4583
.choice_code:n 122	\clist_gset_eq:Nc 88, <u>4582</u> , 4584
.choice_code:x 122	\clist_gset_eq:NN 88, 4582, 4582, 4754, 4760
\cleaders 252	\clist_if_empty:c 4587
\clearpage 5839, 5842, 5847, 5850	\clist_if_empty:cTF 92, 4586
\clist_clear:c 88, <u>4570</u>	\clist_if_empty:N 4586
\clist_clear:N	\clist_if_empty:NF 4672, 4691
88, <u>4570</u> , 4570, 4571, 4741, 4763, 5390	\clist_if_empty:NTF 92, 4586, 4651
\clist_clear_new:c 88, <u>4574</u>	\clist_if_empty_err:N
$\clist_clear_new:N 88, 4574, 4574, 4575$	
\clist_concat:ccc 92, <u>4726</u>	\clist_if_empty_p:c 91, 4586
\clist_concat:NNN 92, 4726, 4735, 4737	\clist_if_empty_p:N 91, 4586
\clist_concat_aux:NNNN	\clist_if_eq:cc 4597
4726, 4726, 4735, 4736	\clist_if_eq:ccTF 92, 4594
\clist_display:c 90, 4635	\clist_if_eq:cN 4595
\clist_display: N $90, \underline{4635}, 4635, 4649$	\clist_if_eq:cNTF 92, 4594
\clist_gclear:c 88, <u>4570</u>	\clist_if_eq:Nc 4596
$\clist_gclean: N \dots 88, 4570, 4572, 4573$	\clist_if_eq:NcTF 92, 4594
\clist_gclear_new:c 88, <u>4574</u>	\clist_if_eq:NN 4594
$\verb \clist_gclear_new:N . 88, \underline{4574}, 4576, 4577$	\clist_if_eq:NNTF 92, <u>4594</u>
\clist_gconcat:ccc 92, <u>4726</u>	\clist_if_eq_p:cc 92, <u>4594</u>
\clist_gconcat:NNN 92, <u>4726</u> , 4736, 4738	\clist_if_eq_p:cN 92, 4594
\clist_get:cN 90, 4617, 4786	\clist_if_eq_p:Nc 92, 4594
$\clist_get:NN 90, 4617, 4617, 4622, 4785$	\clist_if_eq_p:NN 92, 4594
\clist_get_aux:w 94, 4617, 4619, 4621	\clist_if_in:cnTF 92, 4598
\clist_gpop:cN 93, 4779	\clist_if_in:coTF 92, 4598
\clist_gpop:NN 93, 4779, 4783, 4784	\clist_if_in:cVTF 92, 4598
\clist_gpush:cn 93, <u>4779</u>	\clist_if_in:Nn 4598
\clist_gpush: Nn 93, 4779, 4779, 4782	\clist_if_in:NnF 4607, 4746, 5302
\clist_gpush:No 93, 4779, 4781	\clist_if_in:NnT 4606
\clist_gpush:NV 93, 4779, 4780	\clist_if_in:NnTF 92, 4598, 4605, 5394
\clist_gput_left:cn 89, <u>4659</u>	\clist_if_in:NoTF 92, 4598
\clist_gput_left:co 89, <u>4659</u>	\clist_if_in:NVTF 92, 4598
\clist_gput_left:cV 89, <u>4659</u>	\clist_map_break: 91, 4688, 4688
\clist_gput_left:Nn	\clist_map_function:cN 90 , 4671
$89, \underline{4659}, 4659, 4662, 4779$	\clist_map_function:NN
\clist_gput_left:No 89, 4659, 4781	\dots 90, <u>4671</u> , 4671, 4677, 4742, 4769
\clist_gput_left:NV 89, 4659, 4780	\clist_map_function:nN $90, \underline{4671}, 4678, 6126$
\clist_gput_left:Nx 89, <u>4659</u>	$\clist_map_function_aux:Nw 4673,$
\clist_gput_right:cn 89, <u>4667</u>	$4680, \ \underline{4683}, \ 4683, \ 4686, \ 4695, \ 4707$
\clist_gput_right:co 89, <u>4667</u>	\clist_map_inline:cn 91, 4689
\clist_gput_right:cV 89, <u>4667</u>	\clist_map_inline:Nn
\clist_gput_right:\n 89, 4667, 4667, 4670	<i>91</i> , 4639, <u>4689</u> , 4690, 4701, 7021, 7084
\clist_gput_right:No 89, <u>4667</u>	\clist_map_inline:nn 91, 4689, 4702
\clist gout right:NV 80 4667	\clist man variable cNn 01 1713

\clist_map_variable:NNn	\clist_set_eq:NN 88 , 4578 , 4578 , 4751 , 4757
	\clist_show:c $90, \underline{4633}, 4634$
\clist_map_variable:nNn	\clist_show: N $90, \underline{4633}, 4633$
	\clist_tmp:w 4599, 4603
\clist_map_variable_aux:Nnw	\clist_top:cN 93, <u>4785</u> , 4786
$\dots \dots $	\clist_top:NN 93, <u>4785</u> , 4785
\clist_new:c 88, <u>4568</u>	\clist_use:c 90, <u>4608</u>
\clist_new:N	\clist_use:N $90, \underline{4608}, 4608, 4616$
88, <u>4568</u> , 4568, 4569, 4739, 5268, 5271	\closein 128
\clist_pop:cN 93, 4773	\closeout 123
\clist_pop:NN 93, <u>4773</u> , 4777, 4778	\clubpenalties 436
\clist_pop_aux:nnNN	\clubpenalty 263
$94, \underline{4623}, 4623, 4777, 4783$.code:n 122
\clist_pop_aux:w 94, 4623, 4625, 4627	.code:x 122
\clist_pop_auxi:w 94, 4623, 4630, 4632	\copy 320
\clist_push:cn 93, 4773, 4776	\count 371
\clist_push: Nn 93, 4773, 4773	\countdef 70
\clist_push:No 93, 4773, 4775	\cr 95
\clist_push:NV 93, 4773, 4774	\crcr 96
\clist_put_aux:NNnnNn	\cs:w 11, <u>781</u> , 784, 838,
94, <u>4650</u> , 4650, 4656, 4660, 4664, 4668	879, 1066, 1431, 1473, 1486, 1487,
\clist_put_left:cn 89, <u>4655</u> , 4776	1489, 1491, 1493-1495, 1554, 1708,
\clist_put_left:co 89, <u>4655</u>	1714, 1717, 2344, 2822, 3624, 5782
\clist_put_left:cV 89, 4655	\cs_end: 11, <u>781</u> , 785,
\clist_put_left:Nn	838, 879, 1060, 1066, 1431, 1473,
$89, \underline{4655}, 4655, 4658, 4773$	1486, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1494,
\clist_put_left:No 89, 4655, 4775	$1496,\ 1554,\ 1710,\ 1711,\ 1720-1722,$
\clist_put_left:NV 89, 4655, 4774	1724, 1726, 1728, 1730, 1732, 1734,
\clist_put_left:Nx 89, 4655	1736-1747, 2344 , 2822 , 3624 , 5782
\clist_put_right:cn 89, 4663	\cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn
\clist_put_right:co 89, 4663	. 973, 978, 983, 988, 1373, 6139, 6144
\clist_put_right:cV 89, 4663	\cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn
$\clist_put_right:Nn \dots 89, 4663,$	1344, 1344, 1374
4663, 4666, 4747, 4766, 5303, 5397	\cs_generate_from_arg_count_error_msg:Nn
\clist_put_right:No 89, 4663	1344, 1367 , 1376
\clist_put_right:NV 89, 4663	\cs_generate_internal_variant:n
\clist_put_right:Nx 89, <u>4663</u>	25, 1577, 1622, 1622
\clist_remove_duplicates: N 92, 4740 , 4750	\cs_generate_internal_variant_aux:n
\clist_remove_duplicates_aux:n	$\dots 1625, \underline{1628}, 1628, 1633$
$\underline{4740}, 4742, 4745$	\cs_generate_variant:Nn
\clist_remove_duplicates_aux:NN	. 24, <u>1555</u> , 1555, 1844–1847, 1851,
$\dots \dots \underline{4740}, 4740, 4751, 4754$	1855, 1859, 1863, 1930, 1931, 2131,
\clist_remove_element:Nn . 93 , 4756 , 4756	2149, 2197-2204, 2745, 2757, 2758,
\clist_remove_element_aux:n	2785–2788, 2790, 2792, 2817–2820,
4756 , 4764 , 4769 , 4772	3007, 3033, 3034, 3251, 3265, 3266,
\clist_remove_element_aux:NNn	3280, 3281, 3288, 3302, 3311, 3314,
4756, 4757 , 4760 , 4762	3317, 3319, 3365, 3367, 3369, 3371,
\clist_set_eq:cc 88, <u>4578</u> , 4581	3373, 3377, 3379, 3381, 3383, 3385,
\clist_set_eq:cN 88, <u>4578</u> , 4579	$3387,\ 3445,\ 3465,\ 3467,\ 3481 - 3497,$
\clist set eq:Nc 88, 4578, 4580	3512, 3513, 3515, 3517, 3529, 3540,

3571 - 3579, $3610 - 3617$, $3641 - 3644$,	\cs_gnew_eq:NN 1276
3648–3651, 3656–3663, 3670–3677,	\cs_gnew_nopar:cpn 1241
3864, 3876, 3895, 3900, 3914, 3923,	\cs_gnew_nopar:cpx 1245
3990-3992, 3999-4004, 4032, 4033,	\cs_gnew_nopar:Npn 1233
4059, 4060, 4063, 4064, 4071, 4072,	\cs_gnew_nopar:Npx 1237
$4076, \ 4078, \ 4083, \ 4084, \ 4103-4106,$	\cs_gnew_protected:cpn 1244
4246, 4248, 4251, 4266, 4269, 4286,	\cs_gnew_protected:cpx 1248
4287, 4297, 4298, 4307, 4308, 4310,	\cs_gnew_protected:Npn 1236
4315, 4321, 4335, 4349 - 4351, 4362 -	\cs_gnew_protected:Npx 1240
4365, 4370 - 4373, 4416, 4420, 4436 -	\cs_gnew_protected_nopar:cpn 1243
4438, 4446, 4472, 4480, 4483, 4502,	\cs_gnew_protected_nopar:cpx 1247
4503, 4514, 4522, 4528, 4551, 4554,	\cs_gnew_protected_nopar:Npn 1235
4555, 4569, 4571, 4573, 4575, 4577,	\cs_gnew_protected_nopar:Npx 1239
$4605-4607,\ 4616,\ 4622,\ 4649,\ 4658,$	\cs_gset:cpn 18, <u>1215</u> ,
4662, 4666, 4670, 4677, 4701, 4720,	1217, 3879, 3888, 4693, 4705, 4924
4737, 4738, 4778, 4782, 4784, 4830,	\cs_gset:cpx 18, <u>1215</u> , 1218
4841, 4845, 4874, 4875, 4887, 4888,	\cs_gset:Npn 18, 818, 820, 1200, 1217, 1478
4906–4908, 4920, 4930, 4994, 4995,	\cs_gset:Npx 18, 818, 823, 1201, 1218
4999, 5003, 5016, 5029, 5135, 5147,	$\cs_gset_eq:cc$. 20, $\underline{1272}$, 1275, 1838, 4412
5179, 5183, 5194, 5198, 5625, 5635 -	\cs_gset_eq:cN 20 , 1272 , 1274 , 1290 ,
5642, 5646-5649, 5651, 5653, 5655,	1828, 1830, 1837, 4410, 5055, 5095
5657,5660,5662,5668,5670,5674-	\cs_gset_eq:Nc 20 , 1272 , 1273 ,
5676, 5678, 5680, 5682, 5690, 5692,	1836, 4411, 5046, 5064, 5086, 5104
5696, 5698, 5711, 5713, 5716, 5718,	\cs_gset_eq:NN
5722, 5724, 5728, 5733, 5740, 5742,	$. 20, \underline{1272}, 1272 - 1275, 1287, 1827, $
6158, 6274, 6336, 7049–7051, 7066	1829, 1835, 3504, 3510, 4152, 4409
$\cs_generate_variant_aux:N$	\cs_gset_nopar:cpn 18, <u>1206</u> , 1211, 1775
1555, 1567 , 1572 , 1582 , 1589 , 1590	\cs_gset_nopar:cpx 18, <u>1206</u> , 1212
\cs_generate_variant_aux:nnNn	\cs_gset_nopar:Npn 18, <u>818</u> , 818,
1555, 1557, 1559	821, 827, 833, 1198, 1211, 2325, 3443
\cs_generate_variant_aux:nnw	\cs_gset_nopar:Npx 18,
1555, 1560 , 1562 , 1587	<u>818,</u> 819, 824, 830, 836, 1199, 1212,
\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:c 1341	3449, 3476, 3479, 3557, 3560, 3563,
$\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature:N$.	3566, 3569, 3596, 3599, 3602, 3605,
	3608, 4135, 4140, 4176, 4180, 4184,
916, 923, 930, 1325, 1325, 1342, 6186	4188, 4212, 4216, 4220, 4224, 6776
\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature_aux:nnN	\cs_gset_protected:cpn 19 , $\underline{1227}$, $\underline{1229}$
1325, 1326, 1328	\cs_gset_protected:cpx 19 , $\underline{1227}$, $\underline{1230}$
\cs_get_arg_count_from_signature_auxii:w	\cs_gset_protected:Npn
1325, 1335, 1340	19, 818, 832, 1204, 1229
\cs_get_function_name:N . 21 , 1042 , 1042	\cs_gset_protected:Npx
\cs_get_function_signature:N	19, 818, 835, 1205, 1230
	\cs_gset_protected_nopar:cpn
\cs_gnew:cpn 1242	19, 1221, 1223
\cs_gnew:cpx 1246	\cs_gset_protected_nopar:cpx
\cs_gnew:Npn 1234	
\cs_gnew:Npx 1238	\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npn
\cs_gnew_eq:cc 1279	
\cs_gnew_eq:cN 1277	\cs_gset_protected_nopar:Npx
\cs gnew eq:Nc 1278	19, 818, 829, 1203, 1224

\cs_gundefine:c 19, <u>1280</u> , 1289	\cs_new:cpn 17, <u>1215</u> , 1219, 1242,
\cs_gundefine:N 19, 1280, 1286, 5131, 5143	1720-1723, 1725 , 1727 , 1729 , 1731 ,
\cs_if_do_not_use_aux:nnN 1074, 1075, 1077	1733, 1735, 1737–1747, 6261, 6264
\cs_if_do_not_use_p:N 10, 1074, 1074, 1087	\cs_new:cpx 17, <u>1215</u> , 1220, 1246, 1624
\cs_if_eq:ccF 1400	\cs_new:Npn 17, 891, 915, 1191, 1200,
\cs_if_eq:ccT 1399	1219, 1234, 1417, 1420, 1423, 1424,
\cs_if_eq:ccTF 10, <u>1385</u> , 1398	1427, 1430, 1433, 1436, 1446, 1454,
_	1481, 1482, 1484, 1487, 1488, 1490,
•	1492, 1495, 1544, 1545, 1548, 1551,
\cs_if_eq:cNT	1554, 1611, 1628, 1635, 1636, 1640,
\cs_if_eq:cNTF 10, <u>1385</u> , 1390	1643, 1647, 1659, 1665, 1748, 1754,
\cs_if_eq:NcF 1396	1763, 1783, 1791, 1848, 1852, 1856,
\cs_if_eq:NcT 1395	1860, 1887, 1890, 1926, 1927, 1932,
\cs_if_eq:NcTF 10, <u>1385</u> , <u>1394</u>	1933, 1941, 1944, 1947, 1950, 1953,
\cs_if_eq:NN 1385	1957, 1963, 1967, 1973, 1977, 1983,
\cs_if_eq:NNF 1392, 1396, 1400	1987, 1993, 2120, 2126, 2132, 2141,
\cs_if_eq:NNT 1391, 1395, 1399	2150, 2598, 2601, 2631, 3667, 3700,
$\cs_{if_eq:NNTF}$. 10 , 1385 , 1390 , 1394 , 1398	3704, 3707, 3710, 3713, 3716, 3719,
\cs_if_eq_name:NN 1173	3722, 3725, 3728, 3731, 3734, 3737,
\cs_if_eq_name_p:NN 10, <u>1173</u>	3740, 3865, 3872, 3907, 3910, 3918,
\cs_if_eq_p:cc 10, <u>1385</u> , 1397	3929, 4073, 4075, 4077, 4081, 4082,
\cs_if_eq_p:cN 10, <u>1385</u> , 1389	4094, 4322, 4393, 4394, 4632, 4678,
$\c _{if}_{eq_p:Nc} \dots 10, \underline{1385}, \underline{1393}$	4683, 4772, 5200, 5412, 5663–5666,
\cs_if_eq_p:NN . 10, <u>1385</u> , <u>1389</u> , <u>1393</u> , <u>1397</u>	5915, 5918, 5921, 5944, 5974, 5995,
\cs_if_exist:c 1059	6036, 6037, 6313, 6516, 6744, 6789,
\cs_if_exist:cF 3758	6841, 6860, 6863, 6868, 6871, 6874,
\cs_if_exist:cT 6317	6877, 6880, 6884, 6888, 6892, 6896
\cs_if_exist:cT	$\c. 17, 1191, 1201, 1220, 1238$
	\cs_new:Npx 17, <u>1191</u> , 1201, 1220, 1238 \cs_new_eq:cc 20, 936, <u>1265</u> , 1271, 1279
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10 , 1048 , 2155 ,	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} $$ \cs_new_eq:cc $20, 936, $\frac{1265}{1265}, 1271, 1279 $$ \cs_new_eq:cN $20, $\frac{1265}{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 $$$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398,	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} $$ \cs_new_eq:cc 17, $$ \underline{1191}, 1201, 1220, 1238 $$ \cs_new_eq:cc 20, 936, $$ \underline{1265}, 1271, 1279 $$ \cs_new_eq:cn 20, $$ \underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 $$ \cs_new_eq:Nc 20, $$ \underline{1265}, 1270, 1278 $$$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} $$ \cs_new_eq:cc . $$ 20,936, $\frac{1265}{1265}, 1271, 1279 $$ \cs_new_eq:cN . $$ 20, $\frac{1265}{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 $$ \cs_new_eq:Nc 20, $\frac{1265}{1265}, 1265, 1270, 1278 $$ \cs_new_eq:NN 20, $\frac{1265}{1265}, 1265, 1269 $$ $$$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} $$ \cs_new_eq:cc . $$ 20, 936, $\underline{1265}, 1271, 1279 $$ \cs_new_eq:cN . $$ 20, $\underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 $$ \cs_new_eq:Nc 20, $\underline{1265}, 1269, 1270, 1278 $$ \cs_new_eq:NN . $$ 20, $\underline{1265}, 1265, 1269 - 1271, 1276, 1303, 1305, 1312, 1314, $$$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} $$ \cs_new_eq:cc 20, 936, $\underline{1265}, 1271, 1279 $$ \cs_new_eq:cN 20, $\underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 $$ \cs_new_eq:Nc 20, $\underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1278 $$ \cs_new_eq:NN 20, $\underline{1265}, 1265, 1269 - 1271, 1276, 1303, 1305, 1312, 1314, 1821, 1831-1838, 2215, 2261, 2277, $$$
\cs_if_exist:cTF \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329 \cs_if_exist:NT 5125, 5137, 7017, 7037 \cs_if_exist:NTF	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329 \cs_if_exist:NT 5125, 5137, 7017, 7037 \cs_if_exist:NTF 10, 1048, 1293, 2394, 5203, 6176, 6211	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} \begin{array}{l} \texttt{\cs_new:Npx} & \dots & 17, \underline{1191}, 1201, 1220, 1238 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:cc} & \dots & 20, 936, \underline{1265}, 1271, 1279 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:cN} & \dots & 20, \underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:Nc} & \dots & 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1270, 1278 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:NN} & \dots & 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1269 \\ & & & 1271, 1276, 1303, 1305, 1312, 1314,\\ & & & 1821, 1831-1838, 2215, 2261, 2277,\\ & & & 2287, 2297, 2309-2311, 2733-2735,\\ & & & 2821, 2823, 2824, 3083, 3084, 3310,\\ & & & 3313, 3316, 3318, 3384, 3386, 3394, \\ \end{array}$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329 \cs_if_exist:NTF 5125, 5137, 7017, 7037 \cs_if_exist:NTF 10, 1048, 1293, 2394, 5203, 6176, 6211 \cs_if_exist_p:c 10, 1048	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} \begin{array}{l} \texttt{\cs_new:Npx} \dots 17, \underline{1191}, 1201, 1220, 1238 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:cc} \dots 20, 936, \underline{1265}, 1271, 1279 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:cN} \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:Nc} \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1270, 1278 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:NN} \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1269 \\ \underline{1271}, 1276, 1303, 1305, 1312, 1314, \\ \underline{1821}, 1831 - 1838, 2215, 2261, 2277, \\ \underline{2287}, 2297, 2309 - 2311, 2733 - 2735, \\ \underline{2821}, 2823, 2824, 3083, 3084, 3310, \\ \underline{3313}, 3316, 3318, 3384, 3386, 3394, \\ \underline{3395}, 3397, 3429, 3430, 3509, 3510, \\ \end{array}$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329 \cs_if_exist:NT 5125, 5137, 7017, 7037 \cs_if_exist:NTF 10, 1048, 1293, 2394, 5203, 6176, 6211 \cs_if_exist_p:c 10, 1048 \cs_if_exist_p:N 10, 1048, 1081, 3521, 3533 \cs_if_free:cF 1098	$\label{eq:cs_new:Npx} \begin{array}{l} \texttt{\cs_new:Npx} \dots 17, \underline{1191}, 1201, 1220, 1238 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:cc} \dots 20, 936, \underline{1265}, 1271, 1279 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:cN} \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:Nc} \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1270, 1278 \\ \texttt{\cs_new_eq:NN} \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1269 \\ & 1271, 1276, 1303, 1305, 1312, 1314, \\ & 1821, 1831-1838, 2215, 2261, 2277, \\ & 2287, 2297, 2309-2311, 2733-2735, \\ & 2821, 2823, 2824, 3083, 3084, 3310, \\ & 3313, 3316, 3318, 3384, 3386, 3394, \\ & 3395, 3397, 3429, 3430, 3509, 3510, \\ & 3528, 3539, 3703, 3858-3860, 3906, \\ \end{array}$
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329 \cs_if_exist:NTF 5125, 5137, 7017, 7037 \cs_if_exist:NTF 10, 1048, 1293, 2394, 5203, 6176, 6211 \cs_if_exist_p:c 10, 1048 \cs_if_exist_p:c 10, 1048 \cs_if_exist_p:N 10, 1048, 1081, 3521, 3533 \cs_if_free:cF 1098 \cs_if_free:cT 1097, 1623, 6149, 6154	$\begin{array}{l} \verb \cs_new:Npx \dots 17, \underline{1191}, 1201, 1220, 1238 \\ \verb \cs_new_eq:cc \dots 20, 936, \underline{1265}, 1271, 1279 \\ \verb \cs_new_eq:cn \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1269, 1277, 1822 \\ \verb \cs_new_eq:Nc \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1270, 1278 \\ \verb \cs_new_eq:Nc \dots 20, \underline{1265}, 1265, 1269 \\ \underline{1271}, 1276, 1303, 1305, 1312, 1314, \\ \underline{1821}, 1831 \\ \underline{1831} \\ \underline{1838}, 2215, 2261, 2277, \\ \underline{2287}, 2297, 2309 \\ \underline{2311}, 2733 \\ \underline{273}, 2821, 2823, 2824, 3083, 3084, 3310, \\ \underline{3313}, \underline{3316}, \underline{3318}, \underline{3384}, \underline{3386}, \underline{3394}, \\ \underline{3395}, \underline{3397}, \underline{3429}, \underline{3430}, \underline{3509}, \underline{3510}, \\ \underline{3528}, \underline{3539}, \underline{3703}, \underline{3858} \\ \underline{3860}, \underline{3906}, \\ \underline{4074}, \underline{4079}, \underline{4080}, \underline{4247}, \underline{4254}, \underline{4268}, \\ \end{aligned}$
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\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329 \cs_if_exist:NT 5125, 5137, 7017, 7037 \cs_if_exist:NTF 10, 1048, 1293, 2394, 5203, 6176, 6211 \cs_if_exist_p:C 10, 1048 \cs_if_exist_p:N 10, 1048, 1081, 3521, 3533 \cs_if_free:cF 1098 \cs_if_free:cT 1097, 1623, 6149, 6154 \cs_if_free:cTF 1098, 1122, 1142 \cs_if_free:NF 1098, 1122, 1142 \cs_if_free:NTF 1098, 1096, 5177, 5181 \cs_if_free_p:C 10, 1080, 1095 \cs_if_free_p:C 10, 1080, 1095 \cs_if_free_p:C 10, 1080, 1095	\cs_new:Npx 17, 1191, 1201, 1220, 1238 \cs_new_eq:cc 20, 936, 1265, 1271, 1279 \cs_new_eq:cN 20, 1265, 1269, 1277, 1822 \cs_new_eq:Nc 20, 1265, 1265, 1270, 1278 \cs_new_eq:NN 20, 1265, 1265, 1269 \cdot 1271, 1276, 1303, 1305, 1312, 1314, 1821, 1831-1838, 2215, 2261, 2277, 2287, 2297, 2309-2311, 2733-2735, 2821, 2823, 2824, 3083, 3084, 3310, 3313, 3316, 3318, 3384, 3386, 3394, 3395, 3397, 3429, 3430, 3509, 3510, 3528, 3539, 3703, 3858-3860, 3906, 4074, 4079, 4080, 4247, 4254, 4268, 4283, 4284, 4309, 4395-4412, 4456, 4457, 4515, 4516, 4546-4549, 4552, 4556, 4557, 4568, 4570, 4572, 4574, 4576, 4578-4585, 4633, 4634, 4688, 4773-4776, 4779-4781, 4785, 4786, 4798-4813, 4931, 4942-4945, 4965, 4977, 4997, 5001, 5201, 5626-5628, 5658, 5671-5673, 5677, 5679, 5684,
\cs_if_exist:cTF 10, 1048, 2155, 2178, 5045, 5074, 5085, 5114, 5398, 5405, 5461, 5560, 5772, 6116, 6218 \cs_if_exist:N 1048 \cs_if_exist:NF 1155, 4116, 6091, 6329 \cs_if_exist:NT 5125, 5137, 7017, 7037 \cs_if_exist:NTF 10, 1048, 1293, 2394, 5203, 6176, 6211 \cs_if_exist_p:c 10, 1048 \cs_if_exist_p:n 10, 1048, 1081, 3521, 3533 \cs_if_free:cF 1098, 1081, 3521, 3533 \cs_if_free:cT 1097, 1623, 6149, 6154 \cs_if_free:NF 1080, 1096, 1566, 5791, 6953 \cs_if_free:NF 1098, 1122, 1142 \cs_if_free:NT 1098, 1096, 5177, 5181 \cs_if_free:NF 1080, 1096, 5177, 5181 \cs_if_free:p:c 10, 1080, 1095	\cs_new:Npx 17, 1191, 1201, 1220, 1238 \cs_new_eq:cc 20, 936, 1265, 1271, 1279 \cs_new_eq:cN 20, 1265, 1269, 1277, 1822 \cs_new_eq:Nc 20, 1265, 1265, 1270, 1278 \cs_new_eq:NN 20, 1265, 1265, 1269-

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                                                      4262, 4326, 4337, 4343, 4353, 4443,
       \dots 17, <u>1206</u>, 1213, 1241, 1907–1912
                                                      4447, 4451, 4473, 4476, 4477, 4481,
\cs_new_nopar:cpx .....
                                                      4484, 4493, 4504, 4510, 4530, 4535,
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       .... 17, <u>1206</u>, 1214, 1245, 1618, 2645
                                                      4713, 4721, 4740, 4745, 4762, 4831,
\cs_new_nopar:Npn ..... 17,
       <u>1191</u>, 1198, 1207, 1213, 1233, 1292,
                                                      4837, 4840, 4842, 4844, 4846, 4848,
       1301, 1324, 1389-1400, 1416, 1441,
                                                      4854, 4860, 4866, 4876, 4878, 4880,
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       1604, 1609, 1653-1656, 1662, 1694,
       1696, 1697, 1707, 1713, 1716, 1719,
                                                      5388, 5433, 5537, 5550, 5620, 5689,
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       1902, 1906, 2077, 2081, 2090, 2094,
       2219, 2220, 2223, 2226, 2269, 2270,
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       2273, 2274, 2281, 2282, 2284, 2285,
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       2291, 2292, 2294, 2295, 2301, 2302,
                                                      6137, 6142, 6153, 6159, 6168, 6172,
       2305, 2306, 2386, 2416, 2423, 2434,
                                                      6183, 6269, 6279, 6283, 6314, 6812
       2445, 2456, 2467, 2474, 2481, 2488,
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                                                       \dots 17, \underline{1191}, 1205, 1232, 1240
       2502, 2505, 2511, 2517, 2543, 2573,
       2608, 2615, 2622, 2639, 2713, 2799,
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       2822, 2825, 2838, 2842, 2846, 2860,
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                                                       ..... 17, <u>1221</u>, 1226, 1247, 1616
       3056, 3303, 3312, 3315, 3344, 3402,
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       3405, 3408, 3411, 3457, 3466, 3861,
                                                      <u>1191</u>, 1202, 1225, 1235, 1269–1271,
       3863, 3868, 3924, 4423, 4608, 4671,
                                                      1273–1275, 1280, 1283, 1286, 1289,
       4903, 5199, 5273, 5276, 5281, 5282,
                                                      1821–1830, 1994, 2112, 2216, 2229–
       5411, 5755–5757, 5771, 5790, 5909,
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       6224, 6260, 6310, 6501, 6502, 6531,
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       6534, 6537, 6540, 6543, 6546, 6549,
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       6552, 6555, 6558, 6561, 6564, 6567,
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       6570, 6573, 6576, 6579, 6582, 6585,
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       6589, 6593, 6597, 6601, 6605, 6609,
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       6622, 6627, 6628, 6632, 6636, 6655,
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       6671, 6687, 6693, 6694, 6696, 6705,
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       6714, 6722, 6731, 6740, 6742, 6804,
                                                      3451, 3452, 3499, 3503, 3514, 3516,
       6805, 6851, 6853, 6855, 6898, 6952
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\cs_new_nopar:Npx 17, 1191, 1199, 1214, 1237
                                                      4006, 4029, 4034, 4037, 4241, 4250,
\cs_new_protected:cpn 17, 1227, 1231, 1244
                                                      4267, 4271, 4276, 4288, 4292, 4299,
\cs_new_protected:cpx .... 17, 1227,
                                                      4302, 4311, 4316, 4330, 4413, 4417,
       1232, 1248, 5518, 5523, 5528, 5532
                                                      4439, 4458, 4517, 4523, 4540, 4543,
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                                                      4550, 4553, 4588, 4617, 4635, 4655,
       .. 17, 903, 929, 1191, 1204, 1231,
                                                      4659, 4663, 4667, 4719, 4726, 4735,
       1236, 1265, 1272, 1442, 1555, 1622,
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       1773, 1799, 1805, 1813, 2575, 2583,
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       2586, 2589, 3438, 3446, 3453, 3469,
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       3472, 3475, 3478, 3541, 3544, 3547,
                                                      5069, 5084, 5109, 5124, 5136, 5148,
       3550, 3553, 3556, 3559, 3562, 3565,
                                                      5151, 5168, 5169, 5173, 5175, 5176,
       3568, 3580, 3583, 3586, 3589, 3592,
                                                      5180, 5184, 5187, 5190, 5195, 5207,
       3595, 3598, 3601, 3604, 3607, 3877,
                                                      5210, 5283, 5287, 5291, 5296, 5301,
       3886, 3896, 3901, 3930, 3931, 3941,
                                                      5353, 5356, 5359, 5362, 5365, 5370,
       3957, 3967, 3975, 4009, 4040, 4061,
                                                      5413, 5422, 5496, 5499, 5502, 5505,
       4062, 4065, 4068, 4255, 4258, 4261,
                                                      5508, 5511, 5514, 5517, 5570, 5574,
```

5650, 5652, 5654, 5656, 5659, 5661,	6043, 6047, 6517, 6518, 6521, 6522,
5667, 5669, 5688, 5691, 5697, 5699,	6637-6643, 6645, 6657, 6660, 6663,
5702, 5707, 5714, 5717, 5723, 5725,	6673,6676,6679,6717,6718,6751-
5730, 5785, 5874, 5877, 5880, 5906,	6753,6758-6761,6866,6867,6899-
6038, 6042, 6046, 6080, 6099, 6104,	6904, 6943, 6955–6957, 6961–6963
6128, 6147, 6164, 6198, 6203, 6209,	$\cs_set_eq:NwN \dots 20$
6229, 6233, 6238, 6246, 6249, 6263,	<u>753</u> , 759–786, 788, 791–799, 818,
6266, 6275, 6298, 6324, 6328, 6790,	819, 1100, 1233–1248, 1261, 1412–1414
7013, 7052, 7067, 7071, 7074, 7080	\cs_set_nopar:cpn 18, <u>1206</u> , 1209, 1249-
\cs_new_protected_nopar:Npx	1257, 1259, 2827, 2828, 5764, 6965
17, <u>1191</u> , 1203, 1226, 1239	\cs_set_nopar:cpx 18, <u>1206</u> , <u>1210</u>
\cs_record_meaning:N 15, 1118, 1119, 1130	\cs_set_nopar:Npn
\cs_set:cpn	. 18, 742, <u>798</u> , 798, 800, 801, 803,
. 18, <u>1215</u> , 1215, 1875, 1898, 1901,	806, 807, 809, 813, 1012, 1095–1098,
1913, 1914, 3108, 3112, 3116, 3120,	1167, 1184, 1209, 1341, 1373, 1462,
3124, 3128, 3132, 5293, 5294, 5298	1472, 1497–1499, 1501–1503, 1507–
\cs_set:cpx	1512, 1515, 1516, 1519, 1523, 1525,
1216, 1995, 1999, 2003, 2007, 2011,	1527, 1530, 1531, 1535–1538, 1543,
2020, 2029, 2038, 2047, 2049, 2051,	1808, 1816, 2850, 2928, 2930, 3008,
2053, 2055, 2057, 2059, 2061, 2063	3035, 3047, 3064, 3743, 4722, 4851,
\cs_set:Npn 18, <u>798</u> ,	4870, 4881, 4883, 4909, 5318, 5389,
800, 838, 846–881, 885, 909, 938–	5780, 5796, 5813, 5814, 5823, 5824,
940, 945, 952, 957, 962, 967, 972,	5827, 5830, 6665, 6681, 6748, 6754
977, 982, 987, 992, 995, 1006–1009,	\cs_set_nopar:Npx 18, 798, 799,
1019, 1025, 1029, 1038, 1042, 1045,	804, 810, 816, 1210, 1443, 3470,
1074, 1077, 1119, 1188, 1191, 1206,	3473, 3542, 3545, 3548, 3551, 3554,
1215, 1325, 1328, 1340, 1344, 1376,	3581, 3584, 3587, 3590, 3593, 4125,
1486, 1559, 1562, 1589, 1864, 1868,	4130, 4156, 4160, 4164, 4168, 4172,
1915, 1918, 1923, 2070, 2071, 3091,	4192, 4196, 4200, 4204, 4208, 5797
3098, 3102, 3141, 3148, 3158, 3168,	\cs_set_protected:cpn 18, <u>1227</u> , 1227, 5372
3171, 3195, 3196, 3210, 3213, 3216,	\cs_set_protected:cpx
3219, 3222, 3225, 3228, 3231, 3951,	18, <u>1227</u> , 1228, 5375, 5378, 5381, 5384
3985, 3994, 4010, 4015, 4042, 4430,	\cs_set_protected:Npn
4518, 4524, 4599, 4764, 4832, 4913,	18, <u>798</u> , 812, 839, 882, 888,
5320, 5341, 5348, 5393, 5963, 6140	894, 897, 900, 906, 912, 919, 922,
$\cs_{set:Npx}$ $18, \underline{798}, 803, 841, 1216, 6145$	926, 932, 935, 1227, 1261, 3087,
$\cs_{\text{set_eq:cc}}\ 20,933,\underline{1261},1264,1834,4408$	4114, 4122, 4127, 4132, 4137, 4142,
\cs_set_eq:cN	4148, 4154, 4158, 4162, 4166, 4170,
. 20, <u>1261</u> , 1262, 1284, 1824, 1826,	4174, 4178, 4182, 4186, 4190, 4194,
1833, 4406, 5299, 5884, 5887, 6267	4198, 4202, 4206, 4210, 4214, 4218,
\cs_set_eq:Nc 20 , 1261 , 1263 ,	4222, 5601, 5784, 6749, 6767, 6806
1832, 4407, 5895, 5897, 6174, 6210	\cs_set_protected:Npx . 18, 798, 815, 1228
\cs_set_eq:NN	\cs_set_protected_nopar:cpn
$\underline{1261},1261-1264,1267,1272,1276-$	19, 1221, 1221, 5761
1279, 1281, 1823, 1825, 1831, 2576,	\cs_set_protected_nopar:cpx
2590, 2606, 2647, 2719, 3085, 3086,	19, 1221, 1222
$3088 - 3090, \ 3335, \ 3336, \ 3468, \ 3500,$	\cs_set_protected_nopar:Npn
3509, 4146, 4405, 4520, 4526, 4990,	19, 798, 806,
4991, 5193, 5315, 5316, 5342, 5349,	812, 815, 820, 823, 826, 829, 832,
5681, 5683, 5832, 5890, 5891, 6039,	835, 1108, 1111, 1114, 1121, 1136,

1141, 1154, 1161, 1192, 1221, 1262-	\depthof 131, 6899, 6899
	_
1264, 1500, 1504, 1506, 1513, 1517,	\detokenize
1521, 1522, 1526, 1528, 1532, 1533,	\dim_add:cn
1539, 1540, 1542, 2781–2784, 5172,	\dim_add:Nc
5174, 6905–6908, 6914, 6919, 6934	\dim_add:\n 63, \frac{3374}{3374}, \frac{3377}{3378}, \frac{6556}{3308}
\cs_set_protected_nopar:Npx	\dim_compare:nNn 3398
	\dim_compare:nNnF 3406, 3412
\cs_show:c	\dim_compare:nNnT 3403, 3409
\cs_show:N 12, 781, 788, 789, 3466 \cs_split_function:NN	\dim_compare:nNnTF 64, 1969, 3398
21, 884, 890, 896, 902, 908,	\dim_compare_p:nNn 64, 3398 \dim_do_until:nNnn 64, 3402, 3411, 3412
	$\frac{64}{3402}$, $\frac{3402}{3408}$, $\frac{3402}{3408}$
914, 921, 928, 1000, 1002, <u>1020</u> , 1025, 1043, 1046, 1075, 1326, 1557	\dim_eval:n 64,
	1964, 3366, 3375, <u>3396</u> , 3396, 3399,
\cs_split_function_aux:w 1020, 1026, 1029 \cs_split_function_auxii:w	
	5663-5666, 5705, 5720, 6799, 6800 \dim_gadd:cn
\cs_str_aux:w 1013, 1019	\dim_gadd:Nn 63, <u>3374</u> , 3378, 3379, 6559
\cs_tmp:	.dim_gset:c
\cs_tmp:w 1191, 1198–1206, 1209–1232	\dim_gset:cc
\cs_to_str:N	\dim_gset:cn
4, 21, 1012, 1012, 1027, 2079, 5200	.dim_gset:N
\cs_to_str_aux:w 1012	\dim_gset:Nc
\cs_undefine:c	\dim_gset:Nn 63, 3366, 3368, 3369, 6553, 6756
\cs_undefine:N 19, 1280, 1280	\dim_gsub:cn
\csname	\dim_gsub:Nn 63, 3380, 3382, 3383, 6565
\currentgrouplevel 410	\dim_gzero:c
\currentgrouptype 411	\dim_gzero:N 62, 3370, 3372, 3373
\currentifbranch 407	\dim_new:c
\currentiflevel 406	\dim_new:N
\currentiftype 408	3360, 3365, 3388–3393, 6507–6509
(.dim_set:c 123
D	\dim_set:cn 63, 3366
\d 1593, 2406	.dim_set:N
\dagger 2900, 2906	\dim_set:Nc 63, 3366
\day 366	\dim_set:Nn 63, 3366, 3366-3368, 6550
\ddagger 2901, 2907	\dim_show:c 63, <u>3386</u>
\deadcycles 300	\dim_show:N 63, 3386, 3386, 3387
\DeclareOption 48, 51	\dim_sub:cn 63, <u>3380</u>
\def 3-6, 24, 43, 49, 52, 57, 65	\dim_sub:Nc 63, <u>3380</u>
\def_long_test_function_new:npn 4101	$\dim_sub:Nn \dots 63, 3380, 3380-3382, 6562$
.default:n 123	\dim_until_do:nNnn 64, 3402, 3405, 3406
.default:V 123	\dim_use:c 63, 3384
\default@ds 712	\dim_use:N 63, 1964, <u>3384</u> , 3384, 3385
$\defaulthyphenchar \dots 350$	$\dim_{\text{while_do:nNnn}}$ 64, 3402 , 3402 , 3403
\defaultskewchar 351	\dim_zero:c
$\verb \DefineCrossReferences 5814, 5820 $	$\dim_{zero:N} \dots 62, \underline{3370}, \underline{3370}, \underline{3370}$
\delcode 381	\dimen 372
\delimiter 175	\dimendef 71
\delimiterfactor 224	\dimexpr 425
\delimitershortfall 223	\directlua 554

\discretionary 235	\endL 446
\displayindent 200	\endlinechar 29, 37, 173
\displaylimits 210	\endR 448
\displaystyle 188	\eqno 193
\displaywidowpenalties 438	\errhelp 14, 139
\displaywidowpenalty 199	\errmessage 15, 133
\displaywidth 201	\erroneous 1479
\divide 78	\ERROR 1737, 2070, 2071, 4393,
$\verb \documentclass 5810 $	4394, 4520, 4526, 5974, 6036, 6037
\doublehyphendemerits 268	\errorcontextlines 140
\dp 379	\errorstopmode 154
\ds@ 713	\escapechar 172
\dump 362	\etex_beginL:D 445
	\etex_beginR:D 447
${f E}$	\etex_botmarks:D 394
\E 1599, 2408	\etex_clubpenalties:D 436
\edef 22, 66	\etex_currentgrouplevel:D 410
\efcode 463	\etex_currentgrouptype:D 411, 1698
\else 12, 119, 1140	\etex_currentifbranch:D 407
\else: 8, 746, <u>760</u> ,	\etex_currentiflevel:D 406
763, 867, 954, 959, 964, 974, 979,	\etex_currentiftype:D 408
984, 1014, 1032, 1051, 1054, 1062,	\etex_detokenize:D 398, 1615, 3860
1068, 1083, 1089, 1169, 1170, 1172,	\etex_dimexpr:D 425, 3396,
1189, 1304, 1309, 1313, 1318, 1322,	6700, 6709, 6726, 6735, 6783, 6795
1331, 1365, 1387, 1467, 1680, 1684,	\etex_displaywidowpenalties:D 438
1688, 1692, 1842, 1871, 1878, 1881,	\etex_endL:D 446
1894, 1939, 2136, 2144, 2153, 2161,	\etex_endR:D
2171, 2176, 2183, 2193, 2329, 2333,	\etex_eTeXrevision:D 390
2337, 2341, 2345, 2349, 2353, 2357,	\etex_eTeXversion:D 389
2361, 2365, 2369, 2373, 2377, 2381,	\etex_everyeof:D 450, 3943, 3959, 3969, 3977
2388, 2392, 2396, 2429, 2440, 2451,	\etex_firstmarks:D 393
2462, 2528, 2531, 2535, 2538, 2545,	\etex_fontchardp:D 418 \etex_fontcharht:D 417
2547, 2549, 2551, 2553, 2555, 2611,	· -
2618, 2634, 3045, 3100, 3110, 3114,	\etex_fontcharic:D
3118, 3122, 3126, 3130, 3134, 3139, 3153, 3163, 3175, 3180, 3183, 3186,	\\etex_glueexpr:D 426, 3320,
3204, 3208, 3400, 3461, 3523, 3535,	6701, 6710, 6727, 6736, 6784, 6796
3639, 3646, 3654, 3668, 3749, 3763,	\etex_glueshrink:D 429, 3353
3770, 3777, 3784, 3791, 3798, 3805,	\etex_glueshrinkorder:D 431, 3341
3812, 3819, 3826, 3833, 3840, 3847,	\etex_gluestretch:D 428, 3352
3854, 4087, 4092, 4097, 4110, 4432,	\etex_gluestretchorder:D 430, 3340
4601, 4612, 5204, 5630, 5633, 5644,	\etex_gluetomu:D 432
6612, 6614, 6616, 6637–6642, 6644,	\etex_ifcsname:D
6658, 6661, 6664, 6674, 6677, 6680,	\etex_ifdefined:D 386, 555, 556, 776
6772, 6819, 6825, 6831, 6832, 6837	\etex_iffontchar:D 416
\emergencystretch 283	\etex_interactionmode:D 414
\end 157, 5857	\etex_interlinepenalties:D 435
\endcsname	\etex_lastlinefit:D 434
\endgroup 13, 17, 92	\etex_lastnodetype:D 415, 1700, 1702
\endinput 18 131	\etex marks:D

\etex_middle:D 439	\exp_after:cc 5780
\etex_muexpr:D . 427, 3423, 3425, 3427,	\exp_after:wN 15, 178, 778,
6702, 6711, 6728, 6737, 6785, 6797	778, 842, 879–881, 947, 954, 959,
\etex_mutoglue:D 433, 6773, 6774	964, 969, 974, 979, 984, 989, 997,
\etex_numexpr:D 424, 1345, 1379, 3086,	1013, 1015, 1017, 1026, 1031, 1033,
6699, 6708, 6725, 6734, 6782, 6794	1061, 1063, 1066, 1078, 1082, 1084,
\etex_pagediscards:D 442	$1174-1179, \ 1185, \ 1330, \ 1332, \ 1335,$
\etex_parshapedimen:D 423	<u>1411</u> , 1412, 1431, 1434, 1437, 1438,
\etex_parshapeindent:D 421	1444, 1447, 1448, 1455, 1456, 1463,
\etex_parshapelength:D 422	1468, 1470, 1473, 1481 - 1488, 1490 -
\etex_predisplaydirection:D 449	1493, 1495, 1496, 1544, 1546, 1549,
tetx_protected:D $451, 560,$	1552, 1554, 1564, 1590, 1606, 1614,
563, 586, 590, 594, 599, 618, 627,	1616, 1618, 1631, 1637, 1638, 1641,
634, 642, 652, 656, 660, 680, 730, 797	1644, 1645, 1648, 1649, 1660, 1666,
\etex_readline:D 401	1709, 1877, 1880, 1882, 1888, 1891,
\etex_savinghyphcodes:D 440	1899, 1901, 1903, 2091, 2121, 2123,
\etex_savingvdiscards:D 441	2128, 2133, 2135, 2137, 2143, 2145,
\etex_scantokens:D	2344, 2384, 2395, 2413, 2420, 2430,
399, 3946, 3962, 3972, 3980	2441, 2452, 2463, 2471, 2478, 2485,
\etex_showgroups:D 412	2507, 2513, 2519, 2610, 2612, 2617,
\etex_showifs:D 413	2619, 2629, 2633, 2635, 2839, 2843,
\etex_showtokens:D 400, 3468	3037–3045, 3095, 3099, 3462, 3653,
\etex_splitbotmarks:D 396	3665, 3693, 3696, 3717, 3723, 3729,
\etex_splitdiscards:D 443	3735, 3741, 3861, 3869, 3870, 3946,
\etex_splitfirstmarks:D 395	3951 - 3954, 3980 , 3988 , 4024 , 4053 ,
\etex_TeXXETstate:D 444	4086, 4090, 4095, 4108, 4256, 4259,
\etex_topmarks:D 392	4261, 4263, 4312, 4323, 4327, 4338,
\etex_tracingassigns:D 402	4339, 4344, 4345, 4354, 4355, 4434,
\etex_tracinggroups:D 409	4441, 4449, 4474, 4512, 4613, 4619,
\etex_tracingifs:D 405	4625, 4673, 4674, 4835, 4910, 4911,
\etex_tracingnesting:D 404	4915, 5774, 5781, 5782, 5927, 5939,
\etex_tracingscantokens:D 403	5953, 5960, 5981, 5982, 5999, 6000,
\etex_unexpanded:D	6010, 6015, 6231, 6524, 6526, 6611
\dots 397, 564, 665, 669, 672, 780, 1414	\exp_arg_last_unbraced:nn
\etex_unless:D 388, 765	<u>1635</u> , 1635, 1637, 1641, 1644, 1648
\etex_widowpenalties:D 437	$\texttt{\exp_arg_next:nnn} \dots \underline{1417},$
\etexmissingerror $\dots \dots 5, 15, 16$	1417, 1434, 1437, 1444, 1447, 1455
\etexmissinghelp	\exp_arg_next_nobrace:nnn <u>1417</u> , 1420, 1431
\eTeXrevision 390	\exp_args:cc 26, <u>1486</u> , 1487
\eTeXversion 389	\exp_args:Nc 26, 787, 789, 790, <u>879</u> , 879,
\everycr 101	953, 958, 963, 968, 1095-1098, 1137,
\everydisplay 202	1162, 1207, 1262, 1269, 1274, 1301,
\everyeof 450	$1342, 1374, 1389-1392, \underline{1486}, 1486,$
\everyhbox 341	$1610, \ 3881, \ 4707, \ 6186, \ 6916, \ 6926$
\everyjob 370	\exp_args:Ncc
\everymath 226	1271, 1275, 1397-1400, 1486, 1490
\everypar 289	\exp_args:Nccc 29, <u>1486</u> , 1492
\everyvbox 342	$\exp_{args:Ncco} \dots 29, \underline{1523}, 1537, 1538$
\ExecuteOptions 53	\exp_args:Nccx 28, <u>1523</u> , 1539
\exhvphenpenalty	\exp args:Ncf 28, 1501, 1509, 1777, 1778

\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
\exp_args:NcNc 29, <u>1523</u> , 1535, 5774	\exp_eval_register: N 178, 1450, 1462,
\exp_args:NcNo	1462, 1473, 1552, 1645, 4256, 4340
\exp_args:Ncnx 28, <u>1523</u> , 1540	\exp_last_unbraced:NcV
\exp_args:Nco 28, <u>1495</u> , 1495, <u>1501</u>	30, 1653, 1656, 3890, 4695
\exp_args:Ncx 27, <u>1501</u> , <u>1506</u>	\exp_last_unbraced:Nf 30 , 1653 , 1653 , 2078
\exp_args:Nf	\exp_last_unbraced:NNNo . 30 , $\underline{1653}$, $\underline{1665}$
. 27, <u>1497</u> , 1497, 1750, 1751, 1758,	\exp_last_unbraced:NNo
1767, 1801, 1802, 1809, 1817, 1954,	<i>30</i> , <u>1653</u> , 1659, 4603, 5933, 6230
2853, 2856, 2858, 2929, 3050, 3059	\exp_last_unbraced:NNV
\exp_args:Nff 28, <u>1501</u> , 1508, <u>2931</u>	<i>30</i> , <u>1653</u> , 1662, 4300, 5951
\exp_args:Nfo	\exp_last_unbraced:NV 30, 1653, 1654
\exp_args:NNc 28, 1000, 1002, 1263,	\exp_last_unbraced:Nv 30, 1653, 1655
1270, 1273, 1393–1396, 1486, 1488	\exp_not:c 29, <u>1554</u> , 1554, 1575,
\exp_args:NNf 28, <u>1501</u> , 1501, 1787, 1795	1629, 1996, 2000, 2005, 2009, 2012,
\exp_args:\nf	2014–2016, 2021, 2023–2025, 2030,
28, 907, 913, 920, 927, <u>1501</u> , 1510	2032–2034, 2039, 2041–2043, 2048,
\exp_args:Nnnc 29, <u>1523</u> , 1530	2050, 2052, 2054, 2056, 2058, 2060,
\exp_args:NNo 29, <u>1481</u> , 1484	2062, 2064–2066, 2649, 3745, 3748,
\exp_args:NNno 29, <u>1523</u> , <u>1525</u>	5376, 5379, 5382, 5385, 5520, 5525,
\exp_args:Nnno	5530, 5534, 5760, 5766, 6082, 6333
\exp_args:NNNV . 29, <u>1523</u> , 1523, 3947, 3963	\exp_not:f
\exp_args:NNnx	\exp_not:N
\exp_args:Nnnx	15, 29, <u>778,</u> 779, <u>1411</u> , 1413, 1463,
\exp_args:NNo	1554, 2001, 2004, 2008, 2012, 2021,
28, <u>1481</u> , 1482, 2167, 2189, 5938	2030, 2039, 2159, 2181, 2325, 2328,
\exp_args:Nno 28, <u>1501</u> , 1511	2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352,
\exp_args:NNoo	2356, 2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2380,
\exp_args:NNox	2395, 2616, 2632, 3745, 3747, 3959,
\exp_args:Nnox	3969, 4090, 4091, 4095, 4108, 4109,
\exp_args:NNV 28, <u>1501</u> , 1503	5765, 5767, 5916, 5924, 5934, 6083,
\exp_args:NNv 28, <u>1501</u> , 1502	6086, 6088, 6235, 6333, 6869, 6872,
\exp_args:NnV	6875, 6878, 6881, 6885, 6889, 6893
\exp_args:NNx 27, <u>1501</u> , <u>1504</u> , <u>5798</u>	\exp_not:n 15, 29,
\exp_args:\Nnx	778, 780, 1411, 1414, 1544, 1546,
\exp_args:No	1549, 1552, 1997, 2160, 2182, 2647,
26, <u>1481</u> , 1481, 1964, 3899, 4719, 6755	2650, 3470, 3476, 3542, 3557, 3581,
\exp_args:Noc 28, <u>1501</u> , 1515	3596, 3705, 3708, 3711, 3714, 3717,
\exp_args:Noo	3720, 3723, 3729, 3735, 3741, 3749,
· — ·	
\exp_args:Nooo	3760, 3761, 3767, 3774, 3781, 3789,
\exp_args:Noox 28, <u>1523</u> , 1542	3796, 3831, 4125, 4135, 4156, 4176,
\exp_args:Nox	4192, 4212, 4467, 4644, 4823, 4825,
\exp_args:NV 26, <u>1497</u> , 1499, 3981, 6212	4844, 5170, 5196, 5764, 6130, 6131,
\exp_args:Nv	6347, 6861, 6864, 6869, 6872, 6875,
\exp_args:NVV	6878, 6881, 6885, 6889, 6893, 6897
\exp_args:Nx 27, <u>1497</u> , <u>1500</u>	\exp_not:o 29, <u>1544</u> , 1544, 3554,
\exp_args:Nxo	3566, 3593, 3605, 3775, 3795, 3809,
\exp_args:Nxx	3810, 3823, 3845, 4168, 4204, 5997
\exp_eval_error_msg:w 178, 1462, 1465, 1478	\exp_not:V
\exp_eval_register:c	$3542,\ 3545,\ 3548,\ 3551,\ 3554,\ 3557,$
$178, 1458, \underline{1462}, 1472, 1549, 1650, 4259$	3560, 3563, 3566, 3569, 3581, 3584,

3587, 3590, 3593, 3596, 3599, 3602,	3820, 3827, 3834, 3841, 3848, 3855,
3605, 3608, 3714, 3720, 3726, 3732,	4087, 4092, 4099, 4110, 4427, 4432,
3738, 3768, 3788, 3802, 3803, 3816,	4592, 4601, 4614, 4916, 5204, 5630,
3838, 4156, 4160, 4164, 4168, 4172,	5633, 5644, 6618–6620, 6647–6653,
4176, 4180, 4184, 4188, 4192, 4196,	6666-6668, 6682-6684, 6702, 6711,
4200, 4204, 4208, 4212, 4216, 4220,	6728, 6737, 6775, 6785, 6797, 6819,
4224, 4414, 4418, 4730, 4732, 6133	6825, 6831, 6837, 6838, 6930, 6948
\exp_not:v 29, <u>1544</u> , 1548, <u>3548</u> , <u>3563</u> ,	\file_if_exist:n 7003
3587, 3602, 4164, 4184, 4200, 4220	\file_if_exist:nF 7050
\exp_stop_f: 29, 1436, 1441, 1470, 2079, 3916	\file_if_exist:nT 7049, 7053
\expandafter 11, 12, 14, 15, 89	\file_if_exist:nTF 133, 7002, 7051
\ExplSyntaxNamesOff $6, \frac{586}{590}$	\file_if_exist:VTF 133, 7002
\ExplSyntaxNamesOn 6, <u>586</u> , <u>586</u> , <u>586</u> , <u>5816</u>	\file_if_exist_aux:n 7002
\ExplSyntaxOff $\dots \dots 4$, 6 , 22 ,	\file_if_exist_path_aux:n 7006, 7013
560, 563, 667, 674, 685, 702, 710, 5834	\file_input:n 133, 7052, 7052, 7066
\ExplSyntaxOn	\file_input:V
560, 560, 654, 658, 662, 683, 724, 5812	\file_list:
\ExplSyntaxPopStack 134, 676, 680, 680	\file_list_aux:n 7074, 7077, 7080
\ExplSyntaxFopStack	\file_path_include:n 133, 7067, 7067
134, 666, 673, 676, <u>680</u> , 681, 688	\file_path_remove:n 133, 7067, 7071
\ExplSyntaxStatus	\fileauthor 6, 594, 608, 623
134, 560, 561, 565, 566, 576, 585, 666	\filedate
134, 900, 301, 303, 300, 370, 363, 000	636, 640, 645, 648, 755, 1407, 1674,
${f F}$	2108, 2211, 2729, 3079, 3238, 3434,
\F 2403	4233, 4389, 4564, 4793, 4938, 5216,
(2 2100	1200, 1000, 1001, 1,00, 1000, 0210,
\fam 81	5611, 5749, 5861, 6063, 6496, 6972
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\fi 12, 32, 120, 1152	\filedescription $\dots 6, \underline{594},$
\fi	\filedescription 6, <u>594</u> , 605, 622, 640, 648, 755, 1407, 1674,
\fi	\filedescription 6, <u>594</u> , 605, 622, 640, 648, 755, 1407, 1674, 2108, 2211, 2729, 3079, 3238, 3434,
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Vontcharht	\fontchardp 418	\g_prop_inline_level_int
Vontcharic		
Sontdimen 347 3882, 3884, 3887, 3888, 3891, 3893 Strotame 171 Strotame 189, 1839, 1840 Strozen@everydisplay 693 Strozen@everymath 692 Strapa_idim 65, 3388, 3392 Strapa_idim 65, 348, 4374, 4378 Strapa_idim 65, 348, 4374, 4379 Strapa_idim 65, 248, 548, 548, 5474, 479 Strapa_idim 65, 348, 4374, 479 Strapa_idim 65, 348, 4374, 479 Strapa_idim	\fontcharic 420	
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\[\fracen\text{Prozen\text{Qeverymath}} \text{692} \text{Verymath} \text{692} \text{Verymath} \text{55}, \text{2321}, \text{3321}, \text{2321}, \qquad \qua	\fontdimen 347	3882, 3884, 3887, 3888, 3891, 3893
\fraceneeverymath	\fontname 171	\g_tmpa_bool 189, <u>1839</u> , <u>1840</u>
\[\text{Yerozen@everymath} \	\frozen@everydisplay 693	
Stuturelet		\g_tmpa_int 55, 2923, 2926
G 2408	\futurelet 76	\g_tmpa_skip 62, <u>3321</u> , <u>3326</u>
\[\] \text{\gamma} \gam		\g_tmpa_tl 74, <u>3629</u> , 3629
\[\] \qqq \	${f G}$	\g_tmpa_toks 81, <u>4374</u> , 4378
\text{\gamma_calcation_seq} \ 5617 \text{\gamma_calcat_Adim} \ 74, 3629, 3630 \ 350, 6504, 6507, 6550, 6553, 6556, 6559 \text{\gamma_calcat_Aint} \ 350, 6504, 6532, 6538, 6541, 6544, 6547, 6562, 6565, 6717, 6729, 6738 \text{\gamma_calcat_Amuskip} \ 350, 6504, 6513, 6586, 6590, 6594, 6598, 6602, 6666 \text{\gamma_calcat_Amuskip} \ 350, 6504, 6513, 6630, 6630, 6631, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6630, 6631, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6631, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6631, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6631, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6631, 6517, 6527, 6630, 6531, 6568, 6571, 6577, 6580, 6583 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 350, 6504, 6510, 6568, 6571, 6577, 6580, 6583 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 350, 6504, 6510, 6568, 6571, 6577, 6580, 6583 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 350, 6504, 6510, 6568, 6571, 6577, 6580, 6583 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 3668, 4698, 4704, 4705, 4708, 4710 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 36976, 6976, 6981, 6985, 6992, 7060, 7061, 7063 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 36988, 6992, 7075, 7077, 7085 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 36988, 6992, 7060, 7061, 7063 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 36988, 6992, 7075, 7077, 7085 \text{\gamma_calcat_Askip} \ 36988, 6992,	\G 2408	
\[\sqrt{g_calc_A_dim} \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\g 2073	\g_tmpb_int 55, <u>2923</u> , 2927
S50, 6504, 6507, 6550, 6553, 6556, 6559 Sg_tmpb_toks		\g_tmpb_skip 62, <u>3321</u> , 3327
\[\lambda_{\text{calc_A_int}} \text{350, 6504, 6532, 6535, 6538, 6541, 6544, 6547, 6562, 6565, 6717, 6729, 6738 \lambda_{\text{calc_A_muskip}} \text{350, 6504, 6513, 6586, 6590, 6594, 6598, 6602, 6606} 360, 6500, 6504, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6633, 6634, 6689, 6703, 6712, 6736, 6817, 6823, 6829, 6835 \text{6547, 6576, 6817, 6527, 6627, 6580, 6584, 6511, 6574, 6577, 6580, 6583 \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qqua		\g_tmpb_tl 74, <u>3629</u> , 3630
6504, 6532, 6535, 6538, 6541, 6544, 6547, 6562, 6565, 6717, 6729, 6738	350, 6504, 6507, 6550, 6553, 6556, 6559	
\text{G} \text{G} \		\g_tmpc_toks 81, <u>4374</u> , 4380
\text{\gammaganta} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
6586, 6590, 6594, 6598, 6602, 6606 \text{\g_calc_A_register} \sigma_350, 6500, 6501, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6633, 6634, 6689, 6703, 6712, 6717, 6756, 6817, 6823, 6829, 6835 \text{\g_calc_A_skip} \cdots \frac{350}{3508}, \frac{6500}{6504}, 6571, 6574, 6577, 6580, 6583 \text{\g_calc_A_skip} \cdots \frac{350}{3508}, \frac{6504}{6504}, \frac{6510}{6508}, \frac{6571}{6574}, \frac{6577}{6580}, \frac{6580}{6583} \text{\g_calc_A_skip} \cdots \frac{350}{3508}, \frac{6504}{6510}, \text{\g_calc_a_scip} \g_calc_a_scip		\g_trace_statistics_status 741
\text{\g_xref_all_curr_immediate_fields_prop} \\ 350, \frac{6500}{6500}, 6501, 6517, 6527, 6627, \\ 6630, 6633, 6634, 6689, 6703, 6712, \\ 6717, 6756, 6817, 6823, 6829, 6835 \\ 6568, 6571, 6574, 6577, 6580, 6584, \\ \text{\g_calc_A_skip} \cdots \frac{350}{350}, \frac{6504}{6571}, 6574, 6577, 6580, 6584, \\ \text{\g_clist_inline_level_int} \cdots \frac{4689}{350}, \frac{4693}{350}, \frac{4696}{350}, \frac{4967}{350}, \frac{4966}{350}, \frac{4967}{350}, \frac{4966}{350}, \frac{4967}{350}, \frac{4966}{350}, \frac{4967}{350}, \frac{4966}{350},		
350, 5500, 6501, 6517, 6527, 6627, 6630, 6633, 6634, 6689, 6703, 6712, 6717, 6756, 6817, 6823, 6829, 6835		
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\g_calc_A_skip 350, 6504, 6510,		
G568, G571, G574, G577, G580, G583 GetIdInfo G, 594, 594 G2, 634		
\text{\gamma}_{efficient} \text{\general}_{efficient} \text{\general}_{efficient} \text{\general}_{efficient}		
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7004, 7005, 7008, 7028, 7029, 7044 \glueexpr		
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$\label{eq:composite_streams_prop} $$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$		
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$\label{eq:composition} $$ \g_iow_tmp_stream \group_align_safe_end: $37, \frac{1694}{1696}, 1696, \group_align_safe_end: $37, \frac$		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
$\label{eq:continuous_perconstruction} $$ \g_pek_token$		
\g_prg_inline_level_int		
		0 1- 0
	189, 1772, 1772, 1774, 1775, 1779, 1781	2072. 2085. 2312. 2401. 2493. 3932.

3942, 3958, 3968, 3976, 5191, 5254,	\hbox_unpack_clear: N 114, 5739, 5741, 5742
5306, 5314, 5340, 5347, 5786, 5815,	\heightof 131, 6899, 6901
5900, 5913, 5946, 5957, 6520, 6623,	\hfil 236
6624, 6690, 6716, 6750, 6768, 6787,	\hfill 238
6802, 6807, 6813, 6843, 6848, 6942	\hfilneg 237
\group_end: 22, <u>791</u> , 793, 843,	\hfuzz 335
1024, 1480, 1603, 2076, 2089, 2326,	\hoffset 310
2411, 2501, 3938, 3948, 3964, 3973,	\holdinginserts 313
3981, 5191, 5257, 5312, 5329, 5344,	\hrule 249
5351, 5794, 5818, 5905, 5943, 5953,	\hsize 274
5960, 6525, 6528, 6633, 6634, 6637,	\hskip
6688, 6689, 6715, 6764, 6768, 6779,	\hss
6791, 6809, 6839, 6842, 6847, 6944	\ht
\group_execute_after:N 22, 794, 794, 6623, 6624, 6690, 6691, 6720, 6845	\hyphenation 364 \hyphenchar 348
\gsetlength 131, 6905, 6906	
\(\text{gsettength} \cdot\)	hyphenpenalty 266
Н	I
\H 2408	\I 2408
\halign 93	\if 102
\hangafter 271	\if:w . 9, 760, 766, 946, 996, 1013, 1182,
\hangindent 272	1185, 1186, 1563, 1590, 3100, 4090
\hbadness 333	\if_bool:N 9, 760, 767, 1308, 1317, 1321, 1842
\hbox 328	\if_box_empty:N 110, 5626, 5628
\hbox:n 113, <u>5714</u> , 5714	\if_case:w 58, 2861, 2870,
\hbox:w 749	2898, 2911, 3036, <u>3083</u> , 3084, 6698,
140 5515	
\hbox_gset:cn 113, <u>5715</u>	6707, 6724, 6733, 6781, 6793, 6814
\hbox_gset:Cn	6707, 6724, 6733, 6781, 6793, 6814 \if_catcode:w . 9, 760, 770, 2328, 2332,
	\if_catcode:w . 9, 760, 770, 2328, 2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356,
\hbox_gset:Nn 113, 5715, 5717, 5718	\if_catcode:w . 9, 760, 770, 2328, 2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356, 2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2616, 4108
\hbox_gset:Nn 113, <u>5715</u> , 5717, 5718 \hbox_gset_inline_begin:c 114, <u>5725</u> \hbox_gset_inline_begin:N	\if_catcode:w . 9, 760, 770, 2328, 2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356, 2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2616, 4108 \if_charcode:w 9, 760, 769, 2380, 2632, 4095
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\hbox_gset:Nn	$\label{eq:linear_catcode:w} \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
\hbox_gset:Nn	$\label{eq:continuous_series} $$ \inf_{\text{catcode:w}} $
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\hbox_gset:Nn	$\label{eq:linear_catcode:w} \begin{tabular}{llll} $9, $760, 770, 2328, 2332, \\ $2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356, \\ $2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2616, 4108 \\ $\tt lif_charcode:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{llll} $9, $760, 769, 2380, 2632, 4095 \\ $\tt lif_cs_exist:N} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $9, $776, 776, 1052, 1302, 1311 \\ $\tt lif_cs_exist:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $9, $776, 777, 1060 \\ $\tt lif_dim:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $0, $201, 570, 5201 \\ $\tt lif_false: \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $0, $760, 761, 881, 1695 \\ $\tt lif_hbox:N} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $110, $5626, 5626 \\ $\tt lif_horizontal_mode: \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $743 \\ $\tt lif_inexpr_compare:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $58, $3085, 3090 \\ $\tt lif_intexpr_compare:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $58, $3085, 3090 \\ $\tt lif_intexpr_compare:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllll} $58, $3085, 3090 \\ $\tt lif_intexpr_compare:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{llllll} $58, $3085, 3090 \\ $\tt lif_intexpr_compare:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{llllll} $58, $3085, 3090 \\ $\tt lif_intexpr_compare:w} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
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\hbox_gset:Nn	\\ \text{if_catcode:w} \text{9, \$\frac{760}{0}\$, \$770, 2328, 2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356, 2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2616, 4108 \\ \text{if_charcode:w} \text{9, \$\frac{760}{0}\$, \$769, 2380, 2632, 4095 \\ \text{if_cs_exist:N} \text{9, \$\frac{776}{0}\$, \$776, 1052, 1302, 1311 \\ \text{if_cs_exist:w} \text{9, \$\frac{776}{0}\$, \$777, 1060 \\ \text{if_dim:w} \text{102, \$\frac{5201}{0}\$, \$5201 \\ \text{if_false:} \text{8, \$\frac{760}{0}\$, \$761, 881, 1695 \\ \text{if_hbox:N} \text{110, \$\frac{5626}{0}\$, \$5626 \\ \text{if_inexpr_compare:w} \text{58, }\frac{3085}{0}\$, \$3080, \$3113, \$3117, \$3121, \$3125, \$3129, \$3133, \$3137, \$3143, \$3150, \$3160, \$3173, \$3177, \$3178, \$3184 \\ \text{if_intexpr_odd:w} \qq \qua
\hbox_gset:Nn	\if_catcode:w . 9, 760, 770, 2328, 2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356, 2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2616, 4108 \if_charcode:w 9, 760, 769, 2380, 2632, 4095 \if_cs_exist:N 9, 776, 776, 1052, 1302, 1311 \if_cs_exist:w 9, 776, 777, 1060 \if_dim:w
\hbox_gset:Nn	\if_catcode:w . 9, 760, 770, 2328, 2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356, 2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2616, 4108 \if_charcode:w 9, 760, 769, 2380, 2632, 4095 \if_cs_exist:N 9, 776, 776, 1052, 1302, 1311 \if_cs_exist:w
\hbox_gset:Nn	\if_catcode:w . 9, 760, 770, 2328, 2332, 2336, 2340, 2344, 2348, 2352, 2356, 2360, 2364, 2368, 2376, 2616, 4108 \if_charcode:w 9, 760, 769, 2380, 2632, 4095 \if_cs_exist:N 9, 776, 776, 1052, 1302, 1311 \if_cs_exist:w 9, 776, 777, 1060 \if_dim:w

2142, 2152, 2176, 2372, 2395, 2427,	\int_add:Nn 52, 2781,
2438, 2449, 2460, 2609, 3105, 3458,	2782, <u>2793</u> , 2793, 2810, 2817, 6538
3638, 3646, 3653, 3668, 3762, 3769,	\int_advance:w
3776, 3783, 3790, 3797, 3804, 3811,	227, <u>2733</u> , 2735, 2759, 2764, 2794, 2800
3818, 3825, 3832, 3839, 3846, 3853,	\int_Alph_default_conversion_rule:n
4086, 4424, 4431, 4589, 4600, 4609,	54, <u>2860</u> , <u>2869</u> , <u>2884</u>
4914, 6610, 6613, 6615, 6637–6643,	\int_alph_default_conversion_rule:n
6656, 6659, 6662, 6672, 6675, 6678	
\if_mode_horizontal: 10, 772, 773, 1683	\int_const:Nn
\if_mode_inner: 10, 772, 775, 1687	54, 2933, 2933, 2953–2968, 2970–2981
\if_mode_math: 10, 772, 772, 1691	\int_convert_from_base_ten:nn
\if_mode_vertical: 10, 772, 774, 1679	
\if_num:w 58, 1695, 1696,	\int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:ffn 3024
2158, 2180, <u>3083</u> , 3083, 6769, 6818	\int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:fon \frac{3008}{2008}
\if_predicate:w 9, 760, 768, 1329,	\int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nfn .
1938, 2168, 2190, 2387, 2391, 2525,	
2526, 2532, 2533, 2544, 2546, 2548,	\int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:nnn .
2550, 2552, 2554, 3521, 3533, 4102	3008, 3020, 3033, 3034
\if_true: 8, <u>760</u> , 760, 880	\int_convert_from_base_ten_aux:non 3008
\if_vbox:N	\int_convert_letter_to_number:N
\ifcase 103	
\ifcat 104	\int_convert_number_to_letter:n
\ifcsname	
\ifdefined 386	\int_convert_number_with_rule:nnN
\ifdim 107	54, 2850,
\ifeof 108	2850, 2853, 2879, 2883, 2889, 2893
\iffalse 113	\int_convert_to_base_ten:nn
\iffirstchoice@ 6911, 6922, 6937	
\iffontchar 416	\int_convert_to_base_ten_aux:nn
\ifhbox 109	
\ifhmode 115	\int_convert_to_base_ten_auxi:nnN
\ifinner 118	
\ifmmode 116	\int_decr:c 51, 2759
\ifnum 105	\int_decr:N
\ifodd 23, 106	<i>51</i> , <u>2759</u> , 2764, 2780, 2782, 2786, 5894
\iftrue 114	\int_gadd:cn 52, 2793
\ifvbox 110	\int_gadd:Nn
\ifvmode 117	<i>52</i> , 2783, 2784, <u>2793</u> , 2805, 2818, 6541
\ifvoid 111	\int_gdecr:c 51, 2759
\ifx 11, 112	\int_gdecr:N 51, 1781, 2759, 2775, 2784,
\ignorespaces 160	2788, 3884, 3893, 4698, 4710, 4928
\immediate 122	\int_get_digits:n . 227, 2982, 2988, 3050
\indent 256	\int_get_sign:n 227, 2982, 2985, 3049
\input 130	\int_get_sign_and_digits:n
\input@path	
\InputIfFileExists 5817	\int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:nNNN
\inputlineno	<u>2982</u> , 2983, 2986, 2989, 2991, 3007
\insert	\int_get_sign_and_digits_aux:oNNN
\insertpenalties 315	
\int add:cn 50 2703	

\int_gincr:N 51, 1774, 2759, 2769, 2783,	\int_use: N 52 , 1775 , 1779 ,
2787, 3878, 3887, 4692, 4704, 4923	$2219, 2269, 2281, 2291, 2301, \underline{2821},$
.int_gset:c 123	2821, 2822, 3879, 3882, 3888, 3891,
\int_gset:cn 52, 2746	4693, 4696, 4705, 4708, 4924, 4927,
.int_gset:N 123	5045, 5046, 5056, 5061, 5064, 5074,
\int_gset:Nn	5085, 5086, 5096, 5101, 5104, 5114,
52, <u>2746</u> , 2751, 2758, 2939, 2948, 6535	5885, 5888, 5896, 5898, 6132, 6777
\int_gsub:cn 52, <u>2793</u>	\int_zero:c 52, <u>2789</u>
\int_gsub:Nn 52, 2793, 2811, 2820, 6547	\int_zero:N
\int_gzero:c 52, 2789	52, <u>2789</u> , 2789, 2790, 6115, 6719, 6844
\int_gzero:N 52, <u>2789</u> , 2791, 2792	\interactionmode 414
\int_incr:c 51, 2759	\interlinepenalties 435
\int_incr:N 51, 2759, 2759, 2774,	\interlinepenalty 294
2781, 2785, 5070, 5110, 5892, 6135	\intexpr_abs:n 57, 3141, 3141
\int_new:c 51, 2736	\intexpr_compare:n 3094
\int_new:N 51, 1772, 2736, 2740, 2745,	\intexpr_compare:nF 3214, 3220, 5127, 5139
$2923-2927, 2938, \overline{2947}, 3072, 4689,$	\intexpr_compare:nNn 3136
4921, 4976, 5871, 6071, 6503–6506	\intexpr_compare:nNnF
\int_pre_eval_one_arg:Nn 227, 2928, 2928	$\dots \dots 1700, 1702, 1755, 1764,$
\int_pre_eval_two_args:Nnn	1784, 1792, 1806, 1814, 3226, 3232
227, 2928, 2930	\intexpr_compare:nNnT 1698, 3223, 3229
\int_roman_lcuc_mapping:Nnn	\intexpr_compare:nNnTF
54, <u>2826</u> , 2826, 2830–2837	. 57, 1749, 1776, 1800, 1934, 1959,
.int_set:c 123	2851, 3009, 3021, 3065, 3068, <u>3136</u>
\int_set:cn 52, <u>2746</u>	\intexpr_compare:nT
	2011 2018 FOR1 FOR1 FOOT F111
.int_set:N	3211, 3217, 5051, 5071, 5091, 5111
.int_set:N	
\int_set:Nn 52, <u>2746</u> , 2746,	\intexpr_compare:nTF
\int_set:Nn 52, 2746, 2746, 2756, 2757, 5006, 5019, 5033, 5040,	\intexpr_compare:nTF
\int_set:Nn 52, <u>2746</u> , 2746,	\intexpr_compare:nTF
\int_set:Nn 52, 2746, 2746, 2756, 2757, 5006, 5019, 5033, 5040, 5054, 5094, 5220, 6131, 6519, 6532	\intexpr_compare:nTF
\int_set:Nn	\intexpr_compare:nTF
\int_set:Nn	\intexpr_compare:nTF
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\intexpr_compare:nTF
\int_set:Nn	\intexpr_compare:nTF
$\label{eq:control_loss} $$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\intexpr_compare:nTF
$\label{eq:control_loss} $$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\intexpr_compare:nTF
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	\intexpr_compare:nTF
\int_set:Nn	\intexpr_compare:nTF

2289, 2293, 2296, 2299, 2303, 2307,	\iow_char:N
2746, 2794, 2800, 3036, 3085, 3086,	101, 4467, 4644, 4823, 4825, <u>5200</u> , <u>5200</u>
$3092, 3096, 3109, 3113, \overline{3117}, 3121,$	\iow_close:c
3125, 3129, 3133, 3137, 3143, 3146,	\iow_close:N 99, 5005, 5124, 5124, 5135
3149, 3151, 3159, 3161, 3172, 3173,	\iow_log:n 100, 5172, 5173, 7076, 7078, 7080
3177, 3178, 3184, 3198, 3203, 3207	\iow_log:x
\intexpr_eval_end:	$1108, 1132, 1580, \underline{5172}, 5172, 5343$
58, 2217, 2221, 2227, 2263,	\iow_new:c
2267, 2271, 2275, 2279, 2283, 2286,	\iow_new:N 99, 4996, 4996, 4999
2289, 2293, 2296, 2299, 2303, 2307,	
2746, 2794, 2800, 3036, 3085, 3087,	\iow_newline: 101, <u>5199</u> , 5199
3092, 3109, 3113, 3117, 3121, 3125,	\iow_now:Nn
3129, 3133, 3138, 3146, 3151, 3156,	100, <u>5169</u> , 5169, 5173, 5175, 5177, 5188
3161, 3166, 3193, 3200, 3203, 3207	\iow_now:Nx 100, <u>5168</u> ,
\intexpr_if_even:n 3206	5168, 5170, 5172, 5174, 5181, 5185
\intexpr_if_even:nTF 57, 3202	\iow_now_buffer_safe:Nn 100, <u>5184</u> , 5184
\intexpr_if_even_p:n 57, 1888, 3202	\iow_now_buffer_safe:Nx 100 , 5184 , 5187
\intexpr_if_odd:n 3202	\iow_now_buffer_safe_aux:w
\intexpr_if_odd:nTF 57, <u>3202</u>	5185, 5188, 5190
\intexpr_if_odd_p:n 57, 3202	\iow_now_buffer_safe_expanded_aux:w
\intexpr_max:nn 57, <u>3141</u> , 3148	<u>5184</u>
\intexpr_min:nn 57, <u>3141</u> , 3158	\iow_now_when_avail:cn 100 , 5176
\intexpr_mod:nn 58, 2856, 3026, <u>3168</u> , 3196	\iow_now_when_avail:cx 100 , 5176
\intexpr_until_do:nn 59, 3210, 3213, 3214	\iow_now_when_avail:Nn
\intexpr_until_do:nNnn 59, 3222, 3225, 3226	100, 5176, 5176, 5179
\intexpr_value:w 58, 3085, 3085, 3092,	\iow_now_when_avail:Nx
3095, 3142, 3149, 3159, 3172, 3197	100, 5176, 5180, 5183
\intexpr_while_do:nn 59, 3210, 3211	\iow_open:cn 99, <u>5004</u>
\intexpr_while_do:nNnn 59, 3222, 3222, 3223	\iow_open:Nn 99, 5004, 5004, 5016, 5813
\ior_alloc_read:n 5020, <u>5030</u> , 5037	\iow_open_streams: 100, 5148, 5148
\ior_close:c	\iow_raw_new:c 102, 5061
\ior_close:N 99, 5018, 5136, 5147, 7008, 7044	\iow_raw_new:N
\ior_gto:NN 101, <u>5207</u> , <u>5210</u>	102, 4978, 4981, 4990, 4994, 5053
\ior_if_eof:N 5202	\iow_shipout:Nn 101, 5195, 5195, 5198
\ior_if_eof:NF 7029	\iow_shipout:Nx 101, 5195
\ior_if_eof:NTF 102, 5202, 7005	\iow_shipout_x:Nn
\ior_if_eof_p:N 102, <u>5202</u>	<i>15</i> , <i>101</i> , <u>781</u> , 781, 1109, 1112,
\ior_new:c	5168, <u>5193</u> , 5193, 5194, 5196, 5798
\ior_new:N 99, 4996, 5000, 5003	\iow_shipout_x:Nx 101, 5193
\ior_open:cn	\iow_stream_alloc:N 5011, 5044, 5044
\ior_open:Nn 99, 5004, 5017, 5029, 7004, 7028	\iow_stream_alloc_aux:
\ior_open_streams: <u>5148</u> , 5151	
\ior_raw_new:c 102, 5101	\iow_term:n 100, 5172, 5175
\ior_raw_new:N	\iow_term:x
102, 4978, 4985, 4991, 4995, 5093	_
\ior_stream_alloc:N 5024, <u>5044</u> , 5084	. 15, 100, <u>1108</u> , 1111, 1115, 1131,
\ior_stream_alloc_aux:	4459, 4636, 4815, <u>5172</u> , 5174, 5350
<u>5044</u> , 5090, 5109, 5117, 5119	т
\ior_to:NN 101, <u>5207</u> , <u>5207</u> , <u>5211</u> \iow alloc write:n 5007, 5030, 5030	J
\10w alloc write:n 5007. 5030. 5030	\iobname

K	6340, 6346, 6349, 6352, 6355, 6358,
\K 2408	6361, 6364, 6367, 6370, 6373, 6376,
\kern 247	6379, 6382, 6385, 6388, 6391, 6394,
\kernel_register_show:c <u>1292</u> , 1301, 2824	6397, 6400, 6403, 6406, 6409, 6412,
\kernel_register_show: N 1292,	6415, 6418, 6421, 6424, 6427, 6430
1292, 2823, 3318, 3386, 3430, 4309	\keys_property_undefine:n
\keys_bool_set:NN	<i>129</i> , 6148, <u>6266</u> , 6266
<i>127</i> , <u>6080</u> , 6080, 6338, 6341	\keys_set:nn
\keys_choice_code_store:x	\dots 126, 6231, 6235, <u>6269</u> , 6269, 6274
$127, \underline{6096}, 6096, 6347, 6350$	\keys_set:nV 126, 6269
\keys_choice_find:n 127, 6099, 6099, 6106	\keys_set:nv 126, 6269
\keys_choice_make:	\keys_set_elt:n 129, 6272, 6275, 6275
127, 6090, <u>6104</u> , 6104, 6114, 6344	\keys_set_elt:nn 129, 6272, 6275, 6279
\keys_choices_generate:n	\keys_set_elt_aux: 6283, 6292, 6295, 6298
$127, \underline{6113}, 6113, 6377$	\keys_set_elt_aux:nn $6277, 6281, \underline{6283}, 6283$
\keys_choices_generate_aux:n	\keys_show:nn 127, 6310, 6310
	\keys_tmp:w 129, 6174, 6176,
\keys_cmd_set:nn	6189, 6195, 6210–6212, <u>6313</u> , 6313
128, 6105, 6108, <u>6137</u> , 6137, 6230, 6353	\keys_value_or_default:n
\keys_cmd_set:nx 128, 6081, 6085,	
6129, 6137, 6142, 6234, 6332, 6356	\keys_value_requirement:n
\keys_cmd_set_aux:n 6137, 6138, 6143, 6147	129, <u>6324</u> , 6324, 6434, 6437
\keys_default_set:n	\keys_variable_set:cnNN
128, 6094, 6153, 6153, 6158, 6359 \keys_default_set:V 128, 6153, 6362	129, 6328, 6368, 6374, 6383, 6389,
\keys_define:nn 122, 6159, 6159, 6456	6401, 6407, 6413, 6419, 6425, 6431 \keys_variable_set:NnNN 129, 6328,
\keys_define_elt:n . 128, 6162, 6164, 6164	6328, 6336, 6365, 6371, 6380, 6386,
\keys_define_elt:nn 128, 6162, 6164, 6168	6398, 6404, 6410, 6416, 6422, 6428
\keys_define_elt_aux:nn	\KV_add_element_aux:w 5939, <u>5944</u> , 5944
	\KV_add_value_element:w
\keys_define_key:n . 128, 6177, 6183, 6183	
\keys_execute: 128, 6198, 6198, 6301, 6307	\KV_key_no_value_elt:n 119, 5886,
\keys_execute_aux:nn	5890, 5895, 5981, 6026, <u>6036</u> , 6036
6100, 6101, 6198, 6199, 6204, 6209	\KV_key_value_elt:nn 119, 5889,
\keys_execute_unknown:	5891, 5897, 5999, 6031, <u>6036</u> , 6037
	\KV_parse_elt:w
\keys_if_exist:nn 6217	5951, 5959, <u>5963,</u> 5963, 5965, 5970
\keys_if_exist:nnTF 127, 6217	\KV_parse_no_sanitize_aux:n
\keys_if_value_requirement:nTF	
$128, \underline{6224}, 6224, 6287, 6299$	\KV_parse_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:n
\keys_meta_make:n . $128, \frac{6229}{6229}, 6229, 6392$	$\dots \dots 119, 5881, \underline{6038}, 6038$
$\ensuremath{\texttt{keys_meta_make:x}}$. $128, \underline{6229}, 6233, 6395$	\KV_parse_sanitize_aux:n <u>5945</u> , 5945, 6044
\keys_property_find:n 128, 6173, 6238, 6238	\KV_parse_space_removal_no_sanitize:n
\keys_property_find_aux:n <u>6238</u> , 6241, 6246	$\dots \dots 119, 5878, \underline{6042}, 6046$
\keys_property_find_aux:w	\KV_parse_space_removal_sanitize:n .
	119, 5875, 6042, 6042
\keys_property_new:nn	\KV_process_aux:NNNn
128, <u>6260</u> , 6260, 6343, 6433, 6436	
\keys_property_new_arg:nn	\KV_process_no_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn
128, 6260, 6263, 6337,	$\dots \dots $

\KV_process_space_removal_no_sanitize:NNn	\l_calc_C_muskip
	<i>350</i> , <u>6504</u> , 6515, 6833, 6836, 6837
\KV_process_space_removal_sanitize:NNn	\l_calc_C_skip
$\dots \dots $	<i>350</i> , <u>6504</u> , 6512, 6827, 6830, 6831
\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces:nw	\l_calc_current_type_int 350, 6500,
329, 5913, 5915	6503, 6519, 6698, 6707, 6719, 6724,
\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxi:w	6733, 6769, 6781, 6793, 6814, 6844
\dots 329, 5913 , 5916 , 5918 , 5924 , 5933	\l_calc_expression_tl
\KV_remove_surrounding_spaces_auxii:w	
5913, 5919, 5921	\l_clist_remove_clist
$\verb \KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_commas:N \\$	$\dots \dots \underline{4529}, \underline{4739}, \underline{4739}, \underline{4741},$
329, 5900, 5909, 5950	4743, 4746, 4747, 4763, 4766, 4770
\KV_sanitize_outerlevel_active_equals:N	\l_exp_tl 178, 1416, 1416, 1443, 1444
329, 5900, 5906, 5949	\l_file_name_tl <u>7002</u> ,
\KV_set_key_element:w 329, 5913, 5930, 5976	7002, 7009, 7014, 7031, 7045, 7062
\KV_split_key_value_current:w	\l_file_search_path_saved_seq
<i>330</i> , 5969, <u>5974</u> , 5974, 6039, 6043, 6047	
\KV_split_key_value_no_space_removal:w	\l_file_search_path_seq
330, 6022, 6039	$\dots \dots $
\KV_split_key_value_space_removal:w	7022, 7026, 7039, 7068, 7069, 7072
330, <u>5975</u> , 5975, 6043, 6047	\l_ior_stream_int
\KV_split_key_value_space_removal_aux:w	\dots 103, $\underline{4976}$, 4977, 5019, 5021,
\KV_split_key_value_space_removal_detect_ 330, 5975, 5986, 5992	5025, 5040, 5085, 5086, 5091, 5094,
	5101, 5104, 5110, 5112, 5114, 5116
, <u>see, see = </u>	$1_{iow_stream_int} \dots 103, \underline{4976},$
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015	\lambda_iow_stream_int 103, 4976, 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033,
, <u>see, see = </u>	\lambda_iow_stream_int 103, 4976, 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033, 5045, 5046, 5051, 5054, 5056, 5061,
\KV_val_preserve_braces:NnN . 5995, 6015	\l_iow_stream_int 103, 4976, 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033, 5045, 5046, 5051, 5054, 5056, 5061, 5064, 5070, 5072, 5074, 5076, 5096
\KV_val_preserve_braces:NnN . 5995, 6015	\lambda_iow_stream_int 103, 4976, 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033, 5045, 5046, 5051, 5054, 5056, 5061, 5064, 5070, 5072, 5074, 5076, 5096 \lambda_kernel_testa_tl 74, 3631, 3631,
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	\lambda_iow_stream_int 103, 4976, 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033, 5045, 5046, 5051, 5054, 5056, 5061, 5064, 5070, 5072, 5074, 5076, 5096 \lambda_kernel_testa_tl 74, 3631, 3631, 3760, 3762, 3767, 3769, 3774, 3776,
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	\lambda_iow_stream_int 103, 4976, 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033, 5045, 5046, 5051, 5054, 5056, 5061, 5064, 5070, 5072, 5074, 5076, 5096 \lambda_kernel_testa_tl 74, 3631, 3631, 3760, 3762, 3767, 3769, 3774, 3776, 3781, 3783, 3788, 3790, 3795, 3797,
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	\lambda_iow_stream_int
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	$\label{eq:lowestream_int} $$ 103, \frac{4976}{4976}, 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033, 5045, 5046, 5051, 5054, 5056, 5061, 5064, 5070, 5072, 5074, 5076, 5096 $$ 1_kernel_testa_tl 74, \frac{3631}{3631}, 3631, 3760, 3762, 3767, 3769, 3774, 3776, 3781, 3783, 3788, 3790, 3795, 3797, 3802, 3804, 3809, 3811, 3816, 3818, 3823, 3825, 3830, 3832, 3837, 3839, 3844, 3846, 3851, 3853, 4425, 4590 $$ 1_kernel_testb_tl 74, $$ $$$
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
L \L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
\KV_val_preserve_braces:\NnN . 5995, 6015 L \L	\lambda_iow_stream_int
L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\label{eq:linear_int} $$1_iow_stream_int \dots 103, \frac{4976}{1,000}, \frac{4976}{1,000}, \frac{4976}{1,000}, \frac{4976}{1,000}, \frac{5008}{1,000}, \frac{5012}{1,000}, \frac{5033}{1,000}, \frac{5045}{1,000}, \frac{5072}{1,000}, \frac{5074}{1,000}, \frac{5076}{1,000}, \frac{5072}{1,000}, \frac{5074}{1,000}, \frac{5076}{1,000}, \frac{3762}{1,000}, \frac{3767}{1,000}, \frac{3769}{1,000}, \frac{3769}{1,000}, \frac{3781}{1,000}, \frac{3781}{1,000}, \frac{3781}{1,000}, \frac{3781}{1,000}, \frac{3781}{1,000}, \frac{3802}{1,000}, \frac{3804}{1,000}, \frac{3802}{1,000}, \frac{3804}{1,000}, \frac{3802}{1,000}, \frac{3802}{1,000}, \frac{3801}{1,000}, \frac{3802}{1,000}, \frac{3761}{1,000}, \frac{3762}{1,000}, \frac{3762}{1,000}, \frac{3762}{1,000}, \frac{3762}{1,000}, \frac{3782}{1,000}, \frac{3782}{1,000}, \frac{3782}{1,000}, \frac{3782}{1,000}, \frac{3811}{1,000}, \frac{3817}{1,000}, \frac{3818}{1,000}, \frac{3824}{1,000}, \frac{3824}{1,000}, \frac{3845}{1,000}, \frac{3846}{1,000}, \frac{3852}{1,000}, \frac{3853}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3644}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3644}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,000}, \frac{3635}{1,00$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\label{eq:linear_int} $$1_iow_stream_int \dots 103, \frac{4976}{1}, \\ 4976, 4977, 5006, 5008, 5012, 5033, \\ 5045, 5046, 5051, 5054, 5056, 5061, \\ 5064, 5070, 5072, 5074, 5076, 5096 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
L L L L L L L L L L L L L	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$

\1 !rorra modulo +1	\1 mask folias +1 010 2571 2572
\lambda_keys_module_tl	\l_peek_false_tl \ldots 210, \frac{2571}{2572}, \frac{2572}{2572}, 2572
130, 6077, 6077, 6160, 6204,	2579, 2594, 2612, 2619, 2628, 2635
6206, 6231, 6235, 6239, 6270, 6285	\l_peek_search_tl
\l_keys_no_value_bool	$210, \ \underline{2574}, \ 2574, \ 2577, \ 2591, \ 2629$
$\dots 130, \underline{6078}, 6078, 6165, 6169,$	\l_peek_search_token
6184, 6276, 6280, 6288, 6300, 6316	<i>49</i> , <u>2564</u> , 2566, 2576, 2590, 2609, 2616
\l_keys_path_tl 130,	$1_{peek_token} \dots 49, \underline{2564}, \underline{2564},$
6074, 6075 , 6081 , 6085 , 6097 , 6100 ,	2567, 2609, 2616, 2624-2626, 2717
6101, 6105, 6108, 6110, 6117, 6120,	\l_peek_true_aux_tl
$6124,\ 6129,\ 6154-6156,\ 6180,\ 6192,$	210, 2592, 2604, 2604, 2606
6199, 6205, 6226, 6230, 6234, 6239,	$\label{local_peek_true_tl} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
6251, 6252, 6256, 6285, 6290, 6304,	2571, 2578, 2593, 2610, 2617, 2633
6317, 6319, 6325, 6332, 6353, 6356	\l_seq_remove_seq
\l_keys_property_tl 130, 6074,	$\dots \dots 4529, 4531, 4533, 4536, 4537$
6076, 6175, 6180, 6187, 6192, 6257	\l_tl_replace_tl 74
\l_keys_value_tl	\l_tl_replace_toks 81, 4382, 4382
130, 6079, 6079, 6212, 6304, 6315, 6318	\l_tmpa_bool 189, 1839, 1839
\l_KV_currkey_tl 120, 5868,	\l_tmpa_box 113, 5683, 5684, 5686, 6745, 6748
5869, 5931, 5938, 5939, 5982, 6000	\1_tmpa_dim
\l_KV_currval_tl 120, 5868, 5870, 5923, 5927	\1_tmpa_int 55, 2923, 2923
	\l_tmpa_skip 62, <u>3321</u> , <u>3321</u> -3323
\1_KV_level_int <u>5871</u> , 5871,	$1_{\text{tmpa_tl}}$ $5, 74, \frac{3633}{3633}, 3633,$
5885, 5888, 5892, 5894, 5896, 5898	3949, 3955, 3982, 4727, 4730, 4731
\1_KV_parse_t1 120, <u>5868</u> , 5868,	\l_tmpa_toks
5926, 5947, 5954, 5958, 5961, 5980,	$4374, 4461, 4463, 4464, 4466, \overline{4470},$
5998, 6003, 6009, 6014, 6026, 6031	4638, 4640, 4641, 4643, 4647, 4817,
\l_KV_remove_one_level_of_braces_bool	4819, 4820, 4822, 4828, 5763, 5769
118, <u>5872</u> , 5872, 5873, 5936, 6007	\l_tmpb_box 113, <u>5683</u> , <u>5687</u>
\l_KV_tmpa_tl 120, 5865,	\1_tmpb_dim 65, 3388, 3389
5865, 5948–5950, 5952, 5977, 5978,	\1_tmpb_int 55, 2923, 2924
5997, 6002, 6005, 6023, 6024, 6029	$1_{tmpb_skip} \dots 62, \frac{3321}{3321}, \frac{3324}{3321}$
\1_KV_tmpb_t1 120, 5865, 5866	\l_tmpb_tl 74, 3633, 3634, 4728, 4731, 4732
\last_box 113, <u>5658</u> , 5658, 5659	\l_tmpb_toks 81, 4374, 4376
\l_msg_class_tl	\1_tmpc_dim 65, 3388, 3390
110, <u>5265</u> , 5265, 5434, 5435, 5438	\1_tmpc_int 55, 2923, 2925
\l_msg_coding_error_text_tl	\1_tmpc_skip 62, 3321, 3325
6448, 6470, 6477	\1_tmpc_toks 81, 4374, 4377
\l_msg_current_class_tl	\1_tmpd_dim 65, 3388, 3391
$110, \underline{5265}, 5266, 5414, 5435$	\1_xref_curr_name_tl 5823
\l_msg_current_module_tl	\language 164
$110, \underline{5265}, 5267, 5415$	\lastbox 321
\l_msg_names_clist	\lastkern 254
$110, \underline{5268}, 5268, 5302, 5303$	\lastlinefit 434
\l_msg_redirect_classes_clist	\lastnodetype 415
\dots 110, 5271 , 5271, 5390, 5394, 5397	\lastpenalty 360
\l_msg_redirect_classes_prop	\lastskip 255
$110, \underline{5269}, 5269$	\lccode 383
\l_msg_redirect_names_prop	\leaders 251
$110, \underline{5269}, 5270, 5416, 5503$	\left 219
\1 msg tmp t1 5272, 5272, 5319, 5334, 5336	\lefthyphenmin 275

\leftmarginkern 497	\minof 131, <u>6860</u> , 6867
\leftskip 277	\mkern 181
\leqno 194	\mode_if_horizontal: 1682
\let 40, 64	$\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{mode_if_horizontal:TF}}}$
\limits 211	$\mbox{mode_if_horizontal_p:} \dots 37, \underline{1682}$
\linepenalty 267	\mode_if_inner: 1686
\lineskip 261	\mode_if_inner:TF 37, <u>1686</u>
\lineskiplimit 262	\mode_if_inner_p: 37, <u>1686</u>
\long 43, 49, 52, 57, 83	\mode_if_math: 1690
\looseness 279	\mode_if_math:TF 37, <u>1690</u> , 2887
\lower 316	\mode_if_math_p: 37, <u>1690</u>
\lowercase 355	\mode_if_vertical: 1678
\lpcode 464	\mode_if_vertical:TF 36, <u>1678</u>
\luatex_directlua:D 554, 1311	\mode_if_vertical_p: 36, <u>1678</u>
\luatex_if_engine:	\month
\luatex_if_engine:TF	\moveleft 317
M	\moveright 318
\M 2408, 2495	\msg_class_new:nn 104, 5365, 5365, 5441,
\mone	5452, 5469, 5476, 5483, 5489, 5495
\mag	\msg_class_set:nn . 104, 5365, 5368, 5370 \msg_direct_interrupt:n 5306
\mark	\msg_direct_interrupt:xxxx 107, 5306,
\marks	5313, 5442, 5453, 5538, 5551, 5602
\mathaccent	\msg_direct_interrupt_aux:n . 5317, 5332
\mathbin 206	\msg_direct_log:xx
\mathchar 177	108, <u>5339</u> , <u>5339</u> , <u>5477</u> , <u>5484</u> , <u>5490</u>
\mathchardef	\msg_direct_term:xx \ \ \frac{108}{5339}, \ 5346, \ 5470
\mathchoice 174	\msg_error:nn 104, <u>5452</u>
\mathclose 207	\msg_error:nnx 104, 5452
\mathcode 385	\msg_error:nnxx 104, 5452
\mathinner 208	\msg_error:nnxxx 104, <u>5452</u>
\mathop 209	\msg_error:nnxxxx 104, <u>5452</u>
\mathopen 213	\msg_fatal:nn 104, <u>5441</u>
\mathord 214	\msg_fatal:nnx 104, <u>5441</u>
\mathparagraph 2903	\msg_fatal:nnxx 104, <u>5441</u>
\mathpunct 215	\msg_fatal:nnxxx 104, <u>5441</u>
\mathrel 216	\msg_fatal:nnxxxx 104, <u>5441</u>
\mathsection 2902	\msg_generic_new:nn 107, 5283, 5287, 5357
\mathsurround 227	\msg_generic_new:nnn 107, <u>5283</u> , 5283, 5354
\maxdeadcycles 297	\msg_generic_set:nn
\maxdepth 298	$107, 5289, \underline{5291}, 5296, 5363$
\maxdimen 3336	\msg_generic_set:nnn
\maxof 131, <u>6860</u> , 6866	107, 5285, <u>5291</u> , 5291, 5360
\meaning	\msg_generic_set_clist:n
\medmuskip 228	
\message	\msg_info:nn 105, <u>5476</u>
\MessageBreak	\msg_info:nnx 105, <u>5476</u>
.meta:n	\msg_info:nnxx
.meta:x	\msg_info:nnxxx 105, <u>5476</u> \msg_info:nnxxxx 105, <u>5476</u> , <u>5575</u>
	AMS ALIO: HOXXXX 1110 0440 0040

\msg_kernel_bug:x 15, 109, <u>1114</u> ,	\msg_none:nnxx 106, <u>5495</u>
1114, 1124, 1144, 1157, 1298, 1377,	\msg_none:nnxxx 106, <u>5495</u>
3459, 4426, 4591, 4610, <u>5601</u> , 5601	\msg_none:nnxxxx 106, <u>5495</u>
\msg_kernel_classes_new:n	\msg_redirect_class:nn . 106 , 5496 , 5496
<u>5517</u> , 5517, 5549, 5569, 5573, 5577	\msg_redirect_module:nnn 106, <u>5499</u> , 5499
\msg_kernel_error:nn	$\verb \msg_redirect_name:nnn . 106, \underline{5502}, 5502$
<i>108</i> , 5009, 5022, 5395, <u>5550</u> , 5988, 6033	\msg_set:nnn 104, <u>5353</u> , 5362, 5515
\msg_kernel_error:nnx	\msg_set:nnnn 104, <u>5353</u> , 5359, 5512
108, 4118, 5401, <u>5550</u> , 6123, 6243, 6289	\msg_trace:nn 105, <u>5489</u>
\msg_kernel_error:nnxx 108, 5408,	\msg_trace:nnx 105, <u>5489</u>
<u>5550</u> , 6109, 6179, 6191, 6205, 6303	\msg_trace:nnxx 105, <u>5489</u>
\msg_kernel_error:nnxxx 108, <u>5550</u>	\msg_trace:nnxxx 105, <u>5489</u>
\msg_kernel_error:nnxxxx 108, <u>5550</u> , 5550	\msg_trace:nnxxxx 105, <u>5489</u>
\msg_kernel_fatal:nn	\msg_two_newlines: 107, 5227,
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnxx 108, 5537	5249, <u>5281</u> , 5282, 5323, 5443, 5539
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnxx 108, 5537	\msg_use:nnnnxxxx 5373, 5388, 5388
\msg_kernel_fatal:nnxxx	\msg_use_aux:nn 5419, 5422, 5422
\msg_kernel_info:nn 109, 5570	\msg_use_aux:nnn 5406, 5413, 5413
\msg_kernel_info:nnx 109, 5570	\msg_use_code: 5389, 5411, 5411, 5429, 5436
\msg_kernel_info:nnxx 109, 5570	\msg_use_loop:
\msg_kernel_info:nnxxx 109, 5570	\msg_use_loop:n 5393, 5412, 5438
\msg_kernel_info:nnxxxx 109 , 5570 , 5574	\msg_use_loop_check:nn
\msg_kernel_new:nnn 108, 5505, 5508	5417, 5424, 5427, <u>5433</u> , 5433
\msg_kernel_new:nnnn	\msg_warning:nn 105, 5469
108, 5154, 5161, <u>5505</u> , 5505,	\msg_warning:nnx 105, <u>5469</u>
5578, 5586, 5594, 6050, 6439, 6445,	\msg_warning:nnxx 105, 5469
6452, 6461, 6467, 6474, 6481, 6487	\msg_warning:nnxxx 105, 5469
\msg_kernel_set:nnn 108, <u>5505</u> , <u>5514</u>	\msg_warning:nnxxxx 105, 5469, 5571
\msg_kernel_set:nnnn 108, <u>5505</u> , 5511	\mskip 178
$\mbox{msg_kernel_warning:nn} \dots 108, \underline{5570}$	\muexpr 427
$\mbox{msg_kernel_warning:nnx} \dots 108, \underline{5570}$	\multiply 79
$\mbox{msg_kernel_warning:nnxx} \dots 108, \underline{5570}$	\muskip 375
\msg_kernel_warning:nnxxx 108 , 5570	\muskip_add:Nn
\msg_kernel_warning:nnxxxx	65, 3423, 3425, 3426, 6595, 6603
108, 5570, 5570	\muskip_gadd:Nn 65, 3423, 3426, 6599, 6607
\msg_line_context: . 107, <u>5273</u> , 5276, 6051	\muskip_gset:Nn 65, 3423, 3424, 6591
\msg_line_number: . 107, <u>5273</u> , 5273, 5279	\muskip_gsub:Nn 65, 3423, 3428
\msg_log:nn 105, <u>5483</u>	\muskip_new:N 65, 3414, 3418, 6513-6515
\msg_log:nnx 105, <u>5483</u>	\muskip_set:\Nn . 65, \frac{3423}{3423}, \frac{3424}{3424}, \frac{6587}{6587}
\msg_log:nnxx 105, <u>5483</u>	\muskip_show:N 66, 3430, 3430
\msg_log:nnxxx 105, <u>5483</u>	\muskip_sub:\n \cdots 65, \frac{3423}{3427}, \frac{3428}{3428}
\msg_log:nnxxxx 105, <u>5483</u>	\muskip_use:N 66, 3429, 3429
\msg_new:nnn 104, <u>5353</u> , 5356, 5509	\muskipdef
\msg_new:nnnn 104, <u>5353</u> , 5353, 5506	\mutoglue
\msg_newline: 107, 5240,	/macoetae
5251, <u>5281</u> , 5281, 5315, 5318, 5322, 5341, 5343, 5348, 5350, 5454, 5552	N
\msg_none:nn	\n 2404
\msg_none:nnv	

\name_primitive:NN	P
57, 61–451, 453–473, 475–481, 483–	\P 1595, 2408
486, 488–509, 511–522, 524–554, 557	\p 2091
\name_tmp: 728	\package_check_loaded_expl:
$\normalfont{$\setminus$}$ name_undefine:N 43, 49, 52, 59, 697	730, 756, 1408, 1675,
\NeedsTeXFormat 720	2109, 2212, 2730, 3080, 3239, 3435,
\newbox 5622	4234, 4390, 4565, 4794, 4939, 5217,
\newcount 2742	5612, 5750, 5862, 6064, 6497, 6973
\newdimen 3362	\package_provides:w 703, 704
\newif 6911	\PackageError 16, 732, 6856
\newlinechar 129	\pagedepth
\newmuskip 3420	\pagediscards
\newread 4991	\pagefillstretch
\newskip 3248	\pagefillstretch
\newtoks 4243	\pagegoal 307
\newwrite 4990	\pagenumbering 5836, 5844
\noalign 97	\pageshrink
\noboundary 232	\pagestretch 302
\noexpand 32, 90	\pagetotal 308
\noindent 258	\par 257, 696
\nolimits 212	\parfillskip 288
\nonscript 192	\parindent 281
\nonstopmode 155	\parshape 273
\nulldelimiterspace 225	\parshapedimen 423
\nullfont 343	\parshapeindent 421
\number 352, 5829	\parshapelength 422
\numexpr 424	\parskip 280
	\patterns 363
O	\pausing 150
\0 1597, 2408, 2499	\pdf_adjustspacing:D 461
\omit 98	\pdf_annot:D
\openin 124	\pdf_catalog:D 540
\openout 125	\pdf_compresslevel:D
\or 121	$\label{lem:decomp} $$ \pdf_creationdate:D$
\or:	\pdf_dest:D
58, <u>760</u> , 762, 868, 1347, 1349, 1351,	\pdf_destmargin:D 480
1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363,	\pdf_efcode:D
2862-2866, 2871-2875, 2899-2907,	\pdf_elapsedtime:D 520
2912-2920, 3037-3045, 6699-6701,	\pdf_endlink:D 532
6708-6710, 6725-6727, 6734-6736,	\pdf_endthread:D 537
6782–6784, 6794–6796, 6820, 6826	\pdf_escapehex:D 501
\outer 84	\pdf_escapename:D 500
\output 299	\pdf_escapestring:D 499
\outputpenalty 309	\pdf_filedump:D 509
\over 186	\pdf_filemoddate:D 507
\overfullrule 337	\pdf_filesize:D 508
\overline 217	\pdf_fontattr:D 544
\overwithdelims 187	\pdf_fontexpand:D 546

\pdf_fontname:D	493	\pdf_resettimer:D 550
\pdf_fontobjnum:D	494	\pdf_rightmarginkern:D 498
\pdf_fontsize:D	495	\pdf_rpcode:D 465
\pdf_forcepagebox:D	466	\pdf_savepos:D 538
\pdf_gamma:D	472	\pdf_setrandomseed:D 551
\pdf_horigin:D	475	\pdf_shellescape:D 522
\pdf_imageapplygamma:D	471	\pdf_startlink:D 531
\pdf_imagegamma:D	473	\pdf_startthread:D 536
\pdf_imagehicolor:D	470	\pdf_strcmp:D 503, 557, 2158, 2180, 3703
\pdf_imageresolution:D	457	\pdf_texbanner:D 489
\pdf_includechars:D	496	\pdf_texrevision:D 488
\pdf_inclusionerrorlevel:D	468	\pdf_texversion:D 511
\pdf_info:D	539	\pdf_thread:D 535
\pdf_lastannot:D	516	\pdf_threadmargin:D 481
\pdf_lastdemerits:D	519	\pdf_tracingfonts:D 459
\pdf_lastobj:D	512	\pdf_trailer:D 545
\pdf_lastxform:D	513	\pdf_unescapehex:D 502
\pdf_lastximage:D	514	\pdf_uniformdeviate:D 504
\pdf_lastximagepages:D	515	\pdf_uniqueresname:D 460
\pdf_lastxpos:D	517	\pdf_vorigin:D 476
\pdf_lastypos:D	518	\pdf_xform:D 526
\pdf_leftmarginkern:D	497	\pdf_xformname:D 492
\pdf_linkmargin:D	479	\pdf_ximage:D 528
\pdf_literal:D	548	\pdfadjustspacing 461
\pdf_lpcode:D	464	\pdfannot 530
\pdf_mapfile:D	542	\pdfcatalog
\pdf_mapline:D	543	\pdfcompresslevel 455
\pdf_mdfivesum:D	506	\pdfcreationdate 490
\pdf_minorversion:D	454	\pdfdecimaldigits 456
\pdf_names:D	541	\pdfdest 534
\pdf_noligatures:D	552	\pdfdestmargin 480
\pdf_normaldeviate:D	505	\pdfelapsedtime 520
\pdf_obj:D	524	\pdfendlink 532
\pdf_optionalwaysusepdfpagebox:D	467	\pdfendthread 537
\pdf_optionpdfinclusionerrorlevel:D	469	\pdfescapehex 501
\pdf_outline:D	533 453	\pdfescapename
\pdf_output:D	484	1 0
\pdf_pageattr:D	478	• •
\pdf_pageheight:D	491	•
<pre>\pdf_pageref:D \pdf_pageresources:D</pre>	485	\pdffilesize
\pdf_pagesattr:D	483	\pdffontexpand
	477	\pdffontname
<pre>\pdf_pagewidth:D \pdf_pkmode:D</pre>	486	\pdffontobjnum
\pdf_pkresolution:D	458	\pdffontsize
\pdf_protrudechars:D	462	\pdfforcepagebox 499
\pdf_randomseed:D	521	\pdfgamma 472
\pdf_refobj:D	525	\pdfhorigin
\pdf_refxform:D	527	\pdfimageapplygamma 471
\ndf refvimage:D	520	\ndfimageappiygamma

\pdfimagehicolor	470	\pdfthread 535
\pdfimageresolution	457	\pdfthreadmargin 481
\pdfincludechars	496	\pdftracingfonts 459
\pdfinclusionerrorlevel	468	\pdftrailer 545
\pdfinfo	539	\pdfunescapehex 502
\pdflastannot	516	\pdfuniformdeviate 504
\pdflastdemerits	519	\pdfuniqueresname 460
\pdflastobj	512	\pdfvorigin 476
\pdflastxform	513	\pdfxform 526
\pdflastximage	514	\pdfxformname 492
\pdflastximagepages	515	\pdfximage 528
\pdflastxpos	517	\peek_after:NN
\pdflastypos	518	\dots 49, 2567 , 2567, 2581, 2596, 2714
\pdflinkmargin	479	$\perbox{peek_catcode:NTF}$ 50 , 2673
\pdfliteral	548	$\perbox{0} \perbox{0} 0
\pdfmapfile	542	$\perbox{peek_catcode_remove:NTF}$ 50 , 2683
\pdfmapline	543	\peek_catcode_remove_ignore_spaces:NTF
\pdfmdfivesum	506	50, 2688
\pdfminorversion	454	\peek_charcode:NTF 50, <u>2693</u>
\pdfnames	541	<pre>\peek_charcode_ignore_spaces:NTF</pre>
\pdfnoligatures	552	50, 2698
\pdfnormaldeviate	505	$\percent{length} \percent{length} \per$
\pdfobj	524	<pre>\peek_charcode_remove_ignore_spaces:NTF</pre>
\pdfoptionalwaysusepdfpagebox	467	
\pdfoptionpdfinclusionerrorlevel	469	\peek_def_aux:nnnn <u>2639</u> , <u>2639</u> ,
\pdfoutline	533	2653, 2658, 2663, 2668, 2673, 2678,
\pdfoutput	453	2683, 2688, 2693, 2698, 2703, 2708
\pdfpageattr	484	\peek_def_aux_ii:nnnnn
\pdfpageheight	478	2639, $2640-2642$, 2644
\pdfpageref	491	\peek_execute_branches: 2647, 2721
\pdfpageresources	485	\peek_execute_branches_catcode:
\pdfpagesattr	483	<i>51</i> , <u>2608</u> , 2615, 2677, 2680, 2687, 2690
\pdfpagewidth	477	\peek_execute_branches_charcode:
\pdfpkmode	486	<i>51</i> , <u>2608</u> , <u>2622</u> , <u>2697</u> , <u>2700</u> , <u>2707</u> , <u>2710</u>
\pdfpkresolution	458	\peek_execute_branches_charcode_aux:NN
\pdfprotrudechars	462	2608, 2629, 2631
\pdfrandomseed	521	\peek_execute_branches_meaning:
\pdfrefobj	525	<i>51</i> , <u>2608</u> , 2608, 2657, 2660, 2667, 2670
\pdfrefxform	527	\peek_gafter:NN 49, 2567, 2568
\pdfrefximage	529	\peek_ignore_spaces_aux:
\pdfresettimer	550	
\pdfsavepos	538	\peek_ignore_spaces_execute_branches:
\pdfsetrandomseed	551	210, 2662, 2672, 2682,
\pdfshellescape	522	2692, 2702, 2712, <u>2713</u> , 2714, 2716
\pdfstartlink	531	\peek_meaning:NTF 50, 2653
\pdfstartthread	536	\peek_meaning_ignore_spaces:NTF 50, 2658
\pdfstrcmp	503	\peek_meaning_remove:NTF 50, 2663
\pdftexbanner	489	\peek_meaning_remove_ignore_spaces:NTF
\pdftexrevision	488	
\pdftexversion	511	\peek_tmp:w 210, 2573, 2573, 2606, 2719
'Laroniorpion	011	(F-5-12-5-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-

\peek_token_generic:NNF 2586	\prg_define_quicksort:nnn <u>1994</u> , <u>1994</u> , <u>2069</u>
\peek_token_generic:NNT 2583	\prg_do_nothing: 15, 1324, 1324, 4018,
\peek_token_generic:NNTF	4025, 4048, 4054, 4254, 4283, 6645
$50, \underline{2575}, 2575, 2584, 2587$	\prg_end_case:nw
\peek_token_remove_generic:NNF 2601	1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, <u>1993</u> , 1993
\peek_token_remove_generic:NNT 2598	\prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnNNnnnn
\peek_token_remove_generic:NNTF	884,
$50, \underline{2589}, 2589, 2599, 2602$	890, 896, 902, 908, 914, 921, 928, 940
\penalty 358	\prg_generate_conditional_aux:nnw
\postdisplaypenalty 205	
\predisplaydirection 449	\prg_generate_conditional_parm_aux:nnNNnnnn
\predisplaypenalty 204	<u>940</u>
\predisplaysize 203	\prg_generate_conditional_parm_aux:nw
\pref_global:D 20,	<u>940</u>
795, 795, 1267, 1272, 2265, 2569,	\prg_generate_F_form_count:Nnnnn
2755, 2773, 2779, 2791, 2809, 2815,	
3262, 3277, 3299, 3307, 3368, 3372,	\prg_generate_F_form_parm:Nnnnn 952, 967
3378, 3382, 3424, 3426, 3428, 3622, 4267, 4268, 4279, 4284, 4294, 4304,	\prg_generate_p_form_count:Nnnnn
4318, 4332, 4489, 4498, 5211, 5654,	
5656, 5661, 5669, 5691, 5697, 5703,	\prg_generate_p_form_parm:Nnnnn 952, 952
5717, 5723, 5731, 6527, 6630, 6633,	\prg_generate_T_form_count:Nnnnn
6634, 6689, 6817, 6823, 6829, 6835	
\pref_global_chk:	\prg_generate_T_form_parm:Nnnnn 952, 962
2753, 2771, 2777, 2807,	\prg_generate_TF_form_count:Nnnnn
2813, 3260, 3275, 3297, 3305, 3620,	
4293, 4303, 4317, 4331, 4486, 4495	\prg_generate_TF_form_parm:Nnnnn
\pref_long:D 20, 795, 796,	
801, 804, 813, 816, 821, 824, 833, 836	\prg_get_count_aux:nn
\pref_protected:D	$\dots \dots 907, 913, 920, 927, \underline{938}, 938$
. 20, <u>795,</u> 797, 800, 803, 806, 807,	\prg_get_parm_aux:nw
809, 810, 813, 816, 827, 830, 833, 836	883, 889, 895, 901, 938, 939
\pretolerance 284	\prg_new_conditional:Nnn
\prevdepth 331	$31, \underline{906}, 912, \underline{1678}, 2151,$
\prevgraf 290	2157, 2166, 2175, 2179, 2188, 2327,
\prg_case_dim:nnn 35, <u>1963</u> , <u>1963</u>	2331, 2335, 2339, 2343, 2347, 2351,
\prg_case_dim_aux:nnn	2355, 2359, 2363, 2367, 2371, 2375,
	2379, 2383, 2390, 2393, 2412, 2419,
\prg_case_int:nnn 35, <u>1953</u> , 1953	2426, 2437, 2448, 2459, 2470, 2477,
\prg_case_int_aux:nnn	2484, 2524, 3338, 3398, 3678, 3689,
	4359, 4366, 5202, 5629, 5632, 5643
\prg_case_str:nnn 36, <u>1973</u> , 1973	\prg_new_conditional:Npnn
\prg_case_str_aux:nnn	3652, 3664, 3745, 4085, 4089, 4107
\prg_case_tl:\nn \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn
\prg_case_tl_aux:NNn <u>1983</u> , 1984, 1987, 1991	31, <u>932</u> , <u>935</u> , <u>1678</u> , 4421, 4422, 4586, 4587, 4594–4597, 4894–4899
\prg_conditional_form_F:nnn 1009 \prg_conditional_form_p:nnn 1006	
	\prg_new_protected_conditional:Nnn .
\prg_conditional_form_T:nnn 1008	906, 926, 1678, 4429, 4598, 4900, 7003

\prg_new_protected_conditional:Npnn	\prg_set_conditional:Nnn
$\dots 31, 882, 900, 1678, 3984, 3993$	<i>31</i> , <u>906</u> , 906, <u>1678</u> , 6217
\prg_quicksort:n 38, 2069	\prg_set_conditional:Npnn
\prg_quicksort_compare:nnTF	31, <u>882</u> , 882, 1048, 1059, 1080,
	1164, 1173, 1181, 1316, 1320, 1385,
\prg_quicksort_function:n 38, 2070, 2070	<u>1678</u> , 1678, 1682, 1686, 1690, 1841,
\prg_replicate:nn 38, <u>1707</u> , <u>1707</u>	1937, 3094, 3136, 3202, 3206, 3637
\prg_replicate 1719	\prg_set_eq_conditional:NNn
	31, 932, 932, 1678
\prg_replicate_aux:N <u>1707</u> , 1713, 1714, 1717	\prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNn
\prg_replicate_first_aux:N	933, 936, <u>992,</u> 992
	\prg_set_eq_conditional_aux:NNNw
\prg_return_false: 31, <u>880</u> , 881,	992, 993, 995, 1004
1050, 1055, 1067, 1072, 1090, 1093,	\prg_set_protected_conditional:Nnn .
1170, 1172, 1189, 1309, 1318, 1322,	31, <u>906</u> , 919, <u>1678</u>
1387, <u>1678</u> , 1680, 1684, 1688, 1692,	\prg_set_protected_conditional:Npnn
1842, 1939, 2153, 2161, 2171, 2176,	31, <u>882</u> , 894, <u>1678</u> , 3759, 3766,
2183, 2193, 2329, 2333, 2337, 2341,	3773, 3780, 3787, 3794, 3801, 3808,
2345, 2349, 2353, 2357, 2361, 2365,	3815, 3822, 3829, 3836, 3843, 3850
2369, 2373, 2377, 2381, 2388, 2392,	\prg_stepwise_function:nnnN
2396, 2398, 2417, 2424, 2428, 2435, 2439, 2446, 2457, 2461, 2468, 2475,	38, <u>1748</u> , 1748
2482, 2490, 2527, 2534, 2539, 2546,	\prg_stepwise_function_decr:nnnN
2548, 2550, 2552, 2554, 3110, 3114,	
3118, 3122, 3126, 3130, 3134, 3139,	
3204, 3208, 3342, 3400, 3639, 3646,	\prg_stepwise_inline:nnnn 38, 1772, 1773
3654, 3668, 3680, 3691, 3701, 3749,	\prg_stepwise_inline_decr:Nnnn
3763, 3770, 3777, 3784, 3791, 3798,	
3805, 3812, 3819, 3826, 3833, 3840,	\prg_stepwise_inline_decr:nnn . 1772
3847, 3854, 3986, 3995, 4087, 4092,	\prg_stepwise_inline_incr:Nnnn
4110, 4360, 4368, 4432, 4601, 4904,	
5204, 5630, 5633, 5644, 6221, 7046	\prg_stepwise_inline_incr:nnnn 1772
\prg_return_true: 31, 880,	\prg_stepwise_variable:nnnNn
880, 1053, 1069, 1088, 1169, 1189,	38, 1799, 1799
1309, 1317, 1321, 1387, <u>1678</u> , 1680,	\prg_stepwise_variable_decr:nnnNn
$1684, 1688, 1692, 1842, \overline{1939}, 2153,$	1799, 1801, 1813, 1817
2161, 2171, 2176, 2183, 2193, 2329,	\prg_stepwise_variable_incr:nnnNn
2333, 2337, 2341, 2345, 2349, 2353,	1799, 1802, 1805, 1809
2357, 2361, 2365, 2369, 2373, 2377,	\prg_variable_get_scope:N 39, 2072, 2077
2381, 2388, 2392, 2396, 2417, 2424,	\prg_variable_get_scope_aux:w
2435, 2446, 2457, 2468, 2475, 2482,	$ \underbrace{2072}, 2078, 2081 $
2490, 2556, 3110, 3114, 3118, 3122,	\prg_variable_get_type:N . 39, 2072, 2090
3126, 3130, 3134, 3139, 3204, 3208,	\prg_variable_get_type:w 2072
3342, 3400, 3639, 3646, 3654, 3668,	\prg_variable_get_type_aux:w 2094, 2098
3683, 3694, 3701, 3749, 3763, 3770,	\ProcessOptions 54
3777, 3784, 3791, 3798, 3805, 3812,	\prop_clear:c 95, 4800, 4801, 5371
$3819,\ 3826,\ 3833,\ 3840,\ 3847,\ 3854,$	\prop_clear:N 95, 4800, 4800, 4856
3986, 3995, 4087, 4092, 4110, 4360,	\prop_del:Nn 96, 4876, 4876, 4887
4368, 4432, 4601, 4904, 5204, 5205,	\prop_del:NV 96, 4876
5630 5633 5644 6210 7010 7047	\nron del aux: 08 4876 4877 4870 4880

\	\
\prop_display:c 97, 4814	\prop_if_in:cnTF 97, 4900, 5423, 5426
\prop_display:N	\prop_if_in:\n
97, <u>4814</u> , 4814, 4830, 5149, 5152	\prop_if_in:\nF 4908, 5031, 5038
\prop_gclear:c 95, 4800, 4803	\prop_if_in:NnT 4907
\prop_gclear:N 95, 4800, 4802, 4862	\prop_if_in:NnTF 97, 4900, 4906, 5416
\prop_gdel:Nn 96, 4876, 4878, 4888	\prop_if_in:NoTF 97, 4900
\prop_gdel:NV 96, 4876, 5130, 5142	\prop_if_in:NVT 5076, 5116
\prop_get:cnN 95, 4837, 5434	\prop_if_in:NVTF 97, 4900
\prop_get:cVN 95, <u>4837</u>	\prop_if_in_aux:w 98, 4900, 4901, 4903
\prop_get:NnN 95, 4837, 4837, 4841	\prop_map_break: 96, 4915, 4931, 4931
\prop_get:NVN 95, <u>4837</u>	\prop_map_function:cc 96, 4909
\prop_get_aux:w 98, 4837, 4838, 4840	\prop_map_function:cN 96, 4909
\prop_get_del_aux:w . 98, 4846, 4847, 4848	\prop_map_function:Nc 96, 4909, 4926
\prop_get_gdel:NnN 96, 4846, 4846	\prop_map_function:NN 96, 4909, 4920
\prop_gget:cnN 95	\prop_map_function_aux:w
\prop_gget:cVN 95	98, <u>4909</u> , 4910, 4913, 4918
\prop_gget:NnN 95, 4842, 4842, 4845	\prop_map_inline:cn 96, 4921
\prop_gget:NVN 95, 4842	\prop_map_inline:Nn
\prop_gget_aux:w 98, 4842, 4843, 4844	
\prop_gput:ccx 95, 4854, 5758	\prop_new:c 94, 4798, 4799, 5367, 5792
\prop_gput:cnn 95, 4854	\prop_new:N
\prop_gput:Nnn 95, 4854, 4860, 4875	4966, 4967, 5269, 5270, 5753, 5754
\prop_gput:Nno 95, 4854	\prop_put:cnn 95, 4854, 5497, 5500
\prop_gput:NnV 95, 4854	
\prop_gput:Nnx 95, 4854	\prop_put:\nn
\prop_gput:NVn 95, 4854, 5012, 5025	95, <u>4854</u> , 4854, 4874, 4970–4973, 5503
\prop_gput_if_new:Nnn 95, 4890, 4890	\prop_put:\nv
\prop_gset_eq:cc 96, 4804, 4811	\prop_put:NVn
\prop_gset_eq:cN 96, 4804, 4810	\prop_put:NVV
\prop_gset_eq:Nc 96, 4804, 4809	\prop_put_aux:w 98, 4854, 4857, 4863, 4866
\prop_gset_eq:NN 96, 4804, 4808	\prop_put_if_new_aux:w 98, 4890, 4891, 4892
\prop_if_empty:c 4895	\prop_set_eq:cc 96, 4804, 4807
\prop_if_empty:cTF 97, 4894	\prop_set_eq:cN 96, 4804, 4806
\prop_if_empty:N 4894	\prop_set_eq:Nc 96, 4804, 4805
\prop_if_empty:NTF 97, 4894	$prop_set_eq:NN$
\prop_if_empty_p:c 97, 4894	\prop_show:c 97, 4812, 4813
\prop_if_empty_p:N 97, 4894	\prop_show: N 97, 4812, 4812
\prop_if_eq:cc 4899	\prop_split_aux:Nnn
\prop_if_eq:ccTF 97, 4896	. 98, <u>4831</u> , 4831, 4838, 4843, 4847,
\prop_if_eq:cN 4897	4855, 4861, 4877, 4879, 4891, 4901
\prop_if_eq:cNTF 97, 4896	\prop_tmp:w 4832, 4835,
\prop_if_eq:Nc 4898	4851, 4852, 4870, 4871, 4881–4884
\prop_if_eq:NcTF 97, 4896	\protect 734
\prop_if_eq:NN 4896	\protected 22, 451
\prop_if_eq:NNTF 97, 4896	\ProvidesClass 657
\prop_if_eq_p:cc 97, 4896	\ProvidesExplClass 6 , 651 , 656
\prop_if_eq_p:cN 97, 4896	\ProvidesExplFile
\prop_if_eq_p:Nc 97, 4896	\ProvidesExplPackage
\prop_if_eq_p:NN 97, 4896	6, 651, 652, 754, 1406, 1673,
\prop_if_in:ccTF 97, 4900	2107, 2210, 2728, 3078, 3237, 3433,
/	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

4232, 4388, 4563, 4792, 4937, 5215,	4434, 4441, 4443, 4449, 4452, 4474,
5610, 5748, 5860, 6062, 6495, 6971	4476, 4512, 4519, 4525, 4599, 4603,
\ProvidesFile	4619, 4621, 4625, 4627, 4832, 4835,
\ProvidesPackage	4911, 5922, 5987, 6247, 6249, 6254
\PiovidesPackage 055, 700	
0	\quark_if_nil:N
Q	\quark_if_nil:n 2179, 2188
\Q	\quark_if_nil:nF 2200, 2204
\q 1027, 1710, 1904	\quark_if_nil:NT 4506
\q_error	\quark_if_nil:nT . 2004, 2008, 2199, 2203
\q_mark 42, 2116, 2117, 4312	\quark_if_nil:NTF 40, 2175, 3057, 4630, 6005
\q_nil	$\qquad \qquad $
860, 863, 1013, 1019, 1027, 1029,	2021, 2030, 2039, 2178, 2198, 2202
1036, 1038, 1336, 1340, 1607, 1612,	\quark_if_nil:oF 5967
1615, 1916, 1918, 1997, 2001, 2079,	\quark_if_nil:oTF
$2081, 2092, 2094, 2098, \underline{2113}, 2115,$	\quark_if_nil:VTF
2122, 2134, 2150, 2176, 2181, 2191,	\quark_if_nil_p:N 40, 2175
2384, 2386, 2414, 2416, 2421, 2423,	\quark_if_nil_p:n 40, 2178, 2197, 2201
2431, 2434, 2442, 2445, 2453, 2456,	\quark_if_nil_p:o
2464, 2467, 2472, 2474, 2479, 2481,	\quark_if_nil_p:V
2486, 2489, 2502, 2508, 2514, 2520,	\quark_if_no_value:N 2151
3054, 3100, 3108, 3112, 3116, 3120,	\quark_if_no_value:n 2157, 2166
3124, 3128, 3132, 3653, 3665, 3667,	\quark_if_no_value:NF 4850, 4882
3685, 3696, 3700, 4073, 4075, 4077,	\quark_if_no_value:nF 4012
4081, 4082, 4086, 4091, 4095, 4109,	\quark_if_no_value:NTF 40, 1919, 2151
4512, 4625, 4632, 4911, 4914, 5769,	\quark_if_no_value:nTF
5776, 5915, 5922, 5930, 5939, 5944,	\dots 40, 2151, 3986, 3995, 4044, 4904
5952, 5959, 5969, 5975, 5976, 5986,	$\qquad \qquad $
5992, 5997, 6010, 6015, 6019, 6022	$\qquad \qquad $
\q_no_value	\quark_if_recursion_tail_aux:w
2114, 2152, 2159, 2169, 3988, 3997,	$\dots \dots 2122, 2134, \underline{2150}, 2150$
4015, 4027, 4056, 4431, 4434, 4600,	\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:N
4603, 4835, 4851, 4870, 4883, 4911,	$\dots 41, \underline{2120}, 2126, 3903, 4723$
5951, 5959, 5965, 5970, 5986, 5993	\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:n
\q_prop 98, <u>4797</u> , 4797,	\dots 41, $\underline{2120}$, 2120, 2131, 3873, 4684
4832, 4835, 4851, 4867, 4870, 4883,	\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop:o 41, 2120
4893, 4911, 4913, 5765, 5767, 5784	\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:Nn
$\q_{recursion_stop}$	$\dots \dots 41, 1988, \underline{2132}, 2141$
\dots 41, 862, 865, 943, 993, 1560,	\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:nn
1955, 1965, 1975, 1985, 1993, 2118,	
2119, 3866, 3870, 3883, 3892, 3897,	$1968, \ 1978, \ \underline{2132}, \ 2132, \ 2149, \ 3911$
3908, 4674, 4680, 4697, 4709, 4716	\quark_if_recursion_tail_stop_do:on
$\q_{recursion_tail}$	
\dots 41, 1955, 1965, 1975, 1985,	$\qquad \qquad \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
<u>2118,</u> 2118, 2122, 2127, 2134, 2142,	_
2150, 3866, 3870, 3883, 3892, 3897,	${f R}$
3908, 4674, 4680, 4697, 4709, 4716	\R 1596, 2408, 2498
\q_stop . 41, 861, 864, 1997, 2001, 2063,	\radical 179
<u>2113</u> , 2113, 3096, 3098, 3100, 3102,	\raise 319
3985, 3988, 3994, 3997, 4010, 4027,	\ratio 131, 6522, 6899, 6903
4042, 4048, 4056, 4313, 4322, 4430,	\read 126

101	
\readline 401	\seq_gclear:N 82, 4397, 4399
\real 131, 6521, 6899, 6904	\seq_gclear_new:c 82, 4401, 4404
\relax 11, 23, 26-31, 34-39, 161, 709	\seq_gclear_new:N 82, 4401, 4403
\relpenalty 222	\seq_gconcat:ccc
\RequirePackage	\seq_gconcat:NNN 83, 4417, 4417, 4420
\reverse_if:N 8, <u>760</u> , 765	\seq_get:cN 84, 4439, 4557
\right 220	\seq_get:NN 84, <u>4439</u> , 4439, 4446, 4556
\righthyphenmin	\seq_get_aux:w 86, 4439, 4441, 4443
\rightmarginkern 498	\seq_gpop:cN
\rightskip 278	\seq_gpop:NN 87, <u>4552</u> , 4553, 4555, 7063
\romannumeral 353	\seq_gpush:cn
\rpcode 465	\seq_gpush:Nn 87, <u>4552</u> , 4552, 4554
\mathbf{S}	\seq_gpush:No
\\$ 2408	\seq_gpush:NV 87, <u>4552</u> , 7060
\savinghyphcodes	\seq_gpush:Nv
	\seq_gput_left:cn 83, <u>4484</u>
\savingvdiscards 441 \scan_align_safe_stop: 37, 1691, 1697, 1697	\seq_gput_left:co
	\seq_gput_left:cV 83, 4484
\scan_stop: 22, 741, <u>791</u> , 791, 996, 1021, 1165, 1169, 1170, 1178,	\seq_gput_left:Nn 83, 4484, 4484, 4502, 4552
1180, 1182, 1185, 1189, 1593–1601,	\seq_gput_left:No
1703, 2391, 2509, 2515, 2521, 2951,	\seq_gput_left:Nx
2952, 2969, 3234, 3268, 3320, 3352,	
3353, 3375, 3380, 3396, 3423, 3425,	\seq_gput_right:cn
3427, 3933–3936, 4113, 4374, 4609,	\seq_gput_right:cV
5013, 5026, 5308, 5688, 5714, 6643, 6703, 6712, 6729, 6738, 6786, 6801	\seq_gput_right: Nn 84, 4484, 4493, 4503
\scantokens 399	\seq_gput_right:No
\scriptfont 345	\seq_gput_right:NV 84, 4484, 6992 \seq_gput_right:Nx 84, 4484
\scriptscriptfont	\seq_gremove_duplicates:N 85, 4530, 4543
\scriptscriptstyle 191	\seq_gremove_dupricates.w 83, 4550, 4545 \seq_gset_eq:cc 82, 4409, 4412
\scriptscriptstyle \dots	\seq_gset_eq:c\ \cdots
\scriptstyle 190	\seq_gset_eq:Nc 82, 4409, 4411
\scrollmode	\seq_gset_eq:NN 82, 4409, 4409, 4544
\secondoftwo	\seq_gset_eq:NN 82, 4409, 4409, 4544 \seq_if_empty:c 4422
\seq_clear:c	\seq_if_empty:c
\seq_clear: N	\seq_if_empty:\N
\seq_clear_new:c 82, 4551, 4551, 4551 \seq_clear_new:c 82, 4401, 4402	\seq_if_empty:NTF
\seq_clear_new:N 82, 4401, 4401	\seq_if_empty_err:N
\seq_concat:ccc 82, 4413	
\seq_concat:NNN 83, 4413, 4413, 4416	\seq_if_empty_p:c 85, 4421
\seq_display:c	\seq_if_empty_p:N
\seq_display:N	\seq_if_in:cnTF
\seq_elt:w 86, 4392, 4393,	\seq_if_in:coTF
4430, 4434, 4443, 4452, 4478, 4482,	\seq_if_in:cVTF
4504, 4512, 4518, 4520, 4524, 4526	\seq_if_in:cxTF
\seq_elt_end:	\seq_if_in:Nn
4392, 4394, 4430, 4434, 4443, 4452,	\seq_if_in:NnF 4438, 4536
4478, 4482, 4504, 4512, 4518, 4524	\seq_if_in:NnT
\seq_gclear:c	\seq_if_in:NnTF 86, 4429, 4436
(224_0223210 11111111111111111111111111111111	(201, 1100

	00 1107 1100
\seq_if_in:NVTF	\seq_set_eq:cc 82, 4405, 4408
\seq_map_break: 85, 4506, 4515, 4515, 7032	\seq_set_eq:cN 82, <u>4405</u> , 4406
\seq_map_break:n 85, 4515, 4516	\seq_set_eq:Nc 82, 4405, 4407
$\seq_map_function:cN \dots 84, 4517$	\seq_set_eq:NN
\seq_map_function:NN	\dots 82, $\underline{4405}$, 4405, 4541, 7019, 7039
84, <u>4517</u> , 4517, 4522, 4532, 7077	\seq_show:c 85, <u>4456</u> , 4457
\seq_map_inline:cn 85, 4523	\seq_show:N 85, 4456, 4456
\seq_map_inline:Nn	\seq_tmp:w 4430, 4434
85, 4462, <u>4523</u> , 4523, 4528, 7026	\seq_top:cN 87, 4556, 4557
\seq_map_variable:cNn 84, 4504	\seq_top:NN 87, 4556, 4556
\seq_map_variable:NNn 84, 4504, 4510, 4514	\setbox 327
\seq_map_variable_aux:Nnw	\setcounter 131, 6909, 6955, 6961
4504, 4504, 4508, 4511	\setlabel 5832, 5838, 5839,
\seq_new:c	5841, 5842, 5846, 5847, 5849, 5850
\seq_new:N	\setlanguage 85
4395, 4529, 6977, 6988, 6996, 6999	\setlength 131, 6905, 6905
\seq_pop:cN 87, 4546	\setname 5823,
\seq_pop:NN 87, 4546, 4550, 4551	5838, 5839, 5841, 5842, 5846, 5849
\seq_pop_aux:nnNN 86, 4447, 4447, 4550, 4553	\sfcode 382
\seq_pop_aux:w 86, 4447, 4449, 4451	\shipout
\seq_push:cn 87, 4546, 4549	\show
\seq_push:\Nn	\showbox
\seq_push:No	\showbox \ \ \showbox \ \ \showbox \ \ \showbox \ \ \ \ \showbox \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
\seq_push:NV	\showboxdepth
\seq_put_aux:Nnn 86, 4473, 4473, 4478, 4482	\showgroups
\seq_put_aux:\w \cdots \frac{4473}{86}, \frac{4473}{4474}, \frac{4476}{4474}	\showifs
\seq_put_left:cn 83, 4477, 4549	
\seq_put_left:co	\showMemUsage 742, 751, 1403, 1670, 2104,
\seq_put_left:cV	2207, 2725, 3075, 4229, 4385, 4560,
\seq_put_left:Nn	4789, 4934, 5745, 5807, 6059, 6968
83, <u>4477</u> , 4477, 4480, 4491, 4546	\showthe
\seq_put_left:No 83, 4477, 4548	\showtokens
\seq_put_left:NV 83, 4477, 4547	\skewchar 349
\seq_put_left:Nx	\skip 373
\seq_put_right:cn 83, 4477	\skip@ 3322
\seq_put_right:co 83, 4477	\skip_add:cn 60, 3282
\seq_put_right:cV 83, 4477	\skip_add:Nn 60, <u>3282</u> , 3282, 3288, 3300, 6574
\seq_put_right:Nn	\skip_eval:n 62, 3253,
\dots 83, 4375, $\underline{4477}$, 4481, 4483,	$3283, 3290, 3312, 3315, \underline{3320}, 3320$
4500, 4537, 5617, 7022, 7068, 7085	\skip_gadd:cn 60, <u>3282</u>
\seq_put_right:No 83, <u>4477</u>	\skip_gadd:Nn 60, <u>3282</u> , 3295, 3302, 6577
\seq_put_right:NV 83, <u>4477</u>	.skip_gset:c 124
\seq_put_right:Nx 83, <u>4477</u>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
\seq_remove_duplicates:N	.skip_gset:N 124
<i>85</i> , <u>4530</u> , 4540, 7069, 7075	$\slip_gset:Nn 60, 3252, 3258, 3266, 6571$
\seq_remove_duplicates_aux:n	$\sline \sline $
$$ $\underline{4530}$, 4532 , 4535	\skip_gzero:c 60, <u>3267</u>
\seq_remove_duplicates_aux:NN	$\sin gzero: N 60, 3267, 3273, 3281$
4530, 4530 , 4541 , 4544	\skip_horizontal:c 61, 3310
\seq_remove_element:Nn 7072	\skip_horizontal:N 61, <u>3310</u> , <u>3310</u> -3312

\skip_horizontal:n 61, <u>3310</u> , 3312	${f T}$
\skip_if_infinite_glue:n 3338	\T 1598, 2402
\skip_if_infinite_glue:nTF 61, 3338, 3345	\t 2405
\skip_if_infinite_glue_p:n 61, 3338	\tabskip 100
\skip_new:c 60, <u>3242</u>	\tex_above:D 182
$\slip_new:N \dots 60, 3242, 3246, 3251,$	\tex_abovedisplayshortskip:D 195
3323–3327, 3329, 3331, 6510–6512	\tex_abovedisplayskip:D 196
.skip_set:c 124	\tex_abovewithdelims:D 183
\skip_set:cn 60, <u>3252</u>	\tex_accent:D 233
.skip_set:N 124	\tex_adjdemerits:D 270
\skip_set:Nn 60 , 3252 ,	\tex_advance:D 77, 2735,
3252, 3263, 3265, 3330, 3332, 6568	3283, 3290, 3375, 3380, 3425, 3427
\skip_show:c 61, <u>3318</u>	\tex_afterassignment:D 87, 2606, 2718, 6629
$\sl n = 10$	\tex_aftergroup:D 88, 794
\skip_split_finite_else_action:nnNN	\tex_atop:D 184
<i>61</i> , <u>3344</u> , 3344	\tex_atopwithdelims:D 185
$\sline \sline $	\tex_badness:D 332
\skip_use:c	\tex_baselineskip:D 260
\skip_use:N 61, <u>3316</u> , 3316, 3317	\tex_batchmode:D 153
\skip_vertical:c 61, <u>3310</u>	\tex_begingroup:D 91, 595, 701, 792
$\verb \skip_vertical:N 61 , \underline{3310}, \underline{3313} - \underline{3315}$	\tex_belowdisplayshortskip:D 197
\skip_vertical:n 61, <u>3310</u> , <u>3315</u>	\tex_belowdisplayskip:D 198
\skip_zero:c 60, <u>3267</u>	\tex_binoppenalty:D 221
\skip_zero:N 60 , 3267 , 3267 , 3278 , 3280	\tex_botmark:D 168
\skipdef 72	\tex_box:D 376, 5652, 5677
\spacefactor 291	\tex_boxmaxdepth:D 338
\spaceskip 286	\tex_brokenpenalty:D 295
\span 99	\tex_catcode:D 380,
\special 361, 549	568-570, 572, 573, 577-579, 581,
\splitbotmark 170	582, 587, 588, 591, 592, 596, 718,
\splitbotmarks 396	1022, 1476, 1477, 1595-1601, 2074,
\splitdiscards 443	2087, 2215, 2219, 2224, 3935, 3936
\splitfirstmark 169	\tex_char:D 234
\splitfirstmarks 395	\tex_chardef:D 69, 1010, 1011, 1106,
\splitmaxdepth 339	1107, 1926, 1928, 2969, 4982, 4986
\splittopskip 340	\tex_cleaders:D 252
\startrecording 5813, 5820	\tex_closein:D 128, 5141
\stepcounter 131, 6909, 6957, 6963	\tex_closeout:D 123, 5129
\str_if_eq:nn 1164	\tex_clubpenalty:D 263
\str_if_eq_p:nn 11, 1078, <u>1164</u>	\tex_copy:D 320, 5650, 5679
\str_if_eq_p_aux:w	\tex_count:D 371
$\dots \dots \underline{1164}, 1165, 1167, 1171, 1175$	\tex_countdef:D 70, 1103, 2427, 2737, 2951
\str_if_eq_var:nf 1181	\tex_cr:D 95
\str_if_eq_var_p:nf . 11, 1181, 2168, 2190	\tex_crcr:D
\str_if_eq_var_start:nnN	\tex_csname:D 158, 708, 723, 784
	\tex_day:D 366
\str_if_eq_var_stop:w <u>1181</u> , 1185, 1188	\tex_deadcycles:D 300
\strcmp 555, 557	\tex_def:D 65, 560, 566, 576, 585, 586,
\string 354	500 504 500-601 603 605-611

614, 618, 620-623, 627, 634, 636-	\tex_fi:D 120, 558, 559, 574, 583, 615,
638, 642, 644–646, 652, 656, 660,	632, 677, 686, 726, 727, 764, 1619, 4226
680, 681, 688, 698, 700, 704, 709,	\tex_finalhyphendemerits:D 269
715, 720, 721, 730, 787, 789, 790, 798	\tex_firstmark:D 167
\tex_defaulthyphenchar:D 350	\tex_floatingpenalty:D 314
$\verb \tex_defaultskewchar:D$	\tex_font:D 80
\tex_delcode:D 381	\tex_fontdimen:D 347
\tex_delimiter:D 175	\tex_fontname:D 171
\tex_delimiterfactor:D 224	\tex_futurelet:D 76, 728, 2567, 2569
\tex_delimitershortfall:D 223	\tex_gdef:D 67, 716, 717, 719, 818
\tex_dimen:D 372	\tex_global:D 82, 713, 714, 795, 1928, 2943
\tex_dimendef:D 71, 2449, 3357	\tex_globaldefs:D 86
\tex_discretionary:D 235	\tex_halign:D
\tex_displayindent:D 200	\tex_hangafter:D 271
\tex_displaylimits:D 210	\tex_hangindent:D 272
\tex_displaystyle:D 188	\tex_hbadness:D
\tex_displaywidowpenalty:D 199	\tex_hbox:D
\tex_displaywidth:D 201	328, 5714, 5715, 5720, 5726, 5735, 5736 \tex_hfil:D
\tex_divide:D 78	\tex_hfill:D
\tex_doublehyphendemerits:D 268	\tex_hfilneg:D
\tex_dp:D 379, 5672	\tex_hfuzz:D
\tex_dump:D 362	\tex_hoffset:D
\tex_edef:D 66, 563, 664, 666, 671, 799	\tex_holdinginserts:D 313
\tex_else:D 119,	\tex_hrule:D 249
562, 613, 630, 675, 684, 699, 763, 1617	\tex_hsize:D 274
\tex_emergencystretch:D 283	\tex_hskip:D 239, 3310
\tex_end:D 157, 691, 5450, 5547	\tex_hss:D
\tex_endcsname:D 159, 708, 723, 785	\tex_ht:D 378, 5671
\tex_endgroup:D 92, 604, 619, 705, 793	\tex_hyphen:D
\tex_endinput:D	\tex_hyphenation:D 364
\tex_endlinechar:D	\tex_hyphenchar:D 348
173, 571, 580, 3944, 3960, 3970, 3978	\tex_hyphenpenalty:D 266
\tex_eqno:D	\tex_if:D 102, 673, 766, 769
\tex_errhelp:D 139, 5319	\tex_ifcase:D 103, 1345, 3084, 3090
\tex_errmessage:D 133, 744, 1116, 5321	\tex_ifcat:D 104, 770
\tex_errorcontextlines:D 140, 5220	\tex_ifdim:D 107, 3397
\tex_errorstopmode:D 154	\tex_ifeof:D 108, 5201, 5204
\tex_escapechar:D	\tex_iffalse:D 113, 761
\tex_everycr:D	\tex_ifhbox:D 109, 5626, 5630
\tex_everydisplay:D 202, 693	\tex_ifhmode:D 115, 773
\tex_everyhbox:D 341	\tex_ifinner:D 118, 775
\tex_everyjob:D 370, 6980, 6991	\tex_ifmmode:D 116, 772
\tex_everymath:D	\tex_ifnum:D
\tex_everypar:D	105, 1081, 1087, 3083, 3088, 3747
\tex_everyvbox:D	\tex_ifodd:D 106, 561,
\tex_exhyphenpenalty:D	565, 682, 767, 768, 1140, 3089, 4113
672, 676, 707, 711, 722, 778, 1412, 7062	\tex_iftrue:D
\text{tex fam:D} 81	\tex_11vbox:D

\tex_ifvoid:D 111, 5628, 5644	\tex_mathpunct:D 215
\tex_ifx:D 112, 602, 628, 697, 722, 771, 1614	\tex_mathrel:D 216
\tex_ignorespaces:D 160	\tex_mathsurround:D 227
\tex_immediate:D 122, 639,	\tex_maxdeadcycles:D 297
647, 706, 1109, 1112, 5013, 5129, 5168	\tex_maxdepth:D 298
\tex_indent:D 256	\tex_meaning:D 357, 782, 786, 1607
\tex_input:D 130, 689, 725, 7062	\tex_medmuskip:D 228
\tex_inputlineno:D . 132, 1133, 1584, 5274	\tex_message:D 134, 747
\tex_insert:D 312	\tex_mkern:D 181
\tex_insertpenalties:D 315	\tex_month:D 367
\tex_interlinepenalty:D 294	\tex_moveleft:D 317, 5663
\tex_italiccor:D	\tex_moveright:D 318, 5664
\tex_jobname:D 369, 3626, 6981	\tex_mskip:D 178
\tex_kern:D 247	tex_multiply:D 79
\tex_language:D 164	\tex_muskip:D 375
\tex_lastbox:D 321, 5658	\tex_muskipdef:D 73, 3415
\tex_lastkern:D 254	\tex_newlinechar:D 129, 5191
\tex_lastpenalty:D 360	\tex_noalign:D 97
\tex_lastskip:D 255	\tex_noboundary:D 232
\tex_lccode:D	\tex_noexpand:D 90, 574, 779, 1413
383, 1021, 1593, 1594, 2073,	\tex_noindent:D 258
2086, 2277, 2281, 2284, 3933, 3934	\tex_nolimits:D 212
\tex_leaders:D 251	\tex_nonscript:D 192
\tex_left:D 219	\tex_nonstopmode:D 155
\tex_lefthyphenmin:D 275	\tex_nulldelimiterspace:D 225
\tex_leftskip:D 277	\tex_nullfont:D 343
\tex_leftskip:D 277 \tex_leqno:D	\tex_nullfont:D 343 \tex_number:D 352, 1182, 1888,
\tex_leftskip:D	\tex_nullfont:D
\tex_leftskip:D	\tex_nullfont:D 343 \tex_number:D 352, 1182, 1888,
\tex_leftskip:D	\tex_nullfont:D
\tex_leftskip:D	\tex_nullfont:D 343 \tex_number:D 352, 1182, 1888, 1899, 1901, 2734, 3085, 6799, 6800 \tex_omit:D 98 \tex_openin:D 124, 5026 \tex_openout:D 125, 5013 \tex_or:D 121, 762 \tex_output:D 299 \tex_outputpenalty:D 309 \tex_over:D 186 \tex_overfullrule:D 337 \tex_overwithdelims:D 187 \tex_pagedepth:D 301 \tex_pagefillstretch:D 304 \tex_pagefilstretch:D 303
\tex_leftskip:D	\tex_nullfont:D 343 \tex_number:D 352, 1182, 1888, 1899, 1901, 2734, 3085, 6799, 6800 \tex_omit:D 98 \tex_openin:D 124, 5026 \tex_openout:D 125, 5013 \tex_or:D 121, 762 \tex_output:D 299 \tex_outputpenalty:D 309 \tex_over:D 186 \tex_overfullrule:D 337 \tex_overline:D 217 \tex_overwithdelims:D 187 \tex_pagedepth:D 301 \tex_pagefillstretch:D 304 \tex_pagefilstretch:D 303
\tex_leftskip:D	\tex_nullfont:D
\tex_leftskip:D 277 \tex_leqno:D 194 \tex_let:D 40, 44, 50, 58, 64, 689-696, 712-714, 759 \tex_limits:D 211 \tex_linepenalty:D 267 \tex_lineskip:D 261 \tex_lineskiplimit:D 262 \tex_looseness:D 279 \tex_lower:D 316, 5666 \tex_lowercase:D 355, 1023, 1602, 3858 \tex_mag:D 163 \tex_math 176 \tex_mathchar:D 176 \tex_mathchar:D 177 \tex_mathchardef:D 74, 2943, 3234, 5616 \tex_mathclose:D 207	\tex_nullfont:D 343 \tex_number:D 352, 1182, 1888, 1899, 1901, 2734, 3085, 6799, 6800 \tex_omit:D 98 \tex_openin:D 124, 5026 \tex_openout:D 125, 5013 \tex_or:D 121, 762 \tex_output:D 299 \tex_outputpenalty:D 309 \tex_over:D 186 \tex_overfullrule:D 337 \tex_overline:D 217 \tex_overwithdelims:D 187 \tex_pagedepth:D 301 \tex_pagefillstretch:D 305 \tex_pagefilstretch:D 303 \tex_pageshrink:D 306
\tex_leftskip:D 277 \tex_leqno:D 194 \tex_let:D 40, 44, 50, 58, 64, 689-696, 712-714, 759 \tex_limits:D 211 \tex_linepenalty:D 267 \tex_lineskip:D 261 \tex_lineskiplimit:D 262 \tex_looseness:D 279 \tex_lower:D 316, 5666 \tex_lowercase:D 355, 1023, 1602, 3858 \tex_mag:D 163 \tex_mark:D 165 \tex_mathchar:D 176 \tex_mathchar:D 177 \tex_mathchardef:D 74, 2943, 3234, 5616 \tex_mathclose:D 207 \tex_mathcode:D 385, 2261, 2265, 2269, 2273	\tex_nullfont:D 343 \tex_number:D 352, 1182, 1888, 1899, 1901, 2734, 3085, 6799, 6800 \tex_omit:D 98 \tex_openin:D 124, 5026 \tex_openout:D 125, 5013 \tex_or:D 121, 762 \tex_output:D 299 \tex_outputpenalty:D 309 \tex_over:D 186 \tex_overfullrule:D 337 \tex_overline:D 217 \tex_pagedepth:D 301 \tex_pagefillstretch:D 305 \tex_pagefilstretch:D 303 \tex_pagesprink:D 307 \tex_pagestretch:D 306 \tex_pagestretch:D 302
\tex_leftskip:D 277 \tex_leqno:D 194 \tex_let:D 40, 44, 50, 58, 64, 689-696, 712-714, 759 \tex_limits:D 211 \tex_linepenalty:D 267 \tex_lineskip:D 261 \tex_lineskiplimit:D 262 \tex_looseness:D 279 \tex_lower:D 316, 5666 \tex_lowercase:D 355, 1023, 1602, 3858 \tex_mag:D 163 \tex_mark:D 165 \tex_mathchar:D 176 \tex_mathchar:D 177 \tex_mathchardef:D 74, 2943, 3234, 5616 \tex_mathchoice:D 174 \tex_mathclose:D 207 \tex_mathchoice:D 207 \tex_mathinner:D 208	\tex_nullfont:D 343 \tex_number:D 352, 1182, 1888, 1899, 1901, 2734, 3085, 6799, 6800 \tex_omit:D 98 \tex_openin:D 124, 5026 \tex_openout:D 125, 5013 \tex_or:D 121, 762 \tex_output:D 299 \tex_outputpenalty:D 309 \tex_over:D 186 \tex_overfullrule:D 337 \tex_overline:D 217 \tex_pagedepth:D 301 \tex_pagefillstretch:D 304 \tex_pagefilstretch:D 303 \tex_pagesprink:D 306 \tex_pagestretch:D 302 \tex_pagetotal:D 308

\tex_parshape:D 273	\tex_spacefactor:D 291
\tex_parskip:D 280	\tex_spaceskip:D 286
\tex_patterns:D 363	\tex_span:D 99
\tex_pausing:D 150	\tex_special:D 361
\tex_penalty:D 358	\tex_splitbotmark:D 170
\tex_postdisplaypenalty:D 205	\tex_splitfirstmark:D 169
\tex_predisplaypenalty:D 204	\tex_splitmaxdepth:D 339
\tex_predisplaysize:D 203	\tex_splittopskip:D 340
\tex_pretolerance:D 284	\tex_string:D 354, 783
\tex_prevdepth:D 331	\tex_tabskip:D 100
\tex_prevgraf:D 290	\tex_textfont:D 344
\tex_radical:D 179	\tex_textstyle:D 189
\tex_raise:D 319, 5665	\tex_the:D 162,
\tex_read:D 126, 5208	568-573, 1133, 1379, 1470, 1478,
\tex_relax:D 161, 561, 565,	1584, 2821, 3316, 3384, 3429, 4247
568-573, 577-582, 587, 588, 591,	\tex_thickmuskip:D 230
592, 596, 624, 625, 627, 634, 635,	\tex_thinmuskip:D 229
642, 643, 682, 723, 725, 791, 1049,	\tex_time:D 365
1066, 1345, 1379, 1464, 1476, 1477,	\tex_toks:D 374
2073, 2074, 2086, 2087, 3087, 3458	\tex_toksdef:D 75, 2460, 4238, 4374
\tex_relpenalty:D 222	\tex_tolerance:D 285
\tex_right:D 220	\tex_topmark:D 166
\tex_righthyphenmin:D 276	\tex_topskip:D 296
\tex_rightskip:D 278	\tex_tracingcommands:D 141
\tex_romannumeral:D 353, 880, 881, 1027,	\tex_tracinglostchars:D 142
$1438,\ 1449,\ 1457,\ 1546,\ 1549,\ 1552,$	\tex_tracingmacros:D 143
1638, 1645, 1650, 1710, 2733, 3099	\tex_tracingonline:D 144
$\verb \tex_scriptfont:D$	\tex_tracingoutput:D 145
\tex_scriptscriptfont:D 346	\tex_tracingpages:D 146
\tex_scriptscriptstyle:D 191	\tex_tracingparagraphs:D 147
\tex_scriptspace:D 231	\tex_tracingrestores:D 148
\tex_scriptstyle:D 190	\tex_tracingstats:D 149
\tex_scrollmode:D 156	\tex_uccode:D 384, 2287, 2291, 2294
\tex_setbox:D	\tex_uchyph:D 282
\dots 327, 5650, 5652, 5659, 5689,	\tex_underline:D 218, 690
5694, 5700, 5708, 5715, 5720, 5726	\tex_unhbox:D 323, 5741
\tex_setlanguage:D 85	\tex_unhcopy:D 324, 5739
\tex_sfcode:D 382, 2297, 2301, 2305	\tex_unkern:D 248
\tex_shipout:D 292, 749	\tex_unpenalty:D 359
\tex_show:D	\tex_unskip:D 246
\tex_showbox:D 137, 5681	\tex_unvbox:D 325, 5712
\tex_showboxbreadth:D 151	\tex_unvcopy:D 326, 5710
\tex_showboxdepth:D 152	\tex_uppercase:D 356, 3859
\tex_showlists:D 138	\tex_vadjust:D 259
\tex_showthe:D	\tex_valign:D 94
136, 1295, 2224, 2273, 2284, 2294, 2305	\tex_vbadness:D 334
\tex_skewchar:D	\tex_vbox:D
\tex_skip:D	329, 5688, 5689, 5694, 5700, 5705, 5706
\tex_skipdef:D 72, 2438, 3243, 3322	\tex_vcenter:D
\tex space:D	\TQV \tal\!\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

\tex_vfill:D 243	\tl_compare:xV 3731
\tex_vfilneg:D	\tl_compare:xx 3703, 3705,
-	
_	3708, 3711, 3714, 3717, 3720, 3723, 2726, 2720, 2722, 2725, 2728, 2741
\tex_voffset:D	3726, 3729, 3732, 3735, 3738, 3741
_	\tl_const:\n 66, 2112, 2605, \frac{3453}{3453}, 3453,
\tex_vsize:D	3627, 3628, 3939, 4946, 5221–5225,
\tex_vskip:D	5229, 5232, 5235, 5238, 5244, 5248,
\tex_vsplit:D 322, 5708	5258, 5262–5264, 5867, 6067–6070
\tex_vss:D	\tl_elt_count:N 73, 3918, 3924
\tex_vtop:D 330	\tl_elt_count:n 73, 3918, 3918, 3923
\tex_wd:D 377, 5673	\tl_elt_count:0
\tex_widowpenalty:D 264	\tl_elt_count:V 73, 3918
\tex_write:D . 127, 639, 647, 706, 781, 5193	\tl_elt_count_aux:n 3920, 3926, 3929
\tex_xdef:D 68, 707, 819	\tl_gclear:c 67, <u>3514</u> , 4400
\tex_xleaders:D	$\t1_gclear: N \dots 67, 3514,$
\tex_xspaceskip:D 287	3516, 3517, 3534, 3539, 4399, 4572
\tex_year:D	\tl_gclear_new:c 68, <u>3530</u> , 4404
\textasteriskcentered 2912, 2918	\tl_gclear_new:N
\textbardbl 2917	68, 3530, 3531, 3539, 3540, 4403, 4576
\textdagger 2913, 2919	\tl_gput_left:cn 68, <u>3580</u>
\textdaggerdbl 2914, 2920	\tl_gput_left:co 68
\textfont 344	\tl_gput_left:cV 68, <u>3580</u>
\textparagraph	\tl_gput_left:cv <u>3580</u>
\textsection	\tl_gput_left:cx <u>3580</u>
\textstyle 189	\tl_gput_left:Nn
\TeXXETstate 444	<i>68</i> , <u>3580</u> , 3595, 3614, 4210, 4660
\the 26-31, 162	\tl_gput_left:No 68, <u>3580</u> , <u>3604</u>
\thepage 5826	\tl_gput_left:NV 68, 3580, 3598, 3615, 4214
\thickmuskip 230	\tl_gput_left:Nv . 3580, 3601, 3616, 4218
\thinmuskip 229	\tl_gput_left:Nx 68, 3580, 3607, 3617, 4222
\time	\tl_gput_right:cn 68, 3541
\tl_clear:c 67, <u>3514</u> , 4398, 6151	\tl_gput_right:co 68, <u>3541</u>
\tl_clear:N	\tl_gput_right:cV 68, <u>3541</u>
3514, 3515, 3522, 3528, 4041, 4397,	\tl_gput_right:cv 3541
4425, 4570, 4590, 5947, 5958, 7014	\tl_gput_right:cx 3541
\tl_clear_new:c 68, <u>3518</u> , 4402	\tl_gput_right:Nn
\tl_clear_new:N	68, <u>3541</u> , <u>3556</u> , <u>3575</u> , <u>4174</u> , <u>4668</u>
68, <u>3518</u> , 3519, 3528, 3529, 4401, 4574	\tl_gput_right:No 68, 3541, 3565, 3578
\tl_compare:nn 3704	\tl_gput_right:NV 68, 3541, 3559, 3576, 4178
\tl_compare:no	\tl_gput_right:Nv \(\frac{3541}{3562}, \frac{3570}{3577}, \frac{4178}{4182}
\tl_compare:nV 3713	
\tl_compare:nx 3707	\tl_gput_right:Nx 68, <u>3541</u> , <u>3568</u> , <u>3579</u> , <u>4186</u>
\tl_compare:on 3722	\tl_gremove_all_in:cn 75, 4065
\tl_compare:00 3728	\tl_gremove_all_in: Nn 75, 4065, 4068, 4072
\tl_compare:ox 3740	\tl_gremove_in:cn
\tl_compare: Vn 3719	\tl_gremove_in:Nn 75, 4061, 4062, 4064
\tl_compare: VV	\tl_greplace_all_in:cnn 75, 4034
\tl_compare: Vx 3737	\tl_greplace_all_in:Nnn
\tl_compare:xn 3710	
\tl_compare:xo 3734	\tl_greplace_in:cnn 75, 4005

\tl_greplace_in:Nnn	\tl_if_empty:N 3637, 4421, 4586
	\tl_if_empty:n 3652
.tl_gset:c 124	\tl_if_empty:NF 3644, 4731
\tl_gset:cn 67, 3469	\tl_if_empty:nF 2646,
\tl_gset:cV 3469	3659, 3663, 4652, 4703, 4714, 4868
\tl_gset:cv 3469	\tl_if_empty:NT 3643
\tl_gset:cx 67, 3469	\tl_if_empty:nT 3658, 3662, 4893
.tl_gset:N 124	\tl_if_empty:NTF
\tl_gset:Nc 67, 3618, 3618	70, 3637, 3642, 3690, 6002, 6024, 7045
\tl_gset:Nf	\tl_if_empty:nTF 71, 2417, 2424, 2435,
\tl_gset:Nn 67,	2446, 2457, 2468, 2475, 2482, 2490,
3455, 3469, 3475, 3490–3496, 3931,	3652, 3657 , 3661 , 3679 , 3701 , 5333
4132, 4553, 4660, 4668, 4783, 7061	\tl_if_empty:oTF 71, 3652
\tl_gset:No 67, <u>3469</u>	\tl_if_empty:VTF 71, 3652, 4360
\tl_gset:NV 67, <u>3469</u>	\tl_if_empty_p:c 70, 3637
\tl_gset:Nv 67, <u>3469</u>	\tl_if_empty_p:N 70, 3637, 3641
$\t1_gset:Nx \dots 67, 3469, 3478, 3497,$	\tl_if_empty_p:n 71, 2387, 3652, 3656, 3660
3972, 4137, 4418, 4736, 4844, 6981	\tl_if_empty_p:o 71, 3652
\tl_gset_eq:cc 69, <u>3498</u> , 4585	\tl_if_empty_p:V 71, 3652
\tl_gset_eq:cN 69, <u>3498</u> , 4583	\tl_if_eq:cc 4597
\tl_gset_eq:Nc 69, <u>3498</u> , 4584	$tl_if_eq:ccTF$ 70 , 3645 , 6225
\tl_gset_eq:NN	\tl_if_eq:cN 4595
$69, \underline{3498}, 3503, 3510, 3513,$	$\t_i=0$
3516, 4030, 4038, 4148, 4582, 6985	\tl_if_eq:Nc 4596
\tl_gset_rescan:Nnn 70, 3930, 3931	$\t_i=0$. \t1_if_eq:NcTF
\tl_gset_rescan:Nnx 70, <u>3957</u> , <u>3967</u>	\tl_if_eq:NN 3645, 4594
.tl_gset_x:c 124	\tl_if_eq:nn 3759
.tl_gset_x:N 124	\tl_if_eq:NNF 3651
$\t_{head:n} \dots 76, \underline{4073}, 4073, 4074, 4083$	\tl_if_eq:nnF 4765
\tl_head:V	\tl_if_eq:NNT 3650
$\t_head: w \dots 76, \underline{4073}, 4073,$	\tl_if_eq:NNTF
4079, 4080, 4086, 4091, 4095, 4109	$70, 1989, \underline{3645}, 3649, 5435, 5978, 6029$
\tl_head_i:n 76, 4073, 4074	\tl_if_eq:nnTF 71, 3703
\tl_head_i:w	\tl_if_eq:no 3773
\tl_head_iii:f	\tl_if_eq:noTF 71, <u>3703</u>
\tl_head_iii:n 76, 4073, 4077, 4078	\tl_if_eq:nV 3766
\tl_head_iii:w 76, 4073, 4077, 4082	\tl_if_eq:nVTF 71, 3703
\tl_if_blank:n 3664	\tl_if_eq:nx 3780
\tl_if_blank:nF 3673, 3677, 4679	\tl_if_eq:nxTF 71, 3703
\tl_if_blank:nT 3672, 3676	\tl_if_eq:on
\tl_if_blank:nTF	\tl_if_eq:onTF
72, <u>3664</u> , 3671, 3675, 3682, 3693	\tl_if_eq:00 3808
\tl_if_blank:oTF 72, <u>3664</u> , 5964	\tl_if_eq:ooTF
\tl_if_blank:VTF	\tl_if_eq:ox
\tl_if_blank_p:n 72, 3664, 3670, 3674	\tl_if_eq:oxTF
\tl_if_blank_p:0 72, 3664	\tl_if_eq:\Vn
\tl_if_blank_p:V	\tl_if_eq:\VnTF
\tl_if_blank_p_aux:w <u>3664</u> , 3665, 3667	\tl_if_eq:VV
\tl_if_empty:c 4422, 4587	\tl_if_eq:VVTF 71, 3703
\tl_if_empty:cTF 70, <u>3637</u>	\tl_if_eq:Vx 3815

N/ 0800	0004
\tl_if_eq:VxTF 71, <u>3703</u>	\tl_if_in:NnT 3991
\tl_if_eq:xn 3829	\tl_if_in:nnT 4000, 4003
\tl_if_eq:xnTF	\tl_if_in:NnTF 74, <u>3984</u> , <u>3990</u>
\tl_if_eq:xo 3843	\tl_if_in:nnTF
\tl_if_eq:xoTF 71, 3703	\dots 74, $\underline{3993}$, 3999, 4002, 6240, 6250
\tl_if_eq:xV 3836	\tl_if_in:onTF 74, 3993
\tl_if_eq:xVTF 71, 3703	\tl_if_in:VnTF 74, 3993
\tl_if_eq:xx 3850	\tl_if_single:N 3689
\tl_if_eq:xxTF 71, 1979, <u>3703</u> , 4367	\tl_if_single:n 3678
\tl_if_eq_p:cc	\tl_if_single:NTF 72
\tl_if_eq_p:cN 70, 3645	\tl_if_single:nTF 72, 3678
\tl_if_eq_p:Nc	\tl_if_single_p:N
\tl_if_eq_p:NN 70, 3645, 3648	\tl_if_single_p:n 72, 3678
\tl_if_eq_p:nn	\tl_map_break: . 73, 3906, 3906, 5034, 5041
\tl_if_eq_p:no	\tl_map_function:cN 72, 3865
\tl_if_eq_p:nV	\tl_map_function:NN
\tl_if_eq_p:nx	-
	72, <u>3865</u> , 3868, 3876, 3926, 5007, 5020
\tl_if_eq_p:on	\tl_map_function:nN
\tl_if_eq_p:oo	72, <u>3865</u> , 3865, 3920, 6746
\tl_if_eq_p:ox	\tl_map_function_aux:NN 3865
\tl_if_eq_p:Vn	\tl_map_function_aux:Nn
\tl_if_eq_p:VV 71, <u>3703</u>	3866, 3869, 3872, 3874, 3881, 3890
\tl_if_eq_p:Vx	\tl_map_inline:cn 73, <u>3877</u>
\tl_if_eq_p:xn	\tl_map_inline:Nn 73, <u>3877</u> , 3886, 3895
\tl_if_eq_p:xo	\tl_map_inline:nn 73, 2408, <u>3877</u> , 3877
\tl_if_eq_p:xV	\tl_map_inline_aux:n <u>3877</u>
\tl_if_eq_p:xx 71, 3703	\tl_map_variable:cNn 73, 3896
\tl_if_head_eq_catcode:nN 4107	\tl_map_variable:NNn 73, 3896, 3899, 3900
$\t_if_head_eq_catcode:nNTF \dots 76, 4085$	\tl_map_variable:nNn 73, 3896, 3896, 3899
\tl_if_head_eq_catcode_p:nN 76, 4085	\tl_map_variable_aux:NnN 3901
\tl_if_head_eq_charcode:fNTF	\tl_map_variable_aux:Nnn 3897, 3901, 3904
76, 2992, 2999, 4085	\tl_new:c 66, 3438, 3452, 4396, 6150, 6155
\tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nN 4089	\tl_new:cn 66, <u>3438</u> , <u>3452</u> , <u>5762</u>
\tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nNF 4106	\tl_new:N . 66, 2571, 2572, 2574, 2604,
\tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nNT 4105	<u>3438</u> , 3451, 3454, 3524, 3536, 3625,
\tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nNTF	3629–3636, 4005, 4395, 4568, 5265–
	5267, 5272, 5865, 5866, 5868–5870,
\tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:fN	6072–6077, 6079, 6500, 6976, 7002
	\tl_new:Nn 66, 3438, 3438, 3445, 3451
\tl_if_head_eq_charcode_p:nN	\tl_new:Nx 66, 3438, 3446
	\tl_num_elt_count_aux:n 3929
· ——·	
\tl_if_head_eq_meaning:nN 4085	\tl_put_left:cn 68, <u>3580</u>
\tl_if_head_eq_meaning:nNTF	\tl_put_left:co
	\tl_put_left:cV 68, <u>3580</u>
\t 1_if_head_eq_meaning_p:nN $\frac{76}{2000}$	\tl_put_left:cv 3580
\tl_if_in:cnTF 74, 3984	\tl_put_left:cx 3580
\tl_if_in:Nn 3984	\tl_put_left:Nn
\tl_if_in:nn 3993	\dots 68, $\underline{3580}$, 3580, 3610, 4190, 4656
\tl_if_in:NnF 3992	\tl_put_left:No 68, <u>3580</u> , 3592, 4202
\tl_if_in:nnF 4001, 4004	\tl_put_left:NV 68, <u>3580</u> , 3583, 3611, 4194

\+1+ 1-f+.N 2500 2506 2612 4100	\+1+ .NV
\tl_put_left:Nv <u>3580</u> , 3586, 3612, 4198	\tl_set:NV
\tl_put_left:Nx 68, <u>3580</u> , 3589, 3613, 4206	\tl_set:Nv 67, <u>3469</u> , 6119, 6318
\tl_put_right:cn 68, <u>3541</u>	\tl_set:Nx 67, <u>3469</u> , 3472, 3489, 3626,
\tl_put_right:co	3744, 3760, 3761, 3767, 3768, 3774,
\tl_put_right:cV 68, <u>3541</u>	3775, 3781, 3782, 3788, 3789, 3795,
\tl_put_right:cv 3541	3796, 3802, 3803, 3809, 3810, 3816,
\tl_put_right:cx 3541	3817, 3823, 3824, 3830, 3831, 3837,
\tl_put_right:Nn 68, <u>3541</u> , <u>3541</u> ,	3838, 3844, 3845, 3851, 3852, 3962,
3571, 4154, 4664, 6003, 6026, 6031	4127, 4414, 4735, 5334, 5336, 5997,
\tl_put_right:No	6239, 6251, 6256, 6284, 6285, 6523
. 68, <u>3541</u> , 3553, 4016, 4045, 4047,	\tl_set_eq:cc 69, <u>3498</u> , 4581, 6325
4166, 5926, 5980, 5998, 6009, 6014	\tl_set_eq:cN 69, 3498, 4579
\tl_put_right:NV 68, <u>3541</u> , 3544, 3572, 4158	$\t_{eq}:Nc \dots 69, 3498, 4580$
\tl_put_right:Nv . <u>3541</u> , 3547, 3573, 4162	$\t1_set_eq:NN 69, 2593, 3498, 3499, 3509,$
\tl_put_right:Nx 68, 3541, 3550, 3574, 4170	3512, 3514, 4007, 4035, 4142, 4578
\tl_remove_all_in:cn 75, 4065	\tl_set_rescan: Nnn 70, <u>3930</u> , <u>3930</u>
$\t_remove_all_in:Nn$ 75, 4065 , 4065 , 4071	$\t1_set_rescan: Nnx \dots 70, 3957, 3957$
\tl_remove_in:cn	\tl_set_rescan_aux:NNnn
$\t: \n: \n: \n: \n: \n: \n: \n: \n: \n: \n$	$\dots \dots 3930, 3931, \underline{3932}, 3941$
\tl_replace_all_in:cnn 75	.tl_set_x:c 124
\tl_replace_all_in:Nnn	.tl_set_x:N 124
75, <u>4034</u> , 4034, 4059, 4066, 5907, 5910	\tl_show:c 67, <u>3466</u> , 4457, 4634
$\t:$ \t1_replace_in:cnn	$\t1_show:N$ 67, 3466 , 3466 , 3467 , 4456 , 4633
$\t: \t: \t: \t: \t: \t: \t: \t: \t: \t: $	\tl_show:n 67, <u>3466</u> , 3468
$$ 75, $\underline{4005}$, 4006, 4032, 4061	\tl_tail:f
\tl_rescan:nn 69, <u>3975</u> , <u>3975</u>	\tl_tail:n 76, 4073, 4075, 4076, 4084
\tl_rescan_aux:w . 3946, 3951, 3952, 3980	\tl_tail:V
\tl_reverse:N 73, 3915, 3915	\tl_tail:w 76, 4073, 4075, 4081
\tl_reverse:n 73, 3907, 3907, 3914	\tl_tmp:w 3743,
\tl_reverse:o	3754–3757, 3985, 3988, 3994, 3997
\tl_reverse: V	\tl_to_lowercase:n
$\t1_{reverse_aux:nN} = 3907, 3908, 3910, 3912$	$\dots \qquad 72, 2075, 2088, 2410, 2500,$
.tl_set:c 124	<u>3858</u> , 3858, 3937, 5256, 5311, 5905
\tl_set:cn 67, <u>3469</u> , 6156	\tl_to_str:c 69, <u>3861</u>
\tl_set:co	\tl_to_str:N 69, <u>3861</u> , <u>3861</u> , <u>3864</u>
\tl_set:cV 67, <u>3469</u>	\tl_to_str:n
\tl_set:cv 3469	. 69, 2170, 2192, 3653, 3665, <u>3860</u> ,
$\t_set:cx$ 67, 3469 , 6097	3860, 6100, 6252, 6256, 6284, 6311
.tl_set:N 124	\tl_to_str_aux:w <u>3861</u> , 3861, 3863
$\t1_set:Nc$ 67, 3618 , 3623 , 3624	\tl_to_uppercase:n 72, <u>3858</u> , <u>3859</u>
\tl_set:Nf 67, <u>3469</u> , 3916, 5923, 5931	
$\t1_set:Nn$. $67, 2577-2579, 2591, 2592,$	\tl_use:N 67, <u>3457</u> , <u>3457</u> , <u>3465</u> , 6304
$2594, \ \underline{3469}, \ 3469, \ 3481 - 3488, \ 3902,$	\token_get_arg_spec:N 49, 2493, 2511
3930, 3955, 3965, 4122, 4444, 4476,	<pre>\token_get_prefix_arg_replacement_aux:w</pre>
4505, 4511, 4550, 4553, 4621, 4656,	2493, 2502, 2507, 2513, 2519
4664, 4777, 4783, 4840, 4849, 5414,	\token_get_prefix_spec:N . 49, 2493, 2505
5415, 5823, 5948, 5977, 6023, 6130,	\token_get_replacement_spec:N
6160, 6257, 6270, 6315, 7009, 7031	$49, \underline{2493}, \underline{2517}$
\tl_set:No	\token_if_active_char:N 2367
67, <u>3469</u> , 3624, 4014, 4727, 4728, 5938	\t token_if_active_char:NTF 47 , 2367

\token_if_active_char_p:N 47 , 2367 , 2532	\token_if_long_macro_p_aux:w 2401
\token_if_alignment_tab:N 2339	\token_if_macro:N 2383
\token_if_alignment_tab:NTF 46, 2339	\token_if_macro:NTF
\token_if_alignment_tab_p:N 46, 2339	47, 2383, 2506, 2512, 2518
\token_if_chardef:N 2412	\token_if_macro_p:N . 47, 2383, 2526, 2533
\token_if_chardef:NTF 48, <u>2401</u>	\token_if_macro_p_aux:w 2383, 2384, 2386
\token_if_chardef_aux:w 2413, 2416	\token_if_math_shift:N 2335
\token_if_chardef_p:N 48, 2401, 2544	\token_if_math_shift:NTF 46, 2335
\token_if_chardef_p_aux:w 2401	\token_if_math_shift_p:N 46, 2335
\token_if_cs:N 2390	\token_if_math_subscript:N 2351
\token_if_cs:NTF	\token_if_math_subscript:NTF 46, 2351
\token_if_cs_p:N 47, 2390, 2525	\token_if_math_subscript_p:N 46, 2351
\token_if_dim_register:N 2448	\token_if_math_superscript:N 2347
\token_if_dim_register:NTF 48, 2401	\token_if_math_superscript:NTF 46, 2347
\token_if_dim_register_aux:w 2452, 2456	\token_if_math_superscript_p:N 46, 2347
$\t to ken_if_dim_register_p: N = 48, \frac{2401}{2552}$	\token_if_mathchardef:N 2419
\token_if_dim_register_p_aux:w 2401	\token_if_mathchardef:NTF 48, 2401
\token_if_eq_catcode:NN 2375	\token_if_mathchardef_aux:w . 2420, 2423
\token_if_eq_catcode:NNTF 47, 2375	\token_if_mathchardef_p:N 48, 2401, 2546
\token_if_eq_catcode_p:NN	\token_if_mathchardef_p_aux:w 2401
\token_if_eq_charcode:NN 2379	\token_if_other_char: N
$\token_if_eq_charcode:NNTF \dots 47, 2379$	
$\token_if_eq_charcode_p:NN \dots 47, 2379$	\token_if_other_char_p:N 46, 2363
\token_if_eq_meaning:NN 2371	\token_if_parameter:N 2343
\token_if_eq_meaning:NNT 2082	\token_if_parameter:NTF 46, 2343
\token_if_eq_meaning:NNTF	\token_if_parameter_p:N 46, 2343
47, 2095, 2371, 2717	\token_if_primitive:N 2524
$\token_if_eq_meaning_p:NN 47, 2371, 2626$	\token_if_primitive:NTF 49, 2524
\token_if_expandable:N 2393	\token_if_primitive_p:N 49 , 2524
\token_if_expandable:NTF 47 , 2393	\token_if_primitive_p_aux:N
$\text{token_if_expandable_p:N} \dots 47, \underline{2393}$	2524, 2529, 2536, 2543
\token_if_group_begin:N 2327	\token_if_protected_long_macro:N . 2484
$\token_if_group_begin:NTF \dots 45, 2327$	\token_if_protected_long_macro:NTF .
$\token_if_group_begin_p:N \dots 45, 2327$	
\token_if_group_end:N 2331	\token_if_protected_long_macro_aux:w
\t token_if_group_end:NTF 45 , 2331	
$\token_{if}group_{end_p:N} \dots 45, \underline{2331}$	\token_if_protected_long_macro_p:N .
\token_if_int_register:N 2426	48, <u>2401</u>
\t token_if_int_register:NTF 48 , 2401	\token_if_protected_long_macro_p_aux:w
\token_if_int_register_aux:w 2430, 2434	
$\token_if_int_register_p: N 48, 2401, 2548$	\token_if_protected_macro:N 2470
\token_if_int_register_p_aux:w 2401	\token_if_protected_macro:NTF . 48 , 2401
\token_if_letter:N 2359	\token_if_protected_macro_aux:w
\t token_if_letter:NTF	
\token_if_letter_p:N 46, <u>2359</u>	\token_if_protected_macro_p:N . 48, 2401
\token_if_long_macro:N 2477	\token_if_protected_macro_p_aux:w 2401
$\token_if_long_macro:NTF \dots 48, 2401$	\token_if_skip_register:N 2437
\token_if_long_macro_aux:w 2478, 2481	\token_if_skip_register:NTF 49 , 2401
\token if long macro n:N /8 2/01	\token if skin register aux : 2441 2445

\token_if_skip_register_p:N	\toks_gset:Nn
49, 2401, 2550	\dots 78, $\underline{4267}$, 4267–4269, 4847, 4879
\token_if_skip_register_p_aux:w 2401	\toks_gset:No 78, <u>4267</u>
\token_if_space:N 2355	\toks_gset:NV 78, <u>4267</u>
$\token_{if_space:NTF} \dots 46, \underline{2355}$	\toks_gset:Nx 78, <u>4267</u>
$\token_{if_space_p:N} \dots 46, \underline{2355}$	\toks_gset_eq:cc 78, <u>4270</u> , 4811
\token_if_toks_register:N 2459	\toks_gset_eq:cN 78, <u>4270</u> , 4810
$\token_if_toks_register:NTF \dots 49, 2401$	\toks_gset_eq:Nc 78, <u>4270</u> , 4809
\token_if_toks_register_aux:w 2463, 2467	\toks_gset_eq:NN
\token_if_toks_register_p:N	\dots 78, $\underline{4270}$, 4276, 4284, 4287, 4808
49, 2401, 2554	\toks_if_empty:c 4895
\token_if_toks_register_p_aux:w 2401	\toks_if_empty:cTF 80, <u>4359</u>
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	\toks_if_empty:N 4359, 4894
2316-2318, $2320-2323$, $2564-2566$	\toks_if_empty:NF 4365, 4463, 4640, 4819
\token_to_meaning:N 21,	\toks_if_empty:NT 4364
<u>781</u> , 782, 1126, 1148, 2384, 2414,	$\text{toks_if_empty:NTF} \dots 80, \underline{4359}, 4363$
2421, 2431, 2442, 2453, 2464, 2472,	\toks_if_empty_p:c 80, 4359
2479, 2486, 2508, 2514, 2520, 3862	\toks_if_empty_p:N 80, <u>4359</u> , 4362
\token_to_str:c 21, <u>781</u> , 790, 1581	\toks_if_eq:cc 4899
\token_to_str:N	\toks_if_eq:ccTF 81, 4366
$\dots 5, 21, \underline{781}, 783, 790, 1013,$	\toks_if_eq:cN 4897
1017, 1078, 1124, 1131, 1132, 1146,	\toks_if_eq:cNTF 81, 4366
1157, 1176, 1180, 1298, 1378, 2092,	\toks_if_eq:Nc 4898
2169, 2191, 3459, 4119, 4426, 4459,	\toks_if_eq:NcTF
4591, 4611, 4636, 4815, 6456, 6857	\toks_if_eq:NN 4366, 4896
\toks 374	\toks_if_eq:NNF 4373
\toks_clear:c	\toks_if_eq:NNT 4372
\toks_clear: N 79, 4288, 4288, 4295,	\toks_if_eq:NNTF 81, 4366, 4371
4297, 4300, 4461, 4638, 4800, 4817	\toks_if_eq_p:cc 81, 4366
\toks_gclear:c 79, 4288, 4803	\toks_if_eq_p:cN 81, 4366
\toks_gclear:N . 79, 4288, 4292, 4298, 4802	\toks_if_eq_p:Nc
\toks_gput_left:cn 80, 4311	\toks_if_eq_p:NN 81, <u>4366</u> , 4370
\toks_gput_left:co 80, 4311	\toks_new:c
\toks_gput_left:cV 80, 4311	\toks_new:N
\toks_gput_left:Nn 80, 4311, 4316, 4321	77, 4237, 4241, 4246, 4376–4382, 4798
\toks_gput_left:No	\toks_put_left:cn 79, 4311 \toks_put_left:co 79, 4311
\toks_gput_left:Nx	\toks_put_left:cV
\toks_gput_right:cn 80, 4326	\toks_put_left:Nn 79, 4311, 4311, 4315, 4319
\toks_gput_right:co 80, 4326	\toks_put_left:No
\toks_gput_right:cV 80, 4326	\toks_put_left:NV
\toks_gput_right:Nn	\toks_put_left:Nx
80, <u>4326</u> , 4330, 4350, 4863	\toks_put_left_aux:w 4311, 4312, 4322
\toks_gput_right:No 80, 4326	\toks_put_right:cn
\toks_gput_right:NV	\toks_put_right:co
\toks_gput_right:Nx	\toks_put_right:cV
\toks_gset:cn 78, 4267, 5793	\toks_put_right:Nf 80, 4351, 4353
\toks_gset:co	\toks_put_right:Nn 80, 4326, 4326, 4333,
\toks_gset:cV	4335, 4349, 4351, 4857, 6980, 6991
\toks_gset:cv	\toks but right: No

\ + -1+	100
\toks_put_right:NV 80, 4326, 4337	\tracingscantokens 403
\toks_put_right:Nx 80, 4326,	\tracingstats 149
4464, 4466, 4641, 4643, 4820, 4822	
\toks_set:cf	${f U}$
\toks_set:cn	\U 2408
\toks_set:co 78, <u>4249</u>	\uccode 384
\toks_set:cV	\uchyph 282
\toks_set:cv	\underline 218
\toks_set:cx	\unexpanded
\toks_set:Nf	\unhbox 323
\toks_set:Nn	\unhcopy 324
$78, \underline{4249}, 4250, 4251, 4254, 4266, 4877$	\unkern 248
\toks_set:No	\unless 388
\toks_set:NV 78, 3943, 3977, 4249, 4255	\unpenalty 359
\toks_set:Nv 78, <u>4249</u> , 4258	\unskip 246
\toks_set:Nx 78, <u>4249</u> , 5763	\unvbox 325
\toks_set_eq:cc 78, <u>4270</u> , 4807	\unvcopy
\toks_set_eq:cN 78, <u>4270</u> , 4806	\uppercase
\toks_set_eq:Nc 78, <u>4270</u> , 4805	\use:c 12, 838, 838, 949, 1567, 1572, 1582,
\toks_set_eq:NN	1869, 1906, 2847, 3103, 5399, 5446,
\dots 78, $\underline{4270}$, 4271, 4283, 4286, 4804	5457, 5463, 5472, 5479, 5485, 5491,
\toks_show:c 79, 4309, 4813	5542, 5555, 5563, 6086, 6330, 6943
\toks_show:N	\use:n
4309, 4310, 4470, 4647, 4812, 4828	846, 846, 964, 969, 984, 989, 1379,
\toks_use:c 77, <u>4247</u>	
\toks_use:N 77, 4247, 4247, 4248, 4313,	1958, 1968, 1978, 1988, 4022, 4051
4327, 4339, 4345, 4355, 4367, 4835,	\use:nn
4911, 5274, 5769, 5775, 5797, 5801	\use:nnn
\toks_use_clear:c	\use:nnnn
\toks_use_clear:N 79, 4299, 4299, 4305, 4307	\use:x
\toks_use_gclear:c 79, 4299	\use_0_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\toks_use_gclear:N 79, 4299, 4302, 4308	\use_1_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\toksdef	\use_2_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\tolerance 285	\use_3_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\topmark 166	\use_4_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\topmarks 392	\use_5_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\topskip 296	\use_6_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\totalheightof 131, 6899, 6902	\use_7_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\tracingassigns 402	\use_8_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\tracingcommands 141	\use_9_parameter: <u>1249</u>
\tracinggroups 409	\use_i:nn 13, 850, 850,
\tracingifs	959, 979, 1031, 1061, 1082, 1330, 4323
\tracinglostchars 142	\use_i:nnn 13, <u>852</u> , 852, 1043, 2508
\tracingmacros 143	\use_i:nnnn 13, <u>852</u> , 855
\tracingnesting	\use_i_after_else:nw 14, 866, 867
\tracingonline 144	\use_i_after_fi:nw 14, 866, 866, 1366, 3046
\tracingoutput 145	\use_i_after_or:nw 14, 866, 868
\tracingpages	\use_i_after_orelse:nw 14, <u>000</u> , 000
\tracingparagraphs	866, 869, 1346, 1348, 1350, 1352,
\tracingparagraphs	1354. 1356. 1358. 1360. 1362. 1364

\use_i_delimit_by_q_nil:nw	\vbox_gset_to_ht:Nnn 115, 5693, 5697, 5698
14, 863, 863, 4079	\vbox_set:cn 115, <u>5689</u>
\use_i_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:nw	\vbox_set:Nn 115, <u>5689</u> , 5689-5691
14, 863, 865, 2135, 2143	\vbox_set_inline_begin:N
\use_i_delimit_by_q_stop:nw	115, <u>5699</u> , 5699, 5703
	\vbox_set_inline_end: 115, <u>5699</u> , 5701
\use_i_i:nnn	\vbox_set_split_to_ht:NNn 115, 5707, 5707
\use_ii:nn $13, 850, 851, 959,$	\vbox_set_to_ht:cnn 115, <u>5693</u>
979, 1015, 1033, 1063, 1084, 1332, 5967	\vbox_set_to_ht:Nnn
\use_ii:nnn . 13, <u>852</u> , 853, 1046, 2514, 6010	<i>115</i> , <u>5693</u> , 5693, 5696, 5697
\use_ii:nnnn 13, <u>852</u> , <u>856</u>	\vbox_to_ht:nn 115, 5705, 5705
\use_iii:nnn 13, <u>852</u> , 854, 2520	\vbox_to_zero:n 115, <u>5705</u> , 5706
\use_iii:nnnn 13, <u>852</u> , 857	\vbox_unpack:c
\use_iv:nnnn 13, <u>852</u> , 858	\vbox_unpack:N 116, <u>5710</u> , 5710, 5711
\use_none:n	\vbox_unpack_clear:c 116, <u>5710</u>
13, 870, 870, 1017, 1368, 1631,	\vbox_unpack_clear:N 116, 5710, 5712, 5713
1880, 2137, 2145, 2995, 2996, 3000,	\vcenter 180
4519, 4525, 5177, 5181, 5934, 5964	\vfil 241
\use_none:nn	\vfill 243
<u>870,</u> 871, 964, 969, 984, 989, 1590, 2837	\vfilneg 242
\use_none:nnn	\vfuzz 336
\use_none:nnnn	\voffset 311
\use_none:nnnn	\voidb@x 5683
\use_none:nnnnn 13, <u>870</u> , 875	\vrule 250
\use_none:nnnnnn 13, <u>870</u> , 876	\vsize 293
\use_none:nnnnnnn	\vskip 244
\use_none:nnnnnnnn 13, <u>870</u> , 878, 1336	\vsplit 322
\use_none_delimit_by_q_nil:w 14, 860, 860	\vss 245
\use_none_delimit_by_q_recursion_stop:w	\vtop 330

947, 997, 1564, 2123, 2128, 3906, 4688	W
\use_none_delimit_by_q_stop:w	\WARNING 5792
. 14, 860, 861, 2004, 2008, 4515, 4931	\wd 377
\usepackage 734, 5811	\widowpenalties
\mathbf{V}	\widowpenalty 264
\vadjust 259, 547	\widthof
\valign 94	\write 127
\value 5829	X
.value_forbidden:	\X 2404, 2408
	\xdef
\vbadness 334	\xetex_if_engine: 1307, 1316
\vbox	\xetex_if_engine: TF 4, 22, 1302
\vbox:n	\xetex_ursion:D 553, 556, 1302
\vbox_gset:cn	\XeTeXversion
\vbox_gset:Nn 115, 5689, 5691, 5692	
VIDOV GCOT INLING DOGININ 1/5 SOUG 5/117	\xleaders 253
\vbox_gset_inline_begin: N 115, 5699, 5702	\xleaders
\vbox_gset_inline_end: . 115, 5699, 5704	\xleaders
	\xleaders

\xref_get_value:nn	\mathbf{Y}
116, <u>5771</u> , 5771, 5824, 5827, 5830	\Y 2405, 2408
\xref_new:nn 116, <u>5755</u> , 5755, 5822	\year 368
$\xref_new_aux:nnn \dots 5755, 5755-5757$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\xref_set_label:n . 116, 5796, 5796, 5832	_
\xref_tmp:w 5797, 5800	${f z}$
\xref_write 325, 5798, 5813	\Z 1593, 1601, 2406, 2408
\xspaceskip 287	\z@ 3335