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Abstract

The **etoc** package gives to the user complete control on how the entries of the table of contents should be constituted from the *name*, *number*, and *page number* of each sectioning unit. This goes via the definition of *line styles* for each sectioning level used in the document. The package provides its own custom line styles. Simpler ones are given as examples in the documentation. The simplest usage will be to take advantage of the layout facilities of packages dealing with list environments.

Regarding the *global toc display*, **etoc** provides pre-defined styles based on a multi-column format, with, optionally, a ruled title or framed contents.

The \tableofcontents command may be used arbitrarily many times and it has a variant \localtableofcontents which prints tables of contents 'local' to the current surrounding document unit. An extension of the \label/\ref syntax allows to reproduce (with another layout) a local table of contents defined somewhere else in the document.

Via "depth tags", one gets an even finer control for each table of contents of which sectioning units it should, or not, display.

The formatting inherited (and possibly customized by other packages) from the document class will be used when in *compatibility mode*.

The assignment of levels to the sectioning units can be changed at any time, and etoc can thus be used in a quite general manner to create custom "lists of", additionally to the tables of contents related to the document sectioning units. No auxiliary file is used additionally to the standard .toc file.

1. Foreword

Popular packages dealing with TOCs include tocloft, titletoc and minitoc. Why another one? I started **etoc** for my own use, and found out only later about these mentioned packages.

As is well explained in the tocloft package documentation, the standard LATEX layout for the Table of Contents is buried in the class definitions. In particular, most of the lengths therein are hardcoded, and the only way for the user to change them is to recopy the class definitions into the document and then change them to obtain what is desired (within suitable \makeatletter and \makeatother). The more reasonable alternative is to use a dedicated package such as tocloft or to use another flexible document class.

However, although now things are hopefully not hard-coded, one still has to go through the package or class interface. This means one has to memorize a (possibly large) number of macros which will serve only to this task, and one will always be constrained to customizing one initially given layout.

The spirit of **etoc** is something else. The user will deal with the *name*, the *number* and the *page number* corresponding to each document sectional division (and found in a line of the .toc file) in a completely arbitrary manner: they are made available via the \etocname, \etocnumber, and \etocpage commands.

etoc appears to be (at least partially) compatible with the article, book, report, scrartcl, scrbook, scrreprt and memoir classes.

Starting with release 1.07k it is possible to use **etoc** concurrently with package tocloft.

2. License

```
% Package: etoc
% Version: 1.08g (2015/08/29 - doc 2016/09/09)
% License: LPPL 1.3c or later
% Copyright (C) 2012-2015 Jean-Francois Burnol <jfbu at free dot fr>
% Copyright (C) 2014-2015 Christine Roemer <Christine_Roemer at t-online dot de>
% and collaborators for the translation into German of the documentation
%
      This Work may be distributed and/or modified under the
%
      conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License, either
%
%
      version 1.3c of this license or (at your option) any later
%
      version. This version of this license is in
           http://www.latex-project.org/lppl/lppl-1-3c.txt
%
%
      and the latest version of this license is in
%
           http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
%
      and version 1.3 or later is part of all distributions of
      LaTeX version 2005/12/01 or later.
%
% The Authors of this Work are:
% Jean-Francois Burnol < jfbu at free dot fr>
      for the source code and English documentation, and
% Christine Roemer <Christine_Roemer at t-online dot de> and collaborators
      for the translation into German of the documentation.
%
%
% This Work consists of the main source file etoc.dtx and the derived
% files etoc.sty, etoc.ins, etoc.tex, etoc-DE.tex, etoc.pdf, etoc-DE.pdf,
% etoc.dvi, etoc-DE.dvi, README.md.
% Running etex (or latex or pdflatex) on etoc.dtx extracts etoc.sty,
% etoc.ins, etoc.tex, etoc-DE.tex, and README.md. See README.md for
% further instructions.
```

Part I. Overview

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 6 sections and 4 subsections. The name of the first section is "Do I need to be a geek to use **etoc**?" and the corresponding number is "3". The name of the last section is "Linked list of the main package commands" and its number is "8". The name of the first subsection is "Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents" and the corresponding number is "3.1". The name of the last subsection is "Compatibility mode" and its number is "4.3".

3. Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?

Not quite. The simplest way is to use enumerate environments, with the customizing facilities of packages such as enumitem, ¹ to display the data fetched by **etoc** from the .toc file. The data consists of the *name* (\etocname), *number* (\etocname), and *page number* (\etocpage) as extracted from the .toc file.

This is illustrated at the start of Part IV. More sophisticated examples would use more sophisticated enumitem options. One may say then that again the user has to memorize some customizing! indeed, but the syntax and option names to memorize are in no way related only to matters of tables of contents, hence an economy of use of the poor brain.

Next in ease of use, perhaps, is the method explained later in this part (section 5). For this some knowledge of \leftskip, \rightskip, etc... is necessary. And a slight elaboration of this method, whose code is to be found in section 40, allows to mimick very well, if so desired, the standard looks.

As will be amply illustrated in this manual, **etoc** is quite versatile (especially as it allows to re-define at any point in the document the hierarchy of sectioning units) and one can achieve surprising effects with it: Part III is devoted to this, and some more is to be found in Part VII.

A very important aspect of **etoc** is that it is geared towards making many TOCs in the same document, *using only one* .toc file! The present documentation contains 40 visible tables of contents (and a few invisible ones) and uses only one .toc file!² So one should think twice before adding manually extra commands to the .toc file (see section 14).

3.1. Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents

There are some limitations to the use of list environments for typesetting TOCs. One of them is intrinsic to the scope limitations created by the groups associated to the environments: the .toc file may contain, besides the information to be typeset in the TOCs, some other commands, such as language changing commands, which do not expect to see their scope limited in this way inside a group (LATEX's environments create groups).

Therefore the built-in "line styles" proposed by **etoc** as an example (and which are illustrated³ by the main table of contents in this document) do not make use of environments. Actually, in this user manual, only the table of contents at the start of Part IV and the subsection 38.1 (which is a TOC!) have their line styles expressed in terms of enumerate environments.

¹http://ctan.org/pkg/enumitem

² and the counting itself has been achieved by a table of contents which was inserted in the framed paragraph! . . . the technique for this kind of effect will be explained later.

³ with a twist, subsections having been downgraded to the subsubsection style...

4. Line styles and toc display style

A distinction shall be made between the *line styles*, *i.e.* the way the name, number and page numbers are used at each level, and the *toc display style* (for lack of a better name) which tells how the title should be set, whether an entry in the .toc file should be made, whether the contents should be typeset with multiple columns, etc... the latter is governed by the command \etocsettocstyle (or some higher-level commands) and the former by the command \etocsetstyle.

4.1. \etocsetstyle for the line styles

The command to inform **etoc** of what to do with \etocname, \etocnumber, and \etocpage is called \etocsetstyle. It has five mandatory arguments. The first one is the name of the sectional unit: a priori known names are book, part, chapter, section, subsection, subsubsection, paragraph, and subparagraph, and any other name can be declared and assigned to a (numeric) level via the \etocsetlevel command.⁴

The four other arguments of \etocsetstyle specify: 1) what to do when this level is first encountered, down from a more general one, then 2) & 3) (two arguments, a 'prefix' and a 'contents') what to do when a new entry of that type is found, and 4) the last argument is the code to execute when a division unit of higher importance is again hit upon.

4.2. \etocsettocstyle for the toc display

The \etocsettocstyle command allows to specify what should be done before and after the line entries of the TOC are typeset, and in particular how the title should be printed. It has two arguments, the first one is executed before the TOC contents (typically it will print "Contents" and define suitable marks for the page headings) and the second is executed after the TOC contents.

etoc provides four (customizable) higher level toc styles: \etocmulticolstyle, \etoctocstyle, \etocruledstyle, and \etocframedstyle. All use the multicol package with a default of two columns (single-column mode is obtained with the optional argument [1]).

These commands must be followed either by \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents.

4.3. Compatibility mode

Both for the "line styles" and the "toc display style", it is possible to switch into a compatibility mode which uses the defaults from the document class.⁵ This is activated by:

If the command \etocsetstyle has *not been used in the preamble* the package will be at \begin{document} in this compatibility mode: hence just adding \usepackage{etoc}

⁴under the memoir class, etoc knows appendix as a sectioning name.

⁵for the "toc display style" etoc checks if it knows the class, and if not defaults to the article class layout. It will also check if tocloft has customized the TOC title.

should hopefully not change anything to the look of a previously existing document, under the article, book, report, scrartcl, scrbook, scrreprt and memoir classes.

Any use of \etocsetstyle in the *preamble or body* of the document turns off from that point on the compatibility mode for line styles, but maintains the compatibility mode for the TOC title. One re-activates the compatibility mode for line styles with \etocstandardlines; and \etoctoclines will re-activate the line styles as defined with the help of \etocsetstyle, if their scope was not limited to a group or environment.

The command \etocdefaultlines resets the line styles as pre-defined internally by etoc and described in section 34.

Even if \etocsetstyle has been used, the global display style remains initially as defined by the document class (or the tocloft package); one needs to use the command \etocsettocstyle or its variants to exit from this compatibility mode at the "toc display style" level. It will be re-activated if use if made of \etocstandarddisplaystyle.

5. A first example

Let us present a first example of specification for line styles. Immediately after the start of Part I we inserted in the source file:

\invisiblelocaltableofcontents \label{toc:overview}

This sets-up the label toc:overview, and we can use it at any location in the document: \tableofcontents \ref{toc:overview}

And as we used \invisible..., the local TOC will exist only through its clones elsewhere in the document.

We could use the line styles defined by **etoc**, with **\etocdefaultlines**, or the default document class styles with **\etocstandardlines**, but we were a bit more ambitious here and wanted to design our own. The technique is a simple one: each heading is in its own paragraph, which may extend on multiple lines; it is responsible for setting its own **\leftskip**.

My first etoc: TOC of Part I (Overview) 3. Do I need to be a geek to use etoc? 7 7 Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents 8 4. Line styles and toc display style 4.1 \etocsetstyle for the line styles 8 8 4.2 \etocsettocstyle for the toc display 4.3 Compatibility mode 8 9 5. A first example 6. A second example 10 7. A third example: emulating the book class 12 8. Linked list of the main package commands 16

This is a simple design which does not make provisions for page breaks which should be discouraged in-between a section and a subsection etc... as we only used it for the table

⁶this is a shortcut for setting temporarily the tocdepth to -3, which has the effect to tell etoc not to print the TOC, and not even the heading.

6. A second example

of contents of this part, thus with sections as top levels, there was no need to specify a style for parts too (we defined a subsubsection line style but as it turns out there are no subsubsections in this part). The two commands used are \etocsetstyle for specifying the line styles, and \etocruledstyle for the TOC global style.

The \rightskip is shared by all, and creates space where the page numbers get printed. For an elaboration of this technique see the next section 6 as well as section 40 which provides a TOC with parts and paragraphs. Both allow multi-line headings and employ a technique for putting page numbers in the right margin which was inspired from what LATEX2e's \@dottedtocline macro does.

```
\begingroup\parindent Opt \parfillskip Opt \leftskip Ocm \rightskip 1cm
\etocsetstyle {section}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 0cm\relax}
              {\bfseries\normalsize\makebox[.5cm][1]{\etocnumber.}%
               \etocname\nobreak\hfill\nobreak
               \rlap{\makebox[1cm]{\mdseries\etocpage}}\par}
\etocsetstyle {subsection}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip .5cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\makebox[1cm][l]{\etocnumber}%
               \etocname\nobreak\hfill\nobreak
               \rlap{\makebox[1cm]{\etocpage}}\par}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {subsubsection}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 1.5cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\makebox[1cm][l]{\etocnumber}%
               \etocname\nobreak\hfill\nobreak
               \rlap{\makebox[1cm]{\etocpage}}\par}
              {}
\etocruledstyle[1]{\bfseries \Large My first \etoc: TOC of
  \autoref{part:overview} (\nameref{part:overview})}
\tableofcontents \ref {toc:overview}
\endgroup
```

6. A second example

This second example displays only the contents from Part IV and Part V. This selection is done via the technique of *depth tags*, described in section 13 and section 40. Its layout is a bit like the one of the main document TOC, although the line styles are coded very differently.

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The code:	
<pre>\begingroup \newcommand*{\DotsAndPage} {\nobreak\leaders\hbox{\bfseries\normalsize\hbox to .75ex {\hss.\hss}}% \hfill\nobreak \makebox[\rightskip][r]{\bfseries\normalsize\etocpage}\par}</pre>	
<pre>\etocsetstyle {part} {\parindent 0pt \nobreak</pre>	
\etocskipfirstprefix}	
{\pagebreak[3]\bigskip}	
<pre>{\large\rmfamily\bfseries\scshape\centering \etocifnumbered{Part }{}\etocname\par} {}</pre>	
<pre>\etocsetstyle {section} {\leftskip Opt \rightskip .75cm \parfillskip-\rightskip \nobreak\medskip</pre>	
\etocskipfirstprefix} {\leftskip 0pt \rightskip .75cm \parfillskip-\rightskip	
\pagebreak[1]\smallskip}	
<pre>{\normalsize\rmfamily\bfseries\scshape \etocnumber. \etocname\DotsAndPage }</pre>	
{\parfillskip Opt plus 1fil\relax }	
<pre>\etocsetstyle {subsection} {\leftskip1cm\rightskip .75cm \parfillskip Opt plus 1fil\relax \nobreak\smallskip}</pre>	
{}	

7. A third example: emulating the book class

```
{\footnotesize\sffamily\mdseries\itshape
 \etocname{} (\etocnumber, p. \etocpage). }
{\par\medskip}
\etocsettagdepth {preamble}
                              {none}
\etocsettagdepth {overview}
                              {none}
\etocsettagdepth {arbitrarily}{none}
\etocsettagdepth {surprising} {none}
\etocsettagdepth {linestyles} {subsection}
\etocsettagdepth {globalcmds} {subsection}
\etocsettagdepth {custom}
                              {none}
\etocsettagdepth {tips}
                              {none}
\etocsettagdepth {etocandworld}{none}
\etocsettagdepth {code}
                              {none}
\etocsettocstyle {\centering\LARGE\textsc{\contentsname}\par\nobreak\medskip}{}
\etocsetnexttocdepth {subsection}
\tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

7. A third example: emulating the book class

As explained in subsection 4.3: without explicit use of an \etocsetstyle command the package will leave to the document class the hand regarding the "toc line styles". It is sometimes asked by users (for example those using etoc for its \localtableofcontents) how to stay close to but not completely identical with the design implemented by the standard classes, such as book. I can recommend package tocloft for this, as it is compatible with etoc (see subsection 42.6) and thus etoc will obey the tocloft customizations (as long as no use has been made of \etocsetstyle). It is also possible to modify only the style for, say, sections and leave the parts, chapters, subsections as in the document class, via the technique from section 19.

But for complete control, here is a translation of the book class code into **etoc** lingua. It is then easy to modify the relevant lengths or adjust the used fonts. I thank Denis Bitouzé for prompting me to include this in the **etoc** manual, as it resulted from some conversation we had about this. The code is not 100% faithful to the book class, and particularly its rendering of (multi-line) non-numbered units differs (... I think, as I copied pasted as is the code from where I had stored it and did not do much thinking about it again). Some proficiency in low-level TeX and LaTeX macros is needed to understand what the code says, but for modifying fonts or some lengths such in-depth understanding is not needed.

With some extra code one can *automatically adjust the widths* assigned to typesetting sectioning numbers in order to prevent overflows, even with for example XXXVIII; but this is a more advanced feature which I have moved to section 25.

First we set up some lengths. I use macro registers, not real LATEX lengths. When using em's however, this means that one must pay attention to when the actual dimension assignment is made, as this will then depend upon the current font settings. In the code below, at the location where the \TOCnumwidthB and \TOCnumwidthC will be used, the 1em from their specification will be matched to the normal medium series font, not the bold font; this is deliberate so that one can compare more readily with the other dimensions; besides, with the \TOCcomputenumwidths from section 25 these macros will actually hold a dimension

```
using pt as dimensional unit.
% it will be easy to globally shift the TOC horizontally if needed
\def\TOCleftmargin
                       {0pt}
\def\TOCrightmargin
                       {2.55em}% like LaTeX's \@tocrmarg
% this is for dotted leaders
\newbox\TOCleaderbox
\def\TOCleaderboxwidth {0.7777em}% about like what standard classes do
% vertical spacing
\def\TOCverysmallvskip {0pt plus .2pt}
\def\TOCmedvskip
                       {1em plus 1pt}
\def\TOCbigvskip
                       {2.25em plus 1pt}
% the ''numwidths'' for typesetting the numbering of division units.
% I don't recall exactly how (and for which fonts) these figures were chosen.
% They quickly prove too small if using Roman numerals (as do too the book
% class defaults even though they are a bit larger).
\def\TOCnumwidthB \{1.5em\} \% chapter
\def\TOCnumwidthC {2.278em}% section, I think default is 2.3em
\def\TOCnumwidthD {3.056em}% analog in standard class is 3.2em
\def\TOCnumwidthE {3.833em}% analog in standard class is 4.1em
\def\TOCnumwidthF {4.611em}% analog in standard class is 5em
\def\TOCnumwidthG {5.389em}% analog in standard class is 6em
The code for the "global toc style".
\makeatletter
\etocsettocstyle
   {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
    \parindent\z@ \leftskip\z@skip \rightskip \z@skip
    \setbox\TOCleaderbox\hbox to \TOCleaderboxwidth{\hss.\hss}%
    \chapter *{\noindent\kern\TOCleftmargin\relax % uses "pt"...
        \contentsname
        \@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}{\MakeUppercase \contentsname}}%
                  \TOCrightmargin\relax
    \rightskip
    \parfillskip -\rightskip % or a smaller value if desired
    \leftskip
                  \TOCleftmargin \relax }
   {\if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi\cleardoublepage}%
\makeatother
The code for the part and chapter line styles:
\makeatletter
\etocsetstyle{part}
 {}
 {\addpenalty {-\@highpenalty}%
  \addvspace \TOCbigvskip
  \leavevmode
   {\large \bfseries % use a group to limit font change
      \interlinepenalty\@M
      \etocifnumbered{\etocnumber\hspace{1em}}{}%
      \nobreak\hfil\makebox[-\parfillskip][r]{\etocpage}}\par
  \nobreak
  }
 {}
```

7. A third example: emulating the book class

The remaining divisions share the same code, here abstracted into a macro:

```
\makeatletter
\newcommand\TOCsetlinestyle [2]{% #1= unit, #2= numwidth as macro
\etocsetstyle{#1}
 {\advance\leftskip#2\relax}
 {\vskip \TOCverysmallvskip\relax
  \leavevmode
  {\interlinepenalty\@M
   \etocifnumbered
     {\langle \mu \rangle_{makebox[#2][1]{\langle \nu \rangle}}}{\langle \mu \rangle_{makebox[#2][1]}}}
   \nobreak\leaders \copy\TOCleaderbox
   \hfil\makebox[-\parfillskip][r]{\etocpage}%
   \par }%
 {\advance\leftskip-#2\relax}%
\makeatother
\TOCsetlinestyle {section}
                                  {\TOCnumwidthC}
\TOCsetlinestyle {subsection}
                                  {\TOCnumwidthD}
\TOCsetlinestyle {subsubsection}{\TOCnumwidthE}
\TOCsetlinestyle {paragraph}
                                {\TOCnumwidthF}
\TOCsetlinestyle {subparagraph} {\TOCnumwidthG}
```

Note Bene: the code deliberately handles the non-numbered sectioning units unlike the way of the standard document classes (particularly regarding the alignment of multi-line headings.)

In practice, typically one will want to use \localtableofcontents, hence we need to change a bit the global toc style for using \section* rather than \chapter* for example. When the time comes for these local "minitocs" one can do something like the following (of course all of that can be stored inside a macro, whose definition can be located in the preamble.)

For some reason this code has some hard-coded 2.25em and 4.5em which were not abstracted into macros or lengths.

The code inserts horizontal rules above and below the TOC contents in a non-separable by pagebreak way.

```
\makeatletter
\etocsettocstyle
    {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
     \setbox\TOCleaderbox\hbox to \TOCleaderboxwidth{\hss.\hss}%
     \parindent\z@
     \dimen@ 2.25em % soon to be \leftskip
     \section *{\kern\dimen@ % \dimen@ works here by sheer luck
       \contentsname
       \@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}}\%
     \parskip \z@skip
     \vspace{-1.25\baselineskip}% somewhat ad hoc
     \leftskip 2.25em
     \rightskip 4.5em
     \advance\rightskip-\TOCrightmargin\relax
     \leavevmode\leaders\hrule\@height\p@\hfill\kern\z@\par
     \rightskip 4.5em
     \parfillskip -\TOCrightmargin\relax }
    {\nobreak\vskip-.5\baselineskip
     \leavevmode\leaders\hrule\@height\p@\hfill\kern\z@\par
     \bigskip
     \if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi }
\makeatother
We then need to specify the line styles:
\makeatletter
\etocsetstyle{section}
 {\advance\leftskip\TOCnumwidthC\relax}
 {\addpenalty \@secpenalty
  \etociffirst{}{\addvspace{\TOCmedvskip}}%
  \leavevmode
  {\interlinepenalty\@M
   \bfseries\etocifnumbered
      {\llap{\makebox[\TOCnumwidthC][1]{\etocnumber}}}
      {\advance\leftskip-\TOCnumwidthC}%
  \etocname\nobreak\hfil\makebox[-\parfillskip][r]{\etocpage}\par }%
  \penalty \@highpenalty }
 {\advance\leftskip-\TOCnumwidthC\relax}
\makeatother
\TOCsetlinestyle {subsection}
                              {\TOCnumwidthD}
\TOCsetlinestyle {subsubsection}{\TOCnumwidthE}
\TOCsetlinestyle {paragraph}
                             {\TOCnumwidthF}
\TOCsetlinestyle {subparagraph} {\TOCnumwidthG}
```

As mentioned previously, this handles non-numbered (multi-line) sectioning units somewhat differently from what happens in the standard document classes.

See section 25 for more.

8. Linked list of the main package commands

\etoclocalmulticol \etocaftercontentshook \etocsettocdepth \etocaftertitlehook \etoclocalruled \etocsettocstyle \etocaftertochook \etocmulticolstyle \etocskipfirstprefix \etocbeforetitlehook \etocmulticol \etocstandarddisplaystyle \etocdefaultlines \etocname \etocstandardlines \etocdepthtag.toc \etocnumber \etocthelinkedname \etocdisplay \etocobeydepthtags \etocthelinkednumber \etocframedstyle \etocobeytoctocdepth \etocthelinkedpage \etocframed \etocthelink \etocpage \etociffirst \etocthename \etocruledstyle \etocifnumbered \etocruled \etocthenumber \etocignoredepthtags \etocsetlevel \etocthepage \etocignoretoctocdepth \etocsetnexttocdepth \etoctoccontentsline \etocinline \etocsetstyle \etoctoclines \etoclink \etocsettagdepth \localtableofcontents \etoclocalframed \etocsettocdepth.toc \tableofcontents

Part II.

Arbitrarily many TOCs, and local ones too

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 7 sections and 6 subsections. The name of the first section is "Labeling and reusing elsewhere" and the corresponding number is "9". The name of the last section is "Two Examples" and its number is "15". The name of the first subsection is "The hyperref option *bookmarksdepth*" and the corresponding number is "11.1". The name of the last subsection is "A TOC with a background color" and its number is "15.2".

9. Labeling and reusing elsewhere	17
10. A powerful functionality of etocsetlevel	18
11.The \etocsettocdepth and \etocsetnexttocdepth commands 11.1. The hyperref option <i>bookmarksdepth</i>	19
12.The command \etocsettocdepth.toc 12.1. The commands \etocobeytoctocdepth and \etocignoretoctocdepth	20 . 21
13.The commands \etocdepthtag.toc and \etocsettagdepth 13.1. The commands \etocobeydepthtags and \etocignoredepthtags	21 . 21
14. Adding commands to the .toc file 14.1. The hyperref option <i>hidelinks</i>	22
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9. Labeling and reusing elsewhere

etoc allows arbitrarily many \tableofcontents commands in your document. The line styles and the toc display style may of course be changed in-between. Furthermore \localtableofcontents will print local tables of contents: *i.e.* all sections and sub-units inside a given chapter, or all subsubsections and lower inside a given subsection, etc...

etoc allows the labeling of a TOC with (for example) \label{toc:A} and will redisplay it elsewhere when told \tableofcontents\ref{toc:A}. The actual layout (title inclusive) used for the cloned TOC will be decided locally. The line styles and toc display style (including the title) will be the current ones and the current value of the tocdepth counter is obeyed. As an example the table of contents of Part VI is in a float which appears on the following page.

	I am from far aw	ay		
33. Summary o	the main style commands			65
33.1. Setting	up local styles		 	. 65
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33.3. Display	ing tables of contents		 	. 66
33.4.Labels	and references		 	. 66
	e default line styles: \etocde	efaultlines		66
35. Customizin	getoc			70
35. Customizin	-		 	70
35. Customizin 35.1. Custon	getoc	styles		70

We used this:

Important: one should not use elsewhere \tableofcontents \ref{toc:d}. To clone again, one must use a reference to the original label: \tableofcontents \ref{toc:c}.

10. A powerful functionality of etoc: the re-assignment of levels with \etocsetlevel

The intrinsic levels manipulated by **etoc** are numeric: from -2 (which corresponds to book in the memoir class) down (from the big to the small) to 5 (subparagraph). But the assignment of a numeric level to a given name can be modified at any time with the command \etocsetlevel{\level_name}}{\level_name}}. In conjunction with the use of the LATEX tocdepth counter, this has powerful applications: \level_name\rangle does not have to coincide with an actual document sectioning command, and **etoc** can be used to print arbitrary "lists of things", using no other auxiliary file than the .toc file. This is explained further in Part III.

It is often said that in the standard classes, the sectioning level of \part is 0 in the classes not having a \chapter command, and -1 in classes having a \chapter command. This is *correct* for what regards the *automatic numbering*, as is governed by the value of the secnumdepth counter; but it is *wrong* for what regards the effect of the tocdepth counter: setting the tocdepth to -1 in the article class just before \tableofcontents does *not* prevent Parts from appearing in the Table of Contents. One has to set it to -2 for that, whether in the article or in the book class.

The canonical levels, a priori known to **etoc**, are those of relevance to the **tocdepth** counter in the standard classes and are recapitulated in this table:

(memoir class) book	-2
part	-1
chapter	0
section	1
subsection	2
subsubsection	3
paragraph	4
subparagraph	5

With **etoc**, the user can easily print a local table of contents inside a given subsection, where subsubsections will be printed in the style of sections, paragraphs in the style of subsubsections, and subparagraphs in the style of subsubsections, if so desired. One can also decide to set everything to be at the level 6 (never displayed by **etoc**), except for example paragraphs, promoted to be at level 1, and then one obtains a nice table of contents of all the paragraphs from the document! (tocdepth at least 1)⁷

11. The \etocsettocdepth and \etocsetnexttocdepth commands

The tocdepth counter has no bearing on what gets written to the .toc file; its action is only on the actual typesetting of the table of contents: in the standard classes there is only one \tableofcontents possible, whereas with etoc, arbitrarily many are allowed, so one may change tocdepth to the appropriate value (which decides the finest sectioning level displayed) again and again each time a table of contents needs to be typeset.

etoc provides $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\langle level \rangle}\}$ whose mandatory argument is either numeric (from -3 to 5) or a division name such as subsection or subsubsection or any name previously declared to **etoc** with $\ensuremath{\ensu$

As is explained in the next subsection, tocdepth is used by hyperref, and one must take steps to prevent its changes from influencing the bookmarks, too. So, **etoc** has \etocsetnexttocdepth{ $\langle level \rangle$ } whose influence ceases immediately after the next table of con-

⁷and one should naturally not print this TOC of paragraphs in compatibility mode, which would insist on inserting a gigantic left margin.

tents. Thus, \invisibletableofcontents is essentially \etocsetnexttocdepth{none} \tableofcontents.

The simplest course is thus to have after \begin{document} and before the first \tableofcontents a single instance of the \etocsettocdepth command, with argument the deepest level (or most commonly used deepest level) among the tables of contents of the document, and to use locally, where needed, \etocsetnexttocdepth before \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents.

11.1. The hyperref option bookmarksdepth

When modifying the counter tocdepth for the purposes of multiple uses of \tableof-contents or \localtableofcontents, one should be aware that package hyperref by default takes into account the *current* value of the tocdepth counter to decide whether the pdf file will contain a bookmark corresponding to sectioning commands encountered in the source file. Thus, one typically needs to reset tocdepth to its previous value after having temporarily modified it for a given table of contents.

Or, there is the *bookmarksdepth=n* option of package hyperref, with *n* the desired document bookmarks maximal depth, which can be numeric or the name of a level known to hyperref. This documentation previously passed bookmarksdepth=3 as option to hyperref, so even if tocdepth was left to 1 by inadvertance after printing a certain table of contents this did not modify the bookmark tree of the pdf file. Now that \etocsetnexttocdepth has been added to the package, we have used it systematically and there was no need for bookmarksdepth=3 anymore.

12. The command \etocsettocdepth.toc

This command \etocsettocdepth.toc implements some functionality of tocvsec2⁸, a package which however was incompatible with etoc (it can still be used for its secnumdepth-related commands, but its toc-related activities will get canceled by etoc) and more-or-less designed for a single table of contents.

The action of \etocsettocdepth.toc is totally different than the one of \etocsettocdepth. Rather than modifying the tocdepth counter immediately, it adds a line to the .toc file which, when executed inside a table of contents will enact this change.

The command \etocsettocdepth.toc, like \etocsettocdepth, accepts both numeric and named arguments. In the case of a named argument, the actual numeric value to be used is not yet decided at the time the .toc file is created; it will be the value currently specified for the named level at the time each table of contents (not having done \etocignoretoctocdepth) is typeset.

The tocdepth counter will never be set to a value finer than its initial value at the start of the table of contents: so adding commands \etocsettocdepth.toc in the document is a way to *restrict* locally the depth of the table of contents. For example to prevent inclusion in the tables of contents of the sub-sub-sections of a given chapter.

This gets executed in ALL tables of contents.

⁸http://ctan.org/pkg/tocvsec2. I thank D.B. for drawing my attention to the incompatibility of this package with etoc.

12.1. The commands \etocobeytoctocdepth and \etocignoretoctocdepth

So \etocignoretoctocdepth is provided to cancel the \etocsettocdepth.toc mechanism when needed; and \etocobeytoctocdepth will re-activate it. The package does initially \etocobeytoctocdepth.

13. The commands \etocdepthtag.toc and \etocsettagdepth

As mentioned above, when the argument to \etocsettocdepth.toc isn't numeric but a named level the actual numeric level used is decided at the time the TOC gets typeset, thus with the *shuffling abilities of etoc*, one may obtain a very flexible control in the following way: one first declares with \etocsetlevel some dummy named level, say partIII, assigning it the invisible numeric level 6. Then before the actual third \part command in the source one inserts \etocsettocdepth.toc{partIII}. At the location where the effect should cease one inserts in the source \etocsettocdepth.toc{all}. It is now possible to specify, each time one wants to typeset a TOC, what will be the finest level for the entries originating in the third part: one just has to do \etocsetlevel{partIII}{1} for example. This will limit to sections (if tocdepth was at least at that level at the time \tableofcontents is encountered).

This method has some limitations: (i) the second argument to \etocsetlevel must be numeric, (ii) it can not be set to -3 (which would be necessary if one wanted to exclude an entire Book from a TOC in a memoir document with multiple such Books ... admittedly a possibly rare case!), (iii) it is a bit of a hack as partIII is not a real division unit, but just a tag.

Release 1.07h has a command \etocdepthtag.toc which makes it easier to achieve this variable local control of the tocdepth at the time of typesetting TOCs.

It is used as $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$etocdepthtag.toc}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\langletag_name\rangle}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\rangle}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\rangle}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\rangle}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\rangle}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\langletag_name\rangle}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\langle(level\rangle}\}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\rangle}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$\rangle$$

The added flexibility is thus that \etocsetlevel has not been used in a kind of hacky way, that one may use named level depths, and the keywords none and all.

As usual, once the tag depths have been set, they remain in effect until getting redefined or seeing their scope expire via the closing of a group or of a surrounding environment. For an example, see section 40.

13.1. The commands \etocobeydepthtags and \etocignoredepthtags

After \etocignoredepthtags, the .toc depth tags are ignored (but \etocdepthtag.toc still works). The package does initially \etocobeydepthtags which makes etoc react to the found tags in the .toc file.

14. Adding commands to the .toc file

We described above \etocsettocdepth.toc and \etocdepthtag.toc which both insert commands inside the .toc file. An even more general mechanism of adding "action tags" to the .toc file could be envisioned, but this would just be a wrapper for direct use of \addtocontents{toc}{\something}.

One should be cautious when adding in this way things to the .toc file. For example, inserting \addtocontents{toc}{\string\clearpage} just before a \part to fix the problem when some part entry (in the table of contents) is isolated at the bottom of one page, will cause problems with multiple TOCs: this \clearpage will be executed by etoc each time a \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents command is encountered! The more prudent thing is to do rather: \addtocontents{toc}{\string\myclearpage}, to have a \let\myclearpage\relax at the top level of the document and to use where needed something like:

```
\let\myclearpage\clearpage
\tableofcontents
\let\myclearpage\relax
```

The memoir class has the command \settocdepth which writes a \changetocdepth command inside the .toc file. This will impact the typesetting by etoc of *all* tables of contents, with (possibly) unexpected results: imagine the document has \settocdepth {chapter} at some point to avoid having the sections from subsequent chapters be listed in the main table of contents. Then a local table of contents in one of these chapters will print a title but will be without any entry.

As the memoir class by itself allows multiple\tableofcontents these issues already arise there, independently of **etoc**, see page 170 of the memoir manual.

For this specific issue, the commands \etocsettocdepth.toc, \etocignoretoctocdepth and \etocobeytoctocdepth are the way to go; or their variants \etocdepthtag.toc and \etocsettagdepth.

As an aside, any \setcounter{tocdepth}{n} command added directly to the .toc file sees its effect (since release 1.07g) canceled at the end of each table of contents, which automatically does a \setcounter{tocdepth}{previous_value} with the value active on entering the table of contents.

14.1. The hyperref option hidelinks

The colored links (and also the rectangle links) are a bit annoying when used in tables of contents, especially when the document uses **etoc** and has plenty of them! One may wish for having colored links, *except* for those within table of contents! Indeed, why would things in TOCs need to be either framed in rectangles or colored, when the user *already expects them to be links*?

I use the following trick: either in the preamble using \AtBeginDocument , or right after $\begin{document}, I have the command \\ \end{document}$

\addtocontents{toc}{\protect\hypersetup{hidelinks}}

All TOCs typeset by **etoc** have their contents done within a group (as if enclosed in an environment). So the command \hypersetup{hidelinks} will be executed by *each* TOC, but its effect will be limited to that TOC.

I found out experimentally that the option hidelinks could indeed be set many times with \hypersetup (this is not the case of all hyperref options).

15. Two Examples

15.1. A Beautiful Thesis example

Here is another relatively simple example of use of the package functionalities. Let us set up some line styles. We choose a style for sections and sub-sections which would be suitable for, respectively, sections and sub-sections in an average length memoir. The line style specifications have some redundancy for clarity, and do not care about what to do at possible page breaks. Also, they do not worry about potential multi-column use.

```
\begingroup % we start a group to keep the style changes local
\newlength{\tocleftmargin}
                              \setlength{\tocleftmargin}{5cm}
\newlength{\tocrightmargin}
                              \setlength{\tocrightmargin}{1cm}
\etocsetstyle{section}
                                    % will pretend to be a Chapter
{\addvspace{1ex}\parfillskip0pt
 \leftskip\tocleftmargin
                                    % (already done in title)
 \rightskip\the\tocrightmargin plus 1fil
 \parindent0pt\color{cyan}}
                                    % (already done)
{\bfseries\LARGE\upshape\addvspace{1ex}\leavevmode}
{\llap{Chapter\hspace{.5em}{\etocnumber}\hspace{.75cm}}\etocname
 \hfill\makebox[-\tocrightmargin][1]{\makebox[0pt]{\etocpage}}\par}
{}
                                    % will pretend to be a Section
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
{\mdseries\large\addvspace{.5ex}\leavevmode}
{\llap{\etocnumber\hspace{.75cm}}\textit{\etocname}%
 \hfill\makebox[-\tocrightmargin][1]{\makebox[0pt]{\etocpage}}\par}
\def\tmptitle{My Beautiful Thesis}
\etocsettocstyle{\color{cyan}\parindent0pt \leftskip\tocleftmargin
  \leavevmode\leaders\hrule height 1pt\hfill\
  \huge\textit{\tmptitle}\par}{\bigskip}
\tableofcontents \ref{toc:overview}
\endgroup
```

_____My Beautiful Thesis

Chapter 3 Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?

7

15. Two Examples

3.1 Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents		
Chapter 4	Line styles and toc display	
	style	8
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4.3	Compatibility mode	8
Chapter 5	A first example	9
Chapter 6	A second example	10
Chapter 7	A third example: emulating the book class	12
Chapter 8	Linked list of the main package commands	16

15.2. A TOC with a background color

Let us now try out some more sophisticated line styles. The display will use the \etoc-framedstyle package command, which requires that the produced table of contents fits on a single page. We wrap it up in a figure environment showing up on the next page.

The actual design is not pre-built in **etoc**; it uses its 'framed' style with a background color. The frame borders have been set to have the same color as the one serving as background for the entire thing. This design (with other colors) is in use also for this other toc, and the reader is referred to its subsection for the coding used.

	Contents of Part One	
3	Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?	7
	3.1 Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents	7
4	Line styles and toc display style	8
	4.1 \etocsetstyle for the line styles	8
	4.2 \etocsettocstyle for the toc display	8
	4.3 Compatibility mode	8
5	A first example	9
6	A second example 1	0
7	A third example: emulating the book class	2
8	Linked list of the main package commands 1	6

 $\verb|\tableofcontents \ref{toc:overview}| (\textit{cf. subsection 15.2 and this other toc})|$

Part III.

Surprising uses of etoc

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 10 sections and 4 subsections. The name of the first section is "The TOC of TOCs" and the corresponding number is "16". The name of the last section is "A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting" and its number is "25". The name of the first subsection is "The commands \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs" and the corresponding number is "23.1". The name of the last subsection is "The \etocifwasempty command" and its number is "24.3".

16. The TOC of TOCs	26
17. Arbitrary "Lists Of", \etoctoccontentsline	28
18. A TOC with a fancy layout	29
19. Another compatibility mode	30
20. The TOC as a tree	32
21. The TOC as a molecule	35
22. The TOC as a TikZ mind map	38
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24.1. The \etocchecksemptiness command	47
24.2. The \etocnotocifnotoc command	47
24.3. The \etocifwasempty command	48
25. A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting	48

16. The TOC of TOCs

Here is the numbered and linked list of all tables of contents which are displayed within this document: 9 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40. And to obtain it here we just wrote:

Here is the numbered and linked list of all tables of contents which are displayed within this document: \tableofcontents.

⁹The TOCs put in floats may change the order: the numbers are listed in the order the TOCs are typeset in the document; but the numbering itself is from the order of the TOCs in the source of this document...

The preparatory work was the following. First, we defined a counter visibletoc whose vocation is to get incremented at each displayed toc. **etoc** has its own private counter but it counts all TOCs, even those not displayed because the tocdepth value was -2 or -3.

We could have added manually \refstepcounter{visibletoc} and \label commands at all suitable locations in the document source, and we would then have used here \ref commands, but this imposes heavy manual editing of the source.

There is a much better way: there is a hook \etocaftertitlehook and we told it to increment the visibletoc counter and to write a line to the .toc file, in a manner analogous to what sectioning commands such as chapter, section, or subsection do. As etoc increments its own private counter even before typesetting the title of a table of contents, this provides (most of the time) a better link destination than any counter manipulated from inside \etocaftertitlehook (for which the link would target the area just after the title). So, rather than including \refstepcounter{visibletoc} inside \etocaftertitlehook, we just put there \stepcounter{visibletoc} followed by the command \etoctoccontentsline{visibletoc}. This etoc command \etoctoccontentsline{\leftilehook} (name)} has the same effect as:

```
\addcontentsline{toc}{\langle level\ name \rangle}{\langle name \rangle}
```

but its usefulness is to circumvent¹⁰ the patching for automatic creation of bookmarks done to \addcontentsline by the hyperref package, as pdf bookmarks don't make much sense here (and would elicit a complaint of hyperref that the bookmark level is 'unknown').¹¹

Finally, the preamble of the document did \etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{6}. The level 6 (or anything with a higher number) is ignored, even if tocdepth has value 10 for example; this is independently of whether **etoc** uses the document class default line styles or its own line styles, or the ones defined by the user with the \etocsetstyle command. So there is no need to worry that something could go wrong.

Then, only here we have set \etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{0}. And to display only this kind of entries we assign temporarily to part and chapter level 1 (or anything higher than zero) and set tocdepth to the value 0. We also did \etocset-style{visibletoc}{\etocskipfirstprefix}{, }{\etocname}{}} which defines an inline display with the comma as separator. Finally, as etoc issues \par automatically by default just before typesetting a table of contents, we used the command \etocinline (also known as \etocnopar) which turns off this behavior.

Here are the implementation details:

```
 < in the preamble >
  \newcounter{visibletoc}
  \renewcommand{\etocaftertitlehook}
      {\stepcounter{visibletoc}\etoctoccontentsline{visibletoc}{\thevisibletoc}}
  \etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{6}
  \begin{document}
      < document body >
  \subsection{Surprising uses of etoc}
  \begingroup
```

¹⁰using \addtocontents rather than \addcontentsline

¹¹The package provides a starred variant \etoctoccontentsline*, which does allow the creation of bookmarks and has a third mandatory argument which is the Level to be used by these bookmarks; depending on the context the starred as well as the non-starred variants may be profitably preceded by \phantomsection.

17. Arbitrary "Lists Of...", \etoctoccontentsline

```
\etocinline
\etocsetlevel{part}{1}
% \etocsetlevel{chapter}{1} % (no chapters in scrartcl class)
\etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{0}
\etocsetstyle{visibletoc}
        {\etocskipfirstprefix}{, }{{\color{niceone}\etocname}}{}
\etocsettocstyle{}{} % don't set any title, rules or frame or multicol!
\etocsetnexttocdepth{visibletoc} % display only the 'visibletoc' entries from .toc
```

Here is the numbered and linked list of all tables of contents which are displayed within this document: \tableofcontents. \endgroup

After \etocsetstyle{visibletoc}{...}{...}{...}, all future TOCs (not in compatibility mode) will use the defined style for level 0 (which is normally the level for chapters). To keep these changes strictly local the simplest manner is to put everything inside a group.

The section 38 gives another use of the shuffling of levels.

17. Arbitrary "Lists Of...", \etoctoccontentsline

This idea of interverting the levels is very powerful and allows to let **etoc** display lists of arbitrary things contained in the document. All of that still using nothing else than the .toc file! Example: imagine a document with dozens of exercises, perhaps defined as \newtheorem{exercise}{}[section]. Let us explain how to instruct **etoc** to display an hyperlinked list of all these exercises. For this we put in the preamble:

```
\newtheorem{exerci}{}[section]
    % the exercice number will be recoverable via \etocname: v--here--v
\newcommand*{\exercisetotoc}{\etoctoccontentsline{exercise}{\theexerci}}
\newenvironment{exercise}{\begin{exerci}\exercisetotoc}{\end{exerci}}
\etocsetlevel{exercise}{6}
```

In this way, \etocname will give the exercise number (but \etocnumber will be empty). Had we used instead

```
\newcommand*{\exercisetotoc}
{\etoctoccontentsline{exercise}{\protect\numberline{\theexerci}}}}
```

the exercise number would then have been available via \etocnumber, and \etocname would have been empty. It doesn't matter which one of the two methods is used. The **etoc** command \etoctoccontentsline{..}{..} is provided as a substitute to \addcontentsline{toc}{..}{..}: this is to avoid the patching which is done by hyperref to \addcontentsline in its process of creation of bookmarks. If one wants to authorize hyperref to create bookmarks at a specific level $\langle n \rangle$, one can use (here with $\langle n \rangle = 2$) the starred variant \etoctoccontentsline* which has an additional argument:

The counter exerci is already incremented by the exerci theorem environment, and provides the correct destination for the link added by package hyperref. The command \exercisetotoc adds for each exercise a line to the .toc file, corresponding to a fictitious

document unit with name 'exercise'. A four-column list, including the sections, can then be typeset with the following code:

```
\etocsetnexttocdepth{2}
                              % sections are at level 1 and will show up
\begingroup
 \etocsetlevel{exercise}{2}
                              % but:
  \etocsetlevel{chapter}{3}
                              %
                                     no chapters
  \etocsetlevel{subsection}{3} %
                                    no subsections
  \etocsetlevel{part}{3}
                              %
                                    no parts
  \etocsetstyle{exercise}{}{} % \etocname = exercise number
    {\noindent\etocname\strut\leaders\etoctoclineleaders\hfill\etocpage\par}
    {\pagebreak[2]\vskip\baselineskip}
  \etocsetstyle{section}{}{}
    {\noindent\strut{\bfseries\large\etocnumber\hskip.5em\etocname}\par
    \nopagebreak[3]}{}
  \etocruledstyle[4]{\Large\bfseries List of the exercises}
  \setlength{\columnseprule}{.4pt}
  \tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

18. A TOC with a fancy layout

Lesson.
1.
2.

Here is a table of contents where the sections from a given chapter are to be represented by a number range (like 18–22 for a given chapter, 42–49 for another one ... of course to be inserted automatically in the TOC).

This is not an image inclusion, the TOC is produced from its original tex source inserted in this document after replacement of part, chapter or section with dummypart, dummychapter and dummysection (and there is also a dummy page count). We copied the line styles used in the original and displayed the table of contents following:

```
\etocsetlevel{dummypart} {-1} \etocsetlevel{part} {2}
\etocsetlevel{dummychapter}{0} \etocsetlevel{chapter}{2}
\etocsetlevel{dummysection}{1} \etocsetlevel{section}{2}
\etocsetnexttocdepth{dummysection}
```

Each chapter displays the numbers of only the first and the last sections it contains. See the source file etoc.dtx for the details of how this is done.

Another technique for doing this kind of things is explained in section 39.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Introductory			•••	Sections. 1—8	Page. 5
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19. Another compatibility mode

As explained in subsection 4.3, the commands \etocstandardlines and \etocstandarddisplaystyle tell etoc to, essentially, act as an observer. The document class layout for the table of contents is then perfectly obeyed. There is no way to customize this standard layout (change fonts, margins, vertical spacings, etc...) from within the package. For this, use some package dedicated to this task; because etoc either is (temporarily perhaps) in compatibility mode with no customization on its part possible, or the user has specified the layout in \etocsetstyle commands (and \etocsettocstyle) and is (supposedly...) in complete control.

Well, there is actually an alternative. It is possible to use the \etocsetstyle commands to recreate an artificial compatibility mode, in order to achieve effects like the following, all things being otherwise equal to the document class defaults:

- 1. get the hyperref link to encapsulate only the names, but not the numbers of each entry of the table of contents,
- 2. use the document class style for chapters and sections, but modify it only for subsections.
- 3. do either of the above only for some portions of the table of contents.

Here is how to proceed. One puts in the preamble:

```
\makeatletter
\newcommand{\MyStandardTOC}{%
\begingroup
```

```
\let\savedpartline\l@part
     \let\savedchapterline\l@chapter \% remove if article/scrartcl class
     \let\savedsectionline\l@section
     \let\savedsubsectionline\l@subsection
     % and so on if \subsubsection, etc... is used
     % for the book or article classes:
     \etocsetstyle{part}{}{}
           {\savedpartline{\etocnumber\hspace{1em}\etocname}{\etocpage}}{}%
     % for the scrbook or scrartcl classes:
     \etocsetstyle{part}{}{}
           {\savedpartline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{}{}%
     % identical in book/article/scrbook/scrartcl classes:
     {\savedchapterline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{\etocpage}}}{}%
     \etocsetstyle{section}{}{}
           {\c {\c variable } 
     \etocsetstyle{subsection}{}{}
           {\savedsubsectionline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{\etocpage}}{}}
     % etc... if further sectioning units are used
     % (see the text for what to do with the memoir class)
     \etocstandarddisplaystyle % this is for the title, page-marks, etc...
     \tableofcontents
     \endgroup}
\makeatother
```

Of course if the document has only one table of contents then there is no need to put the commands inside a macro, or even inside a group. With these commands etoc will construct a TOC completely identical to what would have been done by one of the document class: article, book, scrartcl, scrbook. The number and the name of each entry are each separately an hyperref link, as is always the case with etoc, when not in compatibility mode. Replacing \etocnumber with \etochenumber will give a TOC where the numbers are not links anymore, but the names still are. Or one may decide to use \etochenumber and keep an hyperlinked number with \etocnumber.

Here is a subtler example where one only marginally modifies the sections (adding color to the number and removing the hyperref link) and keeps the subsections as in the default, *except* for those of one specific section, for which the layout is completely modified:

Contents

3. Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?3.1. Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents

¹² and if moreover one just wants to keep the same layout as in the default, one may question why using etoc... there is *one* good reason: numbers and names are separately hyperref links, whereas normally there is only one link holding both the number and the name corresponding to one toc entry.

13 For the memoir class, one needs a bit more: each of the command \booknumberline, \partnumberline and \chapternumberline will have to be saved with a \let, and, one then specifies:

4.	Line styles and toc display style $\mbox{\s\m\s\s\\m\s\n\s\n\n\s\s\n\s\s\n\s\s\n\sin\s\m\s\s\s\n\s\s\n\s\s\n\s\s\n\s\sin\s\s\s\s$	8
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7.	A third example: emulating the book class	12
8.	Linked list of the main package commands	16

This example only has sections and subsections, and the code used in \MyStandardTOC was:

```
\etocsetstyle{section}{}
 {\ifnum\etocthenumber=4
      \etocsetstyle{subsection}
        {\par\nopagebreak\begingroup
         \leftskip1.5em \rightskip\@tocrmarg \parfillskip\@flushglue
         \parindent Opt \normalfont\normalsize\rmfamily\itshape
        % \columnsep1em
        % \begin{minipage}{\dimexpr\linewidth-\leftskip-\rightskip\relax}%
        % \begin{multicols}{2}%
        \etocskipfirstprefix}
        {\allowbreak\,--\,}
        {\etocname\ \textup{(\etocnumber)}}
        {.\par\endgroup}%
       % {.\par\end{multicols}\end{minipage}\par\endgroup}%
      \etocsetstyle{subsection}
       {\savedsubsectionline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{\etocpage}}
       {}%
   \fi}
 {\savedsectionline{\numberline{\color{cyan}\etocthenumber}}\etocname}{\etocpage}}
```

Notice the page head-mark added by this standard TOC. Sections and subsections are printed exactly as in the default (except for the subsections of one specific user-chosen section and except for the color of the section numbers), with no need to specify explicitely any length, font or other formatting instructions. But we had to examine the scrartcl sources to determine what to use for \leftskip and \rightskip for our customized section entries.

20. The TOC as a tree

Using tikz¹⁴ and the package forest¹⁵ we shall display the table of contents of this part as a tree. The technique is to use the **etoc** modified command \tableofcontents not for typesetting, but to prepare a macro, or rather here a *token list* variable, with all the

¹⁴http://ctan.org/pkg/pgf

¹⁵http://ctan.org/pkg/forest

instructions to be executed later. Leslie Lamport's book has no mention whatsoever of token lists, and LateX gives the impression to not really expect the general user to ever hear about them (or delimited macros); this whole section and the next are thus for advanced users.

Putting the \etocnumber and \etocname commands in \treetok would be of no use: to which number or name would they then refer to, in a delayed execution?

We need to store, not the macro names, but the macro contents. And also we wish to maintain the correct hyperref hyperlinks. ¹⁶ The commands \etocname, etc..., are robust, it is easier to work with \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedname, and \etocthelinkedpage which contain the same information in an easier accessible form.

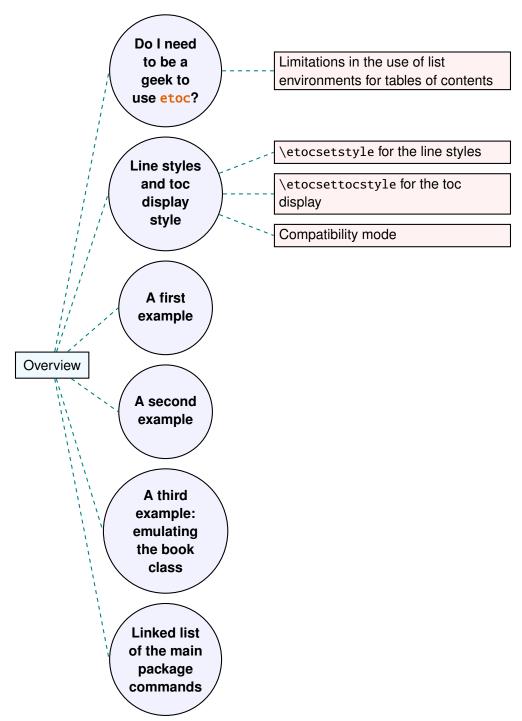
For this forest tree we have designed very special **etoc** styles for sections and subsections. They use a token list register called \treetok and a macro \appendtotok whose rôle is to append to a given token list variable the contents of a macro given as second argument. All this will happen in reaction to a \tableofcontents command, but *nothing* has yet been printed in the process.¹⁷ This is the later job of a forest environment which will be given the contents of \treetok.

The resulting tree has been put in a float, which appears on the following page. Here is the code used for its production:

```
\newtoks\treetok
\newtoks\tmptok
\newcommand*\appendtotok[2]{% #1=toks variable, #2=macro, expands once #2
 #1\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
   {\expandafter\the\expandafter #1#2}}
\newcommand*\PrepareSectionNode{%
  \tmptok {\centering\bfseries}%
  \appendtotok\tmptok\etocthelinkedname
  \edef\foresttreenode{ [{\noexpand\parbox{2cm}{\the\tmptok}}}%
\newcommand*{\PrepareSubsectionNode}{%
  \tmptok {\raggedright}%
  \appendtotok\tmptok\etocthelinkedname
  }
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
  {\PrepareSectionNode \appendtotok\treetok\foresttreenode}
  {\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
  {\PrepareSubsectionNode \appendtotok\treetok\foresttreenode}
```

¹⁶This manual up to the version of May 14, 2013 used package tikz-qtree but there were problems with hyperlinks. No such problem arises either when using forest or the native tikz syntax for trees (which will be illustrated in the next section).

¹⁷There is always a \par, which here is not a problem, but can be suppressed if need be via the command \etocinline or its synonym \etocnopar.



A table of contents displayed as a forest tree.

```
{\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
\etocsettocstyle
    {\treetok{[{\hyperref[part:overview]{Overview}}}}
    {\global\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
```

```
% forest does not like @\the\treetok if \treetok is empty. On first latex
% run, this will be the case because the TOC style defined above will not
% have been executed, as the label {toc:overview} does not refer to a valid
% TOC yet. So we must give a safe default value to \treetok
\treetok{[{run latex again}]}
\begin{figure}[th!]\centering
     \etocsetnexttocdepth{subsection}
     \tableofcontents \label{toc:forest}\ref{toc:overview}
     \hypersetup{hidelinks}%
     \bracketset{action character=@}
     \begin{forest}
                  for tree={anchor=center,child anchor=west,
                            grow'=east,draw,thick,
                            edge={draw,thick,dashed,color=teal}},
                  where={level()==1}{circle,thick,fill=blue!5,
                                    before computing xy=\{1=3cm\}\}\{\},
                  where={level()==2}{fill=red!5,
                                    before computing xy={l=6cm}}{},
                  rectangle, thick, fill=cyan!5, inner sep=6pt,
     @\the\treetok
     \end{forest}
\end{figure}
```

Why \hypersetup{hidelinks}? as explained in subsection 14.1, I prefer the links in TOCs not to be colorized, nor framed, so this document inserts a command \hypersetup {hidelinks} in the .toc file. But at the time the \treetok contents are unpacked the \hyperlink commands originating in \etocthelinkedname, etc... will be executed in the normal environment for links (which, in this document, is to colorize them). Rather than having etoc's code try to guess what the current "style" for links is (a concept not really provided by hyperrefit seems) and store it in \etocthelinkedname, etc..., I opted for the simpler solution to leave it up to the user to recreate whatever conditions are desired. So here it is necessary to re-issue \hypersetup{hidelinks} in the figure environment.

There are some other examples in this documentation where \tableofcontents is used to prepare material for later typesetting:

- printing the statistics at the start of each Part (see section 39) is done using save boxes (so the problem of the appearance of the links does not arise then).
- the typesetting of the TOC as a table in the pre-1.08 way (see section 41); there we also have to issue \hypersetup{hidelinks} after having collected the names, numbers and page numbers in a token list register.
- and the two additional tree examples in the next section.

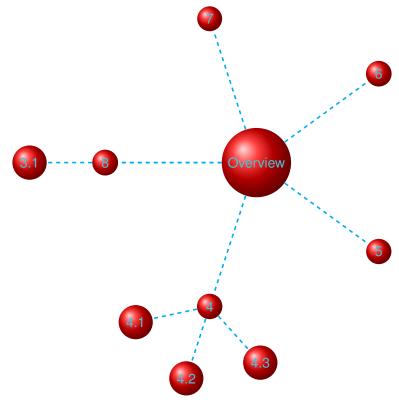
21. The TOC as a molecule

It is also possible to construct a TOC tree obeying the TikZ syntax for trees: but this is a more complicated task for the **etoc** line styles for reasons related to the way braces are handled by TeX (they need, when filling up the token list to be always balanced at each step, else complicated tricks must be employed.)

The simplest strategy is to allocate a token list (or use a macro) for each level used: we may need a \parttok, a \chaptertok, a \sectiontok and a \subsectiontok, to help in the task of filling up the total \treetok. As we are interested here in the table of contents of this (or another) document part, only a \sectiontok and a \subsectiontok will be needed.

```
% \newtoks\treetok % already done earlier
\newtoks\sectiontok \newtoks\subsectiontok \newcommand*{\treenode}{}
\newcommand*{\appendchildtree}[2]{% token list t1 becomes: t1 child {t2}
   \left\langle \frac{1}{the#1} \right\rangle {\the#2}}
   #1\expandafter{\tmp}%
}
\newcommand*{\preparetreenode}{%
  \tmptok\expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}% expanded one time (mandatory)
  \edef\treenode{node {\the\tmptok}}%
}
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendchildtree\treetok\sectiontok}
  {\preparetreenode \sectiontok\expandafter{\treenode}}
  {\appendchildtree\treetok\sectiontok}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendchildtree\sectiontok\subsectiontok}
  {\preparetreenode \subsectiontok\expandafter{\treenode}}
  {\appendchildtree\sectiontok\subsectiontok}
\etocsettocstyle
  {\treetok{\node {\hyperref[part:overview]{Overview}}}}
  {\global\appendtotok\treetok{ ;}}
% moved to the inside of the figure environment for correct \pageref{toc:molecule}
% \etocsetnexttocdepth{subsection}
% \tableofcontents \label{toc:molecule} \ref{toc:overview}
```

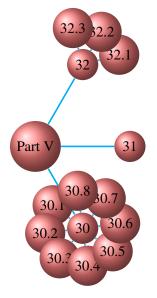
The \tableofcontents command appears just above the tikzpicture environment in a figure float (for the label of the table of contents to certainly refer to the same page as the one where the picture will actually be printed). We thus get the table of contents as a "molecule", which appears on the next page. Here is the code actually producing it:



A table of contents as a "molecule."

\end{figure}

This TikZ TOC is fully hyperlinked, like the previous Forest TOC.



On the side, the (fully hyperlinked) table of contents of Part V.

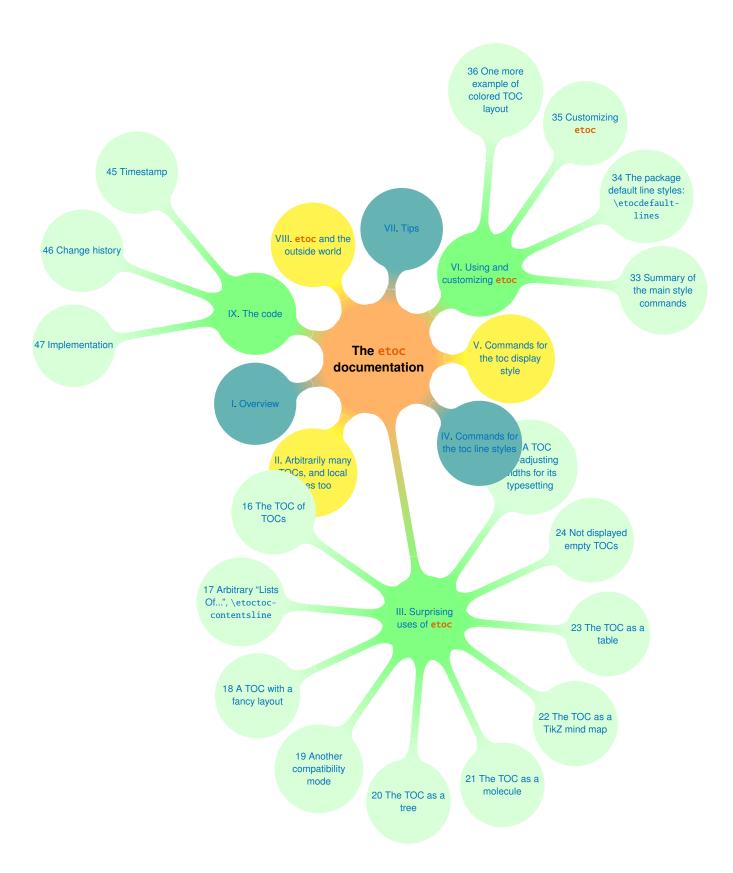
22. The TOC as a TikZ mind map

This is in the same spirit as the "molecule" example. The use of the ε -TeX primitive \unexpanded will simplify the code. ¹⁸

It is difficult to get everything to fit on one page. However \resizebox comes to the rescue. And it preserves hyperlinks. Nevertheless for this example I excluded some sections from the display, using the technique of the **etoc** depth tags. The fully hyperlinked TOC appears on the facing page.

```
\begingroup
\newtoks\treetok
\newtoks\parttok
\newcommand*\partnode {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\childnode {}
\newcommand*\tmprotate {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\tmpoption {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\tmpstuff {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\appendtotok[2]{% #1=toks variable, #2=macro, expands once #2
   #1\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{\expandafter\the\expandafter #1#2}}
\newcommand*{\appendchildtree}[3]{%
% this is to construct "t1 child [#3]{t2}" from #1=t1 and #2=t2
% t1 and t2 are two toks variable (not macros)
% #3 = for example teal!60
   \edef\tmpstuff {\the#1 child [#3]{\the#2}}%
   #1\expandafter {\tmpstuff }%
}
\newcounter{partco}
% 1,2,3,4,5,... \rightarrow 1,2,3,1,2,3,1,2,3
\def\pseudomodthree #1{\numexpr #1 + 3 - 3*((#1+1)/3)\relax}
\etocsetstyle{part}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
% This updates the global tree with the data from the previous
% part and all its children sections. Moved here because for some parts the
% sections are not displayed due to depth tags.
  {\ifnum\value{partco}=3
     \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= green!50,level distance=10cm}%
   \else
\ifcase\pseudomodthree{\value{partco}}%
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= teal!60}%
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= yellow!80}% second
   \else\appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= green!50}% third and next ...
   \fi\fi
  {\stepcounter{partco}%
```

¹⁸The "molecule" example was added to this documentation on 2013/03/03. The "mindmap" example was motivated on 2015/03/11 by http://tex.stackexchange.com/a/232584/4686. Further help was then obtained via http://tex.stackexchange.com/q/232816/4686 and this led to the title page which is a further example.



```
% customize manually some TikZ set-up (should be done inside the TikZ thing I guess)
   \def\tmpoption {}%
   \def\tmprotate {}% first
  %\ifnum\value{partco}=5 \def\tmprotate {[counterclockwise from =-40]}\fi
  %\ifnum\value{partco}=8 \def\tmprotate {[counterclockwise from =-50]}\fi
% define the part node
   \edef\partnode{node \tmpoption
                  {\unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}.
                   \unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}}\tmprotate }%
% this is a starting point which will be filled it by the section children
   \parttok\expandafter{\partnode}}
  {\ifcase\pseudomodthree{\value{partco}}%
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= teal!60}%
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= yellow!80}% second
   \else\appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= green!50}% third and next ...
   \fi
   }
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {}
  {}
  {% define the section node
   \edef\childnode{child {node {\unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}}
                        \unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}}}}%
  % append it to the current \parttok
   \appendtotok\parttok\childnode
   }
  {}
\etocsettocstyle
  {\setcounter{partco}{0}%
   \treetok{\node [root concept]{\textbf{The \etoc documentation}}}}
  {\global\appendtotok\treetok{ ;}}
% The \global above is mandatory because etoc always typesets TOC inside a group
\etocsetnexttocdepth{section}
% use of depth tags to cut out some sections.
\etocsettagdepth {preamble}
                             {none}
\etocsettagdepth {overview}
                              {part}
\etocsettagdepth {arbitrarily}{part}
\etocsettagdepth {surprising} {section}
\etocsettagdepth {linestyles} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {globalcmds} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {custom}
                              {section}
\etocsettagdepth {tips}
                              {part}
\etocsettagdepth {etocandworld}{part}
\etocsettagdepth {code}
                              {section}
\tikzset{
   branch color/.style={
        concept color=#1!white,
        every child/.append style={concept color=#1!white!30!white, font=\normalsize},
    }
}%
\begin{figure}[thp!]
\tableofcontents\label{toc:mindmap}%
```

An interesting alternative is to use **etoc** rather to convert the entire TOC into a TikZ tree (perhaps excluding some parts) and print it out to a file from which it can be recovered and manipulated directly by the author of the document. Things written to the .log file get broken into lines. Here is a technique to get non-broken output. Once the \treetok has been computed by **etoc** (as in the **molecule** example, or the current example), this code snippet will write it out to file with extension .toctree:

```
\newwrite\TOCasTree
\immediate\openout\TOCasTree=\jobname.toctree
\immediate\write\TOCasTree{\the\treetok}%
```

The author can then copy it from there and customize it manually to get a suitable tikz picture. See also

http://tex.stackexchange.com/a/232792

for an elaboration of this.

23. The TOC as a table

With release 1.08 it is easier to typeset a TOC as a table. It is possible to open a tabular in the title part of the TOC (first argument to \etocsettocstyle) and then close it after the contents (second argument to \etocsettocstyle), and specify in the line styles how to use the tabulation & and tabular end of row \\. There are some conditions and a few caveats:

- 1. it is mandatory to issue \etocglobaldefs for etoc's definitions to have global scope,
- 2. it is impossible to start one of the $\langle start \rangle$, $\langle prefix \rangle$, $\langle contents \rangle$ or $\langle finish \rangle$ specification with a sole \hline, *i.e.* one not preceded by a \\ (it is however possible to put \\ at the end of $\langle prefix \rangle$ and the \hline at the start of $\langle contents \rangle$).
- 3. as is explained next, it is recommended to put the \\ at the start of the \(\prefix \) or \(\lambda contents \rangle \) specifications in order to close the *previous* row, rather that at the end with the idea to close the *current* row; and when the TOC is a partial one (a \localtableofcontents) this is (in almost all situations) mandatory.

23. The TOC as a table

Here is an example of a TOC as a longtable, as is possible relatively simply now with 1.08. The code follows.

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```
\begingroup
\etocglobaldefs % necessary for \etocname etc... to survive &
% observe the locations of the \\
\etocsetstyle{part}
  {}
  {\\\hline}
  {\strut\etocnumber &\bfseries\etocname&\etocpage }
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {\etociffirst{\etocifnumbered{\\\hline}{\\hline\}}}
  {\etocnumber&\etocname &\etocpage }
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
  {}
  {\\}
  {&\makebox[1cm][c]{\etocnumber}%
    \parbox[t]{\dimexpr6cm-\tabcolsep\relax}{\sloppy\itshape\etocname\strut}%
   &\itshape\etocpage }
  {}
\etocsettocstyle
    {\hypersetup{hidelinks}%
     \begin{longtable}{|>{\bfseries}c|p{7cm}|r|}
     \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{\Large\bfseries\strut\strut TABLE OF CONTENTS}%
    {\\hline\end{longtable}}
\etocsetnexttocdepth {subsection}
\tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

Examining the code above the reader will wonder why the $\$ are always given first in $\langle prefix+contents\rangle$ and not, as is more intuitive, rather last. In some favorable cases (but almost never for local tables of contents) one may indeed construct TOC-as-tables with the $\$ located at the end of the style specifications. The problem in the previous example was with the positioning of the $\$ line's.

Due to technical aspects of how TeX constructs alignments any definition or assignment done after an \\ starts a new row, and thus makes \hline an illegal token (this shows as a misplaced \noalign error.) Not only does etoc have to do such definitions to construct \etocname etc..., it is furthermore the case that some packages put things in the .toc file and as a result there is never any guarantee that between two \contentsline there will

not be such a token like \relax which in the contexts of alignments forces TeX to start a cell and thus makes it impossible then to insert an \hline.

The safest way is thus to start with an \\ each line style specification in order to close the *previous* table row. We had a little problem with the fact that we wanted parts not only to have a rule above them (easy, they do \\hline) but also below them: after each part there is a section, and it is these sections which are used to insert the missing \hline (this is done with the help of the \etociffirst conditional).

The attentive reader will notice one last subtlety: the title was supposed to be followed not by one, but by two \hline's. To solve this we could have used a one-time macro redefining itself, but we noticed that the title was followed by the unnumbered Abstract, thus the \etocifnumbered switch came to the rescue.

Last technical note: because we put the \\ inside the branches, there was no need to employ the expandable variants \etocxiffirst and \etocxifnumbered.

For the hardliner's old way of obtaining the exact same result, see section 41.

Here is also a much simpler example. It is a local table of contents.

Section	number	page
Do I need to be a geek to	3	7
use etoc?		
Line styles and toc dis-	4	8
play style		
A first example	5	9
A second example	6	10
A third example: emulat-	7	12
ing the book class		
Linked list of the main	8	16
package commands		

23.1. The commands \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs

In LATEX the meaning of a command defined via \newcommand\foo{...} inside an environment (or group) vanishes from TeX's memory on exit from this environment (or group). At times however it is needed to make definitions with global scope, for this TeX has the primitive prefix \global.

By default **etoc**'s definitions of \etocname etc... are local. This causes problems in certain contexts such as seen here with TOC as tables, but also with enumitem *inline* variants of its standard environments, because the command \item then closes a group.

After \etocglobaldefs, etoc will make its definitions of \etocname etc... have global scope. For normal use this is not necessary. It does not hurt either to activate it systematically.

To return to the default, use \etoclocaldefs. Note that both \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs actions are local to the environment or group where they are used.

24. Not displayed empty TOCs

24.1. The \etocchecksemptiness command

The user needs to issue \etocchecksemptiness to tell etoc to check whether local tables of contents are empty and in case of emptiness to print nothing at all. ¹⁹ This can be useful to authors of LATEX classes who for example wish to have a \chapter command doing systematically a \localtableofcontents, or for people producing files via automatic conversions and some of those might have sectioning commands and others not.

«Emptiness» means that no \contentsline command would get executed within the scope of the local table of contents — empty line styles by themselves do not make the TOC empty. etoc always executes the \etocaftertochook command; and the test for emptiness itself executes everything else found in the .toc file. See section 14 in this context.

The suppression of the heading (more precisely of the toc display style elements) may be effective only for the final LATEX runs. For example in the situation of a \tableofcontents\ref{foo} where the label foo is not yet recognized, the heading (but not the contents) is printed and the TOC is declared non-empty. Or, if one adds a \local-tableofcontents to a document, on the next run, the test for emptiness will in fact apply to the next one, and the last local TOC of the document will have its contents temporarily unknown to etoc, hence will be declared non empty, and the heading will be printed.

For a finalized document compiled with initially no auxiliary files, the first LaTeX run will declare all local TOCs non empty and print for each of them a heading (and no contents naturally). The second LaTeX run will then correctly decide which local TOC is empty or not.

24.2. The \etocnotocifnotoc command

The user can then extend the emptiness-checking to the global TOCs with \etocnotocif-notoc. May I respectfully give the advice then to rather do none of \usepackage{etoc}

¹⁹Thanks to Paul Gaborit who asked for such a feature.

nor \tableofcontents?; -). Well, there is always the case of batch conversions of documents having or not sectioning units.

24.3. The \etocifwasempty command

The command $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}}} {\langle NO \rangle}$ executes $\langle YES \rangle$ if the previous TOC was found to be empty and $\langle NO \rangle$ if its was not so. This may serve to act appropriately after a truly empty TOC. If $\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}}}$ to conditional always executes the $\langle NO \rangle$ branch.

This command is robust, and \etocxifwasempty is its expandable version.

Do not forget the second argument: at least an empty pair of braces must be present.

This conditional may wrongly say that the local TOC is empty or not empty until LATEX compilations stabilize. But if it says that a local TOC is empty, this does mean that **etoc** considered the just encountered local table of contents to be empty (for that run) and thus printed nothing (not even a \par).

25. A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting

This is a continuation of section 7. The goal is to adjust automatically the "numwidths" used for typesetting the unit numbers in the (local) tables of contents.

```
\newcommand*\TOCcomputenumwidths [1][]{% #1=empty or "local"
        \begingroup
                 \def\TOCnumwidthB {0pt}%
                 \def\TOCnumwidthC {0pt}%
                 \def\TOCnumwidthD {0pt}%
                 \def\TOCnumwidthE {0pt}%
                 \def\TOCnumwidthF {0pt}%
                 \def\TOCnumwidthG {0pt}%
                 \etocsetstyle{part}{}{}{}}{}%
                 \etocsetstyle{chapter}{}
                          {\setbox0\hbox{\bfseries\etocthenumber\kern0.5em}}
                          {\iddim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthB\edef\TOCnumwidthB{\the\wd0}\fi}{}\%
                 \etocsetstyle{section}{}
                          {\setbox0\hbox{\bfseries\etocthenumber\kern0.5em}}
                          {\iddim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthC\edef\TOCnumwidthC{\the\wd0}\fi}{}\%
                 \etocsetstyle{subsection}{}
                          {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern0.5em}}
                          {\c hdim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthD\edef\TOCnumwidthD{\the\wd0}\fi}{}\%
                 \etocsetstyle{subsubsection}{}
                          {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern0.5em}}
                          {\identifont{\label{lem:lem:lem:edef} TOCnumwidthE{\the\wd0}\fi}{}}% $$
                 \etocsetstyle{paragraph}{}
                          {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern0.5em}}
                          {\identifonal} {\id
                 \etocsetstyle{subparagraph}{}
                          {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern0.5em}}
                          {\c holdsymbol{thc} \c holdsym
                 \etocsettocstyle{}
                      {\global\let\TOCnumwidthB\TOCnumwidthB
                          \global\let\TOCnumwidthC\TOCnumwidthC
                          \global\let\TOCnumwidthD\TOCnumwidthD
```

One invokes either only once \TOCcomputenumwidths (with a prior \etocsetnexttocdepth {all}) or, alternatively multiple times, using the optional argument:

```
\bgroup
  \etocsettocdepth{paragraph}% for example
  \TOCcomputenumwidths [local]%
  \localtableofcontents
\egroup
```

Then each local table of contents will compute the various "numwidths" to match exactly (with an extra 0.5em), for each sectioning unit (apart from \part as it has no associated "numwidth" in the table of contents code of the book class), the widest number found. As the code makes global assignments, it is either to be used only once, or for each local table of contents. Notice that the bold font serves for both chapter and section styles, but the code from section 7 does not use bold for sections in the global TOC, only in local TOCs. Thus the \ToCcomputenumwidth will set the parameter \ToCnumwidthC to a value slightly larger than needed in the main TOC. Hence the section style in \ToCcomputenumwidths should possibly insert the \bfseries in the box only after testing for the optional parameter local.

Part IV.

Commands for the toc line styles

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 4 sections and 9 subsections. The name of the first section is "The \etocsetstyle command" and the corresponding number is "26". The name of the last section is "Am I also red?" and its number is "29". The name of the first subsection is "The \etocname and \etocpage commands" and the corresponding number is "26.1". The name of the last subsection is "This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes" and its number is "28.2".

Contents of Part IV

- 26 The \etocsetstyle command (page 50)
- 26.1 The \etocname and \etocpage commands (p. 50)
- 26.2 The \etocskipfirstprefix and \etociffirst commands (p. 52)
- 26.3 The \etocnumber command (p. 52)
- 26.4 The \etocifnumbered switch (p. 52)
- 26.5 The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands (p. 53)
- 26.6 The \etoclink command (p. 53)
- 26.7 The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage and \etoc-thelink commands (p. 53)
- 27 The \etocsetlevel command (page 54)
- 28 Scope of commands added to the .toc file (page 55)
- 28.1 Testing the scope (p. 55)
- 28.2 This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes (p. 56)
- 29 Am I also red? (page 56)

26. The \etocsetstyle command

26.1. The \etocname and \etocpage commands

Let us explain how **etoc** was used to produce the table of contents displayed at the beginning of this second part. This is a local table of contents, and we used the command \localtableofcontents.

We shall distinguish between the *line styles* and the *toc display style*. The line styles were (essentially) obtained in the following manner:²⁰

```
\etocsetstyle{section}
{\begin{enumerate}}
{\normalsize\bfseries\rmfamily\item}
{\etocname{} (page \etocpage)}
{\end{enumerate}}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
{\begin{enumerate}}
{\normalfont\item}
{\etocname{} (p.~\etocpage)}
{\end{enumerate}}
\etocsetstyle{subsubsection}
{\par\nobreak\begingroup\normalfont
        \footnotesize\itshape\etocskipfirstprefix}
{\allowbreak\,--\,}
{\etocname}
{.\hfil\par\endgroup\pagebreak[3]}
```

These provisory style definitions rely on the automatic numbering generated by the enumerate environments but it is much better to use the further command \etocnumber inside the item label, which gives the real thing. The improved definitions will thus be explained later.

With this style, one would have to be imaginative to design something then for paragraph and subparagraph entries! perhaps as superscripts? Well, usually one does not need paragraphs and subparagraphs numbered and listed in the TOC, so our putative user here chose a design where no provision is made for them and added the definitive:

```
\etocsetstyle{paragraph}{}{}{}{}
\etocsetstyle{subparagraph}{}{}{}{}}
```

This is also the situation with the default package line styles!

```
Each \etocsetstyle command has five mandatory arguments:
```

```
\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ens
```

The initially recognized $\langle levelname \rangle$'s are the sectioning levels of the standard document classes: from *part* (or *book* which is used by the memoir class) down to *subparagraph*.

The $\langle start \rangle$ code is executed when a toc entry of that level is encountered and the previous one was at a higher level. The $\langle finish \rangle$ code is executed when one again encounters a higher level toc entry. In the mean-time all entries for that level are typeset by executing first the $\langle prefix \rangle$ code and then the $\langle contents \rangle$ code.

The (robust) commands $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}}}$ commands $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}}}$ and $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}}$ parts of the $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}}$ specification. They represent of course, the name, number, and page number of the corresponding toc entry. If package hyperref is active in the document and has added hyperlinks to the TOC data, then these links are kept in the commands $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}}$ tocnumber and $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}}$ etocnumber and $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}}$ etocnumber and $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}}$ this last one will have a link only if hyperref was passed option $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}}$ this last one

²⁰the present document has \renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault} in its preamble, hence \normalfont switches to the sans typeface; so in the section line-style, I wrote \rmfamily instead.

26.2. The \etocskipfirstprefix and \etociffirst commands

The chosen subsubsection style made use of the command \backslash etocskipfirstprefix, which instructs etoc to *not* use for the first item the specified $\langle prefix \rangle$ code.²¹

The variant \etocxiffirst does the same, but is expandable.

26.3. The \etocnumber command

So far, our specifications would use the numbering generated by the enumerate environments, but of course we generally want the actual numbers as found in the .toc file. This is available via the \etocnumber command. To get the labels in the enumerate list to use it we can proceed with the syntax label=_ from the package enumitem:

```
\etocsetstyle{section}
{\begin{enumerate}[label=\etocnumber]}
{\normalsize\bfseries\rmfamily\item}
{\etocname{} (page \etocpage)}
{\end{enumerate}}
```

Rather than just \etocnumber we then used something like \fbox{\etocnumber}. Note that \etocnumber is a robust command which explains why it can be used inside the label specification without needing an added \protect.

26.4. The \etocifnumbered switch

The \fbox would give an unaesthetic result in the case of an unnumbered section (which ended up in the table of contents via an \addcontentsline command).²²

The \etocifnumbered{ $\langle A \rangle$ }{ $\langle B \rangle$ } command executes $\langle A \rangle$ if the number exists, and $\langle B \rangle$ if not. So we use it in the code which was finally chosen for the section level:

²¹With versions earlier than 1.08 it had to be the very last token in the *(start)* code. It may now appear anywhere therein.

²²as seen we use \fcolorbox rather than \fbox. Due to some redefinition made by package xcolor, had we used \fbox (and not used hyperref) we would have needed \protect\fbox.

If we had changed only the section level, and not the subsection level, an error on compilation would have occurred because the package style for subsections expects to start 'in vertical mode'. An additional \par token in the \(\contents \rangle \) part of the section level would have fixed this: \(\ldots \) (page \etocpage)\par\.

The command \etocifnumbered is robust; \etocxifnumbered (new with 1.08) has the same effect but is expandable.

26.5. The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands

It is sometimes desirable to have access to the name, number and page number without the hyperref link data: something similar to the starred variant of the \ref command, when package hyperref is used. For example one may wish to use the unit or page number in some kind of numeric context, or change its formatting. This is provided by \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthename.

These commands are not protected, so in moving argument contexts (for example in a label specification) they should be preceded by \protect.

26.6. The \etoclink command

The command \etoclink{\(linkname\)} can be used in the line style specifications in a manner analogous to the argument-less commands \etocname, \etocnumber and \etocpage. It creates a link (if such a link was added by hyperref to the .toc file entry) whose destination is the corresponding document unit and whose name is the given argument. Hence \etoclink{\etocthename} is like the original \etocname. Notice that if hyperref was not instructed to put a link in the page number (via its option linktoc=all) then etoc's \etocpage contains no link either, but \etoclink{\etocthepage} does.

The command \etoclink is robust.

26.7. The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage and \etocthelink commands

This is for advanced uses by advanced users. The \etocthename macro has been mentioned before; using it in instructions such as \global\let\lastone\etocthename in an etoc line style will define the macro \lastone to expand to the last name seen at the corresponding level. But no facilities was previously available to do the same with the link data.

The package provides since 1.07f 2013/03/07 \etocthelinkedname to do the similar thing, with the link data included. It was used in this documentation when doing the examples with trees.

Also provided with the similar goal: \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinked-page (which contains a link only if hyperref added one to the page number) and \etocthelink{ $\langle linkname \rangle$ } which allows to make a link with an arbitrary name.

All these commands are fragile. In fact starting with 1.08a, \etocname is exactly the robust variant of \etocthelinkedname.

Obsolete example of a table of contents done as an inline enumitem environment: **30.** Specifying the toc display style (p. 57); **31.** Starred variants of the \tableofcontents etc... commands (p. 61), and **32.** Table of contents for this part (p. 61).

etoc 1.08a offers a simpler way to the same result. And there is no need anymore here for \etocthelinkedname, \etocname works.

Example of a table of contents done as an inline enumitem environment: **30.** Specifying the toc display style (p. 57); **31.** Starred variants of the \tableofcontents etc... commands (p. 61), und **32.** Table of contents for this part (p. 61).

27. The \etocsetlevel command

As already explained in Part III, one can inform **etoc** of a level to associate to a given sectioning command with \etocsetlevel. For example:

```
\etocsetlevel{cell}{0}
\etocsetlevel{molecule}{1}
\etocsetlevel{atom}{2}
\etocsetlevel{nucleus}{3}
```

In compatibility mode, it will be assumed that the macros \l@cell, \l@molecule, ..., have been defined somewhere either by the user or a class: doing only \etocsetlevel is not enough for the corresponding level to work out-of-the-box in compatibility mode.

However, if no table of contents is typeset in compatibility mode, then all that matters is that the various line styles have been set. If, for example section is at level 1, then there is no need to do some $\text{etocsetstyle}\{\text{molecule}\}\{..\}\{..\}\{..\}$ after

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{wolecule}}{1}$ if $\ensuremath{\texttt{cosetstyle}}{\ldots}{\ldots}{\ldots}$ has already been done (and it has been done by the package itself in its definition of its own line styles).

The accepted levels run from -2 to 6 inclusive. Anything else is mapped to 6, which is a dummy level, never displayed. The package does:

```
\etocsetlevel{book}{-2}
\etocsetlevel{part}{-1}
\etocsetlevel{chapter}{0}
\etocsetlevel{section}{1}
\etocsetlevel{subsection}{2}
\etocsetlevel{subsubsection}{3}
\etocsetlevel{paragraph}{4}
\etocsetlevel{subparagraph}{5}
```

etoc own custom styles are activated by \etocdefaultlines. They are illustrated by the main table of contents of this document.

These level assignments can be modified at anytime: see Part III for various applications of this technique. As one further example, let's mention here that the main table of contents of this document was typeset following these instructions:

```
\etocsettocdepth {subsubsection} % set the initial tocdepth
\etocdefaultlines % use the package default line styles. At this early stage in
                 % the document they had not yet been modified by \etocsetstyle
                 % commands, so \etoctoclines could have been used, too.
\etocmarkboth\contentsname
\etocmulticolstyle[1]
                                        % one-column display
    {\pdfbookmark[1]{Table of contents}{MAINTOC}% create a bookmark in the pdf
     \noindent\bfseries\Large
    \leaders\hrule height1pt\hfill
    \MakeUppercase{Table of Contents}}
\begingroup
                                       % use a group to limit the scope of the
  \etocsetlevel{subsection}{3}
                                       % subsection level change.
  \etocsetlevel{subsubsection}{4}
                                       % anything > tocdepth=3.
  \tableofcontents \label{toc:main}
\endgroup
```

In this way, the subsections used the style originally designed for subsubsections, the subsubsections were not printed. Without this modification, the appearance would have been very different: the package line styles were targeted to be employed in documents with many many sub-sub-sections, in a two-column layout, giving thus a more compact output that what is achieved by the default LATEX table of contents. But here, we have few subsub-sections and it is more interesting to drop them and print in a visually different manner sections and subsections.

28. Scope of commands added to the .toc file

28.1. Testing the scope

Let us switch to the color red, and also add this command to the .toc file:

28.2. This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes

Actually, this title here was printed black, due to the way the scrartcl class works (it would have been red in the article class), but we are more interested in how it looks in the tables of contents: it does appear red in the main table of contents at the beginning of this document, and also in the table of contents for this part. Both entries obey as expected the \color{red!50} command inserted in the .toc file.

But let us now close this subsection and start a section.

29. Am I also red?

The question is about how it appears in the tables of contents: the answer is that, yes it is red in the main TOC, and no it is not red in the local TOC for this part. The reason is that the $\langle finish \rangle$ code for the subsection level closed a group, as it used \end{enumerate}.

This illustrates the discussion from subsection 3.1.

The default package line styles do not contain group opening and closing instructions: the influence of a command added to the .toc file will propagate until cancelled by another explicit such command inserted in the .toc file.

```
\normalcolor
\addtocontents{toc}{\string\normalcolor}
```

Back to black. Note that this scope problem arises in real life in a multi-lingual document, as the babel package writes to the .toc file the language changes occurring in the document.

Part V.

Commands for the toc display style

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 3 sections and 11 subsections. The name of the first section is "Specifying the toc display style" and the corresponding number is "30". The name of the last section is "Table of contents for this part" and its number is "32". The name of the first subsection is "The command \etocsettocstyle" and the corresponding number is "30.1". The name of the last subsection is "A (crazy) inline display" and its number is "32.3".

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30. Specifying the toc display style

The *toc display* style says whether the TOC appears with multiple columns or just one, whether the title is typeset as in the article or book class, or should be centered above the entries, with rules on its sides, or if the entire TOC should be put in a frame. For example, to opt for a ruled heading and single column layout, one issues commands of the following type:

```
\etocruledstyle[1]{Title} \tableofcontents (or \localtableofcontents) shortcuts: \etocruled[1]{Title} (or \etoclocalruled[1]{Title})
```

30.1. The command \etocsettocstyle

This is a command with two mandatory arguments:

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{etocstyle}}} \langle before\_toc \rangle \} \{ \langle after\_toc \rangle \}
```

The $\{\langle before_toc \rangle\}$ part is responsible for typesetting the heading, for example it can be something like \section*{\contentsname}.

Generally speaking this heading should leave TEX in "vertical mode" when the actual typesetting of the contents will start: the line styles (either from the standard classes or the package default line styles) all expect to get started in 'vertical mode'.

The first argument to $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}}}$ to see if two-column mode is on, and switch to one-column style, and the $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\langle$}}$ part would then reenact the two-column mode.

The commands to be described next \etocmulticolstyle, \etocruledstyle, and \etocframedstyle all call \etocsettocstyle as a lower-level routine, to start a multicols environment in $\{\langle before_toc \rangle\}$ and close it in $\{\langle after_toc \rangle\}$.

30.2. The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol

This is a command with one optional and one mandatory argument:

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\engen}}}}}}}}}} \endermath}} \endermath} \end{\mbox{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath
```

The $\langle number_of_columns \rangle$ can go from 1 to 10 (it defaults to 2; if its value is 1, naturally no multicols environment is then created). The $\langle heading \rangle$ will typically be some 'vertical' material like: $\langle heading \rangle = \ensuremath{\texttt{section}} * \{\langle title \rangle \}$ but one may also have horizontal material like $\ensuremath{\texttt{fbox}}$ {Hello World} (etoc adds automatically a $\ensuremath{\texttt{par}}$ at the end of this "heading" argument to $\ensuremath{\texttt{etocmulticolstyle}}$). Here is for example how the main table of contents of this document was configured:

After \etocmulticolstyle all future \tableofcontents will use the specified style, if it does not get changed in-between. A shortcut for just one table of contents and no impact on the styles of later TOCs is:

```
\label{lem:licol} $$ \operatorname{columns} {\langle heading \rangle} $$ And there is also \etoclocalmulticol[$\langle number_of\_columns \rangle$] {\langle heading \rangle}.
```

30.3. The command \etoctocstyle

where kind is one of chapter, section, . . . and defaults to chapter or section depending on the document class.

30.3.1. The command \etoctocstylewithmarks

30.3.1.1. Do we really want paragraph entries in the TOC?

30.3.1.2. really?

30.4. The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled

The general format of \etocruledstyle is:

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\engen}}}}}}}} \end{minimath} \end{minimath}\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensurem
```

The title is horizontal material (the LR mode of <u>ETEX</u>, a document preparation system): if it does not fit on one line it should be put in a \parbox of a given width. The green frame for the heading of the table of contents at the start of the second part of this document was obtained with:

As a shortcut to set the style with \etocruledstyle and then issue a \tableofcontents, all inside a group so that future table of contents will not be affected, there is:

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\engen}}}}}}}}} \endedshius}}} \endedsymbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensurem
```

And the local form will be \etoclocalruled.

30.5. The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed

Same mechanism:

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{\sf detocframedstyle}[\langle number\_of\_columns\rangle]} \{\langle title \rangle\}
```

and the accompanying shortcut:

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{\sf detocframed}[\langle number\_of\_columns\rangle]} \{\langle title\rangle\}
```

The shortcut is used if one does not want to modify the style of the next TOCs (the other way is to put the whole thing inside braces or a \begingroup...\endgroup; there is also \etoclocalframed for a local table of contents).

The entire table of contents is framed. The title itself is not framed: if one wants a frame one should set it up inside the $\langle title \rangle$ argument to $\backslash etocframedstyle$ or $\backslash etocframed$. The colors for the background and for the components (top, left, right, bottom) of the border are specified via suitable $\backslash etocframed$ (see subsection 35.2).

A minipage is used, hence the produced table of contents isn't compatible with a page break. For allowing page breaks, use of the commands of mdframed²³ or tcolorbox²⁴ in the arguments of \etocsettocstyle is recommended.

Examples in this document are on pages 18, 25, 63, and 74.

²³http://ctan.org/pkg/mdframed

²⁴http://ctan.org/pkg/tcolorbox

30.6. Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep

For \etocmulticolstyle the mandatory \(\lambda \) argument can be either vertical mode material like \section*{\emph{Table of Contents}} or horizontal mode material like in the simple \etocmulticolstyle{Hello World}.

No explicit \par or empty line can be inserted in the mandatory argument of \etocmulticolstyle, but etoc provides \etocoldpar as a substitute: it does \let\etocoldpar\par before the multicols environment and inserts this \etocoldpar²⁵ at the end of the heading, then does a vertical skip of value \etocinnertopsep. The command \etocoldpar can also be used explicitely if needed in the mandatory argument to \etocmulticolstyle (it is not allowed to insert an empty line in this argument).

On the other hand the commands \etocruledstyle and \etocframedstyle expect an argument "in LR mode" (to use the terminology from *LaTeX*, a document preparation system). This means that multiline titles are only possible if enclosing them inside something like a \parbox.

An important dimension used by all three of \etocmulticolstyle, \etocruledstyle and \etocframedstyle is \etocinnertopsep. It gives the amount of separation between the heading and the start of the contents. Its default value is 2ex and it is changed with \renewcommand*{\etocinnertopsep}{\langle new_value \rangle}, not with \setlength.

30.7. The compatibility mode \etocstandarddisplaystyle

etoc will then emulate what the document class would have done regarding the global display style of the table of contents, in its absence. All customizing from inside the class should be obeyed, too.

30.7.1. The commands \etocarticlestyle, \etocbookstyle, ...

These are the commands used internally by **etoc** in compatibility mode depending on the document class. For example \etocarticlestyle instructs **etoc** to use \section* {\contentsname} (with marks on the page) and \etocbookstyle says to use \chapter* {\contentsname}. It can prove useful to issue \etocarticlestyle for a \localtable-ofcontents inside a chapter, in book class and compatibility mode for the global TOC display style.

30.8. The command \etocinline

With \etocinline, or its synonym \etocnopar, the \tableofcontents command and its variants do *not* first issue a \par to close the previous paragraph. Hence, the table of contents can be printed in an inline style; or, if used only for preparing some token list or macro, it will leave nothing in the token stream on execution.

Issue \etocdisplay to return to the default situation that \tableofcontents and variants issue a \par to switch to vertical mode before typesetting the TOC title and contents.

²⁵this command \etocoldpar (= working \par in the argument to \etocmulticolstyle) is not related to the switch \etocinline whose purpose is to tell etoc not to do a \par before the table of contents.

31. Starred variants of the \tableofcontents etc... commands

The \tableofcontents, \localtableofcontents, \etocmulticol, and all their cousins and variants have starred variants (the star must be before the other arguments). For all but the memoir class, they are like the original. For the memoir class, the original prints an entry in the .toc file, as is the usage for the original \tableofcontents command in that class, whereas the starred variants do not, as is the habit in that class.

As soon as one starts using local table of contents one discovers that the default memoir thing which is to create a chapter entry for each TOC is not convenient. The command $\ensuremath{\ensurema$

The format of the actual heading of the TOC should also be set appropriately (for example with \etoctocstyle), to use the identical division unit as in the first argument to \etocmemoirtoctotocfmt.

A weird situation arises when one has two successive \localtableofcontents (obviously this is not a truly real life situation), just after a \part for example. The first one creates (if the default has not been modified as indicated above) a Chapter heading which is written to the .toc. Then the second one thinks to be local to this chapter . . . and as a result it displays nothing. The fix is to define the second one to be a clone of the first one.

Independently of the situation with the memoir class there is generally speaking a hook macro called \etocaftertitlehook which is inhibited by using the starred variants of the displaying commands. Except for the memoir class, this hook is initially defined to do nothing.

There are also (independently of the document class) \etocaftercontentshook, \etocbeforetitlehook and \etocaftertochook which are initially defined to do nothing and can be used for some special effects.

32. Table of contents for this part

32.1. Testing the compatibility mode

As a third example we now print the local table of contents for this part. First we will test the compatibility mode.²⁶ The original was invisibly defined with a label at the beginning of this Part V.

```
\KOMAoptions{toc=left}
\etocstandarddisplaystyle % necessary for the display to obey toc=left
\etocstandardlines
\tableofcontents \ref{toc:globalcmds}
```

Contents

²⁶the present document uses the scrartcl class, and we check here that the etoc compatibility mode does respect the customizing done via the class commands.

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32.3.	11 (crazy) mime display	00
32.2	. A framed display	
added	ow opt for a "framed" style, using the package default line styles and some co I (it has been put in a float which appears on the next page).	1018
	ngroup	
\rene	wcommand{\etoccolumnsep}{2em}	
	ewcommand{\etocinnerleftsep}{1.5em}	
	ewcommand{\etocinnerrightsep}{1.5em}	
	ecify a background color for the toc contents ewcommand{\etocbkgcolorcmd}{\color{yellow!10}}	
	: wp the top and bottom rules	
	ewcommand{\etoctoprule}{\hrule height 1pt}	
\rene	ewcommand{\etoctoprulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}	
	<pre>ewcommand{\etocbottomrule}{\hrule height 1pt}</pre>	
	<pre>ewcommand{\etocbottomrulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}</pre>	
	up the left and right rules wcommand{\etocleftrule}{\vrule width 5pt}	
	ewcommand{\etocrightrule}{\vrule width 5pt}	
	ewcommand{\etocleftrulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}	
	<pre>wcommand{\etocrightrulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}</pre>	
	<pre>\fcolorbox to set up a colored frame for the title</pre>	
	rule1pt ewcommand{\etocbelowtocskip}{0pt\relax}	
	ramedstyle {\normalsize\rmfamily\itshape	
	colorbox{red}{white}{\parbox{.8\linewidth}{\centering	
,	This is a table of contents \'a la \etoc, but just for	
	the sections and subsections in this part. As it is put	
	in a frame, it has to be small enough to fit on	
\ b ~ ~ -	one page. It has the label toc:b .}}	
_	.n{figure}[ht!] entering	
	entering entering eofcontents \label{toc:b} \ref{toc:globalcmds}	
	figure}	

This is a table of contents à la etoc, but just for the sections and subsections in this part. As it is put in a frame, it has to be small enough to fit on one page. It has the label toc:b.

Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocoldpar,

32.3. A (crazy) inline display

Let us finally make some crazy inline display of the table of contents of this entire document. We will typeset the subsections as footnotes... This kind of style is suitable for a hyperlinked document, probably not for print! (although I like it, but my personal tastes in many matters do not seem to be widely shared).

Here is the inline table of contents. Abstract, Foreword, License. **Overview:** Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?²⁷, Line styles and toc display style²⁸, A first example, A second example, A third example: emulating the book class, Linked list of the main package commands. **Arbitrarily many TOCs, and local ones too:** Labeling and reusing elsewhere, A powerful functionality of etoc: the re-assignment of levels with etocsetlevel, The etocsetlocdepth and etocsetnexttocdepth commands²⁹, The command etocsetlocdepth. etocse

²⁷Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents.

²⁸\etocsetstyle for the line styles; \etocsettocstyle for the toc display; Compatibility mode.

²⁹The hyperref option *bookmarksdepth*.

³⁰The commands \etocobeytoctocdepth and \etocignoretoctocdepth.

³¹The commands \etocobeydepthtags and \etocignoredepthtags.

³²The hyperref option *hidelinks*.

³³A Beautiful Thesis example; A TOC with a background color.

etoc: The TOC of TOCs, Arbitrary "Lists Of...", \etoctoccontentsline, A TOC with a fancy layout, Another compatibility mode, The TOC as a tree, The TOC as a molecule, The TOC as a TikZ mind map, The TOC as a table³⁴, Not displayed empty TOCs³⁵, A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting. Commands for the toc line styles: The \etocsetstyle command³⁶, The \etocsetlevel command, Scope of commands added to the .toc file³⁷, Am I also red?. Commands for the toc display style: Specifying the toc display style³⁸, Starred variants of the \tableofcontents etc... commands, Table of contents for this part³⁹. Using and customizing etoc: Summary of the main style commands⁴⁰, The package default line styles: \etocdefaultlines, Customizing etoc⁴¹, One more example of colored TOC layout. Tips: Hacking framed parboxes, Interverting the levels⁴², Displaying statistics, Using depth tags, Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way). etoc and the outside world: Compatibility with other packages⁴³, TeXnical matters, Errors and catastrophes. The code: Timestamp, Change history, Implementation.

The code used:

³⁴The commands \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs.

³⁵The \etocchecksemptiness command; The \etocnotocifnotoc command; The \etocifwasempty command.

³⁶The \etocname and \etocpage commands; The \etocskipfirstprefix and \etociffirst commands; The \etocnumber command; The \etocifnumbered switch; The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands; The \etoclink command; The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage and \etocthelink commands.

³⁷Testing the scope; This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes.

³⁸ The command \etocsettocstyle; The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol; The command \etoctocstyle; The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled; The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed; Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep; The compatibility mode \etocstandarddisplaystyle; The command \etocinline.

³⁹Testing the compatibility mode; A framed display; A (crazy) inline display.

⁴⁰Setting up local styles; Setting up toc display styles; Displaying tables of contents; Labels and references.

⁴¹Customizing the **etoc** pre-defined line styles; Customizing the toc display styles.

⁴²All subsections of this document.

⁴³Generalities; Compatibility with beamer; Compatibility with Babel; Compatibility with hyperref; Compatibility with multicol; Compatibility with tocloft; Compatibility with the memoir class; Compatibility with package tocvsec2; Compatibility with package tableof; Compatibility with package tocstyle.

Part VI.

Using and customizing etoc

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 4 sections and 6 subsections. The name of the first section is "Summary of the main style commands" and the corresponding number is "33". The name of the last section is "One more example of colored TOC layout" and its number is "36". The name of the first subsection is "Setting up local styles" and the corresponding number is "33.1". The name of the last subsection is "Customizing the toc display styles" and its number is "35.2".

This is a table of contents for the sections and subsections in this part. It carries the label toc:c

Summary of the main style commands	The package default line styles: \etoc-defaultlines 34, p. 66
Setting up local styles 33.1, p. 65	Customizing etoc 35, p. 70
Setting up toc display styles	Customizing the etoc pre-defined line styles 35.1, p. 70 Customizing the toc display styles
Displaying tables of contents	35.2, p. 71
	One more example of colored TOC
Labels and references 33.4, p. 66	layout

33. Summary of the main style commands

33.1. Setting up local styles

```
\label{eq:contents} $$ \operatorname{\langle levelname \rangle} {\langle start \rangle} {\langle contents \rangle} {\langle finish \rangle} $$ \operatorname{conumber}, \operatorname{coopage}, \operatorname{fumbered} {\langle A \rangle} {\langle B \rangle} $$ \operatorname{coothename}, \operatorname{coothename},
```

33.2. Setting up toc display styles

```
\label{lem:commutation} $$ \operatorname{columns}_{\langle heading\rangle} $$ \operatorname{cotocstyle}_{\langle heading\rangle}_{\langle heading\rangle}_
```

33.3. Displaying tables of contents

```
\tableofcontents
\localtableofcontents
\etocmulticol[\(\lamber_of_columns\rangle\)] \{\leftileading\rangle\}
\etoclocalmulticol[\(\lamber_of_columns\rangle\)] \{\leftileading\rangle\}
\etocruled[\(\lamber_of_columns\rangle\)] \{\leftitle\rangle\}
\etoclocalruled[\(\lamber_of_columns\rangle\)] \{\leftitle\rangle\}
\etoclocalframed[\(\lamber_of_columns\rangle\)] \{\leftitle\rangle\}
\etoclocalframed[\(\lamber_of_columns\rangle\)] \{\leftitle\rangle\}
\end{their starred variants}
```

33.4. Labels and references

The commands (starred or not) to actually display the table of contents can be followed with optional labels or references:

```
\tableofcontents \label{toc:here}
\tableofcontents \ref{toc:far}
\tableofcontents \label{toc:here} \ref{toc:far}
\localtableofcontents \label{toc:here}
\localtableofcontents \ref{toc:far}
\localtableofcontents \label{toc:here} \ref{toc:far}
\similarly with \etocmulticol etc . . .
```

New with 1.08e: \localtableofcontents \ref{toc:far} as synonym for \table-ofcontents \ref{toc:far}.

When re-displaying another toc, only its contents are transferred: both the line styles and the toc display style are the ones currently defined, not the ones from the cloned toc.

34. The package default line styles: \etocdefaultlines

These line styles were written at an early stage in the development of the package; although the next section explains how to customize the font choicess or vertical spaces, etc..., used by these line styles, most other changes would require copying them from the sources and modify them directly. Admittedly they have been written at a rather scary low-TEX level, and will not serve as a very friendly starting point.

Activating their use is done via \etocdefaultlines, or \etoctoclines if the line styles have not been modified with \etocsetstyle. Sections and sub-sections are printed in essentially the same manner, except that the leading for sub-sections is a bit smaller (with document classes lacking a \chapter command, the sections are printed in bold typeface; this is the case in the present document). Sub-sub-sections are printed inline, in one paragraph, with no numbers or page numbers. This style was designed and tested with documents having lots of sub-sub-sections, and should be used on a two-column layout: it provides (only in that situation with many sub-sub-sections) a more compact presentation

than what is achieved by the LATEX default. 44 On the other hand, used with a one-column layout, and with few sub-sections, the style is a bit more spread out vertically than the LATEX default, sub-sections are not visually much different from sections (especially for document classes with a \chapter command), so the result is less hierarchical in appearance than in the LATEX default.

In this document, for the main table of contents, we did \etocsetlevel{subsection} {3} hence the sub-sections were printed with the sub-section inline style.

Let us, to the contrary, typeset now this main table of contents as if the document had been done with a class having the \chapter command: we will print sections as chapters, and subsections as sections. We use \etocsetlevel for that, and also we need to change the font style of "sections" (which in truth are our subsections) to use not the bold but the medium series; we modify the \etocfontone command for that. Also we use dot leaders which are less spread out than in the package default.

\etocruledstyle[2]{\normalfont\normalsize\rmfamily\itshape

```
\fbox{\parbox{.6\linewidth}{
      \leftskip Opt plus .5fil
      \rightskip Opt plus -.5fil
      \parfillskip Opt plus 1fil This is the global table of
      contents on two columns, using \etoc default line styles, but with
      sections as chapters, and subsections as sections.
     }}}
\etocdefaultlines
\etocsetnexttocdepth{1}
\begingroup
\etocsetlevel{section}{0}
\etocsetlevel{subsection}{1}
\renewcommand*{\etocfontone}{\normalfont \normalsize}
\renewcommand*{\etoctoclineleaders}
        {\hbox{\operatorname{normalfont}}}
\sloppy
\tableofcontents
\endgroup
               This is the global table of contents on two columns, us-
               ing etoc default line styles, but with sections as chap-
                         ters, and subsections as sections.
Abstract
                                            Part I. Overview
                                          3. Do I need to be a geek to use
                                          etoc?
                                          Limitations in the use of list environments
1. Foreword
                                          for tables of contents ....... 3.1, p. 7
                                          4. Line styles and toc display style
                                          \etocsetstyle for the line styles .....
```

2. License

⁴⁴and there will never be a Part or Chapter entry alone at the bottom of a column or page (except if it has no sub-unit).

34. The package default line styles: \etocd	efaultlines
\etocsettocstyle for the toc display 4.2, p. 8	15. Two Examples
Compatibility mode 4.3, p. 8	A Beautiful Thesis example . 15.1, p. 23
5. A first example	A TOC with a background color 15.2, p. 24
6. A second example	Part III. Surprising uses of
7. A third example: emulating the book class	etoc
8. Linked list of the main package	16. The TOC of TOCs
commands	17. Arbitrary "Lists Of", \etoc-toccontentsline
Part II. Arbitrarily many TOCs, and local ones too	CoccontentsTine
9. Labeling and reusing elsewhere	18. A TOC with a fancy layout
10. A powerful functionality of etoc:	19. Another compatibility mode
the re-assignment of levels with \etocsetlevel	20. The TOC as a tree
11. The \etocsettocdepth and \etocsetnocdepth commands	⁻21. The TOC as a molecule
The hyperref option bookmarksdepth	22. The TOC as a TikZ mind map
12. The command \etocsettoc-	23. The TOC as a table
<pre>depth.toc The commands \etocobeytoctocdepth and \etocignoretoctocdepth</pre>	The commands \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs 23.1, p. 47
12.1, p. 21	24. Not displayed empty TOCs
13. The commands \etocdepth-tag.toc and \etocsettagdepth	The \etocchecksemptiness command24.1, p. 47
The commands \etocobeydepthtags and \etocignoredepthtags	The \etocnotocifnotoc command 24.2, p. 47
14. Adding commands to the .toc	The \etocifwasempty command 24.3, p. 48
The hyperref option <i>hidelinks</i>	25. A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting

Part IV. Commands for the toc line styles	The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled
26. The \etocsetstyle command	The commands \etocframedstyle, \etoc-
The \etocname and \etocpage commands26.1, p. 50	framed, and \etoclocalframed 30.5, p. 59
The \etocskipfirstprefix and \etoc-iffirst commands 26.2, p. 52	Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep30.6, p. 60
The \etocnumber command	The compatibility mode \etocstandard-displaystyle
The \etocifnumbered switch	The command \etocinline
The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands	31. Starred variants of the \table-ofcontents etc commands
The \etoclink command26.6, p. 53	32. Table of contents for this part
The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednage and	Testing the compatibility mode
\etocthelink commands26.7, p. 53	A framed display 32.2, p. 62
27. The \etocsetlevel command	A (crazy) inline display 32.3, p. 63
28. Scope of commands added to the .toc file	Part VI. Using and customizing etoc
Testing the scope 28.1, p. 55 This is a (pale) red subsection for illus-	33. Summary of the main style commands
trative purposes 28.2, p. 56	Setting up local styles 33.1, p. 65
29. Am I also red?	Setting up toc display styles 33.2, p. 65
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too display style	Labels and references 33.4, p. 66
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The command \etoctocstyle 30.3, p. 58	Customizing the toc display styles 35.2, p. 71

35. Customizing etoc

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100 layout	Compatibility with hyperref 42.4, p. 84
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	Compatibility with tocloft . 42.6, p. 84
37. Hacking framed parboxes	Compatibility with the memoir class 42.7, p. 85
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38.1, p. 76	Compatibility with package tableof 42.9, p. 85
39. Displaying statistics	Compatibility with package tocstyle
40. Using depth tags	42.10, p. 85
41 Type cetting the TOC as a table	43. TEXnical matters
41. Typeselling the TOC as a lable	
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(the old way) Part VIII. etoc and the outside world	Part IX. The code
(the old way) Part VIII. etoc and the outside world 42. Compatibility with other packages	Part IX. The code 45. Timestamp

35. Customizing etoc

35.1. Customizing the etoc pre-defined line styles

We will simply list the relevant commands as defined in the package. Customizing them goes through suitable \renewcommands:

```
\newcommand*\etocfontminustwo{\normalfont \LARGE \bfseries}
\newcommand*\etocfontminusone{\normalfont \large \bfseries}
\newcommand*\etocfontzero{\normalfont \large \bfseries}
\newcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont \normalsize \bfseries}
\newcommand*\etocfonttwo{\normalfont \normalsize}
\newcommand*\etocfontthree{\normalfont \normalsize}
\newcommand*\etocsepminustwo{4ex plus .5ex minus .5ex}
\newcommand*\etocsepminusone{4ex plus .5ex minus .5ex}
\newcommand*\etocsepzero{2.5ex plus .4ex minus .4ex}
\newcommand*\etocsepone{1.5ex plus .3ex minus .3ex}
\newcommand*\etocseptwo{.5ex plus .1ex minus .1ex}
```

```
\newcommand*\etocsepthree{.25ex plus .05ex minus .05ex}
\newcommand*\etocminustwoleftmargin{1.5em plus 0.5fil}
\newcommand*\etocminustworightmargin{1.5em plus -0.5fil}
\newcommand*\etocminusoneleftmargin{1em}
\newcommand*\etocminusonerightmargin{1em}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadminustwo{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadminusone{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadzero{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadone{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadtwo{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadthree{.9}
\newcommand*\etoctoclineleaders
    {\hbox{\normalfont\normalsize\hbox to 2ex {\hss.\hss}}}
\newcommand*\etocabbrevpagename{p.~} % initial of "page"
\newcommand*\etocpartname{Part} % prior to v1.08b, was \partname
% but this didn't make sense e.g. with babel+frenchb whose \frenchpartname
% takes into account the value of the part counter.
\newcommand*\etocbookname{Book} % to be modified according to language
```

No customizing of the standard line styles is possible from within **etoc**. As already explained, when \etocstandardlines has been issued, the package just makes itself very discrete and acts only at the global level, and the TOC entries are (hopefully) formatted as would have happened in the absence of **etoc**.⁴⁵

The \etocstandardlines compatibility mode will work also with sectioning commands made known to etoc via \etocsetlevel, under the condition of course that these sectioning commands are accompanied with all the relevant definitions for typesetting toc entries in the LATEX default manner (existence of the macros \l@something . . .).

Using the command \etocsetstyle, be it in the preamble or in the body of the document, has the secondary effect of switching off the compatibility mode.

35.2. Customizing the toc display styles

Again we list the relevant macros, what they do should be legible from their names. Note that \renewcommand's and not \setlength's have to be used for what appear to be lengths, and that color commands are not just color specifications, they must include \color, and are canceled by re-defining them to do \relax.

```
\newcommand*\etocabovetocskip{3.5ex plus 1ex minus .2ex}
\newcommand*\etocbelowtocskip{3.5ex plus 1ex minus .2ex}
\newcommand*\etoccolumnsep{2em}
\newcommand*\etocmulticolsep{0ex}
\newcommand*\etocmulticolpretolerance{-1}
\newcommand*\etocmulticoltolerance{200}
\newcommand*\etocdefaultnbcol{2}
\newcommand*\etocinnertopsep{2ex}
\newcommand*\etoctoprule{\hrule}
\newcommand*\etoctoprulecolorcmd{\relax}
```

⁴⁵with the KOMA-script classes, we noticed that \etocstandarddisplaystyle was apparently needed for the KOMA options toc=left to be active at the level of the line entries.

```
% for the framed style only:
\newcommand*\etocinnerleftsep{2em}
\newcommand*\etocinnerrightsep{2em}
\newcommand*\etocinnerbottomsep{3.5ex}

\newcommand*\etocleftrule{\vrule}
\newcommand*\etocrightrule{\vrule}
\newcommand*\etocbttomrule{\hrule}
\newcommand*\etocleftrulecolorcmd{\relax}
\newcommand*\etocrightrulecolorcmd{\relax}
\newcommand*\etocbttomrulecolorcmd{\relax}
\newcommand*\etocbttomrulecolorcmd{\relax}
\newcommand*\etocbkgcolorcmd{\relax}

% hooks
\newcommand\etocframedmphook{\relax}
```

The \etocframedmphook is positioned immediately after the beginning of a minipage environment where the contents of the framed TOC are typeset.

The \...colorcmd commands are initially set to expand to \relax (hence do not require package color or xcolor to be loaded). If one has modified a command such as \etocbkgcolorcmd to expand to a color command and wants to reset it to do nothing, one *must* use \renewcommand{\etocbkgcolorcmd}{\relax} and not \let\etocbkgcolorcmd\relax.

Regarding the dimensions of the top rule they can be specified in ex's or em's as in this example:

```
\renewcommand{\etoctoprule}{\hrule height 1ex}
```

The package code is done in such a manner that it is the font size in instance at the end of typesetting the title argument to \etocruledtoc or \etocframedtoc which will be used for the meaning of the '1ex'. Of course also the other rule commands can have their dimensions in font relative units, but their values are decided on the basis of the font in effect just before the table of contents.

The top and bottom rules do not have to be rules and can be horizontal *leaders* (of a specified height) in the general TEX sense. However the left and right rules are not used as (horizontal) leaders but as objects of a given specified width. Note that *only* the Plain TEX syntax for rules is accepted here.

36. One more example of colored TOC layout

The command \etocframedstyle puts the title on the top rule in a centered position. This is not very convenient for this example so we included the title as part of the $\langle start \rangle$ code at section level, to get it *inside* the frame.

```
\begingroup
\definecolor{subsecnum}{RGB}{13,151,225}
\definecolor{secbackground}{RGB}{0,177,235}
\definecolor{tocbackground}{RGB}{212,237,252}
\renewcommand{\etocbkgcolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocleftrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
```

```
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etoctoprulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocleftrule}{\vrule width 1cm}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrule}{\vrule width .5cm}
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrule}{\hrule height 12pt}
\renewcommand{\etoctoprule}{\hrule height 12pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnertopsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerbottomsep}{Opt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerleftsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerrightsep}{0pt}
\newcommand\shiftedwhiterule[2]{%
    \hbox to \linewidth{\color{white}%
    \hskip#1\leaders\vrule height1pt\hfil}\nointerlineskip\vskip#2}
\etocsetstyle{subsubsection}{\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\shiftedwhiterule{\leftskip}{6pt}}
  {\sffamily\footnotesize
     \leftskip2.5cm\hangindent1cm\rightskip1cm\noindent
     \hbox to 1cm{\color{subsecnum}\etocnumber\hss}%
     \color{black}\etocname\leaders\hbox to .2cm{\hss.}\hfill
     \rlap{\hbox to 1cm{\hss\etocpage\hskip.2cm}}\par
     \nointerlineskip\vskip3pt}
 {}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}{\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\shiftedwhiterule{1.5cm}{6pt}}
  {\sffamily\small
     \leftskip1.5cm\hangindent1cm\rightskip1cm\noindent
     \hbox to 1cm{\color{subsecnum}\etocnumber\hss}%
     \color{black}\etocname\leaders\hbox to .2cm{\hss.}\hfill
     \rlap{\hbox to 1cm{\hss\etocpage\hskip.2cm}}\par
     \nointerlineskip\vskip6pt}
 {}
\newcommand{\coloredstuff}[2]{%
            \leftskip0pt\rightskip0pt\parskip0pt
            \fboxsep0pt % \colorbox uses \fboxsep also when no frame!
      \noindent\colorbox{secbackground}
               {\parbox{\linewidth}{%
                    \vskip5pt
                    {\noindent\color{#1}#2\par}\nointerlineskip
                    \vskip3pt}}%
      \par\nointerlineskip}
\etocsetstyle{section}
{\coloredstuff{white}
     {\hfil \hyperref[toc:b]{\bfseries\large I am a twin of
     that other TOC (click me!)}\hfil}}
{\vskip3pt\sffamily\small}
{\coloredstuff{white}
    {\leftskip1.5cm\rightskip.5cm\parfillskip-\rightskip
     \makebox[0pt][r]{\makebox[.5cm][r]{\etocnumber\hspace{.2cm}}}%
     \etocname\hfill\makebox[.5cm][r]{\etocpage\hspace{.2cm}}}%
\vskip6pt }
```

36. One more example of colored TOC layout

{}

\etocframedstyle[1]{}
\tableofcontents \label{toc:clone} \ref{toc:globalcmds}
\endgroup

		I am a twin of that other TOC (click me!)	
30	Speci	fying the toc display style	57
	30.1	The command \etocsettocstyle	57
	30.2	The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol	58
	30.3	The command \etoctocstyle	58
	30.4	The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled	59
	30.5	The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed	59
	30.6	Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep	60
	30.7	The compatibility mode \etocstandarddisplaystyle	60
	30.8	The command \etocinline	60
31	Starre	ed variants of the \tableofcontents etc commands	61
32	Table	of contents for this part	61
	32.1	Testing the compatibility mode	61
	32.2	A framed display	62
	32.3	A (crazy) inline display	63

The TOC has been put in a float which appears on this page. The coding is a bit involved 46 as it does not use any additional package. Also, it was written at some early stage and I have not revised it since.

A better solution would be to use some package to set up a background color possibly extending accross pages, as the framed style (which we used to get this background color) can only deal with material short enough to fit on one page.

Regarding colors, generally speaking all color commands inside **etoc** are initially defined to do nothing, and the choice to use or not colors is left to the user.

 $^{^{\}rm 46} and$ reveals the author's preference for the TeX syntax...

Part VII. Tips

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 5 sections and 1 subsection. The name of the first section is "Hacking framed parboxes" and the corresponding number is "37". The name of the last section is "Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way)" and its number is "41". The name of the first subsection is "All subsections of this document" and the corresponding number is "38.1". The name of the last subsection is "All subsections of this document" and its number is "38.1".

37. Hacking framed parboxes		
38. Interverting the levels 38.1. All subsections of this document	76	
39. Displaying statistics	77	
40. Using depth tags	79	
41. Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way)		

37. Hacking framed parboxes

\ref{toc:globalcmds}

This text is perfectly centered vertically with respect to the surrounding horizontal rules.

Specifying the toc display style	The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled
The command \etocsettocstyle	30.4, p. 59 The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed
The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol	Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep 30.5, p. 60
The command \etoctocstyle	The compatibility mode \etocstandard-displaystyle 30.7, p. 60

The command \etocinline	Table of contents for this part
30.8, p. 60	32, p. 61
	Testing the compatibility mode
	32.1, p. 61
Starred variants of the \tableofcon-	A framed display 32.2, p. 62
tents etc commands 31, p. 61	A (crazy) inline display 32.3, p. 63

38. Interverting the levels

Let us display and count all subsections occurring in this document (see Part III for other uses of this technique):

```
\etocsetnexttocdepth{2}
\begingroup
\etocsetlevel{part}{3}
\etocsetlevel{section}{3}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
      {\small\begin{enumerate}[itemsep=0pt,label=,leftmargin=0pt]}
      {\normalfont\bfseries\item}
      {\roman{enumi}. \mdseries\etocname{} (\etocnumber, p.~\etocpage)}
      {\end{enumerate}}
\renewcommand{\etoccolumnsep}{2.75em}
\renewcommand{\columnseprule}{1pt}
\etocmulticol[3]{\subsection{All subsections of this document}}
\endgroup
```

38.1. All subsections of this document

- i. Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents (3.1, p. 7)
- ii. \etocsetstyle for the line styles (4.1, p. 8)
- **iii.** \etocsettocstyle for the toc display (4.2, p. 8)
- iv. Compatibility mode (4.3, p. 8)
- **v.** The hyperref option bookmarksdepth (11.1, p. 20)
- **vi.** The commands \etocobeytoctocdepth and \etocignoretoctocdepth (12.1, p. 21)
- vii. The commands \etocobeydepthtags and \etocignoredepthtags (13.1,
 p. 21)
- viii. The hyperref option

- hidelinks (14.1, p. 22)
- ix. A Beautiful Thesis example (15.1, p. 23)
- x. A TOC with a background color (15.2, p. 24)
- **xi.** The commands \etoc-globaldefs and \etoclo-caldefs (23.1, p. 47)
- **xii.** The \etocchecks-emptiness command (24.1, p. 47)
- **xiii.** The \etocnotocifnotoc command (24.2, p. 47)
- **xiv.** The \etocifwasempty command (24.3, p. 48)
- xv. The \etocname and \etocpage commands (26.1, p. 50)
- **xvi.** The \etocskipfirst-prefix and \etociffirst

- commands (26.2, p. 52)
- **xvii.** The \etocnumber command (26.3, p. 52)
- **xviii.** The \etocifnumbered switch (26.4, p. 52)
- xix. The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands (26.5, p. 53)
- **xx.** The \etoclink command (26.6, p. 53)
- xxi. The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage and \etocthelink commands (26.7, p. 53)
- **xxii.** Testing the scope (28.1, p. 55)
- **xxiii.** This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes (28.2, p. 56)

```
xxiv. The command \etoc-
settocstyle (30.1, p. 57)
xxv. The commands \etoc-
multicolstyle, \etoc-
multicol, and \etoclo-
calmulticol (30.2, p. 58)
xxvi. The command \etoc-
tocstyle (30.3, p. 58)
xxvii. The commands \etoc-
ruledstyle, \etocruled
and \etoclocalruled (30.4,
p. 59)
xxviii. The commands
\etocframedstyle, \etoc-
framed, and \etoclocal-
framed (30.5, p. 59)
xxix. Headings, titles, \eto-
coldpar, \etocinnertop-
sep (30.6, p. 60)
      The compatibility
XXX.
mode
         \etocstandard-
displaystyle (30.7, p. 60)
xxxi. The command \etoc-
inline (30.8, p. 60)
```

```
xxxii. Testing the compati-
bility mode (32.1, p. 61)
xxxiii. A framed display
(32.2, p. 62)
xxxiv. A (crazy) inline dis-
play (32.3, p. 63)
xxxv. Setting up local
styles (33.1, p. 65)
xxxvi. Setting up toc dis-
play styles (33.2, p. 65)
xxxvii. Displaying tables
of contents (33.3, p. 66)
xxxviii. Labels and refer-
ences (33.4, p. 66)
xxxix. Customizing the
etoc pre-defined line styles
(35.1, p. 70)
xI. Customizing the toc
display styles (35.2, p. 71)
xli. All subsections of this
document (38.1, p. 76)
```

```
xliii. Compatibility
                      with
beamer (42.2, p. 84)
xliv. Compatibility with Ba-
bel (42.3, p. 84)
xlv. Compatibility with hy-
perref (42.4, p. 84)
xlvi. Compatibility with
multicol (42.5, p. 84)
xIvii. Compatibility with
tocloft (42.6, p. 84)
xlviii. Compatibility with
the memoir class (42.7,
p. 85)
xlix. Compatibility with
package tocvsec2 (42.8,
p. 85)
I. Compatibility with pack-
age tableof (42.9, p. 85)
```

li. Compatibility with pack-

age tocstyle (42.10, p. 85)

39. Displaying statistics

Each part of this document starts with a paragraph telling how many sections and subsections it has. Well, each one of this paragraph is a table of contents! We designed a macro \thispartstats to do that. It uses "storage" boxes to keep the information about the first and last section or subsection. Using boxes is the simplest manner to encapsulate the hyperref link for later use (whether there is one or none). However, one cannot modify then the font or the color. If such a need arises, one must switch from using boxes to using macros, and store the hyperref data for later use as was done in the code presented in section 21. We present also this second method.

xlii. Generalities (42.1,

But first, the code of \thispartstats:

```
\newsavebox\firstnamei
                        \newsavebox\firstnumberi
\newsavebox\lastnamei
                        \newsavebox\lastnumberi
\newsavebox\firstnameii \newsavebox\firstnumberii
                       \newsavebox\lastnumberii
\newsavebox\lastnameii
\newcounter{mycounti}
                        \newcounter{mycountii}
\newcommand*{\thispartstatsauxi}{} \newcommand*{\thispartstatsauxii}{}
\newcommand*{\oldtocdepth}{}
\newcommand*{\thispartstats}{%
  \setcounter{mycounti}{0}%
  \setcounter{mycountii}{0}%
  \def\thispartstatsauxi{%
         \sbox{\firstnamei}{\etocname}%
         \sbox{\firstnumberi}{\etocnumber}%
         \def\thispartstatsauxi{}}%
```

```
\def\thispartstatsauxii{%
         \sbox{\firstnameii}{\etocname}%
         \sbox{\firstnumberii}{\etocnumber}%
         \def\thispartstatsauxii{}}%
  \begingroup
  \etocsetstyle{subsection} {} {}
    {\thispartstatsauxii
    \stepcounter{mycountii}%
     \sbox{\lastnameii}{\etocname}%
     \sbox{\lastnumberii}{\etocnumber}} {}%
  \etocsetstyle{section} {} {}
    {\thispartstatsauxi
     \stepcounter{mycounti}%
     \sbox{\lastnamei}{\etocname}%
     \sbox{\lastnumberi}{\etocnumber}}
    {Here are some statistics for this part: it contains \arabic{mycounti}
    section \verb|\ifnum\value{mycounti}>1 s \verb|\ifi{}| and \verb|\arabic{mycountii}| 
    subsection \in \{mycountii\}>1 \ s\ fi. The name of the first section is
    \unhbox\firstnamei{} and the corresponding number is \unhbox\firstnumberi.
    The name of the last section is \unhbox\lastnamei{} and its number is
    \unhbox\lastnumberi. The name of the first subsection is \unhbox\firstnameii{}
    and the corresponding number is \unhbox\firstnumberii. The name of the last
    subsection is \unhbox\lastnameii{} and its number is \unhbox\lastnumberii.}%
  \etocinline % cancels the automatic \par automatically before the TOC
  \etocsettocstyle {}{}
  \etocsetnexttocdepth{2}%
  \localtableofcontents % to be used at the top level of a Part.
  \endgroup
}
  And now, the variant with macros rather than boxes (this variant as it stands here is for
using within a section).
\makeatletter
\newcommand*\firstsubname
                          {} \newcommand*\lastsubname
                                                           {}
\newcommand*\firstsubnumber {} \newcommand*\lastsubnumber
\newcommand*\thisspecialstatsaux{}
\newcommand*{\thisspecialstats}{%
  \setcounter{mycounti}{0}%
  \def\thisspecialstatsaux{%
         \let\firstsubname\etocthelinkedname
         \let\firstsubnumber\etocthelinkednumber
         \def\thisspecialstatsaux{}}
  \beginaroup
  \etocsetstyle{subsection} {} {}
    {\thisspecialstatsaux
     \stepcounter{mycounti}%
     \let\lastsubname\etocthelinkedname
     \let\lastsubnumber\etocthelinkednumber }
    {Here are some statistics for this section. It contains \arabic{mycounti}
     subsections. The name of its first is \emph{\firstsubname{}} and the
     corresponding number is {\firstsubnumber}. The name of the last
     \etocsettocstyle {}{}
   \etocinline
   \etocsetnexttocdepth {1}%
   \localtableofcontents % to be used within a section
```

```
\endgroup
}
\makeatother
```

40. Using depth tags

We want a TOC which will have a heading for each \part (except the last part with the code source, which we decide not to include), and will additionally open up Part V up to paragraphs. To achieve this we added to this source various \etocdepthtag.toc commands, and it remains now to set the levels for each tag using \etocsettagdepth (this was used earlier in this document, in section 6, within a group hence it did not affect the other tables of contents).

However, the package line styles do not display paragraphs, and the standard line styles of the document class give too much vertical spacing (in this context) when displaying a Part heading in the TOC. So we cook up our own, quickly designed line styles, in the style of section 5 (but with a way to put page numbers on the right which is more like the method used by LATEX2e's \@dottedtocline; and multi-line headings now leave empty the area underneath the numbers contrarily to the code from section 5). And after a few minutes for choosing lengths (now that this has been done once, it can be recycled easily) we get:

		A TOC using depth tags	
Ov	erview	7	ϵ
			17
Sui	rprisin	g uses of etoc	26
Co	mman	ds for the toc line styles	50
Co	mman	ds for the toc display style	57
30	Speci	fying the toc display style	57
	30.1	The command \etocsettocstyle	57
	30.2	The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and	
		\etoclocalmulticol	58
	30.3	The command \etoctocstyle	58
		30.3.1 The command \etoctocstylewithmarks	58
		30.3.1.1 Do we really want paragraph entries in the TOC?	59
		30.3.1.2 really?	59
	30.4	The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocal-	
		ruled	59
	30.5	The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and	
		\etoclocalframed	59
	30.6	Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep	60
	30.7		60
		* *	
			60
	30.8	The command \etocinline	60
31			61
	Ari Sun Con 30	Arbitrari Surprisin Comman 30 Speci 30.1 30.2 30.3 30.4 30.5 30.6 30.7	Overview Arbitrarily many TOCs, and local ones too Surprising uses of etoc Commands for the toc line styles Commands for the toc display style 30.1 The command \etocsettocstyle

32 Table of contents for this part				
	32.1	Testing the compatibility mode	61	
	32.2	A framed display	62	
	32.3	A (crazy) inline display	63	
VI	Using an	d customizing etoc	65	
VII	Tips		75	
VIII	etoc and	l the outside world	83	

```
\etocsetnexttocdepth {all}
\begingroup
\parindent Opt \leftskip Ocm \rightskip .75cm \parfillskip -\rightskip
\newcommand*{\EndParWithPagenoInMargin}
    {\nobreak\hfill
     \nobreak\makebox[0.75cm][r]{\mdseries\normalsize\etocpage}%
     \par}
\renewcommand*\etoctoclineleaders
    {\normalfont\normalsize\hbox to .75ex {\hss.}}
\newcommand*{\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
    {\nobreak\leaders\etoctoclineleaders\hfill
     \nobreak\makebox[0.75cm][r]{\mdseries\normalsize\etocpage}%
     \par }
\etocsetstyle {part}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 1cm\relax}
              {\bfseries\large\llap{\makebox[1cm][r]{\etocnumber\ \ }}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMargin\smallskip}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {section}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 1.75cm\relax}
              {\bfseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[.75cm][l]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {subsection}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 2.75cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[1cm][1]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {subsubsection}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 4cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[1.25cm][l]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {paragraph}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 5.5cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[1.5cm][1]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsettagdepth {preamble}
                              {none}
\etocsettagdepth {overview}
                              {part}
```

```
\etocsettagdepth {arbitrarily}{part}
\etocsettagdepth {surprising} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {linestyles} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {globalcmds} {paragraph}
\etocsettagdepth {custom}
                              {part}
\etocsettagdepth {tips}
                              {part}
\etocsettagdepth {etocandworld}{part}
\etocsettagdepth {code}
                              {none}
\renewcommand\etoctoprule {\hrule height 3pt\relax }
\renewcommand\etoctoprulecolorcmd {\color{blue}}
\renewcommand\etocaftercontentshook
   {\medskip\begingroup \color{blue}\hrule height 3pt \endgroup }
\etocruledstyle [1]{\Large\bfseries
                    \fbox{\makebox[8cm]{A TOC using depth tags}}}
\sloppy
\tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

41. Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way)

Due to, among other things, the fact that alignment cells create and close groups, and that by default definitions of \etocname, \etocnumber, \etocname and by etoc are local, it was not easy to typeset a TOC as table with etoc, prior to release 1.08.

Not only \etocname etc... caused a problem, but also the basic redefinition of \contentsline was made by etoc only after the first argument to \etocsettocstyle had been executed, hence if this argument were to open a tabular, the etoc redefinition of \contentsline would be done in the first cell of the first row and get lost thereafter.

Thus one had to resort to the technique explained in section 20 of using the execution of \tableofcontents as a way to store data which was then displayed later.

For the record, here is how the TOC from section 23 was coded in the old days. We don't have here the problems with the positioning of \hline's we face with the newer method; on the other hand we must manipulate token registers which are not familiar to most \LaTeX users (macros could be used, but would be more cumbersome, except perhaps if using the ε -TEX \unexpanded).

The method here is the most powerful because it filters out of the .toc file only the data we want (the other things are not ignored, they are executed but hopefully do not create havoc; typically they are language changing instructions, etc...), and we are less susceptible to fall potential victims of various external macros inserted in the .toc file by other packages.

Note: rather than \toks registers it would be easier here to use ε -TeX \unexpanded primitive. See for example section 22.

```
\newtoks\toctabletok
\newcommand*\appendtotok[2]{% #1=toks variable, #2=macro, expands once #2
  #1\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter {\expandafter\the\expandafter #1#2}}
\newcommand*\PreparePart{%
  \toks0 \expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}%
  \toks2 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}%
  \toks4 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedpage}%
  \edef\toctablepiece {\noexpand\hline}
```

41. Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way)

```
\noexpand\strut\the\toks0 &\noexpand\bfseries\the\toks2
                                &\the\toks4 \noexpand\\\noexpand\hline}%
\newcommand*\PrepareSection{%
  \toks0 \expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}%
  \toks2 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}%
  \toks4 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedpage}%
  \edef\toctablepiece {\the\toks0 &\the\toks2 &\the\toks4 \noexpand\\}%
% new version for 1.07k, 2014/03/06
\newcommand*{\PrepareSubsection}{%
  \toks0 \expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}%
  \toks2 \expandafter{\expandafter\itshape\etocthelinkedname\strut}%
  \toks4 \expandafter{\expandafter\itshape\etocthelinkedpage}%
  \edef\toctablepiece{&\noexpand\makebox[1cm][c]{\the\toks0}%
                      \noexpand\parbox[t]{\dimexpr6cm-\tabcolsep\relax}
                                         {\noexpand\sloppy\the\toks2}\%
                     {\hat } 
}
\begingroup
\etocsetstyle{part}{}{}{\PreparePart \appendtotok\toctabletok\toctablepiece}{}
\etocsetstyle{section}{}{}{\PrepareSection \appendtotok\toctabletok\toctablepiece}{}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}{}{}{\PrepareSubsection\appendtotok\toctabletok\toctablepiece}{}
\etocsettocstyle
    {\toctabletok{\hypersetup{hidelinks}%
                \begin{longtable}{|>{\bfseries}c|p{7cm}|r|}\hline
                \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{\Large\bfseries\strut TABLE OF CONTENTS}%
                 \\\hline\hline}}
    {\global\toctabletok\expandafter{\the\toctabletok\hline\end{longtable}}}
\etocsettocdepth {subsection}
\tableofcontents
\the\toctabletok
\endgroup
```

Part VIII.

etoc and the outside world

42. Compatibility with other packages

42.1. Generalities

The contents of the .toc file (if it already exists) are read into memory by **etoc** once, at the time of \begin{document}.⁴⁷

The .toc file remains available to other packages for read operations until the location of the first table of contents at which time a write stream is opened by **etoc** and from that point the file is erased until its contents are again written to the disk by LaTeX at the end of the compilation.

Don't use \if<condition> stuff \tableofcontents\fi, but:

\if<condition> stuff \expandafter\tableofcontents\fi

Also a \else immediately following \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents requires a previous \expandafter.

etoc can not really cohabit with packages modifying the \tableofcontents command: some sort of truce can be achieved if **etoc** is loaded last, hence is the winner.

Do not modify the \tableofcontents command like this:

\let\oldtableofcontents\tableofcontents

\renewcommand\tableofcontents{\oldtableofcontents foo} as this will make the \label/\ref mechanism impossible.

Rather use

\renewcommand\etocaftertochook{foo}

and there is also \etocaftercontentshook which is executed a bit earlier⁴⁸ just before the closing part of the toc display style (and thus still within a group.)

Prepending is less of a problem (and anyhow there is also \etocbeforetitlehook available to the user).

Under certain circumstances **etoc** imposes its views on \tableofcontents at the time of \begin{document}. You may thus have to use \AtBeginDocument to delay your (necessarily ugly and non-recommendable) patches. Patching after \begin{document} is naturally possible but I feel almost a rebel to mention this to LATEX users!

etoc requires the .toc file to use the \contentsline macro. It can not work if there is no .toc file or if the .toc file does not contain the relevant data or if the .toc file does not use the \contentsline macro or if the \contentsline macro does not invoke the \l@<divisionunit> macros.

⁴⁷New with 1.07m. Earlier versions read the .toc file at the time of \usepackage{etoc}. Thanks to Denis Bitouzé who signaled a Babel related problem, which turned out to be caused by this.

⁴⁸contrarily to \etocaftertochook, \etocaftercontentshook is not executed if the tocdepth did not allow the printing of the TOC.

42.2. Compatibility with beamer

For the very reasons mentioned right before, **etoc** is incompatible with the beamer class. However, if beamer is used in an article mode, i.e., with the article class in conjunction with the beamerarticle package, then **etoc** should work.

42.3. Compatibility with Babel

One must load **etoc** *after* **babel**. This is in order for **babel**'s shorthands to be active at the time when **etoc** loads the .toc file.

42.4. Compatibility with hyperref

Please inform the author in case of issues: **etoc** was from the start designed to be **100%** compatible with package hyperref.

The macros \etocname, \etocname, and \etocpage contain the hyperref links, if present (note that the *linktoc=all* option of hyperref tells it to put a link also in the page number corresponding to a given toc entry). For example, the tables of contents of the present document are all fully linked. It doesn't matter whether **etoc** or hyperref is loaded first.

42.5. Compatibility with multicol

etoc loads the package multicol.

42.6. Compatibility with tocloft

Release 1.07k added compatibility with package tocloft:⁴⁹ steps are taken to prevent the redefinition of \tableofcontents done by tocloft at \begin{document}. As long as etoc is left in compatibility mode the customization done by tocloft will be obeyed, for both the line styles and the TOC title. One may still benefit from the *depth tags* management by etoc, from its \localtableofcontents, from its \label+\ref mechanism. One may use \etocsetstyle to define via etoc the layout for one TOC and then use rather tocloft for another one, if \tableofcontents follows \etocstandardlines and \etocstandarddisplaystyle. In this compatibility mode \etocsetlevel{division unit}{6} will render invisible the chosen division level, but exchanging levels is otherwise not possible.

One should load **etoc** after tocloft. A warning is issued if otherwise, because if **etoc** is loaded before it will realize that at the time of \begin{document} and trick tocloft into believing having been loaded with the titles option.

It is possible to customize (using package tocloft for example) throughout the document the macros \l@section, \l@subsection ... and the effect will be seen in the next table of contents typeset by etoc in compatibility mode.

⁴⁹http://ctan.org/pkg/tocloft

42.7. Compatibility with the memoir class

Release 1.071 has also improved the compatibility with the memoir class: its appendix level has been made known to etoc. It is at the same level as chapter, thus the chapter line style should possibly do a test for some user defined boolean whose activation may be added to the .toc file at the suitable location via \addtocontents{toc}{..}, if one needs to distinguish the two kinds of divisions.

42.8. Compatibility with package tocvsec2

etoc used to be incompatible with package tocvsec2⁵⁰; it now cohabits, sort of, as it deactivates tocvsec2's modification of \tableofcontents (done in the style above) and also cancels its other toc-related macros, but reimplements partially their functionality with \etocsettocdepth.toc. By the way, at least two latex runs are necessary for new uses of this command in a document to have an effect in tables of contents.

42.9. Compatibility with package tableof

It is possible to use simultaneously **etoc** and tableof⁵¹. Release 1.08 of **etoc** requires at least version 1.4a of tableof. If \etocglobaldefs is put in the preamble, this must be after the loading of package tableof. tableof command \nexttocwithtags should work as expected.

tableof commands \tableof, \tablenotof, ... will typeset the (a priori global) table of contents according to the document class defaults, obeying the **etoc** depth tags; as explained in the tableof documentation they do not typeset a TOC title. They should *not* be used in case \etocglobaldefs was issued before, except if its scope has been terminated since then, or \etoclocaldefs has cancelled its influence.

42.10. Compatibility with package tocstyle

Unknown. (not tested a.t.t.o.w).

43. TEXnical matters

The \etocname, \etocnamer, \etocpage commands are protected against premature expansion. They contain suitable hyperref links if package hyperref is loaded and active for the TOC. The commands \etoclink and \etocifnumbered are also protected against premature expansion. Also \etociffirst and \etoctoccontentsline.

On the other hand \etocthename, \etocthenumber, \etocthepage are *not* protected against expansion. And neither are \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage. The latter contain hyperlink data, if present in the .toc file.

The commands such as \etocsetstyle, \etocsetlevel, \etocsettocstyle, \etocmulticolstyle, \etocruledstyle, \etocframedstyle obey LATEX's groups. All TOCs are typeset inside groups.

⁵⁰http://ctan.org/pkg/tocvsec2

⁵¹http://ctan.org/pkg/tableof

44. Errors and catastrophes

When a \localtableofcontents is inserted by the user in the document, a line containing an **etoc** inner command and an identification number is added to the .toc file. The correct local table of contents will be displayed only on the next latex run.

44. Errors and catastrophes

After using \etocsetstyle for one level, the remaining uncustomized levels use the etoc default styles (those which are activated by \etocdefaultlines). One has to make sure that all levels needed for the next table of contents are mutually compatible: in particular the etoc default line styles expect each to be started in "vertical mode".

When using multiple \tableofcontents commands in a document, one should beware from adding typesetting instructions directly in the .toc file, as they will be executed by etoc for all TOCs: even for a \localtableofcontents it doesn't matter if that instruction seems to concern material outside of its scope, it will get executed nevertheless. If absolutely necessary (but this should never be) these instructions should be done in such a way that they can be activated or deactivated easily from the document source, as need be.

As is usual with toc and labels, after each change, one has to run latex a certain number of times to let the produced document get its final appearance (at least twice).

Part IX. The code

45. Timestamp

This is the documentation as of 2016/09/09, printed from the source file with the time stamp Time-stamp: <09-09-2016 at 21:49:18 CEST>. The package version is v1.08g, of 2015/08/29.

46. Change history

v1.08g [2015/08/29]

Downgraded to a mere info message the etoc-issued warning (relative to \settocdepth/maxtocdepth) under class memoir.

v1.08f [2015/04/28]

Minor changes to the documentation. \etocset-level more economical.

v1.08e [2015/04/17]

The command \etocchecksemptiness tells etoc to not print, from that point on, the headings of the local tables of contents if they have empty contents. This is mainly for class authors who might want to have their \section or \chapter automatically do a \localtableofcontents. Could prove also useful for batch conversions of documents. Thanks to Paul Gaborit who asked for such a feature.

The command \etocnotocifnotoc extends this behaviour to global TOCs: indeed why should documents with no sectioning units take this as an excuse not to use package etoc?

The command \etocifwasempty{yes}{no} can be used for suitable extra action.

A \tableofcontents\ref{foo} now expects foo to be a label to a _local_ TOC. The use with foo a label to a _global_ TOC is not supported anymore as it had no utility and made the code more complex.

The syntax \localtableofcontents\ref{foo} is now accepted as a synonym to the earlier syntax \tableofcontents\ref{foo}.

v1.08d [2015/04/09]

Translation into German of the additions made to the documentation for the 1.08x series of releases.

Thanks to Christine Römer!

v1.08c [2015/03/30]

- removed a few unneeded \long from the code.
- removed use of \arabic at one location of the code, as it may get redefined by some language modules for babel or polyglossia.

v1.08b [2015/03/18]

Bug fixes:

- extra space token removed from 'localtableofcontents' (showed only for inline TOCs.)
- \etocpartname (a macro used by the package own default line styles) was defined to be \partname, but this is not compatible at least with babel+french context. Now simply expands to Part.
- some problems fixed in the German documentation.
- [2015/03/28] some more problems fixed in the documentation. Added mention of \etocarticlestyle and \etocbookstyle.

v1.08a [2015/03/13]

\etocname, \etocnumber and \etocpage are now the robust variants of \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber and \etocthelinkedpage. This should arguably have been done since the addition of the latter to etoc with v1.07f [2013/03/07]. The earlier robust commands \etocname etc... contained the hyperlink destination only in an unexpanded form.

The documentation has a brand new title page and a new section The TOC as a TikZ mind map both illustrating further uses of etoc to display tables of contents as trees in an automatic manner.

v1.08 [2015/03/10]

\etocskipfirstprefix may now appear anywhere in the <start> part of a level style.

46. Change history

New commands \etociffirst, \etocxiffirst, \etocxifnumbered, \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs.

It is now possible to issue line style specifications directly with & and \\ tokens, in order to typeset a TOC as a tabular or longtable with the opening for example in the first argument of \etocsettocstyle and the closing in its second argument.

It is mandatory for such uses to issue \etocglobaldefs which tells etoc to proceed globally for certain definitions. This is also useful in the context of the inline environments of package enumitem.

On this occasion, various old parts of the code have been improved.

v1.07n [2015/03/05]

No more use of \toks@ when etoc constructs \etocthelinkedname etc... Thus \toks@ can be put in the line styles in order to accumulate information. Only useful if it is certain nothing else will change \toks@ either.

In the documentation: list of main commands now in alphabetic order.

v1.07m [2015/01/23]

Reading of .toc file is delayed to \begin{document} to account for possible Babel active characters used therein. Thanks to Denis Bitouzé who reported a Babel related problem.

Improved global toc display emulation under KOMA-script classes.

New command \etocbeforetitlehook. New command \etocdisplay.

v1.07l [doc of 2014/04/29]

Added to the documentation an example of use of \etocthelinkedname together with an enumitem inline itemize* environment; moved main TOC to immediately after the title, and license to the first pages.

Incorporation of the translation into German done on the initiative of Christine Römer by Felix Baral-Weber, Jenny Rothkrämer-Vogt, Daniel Büttner, Claudia Dahl, Christian Otto and Christine Römer (FSU Jena). My grateful thanks to all!

v1.07l [2014/04/22]

Fixes a bug with the 1.07k compatibility layer with tocloft which had broken the 1.07k (sic) compatibility with memoir (yes, memoir class 1.07k testing had been done before adding the tocloft thing to the source code . . .). Also, etoc when detecting tocvsec2 now checks if this is

under the memoir class, as then nothing special needs to be done to rescue \tableofcontents, contrarily to the situation with the native tocysec2.

v1.07k [2014/03/06]

Compatibility with package tocloft; and improved compatibility with class memoir. Novel TOC example in Overview.

v1.07j [2013/12/03]

Some issues with the documentation formatting (now two-sided) have been addressed, and a novel documentation section "Typesetting the TOC as a table" has been added. Very minor code change (\Etoc@readtoc).

v1.07i [2013/10/21]

Changes to the \etocrulticolstyle and \etocruledstyle codes to lessen the risk of a page break after the title (in the one-column case).

v1.07h [2013/10/16]

New commands \etocdepthtag.toc, \etocset-tagdepth, \etocobeydepthtags, \etocignore-depthtags.

v1.07g [2013/10/13]

New commands \etocsettocdepth, \etocsettocdepth.toc, \etocobeytoctocdepth, \etocignoretoctocdepth which emulate part of tocvsec2 functionality; measures to make tocvsec2 partially compatible with etoc.

New commands \etocsetnexttocdepth, \invisibletableofcontents, \invisiblelocaltableofcontents.

Switched from tikz-qtree to forest for the first 'toc as tree' example.

Command names are linked to their descriptions, and many other changes in the documentation.

Removed printing of temporary message when the local toc id is not yet stabilized; indeed \localtableofcontents can have many uses, such as filling up some token list register and one may wish to not have anything typeset, even in an intermediate run.

All of tex etoc.dtx, etex etoc.dtx, xetex etoc.dtx, latex etoc.dtx, pdflatex etoc.dtx are now possible, and the extracted file etoc.tex allows easy customization of compilation options for the documentation (default is via dvipdfmx which produces the smallest file).

v1.07f [2013/03/07]

New macros \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage, and \etocthelink.

v1.07e [2013/03/01]

Improvements in the package own line styles with regards to penalties and vertical spaces. Addition to the documentation of an example of a tree-like table of contents (uses tikz). More such examples added 2013/03/03.

v1.07d [2013/02/24]

Minor code improvements and new documentation section "Another compatibility mode".

v1.07b [2013/02/02]

Removal of the \xspace from the macros \etocname, \etocnumber, \etocpage.

Additional examples in the documentation.

v1.07 [2013/01/29]

New commands:

\etocthename, \etocthenumber, \etocthepage, \etoclink,

\etoctoccontentsline, \etoctoccontentsline* \etocnopar, \etocaftercontentshook

Modified command: \etocmulticolstyle

New documentation section "Surprising uses of etoc" which explains how to do "Lists of arbitrary things", in addition to the tables of contents.

v1.06 [2012/12/07]

The standard macros \@section etc... are modified only during the calls to \tableofcontents; they can thus be customized as will by the user (with the help of a package like tocloft) and this will be taken into account by etoc for the TOCs typeset in compatibility mode.

v1.05 [2012/12/01]

\localtableofcontents replaces \tableofcontents* (for compatibility with the memoir class).

Compatibility with KOMA-script and memoir document classes.

v1.04 [2012/11/24]

A (possibly local) table of contents can be labeled:

\tableofcontents \label{toc:1}

and reproduced elsewhere in the document (with a possibly completely different layout):

\tableofcontents \ref{toc:1}

v1.02 [2012/11/18]

Initial version.

47. Implementation

```
1 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
```

- 2 \ProvidesPackage{etoc}
- 3 [2015/08/29 v1.08g Completely customisable TOCs (JFB)]
- 4 \RequirePackage{multicol}
- 5 \DeclareOption*{\PackageWarning{etoc}{Option '\CurrentOption' is unknown.}}
- 6 \ProcessOptions\relax
- 1.08 suppresses \ifEtoc@part and defines \ifEtoc@skipprefix. It also defines \etocglobaldefs, \etoclocaldefs and \Etoc@global.

```
7 \newtoks\Etoc@toctoks
```

- 8 \def\Etoc@par{\par}
- 9 \def\etocinline{\def\Etoc@par{}}
- 10 \let\etocnopar\etocinline
- 11 $\ensuremath{\mbox{def}\ensuremath{\mbox{Etoc@par}}\ensuremath{\mbox{par}}\ensuremath{\mbox{%}}\ensuremath{\mbox{2015}/\mbox{01/23}}$

\etocglobaldefs should be used only for special things such as TOC as a table; it should be put in a group to limit its scope. If used in the preamble, it must come *after* tableof if the latter is loaded too.

```
12 \let\Etoc@global\@empty
```

% 1.08 2015/03/10

13 \def\etocglobaldefs{\let\Etoc@global\global\let\tof@global\global}

14 \def\etoclocaldefs {\let\Etoc@global\@empty\let\tof@global\@empty}

15 \newif\ifEtoc@jj % book

16 \newif\ifEtoc@j % part

17 \newif\ifEtoc@ % chapter

47. Implementation

```
18 \newif\ifEtoc@i
                    % section
19 \newif\ifEtoc@ii % subsection
20 \newif\ifEtoc@iii % subsubsection
21 \newif\ifEtoc@iv % paragraph
22 \newif\ifEtoc@v
                    % subparagraph
23 \newif\ifEtoc@number
24 \newif\ifEtoc@hyperref
25 \newif\ifEtoc@parskip
                           % 1.07d
26 \newif\ifEtoc@tocwithid
27 \newif\ifEtoc@standard
28 \newif\ifEtoc@skipprefix % 1.08
29 \newif\ifEtoc@isfirst
                            % 1.08
30 \newif\ifEtoc@localtoc
31 \newif\ifEtoc@skipthisone
32 \newif\ifEtoc@stoptoc
33 \newif\ifEtoc@notactive
34 \newif\ifEtoc@mustclosegroup
                              % 1.08e
35 \newif\ifEtoc@emptytoc
36 \newif\ifEtoc@checksemptiness % 1.08e. Default is 'no checks'.
37 \newcommand*\etocchecksemptiness {\Etoc@checksemptinesstrue }
38 \newif\ifEtoc@notocifnotoc % 1.08e
39 \newcommand*\etocnotocifnotoc {\Etoc@checksemptinesstrue\Etoc@notocifnotoctrue }
40 \def\etoc@{\etoc@}
1.07g uses a second counter; this could be avoided, but ok, let's not be that strict.
41 \newcounter{etoc@tocid}
42 \newcounter{etoc@tocdepth}% 1.07g
2015/03/08 Why do I use jj in the flags and minustwo here? and is there an entity full of forgive-
ness out there to save my soul even if taking into consideration my use of single and doubled @'s?
Although I desperately need to waste time I miraculously decided not to change everything today
and thus the somewhat dispendious set-up below is maintained.
44 \def\Etoc@@minustwo@@{-\tw@}
45 \let\Etoc@@minusone@@\m@ne
46 \let\Etoc@@zero@@
47 \let\Etoc@@one@@
48 \let\Etoc@@two@@
                        \tw@
                        \thr@@
49 \let\Etoc@@three@@
50 \chardef\Etoc@@four@@ 4
51 \chardef\Etoc@@five@@ 5
52 \chardef\Etoc@@six@@ 6
53 %%\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@minustwo@@ % 1.08e does it at each local TOC.
54 \def\Etoc@@minustwo@{minustwo}
55 \def\Etoc@@minusone@{minusone}
56 \def\Etoc@@zero@
                      {zero}
57 \def\Etoc@@one@
                       {one}
58 \def\Etoc@@two@
                       {two}
59 \def\Etoc@@three@
                       {three}
60 \def\Etoc@@four@
                       {four}
61 \def\Etoc@@five@
                       {five}
1.07g.
62 \expandafter\def\csname Etoc@-3@@\endcsname {-\thr@@}
63 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@-2@@\endcsname \Etoc@@minustwo@@
64 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@-1@@\endcsname \Etoc@@minusone@@
65\expandafter\let\csname Etoc@0@@\endcsname \Etoc@@zero@@
66 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@1@@\endcsname \Etoc@@one@@
```

```
67\expandafter\let\csname Etoc@2@@\endcsname \Etoc@@two@@
 68 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@3@@\endcsname
                                                                                             \Etoc@@three@@
                                                                                             \Etoc@@four@@
 69 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@4@@\endcsname
 70 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@5@@\endcsname \Etoc@@five@@
                                                                                             \Etoc@@six@@
 71 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@6@@\endcsname
                                         \Etoc@@five@@
 72 \let\Etoc@all@@
 73 \let\Etoc@none@@ \Etoc@minf
 Versions earlier than 1.08 did \Etoc@newlevel in a quite embarrassing way with an \edef.
     1.08f's \etocsetlevel avoids multiple insertions of the same level in the \Etoc@levellist
 74 \let\Etoc@levellist\@empty
 75 \def\Etoc@newlevel #1{\expandafter\def\expandafter\Etoc@levellist\expandafter
                      {\Etoc@levellist\Etoc@levellist@elt #1}}
 77 \def\etocsetlevel#1#2{%
 78 \@ifundefined{Etoc@#1@@}{\expandafter\Etoc@newlevel\csname 1@#1\endcsname}{}%
       \ifcase#2\relax
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@zero@@
 80
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@zero@
 81
           \or
 82
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@one@@
 83
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@one@
 84
 85
           \or
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@two@@
 86
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@two@
 87
 88
 89
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@three@@
 90
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@three@
 91
                 \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@four@@
 92
                 \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@four@
 93
 94
 95
                 \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@five@@
 96
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@five@
 97
           \or
 98
                 \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@six@@
 99
           \else
100
           \int 1 = \me = \
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@minusone@@
101
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@minusone@
102
103
           \else
           104
                  \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@minustwo@@
105
106
                 \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@minustwo@
           \else
107
108
                   \PackageWarning{etoc}
                       {unexpected value '#2' in \string\etocsetlevel.^^J%
109
110
                         Should be -2,-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. Set to 6 (=ignored)}%
111
                   \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@six@@
112 fififi
113 \etocsetlevel{book}{-2}
```

114 \etocsetlevel{part}{-1}
115 \etocsetlevel{chapter}{0}
116 \etocsetlevel{section}{1}
117 \etocsetlevel{subsection}{2}
118 \etocsetlevel{subsubsection}{3}
119 \etocsetlevel{paragraph}{4}

129 \def\Etoc@setflags {%

```
120 \etocsetlevel{subparagraph}{5}
```

The first two parameters of \Etoc@et@hop are exchanged in 1.08 compared to earlier versions; this is in relation to changes done in \Etoc@etoccontentsline.

2015/03/08 One has to be careful about the Etoc@end@<level> user defined macros which may close groups. This has always been the reason for the \global's here and elsewhere.

1.08 uses \Etoc@level rather than a #1 which used to be anyhow always the \Etoc@tmp. Now \Etoc@level is what was called formerly \Etoc@tmp in \Etoc@etoccontentsline.

```
\ifcase \Etoc@level
131
          \global\Etoc@vfalse
132
          \global\Etoc@ivfalse
          \global\Etoc@iiifalse
133
134
          \global\Etoc@iifalse
135
          \global\Etoc@ifalse
136
          \global\Etoc@true
137
     \or
          \global\Etoc@vfalse
138
          \global\Etoc@ivfalse
139
140
          \global\Etoc@iiifalse
141
          \global\Etoc@iifalse
          \global\Etoc@itrue
142
     \operatorname{\backslash or}
143
          \global\Etoc@vfalse
144
          \global\Etoc@ivfalse
145
          \global\Etoc@iiifalse
146
147
          \global\Etoc@iitrue
148
     \or
          \global\Etoc@vfalse
149
150
          \global\Etoc@ivfalse
          \global\Etoc@iiitrue
151
152
     \or
          \global\Etoc@vfalse
153
          \global\Etoc@ivtrue
154
     \or
155
          \global\Etoc@vtrue
156
157
     \else
2015/03/08 I move up the common assignments.
158
        \global\Etoc@vfalse
159
        \global\Etoc@ivfalse
160
        \global\Etoc@iiifalse
161
        \global\Etoc@iifalse
        \global\Etoc@ifalse
162
        \global\Etoc@false
163
        \ifnum\Etoc@level=\m@ne
164
          \global\Etoc@jtrue
165
166
        \else
          \global\Etoc@jfalse
167
```

```
168 \global\Etoc@jjtrue
169 \fi
170 \fi}
```

1.08 This was originally in \Etoc@etoccontentsline, intermixed with the definitions of \Etoc@contents and \Etoc@prefix. Separated here for clarity of code. One has to be careful that this may close groups. The conditionals are all global. The \Etoc@level has been \global\let to a \chardef variable. The final \else of the \ifcase assumes none of the \Etoc@end@.. routines modify it, naturally.

```
171 \def\Etoc@doends {%
       \ifcase \Etoc@level
172
173
            \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five\fi
174
            \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four\fi
175
            \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
176
            \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two\fi
177
            \ifEtoc@i
                       \Etoc@end@one\fi
178
       \or
            \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five\fi
179
            \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four\fi
180
            \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
181
            \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two\fi
182
       \or
183
            \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five\fi
184
            \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four\fi
185
            \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
186
187
188
            \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five\fi
189
            \ifEtoc@iv\Etoc@end@four\fi
190
       \or
            \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five\fi
191
       \or
192
       \else
193
         \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five \fi
194
         \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four \fi
195
         \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
196
         \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two
197
         \ifEtoc@i
                     \Etoc@end@one
198
199
         \ifEtoc@
                     \Etoc@end@zero \fi
200
         \ifnum \Etoc@level =-\tw@
            \ifEtoc@j \Etoc@end@minusone\fi
201
202
         \fi
       \fi
203
204 }
```

Heart of etoc hack into execution of .toc file. The .toc file must contain (at least indirectly via expansion) \contentsline {<unit>}... instructions, with the standard meaning of executing \l@unit (the hyperref modifications are taken into account). It is the various \l@unit's which are (locally) \let to \Etoc@lxyz and it is \Etoc@lxyz which does the parsing of the arguments in order to extract name, number and page number. Once they are obtained, via the execution of this indirectly hacked \contentsline, the code executes the \Etoc@prefix and \Etoc@contents corresponding to that unit level, according to the user \etocsetstyle declarations. Before that the begin part is executed when etoc first encounters that level coming from a higher one and the end part will be executed when hitting a more important level.

\etocskipfirstprefix was already part of the very first release of etoc. Up to 1.07n it was just an elegant \@thirdofthree possibly executed just before a \@firstoftwo{\Etoc@swa{#1}} {\Etoc@swb{#1}} line. But this made it impossible for me to execute things after the begin parts. Executing stuff before begin is now a potential problem because the user can close some group

in the begin code (this was in fact impossible in versions <1.08 because this would have erased the definitions of \Etoc@contents and \Etoc@prefix). Thus I am not so free now to define things before execution of begin, if I allow people to close a group therein, except if I make them global.

The mechanism of \etocskipfirstprefix made it impossible to add anything at the end of the begin codes. Thus I changed it in 1.08 to simply work with a (global) boolean flag. This gives user the freedom to use \etocskipfirstprefix anywhere in the begin code and it made room for a delimited macro I called \etoconlyonfirst. But then I dropped it in favor of definition of the \etociffirst conditional.

Macros \Etoc@swa and \Etoc@swb which did the \Etoc@et@hop thing have been suppressed, their effect is incorporated to the end of \Etoc@etoccontentsline.

```
205 \def\etocskipfirstprefix {\global\Etoc@skipprefixtrue }
```

2015/03/08 let's record that \Etoc@level used to be called \Etoc@tmp in versions earlier than 1.08 (and \Etoc@tmp is used in the completely different ulterior \Etoc@lxyz context). The code sets it for example to be \Etoc@section@@ which has been let by \etocsetlevel to \@ne, thus is always self-terminating in \ifnum..\fi contexts.

```
206 \def\Etoc@etoccontentsline #1{%
     \global\expandafter\let\expandafter\Etoc@level\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname
207
208
     \Etoc@skipthisonefalse
     \ifnum\Etoc@level=\Etoc@@six@@
209
210
         \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
211
       \ifEtoc@localtoc
212
213
         \let\Etoc@next\relax
214
         \ifEtoc@stoptoc
215
            \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
         \fi
216
         \ifnum\Etoc@level<\Etoc@localtop
217
218
           \def\Etoc@next{\global\Etoc@stoptoctrue}%
219
           \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
220
         \fi
         \ifEtoc@notactive
221
222
           \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@setflags}%
223
           \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
224
         \fi
         \Etoc@next
225
226
       \fi
227
     \fi
     \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@gobblesixorfive
228
     \ifnum\c@tocdepth<\Etoc@level
229
230
     \else
231
     \ifEtoc@skipthisone
```

1.08 New way to handle the compatibility mode. One has to worry only for the local tables of contents (in inactive state, which still must be parsed for global level flags) but in this case \Etoc@setflags was done above already. Earlier method proceeded with dummy empty line styles.

```
233 \ifEtoc@standard\let\Etoc@next\@thirdofthree
234 \else
```

2015/03/08 Ever since the first release of etoc, the code has to be careful that the \Etoc@end@<level> user defined macros may close groups. This is the reason why some assignments have to be done globally. The \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@gobblesixorfive above could be local, because it is used only in case the stuff below is skipped, inclusive of \Etoc@doends which may close groups.

Versions 1.08 extracts to a separate macro \Etoc@doends. Earlier code did \global\let\Etoc@next\relax but we can now give a default \relax value to \Etoc@next with no need of a \global prefix.

235 \Etoc@doends

1.08 the \Etoc@next will (possibly) execute the begin code, before \Etoc@contents and \Etoc@prefix get defined, contrarily to what I did in earlier versions. I still reset the flags before execution of the begin codes (although the flags are not supposed to be used therein anyhow). Also the \langle begin \rangle code does \Etoc@isfirsttrue.

```
236 \let\Etoc@next\@empty
237 \Etoc@global\Etoc@isfirstfalse
```

2015/03/08 If my naming scheme had not been so baroque, I could easily do things in a more concise way here...

```
238
       \ifcase\Etoc@level
                             \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@zero}\fi
239
           \ifEtoc@\else
240
241
           \ifEtoc@i\else
                             \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@one}\fi
242
       \or
243
           \ifEtoc@ii\else \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@two}\fi
244
       \or
245
           \ifEtoc@iii\else \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@three}\fi
246
       \or
           \ifEtoc@iv\else \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@four}\fi
247
248
       \or
249
           \ifEtoc@v\else
                             \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@five}\fi
250
       \else
251
         \ifnum\Etoc@level=\m@ne
252
           \ifEtoc@j\else
                             \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@minusone}\fi
253
         \else
254
           \ifEtoc@jj\else \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@minustwo}\fi
255
         \fi
       \fi
256
257
       \Etoc@setflags
258
       \Etoc@next
259
       \let\Etoc@next\@empty
```

1.08:

- 1. separates the definition of \Etoc@prefix and \Etoc@contents from the execution of the end parts. And it does the definition with some \csname's.
- 2. implements \etocskipfirstprefix with a boolean, this is less slick but more flexible than the earlier method.
- 3. defines the \etociffirst conditional.
- 4. has \Etoc@level rather than \Etoc@tmp and thus we can dispense with the \ifEtoc@part switch as we will be able to test the equality \Etoc@level=-1 inside of \Etoc@lxyz.
- 5. adds the \Etoc@global prefix.

```
260 \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\Etoc@prefix\expandafter
261 {\csname Etoc@prefix@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname }%
262 \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\Etoc@contents\expandafter
263 {\csname Etoc@contents@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname }%
264 \ifEtoc@skipprefix \Etoc@global\let\Etoc@prefix\@empty\fi
265 \global\Etoc@skipprefixfalse
266 \fi\fi
```

1.08 modifies the ending to not use the \Etoc@swa and \Etoc@swb things. With this version, the \Etoc@next here is only to gobble everything if it has to (or gobble only the etoc things, when in compatibility mode).

For the record we don't do \csname 1@#1\endcsname mainly because hyperref patches \contentsline.

The location where Ltoc@savedcontentsline is let to contentsline has been moved with release 1.08 to before the title as set by letocsettoctyle, thus it is now possible to open a tabular in this part. And with the letoc@global prefix the user may opt for global definitions of letocname and the like, thus use freely & and other group closing things. Also, some care has been put into doing only expandable things after expansion of the prefix and contents parts of a sectioning unit style.

```
267 \Etoc@next
268 \Etoc@et@hop{\Etoc@prefix\Etoc@contents}{\Etoc@savedcontentsline{#1}}%
269 }
```

2013/03/07: up to 1.06 etoc defined only \etocname, \etocname and \etocpage. The hyperref added data is recycled in the simplest manner, prefixing it with \leavevmode. The included \Hy@tocdestname is (was, see below 1.07f and 1.08a) left unexpanded. We have to spend some time with delimited macros to dis-entangle the .toc data, and reconstruct the possible hyperref data. If the page number is not hyperlinked, \etocpage does *not* add the link found possibly in the name.

1.07 adds \etocthename, \etocthenamer, \etocthepage which are left fragile and do not have the links data, and \etoclink $\{\langle linkname \rangle\}$ which is robust and reconstructs an arbitrarily named link.

A need (for things like building up a token list to be used in a tikzpicture) arose later to have some form of the link which could be saved by a simple command like one can do \global\let\lastname\etocthename, and avoid having to manipulate \Hy@tocdestname. So 1.07f adds \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage, \etocthelink: they use \hyperlink with an expanded \Hy@tocdestname.

- 1.07f also adds \leavevmode to \etoclink which should have been done earlier, as it was included in \etocname etc... attention, \@namedef{A}{B} and not \@namedef{A} {B} !! on the other hand this gives a simple way to insert a space as the first token in the paramaters. For \Etoc@again (which appears later in the code), a \@firstofone construct is however the simplest of all.
 - 1.08 adds \Etoc@global prefix (2015/03/09).
- 1.08a drops the original constructions of \etocname etc... The obvious decision to convert \etocname, etc ... to be the robust versions of \etochhelinkedname, etc ... was delayed two years (from 1.07f 2013/03/07 to 1.08a 2015/03/13) for sentimental reason. But the original versions contained the hyperref destination only in unexpanded form, this forced to use \etochhelinkedname, etc... in cases when the thing had to be stored for delayed use. Now the user can do this directly with \etocname, \etocname

```
270 \def\Etoc@lxyz #1#2{%
271
       \Etoc@global\@namedef {etoclink }{\leavevmode}%
                                                               fall-back
272
       \Etoc@global\let\etocthelink
                                           \@empty %
                                                             fall-back
                                           {#1}% (if link, will be removed later)
273
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthename
274
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname {#1}% will probably get redefined
       \Etoc@getthepage #2\etoc@ % defines \etocthelinkedpage (and \etoclink)
275
276
       \Etoc@getnb #1\relax\relax\etoc@ % gets number *and* name, and \etoclink
277
       \ifEtoc@number\else
         \ifnum\Etoc@level=\m@ne
278
           \Etoc@getit #1\hspace\relax\etoc@
279
                                                % additional job for parts
         \fi
280
281
       \fi
282
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\let\csname etocname \endcsname\etocthelinkedname
283
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\let\csname etocnumber \endcsname\etocthelinkednumber
284
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\let\csname etocpage \endcsname\etocthelinkedpage
```

1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.

```
286 \def\Etoc@getthepage #1{%
     \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getthepage@nohyp
     \ifEtoc@hyperref\ifx #1\hyper@linkstart
288
289
       \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getthepage@hyp
     \fi\fi
290
     \Etoc@next #1%
291
292 }
293 \def\Etoc@getthepage@nohyp #1\etoc@ {%
294
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthepage
                                            {#1}%
295
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedpage {#1}%
296 }
1.07k corrects a bug here with an extra space before ##1 in \@namedef{etoclink } ##1. In
99.99% of use cases however, the macro gets redefined at a later stage, thus the bug did not show.
   1.07n replaces use of \toks@ by macro \Etoc@tmp. Thus, the user has the (not so recommended)
possibility to use \toks@ in the styles, even to store information whose scope extends beyond the
execution of each \contentsline.
   1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.
297 \def\Etoc@getthepage@hyp #1#2#3#4#5\etoc@ {%
     \Etoc@global\def\etocthepage {#4}%
     \left( \frac{43}{3} \right)
300
     \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedpage\expandafter
301
302
       {\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#4}}%
303 }
304 %
305 \def\Etoc@getnb #1{%
     \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@nohyp
306
     \ifEtoc@hyperref\ifx #1\hyper@linkstart
307
308
       \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@hyp
309
     \fi\fi
     \Etoc@next #1%
310
311 }
312 %
313 \def\Etoc@getit #1{%
     \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getit@nohyp
     \ifEtoc@hyperref\ifx #1\hyper@linkstart
315
316
       \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getit@hyp
     \fi\fi
317
     \Etoc@next #1%
318
319 }
1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.
320 \def\Etoc@getnb@nohyp #1#2#3\etoc@ {%
       \def\Etoc@getname ##1\relax\relax\etoc@ {%
322
         \Etoc@global\def\etocthename
323
         \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname {##1}%
324
        }%
325
     \ifx #1\numberline
       \verb|\Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber| \\
326
                                              {#2}%
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkednumber {#2}%
327
328
       \Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue
       \Etoc@getname #3\etoc@
329
     \else % then \etocthename and \etocthelinkedname already defined
330
```

\@empty

\Etoc@global\let\etocthenumber

\Etoc@global\Etoc@numberfalse

\Etoc@global\let\etocthelinkednumber \@empty

331

332

333

334

\fi

47. Implementation

```
335 }
1.07n replaces use of \toks@ by macro \Etoc@tmp. 1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.
336 \def\Etoc@getnb@hyp #1#2#3#4#5#6\etoc@ {%
            \def\Etoc@getname ##1\relax\relax\etoc@ {%
337
            \Etoc@global\def\etocthename {##1}%
338
339
            \edef\Etoc@tmp
                              {{#3}}%
340
            \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedname\expandafter
                                   {\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{##1}}%
341
            }%
342
            \def\Etoc@getnbr ##1##2##3\etoc@ {%
343
             \ifx ##1\numberline
344
                \Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber {##2}%
345
346
                \edef\Etoc@tmp
                                 {{#3}}%
347
               \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkednumber
348
                            \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{##2}}%
               \Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue
349
               \Etoc@getname ##3\etoc@
350
             \else
351
               \Etoc@global\let\etocthenumber
                                                       \@empty
352
353
               \Etoc@global\let\etocthelinkednumber \@empty
               \Etoc@global\Etoc@numberfalse
354
               \Etoc@global\def\etocthename {#4}%
355
               \edef\Etoc@tmp
                                 {{#3}}%
356
               \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedname
357
358
                            \expandafter {\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#4}}%
             \fi
359
            }%
360
     \Etoc@global\@namedef {etoclink }##1{\leavevmode #1{#2}{#3}{##1}#5}%
361
     \Etoc@global\edef\etocthelink ##1{\noexpand\hyperlink {#3}{##1}}%
362
     \Etoc@getnbr #4\relax\relax\etoc@
363
364 }
1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.
365 \def\Etoc@getit@nohyp #1\hspace#2#3\etoc@ {%
       \def\Etoc@getname ##1\hspace\relax\etoc@ {%
366
367
          \Etoc@global\def\etocthename
                                               {##1}%
368
          \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname {##1}%
       }%
369
     \ifx\relax#2\else
370
           \Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber
                                                  {#1}%
371
372
           \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkednumber {#1}%
373
           \Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue
374
           \Etoc@getname #3\etoc@
375
     \fi
376 }
1.07n replaces use of \toks@ by macro \Etoc@tmp. 1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.
377 \def\Etoc@getit@hyp #1#2#3#4#5#6\etoc@ {%
       \def\Etoc@getname ##1\hspace\relax\etoc@ {%
379
          \Etoc@global\def\etocthename {##1}%
380
          \edef\Etoc@tmp
                            {{#3}}%
381
          \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedname
                       \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{##1}}%
382
383
       \def\Etoc@getnbr ##1\hspace##2##3\etoc@ {%
384
          \ifx\relax##2\else
385
            \Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber {##1}%
386
            \edef\Etoc@tmp
387
                              {{#3}}%
```

```
388
            \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkednumber
389
                         \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{##1}}%
            \Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue
390
            \Etoc@getname ##3\etoc@
391
          \fi
392
       }%
393
     \Etoc@getnbr #4\hspace\relax\etoc@
394
395 }
1.08a of 2015/03/12 does the long-postponed thing to let \etocname etc.. be simply the robust
variant of \etocthelinkedname etc...
396 \let\etocthename
                       \@empty
397 \let\etocthenumber \@empty
398 \let\etocthepage
399 \let\etocthelinkedname
                              \@empty
400 \let\etocthelinkednumber \@empty
401 \let\etocthelinkedpage
                             \@empty
402 \let\etocthelink
                       \@empty
403 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocname}
404 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocnumber}{}
405 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocpage}
406 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etoclink}
407 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocifnumbered}
      {\ifEtoc@number\expandafter\@firstoftwo\else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi}
409 \expandafter\let\expandafter\etocxifnumbered\csname etocifnumbered \endcsname
1.08 defines \etociffirst
410 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etociffirst}
      {\ifEtoc@isfirst\expandafter\@firstoftwo\else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi}
412 \expandafter\let\expandafter\etocxiffirst\csname etociffirst \endcsname
1.07j modifies \Etoc@readtoc.
413 \def\Etoc@readtoc {%
414
    \ifeof \Etoc@tf
415
     \else
        \read \Etoc@tf to \Etoc@buffer
416
        \Etoc@toctoks=\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
417
418
          {\expandafter\the\expandafter\Etoc@toctoks\Etoc@buffer}%
        \expandafter\Etoc@readtoc
419
420
     \fi
421 }
1.07m moves the reading of the toc file At Begin Document. Needed for Babel activated characters.
422 \Etoc@toctoks {}% (superfluous, but for clarity)
423 \AtBeginDocument{\IfFileExists{\jobname.toc}
       {{\endlinechar=\m@ne
424
425
          \makeatletter
426
         \newread\Etoc@tf
         \openin\Etoc@tf\@filef@und
427
428
         \Etoc@readtoc
         \global\Etoc@toctoks=\expandafter{\the\Etoc@toctoks}%
429
430
         \closein\Etoc@tf}}
431
       {\typeout{No file \jobname.toc.}}}
1.07d: parskip and \@nobreakfalse stuff moved to \Etoc@tableofcontents
432 \def\Etoc@openouttoc{%
     \ifEtoc@hyperref
433
434
       \ifx\hyper@last\@undefined
       \IfFileExists{\jobname .toc}
435
```

```
436
         {\Hy@WarningNoLine
437
            {old toc file detected, not used; run LaTeX again (cheers from etoc)}%
438
          \global\Etoc@toctoks={}%
         }
439
440
         {}%
       \fi
441
     \fi
442
     \if@filesw
443
      \newwrite \tf@toc
444
445
      \immediate \openout \tf@toc \jobname .toc\relax
446
447
     \global\let\Etoc@openouttoc\empty
448 }
```

1.08 has a new way to handle \Etoc@standardtrue.

Also the expansion of \Etoc@levelist is moved to inside \Etoc@tableofcontents as set-up by \etocsettocstyle. This opens up the possibility for the user to open a group in the title (for example start a tabular) which would be closed (by the first &) sometime later. In combination with \etocglobaldefs it will be now much easier to typeset TOC as tables with etoc!

```
449 \def\Etoc@toctoc{%
450
      \global\Etoc@vfalse
451
      \global\Etoc@ivfalse
452
      \global\Etoc@iiifalse
453
      \global\Etoc@iifalse
454
      \global\Etoc@ifalse
455
      \global\Etoc@false
      \global\Etoc@jfalse
456
457
      \global\Etoc@jjfalse
458 \the\Etoc@toctoks
459 \ifEtoc@notactive\else
     \ifEtoc@v
                  \Etoc@end@five\fi
461
     \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four\fi
     \ifEtoc@iii \Etoc@end@three\fi
462
     \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two\fi
463
     \ifEtoc@i
                  \Etoc@end@one\fi
464
                  \Etoc@end@zero\fi
465
     \ifEtoc@
     \ifEtoc@j
                  \Etoc@end@minusone\fi
466
467
     \ifEtoc@ii
                 \Etoc@end@minustwo\fi
468 \fi}
```

Slightly better coded in 1.08b. Had some bad experiences with TeX conditionals back in 2011/2012 when I started LaTeX programming, and the code was a remnant of extra cautious attitude. Also, now \etoc@@startlocaltoc is expandable if it does nothing.

2015/04/16: 1.08e removes a \ifEtoc@notactive test as \ifnum can be positive only once anyhow; although the \ifEtoc@notactive boolean could be faster than an \ifnum, it adds to it as long as the local toc id is not yet found.

I replace (1.08e) the \Etoc@global's for \Etoc@localtop by \global's.

```
469 \def\etoc@@startlocaltoc#1#2{%
470
       \ifEtoc@localtoc
471
           \ifnum #1=#2\relax
472
             \ifEtoc@jj
                          \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@minusone@@ \fi
                          \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@zero@@
473
             \ifEtoc@j
                          \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@one@@
                                                                    \fi
             \ifEtoc@
474
             \ifEtoc@i
                          \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@two@@
475
                                                                    \fi
             \ifEtoc@ii
                          \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@three@@
476
                                                                   \fi
477
             \ifEtoc@iii \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@four@@
                                                                   \fi
478
             \ifEtoc@iv \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@five@@
```

```
479
                           \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@six@@
                                                                      \fi
480
              \global\Etoc@notactivefalse
481
              \global\Etoc@vfalse
              \global\Etoc@ivfalse
482
              \global\Etoc@iiifalse
483
              \global\Etoc@iifalse
484
              \global\Etoc@ifalse
485
              \global\Etoc@false
486
              \global\Etoc@jfalse
487
488
              \global\Etoc@jjfalse
489
            \fi
       \fi
490
491 }
492 \let\etoc@startlocaltoc\@gobble
```

2015/03/16: 1.08e tests if a local table of contents turns out empty. The \Etoc@localtop here does not have the same meaning as when set-up by the regular \etoc@@startlocaltoc. It is off by 1 (in general).

After some hesitation I opted for making and obeying the test always (*) for local tables of contents, and do it also for global tables of contents but for the latter the user must issue \etocnotocifnotoc for the emptiness test to be obeyed. The emptiness tests are to be trusted only when the compilations have stabilized.

(*) finally the user must issue \etocchecksemptiness once.

\Etoc@tocid is the number of the toc (possibly gotten via a \ref following a \tableofcontents), or it is \z@ if the emptiness test is from a global toc. Until the compilations stabilize, some local TOCs can get printed at wrong locations naturally and emptiness tests can not be trusted either. Releases earlier than 1.08e authorized \tableofcontents\ref{foo} with foo the label of a global toc. But as it was impossible (without much complications) to discriminate, until auxiliary files have stabilized, between a \ref to a local toc whose id is not yet in the .toc file and a \ref to a global toc whose id will in the end definitely not be in the .toc file, I decided that this silly possibility should not be supported anymore. This allowed to remove a few tokens from \Etoc@tableofcontents as well. And it also allowed improvements to \Etoc@localtableofcontents.

```
493 \def\Etoc@setemptytocbool {%
       \global\Etoc@stoptocfalse
495
       \global\Etoc@emptytoctrue
496
       \global\let\Etoc@level\Etoc@minf
497
       \begingroup
         \def\etoc@startlocaltoc##1{%
498
             \ifnum##1=\Etoc@tocid\relax
499
                  \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@level
500
501
                  \global\Etoc@notactivefalse
             \fi }%
502
         \let\contentsline\Etoc@testingcontentsline
503
504
         \Etoc@storetocdepth
         \the\Etoc@toctoks
505
506
         \Etoc@resettocdepth
507
       \endgroup
508 }
509 \DeclareRobustCommand*\etocifwasempty
     {\ifEtoc@emptytoc\expandafter\@firstoftwo\else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi }
511 \expandafter
512 \let\expandafter\etocxifwasempty\csname etocifwasempty \endcsname
513 \def\Etoc@testingcontentsline #1{%
514
     \ifEtoc@stoptoc
515
    \else
```

```
\ifnum\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname=\Etoc@@six@@
516
517
      518
519
      \ifEtoc@notactive
520
      \else
      \ifnum\Etoc@level>\c@tocdepth
521
      \else
522
       \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue
523
       \ifnum\Etoc@level>\Etoc@localtop\global\Etoc@emptytocfalse\fi
524
525
      \fi\fi
526
    \fi\fi
527
    \Etoc@gobblesixorfive\relax\relax\relax
```

1.07g suppresses the printing of --unknown etoc ref: run latex again-- as sometimes one uses \localtableofcontents to prepare something else, and one does not want any text output even in intermediate runs.

Also 1.07g adds $\ensuremath{\text{\text{tocaftertochook}}}$ to help with $\ensuremath{\text{\text{invisiblelocaltableofcontents}}}$ (and then I did $\ensuremath{\text{\text{text}}}$ tocsetnexttocdepth). 1.07h makes the hook used by $\ensuremath{\text{\text{etocsetnexttocdepth}}}$ private.

2015/03/14: 1.08b suppresses a space token from an unprotected end of line at the end after the replacement text of \etoc@startlocaltoc (bug dating back to 1.03 2012/11/23). I didn't see it due to the originally badly formatted source of \Etoc@next.

2015/03/16: 1.08e lets \localtableofcontents do a first scan of the .toc file (as stored in \Etoc@toctoks) to determine if the table of contents will in fact end up empty. In that case, nothing is typeset. The command \etocaftertochook is still executed though. Other ways were envisioned (like delimited macros) to determine this potential emptiness, but in the end I opted for execution of the .toc file with suitable definitions for \contentsline and \etoc@startlocaltoc. Notice though that if emptiness would result from empty line styles, this can not be detected. Emptiness means "no executed \contentsline".

For this detection of emptiness, assignments (here and in \Etoc@testingcontentsline) are made globally, I think this is the best (just in case some portions of the .toc file turn out to be inside some groups — perhaps for some silly color assignments, etc... — whose boundaries do not necessarily respect unit levels).

The flag \Etoc@tocwithid discriminates between a \localtableofcontents and a \table-ofcontents \ref{foo}; the latter could so far possibly refer to a local or also to a global table of contents but release 1.08e has deprecated the latter use as it complicated the code, for something truly silly. Thus \ref{foo} must now be with foo a label of a local TOC.

In the case of a \refed-to toc whose label was just added hence is not yet in the .aux file, \Etoc@tocid is 0. etoc used to issue a warning to run latex again and did no printing at all. Release 1.08e in such cases prints the heading (this may gain one compilation step). Emptiness test is not executed as it would necessarily turn out positive and can not be trusted anyhow. The TOC is declared non empty, which it probably is...

Emptiness detection for local tables of contents (either from a \localtableofcontents or from a \tableofcontents\ref{localtoc}) can be trusted only when the .toc file has stabilized. The emptiness status of a local TOC whose Id is not yet in the .toc is by necessity undecided yet (and not to be trusted really as the numbering may have changed; only when compilation runs settle is the emptiness status to be trusted). The code declares the TOC non empty, as it will be in 95% of use cases.

Dropping support for \tableofcontents \ref{globaltoc} means here that when a TOC id is not found in the .toc file we can assume it definitely has to be a local TOC needing more compilations. The emptiness status is undecided, the code declares the TOC non empty.

```
529 \def\Etoc@localtableofcontents#1{%
530 \edef\Etoc@tocid{#1}%
```

```
531
       \global\Etoc@emptytocfalse
532
       \ifnum\Etoc@tocid<\@ne
         \PackageWarning{etoc}{Unknown toc reference \@secondoftwo#1. Run LaTeX again}%
533
         % versions < 1.08e did not do any printing, 1.08e prints the toc head-
534
   ing.
         \global\Etoc@notactivetrue
535
         \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue % do only heading
536
         \Etoc@localtoctrue % needed for stoptoc obedience
537
538
         \Etoc@tableofcontents
539
         \expandafter\Etoc@gobbletoetoc@ % skip all the rest
540
541
       \global\Etoc@notactivetrue
542
       \ifEtoc@checksemptiness \Etoc@setemptytocbool \fi
543
       \ifEtoc@emptytoc
          \ifEtoc@notactive
544
            \PackageWarning{etoc}{Unknown toc ID \number\Etoc@tocid. Run LaTeX again}%
545
            % emptiness undecided. Declare it non empty.
546
547
            \global\Etoc@emptytocfalse
            \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue % do only heading
548
549
            \Etoc@localtoctrue
550
            \Etoc@tableofcontents
            \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\Etoc@gobbletoetoc@
551
552
553
          %% \PackageWarning{etoc}{This toc is apparently empty}%
554
          \fi
       \else
555
          \Etoc@localtoctrue
556
          \global\Etoc@stoptocfalse
557
558
          \global\Etoc@notactivetrue
559
          \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@@minustwo@@
560
          \edef\etoc@startlocaltoc##1{\noexpand\etoc@@startlocaltoc{##1}{\Etoc@tocid}}%
          \Etoc@tableofcontents
561
562
       \fi
563
       \@gobble\etoc@
564
       \endgroup\ifEtoc@mustclosegroup\endgroup\fi
565
       \Etoc@aftertochook % 1.07h
566
       \etocaftertochook % 1.07g
567 }
2013/03/07: I discover a \@namedef trick to construct the \Etoc@again space delimited macro:
 \@namedef {Etoc@again} {...stuff...}
Original version was (copied from analogous stuff in source2e):
 {\left(\frac{1}{\text{c@again}}\right)} 
and in the end (now that I think about it) I simply use \@firstofone.
568 \def\Etoc@getrefno #1#2\etoc@ {#1}
569 \def\Etoc@getref #1{\@ifundefined{r@#1}{0}{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
              \Etoc@getrefno\csname r@#1\endcsname\relax\etoc@}}
571 \def\Etoc@ref#1{\Etoc@localtableofcontents{\Etoc@getref{#1}}}
572 \def\Etoc@label#1{\label{#1}\futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}
573 \@firstofone{\def\Etoc@again} {\futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}
1.08e adds test for emptiness. And uses another coding style for conditional branching. Easier to
read. Not tested for efficiency.
   Also, \ref{foo} expects foo to be a label to a local TOC. Earlier versions accepted a reference
to a global TOC, I have removed the support from \Etoc@tableofcontents.
   The syntax \localtableofcontents\ref{foo} is now accepted.
```

574 \def\Etoc@dothis #1#2\etoc@ {\fi #1}

```
575 \def\Etoc@t@bleofcontents{%
       \ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\label
          \Etoc@dothis{\expandafter\Etoc@label\@gobble}%
577
578
       \fi
       \ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\@sptoken
579
          \Etoc@dothis{\Etoc@again}%
580
       \fi
581
582
       \ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\ref
583
          \Etoc@dothis{\Etoc@tocwithidfalse\expandafter\Etoc@ref\@gobble}%
584
       \ifEtoc@tocwithid
585
586
          \Etoc@dothis{\Etoc@localtableofcontents{\c@etoc@tocid}}%
587
       \global\Etoc@notactivefalse
588
       \global\Etoc@emptytocfalse
589
       \ifEtoc@checksemptiness
590
           \let\Etoc@tocid\z@
591
           \global\let\Etoc@localtop\Etoc@minf
592
593
           \Etoc@setemptytocbool
594
       \fi
       \ifEtoc@emptytoc
595
         \ifEtoc@notocifnotoc\else
596
597
           \Etoc@localtocfalse
598
           \Etoc@tableofcontents
599
         \fi
600
       \else
           \Etoc@localtocfalse
601
           \Etoc@tableofcontents
602
603
       \endgroup\ifEtoc@mustclosegroup\endgroup\fi
604
       \Etoc@aftertochook % 1.07h
605
606
       \etocaftertochook % 1.07g
607
       \@gobble\etoc@
608
```

- 1.07g for consistency Etoc@ prefix added.
- 1.08c does not use \arabic in the \addtocontents since I have seen that in some circumstances (for some right to left languages with polyglossia or babel), one can not rely on \arabic having its default definition. As the number written here will be used later in an \ifnum, I should not have used it in the first place (done 2015/03/30).

```
609 \def\Etoc@table@fcontents{%
610 \refstepcounter{etoc@tocid}%
611 \Etoc@tocwithidfalse
612 \futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}
613 \def\Etoc@localtable@fcontents{%
614 \refstepcounter{etoc@tocid}%
615 \addtocontents{toc}{\string\etoc@startlocaltoc{\the\c@etoc@tocid}}%
616 \Etoc@tocwithidtrue
617 \futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}

1 07g defines \etoctableofcontents to be able to undo the evil and brutal doings of some page
```

- 1.07g defines \etoctableofcontents to be able to undo the evil and brutal doings of some packages with \tableofcontents.
 - 1.08 patches tableof's influence. Version 1.4a or later of tableof is needed.

```
618 \let\etocaftertitlehook \@empty
619 \let\etocaftercontentshook \@empty
620 \def\etoctableofcontents{%
621 \Etoc@openouttoc
622 \begingroup % closed in \Etoc@t@bleofcontents or \Etoc@localtableofcontents
```

No need for the tableof extra group level, even it is better to get rid of it. I don't globally cancel \tof@begingroup and \tof@endgroup to leave open for the user the (dubious) possibility of using directly \tableof, \tablenotof (rather than only the reasonable thing which is \nexttocwithtags{}{}).

```
623
         \let\tof@begingroup\@empty
624
         \let\tof@endgroup \@empty
625
         \def\etoc@startlocaltoc##1{\etoc@@startlocaltoc{##1}{\c@etoc@tocid}}%
626
         \@ifstar
627
         {\def\Etoc@aftertitlehook{}\Etoc@table@fcontents}
628
         {\let\Etoc@aftertitlehook\etocaftertitlehook\Etoc@table@fcontents}}
629 \let\tableofcontents\etoctableofcontents
630 \newcommand*\localtableofcontents{%
      \Etoc@openouttoc
631
      \begingroup % closed in \Etoc@t@bleofcontents or \Etoc@localtableofcontents
632
633
         \let\tof@begingroup\@empty
634
         \let\tof@endgroup \@empty
         \@ifstar
635
636
         {\def\Etoc@aftertitlehook{}\Etoc@localtable@fcontents}
637
         {\let\Etoc@aftertitlehook\etocaftertitlehook\Etoc@localtable@fcontents}}
```

1.08 moves earlier the definitions of \Etoc@savedcontentsline as well as \Etoc@levellist. It will thus not be operative to do \etocsetlevel from inside the title now. But perhaps it will be easier to deal with tables.

Also I remove a big \@firstofone, and use rather \Etoc@gobbletoetoc@ for the gobbling case. Also, 1.08 modifies the code to do only expandable things after \Etoc@toctoc, in order to allow opening of an alignment in the first argument and closing in the second. Earlier versions had an \Etoc@enext initially set to relax after the first \Etoc@toctoc. I was in 2012/2013 quite uneasy with the TeX conditionals hence wanted for safety to move the things for the second invocation of \Etoc@toctoc after the \fi\fi\fi. I could define an \afterfififi macro, but it should be ok as it is done here.

- 1.08e moved the \Etoc@par to \Etoc@tableofcontents. This was needed for the implementation of the emptiness test. It might have some impact in fringe cases as the \refstepcounter is now done before the \par is issued.
- 1.08e suppresses the possibility to do a \tableofcontents\ref{foo} with foo the label of a global TOC: issueing \tableofcontents alone suffices. Allowed to simplify some code.
 - 1.08g moves \Etoc@par to before \etocbeforetitlehook, not after.

```
638 \long\def\Etoc@gobbletoetoc@ #1\etoc@ {}
639 \newcommand\etocsettocstyle[2]{%
640 \def\Etoc@tableofcontents
641 {%
       \ifnum\c@tocdepth>\Etoc@minf
642
       \else\expandafter
643
644
        \Etoc@gobbletoetoc@
645
       \fi
       \Etoc@par
646
       \etocbeforetitlehook % 1.07m
647
       \Etoc@storetocdepth % 1.07g
648
649
       \let\Etoc@savedcontentsline\contentsline % moved up here 1.08
       \let\contentsline\Etoc@etoccontentsline
650
651
       \ifEtoc@standard
       \else % moved here from \Etoc@toctoc (1.08)
652
           \def\Etoc@levellist@elt###1{\let###1\Etoc@lxyz}%
653
           \Etoc@levellist
654
           \let\booknumberline\numberline
655
656
           \let\partnumberline\numberline
           \let\chapternumberline\numberline
657
```

47. Implementation

```
658
              \fi
659
              #1%
              \ifEtoc@parskip\parskip\z@skip\fi %1.07d
660
661
              \Etoc@aftertitlehook
              \Etoc@toctoc
662
              \etocaftercontentshook
663
              #2\@nobreakfalse % 1.07d: \@nobreakfalse moved here
664
665
              \Etoc@resettocdepth % 1.07g. moved here from before #2 by 1.08
 1.08: necessary if tableof 1.4a has been used in global mode and thus was forced to mod-
 ify globally \contentsline. The collateral effect is that etoc is now forced to reset globally
 \contentsline.
666
              \ifx\Etoc@global\global\ifx\tof@finish\@empty\else
667
                      \global\let\contentsline\Etoc@savedcontentsline
668
              \fi\fi
669
              \@gobble\etoc@
670 }% end of \Etoc@tableofcontents definition by \etocsettocstyle
 1.08 hacks the begin parts to update therein the \ifEtoc@isfirst flag (2015/03/09).
     1.08c removes unneeded \long from the \def's inside \etoc@setstyle (2015/03/29).
672 \def\etocsetstyle{\Etoc@standardfalse\etoc@setstyle}
673 \log\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath
674
                \expandafter\def
675
                \csname Etoc@begin@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname
676
                                                {#2\Etoc@global\Etoc@isfirsttrue}%
677
                \expandafter\def
                \csname Etoc@prefix@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname
678
                                                                                                                                      {#3}%
679
                \expandafter\def
                \csname Etoc@contents@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname {#4}%
680
681
                \expandafter\def
                \csname Etoc@end@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname
682
                                                                                                                                      {#5}%
683 }
 placeholder for comments
684 \def\etocfontminustwo {\normalfont \LARGE \bfseries}
685 \def\etocfontminusone {\normalfont \large \bfseries}
686 \def\etocfontzero
                                                  {\normalfont \large \bfseries}
687 \def\etocfontone
                                                  {\normalfont \normalsize \bfseries}
688 \def\etocfonttwo
                                                  {\normalfont \normalsize}
689 \def\etocfontthree
                                                 {\normalfont \footnotesize}
 placeholder for comments
690 \def\etocsepminustwo {4ex \@plus .5ex \@minus .5ex}
691 \def\etocsepminusone {4ex \@plus .5ex \@minus .5ex}
692 \def\etocsepzero
                                                 {2.5ex \@plus .4ex \@minus .4ex}
693 \def\etocsepone
                                                 {1.5ex \@plus .3ex \@minus .3ex}
694 \def\etocseptwo
                                                 {.5ex \@plus .1ex \@minus .1ex}
                                                 {.25ex \@plus .05ex \@minus .05ex}
695 \def\etocsepthree
 placeholder for comments
696 \def\etocbaselinespreadminustwo {1}
697 \def\etocbaselinespreadminusone {1}
698 \def\etocbaselinespreadzero
                                                                      {1}
699 \def\etocbaselinespreadone
                                                                      {1}
700 \def\etocbaselinespreadtwo
                                                                      {1}
701 \def\etocbaselinespreadthree
                                                                      {.9}
 placeholder for comments
```

Versions earlier than 1.08b (and since v1.05 2012/12/01) defined \etocpartname (for use by etoc's own line styles) to expand to \partname. But this didn't make sense in the context for example of babel and frenchb, because \frenchpartname does things depending on the current value of the counter part. The code in recent frenchb (but not yet v2.5a when \etocpartname was introduced) constructs control sequences \ordinali, etc... If the part counter is zero, this gives \ordinal. Usually this is not defined, hence no error happens (as it is constructed via \csname), but under class memoir the bug showed up. All this to explain that I found out about this long lasting problem only on 2015/03/14. Probably a sign that etoc's own line styles are rarely used...

```
709 \def\etocpartname {Part}% modified 1.08b
710 \def\etocbookname {Book}
```

placeholder for comments The macro \etocdefaultlines was initially called \etoctoclines. Now \etoctoclines just does \Etoc@standardfalse. Version 1.07e has rewritten entirely the stuff related to penalties and \addvspace, as this was not satisfactory in the earlier versions, which were written at a early stage in the development of the package. Actually I am not fully satisfied with these line styles.

```
711 \def\etocdefaultlines{\Etoc@standardfalse %
712 %% 'book':
713 \etoc@setstyle{@minustwo}
    {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
     {\addpenalty\@secpenalty}
715
     {\begingroup
716
      \etocfontminustwo
717
      \addvspace{\etocsepminustwo}%
718
      \parindent \z@
719
720
      \leftskip \etocminustwoleftmargin
721
      \rightskip \etocminustworightmargin
722
      \parfillskip \@flushglue
723
      \vbox{\etocifnumbered{\etocbookname\enspace\etocnumber:\quad}{}\etocname
724
           \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadminustwo\baselineskip
725
      \addpenalty\@M\addvspace{\etocsepminusone}%
726
727
      \endgroup}
    {}%
728
729 %% 'part':
730 \etoc@setstyle{@minusone}
     {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
731
     {\addpenalty\@secpenalty}
732
733
     {\begingroup
      \etocfontminusone
734
      \addvspace{\etocsepminusone}%
735
736
      \parindent \z@
737
      \leftskip \etocminusoneleftmargin
      \rightskip \etocminusonerightmargin
738
      \parfillskip \@flushglue
739
      \vbox{\etocifnumbered{\etocpartname\enspace\etocnumber.\quad}{}\etocname
740
            \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadminusone\baselineskip
741
742
            \par}%
      \addpenalty\@M\addvspace{\etocsepzero}%
743
```

```
744
      \endgroup}
745
    {}%
746 %% 'chapter':
747 \etoc@setstyle{@zero}
748 {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
     {\addpenalty\@itempenalty}
749
750
     {\begingroup
751
      \etocfontzero
752
      \addvspace{\etocsepzero}%
753
      \parindent \z@ \parfillskip \@flushglue
754
      \vbox{\etocifnumbered{\etocnumber.\enspace}{}\etocname
755
            \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadzero\baselineskip
756
            \par}%
      \endgroup}
757
    {\addpenalty{-\@highpenalty}\addvspace{\etocsepminusone}}%
758
759 %% 'section':
760 \etoc@setstyle{@one}
     {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
761
762
     {\addpenalty\@itempenalty}
763
     {\begingroup
764
      \etocfontone
765
      \addvspace{\etocsepone}%
766
      \parindent \z@ \parfillskip \z@
767
      \setbox\z@\vbox{\parfillskip\@flushglue
768
                       \etocname\par
769
                       \setbox\tw@\lastbox
770
                       \global\setbox\@ne\hbox{\unhbox\tw@\ }}%
771
      \dim z@= \wd @ne
772
      \setbox\z@=\etoctoclineleaders
773
      \advance\dimen\z@\wd\z@
774
      \etocifnumbered
775
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocnumber, \etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}
776
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}%
777
      \advance\dimen\z@\wd\tw@
778
      \ifdim\dimen\z@ < \linewidth
779
          \vbox{\etocname~%
780
                 \leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
781
                 \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadone\baselineskip
                \par}% 1.08b adds the % here
782
      \else
783
784
          \vbox{\etocname~%
                 \leaders\copy\z@\hfil\break
785
                 \hbox{}\leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
786
787
                 \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadone\baselineskip
788
                 \par}%
789
      \fi
790
      \endgroup}
     {\addpenalty\@secpenalty\addvspace{\etocsepzero}}%
791
792 %% 'subsection':
793 \etoc@setstyle{@two}
794
    {\addpenalty\@medpenalty\etocskipfirstprefix}
795
     {\addpenalty\@itempenalty}
796
     {\begingroup
797
      \etocfonttwo
798
      \addvspace{\etocseptwo}%
799
      \parindent \z@ \parfillskip \z@
      \verb|\setbox|z@\vbox{\parfillskip}@flushglue| \\
800
```

```
801
                       \etocname\par\setbox\tw@\lastbox
802
                       \global\setbox\@ne\hbox{\unhbox\tw@}}%
803
      \dim z@= \wd @ne
      \setbox\z@=\etoctoclineleaders
804
      \advance\dimen\z@\wd\z@
805
      \etocifnumbered
806
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocnumber, \etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}
807
808
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}%
809
      \advance\dimen\z@\wd\tw@
810
      \ifdim\dimen\z@ < \linewidth
811
          \vbox{\etocname~%
812
                 \leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
813
                 \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadtwo\baselineskip
814
815
      \else
          \vbox{\etocname~%
816
                 \leaders\copy\z@\hfil\break
817
                 \hbox{}\leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
818
819
                 \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadtwo\baselineskip
820
                 \par}%
821
      \fi
      \endgroup}
822
     {\addpenalty\@secpenalty\addvspace{\etocsepone}}%
823
824 %% 'subsubsection':
825 \etoc@setstyle{@three}
826
     {\addpenalty\@M
827
      \etocfontthree
      \vspace{\etocsepthree}%
828
829
      \noindent
830
      \etocskipfirstprefix}
831
     {\allowbreak\,--\,}
     {\etocname}
832
833
     {.\hfil
834
       \begingroup
        \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadthree\baselineskip
835
836
        \par
837
       \endgroup
      \addpenalty{-\@highpenalty}}%
838
placeholder for comments
839 \etoc@setstyle{@four}{}{}{}{}%
840 \etoc@setstyle{@five}{}{}{}{}%
841 } % end of \etocdefaultlines!
The \etocinnertopsep default value is too big as well as \etocbelowtocskip and \etocabovetocskip,
I guess, but if I am remember correctly I chose them to mimick the standard TOC spacings in
article class.
842 \def\etocabovetocskip{3.5ex \@plus 1ex \@minus .2ex}
843 \def\etocbelowtocskip{3.5ex \@plus 1ex \@minus .2ex}
844 \def\etoccolumnsep{2em}
845 \def\etocmulticolsep{0ex}
846 \def\etocmulticolpretolerance{-1}
847 \def\etocmulticoltolerance{200}
848 \def\etocdefaultnbcol{2}
849 \def\etocinnertopsep{2ex}
```

1.07i adds a \nobreak before the \etocinnertopsep and a test of vertical mode to see if truly adding a \par is a reasonable idea, in the case of single-column mode.

```
1.08b revisits this old code written perhaps at a time I didn't know about \expandafter!
850 \newcommand\etocmulticolstyle[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
851 \etocsettocstyle
852
      {\let\etocoldpar\par
853
       \addvspace{\etocabovetocskip}%
854
       855
             \expandafter\@firstoftwo
856
       \else \expandafter\@secondoftwo
857
858
       {\multicolpretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
       \multicoltolerance\etocmulticoltolerance
859
860
       \setlength{\columnsep}{\etoccolumnsep}%
861
       \setlength{\multicolsep}{\etocmulticolsep}%
862
       \begin{multicols}{#1}[#2\etocoldpar\addvspace{\etocinnertopsep}]}
863
       {#2\ifvmode\else\begingroup\interlinepenalty\@M\parskip\z@skip
864
                        \@@par\endgroup
          \fi
865
          \nobreak\addvspace{\etocinnertopsep}%
866
          \pretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
867
868
          \tolerance\etocmulticoltolerance}%
869
870
      { \liminf #1 > \ @ne }
871
             \expandafter\@firstofone
872
       \else \expandafter\@gobble
873
       \fi
       {\end{multicols}}%
874
875
       \addvspace{\etocbelowtocskip}}%
876 }
placeholder for comments
877 \def\etocinnerbottomsep{3.5ex}
878 \def\etocinnerleftsep{2em}
879 \def\etocinnerrightsep{2em}
880 \def\end{area} \def\end{area}
881 \def\etocleftrule{\vrule}
882 \def\etocrightrule{\vrule}
883 \def\etocbottomrule{\hrule}
884 \def\etoctoprulecolorcmd{\relax}
885 \def\etocbottomrulecolorcmd{\relax}
886 \def\etocleftrulecolorcmd{\relax}
887 \def\etocrightrulecolorcmd{\relax}
1.07i moves the \nobreak to before the \vskip\etocinnertopsep (especially important for the
single column case).
888 \def\etoc@ruledheading #1{%
      \hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup
889
890
             \hss #1\hss\hskip-\linewidth
             \etoctoprulecolorcmd\leaders\etoctoprule\hss
891
892
             \phantom{#1}%
893
             \leaders\etoctoprule\hss\color@endgroup}%
894
             \nointerlineskip\nobreak\vskip\etocinnertopsep}
895 \newcommand*\etocruledstyle[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
896 \etocsettocstyle
      {\addvspace{\etocabovetocskip}%
897
       \ifnum #1>\@ne\expandafter\@firstoftwo
898
899
            \else \expandafter\@secondoftwo
900
       \fi
          {\multicolpretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
901
```

```
902
                                   \multicoltolerance\etocmulticoltolerance
903
                                   \setlength{\columnsep}{\etoccolumnsep}%
                                   \setlength{\multicolsep}{\etocmulticolsep}%
904
                                   \begin{multicols}{#1}[\etoc@ruledheading{#2}]}
905
                               {\etoc@ruledheading{#2}%
906
                                     \pretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
907
                                     \tolerance\etocmulticoltolerance}}
908
909
                   {\ifnum #1>\@ne\expandafter\@firstofone
910
                                     \else \expandafter\@gobble
911
                     \fi
912
                      {\end{multicols}}%
913
                     \addvspace{\etocbelowtocskip}}}
 1.07k defines \Etoc@relax and \etocbkgcolorcmd as \long: the user manual says to use
  \renewcommand\etocbkgcolorcmd, and an \ifx test is used in the framed style. It was thus a bug
 to have non-long definitions before. Or I could have said in the user manual to use \renewcommand*,
 or in \etocframedstyle I should test for the two, or I should pause to try to remember about this
  code and think about it.
914 \def\etocframedmphook{\relax}
915 \long\def\etocbkgcolorcmd{\relax}
916 \long\def\Etoc@relax{\relax}
 placeholder for comments
917 \newbox\etoc@framed@titlebox
918 \newbox\etoc@framed@contentsbox
919 \newcommand*\etocframedstyle[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
920 \etocsettocstyle{%
921
                      \addvspace{\etocabovetocskip}%
922
                      \sbox\z@{#2}%
923
                      \dimen\z@\dp\z@
                                   \left(\frac{y}{z}\right) = \left(\frac{y}{z}\right) + \left(\frac{y}{z}\right) = \left(\frac{y}{z}\right) + 
924
                      \setbox\etoc@framed@titlebox=\hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup
925
926
                                   \ifx\etocbkgcolorcmd\Etoc@relax\else
927
928
                                               \sbox\tw@{\color{white}%
929
                                               \vrule\@width\wd\z@\@height\ht\z@\@depth\dimen\z@}%
930
                                               \ifdim\wd\z@<\linewidth \dp\tw@\z@\fi
931
                                               \box\tw@
932
                                               \hskip-\wd\z@
                                   \fi
933
                                   \copy\z@
934
935
                                   \hss
                                   \hskip-\linewidth
936
                                   \etoctoprulecolorcmd\leaders\etoctoprule\hss%
937
938
                                   \hskip\wd\z@
                                   \etoctoprulecolorcmd\leaders\etoctoprule\hss\color@endgroup}%
939
                     \setbox\z@\hbox{\etocleftrule\etocrightrule}%
940
                     \dimen\tw@\linewidth\advance\dimen\tw@-\wd\z@
941
                                   \advance\dimen\tw@-\etocinnerleftsep
942
943
                                   \advance\dimen\tw@-\etocinnerrightsep
944
                     \setbox\etoc@framed@contentsbox=\vbox\bgroup
945
                                   \hsize\dimen\tw@
                                   \kern\dimen\z@
946
                                   \vskip\etocinnertopsep
947
                                   \hbox\bgroup
948
                                   \begin{minipage}{\hsize}%
949
```

\etocframedmphook

\ifnum #1>\@ne\expandafter\@firstoftwo

950

951

```
952
        \else \expandafter\@secondoftwo
953
            {\multicolpretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
954
            \multicoltolerance\etocmulticoltolerance
955
            \setlength{\columnsep}{\etoccolumnsep}%
956
            \setlength{\multicolsep}{\etocmulticolsep}%
957
            \begin{multicols}{#1}}
958
959
            {\pretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
960
             \tolerance\etocmulticoltolerance}}
961
        {\ifnum #1>\@ne\expandafter\@firstofone
962
             \else \expandafter\@gobble
963
         \fi
964
          {\end{multicols}\unskip }%
965
        \end{minipage}%
966
        \egroup
        \vskip\etocinnerbottomsep
967
968
        \egroup
        \vbox{\hsize\linewidth
969
970
            \ifx\etocbkgcolorcmd\Etoc@relax\else
971
                \kern\ht\etoc@framed@titlebox
                \kern\dp\etoc@framed@titlebox
972
                \hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup
973
974
                \etocleftrulecolorcmd\etocleftrule
975
                \etocbkgcolorcmd
976
                \leaders\vrule
                        \@height\ht\etoc@framed@contentsbox
977
                        \@depth\dp\etoc@framed@contentsbox
978
                \hss
979
                \etocrightrulecolorcmd\etocrightrule
980
                \color@endgroup}\nointerlineskip
981
                \vskip-\dp\etoc@framed@contentsbox
982
                \vskip-\ht\etoc@framed@contentsbox
983
984
                \vskip-\dp\etoc@framed@titlebox
985
                \vskip-\ht\etoc@framed@titlebox
            \fi
986
        \box\etoc@framed@titlebox\nointerlineskip
987
988
        \hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup
989
        {\etocleftrulecolorcmd\etocleftrule}%
        \hss\box\etoc@framed@contentsbox\hss
990
991
        \etocrightrulecolorcmd\etocrightrule\color@endgroup}
992
        \nointerlineskip
        \vskip\ht\etoc@framed@contentsbox
993
        \vskip\dp\etoc@framed@contentsbox
994
995
        \hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup\etocbottomrulecolorcmd
996
              \leaders\etocbottomrule\hss\color@endgroup}}
        \addvspace{\etocbelowtocskip}}}
997
 placeholder for comments
998 \newcommand\etoc@multicoltoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
999
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
1000
        \tableofcontents}
1001 \newcommand\etoc@multicoltoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
1002
        \tableofcontents*}
1003
1004 \newcommand\etoc@local@multicoltoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
1005
1006
        \localtableofcontents}
1007 \newcommand\etoc@local@multicoltoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
```

```
1008
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
1009
        \localtableofcontents*}
 placeholder for comments
1010 \newcommand*\etoc@ruledtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1011
        \tableofcontents}
1012
1013 \newcommand*\etoc@ruledtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1014
1015
        \tableofcontents*}
1016 \newcommand*\etoc@local@ruledtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1017
        \localtableofcontents}
1019 \newcommand*\etoc@local@ruledtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1020
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1021
        \localtableofcontents*}
 placeholder for comments
1022 \newcommand*\etoc@framedtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
1023
        \tableofcontents}
1024
1025 \newcommand*\etoc@framedtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
1026
        \tableofcontents*}
1028 \newcommand*\etoc@local@framedtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
1030
        \localtableofcontents}
1031 \newcommand*\etoc@local@framedtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1032
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
1033
        \localtableofcontents*}
 placeholder for comments
1034 \def\etocmulticol{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1035
1036
        \@ifstar
1037
        {\etoc@multicoltoci}
1038
        {\etoc@multicoltoc}}
1039 \def\etocruled{\begingroup
1040
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1041
        \@ifstar
1042
        {\etoc@ruledtoci}
1043
        {\etoc@ruledtoc}}
1044 \def\etocframed{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1045
        \@ifstar
1046
        {\etoc@framedtoci}
1047
        {\etoc@framedtoc}}
1048
1049 \def\etoclocalmulticol{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1050
1051
        \@ifstar
1052
        {\etoc@local@multicoltoci}
1053
        {\etoc@local@multicoltoc}}
1054 \def\etoclocalruled{\begingroup
1055
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
        \@ifstar
1056
        {\etoc@local@ruledtoci}
1057
        {\etoc@local@ruledtoc}}
1058
1059 \def\etoclocalframed{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1060
```

47. Implementation

```
1061
        \@ifstar
1062
        {\etoc@local@framedtoci}
        {\etoc@local@framedtoc}}
1063
 placeholder for comments
1064 \def\etocarticlestyle{%
        \etocsettocstyle
1066
        {\section *{\contentsname
1067
                     \@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}
1068
                              {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}}}
1069
        {}}
1070 \def\etocarticlestylenomarks{%
        \etocsettocstyle
1071
        {\section *{\contentsname}}
1072
1073
 placeholder for comments
1074 \def\etocbookstyle{%
        \etocsettocstyle
1075
        {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
1076
1077
         \chapter *{\contentsname
1078
                     \@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}
1079
                              {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}}}
1080
        {\if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi}}
1081 \def\etocbookstylenomarks{%
1082
        \etocsettocstyle
1083
        {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
         \chapter *{\contentsname}}
1084
        {\if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi}}
1085
1086 \let\etocreportstyle\etocbookstyle
1087 \let\etocreportstylenomarks\etocbookstylenomarks
1088 \def\etocmemoirtoctotocfmt #1#2{%
1089
        \def\Etoc@addsuitablecontentsline{\addcontentsline {toc}{#1}{#2}}%
        \renewcommand*\etocaftertitlehook{%
1090
1091
          \ifmem@em@starred@listof
          \else\phantomsection\aftergroup\Etoc@addsuitablecontentsline\fi}}
1092
1093 \def\etocmemoirstyle{%
1094
        \etocsettocstyle
1095
            {\ensureonecol \par \begingroup \@nameuse {@tocmaketitle}
             \Etoc@aftertitlehook\let\Etoc@aftertitlehook\relax
1096
1097
             \parskip \cftparskip \@nameuse {cfttocbeforelisthook}}
            {\@nameuse {cfttocafterlisthook}\endgroup\restorefromonecol}}
1098
 placeholder for comments
1099 \def\etocscrartclstyle{%
1100
        \etocsettocstyle
            {\left( if@dynlist\right) }
1101
             \def\@currext{toc}% added 1.07m 2015/01/23
1102
             \iftocfeature {toc}{onecolumn}
1103
                 {\iftocfeature {toc}{leveldown}
1104
1105
                  {}
1106
                  {\if@twocolumn \aftergroup \twocolumn \onecolumn \fi }}
 1.07k: next line to do as within current scrartcl 2013/12/19 v3.12 KOMA-Script article class.
             \iftocfeature {toc}{numberline}{\def \nonumberline {\numberline {}}}{}%
1108
             \tocbasic@listhead {\listoftocname}%
1109
             \begingroup \expandafter \expandafter \expandafter
1110
             \endgroup \expandafter
1111
```

```
1112
1113
                 \csname microtypesetup\endcsname \relax
1114
             \else
1115
                 \iftocfeature {toc}{noprotrusion}{}
                     {\microtypesetup {protrusion=false}%
1116
                      \PackageInfo {tocbasic}%
1117
                      {character protrusion at toc deactivated}}%
1118
             \fi
1119
             \setlength {\parskip }{\z@ }%
1120
1121
             \setlength {\parindent }{\z@ }%
1122
             \setlength {\parfillskip }{\z@ \@plus 1fil}%
1123
             \csname tocbasic@@before@hook\endcsname
1124
             \csname tb@toc@before@hook\endcsname}
1125
            {\csname tb@toc@after@hook\endcsname
1126
             \csname tocbasic@@after@hook\endcsname}}
1127 \let\etocscrbookstyle\etocscrartclstyle
1128 \let\etocscrreprtstyle\etocscrartclstyle
 placeholder for comments
1129 \def\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocarticlestyle}
1130 \newcommand*\etocmarkboth[1]{%
1131
        \@mkboth{\MakeUppercase{#1}}{\MakeUppercase{#1}}}
1132 \newcommand*\etocmarkbothnouc[1]{\@mkboth{#1}{#1}}
1133 \newcommand\etoctocstyle[3][section]{\etocmulticolstyle[#2]%
        {\csname #1\endcsname *{#3}}}
1135 \newcommand\etoctocstylewithmarks[4][section]{\etocmulticolstyle[#2]%
1136
        {\csname #1\endcsname *{#3\etocmarkboth{#4}}}}
1137 \newcommand\etoctocstylewithmarksnouc[4][section]{\etocmulticolstyle[#2]%
        {\csname #1\endcsname *{#3\etocmarkbothnouc{#4}}}}
1138
 placeholder for comments
1139 \def\Etoc@redefetocstyle#1{%
        \renewcommand\etoctocstylewithmarks[4][#1]
1140
        {\etocmulticolstyle[##2]%
1141
              {\csname ##1\endcsname *{##3\etocmarkboth{##4}}}}
1142
        \renewcommand\etoctocstylewithmarksnouc[4][#1]
1143
1144
        {\etocmulticolstyle[##2]%
1145
              {\csname ##1\endcsname *{##3\etocmarkbothnouc{##4}}}}
1146
        \renewcommand\etoctocstyle[3][#1]{%
1147
         \etocmulticolstyle[##2]{\csname ##1\endcsname *{##3}}}}
1148 \@ifclassloaded{scrartcl}
        {\renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocscrartclstyle}}{}
1149
1150 \@ifclassloaded{book}
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
1151
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocbookstyle}
1152
1153
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
1154 \@ifclassloaded{report}
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
1155
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocreportstyle}
1156
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
1157
1158 \@ifclassloaded{scrbook}
1159
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocscrbookstyle}
1160
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
1161
1162 \@ifclassloaded{scrreprt}
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
1163
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocscrreprtstyle}
1164
1165
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
```

1.07k (2014/03/06) adds the appendix to the list of known levels if class memoir is detected.

- 1.07k (2014/03/06) adds the compatibility with the tocloft package; in compatibility mode etoc will obey the tocloft customisation for the division headings as well as for the toc title.
- 1.071 (2014/04/02) fixes the bug from the tocloft compatibility layer which was memoir incompatible: memoir has its version of tocloft which doesn't have the \if@cftnctoc boolean.

```
1172 \def\etoctocloftstyle {%
        \etocsettocstyle
1173
1174
        {\@cfttocstart\par\begingroup
1175
          \parindent\z@ \parskip\cftparskip \@cftmaketoctitle
          \if@cfttocbibind\@cftdobibtoc\fi }%
1176
        {\endgroup\@cfttocfinish }%
1177
1178 }
1179 \@ifclassloaded{memoir}{}
1180 {\@ifpackageloaded{tocloft}
        {\if@cftnctoc\else
1181
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etoctocloftstyle}
1182
         \AtBeginDocument{\let\tableofcontents\etoctableofcontents}
1183
1184
         \fi }
1185
        {\AtBeginDocument
          {\@ifpackageloaded{tocloft}
1186
1187
           {\if@cftnctoc\else
1188
             \PackageWarning {etoc}
             {Package 'tocloft' was loaded after 'etoc'!^^J%
1189
1190 **** to prevent it from overwriting \protect\tableofcontents, it will be tricked^^J%
1191 **** into believing to have been loaded with option 'titles'. For better^^J%
1192 **** compatibility, please load 'tocloft' before 'etoc'}%
            \AtEndDocument{\PackageWarning{etoc}
1193
                            {Please load 'tocloft' /before/ 'etoc'!}}\fi
1194
1195
            \@cftnctoctrue }%
1196
           {}%
1197
          }%
         }%
1198
1199 }
 placeholder for comments
1200 \def\Etoc@addtocontents #1#2%
        {\ifEtoc@hyperref
1201
1202
           \addtocontents {toc}{\protect\contentsline
1203
                     {#1}{#2}%
                     {\thepage }{\@currentHref }}%
1204
1205
1206
           \addtocontents {toc}{\protect\contentsline
1207
              {#1}{#2}{\thepage }}%
         \fi}
1208
1209 \def\Etoc@addcontentsline@ #1#2#3%
1210
        {\@namedef{toclevel@#1}{#3}%
1211
         \addcontentsline {toc}{#1}{#2}}
1212 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etoctoccontentsline}
        {\@ifstar{\Etoc@addcontentsline@}{\Etoc@addtocontents}}
1213
```

All the following added for version 1.07g [2013/10/13]. Motivated by a demand about tovsec2.

But it is impossible to make tocvsec2 compatible, if not re-doing all 'toc' macros in tocvsec2 (v1.3, 2011/08/07). I do not retain the stack idea, which does not convince me as useful. The empty line in the .toc file is put there by tocvsec2 (see its code line 143).

I take this opportunity to add to the start of the toc file \let\etoc@startlocaltoc\@gobble in case etoc is not detected, I should possibly have done that long ago (like I did in tableof).

- In 1.07h I decide that I should not have used \Etoc@ but \etoc@ for \Etoc@settocdepth. So I now use lowercase and add a temporary line for transition in the very improbable situation that someone actually did already use the just released 1.07g.
- In 1.07i the deactivation of \etoc@settocdepth done at the start of the .toc file (for the case this file is used after having removed etoc from the document, or imported in another document) is done via letting it to \@gobble rather than \count@ (which would not be ok, as what follows would be undefined too). The reason for the \count@ also used originally in \etocignoretoctocdepth is that when I first worked on 1.07g I possibly had more than one token after \etoc@settocdepth, but I changed that later.

```
1214 \def\Etoc@storetocdepth {\global\c@etoc@tocdepth\c@tocdepth }
1215 \def\Etoc@resettocdepth {\global\c@tocdepth\c@etoc@tocdepth }
1216 \def\etocobeytoctocdepth {\def\etoc@settocdepth
            {\afterassignment\Etoc@@nottoodeep \global\c@tocdepth}}
1218 \def\Etoc@@nottoodeep {\ifnum\c@tocdepth>\c@etoc@tocdepth
                               \global\c@tocdepth\c@etoc@tocdepth\fi }
1220 \def\etocignoretoctocdepth {\let\etoc@settocdepth\@gobble }
                           {\futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@set@tocdepth }
1221 \def\etocsettocdepth
1222 \def\Etoc@set@tocdepth {\ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\bgroup
1223
                                 \expandafter\Etoc@set@tocdepth@
1224
                           \else\expandafter\Etoc@set@toctocdepth
1225
                           \fi }
1226 \def\Etoc@set@tocdepth@ #1{\@ifundefined {Etoc@#1@@}
          {\PackageWarning{etoc}
1227
1228
              {Unknown sectioning unit #1, \protect\etocsettocdepth\space ignored}}
1229
          {\global\c@tocdepth\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname}%
1230 }
1231 \def\Etoc@set@toctocdepth #1#{\Etoc@set@toctocdepth@ }
1232 \def\Etoc@set@toctocdepth@ #1{%
     \@ifundefined{Etoc@#1@@}%
1233
1234
       {\PackageWarning{etoc}
            {Unknown sectioning depth #1, \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc ignored}}%
1235
       {\addtocontents {toc}
1236
1237
       {\protect\etoc@settocdepth\expandafter\protect\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname}}%
1238 }
```

1.07h adds the depth tags, and an even more general mechanism could be added at some point: we could insert 'action' tags and have the user map them to arbitrary commands. For the time being we just provide \etocdepthtag.toc {name} and \etocsettagdepth {tag_name}{level} where level is numeric or alphabetical. The numeric level -3 is now again not accepted by \etocsetlevel, it can be used with \etocsettagdepth (which accepts equivalently none).

```
1249
           {\PackageWarning{etoc}
1250
             {Unknown sectioning depth #2, \protect\etocsettagdepth\space ignored}}%
1251
           1252 }
 We must cancel all tocvsec2 toc-related actions. But a check must be done for the memoir class,
 as its tocvsec2 emulation does not have the incompatible things etoc needs to revert. This extra
 check added with etoc 1.071. Release 1.08g modifies the info message under class memoir (and
 downgrades it from warning to info).
1253 \def\Etoc@tocvsec@err #1{\PackageError {etoc}
1254
            {the command \protect#1\space is incompatible with etoc}
1255
            {use \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc as replacement (see etoc manual)}%
1256 }%
1257 \AtBeginDocument {%
1258
       \@ifclassloaded{memoir}
        {\PackageInfo {etoc}
1259
         {Regarding memoir class command \protect\settocdepth, consider^^J
1260
         \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc as a drop-in replacement with
1261
         more capabilities^^J (see etoc manual). Similarly
1262
         \protect\etocsettocdepth\space and
1263
1264
         \protect\etocsetnexttocdepth^^J should replace
         use of memoir's \protect\maxtocdepth\space command.}}
1265
1266
        {\@ifpackageloaded {tocvsec2}
1267
         {\def\maxtocdepth #1{\Etoc@tocvsec@err \maxtocdepth
                                                                  }%
1268
          \def\settocdepth #1{\Etoc@tocvsec@err \settocdepth
1269
          \def\resettocdepth {\@ifstar {\Etoc@tocvsec@err \resettocdepth }%
1270
                                         {\Etoc@tocvsec@err \resettocdepth }%
                               }%
1271
          \def\save@tocdepth #1#2#3{}%
1272
                                           % if etoc is added to file previously
          \let\reset@tocdepth\relax
                                           % using tocvsec2
1273
          \let\remax@tocdepth\relax
1274
1275
          \let\tableofcontents\etoctableofcontents
1276
          \PackageWarning {etoc}
1277
          {package tocvsec2 detected and its modification of^^J
1278
           \protect\tableofcontents\space reverted. Use
1279
           \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc as a replacement^^J
           for the tocvsec2 toc-related commands}}{}%
1280
1281
       }%
1282 }%
 1.07g
1283 \def\invisibletableofcontents {\etocsetnexttocdepth {-3}\tableofcontents }%
1284 \def\invisiblelocaltableofcontents
                              {\etocsetnexttocdepth {-3}\localtableofcontents }%
1286 \def\etocsetnexttocdepth #1{%
1287
        \@ifundefined{Etoc@#1@@}
1288
         {\PackageWarning{etoc}
           {Unknown sectioning unit #1, \protect\etocsetnextocdepth\space ignored}}
1289
         {\edef\Etoc@aftertochook {\global\c@tocdepth\the\c@tocdepth\space
1290
1291
                                   \let\noexpand\Etoc@aftertochook\noexpand\@empty }%
1292
          \global\c@tocdepth\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname}%
1293 }%
 1.07h. In order for the .toc file to be usable without error even without etoc. In 1.07i use of
 \@gobble for \etoc@settocdepth.
1294 \addtocontents {toc}{\protect\@ifundefined{etoctocstyle}%
               {\let\protect\etoc@startlocaltoc\protect\@gobble
1295
1296
                \let\protect\etoc@settocdepth\protect\@gobble
```

```
1297 \let\protect\etoc@depthtag\protect\@gobble \}{}}%
```

Initializations.

```
1298 \def\etocstandardlines {\Etoc@standardtrue}
1299 \def\etoctoclines {\Etoc@standardfalse}
1300 \etocdefaultlines
1301 \etocstandardlines
1302 \etocstandarddisplaystyle
1303 \etocobeytoctocdepth
1304 \etocobeydepthtags
1305 \let\Etoc@aftertochook\@empty % private for \etocsetnexttocdepth
1306 \let\etocaftertochook \@empty % public for end user.
1307 \let\etocbeforetitlehook \@empty % new with 1.07m
1308 \endinput
```