create-theorem

Initializing theorem-like environments with multilingual support

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Abstract

The package create-theorem provides commands for naming, initializing and configuring theorem-like environments. All of these commands have key-value based interface and are especially useful in multi-language documents, allowing the easy declaration of theorem-like environments that can automatically adapt to the language settings.

/1/ How to load it

First, you need a backend to provide the command \newtheorem with the usual behaviour, for example, amsthm. After that, you can simply load the current package with:

\usepackage[\langle options \rangle] \{ create-theorem \}

Since create-theorem uses cleveref internally, it should usually be placed near the last of your preamble — notably, it needs to be loaded after varioref and hyperref.

It has the following options:

name as context

- When referencing, the resulted names correspond to the current context. For example, the English names will be displayed when referencing a theorem-like environment in English context, no matter which linguistic context the original environment is in.
- Synonymous names: name-as-context | nameascontext | regionalref

name as is

- When referencing, the resulted names correspond to the contexts in which the corresponding environments appeared. For example, if the environment is written in an English context, then it shall always be the English names displayed when referencing it, regardless of the current linguistic context.
- Synonymous names: name-as-is | nameasis | originalref

name in link

- Include the names in the hyperlinks when referencing.
- Synonymous names: name-in-link | nameinlink

no preset names

- Disable preset names. Use this option if you want to define you own name set.
- Synonymous names: no-preset-names | nopresetnames

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/2/ How to use it

2.1 | Naming theorem-like environments with \NameTheorem

The syntax of \NameTheorem is as follows:

```
\NameTheorem{\(\rangle\) name of environment\)}{\(\lambda\) key-value configuration\)}
Supported keys are:
heading = \(\langle configuration \rangle \)
```

- The heading of the environment, where ⟨configuration⟩ can be:
 - a single string in monolingual documents: heading = \(\string \);
 - a key-value name list in multilingual documents:

```
heading = {
       \langle language name \rangle = \langle string \rangle
```

heading style = $\langle style \rangle$

- The style of the heading, you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
- Synonymous names: heading-style | headingstyle

crefname = \langle configuration \rangle

- The name for \cref the environment, where ⟨*configuration*⟩ can be:
 - a single string in monolingual documents: crefname = {name}{names};
 - a key-value name list in multilingual documents:

```
crefname = {
       \langle language name \rangle = \{\langle singular name \rangle\} \{\langle plural name \rangle\}
}
```

Also supports the syntax of \crefthename, thus you can assign names of the form: [\singular definite article\] {\singular name\} [\langle plural definite article\] {\langle plural name\}

```
crefname style = \langle style \rangle
```

- The style of the "crefname", you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
- Synonymous names: crefname-style | crefnamestyle

Crefname = \(\configuration \)

- The name for \Cref the environment, its syntax is the same as that of crefname.
- Also supports the syntax of \Crefthename.

Crefname style = $\langle style \rangle$

- The style of the "Crefname", you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
- Synonymous names: Crefname-style | Crefnamestyle numbering style = $\langle style \rangle$
 - The style of numbering in the reference, you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
 - Synonymous names: numbering-style | numberingstyle

use name = (list of existed environment(s) separated with semicolon ";")

- Use the name(s) and style(s) of given environment(s). If there are multiple ones specified, the result would be a string combining the names, separated with "-".
- Synonymous names: combined | use-name | usename

TIP

You can also define the names within \CreateTheorem while initializing the theoremlike environments. \NameTheorem is especially useful for package or class authors who wish to preset suitable names (with styles) in their packages or classes.

2.2 | Initializing theorem-like environments with \CreateTheorem

The syntax of \CreateTheorem is as follows:

 $\CreateTheorem{\langle list of the name of environments \rangle}{\langle key-value configuration \rangle}$

Supported keys are:

```
name = \langle configuration \rangle
                               or name style = \( \configuration \)
```

- Setting the names. Same as \NameTheorem{\((name of environment \))} {\((configuration \))}.
- Synonymous names: name-style | namestyle
- use name = \(\lambda \) list of existed environment(s) separated with semicolon "; "\)
 - Using existed name(s). Same as in \NameTheorem.
 - Synonymous names: combined | use-name | usename
- style = \langle theorem style \rangle
 - Specifying the \theoremstyle for the current environment.
- Synonymous names: apply style | apply-style | applystyle $qed or qed = \langle Q.E.D. symbol \rangle$
 - Specifying the Q.E.D. symbol for the current environment.
 - Note that the Q.E.D. symbol has already been put in math mode. If you want regular text such as "Q.E.D.", you need to write $qed = \mathrm{Q.E.D.}$.
 - Synonymous names: qed symbol | qed-symbol | qedsymbol

```
parent counter = \( \text{parent counter} \)
```

- Specifying the $\langle parent counter \rangle$ for the current environment, *i.e.*, numbering will restart whenever that sectional level is encountered.
- Synonymous names: parent-counter | parentcounter | number within | number-within | numberwithin

```
shared counter = (shared counter)
```

- Specifying the (shared counter) for the current environment, i.e., numbering will progress sequentially for all theorem-like environments using this counter.
- Synonymous names: shared-counter | sharedcounter | number like | number-like | numberlike

numberless

Defining the current environment to be unnumbered.

```
create starred version
```

- Defining a corresponding starred (unnumbered) version of the current environment.
- Synonymous names: create-starred-version | createstarredversion | create numberless version | create-numberless-version createnumberlessversion

```
copy existed = \( \text{existed environment} \)
```

- Defining the current environment to be the same as *(existed environment)*.
- This key is usually useful in the following two situations:

- 1) To use a more concise name. For example, with \CreateTheorem{thm}{copy} existed = theorem}, one can then use the name thm to write theorems.
- 2) To remove the numbering of some environments. For example, one can remove the numbering of the remark environment with \CreateTheorem{remark}{copy} existed = remark*}.
- Synonymous names: copy-existed | copyexisted

The names for the following environments have been preset: application, assertion, assumption, axiom, claim, conclusion, conjecture, construction, convention, corollary, definition, example, exercise, fact, hypothesis, lemma, notation, observation, postulate, problem, property, proposition, question, recall, remark and theorem. If you are fine with the preset names, then there is no need to specify the key "name" while creating them, otherwise you shall have to use the package option "no preset names" to disable the presets and then define your own ones.

Please note that, by default, an normal environment $\langle env \rangle$ and its starred relative $\langle env \rangle *$ do not share the same set of names, for the sake of generality. However, with proper usage of create starred version and copy existed, you are already able to produce all of the following combinations that shares the same set of names: 1) numbered (env), numbered $\langle env \rangle *$; 2) numbered $\langle env \rangle$, unnumbered $\langle env \rangle *$; 3) unnumbered $\langle env \rangle$, numbered $\langle env \rangle *$; and 4) unnumbered $\langle env \rangle$, unnumbered $\langle env \rangle$ *. I left it as an easy exercise for you ;-)

2.3 | Configuring theorem-like environments with \SetTheorem

The previous two commands are especially useful for package or class writers, while this one is more for the users. If you are not satisfied with preset name styles or numbering settings, then even after initializing the environments, you can still further configure them by means of \SetTheorem, the syntax of which is as follows:

 $\SetTheorem{\langle list of the name of environments \rangle}{\langle key-value configuration \rangle}$

TIP

\SetTheorem should only be used in the preamble of your document.

Supported keys are:

name = \(\configuration \rangle \) and name style = \(\configuration \rangle \)

- Same as $\mbox{NameTheorem}{\langle name of environment \rangle} {\langle configuration \rangle}.$
- Note that this configuration can overwrite those already specified in \NameTheorem.
- Synonymous names: name-style | namestyle

 $qed = \langle Q.E.D. symbol \rangle$

- Specifying the Q.E.D. symbol for the current environment.
- Note that this configuration only works if you have already enabled the Q.E.D. symbol during the creating phase of the corresponding environment.
- Synonymous names: qed symbol | qed-symbol | qedsymbol

```
parent counter = (parent counter)
```

- Specifying the *(parent counter)* for the current environment, *i.e.*, numbering will restart whenever that sectional level is encountered.
- Note that this configuration can overwrite those already specified in \CreateTheorem.
- Synonymous names: parent-counter | parentcounter | number within | number-within | numberwithin

shared counter = \langle shared counter \rangle

- Specifying the ⟨shared counter⟩ for the current environment, i.e., numbering will progress sequentially for all theorem-like environments using this counter.
- Note that this configuration can overwrite those already specified in \CreateTheorem.
- Synonymous names: shared-counter | sharedcounter | number like | number-like | numberlike

If you're feeling confused, don't worry. Let's now take a look at some examples.

/ 3 / Examples

3.1 | The environment idea

First, let's getting familiar with these two commands by creating the environment idea.

```
\NameTheorem{idea}{
   heading = Idea,
   crefname = {idea}{ideas},
   Crefname = {Idea}{Ideas},
\CreateTheorem{idea}{ parent counter = section }
```

or to do it in one turn:

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{
   name = {
      heading = Idea,
       crefname = {idea}{ideas},
       Crefname = {Idea}{Ideas},
   },
   parent counter = section,
}
```

This is not exciting at all. Now, let's say we are writing a bilingual note in English and French. (I shall omit the \NameTheorem version and do it all at once in \CreateTheorem.)

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{
   name = {
      heading = { english = Idea,
                   french = Idée, },
      crefname = { english = {idea}{ideas},
                    french = [l']{idée}[les]{idées}, },
```

```
Crefname = { english = {Idea}{Ideas},
                    french = [L']{idée}[Les]{idées}, },
   },
   parent counter = section,
}
```

With this, if you use \selectlanguage{french}, the idea environment shall be automatically displayed as "Idée". And if you \crefthe it, the definite article and the name showed up properly just as expected.

Next we shall deal with the numbering problem. Let's continue to use this environment idea for demonstration – suppose that we have set the names up with \NameTheorem.

3.2 | Let's play with numbering

Remember the exercise I left you in the previous section? Let's do it together now.

3.2.1 Numbered idea and numbered idea*

This is easy, copy existed suffices:

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{parent counter = section}
\CreateTheorem{idea*}{copy existed = idea}
```

3.2.2 Numbered idea and unnumbered idea*

This is the easiest, create starred version will do.

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{
   parent counter = section,
   create starred version,
}
```

Notice that you cannot use \CreateTheorem{idea*}{numberless} here, since we don't have names defined for idea*.

3.2.3 Unnumbered idea and numbered idea*

This is a bit tricky: by default we can only create numbered idea or unnumbered idea*, and the question is how to switch them. We shall need an intermediary.

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{create starred version}
\CreateTheorem{idea-temp}{copy existed = idea*}
\CreateTheorem{idea*}{copy existed = idea}
\CreateTheorem{idea}{copy existed = idea-temp}
```

3.2.4 Unnumbered idea and unnumbered idea*

This is the combination of the first two cases — we need to create idea* first and then copy it to idea:

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{create starred version}
\CreateTheorem{idea}{copy existed = idea*}
```

In each case, the two environments idea and idea* share the same set of names.

3.3 | The *proofless* version – theorems with a Q.E.D. symbol

Sometimes you may encounter a theorem without a proof, in which case you might want a Q.E.D. symbol when the theorem is finished. This can be easily achieved via:

```
\CreateTheorem { theorem } { create starred version }
\CreateTheorem { theorem+ } { copy existed = theorem, qed }
\CreateTheorem { theorem+* } { copy existed = theorem*, qed }
```

The code above defines two new environments theorem+ and theorem+* in addition to theorem and theorem*. The + version behaves exactly the same as the usual version, except it has a Q.E.D. symbol.

/4/ Known issues

- The current mechanism does not work well for German, a problem originated in the package crefthe. The author plans to adopt a more refined approach in a later version so as to support the various grammatical situations in German.
- create-theorem modifies some undocumented internal macros of cleveref, so the behaviour might not be stable if cleveref gets updated.
- create-theorem is not fully compatible with thmtools, especially its autoref module.
- There may be inaccuracies in the translation of those preset names.

If you run into any issues or have ideas for improvement, feel free to discuss on:

https://github.com/Jinwen-XU/create-theorem/issues or email me via ProjLib@outlook.com.