The chemcompounds package*

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October 24, 2005

Abstract

The chemcompounds.dtx package allows for a simple consecutive numbering of chemical compounds. Optionally, it is possible to supply a custom name for each compound. By default the compound numbering follows the order of their appearance in the text.

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1 Introduction

In chemical publications it is often necessary to consecutively number every compound mentioned in the text. Although this can be simply accomplished by manually inserting the corresponding numbers into the text, it is generally much more tedious work since the numbering scheme tends to change several times during the evolvement of the manuscript. For this reason it would be nice to have an automaticism which will take care of every change.

Being myself a chemist I've been using the chemcono package by Stefan Schulz for this purpose quite successfully over several years. This package creates a library very similar to thebibliography. Users can now refer to entries in the library by a command very similar to \cite. Thus, once you change the library entry every reference to it will be updated automatically upon running IATEX on the file. There is only one issue associated with this package: You get a list of all declared compounds inside your document wich at least looks odd. I therefore decided to write a new package chemcompounds described in this document to address this problem.

When taking a closer look at the chemcono package I realised that the only thing one has to do is to get rid of everything which produces text. Thus, as a basis I used the mechanism of \bibitem and \cite in pretty much the same way as chemcono does by extracting the corresponding code from article.cls

^{*}This file describes version v1.1.2 and has been last revised 2005/10/19.

and latex.ltx but deleting any unnecessary commands producing output. I also introduced several lines of code to make the printing of the compound names more customisable.

At present the packages knows two different modes of operation. In the default implicit mode a compound name is created automatically as a consecutive number when the compound is referenced for the first time by \compound. Thus, all compounds will be numbered consecutively in the order they appear in the text. If the automatically generated name is not appropriate, a custom name can be given to a compound by means of the \declarecompound command described below.

In noimplicit mode names are not generated fully automatically. Instead for every compound a \declarecompound must be issued. This will again create a subsequent number and a custom name can be given as an optional argument. The main difference to implicit mode is that thus compounds will be numbered in the order of the corresponding \declarecompound commands rather than in the order of their appearance in the text.

2 The user interface

Because of the way the implementation works, two $\[mathbb{L}^{A}T_{E}X$ runs are required to get everything right. This should not be a problem since you have to run $\[mathbb{L}^{A}T_{E}X$ twice anyway to get the table of contents and references right. The package will issue a "labels have changed" warning if you have to rerun $\[mathbb{L}^{A}T_{E}X$. For every unknown compound name the package will issue a warning, too.

2.1 Package options

- implicit This option causes the package to operate in implicit mode. This is the default.
- noimplicit This option is the opposite of implicit and causes the package to operate in noimplicit mode.

2.2 Assigning and accessing compound names

\declarecompound \declarecompound [(optional name)] {(label)} assigns a name to a compound. If the optional argument is omitted, a consecutive number is automatically taken as compound name. This command can only occur in the preamble. A personal recommendation is to keep all \declarecompounds together in a separate file and \input this file in the preamble.

In implicit mode, if no optional argument is given, the command does nothing since the automatic compound name will be generated by \compound.

\compound \compound{(label1), (label2),...}
prints the name of a compound. If a list of labels is given as argument, a list
of names separated by \compoundseparator is created. In implicit mode this
command also creates a new compound name if the label is used for the first time
and a custom name has not already been assigned to this compound.

\compound* The starred version works in almost exactly the same way as \compound. The
only difference is that it does not create any output at all. However, it still creates

the label in implicit mode. It can thus be used to create "hidden" compounds in implicit mode. This, i.e., can be useful if some compounds are depicted in an illustration or scheme which are only later or even never mentioned in the text but the numbering scheme should take care of them.

2.3 Customisation

The commands in this section can be used to fine-tune the appearance of the compound names. In order to change the default behaviour you have to **\renewcommand** the corresponding commands. The defaults for every command are given in parentheses.

\compoundseparator	\compoundseparator (,\penalty\@m_) defines the separator in a list of compound names.
\compoundglobalprefix	<pre>\compoundglobalprefix () defines the prefix for a list of compound names. This will be printed also in case the list has length one.</pre>
\compoundglobalsuffix	<pre>\compoundglobalsuffix () defines the suffix for a list of compound names. This will be printed also in case the list has length one.</pre>
\compoundprefix	<pre>\compoundprefix () defines the prefix for every compound.</pre>
\compoundsuffix	\compoundsuffix () defines the suffix for every compound.
\compoundstyle	\compoundstyle (\textbf) defines the style of each name.
\printcompound	<pre>\printcompound ({\compoundprefix}{\compoundstyle{#1}}{\compoundsuffix}) is used to actually format the name of each compound. If the previous possibilities are not sufficient to meet your formatting demands the thing you should redefine is this one.</pre>

2.4 Examples

The following examples using

```
\declarecompound{label1}
\declarecompound{label2}
\declarecompound[5b]{label3}
\compound{label1} and \compound{label1,label2,label3}
```

should clarify the meaning of the above commands. The first two \declarecommands could be omitted in implicit mode.

- Using the defaults results in 1 and 1, 2, 5b.
- \renewcommand{\compoundstyle}{\underbar}

gives $\underline{1}$ and $\underline{1}$, $\underline{2}$, $\underline{5b}$.

• \renewcommand{\compoundseparator}{;}

gives 1 and 1; 2; 5b.

 \renewcommand{\compoundglobalprefix}{(} \renewcommand{\compoundglobalsuffix}{)}

gives (1) and (1, 2, 5b).

 \renewcommand{\compoundprefix}{(} \renewcommand{\compoundsuffix}{)}

gives (1) and (1), (2), (5b).

 \renewcommand{\compoundglobalprefix}{\textbf{[}} \renewcommand{\compoundglobalsuffix}{\textbf{]}} \renewcommand{\compoundprefix}{\ensuremath{\langle}} \renewcommand{\compoundsuffix}{\ensuremath{\rangle}} \renewcommand{\compoundstyle}{\emph}

gives $[\langle 1 \rangle]$ and $[\langle 1 \rangle, \langle 2 \rangle, \langle 5b \rangle]$.

As shown above customization is not limited solely to parentheses etc. but can include formating commands, too.

3 The implementation

3.1 Identification

The package identifies itself at the top using something like

```
1 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
```

- $2 \ Provides Package { chemcompounds }$
- 3 [\filedate\space \fileversion\space Dictionary for compound numbering]

3.2 Package options

\ifchemcompounds@implicit Define a new boolean variable defining whether implicit mode is enabled. 4 \newif\ifchemcompounds@implicit

> implicit The following package options set ifchemcompounds@implicit either to true or noimplicit false. The default is implicit mode.

> > 5 \DeclareOption{implicit}{\chemcompounds@implicittrue}

- 6 \DeclareOption{noimplicit}{\chemcompounds@implicitfalse}
- 7 \ExecuteOptions{implicit}

Process options.

8 \ProcessOptions

3.3 User interface

The work flow for creating and accessing compound names was borrowed from the definition of **\bibitem** and **\cite**.

<pre>\compoundseparator \compoundglobalprefix \compoundglobalsuffix</pre>	The following definitions define the default layout of the names in the text (no surrounding parentheses, multiple compound names separated by comma, names in bold face). \printcompound defines the way each name is printed.
<pre>\compoundprefix \compoundsuffix \compoundstyle \printcompound</pre>	<pre>9 \def\compoundseparator{,\penalty\@m\ } 10 \let\compoundglobalprefix\@empty 11 \let\compoundglobalsuffix\@empty 12 \let\compoundprefix\@empty 13 \let\compoundsuffix\@empty 14 \def\compoundstyle{\textbf} 15 \def\printcompound#1{{\compoundprefix}{\compoundstyle{#1}}{\compoundsuffix}}</pre>
\declarecompound	This command is used to assign a name to a compound. It just looks ahead whether an optional argument was given and calls the appropriate internal com- mand. To avoid problems with the creation of the labels this command is only allowed in the preamble.
	<pre>16 \def\declarecompound{\@ifnextchar[\@ldeclarecompound\@declarecompound} 17 \@onlypreamble\declarecompound</pre>
\ifchemcompounds@print	Define a new boolean variable indicating whether the starred version of \compound was used.
	18 \newif\ifchemcompounds@print
\compound \compound*	This command will finally print the name associated with a compound label. The starred version just creates the label (in implicit mode) without printing the value. The command itself just checks whether the starred version is used, sets an internal flag appropriately and calls the internal command \@compound. 19 \DeclareRobustCommand{\compound}{% 20 \@ifstar{\chemcompounds@printfalse\@compound} 21 {\chemcompounds@printtrue\@compound} 22 }
	3.4 Internal commands
\@compound	This command retrieves the name associated with a compound and prints it in the text using the previously defined format. The code is a modified version of the definition of \cite in latex.ltx. If this command is invoked by \compound*, \ifchemcompounds@print will be false and all output will be suppressed. 23 \def\@compound#1{%
	Print optional prefix to a list of compounds.
	<pre>24 \ifchemcompounds@print 25 \compoundglobalprefix 26 \fi</pre>
	Now loop over every label in the argument list.
	<pre>27 \let\@compounda\@empty 28 \@for\@compoundb:=#1%</pre>

29 \edef\@compoundb{\expandafter\@firstofone\@compoundb}%

Print separator. Note that it is empty for the first entry and **\compoundseparator** otherwise.

```
30
                                   \ifchemcompounds@print
                                     \@compounda
                            31
                                     \def\@compounda{{\compoundseparator}}%
                            32
                                   \fi
                            33
                            If compound is undefined print '?' and raise a warning.
                                   \@ifcompoundundefined{\@compoundb}{%
                            34
                                     \ifchemcompounds@print
                            35
                                       \mbox{\reset@font\bfseries ?}%
                            36
                                     \fi
                            37
                                     \G@refundefinedtrue
                            38
                                     \@latex@warning
                            39
                                       {compound '\@compoundb' on page \thepage\space undefined}%
                            40
                                   }{%
                            41
                            If compound is known print formatted name.
                                     \ifchemcompounds@print
                            42
                            43
                                       \mbox{\printcompound{\@nameuse{comp@\@compoundb}}}%
                            44
                                     \fi
                            45
                                   }%
                            In implicit mode \@createcompoundhook will generate a new name if this has
                            not been done before. In noimplicit mode this does nothing.
                                   \@createcompoundhook{\@compoundb}%
                            46
                                }%
                            47
                            Print optional suffix to a list of compounds.
                                 \ifchemcompounds@print
                            48
                                   \compoundglobalsuffix
                            49
                            Although nothing is printed, under certain conditions an additional space is cre-
                            ated. Remove it.
                                 \else
                            50
                            51
                                   \unskip
                                 \fi
                            52
                            53 }
                            Define a new counter which will be used for generating the compound names.
   \chemcompounds@counter
                            54 \newcounter{chemcompounds@counter}
                            The next command will be used in the .aux file and defines a new label for every
     \chemcompounds@label
                            compound.
                            55 \def\chemcompounds@label{\@newl@bel {comp}}
                            Write the label and its value to the aux file.
\chemcompounds@writelabel
                            56 \def\chemcompounds@writelabel#1#2{%
                                 \if@filesw
                            57
                            58
                                   \begingroup
                                     \def\protect{\noexpand}%
                            59
                                     \immediate\write\@auxout{
                            60
                                       \string\chemcompounds@label{#1}{#2}
                            61
                                     }%
                            62
                            63
                                   \endgroup
```

	<pre>64 \fi 65 \ignorespaces 66 }</pre>
\@ldeclarecompound	The next command gets called if an additional argument was supplied to \declarecompound. It creates the compound with the given name as soon as the aux file is writeable. This command can only be used in the preamble.
	<pre>67 \def\@ldeclarecompound[#1]#2{% 68 \AtBeginDocument{\@createcompound[#1]{#2}} 69 } 70 \@onluproamble\@ldeclarecompound</pre>
\@declarecompound	<pre>In implicit mode this command does nothing since default names are created automatically by \compound. 71 \ifchemcompounds@implicit 72 \let\@declarecompound\@gobble In noimplicit mode this simply creates the compound as soon as the aux file is writeable. 73 \else 74 \def\@declarecompound#1{% 75 \AtBeginDocument{\@createcompound{#1}} 76 } 77 \fi 78 \@onlypreamble\@declarecompound This command can only be used in the preamble.</pre>
\@ifcompoundundefined	Test whether a compound has already been defined by testing the associated label. 79 \def\@ifcompoundundefined#1{% 80 \@ifundefined{comp@#1} 81 }
\@createcompound	This command is used to create a new compound name. It just looks ahead whether an optional argument was given and calls the appropriate command. 82 \def\@createcompound{% 83 \@ifnextchar[\@@lcreatecompound\@@createcompound 84 }
\@@createcompound	<pre>If a compound name has not yet been created this command increments chemcompounds@counter and takes the new value as the compound name. The new compound name is written to the aux file and a flag is set to indicate that a name for this compound has already been created. 85 \def\@@createcompound#1{% 86 \@ifnotcompoundcreated{#1}{% 87 \stepcounter{chemcompounds@counter}% 88 \chemcompounds@writelabel{#1}{\the\value{chemcompounds@counter}} 90 }% 91 }</pre>
\@@lcreatecompound	This command creates a compound name from the first parameter and writes it to the aux file. A flag is set to indicate that a name for this compound has already been created.

```
92 \def\@@lcreatecompound[#1]#2{%
                                                               \chemcompounds@writelabel{#2}{#1}
                                                      93
                                                                \compound created{#2}%
                                                      94
                                                      95 }
                                                     Set a flag indicating that the compound name has been created. This is done by
           \@compoundcreated
                                                      defining an appropriate label in implicit mode.
                                                      96 \ifchemcompounds@implicit
                                                                \def\@compoundcreated#1{%
                                                      97
                                                                    \global\@namedef{compc@#1}{}%
                                                      98
                                                               }
                                                      99
                                                     In noimplicit mode this is unnecessary thus just gobble the argument.
                                                    100 \else
                                                             \let\@compoundcreated\@gobble
                                                    101
                                                    102 \fi
                                                      Check whether a new compound name has already been created. In implicit
\@ifnotcompoundcreated
                                                      mode existence of the corresponding label (flag) is checked. If it does not exist
                                                      the code given as the second argument is executed.
                                                    103 \ifchemcompounds@implicit
                                                                \def\@ifnotcompoundcreated#1#2{%
                                                    104
                                                                    \@ifundefined{compc@#1}{#2}{}%
                                                    105
                                                               }
                                                    106
                                                     In noimplicit mode the label (flag) is unused and a new name will always be.
                                                      created. Therefore just execute the code given as second argument.
                                                    107 \else
                                                             \let\@ifnotcompoundcreated\@secondoftwo
                                                    108
                                                    109 \fi
    \@createcompoundhook
                                                     This command gets called everytime a compound name is printed. In implicit
                                                      mode this command is equal to creating a new compound name.
                                                    110 \ifchemcompounds@implicit
                                                                \verb+let+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook+@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhook#@createcompoundhoo
                                                    111
                                                     In noimplicit mode this is unnecessary. Therefore just gobble the argument.
                                                    112 \else
                                                    113 \let\@createcompoundhook\@gobble
                                                    114 \fi
                                                    115 \endinput
                                                      Change History
                                                      1.0.0
                                                                                                                                                            compound name. ..... 5
                                                                                                                                             1.1.0
                                                             General: First version posted on
                                                                     \@@createcompound: New. ..... 7
                                                                                                                                                     \@@lcreatecompound: New. .... 7
                                                      1.0.1
                                                                                                                                                     \@compoundcreated: New. ..... 8
                                                             \compound: Replaced \hbox by
```

\mbox to work around some

spacing issues when printing the

```
8
```

\Ccreatecompound: New.

\@createcompoundhook: New. . . . 8

7

\@declarecompound: Completely	\@ifcompoundundefined: Changed	
rewritten	label prefix to 'comp' 7	
\@ifcompoundundefined: New 7	\@ifnotcompoundcreated: Changed	
\@ifnotcompoundcreated: New 8	label prefix to 'compc' 8	
\@ldeclarecompound: Completly	\chemcompounds@label: Changed	
rewritten. $\ldots \ldots \ldots 7$	label prefix to 'comp' since 'c'	
General: Added code to process op-	is already in use 6	
tions. \ldots 4	\chemcompounds@writelabel:	
\chemcompounds@label: Labels are	\noexpand the label value. Re-	
now prefixed with 'c' making	quired for improved robustness. 6	
them hopefully unique 6	\compound: Changed label prefix to	
\chemcompounds@writelabel:	'comp'. $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots 5$	
New 6	1.1.2	
\compound: Changed definition of	\@compound: New. Previ-	
\compoundseparator. Inserted	ous functionality moved to	
\@createcompoundhook 5	printcompound	
\compoundseparator: Changed de-	General: Posted on CTAN on	
fault value to include trailing	2005/10/24. 1	
space	\chemcompounds@writelabel:	
\declarecompound: Only in pream-	Added \ignorespaces. $\dots \dots 6$	
ble. $\ldots 5$	\compound: Only check for starred	
\ifchemcompounds@implicit:	version and call internal com-	
New 4	mand. Functionality moved to	
implicit: New option 4	\@compound 5	
noimplicit: New option 4	$\texttt{compound}*: New. \dots \dots 5$	
1.1.1	ifchemcompounds@print:New5	
\@compoundcreated: Changed label	\printcompound: New. Previous	
prefix to 'compc' 8	\@compound command. $\ldots 5$	

mpletely		\@ifcompoundundefined: Changed	
	7	label prefix to 'comp'	$\overline{7}$
New	7	\@ifnotcompoundcreated: Changed	
New	8	label prefix to 'compc'.	8
ompletly		\chemcompounds@label: Changed	
	7	label prefix to 'comp' since 'c'	
ocess op-		is already in use	6
	4	\chemcompounds@writelabel:	
abels are		\noexpand the label value. Re-	
making		quired for improved robustness.	6
	6	\compound: Changed label prefix to	
el:		'comp'	5
	6	1.1.2	
nition of		\@compound: New. Previ-	
Inserted		ous functionality moved to	
	5	\printcompound	5
nged de-		General: Posted on CTAN on	
trailing		2005/10/24.	1
	5	\chemcompounds@writelabel:	
n pream-		Added \ignorespaces	6
	5	\compound: Only check for starred	
it:		version and call internal com-	
	4	mand. Functionality moved to	
	4	\@compound	5
	4	\compound*: New	5
		ifchemcompounds@print: New	5
ged label		\printcompound: New. Previous	
	8	\@compound command.	5