

# Package `accenti`<sup>\*</sup>

F. Bosisio

E-mail: `fbosisio@bigfoot.com`

Web page: <http://www.bigfoot.com/~fbosisio/LaTeX>

1997/12/20

## Abstract

Documentation for the package `accenti`.

## 1 Introduction

This package provides a shorter version of some accents-making commands, particularly suited for italian language.

In particular some commands are redefined, so care should be taken, especially when including this package in an already existent `LATEX` file.

The redefined commands are:

`\a`, `\i`, `\o` and `\u`,

whose job can now be done by the commands

`\oFinnick` (finnick “o” bar), `\DotlessI` (dotless “i”, for accents), `\aAccent` (for accents in tabbing environment) and `\uAccent` (upsidedown “hat” accent).

## 2 Required packages

This package requires the `\xspace` command provided by the `xspace` package.

---

\*This is version 2.0, last revised 1997/12/20; documentation date 1997/12/20

## 3 Options

This package provides the options “`ExtdChar`” and “`ExtdCharOnly`” which allow the use of the special chars “à”, “è”, “ì”, “ò”, “ù” and “é” as accents-making commands. The second option also inhibits the definitions of “\a”, “\e”, “\i”, “\o”, “\u”, “\ee” and “\che” as short forms of the accent-commands (it is particularly useful for non-Italian documents).

## 4 Accents

Unless you specify the “`ExtdCharOnly`” option, the commands “\a”, “\e”, “\i”, “\o”, “\u” and “\E” prints the corresponding letter with a grave accent; the commands “\ee” and “\che” print the letter “e” or the three letters “che” with an acute accent (i.e. “é” and “ché”).

Moreover, if the “`ExtdChar`” or “`ExtdCharOnly`” option was used, the chars “à”, “è”, “ì”, “ò”, “ù” and “é” are equivalent to the commands “\`a”, “\`e”, “\`i”, “\`o”, “\`u” and “\`e”.

## 5 Implementation

```
1 %%
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1995/12/01]
3 \ProvidesPackage{\FileName}[\filedate\space v\fileversion\space\filedescr]
4 \RequirePackage{xspace}[1996/12/06 v1.05]
5 %%
6 \newif\if@ExtendedAccChar\@ExtendedAccCharfalse
7 \DeclareOption{ExtdChar}{\@ExtendedAccChartrue}
8 %%
9 \newif\if@NotOnlyExtended@\@NotOnlyExtended@true
10 \DeclareOption{ExtdCharOnly}{\@NotOnlyExtended@false}
11 %%
12 \ProcessOptions
13 %%
```

`\i, \o, \u, \ee, \che, \E` The original commands “`\a`”, “`\i`”, “`\o`” and “`\u`” are saved before being redefined.

```
14 %%  
15 \let\aaAccent=\a  
16 \let\DotlessI=\i  
17 \let\ooFinnick=\o  
18 \let\uuAccent=\u
```

The commands “\a”, “\e”, “\i”, “\o”, “\u” and “\E” prints the corresponding letter with a grave accent; the commands “\ee” and “\che” print the letter “e” or the three letters “che” with an acute accent (i.e. “é” and “ché”). The definitions are deferred at the “\begin{document}” in order to avoid conflicts with other packages.

- Accents** A trick adapted from the doc package (which, perhaps, may be done in a better way) is used (if the "ExtdChar" option was selected) to associate the extended-ASCII chars which represents accents with the corresponding accent-making commands.

