# Standard $\LaTeX$ 2 $_{\mathcal{E}}$ packages makeidx and showidx

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1994/11/11

## 1 Description

#### 1.1 Makeidx

\see

The package makeidx provides two new commands, \see and \printindex.

The command \see can used in the index to cross reference to other items.

This command can be used to include the sorted and formatted index in the document.

#### 1.2 Showidx

The package showidx changes a number of internal  $\LaTeX$   $2_{\varepsilon}$  commands in such a way that each index entry is shown in the margin on the page where the entry appears. This package was originally meant to be used with the report and book document classes, but works with other classes as well. It makes flushbottom the default.

## 2 The DOCSTRIP modules

The following modules are used in the implementation to direct DOCSTRIP in generating the external files:

makeidx produce makeidx.sty showidx produce showidx.sty

driver produce a documentation driver file

### 3 The documentation driver file

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for TEX, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It can be extracted from this file by the DOCSTRIP program.

- 1 (\*driver)
- 2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
- 3 \begin{document}
- 4 \DocInput{makeindx.dtx}
- 5 \end{document}
- 6 (/driver)

## Implementation

#### Identification 4.1

Announce the package and its version:

- 7 \( \text{makeidx} \\ \text{ProvidesPackage{makeidx}} \)
- 8 \(\showidx\)\ProvidesPackage{\showidx}\
- [2000/03/29 v1.0m Standard LaTeX package]

#### 4.2 Makeidx

This macro discards its second argument (typically a page number) and just prints \seename together with the entry the reader is pointed to.

- 11 \newcommand\*\see[2]{\emph{\seename} #1}

This macro discards its second argument (typically a page number) and just prints \alsoname together with the entry the reader is pointed to. We use \providecommand to retain compatibility with existing files that define this macro.

12 \providecommand\*\seealso[2]{\emph{\alsoname} #1}

This command simply inputs the (formatted) index if it exists, otherwise a warning \printindex is issued.

13 \newcommand\printindex{\@input@{\jobname.ind}}

\seename This package is for documents prepared in the English language. To prepare a version for another language, various English words must be replaced. All the English words that require replacement are defined below in command names.

14 \providecommand\seename{see}

We used \providecommand in case the command is already defined by a package loaded earlier.

\alsoname

This macro discards its second argument (typically a page number) and just prints \alsoname together with the entry the reader is pointed to. We use \providecommand to retain compatibility with existing files that define this macro.

- 15 \providecommand\*\alsoname{see also}
- 16 (/makeidx)

#### 4.3showidx

\indexbox

This package uses TeX's insert mechanism, therefore it needs to allocate an insert register.

- 17 (\*showidx)
- 18 \newinsert\indexbox
- 19 \dimen\indexbox=\maxdimen

\index This is a modified default definition for the user level \index command. The difference is the change of the category code of the space character.

20 \renewcommand\index{\@bsphack\begingroup

\@sanitize\catcode32=10\relax\@index}

\makeindex

The same change has to be included in the user level \makeindex command, which changes the definition of \index to actually write index entries to an external file.

- 22 \renewcommand\makeindex{\if@filesw \newwrite\@indexfile
- \immediate\openout\@indexfile=\jobname.idx
- \def\index{\@bsphack\begingroup 24
- \def\protect###1{\string###1\space}\@sanitize 25
- \catcode32=10 \@wrindex\@indexfile}\typeout 26
- {Writing index file \jobname.idx }\fi}

This macro takes care of writing the index entries to a file. The definition is \@wrindex modified to call \@showidx.

```
28 \def\@wrindex#1#2{\let\thepage\relax
     \xdef\@gtempa{\write#1{\string
30
        \indexentry{#2}{\thepage}}}\endgroup\@gtempa
     \@showidx{#2}\if@nobreak \ifvmode\nobreak\fi\fi\@esphack}
```

When the user didn't use the \makeindex command, the \index macro calls \@index \@index, which normally does basically nothing. This package changes the definition to call \@showidx, which includes the entry in the list of indexentries on the current page.

32 \def\@index#1{\@showidx{#1}\endgroup\@esphack}

\@showidx This macro adds the current index entry to the insert \indexbox. The \indexbox is typeset as a flushleft paragraph.

```
33 \def\0 showidx#1{\%}
   \insert\indexbox{\small
35
      \hsize\marginparwidth
36
      \hangindent\marginparsep \parindent\z@
37
      \everypar{}\let\par\@@par \parfillskip\@flushglue
38
      \lineskip\normallineskip
      \baselineskip .8\normalbaselineskip\sloppy
39
      \raggedright \leavevmode
40
      \vrule \@height .7\normalbaselineskip \@width \z@\relax
41
42
          #1\relax
      \vrule \@height \z@ \@depth .3\normalbaselineskip \@width \z@}}
```

\raggedbottom \flushbottom The definition of these macros from latex.dtx is changed here to add the execution of \@mkidx to \@texttop, which is executed at the top of each page.

```
44 \renewcommand\raggedbottom{\def\@textbottom{\vskip}
        \z@ plus.0001fil}\let\@texttop\@mkidx}
46 \renewcommand\flushbottom{\let\@textbottom\relax
                            \let\@texttop\@mkidx}
```

\@mkidx This macro actually typesets the box containing all the index entries on the current page. They will occur on the left or the right side of the text, or both, depending on the setting of the switches \if@twocolumn and \if@twoside.

```
48 \left( \frac{\x \cdot \x}{\x} \right) 
      \if@firstcolumn \@leftidx \else \@rightidx \fi
49
    \else \ifOtwoside \ifodd\c@page \@rightidx
50
                      \else \@leftidx \fi
51
          \else \@rightidx \fi
52
53
   \fi
    \box\indexbox}\vss}}
```

\@left.idx \@rightidx

These macros give the amount of displacement for the \indexbox.

55 \def\@leftidx{\hskip-\marginparsep \hskip-\marginparwidth} 56 \def\@rightidx{\hskip\columnwidth \hskip\marginparsep}

To make this work we have to execute either \raggedbottom or \flushbottom. Assuming this package is used most often with the document classes report and book, we execute \flushbottom.

```
57 \flushbottom
58 (/showidx)
```