Tests

• Having a referenced equation with reference before 1

$$d - d = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$d - d = 0$$

2

a b (2)

• Having a referenced equation with reference after

$$c^2 = cc (3)$$

3

• Having an unlabeled equation

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

• Having a labeled, but unreferenced equation

$$\sqrt{a}$$

 \bullet Having a labeled equation with a very strange label 4

$$\sqrt{b}$$
 (4)

• Check for spurious whitespace around reference (5)

$$b_c (5)$$

• Placing the number in long equations 6

• Printing the number without referencing

$$E = mgh (7)$$

- Using a ref inside a caption
- Using a cref inside a caption
- Using cref with one argument

$$g$$
 (8)

eq. (8)

ref $\label{eq:Figure 1: 6}$ cref

Figure 2: eq. (6)

• Using cref with two arguments

cr = ef (9)

eqs. (8) and (9)

 $\bullet\,$ Using otherwise unused cref with two arguments

cr = ef (10)

cr = ef (11)

eqs. (10) and (11)

• Using align 12, 13

a (12)

c (13)

• Using gather 14, 15

a

a (14)

b

c (15)

• Using multline without referencing

c

• Using multline with referencing 16

a c (16)

• Using flalign with referencing 17

a c (17)

Figure 3: Ref 2: section 2 and 2

• Using alignat with referencing 18

$$x = yy \Longrightarrow y = x$$

$$y = z \Longrightarrow z = y$$
(18)

• short one-line shortcut

n

• align, numbering always

$$a = l \tag{19}$$

• gather, numbering always

$$g = a \tag{20}$$

• multline, numbering always (and avoiding overfull hbox warning)

$$m = u$$
____ = v (21)

ullet equation, numbering always

$$e = q \tag{22}$$

• shortcut and split 23

$$p$$
 (23)

• equation and split 24

$$\frac{s}{p}$$
 (24)

1 Using ref in section 1

text

2 Using cref in section 2

text

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