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# AIECE2021-0003

## PLACE TITLE HERE: PLACE SUBTITLE AFTER COLON

Luis Hernández<sup>†</sup> Institution or Company Name City, State

Jinsoo Kim Institution or Company Name City, State

Aadhya Acharya Institution or Company Name City, State

Maria Silva<sup>†</sup> Institution or Company Name City, Province, Canada

Yusuf Yilmaz Institution or Company Name City, State

Omar Abu Bakr Institution or Company Name City, State

Henry Tudor, Catherine Parr\* Hampton Court Palace Richmond, England

**Amelia Smith** Institution or Company Name City, State

John H. Lienhard\* Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, MA

## ABSTRACT

This paper is an example of and a LATEX template for typesetting ASME conference papers using the asmeconf class. This LATEX template follows ASME guidelines for margins, fonts, headings, captions, and reference formats as of 2021. The class is intended to be used with the asmeconf.bst BIBTFX style for reference formatting, which is part of this distribution. The template produces pdfs that contain hyperlinks, bookmarks, and metadata; and references can include the DOI and URL fields. Links may be colored, for online use, or black, for publication. The class enables inline author names, following ASME's current style, but can also produce the traditional grid style. Options include line numbering, final column balancing, various math options, government copyright, and archivability (PDF/A). In addition, section headers may contain mathematics, references, citations, and footnotes. The class is compatible with pdfLATEX or LuaLATEX.

# Keywords: ASME conference paper, LATEX Template, BIBLEX

# NOMENCLATURE

Roman letters

k Thermal conductivity  $[W m^{-1} K^{-1}]$ 

Heat flux vector  $[W m^{-2}]$  $\vec{q}$ 

Greek letters

Thermal diffusivity  $[m^2 s^{-1}]$ α

Kinematic viscosity  $[m^2 s^{-1}]$ ν

Dimensionless groups

- Prandtl number,  $v/\alpha$ Pr Sc Schmidt number,  $\nu/\mathcal{D}_{1,2}$ Superscripts and subscripts b bulk value
- $\infty$
- free stream value

## **1. INTRODUCTION**

The asmeconf class typesets papers with margins, fonts, headings, captions, and reference formats that follow the specifications for conference papers of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME). In contrast to older ASME LATEX templates, asmeconf will set internal and external hyperlinks, and the pdf file will contain bookmarks and metadata. Many other useful features have been incorporated. This class is not a publication of ASME, but the author has published in ASME conferences since 1983.

The .tex file may be written using standard LATEX commands, although some specific initial commands are needed to format the blocks containing the author[s], title, and abstract. This class loads a number of other packages, all of which are contained in up-to-date versions of TEX Live, MacTEX, and similar platforms. If you find that you are missing one of these packages, you may obtain it at no cost from CTAN (ctan.org).

#### **1.1 Essential Initial Commands**

To begin, fill in the fields to be completed at top of the asmeconf-template.tex file. These fields include the headers for your conference and your paper number. Specified metadata

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Joint first authors

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author: lienhard@mit.edu, kate@thepalace.gov Documentation for asmeconf.cls: Version 1.27, December 26, 2021.

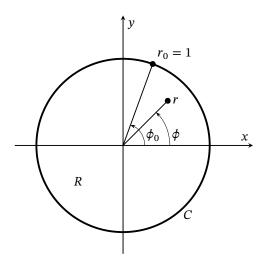


FIGURE 1: CAPTION WITH MATH, EQN. (1):  $z = (r, \phi)$  [1]

will be placed into the pdf file itself. The title should be placed into \title{..}.

Put author names into the \SetAuthors{name, name,...} command in the desired order; follow the syntax illustrated asmeconf-template.tex file. Put each distinct address sequentially into a separate \SetAffiliation{n}{address}, where  $n = 1, 2, \dots$  Tag each author with an affiliation by putting \affil{n} after that author's name inside the \SetAuthors{... command.

Keep author addresses short. List the author institution, and the City, State (US authors), City, Province, Canada (Canadian authors), or City, Country (other international authors).

One author (or more) may be designated as the corresponding author by placing \CorrespondingAuthor{email} after \affil{n}. Two or more authors may be joint first authors by putting \JointFirstAuthor after \affil{n}.

After setting up the headers, authors, and title, issue the \maketitle command.

The abstract text must be placed into \begin{abstract} ... \end{abstract}. The abstract will automatically be italicized. Keywords may be included using the \keywords{..} command. The keyword command must be issued before the abstract environment.

#### 2. REFERRING TO CITATIONS, FIGURES, AND EQUATIONS

Citations are automatically numbered [2]. They should be inserted in the text using a  $cite{ref}$  command [3, 4]. The citations will be automatically sorted and compressed if they are given in a set [2–7]. A specific reference may be named with an abbreviation, as in Ref. [7]. See the asmeconf-sample.bib file and Sect. 5 for examples of entering references.

For ASME conference papers, the labels Equation and Figure should be abbreviated when they do not start a sentence, as in Eq. (3) and Fig. 1. Figure 1 is spelled out when it starts a sentence. Equation (3) is spelled out when it starts a sentence.

Equations are typeset in the usual way and will be automatically numbered. The class file loads the amsmath and mathtools packages. Further, the newtxmath package used for the math

TABLE 1: A SIMPLE TABLE

| Experiment | <i>u</i> [m/s] | <i>T</i> [°C] |
|------------|----------------|---------------|
| Run 11     | 12.5           | 103.4         |
| Run 12     | 24             | 68.3          |

TABLE 2: TABLE WITH MORE COMPLICATED COLUMNS

| Experiment                          | <i>u</i> [m/s] | <i>T</i> [°C] |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| The first test we ran this morning  | 124.3          | 68.3          |
| The second test we ran this morning | 82.50          | 103.46        |
| Our competitor's test               | 72.321         | 141.384       |

fonts includes many additional features (see Sect. 6).

$$\vec{q} = -k\nabla T \tag{1}$$

ASME prefers SI units. (U.S. style units may follow in parentheses.) Be sure to put all symbols into the nomenclature list, including their units.

## 3. SECTION HEADINGS AND CAPTIONS

ASME requires that section headings and captions be set in an uppercase, sans serif font. The class will do this automatically. You can place \cite{..}, \ref{..}, \label{..}, and mathematics into headings and captions directly, as you would in the main text. Do not enclose them braces, e.g. {\cite{..}}, which will cause errors. You can place \footnote{..} into headings, but not into captions.<sup>12</sup>

Text in section headings and captions will not be capitalized if enclosed in a \NoCaseChange{..} command.

Sections may either be numbered or left unnumbered.

Simple mathematical expressions can be used in either captions or section headings. For a section heading that includes more complicated math (and macros), you may use the optional argument of \section[..]{..} to create a pdf bookmark without losing characters or producing warnings or errors. See the asmeconf-template.tex source file for examples of this procedure. These bookmarks should usually be text expressions, although some math is supported.

To override the sansbold math version in captions, put \NoCaseChange{\mathversion{normal}} in the caption.

#### 3.1 Subsection and Sub-subsection Headings

Subsections and sub-subsection headings should be entered in title case, with the first letter of primary words capitalized. Sub-subsections (i.e., paragraphs) are never numbered.

#### 4. TABLES AND FIGURES

Table 1 is an example of a simple table. Table captions should be placed above tables. The class loads the booktabs package

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See tex-stackexchange for various approaches to footnotes in captions, if they seem necessary. For footnotes in tables, use the tablefootnote package. <sup>2</sup>Sequential footnotes are automatically separated by a comma.

| TABLE 3: A TABLE SPANNING TWO COLUMNS | TABLE 3: | Α | TABL | Е | SPANNING | TWO | COLUMNS |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---|------|---|----------|-----|---------|
|---------------------------------------|----------|---|------|---|----------|-----|---------|

| x    | $\operatorname{erf}(x)$ | $\operatorname{erfc}(x)$ | x      | $\operatorname{erf}(x)$ | $\operatorname{erfc}(x)$ |
|------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 0.00 | 0.00000                 | 1.00000                  | 1.10   | 0.88021                 | 0.11980                  |
| 0.05 | 0.05637                 | 0.94363                  | 1.20   | 0.91031                 | 0.08969                  |
| 0.10 | 0.11246                 | 0.88754                  | 1.30   | 0.93401                 | 0.06599                  |
| 0.15 | 0.16800                 | 0.83200                  | 1.40   | 0.95229                 | 0.04771                  |
| 0.20 | 0.22270                 | 0.77730                  | 1.50   | 0.96611                 | 0.03389                  |
| 0.30 | 0.32863                 | 0.67137                  | 1.60   | 0.97635                 | 0.02365                  |
| 0.40 | 0.42839                 | 0.57161                  | 1.70   | 0.98379                 | 0.01621                  |
| 0.50 | 0.52050                 | 0.47950                  | 1.80   | 0.98909                 | 0.01091                  |
| 0.60 | 0.60386                 | 0.39614                  | 1.8214 | 0.99000                 | 0.01000                  |
| 0.70 | 0.67780                 | 0.32220                  | 1.90   | 0.99279                 | 0.00721                  |
| 0.80 | 0.74210                 | 0.25790                  | 2.00   | 0.99532                 | 0.00468                  |
| 0.90 | 0.79691                 | 0.20309                  | 2.50   | 0.99959                 | 0.00041                  |
| 1.00 | 0.84270                 | 0.15730                  | 3.00   | 0.99998                 | 0.00002                  |

(used for horizontal rules in Tables 1 and 2), and the array and dcolumn packages which provide extended capabilities for columns in the tabular environment (see Table 2). Table 3 is an example of a table that spans two columns. Two column tables (and figures) will always float to the top of a later page.

Figure captions go below figures. Figure 2 is an example of a figure that spans two columns and includes subfigures. The text in figures (and tables) should be no smaller than 6 point type. Images in figures are handled by the standard graphicx package.

Landscape figures and tables may be produced at full-page size by putting \usepackage[figuresright]{rotating} in your .tex file's preamble and using the sidewaystable\* and sidewaysfigure\* environments [8].

#### 5. REFERENCE FORMATTING WITH asmeconf.bst<sup>3</sup>

The asmeconf.bst BIBT<sub>E</sub>X style follows the reference styles shown on ASME's conference web site in 2021.<sup>4</sup> Examples for these and many other cases are given in the asmeconf-sample.bib file, which is part of this distribution. Citations and references are managed by the standard natbib package. Nevertheless, a few comments are necessary.

**DOI, URL, and eprint.** Include DOI numbers when they are available. URL's may alternatively be given. ASME requests that URLs point to a document's abstract.

Basic support for eprint numbers is also included, generating a url at the end of the citation. The archive type may be specified using the macros arxiv, googlebooks, hdl, jstore, oclc, or pubmed (e.g., archive=hdl, *without* braces). Both eprint and archive fields *must* be given. Other root urls may be invoked using archive = {https://another.url.org/}.

**Online Sources.** A bibliography entry @online{.. is included for citation of online sources, such as web pages. A url or eprint with archive must be included. See the examples of use in the asmeconf-sample.bib file.

**Date Accessed.** The urldate={..} field may be used to provide the date on which a given url was accessed. By default, the text printed will be Accessed 'date',. The word "Accessed" may be changed using the urltype={..} field.

**Conference Location and Date.** For @inproceeedings{... and @proceeedings{..., you may include venue={..} and eventdate={..} to specify the city and date of a conference.

**Capitalization of Titles.** ASME's bibliography style requires that document titles be in title case. The first letters of principal words are capitalized. Do this in the .bib file.

## 6. MORE ON MATH: $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{\omega} = 0$

In most cases, the need for a wide equation can be eliminated by using one of the multiline equation environments defined by amsmath, such as align, split, or multline [9]. The following equation is set with the multline environment:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left[ \rho \left( e + |\vec{u}|^2 / 2 \right) \right] + \nabla \cdot \left[ \rho \left( h + |\vec{u}|^2 / 2 \right) \vec{u} \right]$$
$$= -\nabla \cdot \vec{q} + \rho \vec{u} \cdot \vec{g} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} (d_{ji} u_i) + \dot{Q}_v \quad (2)$$

An example using align appears in Appendix A.

An alternative solution may be to set large equations into two-column-wide tables or figures. While a package exists for setting equations that span two columns (widetext.sty), that code is erratic in relation to floats and page breaks.

Math italics are used for Roman and Greek letters by default. If you want an upright letter in math, you can use the relevant math alphabet, e.g., \mathrm, \mathbf, \mathsf:

 $\vec{F} = m\vec{a}$  or  $\vec{F} = m\vec{a}$  or  $\vec{F} = m\vec{a}$  (3)

To get additional symbols in bold math, use the  $\bm{..}\mbox{ macro}$  from the bm package (which is loaded by the class) or, for longer passages, use { $\mbox{mathversion}\bold{...}$ .

The class file also provides upright sans-serif Greek letters with  $\sfalpha$  and similar expressions (e.g.,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$ 

 $<sup>^3</sup> If$  you have text in a section heading or caption that you do not want to be capitalized, such as an SI unit, enclose it in a <code>\NoCaseChange</code> command.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>asmeconf.bst is intended as a replacement for the old asmems4.bst, which does not follow ASME's current reference formats or support DOI and URL.

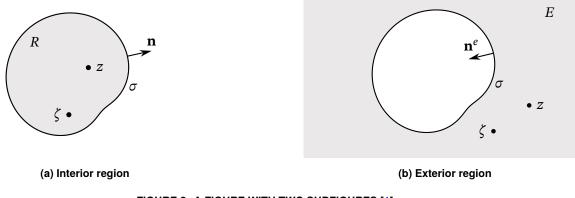


FIGURE 2: A FIGURE WITH TWO SUBFIGURES [1]

 $\ldots \alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta \ldots$ ), in case they are needed (but note that the newtxmath options frenchmath and slantedGreek also affect how Greek letters are presented).

## 6.1 The newtxmath and mathalpha Packages [10, 11]

The newtxmath package [10], loaded by default, includes many options for mathematics, most of which can be called as options to \documentclass. For example, the upint option selects upright integral signs (rather than slanted integral signs):

\documentclass[upint]{asmeconf}.

The option subscriptcorrection improves the spacing of math subscripts. These math options are discussed further in the asmeconf-template.tex file.

In addition, many options for calligraphic, fraktur, and script fonts are available as options to the mathalfa package, which is also loaded. These may be invoked, for example, as

```
\documentclass[mathalfa=cal=euler]{asmeconf}
```

which selects the Euler font for \mathcal, as in  $A \in \mathcal{P}(A)$ . To find all the font options, refer to the mathalfa package documentation [11].

The asmeconf class is designed to be used with newtxmath and does not support the unicode-math package.

## 7. ADDITIONAL OPTIONS FOR asmeconf.cls

The class accepts a number of options in addition to those already described. These options are discussed next.

# 7.1 Colored Hyperlinks

ASME requires that all text be **in black** when the paper is submitted for publication. For other uses, authors may obtain colored hyperlinks with the [colorlinks] option.

#### 7.2 Final Column Balancing

The option [balance] invokes the the flushend package [12]. This package will attempt to give equal height to the two columns on the last page. The performance of this package is sometimes inconsistent (with odd page layout or, very rarely, errors), so use this option with caution.

#### 7.3 Line Numbers

The option [lineno] invokes the the lineno package [13]. This option will produce line numbers in the margins. You must run LATEX *twice* for proper placement of the numbers. Tables, captions, and footnotes will not be numbered. Line numbers can be helpful for review and editing, but should not be used in your final manuscript. See the documentation of the lineno package for further commands to control line numbering.

The lineno package is not compatible with the flushend package that makes final short columns the same height. Balancing is automatically disabled when this option is called.

## 7.4 Grid-Style Author Block

The option [grid] invokes ASME's grid-style arrangement of author names. Author names are recognized by the commas that separate them. (To include a comma in a name, enclose it in braces.) Line breaks  $(\)$  may be inserted into the address of  $SetAffiliation{n}{address}$  as needed.

Note that ASME interprets the author order in the grid style by reading names from left-to-right in the top row, then left-toright in each subsequent row.

#### 7.5 Changing the Copyright Footer

The option [nofoot] will omit the ASME copyright from the page footer. The option [govt] will produce a copyright notice for authors who are employees of the U. S. Government. The option [contractor] will produce a copyright notice for authors who are employed by a U. S. Government contractor.

The footers are generated with the fancyhdr package [14] and can be changed using the commands of that package. Only the default arrangement matches ASME's style, however.

# 7.6 Archivability: PDF/A

Compliance with PDF/A standards can be enabled using the option [pdf-a] when running with pdfLATEX. The default setting is for PDF/A-3u with sRGB OutputIntent (sRGB.icc). If levels 1b, 2b, 2u, or 3b are preferred, use the options [pdfapart=1 or 2 or 3] and [pdfaconformance=b or u]. Note that accessible conformance (a) is not currently possible with LATEX.

As of late 2021, the  $L^{A}T_{E}X3$  team is phasing in native support for PDF/A in the  $L^{A}T_{E}X$  kernel, which will make these class options unnecessary when using up-to-date installations.

# 7.7 Superiors Font

The newtxtext package includes a superiors font (both numbers and letters) for use in footnote markers and text superscripts. To enable this font, use the option [nodefaultsups].

# 7.8 Typewriter Font Options

This font is the sans-serif inconsolata. By default, the word spacing is variable, but option [mono] ends this behavior. A slashed zero is default; option [var0] removes the slash. Option [hyphenate] enables hyphenation. (The hyphenation option is not available if the [fontspec] option is used.)

# 7.9 Support for Other Languages

This package can be adapted to incorporate (or entirely use) languages other than English. See Appendix B for details.

# 8. CONCLUSION

Provide a brief conclusion (3-4 lines).

# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Place any acknowledgments here.

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# APPENDIX A. THE VECTOR PRODUCT $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$

This brief illustration of an appendix shows the numbering of the appendix and equations. Equations are numbered consecutively, following those in the paper. Consider  $\rho \neq fn(p)$ :

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{u} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$
(4)

$$= \int_{\mathcal{C}} \frac{D\mathbf{u}}{Dt} \cdot d\mathbf{r} + \underbrace{\int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{u} \cdot d\left(\frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt}\right)}_{(5)}$$

$$= \iint_{\mathcal{S}} \nabla \times \frac{D\mathbf{u}}{Dt} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$$
(6)

$$= \iint_{\mathcal{S}} \nabla p \times \nabla \left(\frac{1}{\rho}\right) \cdot d\mathbf{A} \tag{7}$$

## APPENDIX B. MULTILINGUAL SUPPORT

ASME publishes in English, but the babel package is loaded for users who may wish to include other languages. For example, an author might wish to include an appendix that provides the abstract in another language.

When more than one language option is included in \documentclass[..]{asmeconf}, English will be assumed to

be the main language of the document. (To choose a different main language, set [main=..]). If no language options are given, the package defaults to English. As examples, a passage in French is shown in Annexe C, followed by abstracts in Spanish, Greek, Russian, and Vietnamese.

The input encoding can be utf-8, as for these glyphs: àáâäæãåā èéçëêēė îïíīįì ôöòóœøōõ ûüùúū çćč ł ñń ßśš ÿ žźż.

Fonts similar to Times/Helvetica are automatically used when the Greek, Vietnamese, or selected cyrillic-alphabet languages are called as options under pdfIATEX. Using LuaIATEX with the [fontspec] option, many additional scripts are available; see the supplemental notes for such usage [20]. Possibilities include Arabic, Bengali, Chinese, Devanagari (e.g., for Hindi), Hangul (for Korean), Kana (for Japanese), and Tamil. *The* [fontspec] option requires a LATEX installation dated October 2020 or later.

The bibliography style, asmeconf.bst, is designed in English and aimed at BIBT<sub>E</sub>X.

## ANNEXE C. DISCOURS PRÉLIMINAIRE DE FOURIER

Les causes primordiales ne nous sont point connues; mais elles sont assujetties à des lois simples et constantes, que l'on peut découvrir par l'observation, et dont l'étude est l'objet de la philosophie naturelle.

La chale ur pénètre, comme la gravité, toutes les substances de l'univers, ses rayons occupent toutes les parties de l'espace. Le but de notre ouvrage est d'exposer les lois mathématiques que suit cet élément. Cette théorie formera désormais une des branches les plus importantes de la physique générale [21].

## RESUMEN

Este es el resumen del artículo. Escribimos en español. Se describen el problema, los métodos y los resultados. También se incluyen referencias.

#### ΠΕΡΙΛΗΨΗ

Αυτή είναι η περίληψη του άρθρου. Χρησιμοποιούμε την ελληνική γλώσσα. Περιγράφεται το πρόβλημα, οι μέθοδοι και τα αποτελέσματα. Περιλαμβάνονται επίσης αναφορές.

## АННОТАЦИЯ

Это резюме статьи. Пишем по русски. Описаны проблема, методы и результаты. Библиография также включена.

## TÓM TẮT NỘI DUNG

Đây là phần tóm tắt của bài báo khoa học. Chúng tôi viết bằng tiếng Việt. Vấn đề, các phương pháp và các kết quả được mô tả trong phần này. Tài liệu tham khảo cũng được bao gồm.