# The **ltshipout** documentation\*

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# 1 Introduction

The code provides an interface to the  $\shipout$  primitive of  $T_EX$  which is called when a finished pages is finally "shipped out" to the target output file, e.g., the .dvi or .pdf file. A good portion of the code is based on ideas by Heiko Oberdiek implemented in his packages atbegshi and atenddvi even though the interfaces are somewhat different.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>This file has version v1.0n dated 2022/11/08, © LATEX Project.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Heiko's interfaces are emulated by the kernel code, if a document requests his packages, so older documents will continue to work.

#### 1.1 Overloading the \shipout primitive

It then stores it in a named box register. This box can then be manipulated through a set of hooks after which it is shipped out for real.

Each shipout that actually happens (i.e., where the material is not discarded for one or the other reason) is recorded and the total number is available in a readonly variable and in a LATFX counter.

**\RawShipout** This command implements a simplified shipout that bypasses the foreground and background hooks, e.g., only **shipout/firstpage** and **shipout/lastpage** are executed and the total shipout counters are incremented.

> The command doesn't use \ShipoutBox but its own private box register so that it can be used inside of shipout hooks to do some additional shipouts while already in the output routine with the current page being stored in \ShipoutBox. It does have access to \ShipoutBox if it is used in shipout/before (or shipout/after) and can use its content.

> It is safe to use it in shipout/before or shipout/after but not necessarily in the other shipout/... hooks as they are intended for special processing.

 $\label{eq:shipoutBox} \begin{tabular}{llshipoutbox}{llshipoutbox}{llshipoutbox} \end{tabular} This box register is called \ShipoutBox (alternatively available via the L3 name \label{llshipoutbox}{$ 

This box is a "local" box and assignments to it should be done only locally. Global assignments (as done by some packages with older code where this is box is known as 255) may work but they are conceptually wrong and may result in errors under certain circumstances.

During the execution of shipout/before this box contains the accumulated material for the page, but not yet any material added by other shipout hooks. During execution of shipout/after, i.e., after the shipout has happened, the box also contains any background or foreground material.

Material from the hooks shipout/firstpage or shipout/lastpage is not included (but only used during the actual shipout) to facilitate reuse of the box data (e.g., shipout/firstpage material should never be added to a later page of the output).

\l\_shipout\_box\_ht\_dim

\l\_shipout\_box\_dp\_dim

\l\_shipout\_box\_wd\_dim

\l\_shipout\_box\_ht\_plus\_dp\_dim

The shipout box dimensions are available in the L3 registers  $l_shipout_box_ht_dim$ , etc. (there are no  $IAT_EX 2_{\varepsilon}$  names).<sup>2</sup> These variables can be used inside the hook code for shipout/before, shipout/foreground and shipout/background if needed.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{Might}$  need changing, but HO's version as strings is not really helpful I think).

#### 1.2 Provided hooks

shipout/before
shipout/after
shipout/foreground
shipout/background
shipout/firstpage
shipout/lastpage

The code for **\shipout** offers a number of hooks into which packages (or the user) can add code to support different use cases. These are:

shipout/background shipout/before This hook is executed after the finished page has been stored in
shipout/firstpage
shipout/lastpage \ShipoutBox / \l\_shipout\_box). It can be used to alter that box content or
to discard it completely (see \DiscardShipoutBox below).

You can use \RawShipout inside this hook for special use cases. It can make use of \ShipoutBox (which doesn't yet include the background and foreground material).

**Note:** It is not possible (or say advisable) to try and use this hook to typeset material with the intention to return it to main vertical list, it will go wrong and give unexpected results in many cases—for starters it will appear after the current page not before or it will vanish or the vertical spacing will be wrong!

shipout/background This hook adds a picture environment into the background of the
 page with the (0,0) coordinate in the top-left corner using a \unitlength of 1pt.

It should therefore only receive **\put** commands or other commands suitable in a **picture** environment and the vertical coordinate values would normally be negative.

Technically this is implemented by adding a zero-sized \hbox as the very first item into the \ShipoutBox containing that picture environment. Thus the rest of the box content will overprint what ever is typeset by that hook.

shipout/foreground This hook adds a picture environment into the foreground of the
 page with the (0,0) coordinate in the top-left corner using a \unitlength of 1pt.

Technically this is implemented by adding a zero-sized \hbox as the very last item into the \ShipoutBox and raising it up so that it still has its (0,0) point in the top-left corner. But being placed after the main box content it will be typeset later and thus overprints it (i.e., is in the foreground).

shipout This hook is executed after foreground and/or background material has been added, i.e., just in front of the actual shipout operation. Its purpose is to allow manipulation of the finalized box (stored in \ShipoutBox) with the extra material also in place (which is not yet the case in shipout/before).

It cannot be used to cancel the shipout operation via \DiscardShipoutBox (that has to happen in shipout/before, if desired!

shipout/firstpage The material from this hook is executed only once at the very beginning of the first output page that is shipped out (i.e., not discarded at the last minute). It should only contain \special or similar commands needed to direct post processors handling the .dvi or .pdf output.<sup>3</sup>

This hook is added to the very first page regardless of how it is shipped out (i.e., with \shipout or \RawShipout).

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>In~I\!A\!T_{E\!X} 2_{\cal E}$  that was already existing, but implemented using a box register with the name <code>\@begindvibox</code>.

shipout/lastpage The corresponding hook to add \specials at the very end of the output file. It is only executed on the very last page of the output file — or rather on the page that LATEX believes is the last one. Again it is executed regardless of the shipout method.

It may not be possible for  $IAT_EX$  to correctly determine which page is the last one without several reruns. If this happens and the hook is non-empty then  $IAT_EX$  will add an extra page to place the material and also request a rerun to get the correct placement sorted out.

You can use \RawShipout inside this hook for special use cases and the main \ShipoutBox is still available at this point (but in contrast to shipout/before it now includes the background and foreground material).

**Note:** Just like **shipout/before** this hook is not meant to be used for adding typeset material back to the main vertical list—it might vanish or the vertical spacing will be wrong!

As mentioned above the hook shipout/before is executed first and can manipulate the prepared shipout box stored in \ShipoutBox or set things up for use in \write during the actual shipout. It is even run if there was a \DiscardShipoutBox request in the document.

The other hooks (except shipout and shipout/after) are added inside hboxes to the box being shipped out in the following order:

 shipout/firstpage
 only on the first page

 shipout/background

 ⟨boxed content of \ShipoutBox⟩

 shipout/foreground

 shipout/lastpage
 only on the last page

If any of the hooks has no code then the corresponding box is added at that point.

Once the (page) box has got the above extra content it can again be manipulated using the **shipout** hook and then is shipped out for real.

Once the (page) box has been shipped out the shipout/after hook is called (while you are still inside the output routine). It is not called if the shipout box was discarded.

In a document that doesn't produce pages, e.g., only makes \typeouts, none of the hooks are ever executed (as there is no \shipout) not even the shipout/lastpage hook.

If \RawShipout is used instead of \shipout then only the hooks shipout/firstpage and shipout/lastpage are executed (on the first or last page), all others are bypassed.

#### 1.3 Legacy Large to Larg

\AtEndDvi

Neither interface can set a code label but uses the current default label.

 $AtBeginDvi AtBeginDvi {(code)}$ 

 $<sup>\</sup>label{eq:label} At {\tt BeginDvi} is the existing IAT_{E}X \ 2_{\mathcal{E}} interface to fill the {\tt shipout/firstpage} hook. This is not really a good name as it is not just supporting .dvi but also .pdf output or .xdv.$ 

<sup>\</sup>AtEndDvi is the counterpart that was not available in the kernel but only through the package atenddvi. It fills the shipout/lastpage hook.

As these two wrappers have been available for a long time we continue offering them (but not enhancing them, e.g., by providing support for code labels).

For new code we strongly suggest using the high-level hook management commands directly instead of "randomly-named" wrappers. This will lead to code that is easier to understand and to maintain and it also allows you to set code labels if needed.

For this reason we do not provide any other "new" wrapper commands for the above hooks in the kernel, but only keep the existing ones for backward compatibility.

#### 1.4 Special commands for use inside the hooks

\DiscardShipoutBox	$\Lambda ddToHookNext$	{shipout/before}	{	\Discard	ShipoutBox}
Shipout discard				<i>.</i>	

The \DiscardShipoutBox declaration (L3 name \shipout\_discard:) requests that on the next shipout the page box is thrown away instead of being shipped to the .dvi or .pdf file.

Typical applications wouldn't do this unconditionally, but have some processing logic that decides to use or not to use the page.

Note that if this declaration is used directly in the document it may depend on the placement to which page it applies, given that LATEX output routine is called in an asynchronous manner! Thus normally one would use this only as part of the shipout/before code.

Todo: Once we have a new mark mechanism available we can improve on that and make sure that the declaration applies to the page that contains it — not done (yet)

\DiscardShipoutBox cannot be used in any of the shipout/... hooks other than shipout/before.

In the atbegshi package there are a number of additional commands for use inside the shipout/before hook. They should normally not be needed any more as one can instead simply add code to the hooks shipout/before, shipout, shipout/background or shipout/foreground.<sup>4</sup> If atbegshi gets loaded then those commands become available as public functions with their original names as given below.

#### 1.5 Provided LuaT<sub>E</sub>X callbacks

pre\_shipout\_filter Under LuaTEX the pre\_shipout\_filter Lua callback is provided which gets called directly after the shipout hook, immediately before the shipout primitive gets invoked. The signature is

function(<node> head)
 return true
end

The head is the list node corresponding to the box to be shipped out. The return value should always be true.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>If that assumption turns out to be wrong it would be trivial to change them to public functions (right now they are private).

# **1.6** Information counters

\ReadonlyShipoutCounter	\ifnum\ReadonlyShipoutCounter=
$g_shipout_readonly_int$	<pre>\int_use:N \g_shipout_readonly_int % expl3 usage</pre>
	This integer holds the number of pages shipped out up to now (including the one to be shipped out when inside the output routine). More precisely, it is incremented only after it is clear that a page will be shipped out, i.e., after the shipout/before hook (because that might discard the page)! In contrast shipout/after sees the incremented value. Just like with the page counter its value is only accurate within the output routine. In the body of the document it may be off by one as the output routine is called asynchronously! Also important: it <i>must not</i> be set, only read. There are no provisions to prevent that restriction, but if you manipulate it, chaos will be the result. To emphasize this fact it is not provided as a LATEX counter but as a TEX counter (i.e., a command), so
	\Alph{\ReadonlyShipoutCounter} etc, would not work.
totalpages	\arabic{totalpages}
\g_shipout_totalpages_int	\int_use:N \g_shipout_totalpage_int % expl3 usage
	In contrast to \ReadonlyShipoutCounter, the totalpages counter is a LATEX counter and incremented for each shipout attempt including those pages that are discarded for one or the other reason. Again shipout/before sees the counter before it is incremented. In contrast shipout/after sees the incremented value. Furthermore, while it is incremented for each page, its value is never used by LATEX. It can therefore be freely reset or changed by user code, for example, to additionally count a number of pages that are not build by LATEX but are added in a later part of the process, e.g., cover pages or picture pages made externally. Important: as this is a page-related counter its value is only reliable inside the output routine!
\PreviousTotalPages	\thetotalpages/\PreviousTotalPages
	Command that expands to the number of total pages from the previous run. If there was no previous run or if used in the preamble it expands to 0. Note that this is a command and not a counter, so in order to display the number in, say, Roman numerals you have to assign its value to a counter and then use \Roman on that counter.
	1.7 Debugging shipout code

\DebugShipoutsOn \DebugShipoutsOff \shipout\_debug\_on: \shipout\_debug\_off:

\DebugShipoutsOn

Turn the debugging of shipout code on or off. This displays changes made to the shipout data structures.

Todo: This needs some rationalizing and may not stay this way.

# 2 Emulating commands from other packages

The packages in this section are no longer necessary, but as they are used by other packages, they are emulated when they are explicitly loaded with \usepackage or \RequirePackage.

Please note that the emulation only happens if the package is explicitly requested, i.e., the commands documented below are not automatically available in the  $\text{LAT}_{\text{E}}X$  kernel! If you write a new package we suggest to use the appropriate kernel hooks directly instead of loading the emulation.

#### 2.1 Emulating atbegshi

\AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft \AddToHook {shipout/before} \AtBeginShipoutUpperLeftForeground {...\AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft{\code\}...}

This adds a **picture** environment into the background of the shipout box expecting  $\langle code \rangle$  to contain **picture** commands. The same effect can be obtained by simply using kernel features as follows:

#### $\Lambda ddToHook{shipout/background}{\langle code \rangle}$

There is one technical difference: if AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft is used several times each invocation is put into its own box inside the shipout box whereas all  $\langle code \rangle$  going into shipout/background ends up all in the same box in the order it is added or sorted based on the rules for the hook chunks.

\AtBeginShipoutUpperLeftForeground is similar with the difference that the picture environment is placed in the foreground. To model it with the kernel functions use the hook shipout/foreground instead.

\AtBeginShipoutAddToBox \AddToHook {shipout/before} {...\AtBeginShipoutAddToBox{code}}...}

These work like  $AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft and AtBeginShipoutUpperLeftForeground with the difference that <math>\langle code \rangle$  is directly placed into an hbox inside the shipout box and not surrounded by a picture environment.

To emulate them using shipout/background or shipout/foreground you may have to wrap  $\langle code \rangle$  into a \put statement but if the code is not doing any typesetting just adding it to the hook should be sufficient.

\AtBeginShipoutBox This is the name of the shipout box as atbegshi knows it.

#### \AtBeginShipoutOriginalShipout

This is the name of the \shipout primitive as atbegshi knows it. This bypasses all the mechanisms set up by the LATEX kernel and there are various scenarios in which it can therefore fail. It should only be used to run existing legacy atbegshi code but not in newly developed applications.

The kernel alternative is RawShipout which is integrated with the LATEX mechanisms and updates, for example, the ReadonlyShipoutCounter counter. Please use RawShipout for new code if you want to bypass the before, foreground and background hooks.

\AtBeginShipoutInit	By default atbegshi delayed its action until \begin{document}. This command was forcing it in an earlier place. With the new concept it does nothing.
\AtBeginShipout \AtBeginShipoutNext	$\label{code} \label{code} \la$
	This is equivalent to filling the shipout/before hook by either using \AddToHook or \AddToHookNext, respectively.
\AtBeginShipoutFirst \AtBeginShipoutDiscard	The atbegshi names for \AtBeginDvi and \DiscardShipoutBox.

#### 2.2 Emulating everyshi

The everyshi package is providing commands to run arbitrary code just before the shipout starts. One point of difference: in the new shipout hooks the page is available as \ShipoutBox for inspection of change, one should not manipulate box 255 directly inside shipout/before, so old code doing this would change to use \ShipoutBox instead of 255 or \@cclv.

 $\label{eq:linear} \label{eq:linear} \label{eq:linear} \label{eq:linear} $$ \eqref{code} & \eqr$ 

 $\label{eq:linear} \label{linear} \$ 

However, most use cases for everyshi are attempts to put some picture or text into the background or foreground of the page and that can be done today simply by using the shipout/background and shipout/foreground hooks without any need to coding.

#### 2.3 Emulating atenddvi

The atenddvi package implemented only a single command: \AtEndDvi and that is now available out of the box so the emulation makes the package a no-op.

#### 2.4 Emulating everypage

This package patched the original \@begindvi hook and replaced it with its own version. Its functionality is now covered by the hooks offered by the kernel so that there is no need for such patching any longer.

```
\AddEverypageHook
\AddEverypageHook{⟨code⟩} =
\AddToHook{shipout/background}{\put(1in,-1in){⟨code⟩}}
\AddEverypageHook is adding something into the background of every page at a position
of 1in to the right and 1in down from the top left corner of the page. By using the
kernel hook directly you can put your material directly to the right place, i.e., use other
coordinates in the \put statement above.
\AddThispageHook
\AddThispageHook{⟨code⟩} =
\AddThispageHook{\code⟩}
The \AddThispageHook wrapper is similar but uses \AddToHookNext.
```

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The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

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