

# The `pst-pdf` package<sup>\*</sup>

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## 1 Introduction

The package `pst-pdf` simplifies the use of graphics from PSTricks and other PostScript code in PDF documents. As in building a bibliography with `BIBTEX` additional external programmes are being invoked. In this case they are used to create a PDF file (`\PDFcontainer`) that will contain all this graphics material. In the final document this contents will be inserted instead of the original PostScript code.

## 2 Usage

### 2.1 Package options

**active** Activates the extraction mode (DVI output). An explicit declaration usually is not necessary (default in `LATEX` mode).

**inactive** No special actions; only the packages `pstricks` and `graphicx` are loaded (default in `VTEX`). Can be used to just convert the document with `LATEX` into a DVI file while avoiding the automatic extraction mode.

**pstricks** The package `pstricks` is loaded (default).

**nopstricks** The package `pstricks` does not get loaded. Once it is detected that `pstricks` was loaded however in some other way, the `pspicture` environment is treated as if the option “`pstricks`” was given.

**draft** From the `\PDFcontainer` file included graphics is displayed as frame in `pdfLATEX` mode.

**final** From the `\PDFcontainer` file included graphics is correctly displayed in `pdfLATEX` mode (default).

**tightpage** The graphics’ dimensions in the `\PDFcontainer` file match exactly those of the corresponding `TEX` boxes (default).

**notightpage** The dimensions of the `TEX` box corresponding to its graphics is not always correct, since a PostScript statement can draw outside its box. The

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option “`notightpage`” makes the graphics in the `\PDFcontainer` file to be at least the size of the whole page. To be able to make use of the graphics’ in a later pdfLATEX run, the `\PDFcontainer` file needs to be finished in a way that each graphics gets reduced in size to its visible part. For this an external programme like `pdfcrop`<sup>1</sup> can be useful. Its use can save declaring the option “`trim`” (see also section 2.4).

**displaymath** In PDF mode the mathematical environments `displaymath`, `eqnarray`, and `$$` get also extracted and included as graphics. This way additional PSTricks extensions can easily be added to the contents of these environments. (Question: how do AMSLATEX environments behave?)

**⟨other⟩** All other options are passed to `pstricks` package.

## 2.2 Program calls

The following table shows the course necessary to create a PDF document containing PostScript graphics<sup>2</sup>. As comparison the analogous course for a bibliography is shown.

PostScript graphics	bibliography
<code>pdflatex document.tex</code>	<code>pdflatex document.tex</code>
<i>auxiliary calls</i>	
<code>latex document.tex</code>	
<code>dvips -o document-pics.ps document.dvi</code>	
<code>ps2pdf document-pics.ps</code>	<code>bibtex document.aux</code>
<code>pdflatex document.tex</code>	<code>pdflatex document.tex</code>

While creating the output only code from inside a `pspicture` or `postscript` environment is considered. PostScript graphics files, which are passed as parameter of an `\includegraphics` statement, too are included into the `\PDFcontainer` file. This file’s name is by default `⟨jobname⟩-pics.pdf`. It can be changed by re-defining the macro `\PDFcontainer`.

## 2.3 User commands

**pspicture** `\begin{pspicture}[(keys)] ((x0,x1))((y0,y1)) ... \end{pspicture}`  
 The `pspicture` environment is not available when the option “`nopstricks`” was given. It is to be used the same way as if in PSTricks. In pdfLATEX mode this environment’s contents is only displayed when the `\PDFcontainer` file was created before.

**postscript** `\begin{postscript}[(keys)] ... \end{postscript}`  
 The `postscript` environment can contain any code except floats. In pdfLATEX mode its contents is take too off the `\PDFcontainer` file. Other as in the `pspicture` environment the necessary space is not always preserved when the `\PDFcontainer` file does not exist yet.

**\includegraphics** `\includegraphics[(keys)]{filename}`

<sup>1</sup>CTAN: support/pdfcrop/

<sup>2</sup>The TeX distribution “`teTeX`” contains a UNIX shell script `ps4pdf` which executes all the necessary steps. See: CTAN: `macros/latex/contrib/ps4pdf/`

To be used as in `graphics/graphicx` defined. In pdfL<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X mode it is now additionally feasable to pass the name of an EPS file. Its visible contents too is taken from the `\PDFcontainer` file.

`\savepicture`      `\savepicture{<name>}`

The last output graphics (result of the `pspicture` or `postscript` environments or the `\includegraphics` statement with an PostScript file as argument) is being saved in a file under the name as given by the parameter.

`\usepicture`      `\usepicture[<keys>]{<name>}`

The recently via `\savepicture` saved graphics is being output. The optional parameter is taken from the `\includegraphics` statement's set of specifiers.

## 2.4 Command options

The behaviour of the `\includegraphics` and `\usepicture` statements and the `postscript` environment can be modified with any of the following parameters (key value syntax):

**frame=**<true|false> As with the `\fbox` statement a frame is drawn around the graphics. Any change of size due to rotation is taken into account. Drawing happens in pdfL<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X mode; before, in creating the `\PDFcontainer` file, it is ignored. Default: false.

**innerframe=**<true|false> As in “frame”, but the frame is drawn around the graphics, not its box.

**ignore=**<true|false> If “true” no graphics is output. With `\savepicture{<name>}` the graphics can be used later in a different place via `\usepicture`. Default: false.

**showname=**<true|false> A caption of minimal font size records the used file's name. Default: false.

**namefont=**<font commands> Controls the font used when “showname=true” is set. Default: `\ttfamily\tiny`

All parameters can be set globally as in `\setkeys{Gin}{<key=>value}`.

## 3 Implementation

1 <\*package>

### 3.1 Package options

```

2 \newcommand*{\ppf@TeX@mode}{-1}
3 \newcommand*{\ppf@draft}{false}
4 \newif\if@ppf@PST@used\@ppf@PST@usedtrue
5 \newif\if@ppf@tightpage\@ppf@tightpagetrue
6 \DeclareOption{active}{\def\ppf@TeX@mode{0}}
7 \DeclareOption{inactive}{\def\ppf@TeX@mode{9}}
8 \DeclareOption{ignore}{\def\ppf@TeX@mode{999}}
9 \DeclareOption{pstricks}{\@ppf@PST@usedtrue}
10 \DeclareOption{nopstricks}{\@ppf@PST@usedfalse}

```

```

11 \DeclareOption{displaymath}{%
12   \PassOptionsToPackage{CurrentOption{preview}}%
13 \DeclareOption{draft}{\def\ppf@draft{true}}
14 \DeclareOption{final}{\def\ppf@draft{false}}%
15   \PassOptionsToPackage{CurrentOption{graphicx}}{%
16 \DeclareOption{notightpage}{\@ppf@tightpagefalse}%
17 \DeclareOption{tightpage}{\@ppf@tightpagetrue}%
18 \DeclareOption*{%
19   \PassOptionsToPackage{CurrentOption{pstricks}}{%
20 \ProcessOptions\relax
21 \ifnum\ppf@TeX@mode=999\relax\expandafter\endinput\fi

```

### 3.2 Compiler tests

It is tested which TeX compiler in which mode of operation is actually used (see ‘`graphics.cfg`’ in teTeX/TeX Live). Accordingly the environments `pspicture` and `postscript` gain each a different range of functions. This test is only executed when the options `active` or `inactive` were not given.

```

22 \ifnum\ppf@TeX@mode=-1\relax
23   \begingroup
Default (TeX with a dvi-to-ps converter)
24     \chardef\x=0 %
Check pdftEX
25   \@ifundefined{pdfoutput}{}{%
26     \ifcase\pdfoutput\else
27       \chardef\x=1 %
28     \fi
29   }%
Check VTeX
30   \@ifundefined{OpMode}{}{\chardef\x=2 }%
31   \expandafter\endgroup
32 \ifcase\x
  ⇒ DVI mode
33   \def\ppf@TeX@mode{0}%
34 \or
  ⇒ pdftEX is running in PDF mode
35   \def\ppf@TeX@mode{1}%
36 \else
  ⇒ VTeX is running
37   \def\ppf@TeX@mode{9}%
38 \fi
39 \fi

40 \newcommand*\PDFcontainer{}
41 \edef\PDFcontainer{\jobname-pics.pdf}
42 \newcounter{pspicture}
43 \newcommand*\ppf@other@extensions[1]{}
44 \newcommand*\usepicture[2][]{}
45 \newcommand*\savepicture[1]{}

```

```

46 \RequirePackage{graphicx}%
47 \let\ppf@Ginclude@graphics\Gininclude@graphics
48 \let\ppf@Gin@extensions\Gin@extensions
49 \let\ppf@Gin@ii\Gin@ii
50 \newif\if@ppf@pdftex@graphic
51 \newif\ifGin@frame\Gin@framefalse
52 \newif\ifGin@innerframe\Gin@innerframefalse
53 \newif\ifGin@showname\Gin@shownamefalse
54 \newif\ifGin@ignore\Gin@ignorefalse

\ifpr@outer in fact is defined in package preview. We have to do it here too since
otherwise TeX could “stumble and fall” while parsing the \ifcase structure.
55 \newif\ifpr@outer

\ppf@is@pdfTeX@graphic Parameter #1 is the name of a graphics file with or without extension, parameter
#2 contains the valid extensions in PDF mode, parameter #3 contains the valid
extensions in DVI mode. If it works to process the graphics in PDF mode, then
the statements in #4 are executed, otherwise those in #5.
56 \newcommand*\ppf@is@pdfTeX@graphic[5]{%
57   \if@ppf@pdftex@graphicfalse%
58   \begingroup
59     \edef\pdfTeXext{#2}%
Instead of loading the found graphics, only a test on file name extension.
60   \def\Gin@setfile##1##2##3{%
61     \edef\@tempb{##2}%
62     \for@tempa:=\pdfTeXext\do{%
63       \ifx\@tempa\@tempb\global\@ppf@pdftex@graphictrue\fi}%
File types for both modes need to be determined to prevent a wrong error message
“File ‘#1’ not found”.
64   \edef\Gin@extensions{#2,#3}%
Trial invocation. Output is completely inhibited.
65   \pr@outerfalse\ppf@Gininclude@graphics{#1}%
66   \endgroup
67   \if@ppf@pdftex@graphic#4\else#5\fi
68 }

69 \if@ppf@PST@used\RequirePackage{pstricks}\fi
70 \ifcase\ppf@TeX@mode\relax

```

### 3.3 Extraction mode (DVI output)

The `pspicture` environment retains any definition from `pstricks.tex`. Only the code from the environments `pspicture` and `postscript` as well as `\includegraphics` with PostScript files leads to records into the DVI file. The remainder of the document’s code is ignored for output. After conversion of the DVI file via Post-Script (“`dvips`”) into PDF (`\PDFcontainer` file) each graphics takes exactly one page in the `\PDFcontainer` file. The TeX compiler with DVI output and the package option “active” both force this mode.

```

71 \PackageInfo{pst-pdf}{%
72   MODE: \ppf@TeX@mode\space (dvi -- extraction mode)}
73 \RequirePackage[active,dvips,tightpage]{preview}[2005/01/29]%

```

```

74 \newcommand*\ppf@PreviewBbAdjust{}
75 \newcommand*\ppf@RestoreBbAdjust{%
76   \let\PreviewBbAdjust\ppf@PreviewBbAdjust}%

```

The pdfL<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X mode compliant graphics file formats are needed too.

```

77 \begingroup
78   \let\AtBeginDocument\gobble \let\PackageWarningNoLine\gobbletwo
79   \def\pdftexversion{121}\input{pdftex.def}%
80   \edef\x{\endgroup\def\noexpand\ppf@other@extensions{\Gin@extensions}%
81 }%
82 \x

```

In PDF mode no rules must be defined for its compliant (PNG, JPEG, PDF) graphics file formats (because of for example ‘dvips’ extensions). The universal EPS rule is used to at least find these files.

```

83 \AtBeginDocument{%
84   \@for\@tempa:=\ppf@other@extensions\do{%
85     \expandafter\let\csname Gin@rule@\@tempa\endcsname\relax}%
86   \DeclareGraphicsRule{*}{eps}{*}{}
}
```

No function in this mode.

```

87 \define@key{Gin}{innerframe}[true]{}
88 \define@key{Gin}{frame}[true]{}
89 \define@key{Gin}{ignore}[true]{}
90 \define@key{Gin}{showname}[true]{}
91 \define@key{Gin}{namefont}{}

92 \if@ppf@tightpage\else
93   \def\PreviewBbAdjust{%
94     -.5\paperwidth -.5\paperheight .5\paperwidth .5\paperheight}%
95   \AtEndDocument{%
96     \PackageWarningNoLine{pst-pdf}{Picture container needs cropping.}}%
97 \fi

```

**postscript** The postscript environment utilises the trim option in the same manner as does `\includegraphics` (any specification without dimension is interpreted as if given in bp).

```

98 \newenvironment{postscript}[1][]{%
99   \global\let\ppf@PreviewBbAdjust\PreviewBbAdjust
100  \if@ppf@tightpage
101    \begingroup
102      \setkeys{Gin}{#1}%
103      \xdef\PreviewBbAdjust{%
104        -\Gin@vllx bp -\Gin@vly bp \Gin@vurx bp \Gin@vury bp}%
105    \endgroup
106  \fi
107  \ignorespaces
108 }%
109 {\aftergroup\ppf@RestoreBbAdjust}%

111 \PreviewEnvironment{postscript}%
112 \AtBeginDocument{%
113   \@ifundefined{PSTricksLoaded}{}%
114 }

```

```

pspicture Announce preview original definition.
115      \PreviewEnvironment{pspicture}%

psmatrix Announce preview original definition..
116      \@ifundefined{psmatrix}{}%
117      {%
118          \PreviewEnvironment{psmatrix}%
119          \newcommand*\ppf@set@mode{}%
120          \newcommand*\ppf@test@mmode{}%
121          \ifmmode
122              \ifinner
123                  \let\ppf@set@mode=$%
124              \else
125                  \def\ppf@set@mode{$$}%
126              \fi
127          \else
128              \let\ppf@set@mode=\empty
129          \fi
130      }%
131      \let\ppf@psmatrix=\psmatrix
132      \expandafter\let\expandafter\ppf@pr@psmatrix%
133          \csname pr@string\psmatrix\endcsname
134      \let\ppf@endpsmatrix=\endpsmatrix
135      \def\psmatrix{\ppf@test@mmode\ppf@psmatrix}
136      \expandafter\def\csname pr@string\psmatrix\endcsname{%
137          \ppf@set@mode\ppf@pr@psmatrix}%
138      \def\endpsmatrix{\ppf@endpsmatrix\ppf@set@mode}%
139  }%

```

Announce internal macro `\pst@object` to enable the use of some PSTricks code outside of `pspicture` environments. At the moment invocations of the following kind are feasible:

```
\pst@object {\langle m\rangle}(*[\langle o\rangle]{\langle o\rangle}{\langle o\rangle}(\langle o\rangle)(\langle o\rangle)
(m = necessary, * = optional, o = optional)
```

More than three optional arguments at the call's end, as in `\psline` possible, do not work yet.

```

140      \PreviewMacro[{{}*[]}%
141          ?\bgroup{\#1}{\#1}}{}%
142          ?\bgroup{\#1}{\#1}}{}%
143          ?{\#1}{\#1}}{}%
144          ?{\#1}{\#1}}{}%
145          ?{\#1}{\#1}}{}%
146      }] {\pst@object}}

```

Prevent multiple test-wise setting of table contents by “`tabularx`”.

```

147      \@ifundefined{tabularx}{}{%
148          \def\tabularx#1#2{\tabular{#2}}%
149          \newcolumntype{X}{c}%
150          \let\endtabularx=\endtabular}%
151  }%

```

\Ginclude@graphics All graphics content of well known format (for instance EPS files) is treated in a regular way, which in this mode denotes that it is subject to preview functions. Other graphics content (for instance PDF files) is ignored.

```
152 \def\Ginclude@graphics#1{%
153   \ifpr@outer
```

Generally pdfTeX supported graphics formats are intended to be preferred (inclusion in final pdfTeX run). If it's a PostScript type graphics, then the original definition is in function again and registration for the preview package is necessary in order to convert this PostScript type graphics into PDF.

```
154   \ppf@is@pdfTeX@graphic{\#1}{\ppf@other@extensions}{\Gin@extensions}}%
```

Dummy box to prevent a division by zero while scaling or rotating. Otherwise ignored.

```
155   {\rule{10pt}{10pt}}%
156   {\ppf@Ginclude@graphics{\#1}}%
157 \else
```

Inside a PostScript environment (pspicture etc.) \includegraphics has to behave as in its original definition (only DVIPS supported graphics formats are allowed).

```
158   \ppf@Ginclude@graphics{\#1}%
159   \fi
160 }%
```

```
161 \PreviewMacro[{}]{\ppf@Ginclude@graphics}%
162 \let\pdfliteral\gobble%
163 \or
```

### 3.4 pdfLATEX mode (PDF output)

When the \PDFcontainer file (default: `\jobname-pics.pdf`) exists, the contents of the environments pspicture and postscript is ignored. Instead the corresponding graphics from the \PDFcontainer file is used.

```
164 \PackageInfo{pst-pdf}[MODE: \ppf@TeX@mode\space (pdfTeX mode)]%
165 \temptokena{%
166   \let\Gin@PS@file@header\gobble\let\Gin@PS@literal@header\gobble
167   \let\Gin@PS@raw\gobble\let\Gin@PS@restored\gobble
168   \ifundefined{PSTricksLoaded}{}{%
```

Necessary if PSTricks < 2.0.

```
169 \PSTricksOff
170 \ifundefined{c@lor@to@ps}{\def\c@lor@to@ps#1 #2@@{}{}}{}}
```

PostScript output is now inhibited and later once again.

```
171 \the\temptokena
172 \expandafter\AtBeginDocument\expandafter{\the\temptokena}%
173 \ifundefined{PSTricksLoaded}{}{%
174 }}
```

To parse the arguments of PSTricks' \pst@object we load preview in active mode, but restore the default definitions of \output and \shipout. \pr@startbox and \pr@endbox serve here only to disable \pst@object and to load the corresponding graphics from the \PDFcontainer file. At present a maximum of three optional parameters in round braces (parenthesis) at the end of \pst@object is supported, which is sufficient, but not always enough.

```

175 \newtoks\ppf@temptoken
176 \ppf@temptoken\expandafter{\the\output}%
177 \let\ppf@nofiles\nofiles \let\nofiles\relax
178 \RequirePackage[active]{preview}[2005/01/29]%
179 \let\shipout=\pr@shipout \let\nofiles\ppf@nofiles
180 \output\expandafter{\the\ppf@temptoken}%
181 \ppf@temptoken{}%
182 \pr@startbox, \pr@endbox: simpler over original definitions.
183 \long\def\pr@startbox#1#2{%
184   \ifpr@outer
185     \toks0{\#2}%
186     \edef\pr@cleanup{\the\toks0}%
187     \setbox\@tempboxa\vbox\bgroup
188     \everydisplay{}%
189     \pr@outerfalse%
190     \expandafter\@firstofone
191   \else
192     \expandafter\@gobble
193   \fi{\#1}%
194   \def\pr@endbox{%
195     \egroup
196     \setbox\@tempboxa\box\voidb@x
197     \ppf@@getpicture
198     \pr@cleanup}%

```

(See also the identical definition in DVI mode.)

```

199 \AtBeginDocument{%
200   \@ifundefined{pst@object}{}{%
201     \PreviewMacro[{{}*[]}{%
202       ?\bgroup{\#1}{\#1}}{}{%
203       ?\bgroup{\#1}{\#1}}{}{%
204       ?(\#1){(\#1)}{}{%
205       ?(\#1){(\#1)}{}{%
206       ?(\#1){(\#1)}{}{%
207       }]{\pst@object}}}{}{%
208     }{}{%
209   }{}{%

```

Too the supported file name extensions from DVI mode are needed.

```

210 \begingroup
211   \input{dvips.def}%
212   \edef\x{\endgroup\def\noexpand\ppf@other@extensions{\Gin@extensions}}%
213 \x

```

Dummy definition for in DVI mode supported file formats.

```

214 \DeclareGraphicsRule{*}{eps}{*}{}
215 \define@key{Gin}{innerframe}[true]{%
216   \lowercase{\Gin@boolkey{\#1}{innerframe}}%
217 \define@key{Gin}{frame}[true]{%
218   \lowercase{\Gin@boolkey{\#1}{frame}}%
219 \define@key{Gin}{ignore}[true]{%
220   \lowercase{\Gin@boolkey{\#1}{ignore}}%
221 \define@key{Gin}{frame@@}{%

```

```

(For internal use only!)

222      \edef\@tempa{\toks@\noexpand\frame{\the\toks@}}%
223      \ifcase#1\relax
224          \ifGin@innerframe\else\let\@tempa\relax\fi
225      \or
226          \ifGin@frame\else\let\@tempa\relax\fi
227      \fi
228      \@tempa
229  }%
230 \define@key{Gin}{showname}[true]{%
231     \lowercase{\Gin@boolkey{#1}{showname}}%
232 \define@key{Gin}{namefont}{%
233     \begingroup
234         \temptokena\expandafter{\ppf@namefont#1}%
235         \edef\x{\endgroup\def\noexpand\ppf@namefont{\the\temptokena}}%
236         \x
237     }%
238 \newcommand*\ppf@filename{}%
239 \newcommand*\ppf@namefont{\tiny\ttfamily}%
240 \newcommand*\ppf@Gin@keys{}%
241 \let\ppf@Gin@setfile\Gin@setfile

\Gin@setfile Save real file name and, if applicable, page number for later use.
242 \def\Gin@setfile#1#2#3{\ppf@Gin@setfile{#1}{#2}{#3}%
243     \xdef\ppf@filename{%
244         #3\ifx\GPT@page\empty\else(\GPT@page)\fi}%

\Gin@ii Examine the options “frame”, “ignore”, etc. as soon as other special cases.
245 \def\Gin@ii[#1]#2{%
246     \begingroup
The value of \ifGin@innerframe has to be known before the inner frame is drawn.
The values for \ifGin@showname and \ppf@namefont need to be available after
rendering the graphics too. Thus beforehand and protected inside a group examine
the options.
247     \setkeys{Gin}{#1}%
248     \temptokena{#1}\def\@tempb{#2}%
Finds empty file name when calling \usepicture.
249     \ifx\@tempb\empty\else
250         \ppf@is@pdfTeX@graphic{#2}{\Gin@extensions}{\ppf@other@extensions}%
Graphics out of \PDFcontainer are complete – scaled, rotated, etc. Don’t apply
these things again and therefore ignore the optional parameters.
251     {%
252         \ifx\@tempb\PDFcontainer
253             \temptokena{page=\GPT@page}%
254         \fi
255     }%
256     {%
257         \refstepcounter{pspicture}%
258         \temptokena{page=\the\c@pspicture}\def\@tempb{\PDFcontainer}%
259     }%
260     \fi
261     \ifGin@ignore\else

```

“frame@0=0” = inner frame, “frame@0=1” = outer frame.

```

262      \edef@\tempa{\noexpand\ppf@Gin@ii[frame@0=0,\the\@temptokena,
263          frame@0=1]{\@tempb}}%
264      \@tempa
265      \ifGin@showname
266          \ppf@namefont
267          \raisebox{-\ht\strutbox}[0pt][0pt]{\llap{\ppf@filename}}%
268          \gdef\ppf@filename{}%
269      \fi
270      \fi
271      \endgroup
272  }%
273 \IfFileExists{\PDFcontainer}%
274 {%

```

\ppf@container@max The number of pages as contained in \PDFcontainer file.

```

275     \pdfximage{\PDFcontainer}%
276     \edef\ppf@container@max{\the\pdflastximagepages}%
277     \AtEndDocument{%
278         \ifnum\c@pspicture>\z@%

```

A warning only makes sense when a graphics is needed at all.

```

279     \ifnum\c@pspicture=\ppf@container@max\else
280         \PackageWarningNoLine{pst-pdf}{%
281             '\PDFcontainer' contains \ppf@container@max space pages
282             \MessageBreak but \the\c@pspicture space pages are requested:
283             \MessageBreak File '\PDFcontainer' is no more valid!
284             \MessageBreak Recreate it
285         }%
286         \fi
287     \fi
288 }%
289 }%
290 {%
291     \def\ppf@container@max{0}%
292     \AtEndDocument{%
293         \ifnum\c@pspicture>\z@%
294             \filename@parse{\PDFcontainer}%
295             \PackageWarningNoLine{pst-pdf}{%
296                 File '\PDFcontainer' not found.\MessageBreak
297                 Use the following commands to create it:\MessageBreak
298                 -----
299                 \MessageBreak
300                 latex \jobname.tex\MessageBreak
301                 dvips -o \filename@base.ps \jobname.dvi\MessageBreak
302                 ps2pdf \filename@base.ps\MessageBreak
303                 -----
304             }%
305         \fi
306     }%
307 }%

```

\ppf@isnum If parameter #1 is numeric, the instructions in #2, otherwise those in #3 are executed (see `bibtopic.sty`).

```
308 \newcommand\ppf@isnum[1]{%
309   \if!\ifnum9<#1!\else_\fi\expandafter\@firstoftwo
310   \else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi}%

```

`postscript` Both environments ignore their contents and load instead the corresponding graphics out of the `\PDFcontainer` file. The value of the herein used `pspicture` counter's value can be used in `\label`/`\ref`.

```
psmatrix
311 \newcommand*\ppf@set@mode{}%
312 \newcommand*\ppf@test@emode{}%
313 \ifmmode
314   \ifinner
315     \let\ppf@set@mode=$%
316   \else
317     \def\ppf@set@mode{\$\$}%
318   \fi
319 \else
320   \let\ppf@set@mode=\empty
321 \fi
322 }
323 \newenvironment{postscript}[1] []
324 {%
325   \ppf@test@emode
326   \gdef\ppf@Gin@keys{}%
327   \def\@tempa{postscript}\ifx\@tempa\currenvir\gdef\ppf@Gin@keys{\#1}\fi

```

Inside this environment parsing of `\pst@object`'s arguments is not necessary, thus the original definition is used again.

```
328   \expandafter\let\expandafter\pst@object
329     \csname pr@string\pst@object\endcsname
330   \pr@outerfalse

```

Needed for `\psmatrix`.

```
331   \makeother\&%
332   \def\Gin@ii[##1##2{}]\setbox\@tempboxa=\vbox\bgroup
333     \ppf@set@mode
334   }%
335   {\ppf@set@mode\egroup\aftergroup\ppf@@getpicture}%
336   \AtBeginDocument{%
337     \ifundefined{PSTricksLoaded}{}%
338   }%
339   \iffalse
340     \PreviewEnvironment{pspicture}% Why doesn't it work?
341     \g@addto@macro\pspicture{%
342       %%\pr@outerfalse% necessary, or already there anyway?
343       \makeother\&% necessary?
344       \def\Gin@ii[##1##2{}]{%
345     }%
346       \g@addto@macro\endpspicture{\ppf@@getpicture}%
347     }%
348     \def\pst@@@picture[#1](#2,#3)(#4,#5){\postscript}{%

```

```

349      \def\endpspicture{\endpostscript\endgroup}%
350      \fi
351      \@ifundefined{psmatrix}{}%
352      {\let\psmatrix=\postscript\let\endpsmatrix=\endpostscript}%
353    }%
354  }%

```

**\savepicture** Saves the recent graphics' number in a macro named `\ppf@##1`.

```

355  \def\savepicture#1{%
356    \expandafter\xdef\csname ppf@##1\endcsname{\the\pdflastximage}}%

```

**\usepicture** Inserts graphics with symbolic name #2. This name has to be declared beforehand in `\savepicture{<name>}`. Instead of a name a number can be used too, which directly addresses a graphics in the `\PDFcontainer` file. The optional parameter #1 corresponds to the one in `\includegraphics`.

```

357  \renewcommand*\usepicture[2][]{%
358    \@ifundefined{ppf@##2}%
359    {%
360      \ppf@isnum{#2}%
361      {\ppf@getpicture{#1}{#2}}%
362      {\@latex@error{picture '#2' undefined}\@ehc}%
363    }%
364  }%
365  \begingroup
366    \def\Gincludegraphics##1{%
367      \xdef\ppf@filename{#2}%
368      \setbox\z@\hbox{\pdfrefximage\cnameuse{ppf@##2}}%
369      \Gin@nat@height\ht\z@\Gin@nat@width\wd\z@
370      \def\Gin@llx{0} \let\Gin@lly\Gin@llx
371      \Gin@defaultbp\Gin@curx{\Gin@nat@width}%
372      \Gin@defaultbp\Gin@ury{\Gin@nat@height}%
373      \Gin@bboxtrue\Gin@viewport@code
374      \Gin@nat@height\Gin@ury bp%
375      \advance\Gin@nat@height-\Gin@lly bp%
376      \Gin@nat@width\Gin@curx bp%
377      \advance\Gin@nat@width-\Gin@llx bp%
378      \Gin@req@sizes
379      \ht\z@\Gin@req@height \wd\z@\Gin@req@width
380      \leavevmode\box\z@}%
381      \define@key{Gin}{type}{}%
382      \includegraphics[scale=1,#1]{}%
383    \endgroup
384  }%

```

**\ppf@getpicture** Inserts the page (graphics) with number #2 from the `\PDFcontainer` file. Parameter #1: any option as in `\includegraphics`.

```

385  \newcommand*\ppf@getpicture[2]{%
386    \@tempcnta=#2\relax%
387    \ifnum\@tempcnta>\ppf@container@max
388      \PackageWarningNoLine{pst-pdf}{%
389        pspicture No. \the\@tempcnta\space undefined}%
390    \else
391      \includegraphics[draft=\ppf@draft,#1,page=\the\@tempcnta]%

```

```

392      {\PDFcontainer}%
393      \fi
394      \gdef\ppf@Gin@keys{}%
```

\ppf@@getpicture Inserts next page (graphics) from the \PDFcontainer file.

```

395  \newcommand*\ppf@@getpicture{%
396    \ifpr@outer
397      \refstepcounter{pspicture}%
398      \expandafter\ppf@getpicture\expandafter{\ppf@Gin@keys}%
399      {\the\c@pspicture}%
400    \fi}%
401 \else
```

### 3.5 Inactive Mode

Only the packages `pstricks` and `graphicx` are loaded – no further exertion of influence. The package option “`inactive`” as soon as the VTEXcompiler force this mode.

```

402 \PackageInfo{pst-pdf}{MODE: \ppf@TeX@mode\space (inactive mode)}%
403 \newenvironment{postscript}[1][]{\ignorespaces}{}
404 \let\ppf@is@pdfTeX@graphic\relax
405 \fi
406 \InputIfFileExists{pst-pdf.cfg}{%
407   \PackageInfo{pst-pdf}{Local config file pst-pdf.cfg used}}{}%
408 \endpackage
```