

# A Markdown Interpreter for $\text{\TeX}$

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## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Implementation</b>	<b>60</b>
1.1	Requirements . . . . .	2	3.1	Lua Implementation . . .	60
1.2	Feedback . . . . .	5	3.2	Plain $\text{\TeX}$ Implementation	162
1.3	Acknowledgements . . . . .	5	3.3	$\text{\LaTeX}$ Implementation . .	174
<b>2</b>	<b>Interfaces</b>	<b>6</b>	3.4	Con $\text{\TeX}$ Implementation	194
2.1	Lua Interface . . . . .	6			
2.2	Plain $\text{\TeX}$ Interface . . . . .	23	<b>References</b>	<b>200</b>	
2.3	$\text{\LaTeX}$ Interface . . . . .	41			
2.4	Con $\text{\TeX}$ Interface . . . . .	59	<b>Index</b>	<b>201</b>	

## List of Figures

1	A block diagram of the Markdown package . . . . .	7
2	A sequence diagram of typesetting a document using the $\text{\TeX}$ interface . .	20
3	A sequence diagram of typesetting a document using the Lua CLI . . . . .	21
4	Various formats of mathematical formulae . . . . .	47
5	The banner of the Markdown package . . . . .	48
6	A pushdown automaton that recognizes $\text{\TeX}$ comments . . . . .	126

## 1 Introduction

The Markdown package<sup>1</sup> converts markdown<sup>2</sup> markup to  $\text{\TeX}$  commands. The functionality is provided both as a Lua module and as plain  $\text{\TeX}$ ,  $\text{\LaTeX}$ , and Con $\text{\TeX}$  macro packages that can be used to directly typeset  $\text{\TeX}$  documents containing markdown markup. Unlike other converters, the Markdown package does not require any external programs, and makes it easy to redefine how each and every markdown element is rendered. Creative abuse of the markdown syntax is encouraged. 😊

This document is a technical documentation for the Markdown package. It consists of three sections. This section introduces the package and outlines its prerequisites. Section 2 on page 6 describes the interfaces exposed by the package. Section 3 on page 60 describes the implementation of the package. The technical documentation

<sup>1</sup>See <https://ctan.org/pkg/markdown>.

<sup>2</sup>See <https://daringfireball.net/projects/markdown/basics>.

contains only a limited number of tutorials and code examples. You can find more of these in the user manual.<sup>3</sup>

```
1 local metadata = {
2     version    = "$(VERSION)",
3     comment    = "A module for the conversion from markdown to plain TeX",
4     author     = "John MacFarlane, Hans Hagen, Vít Novotný",
5     copyright  = {"2009–2016 John MacFarlane, Hans Hagen",
6                   "2016–2021 Vít Novotný"},
7     license    = "LPPL 1.3c"
8 }
9
10 if not modules then modules = {} end
11 modules['markdown'] = metadata
```

## 1.1 Requirements

This section gives an overview of all resources required by the package.

### 1.1.1 Lua Requirements

The Lua part of the package requires that the following Lua modules are available from within the LuaTeX engine:

**LPeg ≥ 0.10** A pattern-matching library for the writing of recursive descent parsers via the Parsing Expression Grammars (PEGs). It is used by the Lunamark library to parse the markdown input. LPeg ≥ 0.10 is included in LuaTeX ≥ 0.72.0 (TeXLive ≥ 2013).

```
12 local lpeg = require("lpeg")
```

**Selene Unicode** A library that provides support for the processing of wide strings. It is used by the Lunamark library to cast image, link, and footnote tags to the lower case. Selene Unicode is included in all releases of LuaTeX (TeXLive ≥ 2008).

```
13 local ran_ok, unicode = pcall(require, "unicode")
```

If the Selene Unicode library is unavailable and we are using Lua ≥ 5.3, we will use the built-in support for Unicode.

```
14 if not ran_ok then
15     unicode = {[["utf8"]]={char=utf8.char}}
16 end
```

---

<sup>3</sup>See <http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/generic/markdown/markdown.html>.

**MD5** A library that provides MD5 crypto functions. It is used by the Lunamark library to compute the digest of the input for caching purposes. MD5 is included in all releases of LuaTeX (TeXLive  $\geq 2008$ ).

```
17 local md5 = require("md5")
```

All the abovelisted modules are statically linked into the current version of the LuaTeX engine [1, Section 3.3]. Beside these, we also carry the following third-party Lua libraries:

**api7/lua-tinyyaml** A library that provides a regex-based recursive descent YAML (subset) parser that is used to read YAML metadata when the `jekyllData` option is enabled.

### 1.1.2 Plain TeX Requirements

The plain TeX part of the package requires that the plain TeX format (or its superset) is loaded, all the Lua prerequisites (see Section 1.1.1 on the preceding page), and the following Lua module:

**Lua File System** A library that provides access to the filesystem via os-specific syscalls. It is used by the plain TeX code to create the cache directory specified by the `\markdownOptionCacheDir` macro before interfacing with the Lunamark library. Lua File System is included in all releases of LuaTeX (TeXLive  $\geq 2008$ ).

The plain TeX code makes use of the `isdir` method that was added to the Lua File System library by the LuaTeX engine developers [1, Section 3.2].

The Lua File System module is statically linked into the LuaTeX engine [1, Section 3.3].

Unless you convert markdown documents to TeX manually using the Lua command-line interface (see Section 2.1.5 on page 20), the plain TeX part of the package will require that either the LuaTeX `\directlua` primitive or the shell access file stream 18 is available in your TeX engine. If only the shell access file stream is available in your TeX engine (as is the case with pdfTeX and XeTeX) or if you enforce the use of shell using the `\markdownMode` macro, then unless your TeX engine is globally configured to enable shell access, you will need to provide the `-shell-escape` parameter to your engine when typesetting a document.

### 1.1.3 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Requirements

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X part of the package requires that the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X<sub>2ε</sub> format is loaded,

```
18 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}%
```

a TeX engine that extends ε-T<sub>E</sub>X, all the plain TeX prerequisites (see Section 1.1.2), and the following L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X<sub>2ε</sub> packages:

**keyval** A package that enables the creation of parameter sets. This package is used to provide the `\markdownSetup` macro, the package options processing, as well as the parameters of the `markdown*` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environment.

19 `\RequirePackage{keyval}`

**xstring** A package that provides useful macros for manipulating strings of tokens.

20 `\RequirePackage{xstring}`

The following packages are soft prerequisites. They are only used to provide default token renderer prototypes (see sections [2.2.4 on page 38](#) and [3.3.4 on page 178](#)) or L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X themes (see Section [2.3.2.2 on page 44](#)) and will not be loaded if the `plain` package option has been enabled (see Section [2.3.2.1 on page 44](#)):

**url** A package that provides the `\url` macro for the typesetting of links.

**graphicx** A package that provides the `\includegraphics` macro for the typesetting of images.

**paralist** A package that provides the `compactitem`, `compactenum`, and `compactdesc` macros for the typesetting of tight bulleted lists, ordered lists, and definition lists.

**ifthen** A package that provides a concise syntax for the inspection of macro values. It is used to determine whether or not the paralist package should be loaded based on the user options, in the `witiko/dot` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X theme (see Section [2.3.2.2 on page 44](#)), and to provide default token renderer prototypes.

**fancyvrb** A package that provides the `\VerbatimInput` macros for the verbatim inclusion of files containing code.

**csvsimple** A package that provides the `\csvautotabular` macro for typesetting csv files in the default renderer prototypes for iA Writer content blocks.

**gobble** A package that provides the `\@gobblethree` T<sub>E</sub>X command that is used in the default renderer prototype for citations. The package is included in T<sub>E</sub>XLive  $\geqslant$  2016.

**amsmath and amssymb** Packages that provide symbols used for drawing ticked and unticked boxes.

**catchfile** A package that catches the contents of a file and puts it in a macro. It is used in the `witiko/graphicx/http` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X theme, see Section [2.3.2.2 on page 44](#).

**grffile** A package that extends the name processing of package graphics to support a larger range of file names in  $2006 \leq \text{TeX Live} \leq 2019$ . Since  $\text{TeX Live} \geq 2020$ , the functionality of the package has been integrated in the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>&</sub> kernel. It is used in the `witiko/dot` and `witiko/graphicx/http` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X themes, see Section 2.3.2.2 on page 44.

**etoolbox** A package that is used to polyfill the general hook management system in the default renderer prototypes for YAML metadata, see Section 3.3.4.5.

**expl3** A package that enables the expl3 language from the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 kernel in  $\text{TeX Live} \leq 2019$ . It is used in the default renderer prototypes for YAML metadata, see Section 3.3.4.5.

#### 1.1.4 ConTeXt Prerequisites

The ConTeXt part of the package requires that either the Mark II or the Mark IV format is loaded, all the plain  $\text{TeX}$  prerequisites (see Section 1.1.2 on page 3), and the following ConTeXt modules:

**m-database** A module that provides the default token renderer prototype for iA Writer content blocks with the csv filename extension (see Section 2.2.4 on page 38).

## 1.2 Feedback

Please use the Markdown project page on GitHub<sup>4</sup> to report bugs and submit feature requests. If you do not want to report a bug or request a feature but are simply in need of assistance, you might want to consider posting your question to the  $\text{TeX-LATeX}$  Stack Exchange.<sup>5</sup> community question answering web site under the `markdown` tag.

## 1.3 Acknowledgements

The Lunamark Lua module provides speedy markdown parsing for the package. I would like to thank John Macfarlane, the creator of Lunamark, for releasing Lunamark under a permissive license, which enabled its use in the Markdown package.

Extensive user documentation for the Markdown package was kindly written by Lian Tze Lim and published by Overleaf.

Funding by the the Faculty of Informatics at the Masaryk University in Brno [2] is gratefully acknowledged.

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<sup>4</sup>See <https://github.com/witiko/markdown/issues>.

<sup>5</sup>See <https://tex.stackexchange.com>.

Support for content slicing (Lua options `shiftHeadings` and `slice`) and pipe tables (Lua options `pipeTables` and `tableCaptions`) was graciously sponsored by David Vins and Omedym.

The `\TeX` implementation of the package draws inspiration from several sources including the source code of `LATEX 2 $\epsilon$` , the minted package by Geoffrey M. Poore, which likewise tackles the issue of interfacing with an external interpreter from `\TeX`, the `filecontents` package by Scott Pakin and others.

## 2 Interfaces

This part of the documentation describes the interfaces exposed by the package along with usage notes and examples. It is aimed at the user of the package.

Since neither `\TeX` nor Lua provide interfaces as a language construct, the separation to interfaces and implementations is a *gentlemen's agreement*. It serves as a means of structuring this documentation and as a promise to the user that if they only access the package through the interface, the future minor versions of the package should remain backwards compatible.

Figure 1 on the following page shows the high-level structure of the Markdown package: The translation from markdown to `\TeX` *token renderers* is exposed by the Lua layer. The plain `\TeX` layer exposes the conversion capabilities of Lua as `\TeX` macros. The `LATEX` and `ConTEXt` layers provide syntactic sugar on top of plain `\TeX` macros. The user can interface with any and all layers.

### 2.1 Lua Interface

The Lua interface provides the conversion from UTF-8 encoded markdown to plain `\TeX`. This interface is used by the plain `\TeX` implementation (see Section 3.2 on page 162) and will be of interest to the developers of other packages and Lua modules.

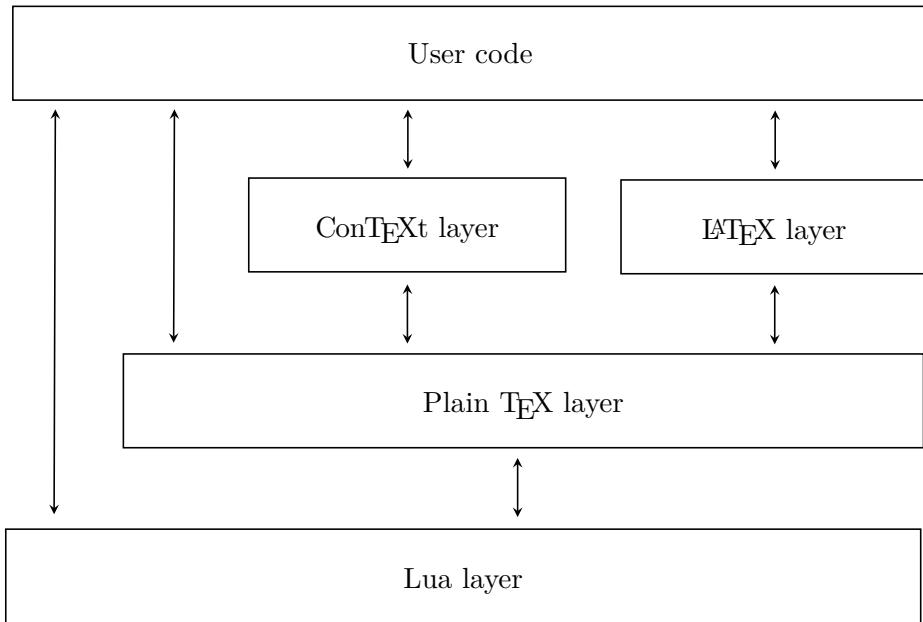
The Lua interface is implemented by the `markdown` Lua module.

```
21 local M = {metadata = metadata}
```

#### 2.1.1 Conversion from Markdown to Plain `\TeX`

The Lua interface exposes the `new(options)` method. This method creates converter functions that perform the conversion from markdown to plain `\TeX` according to the table `options` that contains options recognized by the Lua interface. (see Section 2.1.2 on the following page). The `options` parameter is optional; when unspecified, the behaviour will be the same as if `options` were an empty table.

The following example Lua code converts the markdown string `Hello *world*`! to a `\TeX` output using the default options and prints the `\TeX` output:



**Figure 1: A block diagram of the Markdown package**

```

local md = require("markdown")
local convert = md.new()
print(convert("Hello *world*!"))

```

### 2.1.2 Options

The Lua interface recognizes the following options. When unspecified, the value of a key is taken from the `defaultOptions` table.

```
22 local defaultOptions = {}
```

### 2.1.3 File and Directory Names

<code>cacheDir=&lt;path&gt;</code>	default: .
------------------------------------	------------

A path to the directory containing auxiliary cache files. If the last segment of the path does not exist, it will be created by the Lua command-line and plain T<sub>E</sub>X implementations. The Lua implementation expects that the entire path already exists.

When iteratively writing and typesetting a markdown document, the cache files are going to accumulate over time. You are advised to clean the cache directory every

now and then, or to set it to a temporary filesystem (such as `/tmp` on UN\*X systems), which gets periodically emptied.

```
23 defaultOptions.cacheDir = ". "
```

`frozenCacheFileName=<path>` default: `frozenCache.tex`

A path to an output file (frozen cache) that will be created when the `finalizeCache` option is enabled and will contain a mapping between an enumeration of markdown documents and their auxiliary cache files.

The frozen cache makes it possible to later typeset a plain `\TeX` document that contains markdown documents without invoking Lua using the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain `\TeX` option. As a result, the plain `\TeX` document becomes more portable, but further changes in the order and the content of markdown documents will not be reflected.

```
24 defaultOptions.frozenCacheFileName = "frozenCache.tex"
```

#### 2.1.4 Parser Options

`blankBeforeBlockquote=true, false` default: `false`

- `true`      Require a blank line between a paragraph and the following blockquote.
- `false`     Do not require a blank line between a paragraph and the following blockquote.

```
25 defaultOptions.blankBeforeBlockquote = false
```

`blankBeforeCodeFence=true, false` default: `false`

- `true`      Require a blank line between a paragraph and the following fenced code block.
- `false`     Do not require a blank line between a paragraph and the following fenced code block.

```
26 defaultOptions.blankBeforeCodeFence = false
```

`blankBeforeHeading=true, false` default: `false`

- `true`      Require a blank line between a paragraph and the following header.
- `false`     Do not require a blank line between a paragraph and the following header.

```
27 defaultOptions.blankBeforeHeading = false
```

```

breakableBlockquotes=true, false                                default: false

    true      A blank line separates block quotes.
    false     Blank lines in the middle of a block quote are ignored.

28 defaultOptions.breakableBlockquotes = false

citationNbsps=true, false                                    default: false

    true      Replace regular spaces with non-breaking spaces inside the prenotes
              and postnotes of citations produced via the pandoc citation syntax
              extension.
    false     Do not replace regular spaces with non-breaking spaces inside the
              prenotes and postnotes of citations produced via the pandoc citation
              syntax extension.

29 defaultOptions.citationNbsps = true

citations=true, false                                     default: false

    true      Enable the pandoc citation syntax extension:
              Here is a simple parenthetical citation [@doe99] and here
              is a string of several [see @doe99, pp. 33-35; also
              @smith04, chap. 1].
              A parenthetical citation can have a [prenote @doe99] and
              a [@smith04 postnote]. The name of the author can be
              suppressed by inserting a dash before the name of an
              author as follows [-@smith04].
              Here is a simple text citation @doe99 and here is
              a string of several @doe99 [pp. 33-35; also @smith04,
              chap. 1]. Here is one with the name of the author
              suppressed -@doe99.

    false     Disable the pandoc citation syntax extension.

30 defaultOptions.citations = false

```

```
codeSpans=true, false default: true
```

**true** Enable the code span syntax:

```
Use the `printf()` function.  
``There is a literal backtick (`) here.``
```

**false** Disable the code span syntax. This allows you to easily use the quotation mark ligatures in texts that do not contain code spans:

```
``This is a quote.``
```

```
31 defaultOptions.codeSpans = true
```

```
contentBlocks=true, false default: false
```

**true** Enable the iA Writer content blocks syntax extension [3]:

```
http://example.com/minard.jpg (Napoleon's  
disastrous Russian campaign of 1812)  
/Flowchart.png "Engineering Flowchart"  
/Savings Account.csv 'Recent Transactions'  
/Example.swift  
/Lorem Ipsum.txt
```

**false** Disable the iA Writer content blocks syntax extension.

```
32 defaultOptions.contentBlocks = false
```

```
contentBlocksLanguageMap=<filename>
```

default: `markdown-languages.json`

The filename of the JSON file that maps filename extensions to programming language names in the iA Writer content blocks. See Section 2.2.3.11 on page 30 for more information.

```
33 defaultOptions.contentBlocksLanguageMap = "markdown-languages.json"
```

```
definitionLists=true, false
```

default: false

**true** Enable the pandoc definition list syntax extension:

```
Term 1  
  
: Definition 1  
  
Term 2 with *inline markup*  
  
: Definition 2  
  
{ some code, part of Definition 2 }  
  
Third paragraph of definition 2.
```

**false** Disable the pandoc definition list syntax extension.

```
34 defaultOptions.definitionLists = false
```

```
eagerCache=true, false
```

default: true

**true**

Converted markdown documents will be cached in `cacheDir`. This can be useful for post-processing the converted documents and for recovering historical versions of the documents from the cache. However, it also produces a large number of auxiliary files on the disk and obscures the output of the Lua command-line interface when it is used for plumbing.

This behavior will always be used if the `finalizeCache` option is enabled.

**false**

Converted markdown documents will not be cached. This decreases the number of auxiliary files that we produce and makes it easier to use the Lua command-line interface for plumbing.

This behavior will only be used when the `finalizeCache` option is disabled. Furthermore, this behavior is planned to be the new default in the next major release of the Markdown package.

```
35 defaultOptions.eagerCache = true
```

`fencedCode=true, false` default: `false`

`true` Enable the commonmark fenced code block extension:

```
~~~ js
if (a > 3) {
    moveShip(5 * gravity, DOWN);
}
~~~~~

``` html
<pre>
<code>
// Some comments
line 1 of code
line 2 of code
line 3 of code
</code>
</pre>
```
~~~
```

`false` Disable the commonmark fenced code block extension.

36 `defaultOptions.fencedCode = false`

`finalizeCache=true, false` default: `false`

Whether an output file specified with the `frozenCacheFileName` option (frozen cache) that contains a mapping between an enumeration of markdown documents and their auxiliary cache files will be created.

The frozen cache makes it possible to later typeset a plain `\TeX` document that contains markdown documents without invoking Lua using the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain `\TeX` option. As a result, the plain `\TeX` document becomes more portable, but further changes in the order and the content of markdown documents will not be reflected.

37 `defaultOptions.finalizeCache = false`

```
footnotes=true, false                                default: false
```

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <code>true</code> | Enable the pandoc footnote syntax extension:<br><br>Here is a footnote reference, [^1] and another.[^longnote]<br><br>[^1]: Here is the footnote.<br><br>[^longnote]: Here's one with multiple blocks.<br><br>Subsequent paragraphs are indented to show that they belong to the previous footnote.<br><br>{ some.code } |
|                   | <br>The whole paragraph can be indented, or just the first line. In this way, multi-paragraph footnotes work like multi-paragraph list items.<br><br>This paragraph won't be part of the note, because it isn't indented.  |

`false` Disable the pandoc footnote syntax extension.

```
38 defaultOptions.footnotes = false
```

```
frozenCacheCounter=<number>                                default: 0
```

The number of the current markdown document that will be stored in an output file (frozen cache) when the `finalizeCache` is enabled. When the document number is 0, then a new frozen cache will be created. Otherwise, the frozen cache will be appended.

Each frozen cache entry will define a `\TeX` macro `\markdownFrozenCache<number>` that will typeset markdown document number `<number>`.

```
39 defaultOptions.frozenCacheCounter = 0
```

```
hardLineBreaks=true, false                                default: false
```

`true` Interpret all newlines within a paragraph as hard line breaks instead of spaces.

`false` Interpret all newlines within a paragraph as spaces.

```
40 defaultOptions.hardLineBreaks = false
```

```
hashEnumerators=true, false
```

default: false

**true** Enable the use of hash symbols (#) as ordered item list markers:

```
#. Bird  
#. McHale  
#. Parish
```

**false** Disable the use of hash symbols (#) as ordered item list markers.

```
41 defaultOptions.hashEnumerators = false
```

```
headerAttributes=true, false
```

default: false

**true** Enable the assignment of HTML attributes to headings:

```
# My first heading {#foo}  
  
## My second heading ## {#bar .baz}  
  
Yet another heading {key=value}  
=====
```

These HTML attributes have currently no effect other than enabling content slicing, see the [slice](#) option.

**false** Disable the assignment of HTML attributes to headings.

```
42 defaultOptions.headerAttributes = false
```

```
html=true, false
```

default: false

**true** Enable the recognition of HTML tags, block elements, comments, HTML instructions, and entities in the input. Tags, block elements (along with contents), HTML instructions, and comments will be ignored and HTML entities will be replaced with the corresponding Unicode codepoints.

**false** Disable the recognition of HTML markup. Any HTML markup in the input will be rendered as plain text.

```
43 defaultOptions.html = false
```

```
hybrid=true, false default: false
```

**true** Disable the escaping of special plain TeX characters, which makes it possible to intersperse your markdown markup with TeX code. The intended usage is in documents prepared manually by a human author. In such documents, it can often be desirable to mix TeX and markdown markup freely.

**false** Enable the escaping of special plain TeX characters outside verbatim environments, so that they are not interpreted by TeX. This is encouraged when typesetting automatically generated content or markdown documents that were not prepared with this package in mind.

```
44 defaultOptions.hybrid = false
```

```
inlineFootnotes=true, false default: false
```

**true** Enable the pandoc inline footnote syntax extension:

```
Here is an inline note.^ [Inlines notes are easier to write, since you don't have to pick an identifier and move down to type the note.]
```

**false** Disable the pandoc inline footnote syntax extension.

```
45 defaultOptions.inlineFootnotes = false
```

```
jekyllData=true, false default: false
```

**true** Enable the Pandoc `yaml_metadata_block` syntax extension for entering metadata in YAML:

```
---
title: 'This is the title: it contains a colon'
author:
- Author One
- Author Two
keywords: [nothing, nothingness]
abstract: |
    This is the abstract.

    It consists of two paragraphs.
---
```

**false** Disable the Pandoc `yaml_metadata_block` syntax extension for entering metadata in YAML.

```
46 defaultOptions.jekyllData = false
```

**pipeTables=true, false** default: `false`

**true** Enable the PHP Markdown table syntax extension:

| Right | Left | Default | Center |
|-------|------|---------|--------|
| 12    | 12   | 12      | 12     |
| 123   | 123  | 123     | 123    |
| 1     | 1    | 1       | 1      |

**false** Disable the PHP Markdown table syntax extension.

```
47 defaultOptions.pipeTables = false
```

**preserveTabs=true, false** default: `false`

**true** Preserve tabs in code block and fenced code blocks.

**false** Convert any tabs in the input to spaces.

```
48 defaultOptions.preserveTabs = false
```

**shiftHeadings=<shift amount>** default: 0

All headings will be shifted by  $\langle shift\ amount \rangle$ , which can be both positive and negative. Headings will not be shifted beyond level 6 or below level 1. Instead, those headings will be shifted to level 6, when  $\langle shift\ amount \rangle$  is positive, and to level 1, when  $\langle shift\ amount \rangle$  is negative.

```
49 defaultOptions.shiftHeadings = 0
```

```
slice=<the beginning and the end of a slice> default: ^ $
```

Two space-separated selectors that specify the slice of a document that will be processed, whereas the remainder of the document will be ignored. The following selectors are recognized:

- The circumflex (^) selects the beginning of a document.
- The dollar sign (\$) selects the end of a document.
- ^<identifier> selects the beginning of a section with the HTML attribute #<identifier> (see the `headerAttributes` option).
- \${<identifier>} selects the end of a section with the HTML attribute #<identifier>.
- <identifier> corresponds to ^<identifier> for the first selector and to \${<identifier>} for the second selector.

Specifying only a single selector, <identifier>, is equivalent to specifying the two selectors <identifier> <identifier>, which is equivalent to ^<identifier> \${<identifier>}, i.e. the entire section with the HTML attribute #<identifier> will be selected.

```
50 defaultOptions.slice = "^ $"
```

```
smartEllipses=true, false default: false
```

**true** Convert any ellipses in the input to the \markdownRendererEllipsis TeX macro.

**false** Preserve all ellipses in the input.

```
51 defaultOptions.smartEllipses = false
```

```
startNumber=true, false default: true
```

**true** Make the number in the first item of an ordered lists significant. The item numbers will be passed to the \markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber TeX macro.

**false** Ignore the numbers in the ordered list items. Each item will only produce a \markdownRendererOlItem TeX macro.

```
52 defaultOptions.startNumber = true
```

```

stripIndent=true, false                                     default: false

true      Strip the minimal indentation of non-blank lines from all lines in a
            markdown document. Requires that the preserveTabs Lua option is
            false:


```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[stripIndent]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
    Hello *world*!
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

false     Do not strip any indentation from the lines in a markdown document.

53 defaultOptions.stripIndent = false

tableCaptions=true, false                               default: false

true      Enable the Pandoc table_captions syntax extension for pipe tables
            (see the pipeTables option).


| Right | Left | Default | Center |
|-------|------|---------|--------|
| 12    | 12   | 12      | 12     |
| 123   | 123  | 123     | 123    |
| 1     | 1    | 1       | 1      |



: Demonstration of pipe table syntax.

false     Disable the Pandoc table_captions syntax extension.

54 defaultOptions.tableCaptions = false

taskLists=true, false                                 default: false

true      Enable the Pandoc task_lists syntax extension.


- [ ] an unticked task list item
- [/] a half-checked task list item
- [X] a ticked task list item

false     Disable the Pandoc task_lists syntax extension.

55 defaultOptions.taskLists = false

```

`texComments=true, false` default: `false`

`true` Strip TeX-style comments.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[texComments]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
Hello *world*!
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

Always enabled when `hybrid` is enabled.

`false` Do not strip TeX-style comments.

56 `defaultOptions.texComments = false`

`tightLists=true, false` default: `true`

`true` Lists whose bullets do not consist of multiple paragraphs will be passed to the `\markdownRendererOlBeginTight`, `\markdownRendererOlEndTight`, `\markdownRendererUlBeginTight`, `\markdownRendererUlEndTight`, `\markdownRendererDlBeginTight`, and `\markdownRendererDlEndTight` TeX macros.

`false` Lists whose bullets do not consist of multiple paragraphs will be treated the same way as lists that do consist of multiple paragraphs.

57 `defaultOptions.tightLists = true`

`underscores=true, false` default: `true`

`true` Both underscores and asterisks can be used to denote emphasis and strong emphasis:

```
*single asterisks*
_single underscores_
**double asterisks**
__double underscores__
```

`false` Only asterisks can be used to denote emphasis and strong emphasis. This makes it easy to write math with the `hybrid` option without the need to constantly escape subscripts.

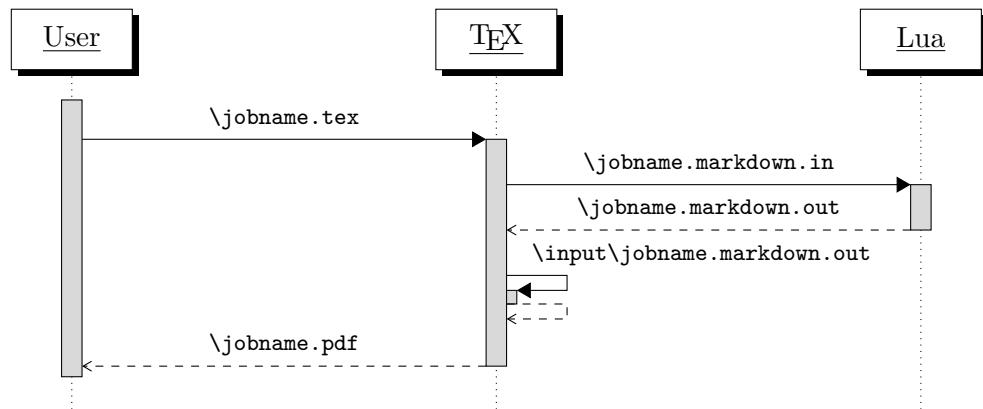
58 `defaultOptions.underscores = true`

### 2.1.5 Command-Line Interface

The high-level operation of the Markdown package involves the communication between several programming layers: the plain  $\text{\TeX}$  layer hands markdown documents to the Lua layer. Lua converts the documents to  $\text{\TeX}$ , and hands the converted documents back to plain  $\text{\TeX}$  layer for typesetting, see Figure 2.

This procedure has the advantage of being fully automated. However, it also has several important disadvantages: The converted  $\text{\TeX}$  documents are cached on the file system, taking up increasing amount of space. Unless the  $\text{\TeX}$  engine includes a Lua interpreter, the package also requires shell access, which opens the door for a malicious actor to access the system. Last, but not least, the complexity of the procedure impedes debugging.

A solution to the above problems is to decouple the conversion from the typesetting. For this reason, a command-line Lua interface for converting a markdown document to  $\text{\TeX}$  is also provided, see Figure 3 on the next page.

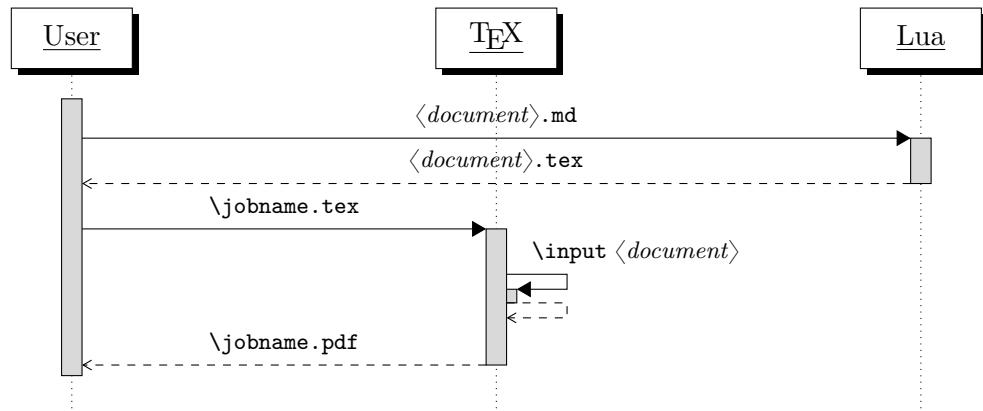


**Figure 2: A sequence diagram of the Markdown package typesetting a markdown document using the  $\text{\TeX}$  interface**

```

59
60 HELP_STRING = [[
61 Usage: texlua ]] .. arg[0] .. [[ [OPTIONS] -- [INPUT_FILE] [OUTPUT_FILE]
62 where OPTIONS are documented in the Lua interface section of the
63 technical Markdown package documentation.
64
65 When OUTPUT_FILE is unspecified, the result of the conversion will be
66 written to the standard output. When INPUT_FILE is also unspecified, the
67 result of the conversion will be read from the standard input.
68
69 Report bugs to: witiko@mail.muni.cz
70 Markdown package home page: <https://github.com/witiko/markdown>]]
71

```



**Figure 3: A sequence diagram of the Markdown package typesetting a markdown document using the Lua command-line interface**

```

72 VERSION_STRING = [[
73 markdown-cli.lua (Markdown) ]] .. metadata.version .. [[
74
75 Copyright (C) ]] .. table.concat(metadata.copyright,
76                                     "\nCopyright (C) ") .. [[
77
78 License: ]] .. metadata.license
79
80 local function warn(s)
81     io.stderr:write("Warning: " .. s .. "\n") end
82
83 local function error(s)
84     io.stderr:write("Error: " .. s .. "\n")
85     os.exit(1) end
86
87 local process_options = true
88 local options = {}
89 local input_filename
90 local output_filename
91 for i = 1, #arg do
92     if process_options then
93         if arg[i] == "--" then
94             process_options = false
95             goto continue

```

After the optional `--` argument has been specified, the remaining arguments are assumed to be input and output filenames. This argument is optional, but encouraged, because it helps resolve ambiguities when deciding whether an option or a filename has been specified.

Unless the `--` argument has been specified before, an argument containing the equals sign (`=`) is assumed to be an option specification in a  $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$  format. The available options are listed in Section 2.1.2 on page 7.

```
96     elseif arg[i]:match("=".+) then
97         key, value = arg[i]:match("(.-)=(.*)")
```

The `defaultOptions` table is consulted to identify whether  $\langle value \rangle$  should be parsed as a string or as a boolean.

```
98     default_type = type(defaultOptions[key])
99     if default_type == "boolean" then
100        options[key] = (value == "true")
101    elseif default_type == "number" then
102        options[key] = tonumber(value)
103    else
104        if default_type ~= "string" then
105            if default_type == "nil" then
106                warn('Option "' .. key .. '" not recognized.')
107            else
108                warn('Option "' .. key .. '" type not recognized, please file ' ..
109                    'a report to the package maintainer.')
110            end
111            warn('Parsing the ' .. 'value "' .. value .. '" of option "' ..
112                key .. '" as a string.')
113        end
114        options[key] = value
115    end
116    goto continue
```

Unless the `--` argument has been specified before, an argument `--help`, or `-h` causes a brief documentation for how to invoke the program to be printed to the standard output.

```
117    elseif arg[i] == "--help" or arg[i] == "-h" then
118        print(HELP_STRING)
119        os.exit()
```

Unless the `--` argument has been specified before, an argument `--version`, or `-v` causes the program to print information about its name, version, origin and legal status, all on standard output.

```
120    elseif arg[i] == "--version" or arg[i] == "-v" then
121        print(VERSION_STRING)
122        os.exit()
123    end
124 end
```

The first argument that matches none of the above patterns is assumed to be the input filename. The input filename should correspond to the Markdown document that is going to be converted to a `TEX` document.

```
125  if input_filename == nil then
126      input_filename = arg[i]
```

The first argument that matches none of the above patterns is assumed to be the output filename. The output filename should correspond to the  $\text{\TeX}$  document that will result from the conversion.

```
127  elseif output_filename == nil then
128      output_filename = arg[i]
129  else
130      error('Unexpected argument: "' .. arg[i] .. '"')
131  end
132  ::continue::
133 end
```

The command-line Lua interface is implemented by the `markdown-cli.lua` file that can be invoked from the command line as follows:

```
texlua /path/to/markdown-cli.lua cacheDir=. -- hello.md hello.tex
```

to convert the Markdown document `hello.md` to a  $\text{\TeX}$  document `hello.tex`. After the Markdown package for our  $\text{\TeX}$  format has been loaded, the converted document can be typeset as follows:

```
\input hello
```

## 2.2 Plain $\text{\TeX}$ Interface

The plain  $\text{\TeX}$  interface provides macros for the typesetting of markdown input from within plain  $\text{\TeX}$ , for setting the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) used during the conversion from markdown to plain  $\text{\TeX}$  and for changing the way markdown the tokens are rendered.

```
134 \def\markdownLastModified{${(LAST_MODIFIED)}%
135 \def\markdownVersion{${(VERSION)}%
```

The plain  $\text{\TeX}$  interface is implemented by the `markdown.tex` file that can be loaded as follows:

```
\input markdown
```

It is expected that the special plain  $\text{\TeX}$  characters have the expected category codes, when `\input`ting the file.

### 2.2.1 Typesetting Markdown

The interface exposes the `\markdownBegin`, `\markdownEnd`, and `\markdownInput` macros.

The `\markdownBegin` macro marks the beginning of a markdown document fragment and the `\markdownEnd` macro marks its end.

```
136 \let\markdownBegin\relax  
137 \let\markdownEnd\relax
```

You may prepend your own code to the `\markdownBegin` macro and redefine the `\markdownEnd` macro to produce special effects before and after the markdown block.

There are several limitations to the macros you need to be aware of. The first limitation concerns the `\markdownEnd` macro, which must be visible directly from the input line buffer (it may not be produced as a result of input expansion). Otherwise, it will not be recognized as the end of the markdown string. As a corollary, the `\markdownEnd` string may not appear anywhere inside the markdown input.

Another limitation concerns spaces at the right end of an input line. In markdown, these are used to produce a forced line break. However, any such spaces are removed before the lines enter the input buffer of TeX [4, p. 46]. As a corollary, the `\markdownBegin` macro also ignores them.

The `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros will also consume the rest of the lines at which they appear. In the following example plain TeX code, the characters `c`, `e`, and `f` will not appear in the output.

```
\input markdown  
a  
b \markdownBegin c  
d  
e \markdownEnd f  
g  
\bye
```

Note that you may also not nest the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros.

The following example plain TeX code showcases the usage of the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros:

```
\input markdown  
\markdownBegin  
_Hello_ **world** ...  
\markdownEnd  
\bye
```

The `\markdownInput` macro accepts a single parameter containing the filename of a markdown document and expands to the result of the conversion of the input markdown document to plain TeX.

```
138 \let\markdownInput\relax
```

This macro is not subject to the abovelisted limitations of the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros.

The following example plain TeX code showcases the usage of the `\markdownInput` macro:

```
\input markdown
\markdownInput{hello.md}
\bye
```

## 2.2.2 Options

The plain TeX options are represented by TeX commands. Some of them map directly to the options recognized by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7), while some of them are specific to the plain TeX interface.

**2.2.2.1 Finalizing and Freezing the Cache** The `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option corresponds to the Lua interface `finalizeCache` option, which creates an output file `\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName` (frozen cache) that contains a mapping between an enumeration of the markdown documents in the plain TeX document and their auxiliary files cached in the `cacheDir` directory.

```
139 \let\markdownOptionFinalizeCache\undefined
```

The `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` option uses the mapping previously created by the `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option, and uses it to typeset the plain TeX document without invoking Lua. As a result, the plain TeX document becomes more portable, but further changes in the order and the content of markdown documents will not be reflected. It defaults to `false`.

The standard usage of the above two options is as follows:

1. Remove the `cacheDir` cache directory with stale auxiliary cache files.
2. Enable the `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option.
4. Typeset the plain TeX document to populate and finalize the cache.
5. Enable the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` option.
6. Publish the source code of the plain TeX document and the `cacheDir` directory.

**2.2.2.2 File and Directory Names** The `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro sets the filename of the helper Lua script file that is created during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in TeX engines without the `\directlua`

primitive. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.lua`, where `\jobname` is the base name of the document being typeset.

The expansion of this macro must not contain quotation marks ("") or backslash symbols (\). Mind that TeX engines tend to put quotation marks around `\jobname`, when it contains spaces.

```
140 \def\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName{\jobname.markdown.lua}%
```

The `\markdownOptionInputTempFileName` macro sets the filename of the temporary input file that is created during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in `\markdownMode` other than 2. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.out`. The same limitations as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro apply here.

```
141 \def\markdownOptionInputTempFileName{\jobname.markdown.in}%
```

The `\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName` macro sets the filename of the temporary output file that is created during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in `\markdownMode` other than 2. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.out`. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
142 \def\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName{\jobname.markdown.out}%
```

The `\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName` macro sets the filename of the temporary output file that is created when a Lua error is encountered during the conversion from markdown to plain TeX in `\markdownMode` other than 2. It defaults to `\jobname.markdown.err`. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
143 \def\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName{\jobname.markdown.err}%
```

The `\markdownOptionOutputDir` macro sets the path to the directory that will contain the auxiliary cache files produced by the Lua implementation and also the auxiliary files produced by the plain TeX implementation. The option defaults to `..`.

The path must be set to the same value as the `-output-directory` option of your TeX engine for the package to function correctly. We need this macro to make the Lua implementation aware where it should store the helper files. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
144 \def\markdownOptionOutputDir{.}%
```

The `\markdownOptionCacheDir` macro corresponds to the Lua interface `cacheDir` option that sets the path to the directory that will contain the produced cache files. The option defaults to `_markdown_\jobname`, which is a similar naming scheme to the one used by the minted LATEX package. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
145 \def\markdownOptionCacheDir{\markdownOptionOutputDir/_markdown_\jobname}%
```

The `\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName` macro corresponds to the Lua interface `frozenCacheFileName` option that sets the path to an output file (frozen

cache) that will contain a mapping between an enumeration of the markdown documents in the plain T<sub>E</sub>X document and their auxiliary cache files. The option defaults to `frozenCache.tex`. The same limitations apply here as in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
146 \def\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName{\markdownOptionCacheDir/frozenCache.tex}
```

**2.2.2.3 Lua Interface Options** The following macros map directly to the options recognized by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) and are not processed by the plain T<sub>E</sub>X implementation, only passed along to Lua. They are undefined, which makes them fall back to the default values provided by the Lua interface.

For the macros that correspond to the non-boolean options recognized by the Lua interface, the same limitations apply here in the case of the `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` macro.

```
147 \let\markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote\undefined
148 \let\markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence\undefined
149 \let\markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading\undefined
150 \let\markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes\undefined
151 \let\markdownOptionCitations\undefined
152 \let\markdownOptionCitationNbsps\undefined
153 \let\markdownOptionContentBlocks\undefined
154 \let\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap\undefined
155 \let\markdownOptionDefinitionLists\undefined
156 \let\markdownOptionEagerCache\undefined
157 \let\markdownOptionFootnotes\undefined
158 \let\markdownOptionFencedCode\undefined
159 \let\markdownOptionHardLineBreaks\undefined
160 \let\markdownOptionHashEnumerators\undefined
161 \let\markdownOptionHeaderAttributes\undefined
162 \let\markdownOptionHtml\undefined
163 \let\markdownOptionHybrid\undefined
164 \let\markdownOptionInlineFootnotes\undefined
165 \let\markdownOptionJekyllData\undefined
166 \let\markdownOptionPipeTables\undefined
167 \let\markdownOptionPreserveTabs\undefined
168 \let\markdownOptionShiftHeadings\undefined
169 \let\markdownOptionSlice\undefined
170 \let\markdownOptionSmartEllipses\undefined
171 \let\markdownOptionStartNumber\undefined
172 \let\markdownOptionStripIndent\undefined
173 \let\markdownOptionTableCaptions\undefined
174 \let\markdownOptionTaskLists\undefined
175 \let\markdownOptionTeXComments\undefined
176 \let\markdownOptionTightLists\undefined
```

**2.2.2.4 Miscellaneous Options** The `\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns` macro controls whether a percent sign ([Markdown input](#) (see Section `\vref{sec:buffering}`) or not)

177 `\def\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns{false}\%`

### 2.2.3 Token Renderers

The following  $\text{\TeX}$  macros may occur inside the output of the converter functions exposed by the Lua interface (see Section [2.1.1 on page 6](#)) and represent the parsed markdown tokens. These macros are intended to be redefined by the user who is typesetting a document. By default, they point to the corresponding prototypes (see Section [2.2.4 on page 38](#)).

**2.2.3.1 Tickbox Renderers** The macros named `\markdownRendererTickedBox`, `\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox`, and `\markdownRendererUntickedBox` represent ticked and unticked boxes, respectively. These macros will either be produced, when the `taskLists` option is enabled, or when the Ballot Box with X (☒, U+2612), Hourglass (⌚, U+231B) or Ballot Box (☐, U+2610) Unicode characters are encountered in the markdown input, respectively.

178 `\def\markdownRendererTickedBox{%`  
179   `\markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype}\%`  
180 `\def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox{%`  
181   `\markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype}\%`  
182 `\def\markdownRendererUntickedBox{%`  
183   `\markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype}\%`

**2.2.3.2 Markdown Document Renderers** The `\markdownRendererDocumentBegin` and `\markdownRendererDocumentEnd` macros represent the beginning and the end of a *markdown* document. The macros receive no arguments.

A  $\text{\TeX}$  document may contain any number of markdown documents. Additionally, markdown documents may appear not only in a sequence, but several markdown documents may also be *nested*. Redefinitions of the macros should take this into account.

184 `\def\markdownRendererDocumentBegin{%`  
185   `\markdownRendererDocumentBeginPrototype}\%`  
186 `\def\markdownRendererDocumentEnd{%`  
187   `\markdownRendererDocumentEndPrototype}\%`

**2.2.3.3 Interblock Separator Renderer** The `\markdownRendererInterblockSeparator` macro represents a separator between two markdown block elements. The macro receives no arguments.

188 `\def\markdownRendererInterblockSeparator{%`  
189   `\markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype}\%`

**2.2.3.4 Line Break Renderer** The `\markdownRendererLineBreak` macro represents a forced line break. The macro receives no arguments.

```
190 \def\markdownRendererLineBreak{%
191   \markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.5 Ellipsis Renderer** The `\markdownRendererEllipsis` macro replaces any occurrence of ASCII ellipses in the input text. This macro will only be produced, when the `smartEllipses` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
192 \def\markdownRendererEllipsis{%
193   \markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.6 Non-Breaking Space Renderer** The `\markdownRendererNbsp` macro represents a non-breaking space.

```
194 \def\markdownRendererNbsp{%
195   \markdownRendererNbspPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.7 Special Character Renderers** The following macros replace any special plain  $\text{\TeX}$  characters, including the active pipe character (`|`) of  $\text{ConTeXt}$ , in the input text. These macros will only be produced, when the `hybrid` option is `false`.

```
196 \def\markdownRendererLeftBrace{%
197   \markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype}%
198 \def\markdownRendererRightBrace{%
199   \markdownRendererRightBracePrototype}%
200 \def\markdownRendererDollarSign{%
201   \markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype}%
202 \def\markdownRendererPercentSign{%
203   \markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype}%
204 \def\markdownRendererAmpersand{%
205   \markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype}%
206 \def\markdownRendererUnderscore{%
207   \markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype}%
208 \def\markdownRendererHash{%
209   \markdownRendererHashPrototype}%
210 \def\markdownRendererCircumflex{%
211   \markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype}%
212 \def\markdownRendererBackslash{%
213   \markdownRendererBackslashPrototype}%
214 \def\markdownRendererTilde{%
215   \markdownRendererTildePrototype}%
216 \def\markdownRendererPipe{%
217   \markdownRendererPipePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.8 Code Span Renderer** The `\markdownRendererCodeSpan` macro represents inlined code span in the input text. It receives a single argument that corresponds to the inlined code span.

```
218 \def\markdownRendererCodeSpan{%
219   \markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.9 Link Renderer** The `\markdownRendererLink` macro represents a hyperlink. It receives four arguments: the label, the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the link.

```
220 \def\markdownRendererLink{%
221   \markdownRendererLinkPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.10 Image Renderer** The `\markdownRendererImage` macro represents an image. It receives four arguments: the label, the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the link.

```
222 \def\markdownRendererImage{%
223   \markdownRendererImagePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.11 Content Block Renderers** The `\markdownRendererContentBlock` macro represents an iA Writer content block. It receives four arguments: the local file or online image filename extension cast to the lower case, the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the content block.

```
224 \def\markdownRendererContentBlock{%
225   \markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage` macro represents an iA Writer online image content block. The macro receives the same arguments as `\markdownRendererContentBlock`.

```
226 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage{%
227   \markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererContentBlockCode` macro represents an iA Writer content block that was recognized as a file in a known programming language by its filename extension  $s$ . If any `markdown-languages.json` file found by kpathsea<sup>6</sup> contains a record  $(k, v)$ , then a non-online-image content block with the filename extension  $s, s:\text{lower}() = k$  is considered to be in a known programming language  $v$ . The macro receives five arguments: the local file name extension  $s$  cast to the lower

---

<sup>6</sup>Local files take precedence. Filenames other than `markdown-languages.json` may be specified using the `contentBlocksLanguageMap` Lua option.

case, the language  $v$ , the fully escaped URI that can be directly typeset, the raw URI that can be used outside typesetting, and the title of the content block.

Note that you will need to place place a `markdown-languages.json` file inside your working directory or inside your local TeX directory structure. In this file, you will define a mapping between filename extensions and the language names recognized by your favorite syntax highlighter; there may exist other creative uses beside syntax highlighting. The `Languages.json` file provided by Sotkov [3] is a good starting point.

```
228 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockCode{%
229   \markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.12 Bullet List Renderers** The `\markdownRendererUlBegin` macro represents the beginning of a bulleted list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
230 \def\markdownRendererUlBegin{%
231   \markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlBeginTight` macro represents the beginning of a bulleted list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
232 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTight{%
233   \markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlItem` macro represents an item in a bulleted list. The macro receives no arguments.

```
234 \def\markdownRendererUlItem{%
235   \markdownRendererUlItemPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlItemEnd` macro represents the end of an item in a bulleted list. The macro receives no arguments.

```
236 \def\markdownRendererUlItemEnd{%
237   \markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlEnd` macro represents the end of a bulleted list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
238 \def\markdownRendererUlEnd{%
239   \markdownRendererUlEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererUlEndTight` macro represents the end of a bulleted list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro

will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
240 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTight{%
241   \markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.13 Ordered List Renderers** The `\markdownRendererOlBegin` macro represents the beginning of an ordered list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
242 \def\markdownRendererOlBegin{%
243   \markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererOlBeginTight` macro represents the beginning of an ordered list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
244 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginTight{%
245   \markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererOlItem` macro represents an item in an ordered list. This macro will only be produced, when the `startNumber` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
246 \def\markdownRendererOlItem{%
247   \markdownRendererOlItemPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererOlItemEnd` macro represents the end of an item in an ordered list. The macro receives no arguments.

```
248 \def\markdownRendererOlItemEnd{%
249   \markdownRendererOlItemEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber` macro represents an item in an ordered list. This macro will only be produced, when the `startNumber` option is enabled. The macro receives a single numeric argument that corresponds to the item number.

```
250 \def\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber{%
251   \markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererOlEnd` macro represents the end of an ordered list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
252 \def\markdownRendererOlEnd{%
253   \markdownRendererOlEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererO1EndTight` macro represents the end of an ordered list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
254 \def\markdownRendererO1EndTight{%
255   \markdownRendererO1EndTightPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.14 Definition List Renderers** The following macros are only produced, when the `definitionLists` option is enabled.

The `\markdownRendererDlBegin` macro represents the beginning of a definition list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
256 \def\markdownRendererDlBegin{%
257   \markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlBeginTight` macro represents the beginning of a definition list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
258 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginTight{%
259   \markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlItem` macro represents a term in a definition list. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the term being defined.

```
260 \def\markdownRendererDlItem{%
261   \markdownRendererDlItemPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlItemEnd` macro represents the end of a list of definitions for a single term.

```
262 \def\markdownRendererDlItemEnd{%
263   \markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin` macro represents the beginning of a definition in a definition list. There can be several definitions for a single term.

```
264 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin{%
265   \markdownRendererDlDefinitionBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd` macro represents the end of a definition in a definition list. There can be several definitions for a single term.

```
266 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd{%
267   \markdownRendererDlDefinitionEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlEnd` macro represents the end of a definition list that contains an item with several paragraphs of text (the list is not tight). The macro receives no arguments.

```
268 \def\markdownRendererDlEnd{%
269   \markdownRendererDlEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererDlEndTight` macro represents the end of a definition list that contains no item with several paragraphs of text (the list is tight). This macro will only be produced, when the `tightLists` option is `false`. The macro receives no arguments.

```
270 \def\markdownRendererDlEndTight{%
271   \markdownRendererDlEndTightPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.15 Emphasis Renderers** The `\markdownRendererEmphasis` macro represents an emphasized span of text. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the emphasized span of text.

```
272 \def\markdownRendererEmphasis{%
273   \markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis` macro represents a strongly emphasized span of text. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the emphasized span of text.

```
274 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis{%
275   \markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.16 Block Quote Renderers** The `\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin` macro represents the beginning of a block quote. The macro receives no arguments.

```
276 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin{%
277   \markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd` macro represents the end of a block quote. The macro receives no arguments.

```
278 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd{%
279   \markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.17 Code Block Renderers** The `\markdownRendererInputVerbatim` macro represents a code block. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the filename of a file containing the code block contents.

```
280 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatim{%
281   \markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererInputFencedCode` macro represents a fenced code block. This macro will only be produced, when the `fencedCode` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments that correspond to the filename of a file containing the code block contents and to the code fence infostring.

```
282 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCode{%
283   \markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.18 YAML Metadata Renderers** The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin` macro represents the beginning of a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
284 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin{%
285   \markdownRendererJekyllDataBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd` macro represents the end of a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
286 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd{%
287   \markdownRendererJekyllDataEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin` macro represents the beginning of a mapping in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules, and the number of items in the mapping.

```
288 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin{%
289   \markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd` macro represents the end of a mapping in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
290 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd{%
291   \markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin` macro represents the beginning of a sequence in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules, and the number of items in the sequence.

```
292 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin{%
293   \markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBeginPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEnd` macro represents the end of a sequence in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives no arguments.

```
294 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEnd{%
295   \markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEndPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean` macro represents a boolean scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, and the scalar value, both cast to a string following YAML serialization rules.

```
296 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean{%
297   \markdownRendererJekyllDataBooleanPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber` macro represents a numeric scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, and the scalar value, both cast to a string following YAML serialization rules.

```
298 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber{%
299   \markdownRendererJekyllDataNumberPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataString` macro represents a string scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives two arguments: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules, and the scalar value.

```
300 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataString{%
301   \markdownRendererJekyllDataStringPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty` macro represents an empty scalar value in a YAML document. This macro will only be produced when the `jekyllData` option is enabled. The macro receives one argument: the scalar key in the parent structure, cast to a string following YAML serialization rules.

```
302 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty{%
303   \markdownRendererJekyllDataEmptyPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.19 Heading Renderers** The `\markdownRendererHeadingOne` macro represents a first level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
304 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOne{%
305   \markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingTwo` macro represents a second level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
306 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwo{%
307   \markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingThree` macro represents a third level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
308 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThree{%
309   \markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingFour` macro represents a fourth level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
310 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFour{%
311   \markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingFive` macro represents a fifth level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
312 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFive{%
313   \markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype}%
```

The `\markdownRendererHeadingSix` macro represents a sixth level heading. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the heading text.

```
314 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSix{%
315   \markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.20 Horizontal Rule Renderer** The `\markdownRendererHorizontalRule` macro represents a horizontal rule. The macro receives no arguments.

```
316 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRule{%
317   \markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.21 Footnote Renderer** The `\markdownRendererFootnote` macro represents a footnote. This macro will only be produced, when the `footnotes` option is enabled. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the footnote text.

```
318 \def\markdownRendererFootnote{%
319   \markdownRendererFootnotePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.22 Parenthesized Citations Renderer** The `\markdownRendererCite` macro represents a string of one or more parenthetical citations. This macro will only be produced, when the `citations` option is enabled. The macro receives the parameter `{<number of citations>}` followed by `<suppress author>` `{<prenote>}-{<postnote>}{<name>}` repeated `<number of citations>` times. The `<suppress author>` parameter is either the token `-`, when the author's name is to be suppressed, or `+` otherwise.

```
320 \def\markdownRendererCite{%
321   \markdownRendererCitePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.23 Text Citations Renderer** The `\markdownRendererTextCite` macro represents a string of one or more text citations. This macro will only be produced, when the `citations` option is enabled. The macro receives parameters in the same format as the `\markdownRendererCite` macro.

```
322 \def\markdownRendererTextCite{%
323   \markdownRendererTextCitePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.24 Table Renderer** The `\markdownRendererTable` macro represents a table. This macro will only be produced, when the `pipeTables` option is enabled. The macro receives the parameters `{<caption>} {<number of rows>} {<number of columns>}` followed by `{<alignments>}` and then by `{<row>}` repeated `<number of rows>` times, where `<row>` is `{<column>}` repeated `<number of columns>` times, `<alignments>` is `<alignment>` repeated `<number of columns>` times, and `<alignment>` is one of the following:

- `d` – The corresponding column has an unspecified (default) alignment.
- `l` – The corresponding column is left-aligned.
- `c` – The corresponding column is centered.
- `r` – The corresponding column is right-aligned.

```
324 \def\markdownRendererTable{%
325   \markdownRendererTablePrototype}%
```

**2.2.3.25 Inline HTML Comment Renderer** The `\markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment` macro represents the contents of an inline HTML comment. This macro will only be produced, when the `html` option is enabled. The macro receives a single argument that corresponds to the contents of the HTML comment.

```
326 \def\markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment{%
327   \markdownRendererInlineHtmlCommentPrototype}%
```

## 2.2.4 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following T<sub>E</sub>X macros provide definitions for the token renderers (see Section 2.2.3 on page 28) that have not been redefined by the user. These macros are intended to be redefined by macro package authors who wish to provide sensible default token renderers. They are also redefined by the I<sub>A</sub>T<sub>E</sub>X and Con<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub>t implementations (see sections 3.3 on page 174 and 3.4 on page 194).

```
328 \def\markdownRendererDocumentBeginPrototype{}%
329 \def\markdownRendererDocumentEndPrototype{}%
330 \def\markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype{}%
331 \def\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{}%
332 \def\markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype{}%
333 \def\markdownRendererNbspPrototype{}%
334 \def\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{}%
```

```

335 \def\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{}%
336 \def\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{}%
337 \def\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{}%
338 \def\markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype{}%
339 \def\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{}%
340 \def\markdownRendererHashPrototype{}%
341 \def\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{}%
342 \def\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{}%
343 \def\markdownRendererTildePrototype{}%
344 \def\markdownRendererPipePrototype{}%
345 \def\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype#1{}%
346 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype#1#2#3#4{}%
347 \def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{}%
348 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype#1#2#3#4{}%
349 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{}%
350 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype#1#2#3#4#5{}%
351 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{}%
352 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{}%
353 \def\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{}%
354 \def\markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype{}%
355 \def\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{}%
356 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{}%
357 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{}%
358 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype{}%
359 \def\markdownRendererOlItemPrototype{}%
360 \def\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype#1{}%
361 \def\markdownRendererOlItemEndPrototype{}%
362 \def\markdownRendererOlEndPrototype{}%
363 \def\markdownRendererOlEndTightPrototype{}%
364 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype{}%
365 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype{}%
366 \def\markdownRendererDlItemPrototype#1{}%
367 \def\markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype{}%
368 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBeginPrototype{}%
369 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEndPrototype{}%
370 \def\markdownRendererDlEndPrototype{}%
371 \def\markdownRendererDlEndTightPrototype{}%
372 \def\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype#1{}%
373 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype#1{}%
374 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{}%
375 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{}%
376 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype#1{}%
377 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype#1#2{}%
378 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBooleanPrototype#1#2{}%
379 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmptyPrototype#1{}%
380 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumberPrototype#1#2{}%
381 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataStringPrototype#1#2{}%

```

```

382 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataBeginPrototype{}%
383 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataEndPrototype{}%
384 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBeginPrototype#1#2{}%
385 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEndPrototype{}%
386 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBeginPrototype#1#2{}%
387 \def\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEndPrototype{}%
388 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype#1{}%
389 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype#1{}%
390 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype#1{}%
391 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype#1{}%
392 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype#1{}%
393 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype#1{}%
394 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype{}%
395 \def\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype#1{}%
396 \def\markdownRendererCitePrototype#1{}%
397 \def\markdownRendererTextCitePrototype#1{}%
398 \def\markdownRendererTablePrototype#1#2#3{}%
399 \def\markdownRendererInlineHtmlCommentPrototype#1{}%
400 \def\markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype{}%
401 \def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype{}%
402 \def\markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype{}%

```

### 2.2.5 Logging Facilities

The `\markdownInfo`, `\markdownWarning`, and `\markdownError` macros perform logging for the Markdown package. Their first argument specifies the text of the info, warning, or error message. The `\markdownError` macro receives a second argument that provides a help text. You may redefine these macros to redirect and process the info, warning, and error messages.

### 2.2.6 Miscellanea

The `\markdownMakeOther` macro is used by the package, when a `TEX` engine that does not support direct Lua access is starting to buffer a text. The plain `TEX` implementation changes the category code of plain `TEX` special characters to `other`, but there may be other active characters that may break the output. This macro should temporarily change the category of these to `other`.

```
403 \let\markdownMakeOther\relax
```

The `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro implements the `\markdownBegin` macro. The first argument specifies the token sequence that will terminate the markdown input (`\markdownEnd` in the instance of the `\markdownBegin` macro) when the plain `TEX` special characters have had their category changed to `other`. The second argument specifies the token sequence that will actually be inserted into the document, when the ending token sequence has been found.

```
404 \let\markdownReadAndConvert\relax
```

```
405 \begingroup
```

Locally swap the category code of the backslash symbol (`\`) with the pipe symbol (`|`). This is required in order that all the special symbols in the first argument of the `markdownReadAndConvert` macro have the category code *other*.

```
406 \catcode`\\=0\catcode`\\=12%
407 |gdef |markdownBegin{%
408   |markdownReadAndConvert{\markdownEnd}%
409   {|\markdownEnd}|%
410 |endgroup
```

The macro is exposed in the interface, so that the user can create their own markdown environments. Due to the way the arguments are passed to Lua (see Section 3.2.7 on page 172), the first argument may not contain the string `]` (regardless of the category code of the bracket symbol `[]`).

The `\markdownMode` macro specifies how the plain `TEX` implementation interfaces with the Lua interface. The valid values and their meaning are as follows:

- 0 – Shell escape via the 18 output file stream
- 1 – Shell escape via the Lua `os.execute` method
- 2 – Direct Lua access

By defining the macro, the user can coerce the package to use a specific mode. If the user does not define the macro prior to loading the plain `TEX` implementation, the correct value will be automatically detected. The outcome of changing the value of `\markdownMode` after the implementation has been loaded is undefined.

```
411 \ifx\markdownMode\undefined
412   \ifx\directlua\undefined
413     \def\markdownMode{0}%
414   \else
415     \def\markdownMode{2}%
416   \fi
417 \fi
```

The following macros are no longer a part of the plain `TEX` interface and are only defined for backwards compatibility:

```
418 \def\markdownLuaRegisterIBCallback#1{\relax}%
419 \def\markdownLuaUnregisterIBCallback#1{\relax}%
```

## 2.3 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Interface

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface provides L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environments for the typesetting of markdown input from within L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, facilities for setting Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) used during the conversion from markdown to plain `TEX`, and facilities for changing the way markdown tokens are rendered. The rest of the interface is inherited from the plain `TEX` interface (see Section 2.2 on page 23).

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface is implemented by the `markdown.sty` file, which can be loaded from the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X document preamble as follows:

```
\usepackage[⟨options⟩]{markdown}
```

where ⟨options⟩ are the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface options (see Section 2.3.2 on the following page). Note that ⟨options⟩ inside the `\usepackage` macro may not set the `markdownRenderers` (see Section 2.3.2.5 on page 52) and `markdownRendererPrototypes` (see Section 2.3.2.6 on page 56) keys. This limitation is due to the way L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> parses package options.

### 2.3.1 Typesetting Markdown

The interface exposes the `markdown` and `markdown*` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environments, and redefines the `\markdownInput` command.

The `markdown` and `markdown*` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environments are used to typeset markdown document fragments. The starred version of the `markdown` environment accepts L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface options (see Section 2.3.2 on the next page) as its only argument. These options will only influence this markdown document fragment.

```
420 \newenvironment{markdown}\relax\relax  
421 \newenvironment{markdown*}[1]\relax\relax
```

You may prepend your own code to the `\markdown` macro and append your own code to the `\endmarkdown` macro to produce special effects before and after the `markdown` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environment (and likewise for the starred version).

Note that the `markdown` and `markdown*` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environments are subject to the same limitations as the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros exposed by the plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface.

The following example L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code showcases the usage of the `markdown` and `markdown*` environments:

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <code>\documentclass{article}<br/>\usepackage{markdown}<br/>\begin{document}<br/>% ...<br/>\begin{markdown}<br/>_Hello_ **world** ...<br/>\end{markdown}<br/>% ...<br/>\end{document}</code> | <code>\documentclass{article}<br/>\usepackage{markdown}<br/>\begin{document}<br/>% ...<br/>\begin{markdown*}{smartEllipses}<br/>_Hello_ **world** ...<br/>\end{markdown*}<br/>% ...<br/>\end{document}</code> |
|--|---|

The `\markdownInput` macro accepts a single mandatory parameter containing the filename of a markdown document and expands to the result of the conversion of the input markdown document to plain T<sub>E</sub>X. Unlike the `\markdownInput` macro provided by the plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface, this macro also accepts L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface options

(see Section 2.3.2) as its optional argument. These options will only influence this markdown document.

The following example L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code showcases the usage of the \markdownInput macro:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{markdown}
\begin{document}
\markdownInput[smartEllipses]{hello.md}
\end{document}
```

### 2.3.2 Options

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X options are represented by a comma-delimited list of  $\langle key \rangle = \langle value \rangle$  pairs. For boolean options, the  $= \langle value \rangle$  part is optional, and  $\langle key \rangle$  will be interpreted as  $\langle key \rangle = \text{true}$  if the  $= \langle value \rangle$  part has been omitted.

Except for the plain option described in Section 2.3.2.1 on the next page, and the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X themes described in Section 2.3.2.2 on the following page, and the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X setup snippets described in Section 2.3.2.3 on page 49, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X options map directly to the options recognized by the plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface (see Section 2.2.2 on page 25) and to the markdown token renderers and their prototypes recognized by the plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface (see Sections 2.2.3 on page 28 and 2.2.4 on page 38).

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X options may be specified when loading the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package, when using the `markdown*` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environment or the \markdownInput macro (see Section 2.3 on page 41), or via the \markdownSetup macro. The \markdownSetup macro receives the options to set up as its only argument:

```
422 \newcommand\markdownSetup[1]{%
423   \setkeys{markdownOptions}{#1}}%
```

We may also store L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X options as *setup snippets* and invoke them later using the \markdownSetupSnippet macro. The \markdownSetupSnippet macro receives two arguments: the name of the setup snippet and the options to store:

```
424 \newcommand\markdownSetupSnippet[2]{%
425   \@ifundefined
426     {markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet\markdownLaTeXThemeName#1}{%
427     \newtoks\next
428     \next={#2}%
429     \expandafter\let\csname markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet%
430       \markdownLaTeXThemeName#1\endcsname=\next
431   }%
432   \markdownWarning
433     {Redefined setup snippet \markdownLaTeXThemeName#1}%
434   \csname markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet%
435     \markdownLaTeXThemeName#1\endcsname={#2}%

```

436        } } %

See Section 2.3.2.2 for information on interactions between setup snippets and L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X themes. See Section 2.3.2.3 on page 49 for information about invoking the stored setup snippets.

**2.3.2.1 No default token renderer prototypes** Default token renderer prototypes require L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X packages that may clash with other packages used in a document. Additionally, if we redefine token renderers and renderer prototypes ourselves, the default definitions will bring no benefit to us. Using the `plain` package option, we can keep the default definitions from the plain T<sub>E</sub>X implementation (see Section 3.2.3 on page 163) and prevent the soft L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X prerequisites in Section 1.1.3 on page 3 from being loaded:

```
\usepackage[plain]{markdown}
```

```
437 \newif\ifmarkdownLaTeXPlain
438   \markdownLaTeXPlainfalse
439 \define@key{markdownOptions}{plain}[true]{%
440   \ifmarkdownLaTeXLoaded
441     \markdownWarning
442       {The plain option must be specified when loading the package}%
443   \else
444     \markdownLaTeXPlaintrue
445   \fi}
```

### 2.3.2.2 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X themes

User-contributed L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X themes for the Markdown package provide a domain-specific interpretation of some Markdown tokens. Similarly to L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X packages, themes allow the authors to achieve a specific look and other high-level goals without low-level programming.

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X option with key `theme` loads a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package (further referred to as a *theme*) named `markdowntheme<munged theme name>.sty`, where the *munged theme name* is the *theme name* after a substitution of all forward slashes (/) for an underscore (\_), the theme name is a value that is *qualified* and contains no underscores, and a value is qualified if and only if it contains at least one forward slash. Themes are inspired by the Beamer L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package, which provides similar functionality with its `\usetheme` macro [5, Section 15.1].

Theme names must be qualified to minimize naming conflicts between different themes intended for a single L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X document class or for a single L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package. The preferred format of a theme name is `<theme author>/<target LATEX document class or package>/<private naming scheme>`, where the *private naming scheme* may

contain additional forward slashes. For example, a theme by a user `witiko` for the MU theme of the Beamer document class may have the name `witiko/beamer/MU`.

Theme names are munged, because L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X packages are identified only by their filenames, not by their pathnames. [6] Therefore, we can't store the qualified theme names directly using directories, but we must encode the individual segments of the qualified theme in the filename. For example, loading a theme named `witiko/beamer/MU` would load a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package named `markdownthemewitiko_beamer_MU.sty`.

If the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X option with key `theme` is (repeatedly) specified in the `\usepackage` macro, the loading of the theme(s) will be postponed in first-in-first-out order until after the Markdown L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package has been loaded. Otherwise, the theme(s) will be loaded immediately. For example, there is a theme named `witiko/dot`, which typesets fenced code blocks with the `dot` infostring as images of directed graphs rendered by the Graphviz tools. The following code would first load the Markdown package, then the `markdownthemewitiko_beamer_MU.sty` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package, and finally the `markdownthemewitiko_dot.sty` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package:

```
\usepackage[
    theme = witiko/beamer/MU,
    theme = witiko/dot,
]{markdown}
```

```
446 \newif\ifmarkdownLaTeXLoaded
447   \markdownLaTeXLoadedfalse
448 \AtEndOfPackage{\markdownLaTeXLoadedtrue}%
449 \define@key{markdownOptions}{theme}{%
450   \IfSubStr{#1}{/}{\{}{%
451     \markdownError
452       {Won't load theme with unqualified name #1}%
453       {Theme names must contain at least one forward slash}}\%
454   \StrSubstitute{#1}{/}{_}[\markdownLaTeXThemePackageName]\%
455   \edef\markdownLaTeXThemePackageName{%
456     markdowntheme\markdownLaTeXThemePackageName}\%
457   \expandafter\markdownLaTeXThemeLoad\expandafter{%
458     \markdownLaTeXThemePackageName}{#1/}\}%
459 \newcommand\markdownLaTeXThemeName{}\%
460 \newcommand\markdownLaTeXThemeLoad[2]\{%
461   \ifmarkdownLaTeXLoaded
462     \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{#2}\%
463     \RequirePackage{#1}\%
464     \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{}\%
465   \else
466     \AtEndOfPackage{%
467       \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{#2}\%
```

```

468     \RequirePackage{#1}%
469     \def\markdownLaTeXThemeName{}%
470 \fi}%

```

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X themes have a useful synergy with the setup snippets (see Section 2.3.2 on page 43): To make it less likely that different themes will define setup snippets with the same name, we will prepend *<theme name>/* before the snippet name and use the result as the snippet name. For example, if the **witiko/dot** theme defines the **product** setup snippet, the setup snippet will be available under the name **witiko/dot/product**. Due to limitations of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, themes may not be loaded after the beginning of a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X document.

```
471 \onlypreamble\KV@markdownOptions@theme
```

Example themes provided with the Markdown package include:

**witiko/dot** A theme that typesets fenced code blocks with the **dot ...** infostring as images of directed graphs rendered by the Graphviz tools. The right tail of the infostring is used as the image title.

```

\documentclass[article]
\usepackage[theme=witiko/dot]{markdown}
\setkeys{Gin}{
    width = \columnwidth,
    height = 0.65\paperheight,
    keepaspectratio}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
``` dot Various formats of mathematical formulae
digraph tree {
    margin = 0;
    rankdir = "LR";

    latex -> pmml;
    latex -> cmmml;
    pmml -> slt;
    cmmml -> opt;
    cmmml -> prefix;
    cmmml -> infix;
    pmml -> mterms [style=dashed];
    cmmml -> mterms;

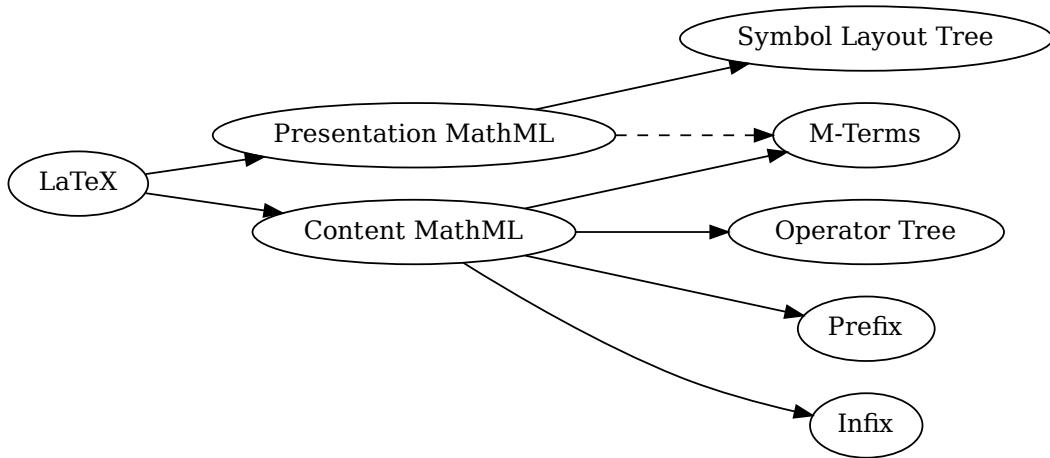
    latex [label = "LaTeX"];
    pmml [label = "Presentation MathML"];
    cmmml [label = "Content MathML"];

```

```

slt [label = "Symbol Layout Tree"];
opt [label = "Operator Tree"];
prefix [label = "Prefix"];
infix [label = "Infix"];
mterms [label = "M-Terms"];
}
```
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

Typesetting the above document produces the output shown in Figure 4.



**Figure 4: Various formats of mathematical formulae**

The theme requires a Unix-like operating system with GNU Diffutils and Graphviz installed. The theme also requires shell access unless the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX option is enabled.

472 \ProvidesPackage{markdownthemewitiko\_dot}[2021/03/09]%

**witiko/graphicx/http** A theme that adds support for downloading images whose URL has the http or https protocol.

```

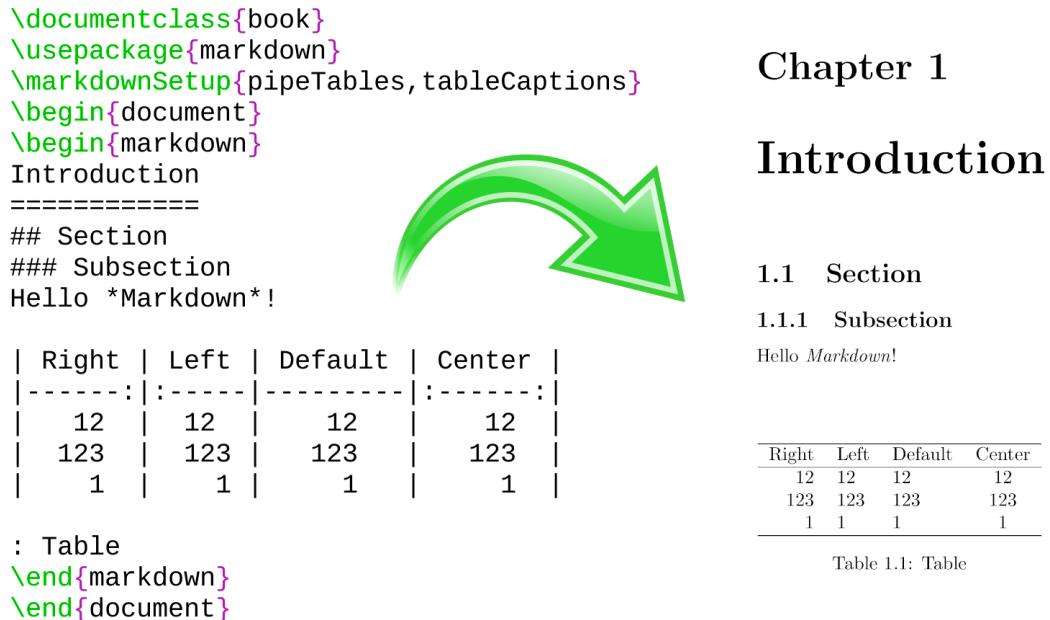
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[theme=witiko/graphicx/http]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
! [img] (https://github.com/witiko/markdown/raw/main/markdown.png)

```

```

    "The banner of the Markdown package")
\end{markdown}
\end{document}
```

Typesetting the above document produces the output shown in Figure 5. The



**Figure 5: The banner of the Markdown package**

theme requires the `catchfile` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package and a Unix-like operating system with GNU Coreutils `md5sum` and either GNU Wget or cURL installed. The theme also requires shell access unless the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain T<sub>E</sub>X option is enabled.

```
473 \ProvidesPackage{markdownthemewitiko_graphicx_http}[2021/03/22]%
```

**witiko/tilde** A theme that makes tilde (~) always typeset the non-breaking space even when the `hybrid` Lua option is `false`.

```

\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[theme=witiko/tilde]{markdown}
\begin{document}
\begin{markdown}
Bartel~Leendert van~der~Waerden

```

```
\end{markdown}  
\end{document}
```

Typesetting the above document produces the following text: “Bartel Leendert van der Waerden”.

474 \ProvidesPackage{markdownthemewitiko\_tilde}[2021/03/22]%

Please, see Section 3.3.3.1 on page 176 for implementation details of the example themes.

**2.3.2.3 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X setup snippets** The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X option with key `snippet` invokes a snippet named `<value>`:

```
475 \define@key{markdownOptions}{snippet}{%  
476   \expandafter\markdownSetup\expandafter{  
477     \the\csname markdownLaTeXSetupSnippet#1\endcsname}}%
```

Here is how we can use setup snippets to store options and invoke them later:

```
\markdownSetupSnippet{romanNumerals}{  
  renderer = {  
    olItemWithNumber = {\item[\romannumeral#1\relax.]},  
  },  
}  
\begin{markdown}
```

The following ordered list will be preceded by arabic numerals:

1. wahid
2. aithnayn

```
\end{markdown}  
\begin{markdown*}[snippet=romanNumerals]
```

The following ordered list will be preceded by roman numerals:

3. tres
4. quattuor

```
\end{markdown*}
```

**2.3.2.4 Plain T<sub>E</sub>X Interface Options** The following options map directly to the option macros exposed by the plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface (see Section 2.2.2 on page 25).

```

478 \define@key{markdownOptions}{helperScriptFileName}{%
479   \def\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName{\#1}%
480 \define@key{markdownOptions}{inputTempFileName}{%
481   \def\markdownOptionInputTempFileName{\#1}%
482 \define@key{markdownOptions}{outputTempFileName}{%
483   \def\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName{\#1}%
484 \define@key{markdownOptions}{errorTempFileName}{%
485   \def\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName{\#1}%
486 \define@key{markdownOptions}{cacheDir}{%
487   \def\markdownOptionCacheDir{\#1}%
488 \define@key{markdownOptions}{outputDir}{%
489   \def\markdownOptionOutputDir{\#1}%
490 \define@key{markdownOptions}{blankBeforeBlockquote}[true]{%
491   \def\markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote{\#1}%
492 \define@key{markdownOptions}{blankBeforeCodeFence}[true]{%
493   \def\markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence{\#1}%
494 \define@key{markdownOptions}{blankBeforeHeading}[true]{%
495   \def\markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading{\#1}%
496 \define@key{markdownOptions}{breakableBlockquotes}[true]{%
497   \def\markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes{\#1}%
498 \define@key{markdownOptions}{citations}[true]{%
499   \def\markdownOptionCitations{\#1}%
500 \define@key{markdownOptions}{citationNbsps}[true]{%
501   \def\markdownOptionCitationNbsps{\#1}%
502 \define@key{markdownOptions}{contentBlocks}[true]{%
503   \def\markdownOptionContentBlocks{\#1}%
504 \define@key{markdownOptions}{codeSpans}[true]{%
505   \def\markdownOptionCodeSpans{\#1}%
506 \define@key{markdownOptions}{contentBlocksLanguageMap}{%
507   \def\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap{\#1}%
508 \define@key{markdownOptions}{definitionLists}[true]{%
509   \def\markdownOptionDefinitionLists{\#1}%
510 \define@key{markdownOptions}{eagerCache}[true]{%
511   \def\markdownOptionEagerCache{\#1}%
512 \define@key{markdownOptions}{footnotes}[true]{%
513   \def\markdownOptionFootnotes{\#1}%
514 \define@key{markdownOptions}{fencedCode}[true]{%
515   \def\markdownOptionFencedCode{\#1}%
516 \define@key{markdownOptions}{jekyllData}[true]{%
517   \def\markdownOptionJekyllData{\#1}%
518 \define@key{markdownOptions}{hardLineBreaks}[true]{%
519   \def\markdownOptionHardLineBreaks{\#1}%
520 \define@key{markdownOptions}{hashEnumerators}[true]{%
521   \def\markdownOptionHashEnumerators{\#1}%
522 \define@key{markdownOptions}{headerAttributes}[true]{%
523   \def\markdownOptionHeaderAttributes{\#1}%
524 \define@key{markdownOptions}{html}[true]{%

```

```

525   \def\markdownOptionHtml{#1}%
526 \define@key{markdownOptions}{hybrid}[true]{%
527   \def\markdownOptionHybrid{#1}%
528 \define@key{markdownOptions}{inlineFootnotes}[true]{%
529   \def\markdownOptionInlineFootnotes{#1}%
530 \define@key{markdownOptions}{pipeTables}[true]{%
531   \def\markdownOptionPipeTables{#1}%
532 \define@key{markdownOptions}{preserveTabs}[true]{%
533   \def\markdownOptionPreserveTabs{#1}%
534 \define@key{markdownOptions}{smartEllipses}[true]{%
535   \def\markdownOptionSmartEllipses{#1}%
536 \define@key{markdownOptions}{shiftHeadings}{%
537   \def\markdownOptionShiftHeadings{#1}%
538 \define@key{markdownOptions}{slice}{%
539   \def\markdownOptionSlice{#1}%
540 \define@key{markdownOptions}{startNumber}[true]{%
541   \def\markdownOptionStartNumber{#1}%
542 \define@key{markdownOptions}{stripIndent}[true]{%
543   \def\markdownOptionStripIndent{#1}%
544 \define@key{markdownOptions}{tableCaptions}[true]{%
545   \def\markdownOptionTableCaptions{#1}%
546 \define@key{markdownOptions}{taskLists}[true]{%
547   \def\markdownOptionTaskLists{#1}%
548 \define@key{markdownOptions}{texComments}[true]{%
549   \def\markdownOptionTeXComments{#1}%
550 \define@key{markdownOptions}{tightLists}[true]{%
551   \def\markdownOptionTightLists{#1}%
552 \define@key{markdownOptions}{underscores}[true]{%
553   \def\markdownOptionUnderscores{#1}%
554 \define@key{markdownOptions}{stripPercentSigns}[true]{%
555   \def\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns{#1}}%

```

The `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` and `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX options are exposed through L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X options with keys `finalizeCache` and `frozenCache`.

To ensure compatibility with the `minted` package [7, Section 5.1], which supports the `finalizeminted` and `frozencache` package options with similar semantics, the Markdown package also recognizes these as aliases and recognizes them as document class options. By passing `finalizeminted` and `frozencache` as document class options, you may conveniently control the behavior of both packages at once:

```

\documentclass[frozencache]{article}
\usepackage{markdown,minted}
\begin{document}
\end{document}

```

We hope that other packages will support the `finalizemcache` and `frozencache` package options in the future, so that they can become a standard interface for preparing L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X document sources for distribution.

```
556 \define@key{markdownOptions}{finalizeCache}[true]{%
557   \def\markdownOptionFinalizeCache{\#1}%
558 \DeclareOption{finalizemcache}{\markdownSetup{finalizeCache}}%
559 \define@key{markdownOptions}{frozenCache}[true]{%
560   \def\markdownOptionFrozenCache{\#1}%
561 \DeclareOption{frozencache}{\markdownSetup{frozenCache}}%
562 \define@key{markdownOptions}{frozenCacheFileName}{%
563   \def\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName{\#1}%

```

The following example L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code showcases a possible configuration of plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface options `\markdownOptionHybrid`, `\markdownOptionSmartEllipses`, and `\markdownOptionCacheDir`.

```
\markdownSetup{%
  hybrid,
  smartEllipses,
  cacheDir = /tmp,
}
```

### 2.3.2.5 Plain T<sub>E</sub>X Markdown Token Renderers

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface recognizes an option with the `renderers` key, whose value must be a list of options that map directly to the markdown token renderer macros exposed by the plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface (see Section 2.2.3 on page 28).

```
564 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{documentBegin}{%
565   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDocumentBegin{\#1}%
566 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{documentEnd}{%
567   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDocumentEnd{\#1}%
568 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{interblockSeparator}{%
569   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInterblockSeparator{\#1}%
570 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{lineBreak}{%
571   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLineBreak{\#1}%
572 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ellipsis}{%
573   \renewcommand\markdownRendererEllipsis{\#1}%
574 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{nbsp}{%
575   \renewcommand\markdownRendererNbsp{\#1}%
576 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{leftBrace}{%
577   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLeftBrace{\#1}%
578 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{rightBrace}{%
579   \renewcommand\markdownRendererRightBrace{\#1}%
580 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dollarSign}{%
581   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDollarSign{\#1}%
582 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{percentSign}{%
```

```

583   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPercentSign{\#1}%
584 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ampersand}{%
585   \renewcommand\markdownRendererAmpersand{\#1}%
586 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{underscore}{%
587   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUnderscore{\#1}%
588 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{hash}{%
589   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHash{\#1}%
590 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{circumflex}{%
591   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCircumflex{\#1}%
592 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{backslash}{%
593   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBackslash{\#1}%
594 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{tilde}{%
595   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTilde{\#1}%
596 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{pipe}{%
597   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPipe{\#1}%
598 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{codeSpan}{%
599   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCodeSpan[1]{\#1}%
600 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{link}{%
601   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLink[4]{\#1}%
602 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{contentBlock}{%
603   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlock[4]{\#1}%
604 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{contentBlockOnlineImage}{%
605   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage[4]{\#1}%
606 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{contentBlockCode}{%
607   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockCode[5]{\#1}%
608 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{image}{%
609   \renewcommand\markdownRendererImage[4]{\#1}%
610 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulBegin}{%
611   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBegin{\#1}%
612 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulBeginTight}{%
613   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBeginTight{\#1}%
614 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulItem}{%
615   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItem{\#1}%
616 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulItemEnd}{%
617   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItemEnd{\#1}%
618 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulEnd}{%
619   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEnd{\#1}%
620 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{ulEndTight}{%
621   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEndTight{\#1}%
622 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olBegin}{%
623   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBegin{\#1}%
624 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olBeginTight}{%
625   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBeginTight{\#1}%
626 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olItem}{%
627   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItem{\#1}%
628 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olItemWithNumber}{%
629   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber[1]{\#1}}%

```

```

630 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olItemEnd}{%
631   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemEnd{\#1}%
632 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olEnd}{%
633   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEnd{\#1}%
634 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{olEndTight}{%
635   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEndTight{\#1}%
636 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlBegin}{%
637   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBegin{\#1}%
638 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlBeginTight}{%
639   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBeginTight{\#1}%
640 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlItem}{%
641   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItem[1]{\#1}%
642 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlItemEnd}{%
643   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItemEnd{\#1}%
644 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlDefinitionBegin}{%
645   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin{\#1}%
646 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlDefinitionEnd}{%
647   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd{\#1}%
648 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlEnd}{%
649   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEnd{\#1}%
650 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{dlEndTight}{%
651   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEndTight{\#1}%
652 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{emphasis}{%
653   \renewcommand\markdownRendererEmphasis[1]{\#1}%
654 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{strongEmphasis}{%
655   \renewcommand\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis[1]{\#1}%
656 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{blockQuoteBegin}{%
657   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin{\#1}%
658 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{blockQuoteEnd}{%
659   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd{\#1}%
660 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{inputVerbatim}{%
661   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputVerbatim[1]{\#1}%
662 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{inputFencedCode}{%
663   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputFencedCode[2]{\#1}%
664 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataBoolean}{%
665   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean[2]{\#1}%
666 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataEmpty}{%
667   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty[1]{\#1}%
668 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataNumber}{%
669   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber[2]{\#1}%
670 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataStream}{%
671   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataStream[2]{\#1}%
672 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataBegin}{%
673   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin{\#1}%
674 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataEnd}{%
675   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd{\#1}%
676 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataSequenceBegin}{%

```

```

677 \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin[2]{#1}%
678 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataSequenceEnd}{%
679   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEnd[#1]%
680 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataMappingBegin}{%
681   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin[2]{#1}%
682 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{jekyllDataMappingEnd}{%
683   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd[#1]%
684 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingOne}{%
685   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingOne[1]{#1}%
686 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingTwo}{%
687   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingTwo[1]{#1}%
688 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingThree}{%
689   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingThree[1]{#1}%
690 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingFour}{%
691   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFour[1]{#1}%
692 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingFive}{%
693   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFive[1]{#1}%
694 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{headingSix}{%
695   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingSix[1]{#1}%
696 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{horizontalRule}{%
697   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHorizontalRule[#1]%
698 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{footnote}{%
699   \renewcommand\markdownRendererFootnote[1]{#1}%
700 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{cite}{%
701   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCite[1]{#1}%
702 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{textCite}{%
703   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTextCite[1]{#1}%
704 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{table}{%
705   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTable[3]{#1}%
706 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{inlineHtmlComment}{%
707   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment[1]{#1}%
708 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{tickedBox}{%
709   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTickedBox[#1]%
710 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{halfTickedBox}{%
711   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox[#1]%
712 \define@key{markdownRenderers}{untickedBox}{%
713   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUntickedBox[#1]%

```

The following example L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code showcases a possible configuration of the `\markdownRendererLink` and `\markdownRendererEmphasis` markdown token renderers.

```

\markdownSetup{
  renderers = {
    link = {#4},                                % Render links as the link title.
    emphasis = {\emph{#1}},           % Render emphasized text via `\\emph`.
  }
}

```

```
}
```

**2.3.2.6 Plain TeX Markdown Token Renderer Prototypes** The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface recognizes an option with the `rendererPrototypes` key, whose value must be a list of options that map directly to the markdown token renderer prototype macros exposed by the plain TeX interface (see Section 2.2.4 on page 38).

```
714 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{documentBegin}{%
715   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDocumentBeginPrototype{\#1}%
716 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{documentEnd}{%
717   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDocumentEndPrototype{\#1}%
718 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{interblockSeparator}{%
719   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype{\#1}%
720 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{lineBreak}{%
721   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{\#1}%
722 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ellipsis}{%
723   \renewcommand\markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype{\#1}%
724 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{nbsp}{%
725   \renewcommand\markdownRendererNbspPrototype{\#1}%
726 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{leftBrace}{%
727   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{\#1}%
728 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{rightBrace}{%
729   \renewcommand\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{\#1}%
730 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dollarSign}{%
731   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{\#1}%
732 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{percentSign}{%
733   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{\#1}%
734 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ampersand}{%
735   \renewcommand\markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype{\#1}%
736 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{underscore}{%
737   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{\#1}%
738 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{hash}{%
739   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHashPrototype{\#1}%
740 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{circumflex}{%
741   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{\#1}%
742 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{backslash}{%
743   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{\#1}%
744 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{tilde}{%
745   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTildePrototype{\#1}%
746 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{pipe}{%
747   \renewcommand\markdownRendererPipePrototype{\#1}%
748 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{codeSpan}{%
749   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype[1]{\#1}%
750 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{link}{%
751   \renewcommand\markdownRendererLinkPrototype[4]{\#1}}%
```

```

752 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{contentBlock}{%
753   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype[4]{#1}%
754 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{contentBlockOnlineImage}{%
755   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype[4]{#1}%
756 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{contentBlockCode}{%
757   \renewcommand\markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype[5]{#1}%
758 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{image}{%
759   \renewcommand\markdownRendererImagePrototype[4]{#1}%
760 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulBegin}{%
761   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{#1}%
762 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulBeginTight}{%
763   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{#1}%
764 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulItem}{%
765   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{#1}%
766 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulItemEnd}{%
767   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype{#1}%
768 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulEnd}{%
769   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{#1}%
770 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{ulEndTight}{%
771   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{#1}%
772 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olBegin}{%
773   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{#1}%
774 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olBeginTight}{%
775   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype{#1}%
776 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olItem}{%
777   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemPrototype{#1}%
778 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olItemWithNumber}{%
779   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype[1]{#1}%
780 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olItemEnd}{%
781   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlItemEndPrototype{#1}%
782 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olEnd}{%
783   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEndPrototype{#1}%
784 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{olEndTight}{%
785   \renewcommand\markdownRendererOlEndTightPrototype{#1}%
786 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlBegin}{%
787   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype{#1}%
788 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlBeginTight}{%
789   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype{#1}%
790 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlItem}{%
791   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItemPrototype[1]{#1}%
792 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlItemEnd}{%
793   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype{#1}%
794 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlDefinitionBegin}{%
795   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBeginPrototype{#1}%
796 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlDefinitionEnd}{%
797   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEndPrototype{#1}%
798 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlEnd}{%

```

```

799  \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEndPrototype{\#1}%
800 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{dlEndTight}{%
801   \renewcommand\markdownRendererDlEndTightPrototype{\#1}%
802 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{emphasis}{%
803   \renewcommand\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype[1]{\#1}%
804 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{strongEmphasis}{%
805   \renewcommand\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype[1]{\#1}%
806 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{blockQuoteBegin}{%
807   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{\#1}%
808 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{blockQuoteEnd}{%
809   \renewcommand\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{\#1}%
810 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{inputVerbatim}{%
811   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype[1]{\#1}%
812 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{inputFencedCode}{%
813   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype[2]{\#1}%
814 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataBoolean}{%
815   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBooleanPrototype[2]{\#1}%
816 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataEmpty}{%
817   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmptyPrototype[1]{\#1}%
818 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataNumber}{%
819   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumberPrototype[2]{\#1}%
820 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataString}{%
821   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataStringPrototype[2]{\#1}%
822 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataBegin}{%
823   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataBeginPrototype{\#1}%
824 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataEnd}{%
825   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataEndPrototype{\#1}%
826 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataSequenceBegin}{%
827   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBeginPrototype[2]{\#1}%
828 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataSequenceEnd}{%
829   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEndPrototype{\#1}%
830 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataMappingBegin}{%
831   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBeginPrototype[2]{\#1}%
832 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{jekyllDataMappingEnd}{%
833   \renewcommand\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEndPrototype{\#1}%
834 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingOne}{%
835   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype[1]{\#1}%
836 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingTwo}{%
837   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype[1]{\#1}%
838 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingThree}{%
839   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype[1]{\#1}%
840 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingFour}{%
841   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype[1]{\#1}%
842 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingFive}{%
843   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype[1]{\#1}%
844 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{headingSix}{%
845   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype[1]{\#1}}%

```

```

846 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{horizontalRule}{%
847   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype[#1]}%
848 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{footnote}{%
849   \renewcommand\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype[1]{#1}}%
850 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{cite}{%
851   \renewcommand\markdownRendererCitePrototype[1]{#1}}%
852 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{textCite}{%
853   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTextCitePrototype[1]{#1}}%
854 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{table}{%
855   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTablePrototype[3]{#1}}%
856 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{inlineHtmlComment}{%
857   \renewcommand\markdownRendererInlineHtmlCommentPrototype[1]{#1}}%
858 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{tickedBox}{%
859   \renewcommand\markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype{#1}}%
860 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{halfTickedBox}{%
861   \renewcommand\markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype{#1}}%
862 \define@key{markdownRendererPrototypes}{untickedBox}{%
863   \renewcommand\markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype{#1}}%

```

The following example L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code showcases a possible configuration of the `\markdownRendererImagePrototype` and `\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype` markdown token renderer prototypes.

```

\markdownSetup{
  rendererPrototypes = {
    image = {\includegraphics{#2}},
    codeSpan = {\texttt{#1}},    % Render inline code via `\\texttt`.
  }
}

```

## 2.4 ConTeXt Interface

The ConTeXt interface provides a start-stop macro pair for the typesetting of markdown input from within ConTeXt. The rest of the interface is inherited from the plain T<sub>E</sub>X interface (see Section 2.2 on page 23).

```

864 \writestatus{loading}{ConTeXt User Module / markdown}%
865 \startmodule[markdown]%
866 \unprotect

```

The ConTeXt interface is implemented by the `t-markdown.tex` ConTeXt module file that can be loaded as follows:

```

\usemodule[t][markdown]

```

It is expected that the special plain T<sub>E</sub>X characters have the expected category codes, when `\input`ting the file.

### 2.4.1 Typesetting Markdown

The interface exposes the `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macro pair for the typesetting of a markdown document fragment.

```
867 \let\startmarkdown\relax  
868 \let\stopmarkdown\relax
```

You may prepend your own code to the `\startmarkdown` macro and redefine the `\stopmarkdown` macro to produce special effects before and after the markdown block.

Note that the `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macros are subject to the same limitations as the `\markdownBegin` and `\markdownEnd` macros exposed by the plain `TEX` interface.

The following example Con`TEX`t code showcases the usage of the `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macros:

```
\usemodule[t][markdown]  
\starttext  
\startmarkdown  
_Hello_ **world** ...  
\stopmarkdown  
\stoptext
```

## 3 Implementation

This part of the documentation describes the implementation of the interfaces exposed by the package (see Section 2 on page 6) and is aimed at the developers of the package, as well as the curious users.

Figure 1 on page 7 shows the high-level structure of the Markdown package: The translation from markdown to `TEX token renderers` is performed by the Lua layer. The plain `TEX` layer provides default definitions for the token renderers. The `LATEX` and Con`TEX`t layers correct idiosyncrasies of the respective `TEX` formats, and provide format-specific default definitions for the token renderers.

### 3.1 Lua Implementation

The Lua implementation implements `writer` and `reader` objects that provide the conversion from markdown to plain `TEX`.

The Lunamark Lua module implements writers for the conversion to various other formats, such as DocBook, Groff, or HTML. These were stripped from the module and the remaining markdown reader and plain `TEX` writer were hidden behind the converter functions exposed by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1 on page 6).

```

869 local upper, gsub, format, length =
870   string.upper, string.gsub, string.format, string.len
871 local concat = table.concat
872 local P, R, S, V, C, Cg, Cb, Cmt, Cc, Ct, B, Cs, any =
873   lpeg.P, lpeg.R, lpeg.S, lpeg.V, lpeg.C, lpeg.Cg, lpeg.Cb,
874   lpeg.Cmt, lpeg.Cc, lpeg.Ct, lpeg.B, lpeg.Cs, lpeg.P(1)

```

### 3.1.1 Utility Functions

This section documents the utility functions used by the plain TeX writer and the markdown reader. These functions are encapsulated in the `util` object. The functions were originally located in the `lunamark/util.lua` file in the Lunamark Lua module.

```
875 local util = {}
```

The `util.err` method prints an error message `msg` and exits. If `exit_code` is provided, it specifies the exit code. Otherwise, the exit code will be 1.

```

876 function util.err(msg, exit_code)
877   io.stderr:write("markdown.lua: " .. msg .. "\n")
878   os.exit(exit_code or 1)
879 end

```

The `util.cache` method computes the digest of `string` and `salt`, adds the `suffix` and looks into the directory `dir`, whether a file with such a name exists. If it does not, it gets created with `transform(string)` as its content. The filename is then returned.

```

880 function util.cache(dir, string, salt, transform, suffix)
881   local digest = md5.sumhexa(string .. (salt or ""))
882   local name = util.pathname(dir, digest .. suffix)
883   local file = io.open(name, "r")
884   if file == nil then -- If no cache entry exists, then create a new one.
885     local file = assert(io.open(name, "w"),
886       [[could not open file ]] .. name .. [[ for writing]])
887     local result = string
888     if transform ~= nil then
889       result = transform(result)
890     end
891     assert(file:write(result))
892     assert(file:close())
893   end
894   return name
895 end

```

The `util.table_copy` method creates a shallow copy of a table `t` and its metatable.

```

896 function util.table_copy(t)
897   local u = { }
898   for k, v in pairs(t) do u[k] = v end

```

```

899     return setmetatable(u, getmetatable(t))
900 end

```

The `util.expand_tabs_in_line` expands tabs in string `s`. If `tabstop` is specified, it is used as the tab stop width. Otherwise, the tab stop width of 4 characters is used. The method is a copy of the tab expansion algorithm from Ierusalimschy [8, Chapter 21].

```

901 function util.expand_tabs_in_line(s, tabstop)
902     local tab = tabstop or 4
903     local corr = 0
904     return (s:gsub("()\t", function(p)
905         local sp = tab - (p - 1 + corr) % tab
906         corr = corr - 1 + sp
907         return string.rep(" ", sp)
908     end))
909 end

```

The `util.walk` method walks a rope `t`, applying a function `f` to each leaf element in order. A rope is an array whose elements may be ropes, strings, numbers, or functions. If a leaf element is a function, call it and get the return value before proceeding.

```

910 function util.walk(t, f)
911     local typ = type(t)
912     if typ == "string" then
913         f(t)
914     elseif typ == "table" then
915         local i = 1
916         local n
917         n = t[i]
918         while n do
919             util.walk(n, f)
920             i = i + 1
921             n = t[i]
922         end
923     elseif typ == "function" then
924         local ok, val = pcall(t)
925         if ok then
926             util.walk(val,f)
927         end
928     else
929         f(tostring(t))
930     end
931 end

```

The `util.flatten` method flattens an array `ary` that does not contain cycles and returns the result.

```

932 function util.flatten(ary)

```

```

933 local new = {}
934 for _,v in ipairs(ary) do
935     if type(v) == "table" then
936         for _,w in ipairs(util.flatten(v)) do
937             new[#new + 1] = w
938         end
939     else
940         new[#new + 1] = v
941     end
942 end
943 return new
944 end

```

The `util.rope_to_string` method converts a rope `rope` to a string and returns it. For the definition of a rope, see the definition of the `util.walk` method.

```

945 function util.rope_to_string(rope)
946     local buffer = {}
947     util.walk(rope, function(x) buffer[#buffer + 1] = x end)
948     return table.concat(buffer)
949 end

```

The `util.rope_last` method retrieves the last item in a rope. For the definition of a rope, see the definition of the `util.walk` method.

```

950 function util.rope_last(rope)
951     if #rope == 0 then
952         return nil
953     else
954         local l = rope[#rope]
955         if type(l) == "table" then
956             return util.rope_last(l)
957         else
958             return l
959         end
960     end
961 end

```

Given an array `ary` and a string `x`, the `util.intersperse` method returns an array `new`, such that `ary[i] == new[2*(i-1)+1]` and `new[2*i] == x` for all  $1 \leq i \leq \#ary$ .

```

962 function util.intersperse(ary, x)
963     local new = {}
964     local l = #ary
965     for i,v in ipairs(ary) do
966         local n = #new
967         new[n + 1] = v
968         if i ~= l then
969             new[n + 2] = x
970         end

```

```

971     end
972     return new
973 end

```

Given an array `ary` and a function `f`, the `util.map` method returns an array `new`, such that `new[i] == f(ary[i])` for all  $1 \leq i \leq \#ary$ .

```

974 function util.map(ary, f)
975     local new = {}
976     for i,v in ipairs(ary) do
977         new[i] = f(v)
978     end
979     return new
980 end

```

Given a table `char_escapes` mapping escapable characters to escaped strings and optionally a table `string_escapes` mapping escapable strings to escaped strings, the `util.escaper` method returns an escaper function that escapes all occurrences of escapable strings and characters (in this order).

The method uses LPeg, which is faster than the Lua `string.gsub` built-in method.

```

981 function util.escaper(char_escapes, string_escapes)

```

Build a string of escapable characters.

```

982     local char_escapes_list = ""
983     for i,_ in pairs(char_escapes) do
984         char_escapes_list = char_escapes_list .. i
985     end

```

Create an LPeg capture `escapable` that produces the escaped string corresponding to the matched escapable character.

```

986     local escapable = S(char_escapes_list) / char_escapes

```

If `string_escapes` is provided, turn `escapable` into the

$$\sum_{(k,v) \in \text{string\_escapes}} P(k) / v + \text{escapable}$$

capture that replaces any occurrence of the string `k` with the string `v` for each  $(k, v) \in \text{string\_escapes}$ . Note that the pattern summation is not commutative and its operands are inspected in the summation order during the matching. As a corollary, the strings always take precedence over the characters.

```

987     if string_escapes then
988         for k,v in pairs(string_escapes) do
989             escapable = P(k) / v + escapable
990         end
991     end

```

Create an LPeg capture `escape_string` that captures anything `escapable` does and matches any other unmatched characters.

```

992     local escape_string = Cs((escapable + any)^0)

```

Return a function that matches the input string `s` against the `escape_string` capture.

```
993     return function(s)
994         return lpeg.match(escape_string, s)
995     end
996 end
```

The `util.pathname` method produces a pathname out of a directory name `dir` and a filename `file` and returns it.

```
997 function util.pathname(dir, file)
998     if #dir == 0 then
999         return file
1000    else
1001        return dir .. "/" .. file
1002    end
1003 end
```

### 3.1.2 HTML Entities

This section documents the HTML entities recognized by the markdown reader. These functions are encapsulated in the `entities` object. The functions were originally located in the `lunamark/entities.lua` file in the Lunamark Lua module.

```
1004 local entities = {}
1005
1006 local character_entities = {
1007     ["Tab"] = 9,
1008     ["NewLine"] = 10,
1009     ["excl"] = 33,
1010     ["quot"] = 34,
1011     ["QUOT"] = 34,
1012     ["num"] = 35,
1013     ["dollar"] = 36,
1014     ["percnt"] = 37,
1015     ["amp"] = 38,
1016     ["AMP"] = 38,
1017     ["apos"] = 39,
1018     ["lpar"] = 40,
1019     ["rpar"] = 41,
1020     ["ast"] = 42,
1021     ["midast"] = 42,
1022     ["plus"] = 43,
1023     ["comma"] = 44,
1024     ["period"] = 46,
1025     ["sol"] = 47,
1026     ["colon"] = 58,
1027     ["semi"] = 59,
```

```
1028 ["lt"] = 60,
1029 ["LT"] = 60,
1030 ["equals"] = 61,
1031 ["gt"] = 62,
1032 ["GT"] = 62,
1033 ["quest"] = 63,
1034 ["commat"] = 64,
1035 ["lsqb"] = 91,
1036 ["lbrack"] = 91,
1037 ["bsol"] = 92,
1038 ["rsqb"] = 93,
1039 ["rbrack"] = 93,
1040 ["Hat"] = 94,
1041 ["lowbar"] = 95,
1042 ["grave"] = 96,
1043 ["DiacriticalGrave"] = 96,
1044 ["lcub"] = 123,
1045 ["lbrace"] = 123,
1046 ["verbar"] = 124,
1047 ["vert"] = 124,
1048 ["VerticalLine"] = 124,
1049 ["rcub"] = 125,
1050 ["rbrace"] = 125,
1051 ["nbsp"] = 160,
1052 ["NonBreakingSpace"] = 160,
1053 ["iexcl"] = 161,
1054 ["cent"] = 162,
1055 ["pound"] = 163,
1056 ["curren"] = 164,
1057 ["yen"] = 165,
1058 ["brvbar"] = 166,
1059 ["sect"] = 167,
1060 ["Dot"] = 168,
1061 ["die"] = 168,
1062 ["DoubleDot"] = 168,
1063 ["uml"] = 168,
1064 ["copy"] = 169,
1065 ["COPY"] = 169,
1066 ["ordf"] = 170,
1067 ["laquo"] = 171,
1068 ["not"] = 172,
1069 ["shy"] = 173,
1070 ["reg"] = 174,
1071 ["circledR"] = 174,
1072 ["REG"] = 174,
1073 ["macr"] = 175,
1074 ["OverBar"] = 175,
```

```

1075 ["strns"] = 175,
1076 ["deg"] = 176,
1077 ["plusmn"] = 177,
1078 ["pm"] = 177,
1079 ["PlusMinus"] = 177,
1080 ["sup2"] = 178,
1081 ["sup3"] = 179,
1082 ["acute"] = 180,
1083 ["DiacriticalAcute"] = 180,
1084 ["micro"] = 181,
1085 ["para"] = 182,
1086 ["middot"] = 183,
1087 ["centerdot"] = 183,
1088 ["CenterDot"] = 183,
1089 ["cedil"] = 184,
1090 ["Cedilla"] = 184,
1091 ["sup1"] = 185,
1092 ["ordm"] = 186,
1093 ["raquo"] = 187,
1094 ["frac14"] = 188,
1095 ["frac12"] = 189,
1096 ["half"] = 189,
1097 ["frac34"] = 190,
1098 ["iquest"] = 191,
1099 ["Agrave"] = 192,
1100 ["Aacute"] = 193,
1101 ["Acirc"] = 194,
1102 ["Atilde"] = 195,
1103 ["Auml"] = 196,
1104 ["Aring"] = 197,
1105 ["AElig"] = 198,
1106 ["Ccedil"] = 199,
1107 ["Egrave"] = 200,
1108 ["Eacute"] = 201,
1109 ["Ecirc"] = 202,
1110 ["Euml"] = 203,
1111 ["Igrave"] = 204,
1112 ["Iacute"] = 205,
1113 ["Icirc"] = 206,
1114 ["Iuml"] = 207,
1115 ["ETH"] = 208,
1116 ["Ntilde"] = 209,
1117 ["Ograve"] = 210,
1118 ["Oacute"] = 211,
1119 ["Ocirc"] = 212,
1120 ["Otilde"] = 213,
1121 ["Ouml"] = 214,

```

```
1122 ["times"] = 215,
1123 ["Oslash"] = 216,
1124 ["Ugrave"] = 217,
1125 ["Uacute"] = 218,
1126 ["Ucirc"] = 219,
1127 ["Uuml"] = 220,
1128 ["Yacute"] = 221,
1129 ["THORN"] = 222,
1130 ["szlig"] = 223,
1131 ["agrave"] = 224,
1132 ["aacute"] = 225,
1133 ["acirc"] = 226,
1134 ["atilde"] = 227,
1135 ["auml"] = 228,
1136 ["aring"] = 229,
1137 ["aelig"] = 230,
1138 ["ccedil"] = 231,
1139 ["egrave"] = 232,
1140 ["eacute"] = 233,
1141 ["ecirc"] = 234,
1142 ["euml"] = 235,
1143 ["igrave"] = 236,
1144 ["iacute"] = 237,
1145 ["icirc"] = 238,
1146 ["iuml"] = 239,
1147 ["eth"] = 240,
1148 ["ntilde"] = 241,
1149 ["ograve"] = 242,
1150 ["oacute"] = 243,
1151 ["ocirc"] = 244,
1152 ["otilde"] = 245,
1153 ["ouml"] = 246,
1154 ["divide"] = 247,
1155 ["div"] = 247,
1156 ["oslash"] = 248,
1157 ["ugrave"] = 249,
1158 ["uacute"] = 250,
1159 ["ucirc"] = 251,
1160 ["uuml"] = 252,
1161 ["yacute"] = 253,
1162 ["thorn"] = 254,
1163 ["yuml"] = 255,
1164 ["Amacr"] = 256,
1165 ["amacr"] = 257,
1166 ["Abreve"] = 258,
1167 ["abreve"] = 259,
1168 ["Aogon"] = 260,
```

```
1169 ["aogon"] = 261,
1170 ["Cacute"] = 262,
1171 ["cacute"] = 263,
1172 ["Ccirc"] = 264,
1173 ["ccirc"] = 265,
1174 ["Cdot"] = 266,
1175 ["cdot"] = 267,
1176 ["Ccaron"] = 268,
1177 ["ccaron"] = 269,
1178 ["Dcaron"] = 270,
1179 ["dcaron"] = 271,
1180 ["Dstrok"] = 272,
1181 ["dstrok"] = 273,
1182 ["Emacr"] = 274,
1183 ["emacr"] = 275,
1184 ["Edot"] = 278,
1185 ["edot"] = 279,
1186 ["Egon"] = 280,
1187 ["eogon"] = 281,
1188 ["Ecaron"] = 282,
1189 ["ecaron"] = 283,
1190 ["Gcirc"] = 284,
1191 ["gcirc"] = 285,
1192 ["Gbreve"] = 286,
1193 ["gbreve"] = 287,
1194 ["Gdot"] = 288,
1195 ["gdot"] = 289,
1196 ["Gcedil"] = 290,
1197 ["Hcirc"] = 292,
1198 ["hcirc"] = 293,
1199 ["Hstrok"] = 294,
1200 ["hstrok"] = 295,
1201 ["Itilde"] = 296,
1202 ["itilde"] = 297,
1203 ["Imacr"] = 298,
1204 ["imacr"] = 299,
1205 ["Iogon"] = 302,
1206 ["iogon"] = 303,
1207 ["Idot"] = 304,
1208 ["imath"] = 305,
1209 ["inodot"] = 305,
1210 ["IJlig"] = 306,
1211 ["ijlig"] = 307,
1212 ["Jcirc"] = 308,
1213 ["jcirc"] = 309,
1214 ["Kcedil"] = 310,
1215 ["kcedil"] = 311,
```

```
1216 ["kgreen"] = 312,
1217 ["Lacute"] = 313,
1218 ["lacute"] = 314,
1219 ["Lcedil"] = 315,
1220 ["lcedil"] = 316,
1221 ["Lcaron"] = 317,
1222 ["lcaron"] = 318,
1223 ["Lmidot"] = 319,
1224 ["lmidot"] = 320,
1225 ["Lstrok"] = 321,
1226 ["lstrok"] = 322,
1227 ["Nacute"] = 323,
1228 ["nacute"] = 324,
1229 ["Ncedil"] = 325,
1230 ["ncedil"] = 326,
1231 ["Ncaron"] = 327,
1232 ["ncaron"] = 328,
1233 ["napos"] = 329,
1234 ["ENG"] = 330,
1235 ["eng"] = 331,
1236 ["Omacr"] = 332,
1237 ["omacr"] = 333,
1238 ["Odblac"] = 336,
1239 ["odblac"] = 337,
1240 ["OElig"] = 338,
1241 ["oelig"] = 339,
1242 ["Racute"] = 340,
1243 ["racute"] = 341,
1244 ["Rcedil"] = 342,
1245 ["rcedil"] = 343,
1246 ["Rcaron"] = 344,
1247 ["rcaron"] = 345,
1248 ["Sacute"] = 346,
1249 ["sacute"] = 347,
1250 ["Scirc"] = 348,
1251 ["scirc"] = 349,
1252 ["Scedil"] = 350,
1253 ["scedil"] = 351,
1254 ["Scaron"] = 352,
1255 ["scaron"] = 353,
1256 ["Tcedil"] = 354,
1257 ["tcedil"] = 355,
1258 ["Tcaron"] = 356,
1259 ["tcaron"] = 357,
1260 ["Tstrok"] = 358,
1261 ["tstrok"] = 359,
1262 ["Utilde"] = 360,
```

```
1263 ["utilde"] = 361,
1264 ["Umacr"] = 362,
1265 ["umacr"] = 363,
1266 ["Ubreve"] = 364,
1267 ["ubreve"] = 365,
1268 ["Uring"] = 366,
1269 ["uring"] = 367,
1270 ["Udblac"] = 368,
1271 ["udblac"] = 369,
1272 ["Uogon"] = 370,
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1297 ["ogon"] = 731,
1298 ["tilde"] = 732,
1299 ["DiacriticalTilde"] = 732,
1300 ["dblac"] = 733,
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1303 ["UnderBar"] = 818,
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1308 ["Epsilon"] = 917,
1309 ["Zeta"] = 918,
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1321 ["Sigma"] = 931,
1322 ["Tau"] = 932,
1323 ["Upsilon"] = 933,
1324 ["Phi"] = 934,
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1348 ["varsigma"] = 962,
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1384 ["Iukcy"] = 1030,
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1389 ["TSHcy"] = 1035,
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1395 ["Vcy"] = 1042,
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1412 ["Ucy"] = 1059,
1413 ["Fcy"] = 1060,
1414 ["KHcy"] = 1061,
1415 ["TScy"] = 1062,
1416 ["CHcy"] = 1063,
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1419 ["HARDcycy"] = 1066,
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1460 ["jukcy"] = 1108,
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1463 ["yicy"] = 1111,
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1484 ["NegativeMediumSpace"] = 8203,
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1503 ["sbquo"] = 8218,
1504 ["ldquo"] = 8220,
1505 ["OpenCurlyDoubleQuote"] = 8220,
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1508 ["CloseCurlyDoubleQuote"] = 8221,
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1522 ["Prime"] = 8243,
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1524 ["bprime"] = 8245,
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1527 ["rsaquo"] = 8250,
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1529 ["caret"] = 8257,
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1532 ["bsemi"] = 8271,
1533 ["qprime"] = 8279,
1534 ["MediumSpace"] = 8287,
1535 ["NoBreak"] = 8288,
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1561 ["hslash"] = 8463,
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1718 ["rsh"] = 8625,
1719 ["Rsh"] = 8625,
1720 ["ldsh"] = 8626,
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1722 ["crarr"] = 8629,
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1761 ["leftrightarrows"] = 8646,
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1810 ["Rrightarrow"] = 8667,
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1929 ["becaus"] = 8757,
1930 ["because"] = 8757,
1931 ["Because"] = 8757,
1932 ["ratio"] = 8758,
1933 ["Colon"] = 8759,
1934 ["Proportion"] = 8759,
1935 ["minusd"] = 8760,
1936 ["dotminus"] = 8760,
1937 ["mDDot"] = 8762,
1938 ["homtht"] = 8763,
1939 ["sim"] = 8764,
1940 ["Tilde"] = 8764,
1941 ["thksim"] = 8764,
1942 ["thicksim"] = 8764,
1943 ["bsim"] = 8765,
1944 ["backsim"] = 8765,
1945 ["ac"] = 8766,
1946 ["mstpos"] = 8766,
1947 ["acd"] = 8767,
1948 ["wreath"] = 8768,
1949 ["VerticalTilde"] = 8768,
1950 ["wr"] = 8768,
1951 ["nsim"] = 8769,
1952 ["NotTilde"] = 8769,
1953 ["esim"] = 8770,
1954 ["EqualTilde"] = 8770,
1955 ["eqsim"] = 8770,
1956 ["sime"] = 8771,
1957 ["TildeEqual"] = 8771,
1958 ["simeq"] = 8771,
1959 ["nsime"] = 8772,
1960 ["nsimeq"] = 8772,
1961 ["NotTildeEqual"] = 8772,
1962 ["cong"] = 8773,
1963 ["TildeFullEqual"] = 8773,
1964 ["simne"] = 8774,
1965 ["ncong"] = 8775,
1966 ["NotTildeFullEqual"] = 8775,
1967 ["asymp"] = 8776,

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1968 ["ap"] = 8776,
1969 ["TildeTilde"] = 8776,
1970 ["approx"] = 8776,
1971 ["thkap"] = 8776,
1972 ["thickapprox"] = 8776,
1973 ["nap"] = 8777,
1974 ["NotTildeTilde"] = 8777,
1975 ["napprox"] = 8777,
1976 ["ape"] = 8778,
1977 ["approxeq"] = 8778,
1978 ["apid"] = 8779,
1979 ["bcong"] = 8780,
1980 ["backcong"] = 8780,
1981 ["asympeq"] = 8781,
1982 ["CupCap"] = 8781,
1983 ["bump"] = 8782,
1984 ["HumpDownHump"] = 8782,
1985 ["Bumpeq"] = 8782,
1986 ["bumpe"] = 8783,
1987 ["HumpEqual"] = 8783,
1988 ["bumpeq"] = 8783,
1989 ["esdot"] = 8784,
1990 ["DotEqual"] = 8784,
1991 ["doteq"] = 8784,
1992 ["eDot"] = 8785,
1993 ["doteqdot"] = 8785,
1994 ["efDot"] = 8786,
1995 ["fallingdotseq"] = 8786,
1996 ["erDot"] = 8787,
1997 ["risingdotseq"] = 8787,
1998 ["colone"] = 8788,
1999 ["coloneq"] = 8788,
2000 ["Assign"] = 8788,
2001 ["ecolon"] = 8789,
2002 ["eqcolon"] = 8789,
2003 ["ecir"] = 8790,
2004 ["eqcirc"] = 8790,
2005 ["cire"] = 8791,
2006 ["circeq"] = 8791,
2007 ["wedgeq"] = 8793,
2008 ["veeeq"] = 8794,
2009 ["trie"] = 8796,
2010 ["triangleq"] = 8796,
2011 ["equest"] = 8799,
2012 ["questeq"] = 8799,
2013 ["ne"] = 8800,
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2015 ["equiv"] = 8801,
2016 ["Congruent"] = 8801,
2017 ["nequiv"] = 8802,
2018 ["NotCongruent"] = 8802,
2019 ["le"] = 8804,
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2021 ["ge"] = 8805,
2022 ["GreaterEqual"] = 8805,
2023 ["geq"] = 8805,
2024 ["lE"] = 8806,
2025 ["LessFullEqual"] = 8806,
2026 ["leqq"] = 8806,
2027 ["gE"] = 8807,
2028 ["GreaterFullEqual"] = 8807,
2029 ["geqq"] = 8807,
2030 ["lnE"] = 8808,
2031 ["lneqq"] = 8808,
2032 ["gnE"] = 8809,
2033 ["gneqq"] = 8809,
2034 ["Lt"] = 8810,
2035 ["NestedLessLess"] = 8810,
2036 ["ll"] = 8810,
2037 ["Gt"] = 8811,
2038 ["NestedGreaterGreater"] = 8811,
2039 ["gg"] = 8811,
2040 ["twixt"] = 8812,
2041 ["between"] = 8812,
2042 ["NotCupCap"] = 8813,
2043 ["nlt"] = 8814,
2044 ["NotLess"] = 8814,
2045 ["nless"] = 8814,
2046 ["ngt"] = 8815,
2047 ["NotGreater"] = 8815,
2048 ["ngtr"] = 8815,
2049 ["nle"] = 8816,
2050 ["NotLessEqual"] = 8816,
2051 ["nleq"] = 8816,
2052 ["nge"] = 8817,
2053 ["NotGreaterEqual"] = 8817,
2054 ["ngeq"] = 8817,
2055 ["lsim"] = 8818,
2056 ["LessTilde"] = 8818,
2057 ["lesssim"] = 8818,
2058 ["gsim"] = 8819,
2059 ["gtrsim"] = 8819,
2060 ["GreaterTilde"] = 8819,
2061 ["nlsim"] = 8820,

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2062 ["NotLessTilde"] = 8820,
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2064 ["NotGreaterTilde"] = 8821,
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2066 ["lessgtr"] = 8822,
2067 ["LessGreater"] = 8822,
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2069 ["gtrless"] = 8823,
2070 ["GreaterLess"] = 8823,
2071 ["ntlg"] = 8824,
2072 ["NotLessGreater"] = 8824,
2073 ["ntgl"] = 8825,
2074 ["NotGreaterLess"] = 8825,
2075 ["pr"] = 8826,
2076 ["Precedes"] = 8826,
2077 ["prec"] = 8826,
2078 ["sc"] = 8827,
2079 ["Succeeds"] = 8827,
2080 ["succ"] = 8827,
2081 ["prcue"] = 8828,
2082 ["PrecedesSlantEqual"] = 8828,
2083 ["preccurlyeq"] = 8828,
2084 ["sccue"] = 8829,
2085 ["SucceedsSlantEqual"] = 8829,
2086 ["succcurlyeq"] = 8829,
2087 ["prsim"] = 8830,
2088 ["precsim"] = 8830,
2089 ["PrecedesTilde"] = 8830,
2090 ["scsim"] = 8831,
2091 ["succsim"] = 8831,
2092 ["SucceedsTilde"] = 8831,
2093 ["npr"] = 8832,
2094 ["nprec"] = 8832,
2095 ["NotPrecedes"] = 8832,
2096 ["nsc"] = 8833,
2097 ["nsucc"] = 8833,
2098 ["NotSucceeds"] = 8833,
2099 ["sub"] = 8834,
2100 ["subset"] = 8834,
2101 ["sup"] = 8835,
2102 ["supset"] = 8835,
2103 ["Superset"] = 8835,
2104 ["nsub"] = 8836,
2105 ["nsup"] = 8837,
2106 ["sube"] = 8838,
2107 ["SubsetEqual"] = 8838,
2108 ["subeteq"] = 8838,

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2113 ["nsubseteq"] = 8840,
2114 ["NotSubsetEqual"] = 8840,
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2116 ["nsupseteq"] = 8841,
2117 ["NotSupersetEqual"] = 8841,
2118 ["subne"] = 8842,
2119 ["subsetneq"] = 8842,
2120 ["supne"] = 8843,
2121 ["supsetneq"] = 8843,
2122 ["cupdot"] = 8845,
2123 ["uplus"] = 8846,
2124 ["UnionPlus"] = 8846,
2125 ["sqsub"] = 8847,
2126 ["SquareSubset"] = 8847,
2127 ["sqsubset"] = 8847,
2128 ["sqsup"] = 8848,
2129 ["SquareSuperset"] = 8848,
2130 ["sqsupset"] = 8848,
2131 ["sqsube"] = 8849,
2132 ["SquareSubsetEqual"] = 8849,
2133 ["sqsubsetneq"] = 8849,
2134 ["sqsupe"] = 8850,
2135 ["SquareSupersetEqual"] = 8850,
2136 ["sqsupseteq"] = 8850,
2137 ["sqcap"] = 8851,
2138 ["SquareIntersection"] = 8851,
2139 ["sqcup"] = 8852,
2140 ["SquareUnion"] = 8852,
2141 ["oplus"] = 8853,
2142 ["CirclePlus"] = 8853,
2143 ["ominus"] = 8854,
2144 ["CircleMinus"] = 8854,
2145 ["otimes"] = 8855,
2146 ["CircleTimes"] = 8855,
2147 ["osol"] = 8856,
2148 ["odot"] = 8857,
2149 ["CircleDot"] = 8857,
2150 ["ocir"] = 8858,
2151 ["circledcirc"] = 8858,
2152 ["oast"] = 8859,
2153 ["circledast"] = 8859,
2154 ["odash"] = 8861,
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2156 ["plusb"] = 8862,
2157 ["boxplus"] = 8862,
2158 ["minusb"] = 8863,
2159 ["boxminus"] = 8863,
2160 ["timesb"] = 8864,
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2162 ["sdotb"] = 8865,
2163 ["dotsquare"] = 8865,
2164 ["vdash"] = 8866,
2165 ["RightTee"] = 8866,
2166 ["dashv"] = 8867,
2167 ["LeftTee"] = 8867,
2168 ["top"] = 8868,
2169 ["DownTee"] = 8868,
2170 ["bottom"] = 8869,
2171 ["bot"] = 8869,
2172 ["perp"] = 8869,
2173 ["UpTee"] = 8869,
2174 ["models"] = 8871,
2175 ["vDash"] = 8872,
2176 ["DoubleRightTee"] = 8872,
2177 ["Vdash"] = 8873,
2178 ["Vvdash"] = 8874,
2179 ["VDash"] = 8875,
2180 ["nvdash"] = 8876,
2181 ["nvDash"] = 8877,
2182 ["nVdash"] = 8878,
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2184 ["prurel"] = 8880,
2185 ["vltri"] = 8882,
2186 ["vartriangleleft"] = 8882,
2187 ["LeftTriangle"] = 8882,
2188 ["vrtri"] = 8883,
2189 ["vartriangleright"] = 8883,
2190 ["RightTriangle"] = 8883,
2191 ["ltrie"] = 8884,
2192 ["trianglelefteq"] = 8884,
2193 ["LeftTriangleEqual"] = 8884,
2194 ["rtrie"] = 8885,
2195 ["trianglerighteq"] = 8885,
2196 ["RightTriangleEqual"] = 8885,
2197 ["origof"] = 8886,
2198 ["imof"] = 8887,
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2200 ["multimap"] = 8888,
2201 ["hercon"] = 8889,
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2203 ["intercal"] = 8890,
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2209 ["Wedge"] = 8896,
2210 ["bigwedge"] = 8896,
2211 ["xvee"] = 8897,
2212 ["Vee"] = 8897,
2213 ["bigvee"] = 8897,
2214 ["xcap"] = 8898,
2215 ["Intersection"] = 8898,
2216 ["bigcap"] = 8898,
2217 ["xcup"] = 8899,
2218 ["Union"] = 8899,
2219 ["bigcup"] = 8899,
2220 ["diam"] = 8900,
2221 ["diamond"] = 8900,
2222 ["Diamond"] = 8900,
2223 ["sdot"] = 8901,
2224 ["sstarf"] = 8902,
2225 ["Star"] = 8902,
2226 ["divonx"] = 8903,
2227 ["divideontimes"] = 8903,
2228 ["bowtie"] = 8904,
2229 ["ltimes"] = 8905,
2230 ["rtimes"] = 8906,
2231 ["lthree"] = 8907,
2232 ["leftthreetimes"] = 8907,
2233 ["rthree"] = 8908,
2234 ["rightthreetimes"] = 8908,
2235 ["bsime"] = 8909,
2236 ["backsimeq"] = 8909,
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2238 ["curlyvee"] = 8910,
2239 ["cuwed"] = 8911,
2240 ["curlywedge"] = 8911,
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2242 ["Subset"] = 8912,
2243 ["Sup"] = 8913,
2244 ["Supset"] = 8913,
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2254 ["L1"] = 8920,
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2257 ["leg"] = 8922,
2258 ["LessEqualGreater"] = 8922,
2259 ["lesseqgtr"] = 8922,
2260 ["gel"] = 8923,
2261 ["gtreqless"] = 8923,
2262 ["GreaterEqualLess"] = 8923,
2263 ["cuepr"] = 8926,
2264 ["curlyeqprec"] = 8926,
2265 ["cuesc"] = 8927,
2266 ["curlyeqsucc"] = 8927,
2267 ["nprcue"] = 8928,
2268 ["NotPrecedesSlantEqual"] = 8928,
2269 ["nsccue"] = 8929,
2270 ["NotSucceedsSlantEqual"] = 8929,
2271 ["nsqsube"] = 8930,
2272 ["NotSquareSubsetEqual"] = 8930,
2273 ["nsqsupe"] = 8931,
2274 ["NotSquareSupersetEqual"] = 8931,
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2278 ["precnsim"] = 8936,
2279 ["scnsim"] = 8937,
2280 ["succnsim"] = 8937,
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2282 ["ntriangleleft"] = 8938,
2283 ["NotLeftTriangle"] = 8938,
2284 ["nrtri"] = 8939,
2285 ["ntriangleright"] = 8939,
2286 ["NotRightTriangle"] = 8939,
2287 ["nltrie"] = 8940,
2288 ["ntrianglelefteq"] = 8940,
2289 ["NotLeftTriangleEqual"] = 8940,
2290 ["nrtrie"] = 8941,
2291 ["ntrianglerighteq"] = 8941,
2292 ["NotRightTriangleEqual"] = 8941,
2293 ["vellip"] = 8942,
2294 ["ctdot"] = 8943,
2295 ["utdot"] = 8944,
2296 ["dtdot"] = 8945,

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2298 ["isinsv"] = 8947,
2299 ["isins"] = 8948,
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2304 ["nisd"] = 8954,
2305 ["xnis"] = 8955,
2306 ["nis"] = 8956,
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2312 ["doublebarwedge"] = 8966,
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2314 ["LeftCeiling"] = 8968,
2315 ["rceil"] = 8969,
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2317 ["lfloor"] = 8970,
2318 ["LeftFloor"] = 8970,
2319 ["rfloor"] = 8971,
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2323 ["urcrop"] = 8974,
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2325 ["bnot"] = 8976,
2326 ["proflne"] = 8978,
2327 ["profsurf"] = 8979,
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2332 ["urcorn"] = 8989,
2333 ["urcorner"] = 8989,
2334 ["dlcorn"] = 8990,
2335 ["llcorner"] = 8990,
2336 ["drcorn"] = 8991,
2337 ["lrcorner"] = 8991,
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2339 ["sfrown"] = 8994,
2340 ["smile"] = 8995,
2341 ["ssmile"] = 8995,
2342 ["cylcty"] = 9005,
2343 ["profalar"] = 9006,
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2353 ["OverBracket"] = 9140,
2354 ["bbrk"] = 9141,
2355 ["UnderBracket"] = 9141,
2356 ["bbrktbrk"] = 9142,
2357 ["OverParenthesis"] = 9180,
2358 ["UnderParenthesis"] = 9181,
2359 ["OverBrace"] = 9182,
2360 ["UnderBrace"] = 9183,
2361 ["trpezium"] = 9186,
2362 ["elinters"] = 9191,
2363 ["blank"] = 9251,
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2367 ["HorizontalLine"] = 9472,
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2371 ["boxur"] = 9492,
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2374 ["boxvl"] = 9508,
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2376 ["boxhu"] = 9524,
2377 ["boxvh"] = 9532,
2378 ["boxH"] = 9552,
2379 ["boxV"] = 9553,
2380 ["boxdR"] = 9554,
2381 ["boxDr"] = 9555,
2382 ["boxDR"] = 9556,
2383 ["boxdL"] = 9557,
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2386 ["boxuR"] = 9560,
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2388 ["boxUR"] = 9562,
2389 ["boxuL"] = 9563,
2390 ["boxUl"] = 9564,
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2393 ["boxVr"] = 9567,
2394 ["boxVR"] = 9568,
2395 ["boxvL"] = 9569,
2396 ["boxVl"] = 9570,
2397 ["boxVL"] = 9571,
2398 ["boxHd"] = 9572,
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2400 ["boxHD"] = 9574,
2401 ["boxHu"] = 9575,
2402 ["boxhU"] = 9576,
2403 ["boxHU"] = 9577,
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2417 ["squarf"] = 9642,
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2419 ["FilledVerySmallSquare"] = 9642,
2420 ["EmptyVerySmallSquare"] = 9643,
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2422 ["marker"] = 9646,
2423 ["fltns"] = 9649,
2424 ["xutri"] = 9651,
2425 ["bigtriangleup"] = 9651,
2426 ["utrif"] = 9652,
2427 ["blacktriangle"] = 9652,
2428 ["utri"] = 9653,
2429 ["triangle"] = 9653,
2430 ["rtrif"] = 9656,
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2432 ["rtri"] = 9657,
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2437 ["blacktriangledown"] = 9662,
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2453 ["EmptySmallSquare"] = 9723,
2454 ["FilledSmallSquare"] = 9724,
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2466 ["heartsuit"] = 9829,
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2468 ["diamondsuit"] = 9830,
2469 ["sung"] = 9834,
2470 ["flat"] = 9837,
2471 ["natur"] = 9838,
2472 ["natural"] = 9838,
2473 ["sharp"] = 9839,
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2482 ["rbbrk"] = 10099,
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2491 ["RightAngleBracket"] = 10217,
2492 ["rangle"] = 10217,
2493 ["Lang"] = 10218,
2494 ["Rang"] = 10219,
2495 ["loang"] = 10220,
2496 ["roang"] = 10221,
2497 ["xlarr"] = 10229,
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2499 ["LongLeftArrow"] = 10229,
2500 ["xrarr"] = 10230,
2501 ["longrightarrow"] = 10230,
2502 ["LongRightArrow"] = 10230,
2503 ["xharr"] = 10231,
2504 ["longleftrightarrow"] = 10231,
2505 ["LongLeftRightArrow"] = 10231,
2506 ["xlArr"] = 10232,
2507 ["Longleftarrow"] = 10232,
2508 ["DoubleLongLeftArrow"] = 10232,
2509 ["xrArr"] = 10233,
2510 ["Longrightarrow"] = 10233,
2511 ["DoubleLongRightArrow"] = 10233,
2512 ["xhArr"] = 10234,
2513 ["Longleftrightarrow"] = 10234,
2514 ["DoubleLongLeftRightArrow"] = 10234,
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2519 ["nvrArr"] = 10499,
2520 ["nvHarr"] = 10500,
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2523 ["rbarr"] = 10509,
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2526 ["rBarr"] = 10511,
2527 ["dbkarow"] = 10511,
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2530 ["DDotrahd"] = 10513,
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2537 ["rAtail"] = 10524,
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2545 ["hksearow"] = 10533,
2546 ["swarhk"] = 10534,
2547 ["hkswarow"] = 10534,
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2549 ["nesear"] = 10536,
2550 ["toea"] = 10536,
2551 ["seswar"] = 10537,
2552 ["tosa"] = 10537,
2553 ["swnwar"] = 10538,
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2555 ["cudarrr"] = 10549,
2556 ["ldca"] = 10550,
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2558 ["cudarrl"] = 10552,
2559 ["larrpl"] = 10553,
2560 ["curarrm"] = 10556,
2561 ["cularrp"] = 10557,
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2564 ["Uarrocir"] = 10569,
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2578 ["LeftDownVectorBar"] = 10585,
```

```
2579 ["LeftTeeVector"] = 10586,
2580 ["RightTeeVector"] = 10587,
2581 ["RightUpTeeVector"] = 10588,
2582 ["RightDownTeeVector"] = 10589,
2583 ["DownLeftTeeVector"] = 10590,
2584 ["DownRightTeeVector"] = 10591,
2585 ["LeftUpTeeVector"] = 10592,
2586 ["LeftDownTeeVector"] = 10593,
2587 ["lHar"] = 10594,
2588 ["uHar"] = 10595,
2589 ["rHar"] = 10596,
2590 ["dHar"] = 10597,
2591 ["luruhar"] = 10598,
2592 ["ldrdhar"] = 10599,
2593 ["ruluhar"] = 10600,
2594 ["rdldhar"] = 10601,
2595 ["lharul"] = 10602,
2596 ["llhard"] = 10603,
2597 ["rharul"] = 10604,
2598 ["lrhard"] = 10605,
2599 ["udhar"] = 10606,
2600 ["UpEquilibrium"] = 10606,
2601 ["duhar"] = 10607,
2602 ["ReverseUpEquilibrium"] = 10607,
2603 ["RoundImplies"] = 10608,
2604 ["erarr"] = 10609,
2605 ["simrarr"] = 10610,
2606 ["larrsim"] = 10611,
2607 ["rarrsim"] = 10612,
2608 ["rarrap"] = 10613,
2609 ["ltlarr"] = 10614,
2610 ["gtrarr"] = 10616,
2611 ["subrarr"] = 10617,
2612 ["suplarr"] = 10619,
2613 ["lfisht"] = 10620,
2614 ["rfisht"] = 10621,
2615 ["ufisht"] = 10622,
2616 ["dfisht"] = 10623,
2617 ["lopar"] = 10629,
2618 ["ropar"] = 10630,
2619 ["lbrke"] = 10635,
2620 ["rbrke"] = 10636,
2621 ["lbrkslu"] = 10637,
2622 ["rbrksld"] = 10638,
2623 ["lbrksld"] = 10639,
2624 ["rbrkslu"] = 10640,
2625 ["langd"] = 10641,
```

```
2626 ["rangd"] = 10642,
2627 ["lparlt"] = 10643,
2628 ["rpargt"] = 10644,
2629 ["gtlPar"] = 10645,
2630 ["ltrPar"] = 10646,
2631 ["vzigzag"] = 10650,
2632 ["vangrt"] = 10652,
2633 ["angrtvbd"] = 10653,
2634 ["ange"] = 10660,
2635 ["range"] = 10661,
2636 ["dwangle"] = 10662,
2637 ["uwangle"] = 10663,
2638 ["angmsdaa"] = 10664,
2639 ["angmsdab"] = 10665,
2640 ["angmsdac"] = 10666,
2641 ["angmsdad"] = 10667,
2642 ["angmsdae"] = 10668,
2643 ["angmsdaf"] = 10669,
2644 ["angmsdag"] = 10670,
2645 ["angmsdah"] = 10671,
2646 ["bemptyv"] = 10672,
2647 ["demptyv"] = 10673,
2648 ["cemptyv"] = 10674,
2649 ["raemptyv"] = 10675,
2650 ["laemptyv"] = 10676,
2651 ["ohbar"] = 10677,
2652 ["omid"] = 10678,
2653 ["opar"] = 10679,
2654 ["operp"] = 10681,
2655 ["olcross"] = 10683,
2656 ["odsold"] = 10684,
2657 ["olcir"] = 10686,
2658 ["ofcir"] = 10687,
2659 ["olt"] = 10688,
2660 ["ogt"] = 10689,
2661 ["cirscir"] = 10690,
2662 ["cirE"] = 10691,
2663 ["solb"] = 10692,
2664 ["bsolb"] = 10693,
2665 ["boxbox"] = 10697,
2666 ["trisb"] = 10701,
2667 ["rtriltri"] = 10702,
2668 ["LeftTriangleBar"] = 10703,
2669 ["RightTriangleBar"] = 10704,
2670 ["race"] = 10714,
2671 ["iinfin"] = 10716,
2672 ["infintie"] = 10717,
```

```
2673 ["nvinfin"] = 10718,
2674 ["eparsl"] = 10723,
2675 ["smeparsl"] = 10724,
2676 ["eqvparsl"] = 10725,
2677 ["lozf"] = 10731,
2678 ["blacklozenge"] = 10731,
2679 ["RuleDelayed"] = 10740,
2680 ["dsol"] = 10742,
2681 ["xodot"] = 10752,
2682 ["bigodot"] = 10752,
2683 ["xoplus"] = 10753,
2684 ["bigoplus"] = 10753,
2685 ["xotime"] = 10754,
2686 ["bigotimes"] = 10754,
2687 ["xuplus"] = 10756,
2688 ["biguplus"] = 10756,
2689 ["xsqcup"] = 10758,
2690 ["bigsqcup"] = 10758,
2691 ["qint"] = 10764,
2692 ["iiiiint"] = 10764,
2693 ["fpartint"] = 10765,
2694 ["cirfnint"] = 10768,
2695 ["awint"] = 10769,
2696 ["rppolint"] = 10770,
2697 ["scpolint"] = 10771,
2698 ["npolint"] = 10772,
2699 ["pointint"] = 10773,
2700 ["quatint"] = 10774,
2701 ["intlarhk"] = 10775,
2702 ["pluscir"] = 10786,
2703 ["plusacir"] = 10787,
2704 ["simplus"] = 10788,
2705 ["plusdu"] = 10789,
2706 ["plussim"] = 10790,
2707 ["plustwo"] = 10791,
2708 ["mcomma"] = 10793,
2709 ["minusdu"] = 10794,
2710 ["loplus"] = 10797,
2711 ["roplus"] = 10798,
2712 ["Cross"] = 10799,
2713 ["timesd"] = 10800,
2714 ["timesbar"] = 10801,
2715 ["smashp"] = 10803,
2716 ["lotimes"] = 10804,
2717 ["rotimes"] = 10805,
2718 ["otimesas"] = 10806,
2719 ["Otimes"] = 10807,
```

```
2720 ["odiv"] = 10808,
2721 ["triplus"] = 10809,
2722 ["triminus"] = 10810,
2723 ["tritime"] = 10811,
2724 ["iprod"] = 10812,
2725 ["intprod"] = 10812,
2726 ["amalg"] = 10815,
2727 ["capdot"] = 10816,
2728 ["ncup"] = 10818,
2729 ["ncap"] = 10819,
2730 ["capand"] = 10820,
2731 ["cupor"] = 10821,
2732 ["cupcap"] = 10822,
2733 ["capcup"] = 10823,
2734 ["cupbrcap"] = 10824,
2735 ["capbrcup"] = 10825,
2736 ["cupcup"] = 10826,
2737 ["capcap"] = 10827,
2738 ["ccups"] = 10828,
2739 ["ccaps"] = 10829,
2740 ["ccupssm"] = 10832,
2741 ["And"] = 10835,
2742 ["Or"] = 10836,
2743 ["andand"] = 10837,
2744 ["oror"] = 10838,
2745 ["orslope"] = 10839,
2746 ["andslope"] = 10840,
2747 ["andv"] = 10842,
2748 ["orv"] = 10843,
2749 ["andd"] = 10844,
2750 ["ord"] = 10845,
2751 ["wedbar"] = 10847,
2752 ["sdote"] = 10854,
2753 ["simdot"] = 10858,
2754 ["congdot"] = 10861,
2755 ["easter"] = 10862,
2756 ["apacir"] = 10863,
2757 ["apE"] = 10864,
2758 ["eplus"] = 10865,
2759 ["pluse"] = 10866,
2760 ["Esim"] = 10867,
2761 ["Colone"] = 10868,
2762 ["Equal"] = 10869,
2763 ["eDDot"] = 10871,
2764 ["ddotseq"] = 10871,
2765 ["equivDD"] = 10872,
2766 ["ltcir"] = 10873,
```

```
2767 ["gtcir"] = 10874,
2768 ["ltquest"] = 10875,
2769 ["gtquest"] = 10876,
2770 ["les"] = 10877,
2771 ["LessSlantEqual"] = 10877,
2772 ["leqslant"] = 10877,
2773 ["ges"] = 10878,
2774 ["GreaterSlantEqual"] = 10878,
2775 ["geqslant"] = 10878,
2776 ["lesdot"] = 10879,
2777 ["gesdot"] = 10880,
2778 ["lesdoto"] = 10881,
2779 ["gesdoto"] = 10882,
2780 ["lesdotor"] = 10883,
2781 ["gesdotol"] = 10884,
2782 ["lap"] = 10885,
2783 ["lessapprox"] = 10885,
2784 ["gap"] = 10886,
2785 ["gtrapprox"] = 10886,
2786 ["lne"] = 10887,
2787 ["lneq"] = 10887,
2788 ["gne"] = 10888,
2789 ["gneq"] = 10888,
2790 ["lnap"] = 10889,
2791 ["lnapprox"] = 10889,
2792 ["gnap"] = 10890,
2793 ["gnapprox"] = 10890,
2794 ["lEg"] = 10891,
2795 ["lesseqgtr"] = 10891,
2796 ["gEl"] = 10892,
2797 ["gtreqqless"] = 10892,
2798 ["lsime"] = 10893,
2799 ["gsime"] = 10894,
2800 ["lsimg"] = 10895,
2801 ["gsiml"] = 10896,
2802 ["lgE"] = 10897,
2803 ["glE"] = 10898,
2804 ["lesges"] = 10899,
2805 ["gesles"] = 10900,
2806 ["els"] = 10901,
2807 ["eqslantless"] = 10901,
2808 ["egs"] = 10902,
2809 ["eqslantgtr"] = 10902,
2810 ["elsdot"] = 10903,
2811 ["egsdot"] = 10904,
2812 ["e1"] = 10905,
2813 ["eg"] = 10906,
```

```

2814 ["siml"] = 10909,
2815 ["simg"] = 10910,
2816 ["simlE"] = 10911,
2817 ["simgE"] = 10912,
2818 ["LessLess"] = 10913,
2819 ["GreaterGreater"] = 10914,
2820 ["g1j"] = 10916,
2821 ["gla"] = 10917,
2822 ["ltcc"] = 10918,
2823 ["gtcc"] = 10919,
2824 ["lescc"] = 10920,
2825 ["gescc"] = 10921,
2826 ["smt"] = 10922,
2827 ["lat"] = 10923,
2828 ["smte"] = 10924,
2829 ["late"] = 10925,
2830 ["bumpE"] = 10926,
2831 ["pre"] = 10927,
2832 ["preceq"] = 10927,
2833 ["PrecedesEqual"] = 10927,
2834 ["sce"] = 10928,
2835 ["succeq"] = 10928,
2836 ["SucceedsEqual"] = 10928,
2837 ["prE"] = 10931,
2838 ["scE"] = 10932,
2839 ["prnE"] = 10933,
2840 ["precneqq"] = 10933,
2841 ["scnE"] = 10934,
2842 ["succneqq"] = 10934,
2843 ["prap"] = 10935,
2844 ["precapprox"] = 10935,
2845 ["scap"] = 10936,
2846 ["succapprox"] = 10936,
2847 ["prnap"] = 10937,
2848 ["precnapprox"] = 10937,
2849 ["scsnap"] = 10938,
2850 ["succnapprox"] = 10938,
2851 ["Pr"] = 10939,
2852 ["Sc"] = 10940,
2853 ["subdot"] = 10941,
2854 ["supdot"] = 10942,
2855 ["subplus"] = 10943,
2856 ["supplus"] = 10944,
2857 ["submult"] = 10945,
2858 ["supmult"] = 10946,
2859 ["subedot"] = 10947,
2860 ["supedot"] = 10948,

```

```

2861 ["subE"] = 10949,
2862 ["subseteqq"] = 10949,
2863 ["supE"] = 10950,
2864 ["supseteqq"] = 10950,
2865 ["subsim"] = 10951,
2866 ["supsim"] = 10952,
2867 ["subnE"] = 10955,
2868 ["subsetneqq"] = 10955,
2869 ["supnE"] = 10956,
2870 ["supsetneqq"] = 10956,
2871 ["csub"] = 10959,
2872 ["csup"] = 10960,
2873 ["csube"] = 10961,
2874 ["csupe"] = 10962,
2875 ["subsup"] = 10963,
2876 ["supsub"] = 10964,
2877 ["subsub"] = 10965,
2878 ["supsup"] = 10966,
2879 ["suphsub"] = 10967,
2880 ["supdsub"] = 10968,
2881 ["forkv"] = 10969,
2882 ["topfork"] = 10970,
2883 ["mlcp"] = 10971,
2884 ["Dashv"] = 10980,
2885 ["DoubleLeftTee"] = 10980,
2886 ["Vdashl"] = 10982,
2887 ["Barv"] = 10983,
2888 ["vBar"] = 10984,
2889 ["vBarv"] = 10985,
2890 ["Vbar"] = 10987,
2891 ["Not"] = 10988,
2892 ["bNot"] = 10989,
2893 ["rnmid"] = 10990,
2894 ["cirmid"] = 10991,
2895 ["midcir"] = 10992,
2896 ["topcir"] = 10993,
2897 ["nhpar"] = 10994,
2898 ["parsim"] = 10995,
2899 ["parsl"] = 11005,
2900 ["fflig"] = 64256,
2901 ["filig"] = 64257,
2902 ["fllig"] = 64258,
2903 ["ffilig"] = 64259,
2904 ["ffllig"] = 64260,
2905 ["Ascr"] = 119964,
2906 ["Cscr"] = 119966,
2907 ["Dscr"] = 119967,

```

```
2908 ["Gscr"] = 119970,
2909 ["Jscr"] = 119973,
2910 ["Kscr"] = 119974,
2911 ["Nscr"] = 119977,
2912 ["Oscr"] = 119978,
2913 ["Pscr"] = 119979,
2914 ["Qscr"] = 119980,
2915 ["Sscr"] = 119982,
2916 ["Tscr"] = 119983,
2917 ["Uscr"] = 119984,
2918 ["Vscr"] = 119985,
2919 ["Wscr"] = 119986,
2920 ["Xscr"] = 119987,
2921 ["Yscr"] = 119988,
2922 ["Zscr"] = 119989,
2923 ["ascr"] = 119990,
2924 ["bscr"] = 119991,
2925 ["cscr"] = 119992,
2926 ["dscr"] = 119993,
2927 ["fscr"] = 119995,
2928 ["hscr"] = 119997,
2929 ["iscr"] = 119998,
2930 ["jscr"] = 119999,
2931 ["kscr"] = 120000,
2932 ["lscr"] = 120001,
2933 ["mscr"] = 120002,
2934 ["nscr"] = 120003,
2935 ["pscr"] = 120005,
2936 ["qscr"] = 120006,
2937 ["rscr"] = 120007,
2938 ["sscr"] = 120008,
2939 ["tscr"] = 120009,
2940 ["uscr"] = 120010,
2941 ["vscr"] = 120011,
2942 ["wscr"] = 120012,
2943 ["xscr"] = 120013,
2944 ["yscr"] = 120014,
2945 ["zscr"] = 120015,
2946 ["Afr"] = 120068,
2947 ["Bfr"] = 120069,
2948 ["Dfr"] = 120071,
2949 ["Efr"] = 120072,
2950 ["Ffr"] = 120073,
2951 ["Gfr"] = 120074,
2952 ["Jfr"] = 120077,
2953 ["Kfr"] = 120078,
2954 ["Lfr"] = 120079,
```

```
2955 ["Mfr"] = 120080,  
2956 ["Nfr"] = 120081,  
2957 ["Ofr"] = 120082,  
2958 ["Pfr"] = 120083,  
2959 ["Qfr"] = 120084,  
2960 ["Sfr"] = 120086,  
2961 ["Tfr"] = 120087,  
2962 ["Ufr"] = 120088,  
2963 ["Vfr"] = 120089,  
2964 ["Wfr"] = 120090,  
2965 ["Xfr"] = 120091,  
2966 ["Yfr"] = 120092,  
2967 ["afr"] = 120094,  
2968 ["bfr"] = 120095,  
2969 ["cfr"] = 120096,  
2970 ["dfr"] = 120097,  
2971 ["efr"] = 120098,  
2972 ["ffr"] = 120099,  
2973 ["gfr"] = 120100,  
2974 ["hfr"] = 120101,  
2975 ["ifr"] = 120102,  
2976 ["jfr"] = 120103,  
2977 ["kfr"] = 120104,  
2978 ["lfr"] = 120105,  
2979 ["mfr"] = 120106,  
2980 ["nfr"] = 120107,  
2981 ["ofr"] = 120108,  
2982 ["pfr"] = 120109,  
2983 ["qfr"] = 120110,  
2984 ["rfr"] = 120111,  
2985 ["sfr"] = 120112,  
2986 ["tfr"] = 120113,  
2987 ["ufr"] = 120114,  
2988 ["vfr"] = 120115,  
2989 ["wfr"] = 120116,  
2990 ["xfr"] = 120117,  
2991 ["yfr"] = 120118,  
2992 ["zfr"] = 120119,  
2993 ["Aopf"] = 120120,  
2994 ["Bopf"] = 120121,  
2995 ["Dopf"] = 120123,  
2996 ["Eopf"] = 120124,  
2997 ["Fopf"] = 120125,  
2998 ["Gopf"] = 120126,  
2999 ["Iopf"] = 120128,  
3000 ["Jopf"] = 120129,  
3001 ["Kopf"] = 120130,
```

```

3002 ["Lopf"] = 120131,
3003 ["Mopf"] = 120132,
3004 ["Oopf"] = 120134,
3005 ["Sopf"] = 120138,
3006 ["Topf"] = 120139,
3007 ["Uopf"] = 120140,
3008 ["Vopf"] = 120141,
3009 ["Wopf"] = 120142,
3010 ["Xopf"] = 120143,
3011 ["Yopf"] = 120144,
3012 ["aopf"] = 120146,
3013 ["bopf"] = 120147,
3014 ["copf"] = 120148,
3015 ["dopf"] = 120149,
3016 ["eopf"] = 120150,
3017 ["fopf"] = 120151,
3018 ["gopf"] = 120152,
3019 ["hopf"] = 120153,
3020 ["iopf"] = 120154,
3021 ["jopf"] = 120155,
3022 ["kopf"] = 120156,
3023 ["lopf"] = 120157,
3024 ["mopf"] = 120158,
3025 ["nopf"] = 120159,
3026 ["oopf"] = 120160,
3027 ["popf"] = 120161,
3028 ["qopf"] = 120162,
3029 ["ropf"] = 120163,
3030 ["sopf"] = 120164,
3031 ["topf"] = 120165,
3032 ["uopf"] = 120166,
3033 ["vopf"] = 120167,
3034 ["wopf"] = 120168,
3035 ["xopf"] = 120169,
3036 ["yopf"] = 120170,
3037 ["zopf"] = 120171,
3038 }

```

Given a string `s` of decimal digits, the `entities.dec_entity` returns the corresponding UTF8-encoded Unicode codepoint.

```

3039 function entities.dec_entity(s)
3040     return unicode.utf8.char(tonumber(s))
3041 end

```

Given a string `s` of hexadecimal digits, the `entities.hex_entity` returns the corresponding UTF8-encoded Unicode codepoint.

```

3042 function entities.hex_entity(s)
3043     return unicode.utf8.char(tonumber("0x"..s))

```

```
3044 end  
Given a character entity name s (like ouml), the entities.char_entity returns  
the corresponding UTF8-encoded Unicode codepoint.
```

```
3045 function entities.char_entity(s)  
3046   local n = character_entities[s]  
3047   if n == nil then  
3048     return "&" .. s .. ";"  
3049   end  
3050   return unicode.utf8.char(n)  
3051 end
```

### 3.1.3 Plain T<sub>E</sub>X Writer

This section documents the `writer` object, which implements the routines for producing the T<sub>E</sub>X output. The object is an amalgamate of the generic, T<sub>E</sub>X, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X writer objects that were located in the `lunamark/writer/generic.lua`, `lunamark/writer/tex.lua`, and `lunamark/writer/latex.lua` files in the Lunamark Lua module.

Although not specified in the Lua interface (see Section 2.1 on page 6), the `writer` object is exported, so that the curious user could easily tinker with the methods of the objects produced by the `writer.new` method described below. The user should be aware, however, that the implementation may change in a future revision.

```
3052 M.writer = {}
```

The `writer.new` method creates and returns a new T<sub>E</sub>X writer object associated with the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) `options`. When `options` are unspecified, it is assumed that an empty table was passed to the method.

The objects produced by the `writer.new` method expose instance methods and variables of their own. As a convention, I will refer to these `<member>`s as `writer-><member>`. All member variables are immutable unless explicitly stated otherwise.

```
3053 function M.writer.new(options)  
3054   local self = {}  
3055   options = options or {}
```

Make the `options` table inherit from the `defaultOptions` table.

```
3056   setmetatable(options, { __index = function (_, key)  
3057     return defaultOptions[key] end })
```

Parse the `slice` option and define `writer->slice_begin` `writer->slice_end`, and `writer->is_writing`. The `writer->is_writing` member variable is mutable.

```
3058   local slice_specifiers = {}  
3059   for specifier in options.slice:gmatch("[^%s]+") do  
3060     table.insert(slice_specifiers, specifier)  
3061   end
```

```

3062
3063 if #slice_specifiers == 2 then
3064     self.slice_begin, self.slice_end = table.unpack(slice_specifiers)
3065     local slice_begin_type = self.slice_begin:sub(1, 1)
3066     if slice_begin_type ~= "^" and slice_begin_type ~= "$" then
3067         self.slice_begin = "^" .. self.slice_begin
3068     end
3069     local slice_end_type = self.slice_end:sub(1, 1)
3070     if slice_end_type ~= "^" and slice_end_type ~= "$" then
3071         self.slice_end = "$" .. self.slice_end
3072     end
3073 elseif #slice_specifiers == 1 then
3074     self.slice_begin = "^" .. slice_specifiers[1]
3075     self.slice_end = "$" .. slice_specifiers[1]
3076 end
3077
3078 if self.slice_begin == "^" and self.slice_end ~= "^" then
3079     self.is_writing = true
3080 else
3081     self.is_writing = false
3082 end

Define writer->suffix as the suffix of the produced cache files.

3083 self.suffix = ".tex"

Define writer->space as the output format of a space character.

3084 self.space = " "

Define writer->nnbsp as the output format of a non-breaking space character.

3085 self.nbsp = "\\\marknnbsp{}"

Define writer->plain as a function that will transform an input plain text block
s to the output format.

3086 function self.plain(s)
3087     return s
3088 end

Define writer->paragraph as a function that will transform an input paragraph
s to the output format.

3089 function self.paragraph(s)
3090     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3091     return s
3092 end

Define writer->pack as a function that will take the filename name of the output
file prepared by the reader and transform it to the output format.

3093 function self.pack(name)
3094     return [[\input ]] .. name .. [[\relax]]
3095 end

```

Define `writer->interblocksep` as the output format of a block element separator.

```
3096   function self.interblocksep()
3097     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3098     return "\\\\[markdownRendererInterblockSeparator\\n{}"
3099   end
```

Define `writer->linebreak` as the output format of a forced line break.

```
3100   self.linebreak = "\\\\[markdownRendererLineBreak\\n{}"
```

Define `writer->ellipsis` as the output format of an ellipsis.

```
3101   self.ellipsis = "\\\\[markdownRendererEllipsis{}"
```

Define `writer->hrule` as the output format of a horizontal rule.

```
3102   function self.hrule()
3103     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3104     return "\\\\[markdownRendererHorizontalRule{}"
3105   end
```

Define tables `escaped_uri_chars`, `escaped_citation_chars`, and `escaped_minimal_strings` containing the mapping from special plain characters and character strings that always need to be escaped.

```
3106   local escaped_uri_chars = {
3107     ["{"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererLeftBrace{}",
3108     ["}"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererRightBrace{}",
3109     [%"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererPercentSign{}",
3110     ["\\\""] = "\\\\[markdownRendererBackslash{}",
3111   }
3112   local escaped_citation_chars = {
3113     ["{"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererLeftBrace{}",
3114     ["}"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererRightBrace{}",
3115     [%"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererPercentSign{}",
3116     ["\\\""] = "\\\\[markdownRendererBackslash{}",
3117     ["#"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererHash{}",
3118   }
3119   local escaped_minimal_strings = {
3120     ["^~"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererCircumflex\\\[markdownRendererCircumflex ",
3121     ["☒"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererTickedBox{}",
3122     ["☐"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererHalfTickedBox{}",
3123     ["□"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererUntickedBox{}",
3124   }
```

Define a table `escaped_chars` containing the mapping from special plain TeX characters (including the active pipe character (|) of ConTeXt) that need to be escaped for typeset content.

```
3125   local escaped_chars = {
3126     ["{"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererLeftBrace{}",
3127     ["}"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererRightBrace{}",
3128     [%"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererPercentSign{}",
```

```

3129     ["\\\""] = "\\\\[markdownRendererBackslash{}",
3130     ["#"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererHash{}",
3131     ["$"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererDollarSign{}",
3132     ["&"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererAmpersand{}",
3133     ["_"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererUnderscore{}",
3134     ["^"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererCircumflex{}",
3135     ["~"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererTilde{}",
3136     ["|"] = "\\\\[markdownRendererPipe{}",
3137   }

```

Use the `escaped_chars`, `escaped_uri_chars`, `escaped_citation_chars`, and `escaped_minimal_strings` tables to create the `escape`, `escape_citation`, `escape_uri`, and `escape_minimal` escaper functions.

```

3138   local escape = util.escaper(escaped_chars, escaped_minimal_strings)
3139   local escape_citation = util.escaper(escaped_citation_chars,
3140     escaped_minimal_strings)
3141   local escape_uri = util.escaper(escaped_uri_chars, escaped_minimal_strings)
3142   local escape_minimal = util.escaper({}, escaped_minimal_strings)

```

Define `writer->string` as a function that will transform an input plain text span `s` to the output format, `writer->citation` as a function that will transform an input citation name `c` to the output format, and `writer->uri` as a function that will transform an input URI `u` to the output format. If the `hybrid` option is enabled, use the `escape_minimal`. Otherwise, use the `escape`, `escape_citation`, and `escape_uri` functions.

```

3143   if options.hybrid then
3144     self.string = escape_minimal
3145     self.citation = escape_minimal
3146     self.uri = escape_minimal
3147   else
3148     self.string = escape
3149     self.citation = escape_citation
3150     self.uri = escape_uri
3151   end

```

Define `writer->escape` as a function that will transform an input plain text span to the output format. Unlike the `writer->string` function, `writer->escape` always uses the `escape` function, even when the `hybrid` option is enabled.

```
3152   self.escape = escape
```

Define `writer->code` as a function that will transform an input inlined code span `s` to the output format.

```

3153   function self.code(s)
3154     return {"\\\[markdownRendererCodeSpan{" , self.escape(s) , "}"}
3155   end

```

Define `writer->link` as a function that will transform an input hyperlink to the output format, where `lab` corresponds to the label, `src` to URI, and `tit` to the title of the link.

```
3156  function self.link(lab,src,tit)
3157      return {"\\markdownRendererLink{",lab,"}",
3158                  ",",self.escape(src),"}",
3159                  ",",self.uri(src),"",
3160                  ",",self.string(tit or ""),"}"}
3161  end
```

Define `writer->table` as a function that will transform an input table to the output format, where `rows` is a sequence of columns and a column is a sequence of cell texts.

```
3162  function self.table(rows, caption)
3163      if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3164      local buffer = {"\\markdownRendererTable{",
3165          caption or "", "}{", #rows - 1, "}{", #rows[1], "}"}
3166      local temp = rows[2] -- put alignments on the first row
3167      rows[2] = rows[1]
3168      rows[1] = temp
3169      for i, row in ipairs(rows) do
3170          table.insert(buffer, "{")
3171          for _, column in ipairs(row) do
3172              if i > 1 then -- do not use braces for alignments
3173                  table.insert(buffer, "{")
3174                  end
3175                  table.insert(buffer, column)
3176                  if i > 1 then
3177                      table.insert(buffer, "}")
3178                  end
3179                  end
3180                  table.insert(buffer, "}")
3181      end
3182      return buffer
3183  end
```

Define `writer->image` as a function that will transform an input image to the output format, where `lab` corresponds to the label, `src` to the URL, and `tit` to the title of the image.

```
3184  function self.image(lab,src,tit)
3185      return {"\\markdownRendererImage{",lab,"}",
3186                  ",",self.string(src),"",
3187                  ",",self.uri(src),"",
3188                  ",",self.string(tit or ""),"}"}
3189  end
```

The `languages_json` table maps programming language filename extensions to fence infostrings. All `options.contentBlocksLanguageMap` files located by the

KPathSea library are loaded into a chain of tables. `languages_json` corresponds to the first table and is chained with the rest via Lua metatables.

```
3190 local languages_json = (function()
3191     local ran_ok, kpse = pcall(require, "kpse")
3192     if ran_ok then
3193         kpse.set_program_name("luatex")
```

If the KPathSea library is unavailable, perhaps because we are using LuaMetaTeX, we will only locate the `options.contentBlocksLanguageMap` in the current working directory:

```
3194     else
3195         kpse = {lookup=function(filename, options) return filename end}
3196     end
3197     local base, prev, curr
3198     for _, filename in ipairs{kpse.lookup(options.contentBlocksLanguageMap,
3199                             { all=true })} do
3200         local file = io.open(filename, "r")
3201         if not file then goto continue end
3202         json = file:read("*all"):gsub('(^[\n]-):', '[%1]=')
3203         curr = (function()
3204             local _ENV={ json=json, load=load } -- run in sandbox
3205             return load("return ..json")()
3206         end)()
3207         if type(curr) == "table" then
3208             if base == nil then
3209                 base = curr
3210             else
3211                 setmetatable(prev, { __index = curr })
3212             end
3213             prev = curr
3214         end
3215         ::continue::
3216     end
3217     return base or {}
3218 end)()
```

Define `writer->contentblock` as a function that will transform an input iA Writer content block to the output format, where `src` corresponds to the URI prefix, `suf` to the URI extension, `type` to the type of the content block (`localfile` or `onlineimage`), and `tit` to the title of the content block.

```
3219     function self.contentblock(src,suf,type,tit)
3220         if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3221         src = src.."."..suf
3222         suf = suf:lower()
3223         if type == "onlineimage" then
3224             return {"\\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage{",suf,"}",
3225                     {"",self.string(src),""},
```

```

3226                     "{\"",self.uri(src),"\"},  

3227                     "{\"",self.string(tit or ""),"\\"}"}  

3228     elseif languages_json[suf] then  

3229         return {"\\markdownRendererContentBlockCode{",suf,"\"},  

3230                 "{\"",self.string(languages_json[suf]),"\\"},  

3231                 "{\"",self.string(src),"\"},  

3232                 "{\"",self.uri(src),"\"},  

3233                 "{\"",self.string(tit or ""),"\\"}"}  

3234     else  

3235         return {"\\markdownRendererContentBlock{",suf,"\"},  

3236                 "{\"",self.string(src),"\"},  

3237                 "{\"",self.uri(src),"\"},  

3238                 "{\"",self.string(tit or ""),"\\"}"}  

3239     end  

3240 end

```

Define `writer->bulletlist` as a function that will transform an input bulleted list to the output format, where `items` is an array of the list items and `tight` specifies, whether the list is tight or not.

```

3241 local function ulitem(s)  

3242     return {"\\markdownRendererUlItem ",s,  

3243             "\\markdownRendererUlItemEnd "}  

3244 end  

3245  

3246 function self.bulletlist(items,tight)  

3247     if not self.is_writing then return "" end  

3248     local buffer = {}  

3249     for _,item in ipairs(items) do  

3250         buffer[#buffer + 1] = ulitem(item)  

3251     end  

3252     local contents = util.intersperse(buffer,"\n")  

3253     if tight and options.tightLists then  

3254         return {"\\markdownRendererUlBeginTight\n",contents,  

3255                 "\n\\markdownRendererUlEndTight "}  

3256     else  

3257         return {"\\markdownRendererUlBegin\n",contents,  

3258                 "\n\\markdownRendererUlEnd "}  

3259     end  

3260 end

```

Define `writer->ollist` as a function that will transform an input ordered list to the output format, where `items` is an array of the list items and `tight` specifies, whether the list is tight or not. If the optional parameter `startnum` is present, it should be used as the number of the first list item.

```

3261 local function olitem(s,num)  

3262     if num ~= nil then  

3263         return {"\\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumber{",num,"\"},s,

```

```

3264         "\\\\[\\]markdownRenderer0lItemEnd \"}
3265     else
3266     return {"\\\[\\]markdownRenderer0lItem ",s,
3267             "\\\\[\\]markdownRenderer0lItemEnd "}
3268   end
3269 end
3270
3271 function self.orderedlist(items,tight,startnum)
3272   if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3273   local buffer = {}
3274   local num = startnum
3275   for _,item in ipairs(items) do
3276     buffer[#buffer + 1] = olitem(item,num)
3277     if num ~= nil then
3278       num = num + 1
3279     end
3280   end
3281   local contents = util.intersperse(buffer,"\\n")
3282   if tight and options.tightLists then
3283     return {"\\\[\\]markdownRenderer0lBeginTight\\n",contents,
3284             "\\n\\\[\\]markdownRenderer0lEndTight "}
3285   else
3286     return {"\\\[\\]markdownRenderer0lBegin\\n",contents,
3287             "\\n\\\[\\]markdownRenderer0lEnd "}
3288   end
3289 end

```

Define `writer->inline_html_comment` as a function that will transform the contents of an inline HTML comment, to the output format, where `contents` are the contents of the HTML comment.

```

3290   function self.inline_html_comment(contents)
3291     return {"\\\[\\]markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment{",contents,"}"}
3292   end

```

Define `writer->definitionlist` as a function that will transform an input definition list to the output format, where `items` is an array of tables, each of the form `{ term = t, definitions = defs }`, where `t` is a term and `defs` is an array of definitions. `tight` specifies, whether the list is tight or not.

```

3293   local function dlitem(term, defs)
3294     local retVal = {"\\\[\\]markdownRendererDlItem{",term,"}"}
3295     for _, def in ipairs(defs) do
3296       retVal[#retVal+1] = {"\\\[\\]markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin ",def,
3297                           "\\\[\\]markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd "}
3298     end
3299     retVal[#retVal+1] = "\\\[\\]markdownRendererDlItemEnd "
3300     return retVal
3301   end

```

```

3302     function self.definitionlist(items,tight)
3303         if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3304         local buffer = {}
3305         for _,item in ipairs(items) do
3306             buffer[#buffer + 1] = dlitem(item.term, item.definitions)
3307         end
3308         if tight and options.tightLists then
3309             return {"\\markdownRendererDlBeginTight\n", buffer,
3310                     "\n\\markdownRendererDlEndTight"}
3311         else
3312             return {"\\markdownRendererDlBegin\n", buffer,
3313                     "\n\\markdownRendererDlEnd"}
3314         end
3315     end
3316 end

```

Define `writer->emphasis` as a function that will transform an emphasized span `s` of input text to the output format.

```

3317     function self.emphasis(s)
3318         return {"\\markdownRendererEmphasis{",s,"}"}
3319     end

```

Define `writer->checkbox` as a function that will transform a number `f` to the output format.

```

3320     function self.checkbox(f)
3321         if f == 1.0 then
3322             return "☒ "
3323         elseif f == 0.0 then
3324             return "☐ "
3325         else
3326             return "▣ "
3327         end
3328     end

```

Define `writer->strong` as a function that will transform a strongly emphasized span `s` of input text to the output format.

```

3329     function self.strong(s)
3330         return {"\\markdownRendererStrongEmphasis{",s,"}"}
3331     end

```

Define `writer->blockquote` as a function that will transform an input block quote `s` to the output format.

```

3332     function self.blockquote(s)
3333         if #util.rope_to_string(s) == 0 then return "" end
3334         return {"\\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin\n",s,
3335                 "\n\\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd "}
3336     end

```

Define `writer->verbatim` as a function that will transform an input code block `s` to the output format.

```
3337   function self.verbatim(s)
3338     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3339     s = string.gsub(s, '[\r\n%s]*$', '')
3340     local name = util.cache(options.cacheDir, s, nil, nil, ".verbatim")
3341     return {"\\markdownRendererInputVerbatim{",name,"}"}
3342   end
```

Define `writer->codeFence` as a function that will transform an input fenced code block `s` with the infostring `i` to the output format.

```
3343   function self.fencedCode(i, s)
3344     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3345     s = string.gsub(s, '[\r\n%s]*$', '')
3346     local name = util.cache(options.cacheDir, s, nil, nil, ".verbatim")
3347     return {"\\markdownRendererInputFencedCode{",name,"}{",i,"}"}
3348   end
```

Define `writer->document` as a function that will transform a document `d` to the output format.

```
3349   function self.document(d)
3350     return {"\\markdownRendererDocumentBegin\n", d,
3351             "\\markdownRendererDocumentEnd"}
3352   end
```

Define `writer->jekyllData` as a function that will transform an input YAML table `d` to the output format. The table is the value for the key `p` in the parent table; if `p` is nil, then the table has no parent. All scalar keys and values encountered in the table will be cast to a string following YAML serialization rules. String values will also be transformed using the function `t`.

```
3353   function self.jekyllData(d, t, p)
3354     if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3355
3356     local buf = {}
3357
3358     local keys = {}
3359     for k, _ in pairs(d) do
3360       table.insert(keys, k)
3361     end
3362     table.sort(keys)
3363
3364     if not p then
3365       table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin")
3366     end
3367
3368     if #d > 0 then
3369       table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin{")
```

```

3370     table.insert(buf, self.uri(p or "null"))
3371     table.insert(buf, "}{")
3372     table.insert(buf, #keys)
3373     table.insert(buf, "}")
3374   else
3375     table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin{")
3376     table.insert(buf, self.uri(p or "null"))
3377     table.insert(buf, "}{")
3378     table.insert(buf, #keys)
3379     table.insert(buf, "}")
3380   end
3381
3382   for _, k in ipairs(keys) do
3383     local v = d[k]
3384     local typ = type(v)
3385     k = tostring(k or "null")
3386     if typ == "table" and next(v) ~= nil then
3387       table.insert(
3388         buf,
3389         self.jekyllData(v, t, k)
3390       )
3391     else
3392       k = self.uri(k)
3393       v = tostring(v)
3394       if typ == "boolean" then
3395         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean{")
3396         table.insert(buf, k)
3397         table.insert(buf, "}{")
3398         table.insert(buf, v)
3399         table.insert(buf, "}")
3400       elseif typ == "number" then
3401         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber{")
3402         table.insert(buf, k)
3403         table.insert(buf, "}{")
3404         table.insert(buf, v)
3405         table.insert(buf, "}")
3406       elseif typ == "string" then
3407         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataString{")
3408         table.insert(buf, k)
3409         table.insert(buf, "}{")
3410         table.insert(buf, t(v))
3411         table.insert(buf, "}")
3412       elseif typ == "table" then
3413         table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty{")
3414         table.insert(buf, k)
3415         table.insert(buf, "}")
3416     else

```

```

3417         error(format("Unexpected type %s for value of " ..
3418                         "YAML key %s", typ, k))
3419     end
3420   end
3421 end
3422
3423 if #d > 0 then
3424   table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEnd")
3425 else
3426   table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd")
3427 end
3428
3429 if not p then
3430   table.insert(buf, "\\markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd")
3431 end
3432
3433 return buf
3434 end

```

Define `writer->active_headings` as a stack of identifiers of the headings that are currently active. The `writer->active_headings` member variable is mutable.

```
3435 self.active_headings = {}
```

Define `writer->heading` as a function that will transform an input heading `s` at level `level` with identifiers `identifiers` to the output format.

```

3436 function self.heading(s,level,attributes)
3437   local active_headings = self.active_headings
3438   local slice_begin_type = self.slice_begin:sub(1, 1)
3439   local slice_begin_identifier = self.slice_begin:sub(2) or ""
3440   local slice_end_type = self.slice_end:sub(1, 1)
3441   local slice_end_identifier = self.slice_end:sub(2) or ""
3442
3443   while #active_headings < level do
3444     -- push empty identifiers for implied sections
3445     table.insert(active_headings, {})
3446   end
3447
3448   while #active_headings >= level do
3449     -- pop identifiers for sections that have ended
3450     local active_identifiers = active_headings[#active_headings]
3451     if active_identifiers[slice_begin_identifier] ~= nil
3452       and slice_begin_type == "$" then
3453       self.is_writing = true
3454     end
3455     if active_identifiers[slice_end_identifier] ~= nil
3456       and slice_end_type == "$" then
3457       self.is_writing = false
3458     end

```

```

3459     table.remove(active_headings, #active_headings)
3460   end
3461
3462   -- push identifiers for the new section
3463   attributes = attributes or {}
3464   local identifiers = {}
3465   for index = 1, #attributes do
3466     attribute = attributes[index]
3467     identifiers[attribute:sub(2)] = true
3468   end
3469   if identifiers[slice_begin_identifier] ~= nil
3470     and slice_begin_type == "^" then
3471     self.is_writing = true
3472   end
3473   if identifiers[slice_end_identifier] ~= nil
3474     and slice_end_type == "^" then
3475     self.is_writing = false
3476   end
3477   table.insert(active_headings, identifiers)
3478
3479   if not self.is_writing then return "" end
3480
3481   local cmd
3482   level = level + options.shiftHeadings
3483   if level <= 1 then
3484     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingOne"
3485   elseif level == 2 then
3486     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingTwo"
3487   elseif level == 3 then
3488     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingThree"
3489   elseif level == 4 then
3490     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingFour"
3491   elseif level == 5 then
3492     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingFive"
3493   elseif level >= 6 then
3494     cmd = "\\markdownRendererHeadingSix"
3495   else
3496     cmd = ""
3497   end
3498   return {cmd,"{",s,"}"}
3499 end

```

Define `writer->note` as a function that will transform an input footnote `s` to the output format.

```

3500   function self.note(s)
3501     return {"\\markdownRendererFootnote{",s,"}"}
3502   end

```

Define `writer->citations` as a function that will transform an input array of citations `cites` to the output format. If `text_cites` is enabled, the citations should be rendered in-text, when applicable. The `cites` array contains tables with the following keys and values:

- `suppress_author` – If the value of the key is true, then the author of the work should be omitted in the citation, when applicable.
- `prenote` – The value of the key is either `nil` or a rope that should be inserted before the citation.
- `postnote` – The value of the key is either `nil` or a rope that should be inserted after the citation.
- `name` – The value of this key is the citation name.

```
3503   function self.citations(text_cites, cites)
3504     local buffer = {"\"\\markdownRenderer", text_cites and "TextCite" or "Cite",
3505                   "{$", #cites, "}"}
3506     for _,cite in ipairs(cites) do
3507       buffer[#buffer+1] = {cite.suppress_author and "-" or "+", "{$",
3508                             cite.prenote or "", "}"{$", cite.postnote or "", "}"{$", cite.name, "}"}
3509     end
3510   return buffer
3511 end
```

Define `writer->get_state` as a function that returns the current state of the writer, where the state of a writer are its mutable member variables.

```
3512   function self.get_state()
3513     return {
3514       is_writing=self.is_writing,
3515       active_headings={table.unpack(self.active_headings)},
3516     }
3517   end
```

Define `writer->set_state` as a function that restores the input state `s` and returns the previous state of the writer.

```
3518   function self.set_state(s)
3519     local previous_state = self.get_state()
3520     for key, value in pairs(s) do
3521       self[key] = value
3522     end
3523     return previous_state
3524   end
```

Define `writer->defer_call` as a function that will encapsulate the input function `f`, so that `f` is called with the state of the writer at the time of calling `writer->defer_call`.

```

3525     function self.defer_call(f)
3526         local previous_state = self.get_state()
3527         return function(...)
3528             local state = self.set_state(previous_state)
3529             local return_value = f(...)
3530             self.set_state(state)
3531             return return_value
3532         end
3533     end
3534
3535     return self
3536 end

```

### 3.1.4 Parsers

The `parsers` hash table stores PEG patterns that are static and can be reused between different `reader` objects.

```
3537 local parsers = {}
```

#### 3.1.4.1 Basic Parsers

|                                      |                           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 3538 <code>parsers.percent</code>    | <code>= P("%")</code>     |
| 3539 <code>parsers.at</code>         | <code>= P("@")</code>     |
| 3540 <code>parsers.comma</code>      | <code>= P(",")</code>     |
| 3541 <code>parsers.asterisk</code>   | <code>= P("*")</code>     |
| 3542 <code>parsers.dash</code>       | <code>= P("-")</code>     |
| 3543 <code>parsers.plus</code>       | <code>= P("+")</code>     |
| 3544 <code>parsers.underscore</code> | <code>= P("_")</code>     |
| 3545 <code>parsers.period</code>     | <code>= P(".")</code>     |
| 3546 <code>parsers.hash</code>       | <code>= P("#")</code>     |
| 3547 <code>parsers.ampersand</code>  | <code>= P("&amp;")</code> |
| 3548 <code>parsers.backtick</code>   | <code>= P("`")</code>     |
| 3549 <code>parsers.less</code>       | <code>= P("&lt;")</code>  |
| 3550 <code>parsers.more</code>       | <code>= P("&gt;")</code>  |
| 3551 <code>parsers.space</code>      | <code>= P(" ")</code>     |
| 3552 <code>parsers.squote</code>     | <code>= P('')'</code>     |
| 3553 <code>parsers.dquote</code>     | <code>= P(''')''</code>   |
| 3554 <code>parsers.lparent</code>    | <code>= P("(")</code>     |
| 3555 <code>parsers.rparent</code>    | <code>= P(")")</code>     |
| 3556 <code>parsers.lbracket</code>   | <code>= P("[")</code>     |
| 3557 <code>parsers.rbracket</code>   | <code>= P("]")</code>     |
| 3558 <code>parsers.lbrace</code>     | <code>= P("{")</code>     |
| 3559 <code>parsers.rbrace</code>     | <code>= P("}")</code>     |
| 3560 <code>parsers.circumflex</code> | <code>= P("^")</code>     |
| 3561 <code>parsers.slash</code>      | <code>= P("/")</code>     |
| 3562 <code>parsers.equal</code>      | <code>= P("==")</code>    |
| 3563 <code>parsers.colon</code>      | <code>= P(":")</code>     |

```

3564 parsers.semicolon          = P(";" )
3565 parsers.exclamation        = P("!" )
3566 parsers.pipe               = P("|" )
3567 parsers.tilde              = P("~" )
3568 parsers.backslash          = P("\\\\")
3569 parsers.tab                = P("\t" )
3570 parsers.newline             = P("\n" )
3571 parsers.tightblocksep      = P("\001")

3572
3573 parsers.digit              = R("09" )
3574 parsers.hexdigit           = R("09","af","AF" )
3575 parsers.letter              = R("AZ","az" )
3576 parsers.alphanumeric       = R("AZ","az","09" )
3577 parsers.keyword             = parsers.letter
* parsers.alphanumeric^0
3578
3579 parsers.citation_chars     = parsers.alphanumeric
3580
3581 parsers.internal_punctuation = S("#$%&-+<>~/_")
3582
3583 parsers.doubleasterisks    = P("**" )
3584 parsers.doubleunderscores   = P("__" )
3585 parsers.fourspaces          = P("    " )

3586
3587 parsers.any                 = P(1)
3588 parsers.fail                = parsers.any - 1
3589
3590 parsers.escapable           = S("\\`*_{}[]().!<>#-~:@;")
3591 parsers.anyescaped          = parsers.backslash / "" * parsers.escapable
3592
3593
3594 parsers.spacechar            = S("\t ")
3595 parsers.spacing              = S(" \n\r\t")
3596 parsers.nonspacechar         = parsers.any - parsers.spacing
3597 parsers.optionalspace        = parsers.spacechar^0
3598
3599 parsers.specialchar          = S("*_`&[]<!\\.\@-^")
```

3600

```

3601 parsers.normalchar           = parsers.any - (parsers.specialchar
+ parsers.spacing
+ parsers.tightblocksep)
3602
3603
3604 parsers.eof                  = -parsers.any
3605 parsers.nonindentspace       = parsers.space^-3 * - parsers.spacechar
3606 parsers.indent                = parsers.space^-3 * parsers.tab
3607
3608 parsers.linechar              = parsers.fourspaces / ""
3609
3610 parsers.blankline             = parsers.optionalspace

```

```

3611                                     * parsers.newline / "\n"
3612 parsers.blanklines
3613 parsers.skipblanklines
3614 parsers.indentedline
3615                                         * C(parsers.linechar^1 * parsers.newline^-1)
3616 parsers.optionallyindentedline = parsers.indent^-1 / ""
3617                                         * C(parsers.linechar^1 * parsers.newline^-1)
3618 parsers.sp
3619 parsers.spnl
3620                                         * (parsers.newline * parsers.optionalspace)^-1
3621 parsers.line
3622 parsers.nonemptyline

```

The `parsers/commented_line^1` parser recognizes the regular language of T<sub>E</sub>X comments, see an equivalent finite automaton in Figure 6 on the next page.

```

3623 parsers(commented_line_letter) = parsers.linechar
3624     + parsers.newline
3625     - parsers.backslash
3626     - parsers.percent
3627 parsers(commented_line) = Cg(Cc(""), "backslashes")
3628     * ((#(parsers.commented_line_letter
3629         - parsers.newline)
3630         * Cb("backslashes")
3631         * Cs(parsers.commented_line_letter
3632             - parsers.newline)^1 -- initial
3633             * Cg(Cc(""), "backslashes"))
3634         + #(parsers.backslash * parsers.backslash)
3635         * Cg((parsers.backslash -- even backslash
3636             * parsers.backslash)^1, "backslashes")
3637     + (parsers.backslash
3638         * (#parsers.percent
3639             * Cb("backslashes")
3640             / function(backslashes)
3641                 return string.rep("\\", #backslashes / 2)
3642             end
3643             * C(parsers.percent)
3644             + #parsers.commented_line_letter
3645             * Cb("backslashes")
3646             * Cc("\\")
3647             * C(parsers.commented_line_letter))
3648             * Cg(Cc(""), "backslashes")))^0
3649     * (#parsers.percent
3650         * Cb("backslashes")
3651         / function(backslashes)

```

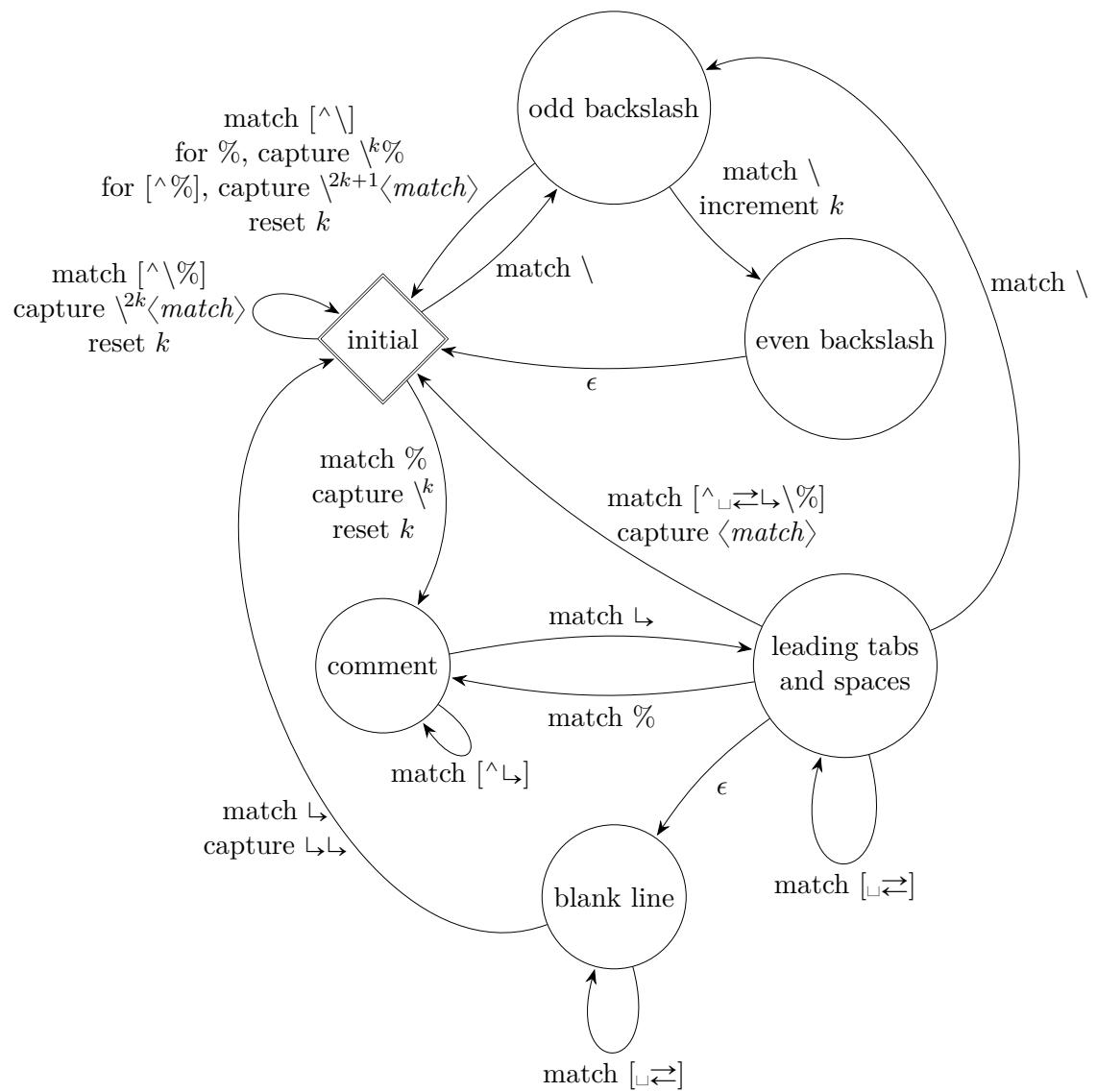


Figure 6: A pushdown automaton that recognizes  $\text{\TeX}$  comments

```

3652         return string.rep("\\\\", #backslashes / 2)
3653     end
3654     * ((parsers.percent -- comment
3655         * parsers.line
3656         * #parsers.blankline) -- blank line
3657         / "\n"
3658         + parsers.percent -- comment
3659         * parsers.line
3660         * parsers.optionalspace) -- leading tabs and spaces
3661     + #(parsers.newline)
3662     * Cb("backslashes")
3663     * C(parsers.newline))
3664
3665     parsers.chunk = parsers.line * (parsers.optionallyindentedline
3666                                     - parsers.blankline)^0
3667
3668     parsers.css_identifier_char = R("AZ", "az", "09") + S("-_")
3669     parsers.css_identifier = (parsers.hash + parsers.period)
3670     * (((parsers.css_identifier_char
3671         - parsers.dash - parsers.digit)
3672         * parsers.css_identifier_char^1)
3673         + (parsers.dash
3674             * (parsers.css_identifier_char
3675                 - parsers.digit)
3676                 * parsers.css_identifier_char^0)))
3677     parsers.attribute_name_char = parsers.any - parsers.space
3678
3679
3680
3681     parsers.attribute_value_char = parsers.any - parsers.dquote
3682
3683
3684 -- block followed by 0 or more optionally
3685 -- indented blocks with first line indented.
3686     parsers.indented_blocks = function(bl)
3687         return Cs( bl
3688             * (parsers.blankline^1 * parsers.indent * -parsers.blankline * bl)^0
3689             * (parsers.blankline^1 + parsers.eof) )
3690     end

```

### 3.1.4.2 Parsers Used for Markdown Lists

```

3691     parsers.bulletchar = C(parsers.plus + parsers.asterisk + parsers.dash)
3692
3693     parsers.bullet = ( parsers.bulletchar * #parsers.spacing
3694                         * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-3)
3695                         + parsers.space * parsers.bulletchar * #parsers.spacing

```

```

3696                                     * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-2)
3697                                     + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.bulletchar
3698                                         * #parsers.spacing
3699                                         * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-1)
3700                                     + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.space
3701                                         * parsers.bulletchar * #parsers.spacing
3702                                     )
3703
3704 local function tickbox(interior)
3705     return parsers.optionalspace * parsers.lbracket
3706         * interior * parsers.rbracket * parsers.spacechar^1
3707 end
3708
3709 parsers.ticked_box = tickbox(S("xX")) * Cc(1.0)
3710 parsers.halfticked_box = tickbox(S("./")) * Cc(0.5)
3711 parsers.unticked_box = tickbox(parsers.spacechar^1) * Cc(0.0)
3712

```

### 3.1.4.3 Parsers Used for Markdown Code Spans

```

3713 parsers.openticks    = Cg(parsers.backtick^1, "ticks")
3714
3715 local function captures_equal_length(s,i,a,b)
3716     return #a == #b and i
3717 end
3718
3719 parsers.closeticks   = parsers.space^-1
3720             * Cmt(C(parsers.backtick^1)
3721                 * Cb("ticks"), captures_equal_length)
3722
3723 parsers.intickschar = (parsers.any - S(" \n\r`"))
3724             + (parsers.newline * -parsers.blankline)
3725             + (parsers.space - parsers.closeticks)
3726             + (parsers.backtick^1 - parsers.closeticks)
3727
3728 parsers.inticks      = parsers.openticks * parsers.space^-1
3729             * C(parsers.intickschar^0) * parsers.closeticks

```

### 3.1.4.4 Parsers Used for Fenced Code Blocks

```

3730 local function captures_geq_length(s,i,a,b)
3731     return #a >= #b and i
3732 end
3733
3734 parsers.infostring    = (parsers.linechar - (parsers.backtick
3735             + parsers.space^1 * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)))^0
3736
3737 local fenceindent

```

```

3738 parsers.fencehead      = function(char)
3739   return
3740   C(parsers.nonindentspace) / function(s) fenceindent = #s end
3741   * Cg(char^3, "fencelength")
3742   * parsers.optionalspace * C(parsers.infostring)
3743   * parsers.optionalspace * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)
3744 end
3745
3746 parsers.fencetail       = function(char)
3747   return
3748   parsers.nonindentspace
3749   * Cmt(C(char^3) * Cb("fencelength"), captures_geq_length)
3750   * parsers.optionalspace * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)
3751   + parsers.eof
3752 end
3753
3754 parsers.fencedline       = function(char)
3755   return
3756   C(parsers.line - parsers.fencetail(char))
3757   / function(s)
3758     i = 1
3759     remaining = fenceindent
3760     while true do
3761       c = s:sub(i, i)
3762       if c == " " and remaining > 0 then
3763         remaining = remaining - 1
3764         i = i + 1
3765       elseif c == "\t" and remaining > 3 then
3766         remaining = remaining - 4
3767         i = i + 1
3768       else
3769         break
3770       end
3771     end
3772   return s:sub(i)
3773 end
3774
3775 end

```

### 3.1.4.5 Parsers Used for Markdown Tags and Links

```

3772 parsers.leader        = parsers.space^-3
3773
3774 -- content in balanced brackets, parentheses, or quotes:
3775 parsers.bracketed      = P{ parsers.lbracket
3776   * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.lbracket
3777   + parsers.rbracket
3778   + parsers.blankline^2)
3779   ) + V(1))^0
3780   * parsers.rbracket }
3781

```

```

3782 parsers.inparens = P{ parsers.lparent
3783           * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.lparent
3784               + parsers.rparent
3785               + parsers.blankline^2)
3786               ) + V(1))^0
3787           * parsers.rparent }

3788
3789 parsers.squoted = P{ parsers.quote * parsers.alphanumeric
3790           * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.quote
3791               + parsers.blankline^2)
3792               ) + V(1))^0
3793           * parsers.quote }

3794
3795 parsers.dquoted = P{ parsers.quote * parsers.alphanumeric
3796           * ((parsers.anyescaped - (parsers.quote
3797               + parsers.blankline^2)
3798               ) + V(1))^0
3799           * parsers.quote }

3800
3801 -- bracketed tag for markdown links, allowing nested brackets:
3802 parsers.tag      = parsers.lbracket
3803           * Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3804               + parsers.bracketed
3805               + parsers.inticks
3806               + (parsers.anyescaped
3807                   - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.blankline^2)))^0)
3808           * parsers.rbracket

3809
3810 -- url for markdown links, allowing nested brackets:
3811 parsers.url      = parsers.less * Cs((parsers.anyescaped
3812           - parsers.more)^0)
3813           * parsers.more
3814           + Cs((parsers.inparens + (parsers.anyescaped
3815               - parsers.spacing
3816               - parsers.rparent))^1)

3817
3818 -- quoted text, possibly with nested quotes:
3819 parsers.title_s  = parsers.quote * Cs(((parsers.anyescaped-parsers.quote)
3820               + parsers.squoted)^0)
3821           * parsers.quote

3822
3823 parsers.title_d  = parsers.quote * Cs(((parsers.anyescaped-parsers.quote)
3824               + parsers.dquoted)^0)
3825           * parsers.quote

3826
3827 parsers.title_p  = parsers.lparent
3828           * Cs((parsers.inparens + (parsers.anyescaped-parsers.rparent))^0)

```

```

3829             * parsers.rparent
3830
3831 parsers.title      = parsers.title_d + parsers.title_s + parsers.title_p
3832
3833 parsers.optionaltitle
3834         = parsers.spnl * parsers.title * parsers.spacechar^0
3835         + Cc("")

```

### 3.1.4.6 Parsers Used for iA Writer Content Blocks

```

3836 parsers.contentblock_tail
3837         = parsers.optionaltitle
3838         * (parsers.newline + parsers.eof)
3839
3840 -- case insensitive online image suffix:
3841 parsers.onlineimagesuffix
3842         = (function(...)
3843             local parser = nil
3844             for _,suffix in ipairs({...}) do
3845                 local pattern=nil
3846                 for i=1,#suffix do
3847                     local char=suffix:sub(i,i)
3848                     char = S(char:lower()..char:upper())
3849                     if pattern == nil then
3850                         pattern = char
3851                     else
3852                         pattern = pattern * char
3853                     end
3854                 end
3855                 if parser == nil then
3856                     parser = pattern
3857                 else
3858                     parser = parser + pattern
3859                 end
3860             end
3861             return parser
3862         end) ("png", "jpg", "jpeg", "gif", "tif", "tiff")
3863
3864 -- online image url for iA Writer content blocks with mandatory suffix,
3865 -- allowing nested brackets:
3866 parsers.onlineimageurl
3867         = (parsers.less
3868             * Cs((parsers.anyescaped
3869                 - parsers.more
3870                 - #(parsers.period
3871                     * parsers.onlineimagesuffix
3872                     * parsers.more

```

```

3873                                     * parsers.contentblock_tail))^0)
3874     * parsers.period
3875     * Cs(parsers.onlineimagesuffix)
3876     * parsers.more
3877     + (Cs((parsers.inparens
3878         + (parsers.anyescaped
3879             - parsers.spacing
3880             - parsers.rparent
3881             - #(parsers.period
3882                 * parsers.onlineimagesuffix
3883                 * parsers.contentblock_tail))))^0)
3884     * parsers.period
3885     * Cs(parsers.onlineimagesuffix))
3886     ) * Cc("onlineimage")
3887
3888 -- filename for iA Writer content blocks with mandatory suffix:
3889 parsers.localfilepath
3890         = parsers.slash
3891         * Cs((parsers.anyescaped
3892             - parsers.tab
3893             - parsers.newline
3894             - #(parsers.period
3895                 * parsers.alphanumeric^1
3896                 * parsers.contentblock_tail))^1)
3897         * parsers.period
3898         * Cs(parsers.alphanumeric^1)
3899         * Cc("localfile")

```

### 3.1.4.7 Parsers Used for Citations

```

3900 parsers.citation_name = Cs(parsers.dash^-1) * parsers.at
3901     * Cs(parsers.citation_chars
3902         * (((parsers.citation_chars + parsers.internal_punctuation
3903             - parsers.comma - parsers.semicolon)
3904             * -#(parsers.internal_punctuation - parsers.comma
3905                 - parsers.semicolon)^0
3906             * -(parsers.citation_chars + parsers.internal_punctuation
3907                 - parsers.comma - parsers.semicolon)))^0
3908         * parsers.citation_chars)^-1)
3909
3910 parsers.citation_body_prenote
3911     = Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3912         + parsers.bracketed
3913         + parsers.inticks
3914         + (parsers.anyescaped
3915             - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.blankline^2))
3916             - (parsers.spnl * parsers.dash^-1 * parsers.at)))^0)

```

```

3917
3918 parsers.citation_body_postnote
3919     = Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3920         + parsers.bracketed
3921         + parsers.inticks
3922         + (parsers.anyescaped
3923             - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.semicolon
3924                 + parsers.blankline^2))
3925             - (parsers.spnl * parsers.rbracket))^0)
3926
3927 parsers.citation_body_chunk
3928     = parsers.citation_body_prenote
3929     * parsers.spnl * parsers.citation_name
3930     * (parsers.internal_punctuation - parsers.semicolon)^-
3931     1
3932     * parsers.spnl * parsers.citation_body_postnote
3933
3934 parsers.citation_body
3935     = parsers.citation_body_chunk
3936     * (parsers.semicolon * parsers.spnl
3937         * parsers.citation_body_chunk)^0
3938
3939 parsers.citation_headless_body_postnote
3940     = Cs((parsers.alphanumeric^1
3941         + parsers.bracketed
3942         + parsers.inticks
3943         + (parsers.anyescaped
3944             - (parsers.rbracket + parsers.at
3945                 + parsers.semicolon + parsers.blankline^2))
3946             - (parsers.spnl * parsers.rbracket))^0)
3947
3948 parsers.citation_headless_body
3949     = parsers.citation_headless_body_postnote
3950     * (parsers.sp * parsers.semicolon * parsers.spnl
3951         * parsers.citation_body_chunk)^0

```

### 3.1.4.8 Parsers Used for Footnotes

```

3951 local function strip_first_char(s)
3952     return s:sub(2)
3953 end
3954
3955 parsers.RawNoteRef = #(parsers.lbracket * parsers.circumflex)
3956     * parsers.tag / strip_first_char

```

### 3.1.4.9 Parsers Used for Tables

```
3957 local function make_pipe_table_rectangular(rows)
```

```

3958 local num_columns = #rows[2]
3959 local rectangular_rows = {}
3960 for i = 1, #rows do
3961   local row = rows[i]
3962   local rectangular_row = {}
3963   for j = 1, num_columns do
3964     rectangular_row[j] = row[j] or ""
3965   end
3966   table.insert(rectangular_rows, rectangular_row)
3967 end
3968 return rectangular_rows
3969 end
3970
3971 local function pipe_table_row(allow_empty_first_column
3972                               , nonempty_column
3973                               , column_separator
3974                               , column)
3975   local row_beginning
3976   if allow_empty_first_column then
3977     row_beginning = -- empty first column
3978           #(parsers.spacechar^4
3979             * column_separator)
3980           * parsers.optionalspace
3981           * column
3982           * parsers.optionalspace
3983           -- non-empty first column
3984           + parsers.nonindentspace
3985           * nonempty_column^-1
3986           * parsers.optionalspace
3987   else
3988     row_beginning = parsers.nonindentspace
3989           * nonempty_column^-1
3990           * parsers.optionalspace
3991 end
3992
3993 return Ct(row_beginning
3994           * (-- single column with no leading pipes
3995             #(column_separator
3996               * parsers.optionalspace
3997               * parsers.newline)
3998               * column_separator
3999               * parsers.optionalspace
4000               -- single column with leading pipes or
4001               -- more than a single column
4002               + (column_separator
4003                 * parsers.optionalspace
4004                 * column

```

```

4005             * parsers.optionalspace)^1
4006             * (column_separator
4007                 * parsers.optionalspace)^-1))
4008 end
4009
4010 parsers.table_hline_separator = parsers.pipe + parsers.plus
4011 parsers.table_hline_column = (parsers.dash
4012             - #(parsers.dash
4013                 * (parsers.spacechar
4014                     + parsers.table_hline_separator
4015                     + parsers.newline)))^1
4016             * (parsers.colon * Cc("r"))
4017                 + parsers.dash * Cc("d"))
4018             + parsers.colon
4019             * (parsers.dash
4020                 - #(parsers.dash
4021                     * (parsers.spacechar
4022                         + parsers.table_hline_separator
4023                         + parsers.newline)))^1
4024             * (parsers.colon * Cc("c"))
4025                 + parsers.dash * Cc("l"))
4026 parsers.table_hline = pipe_table_row(false
4027             , parsers.table_hline_column
4028             , parsers.table_hline_separator
4029             , parsers.table_hline_column)
4030 parsers.table_caption_beginning = parsers.skipblanklines
4031             * parsers.nonindentspace
4032             * (P("Table")^-1 * parsers.colon)
4033             * parsers.optionalspace

```

### 3.1.4.10 Parsers Used for HTML

```

4034 -- case-insensitive match (we assume s is lowercase). must be single byte encoding
4035 parsers.keyword_exact = function(s)
4036     local parser = P(0)
4037     for i=1,#s do
4038         local c = s:sub(i,i)
4039         local m = c .. upper(c)
4040         parser = parser * S(m)
4041     end
4042     return parser
4043 end
4044
4045 parsers.block_keyword =
4046     parsers.keyword_exact("address") + parsers.keyword_exact("blockquote") +
4047     parsers.keyword_exact("center") + parsers.keyword_exact("del") +
4048     parsers.keyword_exact("dir") + parsers.keyword_exact("div") +

```

```

4049 parsers.keyword_exact("p") + parsers.keyword_exact("pre") +
4050 parsers.keyword_exact("li") + parsers.keyword_exact("ol") +
4051 parsers.keyword_exact("ul") + parsers.keyword_exact("dl") +
4052 parsers.keyword_exact("dd") + parsers.keyword_exact("form") +
4053 parsers.keyword_exact("fieldset") + parsers.keyword_exact("isindex") +
4054 parsers.keyword_exact("ins") + parsers.keyword_exact("menu") +
4055 parsers.keyword_exact("noframes") + parsers.keyword_exact("frameset") +
4056 parsers.keyword_exact("h1") + parsers.keyword_exact("h2") +
4057 parsers.keyword_exact("h3") + parsers.keyword_exact("h4") +
4058 parsers.keyword_exact("h5") + parsers.keyword_exact("h6") +
4059 parsers.keyword_exact("hr") + parsers.keyword_exact("script") +
4060 parsers.keyword_exact("noscript") + parsers.keyword_exact("table") +
4061 parsers.keyword_exact("tbody") + parsers.keyword_exact("tfoot") +
4062 parsers.keyword_exact("thead") + parsers.keyword_exact("th") +
4063 parsers.keyword_exact("td") + parsers.keyword_exact("tr")
4064
4065 -- There is no reason to support bad html, so we expect quoted attributes
4066 parsers.htmlattributevalue
4067 = parsers.squote * (parsers.any - (parsers.blankline
4068 + parsers.squote))^0
4069 * parsers.squote
4070 + parsers.dquote * (parsers.any - (parsers.blankline
4071 + parsers.dquote))^0
4072 * parsers.dquote
4073
4074 parsers.htmlattribute = parsers.spacing^1
4075 * (parsers.alphanumeric + S("_-"))^1
4076 * parsers.sp * parsers.equal * parsers.sp
4077 * parsers.htmlattributevalue
4078
4079 parsers.htmlcomment = P("<!--")
4080 * parsers.optionalspace
4081 * Cs((parsers.any - parsers.optionalspace * P("-->"))^0)
4082 * parsers.optionalspace
4083 * P("-->")
4084
4085 parsers.htmlinstruction = P("<?") * (parsers.any - P("?>"))^0 * P("?>")
4086
4087 parsers.openelt_any = parsers.less * parsers.keyword * parsers.htmlattribute^0
4088 * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4089
4090 parsers.openelt_exact = function(s)
4091   return parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.keyword_exact(s)
4092   * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4093 end
4094
4095 parsers.openelt_block = parsers.sp * parsers.block_keyword

```

```

4096           * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4097
4098 parsers.closeelt_any = parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.slash
4099           * parsers.keyword * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4100
4101 parsers.closeelt_exact = function(s)
4102   return parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.slash * parsers.keyword_exact(s)
4103   * parsers.sp * parsers.more
4104 end
4105
4106 parsers.emptyelt_any = parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.keyword
4107           * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.slash
4108           * parsers.more
4109
4110 parsers.emptyelt_block = parsers.less * parsers.sp * parsers.block_keyword
4111           * parsers.htmlattribute^0 * parsers.sp * parsers.slash
4112           * parsers.more
4113
4114 parsers.displaytext = (parsers.any - parsers.less)^1
4115
4116 -- return content between two matched HTML tags
4117 parsers.in_matched = function(s)
4118   return { parsers.openelt_exact(s)
4119     * (V(1) + parsers.displaytext
4120     + (parsers.less - parsers.closeelt_exact(s)))^0
4121     * parsers.closeelt_exact(s) }
4122 end
4123
4124 local function parse_matched_tags(s,pos)
4125   local t = string.lower(lpeg.match(C(parsers.keyword),s,pos))
4126   return lpeg.match(parsers.in_matched(t),s,pos-1)
4127 end
4128
4129 parsers.in_matched_block_tags = parsers.less
4130           * Cmt(#parsers.openelt_block, parse_matched_tags)
4131
4132 parsers.displayhtml = parsers.htmlcomment / ""
4133           + parsers.emptyelt_block
4134           + parsers.openelt_exact("hr")
4135           + parsers.in_matched_block_tags
4136           + parsers.htmlinstruction

```

### 3.1.4.11 Parsers Used for HTML Entities

```

4137 parsers.hexentity = parsers.ampersand * parsers.hash * S("Xx")
4138           * C(parsers.hexitdigit^1) * parsers.semicolon
4139 parsers.decentity = parsers.ampersand * parsers.hash

```

```

4140             * C(parsers.digit^1) * parsers.semicolon
4141 parsers.tagentity = parsers.ampersand * C(parsers.alphanumeric^1)
4142             * parsers.semicolon

```

### 3.1.4.12 Helpers for References

```

4143 -- parse a reference definition: [foo]: /bar "title"
4144 parsers.define_reference_parser = parsers.leader * parsers.tag * parsers.colon
4145             * parsers.spacechar^0 * parsers.url
4146             * parsers.optionaltitle * parsers.blankline^1

```

### 3.1.4.13 Inline Elements

```

4147 parsersInline      = V("Inline")
4148 parsersIndentedInline = V("IndentedInline")
4149
4150 -- parse many p between starter and ender
4151 parsers.between = function(p, starter, ender)
4152   local ender2 = B(parsers.nonspacechar) * ender
4153   return (starter * #parsers.nonspacechar * Ct(p * (p - ender2)^0) * ender2)
4154 end
4155
4156 parsers.urlchar      = parsers.anyescaped - parsers.newline - parsers.more

```

### 3.1.4.14 Block Elements

```

4157 parsers.Block      = V("Block")
4158
4159 parsers.OnlineImageURL
4160             = parsers.leader
4161             * parsers.onlineimageurl
4162             * parsers.optionaltitle
4163
4164 parsers.LocalFilePath
4165             = parsers.leader
4166             * parsers.localfilepath
4167             * parsers.optionaltitle
4168
4169 parsers.TildeFencedCode
4170             = parsers.fencehead(parsers.tilde)
4171             * Cs(parsers.fencedline(parsers.tilde)^0)
4172             * parsers.fencetail(parsers.tilde)
4173
4174 parsers.BacktickFencedCode
4175             = parsers.fencehead(parsers.backtick)
4176             * Cs(parsers.fencedline(parsers.backtick)^0)
4177             * parsers.fencetail(parsers.backtick)
4178

```

```

4179 parsers.JekyllFencedCode
4180     = parsers.fencehead(parsers.dash)
4181     * Cs(parsers.fencedline(parsers.dash)^0)
4182     * parsers.fencetail(parsers.dash)
4183
4184 parsers.lineof = function(c)
4185     return (parsers.leader * (P(c) * parsers.optionalspace)^3
4186         * (parsers.newline * parsers.blankline^1
4187             + parsers.newline^-1 * parsers.eof))
4188 end

```

### 3.1.4.15 Lists

```

4189 parsers.defstartchar = S("~:")
4190 parsers.defstart      = ( parsers.defstartchar * #parsers.spacing
4191                           * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-
4192                               3)
4193                           + parsers.space * parsers.defstartchar * #parsers.spacing
4194                           * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-2)
4195                           + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.defstartchar
4196                           * #parsers.spacing
4197                           * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-1)
4198                           + parsers.space * parsers.space * parsers.space
4199                           * parsers.defstartchar * #parsers.spacing
4200 )
4201
4201 parsers.dlchunk = Cs(parsers.line * (parsers.indentedline - parsers.blankline)^0)

```

### 3.1.4.16 Headings

```

4202 parsers.heading_attribute = C(parsers.css_identifier)
4203     + C((parsers.attribute_name_char
4204         - parsers.rbrace)^1
4205         * parsers.equal
4206         * (parsers.attribute_value_char
4207             - parsers.rbrace)^1)
4208 parsers.HeadingAttributes = parsers.lbrace
4209     * parsers.heading_attribute
4210     * (parsers.spacechar^1
4211         * parsers.heading_attribute)^0
4212     * parsers.rbrace
4213
4214 -- parse Atx heading start and return level
4215 parsers.HeadingStart = #parsers.hash * C(parsers.hash^-6)
4216     * -parsers.hash / length
4217
4218 -- parse setext header ending and return level
4219 parsers.HeadingLevel = parsers.equal^1 * Cc(1) + parsers.dash^1 * Cc(2)

```

```

4220
4221 local function strip_atx_end(s)
4222   return s:gsub("#%s*\n$","")
4223 end

```

### 3.1.5 Markdown Reader

This section documents the `reader` object, which implements the routines for parsing the markdown input. The object corresponds to the markdown reader object that was located in the `lunamark/reader/markdown.lua` file in the Lunamark Lua module.

Although not specified in the Lua interface (see Section 2.1 on page 6), the `reader` object is exported, so that the curious user could easily tinker with the methods of the objects produced by the `reader.new` method described below. The user should be aware, however, that the implementation may change in a future revision.

The `reader.new` method creates and returns a new TeX reader object associated with the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) `options` and with a writer object `writer`. When `options` are unspecified, it is assumed that an empty table was passed to the method.

The objects produced by the `reader.new` method expose instance methods and variables of their own. As a convention, I will refer to these  $\langle member \rangle$ s as `reader->member`.

```

4224 M.reader = {}
4225 function M.reader.new(writer, options)
4226   local self = {}
4227   options = options or {}

```

Make the `options` table inherit from the `defaultOptions` table.

```

4228   setmetatable(options, { __index = function (_, key)
4229     return defaultOptions[key] end })

```

**3.1.5.1 Top-Level Helper Functions** Define `normalize_tag` as a function that normalizes a markdown reference tag by lowercasing it, and by collapsing any adjacent whitespace characters.

```

4230 local function normalize_tag(tag)
4231   return string.lower(
4232     gsub(util.rope_to_string(tag), "[\n\r\t]+", " "))
4233 end

```

Define `iterlines` as a function that iterates over the lines of the input string `s`, transforms them using an input function `f`, and reassembles them into a new string, which it returns.

```

4234 local function iterlines(s, f)
4235   rope = lpeg.match(Ct((parsers.line / f)^1), s)
4236   return util.rope_to_string(rope)
4237 end

```

Define `expandtabs` either as an identity function, when the `preserveTabs` Lua interface option is enabled, or to a function that expands tabs into spaces otherwise.

```

4238 local expandtabs
4239 if options.preserveTabs then
4240     expandtabs = function(s) return s end
4241 else
4242     expandtabs = function(s)
4243         if s:find("\t") then
4244             return iterlines(s, util.expand_tabs_in_line)
4245         else
4246             return s
4247         end
4248     end
4249 end

```

The `larsers` (as in ‘`local \luamref{parsers}''`) hash table stores `\acro{peg}` patterns, which impedes their reuse between different `reader` objects.

```
4250 local larsers = {}
```

### 3.1.5.2 Top-Level Parser Functions

```

4251 local function create_parser(name, grammar, toplevel)
4252     return function(str)

```

If the parser is top-level and the `stripIndent` Lua option is enabled, we will first expand tabs in the input string `str` into spaces and then we will count the minimum indent across all lines, skipping blank lines. Next, we will remove the minimum indent from all lines.

```

4253     if toplevel and options.stripIndent then
4254         local min_prefix_length, min_prefix = nil, ''
4255         str = iterlines(str, function(line)
4256             if lpeg.match(parsers.nonemptyline, line) == nil then
4257                 return line
4258             end
4259             line = util.expand_tabs_in_line(line)
4260             prefix = lpeg.match(C(parsers.optionalspace), line)
4261             local prefix_length = #prefix
4262             local is_shorter = min_prefix_length == nil
4263             is_shorter = is_shorter or prefix_length < min_prefix_length
4264             if is_shorter then
4265                 min_prefix_length, min_prefix = prefix_length, prefix
4266             end
4267             return line
4268         end)
4269         str = str:gsub('^-' .. min_prefix, '')
4270     end

```

If the parser is top-level and the `texComments` or `hybrid` Lua options are enabled, we will strip all plain TeX comments from the input string `str` together with the trailing newline characters.

```
4271     if toplevel and (options.texComments or options.hybrid) then
4272         str = lpeg.match(Ct(parserscommented_line^1), str)
4273         str = util.rope_to_string(str)
4274     end
4275     local res = lpeg.match(grammar(), str)
4276     if res == nil then
4277         error(format("%s failed on:\n%s", name, str:sub(1,20)))
4278     else
4279         return res
4280     end
4281 end
4282
4283
4284 local parse_blocks
4285     = create_parser("parse_blocks",
4286                     function()
4287                         return larsers.blocks
4288                     end, false)
4289
4290 local parse_blocks_toplevel
4291     = create_parser("parse_blocks_toplevel",
4292                     function()
4293                         return larsers.blocks_toplevel
4294                     end, true)
4295
4296 local parse_inlines
4297     = create_parser("parse_inlines",
4298                     function()
4299                         return larsers.inlines
4300                     end, false)
4301
4302 local parse_inlines_no_link
4303     = create_parser("parse_inlines_no_link",
4304                     function()
4305                         return larsers.inlines_no_link
4306                     end, false)
4307
4308 local parse_inlines_no_inline_note
4309     = create_parser("parse_inlines_no_inline_note",
4310                     function()
4311                         return larsers.inlines_no_inline_note
4312                     end, false)
4313
4314 local parse_inlines_no_html
```

```

4315     = create_parser("parse_inlines_no_html",
4316                         function()
4317                             return larsers.inlines_no_html
4318                         end, false)
4319
4320     local parse_inlines_nbsp
4321     = create_parser("parse_inlines_nbsp",
4322                         function()
4323                             return larsers.inlines_nbsp
4324                         end, false)

```

### 3.1.5.3 Parsers Used for Markdown Lists (local)

```

4325     if options.hashEnumerators then
4326         larsers.dig = parsers.digit + parsers.hash
4327     else
4328         larsers.dig = parsers.digit
4329     end
4330
4331     larsers.enumerator = C(larsers.dig^3 * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing
4332             + C(larsers.dig^2 * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing
4333                     * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^1)
4334             + C(larsers.dig * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing
4335                     * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-2)
4336             + parsers.space * C(larsers.dig^2 * parsers.period)
4337                     * #parsers.spacing
4338             + parsers.space * C(larsers.dig * parsers.period)
4339                     * #parsers.spacing
4340                     * (parsers.tab + parsers.space^-1)
4341             + parsers.space * parsers.space * C(larsers.dig^1
4342                     * parsers.period) * #parsers.spacing

```

### 3.1.5.4 Parsers Used for Blockquotes (local)

```

4343     -- strip off leading > and indents, and run through blocks
4344     larsers.blockquote_body = ((parsers.leader * parsers.more * parsers.space^-
4345     1)///
4346                     * parsers.linechar^0 * parsers.newline)^1
4347                     * (-(parsers.leader * parsers.more
4348                         + parsers.blankline) * parsers.linechar^1
4349                         * parsers.newline)^0
4350
4351     if not options.breakableBlockquotes then
4352         larsers.blockquote_body = larsers.blockquote_body
4353                     * (parsers.blankline^0 / "")
4354     end

```

### 3.1.5.5 Parsers Used for Citations (local)

```
4354 larsers.citations = function(text_cites, raw_cites)
4355     local function normalize(str)
4356         if str == "" then
4357             str = nil
4358         else
4359             str = (options.citationNbsps and parse_inlines_nbsp or
4360                   parse_inlines)(str)
4361         end
4362         return str
4363     end
4364
4365     local cites = {}
4366     for i = 1,#raw_cites,4 do
4367         cites[#cites+1] = {
4368             prenote = normalize(raw_cites[i]),
4369             suppress_author = raw_cites[i+1] == "-",
4370             name = writer.citation(raw_cites[i+2]),
4371             postnote = normalize(raw_cites[i+3]),
4372         }
4373     end
4374     return writer.citations(text_cites, cites)
4375 end
```

### 3.1.5.6 Parsers Used for Footnotes (local)

```
4376 local rawnotes = {}
4377
4378 -- like indirect_link
4379 local function lookup_note(ref)
4380     return writer.defer_call(function()
4381         local found = rawnotes[normalize_tag(ref)]
4382         if found then
4383             return writer.note(parse_blocks_toplevel(found))
4384         else
4385             return {"[", parse_inlines("^" .. ref), "]"}
4386         end
4387     end)
4388 end
4389
4390 local function register_note(ref, rawnote)
4391     rawnotes[normalize_tag(ref)] = rawnote
4392     return ""
4393 end
4394
4395 larsers.NoteRef      = parsers.RawNoteRef / lookup_note
4396
```

```

4397 larsers.NoteBlock = parsers.leader * parsers.RawNoteRef * parsers.colon
4398           * parsers.spnl * parsers.indented_blocks(parsers.chunk)
4399           / register_note
4400
4401 larsers_INLINE_NOTE = parsers.circumflex
4402           * (parsers.tag / parse_inlines_no_inline_note) -- no notes inside
4403           / writer.note

```

### 3.1.5.7 Parsers Used for Tables (local)

```

4405 larsers.table_row = pipe_table_row(true
4406           , (C((parsers.linechar - parsers.pipe)^1)
4407             / parse_inlines)
4408           , parsers.pipe
4409           , (C((parsers.linechar - parsers.pipe)^0)
4410             / parse_inlines))
4411
4412 if options.tableCaptions then
4413   larsers.table_caption = #parsers.table_caption_beginning
4414     * parsers.table_caption_beginning
4415     * Ct(parsers.IndentedInline^1)
4416     * parsers.newline
4417 else
4418   larsers.table_caption = parsers.fail
4419 end
4420
4421 larsers.PipeTable = Ct(larsers.table_row * parsers.newline
4422           * parsers.table_hline
4423           * (parsers.newline * larsers.table_row)^0)
4424           / make_pipe_table_rectangular
4425           * larsers.table_caption^-1
4426           / writer.table

```

### 3.1.5.8 Helpers for Links and References (local)

```

4427 -- List of references defined in the document
4428 local references
4429
4430 -- add a reference to the list
4431 local function register_link(tag,url,title)
4432   references[normalize_tag(tag)] = { url = url, title = title }
4433   return ""
4434 end
4435
4436 -- lookup link reference and return either
4437 -- the link or nil and fallback text.
4438 local function lookup_reference(label,sps,tag)

```

```

4439     local tagpart
4440     if not tag then
4441         tag = label
4442         tagpart = ""
4443     elseif tag == "" then
4444         tag = label
4445         tagpart = "[]"
4446     else
4447         tagpart = {"[", parse_inlines(tag), "]"}
4448     end
4449     if sps then
4450         tagpart = {sps, tagpart}
4451     end
4452     local r = references[normalize_tag(tag)]
4453     if r then
4454         return r
4455     else
4456         return nil, {"[", parse_inlines(label), "]", tagpart}
4457     end
4458 end
4459
4460 -- lookup link reference and return a link, if the reference is found,
4461 -- or a bracketed label otherwise.
4462 local function indirect_link(label,sps,tag)
4463     return writer.defer_call(function()
4464         local r,fallback = lookup_reference(label,sps,tag)
4465         if r then
4466             return writer.link(parse_inlines_no_link(label), r.url, r.title)
4467         else
4468             return fallback
4469         end
4470     end)
4471 end
4472
4473 -- lookup image reference and return an image, if the reference is found,
4474 -- or a bracketed label otherwise.
4475 local function indirect_image(label,sps,tag)
4476     return writer.defer_call(function()
4477         local r,fallback = lookup_reference(label,sps,tag)
4478         if r then
4479             return writer.image(writer.string(label), r.url, r.title)
4480         else
4481             return {"!", fallback}
4482         end
4483     end)
4484 end

```

### 3.1.5.9 Inline Elements (local)

```
4485 larsers.Str      = (parsers.normalchar * (parsers.normalchar + parsers.at)^0)
4486           / writer.string
4487
4488 larsers.Symbol   = (parsers.specialchar - parsers.tightblocksep)
4489           / writer.string
4490
4491 larsers.Ellipsis = P("...") / writer.ellipsis
4492
4493 larsers.Smart    = larsers.Ellipsis
4494
4495 larsers.Code     = parsers.inticks / writer.code
4496
4497 if options.blankBeforeBlockquote then
4498   larsers.bqstart = parsers.fail
4499 else
4500   larsers.bqstart = parsers.more
4501 end
4502
4503 if options.blankBeforeHeading then
4504   larsers.headerstart = parsers.fail
4505 else
4506   larsers.headerstart = parsers.hash
4507     + (parsers.line * (parsers.equal^1 + parsers.dash^1)
4508       * parsers.optionalspace * parsers.newline)
4509 end
4510
4511 if not options.fencedCode or options.blankBeforeCodeFence then
4512   larsers.fencestart = parsers.fail
4513 else
4514   larsers.fencestart = parsers.fencehead(parsers.backtick)
4515     + parsers.fencehead(parsers.tilde)
4516 end
4517
4518 larsers.Endline   = parsers.newline * -( -- newline, but not before...
4519           parsers.blankline -- paragraph break
4520           + parsers.tightblocksep -- nested list
4521           + parsers.eof      -- end of document
4522           + larsers.bqstart
4523           + larsers.headerstart
4524           + larsers.fencestart
4525           ) * parsers.spacechar^0
4526           / (options.hardLineBreaks and writer.linebreak
4527             or writer.space)
4528
4529 larsers.OptionalIndent
4530   = parsers.spacechar^1 / writer.space
```

```

4531 larsers.Space      = parsers.spacechar^2 * larsers.Endline / writer.linebreak
4532           + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline^-1 * parsers.eof / ""
4533           + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline
4534                     * parsers.optionalspace
4535                     / (options.hardLineBreaks
4536                         and writer.linebreak
4537                         or writer.space)
4538           + parsers.spacechar^1 * parsers.optionalspace
4539                     / writer.space
4540
4541
4542 larsers.NonbreakingEndline
4543           = parsers.newline * -( -- newline, but not before...
4544                     parsers.blankline -- paragraph break
4545                     + parsers.tightblocksep -- nested list
4546                     + parsers.eof      -- end of document
4547                     + larsers.bqstart
4548                     + larsers.headerstart
4549                     + larsers.fencestart
4550           ) * parsers.spacechar^0
4551           / (options.hardLineBreaks and writer.linebreak
4552                           or writer.nbsp)
4553
4554 larsers.NonbreakingSpace
4555           = parsers.spacechar^2 * larsers.Endline / writer.linebreak
4556           + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline^-1 * parsers.eof / ""
4557           + parsers.spacechar^1 * larsers.Endline
4558                     * parsers.optionalspace
4559                     / (options.hardLineBreaks
4560                         and writer.linebreak
4561                         or writer.nbsp)
4562           + parsers.spacechar^1 * parsers.optionalspace
4563                     / writer.nbsp
4564
4565 if options.underscores then
4566   larsers.Strong = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.doubleasterisks,
4567                                         parsers.doubleasterisks)
4568             + parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.doubleunderscores,
4569                                         parsers.doubleunderscores)
4570             ) / writer.strong
4571
4572   larsers.Emph   = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.asterisk,
4573                                         parsers.asterisk)
4574             + parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.underscore,
4575                                         parsers.underscore)
4576             ) / writer.emphasis
4577 else

```

```

4578 larsers.Strong = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.doubleasterisks,
4579                                     parsers.doubleasterisks)
4580                                     ) / writer.strong
4581
4582 larsers.Emph   = ( parsers.between(parsers.Inline, parsers.asterisk,
4583                                     parsers.asterisk)
4584                                     ) / writer.emphasis
4585 end
4586
4587 larsers.AutoLinkUrl    = parsers.less
4588 * C(parsers.alphanumeric^1 * P(":/") * parsers.urlchar^1)
4589 * parsers.more
4590 / function(url)
4591     return writer.link(writer.escape(url), url)
4592 end
4593
4594 larsers.AutoLinkEmail = parsers.less
4595 * C((parsers.alphanumeric + S("-._+"))^1
4596 * P("@") * parsers.urlchar^1)
4597 * parsers.more
4598 / function(email)
4599     return writer.link(writer.escape(email),
4600                           "mailto:..email")
4601 end
4602
4603 larsers.DirectLink    = (parsers.tag / parse_inlines_no_link) -- no links inside link
4604 * parsers.spnl
4605 * parsers.lparent
4606 * (parsers.url + Cc("")) -- link can be empty [foo]()
4607 * parsers.optionaltitle
4608 * parsers.rparent
4609 / writer.link
4610
4611 larsers.IndirectLink = parsers.tag * (C(parsers.spnl) * parsers.tag)^-
1
4612             / indirect_link
4613
4614 -- parse a link or image (direct or indirect)
4615 larsers.Link          = larsers.DirectLink + larsers.IndirectLink
4616
4617 larsers.DirectImage   = parsers.exclamation
4618 * (parsers.tag / parse_inlines)
4619 * parsers.spnl
4620 * parsers.lparent
4621 * (parsers.url + Cc("")) -- link can be empty [foo]()
4622 * parsers.optionaltitle
4623 * parsers.rparent

```

```

4624             / writer.image
4625
4626 larsers.IndirectImage = parsers.exclamation * parsers.tag
4627             * (C(parsers.spnl) * parsers.tag)^-1 / indirect_image
4628
4629 larsers.Image      = larsers.DirectImage + larsers.IndirectImage
4630
4631 larsers.TextCitations = Ct((parsers.spnl
4632             * Cc(""))
4633             * parsers.citation_name
4634             * ((parsers.spnl
4635                 * parsers.lbracket
4636                 * parsers.citation_headless_body
4637                 * parsers.rbracket) + Cc("")))^1)
4638 / function(raw_cites)
4639     return larsers.citations(true, raw_cites)
4640 end
4641
4642 larsers.ParenthesizedCitations
4643     = Ct((parsers.spnl
4644             * parsers.lbracket
4645             * parsers.citation_body
4646             * parsers.rbracket)^1)
4647 / function(raw_cites)
4648     return larsers.citations(false, raw_cites)
4649 end
4650
4651 larsers.Citations      = larsers.TextCitations + larsers.ParenthesizedCitations
4652
4653 -- avoid parsing long strings of * or _ as emph/strong
4654 larsers.UlOrStarLine   = parsers.asterisk^4 + parsers.underscore^4
4655             / writer.string
4656
4657 larsers.EscapedChar    = parsers.backslash * C(parsers.escapable) / writer.string
4658
4659 larsers.InlineHtml     = parsers.emptyelt_any
4660             + (parsers.htmlcomment / parse_inlines_no_html)
4661             / writer.inline_html_comment
4662             + parsers.htmlinstruction
4663             + parsers.openelt_any
4664             + parsers.closeelt_any
4665
4666 larsers.HtmlEntity     = parsers.hexentity / entities.hex_entity / writer.string
4667             + parsers.decentity / entities.dec_entity / writer.string
4668             + parsers.tagentity / entities.char_entity / writer.string

```

### 3.1.5.10 Block Elements (local)

```
4669 larsers.ContentBlock = parsers.leader
4670           * (parsers.localfilepath + parsers.onlineimageurl)
4671           * parsers.contentblock_tail
4672           / writer.contentblock
4673
4674 larsers.DisplayHtml = parsers.displayhtml
4675
4676 larsers.Verbatim     = Cs( (parsers.blanklines
4677           * ((parsers.indentedline - parsers.blankline))^1)^1
4678           ) / expandtabs / writer.verbatim
4679
4680 larsers.FencedCode   = (parsers.TildeFencedCode
4681           + parsers.BacktickFencedCode)
4682           / function(infostring, code)
4683           return writer.fencedCode(writer.string(infostring),
4684                           expandtabs(code))
4685           end
4686
4687 larsers.JekyllData   = P("---")
4688           * parsers.blankline / 0
4689           * #(-parsers.blankline) -- if followed by blank, it's an hrule
4690           * C((parsers.line - P("---") - P("..."))^0)
4691           * (P("---") + P("..."))
4692           / function(text)
4693           local tinyyaml = require("markdown-tinyyaml")
4694           data = tinyyaml.parse(text,{timestamps=false})
4695           return writer.jekyllData(data, function(s)
4696               return parse_blocks(s)
4697           end, nil)
4698           end
4699
4700 larsers.Blockquote    = Cs(larsers.blockquote_body^1)
4701           / parse_blocks_toplevel / writer.blockquote
4702
4703 larsers.HorizontalRule = ( parsers.lineof(parsers.asterisk)
4704           + parsers.lineof(parsers.dash)
4705           + parsers.lineof(parsers.underscore)
4706           ) / writer.hrule
4707
4708 larsers.Reference     = parsers.define_reference_parser / register_link
4709
4710 larsers.Paragraph     = parsers.nonindentspace * Ct(parsers.Inline^1)
4711           * parsers.newline
4712           * ( parsers.blankline^1
4713           + #parsers.hash
```

```

4714           + #(parsers.leader * parsers.more * parsers.space^-1)
4715           )
4716           / writer.paragraph
4717
4718 larsers.ToplevelParagraph
4719     = parsers.nonindentspace * Ct(parsers.Inline^1)
4720     * ( parsers.newline
4721     * ( parsers.blankline^1
4722     + #parsers.hash
4723     + #(parsers.leader * parsers.more * parsers.space^-1)
4724           + parsers.eof
4725           )
4726           + parsers.eof )
4727           / writer.paragraph
4728
4729 larsers.Plain      = parsers.nonindentspace * Ct(parsers.Inline^1)
4730           / writer.plain

```

### 3.1.5.11 Lists (local)

```

4731 larsers.starter = parsers.bullet + larsers.enumerator
4732
4733 if options.taskLists then
4734   larsers.tickbox = ( parsers.ticked_box
4735     + parsers.halfticked_box
4736     + parsers.unticked_box
4737   ) / writer.tickbox
4738 else
4739   larsers.tickbox = parsers.fail
4740 end
4741
4742 -- we use \001 as a separator between a tight list item and a
4743 -- nested list under it.
4744 larsers.NestedList          = Cs((parsers.optionallyindentedline
4745                           - larsers.starter)^1)
4746                           / function(a) return "\001"..a end
4747
4748 larsers.ListBlockLine       = parsers.optionallyindentedline
4749                           - parsers.blankline - (parsers.indent^-1
4750                           * larsers.starter)
4751
4752 larsers.ListBlock          = parsers.line * larsers.ListBlockLine^0
4753
4754 larsers.ListContinuationBlock = parsers.blanklines * (parsers.indent / "")
4755                           * larsers.ListBlock

```

```

4756 larsers.TightListItem = function(starter)
4757     return -larsers.HorizontalRule
4758     * (Cs(starter / "" * larsers.tickbox^-1 * larsers.ListBlock * larsers.Nest
4759 1)
4760         / parse_blocks)
4761         * -(parsers.blanklines * parsers.indent)
4762 end
4763
4764 larsers.LooseListItem = function(starter)
4765     return -larsers.HorizontalRule
4766     * Cs( starter / "" * larsers.tickbox^-1 * larsers.ListBlock * Cc("\n")
4767     * (larsers.NestedList + larsers.ListContinuationBlock^0)
4768     * (parsers.blanklines / "\n\n")
4769     ) / parse_blocks
4770 end
4771
4772 larsers.BulletList = ( Ct(larsers.TightListItem(parsers.bullet)^1) * Cc(true)
4773             * parsers.skipblanklines * -parsers.bullet
4774             + Ct(larsers.LooseListItem(parsers.bullet)^1) * Cc(false)
4775             * parsers.skipblanklines )
4776             / writer.bulletlist
4777
4778 local function ordered_list(items,tight,startNumber)
4779     if options.startNumber then
4780         startNumber = tonumber(startNumber) or 1 -- fallback for '#'
4781         if startNumber ~= nil then
4782             startNumber = math.floor(startNumber)
4783         end
4784     else
4785         startNumber = nil
4786     end
4787     return writer.orderedlist(items,tight,startNumber)
4788 end
4789
4790 larsers.OrderedList = Cg(larsers.enumerator, "listtype") *
4791             ( Ct(larsers.TightListItem(Cb("listtype")))
4792                 * larsers.TightListItem(larsers.enumerator)^0)
4793                 * Cc(true) * parsers.skipblanklines * -larsers.enumerator
4794                 + Ct(larsers.LooseListItem(Cb("listtype")))
4795                     * larsers.LooseListItem(larsers.enumerator)^0)
4796                     * Cc(false) * parsers.skipblanklines
4797                     ) * Cb("listtype") / ordered_list
4798
4799 local function definition_list_item(term, defs, tight)
4800     return { term = parse_inlines(term), definitions = defs }
4801 end

```

```

4802
4803 larsers.DefinitionListItemLoose = C(parsers.line) * parsers.skipblanklines
4804 * Ct((parsers.defstart
4805 * parsers.indented_blocks(parsers.dlchunk)
4806 / parse_blocks_toplevel)^1)
4807 * Cc(false) / definition_list_item
4808
4809 larsers.DefinitionListItemTight = C(parsers.line)
4810 * Ct((parsers.defstart * parsers.dlchunk
4811 / parse_blocks)^1)
4812 * Cc(true) / definition_list_item
4813
4814 larsers.DefinitionList = ( Ct(larsers.DefinitionListItemLoose^1) * Cc(false)
4815 + Ct(larsers.DefinitionListItemTight^1)
4816 * (parsers.skipblanklines
4817 * -larsers.DefinitionListItemLoose * Cc(true))
4818 ) / writer.definitionlist

```

### 3.1.5.12 Blank (local)

```

4819 larsers.Blank = parsers.blankline / ""
4820 + larsers.NoteBlock
4821 + larsers.Reference
4822 + (parsers.tightblocksep / "\n")

```

### 3.1.5.13 Headings (local)

```

4823 -- parse atx header
4824 if options.headerAttributes then
4825   larsers.AtxHeading = Cg(parsers.HeadingStart,"level")
4826   * parsers.optionalspace
4827   * (C(((parsers.linechar
4828     - ((parsers.hash^1
4829       * parsers.optionalspace
4830       * parsers.HeadingAttributes^-1
4831       + parsers.HeadingAttributes)
4832       * parsers.optionalspace
4833       * parsers.newline))
4834     * (parsers.linechar
4835       - parsers.hash
4836       - parsers.lbrace)^0)^1)
4837     / parse_inlines)
4838   * Cg(Ct(parsers.newline
4839     + (parsers.hash^1
4840       * parsers.optionalspace
4841       * parsers.HeadingAttributes^-1
4842       + parsers.HeadingAttributes)
4843     * parsers.optionalspace

```

```

4844           * parsers.newline), "attributes")
4845           * Cb("level")
4846           * Cb("attributes")
4847           / writer.heading
4848
4849 larsers.SetextHeading = #(parsers.line * S("=-"))
4850           * (C(((parsers.linechar
4851               - (parsers.HeadingAttributes
4852                   * parsers.optionalspace
4853                   * parsers.newline)))
4854               * (parsers.linechar
4855                   - parsers.lbrace)^0)^1)
4856           / parse_inlines)
4857           * Cg(Ct(parsers.newline
4858               + (parsers.HeadingAttributes
4859                   * parsers.optionalspace
4860                   * parsers.newline)), "attributes")
4861           * parsers.HeadingLevel
4862           * Cb("attributes")
4863           * parsers.optionalspace
4864           * parsers.newline
4865           / writer.heading
4866 else
4867     larsers.AtxHeading = Cg(parsers.HeadingStart,"level")
4868           * parsers.optionalspace
4869           * (C(parsers.line) / strip_atx_end / parse_inlines)
4870           * Cb("level")
4871           / writer.heading
4872
4873     larsers.SetextHeading = #(parsers.line * S("=-"))
4874           * Ct(parsers.linechar^1 / parse_inlines)
4875           * parsers.newline
4876           * parsers.HeadingLevel
4877           * parsers.optionalspace
4878           * parsers.newline
4879           / writer.heading
4880 end
4881
4882 larsers.Heading = larsers.AtxHeading + larsers.SetextHeading

```

### 3.1.5.14 Syntax Specification

```

4883 local syntax =
4884   { "Blocks",
4885
4886     Blocks           = larsers.Blank^0 * parsers.Block^-1
4887           * (larsers.Blank^0 / writer.interblocksep

```

```

4888 * parsers.Block)^0
4889 * larsers.Blank^0 * parsers.eof,
4890
4891     Blank           = larsers.Blank,
4892
4893     JekyllData      = larsers.JekyllData,
4894
4895     Block            = V("ContentBlock")
4896             + V("JekyllData")
4897             + V("Blockquote")
4898             + V("PipeTable")
4899             + V("Verbatim")
4900             + V("FencedCode")
4901             + V("HorizontalRule")
4902             + V("BulletList")
4903             + V("OrderedList")
4904             + V("Heading")
4905             + V("DefinitionList")
4906             + V("DisplayHtml")
4907             + V("Paragraph")
4908             + V("Plain"),
4909
4910     ContentBlock     = larsers.ContentBlock,
4911     Blockquote       = larsers.Blockquote,
4912     Verbatim          = larsers.Verbatim,
4913     FencedCode        = larsers.FencedCode,
4914     HorizontalRule   = larsers.HorizontalRule,
4915     BulletList        = larsers.BulletList,
4916     OrderedList       = larsers.OrderedList,
4917     Heading           = larsers.Heading,
4918     DefinitionList   = larsers.DefinitionList,
4919     DisplayHtml      = larsers.DisplayHtml,
4920     Paragraph         = larsers.Paragraph,
4921     PipeTable         = larsers.PipeTable,
4922     Plain              = larsers.Plain,
4923
4924     Inline            = V("Str")
4925             + V("Space")
4926             + V("Endline")
4927             + V("U1OrStarLine")
4928             + V("Strong")
4929             + V("Emph")
4930             + V("InlineNote")
4931             + V("NoteRef")
4932             + V("Citations")
4933             + V("Link")
4934             + V("Image")

```

```

4935     + V("Code")
4936     + V("AutoLinkUrl")
4937     + V("AutoLinkEmail")
4938     + V("InlineHtml")
4939     + V("HtmlEntity")
4940     + V("EscapedChar")
4941     + V("Smart")
4942     + V("Symbol"),
4943
4944     IndentedInline = V("Str")
4945             + V("OptionalIndent")
4946             + V("Endline")
4947             + V("UlOrStarLine")
4948             + V("Strong")
4949             + V("Emph")
4950             + V("InlineNote")
4951             + V("NoteRef")
4952             + V("Citations")
4953             + V("Link")
4954             + V("Image")
4955             + V("Code")
4956             + V("AutoLinkUrl")
4957             + V("AutoLinkEmail")
4958             + V("InlineHtml")
4959             + V("HtmlEntity")
4960             + V("EscapedChar")
4961             + V("Smart")
4962             + V("Symbol"),
4963
4964     Str      = larsers.Str,
4965     Space    = larsers.Space,
4966     OptionalIndent = larsers.OptionalIndent,
4967     Endline  = larsers.Endline,
4968     UlOrStarLine = larsers.UlOrStarLine,
4969     Strong   = larsers.Strong,
4970     Emph     = larsers.Emph,
4971     InlineNote = larsers.InlineNote,
4972     NoteRef  = larsers.NoteRef,
4973     Citations = larsers.Citations,
4974     Link     = larsers.Link,
4975     Image    = larsers.Image,
4976     Code     = larsers.Code,
4977     AutoLinkUrl = larsers.AutoLinkUrl,
4978     AutoLinkEmail = larsers.AutoLinkEmail,
4979     InlineHtml = larsers.InlineHtml,
4980     HtmlEntity = larsers.HtmlEntity,
4981     EscapedChar = larsers.EscapedChar,

```

```

4982     Smart          = larsers.Smart,
4983     Symbol         = larsers.Symbol,
4984   }
4985
4986   if not options.citations then
4987     syntax.Citations = parsers.fail
4988   end
4989
4990   if not options.contentBlocks then
4991     syntax.ContentBlock = parsers.fail
4992   end
4993
4994   if not options.codeSpans then
4995     syntax.Code = parsers.fail
4996   end
4997
4998   if not options.definitionLists then
4999     syntax.DefinitionList = parsers.fail
5000   end
5001
5002   if not options.fencedCode then
5003     syntax.FencedCode = parsers.fail
5004   end
5005
5006   if not options.footnotes then
5007     syntax.NoteRef = parsers.fail
5008   end
5009
5010   if not options.html then
5011     syntax.DisplayHtml = parsers.fail
5012     syntax.InlineHtml = parsers.fail
5013     syntax.HtmlEntity = parsers.fail
5014   end
5015
5016   if not options.inlineFootnotes then
5017     syntax.InlineNote = parsers.fail
5018   end
5019
5020   if not options.jekyllData then
5021     syntax.JekyllData = parsers.fail
5022   end
5023
5024   if options.preserveTabs then
5025     options.stripIndent = false
5026   end
5027
5028   if not options.pipeTables then

```

```

5029     syntax.PipeTable = parsers.fail
5030 end
5031
5032 if not options.smartEllipses then
5033     syntax.Smart = parsers.fail
5034 end
5035
5036 local blocks_toplevel_t = util.table_copy(syntax)
5037 blocks_toplevel_t.Paragraph = larsers.ToplevelParagraph
5038 larsers.blocks_toplevel = Ct(blocks_toplevel_t)
5039
5040 larsers.blocks = Ct(syntax)
5041
5042 local inlines_t = util.table_copy(syntax)
5043 inlines_t[1] = "Inlines"
5044 inlines_t.Inlines = parsers.Inline^0 * (parsers.spacing^0 * parsers.eof / "")
5045 larsers.inlines = Ct(inlines_t)
5046
5047 local inlines_no_link_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5048 inlines_no_link_t.Link = parsers.fail
5049 larsers.inlines_no_link = Ct(inlines_no_link_t)
5050
5051 local inlines_no_inline_note_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5052 inlines_no_inline_note_t.InlineNote = parsers.fail
5053 larsers.inlines_no_inline_note = Ct(inlines_no_inline_note_t)
5054
5055 local inlines_no_html_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5056 inlines_no_html_t.DisplayHtml = parsers.fail
5057 inlines_no_html_tInlineHtml = parsers.fail
5058 inlines_no_html_t.HtmlEntity = parsers.fail
5059 larsers.inlines_no_html = Ct(inlines_no_html_t)
5060
5061 local inlines_nbsp_t = util.table_copy(inlines_t)
5062 inlines_nbsp_t.Endline = larsers.NonbreakingEndline
5063 inlines_nbsp_t.Space = larsers.NonbreakingSpace
5064 larsers.inlines_nbsp = Ct(inlines_nbsp_t)

```

**3.1.5.15 Exported Conversion Function** Define `reader->convert` as a function that converts markdown string `input` into a plain T<sub>E</sub>X output and returns it. Note that the converter assumes that the input has UNIX line endings.

```

5065 function self.convert(input)
5066     references = {}

```

When determining the name of the cache file, create salt for the hashing function out of the package version and the passed options recognized by the Lua interface (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7). The `cacheDir` option is disregarded.

```

5067     local opt_string = {}
5068     for k,_ in pairs(defaultOptions) do
5069         local v = options[k]
5070         if k ~= "cacheDir" then
5071             opt_string[#opt_string+1] = k .. "=" .. tostring(v)
5072         end
5073     end
5074     table.sort(opt_string)
5075     local salt = table.concat(opt_string, ",") .. "," .. metadata.version
5076     local output

```

If we cache markdown documents, produce the cache file and transform its filename to plain TeX output via the `writer->pack` method.

```

5077     local function convert(input)
5078         local document = parse_blocks_toplevel(input)
5079         return util.rope_to_string(writer.document(document))
5080     end
5081     if options.eagerCache or options.finalizeCache then
5082         local name = util.cache(options.cacheDir, input, salt, convert, ".md" .. writer.su
5083         output = writer.pack(name)

```

Otherwise, return the result of the conversion directly.

```

5084     else
5085         output = convert(input)
5086     end

```

If the `finalizeCache` option is enabled, populate the frozen cache in the file `frozenCacheFileName` with an entry for markdown document number `frozenCacheCounter`.

```

5087     if options.finalizeCache then
5088         local file, mode
5089         if options.frozenCacheCounter > 0 then
5090             mode = "a"
5091         else
5092             mode = "w"
5093         end
5094         file = assert(io.open(options.frozenCacheFileName, mode),
5095             [[could not open file ]] .. options.frozenCacheFileName
5096             .. [[ for writing]])
5097         assert(file:write([[\expandafter\global\expandafter\def\csname ]]
5098             .. [[markdownFrozenCache]] .. options.frozenCacheCounter
5099             .. [[\endcsname[]] .. output .. [[]] .. "\n")))
5100         assert(file:close())
5101     end
5102     return output
5103   end
5104   return self
5105 end

```

### 3.1.6 Conversion from Markdown to Plain $\text{\TeX}$

The `new` method returns the `reader->convert` function of a reader object associated with the Lua interface options (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7) `options` and with a writer object associated with `options`.

```
5106 function M.new(options)
5107   local writer = M.writer.new(options)
5108   local reader = M.reader.new(writer, options)
5109   return reader.convert
5110 end
5111
5112 return M
```

### 3.1.7 Command-Line Implementation

The command-line implementation provides the actual conversion routine for the command-line interface described in Section 2.1.5 on page 20.

```
5113
5114 local input
5115 if input_filename then
5116   local input_file = assert(io.open(input_filename, "r"),
5117     [[could not open file ]] .. input_filename .. [[" for reading]])
5118   input = assert(input_file:read("*a"))
5119   assert(input_file:close())
5120 else
5121   input = assert(io.read("*a"))
5122 end
5123
```

First, ensure that the `options.cacheDir` directory exists.

```
5124 local lfs = require("lfs")
5125 if options.cacheDir and not lfs.isdir(options.cacheDir) then
5126   assert(lfs.mkdir(options["cacheDir"]))
5127 end
5128
5129 local ran_ok, kpse = pcall(require, "kpse")
5130 if ran_ok then kpse.set_program_name("luatex") end
5131 local md = require("markdown")
```

Since we are loading the rest of the Lua implementation dynamically, check that both the `markdown` module and the command line implementation are the same version.

```
5132 if metadata.version ~= md.metadata.version then
5133   warn("markdown-cli.lua " .. metadata.version .. " used with " ..
5134         "markdown.lua " .. md.metadata.version .. ".")
5135 end
5136 local convert = md.new(options)
```

Since the Lua converter expects UNIX line endings, normalize the input. Also add a line ending at the end of the file in case the input file has none.

```
5137 local output = convert(input:gsub("\r\n?", "\n") .. "\n")
5138
5139 if output_filename then
5140   local output_file = assert(io.open(output_filename, "w"),
5141     [[could not open file ]] .. output_filename .. [" for writing]])
5142   assert(output_file:write(output))
5143   assert(output_file:close())
5144 else
5145   assert(io.write(output))
5146 end
```

## 3.2 Plain TeX Implementation

The plain TeX implementation provides macros for the interfacing between TeX and Lua and for the buffering of input text. These macros are then used to implement the macros for the conversion from markdown to plain TeX exposed by the plain TeX interface (see Section 2.2 on page 23).

### 3.2.1 Logging Facilities

```
5147 \ifx\markdownInfo\undefined
5148   \def\markdownInfo#1{%
5149     \immediate\write-1{(.\the\inputlineno) markdown.tex info: #1}}%
5150 \fi
5151 \ifx\markdownWarning\undefined
5152   \def\markdownWarning#1{%
5153     \immediate\write16{(.\the\inputlineno) markdown.tex warning: #1}}%
5154 \fi
5155 \ifx\markdownError\undefined
5156   \def\markdownError#1#2{%
5157     \errhelp{#2.}%
5158     \errmessage{(.\the\inputlineno) markdown.tex error: #1}}%
5159 \fi
```

### 3.2.2 Finalizing and Freezing the Cache

When the `\markdownOptionFinalizeCache` option is enabled, then the `\markdownFrozenCacheCounter` counter is used to enumerate the markdown documents using the Lua interface `frozenCacheCounter` option.

When the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` option is enabled, then the `\markdownFrozenCacheCounter` counter is used to render markdown documents from the frozen cache without invoking Lua.

```
5160 \newcount\markdownFrozenCacheCounter
```

### 3.2.3 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following definitions should be considered placeholder.

```
5161 \def\markdownRendererInterblockSeparatorPrototype{\par}%
5162 \def\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{\hfil\break}%
5163 \let\markdownRendererEllipsisPrototype\dots
5164 \def\markdownRendererNbspPrototype{~}%
5165 \def\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{\char`{\}%
5166 \def\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{\char`{\}}%
5167 \def\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{\char`$}%
5168 \def\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{\char`%}%
5169 \def\markdownRendererAmpersandPrototype{\&}%
5170 \def\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{\char`_}%
5171 \def\markdownRendererHashPrototype{\char`#}%
5172 \def\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{\char`^}%
5173 \def\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{\char`\\}%
5174 \def\markdownRendererTildePrototype{\char`~}%
5175 \def\markdownRendererPipePrototype{|}%
5176 \def\markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype#1{{\tt#1}}%
5177 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype#1#2#3#4{#2}%
5178 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
5179   \markdownInput{#3}}%
5180 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImagePrototype{%
5181   \markdownRendererImage}%
5182 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockCodePrototype#1#2#3#4#5{%
5183   \markdownRendererInputFencedCode{#3}{#2}}%
5184 \def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{#2}%
5185 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{}%
5186 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{}%
5187 \def\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{}%
5188 \def\markdownRendererUlItemEndPrototype{}%
5189 \def\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{}%
5190 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{}%
5191 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{}%
5192 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype{}%
5193 \def\markdownRendererOlItemPrototype{}%
5194 \def\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype#1{}%
5195 \def\markdownRendererOlItemEndPrototype{}%
5196 \def\markdownRendererOlEndPrototype{}%
5197 \def\markdownRendererOlEndTightPrototype{}%
5198 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype{}%
5199 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype{}%
5200 \def\markdownRendererDlItemPrototype#1{#1}%
5201 \def\markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype{}%
5202 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionBeginPrototype{}%
5203 \def\markdownRendererDlDefinitionEndPrototype{\par}%
5204 \def\markdownRendererDlEndPrototype{}%
```

```

5205 \def\markdownRendererD1EndTightPrototype{}%
5206 \def\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype#1{{\it#1}}%
5207 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype#1{{\bf#1}}%
5208 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{\par\begingroup\it}%
5209 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{\endgroup\par}%
5210 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype#1{%
5211   \par{\tt\input#1\relax}\par}%
5212 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype#1#2{%
5213   \markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype{#1}}%
5214 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype#1{#1}%
5215 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype#1{#1}%
5216 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype#1{#1}%
5217 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype#1{#1}%
5218 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype#1{#1}%
5219 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype#1{#1}%
5220 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype{}%
5221 \def\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype{#1}%
5222 \def\markdownRendererCitePrototype#1{}%
5223 \def\markdownRendererTextCitePrototype#1{}%
5224 \def\markdownRendererTickedBoxPrototype{[X]}%
5225 \def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBoxPrototype{[/]}%
5226 \def\markdownRendererUntickedBoxPrototype{[ ]}%

```

### 3.2.4 Lua Snippets

The `\markdownLuaOptions` macro expands to a Lua table that contains the plain TeX options (see Section 2.2.2 on page 25) in a format recognized by Lua (see Section 2.1.2 on page 7).

```

5227 \def\markdownLuaOptions{%
5228 \ifx\markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote\undefined\else
5229   blankBeforeBlockquote = \markdownOptionBlankBeforeBlockquote,
5230 \fi
5231 \ifx\markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence\undefined\else
5232   blankBeforeCodeFence = \markdownOptionBlankBeforeCodeFence,
5233 \fi
5234 \ifx\markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading\undefined\else
5235   blankBeforeHeading = \markdownOptionBlankBeforeHeading,
5236 \fi
5237 \ifx\markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes\undefined\else
5238   breakableBlockquotes = \markdownOptionBreakableBlockquotes,
5239 \fi
5240   cacheDir = "\markdownOptionCacheDir",
5241 \ifx\markdownOptionCitations\undefined\else
5242   citations = \markdownOptionCitations,
5243 \fi
5244 \ifx\markdownOptionCitationNbsps\undefined\else

```

```

5245   citationNbsps = \markdownOptionCitationNbsps,
5246 \fi
5247 \ifx\markdownOptionCodeSpans\undefined\else
5248   codeSpans = \markdownOptionCodeSpans,
5249 \fi
5250 \ifx\markdownOptionContentBlocks\undefined\else
5251   contentBlocks = \markdownOptionContentBlocks,
5252 \fi
5253 \ifx\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap\undefined\else
5254   contentBlocksLanguageMap =
5255     "\markdownOptionContentBlocksLanguageMap",
5256 \fi
5257 \ifx\markdownOptionDefinitionLists\undefined\else
5258   definitionLists = \markdownOptionDefinitionLists,
5259 \fi
5260 \ifx\markdownOptionEagerCache\undefined\else
5261   eagerCache = \markdownOptionEagerCache,
5262 \fi
5263 \ifx\markdownOptionFinalizeCache\undefined\else
5264   finalizeCache = \markdownOptionFinalizeCache,
5265 \fi
5266   frozenCacheFileName = "\markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName",
5267   frozenCacheCounter = \the\markdownFrozenCacheCounter,
5268 \ifx\markdownOptionFootnotes\undefined\else
5269   footnotes = \markdownOptionFootnotes,
5270 \fi
5271 \ifx\markdownOptionFencedCode\undefined\else
5272   fencedCode = \markdownOptionFencedCode,
5273 \fi
5274 \ifx\markdownOptionHardLineBreaks\undefined\else
5275   hardLineBreaks = \markdownOptionHardLineBreaks,
5276 \fi
5277 \ifx\markdownOptionHashEnumerators\undefined\else
5278   hashEnumerators = \markdownOptionHashEnumerators,
5279 \fi
5280 \ifx\markdownOptionHeaderAttributes\undefined\else
5281   headerAttributes = \markdownOptionHeaderAttributes,
5282 \fi
5283 \ifx\markdownOptionHtml\undefined\else
5284   html = \markdownOptionHtml,
5285 \fi
5286 \ifx\markdownOptionHybrid\undefined\else
5287   hybrid = \markdownOptionHybrid,
5288 \fi
5289 \ifx\markdownOptionInlineFootnotes\undefined\else
5290   inlineFootnotes = \markdownOptionInlineFootnotes,
5291 \fi

```

```

5292 \ifx\markdownOptionJekyllData\undefined\else
5293   jekyllData = \markdownOptionJekyllData,
5294 \fi
5295 \ifx\markdownOptionPipeTables\undefined\else
5296   pipeTables = \markdownOptionPipeTables,
5297 \fi
5298 \ifx\markdownOptionPreserveTabs\undefined\else
5299   preserveTabs = \markdownOptionPreserveTabs,
5300 \fi
5301 \ifx\markdownOptionShiftHeadings\undefined\else
5302   shiftHeadings = "\markdownOptionShiftHeadings",
5303 \fi
5304 \ifx\markdownOptionSlice\undefined\else
5305   slice = "\markdownOptionSlice",
5306 \fi
5307 \ifx\markdownOptionSmartEllipses\undefined\else
5308   smartEllipses = \markdownOptionSmartEllipses,
5309 \fi
5310 \ifx\markdownOptionStartNumber\undefined\else
5311   startNumber = \markdownOptionStartNumber,
5312 \fi
5313 \ifx\markdownOptionStripIndent\undefined\else
5314   stripIndent = \markdownOptionStripIndent,
5315 \fi
5316 \ifx\markdownOptionTableCaptions\undefined\else
5317   tableCaptions = \markdownOptionTableCaptions,
5318 \fi
5319 \ifx\markdownOptionTaskLists\undefined\else
5320   taskLists = \markdownOptionTaskLists,
5321 \fi
5322 \ifx\markdownOptionTeXComments\undefined\else
5323   texComments = \markdownOptionTeXComments,
5324 \fi
5325 \ifx\markdownOptionTightLists\undefined\else
5326   tightLists = \markdownOptionTightLists,
5327 \fi
5328 \ifx\markdownOptionUnderscores\undefined\else
5329   underscores = \markdownOptionUnderscores,
5330 \fi}
5331 }%

```

The `\markdownPrepare` macro contains the Lua code that is executed prior to any conversion from markdown to plain  $\text{\TeX}$ . It exposes the `convert` function for the use by any further Lua code.

```
5332 \def\markdownPrepare{%
```

First, ensure that the `\markdownOptionCacheDir` directory exists.

```
5333 local lfs = require("lfs")
```

```

5334 local cacheDir = "\markdownOptionCacheDir"
5335 if not lfs.isdir(cacheDir) then
5336   assert(lfs.mkdir(cacheDir))
5337 end

```

Next, load the `markdown` module and create a converter function using the plain T<sub>E</sub>X options, which were serialized to a Lua table via the `\markdownLuaOptions` macro.

```

5338 local md = require("markdown")
5339 local convert = md.new(\markdownLuaOptions)
5340 }%

```

### 3.2.5 Buffering Markdown Input

The `\markdownIfOption{<name>}{<iftrue>}{<iffalse>}` macro is provided for testing, whether the value of `\markdownOption<name>` is `true`. If the value is `true`, then `<iftrue>` is expanded, otherwise `<iffalse>` is expanded.

```

5341 \def\markdownIfOption#1#2#3{%
5342   \begingroup
5343   \def\next{true}%
5344   \expandafter\ifx\csname markdownOption#1\endcsname\next
5345     \endgroup#2\else\endgroup#3\fi}%

```

The macros `\markdownInputStream` and `\markdownOutputStream` contain the number of the input and output file streams that will be used for the IO operations of the package.

```

5346 \csname newread\endcsname\markdownInputStream
5347 \csname newwrite\endcsname\markdownOutputStream

```

The `\markdownReadAndConvertTab` macro contains the tab character literal.

```

5348 \begingroup
5349   \catcode`\\=12%
5350   \gdef\markdownReadAndConvertTab{\\}%
5351 \endgroup

```

The `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro is largely a rewrite of the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2 <sub>$\varepsilon$</sub>  `\filecontents` macro to plain T<sub>E</sub>X.

```

5352 \begingroup

```

Make the newline and tab characters active and swap the character codes of the backslash symbol (`\`) and the pipe symbol (`|`), so that we can use the backslash as an ordinary character inside the macro definition. Likewise, swap the character codes of the percent sign ('so that we can remove percent signs from the beginning of lines when `\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns` is enabled.

```

5353   \catcode`\\=13%
5354   \catcode`\\=13%
5355   \catcode`|=0%
5356   \catcode`\\=12%

```

```

5357 |catcode`@=14%
5358 |catcode`|=120
5359 |gdef|markdownReadAndConvert#1#2{@
5360   |begingroup@

```

If we are not reading markdown documents from the frozen cache, open the `\markdownOptionInputTempFileName` file for writing.

```

5361 |markdownIf0option{FrozenCache}{}{@
5362   |immediate|openout|markdownOutputStream@
5363     |markdownOptionInputTempFileName|relax@
5364   |markdownInfo{Buffering markdown input into the temporary @
5365     input file "|markdownOptionInputTempFileName" and scanning @
5366     for the closing token sequence "#1"}@
5367 }@

```

Locally change the category of the special plain T<sub>E</sub>X characters to *other* in order to prevent unwanted interpretation of the input. Change also the category of the space character, so that we can retrieve it unaltered.

```

5368 |def|do##1{|catcode`##1=12}|dospecials@
5369 |catcode` |=120
5370 |markdownMakeOther@

```

The `\markdownReadAndConvertStripPercentSigns` macro will process the individual lines of output, stripping away leading percent signs (`\mref{\markdownOptionStripPercentSigns}`).

```

5371 |def|markdownReadAndConvertStripPercentSign##1{@
5372   |markdownIf0option{StripPercentSigns} {@
5373     |if##1%@
5374       |expandafter|expandafter|expandafter@
5375         |markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine@
5376     |else@
5377       |expandafter|expandafter|expandafter@
5378         |markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine@
5379         |expandafter|expandafter|expandafter##1@
5380       |fi@
5381   }{@
5382     |expandafter@
5383       |markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine@
5384       |expandafter##1@
5385   }@
5386 }@

```

The `\markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine` macro will process the individual lines of output. Notice the use of the comments (@) to ensure that the entire macro is at a single line and therefore no (active) newline symbols (^M) are produced.

```

5387 |def|markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine##1#1##2#1##3|relax{@

```

If we are not reading markdown documents from the frozen cache and the ending token sequence does not appear in the line, store the line in the

\markdownOptionInputTempFileName file. If we are reading markdown documents from the frozen cache and the ending token sequence does not appear in the line, gobble the line.

```
5388     |ifx|relax##3|relax@
5389         |markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{@
5390             |immediate|write|markdownOutputStream{##1}@
5391         }@
5392     |else@
```

When the ending token sequence appears in the line, make the next newline character close the \markdownOptionInputTempFileName file, return the character categories back to the former state, convert the \markdownOptionInputTempFileName file from markdown to plain TeX, \input the result of the conversion, and expand the ending control sequence.

```
5393     |def^^M{@
5394         |markdownInfo{The ending token sequence was found}@
5395         |markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{@
5396             |immediate|closeout|markdownOutputStream@
5397         }@
5398         |endgroup@
5399         |markdownInput{@
5400             |markdownOptionOutputDir@
5401             / |markdownOptionInputTempFileName@
5402         }@
5403         #2}@
5404     |fi@
```

Repeat with the next line.

```
5405     ^^M}@
```

Make the tab character active at expansion time and make it expand to a literal tab character.

```
5406     |catcode`|^I=13@
5407     |def^^I{|markdownReadAndConvertTab}@
```

Make the newline character active at expansion time and make it consume the rest of the line on expansion. Throw away the rest of the first line and pass the second line to the \markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine macro.

```
5408     |catcode`|^M=13@
5409     |def^^M##1^^M{@
5410         |def^^M####1^^M{@
5411             |markdownReadAndConvertStripPercentSign####1#1#1|relax}@
5412         ^^M}@
5413     ^^M}@
```

Reset the character categories back to the former state.

```
5414 |endgroup
```

### 3.2.6 Lua Shell Escape Bridge

The following  $\text{\TeX}$  code is intended for  $\text{\TeX}$  engines that do not provide direct access to Lua, but expose the shell of the operating system. This corresponds to the `\markdownMode` values of 0 and 1.

The `\markdownLuaExecute` macro defined here and in Section 3.2.7 on page 172 are meant to be indistinguishable to the remaining code.

The package assumes that although the user is not using the  $\text{Lua}\text{\TeX}$  engine, their  $\text{\TeX}$  distribution contains it, and uses shell access to produce and execute Lua scripts using the  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}\text{Lua}$  interpreter [1, Section 3.1.1].

```
5415 \ifnum\markdownMode<2\relax
5416 \ifnum\markdownMode=0\relax
5417   \markdownInfo{Using mode 0: Shell escape via write18}%
5418 \else
5419   \markdownInfo{Using mode 1: Shell escape via os.execute}%
5420 \fi
```

The `\markdownExecuteShellEscape` macro contains the numeric value indicating whether the shell access is enabled (1), disabled (0), or restricted (2).

Inherit the value of the the `\pdfshellescape` ( $\text{Lua}\text{\TeX}$ ,  $\text{Pdft}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ ) or the `\shellescape` ( $\text{X}_{\text{E}}\text{\TeX}$ ) commands. If neither of these commands is defined and Lua is available, attempt to access the `status.shell_escape` configuration item.

If you cannot detect, whether the shell access is enabled, act as if it were.

```
5421 \ifx\pdfshellescape\undefined
5422   \ifx\shellescape\undefined
5423     \ifnum\markdownMode=0\relax
5424       \def\markdownExecuteShellEscape{1}%
5425     \else
5426       \def\markdownExecuteShellEscape{%
5427         \directlua{tex.sprint(status.shell_escape or "1")}%
5428     \fi
5429   \else
5430     \let\markdownExecuteShellEscape\shellescape
5431   \fi
5432 \else
5433   \let\markdownExecuteShellEscape\pdfshellescape
5434 \fi
```

The `\markdownExecuteDirect` macro executes the code it has received as its first argument by writing it to the output file stream 18, if Lua is unavailable, or by using the Lua `os.execute` method otherwise.

```
5435 \ifnum\markdownMode=0\relax
5436   \def\markdownExecuteDirect#1{\immediate\write18{#1}}%
5437 \else
5438   \def\markdownExecuteDirect#1{%
5439     \directlua{os.execute("\luaescapestring{#1}")}%
5440   }
```

```
5440 \fi
```

The `\markdownExecute` macro is a wrapper on top of `\markdownExecuteDirect` that checks the value of `\markdownExecuteShellEscape` and prints an error message if the shell is inaccessible.

```
5441 \def\markdownExecute#1{%
5442   \ifnum\markdownExecuteShellEscape=1\relax
5443     \markdownExecuteDirect{#1}%
5444   \else
5445     \markdownError{I can not access the shell}{Either run the TeX
5446       compiler with the --shell-escape or the --enable-write18 flag,
5447       or set shell_escape=t in the texmf.cnf file}%
5448   \fi}%

```

The `\markdownLuaExecute` macro executes the Lua code it has received as its first argument. The Lua code may not directly interact with the `\TeX` engine, but it can use the `print` function in the same manner it would use the `tex.print` method.

```
5449 \begingroup
```

Swap the category code of the backslash symbol and the pipe symbol, so that we may use the backslash symbol freely inside the Lua code.

```
5450 \catcode`\|=0%
5451 \catcode`\\=12%
5452 \gdef\markdownLuaExecute#1{%
```

Create the file `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` and fill it with the input Lua code prepended with `kpathsea` initialization, so that Lua modules from the `\TeX` distribution are available.

```
5453 |immediate|openout|markdownOutputStream=%
5454   |markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName
5455   |markdownInfo{Writing a helper Lua script to the file
5456     "|markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName"}%
5457   |immediate|write|markdownOutputStream{%
5458     local ran_ok, error = pcall(function()
5459       local ran_ok, kpse = pcall(require, "kpse")
5460       if ran_ok then kpse.set_program_name("luatex") end
5461       #1
5462     end)
```

If there was an error, use the file `\markdownOptionErrorTempFileName` to store the error message.

```
5463   if not ran_ok then
5464     local file = io.open("%
5465       |markdownOptionOutputDir
5466       /|markdownOptionErrorTempFileName", "w")
5467     if file then
5468       file:write(error .. "\n")
5469       file:close()
```

```

5470     end
5471     print('\\markdownError{An error was encountered while executing
5472         Lua code}{For further clues, examine the file
5473             "|markdownOptionOutputDir
5474             /|markdownOptionErrorTempFileName"})')
5475   end}%
5476 |immediate|closeout|markdownOutputStream

```

Execute the generated `\markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName` Lua script using the `TEXLua` binary and store the output in the `\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName` file.

```

5477 |markdownInfo{Executing a helper Lua script from the file
5478     "|markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName" and storing the result in the
5479     file "|markdownOptionOutputTempFileName"}%
5480 |markdownExecute{texlua "|markdownOptionOutputDir
5481     /|markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName" > %
5482     "|markdownOptionOutputDir
5483     /|markdownOptionOutputTempFileName"}%

```

`\input` the generated `\markdownOptionOutputTempFileName` file.

```

5484 |input|markdownOptionOutputTempFileName|relax}%
5485 |endgroup

```

### 3.2.7 Direct Lua Access

The following `TEX` code is intended for `TEX` engines that provide direct access to Lua (`LuaTEX`). The macro `\markdownLuaExecute` defined here and in Section 3.2.6 on page 170 are meant to be indistinguishable to the remaining code. This corresponds to the `\markdownMode` value of 2.

```

5486 \else
5487 |markdownInfo{Using mode 2: Direct Lua access}%

```

The direct Lua access version of the `\markdownLuaExecute` macro is defined in terms of the `\directlua` primitive. The `print` function is set as an alias to the `\tex.print` method in order to mimic the behaviour of the `\markdownLuaExecute` definition from Section 3.2.6 on page 170,

```
5488 \begingroup
```

Swap the category code of the backslash symbol and the pipe symbol, so that we may use the backslash symbol freely inside the Lua code.

```

5489 \catcode`|=0%
5490 \catcode`\|=12%
5491 |gdef|markdownLuaExecute#1{%
5492   |directluaf%
5493   local function print(input)
5494     local output = {}
5495     for line in input:gmatch("[^\\r\\n]+") do

```

```

5496         table.insert(output, line)
5497     end
5498     tex.print(output)
5499   end
5500   #1
5501   }%
5502 }%
5503 |endgroup
5504 \fi

```

### 3.2.8 Typesetting Markdown

The `\markdownInput` macro uses an implementation of the `\markdownLuaExecute` macro to convert the contents of the file whose filename it has received as its single argument from markdown to plain TeX.

```
5505 \begingroup
```

Swap the category code of the backslash symbol and the pipe symbol, so that we may use the backslash symbol freely inside the Lua code.

```

5506 \catcode`|=0%
5507 \catcode`\\=12%
5508 |gdef|\markdownInput#1{%

```

Change the category code of the percent sign ('of the `hybrid` Lua option or a malevolent actor can't produce TeX comments in the plain TeX output of the Markdown package.

```

5509 |begingroup
5510 |catcode`|%=12

```

If we are reading from the frozen cache, input it, expand the corresponding `\markdownFrozenCache<number>` macro, and increment `\markdownFrozenCacheCounter`.

```

5511 |markdownIf0option{FrozenCache}{%
5512   |ifnum|\markdownFrozenCacheCounter=0|relax
5513     |markdownInfo{Reading frozen cache from
5514       "|markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName"}%
5515     |input|markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName|relax
5516   |fi
5517   |markdownInfo{Including markdown document number
5518     "|the|\markdownFrozenCacheCounter" from frozen cache}%
5519   |csname markdownFrozenCache|the|\markdownFrozenCacheCounter|endcsname
5520   |global|advance|\markdownFrozenCacheCounter by 1|relax
5521 }%
5522 |markdownInfo{Including markdown document "#1"}%

```

Attempt to open the markdown document to record it in the `.log` and `.fls` files. This allows external programs such as L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>XMk to track changes to the markdown document.

```

5523 |openin|markdownInputStream#1
5524 |closein|markdownInputStream
5525 |markdownLuaExecute{%
5526     |markdownPrepare
5527     local file = assert(io.open("#1", "r"),
5528         [[could not open file "#1" for reading]])
5529     local input = assert(file:read("*a"))
5530     assert(file:close())

```

Since the Lua converter expects UNIX line endings, normalize the input. Also add a line ending at the end of the file in case the input file has none.

```
5531     print(convert(input:gsub("\r\n?", "\n") .. "\n"))}%
```

If we are finalizing the frozen cache, increment `\markdownFrozenCacheCounter`.

```

5532     |markdownIfOption{FinalizeCache}{%
5533         |global|advance|markdownFrozenCacheCounter by 1|relax
5534     }%
5535 }%
5536 |endgroup
5537 }%
5538 |endgroup

```

### 3.3 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Implementation

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X implementation makes use of the fact that, apart from some subtle differences, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X implements the majority of the plain T<sub>E</sub>X format [9, Section 9]. As a consequence, we can directly reuse the existing plain T<sub>E</sub>X implementation.

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X implementation redefines the plain T<sub>E</sub>X logging macros (see Section 3.2.1 on page 162) to use the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X `\PackageInfo`, `\PackageWarning`, and `\PackageError` macros.

```

5539 \newcommand\markdownInfo[1]{\PackageInfo{markdown}{#1}}%
5540 \newcommand\markdownWarning[1]{\PackageWarning{markdown}{#1}}%
5541 \newcommand\markdownError[2]{\PackageError{markdown}{#1}{#2.}}%
5542 \input markdown/markdown
5543 \def\markdownVersionSpace{ }%
5544 \ProvidesPackage{markdown}[\markdownLastModified\markdownVersionSpace v%
5545   \markdownVersion\markdownVersionSpace markdown renderer]%

```

#### 3.3.1 Logging Facilities

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X implementation redefines the plain T<sub>E</sub>X logging macros (see Section 3.2.1 on page 162) to use the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X `\PackageInfo`, `\PackageWarning`, and `\PackageError` macros.

### 3.3.2 Typesetting Markdown

The `\markdownInputPlainTeX` macro is used to store the original plain TeX implementation of the `\markdownInput` macro. The `\markdownInput` is then redefined to accept an optional argument with options recognized by the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X interface (see Section 2.3.2 on page 43).

```
5546 \let\markdownInputPlainTeX\markdownInput
5547 \renewcommand\markdownInput[2][]{%
5548   \begingroup
5549     \markdownSetup{#1}%
5550     \markdownInputPlainTeX{#2}%
5551   \endgroup}%
```

The `markdown`, and `markdown*` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environments are implemented using the `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro.

```
5552 \renewenvironment{markdown}{%
5553   \markdownReadAndConvert@markdown{}{}}%
5554 \markdownEnd}%
5555 \renewenvironment{markdown*}[1]{%
5556   \markdownSetup{#1}%
5557   \markdownReadAndConvert@markdown*{}{}}%
5558 \markdownEnd}%
5559 \begingroup
```

Locally swap the category code of the backslash symbol with the pipe symbol, and of the left (`{`) and right brace (`}`) with the less-than (`<`) and greater-than (`>`) signs. This is required in order that all the special symbols that appear in the first argument of the `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro have the category code *other*.

```
5560 \catcode`\\=0\catcode`\\<=1\catcode`\\>=2%
5561 \catcode`\\=12\catcode`{|}=12\catcode`|}=12%
5562 \gdef\markdownReadAndConvert@markdown#1<%
5563   \markdownReadAndConvert<\end{markdown#1}>%
5564           <| end<markdown#1>>>%
5565 \endgroup
```

### 3.3.3 Options

The supplied package options are processed using the `\markdownSetup` macro.

```
5566 \DeclareOption*{%
5567   \expandafter\markdownSetup\expandafter{\CurrentOption}}%
5568 \ProcessOptions\relax
```

After processing the options, activate the `renderers` and `rendererPrototypes` keys.

```
5569 \define@key{markdownOptions}{renderers}{%
5570   \setkeys{markdownRenderers}{#1}%
5571   \def\KV@prefix{KV@markdownOptions@}%
5572 \define@key{markdownOptions}{rendererPrototypes}{%
```

```

5573 \setkeys{markdownRendererPrototypes}{#1}%
5574 \def\KV@prefix{KV@markdownOptions@}%

```

**3.3.3.1 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Themes** This section implements example themes provided with the Markdown package.

The `witiko/dot` theme enables the `fencedCode` Lua option:

```

5575 \markdownSetup{fencedCode}%

```

We load the ifthen and grffile packages, see also Section 1.1.3:

```

5576 \RequirePackage{ifthen,grffile}

```

We store the previous definition of the fenced code token renderer prototype:

```

5577 \let\markdown@witiko@dot@oldRendererInputFencedCodePrototype%
5578 \markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype

```

If the infostring starts with `dot` ..., we redefine the fenced code block token renderer prototype, so that it typesets the code block via Graphviz tools if and only if the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain T<sub>E</sub>X option is disabled and the code block has not been previously typeset:

```

5579 \renewcommand{\markdownRendererInputFencedCode}[2]{%
5580   \def\next##1 ##2\relax{%
5581     \ifthenelse{\equal{##1}{dot}}{%
5582       \markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{%
5583         \immediate\write18{%
5584           if ! test -e #1.pdf.source || ! diff #1 #1.pdf.source;%
5585           then%
5586             dot -Tpdf -o #1.pdf #1;%
5587             cp #1 #1.pdf.source;%
5588           fi}}{%

```

We include the typeset image using the image token renderer:

```

5589   \markdownRendererImage{Graphviz image}{#1.pdf}{#1.pdf}{##2}%

```

If the infostring does not start with `dot` ..., we use the previous definition of the fenced code token renderer prototype:

```

5590   }{%
5591     \markdown@witiko@dot@oldRendererInputFencedCodePrototype{#1}{#2}%
5592   }%
5593 }%
5594 \next#2 \relax}%

```

The `witiko/graphicx/http` theme stores the previous definition of the image token renderer prototype:

```

5595 \let\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@oldRendererImagePrototype%
5596 \markdownRendererImagePrototype

```

We load the catchfile and grffile packages, see also Section 1.1.3:

```

5597 \RequirePackage{catchfile,grffile}

```

We define the `\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter` counter to enumerate the images for caching and the `\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@filename` command, which will store the pathname of the file containing the pathname of the downloaded image file.

```
5598 \newcount\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter
5599 \markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter=0
5600 \newcommand\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@filename{%
5601   \markdownOptionCacheDir/witiko_graphicx_http%
5602   .\the\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter}%
```

We define the `\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@download` command, which will receive two arguments that correspond to the URL of the online image and to the pathname, where the online image should be downloaded. The command will produce a shell command that tries to download the online image to the pathname.

```
5603 \newcommand\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@download[2]{%
5604   wget -O #2 #1 || curl --location -o #2 #1 || rm -f #2}
```

We locally swap the category code of the percentage sign with the line feed control character, so that we can use percentage signs in the shell code:

```
5605 \begingroup
5606 \catcode`\%=12
5607 \catcode`\^^A=14
```

We redefine the image token renderer prototype, so that it tries to download an online image.

```
5608 \global\def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{^^A
5609   \begingroup
5610     \edef\filename{\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@filename}^^A
```

The image will be downloaded only if the image URL has the http or https protocols and the `\markdownOptionFrozenCache` plain TeX option is disabled:

```
5611   \markdownIfOption{FrozenCache}{}{^^A
5612     \immediate\write18{^^A
5613       if printf '%s' '#3' | grep -q -E '^https?:';
5614       then
```

The image will be downloaded to the pathname `\markdownOptionCacheDir/⟨the MD5 digest of the image URL⟩.⟨the suffix of the image URL⟩`:

```
5615   OUTPUT_PREFIX="\markdownOptionCacheDir";
5616   OUTPUT_BODY=$(printf '%s' '#3' | md5sum | cut -d' ' -f1)";
5617   OUTPUT_SUFFIX=$(printf '%s' '#3' | sed 's/.*/.//')";
5618   OUTPUT="$OUTPUT_PREFIX/$OUTPUT_BODY.$OUTPUT_SUFFIX";
```

The image will be downloaded only if it has not already been downloaded:

```
5619   if ! [ -e "$OUTPUT" ];
5620   then
5621     \markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@download{'#3'}{"$OUTPUT"};
5622     printf '%s' "$OUTPUT" > "\filename";
```

```
5623         fi;
```

If the image does not have the http or https protocols or the image has already been downloaded, the URL will be stored as-is:

```
5624     else
5625         printf '%s' '#3' > "\filename";
5626     fi}}}^^A
```

We load the pathname of the downloaded image and we typeset the image using the previous definition of the image renderer prototype:

```
5627 \CatchFileDef{\filename}{\filename}{\endlinechar=-1}^^A
5628 \markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@oldRendererImagePrototype^^A
5629   {#1}{#2}{\filename}{#4}^^A
5630 \endgroup
5631 \global\advance\markdown@witiko@graphicx@http@counter by 1\relax}^^A
5632 \endgroup
```

The `witiko/tilde` theme redefines the tilde token renderer prototype, so that it expands to a non-breaking space:

```
5633 \renewcommand\markdownRendererTildePrototype{~}%
```

### 3.3.4 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following configuration should be considered placeholder. If the `plain` package option has been enabled (see Section 2.3.2.1 on page 44), none of it will take effect.

```
5634 \ifmarkdownLaTeXPlain\else
```

If the `\markdownOptionTightLists` macro expands to `false`, do not load the paralist package. This is necessary for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2 <sub>$\varepsilon$</sub>  document classes that do not play nice with paralist, such as beamer. If the `\markdownOptionTightLists` is undefined and the beamer document class is in use, then do not load the paralist package either.

```
5635 \RequirePackage{ifthen}
5636
5637 \ifx\markdownOptionTightLists\undefined
5638   \@ifclassloaded{beamer}{}{%
5639     \RequirePackage{paralist}}%
5640 \else
5641   \ifthenelse{\equal{\markdownOptionTightLists}{false}}{}{%
5642     \RequirePackage{paralist}}%
5643 \fi
```

If we loaded the paralist package, define the respective renderer prototypes to make use of the capabilities of the package. Otherwise, define the renderer prototypes to fall back on the corresponding renderers for the non-tight lists.

```
5644 \@ifpackageloaded{paralist}{
5645   \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes=}
```

```

5646     ulBeginTight = {\begin{compactitem}},
5647     ulEndTight = {\end{compactitem}},
5648     olBeginTight = {\begin{compactenum}},
5649     olEndTight = {\end{compactenum}},
5650     dlBeginTight = {\begin{compactdesc}},
5651     dlEndTight = {\end{compactdesc}}}}
5652 }{
5653     \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
5654         ulBeginTight = {\markdownRendererUlBegin},
5655         ulEndTight = {\markdownRendererUlEnd},
5656         olBeginTight = {\markdownRendererOlBegin},
5657         olEndTight = {\markdownRendererOlEnd},
5658         dlBeginTight = {\markdownRendererDlBegin},
5659         dlEndTight = {\markdownRendererDlEnd}}}
5660 \RequirePackage{amsmath}

```

Unless the `unicode-math` package has been loaded, load the `amssymb` package with symbols to be used for tickboxes.

```

5661 \@ifpackageloaded{unicode-math}{
5662     \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
5663         untickedBox = {$\mdlgwhtsquare$},
5664     }}
5665 }{
5666     \RequirePackage{amssymb}
5667     \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
5668         untickedBox = {$\square$},
5669     }}
5670 }
5671 \RequirePackage{cvsimple}
5672 \RequirePackage{fancyvrb}
5673 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
5674 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
5675     lineBreak = {\\},
5676     leftBrace = {\textbraceleft},
5677     rightBrace = {\textbraceright},
5678     dollarSign = {\textdollar},
5679     underscore = {\textunderscore},
5680     circumflex = {\textasciicircum},
5681     backslash = {\textbackslash},
5682     tilde = {\textasciitilde},
5683     pipe = {\textbar},

```

We can capitalize on the fact that the expansion of renderers is performed by `TeX` during the typesetting. Therefore, even if we don't know whether a span of text is part of math formula or not when we are parsing markdown,<sup>7</sup> we can reliably detect math mode inside the renderer.

---

<sup>7</sup>This property may actually be undecidable. Suppose a span of text is a part of a macro definition.

Here, we will redefine the code span renderer prototype to typeset upright text in math formulae and typewriter text outside math formulae.

```

5684   codeSpan = f%
5685     \ifmmode
5686       \text{#1}%
5687     \else
5688       \texttt{#1}%
5689     \fi
5690   },
5691   contentBlock = {%
5692     \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{csv}}{%
5693       \begin{table}%
5694         \begin{center}%
5695           \csvautotabular{#3}%
5696         \end{center}%
5697         \ifx\empty#4\empty\else
5698           \caption{#4}%
5699         \fi
5700       \end{table}%
5701     }{%
5702       \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{tex}}{%
5703         \catcode`\\=14\relax
5704         \input #3\relax
5705         \catcode`\\=12\relax
5706       }{%
5707         \markdownInput{#3}%
5708       }%
5709     }%
5710   },
5711   image = {%
5712     \begin{figure}%
5713       \begin{center}%
5714         \includegraphics{#3}%
5715       \end{center}%
5716       \ifx\empty#4\empty\else
5717         \caption{#4}%
5718       \fi
5719       \label{fig:#1}%
5720     \end{figure}%
5721   },
5722   ulBegin = {\begin{itemize}},
5723   ulEnd = {\end{itemize}},
5724   olBegin = {\begin{enumerate}},
5725   olItem = {\item{}},
5726   olItemWithNumber = {\item[#1.]},

```

---

Then, whether the span of text is part of a math formula or not depends on where the macro is later used, which may easily be *both* inside and outside a math formula.

```

5726   olEnd = {\end{enumerate}},
5727   dlBegin = {\begin{description}},
5728   dlItem = {item[#1]},
5729   dlEnd = {\end{description}},
5730   emphasis = {\emph{#1}},
5731   tickedBox = {$\boxed{\$}$},
5732   halfTickedBox = {$\boxed{\cdot}$},
5733   blockQuoteBegin = {\begin{quotation}},
5734   blockQuoteEnd = {\end{quotation}},
5735   inputVerbatim = {\VerbatimInput{#1}},
5736   inputFencedCode = {%
5737     \ifx\relax#2\relax
5738       \VerbatimInput{#1}%
5739     \else
5740       \@ifundefined{minted@code}{%
5741         \@ifundefined{lst@version}{%
5742           \markdownRendererInputFencedCode{#1}{}%

```

When the listings package is loaded, use it for syntax highlighting.

```

5743   }%
5744   \lstinputlisting[language=#2]{#1}%
5745 }%

```

When the minted package is loaded, use it for syntax highlighting. The minted package is preferred over listings.

```

5746   }%
5747   \inputminted{#2}{#1}%
5748 }%
5749 \fi,
5750 horizontalRule = {\noindent\rule[0.5ex]{\linewidth}{1pt}},
5751 footnote = {\footnote{#1}}}

```

Support the nesting of strong emphasis.

```

5752 \def\markdownLATEXStrongEmphasis#1{%
5753   \IfSubStr{f@series{b}}{\textnormal{#1}}{\textbf{#1}}}
5754 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={strongEmphasis={%
5755   \protect\markdownLATEXStrongEmphasis{#1}}}}

```

Support L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X document classes that do not provide chapters.

```

5756 \@ifundefined{chapter}{%
5757   \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes = {
5758     headingOne = {\section{#1}},
5759     headingTwo = {\subsection{#1}},
5760     headingThree = {\subsubsection{#1}},
5761     headingFour = {\paragraph{#1}\leavevmode},
5762     headingFive = {\subparagraph{#1}\leavevmode}}}
5763 }%
5764 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes = {
5765   headingOne = {\chapter{#1}},
```

```

5766     headingTwo = {\section{#1}},
5767     headingThree = {\subsection{#1}},
5768     headingFour = {\subsubsection{#1}},
5769     headingFive = {\paragraph{#1}\leavevmode},
5770     headingSix = {\ subparagraph{#1}\leavevmode}}}
5771 }%

```

**3.3.4.1 Tickboxes** If the `taskLists` option is enabled, we will hide bullets in unordered list items with tickboxes.

```

5772 \markdownSetup{
5773   rendererPrototypes = {
5774     ulItem = {%
5775       \futurelet\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownLaTeXULItem
5776     },
5777   },
5778 }
5779 \def\markdownLaTeXULItem{%
5780   \ifx\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownRendererTickedBox
5781     \item[\markdownLaTeXCheckbox]%
5782     \expandafter@gobble
5783   \else
5784     \ifx\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox
5785       \item[\markdownLaTeXCheckbox]%
5786       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5787       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@gobble
5788     \else
5789       \ifx\markdownLaTeXCheckbox\markdownRendererUntickedBox
5790         \item[\markdownLaTeXCheckbox]%
5791         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5792         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@gobble
5793       \else
5794         \item{}%
5795       \fi
5796     \fi
5797   }%

```

**3.3.4.2 Citations** Here is a basic implementation for citations that uses the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X `\cite` macro. There are also implementations that use the natbib `\citet`, and `\citet` macros, and the BibL<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X `\autocites` and `\textcites` macros. These implementations will be used, when the respective packages are loaded.

```

5798 \newcount\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter
5799
5800 % Basic implementation
5801 \RequirePackage[gobble]{}
5802 \def\markdownLaTeXBasicCitations#1#2#3#4#5#6{%

```

```

5803 \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5804 \ifx\relax#4\relax
5805   \ifx\relax#5\relax
5806     \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5807       \cite{#1#2#6}\% Without prenotes and postnotes, just accumulate cites
5808       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5809       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5810       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5811       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5812     \else% Before a postnote (#5), dump the accumulator
5813       \ifx\relax#1\relax\else
5814         \cite{#1}\%
5815       \fi
5816       \cite[#5]{#6}\%
5817       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5818     \else
5819       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5820       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5821       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5822       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5823       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5824       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5825       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%
5826       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5827       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%
5828       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5829       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5830       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%
5831       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5832       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\%
5833       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5834       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5835       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5836     \else% Before a prenote (#4), dump the accumulator
5837       \ifx\relax#1\relax\else
5838         \cite{#1}\%
5839       \fi
5840       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>1\relax
5841         \space % Insert a space before the prenote in later citations
5842       \fi
5843     #4~\expandafter\cite\ifx\relax#5\relax\relax{#6}\else[#5]{#6}\fi
5844     \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5845   \else
5846     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5847     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5848     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5849   \fi

```

```

5850 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5851 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5852 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5853 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5854 \expandafter
5855 \@gobblethree
5856 \fi\markdownLaTeXBasicCitations{#1#2#6},}
5857 \let\markdownLaTeXBasicTextCitations\markdownLaTeXBasicCitations
5858
5859 % Natbib implementation
5860 \def\markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations#1#2#3#4#5{%
5861   \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5862   \ifx\relax#3\relax
5863     \ifx\relax#4\relax
5864       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5865         \citep{#1,#5}% Without prenotes and postnotes, just accumulate cites
5866         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5867         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5868         \@gobbletwo
5869     \fi
5870   \else% Before a postnote (#4), dump the accumulator
5871     \ifx\relax#1\relax\else
5872       \citep{#1}%
5873     \fi
5874   \citep[] [#4]{#5}%
5875   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5876   \else
5877     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5878     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5879     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5880     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5881     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5882     \markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations
5883   \fi
5884   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5885   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5886   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5887   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5888   \@gobbletwo
5889 \fi
5890 \else% Before a prenote (#3), dump the accumulator
5891   \ifx\relax#1\relax\relax\else
5892     \citep{#1}%
5893   \fi
5894   \citep[#3] [#4]{#5}%
5895   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5896   \else

```

```

5897      \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5898      \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5899      \markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations
5900  \fi
5901  \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5902  \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5903  \expandafter
5904  \@gobbletwo
5905  \fi\markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations{\#1,\#5}}
5906 \def\markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations{\#1\#2\#3\#4\#5{%
5907   \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5908   \ifx\relax\#3\relax
5909     \ifx\relax\#4\relax
5910       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5911         \citet{\#1,\#5}\% Without prenotes and postnotes, just accumulate cites
5912         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5913         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5914         \@gobbletwo
5915       \fi
5916     \else% After a prenote or a postnote, dump the accumulator
5917       \ifx\relax\#1\relax\else
5918         \citet{\#1}\%
5919       \fi
5920       , \citet{\#3}[\#4]{\#5}\%
5921     \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter<\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5922       ,
5923     \else
5924       \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5925       ,
5926     \fi
5927   \fi
5928   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5929   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5930   \markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations
5931   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5932   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5933   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5934   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5935   \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5936   \@gobbletwo
5937 \fi
5938 \else% After a prenote or a postnote, dump the accumulator
5939   \ifx\relax\#1\relax\relax\else
5940     \citet{\#1}\%
5941   \fi
5942   , \citet{\#3}[\#4]{\#5}\%
5943 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter<\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax

```

```

5944     ,
5945     \else
5946         \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5947             ,
5948             \fi
5949         \fi
5950         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5951         \markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations
5952         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5953             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5954         \expandafter
5955         \gobbletwo
5956     \fi\markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations{#1,#5}}
5957
5958 % BibLaTeX implementation
5959 \def\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXCitations#1#2#3#4#5{%
5960     \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5961     \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5962         \autocites{#1}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
5963         \expandafter\gobbletwo
5964     \fi\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXCitations{#1[#3][#4]{#5}}}
5965 \def\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXTextCitations#1#2#3#4#5{%
5966     \advance\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter by 1\relax
5967     \ifnum\markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter>\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal\relax
5968         \textcites{#1}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
5969         \expandafter\gobbletwo
5970     \fi\markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXTextCitations{#1[#3][#4]{#5}}}
5971
5972 \markdownSetup[rendererPrototypes = {
5973     cite = {%
5974         \markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=1%
5975         \def\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal{#1}%
5976         \@ifundefined{autocites}{%
5977             \@ifundefined{citep}{%
5978                 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5979                 \markdownLaTeXBasicCitations
5980                 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5981                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5982                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5983                         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5984                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5985                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5986                     \markdownLaTeXNatbibCitations
5987                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
5988                         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
5989                     }%
5990     }%
5990 }%

```

```

5991      \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
5992      \markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXCitations
5993      \expandafter{\expandafter}%
5994  },
5995  textCite = {%
5996      \markdownLaTeXCitationsCounter=1%
5997      \def\markdownLaTeXCitationsTotal{#1}%
5998      \@ifundefined{autocites}{%
5999          \@ifundefined{citep}{%
6000              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
6001              \markdownLaTeXBasicTextCitations
6002              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
6003              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
6004              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
6005              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
6006 }{%
6007     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
6008     \markdownLaTeXNatbibTextCitations
6009     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
6010     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter}%
6011 }%
6012 }{%
6013     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
6014     \markdownLaTeXBibLaTeXTextCitations
6015     \expandafter{\expandafter}%
6016 }}}

```

**3.3.4.3 Links** Before consuming the parameters for the hyperlink renderer, we change the category code of the hash sign (#) to other, so that it cannot be mistaken for a parameter character. After the hyperlink has been typeset, we restore the original catcode.

```

6017 \RequirePackage[url]
6018 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype{%
6019   \begingroup
6020   \catcode`\#=12
6021   \def\next##1##2##3##4{%
6022     ##1\footnotef%
6023     \ifx\empty##4\empty\else##4: \fi\texttt{<\url{##3}\texttt{>}}%
6024   \endgroup}%
6025   \next}

```

**3.3.4.4 Tables** Here is a basic implementation of tables. If the booktabs package is loaded, then it is used to produce horizontal lines.

```

6026 \newcount\markdownLaTeXRowCounter
6027 \newcount\markdownLaTeXRowTotal

```

```

6028 \newcount\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter
6029 \newcount\markdownLaTeXColumnTotal
6030 \newtoks\markdownLaTeXTable
6031 \newtoks\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment
6032 \newtoks\markdownLaTeXTableEnd
6033 \@ifpackageloaded{booktabs}{
6034   \let\markdownLaTeXTopRule\toprule
6035   \let\markdownLaTeXMidRule\midrule
6036   \let\markdownLaTeXBottomRule\bottomrule
6037 }{
6038   \let\markdownLaTeXTopRule\hline
6039   \let\markdownLaTeXMidRule\hline
6040   \let\markdownLaTeXBottomRule\hline
6041 }
6042 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={
6043   table = {%
6044     \markdownLaTeXTable={}%
6045     \markdownLaTeXTableAlignment={}%
6046     \markdownLaTeXTableEnd={%
6047       \markdownLaTeXBottomRule
6048       \end{tabular}}%
6049     \ifx\empty#1\empty\else
6050       \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{%
6051         \begin{table}%
6052           \centering}%
6053       \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTableEnd{%
6054         \caption{#1}%
6055       \end{table}}%
6056     \fi
6057     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{\begin{tabular}}%
6058     \markdownLaTeXRowCounter=0%
6059     \markdownLaTeXRowTotal=#2%
6060     \markdownLaTeXColumnTotal=#3%
6061     \markdownLaTeXRenderTableRow
6062   }
6063 }}
6064 \def\markdownLaTeXRenderTableRow#1{%
6065   \markdownLaTeXColumnCounter=0%
6066   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXRowCounter=0\relax
6067     \markdownLaTeXReadAlignments#1%
6068     \markdownLaTeXTable=\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
6069       \expandafter\the\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
6070         \the\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment}}%
6071     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{\markdownLaTeXTopRule}%
6072   \else
6073     \markdownLaTeXRenderTableCell#1%
6074   \fi

```

```

6075 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXRowCounter=1\relax
6076   \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable\markdownLaTeXMidRule
6077 \fi
6078 \advance\markdownLaTeXRowCounter by 1\relax
6079 \ifnum\markdownLaTeXRowCounter>\markdownLaTeXRowTotal\relax
6080   \the\markdownLaTeXTable
6081   \the\markdownLaTeXTableEnd
6082   \expandafter\@gobble
6083 \fi\markdownLaTeXRenderTableRow}
6084 \def\markdownLaTeXReadAlignments#1{%
6085   \advance\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter by 1\relax
6086   \if#1d%
6087     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment{1}%
6088   \else
6089     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTableAlignment{#1}%
6090   \fi
6091   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter<\markdownLaTeXColumnTotal\relax\else
6092     \expandafter\@gobble
6093   \fi\markdownLaTeXReadAlignments}
6094 \def\markdownLaTeXRenderTableCell#1{%
6095   \advance\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter by 1\relax
6096   \ifnum\markdownLaTeXColumnCounter<\markdownLaTeXColumnTotal\relax
6097     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{#1\&}%
6098   \else
6099     \addto@hook\markdownLaTeXTable{#1\\}%
6100     \expandafter\@gobble
6101   \fi\markdownLaTeXRenderTableCell}
6102 \fi

```

**3.3.4.5 YAML Metadata** To parse the YAML metadata we will use the `expl3` language from the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 kernel.

```

6103 \RequirePackage{expl3}
6104 \ExplSyntaxOn

```

To keep track of the current type of structure we inhabit when we are traversing a YAML document, we will maintain the `\g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq` stack. At every step of the traversal, the stack will contain one of the following constants at any position  $p$ :

`\c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_t1` The currently traversed branch of the YAML document contains a sequence at depth  $p$ .

`\c_@@_jekyll_data_mapping_t1` The currently traversed branch of the YAML document contains a mapping at depth  $p$ .

`\c_@@_jekyll_data_scalar_t1` The currently traversed branch of the YAML document contains a scalar value at depth  $p$ .

```

6105 \seq_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6106 \tl_const:Nn \c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_tl { sequence }
6107 \tl_const:Nn \c_@@_jekyll_data_mapping_tl { mapping }
6108 \tl_const:Nn \c_@@_jekyll_data_scalar_tl { scalar }

```

To keep track of our current place when we are traversing a YAML document, we will maintain the `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq` stack of keys using the `\markdown_jekyll_data_push_address_segment:n` macro.

```

6109 \seq_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6110 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_push_address_segment:n
6111 {
6112     \seq_if_empty:NF
6113         \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6114     {
6115         \seq_get_right:NN
6116             \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6117             \l_tmpa_tl

```

If we are currently in a sequence, we will put an asterisk (\*) instead of a key into `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq` to make it represent a *wildcard*. Keeping a wildcard instead of a precise address makes it easy for the users to react to *any* item of a sequence regardless of how many there are, which can often be useful.

```

6118 \tl_if_eq:NNTF
6119     \l_tmpa_tl
6120     \c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_tl
6121 {
6122     \seq_put_right:Nn
6123         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6124         { * }
6125 }
6126 {
6127     \seq_put_right:Nn
6128         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6129         { #1 }
6130 }
6131 }
6132 }

```

Out of `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq`, we will construct the following two token lists:

`\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_tl` An *absolute wildcard*: The wildcard from the root of the document prefixed with a slash (/) with individual keys and asterisks also delimited by slashes. Allows the users to react to complex context-sensitive structures with ease.

For example, the `name` key in the following YAML document would correspond to the `/*/person/name` absolute wildcard:

```
[{person: {name: Elon, surname: Musk}}]
```

`\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_t1` A *relative wildcard*: The rightmost segment of the wildcard. Allows the users to react to simple context-free structures.

For example, the `name` key in the following YAML document would correspond to the `name` relative wildcard:

```
[{person: {name: Elon, surname: Musk}}]
```

We will construct `\g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1` using the `\markdown_jekyll_data_concatenate_address:NN` macro and we will construct both token lists using the `\markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:` macro.

```
6133 \tl_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1
6134 \tl_new:N \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_t1
6135 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_concatenate_address:NN
6136 {
6137     \seq_pop_left:NN #1 \l_tmpa_tl
6138     \tl_set:Nx #2 { / \seq_use:Nn #1 { / } }
6139     \seq_put_left:NV #1 \l_tmpa_tl
6140 }
6141 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:
6142 {
6143     \markdown_jekyll_data_concatenate_address:NN
6144         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6145         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1
6146     \seq_get_right:NN
6147         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6148         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_t1
6149 }
```

To make sure that the stacks and token lists stay in sync, we will use the `\markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN` and `\markdown_jekyll_data_pop:` macros.

```
6150 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6151 {
6152     \markdown_jekyll_data_push_address_segment:n
6153         { #1 }
6154     \seq_put_right:NV
6155         \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6156         #2
6157     \markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:
```

```

6158 }
6159 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
6160 {
6161     \seq_pop_right:NN
6162         \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_seq
6163         \l_tmpa_t1
6164     \seq_pop_right:NN
6165         \g_@@_jekyll_data_datatypes_seq
6166         \l_tmpa_t1
6167     \markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:
6168 }

```

To interface with the user, we use `markdown/jekyllData` key–values from the `\keys` module of the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 kernel. The default setup will invoke the `\title`, `\author`, and `\date` macros when scalar values for keys that correspond to the `title`, `author`, and `date` relative wildcards are encountered, respectively.

```

6169 \keys_define:nn
6170   { markdown/jekyllData }
6171 {
6172     author .code:n = { \author{#1} },
6173     date   .code:n = { \date{#1} },
6174     title  .code:n = { \title{#1} },
6175 }

```

To set a single key–value, we will use the `\markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:Nn` macro, ignoring unknown keys. To set key–values for both absolute and relative wildcards, we will use the `\markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn` macro.

```

6176 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:nn
6177 {
6178     \keys_set_known:nn
6179     { markdown/jekyllData }
6180     { { #1 } = { #2 } }
6181 }
6182 \cs_generate_variant:Nn
6183   \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:nn
6184 { Vn }
6185 \cs_new:Nn \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6186 {
6187     \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6188     { #1 }
6189     \c_@@_jekyll_data_scalar_t1
6190     \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:Vn
6191     \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_absolute_address_t1
6192     { #2 }
6193     \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:Vn
6194     \g_@@_jekyll_data_wildcard_relative_address_t1
6195     { #2 }

```

```

6196     \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
6197 }

```

Finally, we will register our macros as token renderer prototypes to be able to react to the traversal of a YAML document.

```

6198 \markdownSetup{
6199   rendererPrototypes = {
6200     jekyllDataSequenceBegin = {
6201       \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6202       { #1 }
6203       \c_@@_jekyll_data_sequence_tl
6204     },
6205     jekyllDataMappingBegin = {
6206       \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN
6207       { #1 }
6208       \c_@@_jekyll_data_mapping_tl
6209     },
6210     jekyllDataSequenceEnd = {
6211       \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
6212     },
6213     jekyllDataMappingEnd = {
6214       \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:
6215     },
6216     jekyllDataBoolean = {
6217       \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6218       { #1 }
6219       { #2 }
6220     },
6221     jekyllDataEmpty = { },
6222     jekyllDataNumber = {
6223       \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6224       { #1 }
6225       { #2 }
6226     },
6227     jekyllDataString = {
6228       \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn
6229       { #1 }
6230       { #2 }
6231     },

```

To complement the default setup of our key-values, we will use the `\maketitle` macro to typeset the title page of a document at the end of YAML metadata. If we are in the preamble, we will wait macro until after the beginning of the document. Otherwise, we will use the `\maketitle` macro straight away.

```

6232   },
6233 }
6234 \providecommand\IfFormatAtLeastTF{\@ifl@t@r\fmtversion}

```

```

6235 \markdownSetup{
6236   rendererPrototypes = {
6237     jekyllDataEnd = {
6238       \IfFormatAtLeastTF
6239         { 2020-10-01 }
6240         { \AddToHook{begindocument/end}{\maketitle} }
6241       {
6242         \ifx\@onlypreamble\@notprerr
6243           % We are in the document
6244           \maketitle
6245         \else
6246           % We are in the preamble
6247           \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
6248           \AfterEndPreamble{\maketitle}
6249         \fi
6250       }
6251     },
6252   },
6253 }
6254
6255 \ExplSyntaxOff

```

### 3.3.5 Miscellanea

When buffering user input, we should disable the bytes with the high bit set, since these are made active by the `inputenc` package. We will do this by redefining the `\markdownMakeOther` macro accordingly. The code is courtesy of Scott Pakin, the creator of the `filecontents` package.

```

6256 \newcommand\markdownMakeOther{%
6257   \count0=128\relax
6258   \loop
6259     \catcode\count0=11\relax
6260     \advance\count0 by 1\relax
6261     \ifnum\count0<256\repeat}%

```

## 3.4 ConTeXt Implementation

The ConTeXt implementation makes use of the fact that, apart from some subtle differences, the Mark II and Mark IV ConTeXt formats *seem* to implement (the documentation is scarce) the majority of the plain TeX format required by the plain TeX implementation. As a consequence, we can directly reuse the existing plain TeX implementation after supplying the missing plain TeX macros.

The ConTeXt implementation redefines the plain TeX logging macros (see Section 3.2.1 on page 162) to use the ConTeXt `\writestatus` macro.

```
6262 \def\markdownInfo#1{\writestatus{markdown}{#1 .}}%
```

```

6263 \def\markdownWarning#1{\writestatus{markdown\space warn}{#1.}%
6264 \def\dospecials{\do\ \do\\\do{\{}\\do\$\do\&%
6265 \do\#\do^\\do\_\\do\%\do\-\}%
6266 \input markdown/markdown

```

When buffering user input, we should disable the bytes with the high bit set, since these are made active by the `\enableregime` macro. We will do this by redefining the `\markdownMakeOther` macro accordingly. The code is courtesy of Scott Pakin, the creator of the filecontents L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package.

```

6267 \def\markdownMakeOther{%
6268   \count0=128\relax
6269   \loop
6270     \catcode\count0=11\relax
6271     \advance\count0 by 1\relax
6272   \ifnum\count0<256\repeat

```

On top of that, make the pipe character (|) inactive during the scanning. This is necessary, since the character is active in ConTeXt.

```
6273 \catcode`|=12}%
```

### 3.4.1 Typesetting Markdown

The `\startmarkdown` and `\stopmarkdown` macros are implemented using the `\markdownReadAndConvert` macro.

In Knuth's T<sub>E</sub>X, trailing spaces are removed very early on when a line is being put to the input buffer. [10, sec. 31]. According to Eijkhout [11, sec. 2.2], this is because “these spaces are hard to see in an editor”. At the moment, there is no option to suppress this behavior in (Lua)T<sub>E</sub>X, but ConTeXt MkIV funnels all input through its own input handler. This makes it possible to suppress the removal of trailing spaces in ConTeXt MkIV and therefore to insert hard line breaks into markdown text.

```

6274 \ifx\startluacode\undefined % MkII
6275   \begingroup
6276     \catcode`\|=0%
6277     \catcode`\|=12%
6278   \gdef\startmarkdown{%
6279     \markdownReadAndConvert{\stopmarkdown}%
6280     {\stopmarkdown}}%
6281   \gdef\stopmarkdown{%
6282     \markdownEnd}%
6283 \endgroup
6284 \else % MkIV
6285   \startluacode
6286     document.markdown_buffering = false
6287     local function preserve_trailing_spaces(line)
6288       if document.markdown_buffering then
6289         line = line:gsub("[ \t][ \t]$", "\t\t")

```

```

6290     end
6291     return line
6292   end
6293   resolvers.installInputLineHandler(preserve_trailing_spaces)
6294 \stopluacode
6295 \begingroup
6296   \catcode`\\=0%
6297   \catcode`\\=12%
6298   \gdef\startmarkdown{%
6299     \ctxlua{document.markdown_buffering = true}%
6300     \markdownReadAndConvert{\stopmarkdown}%
6301     {\stopmarkdown}}%
6302   \gdef\stopmarkdown{%
6303     \ctxlua{document.markdown_buffering = false}%
6304     \markdownEnd}%
6305 \endgroup
6306 \fi

```

### 3.4.2 Token Renderer Prototypes

The following configuration should be considered placeholder.

```

6307 \def\markdownRendererLineBreakPrototype{\blank}%
6308 \def\markdownRendererLeftBracePrototype{\textbraceleft}%
6309 \def\markdownRendererRightBracePrototype{\textbraceright}%
6310 \def\markdownRendererDollarSignPrototype{\textdollar}%
6311 \def\markdownRendererPercentSignPrototype{\percent}%
6312 \def\markdownRendererUnderscorePrototype{\textunderscore}%
6313 \def\markdownRendererCircumflexPrototype{\textcircumflex}%
6314 \def\markdownRendererBackslashPrototype{\textbackslash}%
6315 \def\markdownRendererTildePrototype{\textasciitilde}%
6316 \def\markdownRendererPipePrototype{\char`|}%
6317 \def\markdownRendererLinkPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
6318   \useURL[#1] [#3] [] [#4]#1\footnote[#1]{\ifx\empty#4\empty\else#4:
6319   \fi\tt<\hyphenatedurl{#3}>}}%
6320 \usemodule[database]
6321 \defineseparatedlist
6322   [MarkdownConTeXtCSV]
6323   [separator={,},%
6324   before=\bTABLE,after=\eTABLE,
6325   first=\bTR,last=\eTR,
6326   left=\bTD,right=\eTD]
6327 \def\markdownConTeXtCSV{csv}
6328 \def\markdownRendererContentBlockPrototype#1#2#3#4{%
6329   \def\markdownConTeXtCSV@arg{#1}%
6330   \ifx\markdownConTeXtCSV@arg\markdownConTeXtCSV
6331     \placetable[] [tab:#1]{#4}{%
6332       \processseparatedfile[MarkdownConTeXtCSV] [#3]}%

```

```

6333 \else
6334   \markdownInput{#3}%
6335 \fi}%
6336 \def\markdownRendererImagePrototype#1#2#3#4{%
6337   \placefigure[] [fig:#1]{#4}{\externalfigure[#3]}%
6338 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginPrototype{\startitemize}%
6339 \def\markdownRendererUlBeginTightPrototype{\startitemize[packed]}%
6340 \def\markdownRendererUlItemPrototype{\item}%
6341 \def\markdownRendererUlEndPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6342 \def\markdownRendererUlEndTightPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6343 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginPrototype{\startitemize[n]}%
6344 \def\markdownRendererOlBeginTightPrototype{\startitemize[packed,n]}%
6345 \def\markdownRendererOlItemPrototype{\item}%
6346 \def\markdownRendererOlItemWithNumberPrototype#1{\sym{#1.}}%
6347 \def\markdownRendererOlEndPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6348 \def\markdownRendererOlEndTightPrototype{\stopitemize}%
6349 \definedescription
6350   [MarkdownConTeXtDlItemPrototype]
6351   [location=hanging,
6352    margin=standard,
6353    headstyle=bold]%
6354 \definestartstop
6355   [MarkdownConTeXtDlPrototype]
6356   [before=\blank,
6357    after=\blank]%
6358 \definestartstop
6359   [MarkdownConTeXtDlTightPrototype]
6360   [before=\blank\startpacked,
6361    after=\stoppacked\blank]%
6362 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginPrototype{%
6363   \startMarkdownConTeXtDlPrototype}%
6364 \def\markdownRendererDlBeginTightPrototype{%
6365   \startMarkdownConTeXtDlTightPrototype}%
6366 \def\markdownRendererDlItemPrototype#1{%
6367   \startMarkdownConTeXtDlItemPrototype{#1}}%
6368 \def\markdownRendererDlItemEndPrototype{%
6369   \stopMarkdownConTeXtDlItemPrototype}%
6370 \def\markdownRendererDlEndPrototype{%
6371   \stopMarkdownConTeXtDlPrototype}%
6372 \def\markdownRendererDlEndTightPrototype{%
6373   \stopMarkdownConTeXtDlTightPrototype}%
6374 \def\markdownRendererEmphasisPrototype#1{{\em#1}}%
6375 \def\markdownRendererStrongEmphasisPrototype#1{{\bf#1}}%
6376 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteBeginPrototype{\startquotation}%
6377 \def\markdownRendererBlockQuoteEndPrototype{\stopquotation}%
6378 \def\markdownRendererInputVerbatimPrototype#1{\typefile{#1}}%
6379 \def\markdownRendererInputFencedCodePrototype#1#2{%

```

```

6380 \ifx\relax#2\relax
6381   \typefile{#1}%
6382 \else

```

The code fence infotring is used as a name from the ConTeXt `\definetying` macro. This allows the user to set up code highlighting mapping as follows:

```

\definetying [latex]
\setuptyping [latex] [option=TEX]

\starttext
  \startmarkdown
~~~ latex
\documentclass{article}
\begin{document}
  Hello world!
\end{document}
~~~
  \stopmarkdown
\stoptext

```

```

6383   \typefile[#2] [] {#1}%
6384   \fi}%
6385 \def\markdownRendererHeadingOnePrototype#1{\chapter{#1}}%
6386 \def\markdownRendererHeadingTwoPrototype#1{\section{#1}}%
6387 \def\markdownRendererHeadingThreePrototype#1{\subsection{#1}}%
6388 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFourPrototype#1{\subsubsection{#1}}%
6389 \def\markdownRendererHeadingFivePrototype#1{\subsubsubsection{#1}}%
6390 \def\markdownRendererHeadingSixPrototype#1{\subsubsubsubsection{#1}}%
6391 \def\markdownRendererHorizontalRulePrototype{%
6392   \blackrule[height=1pt, width=\hsize]}%
6393 \def\markdownRendererFootnotePrototype#1{\footnote{#1}}%
6394 \stopmodule\protect

```

There is a basic implementation of tables.

```

6395 \newcount\markdownConTeXtRowCounter
6396 \newcount\markdownConTeXtRowTotal
6397 \newcount\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter
6398 \newcount\markdownConTeXtColumnTotal
6399 \newtoks\markdownConTeXtTable
6400 \newtoks\markdownConTeXtTableFloat
6401 \def\markdownRendererTablePrototype#1#2#3{%
6402   \markdownConTeXtTable={}%
6403   \ifx\empty#1\empty
6404     \markdownConTeXtTableFloat={%
6405       \the\markdownConTeXtTable}%

```

```

6406 \else
6407   \markdownConTeXtTableFloat={%
6408     \placetable{#1}{\the\markdownConTeXtTable}%
6409   \fi
6410   \begingroup
6411   \setupTABLE[r][each][topframe=off, bottomframe=off, leftframe=off, rightframe=off]
6412   \setupTABLE[c][each][topframe=off, bottomframe=off, leftframe=off, rightframe=off]
6413   \setupTABLE[r][1][topframe=on, bottomframe=on]
6414   \setupTABLE[r][#1][bottomframe=on]
6415   \markdownConTeXtRowCounter=0%
6416   \markdownConTeXtRowTotal=#2%
6417   \markdownConTeXtColumnTotal=#3%
6418   \markdownConTeXtRenderTableRow}
6419 \def\markdownConTeXtRenderTableRow#1{%
6420   \markdownConTeXtColumnCounter=0%
6421   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtRowCounter=0\relax
6422     \markdownConTeXtReadAlignments#1%
6423     \markdownConTeXtTable={\bTABLE}%
6424   \else
6425     \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6426       \the\markdownConTeXtTable\bTR}%
6427     \markdownConTeXtRenderTableCell#1%
6428     \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6429       \the\markdownConTeXtTable\cTR}%
6430   \fi
6431   \advance\markdownConTeXtRowCounter by 1\relax
6432   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtRowCounter>\markdownConTeXtRowTotal\relax
6433     \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6434       \the\markdownConTeXtTable\cTABLE}%
6435     \the\markdownConTeXtTableFloat
6436   \endgroup
6437   \expandafter\gobbleoneargument
6438 \fi\markdownConTeXtRenderTableRow}
6439 \def\markdownConTeXtReadAlignments#1{%
6440   \advance\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter by 1\relax
6441   \if#1d%
6442     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=right]
6443   \fi\if#1l%
6444     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=right]
6445   \fi\if#1c%
6446     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=middle]
6447   \fi\if#1r%
6448     \setupTABLE[c][\the\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter][align=left]
6449   \fi
6450   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter<\markdownConTeXtColumnTotal\relax\else
6451     \expandafter\gobbleoneargument
6452   \fi\markdownConTeXtReadAlignments}

```

```

6453 \def\markdownConTeXtRenderTableCell#1{%
6454   \advance\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter by 1\relax
6455   \markdownConTeXtTable=\expandafter{%
6456     \the\markdownConTeXtTable\bTD#1\cTD}%
6457   \ifnum\markdownConTeXtColumnCounter<\markdownConTeXtColumnTotal\relax\else
6458     \expandafter\gobbleoneargument
6459   \fi\markdownConTeXtRenderTableCell}
6460 \def\markdownRendererTickedBox{$\boxtimes$}
6461 \def\markdownRendererHalfTickedBox{$\boxdot$}
6462 \def\markdownRendererUntickedBox{$\square$}

```

## References

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## Index

|                          |                    |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| \author                  | 192                |
| \autocites               | 182                |
| blankBeforeBlockquote    | 8                  |
| blankBeforeCodeFence     | 8                  |
| blankBeforeHeading       | 8                  |
| breakableBlockquotes     | 9                  |
| cacheDir                 | 7, 11, 25, 26, 159 |
| citationNbsps            | 9                  |
| citations                | 9, 37, 38          |
| \cite                    | 182                |
| \citep                   | 182                |
| \citet                   | 182                |
| codeSpans                | 10                 |
| compactdesc              | 4                  |
| compactenum              | 4                  |
| compactitem              | 4                  |
| contentBlocks            | 10                 |
| contentBlocksLanguageMap | 10, 113, 114       |
| convert                  | 166                |
| \csvautotabular          | 4                  |
| \date                    | 192                |
| defaultOptions           | 7, 22, 109, 140    |
| \definetyping            | 198                |
| definitionLists          | 11, 33             |
| \directlua               | 3, 25, 172         |
| eagerCache               | 11                 |
| \enableregime            | 195                |
| \endmarkdown             | 42                 |
| entities.char_entity     | 109                |
| entities.dec_entity      | 108                |
| entities.hex_entity      | 108                |
| escape                   | 112, 112           |
| escape_citation          | 112, 112           |
| escape_minimal           | 112, 112           |
| escape_uri               | 112, 112           |
| escaped_chars            | 111, 112           |
| escaped_citation_chars   | 111, 112           |

|  |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|
| escaped_minimal_strings                      | 111, 112                      |
| escaped_uri_chars                            | 111, 112                      |
| expandtabs                                   | 141                           |
| <br>   |                               |
| fencedCode                                   | 12, 35, 176                   |
| \filecontents                                | 167                           |
| finalizeCache                                | 8, 11, 12, 13, 25, 160        |
| footnotes                                    | 13, 37                        |
| frozenCacheCounter                           | 13, 160, 162                  |
| frozenCacheFileName                          | 8, 12, 26, 160                |
| <br>   |                               |
| hardLineBreaks                               | 13                            |
| hashEnumerators                              | 14                            |
| headerAttributes                             | 14, 17                        |
| html   | 14, 38                        |
| hybrid                                       | 15, 19, 29, 48, 112, 142, 173 |
| <br>   |                               |
| \includegraphics                             | 4                             |
| inlineFootnotes                              | 15                            |
| \input                                       | 23, 59, 169, 172              |
| isdir  | 3                             |
| iterlines                                    | 140                           |
| <br>   |                               |
| jekyllData                                   | 3, 15, 35, 36                 |
| \jobname                                     | 26                            |
| <br>   |                               |
| languages_json                               | 113, 114                      |
| larsers                                      | 141                           |
| <br>   |                               |
| \maketitle                                   | 193                           |
| \markdown                                    | 42                            |
| markdown                                     | 42, 42, 175                   |
| markdown*                                    | 4, 42, 42, 43, 175            |
| \markdown_jekyll_data_concatenate_address>NN | 191                           |
| \markdown_jekyll_data_pop:                   | 191                           |
| \markdown_jekyll_data_push:nN                | 191                           |
| \markdown_jekyll_data_push_address_segment:n | 190                           |
| \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyval:Nn          | 192                           |
| \markdown_jekyll_data_set_keyvals:nn         | 192                           |
| \markdown_jekyll_data_update_address_tls:    | 191                           |
| \markdownBegin                               | 24, 24, 25, 40, 42, 60        |
| \markdownEnd                                 | 24, 24, 25, 40, 42, 60        |
| \markdownError                               | 40, 40                        |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| \markdownExecute                         | 171                                      |
| \markdownExecuteDirect                   | 170, 171                                 |
| \markdownExecuteShellEscape              | 170, 171                                 |
| \markdownFrozenCacheCounter              | 162, 162, 173, 174                       |
| \markdownIfOption                        | 167                                      |
| \markdownInfo                            | 40                                       |
| \markdownInput                           | 24, 25, 42, 43, 173, 175                 |
| \markdownInputStream                     | 167                                      |
| \markdownInputPlainTeX                   | 175                                      |
| \markdownLuaExecute                      | 170, 171, 172, 173                       |
| \markdownLuaOptions                      | 164, 167                                 |
| \markdownMakeOther                       | 40, 194, 195                             |
| \markdownMode                            | 3, 26, 41, 41, 170, 172                  |
| \markdownOptionCacheDir                  | 3, 26, 52, 166, 177                      |
| \markdownOptionErrorTempFileName         | 26, 171                                  |
| \markdownOptionFinalizeCache             | 25, 25, 51, 162                          |
| \markdownOptionFrozenCache               | 8, 12, 25, 25, 47, 48, 51, 162, 176, 177 |
| \markdownOptionFrozenCacheFileName       | 25, 26                                   |
| \markdownOptionHelperScriptFileName      | 25, 26, 27, 171, 172                     |
| \markdownOptionHybrid                    | 52                                       |
| \markdownOptionInputTempFileName         | 26, 168, 169                             |
| \markdownOptionOutputDir                 | 26                                       |
| \markdownOptionOutputTempFileName        | 26, 172                                  |
| \markdownOptionSmartEllipses             | 52                                       |
| \markdownOptionStripPercentSigns         | 28, 167                                  |
| \markdownOptionTightLists                | 178                                      |
| \markdownOutputFileStream                | 167                                      |
| \markdownPrepare                         | 166                                      |
| \markdownReadAndConvert                  | 40, 167, 175, 195                        |
| \markdownReadAndConvertProcessLine       | 168, 169                                 |
| \markdownReadAndConvertStripPercentSigns | 168                                      |
| \markdownReadAndConvertTab               | 167                                      |
| \markdownRendererBlockQuoteBegin         | 34                                       |
| \markdownRendererBlockQuoteEnd           | 34                                       |
| \markdownRendererCite                    | 37, 38                                   |
| \markdownRendererCodeSpan                | 30                                       |
| \markdownRendererCodeSpanPrototype       | 59                                       |
| \markdownRendererContentBlock            | 30, 30                                   |
| \markdownRendererContentBlockCode        | 30                                       |
| \markdownRendererContentBlockOnlineImage | 30                                       |
| \markdownRendererDlBegin                 | 33                                       |
| \markdownRendererDlBeginTight            | 19, 33                                   |

|  |        |
|--|--------|
| \markdownRendererDlDefinitionBegin       | 33     |
| \markdownRendererDlDefinitionEnd         | 33     |
| \markdownRendererDlEnd                   | 34     |
| \markdownRendererDlEndTight              | 19, 34 |
| \markdownRendererDlItem                  | 33     |
| \markdownRendererDlItemEnd               | 33     |
| \markdownRendererDocumentBegin           | 28     |
| \markdownRendererDocumentEnd             | 28     |
| \markdownRendererEllipsis                | 17, 29 |
| \markdownRendererEmphasis                | 34, 55 |
| \markdownRendererFootnote                | 37     |
| \markdownRendererHalfTickedBox           | 28     |
| \markdownRendererHeadingFive             | 37     |
| \markdownRendererHeadingFour             | 37     |
| \markdownRendererHeadingOne              | 36     |
| \markdownRendererHeadingSix              | 37     |
| \markdownRendererHeadingThree            | 37     |
| \markdownRendererHeadingTwo              | 36     |
| \markdownRendererHorizontalRule          | 37     |
| \markdownRendererImage                   | 30     |
| \markdownRendererImagePrototype          | 59     |
| \markdownRendererInlineHtmlComment       | 38     |
| \markdownRendererInputFencedCode         | 35     |
| \markdownRendererInputVerbatim           | 34     |
| \markdownRendererInterblockSeparator     | 28     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataBegin         | 35     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataBoolean       | 36     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataEmpty         | 36     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataEnd           | 35     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingBegin  | 35     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataMappingEnd    | 35     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataNumber        | 36     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceBegin | 35     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataSequenceEnd   | 35     |
| \markdownRendererJekyllDataString        | 36     |
| \markdownRendererLineBreak               | 29     |
| \markdownRendererLink                    | 30, 55 |
| \markdownRendererNbsp                    | 29     |
| \markdownRendererOlBegin                 | 32     |
| \markdownRendererOlBeginTight            | 19, 32 |
| \markdownRendererOlEnd                   | 32     |
| \markdownRendererOlEndTight              | 19, 33 |

|                                  |                   |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| \markdownRenderer0Item           | 17, 32            |
| \markdownRenderer0ItemEnd        | 32                |
| \markdownRenderer0ItemWithNumber | 17, 32            |
| \markdownRendererStrongEmphasis  | 34                |
| \markdownRendererTable           | 38                |
| \markdownRendererTextCite        | 38                |
| \markdownRendererTickedBox       | 28                |
| \markdownRendererUlBegin         | 31                |
| \markdownRendererUlBeginTight    | 19, 31            |
| \markdownRendererUlEnd           | 31                |
| \markdownRendererUlEndTight      | 19, 31            |
| \markdownRendererUlItem          | 31                |
| \markdownRendererUlItemEnd       | 31                |
| \markdownRendererUntickedBox     | 28                |
| \markdownSetup                   | 4, 43, 43, 175    |
| \markdownSetupSnippet            | 43, 43            |
| \markdownWarning                 | 40                |
| <br>new                          | 6, 161            |
| normalize_tag                    | 140               |
| <br>os.execute                   | 41, 170           |
| <br>\PackageError                | 174               |
| \PackageInfo                     | 174               |
| \PackageWarning                  | 174               |
| parsers                          | 123               |
| parsers(commented_line           | 125               |
| \pdfshellescape                  | 170               |
| pipeTables                       | 6, 16, 18, 38     |
| preserveTabs                     | 16, 18, 141       |
| print                            | 171, 172          |
| <br>reader                       | 60, 123, 140, 141 |
| reader->convert                  | 159, 161          |
| reader.new                       | 140, 140          |
| <br>\shellescape                 | 170               |
| shiftHeadings                    | 6, 16             |
| slice                            | 6, 14, 17, 109    |
| smartEllipses                    | 17, 29            |
| \startmarkdown                   | 60, 60, 195       |
| startNumber                      | 17, 32            |

|                          |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| status.shell_escape      | 170         |
| \stopmarkdown            | 60, 60, 195 |
| stripIndent              | 18, 141     |
| tableCaptions            | 6, 18       |
| taskLists                | 18, 28, 182 |
| \tex.print               | 172         |
| tex.print                | 171         |
| texComments              | 19, 142     |
| \textcites               | 182         |
| tightLists               | 19, 31–34   |
| \title                   | 192         |
| underscores              | 19          |
| \url                     | 4           |
| \usepackage              | 42, 45      |
| \usetheme                | 44          |
| util.cache               | 61          |
| util.err                 | 61          |
| util.escaper             | 64          |
| util.expand_tabs_in_line | 62          |
| util.flatten             | 62          |
| util.intersperse         | 63          |
| util.map                 | 64          |
| util.pathname            | 65          |
| util.rope_last           | 63          |
| util.rope_to_string      | 63          |
| util.table_copy          | 61          |
| util.walk                | 62, 63      |
| \VerbatimInput           | 4           |
| writer                   | 60, 109     |
| writer->active_headings  | 120, 120    |
| writer->blockquote       | 117         |
| writer->bulletlist       | 115         |
| writer->citation         | 112         |
| writer->citations        | 122         |
| writer->code             | 112         |
| writer->codeFence        | 118         |
| writer->contentblock     | 114         |
| writer->defer_call       | 122, 122    |
| writer->definitionlist   | 116         |

|                             |          |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| writer->document            | 118      |
| writer->ellipsis            | 111      |
| writer->emphasis            | 117      |
| writer->escape              | 112, 112 |
| writer->get_state           | 122      |
| writer->heading             | 120      |
| writer->hrule               | 111      |
| writer->image               | 113      |
| writer->inline_html_comment | 116      |
| writer->interblocksep       | 111      |
| writer->is_writing          | 109, 109 |
| writer->jekyllData          | 118      |
| writer->linebreak           | 111      |
| writer->link                | 113      |
| writer->nnbsp               | 110      |
| writer->note                | 121      |
| writer->ollist              | 115      |
| writer->pack                | 110, 160 |
| writer->paragraph           | 110      |
| writer->plain               | 110      |
| writer->set_state           | 122      |
| writer->slice_begin         | 109      |
| writer->slice_end           | 109      |
| writer->space               | 110      |
| writer->string              | 112, 112 |
| writer->strong              | 117      |
| writer->suffix              | 110      |
| writer->table               | 113      |
| writer->tickbox             | 117      |
| writer->uri                 | 112      |
| writer->verbatim            | 118      |
| writer.new                  | 109, 109 |
| \writestatus                | 194      |