## The xr package\*

## David Carlisle<sup>†</sup>

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This file is maintained by the LATEX Project team. Bug reports can be opened (category tools) at https://latex-project.org/bugs.html.

This package implements a system for eXternal References.

If one document needs to refer to sections of another, say aaa.tex, then this package may be loaded in the main file, and the command \externaldocument{aaa}

given in the preamble.

Then you may use \ref and \pageref to refer to anything which has been given a \label in either aaa.tex or the main document. You may declare any number of such external documents.

If any of the external documents, or the main document, use the same \label then an error will occur as the label will be multiply defined. To overcome this problem \externaldocument has an optional argument. If you declare \externaldocument[A-]{aaa} Then all references from aaa are prefixed by A-. So for instance, if a section of aaa had \label{intro}, then this could be referenced with \ref{A-intro}. The prefix need not be A-, it can be any string chosen to ensure that all the labels imported from external files are unique. Note however that if your style declares certain active characters (: in French, " in German) then these characters can not usually be used in \label, and similarly may not be used in the optional argument to \externaldocument.

As first suggested in Enrico Gregorio's xcite package, the current version also allows \cite to reference \bibitem in the external document. For fcompatibility with xcite, \externalcitedocument is made available as an alias for \externaldocument

## 1 The macros

1 (\*package)

Check for the optional argument.

- ${\tt 2 \ def\ external document \{\ cifnextchar [\ XR0 {\ XR0 [] }\} }$
- 3 \let\externalcitedocument\externaldocument

Save the optional prefix. Start processing the first aux file.

<sup>\*</sup>This file has version number v5.05, last revised 2019/07/22.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger} \text{The Author of Versions 1--4 was Jean-Pierre Drucbert}$ 

```
4 \def\XR@[#1]#2{{%
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- 5 \makeatletter
- 6 \def\XR@prefix{#1}%
- 7 \XR@next#2.aux\relax\\}}

Process the next aux file in the list and remove it from the head of the list of files to process.

- 8 \def\XR@next#1\relax#2\\{%
- 9 \edef\XR@list{#2}%
- 10 \XR@loop{#1}}

Check whether the list of aux files is empty.

- 11 \def\XR@aux{%
- 12 \ifx\XR@list\@empty\else\expandafter\XR@explist\fi}

Expand the list of aux files, and call \XR@next to process the first one.

13 \def\XR@explist{\expandafter\XR@next\XR@list\\}

If the aux file exists, loop through line by line, looking for \newlabel and \@input. Otherwise process the next file in the list.

- 14 \def\XR@loop#1{\openin\@inputcheck#1\relax
- 15 \ifeof\@inputcheck
- 16 \PackageWarning{xr}{^^JNo file #1^^JLABELS NOT IMPORTED.^^J}%
- 17 \expandafter\XR@aux
- 18 \else
- 19 \PackageInfo{xr}{IMPORTING LABELS FROM #1}%
- 20 \expandafter\XR@read\fi}

Read the next line of the aux file.

- 21  $\def\XR@read\{\%\$
- 22 \read\@inputcheck to\XR@line

The ... make sure that **\XR@test** always has sufficient arguments.

23 \expandafter\XR@test\XR@line...\XR@}

Look at the first token of the line. If it is \newlabel, do the \newlabel. If it is \@input, add the filename to the list of files to process. Otherwise ignore. Go around the loop if not at end of file. Finally process the next file in the list.

2018 update: make sure the arguments are handled outside the \ifx test,

```
24 \long\def\XR@test#1#2#3#4\XR@{%
```

- $25 \qquad \verb|\lambda| \ensuremath{ \mbox{\tt let} \mbox{\tt NR@tempa}@gobbletwo}|$
- 26 \ifx#1\newlabel
- 27 \let\XR@tempa\@firstoftwo
- 28 \else\ifx#1\bibcite
- 29 \let\XR@tempa\@firstoftwo
- 30  $\left| \frac{30}{2} \right|$
- 31 \let\XR@tempa\@secondoftwo
- $32 \left| fi \right| fi$
- $\label{lem:linear_state} $$3$ \XR0tempa{#1{\XR0prefix#2}{#3}}{\edef\XR0list{\XR0list#2\relax}}%$$$
- 34 \ifeof\@inputcheck\expandafter\XR@aux
- 35 \else\expandafter\XR@read\fi}
- 36 (/package)