TASKS

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lists with columns filled horizontally

Clemens NIEDERBERGER

https://github.com/cgnieder/tasks/

contact@mychemistry.eu

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1 Preface

1.1 Motivation & History

Changed in version 0.7 (2013/01/19)

Changed in version 0.10 (2014/07/20)

Originally TASKS has been an integral part of the ExSHEETS package [Nie19]. However, users told me that it indeed could be useful to have it as a stand-alone package not having to load the whole ExSHEETS beast just for having the tasks environment available. Since I agree with this the environment has been extracted into a package if its own, TASKS. Since then TASKS has been distributed as a package of its own but as part of the ExSHEETS bundle. With vo.10 I decided to make it a completely independent package. So the relation to ExSHEETS only is a historical one.

The reason for the tasks environment is an unwritten agreement in German maths textbooks (exspecially in (junior) high school textbooks) to organize exercises in columns counting horizontally rather than vertically. That is what tasks primarily is for. If you don't need this feature

you're better off using traditional LATEX lists and the enumitem package for customization.

1.2 Changes

Introduced in version 1.0 (2019/10/04) The step to version 1.0 brought some significant changes:

- the option counter-format is deprecated. Labels can now be set quite similar to the way they are set in enumitem. This also made the enumerate option of the list template superfluous which has been removed accordingly.
- The commands \NewTasks and \RenewTasks have been renamed.
- The multiple choice lists have been removed.
- Custom definitions can be put in a tasks.cfg file which is automatically loaded if available.

2 License and Requirements

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this software under the terms of the LATEX Project Public License (LPPL), version 1.3 or later (http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt). The software has the status "maintained."

TASKS requires the l3kernel [L3P] bundle, xparse¹ and xtemplate.

3 How it works

3.1 Background

The tasks environment is similar to a list like enumerate but not the same. Here are some of the differences:

- 1. there is no pagebreak possible inside an item but only between items.
- 2. the enumeration default is a), b), c) ...
- 3. the body of the tasks environment is split at *every* occurrence of the item separator. For this reason the default separator is not \item but \task so it is unique to this environment only. This directly leads to...
- 4. ... the fact that the tasks environment cannot be nested. You can, however, use an itemize environment or another "real" list in it.
- 5. A fifth difference: verbatim material cannot be used in it. You'll have to use \string, \texttt or \detokenize. If this won't suffice then don't use tasks.

^{1.} on CTAN as xparse: http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/xparse/

The environments of TASKS are what I like to call "pseudo-environments". This means like environments defined by the package environ [Rob14] the body of the environment is read as argument before it is processed. This is why verbatim material cannot be used in TASKS' lists.

3.2 The Basics

\begin{tasks}[(options)]((num of columns))

List like environment where the single items are introduced with \task.

Let's see an example:

```
1 % \Sample is defined to contain some sample text:
2 % \def\sample{This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat
3 % longer text spanning a few lines.}
4 % \def\Sample{\sample\\sample\par\sample}
5 Some text before the list.
6 \begin{tasks}
7 \task \Sample
8 \task \Sample
9 \task \Sample
10 \end{tasks}
11 And also some text after it.
```

Some text before the list.

a) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

b) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

c) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

```
And also some text after it.
```

The environment takes the optional argument ($\langle num \ of \ columns \rangle$) with which the number of columns used by the environment is specified.

```
1 \begin{tasks}(2)
2 \task \Sample
3 \task \sample\ \sample
4 \task \sample
5 \task \Sample
6 \task \sample\par\sample
7 \end{tasks}
```

a) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

- c) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.
- b) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.
- d) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

e) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

3.3 Items Spanning More Than One Column

Introduced in version 0.10

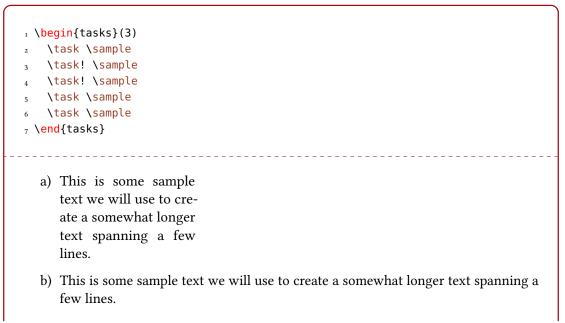
Sometimes it may come in handy if an item is allowed to span more than one column. **TASKS** supports items using the remaining space by adding an optional star to \task:

3 How it works

2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \	egin{tasks}(3) task \sample task* \sample task* \sample task \sample task \sample d{tasks}		
a)	- · ·	is some sample text we will use to create a some- t longer text spanning a few lines.	
c)	c) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.		
d)	text we will use to cre- ate a somewhat longer ate a	is some sample we will use to cre- somewhat longer spanning a few s.	

Introduced in version 0.10

TASKS also supports items that span *all* columns in any case by adding an optional bang to \task.



3 How it works

c) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

d) This is some sample	e) This is some sample	
text we will use to cre-	text we will use to cre-	
ate a somewhat longer	ate a somewhat longer	
text spanning a few	text spanning a few	
lines.	lines.	

The optional star has itself an optional argument with parentheses where you can specify the number of columns the item is supposed to span:

<pre>1 \settasks{debug}</pre>	
<pre>2 \begin{tasks}(4)</pre>	
3 \task the first	
$_4$ \task the second	
5 \task the third	
6 \task the fourth	
7 \task*(3) the fifth item is way too long for this and nee	ds three columns
8 \task the sixth	
y \task the seventh	
10 \task*(2) the eighth item is way too long for this and ne	eds two columns
11 \task the nineth	
12 \task the tenth	
<pre>13 \end{tasks}</pre>	
a) the first b) the second c) the third	d) the fourth
a) the first b) the second c) the third	
b) the fifth item is way too long for this and needs three	f) the sixth
e) the fifth item is way too long for this and needs three	f) the sixth
columns	
g) the seventh (h) the eighth item is way too long for this	i) the nineth
and needs two columns	
j) the tenth	

If there are not enough columns left (say two columns but you said \task*(3)) the argument is ignored and the maximum number of remaining columns is used (two in case of our example). Both optional star and optional bang can be combined with the optional argument for a custom label:

1	1	tasks}(3)
2	\task	\sample

3 How it works

```
\task* \sample
   \task*[(x)] \sample
   \task \sample
5
   \task \sample
6
7 \end{tasks}
  a) This is some sample
                              b) This is some sample text we will use to create a some-
     text we will use to cre-
                                 what longer text spanning a few lines.
     ate a somewhat longer
     text spanning a few
     lines.
  (x) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a
     few lines.
  d) This is some sample
                              e) This is some sample
     text we will use to cre-
                                 text we will use to cre-
     ate a somewhat longer
                                 ate a somewhat longer
     text spanning a few
                                 text spanning a few
     lines.
                                 lines.
```

Introduced in version 0.9 (2013/04/07) Forcing a new item line manually is also possible using the following command:

\startnewitemline

Introduce a new line in a tasks environment.

While this works it also needs a bit of care since the width of the items doesn't change which means in order to use the full width you'd have to use trickery like \rlap which then means the danger of the item text sticking into the margin.

```
1 \begin{tasks}(4)
<sup>2</sup> \task the first
  \task the second
3
    \task the third
4
    \mathbf{task} the fourth
5
    \task \rlap{the fifth item is way too long for this so we start a new row}
6
      \startnewitemline
7
    \ the sixth
8
   \task the seventh
9
   \task \rlap{the eighth item also is too long} \startnewitemline
10
    \task the nineth
11
    \ the tenth
12
13 \end{tasks}
```

a) the first b) the second c) the third d) the fourth e) the fifth item is way too long for this so we start a new row f) the sixth g) the seventh h) the eighth item also is too long i) the nineth i) the tenth

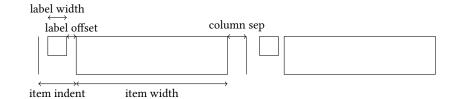
4 Available Options

Changed in version 0.10

The TASKS package does not have any package options. The environment tasks has a number of options, though, namely the following ones that can be set using a setup command: \settasks{options Setup command for TASKS. **style** = { $\langle instance \rangle$ } (initially empty) Choose the instance to be used. Read more on this in section 8.1. label-format = { $\langle code \rangle$ } (initially empty) Can be used to apply a formatting like, e.g., \bfseries to the labels. This may be code accepting Changed in version 1.1a the item as mandatory argument. (2020/01/11) $label = \{ \langle code \rangle \}$ Default: \alph*) Sets a custom label. The * is replaced by {task}. This is heavily inspired by enumitem's [Bez19] Changed in version 1.0 label option. label-width = { $\langle dim \rangle$ } Default: 1em Sets the width of the item labels. label-offset = { $\langle dim \rangle$ } Default: .3333em Sets the offset, *i. e.*, the distance between label and item. Introduced in version 0.7 item-format = { $\langle code \rangle$ } (initially empty) Can be used to apply a formatting like, e.g., \bfseries to the items. This may be code accepting Introduced in version 0.11 the item as mandatory argument. (2016/05/03) Default: 2.5em item-indent = { $\langle dim \rangle$ } The indent of an item, *i. e.*, the horizontal space available for both label and label-offset. If Introduced in version 0.9a (2013/04/22) indent = label-width + label-offset

> the label will align with the textblock above (if label-align = {left} is set). Please see figure 1 for a sketch of the available lengths and how they are set.

4 Available Options





Introduced in	$column-sep = \{ \langle dim \rangle \}$ A horizontal length that is inserted between columns of ite	Default: 0pt ms.
version 0.10 Introduced in	<pre>label-align = left right center Determines how the labels are aligned within the label-box w</pre>	Default: left hose width is set with label-width.
version 0.7	before-skip = { $\langle skip \rangle$ } Sets the skip before the list.	Default: 0pt
	$\frac{\text{after-skip}}{\text{Sets the skip after the list.}}$	Default: 0pt
Introduced in	after-item-skip = { $\langle skip \rangle$ }IThis vertical skip is inserted between rows of items.	Default:1ex plus 1ex minus 1ex
version 0.9	<pre>resume = true false The enumeration will resume from a previous tasks enviro properly you shouldn't mix different tasks environments t</pre>	*
	$start = \{\langle integer \rangle\}$	Default: 1
Introduced in version 1.1	Set the starting value with which the list starts counting.	
(2019/11/03)	$counter = \{ \langle counter \rangle \}$	Default: task
Introduced	The counter to be used to count the items.	
in version 1.2 (2020/03/21)	<pre>debug = true false</pre>	Default: false
Introduced in version 0.10	If set to true $fboxsep$ is set to $0pt$ inside the tasks environ frame around the label boxes and the item boxes.	nment and \fbox is used to draw a
	Now the same list as above but with three columns and a	a different label:
	<pre>. \begin{tasks}[label=(\roman*) label_width=4ex](2)</pre>	

```
1 \begin{tasks}[label=(\roman*),label-width=4ex](2)
2 \task \Sample
3 \task \sample\ \sample
4 \task \sample
5 \task \Sample
6 \task \Sample
7 \end{tasks}
```

4 Available Options

(i) This is some sample text we will use (ii) to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

- (iii) This is some sample text we will use (iv) to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.
- This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.
- v) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

(v) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use

to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

Let's use it inside a question, *i. e.*, inside xsim's exercise environment [Nie20]:

```
1 % since settings are local the following ones will be lost
2 % outside this example;
3 \settasks{
                 = \theexercise.\arabic* ,
    label
    item-indent = 2em ,
    label-width = 2em ,
6
    label-offset = 0pt
7
8 }
9 \begin{exercise}
    I have these two tasks for you. Shall we begin?
10
    begin{tasks}(2)
11
      \task The first task: easy!
12
      \task The second task: even more so!
13
   \end{tasks}
14
15 \end{exercise}
```

5 Available Instances

```
16 \begin{solution}[print]
17 Now, let's see\ldots\ ah, yes:
18 \begin{tasks}
19 \task This is the first solution. Told you it was easy.
20 \task This is the second solution. And of course you knew that!
21 \end{tasks}
22 \end{solution}
```

Exercise 1

I have these two tasks for you. Shall we begin?

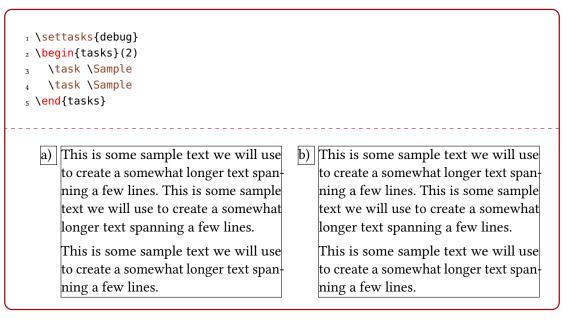
1.1 The first task: easy! 1.2 The second task: even more so!

Solution 1

Now, let's see... ah, yes:

- 1.1 This is the first solution. Told you it was easy.
- 1.2 This is the second solution. And of course you knew that!

Finally let's see what the debug option does (you could see it already on page 6):



5 Available Instances

There are currently three additional instances for the tasks object available:

itemize uses \labelitemi as labels.

enumerate enumerates the items with 1., 2., ...

```
> \begin{tasks}[style=itemize](2)
> \task that's just how\ldots
> \task \ldots we expected
4 \end{tasks}
5 \begin{tasks}[style=enumerate](2)
6 \task that's just how\ldots
7 \task \ldots we expected
8 \end{tasks}
• that's just how...
• ...we expected
1. that's just how...
2. ...we expected
```

6 Custom Labels

If you want to change a single label inside a list, you can use the optional argument of \task. This will temporarily overwrite the default label.

$\tasksifmeasuringTF{\langle true \rangle}{\langle false \rangle}$

Introduced in version 1.2

This command used inside a label checks if the label is typeset for measuring its width or if it is typeset "for real". Might be useful sometimes. There are also the variants \tasksifmeasuringT and \tasksifmeasuringF.

7 New tasks-like Environments

It is possible to add custom environments that work like the tasks environment.

\NewTasksEnvironment[(options)]{(name)}[(separator)]((cols))

Define environment $\langle name \rangle$ that uses $\langle separator \rangle$ to introduce a new item. Default for $\langle separator \rangle$ is \task , default for $\langle cols \rangle$ is 1. The $\langle options \rangle$ are the ones described in section 4.

\RenewTasksEnvironment[{options}]{{name}}[{separator}]({cols})

Renew environment previously defined with \NewTasksEnvironment.

The tasks environment is defined as follows:

```
NewTasksEnvironment{tasks}
```

The separator does not have to be a control sequence:



Although this might seem handy or even nice I strongly advice against using something different than a command sequence. Remember that the items will be split at *every* occurrence of the separator. So in order to use the separator (here for example for a starred variant of a command) within an item it has to be hidden in braces. This is avoided of you use a command sequence which even doesn't have to be defined.

Please also keep in mind that the separator still has an optional star argument (see 4), an optional bang argument and the standard optional argument. Using * will prevent the optional star argument.

```
% \usepackage{fontawesome}
% \usepackage{fo
```

8 Styling TASKS

TASKS uses xtemplate to declare additional instances for the lists.

8.1 The tasks Object

The object that's defined by **TASKS** is the 'tasks' object. This time there are four instances available for the one template (again 'default') that was defined.

8.1.1 Available Options

This section only lists the options that can be used when defining an instance of the 'default' template. The following subsections will give some examples of their usage.

```
>> \DeclareTemplateInterface{tasks}{default}{3}
>> {
3 % option : type = default
4 label : tokenlist = \alph*),
5 indent : length = 2.5em ,
6 label-format : tokenlist ,
7 label-width : length = 1em ,
8 label-offset : length = .3333em ,
9 after-item-skip : skip = 1ex plus 1ex minus 1ex
10 }
```

8.1.2 Predefined Instances

This is rather brief this time:

```
1 % alphabetize: a) b) c)
2 \DeclareInstance{tasks}{alphabetize}{default}{}
3 % itemize
4 \DeclareInstance {tasks} {itemize} {default}
5 {
6 label-width = 1.125em ,
7 label = \labelitemi
8 }
9 % enumerate:
10 \DeclareInstance {tasks} {enumerate} {default}
11 { label = \arabic*. }
```

9 References

[Bez19]	Javier BEZOS. <i>enumitem</i> . Version 3.9. June 20, 2019. URL: https://ctan.org/pkg/enumitem.
[L ₃ P]	Тне IAT _E X3 Project Теам. <i>l3kernel</i> . Sept. 19, 2019. url: https://www.ctan.org/pkg/l3kernel/.
[Nie19]	Clemens NIEDERBERGER. <i>exsheets</i> . Version 0.21k. Sept. 30, 2019. URL: https://ctan.org/pkg/exsheets.
[Nie20]	Clemens NIEDERBERGER. <i>xsim.</i> Version 0.19a. Mar. 19, 2020. URL: https://ctan.org/pkg/xsim.
[Rob14]	Will ROBERTSON. environ. Version 0.3. May 4, 2014.

URL: https://ctan.org/pkg/environ.

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