The runcode package*

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Abstract

runcode is a IATEX package that executes programming source codes (including all command line tools) from IATEX, and embeds the results in the resulting pdf file. Many programming languages can be easily used and any command-line executable can be invoked when preparing the pdf file from a tex file.

It is recommended to use this package in the server-mode together with the Python talk2stat package. Currently, the server-mode supports Julia, MatLab, Python, and R. More languages will be added.

For more details and usage examples and troubleshooting, refer to the package's github repository, at https://github.com/Ossifragus/runcode.

1 Installation

The package on CTAN can be installed automatically by your T_EX software (e.g., MikTeX Update Wizard). You can also simply put the runcode.sty file in the IATEX project folder. To use the package you have to enable the 'shell-escape' option when compiling a IATEX document.

The server mode requires the talk2stat Python package. To install it from the command line, use: pip3 install talk2stat

The *talk2stat* source is available from https://pypi.org/project/talk2stat/. Note that Python version 3.8.* and up is required.

2 Usage

2.1 Load the package

\usepackage[options]{runcode}

Available options are:

- julia: start a *talk2stat* server* for Julia [https://julialang.org/].
- matlab: start a *talk2stat* server* for MatLab [https://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab.html].
- R: start a *talk2stat* server* for R [https://www.r-project.org/].
- run: run source code, and store results in cache files.

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- cache: use cached results.
- stops erver: stop the $talk2stat\ server(s)$ when the pdf compilation is done.
- nohup: when using the server-mode, some editors terminate all child processes after LaTeX compiling such as Emacs with Auctex. For this case, use the nohup option. It set the variable notnohup to be false, and the server will not be terminated by the parent process.
- nominted: use the *fvextra* package [https://ctan.org/pkg/fvextra] instead of the *minted* package [https://ctan.org/pkg/minted] to show code (*fvextra* does not require Python's pygments package [https://pygments.org/], but it does not provide syntax highlights).

* Requires the Python package *talk2stat* to be installed.

2.2 Basic commands

 $\text{Code{Arg1}{Arg2}{Arg3}[Arg4] runs an external code. The arguments are:$

- Arg1 is the executable program.
- Arg2 is the source file name.
- Arg3 is the output file name (with an empty value, the counter 'code-Output' is used).
- Arg4 controls whether to run the code. Arg4 is optional with three possible values: if skipped or with empty value, the value of the global Boolean variable runcode as determined by the run option when loading the package, is used; if the value is set to 'run', the code will be executed; if set to 'cache' (or anything else), use cached results (see more about the cache below).

\showCode{Arg1}{Arg2}[Arg3][Arg4] shows the source code, using minted for a pretty layout or fvextra (if pygments is not installed).

- Arg1 is the programming language.
- Arg2 is the source file name.
- Arg3 is the first line to show (optional with a default value 1).
- Arg4 is the last line to show (optional with a default value of the last line).

- Arg1 is the output file name, and it needs to have the same value as that of Arg3 in \runExtCode. If an empty value is given to Arg1, the counter 'codeOutput' is used.
- $\ensuremath{\texttt{Arg2}}$ is optional and it controls the type of output with a default value 'vbox'
 - vbox (or skipped) = verbatim in a box.
 - tex = pure latex.
 - inline = embed result in text.

- Arg1 is the executable program or programming language.
- Arg2 is the source code.
- Arg3 is the output type.
 - inline (or skipped or with empty value) = embed result in text.
 - vbox = verbatim in a box.

2.3 Language specific shortcuts

\runJulia[Arg1]{Arg2}{Arg3}[Arg4] runs an external Julia code file.

- Arg1 is optional and uses *talk2stat*'s Julia server by default.
- Arg2, Arg3, and Arg4 have the same effects as those of the basic command \runExtCode.

- Arg1 is optional and uses the Julia server by default.
- Arg2 is the Julia source code to run. If the Julia source code is wrapped between ``` on both sides (as in the markdown grammar), then it will be implemented directly; otherwise the code will be written to a file on the disk and then be called.
- Arg3 has the same effect as that of the basic command \inln.

\runMatLab[Arg1]{Arg2}{Arg3}[Arg4] runs an external MatLab code file.

- Arg1 is optional and uses *talk2stat*'s MatLab server by default.
- Arg2, Arg3, and Arg4 have the same effects as those of the basic command \runExtCode.

\inlnMatLab[Arg1] {Arg2} [Arg3] runs MatLab source code (Arg2) and displays the output in line.

- Arg1 is optional and uses the MatLab server by default.
- Arg2 is the MatLab source code to run. If the MatLab source code is wrapped between ``` on both sides (as in the markdown grammar), then it will be implemented directly; otherwise the code will be written to a file on the disk and then be called.
- $\tt Arg3$ has the same effect as that of the basic command \inln.

\runR[Arg1]{Arg2}{Arg3}[Arg4] runs an external R code file.

- Arg1 is optional and uses talk2stat/'s R server by default.
- Arg2, Arg3, and Arg4 have the same effects as those of the basic command \runExtCode.

 $\ \ R \$ and displays the output in line.

- Arg1 is optional and uses the R server by default.
- Arg2 is the R source code to run. If the R source code is wrapped between ``` on both sides (as in the markdown grammar), then it will be implemented directly; otherwise the code will be written to a file on the disk and then be called.

- Arg3 has the same effect as that of the basic command $\inln.$

\runPython[Arg1]{Arg2}{Arg3}[Arg4] runs an external Python code file.

- Arg1 is optional and uses *talk2stat]*'s Python server by default.
- Arg2, Arg3, and Arg4 have the same effects as those of the basic command \runExtCode.

 $\ \[Arg1]{Arg2}[Arg3]\]$ runs Python source code (Arg2) and displays the output in line.

- Arg1 is optional and uses the Python server by default.
- Arg2 is the R source code to run. If the Python source code is wrapped between ``` on both sides (as in the markdown grammar), then it will be implemented directly; otherwise the code will be written to a file on the disk and then be called.
- Arg3 has the same effect as that of the basic command \inln.

\runPythonBatch[Arg1][Arg2] runs an external Python source code (Arg1) in batch mode (without a server running). Python (at least currently), unlike the other languages we use, does not have an option to save and restore a session, which means that once a Python session ends, the working environment (variable, functions) is deleted. In order to allow a batch-mode in Python, we implemented such capability. It requires the dill module (https://pypi.org/project/dill/) module, which has to be installed via 'pip3 install dill'.

- Arg1 is the Python source code to run.
- Arg2 is the output file name.

3 Revisions

- v1.3, May 14, 2022: Removed the hard-coded minted options.
- v1.2, May 3, 2022: Added python options (server and batch).
- v1.1, April 17, 2021: Added a nohup option; improved error handling (missing code files, zero bytes in output files.)

4 Contributing

We welcome your contributions to this package by opening issues on GitHub and/or making a pull request. We also appreciate more example documents written using runcode.