The stampinclude package

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2016/05/16 v1.1

Abstract

The package replaces \includeonly and selects the files for \include by inspecting the time stamp of the .aux file. The file is selected for inclusion if the .aux file does not yet exist or is older than the corresponding .tex file

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1 Documentation

1.1 Introduction

LATEX provides two commands \include and \includeonly that helps in organizing large projects. Example for a master file:

^{*}Please report any issues at https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues

```
\documentclass{book}
  % \includeonly{}
\begin{document}
  \include{fileA}
  \include{fileB}
  \include{fileC}
\end{document}
```

All files are read and compiled if \includeonly is not executed. Otherwise you can give \includeonly a list of files in the preamble, e.g.:

```
\includeonly{fileA,fileC}
```

Now only files fileA.tex and fileC.tex are read and compiled.

If you change file fileB.tex and want to see only this file, then you must change the line with \includeonly to

```
\includeonly{fileB}
```

It is tedious to do this again and again, if different files are changed.

Package askinclude [1] offers a solution for this problem. It interactively asks for the files to be included and saves the user from editing the master file.

This package stampinclude goes another way. LATEX reads and writes a separate .aux file for each file that is included by \include. There LATEX remembers counter valuess. Changed .tex files can therefore be detected by comparing the file date stamp of the .tex file with the date stamp of its .aux file. Since version 1.30.0 pdfTEX provides \pdffilemoddate that reads the file date stamp. Thus this package uses this command and redefines \include to include the files that do not have .aux files yet or that are newer than its .aux file. \includeonly is ignored.

1.2 Usage

The package is loaded as normal LATEX package without options:

```
\usepackage{stampinclude}
```

Alternatively the package may be loaded on the command line (Example for shell 'bash'):

```
latex '\AtBeginDocument{\usepackage{stampinclude}}\input{master}'
```

Without \AtBeginDocument (and \RequirePackage instead of $\Lext{vasepackage}$) T_EX would name the document stampinclude.dvi instead of master.dvi.

1.3 Limitations

1.3.1 Other file dependencies

A file that is included by \include may input ore reference other files:

- other TFX files using \input,
- graphics files (\includegraphics),
- listings of external files,
- ...

Updates of those files are not detected by this package. It limits the date stamp comparison of an .aux file to its .tex file.

1.3.2 \include dependencies

In the example, given in the introduction 1.1, three files fileA, fileB, and fileC are included in this order. Now file fileA is changed by adding four pages, fileB remains untouched, and fileC is also updated. Then the package only selects fileA and fileC for inclusion. File fileB is not included. But LATEX has stored the counter values that are active at the end of fileB in fileB.aux in one of the previous runs when fileB was included. However the later addition of four pages in fileA was not known at that time. Therefore fileB.aux is out of date and the inclusion of file fileC starts with wrong counter values (especially the page counter).

1.3.3 Summary

This package stampinclude and the \include feature helps in accelerating the LATEX compilation. But it is not intended for generating the final version. For the final version of the document it is better to include *all* files to get all counter values right. Then this package and any \includeonly lines should be commented out:

```
% \usepackage{stampinclude}
% \includeonly{...}
```

1.4 Requirements

- pdfT_EX v1.30.0 (because of \pdffilemoddate and \pdfstrcmp), both modes for DVI and PDF are supported.
- Alternatively LuaTeX may be used. It lacks \pdffilemoddate and \pdfstrcmp. But its services are provided by package pdftexcmds [2] that is automatically loaded.

2 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
3 \ProvidesPackage{stampinclude}
    [2016/05/16 v1.1 Include files based on time stamps (HO)]%
5 \RequirePackage{pdftexcmds} [2007/12/12]%
6 \begingroup
    \chardef\x=1 %
    \expandafter\ifx\csname pdf@filemoddate\endcsname\relax
      \chardef\x=0 %
9
10
    \fi
    \expandafter\ifx\csname pdf@strcmp\endcsname\relax
11
      \chardef\x=0 %
12
13
    \fi
14 \expandafter\endgroup\ifcase\x
    \PackageWarningNoLine{stampinclude}{%
15
      \string\pdffilemoddate\space or %
16
17
      \string\pdfstrcmp\space are not found,\MessageBreak
18
      that are provided by pdfTeX >= 1.30.0.\MessageBreak
      Also LuaTeX is not detected.\MessageBreak
19
      Therefore package loading is aborted%
20
21
    \expandafter\endinput
22
23 \fi
```

```
\@include
               25 \ensuremath{\mbox{def}\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$0$}}}\xspace} 1 \ensuremath{\mbox{$0$}}\xspace
                   \IfFileExists{#1.aux}{%
                      \ifnum\pdf@strcmp{\pdf@filemoddate{#1.aux}}%
               27
                                        {\pdf@filemoddate{#1.tex}}<0 %
               28
                        \ifx\@partlist\@empty
               29
                          \gdef\@partlist{{#1}}%
               30
               31
                        \else
               32
                          \g@addto@macro\@partlist{,{#1}}%
                        \fi
               33
                      \fi
               34
                   }{%
               35
                      \ifx\@partlist\@empty
               36
                        \gdef\Qpartlist{{#1}}%
               37
               38
               39
                        \g@addto@macro\@partlist{,{#1}}%
               40
                   }%
               41
                   \SInc@org@include{#1} \relax
               42
               43 }
\includeonly
              Macro \includeonly is ignored.
               44 \renewcommand*{\includeonly}[1]{%
                   \PackageInfo{stampinclude}{%
                      Ignoring \string\includeonly
               46
                   }%
               47
               48 }
                  Simulate \includeonly.
               49 \@partswtrue
               50 \gdef\@partlist{}
                  Print included files at end of document.
               51 \AtEndDocument{%
                   \begingroup
                      \expandafter\let\expandafter\@partlist\expandafter\@empty
               53
               54
                      \expandafter\@for\expandafter\reserved@a
                      \expandafter:\expandafter=\@partlist\do{%
               55
                        \ifx\@partlist\@empty
               56
                          \edef\@partlist{\reserved@a}%
               57
               58
                        \else
               59
                          \edef\@partlist{\@partlist, \reserved@a}%
               60
                        \fi
                      }%
               61
                      \typeout{***************
               62
                               *************
               63
                               ***********
               64
               65
                               ************
               66
               67
                      \ifx\@partlist\@empty
                        \typeout{[stampinclude] No included files.}%
               68
                      \else
               69
                        \typeout{[stampinclude] Included files:}%
               70
               71
                        \typeout{\@partlist}%
               72
```

3 Installation

3.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/stampinclude.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/stampinclude.pdf Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle 'oberdiek' are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip

TDS refers to the standard "A Directory Structure for TEX Files" (CTAN:pkg/tds). Directories with texmf in their name are usually organized this way.

3.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the oberdiek.tds.zip in the TDS tree (also known as texmf tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

3.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The .dtx file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the .dtx through plain T_FX:

```
{\tt tex} \ {\tt stampinclude.dtx}
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as texmf tree):

```
\label{thm:stampinclude.sty} stampinclude.sty \rightarrow tex/latex/oberdiek/stampinclude.sty stampinclude.pdf \rightarrow doc/latex/oberdiek/stampinclude.pdf stampinclude.dtx \rightarrow source/latex/oberdiek/stampinclude.dtx
```

If you have a docstrip.cfg that configures and enables docstrip's TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of docstrip.

¹CTAN:pkg/stampinclude

3.4 Refresh file name databases

If your TEX distribution (TEX Live, mikTEX, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, TEX Live users run texhash or mktexlsr.

3.5 Some details for the interested

Unpacking with LATEX. The .dtx chooses its action depending on the format:

plain T_EX: Run docstrip and extract the files.

LATEX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using LATEX for docstrip (really, docstrip does not need LATEX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{stampinclude.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the .dtx or the .drv to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file ltxdoc.cfg. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfIAT_FX:

```
pdflatex stampinclude.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist stampinclude.idx
pdflatex stampinclude.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist stampinclude.idx
pdflatex stampinclude.dtx
```

4 References

- [1] Pablo A. Straub, Heiko Oberdiek: *The askinclude package*; 2007/10/23 v2.0; CTAN:pkg/askinclude.
- [2] Heiko Oberdiek: The pdftexcmds package; 2007/12/12 v0.3; CTAN:pkg/pdftexcmds.

5 History

[2008/07/14 v1.0]

• First version.

[2016/05/16 v1.1]

• Documentation updates.

6 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; plain numbers refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols	\includeonly $\underline{44}$
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	M \MessageBreak 17, 18, 19
37, 39, 50, 53, 55, 56, 57, 59, 67, 71	N
\@partswtrue 49	\NeedsTeXFormat 2
A	P
\AtEndDocument 51	\PackageInfo 45 \PackageWarningNoLine 15
\mathbf{C}	\pdf@filemoddate
\chardef	\pdf@strcmp 27
\csname	\pdffilemoddate 16
_	\pdfstrcmp 17
D	\ProvidesPackage 3
\do 55	
	R
${f E}$	R
E \endcsname	R \renewcommand
-	\renewcommand 44
\endcsname	\renewcommand
\endcsname	\renewcommand
\endcsname	\renewcommand
\endcsname 8, 11 \endinput 22 G \g@addto@macro 32, 39	\renewcommand
\endcsname	\renewcommand
\endcsname	\renewcommand