

The `engord` package

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Abstract

The package generates the suffix of English ordinal numbers. It can be used with plain and L^AT_EX formats.

Contents

1	Usage	2
1.1	Package options	2
1.2	Examples	2
2	Implementation	3
2.1	Reload check and identification	3
2.2	Help commands for plain compatibility	4
2.3	User macros	5
2.4	Suffix generation	6
3	Test	8
3.1	Catcode checks for loading	8
4	Installation	10
4.1	Download	10
4.2	Bundle installation	10
4.3	Package installation	10
4.4	Refresh file name databases	11
4.5	Some details for the interested	11
5	History	11
[2000/05/23 v1.0]	. . . . .	11
[2003/04/28 v1.1]	. . . . .	11
[2006/02/20 v1.2]	. . . . .	11
[2007/04/11 v1.3]	. . . . .	12
[2007/04/26 v1.4]	. . . . .	12
[2007/09/09 v1.5]	. . . . .	12
[2007/09/20 v1.6]	. . . . .	12
[2008/08/11 v1.7]	. . . . .	12
[2010/03/01 v1.8]	. . . . .	12
[2016/05/16 v1.9]	. . . . .	12

*Please report any issues at <https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues>

1 Usage

```
\engord{<LaTeX counter name>}
```

It prints the value of the *LaTeX* counter as English ordinal number. It can be used in the same way as `\arabic`, `\roman`, or `\alph`. The command is not available in plain *T_EX*.

```
\engordnumber{any TEX number}
```

It prints the number as English ordinal number.

```
\engordletters{#1}
```

This command formats the English ordinal letters after the number. It defaults to `\textsuperscript`.

```
\engorderror{#1}
```

It can be redefined, if an other error handling is wanted. The argument is a negative number or zero.

```
\engordraisetrue  
\engordraisefalse
```

These commands set the switch `\ifengordraise` that is asked by the default `\engordletters` before raising the ordinal letters.

1.1 Package options

normal: `\engordraisefalse`

raise: `\engordraisetrue`

Default is `raise`.

1.2 Examples

- `\usepackage[normal]{engord}`
`\engordnumber{1} → 1st`
`\engordnumber{12} → 12th`
`\engordnumber{123} → 123rd`
`\engord{page} → 1st (if page has the value of one)`
`\engordraisetrue`
`\engordnumber{12} → 12th`

- The default output of a counter can be redefined:

```
\newcounter{mycounter}  
\renewcommand{\theengcounter}{\engord{mycounter}}
```

- Because the implementation of `\engord` and `\engordnumber` is kept expandable, these commands can be used to make command names with an appropriate definition of `\engordletters`:

```
\renewcommand*{\engordletters}[1]{#1}
\@namedef{My\engordnumber{3}Command}{...}
```

This generates the command name ‘\My4rdCommand’. Since version 1.2 the redefinition can be dropped if the letters are not raised.

- If the letters should not be raised, use L^AT_EX package option `normal` or use

```
\engordraisefalse
```

Also `\engordletters` could be redefined for this purpose:

```
\renewcommand*{\engordletters}[1]{#1}
```

2 Implementation

2.1 Reload check and identification

```
1 /*package)
```

Reload check, especially if the package is not used with L^AT_EX.

```
2 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
3   \catcode13=5 % ^~M
4   \endlinechar=13 %
5   \catcode35=6 % #
6   \catcode39=12 % '
7   \catcode44=12 % ,
8   \catcode45=12 % -
9   \catcode46=12 % .
10  \catcode58=12 % :
11  \catcode64=11 % @
12  \catcode123=1 % {
13  \catcode125=2 % }
14  \expandafter\let\expandafter\x\csname ver@engord.sty\endcsname
15  \ifx\x\relax % plain-TeX, first loading
16  \else
17    \def\empty{}%
18    \ifx\x\empty % LaTeX, first loading,
19      % variable is initialized, but \ProvidesPackage not yet seen
20    \else
21      \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
22        \def\x#1#2{%
23          \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
24        }%
25    \else
26      \def\x#1#2{\PackageInfo{#1}{#2, stopped}}%
27    \fi
28    \x{engord}{The package is already loaded}%
29    \aftergroup\endinput
30  \fi
31 \fi
32 \endgroup%
```

Package identification:

```
33 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
34  \catcode13=5 % ^~M
35  \endlinechar=13 %
36  \catcode35=6 % #
37  \catcode39=12 % '
```

```

38  \catcode40=12 % (
39  \catcode41=12 % )
40  \catcode44=12 % ,
41  \catcode45=12 % -
42  \catcode46=12 % .
43  \catcode47=12 % /
44  \catcode58=12 % :
45  \catcode64=11 % @
46  \catcode91=12 % [
47  \catcode93=12 % ]
48  \catcode123=1 % {
49  \catcode125=2 % }
50 \expandafter\ifx\csname ProvidesPackage\endcsname\relax
51   \def\x#1#2#3[#4]{\endgroup
52     \immediate\write-1{Package: #3 #4}%
53     \xdef#1[#4]%
54   }%
55 \else
56   \def\x#1#2[#3]{\endgroup
57     #2[{#3}]%
58     \ifx#1\@undefined
59       \xdef#1{#3}%
60     \fi
61     \ifx#1\relax
62       \xdef#1{#3}%
63     \fi
64   }%
65 \fi
66 \expandafter\x\csname ver@engord.sty\endcsname
67 \ProvidesPackage{engord}%
68 [2016/05/16 v1.9 Provides English ordinal numbers (HO)]%

```

2.2 Help commands for plain compatibility

```

69 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
70 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
71 \endlinechar=13 %
72 \catcode123=1 % {
73 \catcode125=2 % }
74 \catcode64=11 % @
75 \def\x{\endgroup
76   \expandafter\edef\csname E0@AtEnd\endcsname{%
77     \endlinechar=\the\endlinechar\relax
78     \catcode13=\the\catcode13\relax
79     \catcode32=\the\catcode32\relax
80     \catcode35=\the\catcode35\relax
81     \catcode61=\the\catcode61\relax
82     \catcode64=\the\catcode64\relax
83     \catcode123=\the\catcode123\relax
84     \catcode125=\the\catcode125\relax
85   }%
86 }%
87 \x\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
88 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
89 \endlinechar=13 %
90 \catcode35=6 % #
91 \catcode64=11 % @
92 \catcode123=1 % {
93 \catcode125=2 % }

```

```

94 \def\TMP@EnsureCode#1#2{%
95   \edef\E0@AtEnd{%
96     \EO@AtEnd
97     \catcode#1=\the\catcode#1\relax
98   }%
99   \catcode#1=#2\relax
100 }
101 \TMP@EnsureCode{33}{12}%
102 \TMP@EnsureCode{36}{3}%
103 \TMP@EnsureCode{39}{12}%
104 \TMP@EnsureCode{42}{12}%
105 \TMP@EnsureCode{46}{12}%
106 \TMP@EnsureCode{47}{12}%
107 \TMP@EnsureCode{60}{12}%
108 \TMP@EnsureCode{91}{12}%
109 \TMP@EnsureCode{93}{12}%
110 \TMP@EnsureCode{94}{7}%
111 \TMP@EnsureCode{96}{12}%
112 \edef\E0@AtEnd{\EO@AtEnd\noexpand\endinput}

\EO@def Definitions, \newcommand does not exist in plain TEX.
113 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
114 \expandafter\ifx\csname newcommand\endcsname\relax
115   \def\E0@def{\def}%
116 \else
117   \def\E0@def#1{%
118     \newcommand*{#1}{}%
119     \def#1%
120   }%
121 \fi

122 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
123 \expandafter\ifx\csname RequirePackage\endcsname\relax
124   \input infwarerr.sty\relax
125   \input ltxcmds.sty\relax
126 \else
127   \RequirePackage{infwarerr}[2007/09/09]%
128   \RequirePackage{ltxcmds}[2016/05/16]%
129 \fi

```

2.3 User macros

\ifengordraise The switch `\ifengordraise`, whether the ordinal letters are raised or not. Default is raised because of compatibility.

```

130 \ltx@newif\ifengordraise
131 \engordraisetrue

```

In L^AT_EX this also can be controlled by option `normal` or `raise`.

```

132 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
133 \expandafter\ifx\csname DeclareOption\endcsname\relax
134 \else
135   \DeclareOption{normal}{\engordraisefalse}%
136   \DeclareOption{raise}{\engordraisetrue}%
137   \ProcessOptions*\relax
138 \fi

```

\engordletters `\engordletters` is called with one argument, the english ordinal letters, and contains the code to format them. It defaults to `\textsuperscript` depending on `\ifengordraise`.

```

139 \expandafter\ifx\csname engordletters\endcsname\relax
140   \EO@def\engordletters{%
141     \ifengordraise
142       \expandafter\engordtextsuperscript
143     \fi
144   }%
145 \fi

\engordtextsuperscript For plain TEX the definition is quite ugly, redefine \engordtextsuperscript if you have a better one.
146 \expandafter\ifx\csname engordtextsuperscript\endcsname\relax
147   \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
148   \expandafter\ifx\csname textsuperscript\endcsname\relax
149     \def\engordtextsuperscript{\relax
150       \relax
151       \ifmmode
152         ^{\rm#1}%
153       \else
154         $^{\rm#1}$%
155       \fi
156     }%
157   \else
158     \def\engordtextsuperscript{\textsuperscript}%
159   \fi
160 \fi

\engorderror \engorderror is called, if the number is zero or negative.
161 \expandafter\ifx\csname engorderror\endcsname\relax
162   \EO@def\engorderror{\relax
163   #1\engordletters{!ERROR!}%
164   \PackageWarning{engord}{%
165     `#1' is not an ordinal number%
166   }%
167 }%
168 \fi

\engord \engord expects a LATEX counter name as argument and calls \engordnumber. It is defined only, if LATEX is used.
169 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
170 \expandafter\ifx\csname newcounter\endcsname\relax
171 \else
172   \EO@def\engord{\relax
173   \engordnumber{\value{#1}}%
174 }%
175 \fi

\engordnumber \engordnumber is the user command to print a number as english ordinal number. The argument can be any TEX number like explicit numbers, register values, ...
In a safe way it converts the TEX number argument into a form that only consists of decimal digits.
176 \EO@def\engordnumber{\relax
177   \expandafter\EO@number\expandafter{\number{#1}}%
178 }

```

2.4 Suffix generation

\EO@number \EO@number expects a number with decimal digits as argument and looks at the size of the number and the count of the digits:

```

179 \def\EO@number#1{%
180   \ifnum#1<1 % handle the error case
181     \engorderror{#1}%
182   \else
183     \ifnum#1<21 %
184       \EO@ord{#1}%
185     \else
186       \ifnum#1<100 %
187         \EO@twodigits{#1}%
188       \else
189         \QReturnAfterFi{%
190           \EO@reverse#1\@nil{} \EO@afterreverse
191         }%
192       \fi
193     \fi
194   \fi
195 }

\QReturnAfterFi An internal help macro to prevent a too deep \if nesting.
196 \long\def\QReturnAfterFi#1\fi{\fi#1}

\EO@ord \EO@ord prints the number with ord letters.
#1: decimal digits, #1 < 21
197 \def\EO@ord#1{%
198   #1%
199   \expandafter\engordletters
200   \ifcase#1{th}\or
201     {st}\or
202     {nd}\or
203     {rd}\else
204     {th}\%
205   \fi
206 }

\EO@twodigits \EO@twodigits expects a number with two digits,
20 < number < 100
207 \def\EO@twodigits#1#2{%
208   #1\EO@ord{#2}%
209 }

\EO@reverse \EO@reverse reverses the digits of the number.
#1: next digit
#2: rest of the digits
#3: already reversed digits
#4: next command to call with the reversed number as argument
210 \def\EO@reverse#1#2\@nil#3#4{%
211   \ifx\#2\%
212     #4{#1#3}%
213   \else
214     \QReturnAfterFi{%
215       \EO@reverse#2\@nil{#1#3}{#4}%
216     }%
217   \fi
218 }

\EO@afterreverse \EO@afterreverse calls \EO@reverseback so that \EO@reverseback can inspect
the digits of the number.

```

```

219 \def\EO@afterreverse#1{%
220   \EO@reverseback#1\@nil
221 }

\EO@reverseback \EO@reverseback reverses the reversion.
#1: the last digit of the number
#2: the second last digit of the number
#3: first digits of the number in reversed order, it is not empty, because
\EO@reverseback is only called with numbers > 100.
222 \def\EO@reverseback#1#2#3\@nil{%
223   \EO@reverse#3\@nil{}@\firstofone
224   \ifnum#2#1<21 %
225     \EO@ord{#2#1}%
226   \else
227     #2\EO@ord{#1}%
228   \fi
229 }

230 \EO@AtEnd%
231 
```

3 Test

3.1 Catcode checks for loading

```

232 {*test1}
233 \catcode`=\=1 %
234 \catcode`=\}=2 %
235 \catcode`=\#=6 %
236 \catcode`=\@=11 %
237 \expandafter\ifx\csname count@\endcsname\relax
238   \countdef\count@=255 %
239 \fi
240 \expandafter\ifx\csname @gobble\endcsname\relax
241   \long\def\@gobble#1{}%
242 \fi
243 \expandafter\ifx\csname @firstofone\endcsname\relax
244   \long\def\@firstofone#1{#1}%
245 \fi
246 \expandafter\ifx\csname loop\endcsname\relax
247   \expandafter\@firstofone
248 \else
249   \expandafter\@gobble
250 \fi
251 {%
252   \def\loop#1\repeat{%
253     \def\body{#1}%
254     \iterate
255   }%
256   \def\iterate{%
257     \body
258     \let\next\iterate
259   \else
260     \let\next\relax
261   \fi
262   \next

```

```

263  }%
264  \let\repeat=\fi
265 }%
266 \def\RestoreCatcodes{%
267 \count@=0 %
268 \loop
269  \edef\RestoreCatcodes{%
270   \RestoreCatcodes
271   \catcode\the\count@=\the\catcode\count@\relax
272 }%
273 \ifnum\count@<255 %
274  \advance\count@ 1 %
275 \repeat
276
277 \def\RangeCatcodeInvalid#1#2{%
278  \count@=#1\relax
279  \loop
280   \catcode\count@=15 %
281  \ifnum\count@<#2\relax
282   \advance\count@ 1 %
283  \repeat
284 }
285 \def\RangeCatcodeCheck#1#2#3{%
286  \count@=#1\relax
287  \loop
288   \ifnum#3=\catcode\count@
289   \else
290    \errmessage{%
291      Character \the\count@\space
292      with wrong catcode \the\catcode\count@\space
293      instead of \number#3%
294    }%
295   \fi
296  \ifnum\count@<#2\relax
297   \advance\count@ 1 %
298  \repeat
299 }
300 \def\space{ }
301 \expandafter\ifx\csname LoadCommand\endcsname\relax
302  \def\LoadCommand{\input engord.sty\relax}%
303 \fi
304 \def\Test{%
305  \RangeCatcodeInvalid{0}{47}%
306  \RangeCatcodeInvalid{58}{64}%
307  \RangeCatcodeInvalid{91}{96}%
308  \RangeCatcodeInvalid{123}{255}%
309  \catcode`\@=12 %
310  \catcode`\\=0 %
311  \catcode`\%=14 %
312  \LoadCommand
313  \RangeCatcodeCheck{0}{36}{15}%
314  \RangeCatcodeCheck{37}{37}{14}%
315  \RangeCatcodeCheck{38}{47}{15}%
316  \RangeCatcodeCheck{48}{57}{12}%
317  \RangeCatcodeCheck{58}{63}{15}%
318  \RangeCatcodeCheck{64}{64}{12}%
319  \RangeCatcodeCheck{65}{90}{11}%
320  \RangeCatcodeCheck{91}{91}{15}%

```

```

321 \RangeCatcodeCheck{92}{92}{0}%
322 \RangeCatcodeCheck{93}{96}{15}%
323 \RangeCatcodeCheck{97}{122}{11}%
324 \RangeCatcodeCheck{123}{255}{15}%
325 \RestoreCatcodes
326 }
327 \Test
328 \csname @@end\endcsname
329 \end
330 </test1>

```

4 Installation

4.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/engord.dtx](#) The source file.

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/engord.pdf](#) Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle ‘oberdiek’ are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

[CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip](#)

TDS refers to the standard “A Directory Structure for TeX Files” ([CTAN:pkg/tds](#)). Directories with `texmf` in their name are usually organized this way.

4.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the `oberdiek.tds.zip` in the TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

4.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The `.dtx` file is a self-extracting `docstrip` archive. The files are extracted by running the `.dtx` through plain TeX:

```
tex engord.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree):

<code>engord.sty</code>	→ <code>tex/generic/oberdiek/engord.sty</code>
<code>engord.pdf</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/engord.pdf</code>
<code>test/engord-test1.tex</code>	→ <code>doc/latex/oberdiek/test/engord-test1.tex</code>
<code>engord.dtx</code>	→ <code>source/latex/oberdiek/engord.dtx</code>

If you have a `docstrip.cfg` that configures and enables `docstrip`’s TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of `docstrip`.

¹[CTAN:pkg/engord](#)

4.4 Refresh file name databases

If your **T_EX** distribution (**T_EX Live**, **mikT_EX**, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, **T_EX Live** users run **texhash** or **mktexlsr**.

4.5 Some details for the interested

Unpacking with L^AT_EX. The **.dtx** chooses its action depending on the format:

plain T_EX: Run **docstrip** and extract the files.

L^AT_EX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using L^AT_EX for **docstrip** (really, **docstrip** does not need L^AT_EX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{engord.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the **.dtx** or the **.drv** to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file **ltxdoc.cfg**. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfL^AT_EX:

```
pdflatex engord.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist engord.idx
pdflatex engord.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist engord.idx
pdflatex engord.dtx
```

5 History

[2000/05/23 v1.0]

- First public release, published in newsgroup **de.comp.text.tex**:
“Re: Ordinalzahlen in LaTe_X?²

[2003/04/28 v1.1]

- Bug fix for 30, 40, 50, ..., 100, 130, ...
- **\ordletters** renamed to documented **\engordletters**.

[2006/02/20 v1.2]

- Support for plain T_EX.
- Switch **\ifengordraise** added.
- Package options **raise** and **normal** added.
- DTX framework.

²Url: <https://groups.google.com/group/de.comp.text.tex/msg/738e2cb4c51759d6>

[2007/04/11 v1.3]

- Line ends sanitized.

[2007/04/26 v1.4]

- Use of package infwarerr.

[2007/09/09 v1.5]

- Catcode section added.

[2007/09/20 v1.6]

- Short description fixed (George White).

[2008/08/11 v1.7]

- Code is not changed.
- URLs updated.

[2010/03/01 v1.8]

- Compatibility with ini-TEX.

[2016/05/16 v1.9]

- Documentation updates.

6 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; plain numbers refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

Symbols	C
\#	235
\%	311
\@	236, 309
\@PackageWarning	164
\@ReturnAfterFi	189, <u>196</u> , 214
\@firstofone	223, 244, 247
\@gobble	241, 249
\@nil	190, 210, 215, 220, 222, 223
\@undefined	58
\\"	211, 310
\{	233
\}	234
A	
\advance	274, 282, 297
\aftergroup	29
B	
\body	253, 257
C	
\catcode	2, 3, 5, 6, <u>7</u> , 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 69, 70, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 93, 97, 99, 233, 234, 235, 236, 271, 280, 288, 292, 309, 310, 311
\count@	238, 267, 271, 273, 274, 278, 280, 281, 282, 286, 288, 291, 292, 296, 297
\countdef	238
\csname	14, 21, 50, 66, 76, 114, 123, 133, 139, 146, 148, 161, 170, 237, 240, 243, 246, 301, 328
D	
\DeclareOption	135, 136
E	
\empty	17, 18

\end	329	N	
\endcsname	14, 21, 50, 66, 76, 114, 123, 133, 139, 146, 148, 161, 170, 237, 240, 243, 246, 301, 328	\newcommand	118
\endinput	29, 112	\next	258, 260, 262
\endlinechar	4, 35, 71, 77, 89	\number	177, 293
\engord	2, 169	P	
\engorderror	2, 161, 181	\PackageInfo	26
\engordletters	2, 139, 163, 199	\ProcessOptions	137
\engordnumber	2, 173, 176	\ProvidesPackage	19, 67
\engordraisefalse	2, 135	R	
\engordraisetrue	2, 131, 136	\RangeCatcodeCheck	285, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324
\engordtextsuperscript	142, 146	\RangeCatcodeInvalid	277, 305, 306, 307, 308
\EO@afterreverse	190, 219	\repeat	252, 264, 275, 283, 298
\EO@AtEnd	95, 96, 112, 230	\RequirePackage	127, 128
\EO@def	113, 140, 162, 172, 176	\RestoreCatcodes	266, 269, 270, 325
\EO@number	177, 179	\rm	152, 154
\EO@ord	184, 197, 208, 225, 227	S	
\EO@reverse	190, 210, 223	\space	291, 292, 300
\EO@reverseback	220, 222	T	
\EO@twodigits	187, 207	\Test	304, 327
\errmessage	290	\textsuperscript	158
I		\the	77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 97, 271, 291, 292
\ifcase	200	\TMP@EnsureCode	94, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111
\ifengordraise	130, 141	V	
\ifmmode	151	\value	173
\ifnum	180, 183, 186, 224, 273, 281, 288, 296	W	
\ifx	15, 18, 21, 50, 58, 61, 114, 123, 133, 139, 146, 148, 161, 170, 211, 237, 240, 243, 246, 301	\write	23, 52
\immediate	23, 52	X	
\input	124, 125, 302	\x	14, 15, 18, 22, 26, 28, 51, 56, 66, 75, 87
\iterate	254, 256, 258		
L			
\LoadCommand	302, 312		
\loop	252, 268, 279, 287		
\ltx@newif	130		