The l3keys2e package L4TFX 2ε option processing using L4TFX3 keys

The LaTeX Project*

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The key-value method for optional arguments is very popular, as it allows the class or package author to define a large number of options with a simple interface. The expl3 bundle of LaTeX3 base code includes the module l3keys for defining keys, but to use these when loading LaTeX 2_{ε} packages and classes requires extra support. That support is provided by this small package, which is intended to enable LaTeX 2_{ε} packages to benefit from the power of the LaTeX3 key-value system.

0.1 Creating and using keyval options

As with any key-value input, using key-value pairs as package or class options has two parts. The first stage is to define one or more keys, using the \keys_define:nn function. For example, an option which simply stores a value would be created using:

```
\keys_define:nn { module }
{ option .tl_set:N = \l_module_variable_tl }
```

On its own, this will not make the key an option for the package or class containing the definition. The second stage is therefore to process the current options, searching for applicable keys.

\ProcessKeysOptions

\ProcessKeysOptions {\(module \) \}

The \ProcessKeysOptions function is used to check the current option list against the keys defined for {\(\lambda module \rangle \rangle \). Global (class) options and local (package) options are checked when this function is called in a package. Each option which does match a key name is then used to attempt to set the appropriate key using \keys_set:nn. For example, the option defined earlier would be processed by the line

\ProcessKeysOptions { module }

\ProcessKeysPackageOptions

 $\verb|\ProcessKeysPackageOptions {| \langle module \rangle|}$

This function works in a similar manner to \ProcessKeysOptions . When used in a $\End{E}X 2_{\varepsilon}$ package, $\ProcessKeysPackageOptions$ will not examine any class options available. In contrast, \ProcessKeysOptions does parse class options (in common with the $\End{E}X 2_{\varepsilon}$ kernel function \ProcessOptions).

^{*}E-mail: latex-team@latex-project.org

When passing unknown keys to other packages, the standard IATEX \CurrentOption command is available and should be used. In contrast to \l_keys_key_str, \CurrentOption is a token list and thus retains category code information. Depending on how options are used by third-party packages, this may be essential for the option to be recognised.

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K	\ProcessOptions 1
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\keys_define:nn 1	${f T}$
\l_keys_key_str	TEX and \LaTeX 2 ε commands:
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