

File I

Implementation

1 l3backend-basics Implementation

```
1  {*package}
```

Whilst there is a reasonable amount of code overlap between backends, it is much clearer to have the blocks more-or-less separated than run in together and DocStripped out in parts. As such, most of the following is set up on a per-backend basis, though there is some common code (again given in blocks not interspersed with other material).

All the file identifiers are up-front so that they come out in the right place in the files.

```
2  \ProvidesExplFile
3  {*dvipdfmx}
4  {l3backend-dvipdfmx.def}{2020-09-24}{}
5  {L3 backend support: dvipdfmx}
6  {/dvipdfmx}
7  {*dvips}
8  {l3backend-dvips.def}{2020-09-24}{}
9  {L3 backend support: dvips}
10 {/dvips}
11 {*dvisvgm}
12 {l3backend-dvisvgm.def}{2020-09-24}{}
13 {L3 backend support: dvisvgm}
14 {/dvisvgm}
15 {*luatex}
16 {l3backend-luatex.def}{2020-09-24}{}
17 {L3 backend support: PDF output (LuaTeX)}
18 {/luatex}
19 {*pdftex}
20 {l3backend-pdftex.def}{2020-09-24}{}
21 {L3 backend support: PDF output (pdfTeX)}
22 {/pdftex}
23 {*xetex}
24 {l3backend-xetex.def}{2020-09-24}{}
25 {L3 backend support: XeTeX}
26 {/xetex}
```

Check if the loaded kernel is at least enough to load this file. The kernel date has to be at least equal to \ExplBackendFileDate or later. If __kernel_dependency_version_check:Nn doesn't exist we're loading in an older kernel, so it's an error anyway. With time, this test should vanish and only the dependency check should remain.

```
27 \cs_if_exist:NTF \_\_kernel_dependency_version_check:nn
28 {
29     \_\_kernel_dependency_version_check:nn {2020-09-01}
30 {dvipdfmx}      {l3backend-dvipdfmx.def}
31 {dvips}        {l3backend-dvips.def}
32 {dvisvgm}      {l3backend-dvisvgm.def}
33 {luatex}       {l3backend-luatex.def}
34 {pdftex}       {l3backend-pdftex.def}
35 {xetex}        {l3backend-xetex.def}
```

```

36 }
37 {
38 \cs_if_exist_use:cF { @latex@error } { \errmessage }
39 {
40     Mismatched-LaTeX-support-files-detected. \MessageBreak
41     Loading-aborted!
42 }
43 { \use:c { @ehd } }
44 \tex_endinput:D
45 }

```

The order of the backend code here is such that we get somewhat logical outcomes in terms of code sharing whilst keeping things readable. (Trying to mix all of the code by concept is almost unmanageable.) The key parts which are shared are

- Color support is either dvips-like or LuaTeX/pdfTeX-like.
- LuaTeX/pdfTeX and dvipdfmx/XeTeX share drawing routines.
- XeTeX is the same as dvipdfmx other than image size extraction so takes most of the same code.

```
\__kernel_backend_literal:e
\__kernel_backend_literal:n
\__kernel_backend_literal:x
```

The one shared function for all backends is access to the basic \special primitive: it has slightly odd expansion behaviour so a wrapper is provided.

```

46 \cs_new_eq:NN \__kernel_backend_literal:e \tex_special:D
47 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal:n #1
48 { \__kernel_backend_literal:e { \exp_not:n {#1} } }
49 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x }

```

(End definition for __kernel_backend_literal:e.)

1.1 dvips backend

```
50 {*dvips}
```

Literal PostScript can be included using a few low-level formats. Here, we use the form with no positioning: this is overall more convenient as a wrapper. Note that this does require that where position is important, an appropriate wrapper is included.

```

51 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n #1
52 { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:: #1 } }
53 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { x }

```

(End definition for __kernel_backend_postscript:n.)

```
\__kernel_backend_postscript:n
\__kernel_backend_postscript:x
```

PostScript data that does have positioning, and also applying a shift to SDict (which is not done automatically by ps: or ps::, in contrast to ! or ").

```

54 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n #1
55 { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps: SDict ~ begin ~ #1 ~ end } }
56 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { x }

```

(End definition for __kernel_backend_postscript:n.)

PostScript for the header: a small saving but makes the code clearer. This is held until the start of shipout such that a document with no actual output does not write anything.

```

57 \bool_if:NT \g__kernel_backend_header_bool
58 {
```

```

59      \cs_if_exist:NNTF \AtBeginDvi
60      { \AtBeginDvi }
61      { \use:n }
62      { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { header = 13backend-dvips.pro } }
63  }

```

`_kernel_backend_align_begin:` In `dvips` there is no built-in saving of the current position, and so some additional PostScript is required to set up the transformation matrix and also to restore it afterwards. Notice the use of the stack to save the current position “up front” and to move back to it at the end of the process. Notice that the [begin]/[end] pair here mean that we can use a run of PostScript statements in separate lines: not *required* but does make the code and output more clear.

```

64 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
65  {
66      \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[begin] }
67      \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { currentpoint }
68      \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { currentpoint~translate }
69  }
70 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_align_end:
71  {
72      \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { neg~exch~neg~exch~translate }
73      \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[end] }
74  }

```

(End definition for `_kernel_backend_align_begin:` and `_kernel_backend_align_end:`)

`_kernel_backend_scope_begin:` Saving/restoring scope for general operations needs to be done with `dvips` positioning (try without to see this!). Thus we need the `ps:` version of the special here. As only the graphics state is ever altered within this pairing, we use the lower-cost g-versions.

```

75 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
76  { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:gsave } }
77 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
78  { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:grestore } }

```

(End definition for `_kernel_backend_scope_begin:` and `_kernel_backend_scope_end:`)

79

1.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

80

Both `LuaTeX` and `pdfTeX` write PDFs directly rather than via an intermediate file. Although there are similarities, the move of `LuaTeX` to have more code in `Lua` means we create two independent files using shared DocStrip code.

This is equivalent to `\special{pdf:}` but the engine can track it. Without the `direct` keyword everything is kept in sync: the transformation matrix is set to the current point automatically. Note that this is still inside the text (BT ... ET block).

```

81 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n #1
82  {
83  {*luatex}
84      \tex_pdfextension:D literal
85  //luatex
86  {*pdftex}

```

```

87     \tex_pfdliteral:D
88 </pdftex>
89     { \exp_not:n {#1} }
90   }
91 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n.)

```

__kernel_backend_literal_page:n Page literals are pretty simple. To avoid an expansion, we write out by hand.

```

92 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n #1
93   {
94   {*luatex}
95     \tex_pdfextension:D literal ~
96 </luatex>
97 {*pdftex}
98     \tex_pfdliteral:D
99 </pdftex>
100   page { \exp_not:n {#1} }
101 }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n.)

```

__kernel_backend_scope_begin: Higher-level interfaces for saving and restoring the graphic state.

```

102 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
103   {
104   {*luatex}
105     \tex_pdfextension:D save \scan_stop:
106 </luatex>
107 {*pdftex}
108     \tex_pdfsave:D
109 </pdftex>
110   }
111 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
112   {
113   {*luatex}
114     \tex_pdfextension:D restore \scan_stop:
115 </luatex>
116 {*pdftex}
117     \tex_pdfrestore:D
118 </pdftex>
119 }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_scope_begin: and \__kernel_backend_scope_end:.)

```

__kernel_backend_matrix:n Here the appropriate function is set up to insert an affine matrix into the PDF. With pdfTeX and LuaTeX in direct PDF output mode there is a primitive for this, which only needs the rotation/scaling/skew part.

```

120 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_matrix:n #1
121   {
122   {*luatex}
123     \tex_pdfextension:D setmatrix
124 </luatex>
125 {*pdftex}
126     \tex_pdfsetmatrix:D
127 </pdftex>


```

```

128      { \exp_not:n {#1} }
129    }
130 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_matrix:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_matrix:n)

131 ⟨/lualatex | pdftex⟩

```

1.3 dvipdfmx backend

```
132 ⟨*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩
```

The `dvipdfmx` shares code with the PDF mode one (using the common section to this file) but also with X_ET_EX. The latter is close to identical to `dvipdfmx` and so all of the code here is extracted for both backends, with some `clean` up for X_ET_EX as required. Equivalent to `pdf:content` but favored as the link to the pdfT_EX primitive approach is clearer.

```

133 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n #1
134   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:literal~ #1 } }
135 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n)

```

\ kernel backend literal page:n Whilst the manual says this is like `literal direct` in pdfT_EX, it closes the BT block!

```

136 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n #1
137   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:literal~direct~ #1 } }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n)

```

Scoping is done using the backend-specific specials. We use the versions originally from `xdvifpmpx` (`x:`) as these are well-tested “in the wild”.

```

138 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
139   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x:gsave } }
140 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
141   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x:grestore } }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_scope_begin: and \__kernel_backend_scope_end:.)

142 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

```

1.4 dvisvgm backend

```
143 ⟨*dvisvgm⟩
```

\ kernel backend literal svg:n \ kernel backend literal svg:x Unlike the other backends, the requirements for making SVG files mean that we can't conveniently transform all operations to the current point. That makes life a bit more tricky later as that needs to be accounted for. A new line is added after each call to help to keep the output readable for debugging.

```

144 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n #1
145   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { dvisvgm:raw~ #1 { ?nl } } }
146 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n.)

```

```
\g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
\l_kernel_backend_scope_int
```

In SVG, we need to track scope nesting as properties attach to scopes; that requires a pair of `int` registers.

```
147 \int_new:N \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
148 \int_new:N \l_kernel_backend_scope_int
```

(End definition for `\g_kernel_backend_scope_int` and `\l_kernel_backend_scope_int`.)

```
\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:  
\_kernel_backend_scope_end:  
  \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:n  
  \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:x  
\_kernel_backend_scope:n  
\_kernel_backend_scope:x
```

In SVG, the need to attach concepts to a scope means we need to be sure we will close all of the open scopes. That is easiest done if we only need an outer “wrapper” `begin/end` pair, and within that we apply operations as a simple scoped statements. To keep down the non-productive groups, we also have a `begin` version that does take an argument.

```
149 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:  
150 {  
151   \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g> }  
152   \int_set_eq:NN  
153     \l_kernel_backend_scope_int  
154     \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
155   \group_begin:  
156     \int_gset:Nn \g_kernel_backend_scope_int { 1 }  
157   }  
158 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_end:  
159 {  
160   \prg_replicate:nn  
161     { \g_kernel_backend_scope_int }  
162     { \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { </g> } }  
163   \group_end:  
164   \int_gset_eq:NN  
165     \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
166     \l_kernel_backend_scope_int  
167 }  
168 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:n #1  
169 {  
170   \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g ~ #1 > }  
171   \int_set_eq:NN  
172     \l_kernel_backend_scope_int  
173     \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
174   \group_begin:  
175     \int_gset:Nn \g_kernel_backend_scope_int { 1 }  
176   }  
177 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:n { x }  
178 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope:n #1  
179 {  
180   \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g ~ #1 > }  
181   \int_gincr:N \g_kernel_backend_scope_int  
182 }  
183 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_kernel_backend_scope:n { x }
```

(End definition for `_kernel_backend_scope_begin:` and others.)

```
184 </dvisvgm>  
185 </package>
```

2 **13backend-box** Implementation

```
186  {*package}
187  (@@=box)
```

2.1 dvips backend

```
188  {*dvips}
```

```
\__box_backend_clip:N
```

The dvips backend scales all absolute dimensions based on the output resolution selected and any TeX magnification. Thus for any operation involving absolute lengths there is a correction to make. See `normalscale` from `special.pro` for the variables, noting that here everything is saved on the stack rather than as a separate variable. Once all of that is done, the actual clipping is trivial.

```
189  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
190  {
191    \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
192    \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
193    \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { matrix~currentmatrix }
194    \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
195      { Resolution~72~div~VResolution~72~div~scale }
196    \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { DVImag~dup~scale }
197    \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
198    {
199      0 ~
200      \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_dp:N #1 } ~
201      \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
202      \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_ht:N #1 - \box_dp:N #1 } ~
203      rectclip
204    }
205    \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { setmatrix }
206    \__kernel_backend_align_end:
207    \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
208    \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
209    \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
210 }
```

(End definition for `__box_backend_clip:N`.)

```
\__box_backend_rotate:Nn
```

Rotating using dvips does not require that the box dimensions are altered and has a very convenient built-in operation. Zero rotation must be written as 0 not -0 so there is a quick test.

```
211  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
212  {
213    \exp_args:NNF \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
214  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
215  {
216    \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
217    \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
218    \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
219    {
220      \fp_compare:nNnTF {#2} = \c_zero_fp
221        { 0 }
222        { \fp_eval:n { round ( -(#2) , 5 ) } } ~
223      rotate
224    }
```

```

224     \__kernel_backend_align_end:
225     \box_use:N #1
226     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
227 }

(End definition for \__box_backend_rotate:Nn and \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn.)
```

__box_backend_scale:Nnn The dvips backend once again has a dedicated operation we can use here.

```

228 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
229 {
230     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
231     \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
232     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
233     {
234         \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
235         \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) } ~
236         scale
237     }
238     \__kernel_backend_align_end:
239     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
240     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
241 }
```

(End definition for __box_backend_scale:Nnn.)

242 ⟨/dvips⟩

2.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

243 ⟨*luatex | pdftex⟩

__box_backend_clip:N The general method is to save the current location, define a clipping path equivalent to the bounding box, then insert the content at the current position and in a zero width box. The “real” width is then made up using a horizontal skip before tidying up. There are other approaches that can be taken (for example using XForm objects), but the logic here shares as much code as possible and uses the same conversions (and so same rounding errors) in all cases.

```

244 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
245 {
246     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
247     \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:x
248     {
249         0~
250         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
251         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
252         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
253         re~W~n
254     }
255     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
256     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
257     \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
258 }
```

(End definition for __box_backend_clip:N.)

```

\__box_backend_rotate:Nn
\__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn
 \l__box_backend_cos_fp
 \l__box_backend_sin_fp

```

Rotations are set using an affine transformation matrix which therefore requires sine/cosine values not the angle itself. We store the rounded values to avoid rounding twice. There are also a couple of comparisons to ensure that -0 is not written to the output, as this avoids any issues with problematic display programs. Note that numbers are compared to 0 after rounding.

```

259 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
260   { \exp_args:NNf \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
261 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
262   {
263     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
264     \box_set_wd:Nn #1 { 0pt }
265     \fp_set:Nn \l__box_backend_cos_fp { round ( cosd ( #2 ) , 5 ) }
266     \fp_compare:nNnT \l__box_backend_cos_fp = \c_zero_fp
267       { \fp_zero:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp }
268     \fp_set:Nn \l__box_backend_sin_fp { round ( sind ( #2 ) , 5 ) }
269     \__kernel_backend_matrix:x
270   {
271     \fp_use:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp \c_space_t1
272     \fp_compare:nNnTF \l__box_backend_sin_fp = \c_zero_fp
273       { 0~0 }
274     {
275       \fp_use:N \l__box_backend_sin_fp
276       \c_space_t1
277         \fp_eval:n { -\l__box_backend_sin_fp }
278     }
279     \c_space_t1
280     \fp_use:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp
281   }
282   \box_use:N #1
283   \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
284 }
285 \fp_new:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp
286 \fp_new:N \l__box_backend_sin_fp

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_rotate:Nn` and others.)

```
\__box_backend_scale:Nnn
```

The same idea as for rotation but without the complexity of signs and cosines.

```

287 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
288   {
289     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
290     \__kernel_backend_matrix:x
291   {
292     \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
293     0~0~
294     \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
295   }
296   \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
297   \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
298 }

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

```
299 ⟨/luatex | pdftex⟩
```

2.3 dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX backend

300 $\langle *dvipdfmx | xetex \rangle$

$__box_backend_clip:N$ The code here is identical to that for Lua_TE_X/pdf_TE_X: unlike rotation and scaling, there is no higher-level support in the backend for clipping.

```

301 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_clip:N #1
302   {
303     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
304     \_\_kernel_backend_literal_pdf:x
305     {
306       0~
307       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
308       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
309       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
310       re~W~n
311     }
312     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
313     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_end:
314     \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
315   }

```

(End definition for $__box_backend_clip:N$.)

$__box_backend_rotate:Nn$ $__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn$ Rotating in dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX can be implemented using either PDF or backend-specific code. The former approach however is not “aware” of the content of boxes: this means that any embedded links would not be adjusted by the rotation. As such, the backend-native approach is preferred: the code therefore is similar (though not identical) to the dvips version (notice the rotation angle here is positive). As for dvips, zero rotation is written as 0 not -0.

```

316 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
317   { \exp_args:NNf \_\_box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
318 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
319   {
320     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
321     \_\_kernel_backend_literal:x
322     {
323       x:rotate~
324       \fp_compare:nNnTF {#2} = \c_zero_fp
325       { 0 }
326       { \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } }
327     }
328     \box_use:N #1
329     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_end:
330   }

```

(End definition for $__box_backend_rotate:Nn$ and $__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn$.)

$__box_backend_scale:Nnn$ Much the same idea for scaling: use the higher-level backend operation to allow for box content.

```

331 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
332   {
333     \_\_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
334     \_\_kernel_backend_literal:x

```

```

335      {
336      x:scale~
337      \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
338      \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
339      }
340      \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
341      \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
342  }

(End definition for \__box_backend_scale:Nnn.)
343 </dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

2.4 dvisvgm backend

```
344 <*dvisvgm>
```

```
\__box_backend_clip:N
\g_box_clip_path_int
```

Clipping in SVG is more involved than with other backends. The first issue is that the clipping path must be defined separately from where it is used, so we need to track how many paths have applied. The naming here uses `l3cp` as the namespace with a number following. Rather than use a rectangular operation, we define the path manually as this allows it to have a depth: easier than the alternative approach of shifting content up and down using scopes to allow for the depth of the TeX box and keep the reference point the same!

```

345 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
346  {
347  \int_gincr:N \g_box_clip_path_int
348  \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
349  { < clipPath-id = " l3cp \int_use:N \g_box_clip_path_int " > }
350  \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
351  {
352  <
353  path ~ d =
354  "
355  M ~ 0 ~
356  \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
357  L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
358  \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
359  L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
360  \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
361  L ~ 0 ~
362  \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
363  Z
364  "
365  />
366  }
367  \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
368  { < /clipPath > }

```

In general the SVG set up does not try to transform coordinates to the current point. For clipping we need to do that, so have a transformation here to get us to the right place, and a matching one just before the TeX box is inserted to get things back on track. The clip path needs to come between those two such that if lines up with the current point, as does the TeX box.

```
369 \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:n
```

```

370     {
371         transform =
372         "
373             translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
374             scale ( 1 , -1 )
375         "
376     }
377     \__kernel_backend_scope:x
378     {
379         clip-path =
380         "url ( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g_box_clip_path_int ) "
381     }
382     \__kernel_backend_scope:n
383     {
384         transform =
385         "
386             scale ( -1 , 1 ) ~
387             translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
388             scale ( -1 , -1 )
389         "
390     }
391     \box_use:N #1
392     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
393 }
394 \int_new:N \g_box_clip_path_int

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_clip:N` and `\g_box_clip_path_int`.)

`__box_backend_rotate:Nn` Rotation has a dedicated operation which includes a centre-of-rotation optional pair. That can be picked up from the backend syntax, so there is no need to worry about the transformation matrix.

```

395 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
396 {
397     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:x
398     {
399         transform =
400         "
401             rotate
402             ( \fp_eval:n { round ( -(#2) , 5 ) } , ~ { ?x } , ~ { ?y } )
403         "
404     }
405     \box_use:N #1
406     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
407 }

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_rotate:Nn`.)

`__box_backend_scale:Nnn` In contrast to rotation, we have to account for the current position in this case. That is done using a couple of translations in addition to the scaling (which is therefore done backward with a flip).

```

408 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
409 {
410     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:x
411     {

```

```

412     transform =
413     "
414         translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
415         scale
416         (
417             \fp_eval:n { round ( -#2 , 5 ) } ,
418             \fp_eval:n { round ( -#3 , 5 ) }
419         ) ~
420         translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
421         scale ( -1 )
422     "
423     }
424     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
425     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
426 }
```

(End definition for `_box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

```

427 
```

3 **13backend-color** Implementation

```

429 <*package>
430 <@=color>
```

Color support is split into parts: general color, separations, and color for drawings. We have different approaches in each backend, and have some choices to make about `dvipdfmx/XETEX` in particular. Whilst it is in some ways convenient to use the same approach in multiple backends, the fact that `dvipdfmx/XETEX` is PDF-based means it (largely) sticks closer to direct PDF output.

3.1 dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX

```

431 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>
```

These backends have the most possible approaches: it recognises both `dvips`-based color specials and its own format, plus one can include PDF statements directly. The latter are not subject to the stack, so are not suitable for general use. Of the two stack methods, the dedicated one has been extended to cover color spaces, so it is used in preference to the `dvips` one.

The `LATEX 2E` backend code uses `dvips`-based code with `dvipdfmx/XETEX`, and so we leave getting color from `LATEX 2E` to a shared code path below.

Push the data to the stack.

```

432 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
433 {
434     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: bc ~ [#1] }
435     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
436 }
437 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_gray:n \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n
438 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_rgb:n \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n
439 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
440     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: ec } }
```

(End definition for `_color_backend_select_cmyk:n` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

441 `</dvipdfmx | xetex>`

3.2 dvips-style

442 `<*dvisvgm | dvipdfmx | dvips | xetex>`

`_color_backend_pickup:N`
`_color_backend_pickup:w` Allow for L^AT_EX 2_E color. Here, the possible input values are limited: dvips-style colors can mainly be taken as-is with the exception spot ones (here we need a model and a tint). The x-type expansion is there to cover the case where `xcolor` is in use.

```
443 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:N #1 {
444   \cs_if_exist:cT { ver@color.sty }
445   {
446     \cs_set_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:N #1
447     {
448       \exp_args:NV \tl_if_head_is_space:nTF \current@color
449       {
450         \tl_set:Nx #1
451         {
452           { \exp_after:wN \use:n \current@color }
453           { 1 }
454         }
455       }
456     {
457       \exp_last_unbraced:Nx \_color_backend_pickup:w
458       {
459         \current@color } \s_color_stop #1
460       }
461     \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_pickup:w #1 ~ #2 \s_color_stop #3
462     {
463       \tl_set:Nn #3 { {#1} {#2} } }
464 }
```

(End definition for `_color_backend_pickup:N` and `_color_backend_pickup:w`.)

464 `</dvisvgm | dvipdfmx | dvips | xetex>`

465 `<*dvisvgm | dvips>`

`_color_backend_select_cmyk:n`
`_color_backend_select_gray:n`
`_color_backend_select_rgb:n` Push the data to the stack. In the case of dvips also saves the drawing color in raw PostScript.

```
466 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
467   { \_color_backend_select:n { cmyk ~ #1 } }
468 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_select_gray:n #1
469   { \_color_backend_select:n { gray ~ #1 } }
470 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_select_rgb:n #1
471   { \_color_backend_select:n { rgb ~ #1 } }
472 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_select:n #1
473   {
474     \_kernel_backend_literal:n { color-push~ #1 }
475   {*dvips}
476     \_kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc~ { ~ } ~def }
477     \_kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.fc~ { ~ } ~def }
478 
```

`</dvips>`

`\group_insert_after:N _color_backend_reset:`

```

480   }
481 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
482   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-pop } }

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n and others. These functions are documented on
page ??.)

483 ⟨/dvisvgm | dvips⟩

```

3.3 LuaTeX and pdfTeX

```
484 ⟨*lualatex | pdftex⟩
```

`__color_backend_pickup:N` The current color in driver-dependent format: pick up the package-mode data if available. We end up converting back and forward in this route as we store our color data in `dvips` format. The `\current@color` needs to be x-expanded before `__color_backend_pickup:w` breaks it apart, because for instance `xcolor` sets it to be instructions to generate a color

```

485 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:N #1 {
486 \cs_if_exist:cT { ver@color.sty }
487   {
488     \cs_set_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:N #1
489     {
490       \exp_last_unbraced:Nx \__color_backend_pickup:w
491       { \current@color } ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 \s__color_stop #1
492     }
493     \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:w
494     #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ #5 ~ #6 \s__color_stop #7
495     {
496       \str_if_eq:nnTF {#2} { g }
497       { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { gray } {#1} } }
498       {
499         \str_if_eq:nnTF {#4} { rg }
500         { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { rgb } { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 } } }
501         {
502           \str_if_eq:nnTF {#5} { k }
503           { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { cmyk } { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 } } }
504           {
505             \str_if_eq:nnTF {#2} { cs }
506             {
507               \tl_set:Nx #7 { { \use:n #1 } { #5 } }
508             }
509             {
510               \tl_set:Nn #7 { { gray } { 0 } }
511             }
512           }
513         }
514       }
515     }
516   }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_pickup:N` and `__color_backend_pickup:w`.)

`\l__kernel_color_stack_int` pdfTeX and LuaTeX have multiple stacks available, and to track which one is in use a variable is required.

```
517 \int_new:N \l__kernel_color_stack_int
```

(End definition for `_kernel_color_stack_int`.)

```

\_\_color\_backend\_select_cmyk:n
\_\_color\_backend\_select\_gray:n
\_\_color\_backend\_select\_rgb:n
\_\_color\_backend\_reset:

518 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
519   { \_\_color_backend_select:n { #1 ~ k ~ #1 ~ K } }
520 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_color_backend_select_gray:n #1
521   { \_\_color_backend_select:n { #1 ~ g ~ #1 ~ G } }
522 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_color_backend_select_rgb:n #1
523   { \_\_color_backend_select:n { #1 ~ rg ~ #1 ~ RG } }
524 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_color_backend_select:n #1
525   {
526     {*luatex}
527       \tex_pdfextension:D colorstack
528     
529     {*pdftex}
530       \tex_pdfcolorstack:D
531     
532       \lkernel_color_stack_int push {#1}
533       \group_insert_after:N \_\_color_backend_reset:
534     }
535 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_color_backend_reset:
536   {
537     {*luatex}
538       \tex_pdfextension:D colorstack
539     
540     {*pdftex}
541       \tex_pdfcolorstack:D
542     
543       \lkernel_color_stack_int pop \scan_stop:
544   }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_select_cmyk:n` and others.)

545

3.4 Separations

Here, life gets interesting and we need essentially one approach per backend.

546

```

\_\_color_backend_select_separation:nn
\_\_color_backend_select_devicen:nn
547 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2
548   { \_\_color_backend_select:n { separation ~ #1 ~ #2 } }
549 \cs_new_eq:NN \_\_color_backend_select_devicen:nn \_\_color_backend_select_separation:nn

(End definition for \_\_color_backend_select_separation:nn and \_\_color_backend_select_devicen:nn.)
```

Initialising here means creating a small header set up plus massaging some data. This comes about as we have to deal with PDF-focussed data, which makes most sense “higher-up”. The approach is based on ideas from <https://tex.stackexchange.com/q/560093> plus using the PostScript manual for other aspects.

```

550 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_\_color_backend_separation_init:nnnn #1#2#3#4#5
551   {
552     \bool_if:NT \g_kernel_backend_header_bool
```

```

\_\_color_backend_separation_init:nnnn
\_\_color_backend_separation_init:nxxnn
\_\_color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnn
lor_backend_separation_init_DeviceCMYK:nnn
lor_backend_separation_init_DeviceGray:nnn
olor_backend_separation_init_DeviceRGB:nnn
\_\_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn
  \_\_color_backend_separation_init:nnn
  \_\_color_backend_separation_init_count:n
  \_\_color_backend_separation_init_count:w
  \_\_color_backend_separation_init:nnn
    \_\_color_backend_separation_init:w
    \_\_color_backend_separation_init:n
    \_\_color_backend_separation_init:nw
\_\_color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn
```

```

553     {
554         \cs_if_exist:NTF \AtBeginDvi
555             { \exp_not:N \AtBeginDvi }
556             { \use:n }
557             {
558                 \exp_not:N \__color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn
559                     {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
560             }
561         }
562     }
563 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn { nxx }
564 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
565     {
566         \__kernel_backend_literal:e
567         {
568             !
569             TeXDict ~ begin ~
570             /color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int
571             {
572                 [ ~
573                     /Separation ~ ( \str_convert_pdfname:n {#1} ) ~
574                     [ ~ #2 ~ ] ~
575                     {
576                         \cs_if_exist_use:cF { __color_backend_separation_init_ #2 :nnn }
577                             { \__color_backend_separation_init:nnn }
578                             {#3} {#4} {#5}
579                     }
580                     ] ~ setcolorspace
581                 } ~ def ~
582             end
583         }
584     }
585 \cs_new:cpn { __color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceCMYK :nnn } #1#2#3
586     { \__color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 4 {#3} }
587 \cs_new:cpn { __color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceGray :nnn } #1#2#3
588     { \__color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 1 {#3} }
589 \cs_new:cpn { __color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceRGB :nnn } #1#2#3
590     { \__color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 2 {#3} }
591 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn #1#2
592     {
593         #2 ~
594         \prg_replicate:nn {#1}
595             { #1 ~ index ~ mul ~ #1 ~ 1 ~ roll ~ }
596             \int_eval:n { #1 + 1 } ~ -1 ~ roll ~ pop
597     }

```

For the generic case, we cannot use `/FunctionType 2` unfortunately, so we have to code that idea up in PostScript. Here, we will therefore assume that a range is *always* given. First, we count values in each argument: at the backend level, we can assume there are always well-behaved with spaces present.

```

598 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnn #1#2#3
599     {
600         \exp_args:Ne \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn
601             { \__color_backend_separation_init_count:n {#2} }

```

```

602     {#1} {#2} {#3}
603   }
604 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_count:n #1
605   { \int_eval:n { 0 \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #1 ~ \s__color_stop } }
606 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop
607   {
608     +1
609     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
610       { \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #2 \s__color_stop }
611   }

```

Now we implement the algorithm. In the terms in the PostScript manual, we have $\mathbf{N} = 1$ and $\mathbf{Domain} = [0 1]$, with \mathbf{Range} as #2, $\mathbf{C0}$ as #3 and $\mathbf{C1}$ as #4, with the number of output components in #1. So all we have to do is implement $y_i = \mathbf{C0}_i + x(\mathbf{C1}_i - \mathbf{C0}_i)$ with lots of stack manipulation, then check the ranges. That's done by adding everything to the stack first, then using the fact we know all of the offsets. As manipulating the stack is tricky, we start by re-formatting the $\mathbf{C0}$ and $\mathbf{C1}$ arrays to be interleaved, and add a 0 to each pair: this is used to keep the stack of constant length while we are doing the first pass of mathematics. We then working through that list, calculating from the last to the first value before tidying up by removing all of the input values. We do that by first copying all of the final y values to the end of the stack, then rolling everything so we can pop the now-unneeded material.

```

612 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnn #1#2#3#4
613   {
614     \__color_backend_separation_init:w #3 ~ \s__color_stop #4 ~ \s__color_stop
615     \prg_replicate:nn {#1}
616     {
617       pop ~ 1 ~ index ~ neg ~ 1 ~ index ~ add ~
618       \int_eval:n { 3 * #1 } ~ index ~ mul ~
619       2 ~ index ~ add ~
620       \int_eval:n { 3 * #1 } ~ #1 ~ roll ~
621     }
622     \int_step_function:nnnN {#1} { -1 } { 1 }
623       \__color_backend_separation_init:n
624       \int_eval:n { 4 * #1 + 1 } ~ #1 ~ roll ~
625       \prg_replicate:nn { 3 * #1 + 1 } { pop ~ }
626       \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
627         { \__color_backend_separation_init:nw {#1} #2 ~ \s__color_stop }
628     }
629 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:w
630   #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
631   {
632     #1 ~ #3 ~ 0 ~
633     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
634       { \__color_backend_separation_init:w #2 \s__color_stop #4 \s__color_stop }
635   }
636 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:n #1
637   { \int_eval:n { #1 * 2 } ~ index ~ }

```

Finally, we deal with the range limit if required. This is handled by splitting the range into pairs. It's then just a question of doing the comparisons, this time dropping everything except the desired result.

```

638 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nw #1#2 ~ #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
639   {

```

```

640      #2 ~ #3 ~
641      2 ~ index ~ 2 ~ index ~ lt ~
642          { ~ pop ~ exch ~ pop ~ } ~
643          { ~
644              2 ~ index ~ 1 ~ index ~ gt ~
645                  { ~ exch ~ pop ~ exch ~ pop ~ } ~
646                  { ~ pop ~ pop ~ } ~
647          ifelse ~
648      }
649      ifelse ~
650      #1 ~ 1 ~ roll ~
651      \tl_if_blank:nF {#4}
652          { \_color_backend_separation_init:nw {#1} #4 \s__color_stop }
653      }

```

CIELAB support uses the detail from the PostScript reference, page 227; other than that block of PostScript, this is the same as for PDF-based routes.

```

654 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3
655     {
656         \_color_backend_separation_init:nxxnn
657             {#2}
658             {
659                 /CIEBasedABC ~
660                     << ~
661                         /RangeABC ~ [ ~ \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 \c_space_t1 ] ~
662                         /DecodeABC ~
663                             [
664                                 { ~ 16 ~ add ~ 116 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
665                                 { ~ 500 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
666                                 { ~ 200 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
667                             ]
668                         /MatrixABC ~ [ ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ -1 ~ ] ~
669                         /DecodeLMN ~
670                             [
671                                 {
672                                     dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
673                                         { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ ~ } ~
674                                         { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
675                                         ifelse ~
676                                         0.9505 ~ mul ~
677                                         } ~ bind ~
678                                         {
679                                             dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
680                                                 { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ } ~
681                                                 { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
682                                         ifelse ~
683                                         } ~ bind ~
684                                         {
685                                             dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
686                                                 { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ } ~
687                                                 { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
688                                         ifelse ~
689                                         1.0890 ~ mul ~
690                                         } ~ bind

```

```

691           ] ~
692           /WhitePoint ~
693           [ ~ \tl_use:c { c__color_model_whitepoint_CIELAB_ #1 _tl } ~ ] ~
694       >>
695   }
696   { \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 }
697   { 100 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
698   {#3}
699 }
```

(End definition for `_color_backend_separation_init:nnnn` and others.)

`_color_backend_devicen_init:nnn`

Trivial as almost all of the work occurs in the shared code.

```

700 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_devicen_init:nnn #1#2#3
701 {
702     \_kernel_backend_literal:e
703     {
704         !
705         TeXDict ~ begin ~
706         /color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int
707         {
708             [ ~
709                 /DeviceN ~
710                 [ ~ #1 ~ ] ~
711                 #2 ~
712                 { ~ #3 ~ } ~
713             ] ~ setcolorspace
714             } ~ def ~
715         end
716     }
717 }
```

(End definition for `_color_backend_devicen_init:nnn`.)

```

718 </dvips>
719 <*dvisvgm>
```

`_color_backend_select_separation:nn`

`_color_backend_select_devicen:nn`

```

720 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2 { }
721 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_select_devicen:nn #1#2 { }
```

(End definition for `_color_backend_select_separation:nn` and `_color_backend_select_devicen:nn`.)

No support at present.

```

722 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5 { }
723 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnnnnn #1#2#3 { }
```

(End definition for `_color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn` and `_color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnnnnn`.)

```

724 </dvisvgm>
```

```

725 <*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
```

```

\__color_backend_select_separation:nn
\__color_backend_select_devicen:nn
\__color_backend_select:n

226 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2
227 {*dvipdfmx|xetex}
228   { \__color_backend_select:n { @#1 ~ [#2] } }
229 //dvipdfmx|xetex
230 {*luatex|pdftex}
231   { \__color_backend_select:n { /#1 ~ cs ~ /#1 ~ CS ~ #2 ~ scn ~ #2 ~ SCN } }
232 //luatex|pdftex
233 {*dvipdfmx|xetex}
234 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select:n #1
235   {
236     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: bc ~ #1 }
237     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
238   }
239 //dvipdfmx|xetex
240 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_separation:nn, \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn, and \__color_backend_select:n.)

```

```

\__color_backend_separation_init:nnnn
\__color_backend_separation_init:n
\__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn

```

Initialising the PDF structures needs two parts: creating an object containing the “real” name of the Separation, then adding a reference to that to each page. The latter uses the internal name of the `cs`. For dvipdfmx/X_{FIG}TEX, the backend does most of the work so we need a simplified version. We use a separate object for the tint transformation following the model in the PDF reference.

```

741 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
742   {
743     \pdf_object_now:nx { dict }
744     {
745       /FunctionType ~ 2
746       /Domain ~ [0 ~ 1]
747       \tl_if_blank:nF {#3} { /Range ~ [#3] }
748       /C0 ~ [#4] ~
749       /C1 ~ [#5] /N ~ 1
750     }
751     \__color_backend_separation_init:n
752     {
753       /Separation ~
754       / \str_convert_pdfname:n {#1} ~ #2 ~
755       \pdf_object_last:
756     }
757   {*luatex|pdftex}
758   \use:x
759   {
760     \pdfcoredict_gput:nnn
761       { Page / Resources / ColorSpace }
762       { color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int }
763       { \pdf_object_last: }
764   }
765 //luatex|pdftex
766   }
767 \cs_if_exist:NF \pdf_object_now:nn
768   { \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5 { } }
769 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:n #1

```

```

770      {
771  /*dvipdfmx | xetex)
772      \__kernel_backend_literal:x
773      {
774          pdf:obj ~ @color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int \c_space_tl
775          [#1]
776      }
777  (/dvipdfmx | xetex)
778  /*luatex | pdftex)
779  \pdf_object_now:nx { array } {#1}
780  (/luatex | pdftex)
781  }

```

For CIELAB colors, we need one object per document for the illuminant, plus initialisation of the color space referencing that object.

```

782 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3
783  {
784      \pdf_object_if_exist:nF { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 }
785      {
786          \pdf_object_new:nn { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 } { array }
787          \pdf_object_write:nx { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 }
788          {
789              /Lab ~
790              <<
791              /WhitePoint ~
792              [ \tl_use:c { c__color_model_whitepoint_CIELAB_ #1 _t1 } ]
793              /Range ~ [ \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 ]
794              >>
795          }
796      }
797      \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn
798      {#2}
799      { \pdf_object_ref:n { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 } }
800      { \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 }
801      { 100 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
802      {#3}
803  }
804 \cs_if_exist:NF \pdf_object_now:nn
805  {
806      \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3
807      { }
808  }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn`, `__color_backend_separation_init:n`, and `__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn`.)

```
\__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn
\__color_backend_devicen_init:w
\__color_backend_devicen_init:n
```

Similar to the Separations case, but with an arbitrary function for the alternative space work.

```

809 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn #1#2#3
810  {
811      \pdf_object_now:nx { stream }
812      {
813          /FunctionType ~ 4 ~
814          /Domain ~
815      }

```

```

816      [ ~
817          \prg_replicate:nn
818              { 0 \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #1 ~ \s__color_stop }
819              { 0 ~ 1 ~ } ~
820      ] ~
821  /Range ~
822      [ ~
823          \str_case:nn {#2}
824          {
825              { /DeviceCMYK } { 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 1 }
826              { /DeviceGray } { 0 ~ 1 }
827              { /DeviceRGB } { 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 1 }
828          } ~
829      ]
830  }
831  {#3}
832 }
833 \__color_backend_separation_init:n
834 {
835     /DeviceN ~
836     [ ~ #1 ~ ] ~
837     #2 ~
838     \pdf_object_last:
839 }
840 {*luatex | pdftex}
841     \use:x
842     {
843         \pdfcoredict_gput:nnn
844             { Page / Resources / ColorSpace }
845             { color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int }
846             { \pdf_object_last: }
847     }
848 /{/luatex | pdftex}
849 }
850 \cs_if_exist:NF \pdf_object_now:nn
851     { \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn #1#2#3 { } }
852 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop
853 {
854     + 1
855     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
856     { \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #2 \s__color_stop }
857 }
858 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_devicen_init:n \__color_backend_separation_init:n
(End definition for \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn, \__color_backend_devicen_init:w, and \__color_backend_devicen_init:n.)
859 /{/dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}

```

3.5 Fill and stroke color

Here, `dvipdfmx`/`XETEX` follows `LuaTEX` and `pdftEX`, while for `dvips` we have to manage fill and stroke color ourselves. We also handle `dvisvgm` independently, as there we can create SVG directly.

```
860 {*}dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}
```

```

\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
\__color_backend_fill_gray:n
\__color_backend_fill_rgb:n
  \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n
  \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n
  \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n

 861 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
 862   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { #1 ~ k } }
 863 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
 864   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { #1 ~ g } }
 865 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
 866   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { #1 ~ rg } }
 867 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
 868   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { #1 ~ K } }
 869 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
 870   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { #1 ~ G } }
 871 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
 872   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { #1 ~ RG } }

(End definition for \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n and others.)

\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
  \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn
  \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn

 873 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2
 874   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { /#1 ~ cs ~ #2 ~ scn } }
 875 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2
 876   { \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { /#1 ~ CS ~ #2 ~ SCN } }
 877 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
 878 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

(End definition for \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn and others.)

 879 </dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
 880 {*dvips}

\__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
\__color_backend_fill_gray:n
\__color_backend_fill_rgb:n
  \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n
  \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n
  \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n

 881 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
 882   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.fc { #1 ~ setcmykcolor } def } }
 883 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
 884   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.fc { #1 ~ setgray } def } }
 885 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
 886   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.fc { #1 ~ setrgbcolor } def } }
 887 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
 888   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setcmykcolor } def } }
 889 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
 890   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setgray } def } }
 891 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
 892   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setrgbcolor } def } }

(End definition for \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n and others.)

\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
  \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn
  \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn

 893 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2
 894   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.fc { #1 } def } }
 895 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2
 896   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 } def } }
 897 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
 898 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

```

(End definition for `_color_backend_fill_separation:nn` and others.)

```
899  </dvips>
900  {*dvisvgm}
```

```
\_color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
    \_color_backend_stroke_cmyk:nw
\_color_backend_cmyk:nw
\_color_backend_fill_gray:n
    \_color_backend_stroke_gray:n
\_color_backend_gray:nn
\_color_backend_gray_aux:nn
\_color_backend_fill_rgb:n
    \_color_backend_stroke_rgb:n
\_color_backend_rgb:nw
\_color_backend:nnnn
```

For drawings in SVG, we use scopes for all colors. That requires using RGB values, which luckily are easy to convert here (cmyk to RGB is a fixed function).

```
901  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
902  { \_color_backend_cmyk:nw { fill } #1 \s__color_stop }
903  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
904  { \_color_backend_cmyk:nw { stroke } #1 \s__color_stop }
905  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_cmyk:nw
906  #1#2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ #5 \s__color_stop
907  {
908      \use:x
909      {
910          \_color_backend:nnnn
911          {#1}
912          { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #2 + #5 ) ) } }
913          { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #3 + #5 ) ) } }
914          { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #4 + #5 ) ) } }
915      }
916  }
917  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
918  { \_color_backend_grab:nn { fill } {#1} }
919  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
920  { \_color_backend_grab:nn { stroke } {#1} }
921  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_gray:nn #1#2
922  {
923      \use:x
924      {
925          \_color_backend_gray_aux:nn
926          {#1}
927          { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#2) } }
928      }
929  }
930  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_gray_aux:nn #1#2
931  { \_color_backend:nn {#1} {#2} {#2} {#2} }
932  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
933  { \_color_backend_rgb:nw { fill } #1 \s__color_stop }
934  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
935  { \_color_backend_rgb:nw { stroke } #1 \s__color_stop }
936  \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_rgb:nw
937  #1#2 ~ #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
938  {
939      \use:x
940      {
941          \_color_backend:nnnn
942          { fill }
943          { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#2) } }
944          { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#3) } }
945          { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#4) } }
946      }
947  }
```

```

948 \cs_new_protected:Npx \__color_backend:nnnn #1#2#3#4
949  {
950      \__kernel_backend_scope:n
951  {
952      #1 =
953      "
954      rgb
955      (
956          #2 \c_percent_str ,
957          #3 \c_percent_str ,
958          #4 \c_percent_str
959      )
960      "
961  }
962 }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

At present, these are no-ops.

```

963 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2 { }
964 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2 { }
965 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
966 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_fill_separation:nn` and others.)

```

967 </dvisvgm>
968 </package>

```

4 I3backend-draw Implementation

```

969 <*package>
970 <@=draw>

```

4.1 dvips backend

```

971 <*dvips>

```

`__draw_backend_literal:n` The same as literal PostScript: same arguments about positioning apply here.

```

972 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_literal:n \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
973 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__draw_backend_literal:n { x }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_literal:n`.)

```

\__draw_backend_begin:
\__draw_backend_end:

```

The `ps::[begin]` special here deals with positioning but allows us to continue on to a matching `ps::[end]`: contrast with `ps:`, which positions but where we can't split material between separate calls. The `@beginspecial/@endspecial` pair are from `special.pro` and correct the scale and y -axis direction. In contrast to pgf, we don't save the current point: discussion with Tom Rokici suggested a better way to handle the necessary translations (see `__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`). (Note that `@beginspecial/@endspecial` forms a backend scope.) The `[begin]/[end]` lines are handled differently from the rest as they are conceptually different: not really drawing literals but instructions to dvips itself.

```

974 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_begin:

```

```

975      {
976          \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[begin] }
977          \__draw_backend_literal:n { @beginspecial }
978      }
979 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_end:
980 {
981     \__draw_backend_literal:n { @endspecial }
982     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[end] }
983 }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_begin:` and `__draw_backend_end:..`)

`__draw_backend_scope_begin:`
`__draw_backend_scope_end:`

Scope here may need to contain saved definitions, so the entire memory rather than just the graphic state has to be sent to the stack.

```

984 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_scope_begin:
985 {
986     \__draw_backend_literal:n { save } }
986 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_scope_end:
987 {
988     \__draw_backend_literal:n { restore } }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_scope_begin:` and `__draw_backend_scope_end:..`)

`__draw_backend_moveto:nn`
`__draw_backend_lineto:nn`
`__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn`
`__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn`

Path creation operations mainly resolve directly to PostScript primitive steps, with only the need to convert to bp. Notice that x-type expansion is included here to ensure that any variable values are forced to literals before any possible caching. There is no native rectangular path command (without also clipping, filling or stroking), so that task is done using a small amount of PostScript.

```

988 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
989 {
990     \__draw_backend_literal:x
991     {
992         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~
993         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ moveto
994     }
995 }
996 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
997 {
998     \__draw_backend_literal:x
999     {
1000         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~
1001         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ lineto
1002     }
1003 }
1004 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1005 {
1006     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1007     {
1008         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~
1009         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1010         moveto~dup~0~rlineto~exch~0~exch~rlineto~neg~0~rlineto~closepath
1011     }
1012 }
1013 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
1014 {
1015     \__draw_backend_literal:x

```

```

1016     {
1017         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1018         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
1019         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#6} ~
1020         curveto
1021     }
1022 }
```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_moveto:nn` and others.)

```
\_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
\_draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
\g__draw_draw_eor_bool
```

The even-odd rule here can be implemented as a simply switch.

```

1023 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
1024     { \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1025 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
1026     { \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1027 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool
```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:`, `_draw_backend_nonzero_rule:`, and `\g__draw_draw_eor_bool`.)

```
\_draw_backend_closepath:
\_draw_backend_stroke:
\_draw_backend_closesstroke:
\_draw_backend_fill:
\_draw_backend_fillstroke:
\_draw_backend_clip:
\_draw_backend_discardpath:
\g__draw_draw_clip_bool
```

Unlike PDF, PostScript doesn't track separate colors for strokes and other elements. It is also desirable to have the `clip` keyword after a stroke or fill. To achieve those outcomes, there is some work to do. For color, the stoke color is simple but the fill one has to be inserted by hand. For clipping, the required ordering is achieved using a TeX switch. All of the operations end with a new path instruction as they do not terminate (again in contrast to PDF).

```

1028 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_closepath:
1029     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { closepath } }
1030 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_stroke:
1031     {
1032         \_draw_backend_literal:n { gsave }
1033         \_draw_backend_literal:n { color.sc }
1034         \_draw_backend_literal:n { stroke }
1035         \_draw_backend_literal:n { grestore }
1036         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1037             {
1038                 \_draw_backend_literal:x
1039                     {
1040                         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1041                         clip
1042                     }
1043             }
1044         \_draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1045         \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1046     }
1047 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_closesstroke:
1048     {
1049         \_draw_backend_closepath:
1050         \_draw_backend_stroke:
1051     }
1052 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_fill:
1053     {
1054         \_draw_backend_literal:n { gsave }
1055         \_draw_backend_literal:n { color.fc }
```

```

1056     \_\_draw_backend_literal:x
1057     {
1058         \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_eor\_bool { eo }
1059         fill
1060     }
1061     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { grestore }
1062     \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_clip\_bool
1063     {
1064         \_\_draw_backend_literal:x
1065         {
1066             \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_eor\_bool { eo }
1067             clip
1068         }
1069     }
1070     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1071     \bool_gset_false:N \g\_\_draw\_draw\_clip\_bool
1072 }
1073 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_fillstroke:
1074 {
1075     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { gsave }
1076     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { color.sc }
1077     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { color.fc }
1078     \_\_draw_backend_literal:x
1079     {
1080         \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_eor\_bool { eo }
1081         fill
1082     }
1083     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { grestore }
1084     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { stroke }
1085     \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_clip\_bool
1086     {
1087         \_\_draw_backend_literal:x
1088         {
1089             \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_eor\_bool { eo }
1090             clip
1091         }
1092     }
1093     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1094     \bool_gset_false:N \g\_\_draw\_draw\_clip\_bool
1095 }
1096 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_clip:
1097 {
1098     \bool_gset_true:N \g\_\_draw\_draw\_clip\_bool
1099 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_discardpath:
1100 {
1101     \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_clip\_bool
1102     {
1103         \_\_draw_backend_literal:x
1104         {
1105             \bool_if:NT \g\_\_draw\_draw\_eor\_bool { eo }
1106             clip
1107         }
1108     }
1109     \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }

```

```

1110     \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1111 }

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_closepath:` and others.)

Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PostScript operations.

```

1112 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1113 {
1114     \_draw_backend_literal:x
1115     {
1116         [
1117             \exp_args:Nf \use:n
1118                 { \clist_map_function:nN {#1} \_draw_backend_dash:n }
1119             ] ~
1120             \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ setdash
1121     }
1122 }
1123 \cs_new:Npn \_draw_backend_dash:n #1
1124     { ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1125 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_lineWidth:n #1
1126 {
1127     \_draw_backend_literal:x
1128     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ setlineWidth }
1129 }
1130 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1131     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { #1 ~ setmiterlimit } }
1132 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cap_but:
1133     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ setlinecap } }
1134 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cap_round:
1135     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ setlinecap } }
1136 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1137     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ setlinecap } }
1138 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_join_miter:
1139     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ setlinejoin } }
1140 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_join_round:
1141     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ setlinejoin } }
1142 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_join_bevel:
1143     { \_draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ setlinejoin } }

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

`_draw_backend_cm:nnnn`

In dvips, keeping the transformations in line with the engine is unfortunately not possible for scaling and rotations: even if we decompose the matrix into those operations, there is still no backend tracking (*cf.* dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX). Thus we take the shortest path available and simply dump the matrix as given.

```

1144 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1145 {
1146     \_draw_backend_literal:n
1147     { [ #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ 0 ~ 0 ] ~ concat }
1148 }

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_cm:nnnn`.)

```
\_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnn
```

Inside a picture `@beginspecial/@endspecial` are active, which is normally a good thing but means that the position and scaling would be off if the box was inserted directly. To deal with that, there are a number of possible approaches. The implementation here was suggested by Tom Rokici (author of dvips). We end the current special placement, then set the current point with a literal `[begin]`. As for general literals, we then use the stack to store the current point and move to it. To insert the required transformation, we have to flip the y -axis, once before and once after it. Then we get back to the \TeX reference point to insert our content. The clean up has to happen in the right places, hence the `[begin]/[end]` pair around `restore`. Finally, we can return to “normal” drawing mode. Notice that the set up here is very similar to that in `_draw_align_currentpoint_...`, but the ordering of saving and restoring is different (intermixed).

```
1149 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnn #1#2#3#4#5
1150   {
1151     \_draw_backend_literal:n { @endspecial }
1152     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1153     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1154     \_draw_backend_literal:n { save }
1155     \_draw_backend_literal:n { currentpoint }
1156     \_draw_backend_literal:n { currentpoint~translate }
1157     \_draw_backend_cm:n { 1 } { 0 } { 0 } { -1 }
1158     \_draw_backend_cm:n { #2 } { #3 } { #4 } { #5 }
1159     \_draw_backend_cm:n { 1 } { 0 } { 0 } { -1 }
1160     \_draw_backend_literal:n { neg~exch~neg~exch~translate }
1161     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1162     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
1163     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1164     \_draw_backend_literal:n { restore }
1165     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1166     \_draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1167     \_draw_backend_literal:n { @beginspecial }
1168 }
```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnn`.)

```
1169 </dvips>
```

4.2 Lua \TeX , pdf \TeX , dvipdfmx and X \TeX

Lua \TeX , pdf \TeX , dvipdfmx and X \TeX directly produce PDF output and understand a shared set of specials for drawing commands.

```
1170 (*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex)
```

4.2.1 Drawing

`_draw_backend_literal:n` Pass data through using a dedicated interface.

```
1171 \cs_new_eq:NN \_draw_backend_literal:n \_kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n
1172 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_draw_backend_literal:n { x }
```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_literal:n`.)

`_draw_backend_begin:` No special requirements here, so simply set up a drawing scope.

```
1173 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_begin:
1174   { \_draw_backend_scope_begin: }
```

```

1175 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_end:
1176   { \__draw_backend_scope_end: }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_begin: and \__draw_backend_end:)

\__draw_backend_scope_begin:
\__draw_backend_scope_end:
  Use the backend-level scope mechanisms.

  1177 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_scope_begin: \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
  1178 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_scope_end: \__kernel_backend_scope_end:

(End definition for \__draw_backend_scope_begin: and \__draw_backend_scope_end:)

\__draw_backend_moveto:nn
\__draw_backend_lineto:nn
  Path creation operations all resolve directly to PDF primitive steps, with only the need
  to convert to bp.

  1179 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
  1180   {
  1181     \__draw_backend_literal:x
  1182     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ m }
  1183   }
  1184 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
  1185   {
  1186     \__draw_backend_literal:x
  1187     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ l }
  1188   }
  1189 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
  1190   {
  1191     \__draw_backend_literal:x
  1192     {
  1193       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
  1194       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
  1195       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#6} ~
  1196       c
  1197     }
  1198   }
  1199 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
  1200   {
  1201     \__draw_backend_literal:x
  1202     {
  1203       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
  1204       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
  1205       re
  1206     }
  1207   }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_moveto:nn and others.)

\__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
\__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
\g__draw_draw_eor_bool
  The even-odd rule here can be implemented as a simply switch.

  1208 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
  1209   { \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
  1210 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
  1211   { \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
  1212 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool

(End definition for \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:, \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:, and \g__-
draw_draw_eor_bool.)

```

```

\__draw_backend_closepath: Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PDF operations.
\__draw_backend_stroke: 1213 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closepath:
\__draw_backend_closestroke: 1214   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { h } }
\__draw_backend_fill: 1215 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_stroke:
\__draw_backend_fillstroke: 1216   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { S } }
\__draw_backend_clip: 1217 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closestroke:
\__draw_backend_discardpath: 1218   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { s } }
1219 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fill:
1220   {
1221     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1222     { f \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1223   }
1224 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fillstroke:
1225   {
1226     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1227     { B \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1228   }
1229 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_clip:
1230   {
1231     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1232     { W \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1233   }
1234 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_discardpath:
1235   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { n } }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_closepath: and others.)

```

Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PDF operations.

```

\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn 1236 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
\__draw_backend_dash:n 1237   {
\__draw_backend_linewidth:n 1238     \__draw_backend_literal:x
\__draw_backend_miterlimit:n 1239   {
\__draw_backend_cap_but: 1240     [
\__draw_backend_cap_round: 1241       \exp_args:Nf \use:n
\__draw_backend_join_miter: 1242         { \clist_map_function:nN {#1} \__draw_backend_dash:n }
\__draw_backend_join_round: 1243       ]
\__draw_backend_join_bevel: 1244       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ d
\__draw_backend_dash:n 1245     }
1246   }
1247 \cs_new:Npn \__draw_backend_dash:n #1
1248   { ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1249 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1250   {
1251     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1252     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ w }
1253   }
1254 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1255   { \__draw_backend_literal:x { #1 ~ M } }
1256 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_but:
1257   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ J } }
1258 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_round:
1259   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ J } }
1260 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1261   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ J } }

```

```

1262 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_miter:
1263   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ j } }
1264 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_round:
1265   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ j } }
1266 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1267   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ j } }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

```
\__draw_backend_cm:nnnn
\__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn
```

Another split here between LuaTeX/pdfTeX and dvipdfmx/XeTeX. In the former, we have a direct method to maintain alignment: the backend can use a matrix itself. For dvipdfmx/XeTeX, we can decompose the matrix into rotations and a scaling, then use those operations as they are handled by the backend. (There is backend support for matrix operations in dvipdfmx/XeTeX, but as a matched pair so not suitable for the “stand alone” transformation set up here.) The specials used here are from `xdvipdfmx` originally: they are well-tested, but probably equivalent to the pdf: versions!

```

1268 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1269   {
1270   \*luatex | pdftex}
1271   \__kernel_backend_matrix:n { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 }
1272 \*luatex | pdftex}
1273 \*dvipdfmx | xetex}
1274   \__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4}
1275   \__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn
1276 \*dvipdfmx | xetex}
1277 }
1278 \*dvipdfmx | xetex}
1279 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1280   {
1281   \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1282   {
1283   x:rotate~
1284   \fp_compare:nNnTF {#1} = \c_zero_fp
1285   { 0 }
1286   { \fp_eval:n { round ( -#1 , 5 ) } }
1287 }
1288 \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1289 {
1290   x:scale~
1291   \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
1292   \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
1293 }
1294 \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1295 {
1296   x:rotate~
1297   \fp_compare:nNnTF {#4} = \c_zero_fp
1298   { 0 }
1299   { \fp_eval:n { round ( -#4 , 5 ) } }
1300 }
1301 }
1302 \*dvipdfmx | xetex}

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_cm:nnnn` and `__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn`.)

```

\__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN

```

Internally, transformations for drawing are tracked as a matrix. Not all engines provide a way of dealing with this: if we use a raw matrix, the engine loses track of positions (for example for hyperlinks), and this is not desirable. They do, however, allow us to track rotations and scalings. Luckily, we can decompose any (two-dimensional) matrix into two rotations and a single scaling:

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta \\ -\sin \beta & \cos \beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_1 & 0 \\ 0 & w_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma \end{bmatrix}$$

The parent matrix can be converted to

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E & H \\ -H & E \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} F & G \\ G & -F \end{bmatrix}$$

From these, we can find that

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{w_1 + w_2}{2} &= \sqrt{E^2 + H^2} \\ \frac{w_1 - w_2}{2} &= \sqrt{F^2 + G^2} \\ \gamma - \beta &= \tan^{-1}(G/F) \\ \gamma + \beta &= \tan^{-1}(H/E) \end{aligned}$$

at which point we just have to do various pieces of re-arrangement to get all of the values. (See J. Blinn, *IEEE Comput. Graph. Appl.*, 1996, **16**, 82–88.) There is one wrinkle: the PostScript (and PDF) way of specifying a transformation matrix exchanges where one would normally expect B and C to be.

```

1303  {*dvipdfmx | xetex}
1304  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1305  {
1306      \use:x
1307      {
1308          \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN
1309          { \fp_eval:n { (#1 + #4) / 2 } }
1310          { \fp_eval:n { (#1 - #4) / 2 } }
1311          { \fp_eval:n { (#3 + #2) / 2 } }
1312          { \fp_eval:n { (#3 - #2) / 2 } }
1313      }
1314      #5
1315  }
1316  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1317  {
1318      \use:x
1319      {
1320          \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN
1321          { \fp_eval:n { 2 * sqrt ( #1 * #1 + #4 * #4 ) } }
1322          { \fp_eval:n { 2 * sqrt ( #2 * #2 + #3 * #3 ) } }
1323          { \fp_eval:n { atan ( #3 , #2 ) } }
1324          { \fp_eval:n { atan ( #4 , #1 ) } }
1325      }
1326      #5
1327  }
1328  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5

```

```

1329   {
1330     \use:x
1331     {
1332       \_draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN
1333       { \fp_eval:n { ( #4 - #3 ) / 2 } }
1334       { \fp_eval:n { ( #1 + #2 ) / 2 } }
1335       { \fp_eval:n { ( #1 - #2 ) / 2 } }
1336       { \fp_eval:n { ( #4 + #3 ) / 2 } }
1337     }
1338     #5
1339   }
1340 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1341   {
1342     \fp_compare:nNnTF { abs( #2 ) } > { abs ( #3 ) }
1343     { #5 {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} }
1344     { #5 {#1} {#3} {#2} {#4} }
1345   }
1346 
```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN` and others.)

`_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`

Inserting a TeX box transformed to the requested position and using the current matrix is done using a mixture of TeX and low-level manipulation. The offset can be handled by TeX, so only any rotation/skew/scaling component needs to be done using the matrix operation. As this operation can never be cached, the scope is set directly not using the draw version.

```

1347 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
1348   {
1349     \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1350     {*luatex | pdftex}
1351     \_draw_backend_cm:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
1352   
```

```

1353 {*}dvipdfmx | xetex}
1354     \_kernel_backend_literal:n
1355     { pdf:btrans-matrix~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ #5 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
1356   
```

```

1357     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
1358   
```

```

1359   {*}dvipdfmx | xetex}
1360   
```

```

1361     \_kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:etrans }
1362   
```

```

1363   
```

```

1364 }
```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`.)

```

1363 
```

4.3 dvisvgm backend

```

1364 {*}dvisvgm}

```

The same as the more general literal call.

```

1365 \cs_new_eq:NN \_draw_backend_literal:n \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
1366 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_draw_backend_literal:n { x }

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_literal:n`.)

`_draw_backend_begin:` A drawing needs to be set up such that the co-ordinate system is translated. That is done inside a scope, which as described below

```

1367 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_begin:
1368 {
1369     \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1370     \_kernel_backend_scope:n { transform="translate({?x},{?y})~scale(1,-1)" }
1371 }
1372 \cs_new_eq:NN \_draw_backend_end: \_kernel_backend_scope_end:

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_begin:` and `_draw_backend_end:`.)

`_draw_backend_moveto:nn`
`_draw_backend_lineto:nn`
`_draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn`
`_draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn`
`_draw backend add to path:n`

Once again, some work is needed to get path constructs correct. Rather than write the values as they are given, the entire path needs to be collected up before being output in one go. For that we use a dedicated storage routine, which adds spaces as required. Since paths should be fully expanded there is no need to worry about the internal x-type expansion.

```

\g_ draw draw path tl
1373 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
1374 {
1375     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1376     { M ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
1377 }
1378 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
1379 {
1380     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1381     { L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
1382 }
1383 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1384 {
1385     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1386     {
1387         M ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2}
1388         h ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#3} ~
1389         v ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#4} ~
1390         h ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { -#3 } ~
1391         Z
1392     }
1393 }
1394 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
1395 {
1396     \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n
1397     {
1398         C ~
1399         \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} ~
1400         \dim_to_decimal:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#4} ~
1401         \dim_to_decimal:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#6}
1402     }
1403 }
1404 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n #
1405 {
1406     \tl_gset:Nx \g_ draw draw path tl
1407     {
1408         \g_ draw draw path tl

```

```

1409          \tl_if_empty:NF \g__draw_draw_path_tl { \c_space_tl }
1410          #1
1411      }
1412  }
1413 \tl_new:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_moveto:nn` and others.)

`_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:`

`_draw_backend_nonzero_rule:`

```

1414 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
1415     { \_draw_backend_scope:n { fill-rule="evenodd" } }
1416 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
1417     { \_draw_backend_scope:n { fill-rule="nonzero" } }

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:` and `_draw_backend_nonzero_rule::`)

`_draw_backend_path:n`

`_draw_backend_closepath:`

`_draw_backend_stroke:`

`_draw_backend_closestroke:`

`_draw_backend_fill:`

`_draw_backend_fillstroke:`

`_draw_backend_clip:`

`_draw_backend_discardpath:`

`\g__draw_draw_clip_bool`

`\g__draw_draw_path_int`

Setting fill and stroke effects and doing clipping all has to be done using scopes. This means setting up the various requirements in a shared auxiliary which deals with the bits and pieces. Clipping paths are reused for path drawing: not essential but avoids constructing them twice. Discarding a path needs a separate function as it's not quite the same.

```

1418 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_closepath:
1419     { \_draw_backend_add_to_path:n { Z } }
1420 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_draw_backend_path:n #
1421 {
1422     \bool_if:NTF \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1423     {
1424         \int_gincr:N \g__draw_clip_path_int
1425         \_draw_backend_literal:x
1426         {
1427             < clipPath~id = " 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int " >
1428             { ?nl }
1429             <path~d=" \g__draw_draw_path_tl "/> { ?nl }
1430             </clipPath > { ? nl }
1431             <
1432                 use~xlink:href =
1433                 "\c_hash_str 13path \int_use:N \g__draw_path_int " ~
1434                 #1
1435             />
1436         }
1437         \_draw_backend_scope:x
1438         {
1439             clip-path =
1440             "url( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int )"
1441         }
1442     }
1443     {
1444         \_draw_backend_literal:x
1445         { <path ~ d=" \g__draw_draw_path_tl " ~ #1 /> }
1446     }
1447     \tl_gclear:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl
1448     \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1449 }
1450 \int_new:N \g__draw_path_int

```

```

1451 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_stroke:
1452   { \__draw_backend_path:n { style="fill:none" } }
1453 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closestroke:
1454   {
1455     \__draw_backend_closepath:
1456     \__draw_backend_stroke:
1457   }
1458 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fill:
1459   { \__draw_backend_path:n { style="stroke:none" } }
1460 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fillstroke:
1461   { \__draw_backend_path:n { } }
1462 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_clip:
1463   { \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool }
1464 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1465 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_discardpath:
1466   {
1467     \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1468     {
1469       \int_gincr:N \g__draw_clip_path_int
1470       \__draw_backend_literal:x
1471       {
1472         < clipPath~id = " 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int " >
1473         { ?nl }
1474         <path~d=" \g__draw_draw_path_tl "/> { ?nl }
1475         </clipPath >
1476       }
1477       \__draw_backend_scope:x
1478     }
1479     clip-path =
1480     "url( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int)"
1481   }
1482 }
1483 \tl_gclear:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl
1484 \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1485 }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_path:n` and others.)

All of these ideas are properties of scopes in SVG. The only slight complexity is converting the dash array properly (doing any required maths).

```

\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn
\__draw_backend_dash:n
\__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn
\__draw_backend_linewidth:n
\__draw_backend_miterlimit:n
\__draw_backend_cap_butts
\__draw_backend_cap_round:
\__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
\__draw_backend_join_miter:
\__draw_backend_join_round:
\__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1486 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1487   {
1488     \use:x
1489     {
1490       \__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn
1491       { \clist_map_function:nn {#1} \__draw_backend_dash:n }
1492       { \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
1493     }
1494   }
1495 \cs_new:Npn \__draw_backend_dash:n #1
1496   { , \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1497 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn #1#2
1498   {
1499     \__draw_backend_scope:x

```

```

1500    {
1501        stroke-dasharray =
1502        ""
1503        \tl_if_empty:oTF { \use_none:n #1 }
1504        { none }
1505        { \use_none:n #1 }
1506        " ~
1507        stroke-offset="#" #2 "
1508    }
1509 }
1510 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1511     { \__draw_backend_scope:x { stroke-width=" \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} " } }
1512 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1513     { \__draw_backend_scope:x { stroke-miterlimit="#" #1 } }
1514 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_but:
1515     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="butt" } }
1516 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_round:
1517     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="round" } }
1518 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1519     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="square" } }
1520 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_miter:
1521     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="miter" } }
1522 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_round:
1523     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="round" } }
1524 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1525     { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="bevel" } }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

`__draw_backend_cm:nnnn` The four arguments here are floats (the affine matrix), the last two are a displacement vector.

```

1526 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1527     {
1528         \__draw_backend_scope:n
1529         {
1530             transform =
1531             " matrix ( #1 , #2 , #3 , #4 , Opt , Opt ) "
1532         }
1533     }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_cm:nnnn`.)

`__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn` No special savings can be made here: simply displace the box inside a scope. As there is nothing to re-box, just make the box passed of zero size.

```

1534 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6#7
1535     {
1536         \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1537         \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
1538         \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
1539         {
1540             < g~
1541             stroke="none"~
1542             transform="scale(-1,1)~translate({?x},{?y})~scale(-1,-1)"
1543         >

```

```

1544      }
1545      \box_set_wd:Nn #1 { Opt }
1546      \box_set_ht:Nn #1 { Opt }
1547      \box_set_dp:Nn #1 { Opt }
1548      \box_use:N #1
1549      \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { </g> }
1550      \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
1551  }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn.)
```

1552 ⟨/dvisvgm⟩
1553 ⟨/package⟩

5 I3backend-graphics Implementation

```

1554 ⟨*package⟩
1555 ⟨@=graphics⟩
```

5.1 dvips backend

```
1556 ⟨*dvips⟩
```

Simply use the generic function.

```
1557 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
```

(End definition for __graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n.)

__graphics_backend_include_eps:n The special syntax is relatively clear here: remember we need PostScript sizes here.

```

1558 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1559   {
1560     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1561     {
1562       PSfile = #1 \c_space_tl
1563       llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1564       lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1565       urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1566       ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim
1567     }
1568   }
```

(End definition for __graphics_backend_include_eps:n.)

```
1569 ⟨/dvips⟩
```

5.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

```
1570 ⟨*luatex | pdftex⟩
```

\l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl In PDF mode, additional attributes of an graphic (such as page number) are needed both to obtain the bounding box and when inserting the graphic: this occurs as the graphic dictionary approach means they are read as part of the bounding box operation. As such, it is easier to track additional attributes using a dedicated `t1` rather than build up the same data twice.

```
1571 \tl_new:N \l_graphics_graphics_attr_t1
```

(End definition for `\l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl`.)

`_graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n`
`_graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n`
`_graphics_backend_getbb_png:n`
`_graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n`
`_graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n`

Getting the bounding box here requires us to box up the graphic and measure it. To deal with the difference in feature support in bitmap and vector graphics but keeping the common parts, there is a little work to do in terms of auxiliaries. The key here is to notice that we need two forms of the attributes: a “short” set to allow us to track for caching, and the full form to pass to the primitive.

```

1572 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1573 {
1574     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1575     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1576     \tl_set:Nx \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1577     {
1578         \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1579         { :D \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1580         \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1581         { :I }
1582     }
1583     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1584     \_graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n {#1}
1585 }
1586 \cs_new_eq:NN \_graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \_graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1587 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1588 {
1589     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1590     \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1591     \tl_set:Nx \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1592     {
1593         : \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1594         \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1595         { :P \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1596     }
1597     \_graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n {#1}
1598 }
1599 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n #1
1600 {
1601     \graphics_bb_restore:xF { #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl }
1602     { \_graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n {#1} }
1603 }
```

Measuring the graphic is done by boxing up: for PDF graphics we could use `\tex_pdximagebbox:D`, but if doesn’t work for other types. As the box always starts at (0, 0) there is no need to worry about the lower-left position.

```

1604 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n #1
1605 {
1606     \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdximage:D
1607     \bool_lazy_or:nnT
1608     { \l_graphics_interpolate_bool }
1609     { ! \tl_if_empty_p:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1610     {
1611         attr ~
1612         {
1613             \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1614             { /Decode~[ \l_graphics_decodearray_tl ] }
```

```

1615           \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1616             { /Interpolate~true }
1617         }
1618       }
1619     \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 0
1620       { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1621     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1622       { \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1623     {#1}
1624   \hbox_set:Nn \l_graphics_internal_box
1625     { \tex_pdfrefximage:D \tex_pdflastximage:D }
1626   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_urx_dim { \box_wd:N \l_graphics_internal_box }
1627   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_ury_dim { \box_ht:N \l_graphics_internal_box }
1628   \int_const:cn { c_graphics_graphics_ #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl _int }
1629     { \tex_the:D \tex_pdflastximage:D }
1630   \graphics_bb_save:x { #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl }
1631 }

```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n` and others.)

```
\__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
\__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n
\__graphics_backend_include_png:n
```

Images are already loaded for the measurement part of the code, so inclusion is straightforward, with only any attributes to worry about. The latter carry through from determination of the bounding box.

```

1632 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n #1
1633   {
1634     \tex_pdfrefximage:D
1635       \int_use:c { c_graphics_graphics_ #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl _int }
1636   }
1637 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
1638 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_png:n \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n

```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n`, `__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n`, and `__graphics_backend_include_png:n`.)

```
\__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n
\__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn
\__graphics_backend_include_eps:n
```

EPS graphics may be included in LuaTeX/pdfTeX by conversion to PDF: this requires restricted shell escape. Modelled on the `epstopdf` L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} package, but simplified, conversion takes place here if we have shell access.

```

1639 \sys_if_shell:T
1640   {
1641     \str_new:N \l__graphics_backend_dir_str
1642     \str_new:N \l__graphics_backend_name_str
1643     \str_new:N \l__graphics_backend_ext_str
1644     \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n #1
1645       {
1646         \file_parse_full_name:nNNN {#1}
1647           \l__graphics_backend_dir_str
1648           \l__graphics_backend_name_str
1649           \l__graphics_backend_ext_str
1650         \exp_args:Nx \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn
1651           {
1652             \l__graphics_backend_name_str - \str_tail:N \l__graphics_backend_ext_str
1653             -converted-to.pdf
1654           }
1655         {#1}

```

```

1656     }
1657 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n #1#2
1658 {
1659     \file_compare_timestamp:nNnT {#2} > {#1}
1660     {
1661         \sys_shell_now:n
1662         { repstopdf ~ #2 ~ #1 }
1663     }
1664     \tl_set:Nn \l_graphics_name_tl {#1}
1665     \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n {#1}
1666 }
1667 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1668 {
1669     \file_parse_full_name:nNNN {#1}
1670     \l__graphics_backend_dir_str \l__graphics_backend_name_str \l__graphics_backend_ex
1671     \exp_args:Nx \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n
1672     {
1673         \l__graphics_backend_name_str - \str_tail:N \l__graphics_backend_ext_str
1674         -converted-to.pdf
1675     }
1676 }
1677 }

```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n` and others.)

1678 ⟨/luatex | pdftex⟩

5.3 dvipdfmx backend

1679 ⟨*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

Simply use the generic functions: only for dvipdfmx in the extraction cases.

```

1680 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
1681 {*dvipdfmx}
1682 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1683 {
1684     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1685     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1686     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1687 }
1688 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1689 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1690 {
1691     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1692     \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1693     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1694 }
1695 
```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n` and others.)

`\g__graphics_track_int` Used to track the object number associated with each graphic.

1696 `\int_new:N \g__graphics_track_int`

(End definition for `\g__graphics_track_int`.)

```

\__graphics_backend_include_eps:n
\__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
\__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n
\__graphics_backend_include_png:n
\__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn
\__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn
\__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nn
\__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn
\__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:nnn

1697 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1698   {
1699     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1700     {
1701       PSfile = #1 \c_space_tl
1702       llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1703       lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1704       urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1705       ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim
1706     }
1707   }
1708 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n #1
1709   { \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn {#1} { image } }
1710 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_png:n \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
1711 {*dvipdfmx}
1712 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1713   { \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn {#1} { epdf } }
1714 //dvipdfmx

```

Graphic inclusion is set up to use the fact that each image is stored in the PDF as an XObject. This means that we can include repeated images only once and refer to them. To allow that, track the nature of each image: much the same as for the direct PDF mode case.

```

1715 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn #1#2
1716   {
1717     \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:xnn
1718     {
1719       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1720       { : \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1721       \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1722       { :P \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1723       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1724       { :D \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1725       \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1726       { :I }
1727     }
1728     {#1} {#2}
1729   }
1730 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn #1#2#3
1731   {
1732     \int_if_exist:cTF { c__graphics_graphics_ #2#1 _int }
1733     {
1734       \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1735       { pdf:usexobj~@graphic \int_use:c { c__graphics_graphics_ #2#1 _int } }
1736     }
1737     { \__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:nnn {#2} {#1} {#3} }
1738   }
1739 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn { x }

```

Inclusion using the specials is relatively straight-forward, but there is one wrinkle. To get the pagebox correct for PDF graphics in all cases, it is necessary to provide both

that information and the `bbox` argument: odd things happen otherwise!

```

1740 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:n { #1#2#3
1741   {
1742     \int_gincr:N \g__graphics_track_int
1743     \int_const:cn { c__graphics_graphics_ } { \g__graphics_track_int }
1744     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1745     {
1746       pdf:#3~
1747       @graphic \int_use:c { c__graphics_graphics_ } ~
1748       \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1749       { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int \c_space_tl }
1750       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1751       {
1752         pagebox ~ \l_graphics_pagebox_tl \c_space_tl
1753         bbox ~
1754         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1755         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1756         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1757         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim \c_space_tl
1758       }
1759     (#1)
1760     \bool_lazy_or:nN
1761     { \l_graphics_interpolate_bool }
1762     { ! \tl_if_empty_p:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1763     {
1764       <<
1765       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1766       { /Decode~[ \l_graphics_decodearray_tl ] }
1767       \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1768       { /Interpolate~true> }
1769     >>
1770   }
1771 }
1772 }
```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_include_eps:n` and others.)

1773 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

5.4 X_ET_EX backend

1774 ⟨*xetex⟩

5.4.1 Images

For X_ET_EX, there are two primitives that allow us to obtain the bounding box without needing `extractbb`. The only complexity is passing the various minor variations to a common core process. The X_ET_EX primitive omits the text box from the page box specification, so there is also some “trimming” to do here.

```

1775 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n { #1
1776   {
1777     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1778     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1779     \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN {#1} \tex_XeTeXpicfile:D
1780   }
```

```

1781 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1782 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1783 {
1784   \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1785   \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1786   \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN {#1} \tex_XeTeXpdffile:D
1787 }
1788 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN #1#2
1789 {
1790   \int_compare:nNnTF \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1791     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:VnN \l_graphics_page_int {#1} #2 }
1792     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn {#1} #2 { :P 1 } { page 1 } }
1793 }
1794 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:nnN #1#2#3
1795   { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn {#2} #3 { :P #1 } { page #1 } }
1796 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:nnN { V }
1797 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn #1#2#3#4
1798 {
1799   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
2000     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:VnNnn \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
2001     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn
2002       {#1} #2 {#3} {#4}
2003     }
2004 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:nnNnn #1#2#3#4#5
2005 {
2006   \use:x
2007   {
2008     \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn {#2} #3 { : #1 #4 }
2009     { #5 ~ \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w #1 }
2010   }
2011 }
2012 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:nnNnn { V }
2013 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn #1#2#3#4
2014 {
2015   \graphics_bb_restore:nF {#1#3}
2016   { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxvi:nNnn {#1} #2 {#3} {#4} }
2017 }
2018 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxvi:nNnn #1#2#3#4
2019 {
2020   \hbox_set:Nn \l__graphics_internal_box { #2 #1 ~ #4 }
2021   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_urx_dim { \box_wd:N \l__graphics_internal_box }
2022   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_ury_dim { \box_ht:N \l__graphics_internal_box }
2023   \graphics_bb_save:n {#1#3}
2024 }
2025 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w #1 box {#1}

```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n` and others.)

For PDF graphics, properly supporting the `pagebox` concept in X_ET_EX is best done using the `\tex_XeTeXpdffile:D` primitive. The syntax here is the same as for the graphic measurement part, although we know at this stage that there must be some valid setting for `\l_graphics_pagebox_tl`.

```

1826 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1827 {

```

```

1828   \tex_XeTeXpdffile:D
1829     \__graphics_backend_include_pdf_quote:w #1 "#1" \s__graphics_stop \c_space_tl
1830     \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 0
1831       { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int \c_space_tl }
1832       \exp_after:wN \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1833   }
1834 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf_quote:w #1 " #2 " #3 \s__graphics_stop
1835   { " #2 " }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n and \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap-
quote:w.)
```

1836 </xetex>

5.5 dvisvgm backend

1837 <*dvisvgm>

__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n

```

1838 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
(End definition for \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n.)
```

__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n

__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n

```

1839 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1840   {
1841     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1842     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1843     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1844   }
1845 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
(End definition for \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n and \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n.)
```

__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n

Same as for dvipdfmx: use the generic function

```

1846 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1847   {
1848     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1849     \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1850     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1851 }
```

(End definition for __graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n.)

__graphics_backend_include_eps:n

__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n

__graphics_backend_include:nn

```

1852 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1853   { __graphics_backend_include:nn { PSfile } {#1} }
1854 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1855   { __graphics_backend_include:nn { pdffile } {#1} }
1856 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include:nn #1#2
1857   {
1858     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1859     {
1860       #1 = #2 \c_space_tl
1861       llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
```

```

1862     lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1863     urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1864     ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim
1865   }
1866 }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n, \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n, and
\__graphics_backend_include:nn.)
```

The backend here has built-in support for basic graphic inclusion (see `dvisvgm.def` for a more complex approach, needed if clipping, *etc.*, is covered at the graphic backend level). The only issue is that #1 must be quote-corrected. The `dvisvgm:img` operation quotes the file name, but if it is already quoted (contains spaces) then we have an issue: we simply strip off any quotes as a result.

```

1867 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_png:n #1
1868   {
1869     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1870     {
1871       dvisvgm:img~
1872       \dim_to_decimal:n { \l_graphics_ury_dim } ~
1873       \dim_to_decimal:n { \l_graphics_ury_dim } ~
1874       \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w #1 " #1 " \s__graphics_stop
1875     }
1876   }
1877 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n \__graphics_backend_include_png:n
1878 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w #1 " #2 " #3 \s__graphics_stop
1879   { " #2 " }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_png:n, \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n, and
\__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w.)
```

1880

1881

6 I3backend-pdf Implementation

```

1882 {*package}
1883 (@@=pdf)
```

Setting up PDF resources is a complex area with only limited documentation in the engine manuals. The following code builds heavily on existing ideas from `hyperref` work by Sebastian Rahtz and Heiko Oberdiek, and significant contributions by Alexander Grahn, in addition to the specific code referenced at various points.

6.1 Shared code

A very small number of items that belong at the backend level but which are common to all backends.

```

\l__pdf_internal_box
1884 \box_new:N \l__pdf_internal_box

(End definition for \l__pdf_internal_box.)
```

6.2 dvips backend

```
1885  /*dvips)
```

Used often enough it should be a separate function.

```
1886  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n #1
1887    { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { mark #1 ~ pdfmark } }
1888  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { x }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n`.)

6.2.1 Catalogue entries

```
\__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn
```

```
1889  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
1890    { \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { { Catalog } << /#1 ~ #2 >> /PUT } }
1891  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2
1892    { \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /#1 ~ #2 /DOCINFO } }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`.)

6.2.2 Objects

For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```
1893  \int_new:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
1894  \prop_new:N \g__pdf_backend_object_prop
```

(End definition for `\g__pdf_backend_object_int` and `\g__pdf_backend_object_prop`.)

Tracking objects is similar to dvipdfmx.

```
1895  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2
1896    {
1897      \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
1898      \int_const:cn
1899        { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
1900        { \g__pdf_backend_object_int }
1901      \prop_gput:Nnn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} {#2}
1902    }
1903  \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1
1904    { { pdf.obj \int_use:c { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } } }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and `__pdf_backend_object_ref:n`.)

This is where we choose the actual type: some work to get things right.

```
1905  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2
1906    {
1907      \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
1908      {
1909        /_objdef ~ \__pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#1}
1910        /type
1911        \str_case_e:nn
1912          { \prop_item:Nn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} }
1913          {
1914            { array } { /array }
1915            { dict } { /dict }
```

```

1916     { fstream } { /stream }
1917     { stream } { /stream }
1918     }
1919   /OBJ
1920   }
1921 \use:c
1922   { __pdf_backend_object_write_ \prop_item:Nn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} :nn }
1923   { __pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#1} } {#2}
1924 }
1925 \cs_generate_variant:Nn __pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
1926 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_array:nn #1#2
1927 {
1928   __pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
1929   { #1 ~0~ [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] ~ /PUTINTERVAL }
1930 }
1931 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_dict:nn #1#2
1932 {
1933   __pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
1934   { #1 << \exp_not:n {#2} >> /PUT }
1935 }
1936 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nn #1#2
1937 {
1938   \exp_args:Nx
1939   __pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nnn {#1} #2
1940 }
1941 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nnn #1#2#3
1942 {
1943   __kernel_backend_postscript:n
1944   {
1945     SDict ~ begin ~
1946     mark ~ #1 ~ << #2 >> /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
1947     mark ~ #1 ~ ( #3 )~ ( r )~ file ~ /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
1948     end
1949   }
1950 }
1951 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nn #1#2
1952 {
1953   \exp_args:Nx
1954   __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnn {#1} #2
1955 }
1956 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnn #1#2#3
1957 {
1958   __kernel_backend_postscript:n
1959   {
1960     mark ~ #1 ~ ( #3 ) /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
1961     mark ~ #1 ~ << #2 >> /PUT ~ pdfmark
1962   }
1963 }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_object_write:nn and others.)

__pdf_backend_object_now:nn
No anonymous objects, so things are done manually.

```

1964 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
1965 {

```

```

1966   \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
1967   \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
1968   {
1969     /_objdef ~ { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int }
1970     /type
1971     \str_case:nn
1972       {#1}
1973       {
1974         { array } { /array }
1975         { dict } { /dict }
1976         { fstream } { /stream }
1977         { stream } { /stream }
1978       }
1979     /OBJ
1980   }
1981   \exp_args:Nnx \use:c { __pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
1982   { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int } } {#2}
1983 }
1984 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn.)

```

__pdf_backend_object_last: Much like the annotation version.

```

1985 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_last:
1986   { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int } }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_object_last:.)

__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n Page references are easy in dvips.

```

1987 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
1988   { { Page #1 } }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n.)

6.2.3 Annotations

In dvips, annotations have to be constructed manually. As such, we need the object code above for some definitions.

\l__pdf_backend_content_box The content of an annotation.

```

1989 \box_new:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box

```

(End definition for \l__pdf_backend_content_box.)

\l__pdf_backend_model_box For creating model sizing for links.

```

1990 \box_new:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box

```

(End definition for \l__pdf_backend_model_box.)

\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int Needed as objects which are not annotations could be created.

```

1991 \int_new:N \g__pdf_backend_annotation_int

```

(End definition for \g__pdf_backend_annotation_int.)

__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn Annotations are objects, but we track them separately. Notably, they are not in the object data lists. Here, to get the co-ordinates of the annotation, we need to have the data collected at the PostScript level. That requires a bit of box trickery (effectively a L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} picture of zero size). Once the data is collected, use it to set up the annotation border.

```

1992 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1993 {
1994     \exp_args:Nf \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn
1995     { \dim_eval:n {#1} } {#2} {#3} {#4}
1996 }
1997 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1998 {
1999     \box_move_down:nn {#3}
2000     { \hbox:n { \kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ll } } }
2001     \box_move_up:nn {#2}
2002     {
2003         \hbox:n
2004         {
2005             \tex_kern:D #1 \scan_stop:
2006             \kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ur }
2007             \tex_kern:D -#1 \scan_stop:
2008         }
2009     }
2010 \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2011 \int_gset_eq:NN \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2012 \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2013 {
2014     /_objdef { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int }
2015     pdf.rect
2016     #4 ~
2017     /ANN
2018 }
2019 }
```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn.)

__pdf_backend_annotation_last: Provide the last annotation we created: could get tricky of course if other packages are loaded.

```

2020 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2021     { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int } }
```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_annotation_last:.)

\g__pdf_backend_link_int To track annotations which are links.

```
2022 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_link_int
```

(End definition for \g__pdf_backend_link_int.)

\g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl To pass information to the end-of-link function.

```
2023 \tl_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_link_dict_tl
```

(End definition for \g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl.)

\g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int Needed to save/restore space factor, which is needed to deal with the face we need a box.

```
2024 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_link_sf_int
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_sf_int.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool` Needed to save/restore math mode.
`2025 \bool_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool`
(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_bool` Track link formation: we cannot nest at all.
`2026 \bool_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_bool`
(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_bool.`)

`\l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl` Swappable content for link breaking.
`2027 \tl_new:N \l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl`
`2028 \tl_set:Nn \l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl { pdfmark }`
(End definition for `\l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl.`)

`_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n` To allow dropping material unless link breaking is active.
`2029 \cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_breaklink_postscript:n #1 { }`
(End definition for `_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n.`)

`_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N` Swappable box unpacking or use.
`2030 \cs_new_eq:NN _pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \box_use:N`
(End definition for `_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N.`)

`_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw` Links are created like annotations but with dedicated code to allow for adjusting the size of the rectangle. In contrast to `hyperref`, we grab the link content as a box which can then unbox: this allows the same interface as for `pdftEX`.
`_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw`
`_pdf_backend_link:nw`
`_pdf_backend_link_aux:nw` Taking the idea of `evenboxes` from `hypdvips`, we implement a minimum box height and depth for link placement. This means that “underlining” with a hyperlink will generally give an even appearance. However, to ensure that the full content is always above the link border, we do not allow this to be negative (contrast `hypdvips` approach). The result should be similar to `pdftEX` in the vast majority of foreseeable cases.
`_pdf_backend_link_end:nw`
`_pdf_backend_link_end_aux:`
`_pdf_backend_link_minima:`
`_pdf_backend_link_outerbox:nw`
`_pdf_backend_link_sf_save:` The object number for a link is saved separately from the rest of the dictionary as this allows us to insert it just once, at either an unbroken link or only in the first line of a broken one. That makes the code clearer but also avoids a low-level PostScript error with the code as taken from `hypdvips`.
`_pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:` Getting the outer dimensions of the text area may be better using a two-pass approach and `\tex_savepos:D`. That plus format mode are still to re-examine.
`pdf.linkdp.pad`
`pdf.linkht.pad`
`pdf.llx`
`pdf.lly`
`pdf.ury`
`pdf.link.dict`
`pdf.outerbox`
`pdf.baselineskip`
`2031 \cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw #1#2`
`2032 { _pdf_backend_link_begin:nw { #1 /Subtype /Link /A << /S /GoTo /D (#2) >> } }`
`2033 \cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw #1#2`
`2034 { _pdf_backend_link_begin:nw {#1#2} }`
`2035 \cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_begin:nw #1`
`2036 {`
`2037 \bool_if:NF \g_pdf_backend_link_bool`
`2038 { _pdf_backend_link_begin_aux:nw {#1} }`
`2039 }`
`2040 \cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_begin_aux:nw #1`
`2041 {`
`2042 \bool_gset_true:N \g_pdf_backend_link_bool`

```

2043 \__kernel_backend_postsript:n
2044   { /pdf.link.dict ( #1 ) def }
2045 \tl_gset:Nn \g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl {#1}
2046 \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2047 \mode_if_math:TF
2048   { \bool_gset_true:N \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool }
2049   { \bool_gset_false:N \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool }
2050 \hbox_set:Nw \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2051   \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2052   \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool
2053     { \c_math_toggle_token }
2054   }
2055 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_end:
2056   {
2057     \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2058       { \__pdf_backend_link_end_aux: }
2059   }
2060 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_end_aux:
2061   {
2062     \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool
2063       { \c_math_toggle_token }
2064     \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2065 \hbox_set_end:
2066 \__pdf_backend_link_minima:
2067 \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_backend_model_box { Gg }
2068 \exp_args:Nx \__pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n
2069   {
2070     \int_if_odd:nTF { \value { page } }
2071       { \oddsidemargin }
2072       { \evensidemargin }
2073   }
2074 \box_move_down:nn { \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box }
2075   { \hbox:n { \__kernel_backend_postsript:n { pdf.save.linkll } } }
2076 \__pdf_breaklink_postsript:n { pdf.bordertracking.begin }
2077 \__pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2078 \__pdf_breaklink_postsript:n { pdf.bordertracking.end }
2079 \box_move_up:nn { \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box }
2080   {
2081     \hbox:n
2082       { \__kernel_backend_postsript:n { pdf.save.linkur } }
2083   }
2084 \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2085 \int_gset_eq:NN \g__pdf_backend_link_int \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2086 \__kernel_backend_postsript:x
2087   {
2088     mark
2089     /_objdef { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_link_int }
2090     \g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl \c_space_tl
2091     pdf.rect
2092     /ANN ~ \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl
2093   }
2094 \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2095 \bool_gset_false:N \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2096 }

```

```

2097 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_minima:
2098 {
2099     \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_backend_model_box { Gg }
2100     \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2101     {
2102         /pdf.linkdp.pad ~
2103         \dim_to_decimal:n
2104         {
2105             \dim_max:nn
2106             {
2107                 \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box
2108                 - \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2109             }
2110             { Opt }
2111         }
2112         pdf.pt.dvi ~ def
2113         /pdf.linkht.pad ~
2114         \dim_to_decimal:n
2115         {
2116             \dim_max:nn
2117             {
2118                 \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box
2119                 - \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2120             }
2121             { Opt }
2122         }
2123         pdf.pt.dvi ~ def
2124     }
2125 }
2126 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n #1
2127 {
2128     \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2129     {
2130         /pdf.outerbox
2131         [
2132             \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~
2133             \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box } ~
2134             \dim_to_decimal:n { #1 + \textwidth } ~
2135             \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box }
2136         ]
2137         [ exch { pdf.pt.dvi } forall ] def
2138         /pdf.baselineskip ~
2139         \dim_to_decimal:n { \tex_baselineskip:D } ~ dup ~ 0 ~ gt
2140         { pdf.pt.dvi ~ def }
2141         { pop ~ pop }
2142         ifelse
2143     }
2144 }
2145 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2146 {
2147     \int_gset:Nn \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int
2148     {
2149         \mode_if_horizontal:TF
2150         { \tex_spacefactor:D }

```

```

2151         { 0 }
2152     }
2153 }
2154 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2155 {
2156     \mode_if_horizontal:T
2157     {
2158         \int_compare:nNnT \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int > { 0 }
2159         { \int_set_eq:NN \tex_spacefactor:D \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int }
2160     }
2161 }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`\@makecol@hook` Hooks to allow link breaking: something will be needed in format mode at some stage. At present this code is disabled as there is an open question about the name of the hook: to be resolved at the L^AT_EX 2_E end.

```

2162 <*package>
2163 \use_none:n
2164 {
2165     \cs_if_exist:NT \@makecol@hook
2166     {
2167         \tl_put_right:Nn \@makecol@hook
2168         {
2169             \box_if_empty:NF \cclv
2170             {
2171                 \vbox_set:Nn \cclv
2172                 {
2173                     \__kernel_backend_postscript:n
2174                     {
2175                         pdf.globaldict /pdf.brokenlink.rect ~ known
2176                         { pdf.bordertracking.continue }
2177                         if
2178                     }
2179                     \vbox_unpack_drop:N \cclv
2180                     \__kernel_backend_postscript:n
2181                     { pdf.bordertracking.endpage }
2182                 }
2183             }
2184         }
2185         \tl_set:Nn \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl { pdf.pdfmark }
2186         \cs_set_eq:NN \__pdf_breaklink_postscript:n \__kernel_backend_postscript:n
2187         \cs_set_eq:NN \__pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \hbox_unpack:N
2188     }
2189 }
2190 </package>

```

(End definition for `\@makecol@hook`. This function is documented on page ??.)

`__pdf_backend_link_last:` The same as annotations, but with a custom integer.

```

2191 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_last:
2192     { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_link_int } }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_link_last:()`)

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_link\_margin:n Convert to big points and pass to PostScript.

2193 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1
2194 {
2195   \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:x
2196   {
2197     /pdf.linkmargin { \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ pdf.pt.dvi } def
2198   }
2199 }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_link_margin:n.)

\_\_pdf_backend_destination:nn
\_\_pdf_backend_destination_box:nn

Here, we need to turn the zoom into a scale. We also need to know where the current
anchor point actually is: worked out in PostScript. For the rectangle version, we have a
bit more PostScript: we need two points.

2200 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2201 {
2202   \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.dest.anchor }
2203   \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2204   {
2205     /View
2206     [
2207       \str_case:nnF {#2}
2208       {
2209         { xyz } { /XYZ ~ pdf.dest.point ~ null }
2210         { fit } { /Fit }
2211         { fitb } { /FitB }
2212         { fitbh } { /FitBH ~ pdf.dest.y }
2213         { fitbv } { /FitBV ~ pdf.dest.x }
2214         { fith } { /FitH ~ pdf.dest.y }
2215         { fitv } { /FitV ~ pdf.dest.x }
2216       }
2217       {
2218         /XYZ ~ pdf.dest.point ~ \fp_eval:n { (#2) / 100 }
2219       }
2220     ]
2221     /Dest ( \exp_not:n {#1} ) cvn
2222     /DEST
2223   }
2224 }
2225 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination_box:nn #1#2
2226 {
2227   \group_begin:
2228   \hbox_set:Nn \l_\_pdf_internal_box {#2}
2229   \box_move_down:nn
2230   { \box_dp:N \l_\_pdf_internal_box }
2231   { \hbox:n { \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ll } } }
2232   \box_use:N \l_\_pdf_internal_box
2233   \box_move_up:nn
2234   { \box_ht:N \l_\_pdf_internal_box }
2235   { \hbox:n { \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ur } } }
2236   \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n
2237   {
2238     /View
2239     [

```

```

2240     /FitR ~
2241         pdf.llx ~ pdf.lly ~ pdf.dest2device ~
2242             pdf.urx ~ pdf.ury ~ pdf.dest2device
2243     ]
2244     /Dest ( #1 ) cvn
2245     /DEST
2246 }
2247 \group_end:
2248 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_destination:nn` and `__pdf_backend_destination_box:nn`.)

6.2.4 Structure

Doable for the usual `ps2pdf` method.

```

\_\_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n
\_\_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n
2249 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2250 {
2251     \int_compare:nNnT {#1} = 0
2252     {
2253         \_\_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
2254         {
2255             /setdistillerparams ~ where
2256                 { pop << /CompressPages ~ false >> setdistillerparams }
2257             if
2258         }
2259     }
2260 }
2261 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2262 {
2263     \bool_if:nF {#1}
2264     {
2265         \_\_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
2266         {
2267             /setdistillerparams ~ where
2268                 { pop << /CompressStreams ~ false >> setdistillerparams }
2269             if
2270         }
2271     }
2272 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

`__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n`

`__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

Data not available!

```
2273 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1 { }
```

```
2274 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1 { }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

`__pdf_backend_version_major:`

`__pdf_backend_version_minor:`

```
2275 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: { -1 }
2276 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor: { -1 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major:` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor:..`)

6.2.5 Marked content

```
\_\_pdf\_backend\_bdc:nn
\_\_pdf\_backend\_emc:
2277 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2278   { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /#1 ~ #2 /BDC } }
2279 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_emc:
2280   { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /EMC } }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn and \_\_pdf_backend_emc:.)

2281 ⟨/dvips⟩
```

6.3 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backend

```
2282 ⟨*luatex | pdftex⟩
```

6.3.1 Annotations

__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn Simply pass the raw data through, just dealing with evaluation of dimensions.

```
2283 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2284   {
2285   ⟨*luatex⟩
2286     \tex_pdfextension:D annot ~
2287   ⟨/luatex⟩
2288   ⟨*pdftex⟩
2289     \tex_pdfannot:D
2290   ⟨/pdftex⟩
2291     width ~ \dim_eval:n {#1} ~
2292     height ~ \dim_eval:n {#2} ~
2293     depth ~ \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2294     {#4}
2295   }
```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn.)

__pdf_backend_annotation_last: A tiny amount of extra data gets added here; we use x-type expansion to get the space in the right place and form. The “extra” space in the LuaTeX version is *required* as it is consumed in finding the end of the keyword.

```
2296 \cs_new:Npx \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2297   {
2298     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2299   ⟨*luatex⟩
2300     \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastannot ~
2301   ⟨/luatex⟩
2302   ⟨*pdftex⟩
2303     \exp_not:N \tex_pdstlastannot:D
2304   ⟨/pdftex⟩
2305     \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2306   }
```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_annotation_last:.)

__pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nnw
__pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nnw
__pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw
__pdf_backend_link_end:

Links are all created using the same internals.

```
2307 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nnw #1#2
2308   { \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw {#1} { goto~name } {#2} }
2309 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nnw #1#2
```

```

2310   { \__pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw {\#1} { user } {\#2} }
2311   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw #1#2#3
2312   {
2313     {*luatex}
2314       \tex_pdfextension:D startlink ~
2315     
```

(/luatex)

*(*pdftex)*

\tex_pdfstartlink:D

(/pdftex)

attr {\#1}

#2 {\#3}

}

\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_link_end:

{

*(*luatex)*

\tex_pdfextension:D endlink \scan_stop:

(/luatex)

*(*pdftex)*

\tex_pdfendlink:D

(/pdftex)

}

(End definition for __pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nnw and others.)

__pdf_backend_link_last: Formatted for direct use.

```

2331 \cs_new:Npx \__pdf_backend_link_last:
2332 {
2333   \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2334   {*luatex}
2335     \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastlink ~
2336   
```

(/luatex)

*(*pdftex)*

\exp_not:N \tex_pdstlastlink:D

(/pdftex)

\c_space_tl 0 ~ R

}

(End definition for __pdf_backend_link_last:.)

__pdf_backend_link_margin:n A simple task: pass the data to the primitive.

```

2342 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1
2343 {
2344   {*luatex}
2345     \tex_pdfvariable:D linkmargin
2346   
```

(/luatex)

*(*pdftex)*

\tex_pdflinkmargin:D

(/pdftex)

\dim_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:

}

(End definition for __pdf_backend_link_margin:n.)

__pdf_backend_destination:nn
__pdf_backend_destination_box:nn

A simple task: pass the data to the primitive. The `\scan_stop:` deals with the danger of an unterminated keyword. The zoom given here is a percentage, but we need to pass it as *per mille*. The rectangle version is also easy as everything is build in.

```

2352 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2353   {
2354     {*luatex}
2355       \tex_pdfextension:D dest ~
2356     /luatex
2357     {*pdftex}
2358       \tex_pdfdest:D
2359     /pdftex
2360       name {#1}
2361       \str_case:nnF {#2}
2362       {
2363         { xyz } { xyz }
2364         { fit } { fit }
2365         { fitb } { fitb }
2366         { fitbh } { fitbh }
2367         { fitbv } { fitbv }
2368         { fith } { fith }
2369         { fitv } { fitv }
2370       }
2371       { xyz ~ zoom \fp_eval:n { #2 * 10 } }
2372       \scan_stop:
2373   }
2374 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination_box:nn #1#2
2375   {
2376     \group_begin:
2377       \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_internal_box {#2}
2378     {*luatex}
2379       \tex_pdfextension:D dest ~
2380     /luatex
2381     {*pdftex}
2382       \tex_pdfdest:D
2383     /pdftex
2384       name {#1}
2385       fitr ~
2386       width \box_wd:N \l__pdf_internal_box
2387       height \box_ht:N \l__pdf_internal_box
2388       depth \box_dp:N \l__pdf_internal_box
2389       \box_use:N \l__pdf_internal_box
2390     \group_end:
2391   }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_destination:nn` and `__pdf_backend_destination_box:nn`.)

6.3.2 Catalogue entries

```

\_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn
\_\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn
2392 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
2393   {
2394     {*luatex}
2395       \tex_pdfextension:D catalog
2396     /luatex

```

```

2397 {*pdftex}
2398     \tex_pdfcatalog:D
2399 
```

 $\langle/\text{pdftex}\rangle$
 $\{ / \#1 \sim \#2 \}$
 $\}$
 $\backslash\text{cs_new_protected}:Npn __pdf_backend_info_gput:nn \#1\#2$
 $\{$
 $\langle*\text{luatex}\rangle$
 $\backslash\text{tex_pdfextension}:D \text{ info}$
 $\langle/\text{luatex}\rangle$
 $\langle*\text{pdftex}\rangle$
 $\backslash\text{tex_pdfinfo}:D$
 $\langle/\text{pdftex}\rangle$
 $\{ / \#1 \sim \#2 \}$
 $\}$

6.3.3 Objects

`\g_pdf_backend_object_prop` For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```
2412 \prop_new:N \g_pdf_backend_object_prop
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_object_prop`.)

`__pdf_backend_object_new:nn` Declaring objects means reserving at the PDF level plus starting tracking.

```

2413 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_new:nn \#1\#2
2414 {
2415 
```

 $\langle*\text{luatex}\rangle$
 $\backslash\text{tex_pdfextension}:D \text{ obj } \sim$
 $\langle/\text{luatex}\rangle$
 $\langle*\text{pdftex}\rangle$
 $\backslash\text{tex_pdfobj}:D$
 $\langle/\text{pdftex}\rangle$
 $\text{reserveobjnum } \sim$
 $\int_const:c$
 $\{ \text{c_pdf_backend_object_} \text{tl_to_str}:n \{ \#1 \} \text{ _int } \}$
 $\langle*\text{luatex}\rangle$
 $\{ \text{tex_pdffeedback}:D \text{ lastobj } \}$
 $\langle/\text{luatex}\rangle$
 $\langle*\text{pdftex}\rangle$
 $\{ \text{tex_pdflastobj}:D \}$
 $\langle/\text{pdftex}\rangle$
 $\backslash\text{prop_gput}:Nnn \g_pdf_backend_object_prop \{ \#1 \} \{ \#2 \}$
 $\}$
 $\backslash\text{cs_new}:Npn __pdf_backend_object_ref:n \#1$
 $\{ \int_use:c \{ \text{c_pdf_backend_object_} \text{tl_to_str}:n \{ \#1 \} \text{ _int } \} \sim 0 \sim R \}$

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and `__pdf_backend_object_ref:n`.)

`__pdf_backend_object_write:nn` Writing the data needs a little information about the structure of the object.

```

2434 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_write:nn \#1\#2
2435 {
2436 
```

 $\langle*\text{luatex}\rangle$
 $\backslash\text{tex_immediate}:D \backslash\text{tex_pdfextension}:D \text{ obj } \sim$
 $\backslash\text{int_use}:c \{ \text{c_pdf_backend_object_} \text{tl_to_str}:n \{ \#1 \} \text{ _int } \} \sim 0 \sim R \}$

```

2438 </luatex>
2439 {*pdftex}
2440     \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfobj:D
2441 //pdftex}
2442     useobjnum ~
2443     \int_use:c
2444     { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2445 \str_case_e:nn
2446     { \prop_item:Nn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} }
2447     {
2448         { array } { { [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] } }
2449         { dict } { { << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> } }
2450         { fstream }
2451         {
2452             stream ~ attr ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2453             file ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 }
2454         }
2455     { stream }
2456     {
2457         stream ~ attr ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2458         { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 }
2459     }
2460 }
2461 }
2462 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
2463 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #1#2 { \exp_not:n {#1} }
2464 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #1#2 { \exp_not:n {#2} }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn, \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn, and \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn.)

```

`__pdf_backend_object_now:nn`, `__pdf_backend_object_now:nx`

Much like writing, but direct creation.

```

2465 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2466     {
2467     {*luatex}
2468         \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfextension:D obj ~
2469     //luatex}
2470     {*pdftex}
2471         \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfobj:D
2472     //pdftex}
2473         \str_case:nn
2474             {#1}
2475             {
2476                 { array } { { [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] } }
2477                 { dict } { { << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> } }
2478                 { fstream }
2479                 {
2480                     stream ~ attr ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2481                     file ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 }
2482                 }
2483             { stream }
2484             {
2485                 stream ~ attr ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2486                 { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 }

```

```

2487         }
2488     }
2489 }
2500 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn.)

```

__pdf_backend_object_last: Much like annotation.

```

2501 \cs_new:Npx \__pdf_backend_object_last:
2502 {
2503     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2504     {*luatex}
2505     \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastobj ~
2506     {/luatex}
2507     {*pdftex}
2508     \exp_not:N \tex_pdflastobj:D
2509     {/pdftex}
2510     \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2511 }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_object_last:.)

__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n The usual wrapper situation; the three spaces here are essential.

```

2502 \cs_new:Npx \__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2503 {
2504     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2505     {*luatex}
2506     \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D pageref
2507     {/luatex}
2508     {*pdftex}
2509     \exp_not:N \tex_pdfpageref:D
2510     {/pdftex}
2511     \c_space_tl #1 \c_space_tl \c_space_tl \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2512 }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n.)

6.3.4 Structure

Simply pass data to the engine.

```

2513 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2514 {
2515     \tex_global:D
2516     {*luatex}
2517     \tex_pdfvariable:D compresslevel
2518     {/luatex}
2519     {*pdftex}
2520     \tex_pdfcompresslevel:D
2521     {/pdftex}
2522     \int_value:w \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2523 }
2524 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2525 {
2526     \bool_if:nTF {#1}
2527     { \__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n { 2 } }

```

```

2528         { \__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n { 0 } }
2529     }
2530 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n #1
2531 {
2532     \tex_global:D
2533 \*luatex}
2534     \tex_pdfvariable:D objcompresslevel
2535 \/luatex}
2536 \*pdftex}
2537     \tex_pdfobjcompresslevel:D
2538 \/pdftex}
2539     #1 \scan_stop:
2540 }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n`, `__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`, and `__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n`.)

`__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n`
`__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`

The availability of the primitive is not universal, so we have to test at load time.

```

2541 \cs_new_protected:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1
2542 {
2543 \*luatex}
2544     \int_compare:nNnT \tex_luatexversion:D > { 106 }
2545     {
2546         \exp_not:N \tex_global:D \tex_pdfvariable:D majorversion
2547         \exp_not:N \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2548     }
2549 \/luatex}
2550 \*pdftex}
2551     \cs_if_exist:NT \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2552     {
2553         \exp_not:N \tex_global:D \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2554         \exp_not:N \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2555     }
2556 \/pdftex}
2557 }
2558 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1
2559 {
2560     \tex_global:D
2561 \*luatex}
2562     \tex_pdfvariable:D minorversion
2563 \/luatex}
2564 \*pdftex}
2565     \tex_pdfminorversion:D
2566 \/pdftex}
2567     \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2568 }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

`__pdf_backend_version_major:`
`__pdf_backend_version_minor:`

As above.

```

2569 \cs_new:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_major:
2570 {
2571 \*luatex}
2572     \int_compare:nNnTF \tex_luatexversion:D > { 106 }
2573     { \exp_not:N \tex_the:D \tex_pdfvariable:D majorversion }

```

```

2574      { 1 }
2575  </luatex>
2576  {*pdftex}
2577      \cs_if_exist:NNTF \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2578          { \exp_not:N \tex_the:D \tex_pdfmajorversion:D }
2579          { 1 }
2580  </pdftex>
2581      }
2582  \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor:
2583      {
2584          \tex_the:D
2585  {*luatex}
2586          \tex_pdfvariable:D minorversion
2587  </luatex>
2588  {*pdftex}
2589          \tex_pdfminorversion:D
2590  </pdftex>
2591      }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major:` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor:.`)

6.3.5 Marked content

`__pdf_backend_bdc:nn`
`__pdf_backend_emc:`

```

2592 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2593     { \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n { /#1 ~ #2 ~ BDC } }
2594 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_emc:
2595     { \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n { EMC } }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `__pdf_backend_emc:.`)

2596 </luatex | pdftex>

6.4 dvipdfmx backend

2597 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>

`__pdf_backend:n`

A generic function for the backend PDF specials: used where we can.

```

2598 \cs_new_protected:Npx \__pdf_backend:n #1
2599     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: #1 } }
2600 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend:n { x }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend:n.`)

6.4.1 Catalogue entries

`__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn`

```

2601 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
2602     { \__pdf_backend:n { put ~ @catalog << /#1 ~ #2 >> } }
2603 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2
2604     { \__pdf_backend:n { docinfo << /#1 ~ #2 >> } }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn.`)

6.4.2 Objects

For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```
2605 \int_new:N \g_pdf_backend_object_int
2606 \prop_new:N \g_pdf_backend_object_prop
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_object_int` and `\g_pdf_backend_object_prop`.)

Objects are tracked at the macro level, but we don't have to do anything at this stage.

```
2607 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2
2608 {
2609   \int_gincr:N \g_pdf_backend_object_int
2610   \int_const:cn
2611   { c_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2612   { \g_pdf_backend_object_int }
2613   \prop_gput:Nnn \g_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} {#2}
2614 }
2615 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1
2616 { @pdf.obj \int_use:c { c_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and `__pdf_backend_object_ref:n`.)

This is where we choose the actual type.

```
2617 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2
2618 {
2619   \exp_args:Nx \__pdf_backend_object_write:nnn
2620   { \prop_item:Nn \g_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} } {#1} {#2}
2621 }
2622 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
2623 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write:nnn #1#2#3
2624 {
2625   \use:c { __pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2626   { \__pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#2} } {#3}
2627 }
2628 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_array:nn #1#2
2629 {
2630   \__pdf_backend:x
2631   { obj ~ #1 ~ [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] }
2632 }
2633 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_dict:nn #1#2
2634 {
2635   \__pdf_backend:x
2636   { obj ~ #1 ~ << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> }
2637 }
2638 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nn #1#2
2639 { \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn { f } {#1} #2 }
2640 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nn #1#2
2641 { \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn { } {#1} #2 }
2642 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2643 {
2644   \__pdf_backend:x
2645   {
2646     #1 stream ~ #2 ~
2647     ( \exp_not:n {#4} ) ~ << \exp_not:n {#3} >>
2648 }
```

2649 }

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_write:nn` and others.)

`__pdf_backend_object_now:nn` `__pdf_backend_object_now:nx`

```
2650 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2651 {
2652     \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2653     \exp_args:Nnx \use:c { \_\_pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2654     { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int }
2655     {#2}
2656 }
2657 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_now:nn`.)

`__pdf_backend_object_last:`

```
2658 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_last:
2659     { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_last:..`)

`__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n`

Page references are easy in dvipdfmx/X_{ET}X.

```
2660 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2661     { @page #1 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n`.)

6.4.3 Annotations

`\g__pdf_landscape_bool`

There is a bug in dvipdfmx/X_{ET}X which means annotations do not rotate. As such, we need to know if landscape is active.

```
2662 \bool_new:N \g_\_pdf_landscape_bool
2663 \cs_if_exist:NT \landscape
2664 {
2665     \tl_put_right:Nn \landscape
2666     { \bool_gset_true:N \g_\_pdf_landscape_bool }
2667     \tl_put_left:Nn \endlandscape
2668     { \bool_gset_false:N \g_\_pdf_landscape_bool }
2669 }
```

(End definition for `\g__pdf_landscape_bool`.)

`\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int`

Needed as objects which are not annotations could be created.

```
2670 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int
```

(End definition for `\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int`.)

`__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn` `__pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn`

Simply pass the raw data through, just dealing with evaluation of dimensions. The only wrinkle is landscape: we have to adjust by hand.

```
2671 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2672 {
2673     \bool_if:NTF \g_\_pdf_landscape_bool
2674     {
2675         \box_move_up:nn {#2}
```

```

2676     {
2677         \vbox:n
2678         {
2679             \_\_pdf\_backend\_annotation\_aux:nnnn
2680             { #2 + #3 } {#1} { Opt } {#4}
2681         }
2682     }
2683 }
2684 { \_\_pdf\_backend\_annotation\_aux:nnnn {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} }
2685 }
2686 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2687 {
2688     \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2689     \int_gset_eq:NN \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2690     \_\_pdf_backend:x
2691     {
2692         ann ~ @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int \c_space_tl
2693         width ~ \dim_eval:n {#1} ~
2694         height ~ \dim_eval:n {#2} ~
2695         depth ~ \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2696         <</Type/Annot #4 >>
2697     }
2698 }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn and __pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn.)

__pdf_backend_annotation_last:

```

2699 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2700 { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_annotation_last:.)

All created using the same internals.

```

2701 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nnw #1#2
2702 { \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin:n { #1 /Subtype /Link /A << /S /GoTo /D ( #2 ) >> } }
2703 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nnw #1#2
2704 { \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin:n {#1#2} }
2705 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_begin:n #1
2706 {
2707     \_\_pdf_backend:n
2708     {
2709         bann
2710         <<
2711         /Type /Annot
2712         #1
2713         >>
2714     }
2715 }
2716 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_end:
2717 { \_\_pdf_backend:n { eann } }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nnw and others.)

__pdf_backend_link_last: Data not available.

```

2718 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_link_last: { }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_link_last`.)

`__pdf_backend_link_margin:n` Pass to `dvipdfmx`.

```
2719 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1
2720   { \__kernel_backend_literal:x { dvipdfmx:config-g~ \dim_eval:n {#1} } }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_link_margin:n`.)

`__pdf_backend_destination:nn`
`__pdf_backend_destination_box:nn`

Here, we need to turn the zoom into a scale. The method for `FitR` is from Alexander Grahn: the idea is to avoid needing to do any calculations in TeX by using the backend data for `@xpos` and `@ypos`.

```
2721 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2722   {
2723     \__pdf_backend:x
2724     {
2725       dest ~ ( \exp_not:n {#1} )
2726       [
2727         @thispage
2728         \str_case:nnF {#2}
2729         {
2730           { xyz } { /XYZ ~ @xpos ~ @ypos ~ null }
2731           { fit } { /Fit }
2732           { fitb } { /FitB }
2733           { fitbh } { /FitBH }
2734           { fitbv } { /FitBV ~ @xpos }
2735           { fith } { /FitH ~ @ypos }
2736           { fitv } { /FitV ~ @xpos }
2737         }
2738         { /XYZ ~ @xpos ~ @ypos ~ \fp_eval:n { (#2) / 100 } }
2739       ]
2740     }
2741   }
2742 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_destination_box:nn #1#2
2743   {
2744     \group_begin:
2745       \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_internal_box {#2}
2746       \box_move_down:nn { \box_dp:N \l__pdf_internal_box }
2747       {
2748         \hbox:n
2749         {
2750           \__pdf_backend:n { obj ~ @pdf_ #1 _llx ~ @xpos }
2751           \__pdf_backend:n { obj ~ @pdf_ #1 _lly ~ @ypos }
2752         }
2753       }
2754       \box_use:N \l__pdf_internal_box
2755       \box_move_up:nn { \box_ht:N \l__pdf_internal_box }
2756       {
2757         \hbox:n
2758         {
2759           \__pdf_backend:n
2760           {
2761             dest ~ (#1)
2762             [
2763               @thispage
```

```

2764     /FitR ~
2765         @pdf_ #1 _llx ~ @pdf_ #1 _lly ~
2766         @xpos ~ @ypos
2767     ]
2768 }
2769 }
2770 }
2771 \group_end:
2772 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_destination:nn` and `__pdf_backend_destination_box:nn`.)

6.4.4 Structure

`__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n`

```

\__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n
2773 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2774     { \__kernel_backend_literal:x { dvipdfmx:config~z~ \int_eval:n {#1} } }
2775 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2776     {
2777         \bool_if:nF {#1}
2778         { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { dvipdfmx:config~C~0x40 } }
2779     }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

We start with the assumption that the default is active.

```

\__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n
\__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n
2780 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1
2781     {
2782         \cs_gset:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_major: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2783         \__kernel_backend_literal:x { pdf:majorversion~ \__pdf_backend_version_major: }
2784     }
2785 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1
2786     {
2787         \cs_gset:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_minor: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2788         \__kernel_backend_literal:x { pdf:minorversion~ \__pdf_backend_version_minor: }
2789     }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

We start with the assumption that the default is active.

```

\__pdf_backend_version_major:
\__pdf_backend_version_minor:
2790 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_major: { 1 }
2791 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor: { 5 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major:` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor:..`)

6.4.5 Marked content

`__pdf_backend_bdc:nn`

`__pdf_backend_emc:`

```

\__pdf_backend_bdc:nn
\__pdf_backend_emc:
2792 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2793     { \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n { /#1 ~ #2 ~ BDC } }
2794 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_emc:
2795     { \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n { EMC } }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `__pdf_backend_emc:..`)

2796 `</dvipdfmx | xetex>`

6.5 dvisvgm backend

2797 `<*dvisvgm>`

6.5.1 Catalogue entries

No-op.

2798 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2 { }`
2799 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2 { }`

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`.)

6.5.2 Objects

All no-ops here.

2800 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2 { }`
2801 `\cs_new:Npn __pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1 { }`
2802 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2 { }`
2803 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write:nx #1#2 { }`
2804 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2 { }`
2805 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_now:nx #1#2 { }`
2806 `\cs_new:Npn __pdf_backend_object_last: { }`
2807 `\cs_new:Npn __pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1 { }`

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and others.)

6.5.3 Structure

These are all no-ops.

2808 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1 { }`
2809 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1 { }`

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

Data not available!

2810 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1 { }`
2811 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1 { }`

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

Data not available!

2812 `\cs_new:Npn __pdf_backend_version_major: { -1 }`
2813 `\cs_new:Npn __pdf_backend_version_minor: { -1 }`

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major:` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor:..`)

More no-ops.

2814 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2 { }`
2815 `\cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_emc: { }`

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `__pdf_backend_emc:..`)

2816 `</dvisvgm>`

2817 `</package>`

7 | 3backend-header Implementation

	2818 <code>(*dvips & header)</code>
<code>color.sc</code>	Empty definitions for color at the top level.
<code>color.fc</code>	2819 <code>/color.sc { } def</code> 2820 <code>/color.fc { } def</code> <i>(End definition for <code>color.sc</code> and <code>color.fc</code>. These functions are documented on page ??.)</i>
<code>TeXcolorseparation</code> <code>separation</code>	Support for separation/spot colors: this strange naming is so things work with the color stack. 2821 <code>TeXDict begin</code> 2822 <code>/TeXcolorseparation { setcolor } def</code> 2823 <code>end</code> <i>(End definition for <code>TeXcolorseparation</code> and <code>separation</code>. These functions are documented on page ??.)</i>
<code>pdf.globaldict</code>	A small global dictionary for backend use. 2824 <code>true setglobal</code> 2825 <code>/pdf.globaldict 4 dict def</code> 2826 <code>false setglobal</code> <i>(End definition for <code>pdf.globaldict</code>. This function is documented on page ??.)</i>
<code>pdf.cvs</code> <code>pdf.dvi.pt</code> <code>pdf.pt.dvi</code>	Small utilities for PostScript manipulations. Conversion to DVI dimensions is done here to allow for <code>Resolution</code> . The total height of a rectangle (an array) needs a little maths, in contrast to simply extracting a value. 2827 <code>/pdf.cvs { 65534 string cvs } def</code> 2828 <code>/pdf.dvi.pt { 72.27 mul Resolution div } def</code> 2829 <code>/pdf.pt.dvi { 72.27 div Resolution mul } def</code> 2830 <code>/pdf.rect.ht { dup 1 get neg exch 3 get add } def</code> <i>(End definition for <code>pdf.cvs</code> and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)</i>
<code>pdf.linkmargin</code> <code>pdf.linkdp.pad</code> <code>pdf.linkht.pad</code>	Settings which are defined up-front in <code>SDict</code> . 2831 <code>/pdf.linkmargin { 1 pdf.pt.dvi } def</code> 2832 <code>/pdf.linkdp.pad { 0 } def</code> 2833 <code>/pdf.linkht.pad { 0 } def</code> <i>(End definition for <code>pdf.linkmargin</code>, <code>pdf.linkdp.pad</code>, and <code>pdf.linkht.pad</code>. These functions are documented on page ??.)</i>
<code>pdf.rect</code> <code>pdf.save.ll</code> <code>pdf.save.ur</code> <code>pdf.save.linkll</code> <code>pdf.save.linkur</code> <code>pdf.llx</code> <code>pdf.lly</code> <code>pdf.urx</code> <code>pdf.ury</code>	Functions for marking the limits of an annotation/link, plus drawing the border. We separate links for generic annotations to support adding a margin and setting a minimal size. 2834 <code>/pdf.rect</code> 2835 <code>{ /Rect [pdf.llx pdf.lly pdf.urx pdf.ury] } def</code> 2836 <code>/pdf.save.ll</code> 2837 <code>{</code> 2838 <code> currentpoint</code> 2839 <code> /pdf.lly exch def</code> 2840 <code> /pdf.llx exch def</code> 2841 <code>}</code> 2842 <code>def</code>

```

2843 /pdf.save.ur
2844 {
2845   currentpoint
2846   /pdf.ury exch def
2847   /pdf.urx exch def
2848 }
2849 def
2850 /pdf.save.linkll
2851 {
2852   currentpoint
2853   pdf.linkmargin add
2854   pdf.linkdp.pad add
2855   /pdf.lly exch def
2856   pdf.linkmargin sub
2857   /pdf.llx exch def
2858 }
2859 def
2860 /pdf.save.linkur
2861 {
2862   currentpoint
2863   pdf.linkmargin sub
2864   pdf.linkht.pad sub
2865   /pdf.ury exch def
2866   pdf.linkmargin add
2867   /pdf.urx exch def
2868 }
2869 def

```

(End definition for pdf.rect and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

pdf.dest.anchor For finding the anchor point of a destination link. We make the use case a separate function as it comes up a lot, and as this makes it easier to adjust if we need additional effects. We also need a more complex approach to convert a co-ordinate pair correctly when defining a rectangle: this can otherwise be out when using a landscape page. (Thanks to Alexander Grahn for the approach here.)

```

pdf.dev.x 2870 /pdf.dest.anchor
pdf.dev.y 2871 {
pdf.tmpa 2872   currentpoint exch
pdf.tmpb 2873   pdf.dvi.pt 72 add
pdf.tmpc 2874   /pdf.dest.x exch def
pdf.tmpd 2875   pdf.dvi.pt
2876   vsize 72 sub exch sub
2877   /pdf.dest.y exch def
2878 }
2879 def
2880 /pdf.dest.point
2881 { pdf.dest.x pdf.dest.y } def
2882 /pdf.dest2device
2883 {
2884   /pdf.dest.y exch def
2885   /pdf.dest.x exch def
2886   matrix currentmatrix
2887   matrix defaultmatrix
2888   matrix invertmatrix

```

```

2889     matrix concatmatrix
2890     cvx exec
2891     /pdf.dev.y exch def
2892     /pdf.dev.x exch def
2893     /pdf.tmpd exch def
2894     /pdf.tmpc exch def
2895     /pdf.tmpb exch def
2896     /pdf.tmpa exch def
2897     pdf.dest.x pdf.tmpa mul
2898         pdf.dest.y pdf.tmpc mul add
2899         pdf.dev.x add
2900     pdf.dest.x pdf.tmpb mul
2901         pdf.dest.y pdf.tmpd mul add
2902         pdf.dev.y add
2903 }
2904 def

```

(End definition for `pdf.dest.anchor` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.bordertracking` To know where a breakable link can go, we need to track the boundary rectangle. That
`pdf.bordertracking.begin` can be done by hooking into `a` and `x` operations: those names have to be retained. The
`pdf.bordertracking.end` boundary is stored at the end of the operation. Special effort is needed at the start and
`pdf.leftboundary` end of pages (or rather galleys), such that everything works properly.

```

2905 /pdf.bordertracking false def
2906 /pdf.bordertracking.begin
2907 {
2908     SDict /pdf.bordertracking true put
2909     SDict /pdf.leftboundary undef
2910     SDict /pdf.rightboundary undef
2911     /a where
2912     {
2913         /a
2914         {
2915             currentpoint pop
2916             SDict /pdf.rightboundary known dup
2917             {
2918                 SDict /pdf.rightboundary get 2 index lt
2919                 { not }
2920                 if
2921             }
2922             if
2923             { pop }
2924             { SDict exch /pdf.rightboundary exch put }
2925         ifelse
2926         moveto
2927         currentpoint pop
2928         SDict /pdf.leftboundary known dup
2929         {
2930             SDict /pdf.leftboundary get 2 index gt
2931             { not }
2932             if
2933         }
2934         if
2935         { pop }

```

```

2936           { SDict exch /pdf.leftboundary exch put }
2937           ifelse
2938           }
2939           put
2940           }
2941           if
2942       }
2943       def
2944 /pdf.bordertracking.end
2945 {
2946   /a where { /a { moveto } put } if
2947   /x where { /x { 0 exch rmoveto } put } if
2948   SDict /pdf.leftboundary known
2949     { pdf.outerbox 0 pdf.leftboundary put }
2950   if
2951   SDict /pdf.rightboundary known
2952     { pdf.outerbox 2 pdf.rightboundary put }
2953   if
2954   SDict /pdf.bordertracking false put
2955 }
2956 def
2957 /pdf.bordertracking.endpage
2958 {
2959 pdf.bordertracking
2960 {
2961   pdf.bordertracking.end
2962   true setglobal
2963   pdf.globaldict
2964     /pdf.brokenlink.rect [ pdf.outerboxaload pop ] put
2965   pdf.globaldict
2966     /pdf.brokenlink.skip pdf.baselineskip put
2967   pdf.globaldict
2968     /pdf.brokenlink.dict
2969     pdf.link.dict pdf.cvs put
2970   false setglobal
2971   mark pdf.link.dict cvx exec /Rect
2972   [
2973     pdf.llx
2974     pdf.lly
2975     pdf.outerbox 2 get pdf.linkmargin add
2976     currentpoint exch pop
2977     pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht sub pdf.linkmargin sub
2978   ]
2979   /ANN pdf.pdfmark
2980 }
2981 if
2982 }
2983 def
2984 /pdf.bordertracking.continue
2985 {
2986   /pdf.link.dict pdf.globaldict
2987   /pdf.brokenlink.dict get def
2988   /pdf.outerbox pdf.globaldict
2989   /pdf.brokenlink.rect get def

```

```

2990 /pdf.baselineskip pdf.globaldict
2991     /pdf.brokenlink.skip get def
2992 pdf.globaldict dup dup
2993 /pdf.brokenlink.dict undef
2994 /pdf.brokenlink.skip undef
2995 /pdf.brokenlink.rect undef
2996 currentpoint
2997 /pdf.originy exch def
2998 /pdf.originx exch def
2999 /a where
3000 {
3001     /a
3002 {
3003     moveto
3004     SDict
3005     begin
3006     currentpoint pdf.originy ne exch
3007         pdf.originx ne or
3008 {
3009         pdf.save.linkll
3010         /pdf.lly
3011             pdf.lly pdf.outerbox 1 get sub def
3012             pdf.bordertracking.begin
3013         }
3014         if
3015         end
3016     }
3017     put
3018 }
3019 if
3020 /x where
3021 {
3022     /x
3023 {
3024     0 exch rmoveto
3025     SDict
3026     begin
3027     currentpoint
3028         pdf.originy ne exch pdf.originx ne or
3029 {
3030         pdf.save.linkll
3031         /pdf.lly
3032             pdf.lly pdf.outerbox 1 get sub def
3033             pdf.bordertracking.begin
3034         }
3035         if
3036         end
3037     }
3038     put
3039 }
3040 if
3041 }
3042 def

```

(End definition for `pdf.bordertracking` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

pdf.breaklink
 pdf.breaklink.write
 pdf.count
 pdf.currentrect

Dealing with link breaking itself has multiple stage. The first step is to find the `Rect` entry in the dictionary, looping over key-value pairs. The first line is handled first, adjusting the rectangle to stay inside the text area. The second phase is a loop over the height of the bulk of the link area, done on the basis of a number of baselines. Finally, the end of the link area is tidied up, again from the boundary of the text area.

```

3043 /pdf.breaklink
3044 {
3045   pop
3046   counttomark 2 mod 0 eq
3047   {
3048     counttomark /pdf.count exch def
3049     {
3050       pdf.count 0 eq { exit } if
3051       counttomark 2 roll
3052       1 index /Rect eq
3053       {
3054         dup 4 array copy
3055         dup dup
3056         1 get
3057         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht
3058         pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add sub
3059         3 exch put
3060         dup
3061         pdf.outerbox 2 get
3062         pdf.linkmargin add
3063         2 exch put
3064         dup dup
3065         3 get
3066         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht
3067         pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add add
3068         1 exch put
3069         /pdf.currentrect exch def
3070         pdf.breaklink.write
3071         {
3072           pdf.currentrect
3073           dup
3074             pdf.outerbox 0 get
3075             pdf.linkmargin sub
3076             0 exch put
3077             dup
3078               pdf.outerbox 2 get
3079               pdf.linkmargin add
3080               2 exch put
3081               dup dup
3082                 1 get
3083                 pdf.baselineskip add
3084                 1 exch put
3085                 dup dup
3086                   3 get
3087                   pdf.baselineskip add
3088                   3 exch put
3089                   /pdf.currentrect exch def
3090                   pdf.breaklink.write

```

```

3091         }
3092         1 index 3 get
3093         pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add
3094         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht add
3095         2 index 1 get sub
3096         pdf.baselineskip div round cvi 1 sub
3097         exch
3098         repeat
3099         pdf.currentrect
3100         dup
3101             pdf.outerbox 0 get
3102             pdf.linkmargin sub
3103             0 exch put
3104             dup dup
3105             1 get
3106             pdf.baselineskip add
3107             1 exch put
3108             dup dup
3109             3 get
3110             pdf.baselineskip add
3111             3 exch put
3112             dup 2 index 2 get 2 exch put
3113             /pdf.currentrect exch def
3114             pdf.breaklink.write
3115             SDict /pdf.pdfmark.good false put
3116             exit
3117         }
3118         { pdf.count 2 sub /pdf.count exch def }
3119     ifelse
3120   }
3121   loop
3122 }
3123 if
3124 /ANN
3125 }
3126 def
3127 /pdf.breaklink.write
3128 {
3129   counttomark 1 sub
3130   index /_objdef eq
3131   {
3132     counttomark -2 roll
3133     dup wcheck
3134     {
3135       readonly
3136       counttomark 2 roll
3137     }
3138     { pop pop }
3139   ifelse
3140   }
3141 if
3142 counttomark 1 add copy
3143 pop pdf.currentrect
3144 /ANN pdfmark

```

```

3145     }
3146     def

```

(End definition for `pdf.breaklink` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.pdfmark` The business end of breaking links starts by hooking into `pdfmarks`. Unlike `hypdvips`, we avoid altering any links we have not created by using a copy of the core `pdfmarks` function. Only mark types which are known are altered. At present, this is purely ANN marks, which are measured relative to the size of the baseline skip. If they are more than one apparent line high, breaking is applied.

```

3147 /pdf.pdfmark
3148 {
3149   SDict /pdf.pdfmark.good true put
3150   dup /ANN eq
3151   {
3152     pdf.pdfmark.store
3153     pdf.pdfmark.dict
3154     begin
3155       Subtype /Link eq
3156       currentdict /Rect known and
3157       SDict /pdf.outerbox known and
3158       SDict /pdf.baselineskip known and
3159       {
3160         Rect 3 get
3161         pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add
3162         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht add
3163         Rect 1 get sub
3164         pdf.baselineskip div round cvi 0 gt
3165         { pdf.breaklink }
3166         if
3167       }
3168       if
3169     end
3170     SDict /pdf.outerbox undef
3171     SDict /pdf.baselineskip undef
3172     currentdict /pdf.pdfmark.dict undef
3173   }
3174   if
3175   pdf.pdfmark.good
3176   { pdfmark }
3177   { cleartomark }
3178   ifelse
3179 }
3180   def
3181 /pdf.pdfmark.store
3182 {
3183   /pdf.pdfmark.dict 65534 dict def
3184   counttomark 1 add copy
3185   pop
3186   {
3187     dup mark eq
3188     {
3189       pop
3190       exit

```

```
3191     }
3192     {
3193         pdf.pdfmark.dict
3194         begin def end
3195         }
3196         ifelse
3197         }
3198     loop
3199 }
3200 def

(End definition for pdf.pdfmark and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)
3201 </dvips & header>
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