

File I

Implementation

1 l3backend-basics Implementation

```
1  {*package}
```

Whilst there is a reasonable amount of code overlap between backends, it is much clearer to have the blocks more-or-less separated than run in together and DocStripped out in parts. As such, most of the following is set up on a per-backend basis, though there is some common code (again given in blocks not interspersed with other material).

All the file identifiers are up-front so that they come out in the right place in the files.

```
2  \ProvidesExplFile
3  {*dvipdfmx}
4  {l3backend-dvipdfmx.def}{2021-05-07}{}
5  {L3 backend support: dvipdfmx}
6  {/dvipdfmx}
7  {*dvips}
8  {l3backend-dvips.def}{2021-05-07}{}
9  {L3 backend support: dvips}
10 {/dvips}
11 {*dvisvgm}
12 {l3backend-dvisvgm.def}{2021-05-07}{}
13 {L3 backend support: dvisvgm}
14 {/dvisvgm}
15 {*luatex}
16 {l3backend-luatex.def}{2021-05-07}{}
17 {L3 backend support: PDF output (LuaTeX)}
18 {/luatex}
19 {*pdftex}
20 {l3backend-pdftex.def}{2021-05-07}{}
21 {L3 backend support: PDF output (pdfTeX)}
22 {/pdftex}
23 {*xetex}
24 {l3backend-xetex.def}{2021-05-07}{}
25 {L3 backend support: XeTeX}
26 {/xetex}
```

Check if the loaded kernel is at least enough to load this file. The kernel date has to be at least equal to \ExplBackendFileDate or later. If __kernel_dependency_version_check:Nn doesn't exist we're loading in an older kernel, so it's an error anyway. With time, this test should vanish and only the dependency check should remain.

```
27 \cs_if_exist:NTF \_\_kernel_dependency_version_check:nn
28 {
29     \_\_kernel_dependency_version_check:nn {2021-02-18}
30 {dvipdfmx}      {l3backend-dvipdfmx.def}
31 {dvips}        {l3backend-dvips.def}
32 {dvisvgm}      {l3backend-dvisvgm.def}
33 {luatex}       {l3backend-luatex.def}
34 {pdftex}       {l3backend-pdftex.def}
35 {xetex}        {l3backend-xetex.def}
```

```

36 }
37 {
38   \cs_if_exist_use:cF { @latex@error } { \errmessage }
39   {
40     Mismatched-LaTeX-support-files-detected. \MessageBreak
41     Loading-aborted!
42   }
43   { \use:c { @ehd } }
44   \tex_endinput:D
45 }

```

The order of the backend code here is such that we get somewhat logical outcomes in terms of code sharing whilst keeping things readable. (Trying to mix all of the code by concept is almost unmanageable.) The key parts which are shared are

- Color support is either dvips-like or LuaTeX/pdfTeX-like.
- LuaTeX/pdfTeX and dvipdfmx/XeTeX share drawing routines.
- XeTeX is the same as dvipdfmx other than image size extraction so takes most of the same code.

The one shared function for all backends is access to the basic `\special` primitive: it has slightly odd expansion behaviour so a wrapper is provided.

```

46 \cs_new_eq:NN \__kernel_backend_literal:e \tex_special:D
47 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal:n #1
48   { \__kernel_backend_literal:e { \exp_not:n {#1} } }
49 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x }

```

(End definition for `__kernel_backend_literal:e`.)

`__kernel_backend_first_shipout:n`

We need to write at first shipout in a few places. As we want to use the most up-to-date method,

```

50 \cs_if_exist:NTF \ifl@t@r
51   { \cs_new_eq:NN \__kernel_backend_first_shipout:n \AtBeginDvi }
52   { \cs_new_eq:NN \__kernel_backend_first_shipout:n \use:n }

```

(End definition for `__kernel_backend_first_shipout:n`.)

1.1 dvips backend

53 `(*dvips)`

`__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n`
`__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x`

Literal PostScript can be included using a few low-level formats. Here, we use the form with no positioning: this is overall more convenient as a wrapper. Note that this does require that where position is important, an appropriate wrapper is included.

```

54 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n #1
55   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:: #1 } }
56 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { x }

```

(End definition for `__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n`.)

`__kernel_backend_postscript:n`
`__kernel_backend_postscript:x`

PostScript data that does have positioning, and also applying a shift to SDict (which is not done automatically by `ps:` or `ps::`, in contrast to `!` or `"`).

```

57 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n #1
58   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps: SDict ~ begin ~ #1 ~ end } }
59 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { x }

```

(End definition for `_kernel_backend_postscript:n`.)

PostScript for the header: a small saving but makes the code clearer. This is held until the start of shipout such that a document with no actual output does not write anything.

```
60 \bool_if:NT \g_kernel_backend_header_bool
61 {
62   \_kernel_backend_first_shipout:n
63   { \_kernel_backend_literal:n { header = 13backend-dvips.pro } }
64 }
```

`_kernel_backend_align_begin:`

In `dvips` there is no built-in saving of the current position, and so some additional PostScript is required to set up the transformation matrix and also to restore it afterwards. Notice the use of the stack to save the current position “up front” and to move back to it at the end of the process. Notice that the [begin]/[end] pair here mean that we can use a run of PostScript statements in separate lines: not *required* but does make the code and output more clear.

```
65 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_align_begin:
66 {
67   \_kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[begin] }
68   \_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { currentpoint }
69   \_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { currentpoint~translate }
70 }
71 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_align_end:
72 {
73   \_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { neg~exch~neg~exch~translate }
74   \_kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[end] }
75 }
```

(End definition for `_kernel_backend_align_begin:` and `_kernel_backend_align_end:..`)

`_kernel_backend_scope_begin:`

Saving/restoring scope for general operations needs to be done with `dvips` positioning (try without to see this!). Thus we need the `ps:` version of the special here. As only the graphics state is ever altered within this pairing, we use the lower-cost `g`-versions.

```
76 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
77   { \_kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:gsave } }
78 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_end:
79   { \_kernel_backend_literal:n { ps:grestore } }
```

(End definition for `_kernel_backend_scope_begin:` and `_kernel_backend_scope_end:..`)

80 `</dvips>`

1.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

81 `(*luatex | pdftex)`

Both `LuaTeX` and `pdfTeX` write PDFs directly rather than via an intermediate file. Although there are similarities, the move of `LuaTeX` to have more code in `Lua` means we create two independent files using shared DocStrip code.

This is equivalent to `\special{pdf:}` but the engine can track it. Without the `direct` keyword everything is kept in sync: the transformation matrix is set to the current point automatically. Note that this is still inside the text (BT ... ET block).

```
82 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n #1
83 {
```

```

84  {*luatex}
85      \tex_pdfextension:D literal
86 
```

```

87  {*}pdftex}
88      \tex_pdliteral:D
89 
```

```

90  { \exp_not:n {\#1} }
91  }
92 
```

```
\cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_pdf:n { x }
```

(End definition for `__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n`.)

`__kernel_backend_page:n`

Page literals are pretty simple. To avoid an expansion, we write out by hand.

```

93 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_page:n #1
94 {
95  {*}luatex}
96      \tex_pdfextension:D literal ~
97 
```

```

98  {*}pdftex}
99      \tex_pdliteral:D
100 
```

```

101  {page { \exp_not:n {\#1} }
102  }
```

(End definition for `__kernel_backend_page:n`.)

`__kernel_backend_scope_begin:`

Higher-level interfaces for saving and restoring the graphic state.

```

103 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
104 {
105  {*}luatex}
106      \tex_pdfextension:D save \scan_stop:
107 
```

```

108  {*}pdftex}
109      \tex_pdfsave:D
110 
```

```

111  { }
112 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
113 {
114  {*}luatex}
115      \tex_pdfextension:D restore \scan_stop:
116 
```

```

117  {*}pdftex}
118      \tex_pdfrestore:D
119 
```

```

120  { }
```

(End definition for `__kernel_backend_scope_begin:` and `__kernel_backend_scope_end:..`)

`__kernel_backend_matrix:n`
`__kernel_backend_matrix:x`

Here the appropriate function is set up to insert an affine matrix into the PDF. With pdfTeX and LuaTeX in direct PDF output mode there is a primitive for this, which only needs the rotation/scaling/skew part.

```

121 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_matrix:n #1
122 {
123  {*}luatex}
124      \tex_pdfextension:D setmatrix
```

```

125  </luatex>
126  {*pdftex}
127      \tex_pdfsetmatrix:D
128  //pdftex}
129      { \exp_not:n {#1} }
130  }
131 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_matrix:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_matrix:n)

132 </luatex | pdftex>
```

1.3 dvipdfmx backend

```
133 {*dvipdfmx | xetex}
```

The `dvipdfmx` shares code with the PDF mode one (using the common section to this file) but also with X_ET_EX. The latter is close to identical to `dvipdfmx` and so all of the code here is extracted for both backends, with some `clean` up for X_ET_EX as required. Undocumented but equivalent to pdfT_EX's `literal` keyword. It's similar to be not the same as the documented `contents` keyword as that adds a q/Q pair.

```

134 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n #1
135     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:literal~ #1 } }
136 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n)
```

`__kernel_backend_literal_page:n`

Whilst the manual says this is like `literal direct` in pdfT_EX, it closes the BT block!

```

137 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n #1
138     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:literal~direct~ #1 } }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n)
```

`__kernel_backend_scope_begin:` `__kernel_backend_scope_end:`

```

139 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
140     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x:gsave } }
141 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
142     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x:grestore } }
```

(End definition for __kernel_backend_scope_begin: and __kernel_backend_scope_end:.)

```
143 {@@=sys}
```

A short excursion into the `sys` module to set up the backend version information.

```

144 \group_begin:
145     \cs_set:Npn \__sys_tmp:w #1 Version ~ #2 ~ #3 \q_stop {#2}
146     \sys_get_shell:nnNTF { extractbb~~version }
147     { \char_set_catcode_space:n { '\ } }
148     \l__sys_internal_tl
149     {
150         \int_const:Nn \c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int
151         {
152             \exp_after:wN \__sys_tmp:w \l__sys_internal_tl
153             \q_stop
154         }
155     }
```

```

155      }
156      { \int_const:Nn \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int { 0 } }
157 \group_end:

(End definition for \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int.)

158 <@@=>
159 </dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

1.4 dvisvgm backend

```
160 <*dvisvgm>
```

```
\_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
\kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
```

Unlike the other backends, the requirements for making SVG files mean that we can't conveniently transform all operations to the current point. That makes life a bit more tricky later as that needs to be accounted for. A new line is added after each call to help to keep the output readable for debugging.

```

161 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n #1
162   { \_kernel_backend_literal:n { dvisvgm:raw~ #1 { ?nl } } }
163 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { x }

(End definition for \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n.)

```

In SVG, we need to track scope nesting as properties attach to scopes; that requires a pair of `int` registers.

```

164 \int_new:N \g_kernel_backend_scope_int
165 \int_new:N \l_kernel_backend_scope_int

```

```
(End definition for \g_kernel_backend_scope_int and \l_kernel_backend_scope_int.)
```

In SVG, the need to attach concepts to a scope means we need to be sure we will close all of the open scopes. That is easiest done if we only need an outer “wrapper” `begin/end` pair, and within that we apply operations as a simple scoped statements. To keep down the non-productive groups, we also have a `begin` version that does take an argument.

```

166 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
167   {
168     \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g> }
169     \int_set_eq:NN
170       \l_kernel_backend_scope_int
171       \g_kernel_backend_scope_int
172     \group_begin:
173       \int_gset:Nn \g_kernel_backend_scope_int { 1 }
174     }
175 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_end:
176   {
177     \prg_replicate:nn
178       { \g_kernel_backend_scope_int }
179       { \_kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { </g> } }
180     \group_end:
181     \int_gset_eq:NN
182       \g_kernel_backend_scope_int
183       \l_kernel_backend_scope_int
184   }
185 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:n #1

```

```

186  {
187   \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g ~ #1 > }
188   \int_set_eq:NN
189   \l__kernel_backend_scope_int
190   \g__kernel_backend_scope_int
191   \group_begin:
192     \int_gset:Nn \g__kernel_backend_scope_int { 1 }
193   }
194 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:n { x }
195 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope:n #1
196   {
197     \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { <g ~ #1 > }
198     \int_gincr:N \g__kernel_backend_scope_int
199   }
200 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_backend_scope:n { x }

(End definition for \__kernel_backend_scope_begin: and others.)

201 </dvisvgm>
202 </package>

```

2 I3backend-box Implementation

```

203 <*package>
204 <@=box>

```

2.1 dvips backend

```

205 <*dvips>

```

__box_backend_clip:N The dvips backend scales all absolute dimensions based on the output resolution selected and any TeX magnification. Thus for any operation involving absolute lengths there is a correction to make. See `normalscale` from `special.pro` for the variables, noting that here everything is saved on the stack rather than as a separate variable. Once all of that is done, the actual clipping is trivial.

```

206 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
207   {
208     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
209     \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
210     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { matrix~currentmatrix }
211     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
212       { Resolution~72~div~VResolution~72~div~scale }
213     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { DVImag~dup~scale }
214     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
215       {
216         0 ~
217         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_dp:N #1 } ~
218         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
219         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_ht:N #1 - \box_dp:N #1 } ~
220         rectclip
221       }
222     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n { setmatrix }
223     \__kernel_backend_align_end:
224     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }

```

```

225     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
226     \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
227 }
```

(End definition for `__box_backend_clip:N`.)

`__box_backend_rotate:Nn` `__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn`

Rotating using dvips does not require that the box dimensions are altered and has a very convenient built-in operation. Zero rotation must be written as 0 not -0 so there is a quick test.

```

228 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
229   { \exp_args:NNf \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
230 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
231   {
232     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
233     \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
234     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
235     {
236       \fp_compare:nNnTF {#2} = \c_zero_fp
237         { 0 }
238         { \fp_eval:n { round ( -(#2) , 5 ) } } ~
239       rotate
240     }
241     \__kernel_backend_align_end:
242     \box_use:N #1
243     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
244 }
```

(End definition for `__box_backend_rotate:Nn` and `__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn`.)

`__box_backend_scale:Nnn`

The dvips backend once again has a dedicated operation we can use here.

```

245 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
246   {
247     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
248     \__kernel_backend_align_begin:
249     \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:x
250     {
251       \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
252       \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) } ~
253       scale
254     }
255     \__kernel_backend_align_end:
256     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
257     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
258 }
```

(End definition for `__box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

259 `</dvips>`

2.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

260 `(*luatex | pdftex)`

`__box_backend_clip:N`

The general method is to save the current location, define a clipping path equivalent to the bounding box, then insert the content at the current position and in a zero width box.

The “real” width is then made up using a horizontal skip before tidying up. There are other approaches that can be taken (for example using XForm objects), but the logic here shares as much code as possible and uses the same conversions (and so same rounding errors) in all cases.

```

261 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
262 {
263     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
264     \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:x
265     {
266         0~
267         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
268         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
269         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
270         re~W~n
271     }
272     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
273     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
274     \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
275 }
```

(End definition for `__box_backend_clip:N`.)

`__box_backend_rotate:Nn`
`__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn`
`\l__box_backend_cos_fp`
`\l__box_backend_sin_fp`

Rotations are set using an affine transformation matrix which therefore requires sine/cosine values not the angle itself. We store the rounded values to avoid rounding twice. There are also a couple of comparisons to ensure that -0 is not written to the output, as this avoids any issues with problematic display programs. Note that numbers are compared to 0 after rounding.

```

276 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
277 {
278     \exp_args:NNf \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }
279 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
280 {
281     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
282     \box_set_wd:Nn #1 { 0pt }
283     \fp_set:Nn \l__box_backend_cos_fp { round ( cosd ( #2 ) , 5 ) }
284     \fp_compare:nNnT \l__box_backend_cos_fp = \c_zero_fp
285     { \fp_zero:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp }
286     \fp_set:Nn \l__box_backend_sin_fp { round ( sind ( #2 ) , 5 ) }
287     \__kernel_backend_matrix:x
288     {
289         \fp_use:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp \c_space_t1
290         \fp_compare:nNnTF \l__box_backend_sin_fp = \c_zero_fp
291         { 0~0 }
292         {
293             \fp_use:N \l__box_backend_sin_fp
294             \c_space_t1
295             \fp_eval:n { -\l__box_backend_sin_fp }
296         }
297         \c_space_t1
298         \fp_use:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp
299     }
300     \box_use:N #1
301     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
302 }
```

```

302 \fp_new:N \l__box_backend_cos_fp
303 \fp_new:N \l__box_backend_sin_fp

```

(End definition for `_box_backend_rotate:Nn` and others.)

`_box_backend_scale:Nnn` The same idea as for rotation but without the complexity of signs and cosines.

```

304 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
305 {
306     \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
307     \_kernel_backend_matrix:x
308     {
309         \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
310         0~0~
311         \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
312     }
313     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
314     \_kernel_backend_scope_end:
315 }

```

(End definition for `_box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

```
316 ⟨/luatex | pdftex⟩
```

2.3 dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX backend

```
317 ⟨*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩
```

`_box_backend_clip:N` The code here is identical to that for Lua_ET_EX/pdf_ET_EX: unlike rotation and scaling, there is no higher-level support in the backend for clipping.

```

318 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_box_backend_clip:N #1
319 {
320     \_kernel_backend_scope_begin:
321     \_kernel_backend_literal_pdf:x
322     {
323         0~
324         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
325         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
326         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
327         re~W~n
328     }
329     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
330     \_kernel_backend_scope_end:
331     \skip_horizontal:n { \box_wd:N #1 }
332 }

```

(End definition for `_box_backend_clip:N`.)

`_box_backend_rotate:Nn`
`_box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn` Rotating in dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX can be implemented using either PDF or backend-specific code. The former approach however is not “aware” of the content of boxes: this means that any embedded links would not be adjusted by the rotation. As such, the backend-native approach is preferred: the code therefore is similar (though not identical) to the dvips version (notice the rotation angle here is positive). As for dvips, zero rotation is written as 0 not -0.

```

333 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2
334 { \exp_args:NNf \_box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1 { \fp_eval:n {#2} } }

```

```

335 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn #1#2
336 {
337     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
338     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
339     {
340         x:rotate-
341         \fp_compare:nNnTF {#2} = \c_zero_fp
342             { 0 }
343             { \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } }
344     }
345     \box_use:N #1
346     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
347 }

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_rotate:Nn` and `__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn`.)

`__box_backend_scale:Nnn` Much the same idea for scaling: use the higher-level backend operation to allow for box content.

```

348 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
349 {
350     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
351     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
352     {
353         x:scale-
354         \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
355         \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
356     }
357     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
358     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
359 }

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_scale:Nnn`.)

360 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

2.4 dvisvgm backend

361 ⟨*dvisvgm⟩

`__box_backend_clip:N` `\g_box_clip_path_int` Clipping in SVG is more involved than with other backends. The first issue is that the clipping path must be defined separately from where it is used, so we need to track how many paths have applied. The naming here uses `l3cp` as the namespace with a number following. Rather than use a rectangular operation, we define the path manually as this allows it to have a depth: easier than the alternative approach of shifting content up and down using scopes to allow for the depth of the TeX box and keep the reference point the same!

```

362 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_clip:N #1
363 {
364     \int_gincr:N \g_box_clip_path_int
365     \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
366     { < clipPath-id = " l3cp \int_use:N \g_box_clip_path_int " > }
367     \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:x
368     {
369         <
370             path ~ d =

```

```

371      "
372      M ~ 0 ~
373          \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
374          L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
375              \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N #1 } ~
376              L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_wd:N #1 } ~
377                  \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
378                  L ~ 0 ~
379                      \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N #1 + \box_dp:N #1 } ~
380                      Z
381      "
382      />
383  }
384  \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
385  { < /clipPath > }

```

In general the SVG set up does not try to transform coordinates to the current point. For clipping we need to do that, so have a transformation here to get us to the right place, and a matching one just before the TeX box is inserted to get things back on track. The clip path needs to come between those two such that if lines up with the current point, as does the TeX box.

```

386  \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:n
387  {
388      transform =
389      "
390          translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
391          scale ( 1 , -1 )
392      "
393  }
394  \__kernel_backend_scope:x
395  {
396      clip-path =
397          "url ( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g_box_clip_path_int ) "
398  }
399  \__kernel_backend_scope:n
400  {
401      transform =
402      "
403          scale ( -1 , 1 ) ~
404          translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
405          scale ( -1 , -1 )
406      "
407  }
408  \box_use:N #1
409  \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
410 }
411 \int_new:N \g_box_clip_path_int

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_clip:N` and `\g_box_clip_path_int`.)

`__box_backend_rotate:Nn` Rotation has a dedicated operation which includes a centre-of-rotation optional pair. That can be picked up from the backend syntax, so there is no need to worry about the transformation matrix.

```

412 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_rotate:Nn #1#2

```

```

413   {
414     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:x
415     {
416       transform =
417       "
418       rotate
419       ( \fp_eval:n { round ( -(#2) , 5 ) } , ~ { ?x } , ~ { ?y } )
420       "
421     }
422     \box_use:N #1
423     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
424   }

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_rotate:Nn.`)

`__box_backend_scale:Nnn` In contrast to rotation, we have to account for the current position in this case. That is done using a couple of translations in addition to the scaling (which is therefore done backward with a flip).

```

425 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__box_backend_scale:Nnn #1#2#3
426   {
427     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:x
428     {
429       transform =
430       "
431       translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
432       scale
433       (
434         \fp_eval:n { round ( -#2 , 5 ) } ,
435         \fp_eval:n { round ( -#3 , 5 ) }
436       ) ~
437       translate ( { ?x } , { ?y } ) ~
438       scale ( -1 )
439       "
440     }
441     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
442     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
443   }

```

(End definition for `__box_backend_scale:Nnn.`)

```

444 </dvisvgm>
445 </package>

```

3 `\3backend-color` Implementation

```

446 <*package>
447 <@=color>

```

Color support is split into parts: collecting data from $\text{\LaTeX} 2\epsilon$, the color stack, general color, separations, and color for drawings. We have different approaches in each backend, and have some choices to make about `dvipdfmx/X\TeX` in particular. Whilst it is in some ways convenient to use the same approach in multiple backends, the fact that `dvipdfmx/X\TeX` is PDF-based means it (largely) sticks closer to direct PDF output.

3.1 Collecting information from L^AT_EX 2_ε

3.1.1 dvips-style

448 $\langle * \text{dvisvgm} | \text{dvipdfmx} | \text{dvips} | \text{xetex} \rangle$

`__color_backend_pickup:N`
`__color_backend_pickup:w`

Allow for L^AT_EX 2_ε color. Here, the possible input values are limited: dvips-style colors can mainly be taken as-is with the exception spot ones (here we need a model and a tint). The x-type expansion is there to cover the case where `xcolor` is in use.

```

449 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:N #1 {
450   \cs_if_exist:cT { ver@color.sty }
451   {
452     \cs_set_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:N #1
453     {
454       \exp_args:NV \tl_if_head_is_space:nTF \current@color
455       {
456         \tl_set:Nx #1
457         {
458           { \exp_after:wN \use:n \current@color }
459           { 1 }
460         }
461       }
462     }
463     \exp_last_unbraced:Nx \__color_backend_pickup:w
464     {
465       \current@color } \s_color_stop #1
466     }
467   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:w #1 ~ #2 \s_color_stop #3
468   {
469     \tl_set:Nn #3 { {#1} {#2} } }
470 }
```

(End definition for `__color_backend_pickup:N` and `__color_backend_pickup:w`.)

470 $\langle / \text{dvisvgm} | \text{dvipdfmx} | \text{dvips} | \text{xetex} \rangle$

3.1.2 LuaT_EX and pdfT_EX

471 $\langle * \text{luatex} | \text{pdftex} \rangle$

`__color_backend_pickup:N`
`__color_backend_pickup:w`

The current color in driver-dependent format: pick up the package-mode data if available. We end up converting back and forward in this route as we store our color data in dvips format. The `\current@color` needs to be x-expanded before `__color_backend_pickup:w` breaks it apart, because for instance `xcolor` sets it to be instructions to generate a color

```

472 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:N #1 {
473   \cs_if_exist:cT { ver@color.sty }
474   {
475     \cs_set_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:N #1
476     {
477       \exp_last_unbraced:Nx \__color_backend_pickup:w
478       {
479         \current@color } ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 \s_color_stop #1
480     }
481   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_pickup:w
482   {
483     #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ #5 ~ #6 \s_color_stop #7
484     {
485       \str_if_eq:nnTF {#2} { g }
```

```

484 { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { gray } {#1} } }
485 {
486   \str_if_eq:nnTF {#4} { rg }
487   { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { rgb } { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 } } }
488   {
489     \str_if_eq:nnTF {#5} { k }
490     { \tl_set:Nn #7 { { cmyk } { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 } } }
491     {
492       \str_if_eq:nnTF {#2} { cs }
493       {
494         \tl_set:Nx #7 { { \use:n #1 } { #5 } }
495       }
496       {
497         \tl_set:Nn #7 { { gray } { 0 } }
498       }
499     }
500   }
501 }
502 }
503 }

(End definition for \__color_backend_pickup:N and \__color_backend_pickup:w.)
```

504 ⟨/luatex | pdftex⟩

3.2 The color stack

For PDF-based engines, we have a color stack available inside the specials. This is used for concepts beyond color itself: it is needed to manage the graphics state generally. The exact form depends on the engine, and for dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX the backend version.

3.2.1 Common code

```

505 {*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}
dvipdfmx, LuaETEX and recent (x)dvipdfmx have multiple stacks available, and to track
which one is in use a variable is required.
506 \int_new:N \l__color_backend_stack_int

(End definition for \l__color_backend_stack_int.)
```

507 ⟨/dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex⟩

3.2.2 dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX

```

508 {*dvipdfmx | xetex}
In (x)dvipdfmx, the base color stack is not set up, so we have to force that, as well as
providing a mechanism more generally.
```

```

509 \int_compare:nNnTF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
510   { \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn #1#2#3 { } }
511   {
512     \int_new:N \g__color_backend_stack_int
513     \cs_new_protected:Npx \__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn #1#2#3
514     {
515       \int_gincr:N \exp_not:N \g__color_backend_stack_int
```

```

516   \int_const:Nn #1 { \exp_not:N \g__color_backend_stack_int }
517   \use:x
518   {
519     \__kernel_backend_first_shipout:n
520     {
521       \__kernel_backend_literal:n
522       {
523         pdfcolorstackinit ~
524         \exp_not:N \int_use:N \exp_not:N \g__color_backend_stack_int
525         \c_space_tl
526         \exp_not:N \tl_if_blank:nF {#2} { #2 ~ }
527         (#3)
528       }
529     }
530   }
531 }
532 \cs_if_exist:cTF { main@pdfcolorstack }
533 {
534   \int_set:Nn \l__color_backend_stack_int
535   { \int_use:c { main@pdfcolorstack } }
536 }
537 {
538   \__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn \c__color_backend_main_stack_int
539   { page ~ direct } { 0 ~ g ~ 0 ~ G }
540   \int_set_eq:NN \l__color_backend_stack_int
541   \c__color_backend_main_stack_int
542   \int_const:cn { main@pdfcolorstack } { \c__color_backend_main_stack_int }
543 }
```

The backend automatically restores the stack color from the “classical” approach (`pdf:bcolor`) after a scope. That will be an issue for us, so we manually ensure that the one we are using is inserted.

```

544   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
545   {
546     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { x:grestore }
547     \__kernel_backend_literal:n
548     { pdfcolorstack ~ \g__color_backend_stack_int current }
549   }
550 }
```

(End definition for `__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn`, `\g__color_backend_stack_int`, and `\c__color_backend_main_stack_int`.)

`__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn`

`__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nx`

`__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n`

```

551 \int_compare:nNnF \c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
552 {
553   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn #1#2
554   {
555     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
556     {
557       pdfcolorstack ~
558       \int_eval:n {#1} ~
559       push ~ (#2)
560     }
561 }
```

```

562   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn { nx }
563   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n #1
564   {
565     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
566     {
567       pdfcolorstack ~
568       \int_eval:n {#1} ~
569       pop
570     }
571   }
572 }

(End definition for \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn and \__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n)

573 
```

3.2.3 LuaTeX and pdfTeX

```

574 
```

```

\__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn

575 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn #1#2#3
576 {
577   \int_const:Nn #1
578   {
579     (*luatex)
580     \tex_pdffeedback:D colorstackinit ~
581   
```

```

582   (*pdftex)
583   \tex_pdfcolorstackinit:D
584   
```

```

585   \tl_if_blank:nF {#2} { #2 ~ }
586   {#3}
587 }
588 }
```

(End definition for __kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn.)

```

\__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn
\__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nx
\__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n

589 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn #1#2
590 {
591   (*luatex)
592   \tex_pdfextension:D colorstack ~
593 
```

```

594   (*pdftex)
595   \tex_pdfcolorstack:D
596   
```

```

597   \int_eval:n {#1} ~ push ~ {#2}
598 }
```

```

599 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn { nx }
600 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n #1
601 {
602   (*luatex)
603   \tex_pdfextension:D colorstack ~
604 }
```

```

605  {*pdftex}
606      \tex_pdfcolorstack:D
607  //pdftex)
608      \int_eval:n {#1} ~ pop \scan_stop:
609  }

(End definition for \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn and \__kernel_color_backend_stack-
pop:n.)

610  /luatex | pdftex>

```

3.3 General color

3.3.1 dvips-style

```
611  {*dvips | dvisvgm}
```

Push the data to the stack. In the case of dvips also saves the drawing color in raw PostScript.

```

612  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
613  { \__color_backend_select:n { cmyk ~ #1 } }
614  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_gray:n #1
615  { \__color_backend_select:n { gray ~ #1 } }
616  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_rgb:n #1
617  { \__color_backend_select:n { rgb ~ #1 } }
618  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select:n #1
619  {
620      \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-push~ #1 }
621  {*dvips}
622      \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc ~ { } ~ def }
623  //dvips)
624      \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
625  }
626  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
627  { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-pop } }

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n and others. This function is documented on page
??.)
```

```
628  /dvips | dvisvgm>
```

3.3.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX

```
629  {*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}
```

```
\l__color_backend_fill_tl
```

```
\l__color_backend_stroke_tl
```

```

630  \tl_new:N \l__color_backend_fill_tl
631  \tl_new:N \l__color_backend_stroke_tl
```

(End definition for \l__color_backend_fill_tl and \l__color_backend_stroke_tl.)

Store the values then pass to the stack.

```

632  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
633  { \__color_backend_select:nn { #1 ~ k } { #1 ~ K } }
634  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_gray:n #1
635  { \__color_backend_select:nn { #1 ~ g } { #1 ~ G } }
636  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_rgb:n #1
```

```

637 { \__color_backend_select:nn { #1 ~ rg } { #1 ~ RG } }
638 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select:nn #1#2
639 {
640   \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_fill_tl {#1}
641   \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_stroke_tl {#2}
642   \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \l__color_backend_stack_int { #1 ~ #2 }
643   \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
644 }
645 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
646   { \__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n \l__color_backend_stack_int }

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n and others.)

647 ⟨/dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex⟩

```

3.3.3 dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX

```
648 ⟨*dvipdfmx | xetex⟩
```

These backends have the most possible approaches: it recognises both dvips-based color specials and it's own format, plus one can include PDF statements directly. Recent releases also have a color stack approach similar to pdfTeX. Of the stack methods, the dedicated the most versatile is the latter as it can cover all of the use cases we have. Thus it is used in preference to the dvips-style interface or the “native” color specials (which have only one stack).

Push the data to the stack.

```

\__color_backend_select_cmyk:n
\__color_backend_select_gray:n
\__color_backend_select_rgb:n
\__color_backend_reset:
649 \int_compare:nNnT \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
650 {
651   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n #1
652   {
653     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: bc ~ [#1] }
654     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
655   }
656   \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_gray:n \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n
657   \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_rgb:n \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n
658   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
659   { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: ec } }
660 }

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_cmyk:n and others.)

661 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩

```

3.4 Separations

Here, life gets interesting and we need essentially one approach per backend.

```
662 ⟨*dvips⟩
```

```

\__color_backend_select_separation:nn
\__color_backend_select_devicen:nn
663 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2
664   { \__color_backend_select:n { separation ~ #1 ~ #2 } }
665 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_separation:nn and \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn.)

```

```

\_color_backend_separation_init:nnnn
\_color_backend_separation_init:nxxnn
\_color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn
lor_backend separation_init /DeviceCMYK:nnn
lor_backend separation_init /DeviceGray:nnn
olor_backend separation_init /DeviceRGB:nnn
\_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn
  \_color_backend_separation_init:nnn
  \_color_backend_separation_init_count:n
  \_color_backend_separation_init_count:w
  \_color_backend_separation_init:mmn
    \_color_backend_separation_init:w
    \_color_backend_separation_init:n
    \_color_backend_separation_init:nw
  \_color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn

```

Initialising here means creating a small header set up plus massaging some data. This comes about as we have to deal with PDF-focussed data, which makes most sense “higher-up”. The approach is based on ideas from <https://tex.stackexchange.com/q/560093> plus using the PostScript manual for other aspects.

```

666 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
667 {
668   \bool_if:NT \g_kernel_backend_header_bool
669   {
670     \_kernel_backend_first_shipout:n
671     {
672       \exp_not:N \_color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn
673         {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
674     }
675   }
676 }
677 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn { nxx }
678 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_separation_init_aux:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
679 {
680   \_kernel_backend_literal:e
681   {
682     !
683     TeXDict ~ begin ~
684     /color \int_use:N \g_color_model_int
685     {
686       [
687         /Separation ~ ( \str_convert_pdfname:n {#1} ) ~
688         [ ~ #2 ~ ] ~
689         {
690           \cs_if_exist_use:cF { \_color_backend_separation_init_ #2 :nnn }
691             { \_color_backend_separation_init:nnn }
692               {#3} {#4} {#5}
693         }
694         ] ~ setcolorspace
695       } ~ def ~
696       end
697     }
698   }
699 \cs_new:cpn { \_color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceCMYK :nnn } #1#2#3
700   { \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 4 {#3} }
701 \cs_new:cpn { \_color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceGray :nnn } #1#2#3
702   { \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 1 {#3} }
703 \cs_new:cpn { \_color_backend_separation_init_ /DeviceRGB :nnn } #1#2#3
704   { \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn 2 {#3} }
705 \cs_new:Npn \_color_backend_separation_init_Device:Nn #1#2
706   {
707     #2 ~
708     \prg_replicate:nn {#1}
709       { #1 ~ index ~ mul ~ #1 ~ 1 ~ roll ~ }
710     \int_eval:n { #1 + 1 } ~ -1 ~ roll ~ pop
711   }

```

For the generic case, we cannot use `/FunctionType 2` unfortunately, so we have to code that idea up in PostScript. Here, we will therefore assume that a range is *always* given. First, we count values in each argument: at the backend level, we can assume there are

always well-behaved with spaces present.

```

712 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnn #1#2#3
713 {
714     \exp_args:Ne \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnn
715     { \__color_backend_separation_init_count:n {#2} }
716     {#1} {#2} {#3}
717 }
718 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_count:n #1
719 { \int_eval:n { 0 \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #1 ~ \s__color_stop } }
720 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop
721 {
722     +1
723     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
724     { \__color_backend_separation_init_count:w #2 \s__color_stop }
725 }

```

Now we implement the algorithm. In the terms in the PostScript manual, we have **N** = 1 and **Domain** = [0 1], with **Range** as #2, **C0** as #3 and **C1** as #4, with the number of output components in #1. So all we have to do is implement $y_i = \mathbf{C0}_i + x(\mathbf{C1}_i - \mathbf{C0}_i)$ with lots of stack manipulation, then check the ranges. That's done by adding everything to the stack first, then using the fact we know all of the offsets. As manipulating the stack is tricky, we start by re-formatting the **C0** and **C1** arrays to be interleaved, and add a 0 to each pair: this is used to keep the stack of constant length while we are doing the first pass of mathematics. We then work through that list, calculating from the last to the first value before tidying up by removing all of the input values. We do that by first copying all of the final y values to the end of the stack, then rolling everything so we can pop the now-unneeded material.

```

726 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnn #1#2#3#4
727 {
728     \__color_backend_separation_init:w #3 ~ \s__color_stop #4 ~ \s__color_stop
729     \prg_replicate:nn {#1}
730     {
731         pop ~ 1 ~ index ~ neg ~ 1 ~ index ~ add ~
732         \int_eval:n { 3 * #1 } ~ index ~ mul ~
733         2 ~ index ~ add ~
734         \int_eval:n { 3 * #1 } ~ #1 ~ roll ~
735     }
736     \int_step_function:nnN {#1} { -1 } { 1 }
737         \__color_backend_separation_init:n
738         \int_eval:n { 4 * #1 + 1 } ~ #1 ~ roll ~
739         \prg_replicate:nn { 3 * #1 + 1 } { pop ~ }
740         \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
741         { \__color_backend_separation_init:nw {#1} #2 ~ \s__color_stop }
742     }
743 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:w
744     #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
745     {
746         #1 ~ #3 ~ 0 ~
747         \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
748         { \__color_backend_separation_init:w #2 \s__color_stop #4 \s__color_stop }
749     }
750 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:n #1
751 { \int_eval:n { #1 * 2 } ~ index ~ }

```

Finally, we deal with the range limit if required. This is handled by splitting the range into pairs. It's then just a question of doing the comparisons, this time dropping everything except the desired result.

```

752 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nw #1#2 ~ #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
753 {
754     #2 ~ #3 ~
755     2 ~ index ~ 2 ~ index ~ lt ~
756     { ~ pop ~ exch ~ pop ~ } ~
757     { ~
758         2 ~ index ~ 1 ~ index ~ gt ~
759         { ~ exch ~ pop ~ exch ~ pop ~ } ~
760         { ~ pop ~ pop ~ } ~
761         ifelse ~
762     }
763     ifelse ~
764     #1 ~ 1 ~ roll ~
765     \tl_if_blank:nF {#4}
766     { \__color_backend_separation_init:nw {#1} #4 \s__color_stop }
767 }
```

CIELAB support uses the detail from the PostScript reference, page 227; other than that block of PostScript, this is the same as for PDF-based routes.

```

768 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3
769 {
770     \__color_backend_separation_init:nxxnn
771     {#2}
772     {
773         /CIEBasedABC ~
774         << ~
775             /RangeABC ~ [ ~ \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 \c_space_t1 ] ~
776             /DecodeABC ~
777             [ ~
778                 { ~ 16 ~ add ~ 116 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
779                 { ~ 500 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
780                 { ~ 200 ~ div ~ } ~ bind ~
781             ] ~
782             /MatrixABC ~ [ ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ 0 ~ -1 ~ ] ~
783             /DecodeLMN ~
784             [ ~
785                 t ~
786                 dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
787                 { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ ~ } ~
788                 { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
789                 ifelse ~
790                 0.9505 ~ mul ~
791             } ~ bind ~
792             {
793                 dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
794                 { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ } ~
795                 { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
796                 ifelse ~
797             } ~ bind ~
798             {
799                 dup ~ 6 ~ 29 ~ div ~ ge ~
```

```

800           { ~ dup ~ dup ~ mul ~ mul ~ } ~
801           { ~ 4 ~ 29 ~ div ~ sub ~ 108 ~ 841 ~ div ~ mul ~ } ~
802           ifelse ~
803             1.0890 ~ mul ~
804             } ~ bind
805             ] ~
806             /WhitePoint ~
807               [ ~ \tl_use:c { c__color_model_whitepoint_CIELAB_ #1 _tl } ~ ] ~
808             >>
809           }
810           { \c__color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 }
811           { 100 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
812           {#3}
813         }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn` and others.)

`__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn`

Trivial as almost all of the work occurs in the shared code.

```

814 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn #1#2#3
815   {
816     \__kernel_backend_literal:e
817     {
818       !
819       TeXDict ~ begin ~
820       /color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int
821         {
822           [
823             /DeviceN ~
824             [ ~ #1 ~ ] ~
825             #2 ~
826             { ~ #3 ~ } ~
827             ] ~ setcolorspace
828           } ~ def ~
829         end
830       }
831     }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn`.)

```

832 </dvips>
833 <*dvisvgm>

```

`__color_backend_select_separation:nn`

No support at present.

```

834 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2 { }
835 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn #1#2 { }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_select_separation:nn` and `__color_backend_select_devicen:nn`.)

`__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn`

No support at present.

```

836 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5 { }
837 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnnnnn #1#2#3 { }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn` and `__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn`.)

```

838 </dvisvgm>

```

```
839  {*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}
```

```
\__color_backend_select_separation:nn  
  \__color_backend_select_device:nn
```

Although (x)dvipdfmx has a built-in approach to color spaces, that can't be used with the generic color stacks. So we take an approach in which we share the same code as for pdfTeX.

```
840  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2  
841    { \__color_backend_select:nn { /#1 ~ cs ~ #2 ~ scn } { /#1 ~ CS ~ #2 ~ SCN } }  
842  \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_device:nn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn  
  
(End definition for \__color_backend_select_separation:nn and \__color_backend_select_device:nn.)
```

```
\__color_backend_separation_init:nnnn  
  \__color_backend_separation_init:n  
  \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn
```

Initialising the PDF structures needs two parts: creating an object containing the “real” name of the Separation, then adding a reference to that to each page. We use a separate object for the tint transformation following the model in the PDF reference.

```
843  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5  
844  {  
845    \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nx { dict }  
846    {  
847      /FunctionType ~ 2  
848      /Domain ~ [0 ~ 1]  
849      \tl_if_blank:nF {#3} { /Range ~ [#3] }  
850      /C0 ~ [#4] ~  
851      /C1 ~ [#5] /N ~ 1  
852    }  
853    \__color_backend_separation_init:n  
854    {  
855      /Separation ~  
856      / \str_convert_pdfname:n {#1} ~ #2 ~  
857      \pdf_object_ref_last:  
858    }  
859  \cs_if_exist:NT \pdfmanagement_add:nnn  
860  {  
861    \use:x  
862    {  
863      \pdfmanagement_add:nnn  
864      { Page / Resources / ColorSpace }  
865      { color \int_use:N \g_color_model_int }  
866      { \pdf_object_ref_last: }  
867    }  
868  }  
869 }  
870 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init:n #1  
871 {  
872   \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nx { array } {#1}  
873 }
```

For CIELAB colors, we need one object per document for the illuminant, plus initialisation of the color space referencing that object.

```
874  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn #1#2#3  
875  {  
876    \pdf_object_if_exist:nF { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 }  
877    {  
878      \pdf_object_new:nn { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 } { array }  
879      \pdf_object_write:nx { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 }
```

```

880      {
881          /Lab ~
882          <<
883              /WhitePoint ~
884                  [ \tl_use:c { c_color_model_whitepoint_CIELAB_ #1 _tl } ]
885                  /Range ~ [ \c_color_model_range_CIELAB_tl ]
886                  >>
887          }
888      }
889      \__color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn
890          {#2}
891          { \pdf_object_ref:n { __color_illuminant_CIELAB_ #1 } }
892          { \c_color_model_range_CIELAB_tl }
893          { 100 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
894          {#3}
895      }

```

(End definition for __color_backend_separation_init:nnnnn, __color_backend_separation_init:n, and __color_backend_separation_init_CIELAB:nnn.)

__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn
__color_backend_devicen_init:w
__color_backend_devicen_init:n

```

896 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn #1#2#3
897     {
898         \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nx { stream }
899         {
900             {
901                 /FunctionType ~ 4 ~
902                 /Domain ~
903                     [
904                         ~
905                         \prg_replicate:nn
906                             { 0 \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #1 ~ \s_color_stop }
907                             { 0 ~ 1 ~ } ~
908                     ] ~
909                 /Range ~
910                     [
911                         ~
912                         \str_case:nn {#2}
913                             {
914                                 { /DeviceCMYK } { 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 }
915                                 { /DeviceGray } { 0 ~ 1 }
916                                 { /DeviceRGB } { 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 ~ 0 ~ 1 }
917                             } ~
918                         ]
919                     {#3}
920                 \__color_backend_separation_init:n
921                     {
922                         /DeviceN ~
923                             [ ~ #1 ~ ] ~
924                         #2 ~
925                         \pdf_object_ref_last:
926                     }
927 \cs_if_exist:NT \pdfmanagement_add:nnn

```

```

928     {
929         \use:x
930         {
931             \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
932                 { Page / Resources / ColorSpace }
933                 { color \int_use:N \g__color_model_int }
934                 { \pdf_object_ref_last: }
935         }
936     }
937 }
938 \cs_new:Npn \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #1 ~ #2 \s__color_stop
939 {
940     + 1
941     \tl_if_blank:nF {#2}
942         { \__color_backend_devicen_init:w #2 \s__color_stop }
943 }
944 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_devicen_init:n \__color_backend_separation_init:n
(End definition for \__color_backend_devicen_init:nnn, \__color_backend_devicen_init:w, and \__color_backend_devicen_init:n)
945 </dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
946 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

_color_backend_select_separation:nn

_color_backend_select_devicen:nn

For older (x)dvipdfmx, we *could* support separations using a dedicated mechanism, but it was not added that long before the color stacks. So instead of having two complex paths, just disable here.

```

947 \int_compare:nNnT \c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
948 {
949     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_select_separation:nn #1#2 { }
950     \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn
951         \__color_backend_select_separation:nn
952 }

(End definition for \__color_backend_select_separation:nn and \__color_backend_select_devicen:nn)
953 </dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

3.5 Fill and stroke color

Here, dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX follows LuaT_EX and pdft_EX, while for dvips we have to manage fill and stroke color ourselves. We also handle dvisvgm independently, as there we can create SVG directly.

```
954 <*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
```

_color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
_color_backend_fill_gray:n
_color_backend_fill_rgb:n
_color_backend_fill:n
_color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n
_color_backend_stroke_gray:n
_color_backend_stroke_rgb:n
_color_backend_stroke:n

Drawing (fill/stroke) color is handled in dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX in the same way as LuaT_EX/pdft_EX. We use the same approach as earlier, except the color stack is not involved so the generic direct PDF operation is used. There is no worry about the nature of strokes: everything is handled automatically.

```

955 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
956     { \__color_backend_fill:n { #1 ~ k } }
957 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
958     { \__color_backend_fill:n { #1 ~ g } }
959 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1

```

```

960 { \__color_backend_fill:n { #1 ~ rg } }
961 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill:n #1
962 {
963     \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_fill_tl {#1}
964     \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \l__color_backend_stack_int
965         { #1 ~ \l__color_backend_stroke_t1 }
966     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
967 }
968 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
969     { \__color_backend_stroke:n { #1 ~ K } }
970 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
971     { \__color_backend_stroke:n { #1 ~ G } }
972 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
973     { \__color_backend_stroke:n { #1 ~ RG } }
974 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke:n #1
975 {
976     \tl_set:Nn \l__color_backend_stroke_t1 {#1}
977     \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \l__color_backend_stack_int
978         { \l__color_backend_fill_t1 \c_space_t1 #1 }
979     \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
980 }

```

(End definition for __color_backend_fill_cmyk:n and others.)

```

\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
\__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn
981 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2
982     { \__color_backend_fill:n { /#1 ~ cs ~ #2 ~ scn } }
983 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2
984     { \__color_backend_stroke:n { /#1 ~ CS ~ #2 ~ SCN } }
985 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
986 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

```

(End definition for __color_backend_fill_separation:nn and others.)

```

987 </dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
988 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

Deal with older (x)dvipdfmx.

```

989 \int_compare:nNnT \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
990 {
991     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
992     {
993         \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: bc ~ [#1] }
994         \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
995     }
996     \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_gray:n \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
997     \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n
998     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_reset:
999         { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: ec } }
1000     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke:n #1
1001         { \__kernel_backend_literal:n {#1} }
1002     \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2 { }
1003     \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn
1004         \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
1005     \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

```

```

1006      \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
1007      \cs_gset_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_device:n:nn
1008          \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
1009      }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

```

1010  </dvipdfmx | xetex>
1011  <*dvips>

```

`__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` Fill color here is the same as general color *except* we skip the stroke part.

```

1012 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
1013     { \__color_backend_fill:n { cmyk ~ #1 } }
1014 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
1015     { \__color_backend_fill:n { gray ~ #1 } }
1016 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
1017     { \__color_backend_fill:n { rgb ~ #1 } }
1018 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill:n #1
1019     {
1020         \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-push~ #1 }
1021         \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
1022     }
1023 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
1024     { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setcmykcolor } def } }
1025 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
1026     { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setgray } def } }
1027 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
1028     { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { #1 ~ setrgbcolor } def } }

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

```

\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
\__color_backend_fill_device:n:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_device:n:nn
1029 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2
1030     { \__color_backend_fill:n { separation ~ #1 ~ #2 } }
1031 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2
1032     { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { /color.sc { separation ~ #1 ~ #2 } def } }
1033 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_fill_device:n:nn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
1034 \cs_new_eq:NN \__color_backend_stroke_device:n:nn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

```

(End definition for `__color_backend_fill_separation:nn` and others.)

```

1035 </dvips>
1036 <*dvisvgm>

```

`__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` Fill color here is the same as general color *except* we skip the stroke part.

```

1037 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n #1
1038     { \__color_backend_fill:n { cmyk ~ #1 } }
1039 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_gray:n #1
1040     { \__color_backend_fill:n { gray ~ #1 } }
1041 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill_rgb:n #1
1042     { \__color_backend_fill:n { rgb ~ #1 } }
1043 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__color_backend_fill:n #1
1044     {
1045         \__kernel_backend_literal:n { color-push~ #1 }
1046         \group_insert_after:N \__color_backend_reset:
1047     }

```

(End definition for `_color_backend_fill_cmyk:n` and others.)

For drawings in SVG, we use scopes for all stroke colors. That requires using RGB values, which luckily are easy to convert here (`cmyk` to RGB is a fixed function).

```

1048 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n #1
1049   { \_color_backend_cmyk:w #1 \s__color_stop }
1050 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_cmyk:w
1051   #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 \s__color_stop
1052   {
1053     \use:x
1054     {
1055       \_color_backend:nnn
1056       { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #1 + #4 ) ) } }
1057       { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #2 + #4 ) ) } }
1058       { \fp_eval:n { -100 * ( 1 - min ( 1 , #3 + #4 ) ) } }
1059     }
1060   }
1061 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_gray:n #1
1062   {
1063     \use:x
1064     {
1065       \_color_backend_stroke_gray_aux:n
1066       { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#1) } }
1067     }
1068   }
1069 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_gray_aux:n #1
1070   { \_color_backend:nnn {#1} {#1} {#1} }
1071 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_rgb:n #1
1072   { \_color_backend_rgb:w #1 \s__color_stop }
1073 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_color_backend_stroke_rgb:w
1074   #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 \s__color_stop
1075   {
1076     \use:x
1077     {
1078       \_color_backend:nnn
1079       { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#1) } }
1080       { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#2) } }
1081       { \fp_eval:n { 100 * (#3) } }
1082     }
1083   }
1084 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_color_backend:nnn #1#2#3
1085   {
1086     \_kernel_backend_scope:n
1087     {
1088       stroke =
1089       "
1090       rgb
1091       (
1092         #1 \c_percent_str ,
1093         #2 \c_percent_str ,
1094         #3 \c_percent_str
1095       )
1096       "
1097     }

```

```

1098     }
(End definition for \__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n and others.)
```

At present, these are no-ops.

```

\__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
  \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn
  \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn
  \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn #1#2 { }
  \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn #1#2 { }
  \__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn
  \__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn \__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn

(End definition for \__color_backend_fill_separation:nn and others.)

1103 </dvisvgm>
1104 </package>
```

4 I3backend-draw Implementation

```

1105 <*package>
1106 <@=draw>
```

4.1 dvips backend

```

1107 <*dvips>
```

__draw_backend_literal:n
__draw_backend_literal:x
The same as literal PostScript: same arguments about positioning apply here.

```

1108 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_literal:n \__kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
1109 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__draw_backend_literal:n { x }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_literal:n.)
```

__draw_backend_begin:
__draw_backend_end:
The `ps::[begin]` special here deals with positioning but allows us to continue on to a matching `ps::[end]`: contrast with `ps:`, which positions but where we can't split material between separate calls. The `@beginspecial/@endspecial` pair are from `special.pro` and correct the scale and y -axis direction. In contrast to pgf, we don't save the current point: discussion with Tom Rokici suggested a better way to handle the necessary translations (see `__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`). (Note that `@beginspecial/@endspecial` forms a backend scope.) The `[begin]/[end]` lines are handled differently from the rest as they are conceptually different: not really drawing literals but instructions to dvips itself.

```

1110 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_begin:
1111   {
1112     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[begin] }
1113     \__draw_backend_literal:n { @beginspecial }
1114   }
1115 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_end:
1116   {
1117     \__draw_backend_literal:n { @endspecial }
1118     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { ps::[end] }
1119 }
```

(End definition for __draw_backend_begin: and __draw_backend_end:.)

```
\_\_draw_backend_scope_begin:  
\_\_draw_backend_scope_end:  
Scope here may need to contain saved definitions, so the entire memory rather than just  
the graphic state has to be sent to the stack.
```

```
1120 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_scope_begin:  
1121 { \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { save } }  
1122 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_scope_end:  
1123 { \_\_draw_backend_literal:n { restore } }
```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_scope_begin:` and `__draw_backend_scope_end:.`)

`__draw_backend_moveto:nn`
`__draw_backend_lineto:nn`
`__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn`
`__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn`

Path creation operations mainly resolve directly to PostScript primitive steps, with only the need to convert to bp. Notice that x-type expansion is included here to ensure that any variable values are forced to literals before any possible caching. There is no native rectangular path command (without also clipping, filling or stroking), so that task is done using a small amount of PostScript.

```
1124 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2  
1125 {  
1126     \_\_draw_backend_literal:x  
1127     {  
1128         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~  
1129         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ moveto  
1130     }  
1131 }  
1132 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2  
1133 {  
1134     \_\_draw_backend_literal:x  
1135     {  
1136         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~  
1137         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ lineto  
1138     }  
1139 }  
1140 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4  
1141 {  
1142     \_\_draw_backend_literal:x  
1143     {  
1144         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~  
1145         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~  
1146         moveto~dup~0~rlineto~exch~0~exch~rlineto~neg~0~rlineto~closepath  
1147     }  
1148 }  
1149 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6  
1150 {  
1151     \_\_draw_backend_literal:x  
1152     {  
1153         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~  
1154         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~  
1155         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#6} ~  
1156         curveto  
1157     }  
1158 }
```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_moveto:nn` and others.)

```
\_\_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:  
\_\_draw_backend_nonzero_rule:  
\g\_\_draw_draw_eor_bool
```

The even-odd rule here can be implemented as a simply switch.

```
1159 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
```

```

1160 { \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1161 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
1162 { \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1163 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool

(End definition for \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:, \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:, and \g__-
draw_draw_eor_bool.)

```

__draw_backend_closepath:
__draw_backend_stroke:
__draw_backend_closestroke:
__draw_backend_fill:
__draw_backend_fillstroke:
__draw_backend_clip:
__draw_backend_discardpath:
\g__draw_draw_clip_bool

Unlike PDF, PostScript doesn't track separate colors for strokes and other elements. It is also desirable to have the `clip` keyword after a stroke or fill. To achieve those outcomes, there is some work to do. For color, the stroke color is simple but the fill one has to be inserted by hand. For clipping, the required ordering is achieved using a TeX switch. All of the operations end with a new path instruction as they do not terminate (again in contrast to PDF).

```

1164 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closepath:
1165 { \__draw_backend_literal:n { closepath } }
1166 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_stroke:
1167 {
1168     \__draw_backend_literal:n { gsave }
1169     \__draw_backend_literal:n { color.sc }
1170     \__draw_backend_literal:n { stroke }
1171     \__draw_backend_literal:n { grestore }
1172     \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1173     {
1174         \__draw_backend_literal:x
1175         {
1176             \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1177             clip
1178         }
1179     }
1180     \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1181     \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1182 }
1183 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closestroke:
1184 {
1185     \__draw_backend_closepath:
1186     \__draw_backend_stroke:
1187 }
1188 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fill:
1189 {
1190     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1191     {
1192         \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1193         fill
1194     }
1195     \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1196     {
1197         \__draw_backend_literal:x
1198         {
1199             \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1200             clip
1201         }
1202     }
1203     \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }

```

```

1204     \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1205   }
1206 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fillstroke:
1207 {
1208   \__draw_backend_literal:x
1209   {
1210     \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1211     fill
1212   }
1213   \__draw_backend_literal:n { gsave }
1214   \__draw_backend_literal:n { color.sc }
1215   \__draw_backend_literal:n { stroke }
1216   \__draw_backend_literal:n { grestore }
1217   \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1218   {
1219     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1220     {
1221       \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1222       clip
1223     }
1224   }
1225   \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1226   \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1227 }
1228 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_clip:
1229 {
1230   \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1231   \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1232 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_discardpath:
1233 {
1234   \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1235   {
1236     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1237     {
1238       \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool { eo }
1239       clip
1240     }
1241   }
1242   \__draw_backend_literal:n { newpath }
1243   \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1244 }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_closepath:` and others.)

Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PostScript operations.

```

\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn
\__draw_backend_dash:n
\__draw_backend_linewidth:n
\__draw_backend_miterlimit:n
\__draw_backend_cap_butts
\__draw_backend_cap_round:
  \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
\__draw_backend_join_miter:
\__draw_backend_join_round:
\__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1244 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1245 {
1246   \__draw_backend_literal:x
1247   {
1248     [
1249       \exp_args:Nf \use:n
1250       { \clist_map_function:nN {#1} \__draw_backend_dash:n }
1251     ] ~
1252     \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ setdash
1253   }

```

```

1254     }
1255 \cs_new:Npn \__draw_backend_dash:n #1
1256   { ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1257 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1258   {
1259     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1260     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ setlinewidth }
1261   }
1262 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1263   { \__draw_backend_literal:n {#1 ~ setmiterlimit} }
1264 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_but:
1265   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ setlinecap } }
1266 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_round:
1267   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ setlinecap } }
1268 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1269   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ setlinecap } }
1270 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_miter:
1271   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ setlinejoin } }
1272 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_round:
1273   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ setlinejoin } }
1274 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1275   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ setlinejoin } }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

`__draw_backend_cm:nnnn` In dvips, keeping the transformations in line with the engine is unfortunately not possible for scaling and rotations: even if we decompose the matrix into those operations, there is still no backend tracking (*cf.* dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX). Thus we take the shortest path available and simply dump the matrix as given.

```

1276 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1277   {
1278     \__draw_backend_literal:n
1279     { [ #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ 0 ~ 0 ] ~ concat }
1280   }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_cm:nnnn`.)

`__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn` Inside a picture @beginspecial/@endspecial are active, which is normally a good thing but means that the position and scaling would be off if the box was inserted directly. To deal with that, there are a number of possible approaches. The implementation here was suggested by Tom Rokici (author of dvips). We end the current special placement, then set the current point with a literal [begin]. As for general literals, we then use the stack to store the current point and move to it. To insert the required transformation, we have to flip the *y*-axis, once before and once after it. Then we get back to the T_EX reference point to insert our content. The clean up has to happen in the right places, hence the [begin]/[end] pair around `restore`. Finally, we can return to “normal” drawing mode. Notice that the set up here is very similar to that in `__draw_align_currentpoint...`, but the ordering of saving and restoring is different (intermixed).

```

1281 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
1282   {
1283     \__draw_backend_literal:n { @endspecial }
1284     \__draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1285     \__draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }

```

```

1286   \__draw_backend_literal:n { save }
1287   \__draw_backend_literal:n { currentpoint }
1288   \__draw_backend_literal:n { currentpoint-translate }
1289   \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn { 1 } { 0 } { 0 } { -1 }
1290   \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
1291   \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn { 1 } { 0 } { 0 } { -1 }
1292   \__draw_backend_literal:n { neg-exch-neg-exch-translate }
1293   \__draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1294   \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
1295   \__draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1296   \__draw_backend_literal:n { restore }
1297   \__draw_backend_literal:n { [end] }
1298   \__draw_backend_literal:n { [begin] }
1299   \__draw_backend_literal:n { @beginspecial }
1300 }

(End definition for \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn.)
```

1301 ⟨/dvips⟩

4.2 LuaTeX, pdfTeX, dvipdfmx and XeTeX

LuaTeX, pdfTeX, dvipdfmx and XeTeX directly produce PDF output and understand a shared set of specials for drawing commands.

```
1302 {*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}
```

4.2.1 Drawing

__draw_backend_literal:n Pass data through using a dedicated interface.

```

1303 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_literal:n \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n
1304 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__draw_backend_literal:n { x }
```

(End definition for __draw_backend_literal:n.)

__draw_backend_begin: No special requirements here, so simply set up a drawing scope.

```

1305 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_begin:
1306   { \__draw_backend_scope_begin: }
1307 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_end:
1308   { \__draw_backend_scope_end: }
```

(End definition for __draw_backend_begin: and __draw_backend_end:.)

__draw_backend_scope_begin: Use the backend-level scope mechanisms.

```

1309 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_scope_begin: \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1310 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_scope_end: \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
```

(End definition for __draw_backend_scope_begin: and __draw_backend_scope_end:.)

__draw_backend_moveto:nn __draw_backend_lineto:nn Path creation operations all resolve directly to PDF primitive steps, with only the need to convert to bp.

```

1311 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
1312   {
1313     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1314     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ m }
1315 }
```

```

1316 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
1317 {
1318     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1319     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ 1 }
1320 }
1321 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
1322 {
1323     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1324     {
1325         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1326         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
1327         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#6} ~
1328         c
1329     }
1330 }
1331 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1332 {
1333     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1334     {
1335         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~
1336         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#4} ~
1337         re
1338     }
1339 }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_moveto:nn` and others.)

`__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:`

`__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:`

`\g__draw_draw_eor_bool`

The even-odd rule here can be implemented as a simply switch.

```

1340 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
1341     { \bool_gset_true:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1342 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
1343     { \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool }
1344 \bool_new:N \g__draw_draw_eor_bool

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:`, `__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:`, and `\g__draw_draw_eor_bool`.)

`__draw_backend_closepath:` Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PDF operations.

```

1345 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closepath:
1346     { \__draw_backend_literal:n { h } }
1347 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_stroke:
1348     { \__draw_backend_literal:n { S } }
1349 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_closestroke:
1350     { \__draw_backend_literal:n { s } }
1351 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fill:
1352     {
1353         \__draw_backend_literal:x
1354         { f \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1355     }
1356 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_fillstroke:
1357     {
1358         \__draw_backend_literal:x
1359         { B \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1360     }
1361 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_clip:

```

```

1362   {
1363     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1364     { W \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_eor_bool * }
1365   }
1366 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_discardpath:
1367   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { n } }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_closepath:` and others.)

Converting paths to output is again a case of mapping directly to PDF operations.

```

1368 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1369   {
1370     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1371     {
1372       [
1373         \exp_args:Nf \use:n
1374         { \clist_map_function:nN {#1} \__draw_backend_dash:n }
1375       ]
1376       \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#2} ~ d
1377     }
1378   }
1379 \cs_new:Npn \__draw_backend_dash:n #1
1380   { ~ \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1381 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1382   {
1383     \__draw_backend_literal:x
1384     { \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} ~ w }
1385   }
1386 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1387   { \__draw_backend_literal:x { #1 ~ M } }
1388 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_but:
1389   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ J } }
1390 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_round:
1391   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ J } }
1392 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1393   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ J } }
1394 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_miter:
1395   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 0 ~ j } }
1396 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_round:
1397   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 1 ~ j } }
1398 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1399   { \__draw_backend_literal:n { 2 ~ j } }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

Another split here between LuaTeX/pdfTeX and dvipdfmx/XeTeX. In the former, we have a direct method to maintain alignment: the backend can use a matrix itself. For dvipdfmx/XeTeX, we can decompose the matrix into rotations and a scaling, then use those operations as they are handled by the backend. (There is backend support for matrix operations in dvipdfmx/XeTeX, but as a matched pair so not suitable for the “stand alone” transformation set up here.) The specials used here are from `xdvipdfmx` originally: they are well-tested, but probably equivalent to the `pdf:` versions!

```

1400 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1401   {

```

```

1402 <*luatex | pdftex>
1403   \__kernel_backend_matrix:n { #1 ~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 }
1404 </luatex | pdftex>
1405 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>
1406   \__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4}
1407   \__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn
1408 </dvipdfmx | xetex>
1409 }
1410 <*dvipdfmx | xetex>
1411 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1412 {
1413   \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1414   {
1415     x:rotate~
1416     \fp_compare:nNnTF {#1} = \c_zero_fp
1417     { 0 }
1418     { \fp_eval:n { round ( -#1 , 5 ) } }
1419   }
1420   \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1421   {
1422     x:scale~
1423     \fp_eval:n { round ( #2 , 5 ) } ~
1424     \fp_eval:n { round ( #3 , 5 ) }
1425   }
1426   \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1427   {
1428     x:rotate~
1429     \fp_compare:nNnTF {#4} = \c_zero_fp
1430     { 0 }
1431     { \fp_eval:n { round ( -#4 , 5 ) } }
1432   }
1433 }
1434 </dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_cm:nnnn` and `__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn`.)

`__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnn`
`__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN`
`__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN`
`__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN`

Internally, transformations for drawing are tracked as a matrix. Not all engines provide a way of dealing with this: if we use a raw matrix, the engine loses track of positions (for example for hyperlinks), and this is not desirable. They do, however, allow us to track rotations and scalings. Luckily, we can decompose any (two-dimensional) matrix into two rotations and a single scaling:

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta \\ -\sin \beta & \cos \beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_1 & 0 \\ 0 & w_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & \sin \gamma \\ -\sin \gamma & \cos \gamma \end{bmatrix}$$

The parent matrix can be converted to

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E & H \\ -H & E \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} F & G \\ G & -F \end{bmatrix}$$

From these, we can find that

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{w_1 + w_2}{2} &= \sqrt{E^2 + H^2} \\ \frac{w_1 - w_2}{2} &= \sqrt{F^2 + G^2} \\ \gamma - \beta &= \tan^{-1}(G/F) \\ \gamma + \beta &= \tan^{-1}(H/E)\end{aligned}$$

at which point we just have to do various pieces of re-arrangement to get all of the values. (See J. Blinn, *IEEE Comput. Graph. Appl.*, 1996, **16**, 82–88.) There is one wrinkle: the PostScript (and PDF) way of specifying a transformation matrix exchanges where one would normally expect B and C to be.

```

1435  /*dvipdfmx | xetex*/
1436  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1437  {
1438      \use:x
1439      {
1440          \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN
1441          { \fp_eval:n { (#1 + #4) / 2 } }
1442          { \fp_eval:n { (#1 - #4) / 2 } }
1443          { \fp_eval:n { (#3 + #2) / 2 } }
1444          { \fp_eval:n { (#3 - #2) / 2 } }
1445      }
1446      #5
1447  }
1448  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxi:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1449  {
1450      \use:x
1451      {
1452          \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN
1453          { \fp_eval:n { 2 * sqrt ( #1 * #1 + #4 * #4 ) } }
1454          { \fp_eval:n { 2 * sqrt ( #2 * #2 + #3 * #3 ) } }
1455          { \fp_eval:n { atan ( #3 , #2 ) } }
1456          { \fp_eval:n { atan ( #4 , #1 ) } }
1457      }
1458      #5
1459  }
1460  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxii:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1461  {
1462      \use:x
1463      {
1464          \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN
1465          { \fp_eval:n { ( #4 - #3 ) / 2 } }
1466          { \fp_eval:n { ( #1 + #2 ) / 2 } }
1467          { \fp_eval:n { ( #1 - #2 ) / 2 } }
1468          { \fp_eval:n { ( #4 + #3 ) / 2 } }
1469      }
1470      #5
1471  }
1472  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm_decompose_auxiii:nnnnN #1#2#3#4#5
1473  {
1474      \fp_compare:nNnTF { abs( #2 ) } > { abs ( #3 ) }
```

```

1475      { #5 {#1} {#2} {#3} {#4} }
1476      { #5 {#1} {#3} {#2} {#4} }
1477    }
1478  </dvipdfmx | xetex>

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN` and others.)

`__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`

Inserting a TeX box transformed to the requested position and using the current matrix is done using a mixture of TeX and low-level manipulation. The offset can be handled by TeX, so only any rotation/skew/scaling component needs to be done using the matrix operation. As this operation can never be cached, the scope is set directly not using the `draw` version.

```

1479 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5
1480   {
1481     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1482     {*luatex | pdftex}
1483     \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
1484   </luatex | pdftex>
1485   {*}dvipdfmx | xetex>
1486     \__kernel_backend_literal:n
1487     { pdf:btrans-matrix~ #2 ~ #3 ~ #4 ~ #5 ~ 0 ~ 0 }
1488   </dvipdfmx | xetex>
1489     \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:N #1 }
1490   {*}dvipdfmx | xetex>
1491     \__kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf:etrans }
1492   </dvipdfmx | xetex>
1493     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
1494   }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`.)

`</dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>`

4.3 dvisvgm backend

`1496 {*}dvisvgm}`

`__draw_backend_literal:n`

The same as the more general literal call.

```

1497 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_literal:n \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
1498 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__draw_backend_literal:n { x }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_literal:n`.)

`__draw_backend_begin:`
`__draw_backend_end:`

A drawing needs to be set up such that the co-ordinate system is translated. That is done inside a scope, which as described below

```

1499 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_begin:
1500   {
1501     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1502     \__kernel_backend_scope:n { transform="translate({?x},{?y})~scale(1,-1)" }
1503   }
1504 \cs_new_eq:NN \__draw_backend_end: \__kernel_backend_scope_end:

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_begin:` and `__draw_backend_end:..`)

```

\__draw_backend_moveto:nn
\__draw_backend_lineto:nn
  \__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn
    \__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn
      \__draw_backend_add_to_path:n
\g__draw_draw_path_tl
 1505 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_moveto:nn #1#2
 1506 {
 1507   \__draw_backend_add_to_path:n
 1508   { M ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
 1509 }
 1510 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_lineto:nn #1#2
 1511 {
 1512   \__draw_backend_add_to_path:n
 1513   { L ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
 1514 }
 1515 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_rectangle:nnnn #1#2#3#4
 1516 {
 1517   \__draw_backend_add_to_path:n
 1518   {
 1519     M ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2}
 1520     h ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#3} ~
 1521     v ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#4} ~
 1522     h ~ \dim_to_decimal:n { -#3 } ~
 1523     Z
 1524   }
 1525 }
 1526 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
 1527 {
 1528   \__draw_backend_add_to_path:n
 1529   {
 1530     C ~
 1531     \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} ~
 1532     \dim_to_decimal:n {#3} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#4} ~
 1533     \dim_to_decimal:n {#5} ~ \dim_to_decimal:n {#6}
 1534   }
 1535 }
 1536 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_add_to_path:n #1
 1537 {
 1538   \tl_gset:Nx \g__draw_draw_path_tl
 1539   {
 1540     \g__draw_draw_path_tl
 1541     \tl_if_empty:NF \g__draw_draw_path_tl { \c_space_tl }
 1542     #1
 1543   }
 1544 }
 1545 \tl_new:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_moveto:nn` and others.)

`__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:`

`__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:`

The fill rules here have to be handled as scopes.

```

 1546 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_evenodd_rule:
 1547   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { fill-rule="evenodd" } }
 1548 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_nonzero_rule:
 1549   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { fill-rule="nonzero" } }

```

(End definition for `_draw_backend_evenodd_rule`: and `_draw_backend_nonzero_rule`.)

```

\_\_draw_backend_path:n
\_\_draw_backend_closepath:
  \_\_draw_backend_stroke:
\_\_draw_backend_closestroke:
  \_\_draw_backend_fill:
\_\_draw_backend_fillstroke:
  \_\_draw_backend_clip:
\_\_draw_backend_discardpath:
  \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_bool
  \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_path\_\_int

```

Setting fill and stroke effects and doing clipping all has to be done using scopes. This means setting up the various requirements in a shared auxiliary which deals with the bits and pieces. Clipping paths are reused for path drawing: not essential but avoids constructing them twice. Discarding a path needs a separate function as it's not quite the same.

```

1550 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_closepath:
1551   { \_\_draw_backend_add_to_path:n { Z } }
1552 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_path:n #1
1553   {
1554     \bool_if:NTF \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_bool
1555     {
1556       \int_gincr:N \g\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_path\_\_int
1557       \_\_draw_backend_literal:x
1558       {
1559         < clipPath~id = " 13cp \int_use:N \g\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_path\_\_int " >
1560         { ?nl }
1561         <path-d=" \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_path\_\_tl "/> { ?nl }
1562         </clipPath > { ? nl }
1563         <
1564           use~xlink:href =
1565             "\c\_\_hash\_\_str 13path \int_use:N \g\_\_draw\_\_path\_\_int " ~
1566             #1
1567           />
1568         }
1569       \_\_draw_backend_scope:x
1570       {
1571         clip-path =
1572           "url( \c\_\_hash\_\_str 13cp \int_use:N \g\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_path\_\_int )"
1573         }
1574       }
1575       {
1576         \_\_draw_backend_literal:x
1577         { <path ~ d=" \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_path\_\_tl " ~ #1 /> }
1578       }
1579       \tl_gclear:N \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_path\_\_tl
1580       \bool_gset_false:N \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_bool
1581     }
1582   \int_new:N \g\_\_draw\_\_path\_\_int
1583 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_stroke:
1584   { \_\_draw_backend_path:n { style="fill:none" } }
1585 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_closestroke:
1586   {
1587     \_\_draw_backend_closepath:
1588     \_\_draw_backend_stroke:
1589   }
1590 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_fill:
1591   { \_\_draw_backend_path:n { style="stroke:none" } }
1592 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_fillstroke:
1593   { \_\_draw_backend_path:n { } }
1594 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_draw_backend_clip:
1595   { \bool_gset_true:N \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_bool }
1596 \bool_new:N \g\_\_draw\_\_draw\_\_clip\_\_bool

```

```

1597 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_discardpath:
1598 {
1599     \bool_if:NT \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1600     {
1601         \int_gincr:N \g__draw_clip_path_int
1602         \__draw_backend_literal:x
1603         {
1604             < clipPath~id = " 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int " >
1605             { ?nl }
1606             <path~d=" \g__draw_draw_path_tl "/> { ?nl }
1607             </clipPath >
1608         }
1609         \__draw_backend_scope:x
1610         {
1611             clip-path =
1612                 "url( \c_hash_str 13cp \int_use:N \g__draw_clip_path_int)"
1613             }
1614         }
1615         \tl_gclear:N \g__draw_draw_path_tl
1616         \bool_gset_false:N \g__draw_draw_clip_bool
1617     }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_path:n` and others.)

```

\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn
\__draw_backend_dash:n
\__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn
\__draw_backend_linewidth:n
\__draw_backend_miterlimit:n
\__draw_backend_cap_butts:
\__draw_backend_cap_rounds:
    \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
\__draw_backend_join_miter:
\__draw_backend_join_round:
\__draw_backend_join_bevel:

```

All of these ideas are properties of scopes in SVG. The only slight complexity is converting the dash array properly (doing any required maths).

```

1618 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn #1#2
1619 {
1620     \use:x
1621     {
1622         \__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn
1623         { \clist_map_function:nn {#1} \__draw_backend_dash:n }
1624         { \dim_to_decimal:n {#2} }
1625     }
1626 }
1627 \cs_new:Npn \__draw_backend_dash:n #1
1628 { , \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n {#1} }
1629 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn #1#2
1630 {
1631     \__draw_backend_scope:x
1632     {
1633         stroke-dasharray =
1634             "
1635             \tl_if_empty:oTF { \use_none:n #1 }
1636             { none }
1637             { \use_none:n #1 }
1638             "
1639             stroke-offset=" #2 "
1640     }
1641 }
1642 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_linewidth:n #1
1643 { \__draw_backend_scope:x { stroke-width=" \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} " } }
1644 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_miterlimit:n #1
1645 { \__draw_backend_scope:x { stroke-miterlimit=" #1 " } }

```

```

1646 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_butt:
1647   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="butt" } }
1648 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_round:
1649   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="round" } }
1650 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cap_rectangle:
1651   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linecap="square" } }
1652 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_miter:
1653   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="miter" } }
1654 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_round:
1655   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="round" } }
1656 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_join_bevel:
1657   { \__draw_backend_scope:n { stroke-linejoin="bevel" } }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn` and others.)

`__draw_backend_cm:nnnn` The four arguments here are floats (the affine matrix), the last two are a displacement vector.

```

1658 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn #1#2#3#4
1659   {
1660     \__draw_backend_scope:n
1661     {
1662       transform =
1663       " matrix ( #1 , #2 , #3 , #4 , Opt , Opt ) "
1664     }
1665   }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_cm:nnnn`.)

`__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn` No special savings can be made here: simply displace the box inside a scope. As there is nothing to re-box, just make the box passed of zero size.

```

1666 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6#7
1667   {
1668     \__kernel_backend_scope_begin:
1669     \__draw_backend_cm:nnnn {#2} {#3} {#4} {#5}
1670     \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n
1671     {
1672       < g~
1673         stroke="none"~
1674         transform="scale(-1,1)~translate({?x},{?y})~scale(-1,-1)"
1675       >
1676     }
1677     \box_set_wd:Nn #1 { Opt }
1678     \box_set_ht:Nn #1 { Opt }
1679     \box_set_dp:Nn #1 { Opt }
1680     \box_use:N #1
1681     \__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n { </g> }
1682     \__kernel_backend_scope_end:
1683   }

```

(End definition for `__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn`.)

```

1684 </dvisvgm>
1685 </package>

```

5 **I3backend-graphics** Implementation

```
1686  {*package}  
1687  {@@=graphics}
```

5.1 dvips backend

```
1688  {*dvips}
```

Simply use the generic function.

```
1689  \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n`.)

```
\__graphics_backend_include_eps:n
```

The special syntax is relatively clear here: remember we need PostScript sizes here.

```
1690  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1  
1691  {  
1692      \__kernel_backend_literal:x  
1693      {  
1694          PSfile = #1 \c_space_tl  
1695          llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl  
1696          lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl  
1697          urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl  
1698          ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim  
1699      }  
1700  }
```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_include_eps:n`.)

```
1701  
```

5.2 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backends

```
1702  {*luatex | pdftex}
```

```
\l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
```

In PDF mode, additional attributes of an graphic (such as page number) are needed both to obtain the bounding box and when inserting the graphic: this occurs as the graphic dictionary approach means they are read as part of the bounding box operation. As such, it is easier to track additional attributes using a dedicated `t1` rather than build up the same data twice.

```
1703  \tl_new:N \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl
```

(End definition for `\l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl`.)

```
\__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n  
\__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n  
\__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n  
\__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n  
\__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n
```

Getting the bounding box here requires us to box up the graphic and measure it. To deal with the difference in feature support in bitmap and vector graphics but keeping the common parts, there is a little work to do in terms of auxiliaries. The key here is to notice that we need two forms of the attributes: a “short” set to allow us to track for caching, and the full form to pass to the primitive.

```
1704  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1  
1705  {  
1706      \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int  
1707      \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl  
1708      \tl_set:Nx \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl  
1709      {  
1710          \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
```

```

1711           { :D \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1712           \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1713             { :I }
1714         }
1715         \tl_clear:N \l__graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1716         \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n {#1}
1717     }
1718 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1719 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1720   {
1721     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1722     \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1723     \tl_set:Nx \l__graphics_graphics_attr_tl
1724       {
1725         : \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1726         \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1727           { :P \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1728       }
1729     \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n {#1}
1730   }
1731 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n #1
1732   {
1733     \graphics_bb_restore:xF { #1 \l__graphics_graphics_attr_tl }
1734     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n {#1} }
1735   }

```

Measuring the graphic is done by boxing up: for PDF graphics we could use `\tex_pfdxfimagebbox:D`, but if doesn't work for other types. As the box always starts at (0, 0) there is no need to worry about the lower-left position.

```

1736 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:n #1
1737   {
1738     \tex_immediate:D \tex_pfdxfimage:D
1739       \bool_lazy_or:nnT
1740         { \l_graphics_interpolate_bool }
1741         { ! \tl_if_empty_p:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1742       {
1743         attr ~
1744         {
1745           \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1746             { /Decode~[ \l_graphics_decodearray_tl ] }
1747           \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1748             { /Interpolate~true }
1749         }
1750       }
1751     \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 0
1752       { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1753     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1754       { \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1755     {#1}
1756   \hbox_set:Nn \l__graphics_internal_box
1757     { \tex_pfdxfimage:D \tex_pdflastximage:D }
1758   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_urx_dim { \box_wd:N \l__graphics_internal_box }
1759   \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_ury_dim { \box_ht:N \l__graphics_internal_box }
1760   \int_const:cn { c__graphics_graphics_ #1 \l__graphics_graphics_attr_tl _int }

```

```

1761     { \tex_the:D \tex_pdflastximage:D }
1762     \graphics_bb_save:x { #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl }
1763 }

```

(End definition for `_graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n` and others.)

```
\_graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
\ graphics_backend_include_pdf:n
\ graphics_backend_include_png:n
```

Images are already loaded for the measurement part of the code, so inclusion is straightforward, with only any attributes to worry about. The latter carry through from determination of the bounding box.

```

1764 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_include_jpg:n #1
1765 {
1766     \tex_pdfrximage:D
1767     \int_use:c { c_graphics_graphics_ #1 \l_graphics_graphics_attr_tl _int }
1768 }
1769 \cs_new_eq:NN \_graphics_backend_include_pdf:n \_graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
1770 \cs_new_eq:NN \_graphics_backend_include_png:n \_graphics_backend_include_jpg:n

```

(End definition for `_graphics_backend_include_jpg:n`, `_graphics_backend_include_pdf:n`, and `_graphics_backend_include_png:n`.)

EPS graphics may be included in LuaTeX/pdfTeX by conversion to PDF: this requires restricted shell escape. Modelled on the `epstopdf` L^AT_EX 2_E package, but simplified, conversion takes place here if we have shell access.

```

\l_graphics_backend_dir_str
    \l_graphics_backend_name_str
\l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1771 \sys_if_shell:T
1772 {
1773     \str_new:N \l_graphics_backend_dir_str
1774     \str_new:N \l_graphics_backend_name_str
1775     \str_new:N \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1776     \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n #1
1777     {
1778         \file_parse_full_name:nNNN {#1}
1779         \l_graphics_backend_dir_str
1780         \l_graphics_backend_name_str
1781         \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1782         \exp_args:Nx \_graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn
1783         {
1784             \l_graphics_backend_name_str - \str_tail:N \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1785             -converted-to.pdf
1786         }
1787         {#1}
1788     }
1789     \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn #1#2
1790     {
1791         \file_compare_timestamp:nNnT {#2} > {#1}
1792         {
1793             \sys_shell_now:n
1794             { repstopdf ~ #2 ~ #1 }
1795         }
1796         \tl_set:Nn \l_graphics_name_tl {#1}
1797         \_graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n {#1}
1798     }
1799     \cs_new_protected:Npn \_graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1800     {
1801         \file_parse_full_name:nNNN {#1}

```

```

1802           \l_graphics_backend_dir_str \l_graphics_backend_name_str \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1803           \exp_args:Nx \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n
1804           {
1805               \l_graphics_backend_name_str - \str_tail:N \l_graphics_backend_ext_str
1806               -converted-to.pdf
1807           }
1808       }
1809   }

```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n` and others.)

```
1810 
```

5.3 dvipdfmx backend

```
1811 
```

Simply use the generic functions: only for `dvipdfmx` in the extraction cases.

```

1812 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n
1813 {*dvipdfmx}
1814 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1815   {
1816     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1817     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1818     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1819   }
1820 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1821 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1822   {
1823     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1824     \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1825     \graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}
1826   }
1827 
```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n` and others.)

`\g__graphics_track_int`

Used to track the object number associated with each graphic.

```
1828 \int_new:N \g__graphics_track_int
```

(End definition for `\g__graphics_track_int`.)

The special syntax depends on the file type. There is a difference in how PDF graphics are best handled between `dvipdfmx` and X_ET_EX: for the latter it is better to use the primitive route. The relevant code for that is included later in this file.

```

1829 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1
1830   {
1831     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1832     {
1833       PSfile = #1 \c_space_tl
1834       llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1835       lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1836       urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1837       ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim
1838     }

```

```

1839    }
1840 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n #1
1841   { \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn {#1} { image } }
1842 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_png:n \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n
1843 {*}dvipdfmx}
1844 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1845   { \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn {#1} { epdf } }
1846 /dvipdfmx}

```

Graphic inclusion is set up to use the fact that each image is stored in the PDF as an XObject. This means that we can include repeated images only once and refer to them. To allow that, track the nature of each image: much the same as for the direct PDF mode case.

```

1847 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxi:nn #1#2
1848   {
1849     \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:xnn
1850     {
1851       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1852         { : \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1853       \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1854         { :P \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int }
1855       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1856         { :D \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1857       \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1858         { :I }
1859     }
1860     {#1} {#2}
1861   }
1862 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn #1#2#3
1863   {
1864     \int_if_exist:cTF { c__graphics_graphics_ #2#1 _int }
1865     {
1866       \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1867         { pdf:usexobj~@graphic \int_use:c { c__graphics_graphics_ #2#1 _int } }
1868     }
1869     { \__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:nnn {#2} {#1} {#3} }
1870   }
1871 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_include_auxii:nnn { x }

```

Inclusion using the specials is relatively straight-forward, but there is one wrinkle. To get the pagebox correct for PDF graphics in all cases, it is necessary to provide both that information and the bbox argument: odd things happen otherwise!

```

1872 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_auxiii:nnn #1#2#3
1873   {
1874     \int_gincr:N \g__graphics_track_int
1875     \int_const:cn { c__graphics_graphics_ #1#2 _int } { \g__graphics_track_int }
1876     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
1877     {
1878       pdf:#3~
1879       @graphic \int_use:c { c__graphics_graphics_ #1#2 _int } ~
1880       \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1881         { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int \c_space_tl }
1882       \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1883         {

```

```

1884     pagebox ~ \l_graphics_pagebox_tl \c_space_tl
1885     bbox ~
1886         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_tl
1887         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_tl
1888         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_tl
1889         \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim \c_space_tl
1890     }
1891 (#1)
1892 \bool_lazy_or:nnT
1893     { \l_graphics_interpolate_bool }
1894     { ! \tl_if_empty_p:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl }
1895     {
1896         <<
1897             \tl_if_empty:NF \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1898                 { /Decode~[ \l_graphics_decodearray_tl ] }
1899             \bool_if:NT \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1900                 { /Interpolate~true> }
1901         >>
1902     }
1903 }
1904 }
```

(End definition for `__graphics_backend_include_eps:n` and others.)

```
1905 ⟨/dvipdfmx | xetex⟩
```

5.4 X_ET_EX backend

```
1906 ⟨*xetex⟩
```

5.4.1 Images

For X_ET_EX, there are two primitives that allow us to obtain the bounding box without needing `extractbb`. The only complexity is passing the various minor variations to a common core process. The X_ET_EX primitive omits the text `box` from the page box specification, so there is also some “trimming” to do here.

```

1907 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1
1908 {
1909     \int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int
1910     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1911     \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN {#1} \tex_XeTeXpicfile:D
1912 }
1913 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n
1914 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1
1915 {
1916     \tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
1917     \bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool
1918     \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN {#1} \tex_XeTeXpdffile:D
1919 }
1920 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:nN #1#2
1921 {
1922     \int_compare:nNnTF \l_graphics_page_int > 1
1923         { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:VnN \l_graphics_page_int {#1} #2 }
1924         { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn {#1} #2 { :P 1 } { page 1 } }
1925 }
```

```

1926 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:nnN #1#2#3
1927   { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn {#2} #3 { :P #1 } { page #1 } }
1928 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxii:nnN { V }
1929 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiii:nNnn #1#2#3#4
1930   {
1931     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1932       { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:VnNnn \l_graphics_pagebox_tl }
1933       { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn }
1934       {#1} #2 {#3} {#4}
1935   }
1936 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:nnNnn #1#2#3#4#5
1937   {
1938     \use:x
1939     {
1940       \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn {#2} #3 { : #1 #4 }
1941       { #5 ~ \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w #1 }
1942     }
1943   }
1944 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxiv:nnNnn { V }
1945 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxv:nNnn #1#2#3#4
1946   {
1947     \graphics_bb_restore:nF {#1#3}
1948     { \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxvi:nNnn {#1} #2 {#3} {#4} }
1949   }
1950 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_auxvi:nNnn #1#2#3#4
1951   {
1952     \hbox_set:Nn \l_graphics_internal_box { #2 #1 ~ #4 }
1953     \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_urx_dim { \box_wd:N \l_graphics_internal_box }
1954     \dim_set:Nn \l_graphics_ury_dim { \box_ht:N \l_graphics_internal_box }
1955     \graphics_bb_save:n {#1#3}
1956   }
1957 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w #1 box {#1}

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n and others.)

```

For PDF graphics, properly supporting the `pagebox` concept in X_ET_EX is best done using the `\tex_XeTeXpdffile:D` primitive. The syntax here is the same as for the graphic measurement part, although we know at this stage that there must be some valid setting for `\l_graphics_pagebox_tl`.

```

1958 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1
1959   {
1960     \tex_XeTeXpdffile:D
1961     \__graphics_backend_include_pdf_quote:w #1 "#1" \s__graphics_stop \c_space_tl
1962     \int_compare:nNnT \l_graphics_page_int > 0
1963       { page ~ \int_use:N \l_graphics_page_int \c_space_tl }
1964       \exp_after:wN \__graphics_backend_getbb_pagebox:w \l_graphics_pagebox_tl
1965   }
1966 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_pdf_quote:w #1 " #2 " #3 \s__graphics_stop
1967   { " #2 " }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_pdf:n and \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap-
quote:w.)

```

1968 ⟨/xetex⟩

5.5 dvisvgm backend

1969 `(*dvisvgm)`

`_graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n`

Simply use the generic function.

1970 `\cs_new_eq:NN _graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n \graphics_read_bb:n`

(End definition for `_graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n`.)

`_graphics_backend_getbb_png:n`

`_graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n`

These can be included by extracting the bounding box data.

1971 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n #1`

1972 `{`

1973 `\int_zero:N \l_graphics_page_int`

1974 `\tl_clear:N \l_graphics_pagebox_tl`

1975 `\graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}`

1976 `}`

1977 `\cs_new_eq:NN _graphics_backend_getbb_png:n _graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n`

(End definition for `_graphics_backend_getbb_png:n` and `_graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n`.)

`_graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n`

Same as for dvipdfmx: use the generic function

1978 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n #1`

1979 `{`

1980 `\tl_clear:N \l_graphics_decodearray_tl`

1981 `\bool_set_false:N \l_graphics_interpolate_bool`

1982 `\graphics_extract_bb:n {#1}`

1983 `}`

(End definition for `_graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n`.)

`_graphics_backend_include_eps:n`

`_graphics_backend_include_pdf:n`

`_graphics_backend_include:nn`

The special syntax is relatively clear here: remember we need PostScript sizes here. (This is the same as the dvips code.)

1984 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _graphics_backend_include_eps:n #1`

1985 `{ _graphics_backend_include:nn { PSfile } {#1} }`

1986 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _graphics_backend_include_pdf:n #1`

1987 `{ _graphics_backend_include:nn { pdffile } {#1} }`

1988 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _graphics_backend_include:nn #1#2`

1989 `{`

1990 `_kernel_backend_literal:x`

1991 `{`

1992 `#1 = #2 \c_space_t1`

1993 `llx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_llx_dim \c_space_t1`

1994 `lly = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_lly_dim \c_space_t1`

1995 `urx = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_urx_dim \c_space_t1`

1996 `ury = \dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n \l_graphics_ury_dim`

1997 `}`

1998 `}`

(End definition for `_graphics_backend_include_eps:n`, `_graphics_backend_include_pdf:n`, and `_graphics_backend_include:nn`.)

`_graphics_backend_include_png:n`

`_graphics_backend_include_jpg:n`

`_graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w`

The backend here has built-in support for basic graphic inclusion (see dvisvgm.def for a more complex approach, needed if clipping, etc., is covered at the graphic backend level). The only issue is that #1 must be quote-corrected. The dvisvgm:img operation quotes

the file name, but if it is already quoted (contains spaces) then we have an issue: we simply strip off any quotes as a result.

```

1999 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_png:n #1
2000   {
2001     \__kernel_backend_literal:x
2002     {
2003       dvisvgm:img~
2004       \dim_to_decimal:n { \l_graphics_ury_dim } ~
2005       \dim_to_decimal:n { \l_graphics_ury_dim } ~
2006       \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w #1 " #1 " \s_graphics_stop
2007     }
2008   }
2009 \cs_new_eq:NN \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n \__graphics_backend_include_png:n
2010 \cs_new:Npn \__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w #1 " #2 " #3 \s_graphics_stop
2011   { " #2 " }

(End definition for \__graphics_backend_include_png:n, \__graphics_backend_include_jpg:n, and
\__graphics_backend_include_bitmap_quote:w.)

2012 
```

```
2013 
```

6 I3backend-pdf Implementation

```

2014 {*package}
2015 @@=pdf

```

Setting up PDF resources is a complex area with only limited documentation in the engine manuals. The following code builds heavily on existing ideas from `hyperref` work by Sebastian Rahtz and Heiko Oberdiek, and significant contributions by Alexander Grahn, in addition to the specific code referenced at various points.

6.1 Shared code

A very small number of items that belong at the backend level but which are common to all backends.

```

\l_pdf_internal_box
2016 \box_new:N \l_pdf_internal_box
(End definition for \l_pdf_internal_box.)

```

6.2 dvips backend

```
2017 {*dvips}
```

Used often enough it should be a separate function.

```

\__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n
\__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2018 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n #1
2019   { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { mark #1 ~ pdfmark } }
2020 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { x }

```

```
(End definition for \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:n.)
```

6.2.1 Catalogue entries

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_catalog\_gput:nn
\_\_pdf\_backend\_info\_gput:nn
2021 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
2022   { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { { Catalog } << /#1 ~ #2 >> /PUT } }
2023 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2
2024   { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /#1 ~ #2 /DOCINFO } }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn and \_\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn.)

```

6.2.2 Objects

For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```

2025 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2026 \prop_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop

```

(End definition for \g__pdf_backend_object_int and \g__pdf_backend_object_prop.)

Tracking objects is similar to dvipdfmx.

```

2027 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2
2028   {
2029     \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2030     \int_const:cn
2031       { c_\_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2032       { \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int }
2033     \prop_gput:Nnn \g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} {#2}
2034   }
2035 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_ref:n #
2036   { { pdf.obj \int_use:c { c_\_pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } } }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_object_new:nn and __pdf_backend_object_ref:n.)

This is where we choose the actual type: some work to get things right.

```

2037 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2
2038   {
2039     \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2040     {
2041       /objdef ~ \_\_pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#1}
2042       /type
2043       \str_case_e:nn
2044         { \prop_item:Nn \g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} }
2045         {
2046           { array } { /array }
2047           { dict } { /dict }
2048           { fstream } { /stream }
2049           { stream } { /stream }
2050         }
2051       /OBJ
2052     }
2053     \use:c
2054       { \_\_pdf_backend_object_write_ \prop_item:Nn \g_\_pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} :nn }
2055       { \_\_pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#1} } {#2}
2056   }
2057 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
2058 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_write_array:nn #1#2

```

```

2059   {
2060     \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2061     { #1 ~0~ [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] ~ /PUTINTERVAL }
2062   }
2063 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_dict:nn #1#2
2064   {
2065     \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2066     { #1 << \exp_not:n {#2} >> /PUT }
2067   }
2068 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nn #1#2
2069   {
2070     \exp_args:Nx
2071     \__pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nnn {#1} #2
2072   }
2073 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nnn #1#2#3
2074   {
2075     \__kernel_backend_postscript:n
2076     {
2077       SDict ~ begin ~
2078       mark ~ #1 ~ << #2 >> /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
2079       mark ~ #1 ~ ( #3 )~ ( r )~ file ~ /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
2080       end
2081     }
2082   }
2083 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nn #1#2
2084   {
2085     \exp_args:Nx
2086     \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnn {#1} #2
2087   }
2088 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnn #1#2#3
2089   {
2090     \__kernel_backend_postscript:n
2091     {
2092       mark ~ #1 ~ ( #3 ) /PUT ~ pdfmark ~
2093       mark ~ #1 ~ << #2 >> /PUT ~ pdfmark
2094     }
2095   }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_write:nn` and others.)

`__pdf_backend_object_now:nn`
`__pdf_backend_object_now:nx` No anonymous objects, so things are done manually.

```

2096 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2097   {
2098     \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2099     \__pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2100     {
2101       /_objdef ~ { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int }
2102       /type
2103       \str_case:nn
2104         {#1}
2105         {
2106           { array } { /array }
2107           { dict } { /dict }
2108           { fstream } { /stream }

```

```

2109         { stream } { /stream }
2110     }
2111   /OBJ
2112 }
2113 \exp_args:Nnx \use:c { __pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2114   { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int } } {#2}
2115 }
2116 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn.)

```

__pdf_backend_object_last: Much like the annotation version.

```

2117 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_last:
2118   { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int } }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_last.)

```

__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n Page references are easy in dvips.

```

2119 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2120   { { Page #1 } }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n.)

```

6.2.3 Annotations

In dvips, annotations have to be constructed manually. As such, we need the object code above for some definitions.

\l__pdf_backend_content_box The content of an annotation.

```

2121 \box_new:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box

(End definition for \l__pdf_backend_content_box.)

```

\l__pdf_backend_model_box For creating model sizing for links.

```

2122 \box_new:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box

(End definition for \l__pdf_backend_model_box.)

```

\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int Needed as objects which are not annotations could be created.

```

2123 \int_new:N \g__pdf_backend_annotation_int

(End definition for \g__pdf_backend_annotation_int.)

```

__pdf_backend_annotation:nmm Annotions are objects, but we track them separately. Notably, they are not in the object data lists. Here, to get the co-ordinates of the annotation, we need to have the data collected at the PostScript level. That requires a bit of box trickery (effectively a L^AT_EX 2_E picture of zero size). Once the data is collected, use it to set up the annotation border.

```

2124 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2125   {
2126     \exp_args:Nf \__pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn
2127       { \dim_eval:n {#1} } {#2} {#3} {#4}
2128   }
2129 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_annotation_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2130   {

```

```

2131   \box_move_down:nn {#3}
2132     { \hbox:n { \_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ll } } }
2133   \box_move_up:nn {#2}
2134   {
2135     \hbox:n
2136     {
2137       \_kernel_kern:n {#1}
2138       \_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ur }
2139       \_kernel_kern:n { -#1 }
2140     }
2141   }
2142 \int_gincr:N \g_pdf_backend_object_int
2143 \int_gset_eq:NN \g_pdf_backend_annotation_int \g_pdf_backend_object_int
2144 \_pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2145   {
2146     /_objdef { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_pdf_backend_object_int }
2147     pdf.rect
2148     #4 ~
2149     /ANN
2150   }
2151 }
```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn.`)

`_pdf_backend_annotation_last:` Provide the last annotation we created: could get tricky of course if other packages are loaded.

```

2152 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2153   { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_pdf_backend_annotation_int } }
```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_annotation_last:.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_int` To track annotations which are links.

```
2154 \int_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_int.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_dict_tl` To pass information to the end-of-link function.

```
2155 \tl_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_dict_tl
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_dict_tl.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_sf_int` Needed to save/restore space factor, which is needed to deal with the face we need a box.

```
2156 \int_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_sf_int
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_sf_int.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool` Needed to save/restore math mode.

```
2157 \bool_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_math_bool.`)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_bool` Track link formation: we cannot nest at all.

```
2158 \bool_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_bool
```

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_bool.`)

```

\l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl Swappable content for link breaking.
2159 \tl_new:N \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl
2160 \tl_set:Nn \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl { pdfmark }

(End definition for \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl.)
```

_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n To allow dropping material unless link breaking is active.

```

2161 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n #1 { }

(End definition for \_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n.)
```

_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N Swappable box unpacking or use.

```

2162 \cs_new_eq:NN \_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \box_use:N

(End definition for \_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N.)
```

_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw
_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw
_pdf_backend_link:nw
_pdf_backend_link_aux:nw
_pdf_backend_link_end:
_\pdf_backend_link_end_aux:
_\pdf_backend_link_minima:
_\pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n
_\pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
_\pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
pdf.linkdp.pad
pdf.linkht.pad
pdf.llx
pdf.lly
pdf.ury
pdf.link.dict
pdf.outerbox
pdf.baselineskip

Links are created like annotations but with dedicated code to allow for adjusting the size of the rectangle. In contrast to `hyperref`, we grab the link content as a box which can then unbox: this allows the same interface as for `pdfTeX`.

Taking the idea of `evenboxes` from `hypdvips`, we implement a minimum box height and depth for link placement. This means that “underlining” with a hyperlink will generally give an even appearance. However, to ensure that the full content is always above the link border, we do not allow this to be negative (contrast `hypdvips` approach). The result should be similar to `pdfTeX` in the vast majority of foreseeable cases.

The object number for a link is saved separately from the rest of the dictionary as this allows us to insert it just once, at either an unbroken link or only in the first line of a broken one. That makes the code clearer but also avoids a low-level PostScript error with the code as taken from `hypdvips`.

Getting the outer dimensions of the text area may be better using a two-pass approach and `\tex_savepos:D`. That plus format mode are still to re-examine.

```

2163 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw #1#2
2164   { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nw { #1 /Subtype /Link /A << /S /GoTo /D ( #2 ) >> } }
2165 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw #1#2
2166   { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nw {#1#2} }
2167 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nw #
2168   {
2169     \bool_if:NF \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2170       { \_pdf_backend_link_begin_aux:nw {#1} }
2171   }
2172 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_aux:nw #
2173   {
2174     \bool_gset_true:N \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2175     \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2176       { /pdf.link.dict ( #1 ) def }
2177     \tl_gset:Nn \g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl {#1}
2178     \_pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2179     \mode_if_math:TF
2180       { \bool_gset_true:N \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool }
2181       { \bool_gset_false:N \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool }
2182     \hbox_set:Nw \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2183     \_pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2184     \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool
2185       { \c_math_toggle_token }
```

```

2186    }
2187 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_end:
2188 {
2189     \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2190     { \__pdf_backend_link_end_aux: }
2191 }
2192 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_end_aux:
2193 {
2194     \bool_if:NT \g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool
2195     { \c_math_toggle_token }
2196     \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2197     \hbox_set_end:
2198     \__pdf_backend_link_minima:
2199     \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_backend_model_box { Gg }
2200     \exp_args:Nx \__pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n
2201     {
2202         \int_if_odd:nTF { \value { page } }
2203         { \oddsidemargin }
2204         { \evensidemargin }
2205     }
2206     \box_move_down:nn { \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box }
2207     { \hbox:n { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.linkll } } }
2208     \__pdf_breaklink_postscript:n { pdf.bordertracking.begin }
2209     \__pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2210     \__pdf_breaklink_postscript:n { pdf.bordertracking.end }
2211     \box_move_up:nn { \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box }
2212     {
2213         \hbox:n
2214         { \__kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.linkur } }
2215     }
2216     \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2217     \int_gset_eq:NN \g__pdf_backend_link_int \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2218     \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2219     {
2220         mark
2221         /_objdef { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_link_int }
2222         \g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl \c_space_tl
2223         pdf.rect
2224         /ANN ~ \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl
2225     }
2226     \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2227     \bool_gset_false:N \g__pdf_backend_link_bool
2228 }
2229 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_minima:
2230 {
2231     \hbox_set:Nn \l__pdf_backend_model_box { Gg }
2232     \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2233     {
2234         /pdf.linkdp.pad ~
2235         \dim_to_decimal:n
2236         {
2237             \dim_max:nn
2238             {
2239                 \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box

```

```

2240           - \box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2241       }
2242   { Opt }
2243 } ~
2244   pdf.pt.dvi ~ def
2245 /pdf.linkht.pad ~
2246   \dim_to_decimal:n
2247   {
2248     \dim_max:nn
2249     {
2250       \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box
2251       - \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_content_box
2252     }
2253   { Opt }
2254 } ~
2255   pdf.pt.dvi ~ def
2256 }
2257 }
2258 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n #1
2259 {
2260   \__kernel_backend_postscript:x
2261   {
2262     /pdf.outerbox
2263     [
2264       \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~
2265       \dim_to_decimal:n { -\box_dp:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box } ~
2266       \dim_to_decimal:n { #1 + \textwidth } ~
2267       \dim_to_decimal:n { \box_ht:N \l__pdf_backend_model_box }
2268     ]
2269     [ exch { pdf.pt.dvi } forall ] def
2270   /pdf.baselineskip ~
2271     \dim_to_decimal:n { \tex_baselineskip:D } ~ dup ~ 0 ~ gt
2272     { pdf.pt.dvi ~ def }
2273     { pop ~ pop }
2274   ifelse
2275 }
2276 }
2277 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_sf_save:
2278 {
2279   \int_gset:Nn \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int
2280   {
2281     \mode_if_horizontal:TF
2282     { \tex_spacefactor:D }
2283     { 0 }
2284   }
2285 }
2286 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore:
2287 {
2288   \mode_if_horizontal:T
2289   {
2290     \int_compare:nNnT \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int > { 0 }
2291     { \int_set_eq:NN \tex_spacefactor:D \g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int }
2292   }
2293 }

```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`\@makecol@hook` Hooks to allow link breaking: something will be needed in format mode at some stage. At present this code is disabled as there is an open question about the name of the hook: to be resolved at the L^AT_EX 2_E end.

```

2294  \use_none:n
2295  {
2296      \cs_if_exist:NT \@makecol@hook
2297      {
2298          \tl_put_right:Nn \@makecol@hook
2299          {
2300              \box_if_empty:NF \cclv
2301              {
2302                  \vbox_set:Nn \cclv
2303                  {
2304                      \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2305                      {
2306                          pdf.globaldict /pdf.brokenlink.rect ~ known
2307                          { pdf.bordertracking.continue }
2308                          if
2309                          }
2310                      \vbox_unpack_drop:N \cclv
2311                      \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2312                      { pdf.bordertracking.endpage }
2313                  }
2314              }
2315          }
2316          \tl_set:Nn \l__pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_tl { pdf.pdfmark }
2317          \cs_set_eq:NN \_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2318          \cs_set_eq:NN \_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N \hbox_unpack:N
2319      }
2320  }

```

(End definition for `\@makecol@hook`. This function is documented on page ??.)

`_pdf_backend_link_last:` The same as annotations, but with a custom integer.

```

2321 \cs_new:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_last:
2322     { { pdf.obj \int_use:N \g__pdf_backend_link_int } }

```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_last:..`)

`_pdf_backend_link_margin:n` Convert to big points and pass to PostScript.

```

2323 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1
2324     {
2325         \_kernel_backend_postscript:x
2326         {
2327             /pdf.linkmargin { \dim_to_decimal:n {#1} ~ pdf.pt.dvi } def
2328         }
2329     }

```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_margin:n`.)

```
\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nn
\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nnnn
\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination\_aux:nnnn
```

Here, we need to turn the zoom into a scale. We also need to know where the current anchor point actually is: worked out in PostScript. For the rectangle version, we have a bit more PostScript: we need two points. `fitr` without rule spec doesn't work, so it falls back to `/Fit` here.

```
2330 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2331 {
2332     \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.dest.anchor }
2333     \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:x
2334     {
2335         /View
2336         [
2337             \str_case:nnF {#2}
2338             {
2339                 { xyz } { /XYZ ~ pdf.dest.point ~ null }
2340                 { fit } { /Fit }
2341                 { fitb } { /FitB }
2342                 { fitbh } { /FitBH ~ pdf.dest.y }
2343                 { fitbv } { /FitBV ~ pdf.dest.x }
2344                 { fith } { /FitH ~ pdf.dest.y }
2345                 { fitv } { /FitV ~ pdf.dest.x }
2346                 { fitr } { /Fit }
2347             }
2348             {
2349                 /XYZ ~ pdf.dest.point ~ \fp_eval:n { (#2) / 100 }
2350             }
2351         ]
2352         /Dest ( \exp_not:n {#1} ) cvn
2353         /DEST
2354     }
2355 }
2356 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2357 {
2358     \exp_args:Ne \_\_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn
2359     { \dim_eval:n {#2} } {#1} {#3} {#4}
2360 }
2361 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2362 {
2363     \vbox_to_zero:n
2364     {
2365         \_\_kernel_kern:n {#4}
2366         \hbox:n { \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ll } }
2367         \tex_vss:D
2368     }
2369     \_\_kernel_kern:n {#1}
2370     \vbox_to_zero:n
2371     {
2372         \_\_kernel_kern:n { -#3 }
2373         \hbox:n { \_\_kernel_backend_postscript:n { pdf.save.ur } }
2374         \tex_vss:D
2375     }
2376     \_\_kernel_kern:n { -#1 }
2377     \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n
2378     {
2379         /View
```

```

2380      [
2381      /FitR ~
2382          pdf.llx ~ pdf.ly ~ pdf.dest2device ~
2383          pdf.urx ~ pdf.ury ~ pdf.dest2device
2384      ]
2385      /Dest ( #2 ) cvn
2386      /DEST
2387  }
2388 }

(End definition for \_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nn, \_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nnnn, and \_\_pdf\_backend\_destination\_aux:nnnn.)
```

6.2.4 Structure

Doable for the usual `ps2pdf` method.

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_compresslevel:n
\_\_pdf\_backend\_compress\_objects:n
2389 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2390 {
2391     \int_compare:nNnT {#1} = 0
2392     {
2393         \_\_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
2394         {
2395             /setdistillerparams ~ where
2396                 { pop << /CompressPages ~ false >> setdistillerparams }
2397             if
2398         }
2399     }
2400 }
2401 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2402 {
2403     \bool_if:nF {#1}
2404     {
2405         \_\_kernel_backend_literal_postscript:n
2406         {
2407             /setdistillerparams ~ where
2408                 { pop << /CompressStreams ~ false >> setdistillerparams }
2409             if
2410         }
2411     }
2412 }
```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_compresslevel:n and __pdf_backend_compress_objects:n.)

```

\_\_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n
\_\_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n
2413 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1
2414 {
2415     \cs_gset:Npx \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2416 }
2417 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1
2418 {
2419     \cs_gset:Npx \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2420 }
```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n and __pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n.)

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_major: Data not available!
\_\_pdf\_backend\_version\_minor:
2421 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: { -1 }
2422 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor: { -1 }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_version_major: and \_\_pdf_backend_version_minor::)

```

6.2.5 Marked content

__pdf_backend_bdc:nn
__pdf_backend_emc:

```

2423 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2424   { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /#1 ~ #2 /BDC } }
2425 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_emc:
2426   { \_\_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n { /EMC } }

(End definition for \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn and \_\_pdf_backend_emc::)

```

2427 ⟨/dvips⟩

6.3 LuaTeX and pdfTeX backend

2428 ⟨*luatex | pdftex⟩

6.3.1 Annotations

__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn

```

2429 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2430   {
2431   ⟨*luatex⟩
2432     \tex_pdfextension:D annot ~
2433   ⟨/luatex⟩
2434   ⟨*pdftex⟩
2435     \tex_pdfannot:D
2436   ⟨/pdftex⟩
2437     width ~ \dim_eval:n {#1} ~
2438     height ~ \dim_eval:n {#2} ~
2439     depth ~ \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2440     {#4}
2441   }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn.)

__pdf_backend_annotation_last:

A tiny amount of extra data gets added here; we use x-type expansion to get the space in the right place and form. The “extra” space in the LuaTeX version is *required* as it is consumed in finding the end of the keyword.

```

2442 \cs_new:Npx \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2443   {
2444     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2445   ⟨*luatex⟩
2446     \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastannot ~
2447   ⟨/luatex⟩
2448   ⟨*pdftex⟩
2449     \exp_not:N \tex_pdflastannot:D
2450   ⟨/pdftex⟩
2451     \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2452   }

```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_annotation_last`.)

Links are all created using the same internals.

```
2453 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:n nw #1#2
2454   { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw {#1} { goto~name } {#2} }
2455 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin_user:n nw #1#2
2456   { \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw {#1} { user } {#2} }
2457 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw #1#2#3
2458   {
2459     {*luatex}
2460       \tex_pdfextension:D startlink ~
2461     /luatex
2462     {*pdftex}
2463       \tex_pdfstartlink:D
2464     /pdftex
2465       attr {#1}
2466       #2 {#3}
2467   }
2468 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_end:
2469   {
2470     {*luatex}
2471       \tex_pdfextension:D endlink \scan_stop:
2472     /luatex
2473     {*pdftex}
2474       \tex_pdfendlink:D
2475     /pdftex
2476   }
```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:n nw` and others.)

`_pdf_backend_link_last`: Formatted for direct use.

```
2477 \cs_new:Npx \_pdf_backend_link_last:
2478   {
2479     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2480   {*luatex}
2481     \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastlink ~
2482   /luatex
2483   {*pdftex}
2484     \exp_not:N \tex_pdflastlink:D
2485   /pdftex
2486     \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2487 }
```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_last`.)

`_pdf_backend_link_margin:n`: A simple task: pass the data to the primitive.

```
2488 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1
2489   {
2490   {*luatex}
2491     \tex_pdfvariable:D linkmargin
2492   /luatex
2493   {*pdftex}
2494     \tex_pdflinkmargin:D
2495   /pdftex}
```

```

2496      \dim_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2497  }

```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_margin:n`.)

```

\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nn
\_\_pdf\_backend\_destination:nnnn

```

A simple task: pass the data to the primitive. The `\scan_stop:` deals with the danger of an unterminated keyword. The zoom given here is a percentage, but we need to pass it as *per mille*. The rectangle version is also easy as everything is build in.

```

2498 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2499   {
2500     /*luatex}
2501     \tex_pdfextension:D dest ~
2502   
```

```

2503   /*pdftex}
2504     \tex_pdfdest:D
2505   
```

```

2506       name {#1}
2507       \str_case:nnF {#2}
2508         {
2509           { xyz } { xyz }
2510           { fit } { fit }
2511           { fitb } { fitb }
2512           { fitbh } { fitbh }
2513           { fitbv } { fitbv }
2514           { fith } { fith }
2515           { fitv } { fitv }
2516           { fitr } { fitr }
2517         }
2518         { xyz ~ zoom \fp_eval:n { #2 * 10 } }
2519       \scan_stop:
2520   }

```

```

2521 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2522   {
2523     /*luatex}
2524     \tex_pdfextension:D dest ~
2525   
```

```

2526   /*pdftex}
2527     \tex_pdfdest:D
2528   
```

```

2529       name {#1}
2530       fitr ~
2531       width \dim_eval:n {#2} ~
2532       height \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2533       depth \dim_eval:n {#4} \scan_stop:
2534   }

```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_destination:nn` and `_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn`.)

6.3.2 Catalogue entries

```

\_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn

```

```

\_\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn

```

```

2535 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
2536   {
2537     /*luatex}

```

```

2538     \tex_pdfextension:D catalog
2539   </luatex>
2540   {*pdftex}
2541     \tex_pdfcatalog:D
2542   </pdftex>
2543     { / #1 ~ #2 }
2544   }
2545 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2
2546   {
2547   {*luatex}
2548     \tex_pdfextension:D info
2549   </luatex>
2550   {*pdftex}
2551     \tex_pdfinfo:D
2552   </pdftex>
2553     { / #1 ~ #2 }
2554   }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`.)

6.3.3 Objects

`\g__pdf_backend_object_prop` For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

```
2555 \prop_new:N \g__pdf_backend_object_prop
```

(End definition for `\g__pdf_backend_object_prop`.)

`__pdf_backend_object_new:nn` Declaring objects means reserving at the PDF level plus starting tracking.

```

2556 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2
2557   {
2558   {*luatex}
2559     \tex_pdfextension:D obj ~
2560   </luatex>
2561   {*pdftex}
2562     \tex_pdfobj:D
2563   </pdftex>
2564     reserveobjnum ~
2565     \int_const:cN
2566       { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2567   {*luatex}
2568     { \tex_pdffeedback:D lastobj }
2569   </luatex>
2570   {*pdftex}
2571     { \tex_pdflastobj:D }
2572   </pdftex>
2573     \prop_gput:Nnn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} {#2}
2574   }
2575 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1
2576   { \int_use:c { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } ~ 0 ~ R }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and `__pdf_backend_object_ref:n`.)

`__pdf_backend_object_write:nn` Writing the data needs a little information about the structure of the object.

```
2577 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2
2578   {
```

```
\__pdf_backend_object_write:nn
\__pdf_backend_object_write:nx
\__pdf_exp_not_i:nn
\__pdf_exp_not_ii:nn
```

```

2579 <!*luatex>
2580   \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfextension:D obj ~
2581 </luatex>
2582 <!*pdftex>
2583   \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfobj:D
2584 </pdftex>
2585   useobjnum ~
2586   \int_use:c
2587     { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2588   \str_case_e:nn
2589     { \prop_item:Nn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} }
2590   {
2591     { array } { { [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] } }
2592     { dict } { { << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> } }
2593     { fstream }
2594     {
2595       stream ~ attr ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2596       file ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_ii:nn #2 }
2597     }
2598   { stream }
2599   {
2600     stream ~ attr ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2601     { \__pdf_exp_not_ii:nn #2 }
2602   }
2603 }
2604 }
2605 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
2606 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #1#2 { \exp_not:n {#1} }
2607 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_exp_not_ii:nn #1#2 { \exp_not:n {#2} }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_write:nn, \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn, and \__pdf_exp_not_ii:nn.)

```

__pdf_backend_object_now:nn Much like writing, but direct creation.

```

2608 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2609   {
2610   <!*luatex>
2611     \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfextension:D obj ~
2612   </luatex>
2613   <!*pdftex>
2614     \tex_immediate:D \tex_pdfobj:D
2615   </pdftex>
2616   \str_case:nn
2617     {#1}
2618   {
2619     { array } { { [ ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ ] } }
2620     { dict } { { << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> } }
2621     { fstream }
2622     {
2623       stream ~ attr ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2624       file ~ { \__pdf_exp_not_ii:nn #2 }
2625     }
2626   { stream }
2627   {

```

```

2628         stream ~ attr ~ { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 } ~
2629             { \_pdf_exp_not_i:nn #2 }
2630     }
2631 }
2632 }
2633 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }

(End definition for \__pdf_backend_object_now:nn.)

```

__pdf_backend_object_last: Much like annotation.

```

2634 \cs_new:Npx \__pdf_backend_object_last:
2635 {
2636     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2637     {*luatex}
2638         \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D lastobj ~
2639     {/luatex}
2640     {*pdftex}
2641         \exp_not:N \tex_pdflastobj:D
2642     {/pdftex}
2643         \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2644 }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_object_last:.)

__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n The usual wrapper situation; the three spaces here are essential.

```

2645 \cs_new:Npx \__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2646 {
2647     \exp_not:N \int_value:w
2648     {*luatex}
2649         \exp_not:N \tex_pdffeedback:D pageref
2650     {/luatex}
2651     {*pdftex}
2652         \exp_not:N \tex_pdfpageref:D
2653     {/pdftex}
2654         \c_space_tl #1 \c_space_tl \c_space_tl \c_space_tl 0 ~ R
2655 }

```

(End definition for __pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n.)

6.3.4 Structure

Simply pass data to the engine.

```

2656 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2657 {
2658     \tex_global:D
2659     {*luatex}
2660         \tex_pdfvariable:D compresslevel
2661     {/luatex}
2662     {*pdftex}
2663         \tex_pdfcompresslevel:D
2664     {/pdftex}
2665         \int_value:w \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2666 }
2667 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2668 {

```

```

2669     \bool_if:nTF {#1}
2670     { \_pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n { 2 } }
2671     { \_pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n { 0 } }
2672   }
2673 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n #1
2674   {
2675     \tex_global:D
2676   {*luatex}
2677     \tex_pdfvariable:D objcompresslevel
2678   /luatex
2679   {*pdftex}
2680     \tex_pdfobjcompresslevel:D
2681   /pdftex
2682     #1 \scan_stop:
2683   }
(End definition for \_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n, \_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n, and \_pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n.)

```

_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n
_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n

The availability of the primitive is not universal, so we have to test at load time.

```

2684 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1
2685   {
2686   {*luatex}
2687     \int_compare:nNnT \tex_luatexversion:D > { 106 } {
2688       \exp_not:N \tex_global:D \tex_pdfvariable:D majorversion
2689       \exp_not:N \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2690     }
2691   /luatex
2692   {*pdftex}
2693     \cs_if_exist:NT \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2694     {
2695       \exp_not:N \tex_global:D \tex_pdfmajorversion:D
2696       \exp_not:N \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2697     }
2698   /pdftex
2699   }
2700 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1
2701   {
2702     {
2703       \tex_global:D
2704     {*luatex}
2705       \tex_pdfvariable:D minorversion
2706     /luatex
2707     {*pdftex}
2708       \tex_pdfminorversion:D
2709     /pdftex
2710       \int_eval:n {#1} \scan_stop:
2711     }

```

(End definition for _pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n and _pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n.)

_pdf_backend_version_major:
_pdf_backend_version_minor:

As above.

```

2712 \cs_new:Npx \_pdf_backend_version_major:
2713   {
2714   {*luatex}

```

```

2715     \int_compare:nNnTF \tex_luatexversion:D > { 106 }
2716         { \exp_not:N \tex_the:D \tex_pdfvariable:D majorversion }
2717         { 1 }
2718     
```

```

2718     
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major:` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor:..`)

6.3.5 Marked content

`__pdf_backend_bdc:nn` Simple wrappers. May need refinement: see <https://chat.stackexchange.com/transcript/message/49970158#49970158>.

```

2735 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2736     { \_\_kernel_backend_literal_page:n { /#1 ~ #2 ~ BDC } }
2737 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_emc:
2738     { \_\_kernel_backend_literal_page:n { EMC } }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `__pdf_backend_emc:..`)

```

2739 
```

6.4 dvipdfmx backend

```

2740 
```

`__pdf_backend:n` A generic function for the backend PDF specials: used where we can.

```

2741 \cs_new_protected:Npx \_\_pdf_backend:n #1
2742     { \_\_kernel_backend_literal:n { pdf: #1 } }
2743 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_pdf_backend:n { x }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend:n`)

6.4.1 Catalogue entries

`__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn`

```

2744 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2
2745     { \_\_pdf_backend:n { put ~ @catalog << /#1 ~ #2 >> } }
2746 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2
2747     { \_\_pdf_backend:n { docinfo << /#1 ~ #2 >> } }

```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`)

6.4.2 Objects

\g__pdf_backend_object_int
\g__pdf_backend_object_prop

For tracking objects to allow finalisation.

2748 \int_new:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2749 \prop_new:N \g__pdf_backend_object_prop

(End definition for \g__pdf_backend_object_int and \g__pdf_backend_object_prop.)

__pdf_backend_object_new:nn
__pdf_backend_object_ref:n

Objects are tracked at the macro level, but we don't have to do anything at this stage.

2750 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2
2751 {
2752 \int_gincr:N \g__pdf_backend_object_int
2753 \int_const:cn
2754 { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int }
2755 { \g__pdf_backend_object_int }
2756 \prop_gput:Nnn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} {#2}
2757 }
2758 \cs_new:Npn __pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1
2759 { @pdf.obj \int_use:c { c__pdf_backend_object_ \tl_to_str:n {#1} _int } }

(End definition for __pdf_backend_object_new:nn and __pdf_backend_object_ref:n.)

__pdf_backend_object_write:nn
__pdf_backend_object_write:nx
__pdf_backend_object_write:nm
__pdf_backend_object_write:array:nn
__pdf_backend_object_write_dict:nn
__pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nn
__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nn
__pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn

This is where we choose the actual type.

2760 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2
2761 {
2762 \exp_args:Nx __pdf_backend_object_write:nnn
2763 { \prop_item:Nn \g__pdf_backend_object_prop {#1} } {#1} {#2}
2764 }
2765 \cs_generate_variant:Nn __pdf_backend_object_write:nn { nx }
2766 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write:nnn #1#2#3
2767 {
2768 \use:c { __pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2769 { __pdf_backend_object_ref:n {#2} } {#3}
2770 }
2771 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_array:nn #1#2
2772 {
2773 __pdf_backend:x
2774 { obj ~ #1 ~ [~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~] }
2775 }
2776 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_dict:nn #1#2
2777 {
2778 __pdf_backend:x
2779 { obj ~ #1 ~ << ~ \exp_not:n {#2} ~ >> }
2780 }
2781 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_fstream:nn #1#2
2782 { __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn { f } {#1} #2 }
2783 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nn #1#2
2784 { __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn { } {#1} #2 }
2785 \cs_new_protected:Npn __pdf_backend_object_write_stream:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2786 {
2787 __pdf_backend:x
2788 {
2789 #1 stream ~ #2 ~
2790 (\exp_not:n {#4}) ~ << \exp_not:n {#3} >>
2791 }

```
2792 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_write:nn` and others.)

No anonymous objects with dvipdfmx so we have to give an object name.

```
2793 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2
2794 {
2795     \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2796     \exp_args:Nnx \use:c { \_\_pdf_backend_object_write_ #1 :nn }
2797         { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int }
2798         {#2}
2799 }
2800 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_\_pdf_backend_object_now:nn { nx }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_now:nn`.)

`__pdf_backend_object_last:`

```
2801 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_object_last:
2802     { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_object_last:..`)

`__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n` Page references are easy in dvipdfmx/X_ET_EX.

```
2803 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1
2804     { @page #1 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n`.)

6.4.3 Annotations

`\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int` Needed as objects which are not annotations could be created.

```
2805 \int_new:N \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int
```

(End definition for `\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int`.)

`__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn` Simply pass the raw data through, just dealing with evaluation of dimensions.

```
2806 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2807 {
2808     \int_gincr:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2809     \int_gset_eq:NN \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int
2810     \_\_pdf_backend:x
2811     {
2812         ann ~ @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_object_int \c_space_tl
2813         width ~ \dim_eval:n {#1} ~
2814         height ~ \dim_eval:n {#2} ~
2815         depth ~ \dim_eval:n {#3} ~
2816         <</Type/Annot #4 >>
2817     }
2818 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn`.)

`__pdf_backend_annotation_last:`

```
2819 \cs_new:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_annotation_last:
2820     { @pdf.obj \int_use:N \g_\_pdf_backend_annotation_int }
```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_annotation_last`.)

`\g_pdf_backend_link_int` To track annotations which are links.

2821 `\int_new:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int`

(End definition for `\g_pdf_backend_link_int`.)

All created using the same internals.

2822 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw #1#2`
2823 { `_pdf_backend_link_begin:n { #1 /Subtype /Link /A << /S /GoTo /D (#2) >> }` }
2824 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_begin_user:nw #1#2`
2825 { `_pdf_backend_link_begin:n {#1#2} }`
2826 `\cs_new_protected:Npx _pdf_backend_link_begin:n #1`
2827 {
2828 `\int_compare:nNnF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }`
2829 {
2830 `\exp_not:N \int_gincr:N \exp_not:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int`
2831 }
2832 `_pdf_backend:x`
2833 {
2834 `bann ~`
2835 `\int_compare:nNnF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }`
2836 {
2837 `@pdf.lnk`
2838 `\exp_not:N \int_use:N \exp_not:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int`
2839 `\c_space_tl`
2840 }
2841 `<<`
2842 `/Type /Annot`
2843 `#1`
2844 `>>`
2845 }
2846 }
2847 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_end:`
2848 { `_pdf_backend:n { eann }` }

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_begin_goto:nw` and others.)

`_pdf_backend_link_last`: Available using the backend mechanism with a suitably-recent version.

2849 `\cs_new:Npx _pdf_backend_link_last:`
2850 {
2851 `\int_compare:nNnF \c_kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }`
2852 {
2853 `@pdf.lnk`
2854 `\exp_not:N \int_use:N \exp_not:N \g_pdf_backend_link_int`
2855 }
2856 }

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_last`.)

`_pdf_backend_link_margin:n`: Pass to dvipdfmx.

2857 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_link_margin:n #1`
2858 { `_kernel_backend_literal:x { dvipdfmx:config-g~ \dim_eval:n {#1} }` }

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_link_margin:n`.)

```
\_\_pdf_backend_destination:nn
\_\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn
\_\_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn
```

Here, we need to turn the zoom into a scale. The method for `FitR` is from Alexander Grahn: the idea is to avoid needing to do any calculations in TeX by using the backend data for `@xpos` and `@ypos`. `/FitR` without rule spec doesn't work, so it falls back to `/Fit` here.

```
2859 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nn #1#2
2860   {
2861     \_\_pdf_backend:x
2862     {
2863       dest ~ ( \exp_not:n {#1} )
2864       [
2865         @thispage
2866         \str_case:nnF {#2}
2867         {
2868           { xyz } { /XYZ ~ @xpos ~ @ypos ~ null }
2869           { fit } { /Fit }
2870           { fitb } { /FitB }
2871           { fitbh } { /FitBH }
2872           { fitbv } { /FitBV ~ @xpos }
2873           { fith } { /FitH ~ @ypos }
2874           { fitv } { /FitV ~ @xpos }
2875           { fitr } { /Fit }
2876         }
2877         { /XYZ ~ @xpos ~ @ypos ~ \fp_eval:n { (#2) / 100 } }
2878       ]
2879     }
2880   }
2881 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2882   {
2883     \exp_args:Ne \_\_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn
2884     { \dim_eval:n {#2} } {#1} {#3} {#4}
2885   }
2886 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn #1#2#3#4
2887   {
2888     \vbox_to_zero:n
2889     {
2890       \_\_kernel_kern:n {#4}
2891       \hbox:n
2892       {
2893         \_\_pdf_backend:n { obj ~ @pdf_ #2 _llx ~ @xpos }
2894         \_\_pdf_backend:n { obj ~ @pdf_ #2 _lly ~ @ypos }
2895       }
2896       \tex_vss:D
2897     }
2898     \_\_kernel_kern:n {#1}
2899     \vbox_to_zero:n
2900     {
2901       \_\_kernel_kern:n { -#3 }
2902       \hbox:n
2903       {
2904         \_\_pdf_backend:n
2905         {
2906           dest ~ (#2)
2907           [
2908             @thispage
```

```

2909         /FitR ~
2910             @pdf_ #2 _llx ~ @pdf_ #2 _lly ~
2911             @xpos ~ @ypos
2912         ]
2913     }
2914     ]
2915     \tex_vss:D
2916   }
2917   \__kernel_kern:n { -#1 }
2918 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_destination:nn`, `__pdf_backend_destination:nnnn`, and `__pdf_backend_destination_aux:nnnn`.)

6.4.4 Structure

Pass data to the backend: these are a one-shot.

```

2919 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1
2920   { \__kernel_backend_literal:x { dvipdfmx:config~z~ \int_eval:n {#1} } }
2921 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1
2922   {
2923     \bool_if:nF {#1}
2924     { \__kernel_backend_literal:n { dvipdfmx:config~C~0x40 } }
2925 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

We start with the assumption that the default is active.

```

2926 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1
2927   {
2928     \cs_gset:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_major: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2929     \__kernel_backend_literal:x { pdf:majorversion~ \__pdf_backend_version_major: }
2930   }
2931 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1
2932   {
2933     \cs_gset:Npx \__pdf_backend_version_minor: { \int_eval:n {#1} }
2934     \__kernel_backend_literal:x { pdf:minorversion~ \__pdf_backend_version_minor: }
2935 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

We start with the assumption that the default is active.

```

2936 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_major: { 1 }
2937 \cs_new:Npn \__pdf_backend_version_minor: { 5 }
```

(End definition for `__pdf_backend_version_major:` and `__pdf_backend_version_minor:..`)

6.4.5 Marked content

Simple wrappers. May need refinement: see <https://chat.stackexchange.com/transcript/message/49970158#49970158>.

```

2938 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2
2939   { \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n { /#1 ~ #2 ~ BDC } }
2940 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__pdf_backend_emc:
2941   { \__kernel_backend_literal_page:n { EMC } }
```

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `_pdf_backend_emc:.`)
 2942 `</dvipdfmx | xetex>`

6.5 dvisvgm backend

2943 `<*dvisvgm>`

6.5.1 Catalogue entries

No-op.

2944 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn #1#2 { }`
 2945 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_info_gput:nn #1#2 { }`

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn` and `_pdf_backend_info_gput:nn`.)

6.5.2 Objects

All no-ops here.

2946 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_object_new:nn #1#2 { }`
 2947 `\cs_new:Npn _pdf_backend_object_ref:n #1 { }`
 2948 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_object_write:nn #1#2 { }`
 2949 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_object_write:nx #1#2 { }`
 2950 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_object_now:nn #1#2 { }`
 2951 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_object_now:nx #1#2 { }`
 2952 `\cs_new:Npn _pdf_backend_object_last: { }`
 2953 `\cs_new:Npn _pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n #1 { }`

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_object_new:nn` and others.)

6.5.3 Structure

These are all no-ops.

2954 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_compresslevel:n #1 { }`
 2955 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_compress_objects:n #1 { }`

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_compresslevel:n` and `_pdf_backend_compress_objects:n`.)

Data not available!

2956 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n #1 { }`
 2957 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n #1 { }`

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_version_major_gset:n` and `_pdf_backend_version_minor_gset:n`.)

Data not available!

2958 `\cs_new:Npn _pdf_backend_version_major: { -1 }`
 2959 `\cs_new:Npn _pdf_backend_version_minor: { -1 }`

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_version_major:` and `_pdf_backend_version_minor:.`)

More no-ops.

2960 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_bdc:nn #1#2 { }`
 2961 `\cs_new_protected:Npn _pdf_backend_emc: { }`

(End definition for `_pdf_backend_bdc:nn` and `_pdf_backend_emc:.`)

2962 `</dvisvgm>`

2963 `</package>`

7 I3backend-opacity Implementation

```
2964 {*package}
2965 (@@=opacity)
```

Although opacity is not color, it needs to be managed in a somewhat similar way: using a dedicated stack if possible. Depending on the backend, that may not be possible. There is also the need to cover fill/stroke setting as well as more general running opacity. It is easiest to describe the value used in terms of opacity, although commonly this is referred to as transparency.

```
2966 {*dvips}
```

No stack so set values directly.

```
2967 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend_select:n #1
2968 {
2969     \exp_args:Nx \_opacity_backend_select_aux:n
2970     { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }
2971 }
2972 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1
2973 {
2974     \_kernel_backend_postscript:n
2975     { #1 ~ .setfillconstantalpha ~ #1 ~ .setstrokeconstantalpha }
2976 }
```

(End definition for _opacity_backend_select:n and _opacity_backend_select_aux:n.)

_opacity_backend_fill:n Similar to the above but with no stack and only adding to one or other of the entries.

```
2977 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend_fill:n #1
2978     { \_opacity_backend:xn { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } } { fill } }
2979 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend_stroke:n #1
2980     { \_opacity_backend:xn { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } } { stroke } }
2981 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_opacity_backend:nn #1#2
2982 {
2983     \_kernel_backend_postscript:n { #1 ~ .set #2 constantalpha }
2984 }
2985 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \_opacity_backend:nn { x }
```

(End definition for _opacity_backend_fill:n, _opacity_backend_stroke:n, and _opacity-backend:nn.)

```
2986 //dvips
```

```
2987 {*dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex}
```

\c_opacity_backend_stack_int Set up a stack.

```
2988 \cs_if_exist:NT \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
2989 {
2990     \_kernel_color_backend_stack_init:Nnn \c\_opacity_backend_stack_int
2991     { page ~ direct } { /opacity 1 ~ gs }
2992     \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
2993     { opacity 1 } { << /ca ~ 1 /CA ~ 1 >> }
2994 }
```

(End definition for \c_opacity_backend_stack_int.)

```
\l__opacity_backend_fill_t1
\l__opacity_backend_stroke_t1
```

We use t1 here for speed: at the backend, this should be reasonable.

```
2995 \tl_new:N \l__opacity_backend_fill_t1
2996 \tl_new:N \l__opacity_backend_stroke_t1
```

(End definition for \l__opacity_backend_fill_t1 and \l__opacity_backend_stroke_t1.)

```
\_\_opacity_backend_select:n
  \_\_opacity_backend_select_aux:n
  \_\_opacity_backend_reset:
```

Other than the need to evaluate the opacity as an fp, much the same as color.

```
2997 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_select:n #1
2998 {
2999   \exp_args:Nx \_\_opacity_backend_select_aux:n
3000   { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }
3001 }
3002 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1
3003 {
3004   \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_fill_t1 {#1}
3005   \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_stroke_t1 {#1}
3006   \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3007   { opacity #1 }
3008   { << /ca ~ #1 /CA ~ #1 >> }
3009   \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \c__opacity_backend_stack_int
3010   { /opacity #1 ~ gs }
3011   \group_insert_after:N \_\_opacity_backend_reset:
3012 }
3013 \cs_if_exist:NF \pdfmanagement_add:nnn
3014 {
3015   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1 { }
3016 }
3017 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_reset:
3018 { \__kernel_color_backend_stack_pop:n \c__opacity_backend_stack_int }
```

(End definition for __opacity_backend_select:n, __opacity_backend_select_aux:n, and __opacity_backend_reset:.)

```
\_\_opacity_backend_fill:n
\_\_opacity_backend_stroke:n
  \_\_opacity_backend_fillstroke:nn
  \_\_opacity_backend_fillstroke:xx
```

For separate fill and stroke, we need to work out if we need to do more work or if we can stick to a single setting.

```
3019 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_fill:n #1
3020 {
3021   \_\_opacity_backend_fill_stroke:xx
3022   { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }
3023   \l__opacity_backend_stroke_t1
3024 }
3025 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_stroke:n #1
3026 {
3027   \_\_opacity_backend_fill_stroke:xx
3028   \l__opacity_backend_fill_t1
3029   { \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } }
3030 }
3031 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_\_opacity_backend_fill_stroke:nn #1#2
3032 {
3033   \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {#2}
3034   { \_\_opacity_backend_select_aux:n {#1} }
3035   {
3036     \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_fill_t1 {#1}
3037     \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_stroke_t1 {#2}
```

```

3038   \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3039     { opacity.fill #1 }
3040     { << /ca ~ #1 >> }
3041   \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3042     { opacity.stroke #1 }
3043     { << /CA ~ #2 >> }
3044   \__kernel_color_backend_stack_push:nn \c__opacity_backend_stack_int
3045     { /opacity.fill #1 ~ gs /opacity.stroke #2 ~ gs }
3046   \group_insert_after:N \__opacity_backend_reset:
3047 }
3048 }
3049 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:nn { xx }

(End definition for \__opacity_backend_fill:n, \__opacity_backend_stroke:n, and \__opacity-
backend_fillstroke:nn.)

3050 </dvipdfmx | luatex | pdftex | xetex>
3051 <*dvipdfmx | xdvipdfmx>

\__opacity_backend_select:n Older backends have no stack support, so everything is done directly.
3052 \int_compare:nNnT \c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_int < { 20201111 }
3053 {
3054   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n #1
3055   {
3056     \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_fill_tl {#1}
3057     \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_stroke_tl {#1}
3058     \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3059       { opacity #1 }
3060       { << /ca ~ #1 /CA ~ #1 >> }
3061     \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n { /opacity #1 ~ gs }
3062   }
3063   \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:nn #1#2
3064   {
3065     \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {#2}
3066       { \__opacity_backend_select_aux:n {#1} }
3067       {
3068         \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_fill_tl {#1}
3069         \tl_set:Nn \l__opacity_backend_stroke_tl {#2}
3070         \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3071           { opacity.fill #1 }
3072           { << /ca ~ #1 >> }
3073         \pdfmanagement_add:nnn { Page / Resources / ExtGState }
3074           { opacity.stroke #1 }
3075           { << /CA ~ #2 >> }
3076         \__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n
3077           { /opacity.fill #1 ~ gs /opacity.stroke #2 ~ gs }
3078       }
3079     }
3080   }
3081 }

(End definition for \__opacity_backend_select:n.)
3081 </dvipdfmx | xdvipdfmx>
3082 <*dvisvgm>
```

```

\__opacity_backend_select:n Once again, we use a scope here. There is a general opacity function for SVG, but that
\__opacity_backend_fill:n is of course not set up using the stack.
\__opacity_backend_stroke:n
\__opacity_backend:nn

3083 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_select:n #1
3084   { \__opacity_backend:nn {#1} { } }
3085 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_fill:n #1
3086   { \__opacity_backend:nn {#1} { fill- } }
3087 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend_stroke:n #1
3088   { \__opacity_backend:nn { {#1} } { stroke- } }
3089 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__opacity_backend:nn #1#2
3090   { \__kernel_backend_scope:x { #2 opacity = " \fp_eval:n { min(max(0,#1),1) } " } }

(End definition for \__opacity_backend_select:n and others.)

3091 </dvisvgm>
3092 </package>

```

8 I3backend-header Implementation

color.sc TeXcolorseparation pdf.globaldict pdf.cvs pdf.linkmargin pdf.linkdp.pad pdf.linkht.pad	<pre> 3093 {*dvips & header} Empty definition for color at the top level. 3094 /color.sc { } def (End definition for color.sc. This function is documented on page ??.)</pre> <pre> Support for separation/spot colors: this strange naming is so things work with the color stack. 3095 TeXDict begin 3096 /TeXcolorseparation { setcolor } def 3097 end (End definition for TeXcolorseparation and separation. These functions are documented on page ??.)</pre> <pre> A small global dictionary for backend use. 3098 true setglobal 3099 /pdf.globaldict 4 dict def 3100 false setglobal (End definition for pdf.globaldict. This function is documented on page ??.)</pre> <pre> Small utilities for PostScript manipulations. Conversion to DVI dimensions is done here to allow for Resolution. The total height of a rectangle (an array) needs a little maths, in contrast to simply extracting a value. 3101 /pdf.cvs { 65534 string cvs } def 3102 /pdf.dvi.pt { 72.27 mul Resolution div } def 3103 /pdf.pt.dvi { 72.27 div Resolution mul } def 3104 /pdf.rect.ht { dup 1 get neg exch 3 get add } def (End definition for pdf.cvs and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)</pre> <pre> Settings which are defined up-front in SDict. 3105 /pdf.linkmargin { 1 pdf.pt.dvi } def 3106 /pdf.linkdp.pad { 0 } def 3107 /pdf.linkht.pad { 0 } def </pre>
--	--

(End definition for pdf.linkmargin, pdf.linkdp.pad, and pdf.linkht.pad. These functions are documented on page ??.)

pdf.rect pdf.save.ll pdf.save.ur pdf.save.linkll pdf.save.linkur	Functions for marking the limits of an annotation/link, plus drawing the border. We separate links for generic annotations to support adding a margin and setting a minimal size. <pre> 3108 /pdf.rect 3109 { /Rect [pdf.llx pdf.lly pdf.urx pdf.ury] } def 3110 /pdf.save.ll 3111 { 3112 currentpoint 3113 /pdf.lly exch def 3114 /pdf.llx exch def 3115 } 3116 def 3117 /pdf.save.ur 3118 { 3119 currentpoint 3120 /pdf.ury exch def 3121 /pdf.urx exch def 3122 } 3123 def 3124 /pdf.save.linkll 3125 { 3126 currentpoint 3127 pdf.linkmargin add 3128 pdf.linkdp.pad add 3129 /pdf.lly exch def 3130 pdf.linkmargin sub 3131 /pdf.llx exch def 3132 } 3133 def 3134 /pdf.save.linkur 3135 { 3136 currentpoint 3137 pdf.linkmargin sub 3138 pdf.linkht.pad sub 3139 /pdf.ury exch def 3140 pdf.linkmargin add 3141 /pdf.urx exch def 3142 } 3143 def </pre>
---	---

(End definition for pdf.rect and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

pdf.dest.anchor pdf.dest.x pdf.dest.y pdf.dest.point pdf.dest2device	For finding the anchor point of a destination link. We make the use case a separate function as it comes up a lot, and as this makes it easier to adjust if we need additional effects. We also need a more complex approach to convert a co-ordinate pair correctly when defining a rectangle: this can otherwise be out when using a landscape page. (Thanks to Alexander Grahn for the approach here.)
---	---

```

3144 /pdf.dest.anchor
3145 {
3146   currentpoint exch
3147   pdf.dvi.pt 72 add

```

```

3148   /pdf.dest.x exch def
3149   pdf.dvi.pt
3150   vsize 72 sub exch sub
3151   /pdf.dest.y exch def
3152 }
3153 def
3154 /pdf.dest.point
3155 { pdf.dest.x pdf.dest.y } def
3156 /pdf.dest2device
3157 {
3158   /pdf.dest.y exch def
3159   /pdf.dest.x exch def
3160   matrix currentmatrix
3161   matrix defaultmatrix
3162   matrix invertmatrix
3163   matrix concatmatrix
3164   cvx exec
3165   /pdf.dev.y exch def
3166   /pdf.dev.x exch def
3167   /pdf.tmpd exch def
3168   /pdf.tmpc exch def
3169   /pdf.tmpb exch def
3170   /pdf.tmpa exch def
3171   pdf.dest.x pdf.tmpa mul
3172     pdf.dest.y pdf.tmpc mul add
3173     pdf.dev.x add
3174   pdf.dest.x pdf.tmpb mul
3175     pdf.dest.y pdf.tmpd mul add
3176     pdf.dev.y add
3177 }
3178 def

```

(End definition for `pdf.dest.anchor` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.bordertracking` To know where a breakable link can go, we need to track the boundary rectangle. That
`pdf.bordertracking.begin` can be done by hooking into `a` and `x` operations: those names have to be retained. The
`pdf.bordertracking.end` boundary is stored at the end of the operation. Special effort is needed at the start and
`pdf.leftboundary` end of pages (or rather galleys), such that everything works properly.

```

3179 /pdf.bordertracking false def
3180 /pdf.bordertracking.begin
3181 {
3182   SDict /pdf.bordertracking true put
3183   SDict /pdf.leftboundary undef
3184   SDict /pdf.rightboundary undef
3185   /a where
3186   {
3187     /a
3188     {
3189       currentpoint pop
3190       SDict /pdf.rightboundary known dup
3191       {
3192         SDict /pdf.rightboundary get 2 index lt
3193         { not }
3194         if

```

```

3195     }
3196     if
3197         { pop }
3198         { SDict exch /pdf.rightboundary exch put }
3199     ifelse
3200     moveto
3201     currentpoint pop
3202     SDict /pdf.leftboundary known dup
3203     {
3204         SDict /pdf.leftboundary get 2 index gt
3205         { not }
3206         if
3207         }
3208     if
3209         { pop }
3210         { SDict exch /pdf.leftboundary exch put }
3211     ifelse
3212     }
3213     put
3214 }
3215 if
3216 }
3217 def
3218 /pdf.bordertracking.end
3219 {
3220     /a where { /a { moveto } put } if
3221     /x where { /x { 0 exch rmoveto } put } if
3222     SDict /pdf.leftboundary known
3223     { pdf.outerbox 0 pdf.leftboundary put }
3224     if
3225     SDict /pdf.rightboundary known
3226     { pdf.outerbox 2 pdf.rightboundary put }
3227     if
3228     SDict /pdf.bordertracking false put
3229 }
3230     def
3231 /pdf.bordertracking.endpage
3232 {
3233     pdf.bordertracking
3234     {
3235         pdf.bordertracking.end
3236         true setglobal
3237         pdf.globaldict
3238         /pdf.brokenlink.rect [ pdf.outerboxaload pop ] put
3239         pdf.globaldict
3240         /pdf.brokenlink.skip pdf.baselineskip put
3241         pdf.globaldict
3242         /pdf.brokenlink.dict
3243         pdf.link.dict pdf.cvs put
3244         false setglobal
3245         mark pdf.link.dict cvx exec /Rect
3246         [
3247             pdf.llx
3248             pdf.lly

```

```

3249     pdf.outerbox 2 get pdf.linkmargin add
3250     currentpoint exch pop
3251     pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht sub pdf.linkmargin sub
3252   ]
3253   /ANN pdf.pdfmark
3254 }
3255 if
3256 }
3257 def
3258 /pdf.bordertracking.continue
3259 {
3260   /pdf.link.dict pdf.globaldict
3261   /pdf.brokenlink.dict get def
3262   /pdf.outerbox pdf.globaldict
3263   /pdf.brokenlink.rect get def
3264   /pdf.baselineskip pdf.globaldict
3265   /pdf.brokenlink.skip get def
3266   pdf.globaldict dup dup
3267   /pdf.brokenlink.dict undef
3268   /pdf.brokenlink.skip undef
3269   /pdf.brokenlink.rect undef
3270   currentpoint
3271   /pdf.originy exch def
3272   /pdf.originx exch def
3273   /a where
3274   {
3275     /a
3276     {
3277       moveto
3278       SDict
3279       begin
3280       currentpoint pdf.originy ne exch
3281       pdf.originx ne or
3282       {
3283         pdf.save.linkll
3284         /pdf.lly
3285         pdf.lly pdf.outerbox 1 get sub def
3286         pdf.bordertracking.begin
3287       }
3288       if
3289       end
3290     }
3291     put
3292   }
3293   if
3294   /x where
3295   {
3296     /x
3297     {
3298       0 exch rmoveto
3299       SDict
3300       begin
3301       currentpoint
3302       pdf.originy ne exch pdf.originx ne or

```

```

3303   {
3304     pdf.save.linkll
3305     /pdf.lly
3306       pdf.lly pdf.outerbox 1 get sub def
3307       pdf.bordertracking.begin
3308   }
3309   if
3310   end
3311   }
3312   put
3313   }
3314   if
3315   }
3316   def

```

(End definition for `pdf.bordertracking` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.breaklink` Dealing with link breaking itself has multiple stage. The first step is to find the `Rect` entry in the dictionary, looping over key-value pairs. The first line is handled first, adjusting the rectangle to stay inside the text area. The second phase is a loop over the height of the bulk of the link area, done on the basis of a number of baselines. Finally, the end of the link area is tidied up, again from the boundary of the text area.

`pdf.breaklink.write`

`pdf.count`

`pdf.currentrect`

```

3317 /pdf.breaklink
3318   {
3319     pop
3320     counttomark 2 mod 0 eq
3321     {
3322       counttomark /pdf.count exch def
3323       {
3324         pdf.count 0 eq { exit } if
3325         counttomark 2 roll
3326         1 index /Rect eq
3327         {
3328           dup 4 array copy
3329           dup dup
3330             1 get
3331             pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht
3332             pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add sub
3333             3 exch put
3334           dup
3335             pdf.outerbox 2 get
3336             pdf.linkmargin add
3337               2 exch put
3338           dup dup
3339             3 get
3340             pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht
3341             pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add add
3342               1 exch put
3343             /pdf.currentrect exch def
3344             pdf.breaklink.write
3345             {
3346               pdf.currentrect
3347               dup
3348                 pdf.outerbox 0 get

```

```

3349         pdf.linkmargin sub
3350             0 exch put
3351         dup
3352             pdf.outerbox 2 get
3353                 pdf.linkmargin add
3354                     2 exch put
3355                 dup dup
3356                     1 get
3357                         pdf.baselineskip add
3358                             1 exch put
3359                         dup dup
3360                             3 get
3361                                 pdf.baselineskip add
3362                                     3 exch put
3363                                     /pdf.currentrect exch def
3364                                         pdf.breaklink.write
3365                                         }
3366                                         1 index 3 get
3367                                         pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add
3368                                         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht add
3369                                         2 index 1 get sub
3370                                         pdf.baselineskip div round cvi 1 sub
3371                                         exch
3372                                         repeat
3373                                         pdf.currentrect
3374                                         dup
3375                                         pdf.outerbox 0 get
3376                                         pdf.linkmargin sub
3377                                         0 exch put
3378                                         dup dup
3379                                         1 get
3380                                         pdf.baselineskip add
3381                                         1 exch put
3382                                         dup dup
3383                                         3 get
3384                                         pdf.baselineskip add
3385                                         3 exch put
3386                                         dup 2 index 2 get 2 exch put
3387                                         /pdf.currentrect exch def
3388                                         pdf.breaklink.write
3389                                         SDict /pdf.pdfmark.good false put
3390                                         exit
3391                                         }
3392                                         { pdf.count 2 sub /pdf.count exch def }
3393                                         ifelse
3394                                         }
3395                                         loop
3396                                         }
3397                                         if
3398                                         /ANN
3399                                         }
3400                                         def
3401                                         /pdf.breaklink.write
3402                                         {

```

```

3403   counttomark 1 sub
3404   index /_objdef eq
3405   {
3406     counttomark -2 roll
3407     dup wcheck
3408     {
3409       readonly
3410       counttomark 2 roll
3411     }
3412     { pop pop }
3413     ifelse
3414   }
3415   if
3416   counttomark 1 add copy
3417   pop pdf.currentrect
3418   /ANN pdfmark
3419 }
3420 def

```

(End definition for `pdf.breaklink` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

`pdf.pdfmark` The business end of breaking links starts by hooking into `pdfmarks`. Unlike `hypdvips`, we avoid altering any links we have not created by using a copy of the core `pdfmarks` function. Only mark types which are known are altered. At present, this is purely ANN marks, which are measured relative to the size of the baseline skip. If they are more than one apparent line high, breaking is applied.

`pdf.pdfmark.good`

`pdf.outerbox`

`pdf.baselineskip`

`pdf.pdfmark.dict`

```

3421 /pdf.pdfmark
3422 {
3423   SDict /pdf.pdfmark.good true put
3424   dup /ANN eq
3425   {
3426     pdf.pdfmark.store
3427     pdf.pdfmark.dict
3428     begin
3429       Subtype /Link eq
3430       currentdict /Rect known and
3431       SDict /pdf.outerbox known and
3432       SDict /pdf.baselineskip known and
3433       {
3434         Rect 3 get
3435         pdf.linkmargin 2 mul add
3436         pdf.outerbox pdf.rect.ht add
3437         Rect 1 get sub
3438         pdf.baselineskip div round cvi 0 gt
3439         { pdf.breaklink }
3440         if
3441       }
3442       if
3443     end
3444     SDict /pdf.outerbox undef
3445     SDict /pdf.baselineskip undef
3446     currentdict /pdf.pdfmark.dict undef
3447   }
3448 if

```

```

3449     pdf.pdfmark.good
3450         { pdfmark }
3451         { cleartomark }
3452     ifelse
3453 }
3454     def
3455 /pdf.pdfmark.store
3456 {
3457     /pdf.pdfmark.dict 65534 dict def
3458     counttomark 1 add copy
3459     pop
3460     {
3461         dup mark eq
3462         {
3463             pop
3464             exit
3465         }
3466         {
3467             pdf.pdfmark.dict
3468             begin def end
3469         }
3470     ifelse
3471 }
3472     loop
3473 }
3474 def

```

(End definition for pdf.pdfmark and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

3475 ⟨/dvips & header⟩

Index

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

\□	147	__box_backend_rotate_aux:Nn	<u>228</u> , <u>276</u> , <u>333</u>
		__box_backend_scale:Nnn	<u>245</u> , <u>304</u> , <u>348</u> , <u>425</u>
		\l__box_backend_sin_fp	<u>276</u>
		\g__box_clip_path_int	<u>362</u>
			C
		char commands:	
		\char_set_catcode_space:n	147
		clist commands:	
		\clist_map_function:nN	<u>1250</u> , <u>1374</u>
		\clist_map_function:nn	<u>1623</u>
		color internal commands:	
		__color_backend:nnn	<u>1048</u>
		__color_backend_cmyk:w	<u>1049</u>
		__color_backend_devicen_init:n	<u>896</u>
		__color_backend_devicen_-init:nnn	<u>814</u> , <u>896</u>
		__color_backend_devicen_init:w	<u>896</u>
		__color_backend_fill:n	<u>955</u> , <u>982</u> , <u>1012</u> , <u>1030</u> , <u>1037</u>
		__color_backend_fill_cmyk:n	<u>955</u> , <u>989</u> , <u>1012</u> , <u>1037</u>
		__color_backend_fill_devicen:nn	<u>981</u> , <u>1003</u> , <u>1029</u> , <u>1099</u>
		__color_backend_fill_gray:n	<u>955</u> , <u>989</u> , <u>1012</u> , <u>1037</u>
		__color_backend_fill_rgb:n	<u>955</u> , <u>989</u> , <u>1012</u> , <u>1037</u>
		__color_backend_fill_separation:nn	<u>981</u> , <u>989</u> , <u>1029</u> , <u>1099</u>
		\l__color_backend_fill_tl	<u>630</u> , <u>640</u> , <u>963</u> , <u>978</u>
		\c__color_backend_main_stack_int	<u>509</u>
		__color_backend_pickup:N	<u>449</u> , <u>472</u>
		__color_backend_pickup:w	<u>14</u> , <u>449</u> , <u>472</u>
		__color_backend_reset:	<u>612</u> , <u>632</u> , <u>649</u> , <u>966</u> , <u>979</u> , <u>989</u> , <u>1021</u> , <u>1046</u>
		__color_backend_rgb:w	<u>1072</u>
		__color_backend_select:n	<u>612</u> , <u>664</u>
		__color_backend_select:nn	<u>632</u> , <u>841</u>
		__color_backend_select_cmyk:n	<u>612</u> , <u>632</u> , <u>649</u>
		__color_backend_select_devicen:nn	<u>663</u> , <u>834</u> , <u>840</u> , <u>947</u>
		__color_backend_select_gray:n	<u>612</u> , <u>632</u> , <u>649</u>

```

\__color_backend_select_rgb:n . .
    ..... 612, 632, 649
\__color_backend_select_separation:nn
    ..... 663, 834, 840, 947
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:n ..... 666, 843, 920, 944
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:nnn ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:nnnn ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:nnnnn ..... 666, 836, 843
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:nw ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:w ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:/DeviceCMYK:nnn ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:/DeviceGray:nnn ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init:/DeviceRGB:nnn ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init_aux:nnnnn ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init_CIELAB:nnn .... 666, 836, 843
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init_CIELAB:nnnnnn ..... 837
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init_count:n ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init_count:w ..... 666
\__color_backend_separation_-
    init_Device:Nn ..... 666
\g_color_backend_stack_int ... 509
\l_color_backend_stack_int ...
    ... 506, 534, 540, 642, 646, 964, 977
\__color_backend_stroke:n . .
    ..... 955, 984, 989
\__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:n ..
    ..... 955, 1012, 1048
\__color_backend_stroke_cmyk:w 1048
\__color_backend_stroke_devicen:nn
    ..... 981, 1007, 1029, 1099
\__color_backend_stroke_gray:n ..
    ..... 955, 1012, 1048
\__color_backend_stroke_gray_-
    aux:n ..... 1048
\__color_backend_stroke_rgb:n ...
    ..... 955, 1012, 1048
\__color_backend_stroke_rgb:w . 1048
\__color_backend_stroke_separation:nn
    ..... 981, 989, 1029, 1099
\l_color_backend_stroke_t1 . .
    ..... 630, 641, 965, 976
\g_color_model_int 684, 820, 865, 933
\c_color_model_range_CIELAB_t1 .
    ..... 775, 810, 885, 892
color.sc ..... 612, 3094
cs commands:
\cs_generate_variant:Nn .. 49, 56,
    59, 92, 131, 136, 163, 194, 200, 562,
    599, 677, 1109, 1304, 1498, 1871,
    1928, 1944, 2020, 2057, 2116, 2605,
    2633, 2743, 2765, 2800, 2985, 3049
\cs_gset:Npx .. 2415, 2419, 2928, 2933
\cs_gset_eq:NN ..... 656,
    657, 950, 996, 997, 1003, 1005, 1007
\cs_gset_protected:Npn .....
    ..... 544, 651, 658, 949,
    991, 998, 1000, 1002, 3015, 3054, 3063
\cs_if_exist:NTF .....
    ..... 27, 50, 450, 473, 532,
    859, 927, 2296, 2694, 2720, 2988, 3013
\cs_if_exist_use:NTF ..... 38, 690
\cs_new:Npn ..... 699, 701, 703,
    705, 712, 718, 720, 726, 743, 750,
    752, 938, 1255, 1379, 1627, 1957,
    1966, 2010, 2035, 2117, 2119, 2152,
    2321, 2421, 2422, 2575, 2606, 2607,
    2725, 2758, 2801, 2803, 2819, 2936,
    2937, 2947, 2952, 2953, 2958, 2959
\cs_new:Npx .....
    ... 2442, 2477, 2634, 2645, 2712, 2849
\cs_new_eq:NN .....
    ..... 46, 51, 52, 665, 842, 944,
    985, 986, 1033, 1034, 1101, 1102,
    1108, 1303, 1309, 1310, 1497, 1504,
    1689, 1718, 1769, 1770, 1812, 1820,
    1842, 1913, 1970, 1977, 2009, 2162
\cs_new_protected:Npn ..... 47,
    54, 57, 65, 71, 76, 78, 82, 93, 103,
    112, 121, 134, 137, 139, 141, 161,
    166, 175, 185, 195, 206, 228, 230,
    245, 261, 276, 278, 304, 318, 333,
    335, 348, 362, 412, 425, 449, 467,
    472, 480, 510, 553, 563, 575, 589,
    600, 612, 614, 616, 618, 626, 632,
    634, 636, 638, 645, 663, 678, 768,
    814, 834, 835, 836, 837, 840, 843,
    870, 874, 896, 955, 957, 959, 961,
    968, 970, 972, 974, 981, 983, 1012,
    1014, 1016, 1018, 1023, 1025, 1027,
    1029, 1031, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043,
    1048, 1050, 1061, 1069, 1071, 1073,
    1099, 1100, 1110, 1115, 1120, 1122,
    1124, 1132, 1140, 1149, 1159, 1161,

```

```

1164, 1166, 1183, 1188, 1206, 1228,
1231, 1244, 1257, 1262, 1264, 1266,
1268, 1270, 1272, 1274, 1276, 1281,
1305, 1307, 1311, 1316, 1321, 1331,
1340, 1342, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351,
1356, 1361, 1366, 1368, 1381, 1386,
1388, 1390, 1392, 1394, 1396, 1398,
1400, 1411, 1436, 1448, 1460, 1472,
1479, 1499, 1505, 1510, 1515, 1526,
1536, 1546, 1548, 1550, 1552, 1583,
1585, 1590, 1592, 1594, 1597, 1618,
1629, 1642, 1644, 1646, 1648, 1650,
1652, 1654, 1656, 1658, 1666, 1690,
1704, 1719, 1731, 1736, 1764, 1776,
1789, 1799, 1814, 1821, 1829, 1840,
1844, 1847, 1862, 1872, 1907, 1914,
1920, 1926, 1929, 1936, 1945, 1950,
1958, 1971, 1978, 1984, 1986, 1988,
1999, 2018, 2021, 2023, 2027, 2037,
2058, 2063, 2068, 2073, 2083, 2088,
2096, 2124, 2129, 2161, 2163, 2165,
2167, 2172, 2187, 2192, 2229, 2258,
2277, 2286, 2323, 2330, 2356, 2361,
2389, 2401, 2413, 2417, 2423, 2425,
2429, 2453, 2455, 2457, 2468, 2488,
2498, 2521, 2535, 2545, 2556, 2577,
2608, 2656, 2667, 2673, 2701, 2735,
2737, 2744, 2746, 2750, 2760, 2766,
2771, 2776, 2781, 2783, 2785, 2793,
2806, 2822, 2824, 2847, 2857, 2859,
2881, 2886, 2919, 2921, 2926, 2931,
2938, 2940, 2944, 2945, 2946, 2948,
2949, 2950, 2951, 2954, 2955, 2956,
2957, 2960, 2961, 2967, 2972, 2977,
2979, 2981, 2997, 3002, 3017, 3019,
3025, 3031, 3083, 3085, 3087, 3089
\cs_new_protected:Npx . . .
. . . 513, 666, 1084, 2684, 2741, 2826
\cs_set:Npn . . . . . 145
\cs_set_eq:NN . . . . . 2317, 2318
\cs_set_protected:Npn . . . . . 452, 475

```

D

dim commands:

```

\dim_eval:n . . . . . 2127, 2359,
2437, 2438, 2439, 2496, 2531, 2532,
2533, 2813, 2814, 2815, 2858, 2884
\dim_max:nn . . . . . 2237, 2248
\dim_set:Nn . . . . . 1758, 1759, 1953, 1954
\dim_to_decimal:n . . . . . 373, 374, 375,
376, 377, 379, 1508, 1513, 1519,
1520, 1521, 1522, 1531, 1532, 1533,
1624, 1643, 2004, 2005, 2235, 2246,
2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2271, 2327

```

```

\dim_to_decimal_in_bp:n . . .
. . . . . 217, 218, 219, 267, 268, 269,
324, 325, 326, 1128, 1129, 1136,
1137, 1144, 1145, 1153, 1154, 1155,
1252, 1256, 1260, 1314, 1319, 1325,
1326, 1327, 1335, 1336, 1376, 1380,
1384, 1628, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698,
1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1886, 1887,
1888, 1889, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996

```

draw internal commands:

```

\__draw_align_currentpoint_... . . . . . 34
\__draw_backend_add_to_path:n . . .
. . . . . 1505, 1551
\__draw_backend_begin: . . .
. . . . . 1110, 1305, 1499
\__draw_backend_box_use:Nnnnn . . .
. . . . . 30, 1281, 1479, 1666
\__draw_backend_cap_but: . . .
. . . . . 1244, 1368, 1618
\__draw_backend_cap_rectangle: . . .
. . . . . 1244, 1368, 1618
\__draw_backend_cap_round: . . .
. . . . . 1244, 1368, 1618
\__draw_backend_clip: 1164, 1345, 1550
\__draw_backend_closepath: . . .
. . . . . 1164, 1345, 1550
\__draw_backend_closesroke: . . .
. . . . . 1164, 1345, 1550
\__draw_backend_cm:nnnn 1276, 1289,
1290, 1291, 1400, 1483, 1658, 1669
\__draw_backend_cm_aux:nnnn . . . 1400
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose:nnnnN . . .
. . . . . 1406, 1435
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_- auxi:nnnnN . . .
. . . . . 1435
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_- auxii:nnnnN . . .
. . . . . 1435
\__draw_backend_cm_decompose_- auxiii:nnnnN . . .
. . . . . 1435
\__draw_backend_curveto:nnnnnn . . .
. . . . . 1124, 1311, 1505
\__draw_backend_dash:n . . .
. . . . . 1244, 1368, 1618
\__draw_backend_dash_aux:nn . . . 1618
\__draw_backend_dash_pattern:nn . . .
. . . . . 1244, 1368, 1618
\__draw_backend_discardpath: . . .
. . . . . 1164, 1345, 1550
\__draw_backend_end: 1110, 1305, 1499
\__draw_backend_evenodd_rule: . . .
. . . . . 1159, 1340, 1546
\__draw_backend_fill: 1164, 1345, 1550
\__draw_backend_fillstroke: . . .
. . . . . 1164, 1345, 1550

```

E
 \errmessage 38
 \evensidemargin 2204
 exp commands:
 \exp_after:wN 152, 458, 1964
 \exp_args:Ne 714, 2358, 2883
 \exp_args:Nf 1249, 1373, 2126
 \exp_args:NNf 229, 277, 334
 \exp_args:Nnx 2113, 2796
 \exp_args:NV 454
 \exp_args:Nx 1782, 1803,
 2070, 2085, 2200, 2762, 2969, 2999
 \exp_last_unbraced:Nx 463, 477
 \exp_not:N 515, 516,
 524, 526, 672, 2444, 2446, 2449,
 2479, 2481, 2484, 2636, 2638, 2641,
 2647, 2649, 2652, 2689, 2690, 2696,
 2697, 2716, 2721, 2830, 2838, 2854
 \exp_not:n .. 48, 90, 101, 129, 2061,
 2066, 2352, 2591, 2592, 2606, 2607,
 2619, 2620, 2774, 2779, 2790, 2863
 \ExplBackendFileDate 1

F
 file commands:
 \file_compare_timestamp:nNnTF . 1791
 \file_parse_full_name:nNNN 1778, 1801

fp commands:
 \fp_compare:nNnTF
 . 236, 283, 289, 341, 1416, 1429, 1474
 \fp_eval:n . 229, 238, 251, 252, 277,
 294, 309, 311, 334, 343, 354, 355,
 419, 434, 435, 1056, 1057, 1058,
 1066, 1079, 1080, 1081, 1418, 1423,
 1424, 1431, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444,
 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1465, 1466,
 1467, 1468, 2349, 2518, 2877, 2970,
 2978, 2980, 3000, 3022, 3029, 3090
 \fp_new:N 302, 303
 \fp_set:Nn 282, 285
 \fp_use:N 288, 292, 297
 \fp_zero:N 284
 \c_zero_fp 236, 283, 289, 341, 1416, 1429

G
 graphics commands:
 \graphics_bb_restore:nTF . 1733, 1947
 \graphics_bb_save:n 1762, 1955
 \l_graphics_decodearray_tl
 . 1710, 1711,
 1721, 1741, 1745, 1746, 1823, 1855,
 1856, 1894, 1897, 1898, 1916, 1980
 \graphics_extract_bb:n
 . 1818, 1825, 1975, 1982

```

\l_graphics_interpolate_bool . . .
    ..... 1712, 1722, 1740, 1747,
    1824, 1857, 1893, 1899, 1917, 1981
\l_graphics_llx_dim . . .
    ..... 1695, 1834, 1886, 1993
\l_graphics_lly_dim . . .
    ..... 1696, 1835, 1887, 1994
\l_graphics_name_tl . . .
    ..... 1796
\l_graphics_page_int . . .
    ..... 1706, 1726, 1727, 1751,
    1752, 1816, 1853, 1854, 1880, 1881,
    1909, 1922, 1923, 1962, 1963, 1973
\l_graphics_pagebox_tl . . .
    ..... 51, 1707, 1725,
    1753, 1754, 1817, 1851, 1852, 1882,
    1884, 1910, 1931, 1932, 1964, 1974
\graphics_read_bb:n . 1689, 1812, 1970
\l_graphics_urx_dim . . .
    .. 1697, 1758, 1836, 1888, 1953, 1995
\l_graphics_ury_dim .. 1698, 1759,
    1837, 1889, 1954, 1996, 2004, 2005
graphics internal commands:
    \l__graphics_backend_dir_str . 1771
    \l__graphics_backend_ext_str . 1771
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_auxi:n
        ..... 1704
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        auxi:nN ..... 1907
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        auxii:n ..... 1704
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        auxii:nnN ..... 1907
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        auxiii:nNnn ..... 1907
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        auxiv:nnNnn ..... 1907
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        auxv:nNnn ..... 1907
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        auxvi:nNnn ..... 1948, 1950
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:n .
        ..... 1689, 1771, 1812, 1970
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn
        ..... 1771
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_eps:nn
        ..... 1782, 1789
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_jpg:n .
        ..... 1704, 1812, 1907, 1971
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_-
        pagebox:w ..... 1907, 1964
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_pdf:n .
        ..... 1704, 1797, 1812, 1907, 1978
    \l__graphics_backend_getbb_png:n .
        ..... 1704, 1812, 1907, 1971
    \l__graphics_backend_include:nn 1984
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        auxi:nn ..... 1829
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        auxii:nnn ..... 1829
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        auxiii:nnn ..... 1829
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        bitmap_quote:w ..... 1958, 1999
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        eps:n ..... 1690, 1771, 1829, 1984
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        jpg:n ..... 1764, 1829, 1999
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        pdf:n .. 1764, 1803, 1829, 1958, 1984
    \l__graphics_backend_include_pdf_-
        quote:w ..... 1961, 1966
    \l__graphics_backend_include_-
        png:n ..... 1764, 1829, 1999
\l__graphics_backend_name_str . 1771
\l__graphics_graphics_attr_tl . .
    ..... 1703, 1708,
    1715, 1723, 1733, 1760, 1762, 1767
\l__graphics_internal_box . .
    .. 1756, 1758, 1759, 1952, 1953, 1954
\g__graphics_track_int . .
    ..... 1828, 1874, 1875
group commands:
    \group_begin: ..... 144, 172, 191
    \group_end: ..... 157, 180
    \group_insert_after:N 624, 643, 654,
        966, 979, 994, 1021, 1046, 3011, 3046

```

H

hbox commands:

```

\hbox:n ..... 2132, 2135,
    2207, 2213, 2366, 2373, 2891, 2902
\hbox_overlap_right:n ..... 224,
    256, 272, 313, 329, 357, 441, 1294, 1489
\hbox_set:Nn .. 1756, 1952, 2199, 2231
\hbox_set:Nw ..... 2182
\hbox_set_end: ..... 2197
\hbox_unpack:N ..... 2318

```

I

int commands:

```

\int_compare:nNnTF ..... .
    509, 551, 649, 947, 989, 1726, 1751,
    1853, 1880, 1922, 1962, 2290, 2391,
    2687, 2715, 2828, 2835, 2851, 3052
\int_const:Nn ..... 150, 156, 516,
    542, 577, 1760, 1875, 2030, 2565, 2753
\int_eval:n ..... .
    . 558, 568, 597, 608, 710, 719, 732,

```

```

    734, 738, 751, 2415, 2419, 2665,
    2690, 2697, 2710, 2920, 2928, 2933
\int_gincr:N ..... 198, 364,
    515, 1556, 1601, 1874, 2029, 2098,
    2142, 2216, 2752, 2795, 2808, 2830
\int_gset:Nn ..... 173, 192, 2279
\int_gset_eq:NN 181, 2143, 2217, 2809
\int_if_exist:NTF ..... 1864
\int_if_odd:nTF ..... 2202
\int_new:N ..... 164, 165,
    411, 506, 512, 1582, 1828, 2025,
    2123, 2154, 2156, 2748, 2805, 2821
\int_set:Nn ..... 534
\int_set_eq:NN ... 169, 188, 540, 2291
\int_step_function:nnnN ..... 736
\int_use:N ..... 366,
    397, 524, 535, 684, 820, 865, 933,
    1559, 1565, 1572, 1604, 1612, 1727,
    1752, 1767, 1854, 1867, 1879, 1881,
    1963, 2036, 2101, 2114, 2118, 2146,
    2153, 2221, 2322, 2576, 2586, 2759,
    2797, 2802, 2812, 2820, 2838, 2854
\int_value:w ..... 2444, 2479, 2636, 2647, 2665
\int_zero:N ... 1706, 1816, 1909, 1973

```

K

kernel internal commands:

```

\__kernel_backend_align_begin: ...
    ..... 65, 209, 233, 248
\__kernel_backend_align_end: ...
    ..... 65, 223, 241, 255
\__kernel_backend_first_shipout:n
    ..... 50, 62, 519, 670
\g__kernel_backend_header_bool ...
    ..... 60, 668
\__kernel_backend_literal:n ...
    ..... 46, 55, 58, 63,
    67, 74, 77, 79, 135, 138, 140, 142,
    162, 338, 351, 521, 546, 547, 555,
    565, 620, 627, 653, 659, 680, 816,
    993, 999, 1001, 1020, 1045, 1112,
    1118, 1413, 1420, 1426, 1486, 1491,
    1692, 1831, 1866, 1876, 1990, 2001,
    2742, 2858, 2920, 2924, 2929, 2934
\__kernel_backend_literal_page:n
    ..... 93, 137, 2736, 2738, 2939, 2941
\__kernel_backend_literal_pdf:n ...
    ... 82, 134, 264, 321, 1303, 3061, 3076
\__kernel_backend_literal_-
    postscript:n .....
    .... 54, 68, 69, 73, 210, 211, 213,
    214, 222, 234, 249, 1108, 2393, 2405

```

```

\__kernel_backend_literal_svg:n .
    ..... 161, 168, 179, 187,
    197, 365, 367, 384, 1497, 1670, 1681
\__kernel_backend_matrix:n .....
    ..... 121, 286, 307, 1403
\__kernel_backend_postscript:n ...
    ..... 57, 622,
    1024, 1026, 1028, 1032, 2019, 2075,
    2090, 2132, 2138, 2175, 2207, 2214,
    2218, 2232, 2260, 2304, 2311, 2317,
    2325, 2332, 2366, 2373, 2974, 2983
\__kernel_backend_scope:n .....
    ..... 166, 394, 399, 1086, 1502, 3090
\__kernel_backend_scope_begin: ...
    ..... 76, 103, 139,
    166, 208, 232, 247, 263, 280, 306,
    320, 337, 350, 1309, 1481, 1501, 1668
\__kernel_backend_scope_begin:n .
    ..... 166, 386, 414, 427
\__kernel_backend_scope_end: ...
    .. 76, 103, 139, 166, 225, 243, 257,
    273, 300, 314, 330, 346, 358, 409,
    423, 442, 544, 1310, 1493, 1504, 1682
\g__kernel_backend_scope_int ...
    164, 171, 173, 178, 182, 190, 192, 198
\l__kernel_backend_scope_int ...
    ..... 164, 170, 183, 189
\__kernel_color_backend_stack_-
    init:Nnn ..... 509, 575, 2990
\__kernel_color_backend_stack_-
    pop:n ..... 551, 589, 646, 3018
\__kernel_color_backend_stack_-
    push:nn .....
    .. 551, 589, 642, 964, 977, 3009, 3044
\__kernel_dependency_version_-
    check:Nn ..... 1
\__kernel_dependency_version_-
    check:nn ..... 27, 29
\__kernel_kern:n .....
    ..... 2137, 2139, 2365, 2369,
    2372, 2376, 2890, 2898, 2901, 2917
\c__kernel_sys_dvipdfmx_version_-
    int ..... 144, 509, 551,
    649, 947, 989, 2828, 2835, 2851, 3052

```

M

\MessageBreak 40
mode commands:

```

\mode_if_horizontal:TF ... 2281, 2288
\mode_if_math:TF ..... 2179

```

O

\oddsidemargin 2203
opacity internal commands:
__opacity_backend:nn ... 2977, 3083

```

\__opacity_backend_fill:n ..... 2977, 3019, 3083
\__opacity_backend_fill_stroke:nn .. 3021, 3027, 3031, 3049, 3063
\l__opacity_backend_fill_tl ... 2995, 3004, 3028, 3036, 3056, 3068
\__opacity_backend_fillstroke:nn ..... 3019
\__opacity_backend_reset: 2997, 3046
\__opacity_backend_select:n ... 2967, 2997, 3052, 3083
\__opacity_backend_select_aux:n .. 2967, 2997, 3034, 3054, 3066
\c__opacity_backend_stack_int ... 2988, 3009, 3018, 3044
\__opacity_backend_stroke:nn ..... 2977, 3019, 3083
\l__opacity_backend_stroke_tl ... 2995, 3005, 3023, 3037, 3057, 3069

P

pdf commands:
\pdf_object_if_exist:nTF ..... 876
\pdf_object_new:nn ..... 878
\pdf_object_ref:n ..... 891
\pdf_object_ref_last: ..... 857, 866, 925, 934
\pdf_object_unnamed_write:nn ... 845, 872, 898
\pdf_object_write:nn ..... 879
pdf internal commands:
\__pdf_backend:n ..... 2741, 2745, 2747, 2773, 2778, 2787, 2810, 2832, 2848, 2861, 2893, 2894, 2904
\__pdf_backend_annotation:nnnn .. 2124, 2429, 2806
\__pdf_backend_annotation_- aux:nnnn ..... 2126, 2129
\g__pdf_backend_annotation_int .. 2123, 2143, 2153, 2805, 2809, 2820
\__pdf_backend_annotation_last: .. 2152, 2442, 2819
\__pdf_backend_bdc:nn ..... 2423, 2735, 2938, 2960
\__pdf_backend_catalog_gput:nn .. 2021, 2535, 2744, 2944
\__pdf_backend_compress_objects:n .. 2389, 2656, 2919, 2954
\__pdf_backend_compresslevel:n .. 2389, 2656, 2919, 2954
\l__pdf_backend_content_box 2121, 2182, 2206, 2209, 2211, 2240, 2251
\__pdf_backend_destination:nn .. 2330, 2498, 2859
\__pdf_backend_destination:nnnn . 2330, 2498, 2859
\__pdf_backend_destination_- aux:nnnn ..... 2330, 2859
\__pdf_backend_emc: ..... 2423, 2735, 2938, 2960
\__pdf_backend_info_gput:nn ..... 2021, 2535, 2744, 2944
\__pdf_backend_link:nw ..... 2163
\__pdf_backend_link_aux:nw ... 2163
\__pdf_backend_link_begin:n .. 2822
\__pdf_backend_link_begin:nnnw 2453
\__pdf_backend_link_begin:nw ... 2164, 2166, 2167
\__pdf_backend_link_begin_aux:nw ..... 2170, 2172
\__pdf_backend_link_begin_- goto:nnw ..... 2163, 2453, 2822
\__pdf_backend_link_begin_- user:nnw ..... 2163, 2453, 2822
\g__pdf_backend_link_bool ..... 2158, 2169, 2174, 2189, 2227
\g__pdf_backend_link_dict_tl ... 2155, 2177, 2222
\__pdf_backend_link_end: ..... 2163, 2453, 2822
\__pdf_backend_link_end_aux: .. 2163
\g__pdf_backend_link_int ..... 2154, 2217, 2221, 2322, 2821, 2830, 2838, 2854
\__pdf_backend_link_last: ..... 2321, 2477, 2849
\__pdf_backend_link_margin:n .. 2323, 2488, 2857
\g__pdf_backend_link_math_bool .. 2157, 2180, 2181, 2184, 2194
\__pdf_backend_link_minima: .. 2163
\__pdf_backend_link_outerbox:n 2163
\g__pdf_backend_link_sf_int ..... 2156, 2279, 2290, 2291
\__pdf_backend_link_sf_restore: 2163
\__pdf_backend_link_sf_save: .. 2163
\l__pdf_backend_model_box . 2122, 2199, 2231, 2239, 2250, 2265, 2267
\__pdf_backend_objcompresslevel:n .. 2656
\g__pdf_backend_object_int ..... 2025, 2029, 2032, 2098, 2101, 2114, 2118, 2142, 2143, 2146, 2216, 2217, 2748, 2752, 2755, 2795, 2797, 2802, 2808, 2809, 2812
\__pdf_backend_object_last: ..... 2117, 2634, 2801, 2946

```

_pdf_backend_object_new:nn . . .	3179
..... 2027, 2556, 2750, 2946	
_pdf_backend_object_now:nn . . .	3179
..... 2096, 2608, 2793, 2946	
\g_pdf_backend_object_prop . . .	3179
..... 2025, 2033, 2044, 2054, 2555, 2573, 2589, 2748, 2756, 2763	
_pdf_backend_object_ref:n 2027, 2041, 2055, 2556, 2750, 2769, 2946	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write:nn . . .	3179
..... 2037, 2577, 2760, 2946	
_pdf_backend_object_write:nnn 2760	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write_- array:nn 2037, 2760	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write_- dict:nn 2037, 2760	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write_- fstream:nn 2037, 2760	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write_- fstream:nnn 2071, 2073	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write_- stream:nn 2037, 2760	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write_- stream:nnn 2037	3179
_pdf_backend_object_write_- stream:nnnn 2760	3179
_pdf_backend_pageobject_ref:n . . .	3179
..... 2119, 2645, 2803, 2946	
_pdf_backend_pdfmark:n . . .	3179
2018, 2022, 2024, 2039, 2060, 2065, 2099, 2144, 2333, 2377, 2424, 2426	
_pdf_backend_version_major: . . .	3179
..... 2415, 2421, 2712, 2928, 2929, 2936, 2958	
_pdf_backend_version_major_- gset:n 2413, 2684, 2926, 2956	3179
_pdf_backend_version_minor: . . .	3179
..... 2419, 2421, 2712, 2933, 2934, 2936, 2958	
_pdf_backend_version_minor_- gset:n 2413, 2684, 2926, 2956	3179
\l_pdf_breaklink_pdfmark_t1 . . .	3179
..... 2159, 2224, 2316	
_pdf_breaklink_postscript:n . . .	3179
..... 2161, 2208, 2210, 2317	
_pdf_breaklink_usebox:N . . .	3179
..... 2162, 2209, 2318	
_pdf_exp_not_i:nn . 2577, 2623, 2628	3179
_pdf_exp_not_ii:nn 2577, 2624, 2629	3179
\l_pdf_internal_box 2016	3179
pdf.baselineskip 2163, 3421	3179
pdf.bordertracking 3179	3179
pdf.bordertracking.begin 3179	3179
pdf.bordertracking.continue 3179	3179
pdf.bordertracking.end 3179	3179
pdf.bordertracking.endpage 3179	3179
pdf.breaklink 3179	3179
pdf.brokenlink.dict 3179	3179
pdf.brokenlink.rect 3179	3179
pdf.brokenlink.skip 3179	3179
pdf.count 3179	3179
pdf.currentrect 3179	3179
pdf.cvs 3101	3101
pdf.dest.anchor 3144	3144
pdf.dest.point 3144	3144
pdf.dest.x 3144	3144
pdf.dest.y 3144	3144
pdf.dest2device 3144	3144
pdf.dev.x 3144	3144
pdf.dev.y 3144	3144
pdf.dvi.pt 3101	3101
pdf.globaldict 3098	3098
pdf.leftboundary 3179	3179
pdf.link.dict 2163	2163
pdf.linkdp.pad 2163, 3105	3105
pdf.linkht.pad 2163, 3105	3105
pdf.linkmargin 3105	3105
pdf.llx 2163, 3108	3108
pdf.lly 2163, 3108	3108
pdf.originx 3179	3179
pdf.originy 3179	3179
pdf.outerbox 2163, 3421	3421
pdf.pdfmark 3421	3421
pdf.pdfmark.dict 3421	3421
pdf.pdfmark.good 3421	3421
pdf.pt.dvi 3101	3101
pdf.rect 3108	3108
pdf.rect.ht 3101	3101
pdf.rightboundary 3179	3179
pdf.save.linkll 3108	3108
pdf.save.linkur 3108	3108
pdf.save.ll 3108	3108
pdf.save.ur 3108	3108
pdf.tmpa 3144	3144
pdf.tmpb 3144	3144
pdf.tmpc 3144	3144
pdf.tmpd 3144	3144
pdf.urx 3108	3108
pdf.ury 2163, 3108	3108
pdfmanagement commands:	
\pdfmanagement_add:nnn 859, 863, 927, 931, 2988, 2992, 3006, 3013, 3038, 3041, 3058, 3070, 3073	
prg commands:	
\prg_replicate:nn 177, 708, 729, 739, 904	

prop commands:
 \prop_gput:Nnn 2033, 2573, 2756
 \prop_item:Nn 2044, 2054, 2589, 2763
 \prop_new:N 2026, 2555, 2749
 \ProvidesExplFile 2

Q

quark commands:
 \q_stop 145, 153

S

scan commands:
 \scan_stop:
 .. 106, 115, 608, 2471, 2496, 2519,
 2533, 2665, 2682, 2690, 2697, 2710

scan internal commands:
 \s_color_stop
 464, 467, 478, 481, 719, 720,
 724, 728, 741, 744, 748, 752, 766,
 905, 938, 942, 1049, 1051, 1072, 1074
 \s_graphics_stop
 1961, 1966, 2006, 2010

separation 3095

skip commands:
 \skip_horizontal:n 226, 274, 331

str commands:
 \c_hash_str 397, 1565, 1572, 1612
 \c_percent_str 1092, 1093, 1094
 \str_case:nn 910, 2103, 2616
 \str_case:nnTF 2337, 2507, 2866
 \str_case_e:nn 2043, 2588
 \str_convert_pdfname:n 687, 856
 \str_if_eq:nnTF
 483, 486, 489, 492, 3033, 3065
 \str_new:N 1773, 1774, 1775
 \str_tail:N 1784, 1805

sys commands:
 \sys_get_shell:nnNTF 146
 \sys_if_shell:TF 1771
 \sys_shell_now:n 1793

sys internal commands:
 \l_sys_internal_tl 148, 152
 _sys_tmp:w 145, 152

T

T_EX and L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} commands:
 \@cclv 2300, 2302, 2310
 \@ifl@t@r 50
 \makecol@hook 2294
 \current@color 14, 454, 458, 464, 478
 \special 2

tex commands:
 \tex_baselinskip:D 2271
 \tex_endinput:D 44

\tex_global:D
 2658, 2675, 2689, 2696, 2703
\tex_immediate:D
 1738, 2580, 2583, 2611, 2614
\tex_luatexversion:D 2687, 2715
\tex_pfannot:D 2435
\tex_pdfcatalog:D 2541
\tex_pdfcolorstack:D 595, 606
\tex_pdfcolorstackinit:D 583
\tex_pdfcompresslevel:D 2663
\tex_pdfdest:D 2504, 2527
\tex_pdfendlink:D 2474
\tex_pfdextension:D
 85, 96, 106, 115, 124,
 592, 603, 2432, 2460, 2471, 2501,
 2524, 2538, 2548, 2559, 2580, 2611
\tex_pdffeedback:D
 580, 2446, 2481, 2568, 2638, 2649
\tex_pdfinfo:D 2551
\tex_pdflastannot:D 2449
\tex_pdflastlink:D 2484
\tex_pdflastobj:D 2571, 2641
\tex_pdflastximage:D 1757, 1761
\tex_pdflinkmargin:D 2494
\tex_pfdliteral:D 88, 99
\tex_pdmajorversion:D
 2694, 2696, 2720, 2721
\tex_pdfminorversion:D 2708, 2732
\tex_pdfobj:D 2562, 2583, 2614
\tex_pdfobjcompresslevel:D 2680
\tex_pdpageref:D 2652
\tex_pdximage:D 1757, 1766
\tex_pdstore:D 118
\tex_pdfsave:D 109
\tex_pdfsetmatrix:D 127
\tex_pdfstartlink:D 2463
\tex_pdfvariable:D 2491,
 2660, 2677, 2689, 2705, 2716, 2729
\tex_pdximage:D 1738
\tex_spacefactor:D 2282, 2291
\tex_special:D 46
\tex_the:D 1761, 2716, 2721, 2727
\tex_vss:D 2367, 2374, 2896, 2915
\tex_XeTeXpdffile:D 1918, 1960
\tex_XeTeXpicfile:D 1911

TeXcolorseparation 3095

\textwidth 2266

tl commands:
 \c_space_tl 288, 293, 296, 525,
 775, 978, 1541, 1694, 1695, 1696,
 1697, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1881,
 1884, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1961,
 1963, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 2222,
 2451, 2486, 2643, 2654, 2812, 2839

\tl_clear:N	.....	1707, 1715, 1721, 1817, 1823, 1910, 1916, 1974, 1980	2036, 2566, 2576, 2587, 2754, 2759
\tl_gclear:N	.....	1579, 1615	\tl_use:N 807, 884
\tl_gset:Nn	.....	1538, 2177	token commands:
\tl_if_blank:nTF	.....	526, 585, 723, 740, 747, 765, 849, 941	\c_math_toggle_token 2185, 2195
\tl_if_empty:NTF	..	1541, 1710, 1745, 1753, 1851, 1855, 1882, 1897, 1931	U
\tl_if_empty:nTF	.....	1635	use commands:
\tl_if_empty_p:N	.....	1741, 1894	\use:N 43, 2053, 2113, 2768, 2796
\tl_if_head_is_space:nTF	.....	454	\use:n 52, 458, 494, 517, 861, 929, 1053, 1063, 1076, 1249, 1373, 1438, 1450, 1462, 1620, 1938
\tl_new:N	.....	630, 631, 1545, 1703, 2155, 2159, 2995, 2996	\use_none:n 1635, 1637, 2294
\tl_put_right:Nn	.....	2298	V
\tl_set:Nn	.	456, 468, 484, 487, 490, 494, 497, 640, 641, 963, 976, 1708, 1723, 1796, 2160, 2316, 3004, 3005, 3036, 3037, 3056, 3057, 3068, 3069	\value 2202
\tl_to_str:n	.....	2031,	vbox commands:
			\vbox_set:Nn 2302
			\vbox_to_zero:n 2363, 2370, 2888, 2899
			\vbox_unpack_drop:N 2310