

Writing, running and including the output of external documents from within a main **LATEX** document –v. 0.34

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^{*}Thanks to Karl Berry; Rolf Niepraschk

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1 Loading the package

```
\usepackage[Option]{hvextern}
```

There exists only one option `checkCode` which is valid for all \TeX -compiler. In this case an already existing external file will only be compiled, if the external code changed. This doesn't depends on the setting of the option `force`. `checkCode` can speed up the compilation time.

2 Syntax

This package allows to write external METAPOST, \TeX , Con \TeX t, L \TeX , Lua \TeX , L \TeX a \TeX , X \TeX , X \TeX a \TeX , Lua, Perl, Java and/or Python source code, which will then be run via `shell escape` to create a PDF oder text output to include it into the main L \TeX document.

There is only one environment and one command:

```
\begin{externalDocument}[<options>]{<external filename without extension>}  
...  
source code  
...  
\end{externalDocument}  
  
\runExtCmd[<options>]  
{<command with arguments>}  
{<external filename without extension>}
```

The main document *must* be run with the `-shell-escape` option, otherwise it won't work, e.g.:

```
lualatex --shell-escape <file>
```

The purpose for this package is to show the output of documents which have to be compiled with a different preamble or a different engine or a complete different system, but integrating the output automatically in the main document..

All examples in this document are created on-the-fly while running this L \TeX document with `lualatex` with the `--shell-escape` option.

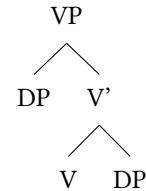
3 First examples

3.1 Without showing the code

This document was run with L \TeX a \TeX . Suppose you want to insert the output of a document which needs for several reasons a X \TeX run. Instead of created and running a document outside of the main document and then to insert the output we can do this from within this L \TeX a \TeX document itself. The external document is compiled with X \TeX and the output is insert as pdf image: 美好的一天.

Another example which needs a pdfL \TeX run. The source code itself is also not shown by the environment `externalDocument`.

```
\begin{externalDocument}[
  compiler=pdflatex,force=false,cleanup]{voss
}
\documentclass[standalone]{%
  StartVisiblePreamble
  \usepackage{fontenc}
  \usepackage{libertinus}
  \usepackage[linguistics]{forest}
  \forestapplylibrarydefaults{linguistics,
    edges}
  StopVisiblePreamble
  \begin{document}
  \begin{forest}
  [VP
    [DP]
    [V
      [V]
      [DP]
    ]
  ]
  \end{forest}
  \end{document}
  \end{externalDocument}
```



3.2 Showing code and output of a Python example

The png image is created on the fly with the following arguments of `externalDocument`:

```
\begin{externalDocument}[
  compiler=python3,
  code,
  ext=py,
  docType=py,
  usefancyvrb,
  grfOptions={width=\linewidth}}{python}
... Python code ...
\end{externalDocument}
```

The code which is declared as header and main can be marked by:

```
\hv@extern@exampleType{py}
{\NumChar StartVisibleMain}
{\NumChar StopVisibleMain}
{\NumChar StartVisiblePreamble}
{\NumChar StopVisiblePreamble}
```

`\NumChar` is the default Python comment character # and needs to be saved with a different category, which is done internally by the package. The complete definition of the code is:

```
\begin{externalDocument}[
  compiler=python3,
  code,
```

```

ext=py,
force=false,
docType=py,
usefancyvrb,
grfOptions={width=\linewidth}{python}
import os
#StartVisiblePreamble
from PIL import Image
import subprocess
# drawing area (xa < xb and ya < yb)
xa = -0.1716
xb = -0.1433
ya = 1.022
yb = 1.044
maxIt = 1024 # iterations
imgx = 1000 # image size
imgy = 750
image = Image.new("RGB", (imgx, imgy))
#StopVisiblePreamble

#StartVisibleMain
for y in range(imgy):
    cy = y * (yb - ya) / (imgy - 1) + ya
    for x in range(imgx):
        cx = x * (xb - xa) / (imgx - 1) + xa
        c = complex(cx, cy)
        z = 0
        for i in range(maxIt):
            if abs(z) > 2.0: break
            z = z * z + c
        r = i % 4 * 6
        g = i % 8 * 32
        b = i % 16 * 16
        image.putpixel((x, y), b * 65536 + g * 256 + r)
#StopVisibleMain
# now get the filename created by the latex document
imageName = os.path.basename(os.path.splitext(__file__)[0])+".png" # get filename
image.save(imageName, "PNG")
\end{externalDocument}

```

And with using this code we get the image as png inserted. The given filename of the external document is internally extended by a consecutive number which isn't known to the Python code. However, it is no problem in any programming language to get the name of a running file. The forlast line in the above code shows how it can be done with Python.

```

from PIL import Image
import subprocess
# drawing area (xa < xb and ya < yb)
xa = -0.1716

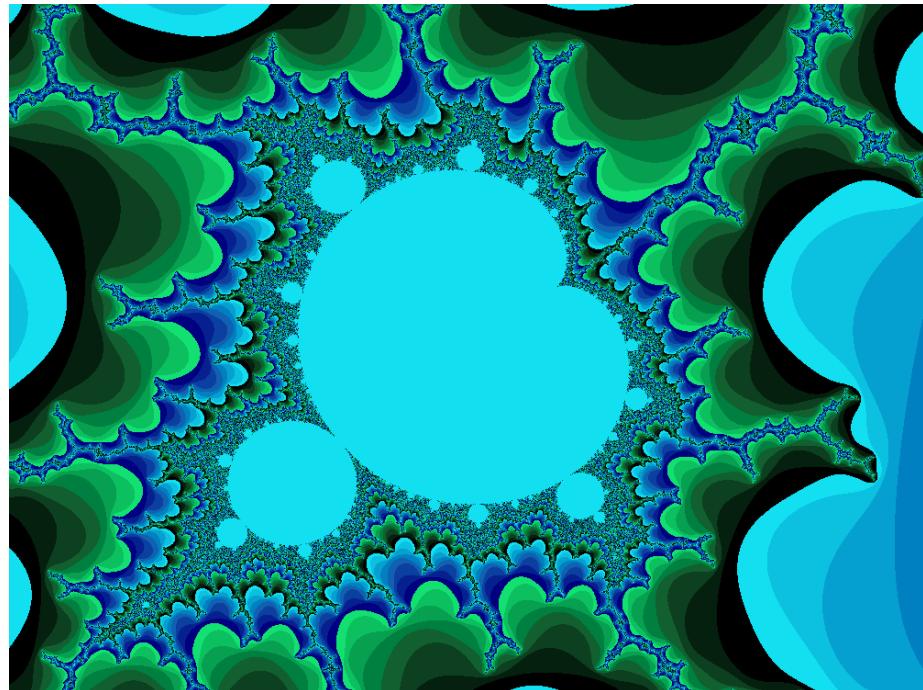
```

```

xb = -0.1433
ya = 1.022
yb = 1.044
maxIt = 1024 # iterations
imgx = 1000 # image size
imgy = 750
image = Image.new("RGB", (imgx, imgy))

for y in range(imgy):
    cy = y * (yb - ya) / (imgy - 1) + ya
    for x in range(imgx):
        cx = x * (xb - xa) / (imgx - 1) + xa
        c = complex(cx, cy)
        z = 0
        for i in range(maxIt):
            if abs(z) > 2.0: break
            z = z * z + c
        r = i % 4 * 6
        g = i % 8 * 32
        b = i % 16 * 16
        image.putpixel((x, y), b * 65536 + g * 256 + r)

```

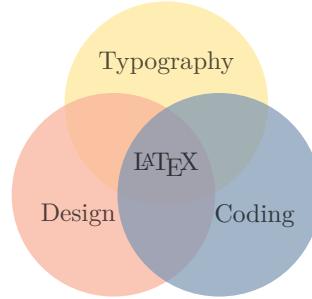


The external filename, extended by a consecutive number, can be printed in the margin by setting the keyword `showFilename`. In general it is printed in the outer margin or in `twocolumn` mode in the outer column. If the example is set in `twocolumn` mode but inside a starred floating environment over both column, then use the keyword `outerFN`. Then `hvextern` doesn't test for `twocolumn` mode.

A vertical shift of the filename is possible by setting a length to the keyword `shiftFN`, e.g. `shiftFN=5ex`.

```
\usepackage{tikz}
\usepackage[hks,pantone,xcolor]{xespotcolor}

\SetPageColorSpace{HKS}
\definecolor{HYellow}{spotcolor}{HKS05N,0.5}
\definecolor{HRed}{spotcolor}{HKS14N,0.5}
\definecolor{HBlue}{spotcolor}{HKS38N,0.5}
\begin{tikzpicture}[scale=0.7,fill opacity=0.7]
\fill[HYellow]( 90:1.2) circle (2);
\fill[HRed] ( 210:1.2) circle (2);
\fill[HBlue] ( 330:1.2) circle (2);
\node at ( 90:2) {Typography};
\node at ( 210:2) {Design};
\node at ( 330:2) {Coding};
\node {\LaTeX};
\end{tikzpicture}
```



4 Setting marker in the source

The marker for the code ranges which should be listed depend to the used programming language:

```
[...]
%StartVisiblePreamble
[... listed preamble code ]
%StopVisiblePreamble
[...]
\begin{document}
[...]
\end{document}
```

everything between `%StartVisiblePreamble` and `%StopVisiblePreamble` will be listed as preamble and in case of a `\LaTeX` source everything between `\begin{document}` and `\end{document}` as body. The marker must be defined with an own macro, e.g.:

```
\hv@extern@exampleType{py}
{\NumChar StartVisibleMain}
{\NumChar StopVisibleMain}
{\NumChar StartVisiblePreamble}
{\NumChar StopVisiblePreamble}
```

`\NumChar` is the comment character `#`, which needs a special handling. This version of `hvextern` supports the following programming languages (option `compiler`): `mpost`, `tex`, `latex`, `lualatex`, `python3`, `perl`, `lua`, `xetex`, `pdflatex`, `lualatex`, `xelatex`, and `context`. The default is `pdflatex`. The option `docType` selects the config file, which must be one of `context`, `lua`, `p1`, `tex`, `latex`, `mp`, and `py`. For Lua it is

```
\hv@extern@exampleType{lua}
{--StartVisibleMain}
```

```
{--StopVisibleMain}
{--StartVisiblePreamble}
{--StopVisiblePreamble}
```

It defines the marker strings for the listed code sequences. In some cases you have to use multiple times the same value for different optional arguments, e.g.

```
ext=lua, compiler(lua, docType=lua, ...
```

5 Optional arguments

The default setting is always shown in brackets.

5.1 Programs and runs

The proxpath should only in some rare cases needed. In general all used compilers will be found by the system. A given proxpath must be end with a slash, e.g. ./bin/

```
\define@key{hv}{proxpath}[]{\def\hv@extern@proxpath{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{compiler}[pdflatex]{\def\hv@extern@compiler{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{runsequence}[]{\def\hv@extern@runsequence{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{runs}[1]{\setcounter{hv@extern@runs}{\#1}}
```

Instead of the optional arguments compiler, biber, and xindex one can define an individual command sequence by using the optional argument runsequence. It must be comma separated list:

```
runsequence={lualatex,biber,xindex -l de -c AU,lualatex,lualatex}
```

```
\usepackage[ngerman]{babel}
\usepackage{libertinus,hvindex}
\usepackage{makeidx}\makeindex
\usepackage{biblatex}\addbibresource{biblatex-examples.bib}

Sort with xindex \verb|-l DE --config AU|
\blindtext
\Index{Österreich} \Index{Öresund}
\Index{Ostern} \Index{Ober} \Index{Oberin}
\Index{Österreich} \Index{Öresund}
\Index{Ödem} \Index{Oligarch} \Index{Oder}
\Index{Goldmann}
\printindex
\nocite{*}\printbibliography
\blindtext
\blinddocument
```

<p>Sort with index -1 ne --conf fg at Diese late ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an, ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: „Dies ist ein Blindtext“ oder „Das ist ein Blindtext“? Ein Blindtext bietet nur wichtige Informationen. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Ausnutzung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zusammenpassen. Ich kann mir darüber keine Gedanken machen. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergibt, aber er darf nicht leer sein. Eine Zeile mit dem Satz „natur ipsum“ dieses nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Ausnutzung vermutet. Österreich Oesund Öster Oberin Österreich Oesund Ödem Olgierd Öder Goldmann</p>	1	<p>Index</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10px; padding-right: 10px;">G</td> <td>Goldmann, 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>O</td> <td>Oberin, 1 Öder, 1 Olgierd, 1 Öster, 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ö</td> <td>Ödem, 1 Öesund, 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Österreich</td> <td>Österreich, 1</td> </tr> </table>	G	Goldmann, 1	O	Oberin, 1 Öder, 1 Olgierd, 1 Öster, 1	Ö	Ödem, 1 Öesund, 1	Österreich	Österreich, 1	3	<p>Literatur</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10px; padding-right: 10px;">[1]</td> <td>José L. Almeido u. a. „Elektromagnetisches Signallben“. EU-29790202 (FR, GB, DE). 1998.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[2]</td> <td>Aristoteles, Augustinus. In <i>Die Konservierung - Von Sinn und Un Sinn der Pädagogik und Ethik</i>. In: <i>Revue d'histoire Ecclésiaistique</i> 97 (2002), S. 431–456, 791–825.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[3]</td> <td>Aristotele. <i>De Anima</i>. Hrsg. von Robert Drew Hicks. Cambridge University Press. Cambridge, 1927.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[4]</td> <td>Aristotele. <i>Physica</i>. Übers. von F. H. Wickterod und F. M. Cornford. New York: G. P. Putnam. 1929.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[5]</td> <td>Aristotele. <i>Poetics</i>. Hrsg. von D. W. Lucas. Clarendon Aristotle Series. Oxford: Clarendon Press. 1927.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[6]</td> <td>Aristotele. <i>The Rhetoric of Aristotle with a commentary by the late Edward Merleau Cope</i>. Hrsg. und komment. von Edward Merleau Cope. 3 Bde. Cambridge University Press. 1977.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[7]</td> <td>Robert L. Augustine. <i>Heterogeneous catalysis for the synthetic chemist</i>. New York: Marcel Dekker. 1995.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[8]</td> <td>Averroes. <i>Drei Abhandlungen über die Coniunctione des partikelischen und des atomistischen Weltbildes. Von Averroes (Fazl und Seker), aus den Arabischen übersetzen von Samuel Ibn Tibbon</i>. Hrsg. und übers. von J. Herse. Berlin: S. Hirsmann. 1869.</td> </tr> </table>	[1]	José L. Almeido u. a. „Elektromagnetisches Signallben“. EU-29790202 (FR, GB, DE). 1998.	[2]	Aristoteles, Augustinus. In <i>Die Konservierung - Von Sinn und Un Sinn der Pädagogik und Ethik</i> . In: <i>Revue d'histoire Ecclésiaistique</i> 97 (2002), S. 431–456, 791–825.	[3]	Aristotele. <i>De Anima</i> . Hrsg. von Robert Drew Hicks. Cambridge University Press. Cambridge, 1927.	[4]	Aristotele. <i>Physica</i> . Übers. von F. H. Wickterod und F. M. Cornford. New York: G. P. Putnam. 1929.	[5]	Aristotele. <i>Poetics</i> . Hrsg. von D. W. Lucas. Clarendon Aristotle Series. Oxford: Clarendon Press. 1927.	[6]	Aristotele. <i>The Rhetoric of Aristotle with a commentary by the late Edward Merleau Cope</i> . Hrsg. und komment. von Edward Merleau Cope. 3 Bde. Cambridge University Press. 1977.	[7]	Robert L. Augustine. <i>Heterogeneous catalysis for the synthetic chemist</i> . New York: Marcel Dekker. 1995.	[8]	Averroes. <i>Drei Abhandlungen über die Coniunctione des partikelischen und des atomistischen Weltbildes. Von Averroes (Fazl und Seker), aus den Arabischen übersetzen von Samuel Ibn Tibbon</i> . Hrsg. und übers. von J. Herse. Berlin: S. Hirsmann. 1869.	5
G	Goldmann, 1																												
O	Oberin, 1 Öder, 1 Olgierd, 1 Öster, 1																												
Ö	Ödem, 1 Öesund, 1																												
Österreich	Österreich, 1																												
[1]	José L. Almeido u. a. „Elektromagnetisches Signallben“. EU-29790202 (FR, GB, DE). 1998.																												
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The following Java-program creates the Mandelbrot set as png image. The valid setting for the environment externalDocument is:

```
compiler=java,ext=java,docType=java,
```

```
public static int iterZahl(final double cx, final double cy, int maxIt,
    final double radius) {
    // bestimmt Anzahl der Iterationen
    int zaehler = 0;
    double zx = 0.0, zy = 0.0, tmp;
    do {
        tmp = zx*zx - zy*zy + cx;
        zy = 2*zx*zy + cy; zx = tmp;
        zaehler++;
    } while (zx*zx + zy*zy <= radius && zaehler < maxIt);
    return zaehler;
}

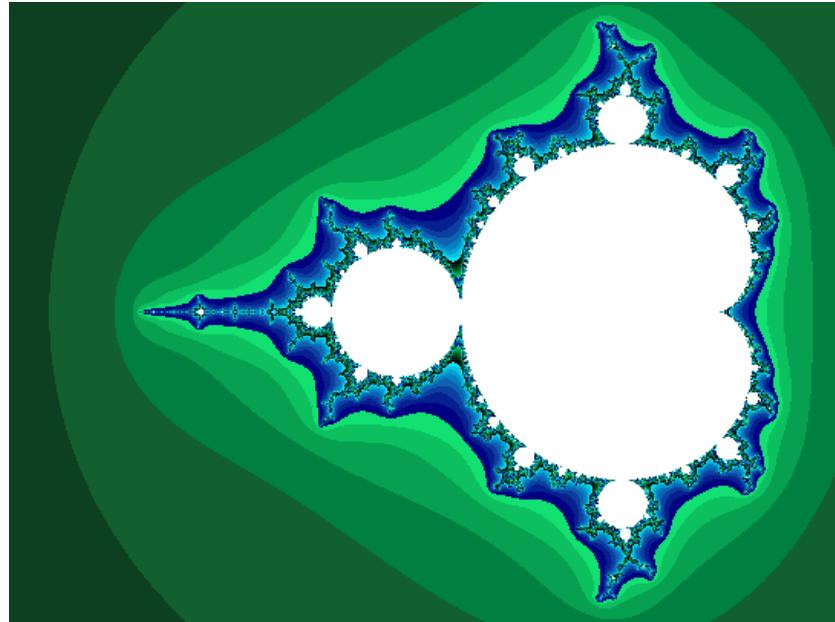
double xa = -2.5, xe = 0.7, ya = -1.2, ye = 1.2; // Ratio 20:15
double dx = (xe-xa)/(imageBreite-1), dy = (ye-ya)/(imageHoehe-1);
double cx, cy; int R, G, B;
double radius = 10.0;  int maxIt = 1024;
cx = xa;
for (int sp = 0; sp < imageBreite; sp++) {
    cy = ye; // von oben nach unten
    for (int ze = 0; ze < imageHoehe; ze++) {
        int zIter = iterZahl(cx, cy, maxIt, radius);
        if (zIter == maxIt) {
            g.setColor(Color.WHITE);
            g.drawLine(sp, ze, sp, ze);
        } else {
            R = zIter % 4 * 6 ; G = zIter % 8 * 32; B = zIter % 16 * 16;
            g.setColor(new Color(R,G,B));
            g.drawLine(sp, ze, sp, ze);
        }
        cy = cy - dy;
    } // for ze
}
```

java-6.java

```

    cx = cx + dx;
} // for sp

```



5.2 Grafik options

```
\define@key{hv}{grfOptions}[]{\def\hv@extern@grfOptions{\#1}}
```

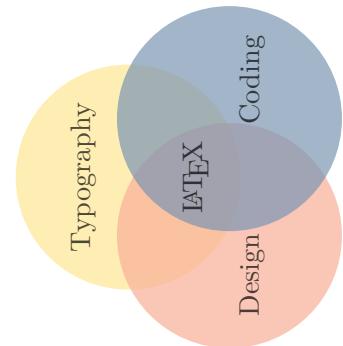
The option is passed to `\includegraphics`, e.g. `angle=90, width=\linewidth` for the following example.

```

voss-7.tex
\usepackage{tikz}
\usepackage[hks,pantone,xcolor]{xspotcolor}

\SetPageColorSpace{HKS}
\definecolor{HYellow}{spotcolor}{HKS05N,0.5}
\definecolor{HRed}{spotcolor}{HKS14N,0.5}
\definecolor{HBlue}{spotcolor}{HKS38N,0.5}
\begin{tikzpicture}[scale=0.7, fill opacity =0.7]
\fill[HYellow] ( 90:1.2) circle (2);
\fill[HRed] (210:1.2) circle (2);
\fill[HBlue] (330:1.2) circle (2);
\node at ( 90:2) {Typography};
\node at ( 210:2) {Design};
\node at ( 330:2) {Coding};
\node {\LaTeX};
\end{tikzpicture}

```



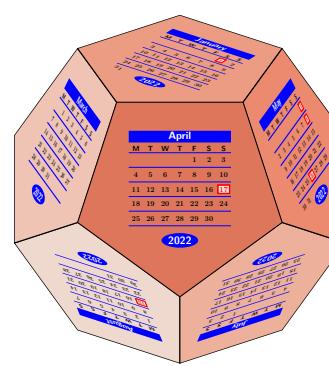
5.3 Listings options

```
\define@key{hv}{1stOptions}[]{\def\hv@extern@1stOptions{#1}}
```

The option is passed either to `\listinputlisting`, or, if `usefancyvrb` is active, to `\VerbatimInput`. The following example uses

```
1stOptions={basicstyle=\sffamily\itshape\scriptsize},
```

```
\usepackage{pst-calend}
\psscalebox{0.3}{%
\psCalDodecaeder[Year=2022, style=april]}
```



vooss-8.tex

5.4 Background color

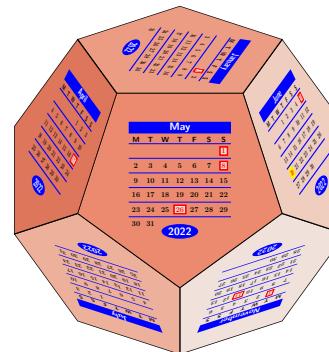
There are different colors for the preamble and body listing: the background and frame color.

```
\define@key{hv}{BGpreamble}[black12]{\def\hv@extern@BGpreamble{#1}}
\define@key{hv}{BGbody}[black8]{\def\hv@extern@BGbody{#1}}
\define@key{hv}{B0preamble}[black12]{\def\hv@extern@B0preamble{#1}}
\define@key{hv}{B0body}[black8]{\def\hv@extern@B0body{#1}}
```

The options are passed to `tcolorbox` and preset to `black!12` and `black!8`. The color of the frame is set to the same values, hence not seen. The following example uses

```
BGpreamble=red!10, B0preamble=red,
BGbody=blue!8, B0body=blue,
```

```
\usepackage{pst-calend}
\pscalebox{0.3}{%
\psCalDodecaeder[Year=2022, style=may]}
```



vooss-9.tex

5.5 Type of the source code

The current version of hvextern supports code written as METAPOST, plain TeX, L^AT_EX, ConTeXt, and Python. Every type has its own keywords for the linerange which should be printed for the preamble and the body. For example the latex config is:

```
\hv@extern@exampleType{latex}%                                for _all_LaTeX engines
  {\string\begin\string{document\string}}%
  {\string\end\string{document\string}}%
  {\perCent StartVisiblePreamble}%
  {\perCent StopVisiblePreamble}%

% only for the sequence latex->dvips->ps2pdf
\def\hv@extern@runLATEX#1#2#3#4{%
  \ifhv@extern@verbose \typeout{>>> running #1#2 #3#4}\fi
  \ShellEscape{#1#2\space #3#4}%
  \ifhv@extern@verbose \typeout{>>> running #1dvips #3}\fi
  \ShellEscape{#1dvips\space #3.dvi}%
  \ifhv@extern@verbose \typeout{>>> running ps2pdf #3.ps}\fi
  \ShellEscape{#1ps2pdf\space -dAutoRotatePages=/None\space -dALLOWPSTRANSPARENCY\space #3.ps}%
}
```

If a source needs more than running the defined compiler, it must be defined by a macro

```
\def\hv@extern@run<NAME>#1#2#3#4{%
  \def\hv@extern@pages{#1}%
  \def\hv@extern@pagessep{#2}%
  \def\hv@extern@frame{#3}%
  \def\hv@extern@compiler{lualatex}%
  \def\hv@extern@runs{#4}%
}
```

The type of the source code can be different to the compiler, e.g. source latex, but compiler lualatex.

5.6 Output more than one page

The pages which should be printed can be defined by

```
\define@key{hv}{pages}[1]{\def\hv@extern@pages{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{pagesep}[1em]{\def\hv@extern@pagessep{\#1}}
\define@boolkey{hv}[hv@extern@]{frame}[true]{}
```

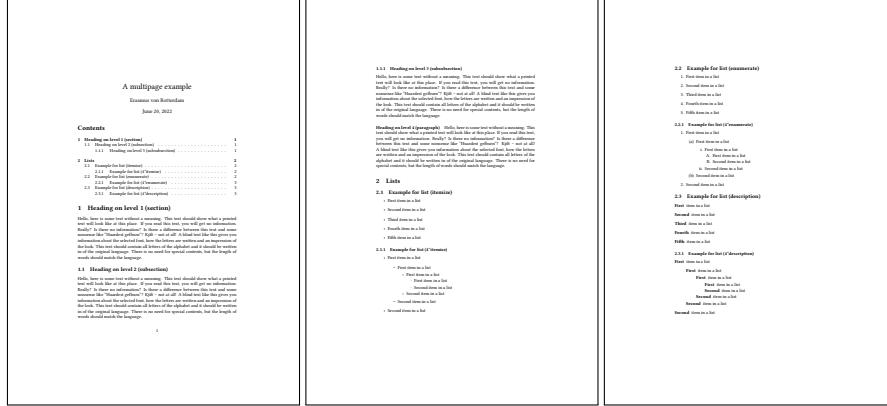
With frame the pages can be framed (internally by \fbox). It is leaved to the user to choose the correct image width for the pages. The separation between the pages is defined by the length pagesep. The following example uses:

```
pages={1,2,3},
pagesep=2pt,
grfOptions={width=0.3\linewidth},
compiler=lualatex, runs=2, % for the TOC
frame,
```

```
\usepackage[american]{babel}
\usepackage{libertinus}
```

```
\usepackage{blindtext}
```

```
\title{A multipage example}
\author{Erasmus von Rotterdam}
\maketitle
\tableofcontents
\blinddocument
```



5.7 Output as floating object with caption and label

By default the images are not inserted as a float. This can be changed by the keyword `float`, a caption and a label are optional. The float type is always `figure`.

```
\define@boolkey{hv}[hv@extern@]{float}[true]{}
\define@key{hv}{floatsetting}[]{\def\hv@extern@floatsetting{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{caption}[]{\def\hv@extern@caption{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{label}[]{\def\hv@extern@label{\#1}}
```

The image Figure 1 shows an example for a floating object, which uses the `floatsetting !htb`, which is the default. Using a caption and a label are optional.

```
\usepackage{pst-coxeterp}
```

```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)\Simplex[dimension=2]\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)\Simplex[dimension=3]\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)\Simplex[dimension=5]\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)\Simplex[dimension=7]\end{pspicture}
```

5.8 Cropping the PDF

Instead of using the `documentclass standalone`, which already crops the created PDF, one can use the optional argument `crop`.

```
\define@boolkey{hv}[hv@extern@]{crop}[true]{}
\define@key{hv}{cropmargin}[2]{\def\hv@extern@cropmargin{\#1 }}% length in pt
```

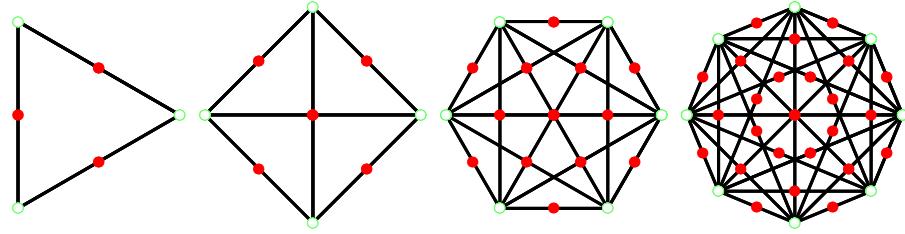


Abbildung 1: An example for Coxeter images

It is also possible to crop a document with more than one page. In this case the beginning and end of the pages should be on the same height. Otherwise the pages will have different heights after cropping (see next image). The following example was created with

```
pages={1,2,3},
pagesep=2pt,
grf0options={width=0.3\linewidth},
compiler=lualatex, runs=2, % for the TOC
frame,
crop, cropmargin=5,%      5pt margin
```

voss-12.tex

```
\usepackage[american]{babel}
\usepackage{libertinus}
\usepackage{blindtext}
\pagestyle{headings}
```

```
\title{A multipage example}
\author{Erasmus von Rotterdam}
\maketitle
\tableofcontents
\Blinddocument
```

A multipage example

Erasmus von Rotterdam

June 20, 2022

Contents

1	Heading on level 1 (section)
1.1	Heading on level 2 (subsection)
2	Lists
2.1	Example for list (enumitem)
2.1.1	Example for list (enumitem)
2.2	Example for list (enumerate)
2.2.1	Example for list (enumerate)
2.3	Example for list (description)
2.3.1	Example for list (description)

1 Heading on level 1 (section)

This is the first paragraph. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Haeusder gefbum"? Kjlf – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special contents, but the length of words should match the language.

After this fourth paragraph, we start a new paragraph sequence. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Haeusder gefbum"? Kjlf – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special contents, but the length of words should match the language.

And after the second paragraph follows the third paragraph. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Haeusder gefbum"? Kjlf – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special contents, but the length of words should match the language.

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1 Heading on level 1 (section)

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5.9 Code and output side by side

By default the code and the output is on top of each other. With setting the width of a minipage with `mpwidth` greater than 0 pt the output will be side by side.

```
\define@key{hv}{mpwidth}[0pt]{\setlength\hv@extern@mpwidth{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{mpvalign}[0pt]{\def\hv@extern@mpvalign{\#1}}
```

`mpwidth` is the width of the code. The rest of the line, minus 1em for the space between the minipages, will be the possible width for the output and will be calculated automatically. The two minipages are aligned by defaults to its top. This can be changed by setting `mpvalign` to `c` or `b`.

5.10 Horizontal alignment of the output

```
align=\centering, % default
```

```
\rule{0.5\linewidth}{5mm}
```



```
align=\raggedright,
```

```
\rule{0.5\linewidth}{5mm}
```



```
align=\raggedleft,
```

```
\rule{0.5\linewidth}{5mm}
```



```
align=\centering, mpwidth=0.5\linewidth, % default for side by side
```

```
\rule{0.25\linewidth}{5mm}
```



```
align=\raggedright, mpwidth=0.5\linewidth,
```

```
\rule{0.25\linewidth}{5mm}
```



```
align=\raggedleft, mpwidth=0.5\linewidth,
```

```
\rule{0.25\linewidth}{5mm}
```



5.11 Inline images

By default code and image are own paragraphs. With the optional argument `inline` the created image can be part of the current line. This may make sense, if you need characters which are not part of your current font.

```
\define@boolkey{hv}[hv@extern@]{inline}[true]{%
  \hv@extern@codefalse
  \hv@extern@showFilenamefalse}
```

With the setting `inline=true` the optional keyword `code` and `showFilename` is automatically set to false. The next Chinese characters %美好的一天 are inserted as inline image without showing the code. The complete code looks like:

```
With \Lkeyset{inline} the optional argument \Lkeyword{code} is
automatically set to false. The next Chinese characters
\begin{externalDocument}[
  compiler=xelatex, inline, runs=2, grfOptions={height=8pt},
  crop, cropmargin=0, cleanup, force=false, docType=latex]{voss}
\documentclass{ctexart}
\pagestyle{empty}
\begin{document}
\end{document}
\end{externalDocument}
are inserted as inline image without showing the code. The complete
code looks like:
```

5.12 Input text instead of an image

By default the created pdf which can be, of course, only text, will be inserted by `\includegraphics`. If you have only text as output and don't want to create a pdf you can insert this kind of output as verbatim text by setting `includegraphic=false`.

```
\define@boolkey{hv}[hv@extern@]{includegraphic}[true]{}
```

The textfile must have the same main filename with the extension `.txt`. As already mentioned, in every programming language you can get the current used filename from within the code itself. The following Perl example which calculates the Kaprekar constants uses

```
my $filename = $0;          # the current filename
$filename =~ s/\.pl//;      # without extension .pl
$filename = "${filename}.txt"; # for the output
```

Only for some completeness: a Kaprekar constant is a number A with $\max(A) - \min(A) = A$. \max and \min are the sorted digits of the number A : $495 = 954 - 459$.

```

my $zahl = 1;
my $anfang = 1;
my $ende = 9;

print $fh "Finding Kaprekarconstants ...\\n";
while ($zahl < 8) {
    print $fh "{$zahl}-stellig: ";
    foreach ($anfang...$ende) { # for every
        row $_
        @Zeichen = split(//,$_);
        $Min = join("",sort(@Zeichen));
        $Max = reverse($Min);

        $Dif=$Max-$Min;
        if($_ eq $Dif) {
            $found = 1;
            print $fh $_,", ";
        }
    }
    if (!$found) { print $fh "---\\n"; }
    else         { print $fh "\\n"; }

    $found = false;
    $zahl = $zahl+1;
    $anfang = $anfang*10;
    $ende = $ende*10;
}

```

Finding Kaprekarconstants
 ...
 1-stellig: ---
 2-stellig:
 3-stellig: 495,
 4-stellig: 6174,
 5-stellig:
 6-stellig: 549945, 631764,
 7-stellig:

voss-20.pl

Another example with running Lua to calculate and print the Pascal's triangle.
 The internal filename is available with

```

local filename = arg[0]
local shortFN = str:match("(.+)%..+") -- delete extension
outFile = io.open(shortFN..".txt","w+") -- open external file

```

```

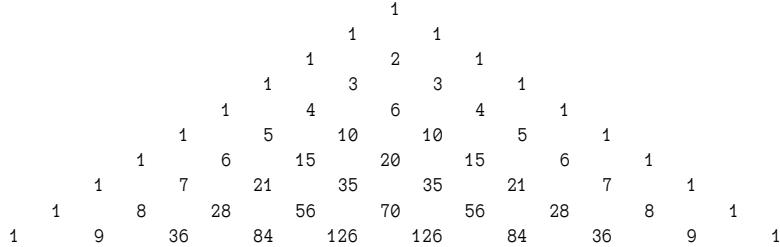
function nextrow(t)
    local ret = {}
    t[0], t[#t+1] = 0, 0
    for i = 1, #t do ret[i] = t[i-1] + t[i] end
    return ret
end

function triangle(n)
    t = {1}
    for i = 1, n do
        m = (n - i)
        for j = 1,m do outFile:write("      ") end
        for k = 1,i do outFile:write(string.format("%8s",t[k])) end
        outFile:write("\\n")
        t = nextrow(t)
    end

```

end

triangle(10)



5.13 Running additional external programs

For a L^AT_EX additional programs for bibliography, index, a.s.o. maybe needed.

```
\define@boolkey{hv}[hv@extern@]{biber}{true}{}  

\define@boolkey{hv}[hv@extern@]{xindex}{true}{}  

\define@key{hv}{xindexOptions}[]{\def\hv@extern@xindexOptions{\#1}}  

\define@key{hv}{runsequence}[]{\def\hv@extern@runsequence{\#1}}
```

The biber run needs no additional options, but for `xindex` it maybe useful. The following examples uses

```
\begin{externalDocument}[  
    compiler=luatex, runs=2, pages=2,crop,  
    xindex, xindexOptions={-l DE --config AU},  
    mpwidth=0.6\linewidth, usefancyvrb=false,  
    docType=latex,  
    ...  
]{voss}
```

vooss-22.tex

```
\usepackage{makeidx}\makeindex  
\usepackage{hvindex}
```

```
Sort with xindex \verb|-1 DE --config AU|  
\Index{Österreich} \Index{Öresund}  
\Index{Ostern} \Index{Ober} \Index{Oberin}  
\Index{Österreich} \Index{Öresund}  
\Index{Ödem} \Index{Oligarch} \Index{Oder}  
\Index{Ostern} \Index{Ober} \Index{Oberin}  
\Index{Obstler} \Index{Öl} \Index{ölen}  
\Index{Oder}\seealso{Fluss} \Index{Göbel}  
\Index{oder} \index{Fluss!Oder}  
\Index{Goethe} \Index{Göthe} \Index{Götz}  
\Index{Goldmann}  
\printindex
```

Index

F	Obstler, 1
Fluss	oder, 1
- Oder, 1	Oder, 1, <i>siehe auch Fluss</i>
G	Oligarch, 1
Goethe, 1	Ostern, 1
Goldmann, 1	Ö
Göbel, 1	Ödem, 1
Göthe, 1	Öl, 1
Götz, 1	Öresund, 1
O	Österreich, 1
Ober, 1	ö
Oberin, 1	ölen, 1

Instead of using the options `compiler`, `biber`, and `xindex` one can also use only the optional argument `runsequence` to define an individuell sequence of commands, e.g.:

```
runsequence={lualatex,biber,{xindex -l de -c AU},lualatex,lualatex}
```

```
\usepackage[ngerman]{babel}
\usepackage{libertinus,hvindex}
\usepackage{makeidx}\makeindex
\usepackage[biblatex]{addbibrsource}{biblatex-examples.bib}

\blindtext
\Index{\Oesterreich} \Index{\Oresund}
\Index{\Ostern} \Index{\Ober} \Index{\Oberin}
\Index{\Oesterreich} \Index{\Oresund}
\Index{\Odem} \Index{\Oligarch} \Index{\Oder}
\Index{\Goldmann}
\printindex
\nocite{*}\printbibliography
\blindtext
\blindddocument
```

voss-23.tex

<p>Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wichtig? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe „die Osterin“ oder „die Oderin“? Käff – misslicht! Ein Blindtext bietet nur wochige Informationen. An ihm mache ich die Leserhöft einer Schrift, ihre Anmutung, was sie kostet und wie sie sich auf die Leserhöft eines anderen oder schlimmer läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber leicht sein. Testen Sie den Text mit „jedem“ Programm, das Ihnen den eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Anmutung vermittelte. Österreich Oresund Ostem Ober Oberin Österreich Oresund Odem Oligarch Ober Goldmann</p>		<p>Index</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 10px; vertical-align: top;">G</td><td>Goldmann, 1</td></tr> <tr> <td>O</td><td>Ober, 1 Oberin, 1 Oder, 1 Oligarch, 1 Ostern, 1</td></tr> <tr> <td>Ö</td><td>Ödem, 1 Oresund, 1 Österreich, 1</td></tr> </table>	G	Goldmann, 1	O	Ober, 1 Oberin, 1 Oder, 1 Oligarch, 1 Ostern, 1	Ö	Ödem, 1 Oresund, 1 Österreich, 1
G	Goldmann, 1							
O	Ober, 1 Oberin, 1 Oder, 1 Oligarch, 1 Ostern, 1							
Ö	Ödem, 1 Oresund, 1 Österreich, 1							
		<p>Literatur</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1] José L. Almenante u. a. „Elektromagnetisches Signalhorn“. EU-29702195U (FR, GB, DE). 1998. [2] Arnold Angewandt, „In Huncore Salvatoris – Vom Sinn und Nutzen der Bibelübersetzung“, in: <i>Archives d'histoire Ecclésiastique</i> 97 (2002), S. 431–456, 791–823. [3] Aristotle, <i>De Anima</i>, Hrsg. von Robert Drew Hicks, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1907. [4] Aristotle, <i>Physics</i>, von F. W. Rodkinson und F. M. Cornford, New York: C. P. Putnam, 1928. [5] Aristotle, <i>Poetics</i>, Hrsg. von D. W. Lucas, Clarendon Aristotle, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1927. [6] Aristotle, <i>Rhetorica of Aristotle with a commentary by the late Edward Merrell Cope</i>, Hrsg. und komment. von Edward Merrell Cope, 3 Bde. Cambridge University Press, 1877. [7] John L. Augustine, <i>Heterogeneous catalysis for the synthetic chemist</i>. New York: Marcel Dekker, 1995. [8] Averroes, <i>Drei Abhandlungen über die Conjunction des separaten Intellekts mit dem Menschen</i>, Von Averroes (Vetus etiam) aus dem arabischen übertr. von Samuel ibn Tibbon, Hrsg. und übers. von J. Herz, Berlin: S. Hirsmann, 1869. [9] Averroes, <i>The Field on the Possibility of Conjunction with the Active Intellect by the Radii with the Commentary of Moses Nahon</i>, Hrsg. und übers. von Kalman P. Bland, Moreh: Studies in Jewish History, Literature and Thought, New York: Jewish Theological Seminary of America, 1986. [10] Averroes, <i>Des Averroës Abhandlung „Über die Möglichkeit der Conjunction“ oder „Über den materialien Intellekt“</i>, Hrsg. und übers. von Wolfgang Haines, Halle an der Saale: C. A. Kaemmermeier, 1892. [11] John C. Baez und Aaron D. Lauda, <i>Higher-Dimensional Algebra V: 2-Groups</i>, Version 3, 27. Okt. 2004, arXiv: math/0412203. [12] John C. Baez und Aaron D. Lauda, <i>Higher-Dimensional Algebra VI: 2-Groups</i>, Version 3, In: <i>Theory and Applications of Categories</i> 12 (2004), S. 423–491, arXiv: math/0412204. [13] Aaron Bertram und Richard Wentworth, „Gromov invariants for holomorphic maps on Riemann surfaces“, In: <i>J. Amer. Math. Soc.</i> 9, 2 (1996), S. 529–571. [14] Michael B. Beck und Peter G. Bergman, „Die nordischen Länder von der Mitte des 11. Jahrhunderts bis 1448“, In: <i>Europa im Hoch- und Spätmittelalter</i>, Hrsg. von Ferdinand Stadler, Band 1, Die europäische Geschichte 2, Stuttgart: Klett-Cotta, 1987, S. 484–497. [15] <i>The Chicago Manual of Style. The Essential Guide for Writers, Editors, and Publishers</i>, 15. Aufl. Chicago, Ill.: University of Chicago Press, 2003, ISBN: 0-226-10403-6. 						
1	2	3						

5.14 Using listings

The default is using `\lstinputlisting` for the printed code sequences.

```
\documentclass[chapterprefix=on,parskip=half-,DIV=12,fontsize=12pt]{scrbook}
}
\DeclareNewSectionCommand[
  style=section,
  level=4,
  beforeskip=-3.25ex plus -1ex minus -.2ex,
  afterskip=1.5ex plus .2ex,
  font=\normalsize,
  indent=0pt,
  counterwithin=subsubsection
]{subsubsubsection}
\RedeclareSectionCommand[
  level=5,
  toplevel=5,
  tocindent=13em,
  tocnumwidth=5.9em,
  counterwithin=subsubsubsection
]{paragraph}
\RedeclareSectionCommand[
  level=6,
  toplevel=6,
  tocindent=15em,
  tocnumwidth=6.8em
]{ subparagraph}
\setcounter{secnumdepth}{\subsubsubsectionnumdepth}
\setcounter{tocdepth}{\subsubsubsectiontocdepth}
```

voSS-24.tex

```
\tableofcontents
\chapter{Einführung}
\section{Ein Abschnitt}
\subsection{Ein Unterabschnitt}
\subsubsection{Ein Unter-Unterabschnitt}
\subsubsubsection{Ein Unter-Unter-Unterabschnitt}
\paragraph{Der normale Paragraph}
\blindtext
\subparagraph{Der normale Unterparagraph}
\blindtext
\blinddocument
```

<h2>Inhaltsverzeichnis</h2> <hr/> <p>1 Einführung</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.1 Ein Abschnitt 3 1.1.1 Ein Unterabschnitt 3 1.1.1.1 Ein Unter-Unterabschnitt 3 1.1.1.1.1 Ein Unter-Unter-Unterabschnitt 3 <p>2 Überschrift auf Ebene 0 (chapter)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.1 Überschrift auf Ebene 1 (section) 5 2.1.1 Überschrift auf Ebene 2 (subsection) 5 2.1.1.1 Überschrift auf Ebene 3 (subsubsection) 6 <p>2.2 Listen</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.2.1 Beispiel einer Liste (list-item) 6 2.2.1.1 Beispiel einer Liste (4'thennate) 7 2.2.2 Beispiel einer Liste (enumerative) 7 2.2.2.2 Beispiel einer Liste (v'numerate) 7 2.2.3 Beispiel einer Liste (description) 8 2.2.3.1 Beispiel einer Liste (d'escription) 8 	<h2>Kapitel 1</h2> <h3>Einführung</h3> <p>1.1 Ein Abschnitt</p> <p>1.1.1 Ein Unterabschnitt</p> <p>1.1.1.1 Ein Unter-Unterabschnitt</p> <p>1.1.1.1.1 Ein Unter-Unter-Unterabschnitt</p> <p>Der normale Paragraph Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textangaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: „Dies ist ein Blindtext“ oder „Hast du gefehlt“? Kijf – minütchen! Ein Blindtext bietet mir „wichtige Informationen“. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Ausmündung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen, ob sie einen guten Rhythmus haben, ob sie ausgewogen sind, ob sie verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie „Lorem ipsum“ dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Ausmündung vermitteln.</p> <p>Der normale Unterpargraph Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textangaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: „Dies ist ein Blindtext“ oder „Hast du gefehlt“? Kijf – minütchen! Ein Blindtext bietet mir „wichtige Informationen“. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Ausmündung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen und prüfe, wie breit oder schmal sie laufen. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie „Lorem ipsum“ dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Ausmündung vermitteln.</p>
--	--

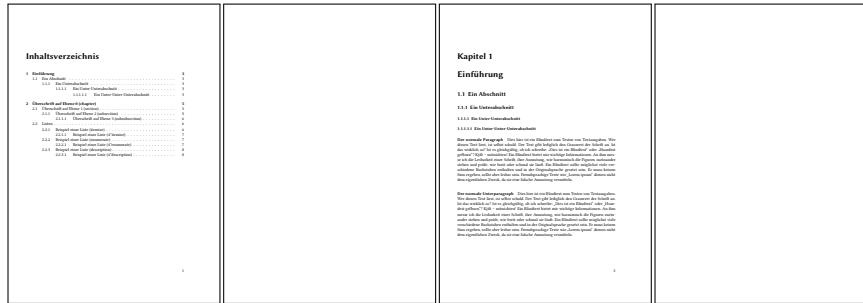
It also possible to use `\VerbatimInput` from package `fancyvrb`. In general it makes no difference using the optional argument `usefancyvrb` or not.

```
\documentclass[chapterprefix=on,parskip=half-,DIV=12,fontsize=12pt]{scrbook}
\DeclareNewSectionCommand[
  style=section,
  level=4,
  beforeskip=-3.25ex plus -1ex minus -.2ex,
  afterskip=1.5ex plus .2ex,
  font=\normalsize,
  indent=0pt,
  counterwithin=subsubsection
]{subsubsubsection}
\RedeclareSectionCommand[
  level=5,
  toplevel=5,
  tocindent=13em,
  tocnumwidth=5.9em,
  counterwithin=subsubsubsection
]{paragraph}
\RedeclareSectionCommand[
  level=6,
  toplevel=6,
  tocindent=15em,
  tocnumwidth=6.8em
]{ subparagraph}
\setcounter{secnumdepth}{\subsubsubsectionnumdepth}
\setcounter{tocdepth}{\subsubsubsectiontocdepth}

\tableofcontents
\chapter{Einführung}
```

voss-25.tex

```
\section{Ein Abschnitt}
\subsection{Ein Unterabschnitt}
\subsubsection{Ein Unter-Unterabschnitt}
\subsubsubsection{Ein Unter-Unter-Unterabschnitt}
\paragraph{Der normale Paragraph}
\blindtext
\subparagraph{Der normale Unterparagraph}
\blindtext
\blinddocument
```



5.15 Vertical space

```
\define@key{hv}{aboveskip}[\medskipamount]{%
    \setlength\hv@extern@aboveskip{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{belowpreambleskip}[\smallskipamount]{%
    \setlength\hv@extern@belowpreambleskip{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{belowbodyskip}[\smallskipamount]{%
    \setlength\hv@extern@belowbodyskip{\#1}}
\define@key{hv}{belowskip}[\medskipamount]{%
    \setlength\hv@extern@belowskip{\#1}}
```

aboveskip Vertical space *before* the environment `externalDocument` or the command
`\runExtCmd` (default `\medskipamount`)

belowpreambleskip Vertical space between preamble and body (default `\smallskipamount`)

belowbodyskip Vertical space between body and output (default `\smallskipamount`)

belowskip Vertical space *after* the environment `externalDocument` or the command
`\runExtCmd` (default `\medskipamount`)

The listings environment uses its own keywords `aboveskip` and `belowskip`, also preset to `\medskipamount`. These ones can be changed by using the keyword `lstOptions`:

```
..., lstOptions = {aboveskip=..., belowskip=...}, ...
```

5.16 No output

By default there is an image or text as output of the external run. In a case, where you are only interested in the code, which should be formatted in the same style as other examples, you can set `showoutput` to `false`.

```
\documentclass[chapterprefix=on,parskip=half-,DIV=12,fontsize=12pt]{scrbook}
\DeclareNewSectionCommand[
  style=section,
  level=4,
  beforeskip=-3.25ex plus -1ex minus -.2ex,
  afterskip=1.5ex plus .2ex,
  font=\normalsize,
  indent=0pt,
  counterwithin=subsubsection
]{subsubsubsection}

\tableofcontents
\chapter{Einführung}
\section{Ein Abschnitt}
\subsection{Ein Unterabschnitt}
\subsubsection{Ein Unter-Unterabschnitt}
\subsubsubsection{Ein Unter-Unter-Unterabschnitt}
\blindtext
```

VOSS-26.tex

6 Defining new marker

Suppose you do not want for a L^AT_EX document the complete body part between \begin{ and \end printed. In this case you can define own markers, e.g.:

```
\defMarkerType[ltx]
{ \perCent StartVisibleBody}
{ \perCent StopVisibleBody}
{ \perCent StartVisiblePreamble}
{ \perCent StopVisiblePreamble}
```

Whith this definition and the setting docType=ltx the last example looks like:

```
\DeclareNewSectionCommand[
  style=section,
  level=4,
  beforeskip=-3.25ex plus -1ex minus -.2ex,
  afterskip=1.5ex plus .2ex,
  font=\normalsize,
  indent=0pt,
  counterwithin=subsubsection
]{subsubsubsection}
\subsubsubsection{Ein Unter-Unter-Unterabschnitt}
```

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1.1.1 Ein Unterabschnitt	2
1.1.1.1 Ein Unter-Unterabschnitt	2
1.1.1.1.1 Ein Unter-Unter-Unterabschnitt	2

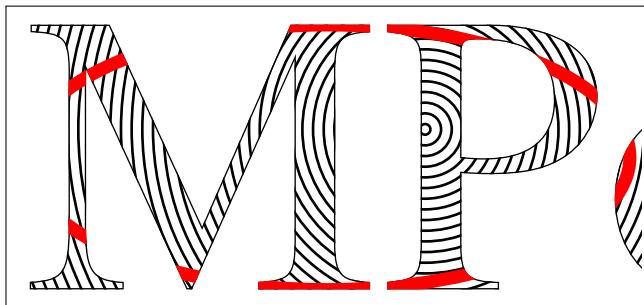
7 Supported engines

7.1 METAPOST example

Needs the run sequence setting to get a pdf from the created dvi output. It is already internally defined.

```
defaultfont:="ptmr8r";
warningcheck:=0;

draw fullcircle shifted (0.5,0.6) xscaled 8cm yscaled 3.5cm
  withpen pencircle scaled 5bp withcolor red;
special( " /Times-Roman findfont 150 scalefont setfont " &
  " 0 10 moveto (MPost) false charpath clip stroke gsave 150 70 translate "
  &
  " 2 4 600 {dup 0 moveto 0 exch 0 exch 0 360 arc stroke} for grestore ");
```



7.2 plainTeX example

Needs the run sequence setting to get a pdf from the created dvi output. It is already internally defined.

```
\footline=\{\footsc the electronic journal of combinatorics
           {\footbf 16} (2009), \#R00\hfil\footrm\folio\}

\font\bigrm=cmr12 at 14pt
\centerline{\bigrm An elementary proof of the reconstruction conjecture}

\bigskip\bigskip
\centerline{D. Remifa\footnote*{Thanks to the editors of this journal!}}
\smallskip
\centerline{Department of Inconsequential Studies}
\centerline{Solatido College, North Kentucky, USA}
\centerline{\tt remifa@dis.solatido.edu}
\bigskip
\centerline{\footrm
Submitted: Jan 1, 2009; Accepted: Jan 2, 2009; Published: Jan 3, 2009}
\centerline{\footrm Mathematics Subject Classifications: 05C88, 05C89}
\bigskip\bigskip
\centerline{\bf Abstract}
\smallskip
{\narrower\noindent
The reconstruction conjecture states that the multiset of unlabeled
vertex-deleted subgraphs of a graph determines the graph, provided it
has at least 3 vertices. A version of the problem was first stated
by Stanis\l aw Ulam. In this paper, we show that the conjecture can
be proved by elementary methods. It is only necessary to integrate
the Lenkle potential of the Broglington manifold over the quantum
supervacillatory measure in order to reduce the set of possible
counterexamples to a small number (less than a trillion). A simple
computer program that implements Pipletti's classification theorem
for torsion-free Aramaic groups with symplectic socles can then
finish the remaining cases.}

\bigskip
\begin{section} 1. Introduction.

This is the start of the introduction.
```

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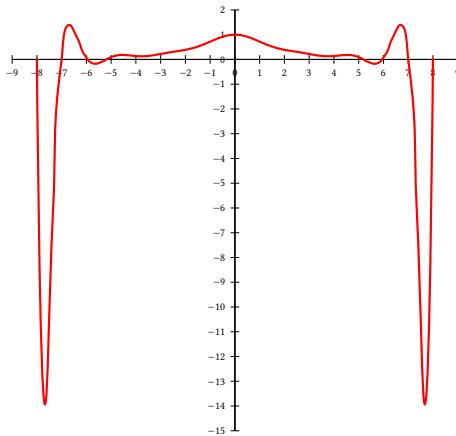


7.3 *Lua^LT_EX example*

With *Lua^LT_EX* and and using PostScript code the intermediate GhostScript run is not needed. The pdf is directly created.

```
\usepackage{fontenc}\usepackage{libertinus}
\usepackage{pst-all}

\psset{unit=0.8cm}
\begin{pspicture}(-9,-15)(9,2)
\psaxes(0,0)(-9,-15)(9,2)
\psplot[algebraic,plotstyle=curve,curvature=1 1 0,
    linewidth=2pt, linecolor=red]{-8}{8}[
1 - 3876218985722260225*x^2/10892114744073986176
+ 14975974793271450625*x^4/174273835905183778816
- 317095420958296875*x^6/26811359370028273664
+ 194412970920703125*x^8/214490874960226189312
- 2090988251953125*x^10/53622718740056547328
+ 99480224609375*x^12/107245437480113094656
- 7879638671875*x^14/697095343620735115264
+ 152587890625*x^16/2788381374482940461056]
\end{pspicture}
```



7.4 ConTeXt example

```
\definehead
  [myhead]
  [section]
\setuphead
  [myhead]
  [numberstyle=bold,
   textstyle =bold,
   before    =\hairline\blank,
   after     =\nowhitespace\hairline]

\startstandardmakeup
\midaligned{From Hasselt to America}
\midaligned{by}
\midaligned{J. Jonker and C. van Marle}
\stopstandardmakeup
\placecombinedlist[content]
\chapter{Introduction}
\input knuth \input knuth
\chapter[rensselaer]{The Rensselaer family}
\input knuth
\section{The first born}
\input knuth
\section{The early years}
... in those days Hasselt was ...
\input knuth
\section{Living and workin in America}
\input knuth
\chapter[lansing]{The Lansing family}
... the Lansing family was also ...
\input knuth
\chapter[cuyler]{The Cuyler family}
... much later Tydeman Cuyler ...
\input knuth
\myhead[headlines]{And the end of all}
```

vooss-31.tex

foo

<p>From Holland to America J. Jouker and C. van Maale</p>	<p>1 Introduction</p> <p>2.1 The Reusselaer family</p> <p>2.2 The Lansing family</p> <p>2.3 Living and works in America</p> <p>3 The Lansing family</p> <p>4 The Cuyler family</p>	<p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p>
<p>3</p> <p>2.1 The first born</p> <p>2.2 The Lansing family</p> <p>2.3 Living and works in America</p> <p>3 The Lansing family</p> <p>4 The Cuyler family</p>	<p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p>	<p>1 Introduction</p> <p>Then, I came to the conclusion that the designer of a new system must not only be the implementer and first large-scale user; the designer should also write the first text. This was the case for me, because I had to write my first T2X significantly. If I had not participated fully in all of these activities, I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. The separation of any of these four components would have lost T2X significantly. If I had not participated fully in all of these activities, I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. The separation of any of these four components would never have been made, because I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. The separation of any of these four components would never have been made, because I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. But a system cannot be successful if it is too strongly influenced by a single person. One can think that it is good to have one person who designs and leads, but not begin as people with many different viewpoints undertake their own experiments.</p>
<p>4</p> <p>2.2 The early years</p> <p>2.3 Living and works in America</p> <p>3 The Lansing family</p>	<p>4</p> <p>5</p>	<p>2.2 Living and works in America</p> <p>Then, I came to the conclusion that the designer of a new system must not only be the implementer and first large-scale user; the designer should also write the first text. This was the case for me, because I had to write my first T2X significantly. If I had not participated fully in all of these activities, I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. The separation of any of these four components would have lost T2X significantly. If I had not participated fully in all of these activities, I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. The separation of any of these four components would never have been made, because I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. The separation of any of these four components would never have been made, because I would never have thought of them or never have had the urge to do so. But a system cannot be successful if it is too strongly influenced by a single person. One can think that it is good to have one person who designs and leads, but not begin as people with many different viewpoints undertake their own experiments.</p>

8 Running external commands

Integrating the current directory of this document we can use the macro \runExtCmd with the optional argument redirect

```
\runExtCmd[redirect]{ls -la}{voss}
```

to get the directory listed:

```
total 4936
drwxr-xr-x  19 voss  staff      608 6 Jul 09:48 .
drwxr-xr-x 188 voss  staff     6016 5 Jul 22:11 ..
-rw-----  1 voss  staff  12627 27 Mär 2022 .edit.menu
drwxr-xr-x  3 voss  staff      96 24 Apr 2022 .ctan
drwxr-xr-x  4 voss  staff     128 27 Apr 2022 .test
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff    1948 5 Jul 22:10 Changes
drwxr-xr-x 102 voss  staff    3264 6 Jul 09:48 Exa
-rwxrwxrwx  1 voss  staff   1170 27 Mai 2022 Makefile
-rw-rw-rw-  1 voss  staff    713 27 Mai 2022 README
-rwxrwxrwx  1 voss  staff   3998 27 Mai 2022 hvdoctools.sty
-rwrxr-xr-x  1 voss  staff   1040 21 Jul 2022 hvextern-checkfile.lua
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff   16384 6 Jul 09:48 hvextern.aux
```

```

-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff    8192  6 Jul 09:48 hvextern.idx
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff  168496  6 Jul 09:48 hvextern.log
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff     727 20 Jun 2022 hvextern.lua
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff 1297098  6 Jul 09:48 hvextern.pdf
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff   44758  5 Jul 22:11 hvextern.sty
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff   52111  3 Jul 13:28 hvextern.tex
-rw-r--r--  1 voss  staff      0  6 Jul 09:48 hvextern.toc

\runExtCmd[redirect,verbose,1stOptions={basicstyle=\ttfamily\small}]{df}{voss}

Filesystem                                512-blocks      Used
Available Capacity   iused      ifree %iused Mounted on
/dev/disk3s3s1          965595304 19493584
  339262896       6% 381339 1696314480  0% /
devfs                      411        411
  0 100%      712        0 100% /dev
/dev/disk3s6          965595304 2097192
  339262896       1%      1 1696314480  0% /System/Volumes/VM
/dev/disk3s4          965595304 11129888
  339262896       4%     1166 1696314480  0% /System/Volumes/Preboot
/dev/disk3s2          965595304 111216
  339262896       1%      44 1696314480  0% /System/Volumes/Update
/dev/disk1s2          1024000 12328
  982320        2%      1 4911600  0% /System/Volumes/xarts
/dev/disk1s1          1024000 12448
  982320        2%     27 4911600  0% /System/Volumes/iSCPreboot
/dev/disk1s3          1024000 7184
  982320        1%      70 4911600  0% /System/Volumes/Hardware
/dev/disk3s1          965595304 591470520
  339262896       64% 3029024 1696314480  0% /System/Volumes/Data
map auto_home           0        0
  0 100%      0        0  - /System/Volumes/Data/home
//Herbert%20Vo%20AirPort%20Chicago._afpovertcp._tcp.local./Data 3902834784 1801717416
  2101117368      47% 225214675 262639671  46% /Volumes/.timemachine/AirPort
  Chicago._afpovertcp._tcp.local./5C347F7B-1264-45F5-A22C-85B23C5D3635/Data
/dev/disk5s1          3707283368 1599567784
  2101117368      44% 2663413 10505586840  0% /Volumes/Backups von Herber
  ts MacBook Pro
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-05-13-204823.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 1140513920
  2101117368      36% 2074710 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-05-13-204823.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-05-20-115840.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 1173625728
  2101117368      36% 2053304 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-05-20-115840.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-30-094918.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 1586313552
  2101117368      44% 2661263 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-30-094918.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-04-08-183122.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 1058097664
  2101117368      34% 2056519 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-04-08-183122.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-11-201820.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 1380758904
  2101117368      40% 1882110 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-11-201820.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-22-132226.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 1454124464
  2101117368      41% 2039519 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-22-132226.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-03-25-124350.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 992317352
  2101117368      33% 1972857 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-03-25-124350.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-05-31-224719.backup@/dev/disk5s1  3707283368 1366622768
  2101117368      40% 1875979 10505586840  0%
  /Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-05-31-224719.backup

```

```

com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-01-05-085952.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  469494888
2101117368   19%  1740458 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-01-05-085952.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-16-213103.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1435259824
2101117368   41%  2029082 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-16-213103.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2022-12-15-100630.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  443076016
2101117368   18%  1628100 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2022-12-15-100630.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-28-100553.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1564996688
2101117368   43%  2623629 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-28-100553.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2022-12-08-000840.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  444471616
2101117368   18%  1844741 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2022-12-08-000840.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-24-163030.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1537355664
2101117368   43%  204332 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-24-163030.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-02-10-194820.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  859059656
2101117368   30%  2586705 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-02-10-194820.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-12-195223.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1380696552
2101117368   40%  1882116 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-12-195223.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-03-18-165903.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  962836856
2101117368   32%  1984697 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-03-18-165903.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-01-20-190014.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  834993096
2101117368   29%  2576088 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-01-20-190014.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-04-30-082304.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1118758352
2101117368   35%  2069611 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-04-30-082304.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-14-182850.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1432562344
2101117368   41%  2028041 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-14-182850.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2022-10-27-123947.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  310367432
2101117368   13%  2079093 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2022-10-27-123947.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-05-06-210651.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1125290536
2101117368   35%  2069918 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-05-06-210651.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-02-21-175624.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  929347448
2101117368   31%  1925261 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-02-21-175624.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-04-23-105110.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1101058032
2101117368   35%  2069351 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-04-23-105110.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-04-02-025137.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1037545848
2101117368   34%  2027347 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-04-02-025137.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-29-093542.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1583456192
2101117368   43%  2617835 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-29-093542.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-03-11-074645.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  942159136
2101117368   31%  1947993 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-03-11-074645.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-21-002741.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1442572904
2101117368   41%  2036049 10505586840  0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-21-002741.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-07-04-205050.backup@/dev/disk5s1      3707283368  1594321968
2101117368   44%  2663790 10505586840  0%

```

```
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-07-04-205050.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-07-02-100022.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 1590941584
2101117368 44% 2662607 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-07-02-100022.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-07-03-205849.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 1594464304
2101117368 44% 2662646 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-07-03-205849.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-03-04-124805.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 935797568
2101117368 31% 1948626 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-03-04-124805.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-04-15-101010.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 1077822672
2101117368 34% 2050783 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-04-15-101010.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-17-205259.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 1437126472
2101117368 41% 2030085 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-17-205259.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-19-110140.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 1439256408
2101117368 41% 2030060 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-19-110140.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-09-133820.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 1378522832
2101117368 40% 1879497 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-09-133820.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2022-12-27-103616.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 456424056
2101117368 18% 1803619 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2022-12-27-103616.backup
com.apple.TimeMachine.2023-06-26-073504.backup@/dev/disk5s1 3707283368 1529357616
2101117368 43% 1945078 10505586840 0%
/Volumes/.timemachine/F1EA5025-1F5A-4C49-B333-040D92413749/2023-06-26-073504.backup
```

9 Other options

force=false can speed up the compilation time for the document. If a created image/-output already exists, there is no need to create it with the next run again and again. This option is not valid if the package option checkCode exists.

cleanup the auxiliary files of a L^AT_EX-run are deleted, preset to aux, log. It must be a comma separated list of the extensions of the main file, s.g. cleanup={aux,log}.

moveToExampleDir name of a directory for the examples, must first be created by the user himself

ExampleDir move all examples into a directory

tclbox=false Can be used if there are some negative interactions between package listings and package tcolorbox.

framesep Value for \fbox if keyword frame is used.

mpsep Distance between code and output (default 1 em).

pagesep Distance between pages for multipage output (default 1 em).

verbose Print control messages into the terminal and logfile.

eps create an eps from the pdf (historical).

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