

hu-berlin-bundle

Documents and Documentations for \LaTeX at the
Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin (unofficial)

»Documentation must be regarded as an integral part of the process of design and coding. A good programming language will encourage and assist the programmer to write clear, self-documenting code, and even perhaps to develop and display a pleasant style of writing.«
[[2](#), p. 195]

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1 Introduction

With this (unofficial) bundle you have several documents which are designed according to the corporate design of the Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin.

Following documents or documentclasses are available:

- letter (hu-berlin-letter.cls); via .tex and .md
- base package (hu-berlin-base.sty)

1.1 Installation of the bundle

hu-berlin is part of the distributions [MiKTeX](#) and [TeXLive](#) – thus, you can easily install it using the respective package manager. If you would like to install hu-berlin-bundle into your local folder manually, do the following: Go to your terminal, browse to the folder of this bundle and run

```
make install
```

If you are using macOS you might be asked for your user account password for the installation.

Further options of this makefile are:

- clean: deletes all unnecessary files
- cleanbundle: deletes all files except .dtx, .md. You will get the plain version of this bundle. This might be helpful if you send the bundle to someone else.
- ctan: this will create a zip file which can be used to send to CTAN.
- files: will only create the files from the .dtx-scratch.
- uninstall: will erase the locally installed files.

This bundle is constantly updated. For hints, errors or suggestions use the GitHub repository <https://github.com/LukasCBossert/hu-berlin-bundle>.

1.2 Changelog

All notable changes to this project will be documented in the [README.md](#). This project **does not** adhere to Semantic Versioning. The markdown syntax is inspired by the conventions proposed by [keepachangelog.com](#).

1.2.1 v1.0.5 (2020-04-28)

- (general) Changed logo format to .pdf
- (letter) Changed \ifkomavareempty to \ifkomavarempty, fixes [github-issue nr. 1](#)

1.2.2 v1.0.4 (2019-12-19)

- Added hu-berlin-base.sty as a package which contains all relevant code for documents and documentclasses of the bundle.

1.2.3 v1.0.3 (2019-06-26)

- Changed the main font for compatibility with UNIX-systems (TeX Gyre Heros instead of Verdana).

1.2.4 v1.0.2 (2019-06-22)

Renaming files for CTAN compatibility.

1.2.5 v1.0.1 (2019-06-21)

Internal changes for publishing. Still one documentclass for a letter.

1.2.6 v1.0.0 (2019-06-21)

First release with a documentclass for letter.

1.3 Copyright

Various parts of this bundle have different copyrights. If not otherwise stated the copyright is [The LaTeX project public license \(LPPL\), version 1.3c](#)

1.3.1 Boilerplate / markdown-template

The template for the markdown conversion, forked from the pandoc-templates and [JensErat](#) [pandoc-scrlltr2](#) is dual-licensed, under both the GPL (v2 or higher, same as pandoc) and the BSD 3-clause license (included below).

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OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

2 Preambel

This bundle consists of various files which are either generated by the core file (`.dtx`) or are part of the basic structure of this bundle. You can easily pick up the basic file structure from [fig. 2.1](#).

```
hu-berlin-bundle
├── hu-berlin-bundle.dtx ..... code and documentation
├── hu-berlin-bundle.pdf ..... documentation
├── hu-berlin-base.sty ..... basic components of the bundle
├── hu-berlin-letter-example-lualatex.tex ..... letter
├── hu-berlin-letter-example.lco ..... datafile for letter
├── hu-berlin-letter-example-lualatex.pdf ..... letter
├── hu-berlin-letter-example-markdown.pdf ..... converted letter from markdown
├── hu-berlin-letter-example-markdown.md ..... example markdown file
├── hu-berlin-letter-template.latex ..... template for conversion
└── img ..... folder for images
    ├── texografie-logo.pdf ..... logo of maintainer
    └── hu-berlin-logo.pdf ..... logo of HU
makefile ..... makefile to generate all required files
README.md ..... README file with information on installation
```

Figure 2.1: Structure of `hu-berlin bundle`

When you run the `makefile` you get all these various files described above.

Guideline for Users

```
1 (*example)
```

3 Letter

We give an example on how to create a letter.

3.1 .lco-file

```
2 (*lco)
```

This is the file you load into your `.tex` letter. The information you provide here do normally not change from letter to letter. That's why we put it in a separate file.

The first line should provide this information.

```
3 \ProvidesFile{hu-berlin-letter-example.lco}
```

Now we set up the personal data.

We start with the name of the sender.

```
4 \setkomavar{fromname}
```

you can also write the position of this person in brackets, this is optional; `[<position>]`

```
5 [Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter]
```

But you need to give a name:

```
6 {Dr. Max Mustermann}
```

The mail address

```
7 \setkomavar{fromemail}{max.mustermann@hu-berlin.de}
```

For phone and fax number you only need to type the last digits.

```
8 \setkomavar{fromphone}{1234}
```

If you don't have a fax (or a phone), leave it empty. Do *not* delete it.

```
9 \setkomavar{fromfax}{5678}
```

And finally the URL.

```
10 \setkomavar{fromurl}{www.hu-berlin.de}
```

If your backaddress is to long – it will be set up automatically – you can redefine it.

```
11 \setkomavar{backaddress}{HU Berlin\\}
```

```
12 Unter den Linden 6\\
```

```
13 D-10099 Berlin}
```

Selfexplaining: the faculty.

```
14 \setkomavar{faculty}{%}
```

```
15 Philosophische Fakultät
```

```
16 }
```

```
17 \setkomavar{institute}{%
```

```

18 \mbox{Institut für Briefvorlagen}
19 }

20 \setkomavar{institute.additional}{Here you can add more text.}

21 \setkomavar{institute.head}{Dekanin}{Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau}

22 \setkomavar{institute.head.mail}{maike.musterfrau@hu-berlin.de}

23 \setkomavar{local}{%
24   Mohrenstraße 40/41\\
25   Zimmer X\\
26   D-10117 Berlin}

27 \setkomavar{connections}{U Bahnhof Hausvogteiplatz (U2)}

28 \setkomavar{accessibility}{Hausvogteiplatz}

29 \setkomavar{signature}{%
30   \usekomavar{institute.head} --
31   \usekomavar{fromname}
32 }

33 </lco>

```

Example 1

```

1 \ProvidesFile{hu-berlin-letter-example.lco}
2 \setkomavar{fromname}
3   [Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter]
4   {Dr. Max Mustermann}
5 \setkomavar{fromemail}{max.mustermann@hu-berlin.de}
6 \setkomavar{fromphone}{1234}
7 \setkomavar{fromfax}{5678}
8 \setkomavar{fromurl}{www.hu-berlin.de}
9 \setkomavar{backaddress}{HU Berlin\\
10 Unter den Linden 6\\
11 D-10099 Berlin}
12 \setkomavar{faculty}{%
13 Philosophische Fakultät
14 }
15 \setkomavar{institute}{%
16   \mbox{Institut für Briefvorlagen}
17 }
18 \setkomavar{institute.additional}{Here you can add more text.}
19 \setkomavar{institute.head}{Dekanin}{Prof. Dr. Maike
20   Musterfrau}
21 \setkomavar{institute.head.mail}{maike.musterfrau@hu-berlin.de}
22 \setkomavar{local}{%
23   Mohrenstraße 40/41\\
24   Zimmer X\\
25   D-10117 Berlin}
26 \setkomavar{connections}{U Bahnhof Hausvogteiplatz (U2)}
27 \setkomavar{accessibility}{Hausvogteiplatz}
28 \setkomavar{signature}{%
29   \usekomavar{institute.head} --
   \usekomavar{fromname}

```

```
30 }
31 %%
```

3.2 .tex-file

```
34 (*letter)
35 \documentclass{hu-berlin-letter}
```

Now we load the personal data-file which has the ending .lco.

```
36 \LoadLetterOption{hu-berlin-letter-example}
```

If you have the HU font installed on your computer, you can load it, too:

```
37 \% \setmainfont[%]
38 \% BoldFont=ScalaSans-BoldLF,
39 \% Numbers=OldStyle]{ScalaSans-RegularLF}
```

Now following the reference information

```
40 \setkomavar{myref}{}
41 \setkomavar{yourref}{}
42 \setkomavar{yourmail}{}
43 \setkomavar{customer}{}
44 \setkomavar{invoice}{}
45 \setkomavar{subject}{Betreff}
46 \usepackage{blindtext}
```

We close the preamble and start the letter

```
47 \begin{document}
```

The address is written as {<address>}

```
48 \begin{letter} {%
49   Erika Musterfrau\par
50   Musterweg 43\par
51   56789 Musterhausen%}
```

Closing now again.

```
52 }
53 \opening{Sehr geehrte Frau Musterfrau, }
```

This is just some blindtext.

```
54 \blindtext[2]
55 \clearpage
56 \blindtext
```

Closing letter

```
57 \closing{Mit freundlichen Grüßen}
```

If you still have something to say/write.

```
58 \ps PS: \dots
```

Any amendment.

```
59 \encl{%
60   Anlage 1\\
61   Anlage 2%
62 }
```

This is the distribution

```
63 \cc{%
64   Verteiler 1\\
65   Verteiler 2%
66 }
```

That's it. Done.

```
67 \end{letter}
68 \end{document}
```

And how does a example letter looks like?

Example 2

```
1 \documentclass{hu-berlin-letter}
2 \LoadLetterOption{hu-berlin-letter-example}
3 \setkomavar{myref}{}
4 \setkomavar{yourref}{}
5 \setkomavar{yourmail}{}
6 \setkomavar{customer}{}
7 \setkomavar{invoice}{}
8 \setkomavar{subject}{Betreff}
9 \usepackage{blindtext}
10 \begin{document}
11 \begin{letter}%
12   Erika Musterfrau\par
13   Musterweg 43\par
14   56789 Musterhausen%
15 }
16 \opening{Sehr geehrte Frau Musterfrau,}
17 \blindtext[2]
18 \clearpage
19 \blindtext
20 \closing{Mit freundlichen Grüßen}
21 \ps PS: \dots
22 \encl{%
23   Anlage 1\\
24   Anlage 2%
25 }
26 \cc{%
27   Verteiler 1\\
28   Verteiler 2%
29 }
30 \end{letter}
31 \end{document}
```

69 ⟨/letter⟩

3.3 Letter from markdown

70 (*letter-md)

You need to have pandoc installed on your computer. To create letters via markdown and pandoc run from the command line:

! pandoc –pdf-engine=luatex –template hu-berlin-letter-template.latex -o YOUR-FILE.pdf YOUR-FILE.md

The .md file needs a section with metadata.

It starts and ends with three ---. All necessary metadata information are listed inbetween.

71 ---

72 documentclass: hu-berlin-letter

The following will load the .lco-file, you replace that with the name of your .lco-file.

73 sender: hu-berlin-letter-example

You should also tell a short subject

74 subject: Short description

The information for the addressee has to be written like this:

75 addressee:

76 - Alexander von Humboldt

77 - Unter den Linden 6

78 - 10099 Berlin

79 ---

You find a list with possible options for this metadata information header below.

Now the content of your letter

80 Thank you very much for your letter.

Let's see how this example file looks like:

Example 3

```

1 ---
2 documentclass: hu-berlin-letter
3 sender: hu-berlin-letter-example
4 subject: Short description
5 addressee:
6 - Alexander von Humboldt
7 - Unter den Linden 6
8 - 10099 Berlin
9 ---
10 Thank you very much for your letter.

```

81 ⟨/letter-md⟩

Here we close the example files.

82 ⟨/example⟩

Guide for Coders

```
1 (*sty)
```

4 hu-berlin-base-package

```
2 (*base)
```

Since we do want to compile with Lua^ATEX, we make sure that it will be compilable only with that.

```
3 \RequirePackage{ifluatex, luatex85}
```

Now a fix.¹

```
4 \ifx\directlua\relax
5   \let\directlua\UnDeFiNeD
6 \fi

7 \ifluatex
8 \else
9 \GenericError{hu-berlin}%
10 {Please use 'LuaLaTeX' as Compiler.^^J I abort here.}
11 \fi
```

We do not need many packages. The ones we need are loaded now.

```
12 \RequirePackage[english, ngerman]{babel}
```

Common package for handling figures is **graphicx** [7].

```
13 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
```

For loading fonts.

```
14 \RequirePackage{fontspec}
```

Actually the corporate design says that the font Verdana should be used. But since this font is not included in UNIX-systems we use a derivative.

```
15 \setmainfont{TeX Gyre Heros}
```

If you have Verdana on your system you can uncomment the following line.

```
16 % \setmainfont{Verdana}
```

For the wheelchair symbol we load **marvosym** [9]

```
17 \RequirePackage{marvosym}
```

And we define various colors from the corporate design manual.

```
18 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
19 \definecolor{hu-berlin-blue}{RGB}{0, 65, 137}
20 \definecolor{hu-berlin-green}{RGB}{150, 190, 20}
21 \definecolor{hu-berlin-grey}{RGB}{169, 169, 169}
22 \definecolor{hu-berlin-brown}{RGB}{82, 79, 60}
```

¹ <https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/75065>

```
23 \definecolor{hu-berlin-red}{RGB}{180, 0, 0}
```

That's all for the base package, so we close it.

```
24 
```

```
25 
```

```
26 
```

5 Letter

```
27 
```

We load **scrlttr2** [4] which is the documentclass for letters. Furthermore we set up some options.

```
28 \LoadClass[%
```

```
29   fontsize=10pt,
```

```
30   version=last,
```

If there is anything to debug, you can enable `visualize`

```
31   % visualize
```

```
32 ] {scrlttr2}
```

For debugging also uncomment the `\showfields{<fields>}` commandand.

```
33 % \showfields{head, address, location, reline, foot}
```

Since all common and basic features of the bundle are located in a separate package we load that first.

```
34 \RequirePackage{hu-berlin-base}
```

To get the HU logo on the second and following pages we load **scrlayer-scrpage** [3].¹

```
35 \RequirePackage{scrlayer-scrpage}
```

```
36 \clearpairofpagestyles
```

```
37 \DeclareNewLayer[
```

```
38   foreground,
```

```
39   voffset=\useplength{firstheadvpos},
```

```
40   hoffset=\useplength{firstheadhpos},
```

```
41   width=\useplength{firstheadwidth},
```

```
42   mode=picture,
```

```
43   contents=\putUL{\raisebox{-\height}{\usekomavar{firsthead}}}}
```

```
44 ] {likefirstpage.head}
```

```
45 \AddLayersToPageStyle{scrheadings}{likefirstpage.head}
```

```
46 \DeclareNewLayer[
```

```
47   foreground,
```

¹ <https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/495258/98739>

```

48 align=r,
49 voffset=\useplength{locvpos},
50 hoffset=\paperwidth-\useplength{lochpos},
51 width=\useplength{locwidth},
52 height=\useplength{locheight},
53 contents=\usekomavar{nextlocation},
54 %pretocontents=\layercontentsmeasure% to show the position of the layer
55 ]{likefirstpage.loc}
56 \AddLayersToPageStyle{scrheadings}{likefirstpage.head,likefirstpage.loc}

```

Now we apply the code for following pages.

```

57 \newkomavar{nextlocation}
58 \setkomavar{nextlocation}{%
59   \raggedright
60   \fontsize{7}{8.5}\selectfont
61   \pagemark
62 }

```

For better adjustments of the layout we load **geometry** [1].

```

63 \RequirePackage{geometry}
64 \geometry{%
65   a4paper
66   , left           =25mm
67   , bottom          =16mm
68   , foot            =4mm
69   , top             =77mm
70   , headheight      =15pt
71   , textwidth        =117mm
72   , marginparsep     =0mm
73   , marginparwidth   =0mm
74 }

```

Main Text and signature should be **raggedright**.

```

75 \renewcommand*{\raggedsignature}{\raggedright}
76 \raggedright

```

We also want to put the enclosures at the bottom of the page.²

```

77 \def\stopletter{}
78 \let\encloId\encl
79 \renewcommand\encl[1]{\vskip0ptplus1fill\enclId{\#1}}

```

We define new komavars.

First the possibility to name the faculty,

```

80 \newkomavar{faculty}
81 \newkomafont{faculty}{\bfseries\fontsize{8.5}{10}\selectfont}

```

then the institute

```

82 \newkomavar{institute}
83 \newkomafont{institute}{\fontsize{8.5}{10}\selectfont}

```

² <https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/77991/put-the-encl-at-the-bottom-of-the-page-letter-cl>

and further fields for information.

```
84 \newkomavar{institute.additional}
```

We pass the name of the head of the institute.

```
85 \newkomafont{institute.head}{\bfseries}
```

```
86 \newkomavar{institute.head} %
```

Its position will be written as the optional argument.

There is even the possibility to print the email-address onto the letter.

```
87 \newkomavar{institute.head.mail} %
```

Since there are many buildings with offices we tell where to find the sender

```
88 \newkomavar{local}
```

```
89 \setkomavar*{local}{Sitz:}
```

and how to get there.

```
90 \newkomavar{connections}
```

```
91 \setkomavar*{connections}{Verkehrsverbindungen:}
```

Furthermore we inform about office hours

```
92 \newkomavar{officehours}
```

```
93 \setkomavar*{officehours}{Sprechzeiten:}
```

and if there is accessibility for wheelchairs etc.

```
94 \newkomavar{accessibility}
```

```
95 \setkomavar*{accessibility}{{\large\reflectbox{\Wheelchair}} Eingang:}
```

```
96 \newkomavar{bank}
```

```
97 \setkomavar*{bank}{Bankverbindung:}
```

```
98 \setkomavar{bank}{Deutsche Bank PGK AG}
```

```
99 \newkomavar{IBAN}
```

```
100 \setkomavar{IBAN}{\mbox{IBAN DE95 1007 0848 0512 6206 01}}
```

```
101 \newkomavar{BIC}
```

```
102 \setkomavar{BIC}{BIC DEUTDEDDB110}
```

Now we set the location field, which is the section on the right with additional information:

```
103 \setkomavar{location} %
```

First anything regarding the font

```
104 \raggedright
```

```
105 \fontsize{7}{8.5}\selectfont
```

```
106 \% \begin{macrocode}
```

```
107 \% and for the section of faculty, institute etc. we use \env{minipage}
```

```
108 \% \begin{macrocode}
```

```
109 \begin{minipage}[t][64mm]{\useplength{locwidth}}
```

then the faculty

```
110 {\usekomafont{faculty} %
```

```
111 \usekomavar{faculty}\\[1\baselineskip]}
```

and the institute.

```
112 {\usekomafont{institute}\usekomavar{institute}\\[1\baselineskip]}
```

Now anything else regarding the institute.

```
113 \Ifkomavareempty{institute.additional}
114   {}
115   {\usekomavar{institute.additional} \\ [1\baselineskip]}
```

What follows is the head of institute and its position name.

```
116 \Ifkomavareempty{institute.head}
117   {}
118   { {\usekomafont{institute.head}%
119     \usekomavar{institute.head}} \\ %
120   \usekomavar*{institute.head}}
```

We close this section and the minipage.

```
121 \end{minipage}
```

Let's turn to further information.

For example date:

```
122 \textbf{\usekomavar*{date}} \\
123 \usekomavar{date}\par
```

and the sender of the letter.

```
124 \Ifkomavareempty{fromname}
125   {}
126   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{fromname}}} \\
127   \usekomavar{fromname}\par}
```

And the reference of correspondence.

```
128 \Ifkomavareempty{myref}
129   {}
130   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{myref}}} \\
131   \usekomavar{myref}\par}
```

To complete this template we provide the possibility to name further reference fields.

```
132 \Ifkomavareempty{yourref}
133   {}
134   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{yourref}}} \\
135   \usekomavar{yourref}\par}

136 \Ifkomavareempty{yourmail}
137   {}
138   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{yourmail}}} \\
139   \usekomavar{yourmail}\par}

140 \Ifkomavareempty{customer}
141   {}
142   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{customer}}} \\
143   \usekomavar{customer}\par}

144 \Ifkomavareempty{invoice}
145   {}
146   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{invoice}}}
```

```

147 \usekomavar{invoice}\par}
148 \textbf{\usekomavar*{fromaddress}}\\
149 \usekomavar{fromaddress}
150 \Ifkomavareempty{fromphone}
151   {\par}
152   {\usekomavar*{fromphone}\usekomavar{fromphone}}
153     \Ifkomavareempty{fromfax}
154   {\par}
155   {\ \\
156 \Ifkomavareempty{fromfax}
157   {}
158   {\usekomavar*{fromfax}\usekomavar{fromfax}\par}

```

Next, emails and url:

```

159 \Ifkomavareempty{institute.head.mail}
160   {}
161   {\usekomavar{institute.head.mail}
162     \Ifkomavareempty{fromemail}
163     {\Ifkomavareempty{fromurl}
164       {\par}
165       {\ \\
166       {\ \\
167 \Ifkomavareempty{fromemail}
168   {}
169   {\usekomavar{fromemail}
170     \Ifkomavareempty{fromurl}
171     {\par}
172     {\ \\
173 \Ifkomavareempty{fromurl}
174   {}
175   {\usekomavar{fromurl}\par}

```

Now the actual location of the sender

```

176 \Ifkomavareempty{local}
177   {}
178   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{local}}\\
179     \usekomavar{local}\par}

```

The last information section should be pinned to the bottom.

```
180 \vfill
```

Inform your addressee about the connection possibilities.

```

181 \Ifkomavareempty{connections}
182   {}
183   {\textbf{\usekomavar*{connections}}\\
184     \usekomavar{connections}\par}
185 \Ifkomavareempty{officehours}

```

```

186  { }
187  {\textbf{\usekomavar*{officehours}}}\\
188  \usekomavar{officehours}\par}

```

If there is a barrier free entrance, tell it.

```

189 \Ifkomavareempty{accessibility}
190  { }
191  {\textbf{\usekomavar*{accessibility}}}\\
192  \usekomavar{accessibility}\par}

```

And last the bank connection

```

193 \Ifkomavareempty{bank}
194  { }
195  {\textbf{\usekomavar*{bank}}}\\
196  \usekomavar{bank}\\
197  \usekomavar{IBAN}\\
198  \usekomavar{BIC}
199 }

```

Finally we close `\setkomavar{<location>}`

```
200 }
```

To fulfill the Corporate Design rules we adjust a few things.

```

201 \KOMAoptions{%
202   numericaldate =true
203   , reline       =nodate
204   , backaddress  =plain
205   , parskip      =half-
206 }

```

Redefining length.

```

207 \setplength{refvpos}{110mm}
208 \setplength{refaftervskip}{0pt}
209 \setplength{toaddrhpos}{25mm}
210 \setplength{firstheadhpos}{\useplength{toaddrhpos}}
211 \setplength{lochpos}{15mm}
212 \setplength{locvpos}{\useplength{toaddrvpos}}
213 \addtoplenth{locvpos}{.75\baselineskip}
214 \setplength{locwidth}{45mm}
215 \setplength{locheight}{232mm}

```

Now resetting or pre-defining some variables.

First we set the head of the first page, which is the logo. Be sure that you have the right using it! Everything regarding the logo is defined in the corporate design guidelines.³

```

216 \setkomavar{firsthead}{%
217   \includegraphics[width=145mm]{hu-berlin-logo}%
218 }

```

³ <https://www.hu-berlin.de/de/hu-intern/design/basiselemente/leitfaden-corporate-design-hu.pdf>

```
219 \setkomavar{backaddressseparator}{~\textbar~}

220 \setkomavar{fromphone}{0000}
221 \setkomavar*{fromphone}{Telefon +49 [30] 2093-}

222 \setkomavar{fromfax}{0000}
223 \setkomavar*{fromfax}{Telefax +49 [30] 2093-}

224 \setkomavar*{fromaddress}{Postanschrift:}
225 \setkomavar{fromaddress}{%}
226 Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin\par
227 Unter den Linden 6\par
228 D-10099 Berlin}

229 \setkomavar*{date}{Datum:}

230 \setkomavar*{fromname}{Bearbeiter:}

231 \setkomavar*{myref}{Geschäftszeichen:}

232 \setkomavar*{enclseparator}{Anlage}

233 \setkomavar*{ccseparator}{Kopie an}

234 % \RequirePackage{hyperref}
235 % \AtBeginDocument{%
236 %   \usekomavar[\def\author]{fromname}
237 %   \usekomavar[\def\subject]{subject}
238 %   \hypersetup{%
239 %     pdftitle           = {\subject},
240 %     pdfauthor          = {\author},
241 %     pdfsubject         = {\subject},
242 %     pdfkeywords        = {\author, \subject},
243 %     pdflang            = de,
244 %     pdfdisplaydoctitle = true,
245 %     colorlinks         = true,
246 %     plainpages         = false,
247 %     hypertexnames     = false,
248 %     unicode,
249 %   }
250 % }

251 </letter>

252 </cls>

253 (*template)
```

6 Boilerplate / Template for letters

```
254 (*letter-md)
255 \documentclass{hu-berlin-letter}
```

We redefine two variables.

```
256 \newkomavar{opening}
257 \newkomavar{closing}
258 \setkomavar{opening}{Sehr geehrte Damen und Herren}
259 \setkomavar{closing}{Mit freundlichen Grüßen}

260 $for(letteroption)$
261 \LoadLetterOption{$letteroption$}
262 $endfor$

263 $if(sender) $\LoadLetterOption{$sender$} $endif$
264 $if(addresseeimage) $\setkomavar{addresseeimage}{$addresseeimage$} $endif$
265 $if(backaddress) $\setkomavar{backaddress}{$backaddress$} \KOMAoptions{backaddress=$backaddress$}
266 $if(fromalign) $\KOMAoptions{fromalign=$fromalign$} $endif$
267 $if(customer) $\setkomavar{customer}{$customer$} $endif$
268 $if(date) $\setkomavar{date}{$date$} $endif$
269 $if(fromaddress) $\setkomavar{fromaddress}{$fromaddress$} $endif$
270 $if(frombank) $\setkomavar{frombank}{$frombank$} $endif$
271 $if(fromemail) $\setkomavar{fromemail}{$fromemail$} \KOMAoptions{fromemail=true}
272 $if(fromfax) $\setkomavar{fromfax}{$fromfax$} \KOMAoptions{fromfax=true}
273 $if(fromlogo) $\setkomavar{fromlogo}{$fromlogo$} \KOMAoptions{fromlogo=true}
274 $if(frommobilephone) $\setkomavar{frommobilephone}{$frommobilephone$} \KOMAoptions{frommobilephone=true}
275 $if(fromname) $\setkomavar{fromname}{$fromname$} $endif$
276 $if(fromphone) $\setkomavar{fromphone}{$fromphone$} \KOMAoptions{fromphone=true}
277 $if(fromurl) $\setkomavar{fromurl}{$fromurl$} \KOMAoptions{fromurl=true}
278 $if(fromzipcode) $\setkomavar{fromzipcode}{$fromzipcode$} $endif$
279 $if(invoice) $\setkomavar{invoice}{$invoice$} $endif$
280 $if(location) $\setkomavar{location}{$location$} $endif$
281 $if(myref) $\setkomavar{myref}{$myref$} $endif$
282 $if(myrefname) $\setkomavar*{myref}{$myrefname$} $endif$
283 $if(place) $\setkomavar{place}{$place$} $endif$
284 $if(PPcode) $\setkomavar{PPcode}{$PPcode$} $endif$
285 $if(signature) $\setkomavar{signature}{$signature$} $endif$
286 $if(specialmail) $\setkomavar{specialmail}{$specialmail$} $endif$
287 $if(subject) $\setkomavar{subject}{$subject$} $endif$
288 $if(title) $\setkomavar{title}{$title$} $endif$
289 $if(yourmail) $\setkomavar{yourmail}{$yourmail$} $endif$
290 $if(yourref) $\setkomavar{yourref}{$yourref$} $endif$
291 $if(opening) $\setkomavar{opening}{$opening$} $endif$
292 $if(closing) $\setkomavar{closing}{$closing$} $endif$
293 $if(firstfoot) $\setkomavar{firstfoot}{$firstfoot$} $endif$
```

Ok, let's sum up the possible options you can use to pass data to the letter:

- addresseeimage
- backaddress
- customer
- date
- fromaddress
- frombank
- fromemail
- fromfax
- fromlogo
- frommobilephone
- fromname
- fromphone
- fromurl
- fromzipcode
- invoice
- location
- myref
- myrefname
- place
- PPcode
- signature
- specialmail
- subject
- title
- yourmail
- yourref
- opening
- closing
- firstfoot

Sometimes you might not have an addressee – we are checking this, too.

```
294 $if (addressee) $  
295 $else$  
296 \KOMAoptions {addrfield=false}  
297 $endif$
```

Now the actual content of the letter

```
298 \begin{document}  
299 \begin{letter} {  
300 $for (addressee) $  
301 $addressee$$sep$\\  
302 $endfor$  
303 }  
304 $for (include-before) $  
305 $include-before$  
306 $endfor$  
307 \opening{\usekomavar{opening}}  
308 $body$
```

```

309 \closing{\usekomavar{closing}}
310 $if(ps) \$ps{\$ps\$}$$endif$
311 $if(encl) \$encl{\$encl\$}$$endif$
312 $for(include-after) $$include-after$$endfor$
313 \end{letter}
314 \end{document}

315 </letter-md>
316 </template>

```

7 Documentation preamble <style>

```

317 <*sty>
318 <*style>
319 \makeatletter
320 \addtolength\marginparwidth{-40pt}
321 \addtolength\marginparsep{4mm}
322 \addtolength\oddsidemargin{-20pt}
323 \addtolength\evensidemargin{-20pt}
324 \let\PrintDescribeMacro=\@gobble
325 \let\PrintDescribeEnv=\@gobble
326 % \def\Describe@Macro#1{\endgroup
327 %   \%marginnote{\PrintDescribeMacro{#1}}%
328 %   \SpecialUsageIndex{#1}\@esphack\ignorespaces%
329 %
330 %\def\Describe@Env#1{\endgroup
331 %   \%marginnote{\PrintDescribeEnv{#1}}%
332 %   \SpecialEnvIndex{#1}\@esphack\ignorespaces%
333 %
334 \makeatother
335 \AtBeginDocument{\normalmarginpar}
336 \setlength\MacrocodeTopsep{.5\baselineskip}
337 \setlength\MacroIndent{6mm}
338
339
340 \RequirePackage{luatexbase}
341 \RequirePackage[ngerman,english]{babel}
342 \RequirePackage{calc}
343
344 \RequirePackage[
345   paper      = a4paper,  % - use A4 paper size
346   foot       = 2cm,
347   inner      = 3cm,    % - total body: left margin (odd pages)

```

```

348 top      = 3cm,   % - total body: top margin
349 outer     = 3cm,   % - total body: right margin (odd pages)
350 bottom    = 3cm,   % - total body: bottom margin
351 marginparwidth = 2cm,   % - width for side note
352 marginparsep   = .5cm,   % - space between notes and body text (content)
353 % showframe,
354 ] {geometry}
355
356 \newlength\fullwidth
357 \setlength\fullwidth{\textwidth+\marginparwidth+\marginparsep}
358
359 \KOMAoptions{
360 numbers     = noenddot,
361 }
362 \AtBeginDocument{
363   \KOMAoptions{
364 % headwidth   = {\fullwidth},
365 % footwidth   = {\fullwidth},
366 footheight = 20pt,
367 headheight = 29pt,
368 captions    = tableheading,
369 } }
370
371
372
373 \title{\huberlintitle}
374 %\subtitle{\huberlinsubtitle}
375 \author{\huberlinauthor}
376 \date{\Version}
377
378
379 %---- Required Packages
380 \RequirePackage{ifluatex, luatex85}
381 \ifx\directlua\relax
382   \let\directlua\UnDeFiNeD
383 \fi
384 \ifluatex
385 \else
386 \GenericError{hu-berlin}%
387 {Please use 'LuaLaTeX' as Compiler.^^J I abort here.}
388 \fi

```

For fonts we load the package **fontspec** [6] which has almost no limits handling font-stuff.

```

389 \RequirePackage{fontspec}
390 \RequirePackage[mono=false]{libertine}
391 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
392

```

```
393 \defaultfontfeatures{%
394   Ligatures = TeX
395 }
```

For fonts we use the available TeX Gyre Pagella as main font.¹

```
396 \setmainfont[%  
397   Ligatures = TeX  
398   , Numbers = OldStyle]{TeX Gyre Pagella}
```

And we declare also the other fonts, too.

```
399 \setmonofont[%  
400   Scale=1  
401 ] {TeX Gyre Cursor}  
402 \setsansfont[%  
403   , LetterSpace = .8  
404 ] {TeX Gyre Adventor-Regular}  
405 \linespread{1.05}

406
407
408
409 \RequirePackage{marginnote}
410 \renewcommand*{\marginfont}{%
411   \rule{0pt}{0.7\baselineskip}%
412   \footnotesize%
413   \color{hu-berlin-brown} }
414
415 \RequirePackage[
416   german = guillemets,
417   style = german,
418 ] {csquotes}

419
420 \RequirePackage{enumitem}
421 \setlist{
422   nosep,
423   % itemindent=1em,
424   % labelindent=0.5\parindent,
425   leftmargin=*}
426 \newlist{tabitemize}{itemize}{2}%
427 \setlist[tabitemize]{%
428   nosep,
429   leftmargin=*
430 }
431 \setlist[tabitemize,1]{label=\labelitemi}
432 \setlist[tabitemize,2]{label=\labelitemii}
433
434
```

¹ <http://www.gust.org.pl/projects/e-foundry/tex-gyre>

```
435 \clubpenalty=10000 % prevent single lines at the beginning of a paragraph
436 \widowpenalty=10000 % prevent single lines at the end of a paragraph (Huren)
437 \displaywidowpenalty=10000 %
438
439 \RequirePackage{pdfpages}
440 \RequirePackage{biblatex}
441 \addbibresource{\jobname-bibliography.bib}
442 \addbibresource{\jobname-ctan.bib}
443 \RequirePackage{ccicons} %creative commons
444 \RequirePackage{xparse}
445 \RequirePackage{ragged2e}
446 \RequirePackage{microtype}
447 \RequirePackage{xspace}
448 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
449 \graphicspath{{img/} }

450 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
451 %https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/235881/98739
452 \AfterEndPreamble{%
453   \maketitle
454   \renewcommand\MacroFont{\ttfamily}
455   \renewcommand\AltMacroFont{\ttfamily\linespread{.8}}% slanted verbatim
456 }
457
458 % https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/401466/98739
459 \makeatletter
460 \renewcommand*{\maketitle}{%
461   % taken and shortened from /usr/share/texmf/tex/latex/koma-script/scrartcl
462   \begin{titlepage}
463   \newgeometry{left=3cm, right=3cm, top=1.5cm, bottom=2cm}
464   \global\@topnum=\z@
465   \setparsizes{\z@}{\z@}{\z@\@plus 1fil}\par@updaterelative
466   \null
467   {\large\@author\hfill \href{mailto:lukas@texografie.de}{lukas@texografie.de}}
468   \vskip 10em%
469 { \begin{center}\color{hu-berlin-blue}
470 { \fontsize{50}{55}\selectfont\huberlinshort{} \par\vskip .5em%
471 \Large\sffamily\@title}\par
472 \vskip .5em
473 \end{center}}%
474 {\ifx\@subtitle\empty\else\usekomafont{subtitle}\@subtitle\par\fi}%
475 \null\vskip 5em%
476 \blockcquote[195]{Hoare1973}{Documentation must be regarded as an integral part
477 A good programming language will encourage and assist the programmer to write
478 self-documenting code,
479 and even perhaps to develop
480 and display a pleasant style}
```

```

481 of writing.}
482 \null\vfill
483 {\usekomafont{subtitle}{\@date \hfill
484 \includegraphics[width=4cm]{img/texografie-logo.pdf}}\hfill\hskip-4cm\hbox{%
485 \par
486 \vskip 0em
487 \restoregeometry
488 \end{titlepage}
489 }%
490 \makeatother
491
492 \RequirePackage{xcolor}
493 \definecolor{hu-berlin-blue}{RGB}{0, 65, 137} % HEX 004189
494 \definecolor{hu-berlin-green}{RGB}{150, 190, 20} % HEX 93C11A % Topoi
495 \definecolor{hu-berlin-grey}{RGB}{169, 169, 169}
496 \definecolor{hu-berlin-brown}{RGB}{82, 79, 60}
497 \definecolor{hu-berlin-red}{RGB}{180, 0, 0}
498
499
500 \RequirePackage{dirtree}
501 \renewcommand*\DTstylecomment{%
502   \color{hu-berlin-grey}%
503   \footnotesize%
504   \sffamily}
505 \renewcommand*\DTstyle{%
506   \ttfamily%
507   \small%
508 }
509
510 \RequirePackage[
511   markcase = noupper,
512   footsepline = .5pt,
513   % headsepline = .5pt,
514   autooneside = false,% use left and right marks with a onesided document
515   automark,% set \leftmark and \rightmark automatically by *\section and \subsec
516   draft = false,
517 ]{scrlayer-scrpage}
518
519 \pagestyle{scrheadings}
520 \clearscrheadfoot
521 \rofoot*{\thepage}
522 \lofoot*{\textcolor{hu-berlin-blue}{\huberlintitle}\vrule\textcolor{hu-berlin-brown}{\huberlinsubtitle}}
523 \rohead*{hu-berlin-bundle}
524 \lohead*{Version: \Version}

525 % https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/352925/98739

```

```

526 \newcommand*\partnumber{ }
527 \DeclareNewLayer[
528   background,
529   textarea,
530   addwidth=\marginparsep+\marginparwidth,
531   mode=picture,
532   contents={%
533     \putC{\makebox[0pt][c]{\raisebox{-.5\height}{\scalebox{50}{\textcolor{black}{%
534       }}}}}%
535   }{partnumber}
536 \DeclareNewPageStyleByLayers{part}{partnumber}
537 \renewcommand\partpagestyle{part}
538 \renewcommand*{\partformat}{\gdef\partnumber{\thepart}%
539
540 % only a dirty workaround for the part title
541 \newcommand*\changedpartwidth[1]{%
542   \makebox[\ linewidth][1]{%
543     \parbox{\dimexpr\textwidth+\marginparsep+\marginparwidth\relax}{\raggedpart%
544   }%
545 }%
546 % add \changedpartwidth as last command to the settings for font element part
547 \addtokomafont{part}{\Huge\changedpartwidth}%
548
549
550
551 %-https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/339516/98739 | https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/339516/put-chapter-number-in-the-left-margins-without-affecting-the-page-number/339516#339516
552 % footnotes in the footer:
553 \deffootnote{%
554   [%[\normalparindent]<width of mark>
555   {0.0cm}<indent of footnote text>
556   {\normalparindent}<paragraph indent in the footnote text>
557   {\makebox[\normalparindent][r]{%
558     {\thefootnotemark\hspace*{3pt}}}}%<definition of mark>
559 \newlength{\normalparindent}%
560 \AtBeginDocument{\setlength{\normalparindent}{\parindent}%
561 \setfootnoterule{0pt}% Kein Fußnotenstrich
562 %\setfootnoterule[<height>]{<length>}%
563

```

This will put the numbers of the chapters and sections into the margin.

```

564 \renewcommand\sectionlinesformat[4]{%
565   \makebox[0pt][r]{\#3}\#4%
566 }

567 \RequirePackage{url}
568 % \urlstyle{same}
569
570 \setkomafont{title}{\sffamily\color{hu-berlin-blue}\flushleft\bfseries}%

```

```

571 \setkomafont{disposition}{\color{hu-berlin-brown}\sffamily\bfseries\large}
572 \setkomafont{section}{\usekomafont{disposition}}
573 \setkomafont{subsection}{\usekomafont{disposition}}
574 \setkomafont{subsubsection}{\usekomafont{disposition}}
575 % \setkomafont{paragraph}{\bfseries}
576 % \setkomafont{subsubsection}{\sffamily\bfseries\boldsymbol}
577 \setkomafont{subtitle}{\large\color{hu-berlin-brown}\sffamily\flushleft}
578 \setkomafont{pageheadfoot}{\footnotesize\sffamily\color{hu-berlin-
    grey}}
579 \setkomafont{descriptionlabel}{\bfseries}
580 \setkomafont{footnotelabel}{\bfseries}
581 \addtokomafont{titlehead}{\flushright}
582 % \setkomafont{headsepline}{\color{hu-berlin-blue}}
583 % \setkomafont{marginnote}{\MakeUppercase\color{hu-berlin-brown}}
584 \addtokomafont{caption}{\scriptsize}
585 \setkomafont{captionlabel}{\bfseries\sffamily}
586 \setkomafont{subject}{\bfseries\sffamily}
587 \setcapindent{0pt}
588
589 \raggedbottom
590
591 \RequirePackage{listings}
592 \PassOptionsToPackage{final}{listings}
593 \RequirePackage[% 
594   skins
595 , listings
596 , breakable
597 , xparse
598 , documentation
599 ]{tcolorbox}
600 \lstMakeShortInline[language=TeX, basicstyle=\ttfamily]|

```

Following we load **hyperxmp** [5] and **hyperref** [8] for PDF-meta data and interactive linked text.

```

601 \RequirePackage{hyperxmp}
602 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
603 \hypersetup{%
604   unicode      = true,
605   pdfauthor    = {hu-berlin}, % - author (PDF meta)
606   pdfauthortitle = {},
607   pdfcopyright = {Copyright (c) \the\year . All rights reserved.},
608   pdfhighlight = /N,
609   pdfdisplaydoctitle = true,
610   pdflang      = {}, %de en
611   pdfcaptionwriter = {Lukas C. Bossert},
612   pdfkeywords   = {hu-berlin},
613   pdfencoding   = auto,

```

```
614 pdfproducer      = {hu-berlin with LuaLaTeX},  
615 bookmarksnumbered = true,  
616 bookmarksopenlevel = 2,  
617 bookmarksopen   = true,  
618 bookmarksdepth = 3,  
619 colorlinks      = true,      %Colours links instead of ugly boxes  
620 urlcolor         = hu-berlin-blue,    %Colour for external hyperlinks  
621 linkcolor        = black,       %Colour of internal links  
622 citecolor        = black,       %Colour of citations  
623 linktoc          = page,  
624 pdfborder        = {0 0 0},  
625 breaklinks       = true,      %allow line break inside links  
626 final  
627 }  
628 \RequirePackage{bookmark}  
629  
630 \RequirePackage[  
631   sort,  
632   nameinlink,  
633   compress,  
634   ngerman,english  
635 ]{cleveref}  
636  
637  
638 %---- newcommands  
639 \newcommand{\TeXografie}{Lukas C. Bossert  
640   (www.texografie.de)}  
641 \newcommand\huberlin{\huberlintitle\xspace}  
642  
643  
644 \newcommand\huberlinFolder{  
645   \begingroup%  
646   \normalfont%  
647   \color{hu-berlin-blue}%  
648   % \faFolderOpen% taken from fontawesome  
649   \hspace{.3em}%  
650   \endgroup}  
651  
652  
653  
654 \RedeclareSectionCommands [  
655   tocraggedpagenumber,  
656   toclinefill=\tocpageseparator,  
657   tocindent=0em,  
658   tocnumwidth=4em,  
659   tocpagernumberbox=\tocpagernumberbox% <- added  
660 %   tocpagernumberformat=\textsf,
```

```
661 ] {chapter, section, subsection, subsubsection, paragraph}
662
663 \newcommand\tocgobble[1]{}% <- added
664 \newcommand\tocpageseparator{\footnotesize\, \mbox{---}\, }
665 \newcommand\tocpagenumberbox[1]{\mbox{\#1}}% <- added
666 \KOMAoptions{toc=indentunnumbered}
667
668 \RedeclareSectionCommand[
669 %   tocbeforeskip=1.25em plus 1pt
670   ,tocentryformat=\large\scshape%
671   ,tocindent=0em
672   ,tocnumwidth=4em
673   ,tocpagenumberbox=\tocgobble% <- added
674 ] {part}
675 %\addtokomafont{partentry}{\scshape\sffamily\bfseries}
676
677 \RedeclareSectionCommand[%  

678 %   ,beforeskip=1.15em plus 1pt%
679 ,tocentryformat=\textbf%
680 %   ,toclinefill={\TOCLineLeaderFill}\TOCLineLeaderFill[\textbf{.}]
681 ] {chapter}
682
683
684
685
686 \newtcbox{\example}[1][]{
687   breakable,
688   top=5pt,
689   bottom=5pt,
690   colback=hu-berlin-blue!10,
691   colframe=hu-berlin-blue,
692   left=5pt,
693   right=5pt,
694   sharp corners,
695   boxrule=0pt,
696   bottomrule=2pt,
697   toprule=2pt,
698   enhanced jigsaw,
699   lefttitle=0pt,
700   coltitle=white,
701   fonttitle=\bfseries,
702   fontupper=\small,\ttfamily,
703   % colbacktitle=hu-berlin-blue!20
704   #1,
705 }
706
707 % Replace the squat-u symbol for spaces
```

```
708 % https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/488123/98739
709 \makeatletter
710 \def\lst@visiblespace{\lst@ttfamily{\char32}\textcolor{hu-berlin-
    grey}{\cdot}}
711 \makeatother
712
713
714 \lstset{%
715   basicstyle = \linespread{0.7}\ttfamily
716 , breaklines = true
717 , breakatwhitespace
718 , alsoletter=\{\}\*\[\]\-
719 , showstringspaces=true
720 }
721
722 \lstdefinestyle{hu-berlinlistingstyledef}{%
723   tabsize      = 4,
724   breaklines   = true,
725   breakatwhitespace = true,
726   postbreak=\mbox{\hookrightarrow},
727   %keepspaces   = true,
728   escapeinside = {(*@}{@*)},
729   moredelim    = {[is] [\ttfamily\bfseries\color{hu-berlin-blue}]{|}{|}{|}},
730   moredelim    = {[is] [\ttfamily\bfseries\color{hu-berlin-blue}]{|1}{1|}},
731   moredelim    = {[is] [\ttfamily\bfseries\color{hu-berlin-red}]{|2}{2|}},
732   aboveskip=0pt,
733   belowskip=0pt,
734   captionpos=b,
735   resetmargins=true,
736   sensitive=true,
737   upquote=true,
738   showspaces=true,
739   showtabs=true,
740   tab=\textcolor{hu-berlin-grey}{\rightarrowfill},
741   %numbers=left,
742   %numberstyle=\footnotesize\ttfamily\color{hu-berlin-grey},
743   comment      = [l]{\%},
744   commentstyle = \footnotesize\color{hu-berlin-grey}\addfontfeature{LetterSpac-
745   % deletecomment = [l]{\%<}
746   % morecomment  = [l][\nullfont]{\%<},
747   % deletecomment = [is]{\%<}{>},
748 }
749
750 \lstdefinestyle{hu-berlinlistingstyle}{%
751   language    = {TeX},
752   style       = {hu-berlinlistingstyledef},
753 }
```

```
754
755
756
757
758
759
760 \tcbset{%
761 hu-berlinstyle/.style={%
762 enhanced,
763 before skip=2mm,
764 after skip=3mm,
765 boxrule=0.7pt,
766 left=2mm,
767 right=2mm,
768 top=2mm,
769 bottom=2mm,
770 sharp corners,
771 colback=white,
772 colbacklower=white,
773 % fonttitle=\sffamily\bfseries,
774 breakable,
775 %before skip=\baselineskip,
776 coltitle=white,
777 colbacktitle=hu-berlin-blue!50!black,
778 fonttitle=\bfseries\sffamily\footnotesize,
779 % before upper={\mynote{\thetcbcounter}},
780 title={\hfill Example \thetcbcounter},
781 },
782 codecomment/.style=%
783 listing outside comment,%
784 boxrule=0pt,
785 colback=white,
786 }
787 }
788
789 \newtcbox{\warning}[1][]{%
790 enhanced,
791 before skip=2mm,
792 after skip=3mm,
793 boxrule=0.7pt,
794 left=5mm,
795 right=2mm,
796 top=2mm,
797 bottom=2mm,
798 colback=white,
799 colframe=yellow!20!black,
800 sharp corners,
```

```
801 rounded corners=southeast,
802 arc is angular,
803 arc=3mm,
804 underlay={%
805 \path[fill=hu-berlin-grey!80!black] ([yshift=3mm]interior.south east)--
++(-0.4,-0.1)--+(0.1,-0.2);
806 \path[draw=hu-berlin-grey,shorten <=-0.05mm,shorten >=-0.05mm] ([yshift=3mm]
++(-0.4,-0.1)--+(0.1,-0.2);
807 \path[fill=red!50!black,draw=none] (interior.south west) rectangle node[white]
808 },
809 drop fuzzy shadow,
810 #1
811 }
812
813 \newtcblisting[%]
814 auto counter,
815 crefname = {example}{examples},
816 Crefname = {Example}{Examples},
817 ]{codetext}[2][]{%
818 hu-berlinstyle,
819 % side text,
820 rounded corners=northeast,
821 arc=6mm,
822 listing style=hu-berlinlistingstyle,
823 label = #2,
824 #1,
825 }
826
827 \newtcblisting[%]
828 use counter from=codetext,
829 crefname={code example}{code examples},
830 Crefname={Code example}{Code examples}%
831 ]{code}[2][]{%
832 hu-berlinstyle,
833 rounded corners=southeast,
834 arc=6mm,
835 listing only,
836 listing style=hu-berlinlistingstyle,
837 label = #2,
838 #1,
839 }
840
841
842 \DeclareTCBInputListing[%]
843 use counter from=codetext,
844 crefname={code example}{code examples},
845 Crefname={Code example}{Code examples}%
846
```

```

846 ] {\huberlinlisting}{ \O{} \m }{%
847   hu-berlinstyle,
848   listing file={#2},
849   listing only,
850   listing style=hu-berlinlistingstyle,
851   #1,
852 }
853
854 \makeatletter
855 \newrobustcmd*{\fnurl}[1][]{\hyper@normalise\ltd@fnurl{#1}}
856 \def\ltd@fnurl#1#2{\footnote{\#1\hyper@linkurl{\Hurl{#2}}{#2}}}{#2}}
857 \makeatother

```

The first command is used to reference packages with: `\`{\pkg}{<package name>}`.² The name of the package is linked to its entry on CTAN and referenced to the bibliography in the end of this documentation.

```

858 \RequirePackage{newfile}
859 \newoutputstream{pkglst}

860 \NewDocumentCommand{\pkg}{om}{%
861   \IfNoValueTF{#1}{%
862     \lowercase{\href{http://www.ctan.org/pkg/#2}}{\textbf{#2}}}{%
863     \lowercase{\href{http://www.ctan.org/pkg/#1-#2}}{\textbf{#2}}}{%
864   \space\cite{#2}}%
865 \addtostream{pkglst}{#2} }

866 \newrobustcmd*{\lit}[1]{\textsf{#1}}
867 \newrobustcmd*{\Code}[1]{\texttt{#1}}
868 \newrobustcmd*{\tex}{\TeX}
869 \newrobustcmd*{\etex}{\mbox{e-\TeX}}
870 \newrobustcmd*{\pdftex}{pdf\-\tex}
871 \newrobustcmd*{\xetex}{Xe\-\tex}
872 \newrobustcmd*{\luatex}{Lua\-\tex}
873 \newrobustcmd*{\latex}{\LaTeX}\%{\La\kern-0.07em\ TeX}
874 \newrobustcmd*{\pdflatex}{pdf\-\ latex}
875 \newrobustcmd*{\xelatex}{Xe\-\ latex}
876 \newrobustcmd*{\luatex}{Lua\-\ latex}
877 \newrobustcmd*{\miktex}{Mik\-\tex}
878 \newrobustcmd*{\texlive}{\tex\~live}
879 \newrobustcmd*{\bibtex}{Bib\kern-0.07em\ TeX}
880 \newrobustcmd*{\lppl}{\ latex{}\ Project\ Public\ License}
881 \newrobustcmd*{\pdf}{PDF}
882 \newrobustcmd*{\md}{MarkDown}
883 \newrobustcmd*{\utf}{\mbox{UTF}-8}
884 % no \mbox here, we may have to break things
885 \newrobustcmd*{\bibfield}[1]{\Code{#1}}

```

² Do not forget to insert the name of the package into the makefile in the definition of PKG.

```

886 \newrobustcmd* {\opt} [1] {\Code{#1}}
887 \newrobustcmd* {\bibmacro} [1] {\Code{#1}}
888 \newrobustcmd* {\bibtype} [1] {\Code{@#1}}
889 %\renewrobustcmd* {\cmd} [1] {\Code{\textbackslash #1}}
890 \renewrobustcmd\meta[1]{\normalfont{\texttt{#1}}}{\itshape{\texttt{#1}}}{\texttt{#1}}
891
892 % directly taken from ltxdoc.dtx
893 \renewrobustcmd\marg[1]{%
894   {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-red}{\{}{\}}}{%
895     \meta{#1}{%
896       {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-red}{\{}{\}}}{%
897     }{%
898   }{%
899     \renewrobustcmd\oarg[1]{%
900       {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-green}{[\ ]}}{%
901         \meta{#1}{%
902           {\ttfamily\textcolor{hu-berlin-green}{[\ ]}}{%
903         }{%
904       }{%
905       % adapted from listings.dtx (lstdoc.sty)
906       \renewrobustcmd\cmd[1]{%
907         \texttt{\color{hu-berlin-blue}\textbackslash string\#1}\xspace{%
908       }{%
909     }{%
910     \newrobustcmd\env[2]{[]}{%
911       \texttt{\color{hu-berlin-blue}{\{}{}}{%
912       \color{hu-berlin-blue}{\%}{%
913       \textbackslash begin{\texttt{\color{hu-berlin-blue}{\{}{\}}}{\#1}}{%
914       \ldots{%
915       \texttt{\color{hu-berlin-blue}{\{}{}}{%
916       \color{hu-berlin-blue}{\%}{%
917       \textbackslash end{\texttt{\color{hu-berlin_blue}{\{}{\}}}}{%
918       \xspace{%

```

For a common layout of the parameter style to identify code of the different documents, files and packages we use `\param{<name of the parameter>}`.

```

919 \newcommand\param[1]{%
920   \begingroup{%
921     \normalfont{%
922       \ttfamily{%
923         \bfseries{%
924           \textless{%
925             \#1{%
926             \ttfamily{%
927             \bfseries{%
928               \textgreater{%
929             \endgroup{%

```

```

930 \pdfstringdefDisableCommands{%
931   \def\lstinline#1{<#1>}
932   \def\tex{TeX}%
933   \def\etex{e-TeX}%
934   \def\xetex{XeTeX}%
935   \def\latex{LaTeX}%
936   \def\xelatex{XeLaTeX}%
937   \def\bibtex{BibTeX}%
938   \def\lppl{LaTeX Project Public License}%
939   \def\pdf{PDF}%
940   \def\utf{UTF-8}%
941   \def\\{\{}%
942   \def\texttt#1{<#1>}%
943   \def\marg#1{\{\!#1\!\}}%
944   \def\oarg#1{[#1]}%
945   \def\color#1#2{ }%
946   \def\env#1{<#1>}%
947   \def\cmd#1{#1}%
948 }
949 % https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/24067/98739
950 \makeatletter
951 \patchcmd{\scr@startchapter}{\if@openright\cleardoublepage\else\clearpage\fi}
952 \makeatother
953 %
954 \RequirePackage[tightLists=false]{markdown}
955 \markdownSetup{rendererPrototypes={%
956   link = {\href{#3}{#1}}%
957 }%
958 </style>
959 </sty>
```

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Example files

8 Letter

8.1 From .tex

HUMBOLDT-UNIVERSITÄT ZU BERLIN



HU Berlin | Unter den Linden 6 | D-10099 Berlin

Erika Musterfrau
Musterweg 43
56789 Musterhausen

Betreff

Sehr geehrte Frau Musterfrau,

Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: „Dies ist ein Blindtext“ oder „Huardest gefburn“? Kijft – mitnichten! Ein Blindtext bietet mir wichtige Informationen. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Anmutung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen und prüfe, wie breit oder schmal sie läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie „Lorem ipsum“ dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Anmutung vermitteln. Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: „Dies ist ein Blindtext“ oder „Huardest gefburn“? Kijft – mitnichten! Ein Blindtext bietet mir wichtige Informationen. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Anmutung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen und prüfe, wie breit oder schmal sie läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie „Lorem ipsum“ dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Anmutung vermitteln.

Philosophische Fakultät

Institut für Briefvorlagen
Here you can add more text.

Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau
Dekanin

Datum:

28.4.2020

Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter

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Seite 2

Dies hier ist ein Blindtext zum Testen von Textausgaben. Wer diesen Text liest, ist selbst schuld. Der Text gibt lediglich den Grauwert der Schrift an. Ist das wirklich so? Ist es gleichgültig, ob ich schreibe: „Dies ist ein Blindtext“ oder „Huardest gefburn“? Kijft – mitnichten! Ein Blindtext bietet mir wichtige Informationen. An ihm messe ich die Lesbarkeit einer Schrift, ihre Anmutung, wie harmonisch die Figuren zueinander stehen und prüfe, wie breit oder schmal sie läuft. Ein Blindtext sollte möglichst viele verschiedene Buchstaben enthalten und in der Originalsprache gesetzt sein. Er muss keinen Sinn ergeben, sollte aber lesbar sein. Fremdsprachige Texte wie „Lorem ipsum“ dienen nicht dem eigentlichen Zweck, da sie eine falsche Anmutung vermitteln.

Mit freundlichen Grüßen

Prof. Dr. Maike Musterfrau – Dr. Max Mustermann

PS: ...

Anlage: Anlage 1
Anlage 2

Kopie an: Verteiler 1
Verteiler 2

8.2 From **.md**

H U M B O L D T - U N I V E R S I T Ä T Z U B E R L I N



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