

Starting with 1.08h, about 25 code samples (especially the longer ones) are incorporated into the PDF file (thanks to Scott PAKIN's attachfile package) as *file attachement annotations*. Each file is represented by an icon after the verbatim rendering of the corresponding code. Clicking suitably on the icon will open a dialog to open or save the file contents. This is much better than copy-paste which loses indentation. There is also in some viewer a *Comment pane* which can be opened on the right side of the main window and which provides a convenient clickable list of all these *attachments annotations*.

PDF viewers unable to make these attachments accessible to the user may replace the clickable icons by some blank space.

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Abstract

The **etoc** package gives to the user complete control on how the entries of the table of contents should be constituted from the *name*, *number*, and *page number* of each sectioning unit. This goes via the definition of *line styles* for each sectioning level used in the document. The package provides its own custom line styles. Simpler ones are given as examples in the documentation. The simplest usage will be to take advantage of the layout facilities of packages dealing with list environments.

Regarding the *global toc display*, **etoc** provides pre-defined styles based on a multi-column format, with, optionally, a ruled title or framed contents.

The \tableofcontents command may be used arbitrarily many times and it has a variant \localtableofcontents which prints tables of contents 'local' to the current surrounding document unit. An extension of the \label/\ref syntax allows to reproduce (with another layout) a local table of contents defined somewhere else in the document.

Via "depth tags", one gets an even finer control for each table of contents of which sectioning units it should, or not, display.

The formatting inherited (and possibly customized by other packages) from the document class will be used when in *compatibility mode*.

The assignment of levels to the sectioning units can be changed at any time, and **etoc** can thus be used in a quite general manner to create custom "lists of", additionally to the tables of contents related to the document sectioning units. No auxiliary file is used additionally to the standard .toc file.

1. Foreword

Popular packages dealing with TOCs include tocloft, titletoc and minitoc. Why another one? I started **etoc** for my own use, and found out only later about these mentioned packages.

As is well explained in the tocloft package documentation, the standard LATEX layout for the Table of Contents is buried in the class definitions. In particular, most of the lengths therein are hardcoded, and the only way for the user to change them is to recopy the class definitions into the document and then change them to obtain what is desired (within suitable \makeatletter and \makeatother). The more reasonable alternative is to use a dedicated package such as tocloft or to use another flexible document class.

However, although now things are hopefully not hard-coded, one still has to go through the package or class interface. This means one has to memorize a (possibly large) number of macros which will serve only to this task, and one will always be constrained to customizing one initially given layout.

The spirit of **etoc** is something else. The user will deal with the *name*, the *number* and the *page number* corresponding to each document sectional division (and found in a line of the .toc file) in a completely arbitrary manner: they are made available via the \etocname, \etocname, \etocname, and \etocpage commands.

etoc appears to be (at least partially) compatible with the article, book, report, scrartcl, scrbook, scrreprt and memoir classes.

2. License

```
% Package: etoc
% Version: 1.09b-2019/11/17
% License: LPPL 1.3c
% Copyright (C) 2012-2019 Jean-Francois Burnol <jfbu at free dot fr>
% Copyright (C) 2014-2019 Christine Roemer <Christine_Roemer at t-online dot de>
% and collaborators for the translation into German of the documentation
%
%
      This Work may be distributed and/or modified under the
%
      conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License, in its
%
      version 1.3c. This version of this license is in
%
           http://www.latex-project.org/lppl/lppl-1-3c.txt
%
      and the latest version of this license is in
%
           http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
      and version 1.3 or later is part of all distributions of
%
      LaTeX version 2005/12/01 or later.
%
%
% The Authors of this Work are:
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      for the source code and English documentation, and
%
% Christine Roemer <Christine_Roemer at t-online dot de> and collaborators
      for the translation into German of the documentation.
%
%
% This Work consists of the main source file etoc.dtx and the derived
% files etoc.sty, etoc.tex, etoc-DE.tex, etoc.pdf, etoc-DE.pdf,
% etoc.dvi, etoc-DE.dvi, README.md.
%
% Running etex (or latex or pdflatex) on etoc.dtx extracts etoc.sty,
% etoc.tex, etoc-DE.tex, and README.md. See README.md for
% further instructions.
```

3. Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?

Part I. Overview

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 6 sections and 4 subsections. The name of the first section is "Do I need to be a geek to use **etoc**?" and the corresponding number is "3". The name of the last section is "Linked list of the main package commands" and its number is "8". The name of the first subsection is "Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents" and the corresponding number is "3.1". The name of the last subsection is "Compatibility mode" and its number is "4.3".

3. Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?

Not quite. The simplest way is to use enumerate environments, with the customizing facilities of packages such as enumitem,¹ to display the data fetched by **etoc** from the .toc file. The data consists of the *name* (\etocname), *number* (\etocnumber), and *page number* (\etocpage) as extracted from the .toc file.

This is illustrated at the start of Part V. More sophisticated examples would use more sophisticated enumitem options. One may say then that again the user has to memorize some customizing! indeed, but the syntax and option names to memorize are in no way related only to matters of tables of contents, hence an economy of use of the poor brain.

Next in ease of use, perhaps, is the method explained later in this part (section 5). For this some knowledge of \leftskip, \rightskip, etc... is necessary. And a slight elaboration of this method, whose code is to be found in section 53, allows to mimick very well, if so desired, the standard looks. An even closer emulation of the book class design is now included in this documentation as section 21.

As will be amply illustrated in this manual, **etoc** is quite versatile (especially as it allows to re-define at any point in the document the hierarchy of sectioning units) and one can achieve surprising effects with it: Part IV is devoted to this, and some more is to be found in Part VIII.

A very important aspect of **etoc** is that it is geared towards making many TOCs in the same document, *using only one*.toc *file*! The present documentation contains 42 visible tables of contents (and a few invisible ones) and uses only one .toc file!² So one should think twice before adding manually extra commands to the .toc file (see section 18).

3.1. Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents

There are some limitations to the use of list environments for typesetting TOCs. One of them is intrinsic to the scope limitations created by the groups associated to the environ-

¹http://ctan.org/pkg/enumitem

²and the counting itself has been achieved by a table of contents which was inserted in the framed paragraph!...the technique for this kind of effect will be explained later.

ments: the .toc file may contain, besides the information to be typeset in the TOCs, some other commands, such as language changing commands, which do not expect to see their scope limited in this way inside a group (LATEX's environments create groups).

Therefore the built-in "line styles" proposed by **etoc** as an example (and which are illustrated³ by the main table of contents in this document) do not make use of environments. Actually, in this user manual, only the table of contents at the start of Part V, the subsection 51.1 (which is a TOC!) and examples from section 38 have their line styles expressed in terms of enumerate or itemize environments.

4. Line styles and toc display style

A distinction shall be made between the *line styles*, *i.e.* the way the name, number and page numbers are used at each level, and the *toc display style* (for lack of a better name) which tells how the title should be set, whether an entry in the .toc file should be made, whether the contents should be typeset with multiple columns, etc... the latter is governed by the command \etocsettocstyle (or some higher-level commands) and the former by the command \etocsetstyle.

4.1. \etocsetstyle for the line styles

The command to inform **etoc** of what to do with \etocname, \etocnumber, and \etocpage is called \etocsetstyle. It has five mandatory arguments. The first one is the name of the sectional unit: a priori known names are book, part, chapter, section, subsection, subsubsection, paragraph, and subparagraph, and any other name can be declared and assigned to a (numeric) level via the \etocsetlevel command.⁴

The four other arguments of \etocsetstyle specify: 1) what to do when this level is first encountered, down from a more general one, then 2) & 3) (two arguments, a 'prefix' and a 'contents') what to do when a new entry of that type is found, and 4) the last argument is the code to execute when a division unit of higher importance is again hit upon.

4.2. \etocsettocstyle for the toc display

The **\etocsettocstyle** command allows to specify what should be done before and after the line entries of the TOC are typeset, and in particular how the title should be printed. It has two arguments, the first one is executed before the TOC contents (typically it will print "Contents" and define suitable marks for the page headings) and the second is executed after the TOC contents.

etoc provides four (customizable) higher level toc styles: \etocmulticolstyle, \etoctocstyle, \etocruledstyle, and \etocframedstyle. All use the multicol package with a default of two columns (single-column mode is obtained with the optional argument [1]).

These commands must be followed either by \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents.

³with a twist, subsections having been downgraded to the subsubsection style...

⁴under the memoir class, etoc knows appendix as a sectioning name.

5. A first example

4.3. Compatibility mode

Both for the "line styles" and the "toc display style", it is possible to switch into a compatibility mode which uses the defaults from the document class.⁵ This is activated by:

\etocstandardlines % 'line entries' as without \usepackage{etoc}
\etocstandarddisplaystyle % 'toc display' as without \usepackage{etoc}

If the command \etocsetstyle has *not been used in the preamble* the package will be at \begin{document} in this compatibility mode: hence just adding \usepackage{etoc} should hopefully not change anything to the look of a previously existing document, under the article, book, report, scrartcl, scrbook, scrreprt and memoir classes.

Any use of \etocsetstyle in the *preamble or body* of the document turns off from that point on the compatibility mode for line styles, but maintains the compatibility mode for the TOC title. One re-activates the compatibility mode for line styles with \etocstan-dardlines; and \etoctoclines will re-activate the line styles as defined with the help of \etocsetstyle, if their scope was not limited to a group or environment.

The command \etocdefaultlines resets the line styles as pre-defined internally by etoc and described in section 46.

Even if \etocsetstyle has been used, the global display style remains initially as defined by the document class (or the tocloft package); one needs to use the command \etocsettocstyle or its variants to exit from this compatibility mode at the "toc display style" level. It will be re-activated if use if made of \etocstandarddisplaystyle.

See further section 20.

5. A first example

Let us present a first example of specification for line styles. Immediately after the start of Part I we inserted in the source file:

\invisiblelocaltableofcontents \label{toc:overview}

This sets-up the label toc:overview, and we can use it at any location in the document: \tableofcontents \ref{toc:overview}

And as we used $\invisible...,^6$ the local TOC will exist only through its clones elsewhere in the document.

My first etoc: TOC of Part I (Overview)_____

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⁵for the "toc display style" **etoc** checks if it knows the class, and if not defaults to the article class layout. It will also check if tocloft has customized the TOC title.

⁶this is a shortcut for setting temporarily the tocdepth to -3, which has the effect to tell **etoc** not to print the TOC, and not even the heading.

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We could have used the line styles defined by **etoc**, with \etocdefaultlines, or the default document class styles with \etocstandardlines, but we were a bit more ambitious here and wanted to design our own. The technique is a simple one: each heading is in its own paragraph, which may extend on multiple lines; it is responsible for setting its own \leftskip.

This is a simple design which does not make provisions for page breaks which should be discouraged in-between a section and a subsection etc... as we only used it for the table of contents of this part, thus with sections as top levels, there was no need to specify a style for parts too (we defined a subsubsection line style but as it turns out there are no subsubsections in this part). The two commands used are \etocsetstyle for specifying the line styles, and \etocruledstyle for the TOC global style.

The \rightskip is shared by all, and creates space where the page numbers get printed. For an elaboration of this technique see the next section 6 as well as section 53 which provides a TOC with parts and paragraphs. Both allow multi-line headings and employ a technique for putting page numbers in the right margin which was inspired from what LAT_FX2e 's \@dottedtocline macro does.

Here is how it was produced:

```
\begingroup\parindent 0pt \parfillskip 0pt \leftskip 0cm \rightskip 1cm
\etocsetstyle {section}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 0cm\relax}
              {\bfseries\normalsize\makebox[.5cm][1]{\etocnumber.}%
               \etocname\nobreak\hfill\nobreak
               \rlap{\makebox[1cm]{\mdseries\etocpage}}\par}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {subsection}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip .5cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\makebox[1cm][1]{\etocnumber}%
               \etocname\nobreak\hfill\nobreak
               \rlap{\makebox[1cm]{\etocpage}}\par}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {subsubsection}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 1.5cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\makebox[1cm][1]{\etocnumber}%
               \etocname\nobreak\hfill\nobreak
               \rlap{\makebox[1cm]{\etocpage}}\par}
              {}
\etocruledstyle[1]{\bfseries \Large My first \etoc: TOC of
  \autoref{part:overview} (\nameref{part:overview})}
\tableofcontents \ref {toc:overview}
\endgroup
```

6. A second example

This second example displays only the contents from Part V and Part VI. This selection is done via the technique of *depth tags*, described in section 14 and section 53. Its layout is a bit like the one of the main document TOC, although the line styles are coded very differently.

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```
{\parindent 0pt
\nobreak
\etocskipfirstprefix}
{\pagebreak[3]\bigskip}
```

```
{\large\rmfamily\bfseries\scshape\centering
 \etocifnumbered{Part \etocnumber{} - }{}\etocname\par}
{}
\etocsetstyle {section}
{\leftskip 0pt \rightskip .75cm \parfillskip-\rightskip
 \nobreak\medskip
 \etocskipfirstprefix}
{\leftskip 0pt \rightskip .75cm \parfillskip-\rightskip
 \pagebreak[1]\smallskip}
{\normalsize\rmfamily\bfseries\scshape
 \etocnumber. \etocname\DotsAndPage }
{\parfillskip Opt plus 1fil\relax }
\etocsetstyle {subsection}
{\leftskip1cm\rightskip .75cm \parfillskip 0pt plus 1fil\relax
 \nobreak\smallskip}
{}
{\footnotesize\sffamily\mdseries\itshape
 \etocname{} (\etocnumber, p. \etocpage). }
{\par\medskip}
\etocsettagdepth {preamble}
                              {none}
%\etocsettagdepth {overview}
                               {none}% not needed explicitely, keeps value
%\etocsettagdepth {arbitrarily}{none}
%\etocsettagdepth {examples}
                               {none}
%\etocsettagdepth {surprising} {none}
\etocsettagdepth {linestyles} {subsection}
\etocsettagdepth {globalcmds} {subsection}
\etocsettagdepth {custom}
                              {none}
%\etocsettagdepth {tips}
                               {none}
%\etocsettagdepth {etocandworld}{none}
%\etocsettagdepth {code}
                               {none}
\etocsettocstyle {\centering\LARGE\textsc{\contentsname}\par\nobreak\medskip}{}
\etocsetnexttocdepth {subsection}
\tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

7. A Beautiful Thesis example

Here is a relatively simple example of use of the package functionalities. Let us set up some line styles. We choose a style for sections and sub-sections which would be suitable for, respectively, sections and sub-sections in an average length memoir. The line style specifications have some redundancy for clarity, and do not care about what to do at possible page breaks. Also, they do not worry about potential multi-column use.

My Beautiful Thesis

Chapter 3 Do I need to be a geek to use

7. A Beautiful Thesis example

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```
\begingroup % we start a group to keep the style changes local
\newlength{\tocleftmargin}
                              \setlength{\tocleftmargin}{5cm}
\newlength{\tocrightmargin}
                             \setlength{\tocrightmargin}{1cm}
\etocsetstyle{section}
                                    % will pretend to be a Chapter
{\addvspace{lex}\parfillskip0pt
 \leftskip\tocleftmargin
                                    % (already done in title)
 \rightskip\the\tocrightmargin plus 1fil
 \parindent0pt\color{cyan}}
                                    % (already done)
{\bfseries\LARGE\upshape\addvspace{1ex}\leavevmode}
{\llap{Chapter\hspace{.5em}{\etocnumber}\hspace{.75cm}}\etocname
\hfill\makebox[-\tocrightmargin][1]{\makebox[0pt]{\etocpage}}\par}
{}
                                    % will pretend to be a Section
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
{}
{\mdseries\large\addvspace{.5ex}\leavevmode}
{\llap{\etocnumber\hspace{.75cm}}\textit{\etocname}%
 \hfill\makebox[-\tocrightmargin][1]{\makebox[0pt]{\etocpage}}\par}
{}
\def\tmptitle{My Beautiful Thesis}
\etocsettocstyle{\color{cyan}\parindent0pt \leftskip\tocleftmargin
  \leavevmode\leaders\hrule height 1pt\hfill\
  \huge\textit{\tmptitle}\par}{\bigskip}
\tableofcontents \ref{toc:overview}
\endgroup
```

8. Linked list of the main package commands

\etocaftercontentshook \etocaftertitlehook \etocaftertochook \etocbeforetitlehook \etocdefaultlines \etocdepthtag.toc \etocdisplay \etocframedstyle \etocframed \etociffirst \etocifnumbered \etocignoredepthtags \etocignoretoctocdepth \etocinline \etoclink \etoclocalframed \etoclocaltop

\etoclocalmulticol \etoclocalruled \etocmulticolstyle \etocmulticol \etocname \etocnumber \etocobeydepthtags \etocobeytoctocdepth \etocpage \etocruledstyle \etocruled \etocsetlevel \etocsetnexttocdepth \etocsetstyle \etocsettagdepth \etocsettocdepth.toc \etocsettocdepth

\etocsettocstyle \etocskipfirstprefix \etocstandarddisplaystyle \etocstandardlines \etocthelinkedname \etocthelinkednumber \etocthelinkedpage \etocthelink \etocthename \etocthenumber \etocthepage \etoctoccontentsline \etoctoclines \localtableofcontents \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth \tableofcontents

Part II. Arbitrarily many TOCs, and local ones too

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 10 sections and 7 subsections. The name of the first section is "The \tableofcontents, \localtableofcontents and \local-tableofcontentswithrelativedepth commands" and the corresponding number is "9". The name of the last section is "Adding commands to the .toc file" and its number is "18". The name of the first subsection is "The hyperref option *bookmarksdepth*" and the corresponding number is "12.1". The name of the last subsection is "The hyperref option *bookmarksdepth*" and the corresponding number is "18.1".

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9. The \tableofcontents, \localtableofcontents and \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth commands

- **\tableofcontents** can be used arbitrarily many times in the document. Styling either globally the TOC or its individual entries is customizable at any time in the document.
- **\localtableofcontents** will print local tables of contents: *i.e.* all sections and subunits inside a given chapter, or all subsubsections and lower inside a given subsection, etc... (see also **\etocsetnexttocdepth**).^{7,8}
- **\localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth**{*(number)*} can be used to override the document or current tocdepth setting (see section 11 for a discussion of tocdepth) to become relative to where the local TOC originates. For example, assuming the default numeric level assignments to standard sectioning units

\section{This is a section}
\localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth{+2}

will create a local table of contents taking into account the subsections and subsubsections inside this section, independently of what is the value of the tocdepth counter at this position in the document. If the numeric argument had been 3, the local TOC would have displayed also paragraphs. If the section had been a chapter, and again for a relative tocdepth of 2, the taken into account levels would have been sections and subsections.⁹

The macro \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth is new with 1.09.¹⁰

10. Labeling and reusing elsewhere

etoc allows the labeling of a TOC with (for example) \label{toc:A} and will redisplay it elsewhere when told \tableofcontents\ref{toc:A}. The actual layout (title inclusive) used for the cloned TOC will be decided locally. The line styles and toc display style (including the title) will be the current ones and the current value of the tocdepth counter is obeyed. As an example the table of contents of Part VII is in a float which appears on the following page.

We used this:

\begin{figure}[ht!]
 \centering
 \begingroup
 \etocstandardlines

⁷As is explained in section 10 the syntax allows to create somewhere a local table of contents and to display it at some other location either before or after its origin.

⁸As is explained in section 11 etoc allows at anytime to locally redefine the numeric levels associated to named ones, which brings great flexibility to achieve special effects, all done using only a single auxiliary file, the standard .toc file.

⁹The situation may be more complex, as the .toc file itself may well contain \setcounter{tocdepth}{...} commands. This is not recommended pratice with etoc. See the discussion of \etocsettocdepth.toc and \etocdepthtag.toc for more on this.

¹⁰Thanks to Tony ROBERTS for feature request.

11. A powerful functionality of etoc: the re-assignment of levels with \etocsetlevel

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Important: one should not use elsewhere \tableofcontents \ref{toc:d}. To clone again, one must use a reference to the original label: \tableofcontents \ref{toc:c}.

11. A powerful functionality of etoc: the re-assignment of levels with \etocsetlevel

The intrinsic levels manipulated by **etoc** are numeric: from -2 (which corresponds to book in the memoir class) down (from the big to the small) to 5 (subparagraph). But the assignment of a numeric level to a given name can be modified at any time with the command $\langle etocsetlevel \{\langle level_name \rangle\} \{\langle number \rangle\}$. In conjunction with the use of the LATEX tocdepth counter, this has powerful applications: $\langle level_name \rangle$ does not have to coincide with an actual document sectioning command, and **etoc** can be used to print arbitrary "lists of things", using no other auxiliary file than the .toc file. This is explained further in Part IV.

It is often said that in the standard classes, the sectioning level of part is 0 in the classes not having a chapter command, and -1 in classes having a chapter command. This is *correct* for what regards the *automatic numbering*, as is governed by the value of the secnumdepth counter; but it is *wrong* for what regards the effect

of the tocdepth counter: setting the tocdepth to -1 in the article class just before \tableofcontents does *not* prevent Parts from appearing in the Table of Contents. One has to set it to -2 for that, whether in the article or in the book class.

The canonical levels, a priori known to **etoc**, are those of relevance to the **tocdepth** counter in the standard classes and are recapitulated in this table:

(memoir class) book	-2
part	-1
chapter	0
section	1
subsection	2
subsubsection	3
paragraph	4
subparagraph	5

With **etoc**, the user can easily print a local table of contents inside a given subsection, where subsubsections will be printed in the style of sections, paragraphs in the style of subsections, and subparagraphs in the style of subsubsections, if so desired. One can also decide to set everything to be at the level 6 (never displayed by **etoc**), except for example paragraphs, promoted to be at level 1, and then one obtains a nice table of contents of all the paragraphs from the document! (tocdepth at least 1)¹¹

12. The \etocsettocdepth and \etocsetnexttocdepth commands

The tocdepth counter has no bearing on what gets written to the .toc file; its action is only on the actual typesetting of the table of contents.¹² In the standard classes there is only one \tableofcontents possible, whereas with **etoc**, arbitrarily many are allowed, so one may change tocdepth to the appropriate value (which decides the finest sectioning level displayed) again and again each time a table of contents needs to be typeset.

etoc provides \etocsettocdepth{\level} whose mandatory argument is either numeric (from -3 to 5) or a division name such as subsection or subsubsection or any name previously declared to **etoc** with \etocsetlevel (the keywords all and none are recognized, although not corresponding to a document division). This does the appropriate \setcounter{tocdepth}{numeric_level}.

As is explained in the next subsection, tocdepth is used by hyperref, and one must take steps to prevent its changes from influencing the bookmarks, too. So, **etoc** has \etocset-nexttocdepth{\level\} whose influence ceases immediately after the next table of contents. Thus, \invisibletableofcontents is essentially \etocsetnexttocdepth{none} \\tableofcontents.

¹¹ and one should naturally not print this TOC of paragraphs in compatibility mode, which would insist on inserting a gigantic left margin.

¹²In the standard classes (at least), it also influences the \listoftables and \listoffigures, via \@dottedtocline.

13. The command \etocsettocdepth.toc

The simplest course is thus to have after \begin{document} and before the first \tableofcontents a single instance of the \etocsettocdepth command, with argument the deepest level (or most commonly used deepest level) among the tables of contents of the document, and to use locally, where needed, \etocsetnexttocdepth before \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents.

It is possible to use \etocsettocdepth inside the first argument of \etocsettocstyle (possibly in conjunction with checking the \etoclocaltop value, *which however will be up-to-date there only if* \etocchecksemptiness was executed). There is no worry then about possible impact on hyperref bookmarks later on, because etoc always resets the tocdepth counter after typesetting a TOC to the value it had before it.

Since 1.09 the macro \etocsetnexttocdepth works also if located in first argument of \etocsettocstyle, but there is no reason to use it there as \etocsettocdepth has no durable effet on the tocdepth counter if executed there.

Check \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth for a simpler way to control the depth of local tables of contents. This has the advantage of working reliably whether or not the \etocchecksemptiness is used.

12.1. The hyperref option bookmarksdepth

When modifying the counter tocdepth for the purposes of multiple uses of \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents, one should be aware that package hyperref by default takes into account the *current* value of the tocdepth counter to decide whether the pdf file will contain a bookmark corresponding to sectioning commands encountered in the source file. Thus, one typically needs to reset tocdepth to its previous value after having temporarily modified it for a given table of contents.

Or, there is the *bookmarksdepth=n* option of package hyperref, with *n* the desired document bookmarks maximal depth, which can be numeric or the name of a level known to hyperref. This documentation previously passed bookmarksdepth=3 as option to hyperref, so even if tocdepth was left to 1 by inadvertance after printing a certain table of contents this did not modify the bookmark tree of the pdf file. Now that \etocsetnexttocdepth has been added to the package, we have used it systematically and there was no need for bookmarksdepth=3 anymore.

13. The command \etocsettocdepth.toc

This command \etocsettocdepth.toc implements some functionality of tocvsec2¹³, a package which however was incompatible with etoc (it can still be used for its secnumdepth-related commands, but its toc-related activities will get canceled by etoc) and more-or-less designed for a single table of contents.

¹³http://ctan.org/pkg/tocvsec2. I thank Denis Brouzé for drawing my attention to the incompatibility of this package with etoc.

The action of \etocsettocdepth.toc is totally different than the one of \etocsettocdepth. Rather than modifying the tocdepth counter immediately, it adds a line to the .toc file which, when executed inside a table of contents will enact this change.

The command \etocsettocdepth.toc, like \etocsettocdepth, accepts both numeric and named arguments. In the case of a named argument, the actual numeric value to be used is not yet decided at the time the .toc file is created; it will be the value currently specified for the named level at the time each table of contents (not having done \etocignoretoctocdepth) is typeset.

The tocdepth counter will never be set to a value finer than its initial value at the start of the table of contents: so adding commands \etocsettocdepth.toc in the document is a way to *restrict* locally the depth of the table of contents. For example to prevent inclusion in the tables of contents of the sub-sub-sections of a given chapter.

This gets executed in ALL tables of contents.

13.1. The commands \etocobeytoctocdepth and \etocignoretoctocdepth

So \etocignoretoctocdepth is provided to cancel the \etocsettocdepth.toc mechanism when needed; and \etocobeytoctocdepth will re-activate it. The package does initially \etocobeytoctocdepth.

14. The commands \etocdepthtag.toc and \etocsettagdepth

As mentioned above, when the argument to \etocsettocdepth.toc isn't numeric but a named level the actual numeric level used is decided at the time the TOC gets typeset, thus with the *shuffling abilities of etoc*, one may obtain a very flexible control in the following way: one first declares with \etocsetlevel some dummy named level, say partIII, assigning it the invisible numeric level 6. Then before the actual third \part command in the source one inserts \etocsettocdepth.toc{partIII}. At the location where the effect should cease one inserts in the source \etocsettocdepth.toc{all}. It is now possible to specify, each time one wants to typeset a TOC, what will be the finest level for the entries originating in the third part: one just has to do \etocsetlevel{partIII}{1} for example. This will limit to sections (if tocdepth was at least at that level at the time \tableofcontents is encountered).

This method has some limitations: (i) the second argument to \etocsetlevel must be numeric, (ii) it can not be set to -3 (which would be necessary if one wanted to exclude an entire Book from a TOC in a memoir document with multiple such Books ... admittedly a possibly rare case!), (iii) it is a bit of a hack as partIII is not a real division unit, but just a *tag*.

Release 1.07h has a command \etocdepthtag.toc which makes it easier to achieve this variable local control of the tocdepth at the time of typesetting TOCs.

It is used as $\tocdepthtag.toc{\langle tag_name \rangle}$, where the $\langle tag_name \rangle$ is anything, and this will put the tag in the .toc file. When typesetting a TOC, one issues a series of commands $\tocdepth{\langle tag_name \rangle}{\langle level \rangle}$ where the $\langle level \rangle$ may be either numeric (from -3 to 5) or the name of a division unit known to **etoc**, or none or all. The effect of

the tag inside the .toc file will then be to set the tocdepth counter to the desired value, in real time (as mentioned already, this can not get finer than the initial value of tocdepth at the start of the TOC).

The added flexibility is thus that \etocsetlevel has not been used in a kind of hacky way, that one may use named level depths, and the keywords none and all.

As usual, once the tag depths have been set, they remain in effect until getting redefined or seeing their scope expire via the closing of a group or of a surrounding environment. For an example, see section 53.

14.1. The commands \etocobeydepthtags and \etocignoredepthtags

After \etocignoredepthtags, the .toc depth tags are ignored (but \etocdepthtag.toc still works). The package does initially \etocobeydepthtags which makes etoc react to the found tags in the .toc file.

15. The commands \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs

In LATEX the meaning of a command defined via $\mbox{newcommand}_{foo}{...}$ inside an environment (or group) vanishes from TEX's memory on exit from this environment (or group). At times however it is needed to make definitions with global scope, for this TEX has the primitive prefix \global.

By default **etoc**'s definitions of **\etocname** etc... are local. This causes problems in certain contexts such as TOC as tables (section 30, section 54) and also with enumitem *inline* variants of its standard environments, because the command **\item** then closes a group (see section 38).

After \etocglobaldefs, etoc will make its definitions of \etocname etc... have global scope. For normal use this is not necessary. It does not hurt either to activate it systematically.

To return to the default, use \etoclocaldefs. Note that both \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs actions are local to the environment or group where they are used.

16. Not displayed empty TOCs

16.1. The \etocchecksemptiness command

The user needs to issue **\etocchecksemptiness** to tell **etoc** to check whether local tables of contents are empty and in case of emptiness to print nothing at all.¹⁴ This can be useful to authors of LATEX classes who for example wish to have a **\chapter** command doing systematically a **\localtableofcontents**, or for people producing files via automatic conversions and some of those might have sectioning commands and others not.

«Emptiness» means that no \contentsline command would get executed within the scope of the local table of contents — empty line styles by themselves do not make the TOC empty. **etoc** always executes the \etocaftertochook command; and the test for emptiness itself executes everything else found in the .toc file. See section 18 in this context.

¹⁴Thanks to Paul Gaborit who asked for such a feature.

- 1. the \etocifwasempty command discussed below can be used from inside \etocaftertochook, and even from inside \etocbeforetitlehook.
- 2. there is also \etocdoesnotcheckemptiness (since 1.08i.)

The suppression of the heading (more precisely of the toc display style elements) may be effective only for the final LATEX runs. For example in the situation of a \tableofcontents\ref{foo} where the label foo is not yet recognized, the heading (but not the contents) is printed and the TOC is declared non-empty. Or, if one adds a \local-tableofcontents to a document, on the next run, the test for emptiness will in fact apply to the next one, and the last local TOC of the document will have its contents temporarily unknown to etoc, hence will be declared non empty, and the heading will be printed.

For a finalized document compiled with initially no auxiliary files, the first LATEX run will declare all local TOCs non empty and print for each of them a heading (and no contents naturally). The second LATEX run will then correctly decide which local TOC is empty or not.

16.2. The \etocnotocifnotoc command

The user can then extend the emptiness-checking to the global TOCs with \etocnotocifnotoc. May I respectfully give the advice then to rather do none of \usepackage{etoc} nor \tableofcontents? ;-). Well, there is always the case of batch conversions of documents having or not sectioning units.

16.3. The \etocifwasempty command

The command $\langle etocifwasempty \{\langle YES \rangle\} \{\langle NO \rangle\}\$ executes $\langle YES \rangle$ if the previous TOC was found to be empty and $\langle NO \rangle$ if its was not so. This may serve to act appropriately after a truly empty TOC. If $\langle etocchecksemptiness$ has not been issued, this conditional always executes the $\langle NO \rangle$ branch.

This command is robust, and \etocxifwasempty is its expandable version.

Do not forget the second argument: at least an empty pair of braces must be present.

This conditional may wrongly say that the local TOC is empty or not empty until LATEX compilations stabilize. But if it says that a local TOC is empty, this does mean that etoc considered the just encountered local table of contents to be empty (for that run) and thus printed nothing (not even a \par).

17. The \etoclocaltop command

New with 1.09 (2019/03/09).

Within either the TOC style (\etocsettocstyle) or the local title styles (\etocsetstyle), the control sequence \etoclocaltop is made equivalent for the duration of \localtableofcontents to a numeric (self-delimiting) denotation of the current top level.

Thus: it will in numeric contexts (\ifnum, \ifcase, ...) represent zero for a local TOC corresponding to chapter, or one if in a section, or two if in a subsection, etc..., assuming of course here that the default levels are obeyed (see section 11).

\etoclocaltop from inside the TOC heading (first argument of **\etocsettoc-style**) has the correct value *only under* **\etocchecksemptiness** *regime*. Special circumstances correspond to some special values:

-3 (-\thr@@)

signals that **etoc** considers the local TOC to be "unknown"; this happens at the last local TOC, for the first LATEX run after adding a new \localtableof-contents to the document. In doubt, **etoc** assumes the TOC will prove non empty, hence it prints (independently of whether the check for emptiness was activated or not) the heading as specified by \etocsettocstyle . Thus, check if \etoclocaltop gives -3 as a a $\langle number \rangle$ to detect that situation from within the first argument of \etocsettocstyle , if desired.

-1000 (-\@m)

is in case of a \localtableofcontents being considered "known" (although it may still refer to the data in the .toc file from the previous run) but without the check for emptiness having been executed.

-10000 (-\@M)

is the value when accessed from the title of a global TOCs.

When executed from within a local table of contents **line styles** (\etocsetstyle), \etoclocaltop always will hold the correct value, whether or not the emptiness check was executed.

For a global table of contents however, it will always keep the value -3.

Attention! \etoclocaltop is only to be queried; modifying it is strictly forbidden and falls under the most rigorous prosecution allowed by federal law.

18. Adding commands to the .toc file

We described above \etocsettocdepth.toc and \etocdepthtag.toc which both insert commands inside the .toc file. An even more general mechanism of adding "action tags" to the .toc file could be envisioned, but this would just be a wrapper for direct use of \addtocontents{toc}{\something}.

One should be cautious when adding in this way things to the .toc file. For example, inserting \addtocontents{toc}{\string\clearpage} just before a \part to fix the problem when some part entry (in the table of contents) is isolated at the bottom of one page, will cause problems with multiple TOCs: this \clearpage will be executed by etoc each time a \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents command is encountered! The more prudent thing is to do rather: \addtocontents{toc}{\string\myclearpage}, to have a \let\myclearpage\relax at the top level of the document and to use where needed something like:

```
\let\myclearpage\clearpage
\tableofcontents
\let\myclearpage\relax
```

The memoir class has the command \settocdepth which writes a \changetocdepth command inside the .toc file. This will impact the typesetting by **etoc** of *all* tables of contents, with (possibly) unexpected results: imagine the document has \settocdepth {chapter} at some point to avoid having the sections from subsequent chapters be listed in the main table of contents. Then a local table of contents in one of these chapters will print a title but will be without any entry.

As the memoir class by itself allows multiple\tableofcontents these issues already arise there, independently of **etoc**, see page 170 of the memoir manual.

For this specific issue, the commands \etocsettocdepth.toc, \etocignoretoctocdepth and \etocobeytoctocdepth are the way to go; or their variants \etocdepthtag.toc and \etocsettagdepth.

As an aside, any \setcounter{tocdepth}{n} command added directly to the .toc file sees its effect (since release 1.07g) canceled at the end of each table of contents, which automatically does a \setcounter{tocdepth}{previous_value} with the value active on entering the table of contents.

18.1. The hyperref option hidelinks

The colored links (and also the rectangle links) are a bit annoying when used in tables of contents, especially when the document uses **etoc** and has plenty of them! One may wish for having colored links, *except* for those within table of contents! Indeed, why would things in TOCs need to be either framed in rectangles or colored, when the user *already expects them to be links*?

I use the following trick: either in the preamble using \AtBeginDocument, or right after \begin{document}, I have the command

\addtocontents{toc}{\protect\hypersetup{hidelinks}}

All TOCs typeset by **etoc** have their contents done within a group (as if enclosed in an environment). So the command \hypersetup{hidelinks} will be executed by *each* TOC, but its effect will be limited to that TOC.

I found out experimentally that the option hidelinks could indeed be set many times with \hypersetup (this is not the case of all hyperref options).

Contents

Part III. Examples

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 6 sections and 0 subsection. The name of the first section is "Testing the compatibility mode" and the corresponding number is "19". The name of the last section is "A (crazy) inline display" and its number is "24".

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We present some additional examples. To understand all code snippets in detail, one will possibly need to have first browsed through Part V and Part VI.

19. Testing the compatibility mode

As a further example we now print the local table of contents of Part VI. First we will test the compatibility mode.¹⁵ The original was invisibly defined with a label at the beginning of Part VI.

```
\begingroup % to keep in particular toc=left with local effect
\KOMAoptions{toc=left}
\etocstandarddisplaystyle % necessary for the display to obey toc=left
\etocstandardlines
\tableofcontents \ref{toc:globalcmds}
\endgroup
```

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¹⁵the present document uses the scrartcl class, and we check here that the etoc compatibility mode does respect the customizing done via the class commands.

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20. Another compatibility mode

As explained in subsection 4.3, the commands \etocstandardlines and \etocstandarddisplaystyle tell etoc to, essentially, act as an observer. The document class layout for the table of contents is then perfectly obeyed. There is no way to customize this standard layout (change fonts, margins, vertical spacings, etc...) from within the package. For this, use some package dedicated to this task; because etoc either is (temporarily perhaps) in compatibility mode with no customization on its part possible, or the user has specified the layout in \etocsetstyle commands (and \etocsettocstyle) and is (supposedly...) in complete control.

Well, there is actually an alternative. It is possible to use the \etocsetstyle commands to recreate an artificial compatibility mode, in order to achieve effects like the following, all things being otherwise equal to the document class defaults:

- 1. get the hyperref link to encapsulate only the names, but not the numbers of each entry of the table of contents,
- 2. use the document class style for chapters and sections, but modify it only for subsections,
- 3. do either of the above only for some portions of the table of contents.

Here is how to proceed.

This has become easier since release 1.08k as now **etoc** preserves automatically in \etocsavedsectiontocline, \etocsavedchaptertocline etc... the meaning of the LAT_FX \l@section, \l@chapter, etc... macros as they were at the time the TOC is typeset.

```
\makeatletter
\newcommand{\MyStandardTOC}{%
  \begingroup
 % for the book or article classes:
 %\etocsetstyle{part}{}
 % {\etocsavedparttocline{\etocnumber\hspace{1em}\etocname}{\etocpage}}{}%
 % for the scrbook or scrartcl classes:
  \etocsetstyle{part}{}{
    {\etocsavedparttocline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{\etocpage}}{}%
 % following is identical in book/article/scrbook/scrartcl classes:
                              %%% only for book and scrbook
  \etocsetstyle{chapter}{}}
    {\etocsavedchaptertocline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{\etocpage}}}}
  \etocsetstyle{section}{}{}
    {\etocsavedsectiontocline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{\etocpage}}}
  \etocsetstyle{subsection}{}{
    {\etocsavedsubsectiontocline{\numberline{\etocnumber}\etocname}{\etocpage}}}
 % etc... if further sectioning units are used
  \etocstandarddisplaystyle % this is for the title, page-marks, etc...
  \tableofcontents
  \endgroup}
\makeatother
```

One can add to the above arbitrary text formatting commands, for example replace \etocpage by \textcolor{blue}{\etocpage}.

If the document has only one table of contents then there is no need to put the commands inside a macro, or even inside a group.¹⁶ With these commands **etoc** will construct a TOC completely identical to what would have been done by one of the document class: article, book, scrartcl, scrbook.¹⁷ The number and the name of each entry are each separately an hyperref link, as is always the case with **etoc**, when not in compatibility mode. Replacing \etocnumber with \etocthenumber will give a TOC where the numbers are not links anymore, but the names still are. Or one may decide to use \etocthename and keep an hyperlinked number with \etocnumber.

Here is a subtler example where one only marginally modifies the sections (adding color to the number and removing the hyperref link) and keeps the subsections as in the default, *except* for those of one specific section, for which the layout is completely modified:

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	(4.2) – Compatibility mode (4.3).	
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This example only has sections and subsections, and the code used in \MyStandardTOC was:

```
\etocsetstyle{section}{}
  {\ifnum\etocthenumber=4
    \etocsetstyle{subsection}
    {\par\nopagebreak\begingroup
    \leftskip1.5em \rightskip\@tocrmarg \parfillskip\@flushglue
    \parindent Opt \normalfont\normalsize\rmfamily\itshape
    % \columnsep1em
```

¹⁶ and if moreover one just wants to keep the same layout as in the default, one may question why using etoc... there is one good reason: numbers and names are separately hyperref links, whereas normally there is only one link holding both the number and the name corresponding to one toc entry.

¹⁷For the memoir class, one needed prior to etoc 1.08k a bit more: each of the command \booknumberline, \partnumberline and \chapternumberline had to be saved. They can now be used directly in the line styles, because their meanings are not modified anymore by etoc during its TOC typesetting.

Notice the page head-mark added by this standard TOC. Sections and subsections are printed exactly as in the default (except for the subsections of one specific user-chosen section and except for the color of the section numbers), with no need to specify explicitely any length, font or other formatting instructions. But we had to examine the scrartcl sources to determine what to use for \leftskip and \rightskip for our customized section entries.

21. Emulating the book class

As explained in subsection 4.3: without explicit use of an \etocsetstyle command the package will leave to the document class the hand regarding the "toc line styles". It is sometimes asked by users (for example those using etoc for its \localtableofcontents) how to stay close to but not completely identical with the design implemented by the standard classes, such as book. I can recommend package tocloft for this, as it is compatible with etoc (see subsection 55.6) and thus etoc will obey the tocloft customizations (as long as no use has been made of \etocsetstyle). It is also possible to modify only the style for, say, sections and leave the parts, chapters, subsections as in the document class, via the technique from section 20.

But for complete control, here is a translation of the book class code into **etoc** lingua. It is then easy to modify the relevant lengths or adjust the used fonts. I thank DENIS BITOUZÉ for prompting me to include this in the **etoc** manual, as it resulted from some conversation we had about this. The code is not 100% faithful to the book class, and particularly its rendering of (multi-line) non-numbered units differs (... I think, as I copied pasted as is the code from where I had stored it and did not do much thinking about it again). Some proficiency in low-level TEX and LATEX macros is needed to understand what the code says, but for modifying fonts or some lengths such in-depth understanding is not needed.

With some extra code one can *automatically adjust the widths* assigned to typesetting sectioning numbers in order to prevent overflows, even with for example XXXVIII; but this is a more advanced feature which I have moved to section 31.

21. Emulating the book class

their specification will be matched to the normal medium series font, not the bold font; this is deliberate so that one can compare more readily with the other dimensions; besides, with the \TOCcomputenumwidths from section 31 these macros will actually hold a dimension using pt as dimensional unit.

```
% it will be easy to globally shift the TOC horizontally if needed
\def\TOCleftmargin
                       {0pt}
\def\T0Crightmargin
                       {2.55em}% like LaTeX's \@tocrmarg
% this is for dotted leaders
\newbox\TOCleaderbox
\def\TOCleaderboxwidth {0.7777em}% about like what standard classes do
% vertical spacing
\def\TOCverysmallvskip {0pt plus .2pt}
\def\TOCmedvskip
                       {lem plus 1pt}
\def\TOCbigvskip
                       {2.25em plus 1pt}
% the "numwidths" for typesetting the numbering of division units.
% I don't recall exactly how (and for which fonts) these figures were chosen.
% They quickly prove too small if using Roman numerals (as do too the book
% class defaults even though they are a bit larger).
\def\TOCnumwidthB {1.5em} % chapter
\def\TOCnumwidthC {2.278em}% section, I think default is 2.3em
\def\TOCnumwidthD {3.056em}% analog in standard class is 3.2em
\def\TOCnumwidthE {3.833em}% analog in standard class is 4.1em
\def\TOCnumwidthF {4.611em}% analog in standard class is 5em
\def\TOCnumwidthG {5.389em}% analog in standard class is 6em
% The code for the "global toc style".
\newcommand*\TOCglobalstyle {%
\etocsettocstyle
   {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
    \parindent\z@ \leftskip\z@skip \rightskip \z@skip
    \setbox\TOCleaderbox\hbox to \TOCleaderboxwidth{\hss.\hss}%
    \chapter *{\noindent\kern\TOCleftmargin\relax % uses "pt"...
        \contentsname
        \@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}{\MakeUppercase \contentsname}}%
                  \TOCrightmargin\relax
    \rightskip
    \parfillskip -\rightskip % or a smaller value if desired
                  \TOCleftmargin \relax }
    \leftskip
   {\if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi\cleardoublepage}%
%
\etocsetstyle{part}
 {}
 {\addpenalty {-\@highpenalty}%
  \addvspace \TOCbigvskip
  \leavevmode
   {\large \bfseries % use a group to limit font change
      \interlinepenalty\@M
      \etocifnumbered{\etocnumber\hspace{1em}}{}%
      \etocname
      \nobreak\hfil\makebox[-\parfillskip][r]{\etocpage}}\par
  \nobreak
  }
 {}
```

```
{}%
%
\etocsetstyle{chapter}
 {\advance\leftskip\TOCnumwidthB\relax}
 {\addpenalty {-\@highpenalty }%
  \vskip \TOCmedvskip\relax
  \leavevmode
  {\interlinepenalty\@M
   \etocifnumbered
      {\llap{\makebox[\TOCnumwidthB][1]{\bfseries\etocnumber}}}
      {\advance\leftskip-\TOCnumwidthB\relax}%
   \bfseries\etocname
      \nobreak\hfil\makebox[-\parfillskip][r]{\etocpage}\par }%
  \penalty \@highpenalty
  }
 {}
 {\advance\leftskip-\TOCnumwidthB\relax}%
%
 \T0Csetlinestyle {section}
                                  {\TOCnumwidthC}%
 \TOCsetlinestyle {subsection}
                                  {\TOCnumwidthD}%
 \T0Csetlinestyle {subsubsection}{\T0CnumwidthE}%
 \T0Csetlinestyle {paragraph}
                                 {\TOCnumwidthF}%
 \TOCsetlinestyle {subparagraph} {\TOCnumwidthG}%
}% end of \TOCglobalstyle
%The common code for line styles is abstracted into a macro:
\newcommand\TOCsetlinestyle [2]{% #1= unit, #2= numwidth as macro
\etocsetstyle{#1}
 {\advance\leftskip#2\relax}
 {\vskip \TOCverysmallvskip\relax
  \leavevmode
  {\interlinepenalty\@M
   \etocifnumbered
     {\llap{\makebox[#2][1]{\etocnumber}}}{\advance\leftskip-#2\relax}%
   \etocname
   \nobreak\leaders \copy\T0Cleaderbox
   \hfil\makebox[-\parfillskip][r]{\etocpage}%
   par \}
 }
 {}
 {\advance\leftskip-#2\relax}%
}
\makeatother
```

Nota Bene: the code deliberately handles the non-numbered sectioning units unlike the way of the standard document classes (particularly regarding the alignment of multi-line headings.)

The whole thing was encapsulated in \TOCglobalstyle, because we also want a \TO-Clocalstyle for local tables of contents which typically will want to use \section* rather than \chapter* and not insert page marks in the headers. The \TOClocalstyle is to be issued once, after the main document TOC, or rather before using \localtableofcontents. If one wants a full TOC at end of document one will naturally have to issue again \TOCglobalstyle there.

21. Emulating the book class

```
\makeatletter
\newcommand*\TOClocalstyle {%
\etocsettocstyle
    {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
     \setbox\TOCleaderbox\hbox to \TOCleaderboxwidth{\hss.\hss}%
     \parindent\z@
     \dimen@ 2.25em % for left indenting
     \section *{\kern\dimen@ % use of \dimen@ works here by sheer luck
       \contentsname
       % un-comment this if marks are wanted:
      %\@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}{\MakeUppercase \contentsname}%
       }% end of \section
     \parskip \z@skip
     \vspace{-1.25\baselineskip}% somewhat ad hoc
     \leftskip 2.25em
     \rightskip 4.5em
     \advance\rightskip-\T0Crightmargin\relax
     \leavevmode\leaders\hrule\@height\p@\hfill\kern\z@\par
     \rightskip 4.5em
     \parfillskip -\TOCrightmargin\relax }
    {\nobreak\vskip-.5\baselineskip
     \leavevmode\leaders\hrule\@height\p@\hfill\kern\z@\par
     \bigskip
     \if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi }%
%
\etocsetstyle{section}
 {\advance\leftskip\TOCnumwidthC\relax}
 {\addpenalty \@secpenalty
  \etociffirst{}{\addvspace{\TOCmedvskip}}%
  \leavevmode
  {\interlinepenalty\@M
   \bfseries\etocifnumbered
      {\llap{\makebox[\TOCnumwidthC][1]{\etocnumber}}}
      {\advance\leftskip-\TOCnumwidthC}%
   \etocname\nobreak\hfil\makebox[-\parfillskip][r]{\etocpage}\par }%
  \penalty \@highpenalty }
 {}
 {\advance\leftskip-\TOCnumwidthC\relax}%
% the rest is identical with code for global tocs:
 \TOCsetlinestyle {subsection}
                                {\TOCnumwidthD}%
 \TOCsetlinestyle {subsubsection}{\TOCnumwidthE}%
 \T0Csetlinestyle {paragraph}
                                {\TOCnumwidthF}%
 \TOCsetlinestyle {subparagraph} {\TOCnumwidthG}%
}% end of \TOClocalstyle
\makeatother
```

As mentioned previously, this handles non-numbered (multi-line) sectioning units somewhat differently from what happens in the standard document classes.

For some reason this code has some hard-coded 2.25em and 4.5em which were not abstracted into macros or lengths. The code inserts horizontal rules above and below the TOC contents in a non-separable by pagebreak way.

See section 31 for more.

22. A framed display

We now opt for a "framed" style, using the package default line styles and some colors added (it has been put in a float which appears on the next page).

```
\etocdefaultlines
\begingroup
\renewcommand{\etoccolumnsep}{2em}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerleftsep}{1.5em}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerrightsep}{1.5em}
% specify a background color for the toc contents
\renewcommand{\etocbkgcolorcmd}{\color{yellow!10}}
% set up the top and bottom rules
\renewcommand{\etoctoprule}{\hrule height 1pt}
\renewcommand{\etoctoprulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrule}{\hrule height 1pt}
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}
% set up the left and right rules
\renewcommand{\etocleftrule}{\vrule width 5pt}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrule}{\vrule width 5pt}
\renewcommand{\etocleftrulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrulecolorcmd}{\color{red!25}}
% use \fcolorbox to set up a colored frame for the title
\fboxrule1pt
\renewcommand{\etocbelowtocskip}{0pt\relax}
\etocframedstyle {\normalsize\rmfamily\itshape
  \fcolorbox{red}{white}{\parbox{.8\linewidth}{\centering
      This is a table of contents \'a la \etoc, but just for
      the sections and subsections in this part. As it is put
      in a frame, it has to be small enough to fit on
      one page. It has the label |toc:b|.}}
\begin{figure}[ht!]
  \centering
\tableofcontents \label{toc:b} \ref{toc:globalcmds}
\end{figure}
\endgroup
```

23. Another TOC with a background color

Let us now try out some more sophisticated line styles. The display will use the \etocframedstyle package command, which requires that the produced table of contents fits on a single page. We wrap it up in a figure environment showing up on page 36.

This design uses the **etoc** 'framed' style with a background color. The frame borders have been set to have the same color as the one serving as background for the entire thing. It would be advantageous to use rather inside \etocsettocstyle commands from a package like tcolorbox as this allows sophisticated breakable boxes (with TikZ/pgf for decoration.)

The details of the line styles used here are a bit involved, they were written by the author at some early stage of this documentation and have only been slightly revised to use more LATEX-commands and less TEX-primitives. Similar code is used also for this other toc.

	This is a table of contents à la etoc , but just for the sections and subsections in this part. As it is put in a frame, it has to be small enough		
	to fit on one page. It	•	
The The sty loc The	ecifying the toc display style 	The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed 	
······································			

```
\begin{figure}[htbp!]\centering
\colorlet{subsecnum}{black}
\colorlet{secbackground}{green!30}
\colorlet{tocbackground}{red!20!green!20}
\renewcommand{\etocbkgcolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
```

```
\renewcommand{\etocleftrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etoctoprulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
```

```
\renewcommand{\etocleftrule}{\vrule width 3cm}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrule}{\vrule width 1cm}
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrule}{\hrule height 12pt}
\renewcommand{\etoctoprule}{\hrule height 12pt}
```

```
\renewcommand{\etocinnertopsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerbottomsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerleftsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerrightsep}{0pt}
```

```
\newcommand\shiftedwhiterule[2]{%
    \hbox to \linewidth{\color{white}%
    \hskip#1\leaders\vrule height1pt\hfil}\nointerlineskip
    \vskip#2}
```

```
\etocsetstyle{subsubsection}
{\etocskipfirstprefix}
{\shiftedwhiterule{\leftskip}{6pt}}
{\sffamily\footnotesize
   \leftskip2.3cm\hangindent1cm\rightskip.5cm\relax
   \makebox[1cm][1]{\color{subsecnum}\etocnumber}%
   \color{black}\etocname
   \nobreak\leaders\hbox to.2cm{\hss.}\hfill
```

```
\rlap{\makebox[.5cm][r]{\etocpage\hspace{.1cm}}}\par
  \nointerlineskip\vskip3pt}
{}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
{\etocskipfirstprefix}
{\shiftedwhiterule{1.5cm}{6pt}}
{\sffamily\small
  \leftskip1.5cm\hangindent.8cm\rightskip.5cm\relax
  \makebox[.75cm][1]{\color{subsecnum}\etocnumber}%
  \color{black}\etocname
  \nobreak\leaders\hbox to.2cm{\hss.}\hfill
  \rlap{\makebox[.5cm][r]{\etocpage\hspace{.1cm}}}\par
  \nointerlineskip\vskip3pt}
{}
\newcommand{\coloredstuff}[2]{%
            \leftskip0pt\rightskip0pt\parskip0pt
            \fboxsep0pt % \colorbox uses \fboxsep also when no frame!
       \noindent\colorbox{secbackground}
               {\parbox{\linewidth}{%
                    \vskip5pt
                    {\noindent\color{#1}#2\par}\nointerlineskip
                    \vskip3pt}}%
       \par\nointerlineskip}
\etocsetstyle{section}
{\coloredstuff{blue}{\hfil \bfseries\large Contents of Part One\hfil}}
{\vskip3pt\sffamily\small}
{\coloredstuff{blue}
    {\leftskip1.5cm\rightskip.5cm\parfillskip-\rightskip
     \makebox[0pt][r]{\makebox[.5cm][1]{\etocnumber}}%
     \etocname\nobreak\hfill\makebox[.5cm][r]{\etocpage\hspace{.1cm}}}%
 \vskip6pt}
{}
\etocframedstyle[1]{}
\tableofcontents \label{toc:floating} \ref{toc:overview}
\vspace{-\baselineskip}
\centeredline{|\tableofcontents \ref{toc:overview}|
(\emph{cf.} \hyperref[toc:clone]{this other toc})}
\end{figure}
```

24. A (crazy) inline display

Let us finally make some crazy inline display of the table of contents of this entire document. We will typeset the subsections as footnotes... This kind of style is suitable for a hyperlinked document, probably not for print! (although I like it, but my personal tastes in many matters do not seem to be widely shared).

Here is the inline table of contents. Abstract, Foreword, License. Overview: Do I need

24. A (crazy) inline display

	Contents of Part One	
3	Do I need to be a geek to use etoc?	8
	3.1 Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents	
4	Line styles and toc display style	9
	4.1 $\ensuremath{vetocsetstyle}$ for the line styles \ldots	9
	4.2 \etocsettocstyle for the toc display	9
	4.3 Compatibility mode	10
5	A first example	10
6	A second example	12
7	A Beautiful Thesis example	13
8	Linked list of the main package commands	15

\tableofcontents \ref{toc:overview} (cf. this other toc)

to be a geek to use etoc?¹⁸, Line styles and toc display style¹⁹, A first example, A second example, A Beautiful Thesis example, Linked list of the main package commands. Arbitrarily many TOCs, and local ones too: The \tableofcontents, \localtableofcontents and \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth commands, Labeling and reusing elsewhere, A powerful functionality of etoc: the re-assignment of levels with $\verb+etocsetlevel, The \verb+etocsettocdepth and \verb+etocsetnexttocdepth commands^{20}, The \end{tabular}$ command $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\backslash}etocsettocdepth.toc^{21}}$, The commands $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\backslash}etocdepthtag.toc}$ and $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\backslash}etoc}$ settagdepth²², The commands \etocglobaldefs and \etoclocaldefs, Not displayed empty $TOCs^{23}$, The \etoclocaltop command, Adding commands to the .toc file²⁴. Ex**amples:** Testing the compatibility mode, Another compatibility mode, Emulating the book class, A framed display, Another TOC with a background color, A (crazy) inline display. Surprising uses of etoc: The TOC of TOCs, Arbitrary "Lists Of...", \etoctoccontentsline, The TOC as a tree, The TOC as a molecule, The TOC as a TikZ mind map, The TOC as a table, A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting. Commands for the toc line styles: The \etocsetstyle, \etocname and \etocpage commands, The \etocskipfirstprefix and \etociffirst commands, The \etocnumber command, The \etocif-

¹⁸Limitations in the use of list environments for tables of contents.

¹⁹\etocsetstyle for the line styles; \etocsettocstyle for the toc display; Compatibility mode.

²⁰The hyperref option *bookmarksdepth*.

²¹The commands \etocobeytoctocdepth and \etocignoretoctocdepth.

 $^{^{22}\}mbox{The commands}\etocobeydepthtags and \etocignoredepthtags.$

²³The \etocchecksemptiness command; The \etocnotocifnotoc command; The \etocifwasempty command.

²⁴The hyperref option *hidelinks*.

numbered switch, The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands, The \etoclink command, The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage and \etocthelink commands, The \etocsavedsectiontocline, etc... commands., The \etocsetlevel command, Scope of commands added to the .toc file²⁵, Am I also red?. Commands for the toc display style: Specifying the toc display style²⁶, Starred variants and hooks. Using and customizing the etoc own styles: Summary of the main style commands²⁷, The package default line styles: \etocdefaultlines, Customizing etoc²⁸, One more example of colored TOC layout. Tips: The \etocsetlocaltop.toc command, Hacking framed parboxes, Interverting the levels²⁹, Displaying statistics, Using depth tags, Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way). etoc and the outside world: Compatibility with other packages³⁰, T_EXnical matters, Errors and catastrophes. The code: Timestamp, Change history, Implementation.

The code used:

```
\begingroup
\newsavebox{\forsubsections}
\etocsetstyle{part}{\upshape. \etocskipfirstprefix}
                   {. \upshape}
                   {\bfseries\etocname:~~}
                   {}
\etocsetstyle{section}{\itshape\etocskipfirstprefix}
                      {, }
                      {\mdseries\etocname}
                      {}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
    {\begin{lrbox}{\forsubsections}\upshape\etocskipfirstprefix}
    {; }
    {\etocname}
    {\end{lrbox}\footnote{\unhbox\forsubsections.}}
\etocsetstyle{subsubsection}
    { (\itshape\etocskipfirstprefix}
    {, }
    {\etocname}
    \{ \ upshape) \}
\etocsettocstyle{Here is the inline table of contents. }{.\par}
\tableofcontents \label{toc:crazyinline}
\endgroup
```

²⁵Testing the scope; This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes.

²⁶The command \etocsettocstyle; The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol; The command \etoctocstyle; The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled; The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed; Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep; The compatibility mode \etocstandarddisplaystyle; The command \etocinline.

²⁷Setting up local styles; Setting up toc display styles; Displaying tables of contents; Labels and references.

²⁸Customizing the **etoc** pre-defined line styles; Customizing the toc display styles.

²⁹All subsections of this document.

³⁰Generalities; Compatibility with beamer; Compatibility with Babel; Compatibility with hyperref; Compatibility with multicol; Compatibility with tocloft; Compatibility with the memoir class; Compatibility with package tocvsec2; Compatibility with package tableof; Compatibility with package tocstyle.

Part IV. Surprising uses of etoc

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 7 sections and 0 subsection. The name of the first section is "The TOC of TOCs" and the corresponding number is "25". The name of the last section is "A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting" and its number is "31".

25. The TOC of TOCs	38
26. Arbitrary "Lists Of", \etoctoccontentsline	40
27. The TOC as a tree	41
28. The TOC as a molecule	44
29. The TOC as a TikZ mind map	46
30. The TOC as a table	50
31. A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting	55

25. The TOC of TOCs

Here is the numbered and linked list of all tables of contents which are displayed within this document:³¹ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42. And to obtain it here we just wrote:

Here is the numbered and linked list of all tables of contents which are displayed within this document: \tableofcontents.

The preparatory work was the following. First, we defined a counter visibletoc whose vocation is to get incremented at each displayed toc. **etoc** has its own private counter but it counts all TOCs, even those not displayed because the tocdepth value was -2 or -3.

We could have added manually \refstepcounter{visibletoc} and \label commands at all suitable locations in the document source, and we would then have used here \ref commands, but this imposes heavy manual editing of the source.

There is a much better way: there is a hook \etocaftertitlehook and we told it to increment the visibletoc counter and to write a line to the .toc file, in a manner analogous to what sectioning commands such as chapter, section, or subsection do. As etoc increments its own private counter even before typesetting the title of a table of contents, this provides (most of the time) a better link destination than any counter manipulated from inside \etocaftertitlehook (for which the link would target the area just

³¹The TOCs put in floats may change the order: the numbers are listed in the order the TOCs are typeset in the document; but the numbering itself is from the order of the TOCs in the *source* of this document...

after the title). So, rather than including \refstepcounter{visibletoc} inside \etocaftertitlehook, we just put there \stepcounter{visibletoc} followed by the command \etoctoccontentsline{visibletoc}{\thevisibletoc}. This etoc command \etoctoccontentsline{\level_name}} has the same effect as:

but its usefulness is to circumvent³² the patching for automatic creation of bookmarks done to \addcontentsline by the hyperref package, as pdf bookmarks don't make much sense here (and would elicit a complaint of hyperref that the bookmark level is 'unknown').³³

Finally, the preamble of the document did \etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{6}. The level 6 (or anything with a higher number) is ignored, even if tocdepth has value 10 for example; this is independently of whether **etoc** uses the document class default line styles or its own line styles, or the ones defined by the user with the \etocsetstyle command. So there is no need to worry that something could go wrong.

Then, only here we have set \etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{0}. And to display only this kind of entries we assign temporarily to part and chapter level 1 (or anything higher than zero) and set tocdepth to the value 0. We also did \etocsetstyle{visibletoc}{\etocskipfirstprefix}{, }{\etocname}{} which defines an inline display with the comma as separator. Finally, as **etoc** issues \par automatically by default just before typesetting a table of contents, we used the command \etocinline (also known as \etocnopar) which turns off this behavior.

Here are the implementation details:

```
< in the preamble >
\newcounter{visibletoc}
\renewcommand{\etocaftertitlehook}
   {\stepcounter{visibletoc}\etoctoccontentsline{visibletoc}{\thevisibletoc}}
\etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{6}
\begin{document}
   < document body >
\subsection{Surprising uses of etoc}
\begingroup
   \etocinline
   \etocsetlevel{part}{1}
   % \etocsetlevel{chapter}{1} % (no chapters in scrartcl class)
   \etocsetlevel{visibletoc}{0}
   \etocsetstyle{visibletoc}
       {\etocskipfirstprefix}{, }{{\color{niceone}\etocname}}}
                            % don't set any title, rules or frame or multicol!
    \etocsettocstyle{}{}
    \etocsetnexttocdepth{visibletoc} % display only the 'visibletoc' entries from .toc
```

```
Here is the numbered and linked list of all tables of contents which are displayed within this document: \tableofcontents. \endgroup
```

³²using \addtocontents rather than \addcontentsline

³³The package provides a starred variant \etoctoccontentsline*, which does allow the creation of bookmarks and has a third mandatory argument which is the Level to be used by these bookmarks; depending on the context the starred as well as the non-starred variants may be profitably preceded by \phantomsection.

After $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathsf{visibletoc}}\{\ldots}\{\ldots}\{\ldots}\{\ldots}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensuremath{\mathsf{normally}}\{\ensur$

The section 51 gives another use of the shuffling of levels.

26. Arbitrary "Lists Of...", \etoctoccontentsline

This idea of interverting the levels is very powerful and allows to let **etoc** display lists of arbitrary things contained in the document. All of that still using nothing else than the .toc file! Example: imagine a document with dozens of exercises, perhaps defined as \newtheorem{exercise}{}[section]. Let us explain how to instruct **etoc** to display an hyperlinked list of all these exercises. For this we put in the preamble:

```
\newtheorem{exerci}{}[section]
  % the exercice number will be recoverable via \etocname: v--here--v
\newcommand*{\exercisetotoc}{\etoctoccontentsline{exercise}{\theexerci}}
\newenvironment{exercise}{\begin{exerci}\exercisetotoc}{\end{exerci}}
\etocsetlevel{exercise}{6}
```

In this way, \etocname will give the exercise number (but \etocnumber will be empty). Had we used instead

```
\newcommand*{\exercisetotoc}
   {\etoctoccontentsline{exercise}{\protect\numberline{\theexerci}}}
```

the exercise number would then have been available via \etocnumber, and \etocname would have been empty. It doesn't matter which one of the two methods is used. The **etoc** command \etoctoccontentsline{..}{..} is provided as a substitute to \addcontentsline{toc}{..}{..} this is to avoid the patching which is done by hyperref to \addcontentsline in its process of creation of bookmarks. If one wants to authorize hyperref to create bookmarks at a specific level $\langle n \rangle$, one can use (here with $\langle n \rangle = 2$) the starred variant \etoctoccontentsline* which has an additional argument:

```
\newcommand{\exercisetotoc}{\etoctoccontentsline*{exercise}{\theexerci}{2}}
```

The counter exerci is already incremented by the exerci theorem environment, and provides the correct destination for the link added by package hyperref. The command \exercisetotoc adds for each exercise a line to the .toc file, corresponding to a fictitious document unit with name 'exercise'. A four-column list, including the sections, can then be typeset with the following code:

```
\etocsetnexttocdepth{2}
                              % sections are at level 1 and will show up
\begingroup
 \etocsetlevel{exercise}{2}
                              % but:
 \etocsetlevel{chapter}{3}
                              %
                                    no chapters
 \etocsetlevel{subsection}{3} %
                                    no subsections
 \etocsetlevel{part}{3}
                              %
                                    no parts
 \etocsetstyle{exercise}{}{ % \etocname = exercise number
    {\noindent\etocname\strut\leaders\etoctoclineleaders\hfill\etocpage\par}
    {\pagebreak[2]\vskip\baselineskip}
 \etocsetstyle{section}{}{
```

```
{\noindent\strut{\bfseries\large\etocnumber\hskip.5em\etocname}\par
	\nopagebreak[3]}{}
	\etocruledstyle[4]{\Large\bfseries List of the exercises}
	\setlength{\columnseprule}{.4pt}
	\tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

27. The TOC as a tree

Using tikz³⁴ and the package forest³⁵ we shall display the table of contents of this part as a tree. The technique is to use the **etoc** modified command \tableofcontents not for typesetting, but to prepare a macro, or rather here a *token list* variable, with all the instructions to be executed later. LESLIE LAMPORT's book has no mention whatsoever of token lists, and LATEX gives the impression to not really expect the general user to ever hear about them (or delimited macros); this whole section and the next are thus for advanced users.

Putting the \etocnumber and \etocname commands in \treetok would be of no use: to which number or name would they then refer to, in a delayed execution?

We need to store, not the macro names, but the macro contents. And also we wish to maintain the correct hyperref hyperlinks.³⁶ The commands \etocname, etc..., are robust, it is easier to work with \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedname, and \etocthelinkedname, and \etocthelinkedname information in an easier accessible form.

For this forest tree we have designed very special **etoc** styles for sections and subsections. They use a token list register called \treetok and a macro \appendtotok whose rôle is to append to a given token list variable the contents of a macro given as second argument. All this will happen in reaction to a \tableofcontents command, but *nothing* has yet been printed in the process.³⁷ This is the later job of a forest environment which will be given the contents of \treetok.

The resulting tree has been put in a float, which appears on the next page. Here is the code used for its production:

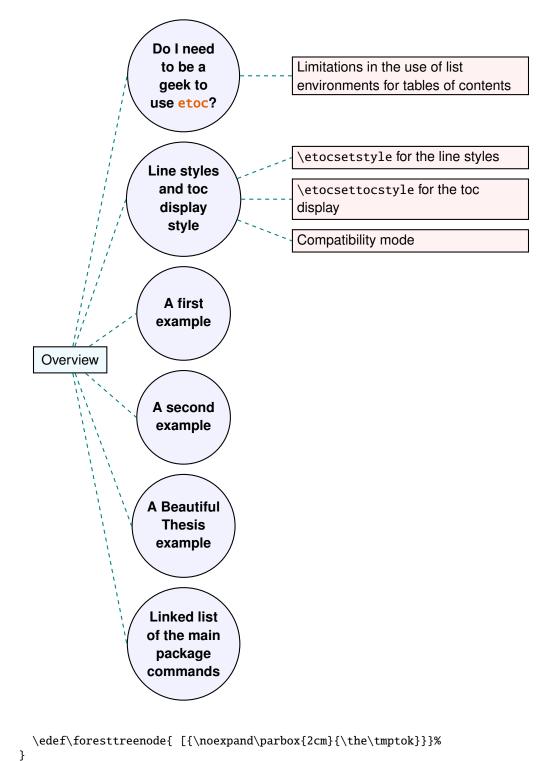
```
% \newtoks\treetok % put this (uncommented) preferably in the preamble
% \newtoks\tmptok % (idem)
\newcommand*\appendtotok[2]{% #1=toks variable, #2=macro, expands once #2
#1\expandafter\expandafter
{\expandafter\expandafter
{\expandafter\the\expandafter #1#2}}
\newcommand*\PrepareSectionNode{%
\tmptok {\centering\bfseries}%
```

```
\appendtotok\tmptok\etocthelinkedname
```

```
<sup>34</sup>http://ctan.org/pkg/pgf
```

```
<sup>35</sup>http://ctan.org/pkg/forest
```

- ³⁶This manual up to the version of May 14, 2013 used package tikz-qtree but there were problems with hyperlinks. No such problem arises either when using forest or the native tikz syntax for trees (which will be illustrated in the next section).
- ³⁷There is always a \par, which here is not a problem, but can be suppressed if need be via the command \etocinline or its synonym \etocnopar.



```
\newcommand*{\PrepareSubsectionNode}{%
   \tmptok {\raggedright}%
   \appendtotok\tmptok\etocthelinkedname
   \edef\foresttreenode{ [{\noexpand\parbox{6cm}{\the\tmptok}}}%
}
```

```
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
  {\PrepareSectionNode \appendtotok\treetok\foresttreenode}
  {\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
  {\PrepareSubsectionNode \appendtotok\treetok\foresttreenode}
  {\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
\etocsettocstyle
    {\treetok{[{\hyperref[part:overview]{Overview}}}}
    {\global\appendtotok\treetok{ ]}}
% forest does not like @\the\treetok if \treetok is empty. On first latex
% run, this will be the case because the TOC style defined above will not
% have been executed, as the label {toc:overview} does not refer to a valid
% TOC yet. So we must give a safe default value to \treetok
\treetok{[{run latex again}]}
\begin{figure}[th!]\centering
     \etocsetnexttocdepth{subsection}
     \tableofcontents \label{toc:forest}\ref{toc:overview}
     \hypersetup{hidelinks}%
     \bracketset{action character=@}
     \begin{forest}
                  for tree={anchor=center,child anchor=west,
                            grow'=east,draw,thick,
                            edge={draw,thick,dashed,color=teal}},
                  where={level()==1}{circle,thick,fill=blue!5,
                                    before computing xy={l=3cm}}{},
                  where={level()==2}{fill=red!5,
                                    before computing xy={1=6cm}}{},
                  rectangle, thick, fill=cyan!5, inner sep=6pt,
     @\the\treetok
     \end{forest}
\end{figure}
```

Why \hypersetup{hidelinks}? as explained in subsection 18.1, I prefer the links in TOCs not to be colorized, nor framed, so this document inserts a command \hypersetup {hidelinks} in the .toc file. But at the time the \treetok contents are unpacked the \hyperlink commands originating in \etocthelinkedname, etc... will be executed in the normal environment for links (which, in this document, is to colorize them). Rather than having **etoc**'s code try to guess what the current "style" for links is (a concept not really provided by hyperref it seems) and store it in \etocthelinkedname, etc..., I opted for the simpler solution to leave it up to the user to recreate whatever conditions are desired. So here it is necessary to re-issue \hypersetup{hidelinks} in the figure environment.

There are some other examples in this documentation where \tableofcontents is used to prepare material for later typesetting:

• printing the statistics at the start of each Part (see section 52) is done using save boxes (so the problem of the appearance of the links does not arise then).

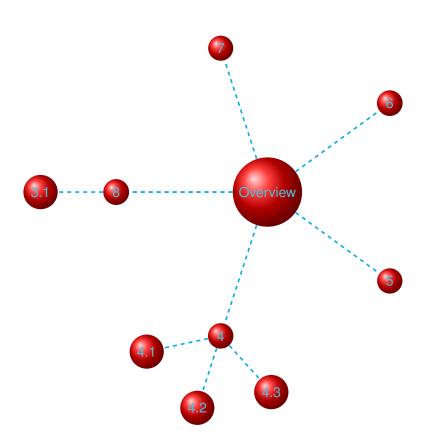
- the typesetting of the TOC as a table in the pre-1.08 way (see section 54); there we also have to issue \hypersetup{hidelinks} after having collected the names, numbers and page numbers in a token list register.
- and the two additional tree examples in the next section.

28. The TOC as a molecule

It is also possible to construct a TOC tree obeying the TikZ syntax for trees: but this is a more complicated task for the **etoc** line styles for reasons related to the way braces are handled by T_EX (they need, when filling up the token list to be always balanced at each step, else complicated tricks must be employed.)

The simplest strategy is to allocate a token list (or use a macro) for each level used: we may need a \parttok, a \chaptertok, a \sectiontok and a \subsectiontok, to help in the task of filling up the total \treetok. As we are interested here in the table of contents of this (or another) document part, only a \sectiontok and a \subsectiontok will be needed.

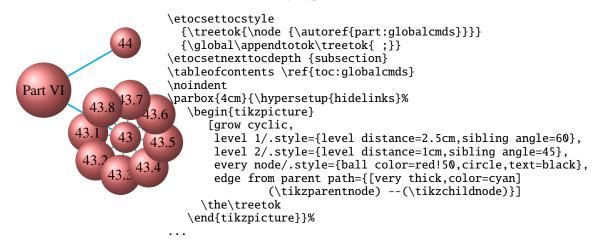
```
% \newtoks\treetok % put this (uncommented) preferably in the preamble
% \newtoks\sectiontok
% \newtoks\subsectiontok
\newcommand*{\treenode}{}
\newcommand*{\appendchildtree}[2]{% token list t1 becomes: t1 child {t2}
   \edef\tmp{\the#1 child {\the#2}}%
   #1\expandafter{\tmp}%
}
\newcommand*{\preparetreenode}{%
  \tmptok\expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}% expanded one time (mandatory)
  \edef\treenode{node {\the\tmptok}}%
}
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendchildtree\treetok\sectiontok}
  {\preparetreenode \sectiontok\expandafter{\treenode}}
  {\appendchildtree\treetok\sectiontok}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\appendchildtree\sectiontok\subsectiontok}
  {\preparetreenode \subsectiontok\expandafter{\treenode}}
  {\appendchildtree\sectiontok\subsectiontok}
\etocsettocstyle
  {\treetok{\node {\hyperref[part:overview]{Overview}}}}
  {\global\appendtotok\treetok{ ;}}
\begin{figure}[thbp!]\centering
   \etocsetnexttocdepth{subsection}
   \tableofcontents \label{toc:molecule} \ref{toc:overview}
   \hypersetup{hidelinks}%
   \begin{tikzpicture}
```



The \tableofcontents command appears just above the tikzpicture environment in a figure float (to make sure that the label of the table of contents refers to the same page as the one where the picture will actually be printed). We thus get the table of contents as a "molecule", which appears above.

This TikZ TOC is fully hyperlinked, like the previous Forest TOC.

On the side, the (fully hyperlinked) table of contents of Part VI.



29. The TOC as a TikZ mind map

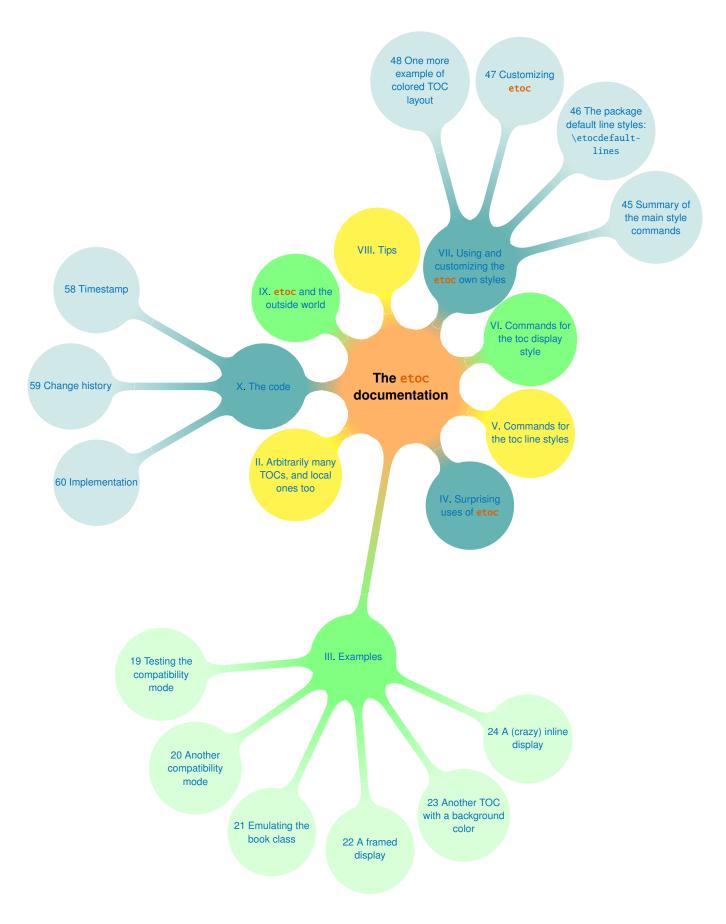
This is in the same spirit as the "molecule" example. The use of the ε -T_EX primitive \unexpanded will simplify the code.³⁸

It is difficult to get everything to fit on one page. However \resizebox comes to the rescue. And it preserves hyperlinks. Nevertheless for this example I excluded some sections from the display, using the technique of the **etoc** depth tags. The fully hyperlinked TOC appears on the next page.

```
\begingroup
% \newtoks\treetok % done in preamble
% \newtoks\parttok
\newcommand*\partnode {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\childnode {}
\newcommand*\tmprotate {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\tmpoption {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\tmpstuff {} % just to check we don't overwrite something
\newcommand*\appendtotok[2]{% #1=toks variable, #2=macro, expands once #2
   #1\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{\expandafter\the\expandafter #1#2}}
\newcommand*{\appendchildtree}[3]{%
% this is to construct "t1 child [#3]{t2}" from #1=t1 and #2=t2
% t1 and t2 are two toks variable (not macros)
% #3 = for example teal!60
   \edef\tmpstuff {\the#1 child [#3]{\the#2}}%
   #1\expandafter {\tmpstuff }%
}
```

```
\newcounter{partco}
```

³⁸The "molecule" example was added to this documentation on 2013/03/03. The "mindmap" example was motivated on 2015/03/11 by http://tex.stackexchange.com/a/232584/4686. Further help was then obtained via http://tex.stackexchange.com/q/232816/4686 and this led to the title page which is a further example.



```
% 1,2,3,4,5,... -> 1,2,3,1,2,3,1,2,3
def\pseudomodthree #1{\numexpr #1 + 3 - 3*((#1+1)/3)\relax}
\etocsetstyle{part}
  {\etocskipfirstprefix}
% This updates the global tree with the data from the previous
% part and all its children sections. Moved here because for some parts the
% sections are not displayed due to depth tags.
  {\ifnum\value{partco}=3
     \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= green!50,level distance=10cm}%
   \else
\ifcase\pseudomodthree{\value{partco}}%
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= teal!60}%
                                                                   first
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= yellow!80}% second
   \else\appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= green!50}% third and next ...
   \fi\fi
  }
  {\stepcounter{partco}%
% customize manually some TikZ set-up (should be done inside the TikZ thing I guess)
   \def\tmpoption {}%
   \def\tmprotate {}% first
  %\ifnum\value{partco}=5 \def\tmprotate {[counterclockwise from =-40]}\fi
  %\ifnum\value{partco}=8 \def\tmprotate {[counterclockwise from =-50]}\fi
% define the part node
   \edef\partnode{node \tmpoption
                  {\unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}.
                   \unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}}\tmprotate }%
% this is a starting point which will be filled it by the section children
   \parttok\expandafter{\partnode}}
  {\ifcase\pseudomodthree{\value{partco}}%
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= teal!60}%
                                                                   first
   \or \appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= yellow!80}% second
   \else\appendchildtree\treetok\parttok {branch color= green!50}% third and next ...
   \fi
   }
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {}
  {}
  {% define the section node
   \edef\childnode{child {node {\unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}
                        \unexpanded\expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}}}%
  % append it to the current \parttok
   \appendtotok\parttok\childnode
   }
  {}
\etocsettocstyle
  {\setcounter{partco}{0}%
   \treetok{\node [root concept]{\textbf{The \etoc documentation}}}}
  {\global\appendtotok\treetok{ ;}}
% The \global above is mandatory because etoc always typesets TOC inside a group
\etocsetnexttocdepth{section}
% use of depth tags to cut out some sections.
\etocsettagdepth {preamble} {none}
```

```
{part}
\etocsettagdepth {overview}
\etocsettagdepth {arbitrarily}{part}
\etocsettagdepth {examples}
                              {section}
\etocsettagdepth {surprising} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {linestyles} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {globalcmds} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {custom}
                              {section}
\etocsettagdepth {tips}
                              {part}
\etocsettagdepth {etocandworld}{part}
\etocsettagdepth {code}
                              {section}
\tikzset{
   branch color/.style={
        concept color=#1!white,
        every child/.append style={concept color=#1!white!30!white, font=\normalsize},
    }
}%
\begin{figure}[thp!]
\tableofcontents\label{toc:mindmap}%
\centeredline{\resizebox{.85\paperwidth}{!}%
{\begin{tikzpicture}[mindmap,
                    grow cyclic,
                    text width=2cm,
                    align=flush center,
                    nodes={concept},
                    concept color=orange!60,
                    root concept/.append style={text width=4cm, font=\Large},
   level 1/.append style={level distance=5cm,sibling angle=40, text width=3cm},
   level 2/.append style={level distance=7cm,sibling angle=30, text width=3cm},
   level 1 concept/.append style={font=\normalsize},
                    1
\the\treetok
\end{tikzpicture}}}
\end{figure}
\endgroup
```

An interesting alternative is to use **etoc** rather to convert the entire TOC into a TikZ tree (perhaps excluding some parts) and print it out to a file from which it can be recovered and manipulated directly by the author of the document. Things written to the .log file get broken into lines. Here is a technique to get non-broken output. Once the \treetok has been computed by **etoc** (as in the molecule example, or the current example), this code snippet will write it out to file with extension .toctree:

```
\newwrite\TOCasTree
\immediate\openout\TOCasTree=\jobname.toctree
\immediate\write\TOCasTree{\the\treetok}%
```

The author can then copy it from there and customize it manually to get a suitable tikz picture. See also

http://tex.stackexchange.com/a/232792

for an elaboration of this.

30. The TOC as a table

With release 1.08 it is easier to typeset a TOC as a table. It is possible to open a tabular in the title part of the TOC (first argument to \etocsettocstyle) and then close it after the contents (second argument to \etocsettocstyle), and specify in the line styles how to use the tabulation & and tabular end of row \\. There are some conditions and a few caveats:

- it is mandatory to issue \etocglobaldefs for etoc's definitions to have global scope,
- 2. it is impossible to start one of the *(start)*, *(prefix)*, *(contents)* or *(finish)* specification with a sole \hline, *i.e.* one not preceded by a \\ (it is however possible to put \\ at the end of *(prefix)* and the \hline at the start of *(contents)*).
- 3. as is explained next, it is recommended to put the \\ at the start of the $\langle prefix \rangle$ or $\langle contents \rangle$ specifications in order to close the *previous* row, rather that at the end with the idea to close the *current* row; and when the TOC is a partial one (a \local-tableofcontents) this is (in almost all situations) mandatory.

Here is an example of a TOC as a longtable, as is possible relatively simply now with 1.08. The code follows.

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```
\begingroup
```

&\itshape\etocpage }

```
\etocglobaldefs % necessary for \etocname etc... to survive &
% observe the locations of the \backslash\backslash
\etocsetstyle{part}
  {}
  (\ hline)
  {\strut\etocnumber &\bfseries\etocname&\etocpage }
  {}
\etocsetstyle{section}
  {}
  {\etociffirst{\etocifnumbered{\\\hline}{\\\hline}}}
  {\etocnumber&\etocname &\etocpage }
  {}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
  {}
  {\\}
  {&\makebox[1cm][c]{\etocnumber}%
    \parbox[t]{\dimexpr6cm-\tabcolsep\relax}{\sloppy\itshape\etocname\strut}%
```

```
30. The TOC as a table
```

```
{}
\etocsettocstyle
  {\hypersetup{hidelinks}%
   \begin{longtable}{|>{\bfseries}c|p{7cm}|r|}
   \hline
   \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{\Large\bfseries\strut\strut TABLE OF CONTENTS}%
   }
  {\\\hline\end{longtable}}
```

\etocsetnexttocdepth {subsection}

\tableofcontents
\endgroup

Examining the code above the reader will wonder why the $\$ are always given first in $\langle prefix+contents \rangle$ and not, as is more intuitive, rather last. In some favorable cases (but almost never for local tables of contents) one may indeed construct TOC-as-tables with the $\$ located at the end of the style specifications. The problem in the previous example was with the positioning of the $\$ line's.

Due to technical aspects of how T_EX constructs alignments any definition or assignment done after an \\ starts a new row, and thus makes \hline an illegal token (this shows as a misplaced \noalign error.) Not only does **etoc** have to do such definitions to construct \etocname etc..., it is furthermore the case that some packages put things in the .toc file and as a result there is never any guarantee that between two \contentsline there will not be such a token like \relax which in the contexts of alignments forces T_EX to start a cell and thus makes it impossible then to insert an \hline.

The safest way is thus to start with an \\ each line style specification in order to close the *previous* table row. We had a little problem with the fact that we wanted parts not only to have a rule above them (easy, they do \\\hline) but also below them: after each part there is a section, and it is these sections which are used to insert the missing \hline (this is done with the help of the \etociffirst conditional).

The attentive reader will notice one last subtlety: the title was supposed to be followed not by one, but by two \hline's. To solve this we could have used a one-time macro redefining itself, but we noticed that the title was followed by the unnumbered Abstract, thus the \etocifnumbered switch came to the rescue.

Last technical note: because we put the \\ inside the branches, there was no need to employ the expandable variants \etocxiffirst and \etocxifnumbered.

For the hardliner's old way of obtaining the exact same result, see section 54.

Here is also a much simpler example. It is a local table of contents.

Section	number	page
Do I need to be a geek to	3	8
use etoc?		
Line styles and toc dis-	4	9
play style		
A first example	5	10
A second example	6	12
A Beautiful Thesis exam-	7	13
ple		
Linked list of the main	8	15
package commands		

```
\tableofcontents\ref{toc:overview}
\end{center}
```

31. A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting

This is a continuation of section 21. The goal is to adjust automatically the "numwidths" used for typesetting the unit numbers in the (local) tables of contents.

```
\makeatletter
\newcommand*\TOCcompute@numwidths [2]{% #1=empty/"local", #2=minimal indent
\begingroup
\def\TOCnumwidthB {0pt}%
\def\TOCnumwidthC {0pt}%
\def\TOCnumwidthD {0pt}%
\def\TOCnumwidthE {0pt}%
\def\TOCnumwidthF {0pt}%
\def\TOCnumwidthG {0pt}%
\etocsetstyle{part}{}{}}%
\etocsetstyle{part}{}}%
\etocsetstyle{chapter}{}
{\setbox0\hbox{\bfseries\etocthenumber\kern#2}}
{\ifdim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthB\edef\TOCnumwidthB{\the\wd0}\fi}{}%
```

31. A TOC self-adjusting widths for its typesetting

```
\etocsetstyle{section}{}
      {\setbox0\hbox{\bfseries\etocthenumber\kern#2}}
      {\ifdim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthC\edef\TOCnumwidthC{\the\wd0}\fi}{}%
    \etocsetstyle{subsection}{}
      {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern#2}}
      {\ifdim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthD\edef\TOCnumwidthD{\the\wd0}\fi}{}%
    \etocsetstyle{subsubsection}{}
      {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern#2}}
      {\ifdim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthE\edef\TOCnumwidthE{\the\wd0}\fi}{}%
    \etocsetstyle{paragraph}{}
      {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern#2}}
      {\ifdim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthF\edef\TOCnumwidthF{\the\wd0}\fi}{}%
    \etocsetstyle{subparagraph}{}
      {\setbox0\hbox{\etocthenumber\kern#2}}
      {\ifdim\wd0>\TOCnumwidthG\edef\TOCnumwidthG{\the\wd0}\fi}{}%
    %
    \etocsettocstyle{}
     {\global\let\TOCnumwidthB\TOCnumwidthB
      \global\let\TOCnumwidthC\TOCnumwidthC
      \global\let\TOCnumwidthD\TOCnumwidthD
      \global\let\TOCnumwidthE\TOCnumwidthE
      \global\let\TOCnumwidthF\TOCnumwidthF
      \global\let\TOCnumwidthG\TOCnumwidthG}%
    \etocnopar
    \csname #1tableofcontents\endcsname
\typeout{Next TOCs will use \TOCnumwidthB\space for chapter number width}%
\typeout{Next TOCs will use \TOCnumwidthC\space for section number width}%
\typeout{Next TOCs will use \TOCnumwidthD\space for subsection number width}%
\typeout{Next TOCs will use \TOCnumwidthE\space for subsubsection number width}%
\typeout{Next TOCs will use \TOCnumwidthF\space for paragraph number width}%
\typeout{Next TOCs will use \TOCnumwidthG\space for subparagraph number width}%
    \endgroup
3%
\newcommand*\TOCcomputenumwidths [1][0.5em]{%
  \TOCcompute@numwidths {}{#1}%
3%
\newcommand*\TOCcomputelocalnumwidths [1][0.5em]{%
  \TOCcompute@numwidths {local}{#1}%
}%
\makeatother
```

The optional parameter to TOCcomputenumwidths specifies the minimal indent. In case nothing is numbered you may wish a higher value than 0.5em. For each local table of contents to have its own width computations, the macro TOCcomputelocal-numwidths is provided. As the code makes global assignments, either use (once) TOC-computenumwidths or do TOCcomputelocalnumwidths for each local table of contents.

 $\label{eq:total} $$ TOCcomputelocalnumwidths $$ % may use optional argument to replace $$ 0.5em \localtableofcontents $$$

Notes:

1. naturally these are only suggestions. For example one could put everything in single macros \TOCtoc and \TOClocaltoc to simultaneously compute the numwidths and then typeset the (local) table of contents.

- 2. if you want to adjust the tocdepth recall from subsection 12.1 that it influences hyperref hence you may need to use a group \begingroup...\endgroup. Or, one can use \etocsetnexttocdepth{\level\} but (with the code as here) this must then be issued twice, once for \TOCcomputelocalnumwidths, once for \localtable-ofcontents.
- 3. the bold font serves above for both chapter and section numwidth computations, but the code from section 21 uses \bfseries only in local TOCs. Thus the \TOC-computenumwidth will set the parameter \TOCnumwidthC to a value slightly larger than needed in the main TOC. Hence the section style in \TOCcompute@numwidths should possibly insert the \bfseries in the box only after testing for the optional parameter local.

Part V. Commands for the toc line styles

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 11 sections and 2 subsections. The name of the first section is "The \etocsetstyle, \etocname and \etocpage commands" and the corresponding number is "32". The name of the last section is "Am I also red?" and its number is "42". The name of the first subsection is "Testing the scope" and the corresponding number is "41.1". The name of the last subsection is "This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes" and its number is "41.2".

Contents of Part V

- 32 The \etocsetstyle, \etocname and \etocpage commands (page 58)
- **33** The \etocskipfirstprefix and \etociffirst commands (page 60)
- **34** The \etocnumber command (page 60)
- 35 The \etocifnumbered switch (page 60)
- 36 The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands (page 61)
- **37** The \etoclink command (page 61)
- 38 The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage and \etocthelink commands (page 61)
- **39** The \etocsavedsectiontocline, etc... commands. (page 62)
- 40 The \etocsetlevel command (page 63)
- 41 Scope of commands added to the .toc file (page 64)
- 41.1 Testing the scope (p. 64)
- 41.2 This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes (p. 64)
- 42 Am I also red? (page 64)

32. The \etocsetstyle, \etocname and \etocpage commands

Let us explain how **etoc** was used to produce the table of contents displayed at the beginning of this Part V. This is a local table of contents, and we used the command local-tableofcontents.

We shall distinguish between the *line styles* and the *toc display style*. The line styles were (essentially) obtained in the following manner:³⁹

```
\etocsetstyle{section}
{\begin{enumerate}}
{\normalsize\bfseries\rmfamily\item}
{\etocname{} (page \etocpage)}
{\end{enumerate}}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
{\begin{enumerate}}
{\normalfont\item}
{\etocname{} (p.~\etocpage)}
{\end{enumerate}}
\etocsetstyle{subsubsection}
{\par\nobreak\begingroup\normalfont
        \footnotesize\itshape\etocskipfirstprefix}
{\allowbreak\,-\,}
{\etocname}
{.\hfil\par\endgroup\pagebreak[3]}
```

These provisory style definitions rely on the automatic numbering generated by the enumerate environments but it is much better to use the further command \etocnumber inside the item label, which gives the real thing. The improved definitions will thus be explained later.

With this style, one would have to be imaginative to design something then for paragraph and subparagraph entries! perhaps as superscripts? Well, usually one does not need paragraphs and subparagraphs numbered and listed in the TOC, so our putative user here chose a design where no provision is made for them and added the definitive:

```
\etocsetstyle{paragraph}{}{}{}
\etocsetstyle{subparagraph}{}{}}
```

This is also the situation with the default package line styles!

Each \etocsetstyle command has five mandatory arguments:

 $\end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular}$

The initially recognized $\langle levelname \rangle$'s are the sectioning levels of the standard document classes: from *part* (or *book* which is used by the memoir class) down to *subparagraph*.

The $\langle start \rangle$ code is executed when a toc entry of that level is encountered and the previous one was at a higher level. The $\langle finish \rangle$ code is executed when one again encounters a higher level toc entry. In the mean-time all entries for that level are typeset by executing first the $\langle prefix \rangle$ code and then the $\langle contents \rangle$ code.

The (robust) commands $\langle etocname, \rangle etocnumber$ and $\langle etocpage$ are provided for use inside the $\langle prefix \rangle$ and $\langle contents \rangle$ parts of the $\langle etocsetstyle$ specification. They represent of course, the name, number, and page number of the corresponding toc entry. If package hyperref is active in the document and has added hyperlinks to the TOC data, then these links are kept in the commands $\langle etocname, \rangle etocnumber$ and $\langle etocpage$ (this last one will have a link only if hyperref was passed option *linktoc=all*.)

³⁹the present document has \renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault} in its preamble, hence \normalfont switches to the sans typeface; so in the section line-style, I wrote \rmfamily instead.

33. The \etocskipfirstprefix and \etociffirst commands

The chosen subsubsection style made use of the command $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensurema$

The command $\langle etociffirst \{\langle YES CODE \rangle\} \{\langle NO CODE \rangle\}\$ (new with 1.08) is a more flexible way to customize the $\langle prefix \rangle$ (and $\langle contents \rangle$) specifications. It executes the $\langle YES CODE \rangle$ branch if this is the first unit at that level (inside a lower level) and the $\langle NO CODE \rangle$ if not. This is a robust command which survives to expansion (for example in an enumitem label).

The variant \etocxiffirst does the same, but is expandable.

34. The \etocnumber command

So far, our specifications would use the numbering generated by the enumerate environments, but of course we generally want the actual numbers as found in the .toc file. This is available via the <u>\etocnumber</u> command. To get the labels in the enumerate list to use it we can proceed with the syntax label=__ from the package enumitem:

```
\etocsetstyle{section}
{\begin{enumerate}[label=\etocnumber]}
{\normalsize\bfseries\rmfamily\item}
{\etocname{} (page \etocpage)}
{\end{enumerate}}
```

Rather than just \etocnumber we then used something like \fbox{\etocnumber}. Note that \etocnumber is a robust command which explains why it can be used inside the label specification without needing an added \protect.

35. The \etocifnumbered switch

The fbox would give an unaesthetic result in the case of an unnumbered section (which ended up in the table of contents via an adcontentsline command).⁴¹

The \etocifnumbered{ $\langle A \rangle$ } { $\langle B \rangle$ } command executes $\langle A \rangle$ if the number exists, and $\langle B \rangle$ if not. So we use it in the code which was finally chosen for the section level:

```
{\normalfont \item}
```

⁴⁰With versions earlier than 1.08 it had to be the very last token in the *(start)* code. It may now appear anywhere therein.

⁴¹as seen we use \fcolorbox rather than \fbox. Due to some redefinition made by package xcolor, had we used \fbox (and not used hyperref) we would have needed \protect\fbox.

```
{\etocname{} (p.~\etocpage)}
{\end{enumerate}}
```

If we had changed only the section level, and not the subsection level, an error on compilation would have occurred because the package style for subsections expects to start 'in vertical mode'. An additional \par token in the $\langle contents \rangle$ part of the section level would have fixed this: {...(page \etocpage)\par}.

The command \etocifnumbered is robust; \etocxifnumbered (new with 1.08) has the same effect but is expandable.

36. The \etocthename, \etocthenumber, and \etocthepage commands

It is sometimes desirable to have access to the name, number and page number without the hyperref link data: something similar to the starred variant of the \ref command, when package hyperref is used. For example one may wish to use the unit or page number in some kind of numeric context, or change its formatting. This is provided by \etocthename, \etocthename, \etocthename, and \etocthepage.

These commands are not protected, so in moving argument contexts (for example in a label specification) they should be preceded by \protect.

37. The \etoclink command

The command \etoclink{(*linkname*)} can be used in the line style specifications in a manner analogous to the argument-less commands \etocname, \etocnumber and \etoc-page. It creates a link (if such a link was added by hyperref to the .toc file entry) whose destination is the corresponding document unit and whose name is the given argument. Hence \etoclink{\etocthename} is like the original \etocname. Notice that if hyperref was not instructed to put a link in the page number (via its option *linktoc=all*) then etoc's \etocpage contains no link either, but \etoclink{\etocthepage} does.

The command \etoclink is robust. Since etoc 1.08j it contains the link destination in an already expanded form, so for example can be used even after a & in a tabular construction, if \etocglobaldefs was issued.

38. The \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage and \etocthelink commands

These macros are fragile and contain the link destination in already expanded form. So their meaning can be stored for delayed usage. For example this is done here when doing the examples with trees.

Notice though that for example \etocthelinkednumber is really a link only if hyperref was configured to let the numbered heading be linked (which is the default). Similarly for the others.

\etocthelink will fetch the link destination if available from name or page number and allows via \etocthelink{foo} to link an arbitrary text to the same destination inside the produced PDF.

All these commands are fragile. The \etocname, \etocnumber, \etocpage and \etoclink are simply their robust variants. They too contain the hyperlink destination in already expanded form since 1.08a for the first three, since 1.08j for \etoclink.

Obsolete example of a table of contents done as an inline enumitem environment: **43.** Specifying the toc display style (p. 65), and **44.** Starred variants and hooks (p. 69).

etoc 1.08a offers a simpler way to the same result: thanks to \etocglobaldefs there is no need anymore here for \etocthelinkedname, as \etocname works.

Example of a table of contents done as an inline enumitem environment: 43. Specifying the toc display style (p. 65), und 44. Starred variants and hooks (p. 69).

39. The \etocsavedsectiontocline, etc... commands.

Since 1.08k etoc preserves automatically in \ecosavedsectiontocline , \ecosavedchaptertocline etc... the meaning of the LATEX \l@section, \l@chapter, etc... in force at the time each \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents macro is executed.

See section 20 for usage.

40. The \etocsetlevel command

As already explained in Part IV, one can inform **etoc** of a level to associate to a given sectioning command with \etocsetlevel. For example:

```
\etocsetlevel{cell}{0}
\etocsetlevel{molecule}{1}
\etocsetlevel{atom}{2}
\etocsetlevel{nucleus}{3}
```

In compatibility mode, it will be assumed that the macros \l@cell, \l@molecule, ..., have been defined somewhere either by the user or a class: doing only \etocsetlevel is not enough for the corresponding level to work out-of-the-box in compatibility mode.

However, if no table of contents is typeset in compatibility mode, then all that matters is that the various line styles have been set. If, for example section is at level 1, then there is no need to do some $\etocsetstyle{molecule}{..}{..}{..}$ after $\etocsetlevel{molecule}{1}$ if $\etocsetstyle{section}{..}{..}{..}$ has already been done (and it has been done by the package itself in its definition of its own line styles).

The accepted levels run from -2 to 6 inclusive. Anything else is mapped to 6, which is a dummy level, never displayed. The package does:

```
\etocsetlevel{book}{-2}
\etocsetlevel{part}{-1}
\etocsetlevel{chapter}{0}
\etocsetlevel{section}{1}
\etocsetlevel{subsection}{2}
\etocsetlevel{subsubsection}{3}
\etocsetlevel{paragraph}{4}
\etocsetlevel{subparagraph}{5}
```

etoc own custom styles are activated by \etocdefaultlines. They are illustrated by the main table of contents of this document.

These level assignments can be modified at anytime: see Part IV for various applications of this technique. As one further example, let's mention here that the main table of contents of this document was typeset following these instructions:

```
\etocsettocdepth {subsubsection} % set the initial tocdepth
\etocdefaultlines % use the package default line styles. At this early stage in
                  % the document they had not yet been modified by \etocsetstyle
                  % commands, so \etoctoclines could have been used, too.
\etocmarkboth\contentsname
\etocmulticolstyle[1]
                                        % one-column display
    {\pdfbookmark[1]{Table of contents}{MAINTOC}% create a bookmark in the pdf
     \noindent\bfseries\Large
     \leaders\hrule height1pt\hfill
     \MakeUppercase{Table of Contents}}
                                        % use a group to limit the scope of the
\begingroup
  \etocsetlevel{subsection}{3}
                                        % subsection level change.
  \etocsetlevel{subsubsection}{4}
                                        % anything > tocdepth=3.
  \tableofcontents \label{toc:main}
\endgroup
```

In this way, the subsections used the style originally designed for subsubsections, the subsubsections were not printed. Without this modification, the appearance would have been very different: the package line styles were targeted to be employed in documents with many many sub-sub-sections, in a two-column layout, giving thus a more compact output that what is achieved by the default LATEX table of contents. But here, we have few sub-sub-sections and it is more interesting to drop them and print in a visually different manner sections and subsections.

41. Scope of commands added to the .toc file

41.1. Testing the scope

Let us switch to the color red, and also add this command to the .toc file:

```
\color{red!50} % changing text color
\addtocontents{toc}{\string\color{red!50}} % and also in the .toc file
```

41.2. This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes

Actually, this title here was printed black, due to the way the scrartcl class works (it would have been red in the article class), but we are more interested in how it looks in the tables of contents: it does appear red in the main table of contents at the beginning of this document, and also in the table of contents for this part. Both entries obey as expected the \color{red!50} command inserted in the .toc file.

But let us now close this subsection and start a section.

42. Am I also red?

The question is about how it appears in the tables of contents: the answer is that, yes it is red in the main TOC, and no it is not red in the local TOC for this part. The reason is that the $\langle finish \rangle$ code for the subsection level closed a group, as it used \end{enumerate}.

This illustrates the discussion from subsection 3.1.

The default package line styles do not contain group opening and closing instructions: the influence of a command added to the .toc file will propagate until cancelled by another explicit such command inserted in the .toc file.

\normalcolor
\addtocontents{toc}{\string\normalcolor}

Back to black. Note that this scope problem arises in real life in a multi-lingual document, as the babel package writes to the .toc file the language changes occurring in the document.

Part VI. Commands for the toc display style

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 2 sections and 8 subsections. The name of the first section is "Specifying the toc display style" and the corresponding number is "43". The name of the last section is "Starred variants and hooks" and its number is "44". The name of the first subsection is "The command \etocsettocstyle" and the corresponding number is "43.1". The name of the last subsection is "The command \etocsettocstyle" and the corresponding number is "43.1". The name of the last subsection is "The command \etocsettocstyle" and the corresponding number is "43.1".

43. Specifying the toc display style	65
43.1. The command \etocsettocstyle	65
43.2. The commands $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetocmulticolstyle}}$, $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetoclo-}}$	
calmulticol	66
43.3. The command \etoctocstyle	67
43.4. The commands $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetocruledstyle}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetocruled}\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetocruledstyle}\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetoclocalruled}\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetoclocalruled}\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetoclocalruled}\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{and}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensu$	67
43.5. The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed	67
43.6. Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep	68
43.7. The compatibility mode \etocstandarddisplaystyle	68
43.8. The command \etocinline	69
44. Starred variants and hooks	69
44. Jianeu vananis anu nuurs	09

43. Specifying the toc display style

The *toc display* style says whether the TOC appears with multiple columns or just one, whether the title is typeset as in the article or book class, or should be centered above the entries, with rules on its sides, or if the entire TOC should be put in a frame. For example, to opt for a ruled heading and single column layout, one issues commands of the following type:

```
\etocruledstyle[1]{Title} \tableofcontents (or \localtableofcontents)
shortcuts: \etocruled[1]{Title} (or \etoclocalruled[1]{Title})
```

43.1. The command \etocsettocstyle

This is a command with two mandatory arguments:

\etocsettocstyle{*\before_toc*}}{*\after_toc*}}

The { $\langle before_toc \rangle$ } part is responsible for typesetting the heading, for example it can be something like \section*{\contentsname}.

Generally speaking this heading should leave TEX in "vertical mode" when the actual typesetting of the contents will start: the line styles (either from the standard classes or the package default line styles) all expect to get started in 'vertical mode'.

43. Specifying the toc display style

The first argument to $\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath\blower\ensuremath{\belower}\ensuremath{\belower}\ensurema$

T_E**X hacker note:** We have seen in the previous chapter some examples of using \begin {enumerate} and \end{enumerate} within TOC line styles. There is a real difficulty with doing however something like this:

```
\etocsettocstyle{\begin{enumerate}}{\end{enumerate}}
\etocsetstyle{section}{}{\item \sectionname}{}}
```

Indeed for example on first compilation of a document, the .toc file is empty and there will be the typical "Something's wrong-perhaps a missing \item". Using \etocchecksemptiness does not help, because as is explained there, on first encountering a new TOC added at end of a document, etoc considers it non-empty, hence querying \etocifwasempty serves nothing. No, one must do something like this:

```
\makeatletter
\etocsettocstyle
{\begin{enumerate}}
{\if@newlist\item Please run \LaTeX\ again\fi
   \end{enumerate}}
\makeatother
\etocsetstyle{section}{}{\item \sectionname}{}{}
```

The commands to be described next $\ensuremath{\mathsf{etocrulticolstyle}}$, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{etocruledstyle}}$, and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{etocframedstyle}}$ all call $\ensuremath{\mathsf{etocstyle}}$ as a lower-level routine, to start a multicols environment in { $\ensuremath{\mathsf{etocruledstyle}}$ } and close it in { $\ensuremath{\mathsf{after_toc}}$ }.

43.2. The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol

This is a command with one optional and one mandatory argument:

\etocmulticolstyle[{number_of_columns}]{{heading}}

The $\langle number_of_columns \rangle$ can go from 1 to 10 (it defaults to 2; if its value is 1, naturally no multicols environment is then created). The $\langle heading \rangle$ will typically be some 'vertical' material like: $\langle heading \rangle = \section * \{\langle title \rangle\}$ but one may also have horizontal material like $\flox{Hello World}$ (etoc adds automatically a \par at the end of this "heading" argument to \elocmulticolstyle). Here is for example how the main table of contents of this document was configured:

After \etocmulticolstyle all future \tableofcontents will use the specified style, if it does not get changed in-between. A shortcut for just one table of contents and no impact on the styles of later TOCs is:

\etocmulticol[{number_of_columns}]{{heading}}
And there is also \etoclocalmulticol[{number_of_columns}]{{heading}}.

43.3. The command \etoctocstyle

```
\etoctocstyle[(kind)] {(number_of_columns)} {(title)}
= \etocmulticolstyle[number_of_columns] {\kind*{title}}
```

where kind is one of chapter, section, . . . and defaults to chapter or section depending on the document class.

43.3.1. The command \etoctocstylewithmarks

\etoctocstylewithmarks[{kind}]{{number_of_columns}}{{title}}{{mark}}

=\etocmulticolstyle[number_of_columns] {\kind*{title \markboth{\MakeUppercase{mark}}}}
where kind is one of chapter, section, ... The actual display of the marks depends on
the settings of the page style. There is variant \etoctocstylewithmarksnouc which does
not uppercase.

43.3.1.1. Do we really want paragraph entries in the TOC?

43.3.1.2. really?

43.4. The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled

The general format of \etocruledstyle is:

\etocruledstyle[*(number of columns)*]{*(title of the toc)*}

The title is horizontal material (the LR mode of $\&T_EX$, a document preparation system): if it does not fit on one line it should be put in a \parbox of a given width. The green frame for the heading of the table of contents at the start of the second part of this document was obtained with:

```
\etocruledstyle[1]{\etocfontminusone\color{green}%
    \fboxrule1pt\fboxsep1ex
    \framebox[\linewidth]
        {\normalcolor\hss Contents of this part\hss}}
```

As a shortcut to set the style with \etocruledstyle and then issue a \tableofcontents, all inside a group so that future table of contents will not be affected, there is: \etocruled[(number_of_columns)]{(title)}

And the local form will be \etoclocalruled.

43.5. The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed

Same mechanism:

\etocframedstyle[(number_of_columns)] {(title)}

and the accompanying shortcut:

\etocframed[(number_of_columns)]{(title)}

The shortcut is used if one does not want to modify the style of the next TOCs (the other way is to put the whole thing inside braces or a \begingroup...\endgroup; there is also \etoclocalframed for a local table of contents).

43. Specifying the toc display style

The entire table of contents is framed. The title itself is not framed: if one wants a frame one should set it up inside the $\langle title \rangle$ argument to \etocframedstyle or \etocframed. The colors for the background and for the components (top, left, right, bottom) of the border are specified via suitable \renewcommand's (see subsection 47.2).

A minipage is used, hence the produced table of contents isn't compatible with a page break. For allowing page breaks, use of the commands of mdframed⁴² or tcolorbox⁴³ in the arguments of \etocsettocstyle is recommended.

Examples in this document are on pages 18, 36, 34, and 79.

43.6. Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep

For \etocmulticolstyle the mandatory (*heading*) argument can be either vertical mode material like \section*{\emph{Table of Contents}} or horizontal mode material like in the simple \etocmulticolstyle{Hello World}.

No explicit \par or empty line can be inserted in the mandatory argument of \etocmulticolstyle, but etoc provides \etocoldpar as a substitute: it does \let\etocoldpar\par before the multicols environment and inserts this \etocoldpar⁴⁴ at the end of the heading, then does a vertical skip of value \etocinnertopsep. The command \etocoldpar can also be used explicitely if needed in the mandatory argument to \etocmulticolstyle (it is not allowed to insert an empty line in this argument).

On the other hand the commands \etocruledstyle and \etocframedstyle expect an argument "in LR mode" (to use the terminology from *LaTeX*, *a document preparation system*). This means that multiline titles are only possible if enclosing them inside something like a \parbox.

An important dimension used by all three of \etocmulticolstyle, \etocruledstyle and \etocframedstyle is \etocinnertopsep. It gives the amount of separation between the heading and the start of the contents. Its default value is 2ex and it is changed with \renewcommand*{\etocinnertopsep}{{*new_value*}}, not with \setlength.

43.7. The compatibility mode \etocstandarddisplaystyle

etoc will then emulate what the document class would have done regarding the global display style of the table of contents, in its absence. All customizing from inside the class should be obeyed, too.

43.7.1. The commands \etocarticlestyle, \etocbookstyle, ...

These are the commands used internally by **etoc** in compatibility mode depending on the document class. For example \etocarticlestyle instructs **etoc** to use \section* {\contentsname} (with marks on the page) and \etocbookstyle says to use \chapter* {\contentsname}. It can prove useful to issue \etocarticlestyle for a \localtable-ofcontents inside a chapter, in book class and compatibility mode for the global TOC display style.

⁴²http://ctan.org/pkg/mdframed

⁴³http://ctan.org/pkg/tcolorbox

⁴⁴this command \etocoldpar (= working \par in the argument to \etocmulticolstyle) is not related to the switch \etocinline whose purpose is to tell etoc not to do a \par before the table of contents.

43.8. The command \etocinline

With **\etocinline**, or its synonym **\etocnopar**, the **\tableofcontents** command and its variants do *not* first issue a **\par** to close the previous paragraph. Hence, the table of contents can be printed in an inline style; or, if used only for preparing some token list or macro, it will leave nothing in the token stream on execution.

Issue \etocdisplay to return to the default situation that \tableofcontents and variants issue a \par to switch to vertical mode before typesetting the TOC title and contents.

44. Starred variants and hooks

The \tableofcontents, \localtableofcontents, \etocmulticol, and all their cousins have starred variants (the star must be before the other arguments). The non-starred variants execute the \etocaftertitlehook, whose default definition is to do nothing. The starred variants do not execute this hook.

For example, imagine you are using book class and want \localtableofcontents to use a section-like title, but unnumbered. Assuming the main \tableofcontents comes first in the document, you can insert this after it:

\etocarticlestyle
\renewcommand{\etocaftertitlehook}{\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{\contentsname}}

This configures the way \localtableofcontents will behave (or \tableofcontents) from now on in the document.

The first line tells essentially to use \section*{\contentsname}, and the second line says to insert the title in the .toc file itself (thus to be displayed by the main table of contents). Notice that hyperref package will then automatically create suitable anchor and one should *not* use explicitly \phantomsection here (it would let the anchor be located below not above the title).

With this set-up issuing \localtableofcontents * will ignore the \etocaftertitlehook hence not send the local toc title to the .toc file. This mimicks the memoir class behavior, and can also be used with it. For more on memoir class with etoc, see subsection 55.7.

There are further hook macros: \etocaftercontentshook, \etocbeforetitlehook and \etocaftertochook which are initially defined to do nothing and can be used for some special effects. They are executed whether or not the table of contents command was starred.⁴⁵

⁴⁵Hackers can test within these hooks if the context is starred or not via an \ifx\Etoc@aftertitlehook\@empty conditional. Perhaps a future release will provide \eto-ciftocisstarred wrapper.

Part VII. Using and customizing the etoc own styles

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 4 sections and 6 subsections. The name of the first section is "Summary of the main style commands" and the corresponding number is "45". The name of the last section is "One more example of colored TOC layout" and its number is "48". The name of the first subsection is "Setting up local styles" and the corresponding number is "45.1". The name of the last subsection is "Customizing the toc display styles" and its number is "47.2".

This is a table of contents for the sections and subsections in this part. It	L
carries the label toc:c	Γ

Summary of the main style commands 45, p. 70	The package default line styles: \etoc- defaultlines 46, p. 71
Setting up local styles 45.1, p. 70	Customizing etoc 47, p. 76
Setting up toc display styles	Customizing the etoc pre-defined line styles
Displaying tables of contents	
Labels and references	One more example of colored TOC layout

45. Summary of the main style commands

45.1. Setting up local styles

 $\label{eq:lossestyle} $$ \etocsetstyle{ (levelname)} { (start)} { (prefix)} { (contents)} { (finish) } etocname, \etocnumber, \etocpage, \etocifnumbered{ (A)} { (B) } etocthename, \etocthename, \e$

45.2. Setting up toc display styles

\etocmulticolstyle[{number_of_columns}]{{heading}}
\etoctocstyle[{kind}]{{number_of_columns}}{{title}}
\etoctocstylewithmarks[{kind}]{{number_of_columns}}{{title}}{{mark}}
\etoctocstylewithmarksnouc[{kind}]{{number_of_columns}}{{title}}{{mark}}
\etocruledstyle[{number_of_columns}]{{title}}
\etocframedstyle[{number_of_columns}]{{title}}
\etocsettocstyle{{before_toc}}{{after_toc}}

45.3. Displaying tables of contents

```
\tableofcontents
\localtableofcontents
\etocmulticol[{number_of_columns}]{{heading}}
\etoclocalmulticol[{number_of_columns}]{{heading}}
\etocruled[{number_of_columns}]{{title}}
\etoclocalruled[{number_of_columns}]{{title}}
\etoclocalframed[{number_of_columns}]{{title}}
and their starred variants
```

45.4. Labels and references

The commands (starred or not) to actually display the table of contents can be followed with optional labels or references:

```
\tableofcontents \label{toc:here}
\tableofcontents \ref{toc:far}
\tableofcontents \label{toc:here} \ref{toc:far}
\localtableofcontents \label{toc:here}
\localtableofcontents \ref{toc:far}
\localtableofcontents \label{toc:here} \ref{toc:far}
similarly with \etocmulticol etc . . .
```

New with 1.08e: \localtableofcontents \ref{toc:far} as synonym for \tableofcontents \ref{toc:far}.

When re-displaying another toc, only its contents are transferred: both the line styles and the toc display style are the ones currently defined, not the ones from the cloned toc.

46. The package default line styles: \etocdefaultlines

These line styles were written at an early stage in the development of the package; although the next section explains how to customize the font choicess or vertical spaces, etc..., used

46. The package default line styles: \etocdefaultlines

by these line styles, most other changes would require copying them from the sources and modify them directly. Admittedly they have been written at a rather scary low-T_EX level, and will not serve as a very friendly starting point.

Activating their use is done via \etocdefaultlines, or \etoctoclines if the line styles have not been modified with \etocsetstyle. Sections and sub-sections are printed in essentially the same manner, except that the leading for sub-sections is a bit smaller (with document classes lacking a \chapter command, the sections are printed in bold typeface; this is the case in the present document). Sub-sub-sections are printed inline, in one paragraph, with no numbers or page numbers. This style was designed and tested with documents having lots of sub-sub-sections, and should be used on a two-column layout: it provides (only in that situation with many sub-sub-sections) a more compact presentation than what is achieved by the LATEX default.⁴⁶ On the other hand, used with a one-column layout, and with few sub-sub-sections, the style is a bit more spread out vertically than the LATEX default, sub-sections are not visually much different from sections (especially for document classes with a \chapter command), so the result is less hierarchical in appearance than in the LATEX default.

In this document, for the main table of contents, we did \etocsetlevel{subsection} {3} hence the sub-sections were printed with the sub-sub-section inline style.

Let us, to the contrary, typeset now this main table of contents as if the document had been done with a class having the \chapter command: we will print sections as chapters, and subsections as sections. We use \etocsetlevel for that, and also we need to change the font style of "sections" (which in truth are our subsections) to use not the bold but the medium series; we modify the \etocfontone command for that. Also we use dot leaders which are less spread out than in the package default.

```
\etocruledstyle[2]{\normalfont\normalsize\rmfamily\itshape
  \fbox{\parbox{.6\linewidth}{
      \leftskip 0pt plus .5fil
      \rightskip 0pt plus -.5fil
      \parfillskip 0pt plus 1fil This is the global table of
      contents on two columns, using \etoc default line styles, but with
      sections as chapters, and subsections as sections.
      }}}
\etocdefaultlines
\etocsetnexttocdepth{1}
\begingroup
\etocsetlevel{section}{0}
\etocsetlevel{subsection}{1}
\renewcommand*{\etocfontone}{\normalfont \normalsize}
\renewcommand*{\etoctoclineleaders}
        {\hbox{\normalfont\normalsize\hbox to 1ex {\hss.\hss}}}
\sloppy
\tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

⁴⁶and there will never be a Part or Chapter entry alone at the bottom of a column or page (except if it has no sub-unit).

This is the global table of contents on two columns, using **etoc** default line styles, but with sections as chapters, and subsections as sections.

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47. Customizing etoc

47.1. Customizing the etoc pre-defined line styles

We will simply list the relevant commands as defined in the package. Customizing them goes through suitable \renewcommands:

```
\newcommand*\etocfontminustwo{\normalfont \LARGE \bfseries}
\newcommand*\etocfontminusone{\normalfont \large \bfseries}
\newcommand*\etocfontzero{\normalfont \large \bfseries}
\newcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont \normalsize \bfseries}
% (in classes with chapter, \etocfontone does not do \bfseries)
\newcommand*\etocfonttwo{\normalfont \normalsize}
\newcommand*\etocfontthree{\normalfont \footnotesize}
\newcommand*\etocsepminustwo{4ex plus .5ex minus .5ex}
\newcommand*\etocsepminusone{4ex plus .5ex minus .5ex}
\newcommand*\etocsepzero{2.5ex plus .4ex minus .4ex}
\newcommand*\etocsepone{1.5ex plus .3ex minus .3ex}
\newcommand*\etocseptwo{.5ex plus .1ex minus .1ex}
\newcommand*\etocsepthree{.25ex plus .05ex minus .05ex}
\newcommand*\etocminustwoleftmargin{1.5em plus 0.5fil}
\newcommand*\etocminustworightmargin{1.5em plus -0.5fil}
\newcommand*\etocminusoneleftmargin{1em}
\newcommand*\etocminusonerightmargin{1em}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadminustwo{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadminusone{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadzero{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadone{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadtwo{1}
\newcommand*\etocbaselinespreadthree{.9}
\newcommand*\etoctoclineleaders
    {\hbox{\normalfont\normalsize\hbox to 2ex {\hss.\hss}}}
\newcommand*\etocabbrevpagename{p.~} % initial of "page"
\newcommand*\etocpartname{Part} % prior to v1.08b, was \partname
% but this didn't make sense e.g. with babel+frenchb whose \frenchpartname
% takes into account the value of the part counter.
\newcommand*\etocbookname{Book} % to be modified according to language
```

No customizing of the standard line styles is possible from within **etoc**. As already explained, when \etocstandardlines has been issued, the package just makes itself very discrete and acts only at the global level, and the TOC entries are (hopefully) formatted as would have happened in the absence of **etoc**.⁴⁷

The \etocstandardlines compatibility mode will work also with sectioning commands made known to **etoc** via \etocsetlevel, under the condition of course that these sectioning commands are accompanied with all the relevant definitions for typesetting toc entries in the LATEX default manner (existence of the macros \l@something...).

Using the command \etocsetstyle, be it in the preamble or in the body of the document, has the secondary effect of switching off the compatibility mode.

⁴⁷ with the KOMA-script classes, we noticed that \etocstandarddisplaystyle was apparently needed for the KOMA options toc=left to be active at the level of the line entries.

47.2. Customizing the toc display styles

Again we list the relevant macros, what they do should be legible from their names. Note that \renewcommand's and not \setlength's have to be used for what appear to be lengths, and that color commands are not just color specifications, they must include \color, and are canceled by re-defining them to do \relax.

```
\newcommand*\etocabovetocskip{3.5ex plus 1ex minus .2ex}
\newcommand*\etocbelowtocskip{3.5ex plus 1ex minus .2ex}
\newcommand*\etoccolumnsep{2em}
```

```
\newcommand*\etocmulticolsep{0ex}
\newcommand*\etocmulticolpretolerance{-1}
\newcommand*\etocmulticoltolerance{200}
\newcommand*\etocdefaultnbcol{2}
\newcommand*\etocinnertopsep{2ex}
\newcommand*\etoctoprule{\hrule}
\newcommand*\etoctoprulecolorcmd{\relax}
```

```
% for the framed style only:
\newcommand*\etocinnerleftsep{2em}
\newcommand*\etocinnerrightsep{2em}
\newcommand*\etocinnerbottomsep{3.5ex}
```

```
\newcommand*\etocleftrule{\vrule}
\newcommand*\etocrightrule{\vrule}
\newcommand*\etocbottomrule{\hrule}
\newcommand*\etocleftrulecolorcmd{\relax}
\newcommand*\etocbottomrulecolorcmd{\relax}
```

```
\newcommand*\etocbkgcolorcmd{\relax}
```

% hooks
\newcommand\etocframedmphook{\relax}

The \etocframedmphook is positioned immediately after the beginning of a minipage environment where the contents of the framed TOC are typeset.

The \...colorcmd commands are initially set to expand to \relax (hence do not require package color or xcolor to be loaded). If one has modified a command such as \etocbkgcolorcmd to expand to a color command and wants to reset it to do nothing, one *must* use \renewcommand{\etocbkgcolorcmd}{\relax} and not \let\etocbkgcolorcmd\relax.

Regarding the dimensions of the top rule they can be specified in ex's or em's as in this example:

\renewcommand{\etoctoprule}{\hrule height 1ex}

The package code is done in such a manner that it is the font size in instance at the end of typesetting the title argument to \etocruledtoc or \etocframedtoc which will be used for the meaning of the '1ex'. Of course also the other rule commands can have their dimensions in font relative units, but their values are decided on the basis of the font in effect just before the table of contents.

The top and bottom rules do not have to be rules and can be horizontal *leaders* (of a specified height) in the general T_EX sense. However the left and right rules are not used as

(horizontal) leaders but as objects of a given specified width. Note that *only* the Plain T_EX syntax for rules is accepted here.

48. One more example of colored TOC layout

The command \ecoframedstyle puts the title on the top rule in a centered position. This is not very convenient for this example so we included the title as part of the $\langle start \rangle$ code at section level, to get it *inside* the frame.

```
\begingroup
\definecolor{subsecnum}{RGB}{13,151,225}
\definecolor{secbackground}{RGB}{0,177,235}
\definecolor{tocbackground}{RGB}{212,237,252}
\renewcommand{\etocbkgcolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocleftrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etoctoprulecolorcmd}{\color{tocbackground}}
\renewcommand{\etocleftrule}{\vrule width 1cm}
\renewcommand{\etocrightrule}{\vrule width .5cm}
\renewcommand{\etocbottomrule}{\hrule height 12pt}
\renewcommand{\etoctoprule}{\hrule height 12pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnertopsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerbottomsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerleftsep}{0pt}
\renewcommand{\etocinnerrightsep}{0pt}
\newcommand\shiftedwhiterule[2]{%
    \hbox to \linewidth{\color{white}%
    \hskip#1\leaders\vrule height1pt\hfil}\nointerlineskip\vskip#2}
\etocsetstyle{subsubsection}{\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\shiftedwhiterule{\leftskip}{6pt}}
  {\sffamily\footnotesize
     \leftskip2.5cm\hangindent1cm\rightskip1cm\noindent
     \hbox to 1cm{\color{subsecnum}\etocnumber\hss}%
     \color{black}\etocname\leaders\hbox to .2cm{\hss.}\hfill
     \rlap{\hbox to 1cm{\hss\etocpage\hskip.2cm}}\par
     \nointerlineskip\vskip3pt}
  {}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}{\etocskipfirstprefix}
  {\shiftedwhiterule{1.5cm}{6pt}}
  {\sffamily\small
     \leftskip1.5cm\hangindent1cm\rightskip1cm\noindent
     \hbox to 1cm{\color{subsecnum}\etocnumber\hss}%
     \color{black}\etocname\leaders\hbox to .2cm{\hss.}\hfill
     \rlap{\hbox to 1cm{\hss\etocpage\hskip.2cm}}\par
     \nointerlineskip\vskip6pt}
  {}
```

```
\newcommand{\coloredstuff}[2]{%
```

```
\leftskip0pt\rightskip0pt\parskip0pt
            \fboxsep0pt % \colorbox uses \fboxsep also when no frame!
       \noindent\colorbox{secbackground}
               {\parbox{\linewidth}{%
                    \vskip5pt
                    {\noindent\color{#1}#2\par}\nointerlineskip
                    \vskip3pt}}%
       \par\nointerlineskip}
\etocsetstyle{section}
{\coloredstuff{white}
     {\hfil \hyperref[toc:b]{\bfseries\large I am a twin of
     that other TOC (click me!)}\hfil}}
{\vskip3pt\sffamily\small}
{\coloredstuff{white}
    {\leftskip1.5cm\rightskip.5cm\parfillskip-\rightskip
     \makebox[0pt][r]{\makebox[.5cm][r]{\etocnumber\hspace{.2cm}}}%
     \etocname\hfill\makebox[.5cm][r]{\etocpage\hspace{.2cm}}}%
 \vskip6pt }
{}
\etocframedstyle[1]{}
\tableofcontents \label{toc:clone} \ref{toc:globalcmds}
\endgroup
```

10.0	I am a twin of that other TOC (click me!)	
43 Spec	ifying the toc display style	
43.1	The command \etocsettocstyle	
43.2	The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol	
43.3	The command \etoctocstyle	
43.4	The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled	
43.5	The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed	
43.6	Headings, titles, $etocoldpar$, $etocinnertopsep$	
43.7	The compatibility mode $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\ensuremath{c}\en$	
43.8	The command \etocinline	

The TOC has been put in a float which appears on this page. The coding is a bit in-

48. One more example of colored TOC layout

volved⁴⁸ as it does not use any additional package. Also, it was written at some early stage and I have not revised it since.

A better solution would be to use some package to set up a background color possibly extending accross pages, as the framed style (which we used to get this background color) can only deal with material short enough to fit on one page.

Regarding colors, generally speaking all color commands inside **etoc** are initially defined to do nothing, and the choice to use or not colors is left to the user.

⁴⁸and reveals the author's preference for the TEX syntax...

Part VIII. Tips

Here are some statistics for this part: it contains 6 sections and 1 subsection. The name of the first section is "The \etocsetlocaltop.toc command" and the corresponding number is "49". The name of the last section is "Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way)" and its number is "54". The name of the first subsection is "All subsections of this document" and the corresponding number is "51.1". The name of the last subsection is "All subsection is "All subsection is "All subsection is "All subsection is "It is number is "51.1".

49. The \etocsetlocaltop.toc command	81
50. Hacking framed parboxes	82
51. Interverting the levels 51.1. All subsections of this document	83 83
52. Displaying statistics	84
53. Using depth tags	86
54. Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way)	88

49. The \etocsetlocaltop.toc command

It is important to understand that \localtableofcontents works entirely from data *in the* .toc *file*. If the document, say with article class, contains starred sectioning commands, which are not accompanied by suitable \addcontentsline, then these units are completely transparent to \localtableofcontents:

- If it is issued before \section*{Foo}, say locally to a \section, then the local TOC will include not only the subsections between the \section and the \section* {Foo} but also those following, and be stopped uniquely by a later \section or \part from the document's body.
- If the command is issued right after \section*{Foo} and the later was itself subsequent to a (numbered) \subsection, then etoc will think it must display a TOC local to that *subsection* level.

Before concluding that **etoc** is buggy, imagine how the global TOC of the document would look like in such circumstances: the \localtableofcontents does exactly the job of extracting from that global TOC various local TOCs; it works only from material in that (virtual) global TOC.

Since relase 1.08k, **etoc** provides the one-argument command \etocsetlocaltop.toc to insert into the .toc file a kind of "ghost" of a given sectioning unit. Here is an example:

50. Hacking framed parboxes

```
\part*{Extra unnumbered part}
\etocsetlocaltop.toc{part}
\localtableofcontents
```

Then in this example, \localtableofcontents will be stopped by the next \part (naturally a numbered one or a \part* followed by suitable \addcontentsline) or also by a later \etocsetlocaltop.toc{part}.

This is all fine but keep in mind again that \localtableofcontents can only display units which have been pushed to the .toc file, so that \part* must be followed by numbered sections or \section*/\addcontentsline pairs if \localtableofcontents is to display anything useful. One can not use **etoc** to typeset data not actually there in the .toc file!

Thus, in the situation above, one may wonder why the document does not use \addcontentsline after the \part* as it must do so for sub-sectioning units if they are to appear in the local TOC.

One may imagine some document where all Parts are non-numbered but nevertheless the user wants its \localtableofcontents for each one: then indeed \etocsetlocal-top.toc will help in that case.

There are at least two more methods to handle this situation:

- the first one is simply to use the \addcontentsline{toc}{part}{..} commands, and to set the part style to do nothing, so that the main TOC will not display them,
- the second one does not add the \addcontentsline{toc}{part}{...} but uses "depth tags" (section 53) and multiple \tableofcontents (not \localtableofcontents), one for each desired local TOC.

There is a variant of the first method which would set the level of part temporarily to 6 for the typesetting of the main TOC. But then the chapter toc line style will execute inside the main TOC only once its *start* and *finish* parts (see section 32). This is actually also a problem of the second method.

But not of the first method which uses

\etocsetstyle{part}{}{}{}

nor of the approach with **\etocsetlocaltop.toc**: the *start* and *finish* portions of the chapter toc line style will get executed at the appropriate times in the main, global, TOC.

Be aware however that this use of \etocsetlocaltop.toc{part} will also cause the main global TOC to execute (once) the *start* and *finish* portions of the part toc line style (assuming here again it is not typeset in compatibility mode).

Final remark: usage of \etocsetlocaltop.toc interferes with \etocchecksemptiness only to the extent that it modifies (as explained in this section) the selection made by \localtableofcontents, hence the decision whether the local TOC is empty or not.

50. Hacking framed parboxes

{\normalfont This text is perfectly centered
vertically with respect to the
surrounding horizontal rules.}}}

\ref{toc:globalcmds}

This text is perfectly centered vertically with respect to the surrounding horizontal rules.

51. Interverting the levels

Let us display and count all subsections occurring in this document (see Part IV for other uses of this technique):

```
\etocsetnexttocdepth{2}
\begingroup
\etocsetlevel{part}{3}
\etocsetlevel{section}{3}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}
      {\small\begin{enumerate}[itemsep=0pt,label=,leftmargin=0pt]}
      {\normalfont\bfseries\item}
      {\roman{enumi}. \mdseries\etocname{} (\etocnumber, p.~\etocpage)}
      {\end{enumerate}}
\renewcommand{\etoccolumnsep}{2.75em}
\renewcommand{\columnseprule}{1pt}
      \etocmulticol[3]{\subsection{All subsections of this document}}
```

51.1. All subsections of this document

i. Limitations in the use of list environments for tables	iv. Compatibility mode (4.3, p. 10)	cignoretoctocdepth(13.1, p.21)
of contents (3.1, p. 8)	v. The hyperref option	vii. The commands \etoc-
ii. \etocsetstyle for the line styles (4.1, p. 9)	bookmarksdepth (12.1, p. 20)	obeydepthtags and \etoc- ignoredepthtags (14.1,
iii. \etocsettocstyle for the toc display (4.2, p. 9)	vi. The commands \etoc- obeytoctocdepth and \eto-	p. 22) viii. The \etocchecks-

emptiness command (16.1, p. 22)

ix. The \etocnotocifnotoc command (16.2, p. 23)

x. The \etocifwasempty command (16.3, p. 23)

xi. The hyperref option *hidelinks* (18.1, p. 25)

xii. Testing the scope (41.1, p. 64)

xiii. This is a (pale) red subsection for illustrative purposes (41.2, p. 64)

xiv. The command \etoc-settocstyle (43.1, p. 65)

xv. The commands \etocmulticolstyle, \etocmulticol, and \etoclocalmulticol (43.2, p. 66)

xvi. The command \etoc-tocstyle (43.3, p. 67)

xvii. The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocalruled (43.4, p. 67) xviii. The commands \etocframedstyle, \etocframed, and \etoclocalframed (43.5, p. 67) xix. Headings, titles, \etocoldpar, \etocinnertopsep (43.6, p. 68) xx. The compatibility mode \etocstandarddisplaystyle (43.7, p. 68) xxi. The command \etocinline (43.8, p. 69) **xxii.** Setting up local styles (45.1, p. 70) xxiii. Setting up toc display styles (45.2, p. 71) xxiv. Displaying tables of contents (45.3, p. 71) xxv. Labels and references (45.4, p. 71) **xxvi.** Customizing the etoc pre-defined line styles (47.1, p. 76) xxvii. Customizing the toc display styles (47.2, p. 77) xxviii. All subsections of this document (51.1, p. 83)

xxix. Generalities (55.1, p. 90) **xxx.** Compatibility with beamer (55.2, p. 91) **xxxi.** Compatibility with Babel (55.3, p. 91) xxxii. Compatibility with hyperref (55.4, p. 91) xxxiii. Compatibility with multicol (55.5, p. 91) xxxiv. Compatibility with tocloft (55.6, p. 91) **xxxv.** Compatibility with the memoir class (55.7, p. 92) xxxvi. Compatibility with package tocvsec2 (55.8, p. 93) xxxvii. Compatibility with package tableof (55.9, p. 93) **xxxviii.** Compatibility with package tocstyle (55.10,

p. 93)

52. Displaying statistics

Each part of this document starts with a paragraph telling how many sections and subsections it has. Well, each one of this paragraph is a table of contents! We designed a macro \thispartstats to do that. It uses "storage" boxes to keep the information about the first and last section or subsection. Using boxes is the simplest manner to encapsulate the hyperref link for later use (whether there is one or none). However, one cannot modify then the font or the color. If such a need arises, one must switch from using boxes to using macros, and store the hyperref data for later use as was done in the code presented in section 28. We present also this second method.

But first, the code of \thispartstats:

```
\newsavebox\firstnamei \newsavebox\firstnumberi
\newsavebox\lastnamei \newsavebox\lastnumberii
\newsavebox\firstnameii \newsavebox\lastnumberii
\newcounter{mycounti} \newcounter{mycountii}
\newcommand*{\thispartstatsauxi}{} \newcommand*{\thispartstatsauxii}{}
\newcommand*{\thispartstats}{%
\setcounter{mycounti}{0}%
```

```
\def\thispartstatsauxi{%
       \sbox{\firstnamei}{\etocname}%
      \sbox{\firstnumberi}{\etocnumber}%
      \def\thispartstatsauxi{}}%
\def\thispartstatsauxii{%
      \sbox{\firstnameii}{\etocname}%
       \sbox{\firstnumberii}{\etocnumber}%
       \def\thispartstatsauxii{}}%
\begingroup
\etocsetstyle{subsection} {} {}
 {\thispartstatsauxii
   \stepcounter{mycountii}%
  \sbox{\lastnameii}{\etocname}%
  \sbox{\lastnumberii}{\etocnumber}} {}

\etocsetstyle{section} {} {}
 {\thispartstatsauxi
  \stepcounter{mycounti}%
  \sbox{\lastnamei}{\etocname}%
  \sbox{\lastnumberi}{\etocnumber}}
 {Here are some statistics for this part: it contains \arabic{mycounti}
 section\ifnum\value{mycounti}>1 s\fi{} and \arabic{mycountii}
 subsection\ifnum\value{mycountii}>1 s\fi. The name of the first section is
 \unhbox\firstnamei{} and the corresponding number is \unhbox\firstnumberi.
 The name of the last section is \unhbox\lastnamei{} and its number is
 \unhbox\lastnumberi. The name of the first subsection is \unhbox\firstnameii{}
 and the corresponding number is \unhbox\firstnumberii. The name of the last
 subsection is \unhbox\lastnameii{} and its number is \unhbox\lastnumberii.}%
\etocinline % cancels the automatic \par automatically before the TOC
\etocsettocstyle {}{}
\etocsetnexttocdepth{2}%
\localtableofcontents % to be used at the top level of a Part.
\endgroup
```

And now, the variant with macros rather than boxes (this variant as it stands here is for using within a section).

}

```
\makeatletter
                            {} \newcommand*\lastsubname
\newcommand*\firstsubname
                                                            {}
\newcommand*\firstsubnumber {} \newcommand*\lastsubnumber {}
\newcommand*\thisspecialstatsaux{}
\newcommand*{\thisspecialstats}{%
  \setcounter{mycounti}{0}%
  \def\thisspecialstatsaux{%
         \let\firstsubname\etocthelinkedname
         \let\firstsubnumber\etocthelinkednumber
         \def\thisspecialstatsaux{}}
  \begingroup
  \etocsetstyle{subsection} {} {}
    {\thisspecialstatsaux
    \stepcounter{mycounti}%
    \let\lastsubname\etocthelinkedname
    \let\lastsubnumber\etocthelinkednumber }
    {Here are some statistics for this section. It contains \arabic{mycounti}
      subsections. The name of its first is \emph{\firstsubname{}} and the
      corresponding number is {\firstsubnumber}. The name of the last
```

```
subsection is \emph{\lastsubname{}} and its number is {\lastsubnumber}.}%
\etocsettocstyle {}{
  \etocsetnexttocdepth {1}%
  \localtableofcontents % to be used within a section
  \endgroup
}
\makeatother
```

53. Using depth tags

We want a TOC which will have a heading for each \part (except the last part with the code source, which we decide not to include), and will additionally open up Part VI up to paragraphs. To achieve this we added to this source various \etocdepthtag.toc commands, and it remains now to set the levels for each tag using \etocsettagdepth (this was used earlier in this document, in section 6, within a group hence it did not affect the other tables of contents).

However, the package line styles do not display paragraphs, and the standard line styles of the document class give too much vertical spacing (in this context) when displaying a Part heading in the TOC. So we cook up our own, quickly designed line styles, in the style of section 5 (but with a way to put page numbers on the right which is more like the method used by LATEX2e's \@dottedtocline; and multi-line headings now leave empty the area underneath the numbers contrarily to the code from section 5). And after a few minutes for choosing lengths (now that this has been done once, it can be recycled easily) we get:

A TOC using depth tags	
I Overview	8
II Arbitrarily many TOCs, and local ones too	16
III Examples	26
IV Surprising uses of etoc	38
V Commands for the toc line styles	58
VI Commands for the toc display style	65
43 Specifying the toc display style	65
43.1 The command \etocsettocstyle	65
43.2 The commands $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetocmulticolstyle}}$, $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{vetocmulticol}}$, and	
\etoclocalmulticol	66
43.3 The command \etoctocstyle	67
43.3.1 The command \etoctocstylewithmarks	67
43.3.1.1 Do we really want paragraph entries in the TOC?	67
43.3.1.2 really?	67
43.4 The commands \etocruledstyle, \etocruled and \etoclocal-	
ruled	67

		43.5	The	commands	\etocframedstyle,	\etocframed,	and
			\etoc	localframed	1		67
		43.6	Headi	ngs, titles, \e	tocoldpar, \etocinne	rtopsep	68
		43.7	The c	ompatibility n	node \etocstandarddi	splaystyle	68
			43.7.1	The comm	ands \etocarticlesty	yle, \etocbooks	tyle,
							68
		43.8	The c	ommand \etc	cinline		69
	44	Starr	ed var	iants and hoc	oks		69
VII	Usi	ng an	d cust	omizing the	etoc own styles		70
VIII	Tip	S					81
IX	eto	c and	l the o	utside world	1		90

```
\etocsetnexttocdepth {all}
\begingroup
\parindent Opt \leftskip Ocm \rightskip .75cm \parfillskip -\rightskip
\newcommand*{\EndParWithPagenoInMargin}
    {\nobreak\hfill
     \makebox[0.75cm][r]{\mdseries\normalsize\etocpage}%
     par
\renewcommand*\etoctoclineleaders
    {\hbox{\normalfont\normalsize\hbox to .75ex {\hss.\hss}}}
\newcommand*{\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
    {\nobreak\leaders\etoctoclineleaders\hfill
     \makebox[0.75cm][r]{\mdseries\normalsize\etocpage}%
     \par }
\etocsetstyle {part}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 1cm\relax}
              {\bfseries\large\llap{\makebox[1cm][r]{\etocnumber\ \ }}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMargin\smallskip}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {section}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 1.75cm\relax}
              {\bfseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[.75cm][1]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {subsection}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 2.75cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[1cm][1]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {subsubsection}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 4cm\relax }
              {\mdseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[1.25cm][1]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsetstyle {paragraph}
              {}
              {\leavevmode\leftskip 5.5cm\relax }
```

```
{\mdseries\normalsize\llap{\makebox[1.5cm][1]{\etocnumber}}%
               \etocname\EndParWithPagenoInMarginAndLeaders}
              {}
\etocsettagdepth {preamble}
                              {none}
\etocsettagdepth {overview}
                              {part}
%\etocsettagdepth {arbitrarily}{part}% not needed explicitely, keeps value
%\etocsettagdepth {examples}
                               {part}
%\etocsettagdepth {surprising} {part}
%\etocsettagdepth {linestyles} {part}
\etocsettagdepth {globalcmds} {paragraph}
\etocsettagdepth {custom}
                              {part}
%\etocsettagdepth {tips}
                               {part}
%\etocsettagdepth {etocandworld}{part}
\etocsettagdepth {code}
                              {none}
\renewcommand\etoctoprule {\hrule height 3pt\relax }
\renewcommand\etoctoprulecolorcmd {\color{blue}}
\renewcommand\etocaftercontentshook
   {\medskip\begingroup \color{blue}\hrule height 3pt \endgroup }
\etocruledstyle [1]{\Large\bfseries
                    \fbox{\makebox[8cm]{A TOC using depth tags}}}
\sloppy
\tableofcontents
\endgroup
```

54. Typesetting the TOC as a table (the old way)

Due to, among other things, the fact that alignment cells create and close groups, and that by default definitions of \etocname, \etocnumber, \etocpage made by etoc are local, it was not easy to typeset a TOC as table with etoc, prior to release 1.08.

Not only **\etocname** etc... caused a problem, but also the basic redefinition of **\con-tentsline** was made by **etoc** only after the first argument to **\etocsettocstyle** had been executed, hence if this argument were to open a tabular, the **etoc** redefinition of **\contentsline** would be done in the first cell of the first row and get lost thereafter.

Thus one had to resort to the technique explained in section 27 of using the execution of \tableofcontents as a way to store data which was then displayed later.

For the record, here is how the TOC from section 30 was coded in the old days. We don't have here the problems with the positioning of \hline 's we face with the newer method; on the other hand we must manipulate token registers which are not familiar to most $\mbox{Lex} T_{\rm EX}$ users (macros could be used, but would be more cumbersome, except perhaps if using the $\ensuremath{\epsilon}$ -T_EX \unexpanded).

The method here is the most powerful because it filters out of the .toc file only the data we want (the other things are not ignored, they are executed but hopefully do not create havoc; typically they are language changing instructions, etc...), and we are less susceptible to fall potential victims of various external macros inserted in the .toc file by other packages.

Note: rather than \toks registers it would be easier here to use ε -T_EX \unexpanded primitive. See for example section 29.

```
\newtoks\toctabletok
\newcommand*\appendtotok[2]{% #1=toks variable, #2=macro, expands once #2
  #1\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter {\expandafter\the\expandafter #1#2}}
\newcommand*\PreparePart{%
  \toks0 \expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}%
  \toks2 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}%
  \toks4 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedpage}%
  \edef\toctablepiece {\noexpand\hline
                      \noexpand\strut\the\toks0 &\noexpand\bfseries\the\toks2
                                 &\the\toks4 \noexpand\\\noexpand\hline}%
}
\newcommand*\PrepareSection{%
  \toks0 \expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}%
  \toks2 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedname}%
  \toks4 \expandafter{\etocthelinkedpage}%
  \edef\toctablepiece {\the\toks0 &\the\toks2 &\the\toks4 \noexpand\\}%
}
% new version for 1.07k, 2014/03/06
\newcommand*{\PrepareSubsection}{%
  \toks0 \expandafter{\etocthelinkednumber}%
  \toks2 \expandafter{\expandafter\itshape\etocthelinkedname\strut}%
  \toks4 \expandafter{\expandafter\itshape\etocthelinkedpage}%
  \edef\toctablepiece{&\noexpand\makebox[1cm][c]{\the\toks0}%
                      \noexpand\parbox[t]{\dimexpr6cm-\tabcolsep\relax}
                                         {\noexpand\sloppy\the\toks2}%
                      \scriptstyle the\toks4 \noexpand\) \
}
\begingroup
\etocsetstyle{part}{}{\PreparePart \appendtotok\toctabletok\toctablepiece}{}
\etocsetstyle{section}{}{\PrepareSection \appendtotok\toctabletok\toctablepiece}{}
\etocsetstyle{subsection}{}{}{PrepareSubsection\appendtotok\toctabletok\toctablepiece}{}
\etocsettocstyle
    {\toctabletok{\hypersetup{hidelinks}%
                 \begin{longtable}{|>{\bfseries}c|p{7cm}|r|}\hline
                 \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{\Large\bfseries\strut TABLE OF CONTENTS}%
                 \\\hline\hline}}
    {\global\toctabletok\expandafter{\the\toctabletok\hline\end{longtable}}}
\etocsettocdepth {subsection}
\tableofcontents
\the\toctabletok
\endgroup
```

Part IX. etoc and the outside world

55. Compatibility with other packages

55.1. Generalities

The contents of the .toc file (if it already exists) are read into memory by **etoc** once, at the time of $\begin{document}.^{49}$

The .toc file remains available to other packages for read operations until the location of the first table of contents at which time a write stream is opened by **etoc** and from that point the file is erased until its contents are again written to the disk by LATEX at the end of the compilation.

Don't use \if<condition> stuff \tableofcontents\fi, but:

\if<condition> stuff \expandafter\tableofcontents\fi

Also a \else immediately following \tableofcontents or \localtableofcontents requires a previous \expandafter.

etoc can not really cohabit with packages modifying the \tableofcontents command: some sort of truce can be achieved if **etoc** is loaded last, hence is the winner.

Do not modify the \tableofcontents command like this:

\let\oldtableofcontents\tableofcontents

\renewcommand\tableofcontents{\oldtableofcontents foo}

as this will make the \label/\ref mechanism impossible.

Rather use

\renewcommand\etocaftertochook{foo}

and there is also $\ensuremath{\backslash} etocaftercontentshook$ which is executed a bit earlier⁵⁰ just before the closing part of the toc display style (and thus still within a group.)

Prepending is less of a problem (and anyhow there is also \etocbeforetitlehook available to the user).

Under certain circumstances **etoc** imposes its views on \tableofcontents at the time of \begin{document}. You may thus have to use \AtBeginDocument to delay your (necessarily ugly and non-recommendable) patches. Patching after \begin{doc-ument} is naturally possible but I feel almost a rebel to mention this to LATEX users!

etoc requires the .toc file to use the \contentsline macro. It **can not** work if there is no .toc file or if the .toc file does not contain the relevant data or if the .toc file does not use the \contentsline macro or if the \contentsline macro does not invoke the \l@<divisionunit> macros.

⁴⁹New with 1.07m. Earlier versions read the .toc file at the time of \usepackage{etoc}. Thanks to Denis Bitouzé who signaled a Babel related problem, which turned out to be caused by this.

⁵⁰contrarily to \etocaftertochook, \etocaftercontentshook is not executed if the tocdepth did not allow the printing of the TOC.

55.2. Compatibility with beamer

For the very reasons mentioned right before, **etoc** is incompatible with the beamer class. However, if beamer is used in an article mode, i.e., with the article class in conjunction with the beamerarticle package, then **etoc** should work.

55.3. Compatibility with Babel

One must load **etoc** *after* **babel**. This is in order for **babel**'s shorthands to be active at the time when **etoc** loads the .toc file.

55.4. Compatibility with hyperref

Please inform the author in case of issues: **etoc** was from the start designed to be 100% compatible with package hyperref.

The macros \etocname, \etocnumber, and \etocpage contain the hyperref links, if present (note that the *linktoc=all* option of hyperref tells it to put a link also in the page number corresponding to a given toc entry). For example, the tables of contents of the present document are all fully linked. It doesn't matter whether **etoc** or hyperref is loaded first.

55.5. Compatibility with multicol

etoc loads the package multicol.

55.6. Compatibility with tocloft

Release 1.07k added compatibility with package tocloft:⁵¹ steps are taken to prevent the redefinition of \tableofcontents done by tocloft at \begin{document}. As long as **etoc** is left in compatibility mode the customization done by tocloft will be obeyed, for both the line styles and the TOC title. One may still benefit from the *depth tags* management by **etoc**, from its \localtableofcontents, from its \label+\ref mechanism. One may use \etocsetstyle to define via **etoc** the layout for one TOC and then use rather tocloft for another one, if \tableofcontents follows \etocsetlevel{division unit}{6} will render invisible the chosen division level, but exchanging levels is otherwise not possible.

One should load **etoc** *after* tocloft. A warning is issued if otherwise, because if **etoc** is loaded before it will realize that at the time of \begin{document} and trick tocloft into believing having been loaded with the titles option.

It is possible to customize (using package tocloft for example) throughout the document the macros \l@section, \l@subsection ... and the effect will be seen in the next table of contents typeset by **etoc** in compatibility mode.

⁵¹http://ctan.org/pkg/tocloft

55.7. Compatibility with the memoir class

Release 1.071 has also improved the compatibility with the memoir class: its appendix level has been made known to **etoc**. It is at the same level as chapter, thus the chapter line style should possibly do a test for some user defined boolean whose activation may be added to the .toc file at the suitable location via \addtocontents{toc}{..}, if one needs to distinguish the two kinds of divisions.

The memoir mechanism relative to \tableofcontents versus \tableofcontents * is obeyed automatically, and applies with \localtableofcontents too.

A weird situation arises under when one has two successive \localtableofcontents (obviously this is not a truly real life situation), just after a \part for example. The first one creates (if the default has not been modified) a chapter heading which is written to the .toc (because **etoc** by default obeys memoir class behaviour). Then the second one thinks to be local to this chapter . . . and as a result it displays nothing. The fix is to define the second one to be a clone of the first one.

Actually, that \localtableofcontents by default uses like \tableofcontents a chapter style is often inconvenient. One can use the memoir macros to modify this: according to memoir documentation, \tocheadstart and \printtoctitle seem to be the most relevant. If you do that you will probably want the added line in .toc file to use {section} not {chapter}. etoc provides to this effect \etocmemoirtoctotocfmt{kind} {name} whose first argument kind is chapter, section, subsection, etc... and the second argument stands for the title and thus \contentsname is appropriate. Hence

\etocmemoirtoctotocfmt{section}{\contentsname}

seems the natural choice in this context as an addition to the customizing the memoir toc related macros to achieve a section like rendering (for more details on the latter, please refer to memoir manual).

A completely different approach, arguably simpler, is to overrule the **etoc** default under memoir (after the main document \tableofcontents which should still use a chapter styling) via these simple commands:

\etocarticlestyle % means to use \section*{\contentsname} (and marks)
\renewcommand{\etocaftertitlehook}{\addcontentsline{toc}{section}{\contentsname}}

exactly as one would do with book class for example. Don't use any \phantomsection in there, hyperref hyperlinks will work just fine (and the anchor will be slightly above toc title, not below).

Notice that prior to **etoc** 1.09b, the \etocaftertitlehook macro was used by **etoc** itself under the memoir class. Hence \localtableofcontents obeyed the memoir mechanism relative to starred or not starred, even after issuing \etocarticlestyle, as long as the user did not redefine \etocaftertitlehook. Starting with 1.09b (which syncs with a memoir change at v3.7i) it is needed in a case like here where the user issues \etocarticlestyle to also configure explicitly the \etocaftertitlehook to achieve the "insert title in .toc" effect (if so wished), because **etoc** uses another mechanism and does not pre-empt usage of this user macro anymore.

To recover the **etoc** default under memoir class one can issue \etocmemoirstyle and then \etocmemoirtoctotocfmt{chapter}{\contentsname} (but attention that a custom \etocaftertitlehook will still be obeyed; for info: it will get executed before the \cft-tocbeforelisthook).

55.8. Compatibility with package tocvsec2

etoc used to be incompatible with package tocvsec2⁵²; it now cohabits, sort of, as it deactivates tocvsec2's modification of \tableofcontents (done in the style above) and also cancels its other toc-related macros, but reimplements partially their functionality with \etocsettocdepth.toc. By the way, at least two latex runs are necessary for new uses of this command in a document to have an effect in tables of contents.

55.9. Compatibility with package tableof

It is possible to use simultaneously **etoc** and tableof⁵³. Release 1.08 of **etoc** requires at least version 1.4a of tableof. If \etocglobaldefs is put in the preamble, this must be after the loading of package tableof. tableof command \nexttocwithtags should work as expected.

tableof commands \tableof, \tablenotof, ... will typeset the (a priori global) table of contents according to the document class defaults, obeying the **etoc** depth tags; as explained in the tableof documentation they do not typeset a TOC title. They should *not* be used in case \etocglobaldefs was issued before, except if its scope has been terminated since then, or \etoclocaldefs has cancelled its influence.

55.10. Compatibility with package tocstyle

Unknown. (not tested a.t.t.o.w).

56. T_EXnical matters

The \etocname, \etocnumber, \etocpage commands are protected against premature expansion. They contain suitable hyperref links if package hyperref is loaded and active for the TOC. The commands \etoclink and \etocifnumbered are also protected against premature expansion. Also \etociffirst and \etoccontentsline.

On the other hand \etocthename, \etocthenumber, \etocthepage are *not* protected against expansion. And neither are \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage. The latter contain hyperlink data, if present in the .toc file.

The commands such as \etocsetstyle, \etocsetlevel, \etocsettocstyle, \etocmulticolstyle, \etocruledstyle, \etocframedstyle obey LATEX's groups. All TOCs are typeset inside groups.

When a \localtableofcontents is inserted by the user in the document, a line containing an **etoc** inner command and an identification number is added to the .toc file. The correct local table of contents will be displayed only on the next latex run.

57. Errors and catastrophes

After using \etocsetstyle for one level, the remaining uncustomized levels use the etoc default styles (those which are activated by \etocdefaultlines). One has to make sure

⁵²http://ctan.org/pkg/tocvsec2

⁵³http://ctan.org/pkg/tableof

57. Errors and catastrophes

that all levels needed for the next table of contents are mutually compatible: in particular the **etoc** default line styles expect each to be started in "vertical mode".

When using multiple \tableofcontents commands in a document, one should beware from adding typesetting instructions directly in the .toc file, as they will be executed by **etoc** for all TOCs: even for a \localtableofcontents it doesn't matter if that instruction seems to concern material outside of its scope, it will get executed nevertheless. If absolutely necessary (but this should never be) these instructions should be done in such a way that they can be activated or deactivated easily from the document source, as need be.

As is usual with toc and labels, after each change, one has to run latex a certain number of times to let the produced document get its final appearance (at least twice).

Part X. The code

Timestamp	•	•	•	•	·	·	•	•	•	•	•	·	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	·	•	·	·	58, p. 95
Change history			•													•									59, p. 95
Implementation																									60, p. 98

58. Timestamp

This is the documentation as of 2019/11/17, printed from the source file with the time stamp Time-stamp: <17-11-2019 at 13:36:39 CET>. The package version is v1.09b, of 2019/11/17.

59. Change history

v1.09a, v1.09b [2019/11/17]

Sync with memoir v3.7i which has a better location of the TOC hyperref anchor. The \etocaftertitlehook can now freely be used also with memoir class (formerly its usage in case of memoir class was preempted by etoc itself). For more details refer to the section "Compatibility with the memoir class".

v1.09 [2019/03/09]

New features: \etoclocaltop, \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth. Thanks to Tony Roberts for feature request.

Note to hackers: internal control sequence \Etoc@localtop is gone.

etoc now requires e-TeX (\numexpr, \unless).

v1.08p [2018/07/04]

Fixed bug surfacing in case of linktoc=page option of hyperref. Thanks to Denis Bitouzé for report (cf. https://github.com/ho-tex/hyperref/issues/65, https://github.com/dbitouze/yathesis/issues/61).

v1.08o [2018/06/15]

Fixed bug showing up if an unnumbered TOC entry starts with a brace, and document uses hyperref. Caused by a typo in a macro name at previous release.

v1.08n [2018/02/23]

Refactoring of core macros detecting \numberline and its variants.

v1.08m [2018/02/07]

Fix to 1.08k's introduced incompatibility with KOMA-script and tocbasic's \nonumberline.

v1.08l [2017/10/23]

Workaround an issue with Emacs/AUCTeX wrongly reporting about actually non-existent LaTeX errors, which was triggered by some strings written (indirectly) to log file by etoc under some circumstances.

v1.08k [2017/09/28]

Adds \etocsetlocaltop.toc. See corresponding manual section for details.

Adds \etocsavedparttocline, \etocsavedchaptertocline, \etocsavedsectiontocline, ... They can be used in the context of the technique explained in section "Another compatibility mode".

Formerly, etoc redefined for the duration of the TOC the memoir macro \chapternumberline and its likes to have same meaning as \numberline (of course, not when executed in compatibility mode), for the sake of extraction of \etocnumber.

New method detects presence of any \<foo>numberline macro without any change to originals; they can thus be used as is when

59. Change history

applying the approach of "Another compatibility mode" section from manual.

v1.08j [2017/09/21]

Since 1.08a-2015/03/13 \etocname, \etocnumber, \etocpage contain, if hyperref is present and configured for using hyperlinks in the TOC, the link destination in already expanded form. This means one can use them even if the style closes a group (for example from a & in a tabular), if \etocglobaldefs was issued; also one can save their meaning for delayed usage (with for example \LetLtxMacro as they are robust).

But for some legacy reason \etoclink, contrarily to \etocthelink, was handled differently. Now, \etoclink also contains the link destination in already expanded form, and can thus be used even if the line style issues a &, as long as \etocglobaldefs is issued.

Also, bugs dating back to the early days of the package, but surfacing only under relatively rare conditions such as usage of hyperref with its option "linktoc=page" got fixed.

v1.08i [2016/09/29]

This fixes an issue dating back to 1.08e-2015/04/17: under \etocchecksemptiness regime, some circumstances (such as adding to an already compiled document a \localtableofcontents before the main \tableofcontents) created an "Undefined control sequence \Etoc@localtop" error. Thanks to Denis Bitouzé for reporting the problem.

On this occasion, \etocdoesnotcheckemptiness has been added to unset the flag.

A rather more exotic issue was fixed: the emptiness check for local tocs could get confused if the tocdepth counter was varying in some specific ways from inside the toc file.

After adding to a document a \localtableofcontents, two LaTeX passes are needed for etoc to get a chance to print the correct local contents. Formerly, etoc issued a Warning on the first pass; it now also induces LaTeX into announcing "There were undefined references", as this is nearer to the end of the log file and console output.

v1.08h [2016/09/25]

New functioning of \etocsetnexttocdepth: the tocdepth counter is modified only at the time of the table of contents, not before. This fixes an issue which arose when \etocsetnexttocdepth was used multiple times with no intervening table of contents. Thanks to Denis Bitouzé for reporting the problem.

The PDF documentation includes about 25 La-TeX code snippets also as file attachment annotations, additionally to their verbatim typesetting. The ordering of the documentation contents has been slightly re-organized.

A previous documentation-only update on 2016/09/09 added a new section with the (approximate) translation into etoc lingua of the book class toc style, for easy customizability.

v1.08g [2015/08/29]

Downgraded to a mere info message the etoc-issued warning (relative to \set-tocdepth/maxtocdepth) under class memoir.

v1.08f [2015/04/28]

Minor changes to the documentation. \etocsetlevel more economical.

v1.08e [2015/04/17]

The command \etocchecksemptiness tells etoc to not print, from that point on, the headings of the local tables of contents if they have empty contents. This is mainly for class authors who might want to have their \section or \chapter automatically do a \localtableofcontents. Could prove also useful for batch conversions of documents. Thanks to Paul Gaborit who asked for such a feature.

The command \etocnotocifnotoc extends this behaviour to global TOCs: indeed why should documents with no sectioning units take this as an excuse not to use package etoc ?

The command \etocifwasempty{yes}{no} can be used for suitable extra action.

A \tableofcontents\ref{foo} now expects foo to be a label to a _local_ TOC. The use with foo a label to a _global_ TOC is not supported anymore as it had no utility and made the code more complex.

The syntax \localtableofcontents\ref{foo} is now accepted as a synonym to the earlier syntax \tableofcontents\ref{foo}.

v1.08d [2015/04/09]

Translation into German of the additions made to the documentation for the 1.08x series of releases.

Thanks to Christine Römer!

v1.08c [2015/03/30]

- removed a few unneeded \long from the code.

- removed use of \arabic at one location of the code, as it may get redefined by some language modules for babel or polyglossia.

v1.08b [2015/03/18]

Bug fixes:

- extra space token removed from 'localtableofcontents' (showed only for inline TOCs.)

- \etocpartname (a macro used by the package own default line styles) was defined to be \partname, but this is not compatible at least with babel+french context. Now simply expands to Part.

- some problems fixed in the German documentation.

- [2015/03/28] some more problems fixed in the documentation. Added mention of \etocarticlestyle and \etocbookstyle.

v1.08a [2015/03/13]

\etocname, \etocnumber and \etocpage are now the robust variants of \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber and \etocthelinkedpage. This should arguably have been done since the addition of the latter to etoc with v1.07f [2013/03/07]. The earlier robust commands \etocname etc... contained the hyperlink destination only in an unexpanded form.

The documentation has a brand new title page and a new section The TOC as a TikZ mind map both illustrating further uses of etoc to display tables of contents as trees in an automatic manner.

v1.08 [2015/03/10]

\etocskipfirstprefix may now appear anywhere in the <start> part of a level style.

New commands \etociffirst, \etocxiffirst, \etocxiffurst, \etoccoccification (etoclo-caldefs.

It is now possible to issue line style specifications directly with & and \\ tokens, in order to typeset a TOC as a tabular or longtable with the opening for example in the first argument of \etocsettocstyle and the closing in its second argument.

It is mandatory for such uses to issue \etocglobaldefs which tells etoc to proceed globally for certain definitions. This is also useful in the context of the inline environments of package enumitem.

On this occasion, various old parts of the code have been improved.

v1.07n [2015/03/05]

No more use of \toks@ when etoc constructs \etocthelinkedname etc... Thus \toks@ can be put in the line styles in order to accumulate information. Only useful if it is certain nothing else will change \toks@ either.

In the documentation: list of main commands now in alphabetic order.

v1.07m [2015/01/23]

Reading of .toc file is delayed to \begin{document} to account for possible Babel active characters used therein. Thanks to Denis Bitouzé who reported a Babel related problem.

Improved global toc display emulation under KOMA-script classes.

New command \etocbeforetitlehook. New command \etocdisplay.

v1.07l [doc of 2014/04/29]

Added to the documentation an example of use of \etocthelinkedname together with an enumitem inline itemize* environment; moved main TOC to immediately after the title, and license to the first pages.

Incorporation of the translation into German done on the initiative of Christine Römer by Felix Baral-Weber, Jenny Rothkrämer-Vogt, Daniel Büttner, Claudia Dahl, Christian Otto and Christine Römer (FSU Jena). My grateful thanks to all!

v1.07l [2014/04/22]

Fixes a bug with the 1.07k compatibility layer with tocloft which had broken the 1.07k (sic) compatibility with memoir (yes, memoir class 1.07k testing had been done before adding the tocloft thing to the source code . . .). Also, etoc when detecting tocvsec2 now checks if this is under the memoir class, as then nothing special needs to be done to rescue \tableofcontents, contrarily to the situation with the native tocvsec2.

v1.07k [2014/03/06]

Compatibility with package tocloft; and improved compatibility with class memoir. Novel TOC example in Overview.

v1.07j [2013/12/03]

Some issues with the documentation formatting (now two-sided) have been addressed, and a novel documentation section "Typesetting the TOC as a table" has been added. Very minor code change (\Etoc@readtoc).

v1.07i [2013/10/21]

Changes to the \etocmulticolstyle and \etocruledstyle codes to lessen the risk of a page break after the title (in the one-column case).

v1.07h [2013/10/16]

New commands \etocdepthtag.toc, \etocsettagdepth, \etocobeydepthtags, \etocignoredepthtags.

v1.07g [2013/10/13]

New commands \etocsettocdepth, \etocset tocdepth.toc, \etocobeytoctocdepth, \etocignoretoctocdepth which emulate part of tocvsec2 functionality ; measures to make tocvsec2 partially compatible with etoc.

New commands \etocsetnexttocdepth, \invisibletableofcontents, \invisiblelocaltableofcontents.

Switched from tikz-qtree to forest for the first 'toc as tree' example.

Command names are linked to their descriptions, and many other changes in the documentation.

Removed printing of temporary message when the local toc id is not yet stabilized; indeed \localtableofcontents can have many uses, such as filling up some token list register and one may wish to not have anything typeset, even in an intermediate run.

All of tex etoc.dtx, etex etoc.dtx, xetex etoc.dtx, latex etoc.dtx, pdflatex etoc.dtx are now possible, and the extracted file etoc.tex allows easy customization of compilation options for the documentation (default is via dvipdfmx which produces the smallest file).

v1.07f [2013/03/07]

New macros \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage, and \etocthelink.

v1.07e [2013/03/01]

Improvements in the package own line styles with regards to penalties and vertical spaces. Addition to the documentation of an example of a tree-like table of contents (uses tikz). More such examples added 2013/03/03.

v1.07d [2013/02/24]

Minor code improvements and new documentation section "Another compatibility mode".

60. Implementation

```
1 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
```

```
2 \ProvidesPackage{etoc}
```

- 3 [2019/11/17 v1.09b Completely customisable TOCs (JFB)]
- 4 \RequirePackage{multicol}

5 \DeclareOption*{\PackageWarning{etoc}{Option '\CurrentOption' is unknown.}}

6 \ProcessOptions \relax

1.08 suppresses \ifEtoc@part and defines \ifEtoc@skipprefix. It also defines \etocglobaldefs, \etoclocaldefs and \Etoc@global.

7 \newtoks\Etoc@toctoks

v1.07b [2013/02/02]

Removal of the \space from the macros \space name, \space name, \space .

Additional examples in the documentation.

v1.07 [2013/01/29]

New commands: \etocthename, \etocthenumber, \etocthepage, \etoclink,

\etoctoccontentsline, \etoctoccontentsline*
\etocnopar, \etocaftercontentshook

Modified command: \etocmulticolstyle

New documentation section "Surprising uses of etoc" which explains how to do "Lists of arbitrary things", in addition to the tables of contents.

v1.06 [2012/12/07]

The standard macros \l@section etc... are modified only during the calls to \tableofcontents; they can thus be customized as will by the user (with the help of a package like tocloft) and this will be taken into account by etoc for the TOCs typeset in compatibility mode.

v1.05 [2012/12/01]

\localtableofcontents replaces \tableofcontents* (for compatibility with the memoir class). Compatibility with KOMA-script and memoir document classes.

v1.04 [2012/11/24]

A (possibly local) table of contents can be labeled:

\tableofcontents \label{toc:1} and reproduced elsewhere in the document (with a possibly completely different layout): \tableofcontents \ref{toc:1}

v1.02 [2012/11/18]

Initial version.

```
8 \def\Etoc@par{\par}
9 \def\etocinline{\def\Etoc@par{}}
10 \let\etocnopar\etocinline
11 \def\etocdisplay{\def\Etoc@par{\par}}% 1.07m 2015/01/23
```

\etocglobaldefs should be used only for special things such as TOC as a table; it should be put in a group to limit its scope. If used in the preamble, it must come *after* tableof if the latter is loaded too.

```
12 \let\Etoc@global\@empty
                                        % 1.08 2015/03/10
13 \def\etocglobaldefs{\let\Etoc@global\global\let\tof@global\global}
14 \def\etoclocaldefs {\let\Etoc@global\@empty\let\tof@global\@empty}
15 \newif\ifEtoc@jj % book
16 \newif\ifEtoc@j
                    % part
17 \newif\ifEtoc@
                    % chapter
18 \newif\ifEtoc@i
                    % section
19 \newif\ifEtoc@ii % subsection
20 \newif\ifEtoc@iii % subsubsection
21 \newif\ifEtoc@iv % paragraph
22 \newif\ifEtoc@v
                    % subparagraph
23 \newif\ifEtoc@number
24 \newif\ifEtoc@hyperref
25 \newif\ifEtoc@parskip
                          % 1.07d
26 \newif\ifEtoc@tocwithid
27 \newif\ifEtoc@standard
28 \newif\ifEtoc@skipprefix % 1.08
29 \newif\ifEtoc@isfirst
                           % 1.08
30 \newif\ifEtoc@localtoc
31 \newif\ifEtoc@skipthisone
32 \newif\ifEtoc@stoptoc
33 \newif\ifEtoc@notactive
34 \newif\ifEtoc@mustclosegroup
                             % 1.08e
35 \newif\ifEtoc@emptytoc
36 \newif\ifEtoc@checksemptiness % 1.08e. Default is 'no checks'.
37 \def\etocchecksemptiness
                                  {\Etoc@checksemptinesstrue }
38 \def\etocdoesnotcheckemptiness {\Etoc@checksemptinessfalse }% 1.08i
39 \newif\ifEtoc@notocifnotoc % 1.08e
40 \def\etocnotocifnotoc {\Etoc@checksemptinesstrue\Etoc@notocifnotoctrue }
41 \def\etoc@{\etoc@}
42 \newif\ifEtoc@bracedname % 1.08p
```

1.07g uses a second counter; this could be avoided, but ok, let's not be that strict.

43 \newcounter{etoc@tocid}

44 \newcounter{etoc@tocdepth}% 1.07g

2015/03/08 Why do I use jj in the flags and minustwo here? and is there an entity full of forgiveness out there to save my soul even if taking into consideration my use of single and doubled @'s ? Although I desperately need to waste time I miraculously decided not to change everything today and thus the somewhat dispendious set-up below is maintained.

```
45 \@ifclassloaded{memoir}{\def\Etoc@minf{-\thr@@}}{\def\Etoc@minf{-\tw@}}
46 \def\Etoc@@minustwo@@{-\tw@}
47 \let\Etoc@@minusone@@\m@ne
48 \let\Etoc@@zero@@ \z@
49 \let\Etoc@@one@@ \@ne
50 \let\Etoc@@two@@ \tw@
51 \let\Etoc@@three@@ \thr@@
52 \chardef\Etoc@@four@@ 4
53 \chardef\Etoc@@six@@ 6
```

60. Implementation

```
55 \def\Etoc@@minustwo@{minustwo}
56 \def\Etoc@@minusone@{minusone}
57 \def\Etoc@@zero@
                      {zero}
58 \def\Etoc@@one@
                       {one}
59 \def\Etoc@@two@
                      {two}
60 \def\Etoc@@three@
                      {three}
61 \def\Etoc@@four@
                       {four}
62 \def\Etoc@@five@
                       {five}
1.07q.
63 \expandafter\def\csname Etoc@-3@@\endcsname {-\thr@@}
64 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@-2@@\endcsname \Etoc@@minustwo@@
65 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@-1@@\endcsname \Etoc@@minusone@@
66 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@0@@\endcsname
                                               \Etoc@@zero@@
67 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@1@@\endcsname
                                               \Etoc@@one@@
68 \expandafter \let \csname Etoc@2@@ \endcsname
                                               \Etoc@@two@@
69 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@3@@\endcsname
                                               \Etoc@@three@@
70 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@4@@\endcsname
                                               \Etoc@@four@@
71 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@5@@\endcsname
                                               \Etoc@@five@@
72 \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@6@@\endcsname
                                               \Etoc@@six@@
73 \let\Etoc@all@@
                    \Etoc@@five@@
74 \let \Etoc@none@@ \Etoc@minf
```

Versions earlier than 1.08 did \Etoc@newlevel in a quite embarrassing way with an \edef. 1.08f's \etocsetlevel avoids multiple insertions of the same level in the \Etoc@levellist list.

1.08k modified \Etoc@newlevel: formerly a token \l@#1 was stored in place of braced name {#1}. This changed is to facilitate creation of the \etocsavedsectiontocline etc... macros later on, at each TOC. But the stored #1 is not expanded immediately, although it is in other parts of \etocsetlevel, which may cause timing problems if #1 is a macro.

```
75 \let\Etoc@levellist\@empty
76 \def\Etoc@newlevel #1{\expandafter\def\expandafter\Etoc@levellist\expandafter
           {\Etoc@levellist\Etoc@levellist@elt{#1}}}
77
78 \def\etocsetlevel#1#2{%
79
      \@ifundefined{Etoc@#1@@}{\Etoc@newlevel{#1}}{}%
80
      \ifcase#2\relax
81
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@zero@@
82
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@zero@
83
      \or
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@one@@
84
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@one@
85
86
      \or
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@two@@
87
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@two@
88
89
      \or
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@three@@
90
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@three@
91
92
      \or
93
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@four@@
94
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@four@
95
      \or
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@five@@
96
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@five@
97
98
      \or
99
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@six@@
100
      \else
101
       \ifnum#2=\m@ne
        \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@minusone@@
102
```

```
103
        \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@minusone@
104
       \else
        \ifnum#2=-\tw@
105
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@minustwo@@
106
         \expandafter\let \csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\Etoc@@minustwo@
107
108
        \else
         \PackageWarning{etoc}
109
            {unexpected value '#2' in \string\etocsetlevel.^^J%
110
             Should be -2,-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. Set to 6 (=ignored)}%
111
112
         \expandafter\let\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname\Etoc@@six@@
113
        \fi
114
       \fi
115
      \fi
116 }
117 \etocsetlevel{book}{-2}
118 \etocsetlevel{part}{-1}
119 \etocsetlevel{chapter}{0}
120 \etocsetlevel{section}{1}
121 \etocsetlevel{subsection}{2}
122 \etocsetlevel{subsubsection}{3}
123 \etocsetlevel{paragraph}{4}
124 \etocsetlevel{subparagraph}{5}
The first two parameters of \Etoc@et@hop are exchanged in 1.08 compared to earlier versions;
```

this is in relation to changes done in \Etoc@etoccontentsline.

1.08i as a fourorthree rather than as formerly a sixorfive.

```
125 \AtBeginDocument{%
```

126 \@ifpackageloaded{parskip}{\Etoc@parskiptrue}{}%

```
127 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{\Etoc@hyperreftrue
```

```
      128
      \def\Etoc@et@hop#1#2#3#4#5{#2{#3}{#4}{#5}#1}%

      129
      \long\def\Etoc@gobblefourorthree#1#2#3#4{}

      130
      {\def\Etoc@et@hop#1#2#3#4{#2{#3}{#4}#1}%

      131
      \long\def\Etoc@gobblefourorthree#1#2#3{}}%
```

```
132 }
```

2015/03/08 One has to be careful about the Etoc@end@<level> user defined macros which may close groups. This has always been the reason for the \global's here and elsewhere.

1.08 uses \Etoc@level rather than a #1 which used to be anyhow always the \Etoc@tmp. Now \Etoc@level is what was called formerly \Etoc@tmp in \Etoc@etoccontentsline.

Attention that \Etoc@setflags must not modify \Etoc@next!

133 \def\Etoc@setflags {%

100	(act (Ecocoscittags (M	
134	\ifcase \Etoc@level	
135	\global\Etoc@vfalse	
136	\global\Etoc@ivfalse	
137	\global\Etoc@iiifalse	
138	\global\Etoc@iifalse	
139	\global\Etoc@ifalse	
140	\global\Etoc@true	
141	\or	
142	\global\Etoc@vfalse	
143	\global\Etoc@ivfalse	
144	\global\Etoc@iiifalse	
145	\global\Etoc@iifalse	
146	\global\Etoc@itrue	
147	\or	
148	\global\Etoc@vfalse	
149	\global\Etoc@ivfalse	
150	\global\Etoc@iiifalse	

60. Implementation

```
151
            \global\Etoc@iitrue
152
       \or
153
            \global\Etoc@vfalse
            \global\Etoc@ivfalse
154
            \global\Etoc@iiitrue
155
156
       \or
            \global\Etoc@vfalse
157
158
            \global\Etoc@ivtrue
159
       \or
160
            \global\Etoc@vtrue
161
       \else
162
            \global\Etoc@vfalse
163
            \global\Etoc@ivfalse
164
            \global\Etoc@iiifalse
165
            \global\Etoc@iifalse
166
            \global\Etoc@ifalse
167
            \global\Etoc@false
            \ifnum\Etoc@level=\m@ne
168
                \global\Etoc@jtrue
169
170
            \else
                \global\Etoc@jfalse
171
172
                \global\Etoc@jjtrue
173
            \fi
174
       \fi
175 }
```

1.08 This was originally in \Etoc@etoccontentsline, intermixed with the definitions of \Etoc@contents and \Etoc@prefix. Separated here for clarity of code. One has to be careful that this may close groups. The conditionals are all global. The \Etoc@level has been \global\let to a \chardef variable. The final \else of the \ifcase assumes none of the \Etoc@end@.. routines modify it, naturally.

```
176 \def\Etoc@doends {%
```

```
\ifcase \Etoc@level
177
           \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five \fi
178
179
           \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four \fi
180
           \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
181
           \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two
                                      \fi
           \ifEtoc@i \Etoc@end@one
182
                                      \fi
183
       \or
           \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five \fi
184
           \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four \fi
185
           \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
186
           \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two \fi
187
       \or
188
           \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five \fi
189
           \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four \fi
190
           \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
191
192
       \or
193
           \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five \fi
           \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four \fi
194
195
       \or
           \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five \fi
196
       \or
197
       \else
198
           \ifEtoc@v \Etoc@end@five \fi
199
           \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four \fi
200
           \ifEtoc@iii\Etoc@end@three\fi
201
```

```
202 \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two \fi
203 \ifEtoc@i \Etoc@end@one \fi
204 \ifEtoc@ \Etoc@end@zero \fi
205 \ifnum \Etoc@level =-\tw@
206 \ifEtoc@j \Etoc@end@minusone\fi
207 \fi
208 \fi
209 }
```

1.08 the \Etoc@next will (possibly) execute the begin code, *before* \Etoc@contents and \Etoc@prefix get defined, contrarily to what I did in earlier versions. I still reset the flags before execution of the begin codes (although the flags are not supposed to be used therein anyhow). Also the $\langle begin \rangle$ code does \Etoc@isfirsttrue.

1.08k This was originally in \Etoc@etoccontentsline. Extracted for re-use by \etocsetlocaltop.toc. Calls \Etoc@setflags which must not modify \Etoc@next.

210 \def\Etoc@dobegins{%

211 \let\Etoc@next\@empty

212 \Etoc@global\Etoc@isfirstfalse

2015/03/08 If my naming scheme had not been so baroque, I could easily do things in a more concise way here...

•••••••	
213	\ifcase\Etoc@level
214	\ifEtoc@
215	\else
216	\def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@zero}%
217	\fi
218	\or
219	\ifEtoc@i
220	\else
221	\def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@one}%
222	\fi
223	\or
224	\ifEtoc@ii
225	\else
226	\def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@two}%
227	\fi
228	\or
229	\ifEtoc@iii
230	\else
231	\def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@three}%
232	\fi
233	\or
234	\ifEtoc@iv
235	\else
236	\def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@four}%
237	\fi
238	\or
239	\ifEtoc@v
240	\else
241	\def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@five}%
242	\fi
243	\else
244	\ifnum\Etoc@level=\m@ne
245	\ifEtoc@j
246	\else
247	\def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@minusone}%
248	\fi
249	\else

103

60. Implementation

```
\ifEtoc@jj
250
                 \else
251
252
                      \def\Etoc@next{\Etoc@begin@minustwo}%
                 \fi
253
            ∖fi
254
        \fi
255
        \Etoc@setflags
256
        \Etoc@next
257
258 }
```

Heart of **etoc** hack into execution of .toc file. The .toc file must contain (at least indirectly via expansion) \contentsline {<unit>}... instructions, with the standard meaning of executing \l@unit (the hyperref modifications are taken into account). It is the various \l@unit's which are (locally) \let to \Etoc@lxyz and it is \Etoc@lxyz which does the parsing of the arguments in order to extract name, number and page number. Once they are obtained, via the execution of this indirectly hacked \contentsline, the code executes the \Etoc@prefix and \Etoc@contents corresponding to that unit level, according to the user \etocsetstyle declarations. Before that the begin part is executed when etoc first encounters that level coming from a higher one and the end part will be executed when hitting a more important level.

\etocskipfirstprefix was already part of the very first release of etoc. Up to 1.07n it was just an elegant \@thirdofthree possibly executed just before a \@firstoftwo{\Etoc@swa{#1}} {\Etoc@swb{#1}} line. But this made it impossible for me to execute things after the begin parts.

Executing stuff before begin is now a potential problem because the user can close some group in the begin code (this was in fact impossible in versions <1.08 because this would have erased the definitions of \Etoc@contents and \Etoc@prefix). Thus I am not so free now to define things before execution of begin, if I allow people to close a group therein, except if I make them global.

The mechanism of \etocskipfirstprefix made it impossible to add anything at the end of the begin codes. Thus I changed it in 1.08 to simply work with a (global) boolean flag. This gives user the freedom to use \etocskipfirstprefix anywhere in the begin code and it made room for a delimited macro I called \etoconlyonfirst. But then I dropped it in favor of definition of the \etociffirst conditional.

Macros \Etoc@swa and \Etoc@swb which did the \Etoc@et@hop thing have been suppressed, their effect is incorporated to the end of \Etoc@etoccontentsline.

259 \def\etocskipfirstprefix {\global\Etoc@skipprefixtrue }

2015/03/08 let's record that \Etoc@level used to be called \Etoc@tmp in versions earlier than 1.08 (and \Etoc@tmp is used in the completely different ulterior \Etoc@lxyz context). The code sets it for example to be \Etoc@section@@ which has been let by \etocsetlevel to \@ne, thus is always self-terminating in \ifnum..\fi contexts.

1.08i-2016/09/29 makes some changes in the organization of the conditionals. It could happen in certain special circumstances (created by that part in \Etoc@localtableofcontents which is executed after the test of emptiness) that \Etoc@localtop was still undefined. Earlier version of the code was a bit lazy and did not avoid some unneeded \ifnum with \Etoc@localtop in context where the flag \ifEtoc@stoptoc was \iftrue; this was not an issue when code was first written, \Etoc@localtop was always initialized back then. But the code in \Etoc@localtableofcontents handling local TOCs with unrecognized ids would call execution of the .toc file under some special context with flag \ifEtoc@stoptoc artificially set to true. If \Etoc@localtop had not been initialized an undefined control sequence error would occur. Furthermore as \ifEtoc@notactive was also set to true, the case of no error leads then to unneededly expand \Etoc@setflags code slowing down compilation.

Also 1.08i splits the macro into two, with accompanying slight refactoring. I had such problems with the behaviour of TeX booleans in 2011/12 that I got excessively cautious then, and was using an \Etoc@next for the \Etoc@setflags rather than leaving it like here deep inside conditional branches.

Attention! 1.09's \etoclocaltop is the former \Etoc@localtop *minus one*. Hence some slight change in conditional here.

```
260 \def\Etoc@etoccontentsline #1{%
     \global\expandafter\let\expandafter\Etoc@level\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname
261
262
     \Etoc@skipthisonefalse
     \ifnum\Etoc@level=\Etoc@@six@@
263
       \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
264
265
     \else
266
      \ifEtoc@localtoc
267
       \ifEtoc@stoptoc
268
         \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
       \else
269
        \ifEtoc@notactive\Etoc@setflags
270
          \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
271
272
        \else
         \unless\ifnum\Etoc@level>\etoclocaltop
273
274
            \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
           \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue
275
276
         \fi
277
        \fi
       \fi
278
279
      ∖fi
     \fi
280
     \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@gobblefourorthree
281
     \ifEtoc@skipthisone
282
283
     \else
      \unless\ifnum\c@tocdepth<\Etoc@level
284
285
       \ifEtoc@standard
286
         \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@savedcontentsline
287
       \else
288
         \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@etoccontentsline@
289
       \fi
      \fi
290
     \fi
291
     \Etoc@next{#1}%
292
293 }
```

1.08 New way to handle the compatibility mode. One has to worry only for the local tables of contents (in inactive state, which still must be parsed for global level flags) but in this case \Etoc@setflags was done above already. Earlier method proceeded with dummy empty line styles.

2015/03/08 Ever since the first release of **etoc**, the code has to be careful that the \Etoc@end@<level> user defined macros may close groups. This is the reason why some assignments have to be done globally. The \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@gobblesixorfive above could be local, because it is used only in case the stuff below is skipped, inclusive of \Etoc@doends which may close groups. (code has changed since, slightly).

1.08 extracts to a separate macro \Etoc@doends. Earlier code did \global\let\Etoc@next\relax but we can now give a default \relax value to \Etoc@next with no need of a \global prefix.

1.08k extracts \Etoc@dobegins.

```
294 \def\Etoc@etoccontentsline@ #1{%
295 \Etoc@doends % separated since 1.08
296 \Etoc@dobegins % separated since 1.08k. Does \Etoc@setflags.
```

1.08:

1. separates the definition of \Etoc@prefix and \Etoc@contents from the execution of the end parts. And it does the definition with some \csname's.

60. Implementation

- 2. implements \etocskipfirstprefix with a boolean, this is less slick but more flexible than the earlier method.
- 3. defines the \etociffirst conditional.
- 4. has \Etoc@level rather than \Etoc@tmp and thus we can dispense with the \ifEtoc@part switch as we will be able to test the equality \Etoc@level=-1 inside of \Etoc@lxyz.
- 5. adds the \Etoc@global prefix.

1.08i uses an \edef rather than \def with a chain of \expandafter.

297	<pre>\Etoc@global\edef\Etoc@prefix {\expandafter\noexpand</pre>
298	<pre>\csname Etoc@prefix@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname }%</pre>
299	<pre>\Etoc@global\edef\Etoc@contents{\expandafter\noexpand</pre>
300	<pre>\csname Etoc@contents@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname }%</pre>
301	\ifEtoc@skipprefix \Etoc@global\let\Etoc@prefix\@empty\fi
302	\global\Etoc@skipprefixfalse

1.08 modifies the ending to not use the \Etoc@swa and \Etoc@swb things. With this version, the \Etoc@next here is only to gobble everything if it has to (or gobble only the etoc things, when in compatibility mode).

For the record we don't do $\csname 10#1\endcsname mainly because hyperref patches <math>\contentsline$.

The location where Etoc@savedcontentsline is let to contentsline has been movedwith release 1.08 to before the title as set by <math>etocsettoctyle, thus it is now possible to open a tabular in this part. And with the Etoc@global prefix the user may opt for global definitions of etocname and the like, thus use freely & and other group closing things. Also, some care has been put into doing only expandable things after expansion of the prefix and contents parts of a sectioning unit style.

303 \Etoc@et@hop{\Etoc@prefix\Etoc@contents}{\Etoc@savedcontentsline{#1}}%
304 }

START OF MAINLY OBSOLETE COMMENTS

2013/03/07: up to 1.06 etoc defined only \etocname, \etocnumber and \etocpage. The hyperref added data is recycled in the simplest manner, prefixing it with \leavevmode. The included \Hy@tocdestname is (was, see below 1.07f and 1.08a) left unexpanded. We have to spend some time with delimited macros to dis-entangle the .toc data, and reconstruct the possible hyperref data. If the page number is not hyperlinked, \etocpage does *not* add the link found possibly in the name.

A need (for things like building up a token list to be used in a tikzpicture) arose later to have some form of the link which could be saved by a simple command like one can do \global\let\lastname\etocthename, and avoid having to manipulate \Hy@tocdestname. So 1.07f adds \etocthelinkedname, \etocthelinkednumber, \etocthelinkedpage, \etocthelink: they use \hyperlink with an expanded \Hy@tocdestname.

1.07f also adds \leavevmode to \etoclink which should have been done earlier, as it was included in \etocname etc... attention, \@namedef{A}{B} and not \@namedef{A} {B} !! on the other hand this gives a simple way to insert a space as the first token in the paramaters. For \Etoc@again (which appears later in the code), a \@firstofone construct is however the simplest of all.

END OF MAINLY OBSOLETE COMMENTS

1.08 adds \Etoc@global prefix (2015/03/09).

1.08a drops the original constructions of \etocname etc... The obvious decision to convert \etocname, etc ... to be the robust versions of \etocthelinkedname, etc ... was delayed two years (from 1.07f 2013/03/07 to 1.08a 2015/03/13) for sentimental reason. But the original

versions contained the hyperref destination only in unexpanded form, this forced to use \etocthe-linkedname, etc... in cases when the thing had to be stored for delayed use. Now the user can do this directly with \etocname, \etocnumber, \etocpage (taking into account though that these are robust macros, thus perhaps using something like \LetLtxMacro.)

1.08j turns \etoclink into the robust version of \etocthelink. Indeed so far only \etocthelink contained \Hy@tocdestname expanded. But \etoclink did not, and thus it could not be used after a group was closed for example by a & from the sectioning style, even if having used \etocglobaldefs.

1.08n adds \futurelet-based methods to avoid unbracing things.

1.08p uses \Etoc@@getnb (and \Etoc@@getit) to intercept cases when \numberline is hidden behind braces (https://github.com/ho-tex/hyperref/issues/65).

```
305 \def\Etoc@lxyz #1#2{%
       \Etoc@global\let\etocthelink\@firstofone % fall-back, was let \@empty up to 1.08i (inc.)
306
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthename
307
                                            {#1}% (if linked, will be removed later)
308
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname {#1}% (probably redefined later)
309
       \futurelet\Etoc@getthepage@token
          \Etoc@getthepage #2\etoc@ % defines \etocthelinkedpage
310
       \futurelet\Etoc@getnb@token
311
312
          \Etoc@@getnb #1\relax\relax\etoc@ % sets number, name, and \etocthe-
   link
313
       \ifEtoc@number
314
       \else
        \ifnum\Etoc@level=\m@ne
315
          \futurelet\Etoc@getit@token
316
             \Etoc@@getit #1\hspace\relax\etoc@
                                                    % additional job for parts
317
318
        \fi
319
       \fi
320
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\let\csname etoclink \endcsname\etocthelink
321
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\let\csname etocname \endcsname\etocthelinkedname
322
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\let\csname etocnumber \endcsname\etocthelinkednumber
323
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\let\csname etocpage \endcsname\etocthelinkedpage
324
       }
1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.
   1.08j fixes an old \ifx #1\hyperlink@start bug.
  Potential (but rather exotic) brace removal problems wiped away at 1.08n.
325 \def\Etoc@getthepage {%
       \if1\ifEtoc@hyperref
326
           \ifx\hyper@linkstart\Etoc@getthepage@token1\else0\fi
327
328
           \else0\fi
```

```
\expandafter\Etoc@getthepage@hyp
329
330
       \else
331
          \expandafter\Etoc@getthepage@nohyp
       \fi
332
333 }
334 \def\Etoc@getthepage@nohyp #1\etoc@ {%
335
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthepage
                                             {#1}%
336
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedpage {#1}%
337 }
```

1.07k corrects a bug here with an extra space before ##1 in \@namedef{etoclink } ##1. In 99.99% of use cases however, the macro gets redefined at a later stage, thus the bug did not show.

1.07n replaces use of \toks@ by macro \Etoc@tmp. Thus, the user has the (not so recommended) possibility to use \toks@ in the styles, even to store information whose scope extends beyond the execution of each \contentsline.

1.08 adds the Etoc@global's.

1.08j does not define \etoclink<space> anymore, only \etocthelink which contains the \Hy@tocdestname already expanded.

338 \def\Etoc@getthepage@hyp #1#2#3#4#5\etoc@ {%

```
339 \Etoc@global\def\etocthepage {#4}%
```

```
340 \edef\Etoc@tmp {{#3}}%
```

```
341 \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedpage\expandafter
```

```
342 {\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#4}}%
```

343 \Etoc@global\edef\etocthelink##1{\noexpand\hyperlink\Etoc@tmp{##1}}%

344 }

1.08j fixes an old buggy \ifx #1\hyper@linkstart. This could show if hyperref was present with linktoc=page option for example, because in that case #1 could be some tokens within braces. As this is rare case though, no bug was reported.

Anyway I refactored the whole thing at 1.08n.

1.08p adds workaround for an extra brace pair inserted by hyperref in case of linktoc=page option

https://github.com/ho-tex/hyperref/issues/65

```
345 \def\Etoc@@getnb {%
       \Etoc@bracednamefalse
346
347
       \ifx\Etoc@getnb@token\bgroup
348
           \expandafter\Etoc@getnb@checkifbraced
349
       \else
350
           \expandafter\Etoc@getnb
351
       \fi
352 }
353 \def\Etoc@tworelax{\relax\relax}
354 \def\Etoc@getnb@checkifbraced #1#2\etoc@ {%
355
       \def\Etoc@tmp{#2}%
       \ifx\Etoc@tmp\Etoc@tworelax
356
357
           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\Etoc@getnb@nameisbraced
358
           \expandafter\@firstofone
359
       \else
           \expandafter\Etoc@getnb
360
361
       \fi {#1}#2\etoc@
362 }
363 \def\Etoc@getnb@nameisbraced {%
364
       \Etoc@bracednametrue
       \futurelet\Etoc@getnb@token\Etoc@getnb
365
366 }
367 \def\Etoc@getnb {%
       \ifx\Etoc@getnb@token\bgroup
368
369
          \expandafter\Etoc@getnb@nohyp@nonbr
370
       \else
371
          \if1\ifEtoc@hyperref
               \ifx\hyper@linkstart\Etoc@getnb@token1\else0\fi
372
373
              \else0\fi
374
           \expandafter\expandafter\Etoc@getnb@hyp
          \else
375
           \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\Etoc@getnb@nohyp
376
377
          \fi
       \fi
378
379 }
```

1.08 adds the Etoc@global's.

1.08j corrects an old \ifx#1\numberline into \ifx\numberline#1.

1.08k uses a delimited macro to identify \numberline, \chapternumberline etc... in one go, avoiding the \let\chapternumberline\numberline etc... which were done formerly in

\Etoc@tableofcontents. Currently etoc does not yet use ε -T_EX.

1.08m fixes incompatibility of 1.08k's delimited macro method with KOMA's \nonumberline. Both 1.08k and 1.08m actually would have needed some \detokenize for complete safety and so far **etoc** does not use e-T_EX. So here at 1.08n I refactored the whole thing. And I added a \futurelet-based brace detection in \Etoc@getnb so here #1 is guaranteed not braced now.

1.08n tries to handle reasonably the \nonumberline of KOMA-script. If it expands to \numberline{}, etoc will thus consider the line numbered with an empty number.

```
380 \def\Etoc@getnb@nohyp #1{%
```

```
381
       \in@{#1}{\numberline\chapternumberline\partnumberline}%
382
       \ifin@
383
          \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@nohyp@nmbrd
384
       \else
          \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@nohyp@nonbr
385
386
          \in@{#1}{\nonumberline}%
          \ifin@
387
              \ifx\nonumberline\empty\else\let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@nohyp@nmbrd\fi
388
389
              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
          \fi
390
       \fi
391
392
       \Etoc@next #1%
393 }
394 \def\Etoc@getnb@nohyp@nmbrd #1#2#3\relax\relax\etoc@ {%
       \Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue
395
396
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber
                                             {#2}%
397
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkednumber {#2}%
398
       \ifEtoc@bracedname
           \Etoc@global\def\etocthename
                                               {{#3}}%
399
           \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname {{#3}}%
400
401
       \else
402
           \Etoc@global\def\etocthename
                                               {#3}%
403
           \Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname {#3}%
       \fi
404
405 }
406 \def\Etoc@getnb@nohyp@nonbr #1\etoc@ {%
      % \etocthename and \etocthelinkedname already defined in \Etoc@lxyz
407
       \Etoc@global\Etoc@numberfalse
408
409
       \Etoc@global\let\etocthenumber
                                             \@empty
       \Etoc@global\let\etocthelinkednumber \@empty
410
411 }
```

1.07n replaces use of \toks@ by macro \Etoc@tmp. 1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.

1.08j corrects the old \ifx#1\numberline into \ifx\numberline#1.

1.08k uses a delimited macro to identify \numberline, \chapternumberline etc... in one go. But anyway this was completely refactored at 1.08n. Unfortunately bad macro naming scheme caused a typo in a macro name, and it was left undefined. Fixed at 1.08o.

At 1.08p which fixed an hyperref problem in case of linktoc=page we are lazy because the problem with extra braces should not happen in this branch (hyperref does not brace the hyperlink). So we ignore the \ifEtoc@bracedname setting.

412 \def\Etoc@getnb@hyp #1#2#3#4#5#6\etoc@ {%

```
413 \edef\Etoc@tmp {{#3}}%
```

```
414 \Etoc@global\edef\etocthelink ##1{\noexpand\hyperlink {#3}{##1}}%
```

415 \Etoc@global\def\etocthename {#4}% temporary definition

416 \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedname

417 \expandafter {\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#4}}%

```
418 \futurelet\Etoc@hyp@getnb@token\Etoc@getnb@hyp@a #4\relax\relax\etoc@
```

419 }

```
420 \def\Etoc@getnb@hyp@a {%
       \ifx\Etoc@hyp@getnb@token\bgroup
421
422
          \expandafter\Etoc@getnb@hyp@nonbr
423
       \else
          \expandafter\Etoc@getnb@hyp@b
424
       \fi
425
426 }
427 \def\Etoc@getnb@hyp@b #1{%
428
       \in@{#1}{\numberline\chapternumberline\partnumberline\booknumberline}%
429
       \ifin@
430
          \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@hyp@nmbrd
431
       \else
432
          \let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@hyp@nonbr
433
          \in@{#1}{\nonumberline}%
434
          \ifin@
              \ifx\nonumberline\empty\else\let\Etoc@next\Etoc@getnb@hyp@nmbrd\fi
435
              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
436
437
          \fi
       \fi
438
       \Etoc@next #1%
439
440 }
441 \def\Etoc@getnb@hyp@nmbrd #1#2#3\relax\relax\etoc@ {%
442
       \Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue
443
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber {#2}%
444
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkednumber
445
                   \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#2}}%
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthename {#3}%
446
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedname
447
448
                   \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#3}}%
449 }
450 \let\Etoc@getnb@hyp@nonbr\Etoc@getnb@nohyp@nonbr
```

1.08 adds the Etoc@global's.

1.08n refactors this but it is still not extremely robust.

1.08p completes the fix of linktoc=page problematic hyperref. If the name was found to be braced, keep the brace pair on extracted name. But not for extracted number... don't ask why, I did not want spending ages on working around hyperref's bug.

```
451 \def\Etoc@@getit{%
452
       \ifEtoc@bracedname
            \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\Etoc@getit@nameisbraced
453
454
            \expandafter\@firstofone
455
       \else
456
            \expandafter\Etoc@getit
457
       \fi
458 }
459 \def\Etoc@getit@nameisbraced {\futurelet\Etoc@getit@token\Etoc@getit }
460 \def\Etoc@getit {%
       \if1\ifEtoc@hyperref
461
462
            \ifx\hyper@linkstart\Etoc@getit@token1\else0\fi
463
           \else0\fi
464
          \expandafter\Etoc@getit@hyp
465
       \else
466
           \expandafter\Etoc@getit@nohyp
       \fi
467
468 }
469 \def\Etoc@getit@nohyp #1\hspace#2#3\etoc@ {%
       \ifx\relax#2%
470
```

471	\else	
472	\Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber	{#1}%
473	\Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkednumber	{#1}%
474	\Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue	
475	<pre>\Etoc@getit@nohyp@getname #3\etoc@</pre>	
476	\fi	
477 }		
<pre>478 \def\Etoc@getit@nohyp@getname #1\hspace\relax\etoc@ {%</pre>		
479	\ifEtoc@bracedname	
480	<pre>\Etoc@global\def\etocthename</pre>	{{#1}}%
481	<pre>\Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname</pre>	{{#1}}%
482	\else	
483	\Etoc@global\def\etocthename	{#1}%
484	<pre>\Etoc@global\def\etocthelinkedname</pre>	{#1}%
485	\fi	
486 }		

1.07n replaces use of \toks@ by macro \Etoc@tmp. 1.08 adds the \Etoc@global's.

1.08j adds \etocthelink definition here which was missing. This bug showed in case hyperref was used with option linktoc=page, for part styles: the \etocthelink would not create a link if used therein. But the linktoc=page condition could easily however trigger the more serious \ifx bug in \Etoc@getnb also fixed at 1.08j, and this would have overshadowed this one by a real compilation error rather than a missing link in the procuced PDF.

1.08n refactors the whole thing. 1.08o chooses better names for macros.

For 1.08p fix of hyperref's extra brace (see \Etoc@@getnb, \Etoc@@getit), this branch should not suffer the issue, hence I don't bother checking \ifEtoc@bracedname status.

```
487 \def\Etoc@getit@hyp #1#2#3#4#5#6\etoc@ {%
       \edef\Etoc@tmp {{#3}}%
488
       \Etoc@global\edef\etocthelink ##1{\noexpand\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{##1}}%
489
490
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthename {#4}% temporary definition
491
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedname
                   \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#4}}%
492
       \Etoc@getit@hyp@a #4\hspace\relax\etoc@
493
494 }
495 \def\Etoc@getit@hyp@a #1\hspace#2#3\etoc@ {%
       \ifx\relax#2% not extremely safe
496
497
       \else
498
         \Etoc@global\Etoc@numbertrue
499
         \Etoc@global\def\etocthenumber {#1}%
500
         \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkednumber
501
                     \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#1}}%
502
         \Etoc@getit@hyp@getname #3\etoc@
503
       \fi
504 }
505 \def\Etoc@getit@hyp@getname #1\hspace\relax\etoc@ {%
       \Etoc@global\def\etocthename {#1}%
506
       \Etoc@global\expandafter\def\expandafter\etocthelinkedname
507
                   \expandafter{\expandafter\hyperlink \Etoc@tmp{#1}}%
508
509 }%
```

1.08a of 2015/03/12 does the long-postponed thing to let \etocname etc.. be simply the robust variant of \etocthelinkedname etc...

510 \let\etocthename \@empty
511 \let\etocthenumber \@empty
512 \let\etocthepage \@empty
513 \let\etocthelinkedname \@empty
514 \let\etocthelinkednumber \@empty

```
515 \let \etocthelinkedpage
                             \@empty
516 \let \etocthelink
                      \@firstofone % prior to 1.08j its was \let to \@empty
517 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocname} {}
518 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocnumber}{}
519 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocpage} {}
520 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etoclink} {\@firstofone}
521 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etocifnumbered}
522
      {\ifEtoc@number\expandafter\@firstoftwo\else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi}
523 \expandafter\let\expandafter\etocxifnumbered\csname etocifnumbered \endcsname
1.08 defines \etociffirst
524 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etociffirst}
      {\ifEtoc@isfirst\expandafter\@firstoftwo\else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi}
525
526 \expandafter\let\expandafter\etocxiffirst\csname etociffirst \endcsname
1.07 j modifies \Etoc@readtoc.
527 \def\Etoc@readtoc {%
    \ifeof \Etoc@tf
528
529
     ∖else
        \read \Etoc@tf to \Etoc@buffer
530
        \Etoc@toctoks=\expandafter\expandafter
531
          {\expandafter\the\expandafter\Etoc@toctoks\Etoc@buffer}%
532
        \expandafter\Etoc@readtoc
533
534
     \fi
535 }
1.07m moves the reading of the toc file At Begin Document. Needed for Babel activated characters.
536 \Etoc@toctoks {}% (superfluous, but for clarity)
537 \AtBeginDocument{\IfFileExists{\jobname.toc}
538
       {{\endlinechar=\m@ne
         \makeatletter
539
         \newread\Etoc@tf
540
         \openin\Etoc@tf\@filef@und
541
542
         \Etoc@readtoc
         \global\Etoc@toctoks=\expandafter{\the\Etoc@toctoks}%
543
544
         \closein\Etoc@tf}}
545
       {\typeout{No file \jobname.toc.}}}
1.07d: parskip and \@nobreakfalse stuff moved to \Etoc@tableofcontents
546 \def\Etoc@openouttoc{%
547
     \ifEtoc@hyperref
548
      \ifx\hyper@last\@undefined
549
       \IfFileExists{\jobname .toc}
550
         {\Hy@WarningNoLine
            {old toc file detected, not used; run LaTeX again (cheers from etoc)}%
551
          \global\Etoc@toctoks={}%
552
         }
553
554
         {}%
      \fi
555
     \fi
556
     \if@filesw
557
558
      \newwrite \tf@toc
     \immediate \openout \tf@toc \jobname .toc\relax
559
560
     \fi
     \global\let\Etoc@openouttoc\empty
561
562 }
```

1.08 has a new way to handle \Etoc@standardtrue.

Also the expansion of \Etoc@levelist is moved to inside \Etoc@tableofcontents as set-up by \etocsettocstyle. This opens up the possibility for the user to open a group in the title (for

example start a tabular) which would be closed (by the first &) sometime later. In combination with \etocglobaldefs it will be now much easier to typeset TOC as tables with etoc!

```
563 \def\Etoc@toctoc{%
     \global\Etoc@vfalse
564
     \global\Etoc@ivfalse
565
566
     \global\Etoc@iiifalse
567
     \global\Etoc@iifalse
     \global\Etoc@ifalse
568
     \global\Etoc@false
569
570
     \global\Etoc@jfalse
571
     \global\Etoc@jjfalse
572
     \the\Etoc@toctoks
     \ifEtoc@notactive
573
574
     \else
      \ifEtoc@v
575
                   \Etoc@end@five\fi
576
      \ifEtoc@iv \Etoc@end@four\fi
      \ifEtoc@iii \Etoc@end@three\fi
577
      \ifEtoc@ii \Etoc@end@two\fi
578
      \ifEtoc@i
                   \Etoc@end@one\fi
579
      \ifEtoc@
                   \Etoc@end@zero\fi
580
581
      \ifEtoc@j
                   \Etoc@end@minusone\fi
                   \Etoc@end@minustwo\fi
582
      \ifEtoc@jj
583
     \fi
584 }
```

Slightly better coded in 1.08b. Had some bad experiences with TeX conditionals back in 2011/2012 when I started LaTeX programming, and the code was a remnant of extra cautious attitude. Also, now \etoc@@startlocaltoc is expandable if it does nothing.

2015/04/16: 1.08e removes a \ifEtoc@notactive test as \ifnum can be positive only once anyhow; although the \ifEtoc@notactive boolean could be faster than an \ifnum, it adds to it as long as the local toc id is not yet found.

I replace (1.08e) the \Etoc@global's for \Etoc@localtop by \global's. The \relax is needed because #2 may sometimes be a count, sometimes tokens.

Attention! 1.09 defines a public \etoclocaltop in replacement of old \Etoc@localtop *minus* one. Memo: \etoclocaltop has only meaningful meaning when the local toc has its "active" flag set. Except that I used a "notactive" flag to torture myself, so: has the "notactive" flag off.

Also attention 1.09 now sets the \c@tocdepth there in relation to implementation of \local-tableofcontentswithrelativedepth. This is needed for line styles in compatibility mode as the code from standard classes checks the tocdepth counter.

```
585 \def\etoc@@startlocaltoc#1#2{%
```

000	
586	\ifEtoc@localtoc
587	\ifnum #1=#2\relax
588	\ifEtoc@jj \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@minustwo@@\fi
589	\ifEtoc@j \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@minusone@@\fi
590	\ifEtoc@ \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@zero@@ \fi
591	\ifEtoc@i \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@one@@ \fi
592	\ifEtoc@ii \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@two@@ \fi
593	\ifEtoc@iii \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@three@@ \fi
594	\ifEtoc@iv \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@four@@ \fi
595	\ifEtoc@v \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@@five@@ \fi
596	\global\c@tocdepth\Etoc@localtocdepth
597	\global\Etoc@notactivefalse
598	\global\Etoc@vfalse
599	\global\Etoc@ivfalse
600	\global\Etoc@iiifalse
601	\global\Etoc@iifalse

```
602\global\Etoc@ifalse603\global\Etoc@false604\global\Etoc@jfalse605\global\Etoc@jjfalse606\fi607\fi608 }
```

609 \let\etoc@startlocaltoc\@gobble

2015/03/16: 1.08e tests if a local table of contents turns out empty. The \Etoc@localtop there does not have the same meaning as when set-up by the regular \etoc@@startlocaltoc. It is off by 1 (in general). THIS IS OBSOLETE since 1.09: a \etoclocaltop is used with same meaning in all code branches.

After some hesitation I opted for making and obeying the test always (*) for local tables of contents, and do it also for global tables of contents but for the latter the user must issue \etocno-tocifnotoc for the emptiness test to be obeyed. The emptiness tests are to be trusted only when the compilations have stabilized.

(*) finally the user must issue \etocchecksemptiness once.

\Etoc@tocid is the number of the toc (possibly gotten via a \ref following a \tableofcontents), or it is \z@ if the emptiness test is from a global toc. Until the compilations stabilize, some local TOCs can get printed at wrong locations naturally and emptiness tests can not be trusted either. Releases earlier than 1.08e authorized \tableofcontents\ref{foo} with foo the label of a *global* toc. But as it was impossible (without much complications) to discriminate, until auxiliary files have stabilized, between a \ref to a local toc whose id is not yet in the .toc file and a \ref to a global toc whose id will in the end definitely not be in the .toc file, I decided that this silly possibility should not be supported anymore. This allowed to remove a few tokens from \Etoc@tableofcontents as well. And it also allowed improvements to \Etoc@localtableofcontents.

Note: (1.08i 2016/09/29) the code has to handle both local and total toc. Hence the flag \ifEtoc@notactive has to be set prior to it. For a global toc, the \Etoc@tocid was set to \z@, and the \ifnum in \etoc@startlocaltoc did always fail, but I now prefer to simply nullify the \etoc@startlocaltoc. As its default fallback is \@gobble I simply test here for the localtoc flag. The \Etoc@tocid will be undefined for a global toc but it is not tested anymore.

Note: the mechanism for recognizing the level when a local toc is encountered is different from the one in \etoc@@startlocaltoc which uses the level flags. Here we just record in \Etoc@level where we last stood. The initialization \global\let\Etoc@level\Etoc@minf is thus needed in case the .toc file contains an \etoc@startlocaltoc before any \contentsline.

1.08i has two testingcontentsline macros, one for local, one for global.

1.09 renames the \Etoc@localtop which was used here to a public \etoclocaltop to make it usable in \etocsettocstyle.

```
610 \def\Etoc@setemptytocbool {%
```

```
\global\Etoc@emptytoctrue
611
612
       \global\Etoc@stoptocfalse
613
       \global\let\Etoc@level\Etoc@minf
614
       \begingroup
         \ifEtoc@localtoc
615
           \def\etoc@startlocaltoc##1{%
616
617
              \ifnum##1=\Etoc@tocid\relax
618
                  \global\let\etoclocaltop\Etoc@level
619
                  \global\Etoc@notactivefalse
620
             \fi }%
           \let\contentsline\Etoc@testingcontentslinelocal
621
622
         \else
           \let\contentsline\Etoc@testingcontentsline
623
624
         \fi
```

```
625
         \Etoc@storetocdepth
626
           \the\Etoc@toctoks
627
         \Etoc@restoretocdepth
628
       \endgroup
629 }
630 \DeclareRobustCommand*\etocifwasempty
     {\ifEtoc@emptytoc\expandafter\@firstoftwo\else\expandafter\@secondoftwo\fi }
631
632 \expandafter
633 \let\expandafter\etocxifwasempty\csname etocifwasempty \endcsname
634 \def\Etoc@testingcontentslinelocal #1{%
635
     \ifEtoc@stoptoc
636
     \else
637
      \ifnum\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname=\Etoc@@six@@
      \else
638
       \global\expandafter\let\expandafter\Etoc@level\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname
639
```

\ifEtoc@notactive set to False by \etoc@startlocaltoc with right id. It that happened, check level of hit against unit. Will decide if empty or not. Set stoptoc flag afterwards in all cases. \Etoc@localtop will have been initialized by \etoc@@startlocaltoc as \ifEtoc@notactive flag can be false only then.

1.09 renamed the \Etoc@localtop as formerly here to \etoclocaltop and adds support for \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth.

640 \ifEtoc@notactive 641 \else \ifnum\Etoc@level>\etoclocaltop 642 \unless\ifnum\Etoc@level>\Etoc@localtocdepth 643 \global\Etoc@emptytocfalse 644 \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue 645 \fi 646 \else 647 648 \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue 649 \fi 650 \fi 651 \fi 652 \fi 653 \Etoc@gobblefourorthree\relax 654 } 655 \def\Etoc@testingcontentsline #1{% \ifEtoc@stoptoc 656 \else 657 658 \ifnum\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname=\Etoc@@six@@ 659 \else \unless\ifnum\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname>\c@tocdepth 660 \global\Etoc@emptytocfalse 661 662 \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue 663 \fi 664 \fi 665 \fi \Etoc@gobblefourorthree\relax 666 667 }

1.07g suppresses the printing of --unknown etoc ref: run latex again-- as sometimes one uses \localtableofcontents to prepare something else, and one does not want any text output even in intermediate runs.

Also 1.07g adds \etocaftertochook to help with \invisiblelocaltableofcontents (and then I did \etocsetnexttocdepth). 1.07h makes the hook used by \etocsetnexttocdepth private.

2015/03/14: 1.08b suppresses a space token from an unprotected end of line at the end after the replacement text of \etoc@startlocaltoc (bug dating back to 1.03 2012/11/23). I didn't see it due to the originally badly formatted source of \Etoc@next.

2015/03/16: 1.08e lets \localtableofcontents do a first scan of the .toc file (as stored in \Etoc@toctoks) to determine if the table of contents will in fact end up empty. In that case, nothing is typeset. The command \etocaftertochook is still executed though. Other ways were envisioned (like delimited macros) to determine this potential emptiness, but in the end I opted for execution of the .toc file with suitable definitions for \contentsline and \etoc@startlocaltoc. Notice though that if emptiness would result from empty line styles, this can not be detected. Emptiness means "no executed \contentsline".

For this detection of emptiness, assignments (here and in \Etoc@testingcontentsline) are made globally, I think this is the best (just in case some portions of the .toc file turn out to be inside some groups — perhaps for some silly color assignments, etc... — whose boundaries do not necessarily respect unit levels).

The flag \Etoc@tocwithid discriminates between a \localtableofcontents and a \tableofcontents \ref{foo}; the latter could so far possibly refer to a local or also to a global table of contents but release 1.08e has deprecated the latter use as it complicated the code, for something truly silly. Thus \ref{foo} must now be with foo a label of a local TOC. As a result \Etoc@tocwithid is less used now.

In the case of a \refed-to toc whose label was just added hence is not yet in the .aux file, \Etoc@tocid is 0. etoc used to issue a warning to run latex again and did no printing at all. Release 1.08e in such cases prints the heading (this may gain one compilation step). Emptiness test is not executed as it would necessarily turn out positive and can not be trusted anyhow. The TOC is declared non empty, which it probably is...

Emptiness detection for local tables of contents (either from a \localtableofcontents or from a \tableofcontents\ref{localtoc}) can be trusted only when the .toc file has stabilized.The emptiness status of a local TOC whose Id is not yet in the .toc is by necessity undecided yet (and not to be trusted really as the numbering may have changed; only when compilation runs settle is the emptiness status to be trusted). The code declares the TOC non empty, as it will be in 95% of use cases.

Dropping support for \tableofcontents \ref{globaltoc} means here that when a TOC id is not found in the .toc file we can assume it definitely has to be a local TOC needing more compilations. The emptiness status is undecided, the code declares the TOC non empty.

1.08i-2016/09/29 now does \Etoc@localtoctrue right at the start (the earlier code could have to handle table of contents which were actually global, via the \label/\ref mechanism.) It does not rely on the \ifnum automatically false in \etoc@startlocaltoc due to the special values 0 or \z@ for \Etoc@tocid, but simply leaves \etoc@startlocaltoc to its default \@gobble. The \Etoc@emptytocfalse flag is upfront in case some code using \etocifwasempty is in user hooks. The default is to assume the TOC non-empty as its contents are actually still unknown. Under the stoptoc flag, the \Etoc@etoccontentsline is more efficient now.

The \Etoc@notactive flag needs to be set before calling \Etoc@setemptytocbool.

I hesitated with 1.08i to write something to aux file in order to let LAT_{EX} prompt the user for extra pass, after insertion of some new \localtableofcontents, but finally I prefer to only trick LAT_{EX} into telling about undefined references.

The \PackageWarning approach has the advantage that at least in Emacs/AUCTeX the C-cCc will propose LaTeX, not View. But perhaps some automated scripts checking aux file will not like the extra line which is then removed in next pass, and could possibly do one extra unneeded compilation to check aux file remains identical. Hence the second approach. (edit 2017/10/23: good thing I documented that! I had completely forgotten that rationale, but I wonder if it is correct.)

Also the \PackageWarning does not trigger a visible message near the end of the log file or console output, contrarily to a

LaTeX Warning: There were undefined references.

followed by a

LaTeX Warning: Label(s) may have changed. Rerun to get cross-references right. Method used here seems to work fine also with latexmk: it does not seem to induce it into making too many runs.

```
668 \def\Etoc@localtableofcontents#1{%
```

```
669 \gdef\etoclocaltop{-\@m}%
```

```
670 \Etoc@localtoctrue
```

```
671 \global\Etoc@emptytocfalse
```

```
672 \edef\Etoc@tocid{#1}%
```

```
673 \ifnum\Etoc@tocid<\@ne
```

```
674 %\PackageWarning{etoc}{Unknown toc reference \@secondoftwo#1. Run LaTeX again}%
675 \setbox0\hbox{\ref{Unknown toc ref \@secondoftwo#1. Rerun LaTeX}}%
```

- 676 %\if@filesw\immediate\write\@mainaux{\noexpand\@tempswatrue}\fi
- 677 \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue % do only heading

```
678 \gdef\etoclocaltop{-\thr@@}%
```

679 \Etoc@tableofcontents

```
680 \expandafter\Etoc@gobbletoetoc@ % skip all the rest
```

681 \fi

682 \global\Etoc@notactivetrue

1.08i's \Etoc@setemptytocbool now checks localtoc flag.

683	\ifEtoc@checksemptiness
684	\Etoc@setemptytocbool
685	\fi
686	\ifEtoc@emptytoc
687	\ifEtoc@notactive
688	%\PackageWarning{etoc}{Unknown toc ID \number\Etoc@tocid. Run LaTeX again}%
689	\setbox0\hbox{\ref{Unknown toc ID \number\Etoc@tocid. Rerun LaTeX}}%
690	%\if@filesw\immediate\write\@mainaux{\noexpand\@tempswatrue}\fi
691	\global\Etoc@emptytocfalse % assume real one will be non-empty
692	\global\Etoc@stoptoctrue % and print only heading for this pass
693	\gdef\etoclocaltop{-\thr@@}%
694	\Etoc@tableofcontents
695	\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\Etoc@gobbletoetoc@
696	\else
697	<pre>%% \PackageWarning{etoc}{This toc is apparently empty}%</pre>
698	\fi
699	\else
700	\global\Etoc@stoptocfalse
701	\global\Etoc@notactivetrue

Prior to 1.09 a \Etoc@localtop was reset here. This has now been moved to \Etoc@tableofcontents and \Etoc@localtop replaced by a public \etoclocaltop usable in line styles, and in \etocset-tocstyle (under checksemptinesstrue regime).

We can end up here either if the emptiness check was done and turned negative (then \etoclocaltop has the correct level for usage in first argument of \etocsettocstyle), or if the emptiness check was not done. For the latter case \etoclocaltop has setting -\@m.

702	\edef\etoc@startlocaltoc##1%
703	{\noexpand\etoc@@startlocaltoc{##1}{\Etoc@tocid}}%
704	\Etoc@tableofcontents
705	\fi
706	\@gobble\etoc@
707	\endgroup\ifEtoc@mustclosegroup\endgroup\fi
708	\Etoc@tocdepthreset % 1.07h, renamed 1.08h
709	\etocaftertochook % 1.07g

1.09 hesitates about putting this before of after the \etocaftertochook. The information of the

used tocdepth is lost if puuting it first. The usage of \etocaftertochook may be broken if unexpected tokens follows.

```
710
       \let\Etoc@localtocdepth\c@tocdepth % 1.09
```

711 }% \Etoc@localtableofcontents

2013/03/07: I discover a \@namedef trick to construct the \Etoc@again space delimited macro: \@namedef {Etoc@again} {...stuff...}

Original version was (copied from analogous stuff in source2e):

{\def\1{\Etoc@again}\expandafter\gdef\1 {...stuff...}}

and in the end (now that I think about it) I simply use \@firstofone.

```
712 \def\Etoc@getrefno #1#2\etoc@ {#1}
```

713 \def\Etoc@getref #1{\@ifundefined{r@#1}{0}{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter 714 \Etoc@getrefno\csname r@#1\endcsname\relax\etoc@}}

```
715 \def\Etoc@ref#1{\Etoc@localtableofcontents{\Etoc@getref{#1}}}
```

716 \def\Etoc@label#1{\label{#1}\futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}

717 \@firstofone{\def\Etoc@again} {\futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}

1.08e adds test for emptiness. And uses another coding style for conditional branching. Easier to read. Not tested for efficiency.

Also, \ref{foo} expects foo to be a label to a local TOC. Earlier versions accepted a reference to a global TOC, I have removed the support from \Etoc@tableofcontents.

The syntax \localtableofcontents\ref{foo} is now accepted.

718 \def \Etoc@dothis #1#2 \etoc@ {\fi #1}

```
719 \def\Etoc@t@bleofcontents{%
```

\gdef\etoclocaltop{-\@M}% 720

\ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\label\Etoc@dothis{\expandafter\Etoc@label\@gobble}\fi 721

722 \ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\@sptoken\Etoc@dothis{\Etoc@again}\fi

\Etoc@ref will hand over directly to \Etoc@localtableofcontents. Argument will be (or rather expand to) zero if the reference is non-existent yet. There was an \Etoc@tocwithidfalse flag which 1.08i suppresses as it is not used afterwards (since 1.08e I think.)

\ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\ref\Etoc@dothis{\expandafter\Etoc@ref\@gobble}\fi 723

Flag to check if we were called from a \localtableofcontents.

724 \ifEtoc@tocwithid\Etoc@dothis{\Etoc@localtableofcontents{\c@etoc@tocid}}\fi

From now on we are handling a global TOC. Earlier, I used the trick of setting \Etoc@tocid to \z@ for compatibility with expansion of \etoc@startlocaltoc. But since 1.08i \etoc@startlocaltoc is left to be \@gobble, and \Etoc@tocid is never tested. We don't need to set the notactive flag as now \Etoc@testingcontentsline tests first the localtoc flag (was already the case of **\Etoc@etoccontentsline**). I change a bit the style of conditionals here for clarity of code.

725 \global\Etoc@emptytocfalse\ifEtoc@checksemptiness\Etoc@setemptytocbool\fi 726 \ifEtoc@emptytoc

- 727 \ifEtoc@notocifnotoc
- \expandafter\expandafter\@gobble 728

```
729
         \fi
```

```
730
        \fi
```

\Etoc@tableofcontents 731

```
732
       \endgroup\ifEtoc@mustclosegroup\endgroup\fi
```

733 \Etoc@tocdepthreset % 1.07h, renamed 1.08h

- 734 \etocaftertochook % 1.07g
- \@gobble\etoc@ 735
- 736 }% \Etoc@t@bleofcontents

1.07g for consistency Etoc@ prefix added.

1.08c does not use \arabic in the \addtocontents since I have seen that in some circumstances (for some right to left languages with polyglossia or babel), one can not rely on \arabic having its default definition. As the number written here will be used later in an ifnum, I should not have used it in the first place (done 2015/03/30).

1.08i moves elsewhere definition of \etoc@startlocaltoc. In \Etoc@table@fcontents case it remains to be seen if a \ref follows which could turn the TOC into a local one. Handled by \Etoc@t@bleofcontents.

```
737 \def\Etoc@table@fcontents{%
```

738 \refstepcounter{etoc@tocid}%

```
739 \Etoc@tocwithidfalse
```

```
740 \futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}
```

```
741 \def\Etoc@localtable@fcontents{%
```

```
742 \refstepcounter{etoc@tocid}%
```

```
743 \addtocontents{toc}{\string\etoc@startlocaltoc{\the\c@etoc@tocid}}%
```

```
744 \Etoc@tocwithidtrue
```

```
745 \futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@t@bleofcontents}
```

1.07g defines $\to table of contents$ to be able to undo the evil and brutal doings of some packages with $\table of contents$.

1.08 patches tableof's influence. Version 1.4a or later of tableof is needed.

746 \let\etocaftertitlehook \@empty

747 \let\etocaftercontentshook \@empty

Attention that there could be a \ref following, thus we don't yet know whether this is a local or global table of contents.

The \Etoc@tocdepthset is for \etocsetnexttocdepth mechanism.

748 \def\etoctableofcontents{%

749 \Etoc@openouttoc

750 \Etoc@tocdepthset % new with 1.08h (\etocsetnexttocdepth)

```
751 \begingroup % closed in \Etoc@t@bleofcontents or \Etoc@localtableofcontents
```

No need for the tableof extra group level, even it is better to get rid of it. I don't globally cancel \tof@begingroup and \tof@endgroup to leave open for the user the (dubious) possibility of using directly \tableof, \tablenotof (rather than only the reasonable thing which is \nexttocwithtags{}}).

752 \let\tof@begingroup\@empty

753 \let\tof@endgroup \@empty

1.08i removes definition of \etoc@startlocaltoc from here. It is done in \Etoc@localtableofcontents or uses its default of \@gobble.

1.09b uses a \def in non-starred variant for allowing tricks to recognize later on if we are in a starred or non-starred case, whatever the user definition of \etocaftertitlehook may be.

754 \@ifstar

```
755 {\let\Etoc@aftertitlehook\@empty\Etoc@table@fcontents}
```

```
756 {\def\Etoc@aftertitlehook{\etocaftertitlehook}\Etoc@table@fcontents}%
```

```
757 }% \etoctableofcontents
```

```
758 \let\tableofcontents\etoctableofcontents
```

```
759 \newcommand*\localtableofcontents{%
```

```
760 \Etoc@openouttoc
```

```
761 \Etoc@tocdepthset % new with 1.08h (\etocsetnexttocdepth)
```

```
762 \begingroup % closed in \Etoc@t@bleofcontents or \Etoc@localtableofcontents
763 \let\tof@begingroup\@empty
```

```
764 \let\tof@endgroup \@empty
```

```
765 \@ifstar
```

```
766 {\let\Etoc@aftertitlehook\@empty\Etoc@localtable@fcontents}
```

```
767 {\def\Etoc@aftertitlehook{\etocaftertitlehook}\Etoc@localtable@fcontents}%
768 }% \localtableofcontents
```

1.09 adds \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth. The motivation is that it is impossible to set in a completely satisfactory way the tocdepth from the first argument of \etocsettocstyle

because the emptiness check does not execute that argument. If one does not care about emptiness check, one can of course set the tocdepth from the first argument of \etocsettocstyle. One can even use \etocsetnexttocdepth for that since 1.09 but anyway direct usage of \etocsettoc-depth (or \setcounter{tocdepth}{...}) is easier as its effet when executed there is automatically limited to duration of the TOC.

769 \newcommand*\localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth[1]{%

```
770 \edef\Etoc@localtocdepth
```

```
771 {\numexpr\noexpand\etoclocaltop+\the\numexpr#1\relax\relax}%
```

```
772 \localtableofcontents
```

773 }% \localtableofcontentswithrelativedepth

774 \let\Etoc@localtocdepth\c@tocdepth

1.08 moves earlier the definitions of \Etoc@savedcontentsline as well as \Etoc@levellist. It will thus not be operative to do \etocsetlevel from inside the title now. But perhaps it will be easier to deal with tables.

Also I remove a big \@firstofone, and use rather \Etoc@gobbletoetoc@ for the gobbling case. Also, 1.08 modifies the code to do only expandable things after \Etoc@toctoc, in order to allow opening of an alignment in the first argument and closing in the second. Earlier versions had an \Etoc@@next initially set to relax after the first \Etoc@toctoc. I was in 2012/2013 quite uneasy with the TeX conditionals hence wanted for safety to move the things for the second invocation of \Etoc@toctoc after the \fi\fi\fi. I could define an \afterfififi macro, but it should be ok as it is done here.

1.08e moved the \Etoc@par to \Etoc@tableofcontents. This was needed for the implementation of the emptiness test. It might have some impact in fringe cases as the \refstepcounter is now done before the \par is issued.

1.08e suppresses the possibility to do a \tableofcontents\ref{foo} with foo the label of a global TOC: issueing \tableofcontents alone suffices. Allowed to simplify some code.

1.08g moves \Etoc@par to before \etocbeforetitlehook, not after.

```
775 \long\def\Etoc@gobbletoetoc@ #1\etoc@ {}
```

```
776 \newcommand\etocsettocstyle[2]{%
```

```
777 \def\Etoc@tableofcontents
```

778 {%
779 \ifnum\c@tocdepth>\Etoc@minf

780 \else

```
781 \expandafter\Etoc@gobbletoetoc@
```

```
782 \fi
```

783 \Etoc@par

```
784 \etocbeforetitlehook % 1.07m
```

```
785 \Etoc@storetocdepth % 1.07g
```

```
786 \let\Etoc@savedcontentsline\contentsline % moved up here 1.08
```

```
787 \let\contentsline\Etoc@etoccontentsline
```

```
788 \ifEtoc@standard
```

```
789 \else % moved here from \Etoc@toctoc (1.08)
```

Prior to 1.08, this was done in \Etoc@toctoc

1.08k defines here \etocsavedchaptertocline, \etocsavedsectiontocline, and so on for all declared level names, again at each TOC and for the duration of it.

790	\def\Etoc@levellist@elt####1{%
791	\expandafter\let\csname etocsaved####1tocline\expandafter\endcsname
792	\csname 10####1\endcsname
793	\expandafter\let\csname l@####1\endcsname\Etoc@lxyz}%
794	\Etoc@levellist

1.08k removes \let\chapternumberline\numberline etc... done formerly here

```
795 \fi
```

1.09 makes \etocsetnexttocdepth usable in #1 (but this is not 100% compatible with the emptiness check).

1.09 makes an \etoclocaltop usable in #1 if under checksemptiness regime.

796 #1%

```
797 \Etoc@tocdepthset
```

798 \ifEtoc@parskip\parskip\z@skip\fi %1.07d

```
799 \Etoc@aftertitlehook
```

1.09 has replaced former \Etoc@localtop (*minus one*) by \etoclocaltop. Under checksemptinesstrue regime its value is already known, but it will be obtained again from the toc file execution. As it is used only if TOC is active, resetting it here this way is decorative and could be removed.

```
800
       \gdef\etoclocaltop{-\thr@@}%
801
       \Etoc@toctoc
802
       \etocaftercontentshook
803
       #2\@nobreakfalse % 1.07d: \@nobreakfalse moved here
804
       \Etoc@restoretocdepth % 1.07g. moved here from before #2 by 1.08
1.08: necessary if tableof 1.4a has been used in global mode and thus was forced to mod-
ify globally \contentsline. The collateral effect is that etoc is now forced to reset globally
\contentsline.
805
       \ifx\Etoc@global\global
806
        \ifx\tof@finish\@empty
807
        \else
808
           \global\let\contentsline\Etoc@savedcontentsline
809
        \fi
810
       \fi
811
       \@gobble\etoc@
812 }% end of \Etoc@tableofcontents definition by \etocsettocstyle
813 }
1.08 hacks the begin parts to update therein the \ifEtoc@isfirst flag (2015/03/09).
   1.08c removes unneeded \long from the \def's inside \etoc@setstyle (2015/03/29).
814 \def\etocsetstyle{\Etoc@standardfalse\etoc@setstyle}
815 \long\def\etoc@setstyle#1#2#3#4#5{%
816
        \expandafter\def
817
        \csname Etoc@begin@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname
818
                          {#2\Etoc@global\Etoc@isfirsttrue}%
819
        \expandafter\def
        \csname Etoc@prefix@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname
820
                                                                        {#3}%
821
        \expandafter\def
822
        \csname Etoc@contents@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname {#4}%
823
        \expandafter\def
        \csname Etoc@end@\csname Etoc@#1@\endcsname\endcsname
824
                                                                        {#5}%
825 }
placeholder for comments
826 \def\etocfontminustwo {\normalfont \LARGE \bfseries}
827 \def\etocfontminusone {\normalfont \large \bfseries}
828 \def\etocfontzero
                          {\normalfont \large \bfseries}
                          {\normalfont \normalsize \bfseries}
829 \def\etocfontone
                          {\normalfont \normalsize}
830 \def\etocfonttwo
                          {\normalfont \footnotesize}
831 \def\etocfontthree
placeholder for comments
832 \def\etocsepminustwo
                          {4ex \@plus .5ex \@minus .5ex}
833 \def\etocsepminusone
                          {4ex \@plus .5ex \@minus .5ex}
834 \def\etocsepzero
                          {2.5ex \@plus .4ex \@minus .4ex}
835 \def\etocsepone
                          {1.5ex \@plus .3ex \@minus .3ex}
```

```
60. Implementation
```

```
836 \def\etocseptwo
                          {.5ex \@plus .1ex \@minus .1ex}
837 \def\etocsepthree
                          {.25ex \@plus .05ex \@minus .05ex}
placeholder for comments
838 \def\etocbaselinespreadminustwo {1}
839 \def\etocbaselinespreadminusone {1}
840 \def\etocbaselinespreadzero
                                     \{1\}
841 \def\etocbaselinespreadone
                                     \{1\}
842 \def\etocbaselinespreadtwo
                                     \{1\}
843 \def\etocbaselinespreadthree
                                     {.9}
placeholder for comments
844 \def\etocminustwoleftmargin {1.5em plus 0.5fil}
845 \def\etocminustworightmargin {1.5em plus -0.5fil}
846 \def\etocminusoneleftmargin {1em}
847 \def\etocminusonerightmargin {1em}
848 \def\etoctoclineleaders
849
           {\hbox{\normalfont\normalsize\hb@xt@2ex {\hss.\hss}}}
850 \def\etocabbrevpagename {p.~}
```

Versions earlier than 1.08b (and since v1.05 2012/12/01) defined \etocpartname (for use by etoc's own line styles) to expand to \partname. But this didn't make sense in the context for example of babel and frenchb, because \frenchpartname does things depending on the current value of the counter part. The code in recent frenchb (but not yet v2.5a when \etocpartname was introduced) constructs control sequences \ordinali, etc... If the part counter is zero, this gives \ordinal. Usually this is not defined, hence no error happens (as it is constructed via \csname), but under class memoir the bug showed up. All this to explain that I found out about this long lasting problem only on 2015/03/14. Probably a sign that etoc's own line styles are rarely used...

851 \def\etocpartname {Part}% modified 1.08b
852 \def\etocbookname {Book}

placeholder for comments The macro \etocdefaultlines was initially called \etoctoclines. Now \etoctoclines just does \Etoc@standardfalse. Version 1.07e has rewritten entirely the stuff related to penalties and \addvspace, as this was not satisfactory in the earlier versions, which were written at a early stage in the development of the package. Actually I am not fully satisfied with these line styles.

```
853 \def\etocdefaultlines{\Etoc@standardfalse %
854 %% 'book':
855 \etoc@setstyle{@minustwo}
856
     {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
     {\addpenalty\@secpenalty}
857
858
     {\begingroup
859
      \etocfontminustwo
      \addvspace{\etocsepminustwo}%
860
861
      parindent \z@
862
      \leftskip \etocminustwoleftmargin
      \rightskip \etocminustworightmargin
863
864
      \parfillskip \@flushglue
865
      \vbox{\etocifnumbered{\etocbookname\enspace\etocnumber:\quad}{}\etocname
866
           \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadminustwo\baselineskip
867
           \par}%
868
      \addpenalty\@M\addvspace{\etocsepminusone}%
869
      \endgroup
870
     {}%
871 %% 'part':
872 \etoc@setstyle{@minusone}
873
     {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
     {\addpenalty\@secpenalty}
874
```

```
875
     {\begingroup
876
      \etocfontminusone
877
      \addvspace{\etocsepminusone}%
878
      \parindent \z@
      \leftskip \etocminusoneleftmargin
879
      \rightskip \etocminusonerightmargin
880
      \parfillskip \@flushglue
881
882
      \vbox{\etocifnumbered{\etocpartname\enspace\etocnumber.\quad}{}\etocname
883
            \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadminusone\baselineskip
884
            par}%
885
      \addpenalty\@M\addvspace{\etocsepzero}%
886
      \endgroup}
887
     {}%
888 %% 'chapter':
889 \etoc@setstyle{@zero}
     {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
890
     {\addpenalty\@itempenalty}
891
892
     {\begingroup
893
      \etocfontzero
894
      \addvspace{\etocsepzero}%
      \parindent \z@ \parfillskip \@flushglue
895
      \vbox{\etocifnumbered{\etocnumber.\enspace}{}\etocname
896
897
            \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadzero\baselineskip
898
            \par}%
899
      \endgroup}
900
     {\addpenalty{-\@highpenalty}\addvspace{\etocsepminusone}}%
901 %% 'section':
902 \etoc@setstyle{@one}
     {\addpenalty\@M\etocskipfirstprefix}
903
904
     {\addpenalty\@itempenalty}
905
     {\begingroup
906
      \etocfontone
907
      \addvspace{\etocsepone}%
908
      \parindent \z@ \parfillskip \z@
909
      \setbox\z@\vbox{\parfillskip\@flushglue
910
                       \etocname\par
911
                       \setbox\tw@\lastbox
912
                       \global\setbox\@ne\hbox{\unhbox\tw@\ }}%
913
      \dimen\z@=\wd\@ne
914
      \setbox\z@=\etoctoclineleaders
915
      \advance\dimen\z@\wd\z@
916
      \etocifnumbered
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocnumber, \etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}
917
918
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}%
919
      \advance\dimen\z@\wd\tw@
      \ifdim\dimen\z@ < \linewidth</pre>
920
          \vbox{\etocname~%
921
                 \leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
922
                 \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadone\baselineskip
923
924
                 \par}% 1.08b adds the % here
925
      \else
926
          \vbox{\etocname~%
927
                 \leaders\copy\z@\hfil\break
928
                 \hbox{}\leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
929
                 \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadone\baselineskip
930
                 \par}%
      \fi
931
```

```
\endgroup}
932
933
    {\addpenalty\@secpenalty\addvspace{\etocsepzero}}%
934 %% 'subsection':
935 \etoc@setstyle{@two}
    {\addpenalty\@medpenalty\etocskipfirstprefix}
936
     {\addpenalty\@itempenalty}
937
938
     {\begingroup
939
      \etocfonttwo
940
      \addvspace{\etocseptwo}%
941
      \parindent \z@ \parfillskip \z@
942
      \setbox\z@\vbox{\parfillskip\@flushglue
943
                      \etocname\par\setbox\tw@\lastbox
944
                      \global\setbox\@ne\hbox{\unhbox\tw@}}%
945
      \dim z@=\wd@ne
      \setbox\z@=\etoctoclineleaders
946
      947
      \etocifnumbered
948
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocnumber, \etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}
949
950
        {\setbox\tw@\hbox{\etocabbrevpagename\etocpage}}%
951
      \advance\dimen\z@\wd\tw@
952
      \ifdim\dimen\z@ < \linewidth
          \vbox{\etocname~%
953
954
                \leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
955
                \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadtwo\baselineskip
956
                \par}%
957
      \else
          \vbox{\etocname~%
958
                \leaders\copy\z@\hfil\break
959
                \hbox{}\leaders\box\z@\hfil\box\tw@
960
961
                \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadtwo\baselineskip
962
                par}%
      \fi
963
964
      \endgroup}
     {\addpenalty\@secpenalty\addvspace{\etocsepone}}%
965
966 %% 'subsubsection':
967 \etoc@setstyle{@three}
     {\addpenalty\@M
968
      \etocfontthree
969
970
      \vspace{\etocsepthree}%
      \noindent
971
972
      \etocskipfirstprefix}
973
     {\allowbreak\,--\,}
974
     {\etocname}
975
     {.\hfil
976
       \begingroup
        \baselineskip\etocbaselinespreadthree\baselineskip
977
978
        \par
979
       \endgroup
      \addpenalty{-\@highpenalty}}%
980
```

placeholder for comments

981 \etoc@setstyle{@four}{}{}{}{}%
982 \etoc@setstyle{@five}{}{}{}%
983 } % end of \etocdefaultlines!

The \etocinnertopsep default value is too big as well as \etocbelowtocskip and \etocabovetocskip, I guess, but if I am remember correctly I chose them to mimick the standard TOC spacings in article class.

```
984 \def\etocabovetocskip{3.5ex \@plus 1ex \@minus .2ex}
985 \def\etocbelowtocskip{3.5ex \@plus 1ex \@minus .2ex}
986 \def\etoccolumnsep{2em}
987 \def\etocmulticolsep{0ex}
988 \def\etocmulticolpretolerance{-1}
989 \def\etocmulticoltolerance{200}
990 \def\etocdefaultnbcol{2}
991 \def\etocinnertopsep{2ex}
```

1.07i adds a \nobreak before the \etocinnertopsep and a test of vertical mode to see if truly adding a \par is a reasonable idea, in the case of single-column mode.

1.08b revisits this old code written perhaps at a time I didn't know about \expandafter !

```
992 \newcommand\etocmulticolstyle[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
993 \etocsettocstyle
       {\let\etocoldpar\par
994
        \addvspace{\etocabovetocskip}%
995
996
        \ifnum #1>\@ne
997
              \expandafter\@firstoftwo
998
        \else \expandafter\@secondoftwo
999
        \fi
        {\multicolpretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
1000
1001
        \multicoltolerance\etocmulticoltolerance
1002
        \setlength{\columnsep}{\etoccolumnsep}%
1003
        \setlength{\multicolsep}{\etocmulticolsep}%
1004
        \begin{multicols}{#1}[#2\etocoldpar\addvspace{\etocinnertopsep}]}
        {#2\ifvmode\else\begingroup\interlinepenalty\@M\parskip\z@skip
1005
                        \@@par\endgroup
1006
           \fi
1007
1008
           \nobreak\addvspace{\etocinnertopsep}%
1009
           \pretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
           \tolerance\etocmulticoltolerance}%
1010
       }%
1011
1012
       \expandafter\@firstofone
1013
        \else \expandafter\@gobble
1014
1015
        \fi
1016
        {\end{multicols}}%
1017
        \addvspace{\etocbelowtocskip}}%
1018 }
```

placeholder for comments

```
1019 \def\etocinnerbottomsep{3.5ex}
1020 \def\etocinnerleftsep{2em}
1021 \def\etocinnerrightsep{2em}
1022 \def\etoctoprule{\hrule}
1023 \def\etocleftrule{\vrule}
1024 \def\etocrightrule{\vrule}
1025 \def\etocbottomrule{\hrule}
1026 \def\etoctoprulecolorcmd{\relax}
1027 \def\etocleftrulecolorcmd{\relax}
1028 \def\etocrightrulecolorcmd{\relax}
1029 \def\etocrightrulecolorcmd{\relax}
```

1.07i moves the \nobreak to before the \vskip\etocinnertopsep (especially important for the single column case).

1030 \def\etoc@ruledheading #1{%

1031 \hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup

```
1032 \hss #1\hss\hskip-\linewidth
```

```
1033
              \etoctoprulecolorcmd\leaders\etoctoprule\hss
1034
              \phantom{#1}%
              \leaders\etoctoprule\hss\color@endgroup}%
1035
              \nointerlineskip\nobreak\vskip\etocinnertopsep}
1036
1037 \newcommand*\etocruledstyle[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1038 \etocsettocstyle
       {\addvspace{\etocabovetocskip}%
1039
1040
        \ifnum #1>\@ne
1041
              \expandafter\@firstoftwo
        \else \expandafter\@secondoftwo
1042
1043
        \fi
1044
           {\multicolpretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
1045
            \multicoltolerance\etocmulticoltolerance
1046
            \setlength{\columnsep}{\etoccolumnsep}%
            \setlength{\multicolsep}{\etocmulticolsep}%
1047
            \begin{multicols}{#1}[\etoc@ruledheading{#2}]}
1048
1049
           {\etoc@ruledheading{#2}%
             \pretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
1050
1051
             \tolerance\etocmulticoltolerance}}
1052
       {\ifnum #1>\@ne\expandafter\@firstofone
1053
             \else \expandafter\@gobble
1054
        \fi
1055
        {\end{multicols}}%
1056
        \addvspace{\etocbelowtocskip}}}
```

1.07k defines \Etoc@relax and \etocbkgcolorcmd as \long: the user manual says to use \renewcommand\etocbkgcolorcmd, and an \ifx test is used in the framed style. It was thus a bug to have non-long definitions before. Or I could have said in the user manual to use \renewcommand*, or in \etocframedstyle I should test for the two, or I should pause to try to remember about this code and think about it.

```
1057 \def\etocframedmphook{\relax}
1058 \long\def\etocbkgcolorcmd{\relax}
```

```
1059 \long\def\Etoc@relax{\relax}
```

placeholder for comments

```
1060 \newbox\etoc@framed@titlebox
1061 \newbox\etoc@framed@contentsbox
1062 \newcommand*\etocframedstyle[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1063 \etocsettocstyle{%
1064
        \addvspace{\etocabovetocskip}%
1065
        \sbox\z@{#2}%
        \dim z@dp z@
1066
        \ifdim\wd\z@<\linewidth \dp\z@\z@ \else \dimen\z@\z@ \fi
1067
        \setbox\etoc@framed@titlebox=\hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup
1068
1069
            \hss
            \ifx\etocbkgcolorcmd\Etoc@relax
1070
            \else
1071
                 \sbox\tw@{\color{white}%
1072
                \vrule\@width\wd\z@\@height\ht\z@\@depth\dimen\z@}%
1073
1074
                \ifdim\wd\z@<\linewidth \dp\tw@\z@\fi</pre>
1075
                \box\tw@
1076
                 \hskip-\wd\z@
            \fi
1077
            \copy\z@
1078
            \hss
1079
            \hskip-\linewidth
1080
            \etoctoprulecolorcmd\leaders\etoctoprule\hss
1081
            \hskip\wd\z@
1082
```

1000	\ . + +
1083	<pre>\etoctoprulecolorcmd\leaders\etoctoprule\hss\color@endgroup}%</pre>
1084	<pre>\setbox\z@\hbox{\etocleftrule\etocrightrule}%</pre>
1085	\dimen\tw@\linewidth\advance\dimen\tw@-\wd\z@
1086	\advance\dimen\tw@-\etocinnerleftsep
1087	\advance\dimen\tw@-\etocinnerrightsep
1088	\setbox\etoc@framed@contentsbox=\vbox\bgroup
1089	\hsize\dimen\tw@
1090	\kern\dimen\z@
1091	\vskip\etocinnertopsep
1092	\hbox\bgroup
1093	\begin{minipage}{\hsize}%
1094	\etocframedmphook
1095	\ifnum #1>\@ne
1095	\expandafter\@firstoftwo
1090	\else \expandafter\@secondoftwo
	\fi
1098	•
1099	{\multicolpretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
1100	\multicoltolerance\etocmulticoltolerance
1101	<pre>\setlength{\columnsep}{\etoccolumnsep}%</pre>
1102	\setlength{\multicolsep}{\etocmulticolsep}%
1103	\begin{multicols}{#1}}
1104	{\pretolerance\etocmulticolpretolerance
1105	<pre>\tolerance\etocmulticoltolerance}}</pre>
1106	{\ifnum #1>\@ne\expandafter\@firstofone
1107	\else \expandafter\@gobble
1108	\fi
1109	{\end{multicols}\unskip }%
1110	\end{minipage}%
1111	\egroup
1112	\vskip\etocinnerbottomsep
1113	\egroup
1114	\hsize\linewidth
1115	\ifx\etocbkgcolorcmd\Etoc@relax
1116	\else
1117	\kern\ht\etoc@framed@titlebox
	\kern\dp\etoc@framed@titlebox
1118	\hb@xt@\color@begingroup
1119	\etocleftrulecolorcmd\etocleftrule
1120	
1121	\etocbkgcolorcmd
1122	\leaders\vrule
1123	\@height\ht\etoc@framed@contentsbox
1124	\@depth\dp\etoc@framed@contentsbox
1125	\hss
1126	\etocrightrulecolorcmd\etocrightrule
1127	<pre>\color@endgroup}\nointerlineskip</pre>
1128	\vskip-\dp\etoc@framed@contentsbox
1129	\vskip-\ht\etoc@framed@contentsbox
1130	\vskip-\dp\etoc@framed@titlebox
1131	\vskip-\ht\etoc@framed@titlebox
1132	\fi
1133	\box\etoc@framed@titlebox\nointerlineskip
1134	\hb@xt@\color@begingroup
1135	{\etocleftrulecolorcmd\etocleftrule}%
1136	\hss\box\etoc@framed@contentsbox\hss
1137	<pre>\etocrightrulecolorcmd\etocrightrule\color@endgroup}</pre>
1138	\nointerlineskip
1139	\vskip\ht\etoc@framed@contentsbox
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

```
1140
        \vskip\dp\etoc@framed@contentsbox
1141
        \hb@xt@\linewidth{\color@begingroup\etocbottomrulecolorcmd
              \leaders\etocbottomrule\hss\color@endgroup}}
1142
1143
        \addvspace{\etocbelowtocskip}}}
 placeholder for comments
1144 \newcommand\etoc@multicoltoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
1145
        \tableofcontents}
1146
1147 \newcommand\etoc@multicoltoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
1148
        \tableofcontents*}
1149
1150 \newcommand\etoc@local@multicoltoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
1151
        \localtableofcontents}
1152
1153 \newcommand\etoc@local@multicoltoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1154
        \etocmulticolstyle[#1]{#2}%
        \localtableofcontents*}
1155
 placeholder for comments
1156 \newcommand*\etoc@ruledtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1157
1158
        \tableofcontents}
1159 \newcommand*\etoc@ruledtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1160
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1161
        \tableofcontents*}
1162 \newcommand*\etoc@local@ruledtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1163
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1164
        \localtableofcontents}
1165 \newcommand*\etoc@local@ruledtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocruledstyle[#1]{#2}%
1166
        \localtableofcontents*}
1167
 placeholder for comments
1168 \newcommand*\etoc@framedtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
1169
1170
        \tableofcontents}
1171 \newcommand*\etoc@framedtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1172
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
1173
        \tableofcontents*}
1174 \newcommand*\etoc@local@framedtoc[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
1175
1176
        \localtableofcontents}
1177 \newcommand*\etoc@local@framedtoci[2][\etocdefaultnbcol]{%
1178
        \etocframedstyle[#1]{#2}%
        \localtableofcontents*}
1179
 placeholder for comments
1180 \def\etocmulticol{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1181
1182
        \@ifstar
1183
        {\etoc@multicoltoci}
1184
        {\etoc@multicoltoc}}
1185 \def\etocruled{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1186
        \@ifstar
1187
        {\etoc@ruledtoci}
1188
```

```
1189 {\etoc@ruledtoc}}
```

```
1190 \def\etocframed{\begingroup
```

```
1191
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1192
        \@ifstar
1193
        {\etoc@framedtoci}
        {\etoc@framedtoc}}
1194
1195 \def\etoclocalmulticol{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1196
1197
        \@ifstar
1198
        {\etoc@local@multicoltoci}
1199
        {\etoc@local@multicoltoc}}
1200 \def\etoclocalruled{\begingroup
1201
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1202
        \@ifstar
1203
        {\etoc@local@ruledtoci}
1204
        {\etoc@local@ruledtoc}}
1205 \def\etoclocalframed{\begingroup
        \Etoc@mustclosegrouptrue
1206
1207
        \@ifstar
        {\etoc@local@framedtoci}
1208
        {\etoc@local@framedtoc}}
1209
 placeholder for comments
1210 \def\etocarticlestyle{%
1211
        \etocsettocstyle
        {\section *{\contentsname
1212
                     \@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}
1213
1214
                              {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}}}
1215
        {}}
1216 \def\etocarticlestylenomarks{%
1217
        \etocsettocstyle
        {\section *{\contentsname}}
1218
1219
        {}}
 placeholder for comments
1220 \def\etocbookstyle{%
        \etocsettocstyle
1221
1222
        {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
1223
         \chapter *{\contentsname
1224
                     \@mkboth {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}
1225
                               {\MakeUppercase \contentsname}}}
1226
        {\if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi}}
1227 \def\etocbookstylenomarks{%
1228
        \etocsettocstyle
        {\if@twocolumn \@restonecoltrue \onecolumn \else \@restonecolfalse \fi
1229
1230
         \chapter *{\contentsname}}
        {\if@restonecol \twocolumn \fi}}
1231
1232 \let\etocreportstyle\etocbookstyle
1233 \let\etocreportstylenomarks\etocbookstylenomarks
```

v3.7i of memoir has moved the \phantomsection to a better location, before typesetting the title and we follow suit at 1.09a, and less rashly at 1.09b. Formerly **etoc** used \etocaftertitlehook to mimick the memoir code but as its name indicate, it is supposedly executed after the title... and this also had the defect of making \etocaftertitlehook not anymore a user command. Thus we here use some refactoring of the \Etoc@aftertitlehook internal mechanism to help recognize if we are in the starred case or not.

\phantomsection is always defined by memoir, empty if hyperref absent.

```
1234 \def\etocmemoirtoctotocfmt #1#2{%
```

1235 \def\Etoc@addsuitablecontentsline{\addcontentsline {toc}{#1}{#2}}%
1236 }

1237 \def%		
1238	\etocsettocstyle	
1239	{\ensureonecol \par \begingroup \phantomsection	
1240	\ifx\Etoc@aftertitlehook\@empty	
1241	\else	
1242	% non-starred variant	
1243	\ifmem@em@starred@listof	
1244	\else	
1245	\Etoc@addsuitablecontentsline	
1246	\fi	
1247	\fi	
1248	\@nameuse {@tocmaketitle} %<< space token here from memoir code	
1249	\ifx\Etoc@aftertitlehook\@empty	
1250	\else	

Execute etoc hook before the \cfttocbeforelisthook and keep distinction between starred and non-starred contexts for other hooks. Notice that the memoir class way of implementing \tableofcontents leaves no way for code executed by the TOC code to know if it is executed in starred or non-starred context.

```
1251
              \Etoc@aftertitlehook \let \Etoc@aftertitlehook \relax
1252
             \fi
1253
             \parskip \cftparskip \@nameuse {cfttocbeforelisthook}}
            {\@nameuse {cfttocafterlisthook}\endgroup\restorefromonecol}}
1254
 placeholder for comments
1255 \def\etocscrartclstyle{%
1256
        \etocsettocstyle
1257
            {\let\if@dynlist\if@tocleft
             \def\@currext{toc}% added 1.07m 2015/01/23
1258
1259
             \iftocfeature {toc}{onecolumn}
                 {\iftocfeature {toc}{leveldown}
1260
1261
                  {}
                  {\if@twocolumn \aftergroup \twocolumn \onecolumn \fi }}
1262
                 {}%
1263
 1.07k: next line to do as within current scrartcl 2013/12/19 v3.12 KOMA-Script article class.
1264
             \iftocfeature {toc}{numberline}{\def \nonumberline {}}}}}%
1265
             \tocbasic@listhead {\listoftocname}%
             \begingroup \expandafter \expandafter \expandafter
1266
1267
             \endgroup \expandafter
1268
             \ifx
                 \csname microtypesetup\endcsname \relax
1269
1270
             \else
                 \iftocfeature {toc}{noprotrusion}{}
1271
                     {\microtypesetup {protrusion=false}%
1272
                      \PackageInfo {tocbasic}%
1273
1274
                      {character protrusion at toc deactivated}}%
             \fi
1275
1276
             \setlength {\parskip }{\z@ }%
             \setlength {\parindent }{\z@ }%
1277
1278
             \setlength {\parfillskip }{\z@ \@plus 1fil}%
1279
             \csname tocbasic@@before@hook\endcsname
1280
             \csname tb@toc@before@hook\endcsname}
            {\csname tb@toc@after@hook\endcsname
1281
             \csname tocbasic@@after@hook\endcsname}}
1282
1283 \let\etocscrbookstyle\etocscrartclstyle
1284 \let\etocscrreprtstyle\etocscrartclstyle
```

placeholder for comments

130

```
1285 \def\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocarticlestyle}
1286 \newcommand*\etocmarkboth[1]{%
1287
        \@mkboth{\MakeUppercase{#1}}{\MakeUppercase{#1}}}
1288 \newcommand*\etocmarkbothnouc[1]{\@mkboth{#1}{#1}}
1289 \newcommand\etoctocstyle[3][section]{\etocmulticolstyle[#2]%
        {\csname #1\endcsname *{#3}}}
1290
1291 \newcommand\etoctocstylewithmarks[4][section]{\etocmulticolstyle[#2]%
1292
        {\csname #1\endcsname *{#3\etocmarkboth{#4}}}
1293 \newcommand\etoctocstylewithmarksnouc[4][section]{\etocmulticolstyle[#2]%
1294
        {\csname #1\endcsname *{#3\etocmarkbothnouc{#4}}}
 placeholder for comments
1295 \def\Etoc@redefetocstyle#1{%
        \renewcommand\etoctocstylewithmarks[4][#1]
1296
1297
        {\etocmulticolstyle[##2]%
              {\csname ##1\endcsname *{##3\etocmarkboth{##4}}}
1298
        \renewcommand\etoctocstylewithmarksnouc[4][#1]
1299
        {\etocmulticolstyle[##2]%
1300
              {\csname ##1\endcsname *{##3\etocmarkbothnouc{##4}}}
1301
        \renewcommand\etoctocstyle[3][#1]{%
1302
1303
         \etocmulticolstyle[##2]{\csname ##1\endcsname *{##3}}}
1304 \@ifclassloaded{scrartcl}
        {\renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocscrartclstyle}}{}
1305
1306 \@ifclassloaded{book}
1307
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocbookstyle}
1308
1309
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
1310 \@ifclassloaded{report}
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
1311
1312
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocreportstyle}
1313
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
1314 \@ifclassloaded{scrbook}
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
1315
1316
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocscrbookstyle}
1317
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{
1318 \@ifclassloaded{scrreprt}
1319
        {\renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocscrreprtstyle}
1320
1321
         \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
 1.07k (2014/03/06) adds the appendix to the list of known levels if class memoir is detected.
1322 \@ifclassloaded{memoir}
```

```
1323 {\etocsetlevel{appendix}{0}%
1324 \renewcommand*\etocfontone{\normalfont\normalsize}
1325 \etocmemoirtoctotocfmt{chapter}{\contentsname}%
1326 \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etocmemoirstyle}
1327 \Etoc@redefetocstyle{chapter}}{}
```

1.07k (2014/03/06) adds the compatibility with the tocloft package; in compatibility mode etoc will obey the tocloft customisation for the division headings as well as for the toc title.

1.071 (2014/04/02) fixes the bug from the tocloft compatibility layer which was memoir incompatible: memoir has its version of tocloft which doesn't have the if@cftnctoc boolean.

```
1328 \def\etoctocloftstyle {%
```

```
1329 \etocsettocstyle
```

1330 {\@cfttocstart\par\begingroup

```
1331 \parindent\z@ \parskip\cftparskip \@cftmaketoctitle
```

- 1332 \if@cfttocbibind\@cftdobibtoc\fi }%
- 1333 {\endgroup\@cfttocfinish }%

```
1334 }
1335 \@ifclassloaded{memoir}{}
1336 {\@ifpackageloaded{tocloft}
1337
        {\if@cftnctoc\else
         \renewcommand*\etocstandarddisplaystyle{\etoctocloftstyle}
1338
         \AtBeginDocument{\let\tableofcontents\etoctableofcontents}
1339
         \fi }
1340
        {\AtBeginDocument
1341
          {\@ifpackageloaded{tocloft}
1342
1343
           {\if@cftnctoc\else
1344
             \PackageWarning {etoc}
1345
             {Package 'tocloft' was loaded after 'etoc'!^^J%
1346 **** to prevent it from overwriting \protect\tableofcontents, it will be tricked^^J%
1347 ****
         into believing to have been loaded with option 'titles'. For better^^J%
1348 ****
         compatibility, please load 'tocloft' before 'etoc'}%
            \AtEndDocument{\PackageWarning{etoc}
1349
                            {Please load 'tocloft' /before/ 'etoc'!}}\fi
1350
1351
            \@cftnctoctrue }%
1352
           {}%
1353
          }%
1354
         }%
1355 }
 placeholder for comments
1356 \def\Etoc@addtocontents #1#2%
1357
        {\ifEtoc@hyperref
1358
           \addtocontents {toc}{\protect\contentsline
1359
                     {#1}{#2}%
                     {\thepage }{\@currentHref }}%
1360
1361
         \else
           \addtocontents {toc}{\protect\contentsline
1362
1363
              {#1}{#2}{\thepage }}%
         \fi}
1364
1365 \def\Etoc@addcontentsline@ #1#2#3%
        {\@namedef{toclevel@#1}{#3}%
1366
1367
         \addcontentsline {toc}{#1}{#2}}
1368 \DeclareRobustCommand*{\etoctoccontentsline}
1369
        {\@ifstar{\Etoc@addcontentsline@}{\Etoc@addtocontents}}
```

All the following added for version 1.07g [2013/10/13]. Motivated by a demand about tovsec2. But it is impossible to make tocvsec2 compatible, if not re-doing all 'toc' macros in tocvsec2 (v1.3, 2011/08/07). I do not retain the stack idea, which does not convince me as useful. The empty line in the .toc file is put there by tocvsec2 (see its code line 143).

I take this opportunity to add to the start of the toc file \let\etoc@startlocaltoc\@gobble in case etoc is not detected, I should possibly have done that long ago (like I did in tableof).

In 1.07h I decide that I should not have used \Etoc@ but \etoc@ for \Etoc@settocdepth. So I now use lowercase and add a temporary line for transition in the very improbable situation that someone actually did already use the just released 1.07g.

In 1.07i the deactivation of \etoc@settocdepth done at the start of the .toc file (for the case this file is used after having removed etoc from the document, or imported in another document) is done via letting it to \@gobble rather than \count@ (which would not be ok, as what follows would be undefined too). The reason for the \count@ also used originally in \etocignoretoctocdepth is that when I first worked on 1.07g I possibly had more than one token after \etoc@settocdepth, but I changed that later.

1.09 renames \Etoc@resettocdepth to \Etoc@restoretocdepth.

1370 \def\Etoc@storetocdepth {\global\c@etoc@tocdepth\c@tocdepth }
1371 \def\Etoc@restoretocdepth {\global\c@tocdepth\c@etoc@tocdepth }

```
1372 \def\etocobeytoctocdepth {\def\etoc@settocdepth
                     {\afterassignment\Etoc@@nottoodeep \global\c@tocdepth}}
1373
1374 \def\Etoc@@nottoodeep {\ifnum\c@tocdepth>\c@etoc@tocdepth
                                                    \global\c@tocdepth\c@etoc@tocdepth\fi }
1375
1376 \def\etocignoretoctocdepth {\let\etoc@settocdepth\@gobble }
1377 \def\etocsettocdepth
                                             {\futurelet\Etoc@nexttoken\Etoc@set@tocdepth }
1378 \def\Etoc@set@tocdepth {\ifx\Etoc@nexttoken\bgroup
                                                        \expandafter\Etoc@set@tocdepth@
1379
1380
                                               \else\expandafter\Etoc@set@toctocdepth
1381
                                               fi 
1382 \def\Etoc@set@tocdepth@ #1{\@ifundefined {Etoc@#1@@}
1383
                 {\PackageWarning{etoc}
                        {Unknown sectioning unit #1, \protect\etocsettocdepth\space ignored}}
1384
1385
                 {\global\c@tocdepth\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname}%
1386 }
1387 \def\Etoc@set@toctocdepth #1#{\Etoc@set@toctocdepth@ }
1388 \def\Etoc@set@toctocdepth@ #1{%
          \@ifundefined{Etoc@#1@@}%
1389
            {\PackageWarning{etoc}
1390
                     {Unknown sectioning depth #1, \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc ignored}}%
1391
1392
            {\addtocontents {toc}
            {\protect\etoc@settocdepth\expandafter\protect\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname}}%
1393
1394 }
  1.07h adds the depth tags, and an even more general mechanism could be added at some point:
  we could insert 'action' tags and have the user map them to arbitrary commands. For the time be-
  ing we just provide \etocdepthtag.toc {name} and \etocsettagdepth {tag_name}{level}
  where level is numeric or alphabetical. The numeric level -3 is now again not accepted by
  \etocsetlevel, it can be used with \etocsettagdepth (which accepts equivalently none).
1395 \def\etocdepthtag
                                          #1#{\Etoc@depthtag } % \etocdepthtag.toc {name}
1396 \def\Etoc@depthtag #1{\addtocontents {toc}{\protect\etoc@depthtag {#1}}}
1397 \def\etocignoredepthtags {\let\etoc@depthtag \@gobble }
1398 \def\etocobeydepthtags
                                                  {\let\etoc@depthtag \Etoc@depthtag@ }
1399 \def\Etoc@depthtag@ #1{\@ifundefined{Etoc@depthof@#1}%
1400
                   {}% ignore in silence if tag has no associated depth
1401
                   {\afterassignment\Etoc@@nottoodeep
                                    \global\c@tocdepth\csname Etoc@depthof@#1\endcsname}%
1402
1403 }
1404 \def\etocsettagdepth #1#2{\@ifundefined{Etoc@#2@@}%
1405
                   {\PackageWarning{etoc}
                      {Unknown sectioning depth #2, \protect\etocsettagdepth\space ignored}}%
1406
                   \label{eq:linear} {\label{eq:linear} {\label{eq:linear} and $\label{eq:linear} $\label{
1407
1408 }
  We must cancel all tocvsec2 toc-related actions. But a check must be done for the memoir class,
  as its tocvsec2 emulation does not have the incompatible things etoc needs to revert. This extra
  check added with etoc 1.071. Release 1.08g modifies the info message under class memoir (and
  downgrades it from warning to info).
1409 \def\Etoc@tocvsec@err #1{\PackageError {etoc}
1410
                     {the command \protect#1\space is incompatible with etoc}
1411
                     {use \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc as replacement (see etoc manual)}%
1412 }%
1413 \AtBeginDocument {%
            \@ifclassloaded{memoir}
1414
              {\PackageInfo {etoc}
1415
               {Regarding memoir class command \protect\settocdepth, consider^^J
1416
1417
               \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc as a drop-in replacement with
               more capabilities^^J (see etoc manual). Similarly
1418
```

```
60. Implementation
```

```
1419
         \protect\etocsettocdepth\space and
1420
         \protect\etocsetnexttocdepth^^J should replace
1421
         use of memoir's \protect\maxtocdepth\space command.}}
1422
        {\@ifpackageloaded {tocvsec2}
         {\def\maxtocdepth #1{\Etoc@tocvsec@err \maxtocdepth
                                                                  }%
1423
          \def\settocdepth #1{\Etoc@tocvsec@err \settocdepth
                                                                  }%
1424
          \def\resettocdepth {\@ifstar {\Etoc@tocvsec@err \resettocdepth }%
1425
                                         {\Etoc@tocvsec@err \resettocdepth }%
1426
                              }%
1427
1428
          \def\save@tocdepth #1#2#3{}%
                                           % if etoc is added to file previously
1429
          \let\reset@tocdepth\relax
                                           % using tocvsec2
1430
          \let\remax@tocdepth\relax
1431
          \let\tableofcontents\etoctableofcontents
1432
          \PackageWarning {etoc}
          {package tocvsec2 detected and its modification of^^J
1433
1434
           \protect\tableofcontents\space reverted. Use
1435
           \protect\etocsettocdepth.toc as a replacement^^J
1436
           for the tocvsec2 toc-related commands}}{}%
1437
      }%
1438 }%
```

1.07g. Initial version of \etocsetnexttocdepth.

1.08h: avoid after-effect of consecutive uses of \etocsetnexttocdepth with no intervening TOC, due to the fact that the command did an immediate modification of the tocdepth counter. This is now delayed until the actual TOC typesetting.

1.09: slight refactoring of \etocsetnexttocdepth to let it be usable from first argument of \etocsettocstyle although it is even simpler to use \etocsettocdepth there, because the setting is automatically undone at end of TOC.

Recall that etoc allows to change all numeric levels assigned to sectioning names, and the one used by \etocsetnexttocdepth is determined at time of next toc only, when \Etoc@tocdepthset will expand.

```
1439 \def\invisibletableofcontents {\etocsetnexttocdepth {-3}\tableofcontents }%
1440 \def\invisiblelocaltableofcontents
                              {\etocsetnexttocdepth {-3}\localtableofcontents }%
1441
1442 \def\etocsetnexttocdepth #1{%
        \@ifundefined{Etoc@#1@@}
1443
         {\PackageWarning{etoc}
1444
           {Unknown sectioning unit #1, \protect\etocsetnextocdepth\space ignored}}
1445
         {\Etoc@setnexttocdepth{\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname}}%
1446
1447 }%
1448 \def\Etoc@setnexttocdepth#1{%
1449
        \def\Etoc@tocdepthset{%
1450
            \Etoc@tocdepthreset
1451
            \edef\Etoc@tocdepthreset {%
1452
                   \global\c@tocdepth\the\c@tocdepth\space
1453
                   \global\let\noexpand\Etoc@tocdepthreset\noexpand\@empty
             3%
1454
            \global\c@tocdepth#1%
1455
1456
            \global\let\Etoc@tocdepthset\@empty
1457
        }%
1458 }%
1459 \let\Etoc@tocdepthreset\@empty % new 1.08h functioning of \etocsetnexttocdepth
1460 \let \Etoc@tocdepthset \@empty %
```

1.08k. Serves to make local TOCs even after headings which were not added to the .toc file; but of course the local TOCs can only display sub-headings which made their way into the .toc file...

1461 \def\etocsetlocaltop #1#{\Etoc@set@localtop}%

```
1462 \def\Etoc@set@localtop #1{%
1463
     \@ifundefined{Etoc@#1@@}%
1464
       {\PackageWarning{etoc}
            {Unknown sectioning depth #1, \protect\etocsetlocaltop.toc ignored}}%
1465
1466
       {\addtocontents {toc}
1467
       {\protect\etoc@setlocaltop\expandafter\protect\csname Etoc@#1@@\endcsname}}%
1468 }%
1469 \def\etoc@setlocaltop #1{%
1470
      \global\let\Etoc@level #1%
1471
      \Etoc@skipthisonefalse
1472
      \ifnum\Etoc@level=\Etoc@@six@@
1473
       \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
1474
      \else
1475
       \ifEtoc@localtoc
        \ifEtoc@stoptoc\Etoc@skipthisonetrue
1476
1477
        \else
         \ifEtoc@notactive
1478
1479
          \Etoc@setflags
1480
          \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
1481
         \else
```

Attention, 1.09 has \etoclocaltop which is former \Etoc@localtop *minus one*. Hence the shape of the conditional. Memo: it makes sense only for code executed under "active" status of the TOC.

```
1482
          \unless\ifnum\Etoc@level>\etoclocaltop
           \Etoc@skipthisonetrue
1483
1484
           \global\Etoc@stoptoctrue
1485
          \fi
1486
         \fi
1487
        \fi
1488
       \fi
1489
      \fi
      \let\Etoc@next\@gobble
1490
      \ifEtoc@skipthisone
1491
      \else
1492
       \ifnum\c@tocdepth<\Etoc@level
1493
       \else
1494
        \ifEtoc@standard
1495
1496
        \else
1497
         \let\Etoc@next\@firstofone
1498
        \fi
1499
       \fi
1500
      ∖fi
1501
      \Etoc@next{\Etoc@doends\Etoc@dobegins}%
1502 }%
 1.07h. In order for the .toc file to be usable without error even without etoc. In 1.07i use of
 \@gobble for \etoc@settocdepth.
1503 \addtocontents {toc}{\protect\@ifundefined{etoctocstyle}%
                {\let\protect\etoc@startlocaltoc\protect\@gobble
1504
```

```
1505\let\protect\etoc@settocdepth\protect\@gobble1506\let\protect\etoc@depthtag\protect\@gobble1507\let\protect\etoc@setlocaltop\protect\@gobble}{}%
```

Initializations.

1508 \def\etocstandardlines {\Etoc@standardtrue}
1509 \def\etoctoclines {\Etoc@standardfalse}
1510 \etocdefaultlines
1511 \etocstandardlines

```
1512 \etocstandarddisplaystyle
1513 \etocobeytoctocdepth
1514 \etocobeydepthtags
1515 \let\etocaftertochook \@empty % public for end user.
1516 \let\etocbeforetitlehook \@empty % new with 1.07m
1517 \endinput
```