# The **ddphonism** package\*

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### Abstract

This is a music-related package which is focused on notation from the Twelve-Tone System, also called Dodecaphonism. It provides  ${\rm L\!A}T_{\rm E}X$  algorithms that produce typical T.T.S. notation based off a musical series, or row sequence, of variable length.

#### Keywords

twelve tone system, dodecaphonism, music, mathematics, matrix, row, series, diagram, clock diagram, notation, algorithm, schoenberg, contemporary music, 20th century

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# 1 Introduction

There are hundreds of music tools and software online which are able to produce different music notations. However, I have never seen a  $\text{LAT}_{\text{E}}X$  tool that can do the same. This package is not only about notation, but it also calculates mathematically how this notation should work.

It is said that a twelve-tone matrix is the only thing a twelve-tone composer should need, because it provides the whole serial spectrum with which they may work. I wanted LATEX users to be able to generate them automatically.

But I also think that a twelve-tone matrix is not enough, that there exist several other notations with which they may understand their series and its potential. These are the diagrams that can be obtained with this package.

<sup>\*</sup>This document corresponds to ddphonism v0.1, dated 2019/08/10.

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# 2 Using the **ddphonism** package

These are the commands provided by ddphonism:

\dmatrix produces a twelve-tone matrix of arbitrary length, as shown in this website. Its parameter is the row sequence. For example, \dmatrix{0,2,1,4,3,6,5} produces the matrix

0	2	1	4	3	6	5
5	0	6	2	1	4	3
6	1	0	3	2	5	4
3	5	4	0	6	2	1
4	6	5	1	0	3	2
1	3	2	5	4	0	6
2	4	3	6	5	1	0

The command automatically reduces the input and output modulus the length of the input series. Thus, the input \dmatrix{7,9,8,11,10,13,12} produces the same output as before.

\ddiagram produces a twelve tone clock diagram of arbitrary length, as shown in this website. Its parameters are the row sequence and its name. An ad-

ditional optional parameter tells which number must be up north. The default value is the first number. For example, \ddiagram{0,2,1,4,3,6,5}{P} produces the diagram



and  $\ [3]{0,1,2,3,4}{P}$  produces the diagram



The command also reduces the input and output modulus the length of the input series.

\ddihedral

produces a dihedral representation of a series of arbitrary length. Its parameters are the original row sequence and, optionally, the transformations it undergoes: t,s,c,v applied in that order. For example, \tikz{\ddihedral[t=2,v=1]{0,2,1,4,3,6,5}} produces the diagram



It needs to be inside a tikz environment, as opposed to the previous ones, which are separate tikz environments on their own. This is because rotation or translation lines are sometimes included in this diagram, and sometimes it needs scalings.

The command also reduces the input and output modulus the length of the input series.





\drow produces a twelve-tone row sequence as a permutation in its matrix form. For example, \drow{0,2,1,4,3,6,5} produces the row

(	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	١
	0	2	1	4	3	6	5	)

# 3 The package code

- 1 % ddphonism %
- 3 % (c) Celia Rubio Madrigal
- %
- 5 %% This program can be redistributed and/or modified under the terms %% of the LaTeX Project Public License Distributed from CTAN archives
- 7 %% in directory macros/latex/base/lppl.txt.
- 9 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e} \ProvidesPackage{ddphonism}
- 11 [2019/08/10 v0.1 LaTeX package for twelve-tone matrices, clock diagrams et al.]
- 15  $\RequirePackage{tikz}$
- $RequirePackage{xstring}$
- 19
- 21 % Matrices
- 23  $\ \$ usetikzlibrary {matrix}
- 25 \ExplSyntaxOn
- $\label{eq:large} $$ \eqref{thm:linear} on $$ \eqref{thm:linear} \eqr$
- 27 \ExplSyntaxOff
- 29  $\newcounter{Dfirst}$

```
\newcounter{Dsize}
31
                                33
                                                   setcounter{Dsize}{0}
                                                   \operatorname{setcounter} \overline{Dfirst} -1
35
                                                  \foreach \n in {\#1}{
37
                                                                      \time{first} = -1
                                                                       \operatorname{Setcounter}{Dfirst}{n}
39
                                                                       \ fi
                                                                       \stepcounter{Dsize}
                                                 }
41
                               }
43
                               ifnum#1>Evaluation{\theDsize-1}
45
                                                                     Evaluation{#1-theDsize}
47
                                                  \ensuremath{\mathsf{lse}}\ensuremath{\mathsf{ifnum}}\ensuremath{\texttt{1}}\ensuremath{\mathsf{0}}
                                                                     Evaluation{#1+\theDsize}
                                                   \ensuremath{\mathsf{|}} \ensuremat
49
                                                  \ fi \ fi
51
                               }
                               \newcommand{\dmatrix}[1]{
53
                                                    DsizeHead{#1}
55
                                                   \begin{tikzpicture}
                                                                       \foreach [count=\nj] \j in \{\#1\} {
57
                                                                                          \foreach [count=\ni] \i in \{\#1\} {
                                                                                                              \draw node at (ni-0.5, -nj/2+0.25) {
59
                                                                                                                                 \label{eq:loss_states} \\ \label{eq:loss_stat
                                                                                                              };
61
                                                                                        }
                                                  \end{tikzpicture}
63
                               }
65
                               67
                               % Diagrams
69
                               71
                               73
                                                                     {markings,mark=at position 0.25 with
                                                                                         {\operatorname{scale}=1.25, >= triangle 45}},
75
                                                  postaction={decorate}]
77
                                 \newcounter{anterior}
                                 \newcounter{var}
                                 \newcommand{\diagram}[3][-1]{
79
                                                   DsizeHead{#2}
81
                                                   def\theDDfirst{\Evaluation{\Modulo{\theDfirst}}}
83
                                                   \ifnum #1=-1
                                                   \operatorname{var}{\operatorname{var}}
85
                                                   \ else
                                                   \operatorname{var}{\#1}
```

```
89
          \begin{tikzpicture}[rotate=360*\thevar/\theDsize,
              minimum height=0pt,inner sep=0pt,outer sep=0pt,scale=0.65]
91
           \label{eq:linear} $$ or $$ 0,..., Evaluation{ the Disc -1} } $
               \node at (90-360*x/\theDsize:2) \{x\};
               \ \ (\x) \ at (90-360*\x/\theDsize:1.6) \ \;
93
          };
95
           \operatorname{setcounter} \{\operatorname{anterior} \} \{-1\}
           \foreach xD in \{\#2\}
97
               def x{ Evaluation{ Modulo{xD}}}
99
               \ifnum \theanterior=\theDDfirst
               \det [style=ddiagramArrow] (\theanterior) -- (\x);
101
               \else \ifnum \theanterior=-1
               \ else
               \det(x) = (x)
103
               ∖ fi ∖ fi
105
              \operatorname{setcounter}{\operatorname{anterior}}{x}
           };
107
           \det(\theta) = (\theta)
109
          \node at (0,0) [ circle , fill =white] \{\#3\};
           end{tikzpicture}
111
       }
113
       115
       % Dihedral diagrams
117
       \tikzstyle ddihedralArrow=[decoration=
              {markings,mark=at position 1 with {\rightarrow[scale=1.5,>=angle 60]{>}}},
119
          postaction={decorate}]
       \pgfkeys{
121
           /ddihedral/.is family, /ddihedral,
           default /. style = {t = 0, c = 0, s = 0, v = 0},
123
          t/.estore in = \dihedralT,
125
          c/.estore in = \ddihedralC,
          s/.estore in = \dihedralS,
          v/.estore in = \dihedralV,
127
       }
129
       131
           DsizeHead{#1}
           \label{eq:linear} $$ draw foreach \x in $\{0,...,\ Evaluation{\theDsize-1}\} $
              (90-360*x/\theDsize:2.5) node[circle] (\x) {}
133
           };
           foreach \xD [count=y] in {#1} {
135
              def x{Evaluation} Modulo{xD}}
               \label{eq:constraint} $$ draw [style=ddihedralArrow] (90-360*\Evaluation{\y-1}/\theDsize:1.25) -- (\x); $$
137
          };
139
       }
       141
          pgfkeys{/ddihedral, default, #1}
143
```

87

∖ fi

1.45	$tikzset{inner sep=0,minimum height=18pt}$
145	$DsizeHead{#2}$
147	(1) down forms the $(0, 1)$ Further time $(1)$ the Daires (1) $(1)$
149	<pre>(\draw loreach \x in {0,, \Evaluation{\theDsize=1}} {     (\Evaluation{(90+\ddihedralT*360/\theDsize)+(2*\ddihedralS-1)*\x*360/\theDsize}:2.5)     node[very thin, circle ,draw] (\x) {\x}</pre>
151	};
153	$\times for each \ \ in \ \ \{0,,\ \ \ Evaluation \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
155	node[very thin, circle ,draw] {\x} };
157	$darrows{#2}$
159	$\langle n \rangle$
161	\ifnum\ddihedralV=0 \ifnum\ddihedralV=0 \ifnum\ddihedralC=0
163	\ifnum\ddihedralS=0 \ifnum\ddihedralT=0
165	P \fi\fi\fi
167	\iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii
169	\else C\$^{\ddihedralC}\$ \fi \ifnum\ddihedralS=0
171	∖else S`∖fi ∖ifnum∖ddihedralT=0
173	\else T\$^{\ddihedralT}\$ \fi \ };
175	}
177	%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
179	% Rows
181	$\ \$
183	\newcounter{myDDcntr}
185	\newcommand{\drow}[1]{ \DsizeHead{#1}
187	$\def\tabledata{\fooo=\theDsize}\setcounter{myDDcntr}{0}$
189	\loop \addto\tabledata{\themyDDcntr\stepcounter{myDDcntr} &}
191	\advance \fooo -1 \ifnum \fooo>1
193	\repeat \addto\tabledata{\themvDDcntr \\}
195	
197	\tabledata \tabledata \StrSubstitute{#1}{.}{&}\\
199	\end{array}\right) }

- 201 }
- 203 \endinput
- 205
- %% End of file 'ddphonism.sty'.